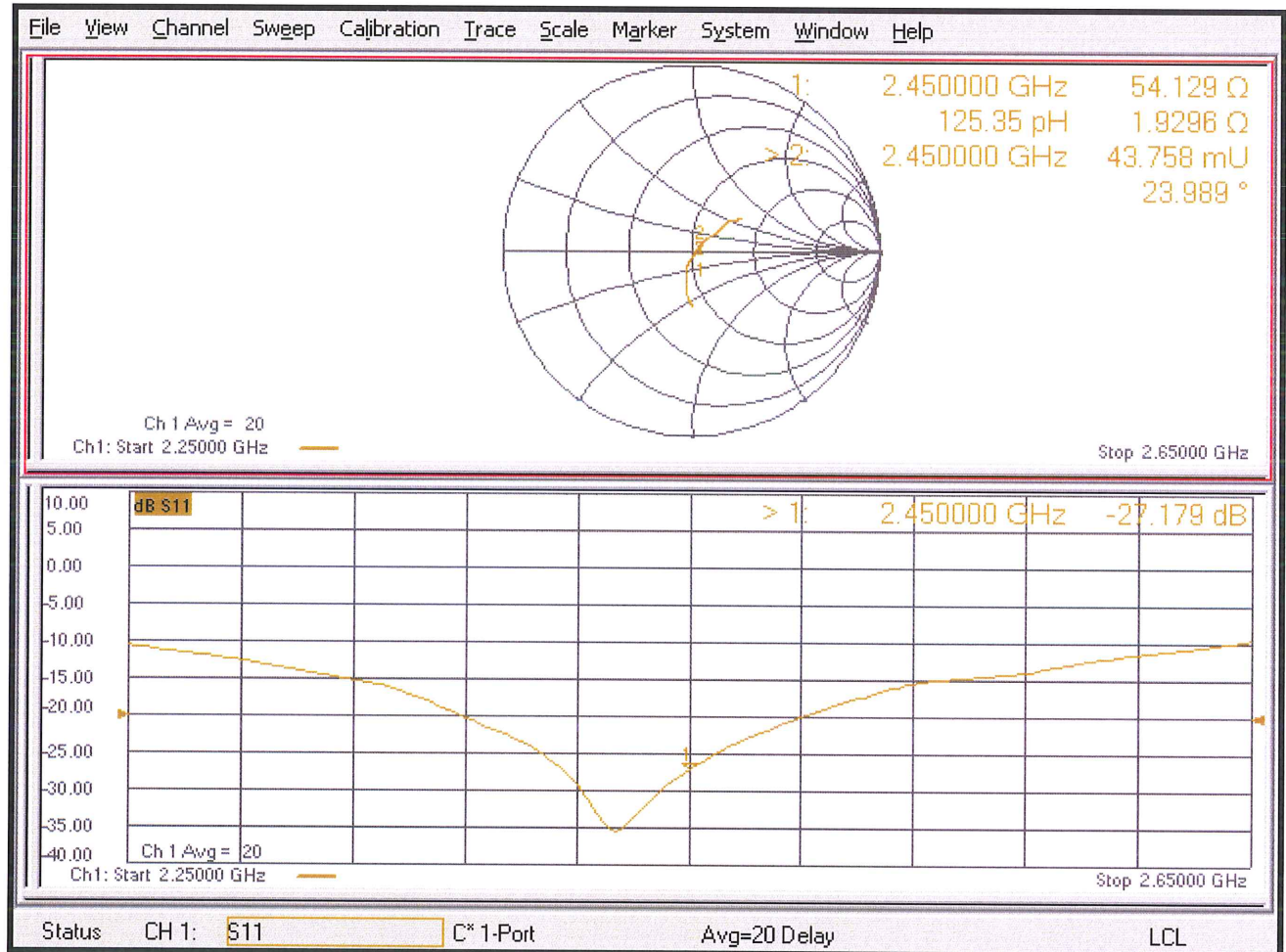


Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





Dipole Internal Calibration Record

Asset No. :	E-537	Model No. :	D2450V2	Serial No. :	973
Environmental	22.9°C, 52 %	Original Cal. Date :	February 8, 2021	Next Cal. Date :	February 7, 2024

Standard List

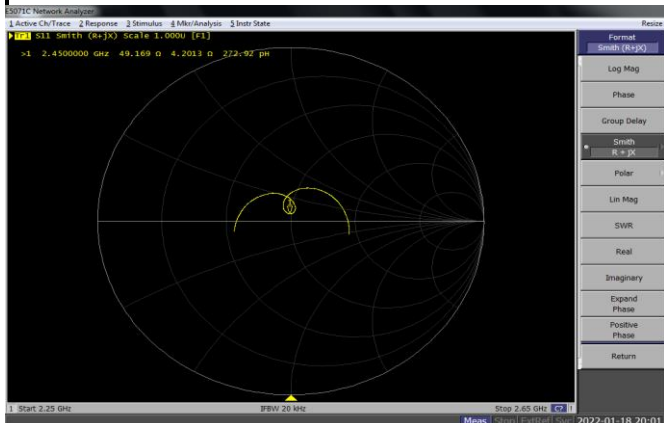
1	IEEE Std 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013
2	IEC 62209-2	Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz),
3	KDB865664	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Equipment Information

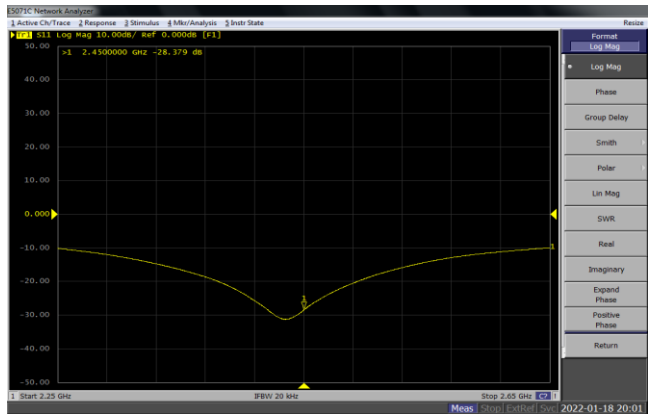
Equipment :	Manufacturer :	Model No. :	Serial No. :	Cal.Organization :	Cal. Date :
Power Amplifier	EMCI	EMC053035	980869	N/A	December 7, 2021
Power Meter	Anritsu	MA2487A	6K00004714	N/A	August 15, 2021
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	34138	N/A	August 15, 2021
Directional Coupler	Woken	TS-PCCOM-05	107090019	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	R & S	SMB100A	113244	N/A	August 2, 2021
ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46524658	N/A	March 22, 2021

Model No	For Head Tissue				
D2450V2	Item	Original Cal. Result	Verified on 2022/1/18	Deviation	Result
	Impedance, transformed to feed	54.1Ω+1.9jΩ	49.2Ω+4.2jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-27.2	-28.379	-4.3%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	13.4	14.1	5.2%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	6.18	6.5	5.2%	Pass

Impedance Test-Head



Return Loss-Head



Test Laboratory: BTL

Date: 2022/1/18

System Check_H2450

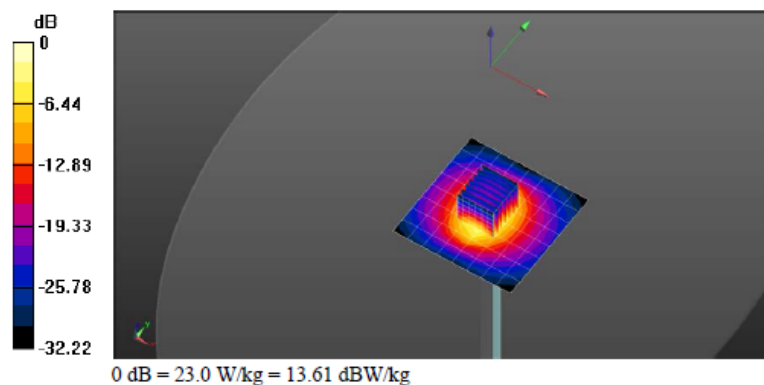
Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.862$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.655$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
DASY5 Configuration:
- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2021/6/1
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/6/3
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1

GHz/Pin=250mW 4/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.0 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1

GHz/Pin=250mW 4/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 114.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.7%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.1 W/kg



Calibrator:

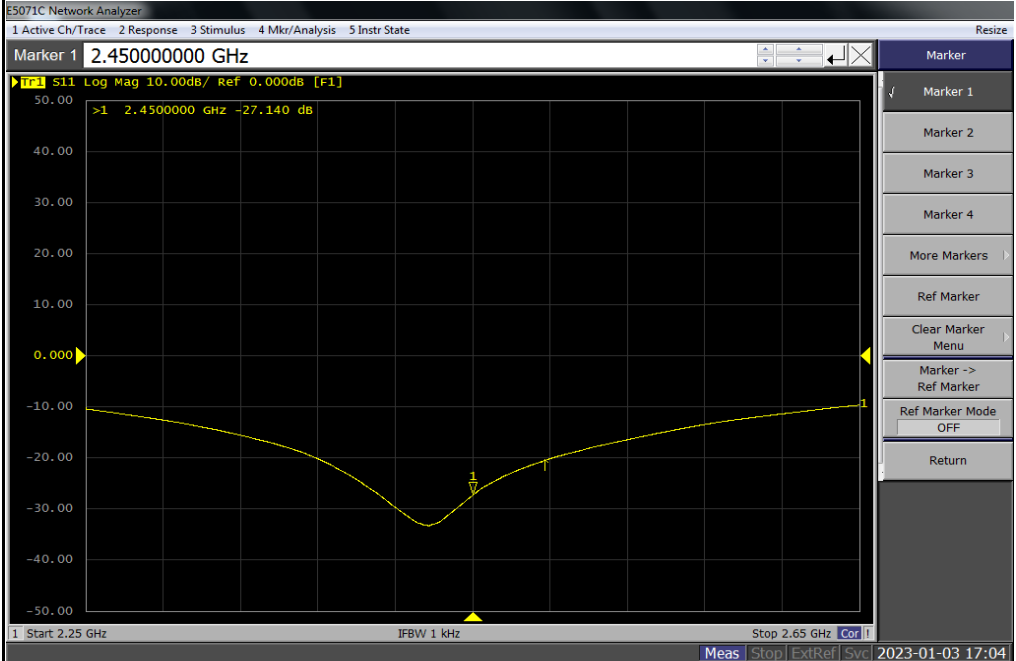
Jerry Chang

Approver:

Peter Chen



The image shows the Keysight PNA Network Analyzer software interface. The main window displays a Smith Chart with a yellow arc and a yellow circle, indicating a resonance point. The status bar at the bottom shows 'Start 2.25 GHz', 'IFBW 1 kHz', 'Stop 2.65 GHz', and 'Cor I'. The right-hand menu is open, showing various format options like 'Log Mag', 'Phase', 'Group Delay', 'Smith R + jX', 'Polar', 'Lin Mag', 'SWR', 'Real', 'Imaginary', 'Expand Phase', 'Positive Phase', and 'Return'.



Test Laboratory: BTL

Date: 2023/1/3

System Check_H2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.877$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.815$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012 W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/28
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250mW /Area Scan (9x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250mW /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

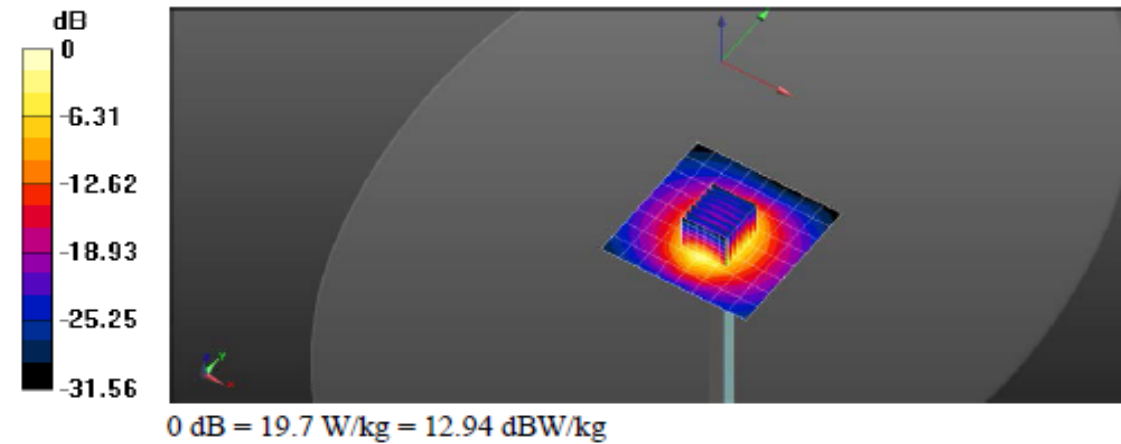
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.6 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



Calibrator:

Jerry Chang

Approver:

Peter Chen



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1221_Feb21**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN:1221**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v6**
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz

Calibration date: **February 09, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-20 (No. EX3-3503_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by: **Jeffrey Katzman** **Jeffrey Katzman** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: February 9, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	34.8 $\pm$ 6 %	4.49 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.8 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	4.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.9 ± 6 %	5.09 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 8.2 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω - 2.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.8 Ω - 1.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 Ω + 2.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.190 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.02.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1221

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.59$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.09$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 33.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

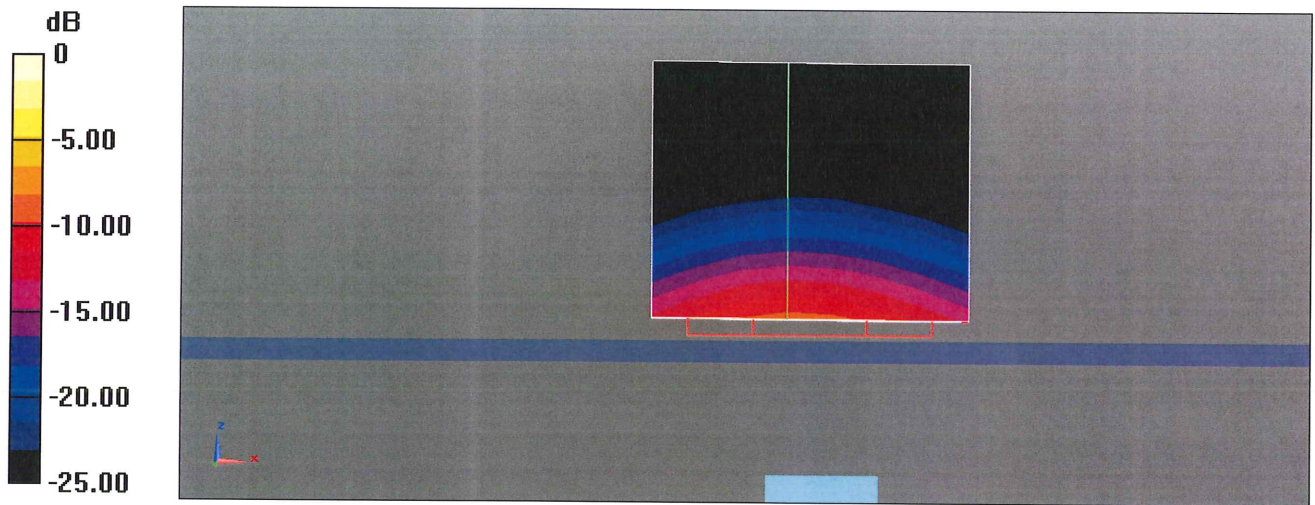
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

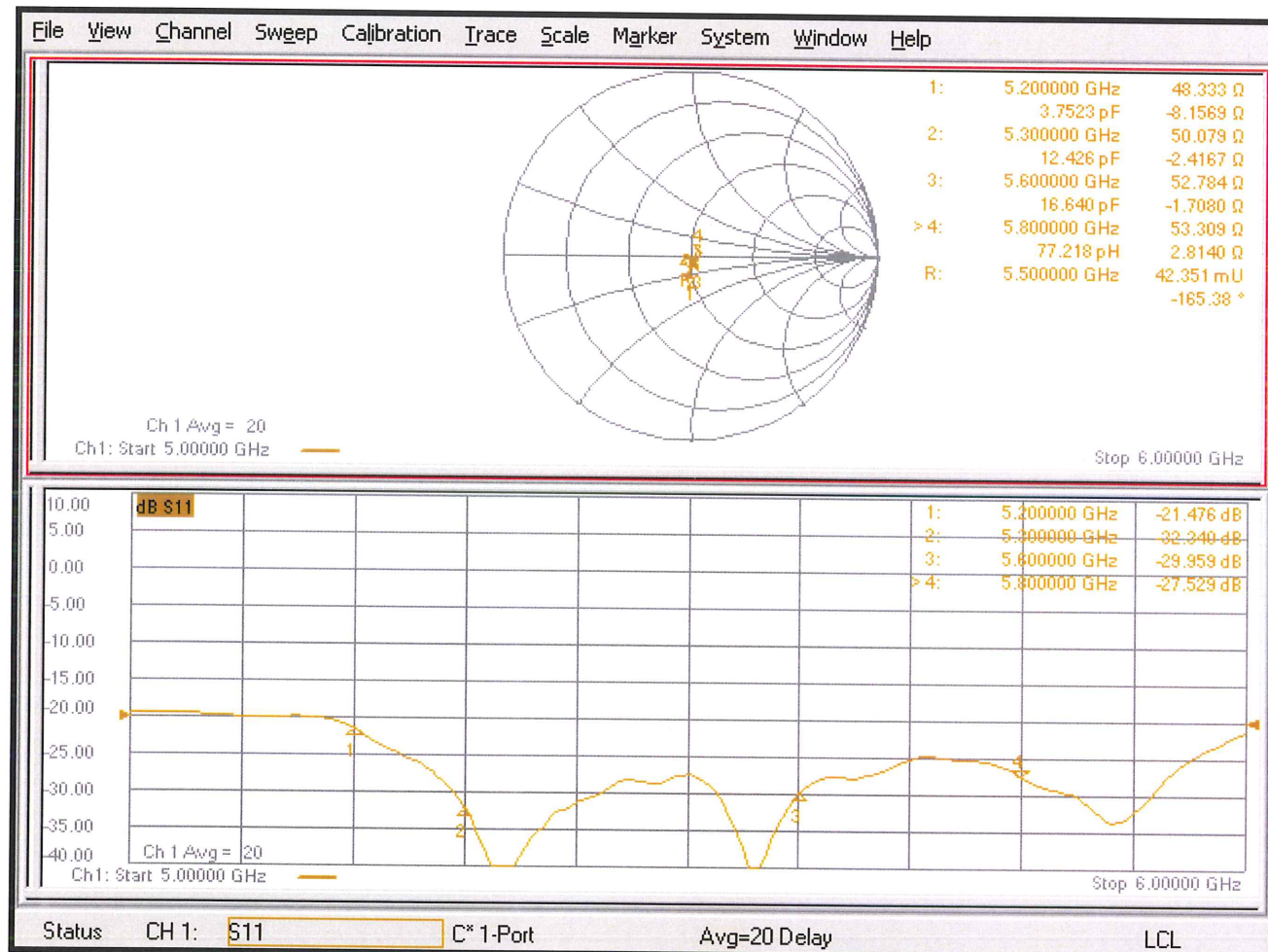
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 79.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.6%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 76.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.3%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.96 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





Dipole Internal Calibration Record

Asset No. :	E-529	Model No. :	D5GHzV2	Cal. Date :	February 9, 2021
Equipment :	ENA Network Analyzer	Serial No. :	1121	Next Cal. Date :	February 8, 2024
Environmental condition :	Temp :	23.5 °C	R.H. :	51%	

Standard List

1	IEEE Std 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013
2	IEC 62209-2	Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010
3	KDB865664	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Equipment Information

Equipment :	Manufacturer :	Model No. :	Serial No. :	Cal.Organization :	Cal. Date :
Power Amplifier	EMCI	EMC053035	980869	N/A	December 7, 2021
Power Meter	Anritsu	MA2487A	6K00004714	N/A	August 15, 2021
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	34138	N/A	August 15, 2021
Directional Coupler	Woken	TS-PCC0M-05	107090019	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	R & S	SMB100A	113244	N/A	August 2, 2021
ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46524658	N/A	March 22, 2021

For Head Tissue

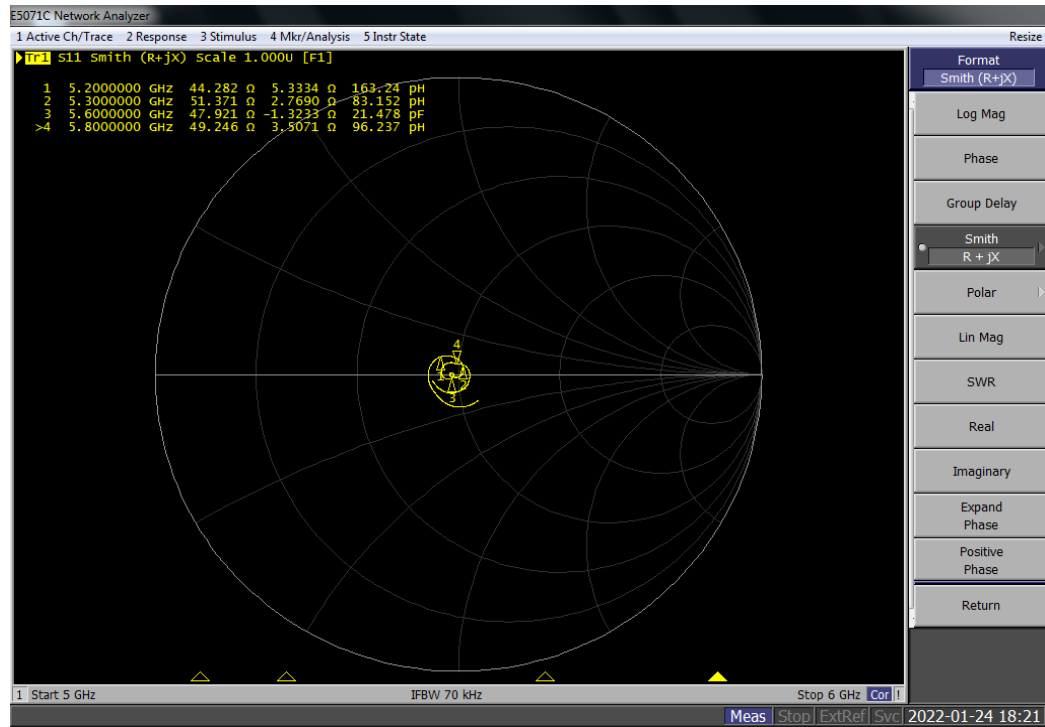
Frequency	Item	Original Cal. Result	Verified on 2022/1/24	Deviation	Result
5.2G	Impedance, transformed to feed point(Ω)	48.3 Ω -8.2j Ω	44.3 Ω -5.3j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-21.5	-21.65	-0.7%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.04	7.83	3%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.3	2.26	1.7%	Pass
5.3G	Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω -2.4j Ω	51.4 Ω +2.8j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-32.3	-30.4	5.9%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.26	8.17	1.1%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.37	2.35	0.8%	Pass
5.6G	Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.8 Ω -1.7j Ω	47.9 Ω -1.3j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-30	-31.78	-5.9%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.53	8.27	3.0%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.43	2.37	2.5%	Pass
5.8G	Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 Ω +2.8j Ω	49.2 Ω +3.5j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-27.5	-28.83	-4.8%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.25	8.01	2.9%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.33	2.27	2.6%	Pass

Note :	SAR System Uncertainty : % , (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL , Expanded uncertainty K=2)
--------	--

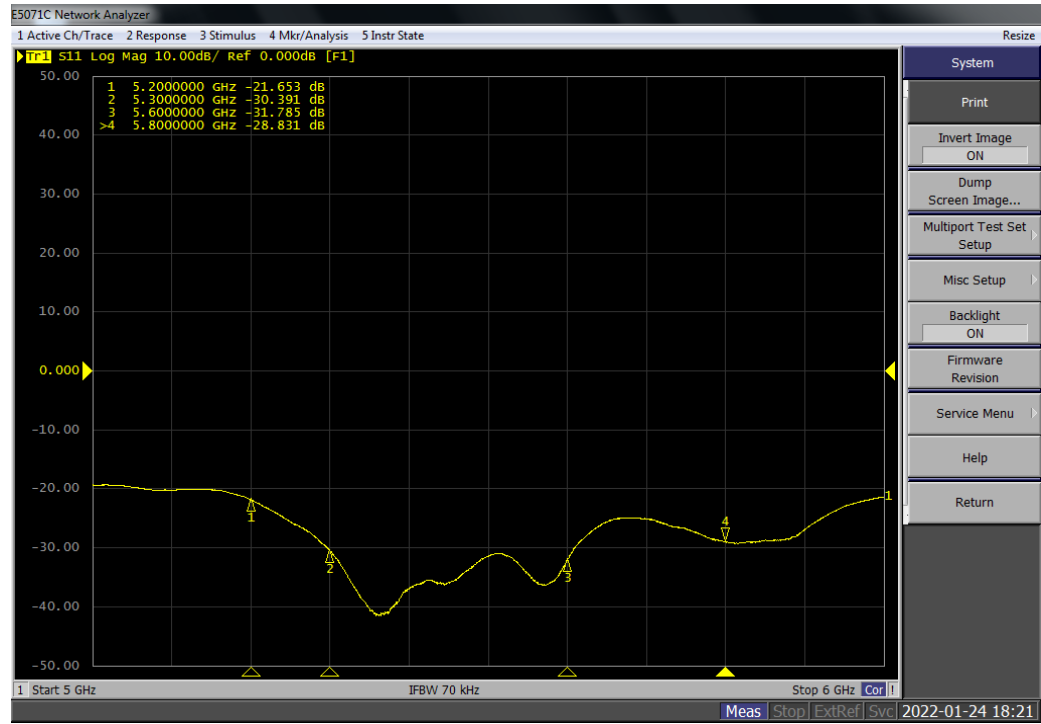
Tester : *Jerry Chang*

Technical Director : *Peter Chen*

Impedance Test-Head



Return Loss-Head



System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.777$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2021/6/1
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5200 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/6/3
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 61.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

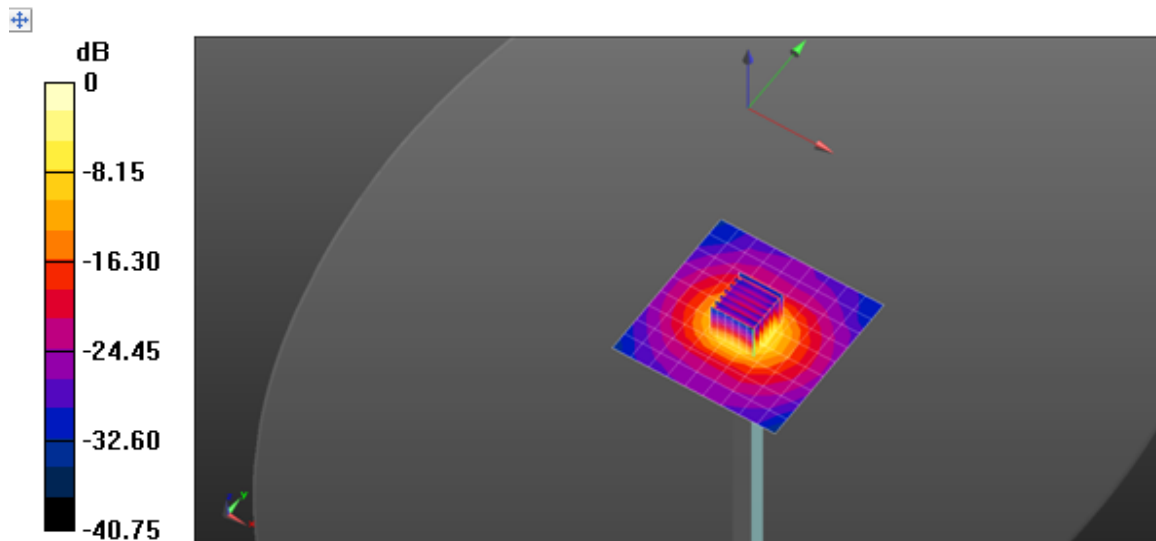
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 56.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.899$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.252$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2021/6/1

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/6/3

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 62.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

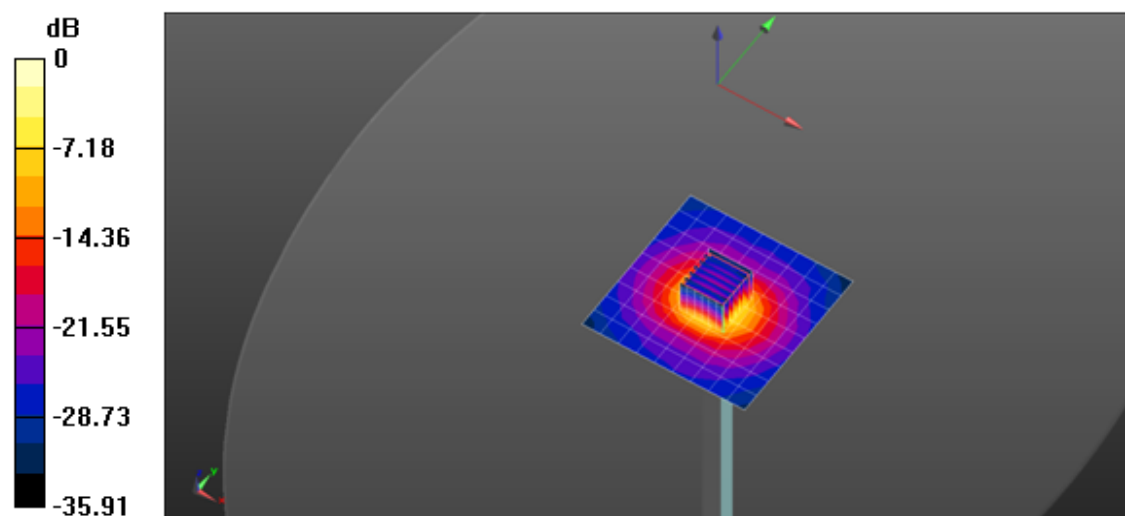
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 55.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.264$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.496$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2021/6/1
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/6/3
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 60.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

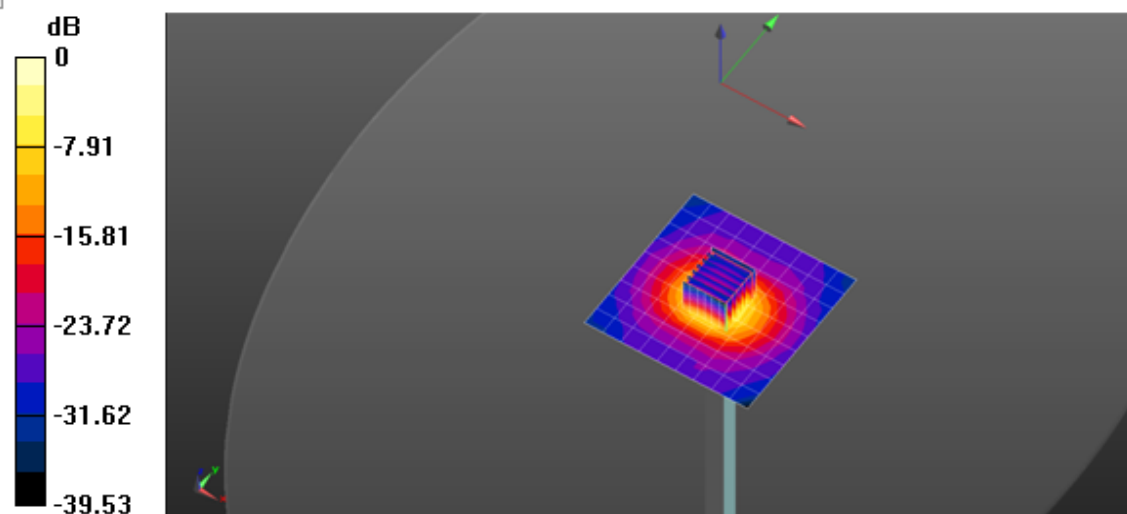
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



0 dB = 21.0 W/kg = 13.22 dBW/kg

System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.503$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.001$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2021/6/1
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/6/3
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 58.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

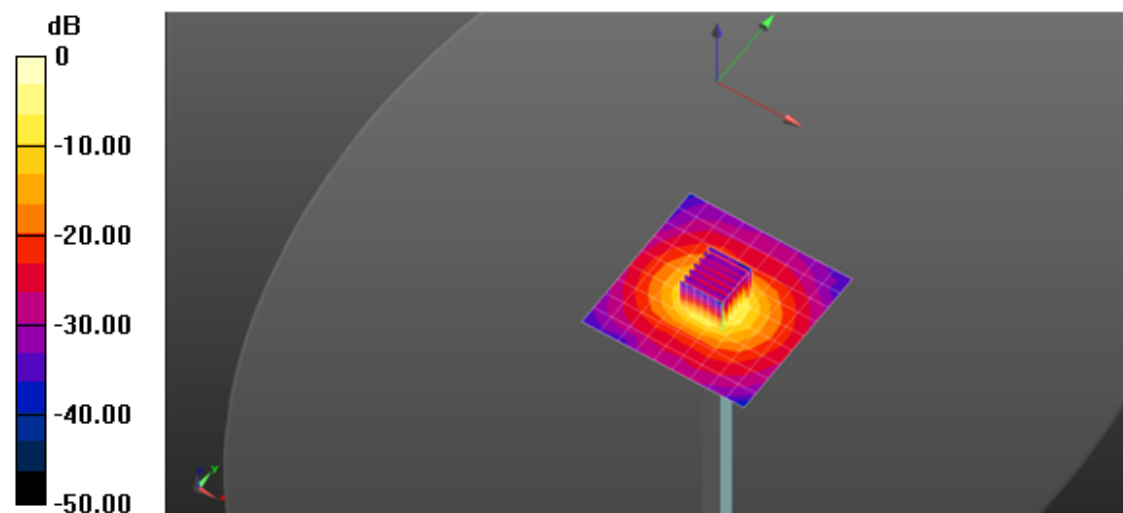
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



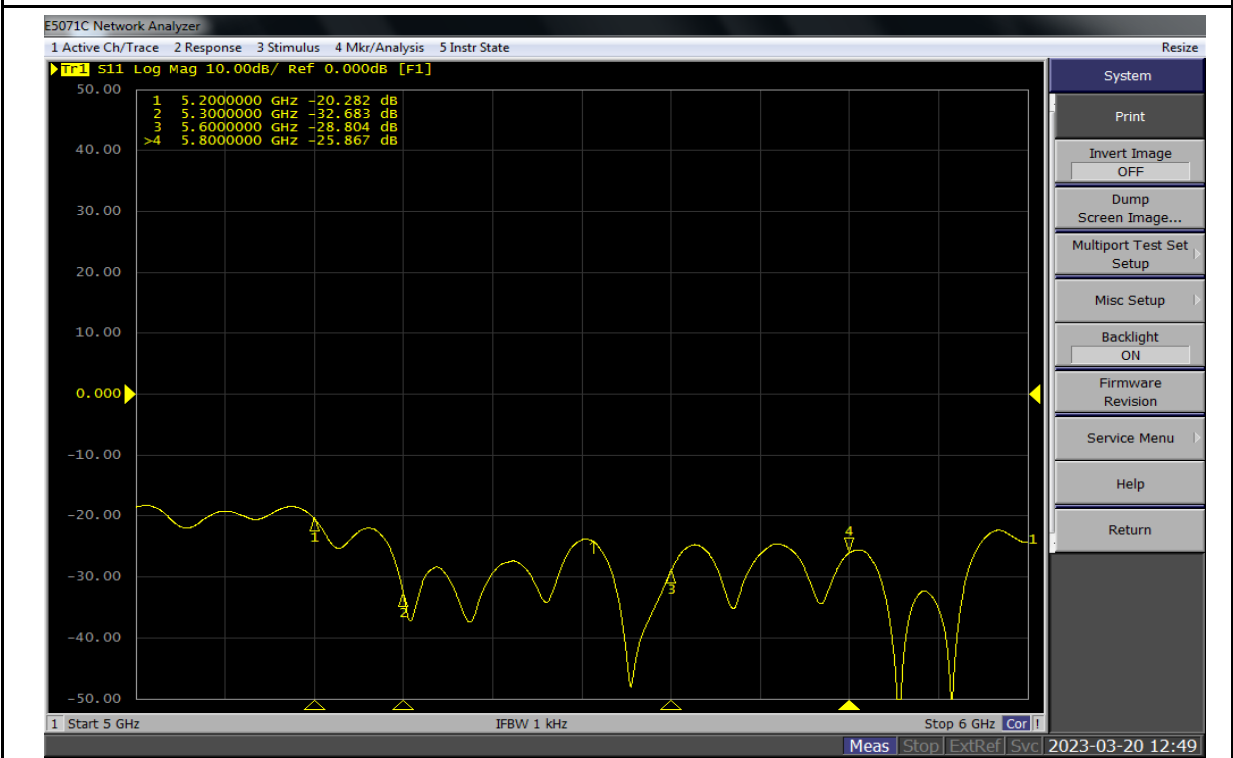
0 dB = 21.0 W/kg = 13.22 dBW/kg

		Dipole Internal Calibration Record				
					NO. :	
Asset No. :	E-529	Model No. :	D5GHzV2	Cal. Date :	February 9, 2021	
Equipment :	ENA Network Analyzer	Serial No. :	1221	Next Cal. Date :	February 8, 2024	
Environmental condition :		Temp :	23.6°C	R.H. :	49%	
Standard List						
1	IEEE Std 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013				
2	IEC 62209-2	Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010				
3	KDB865664	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz				
Equipment Information						
Equipment :	Manufacturer :	Model No. :	Serial No. :	Cal.Organization :	Cal. Date :	
Power Amplifier	EMCI	EMC053035	980869	N/A	N/A	
Power Meter	Anritsu	MA2495A	1128008	N/A	June 1, 2022	
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126001	N/A	June 1, 2022	
Directional Coupler	Woken	TS-PCC0M-05	107090019	N/A	N/A	
Signal Generator	R & S	SMB100A	113244	N/A	July 29, 2022	
ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46524658	N/A	March 17, 2023	
For Head Tissue						
Frequency	Item	Originak Cal. Result	Verified on 2023/3/20	Deviation	Result	
5.2G	Impedance, transformed to feed point(Ω)	48.3 Ω -8.2j Ω	46.2 Ω -4.3j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass	
	Return Loss(dB)	-21.5	-20.3	5.6%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.04	7.53	6%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.3	2.14	7.0%	Pass	
5.3G	Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω -2.4j Ω	54.3 Ω -5.9j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass	
	Return Loss(dB)	-32.3	-32.7	-1.2%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.26	8.29	-0.4%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.37	2.35	0.8%	Pass	
5.6G	Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.8 Ω -1.7j Ω	48.8 Ω -6.1j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass	
	Return Loss(dB)	-30	-28.8	4.0%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.53	8.34	2.2%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.43	2.35	3.3%	Pass	
5.8G	Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 Ω +2.8j Ω	52.8 Ω +1.0j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass	
	Return Loss(dB)	-27.5	-25.9	5.8%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.25	8.72	-5.7%	Pass	
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.33	2.45	-5.2%	Pass	
Note :	SAR System Uncertainty : % , (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL , Expanded uncertainty K=2)					

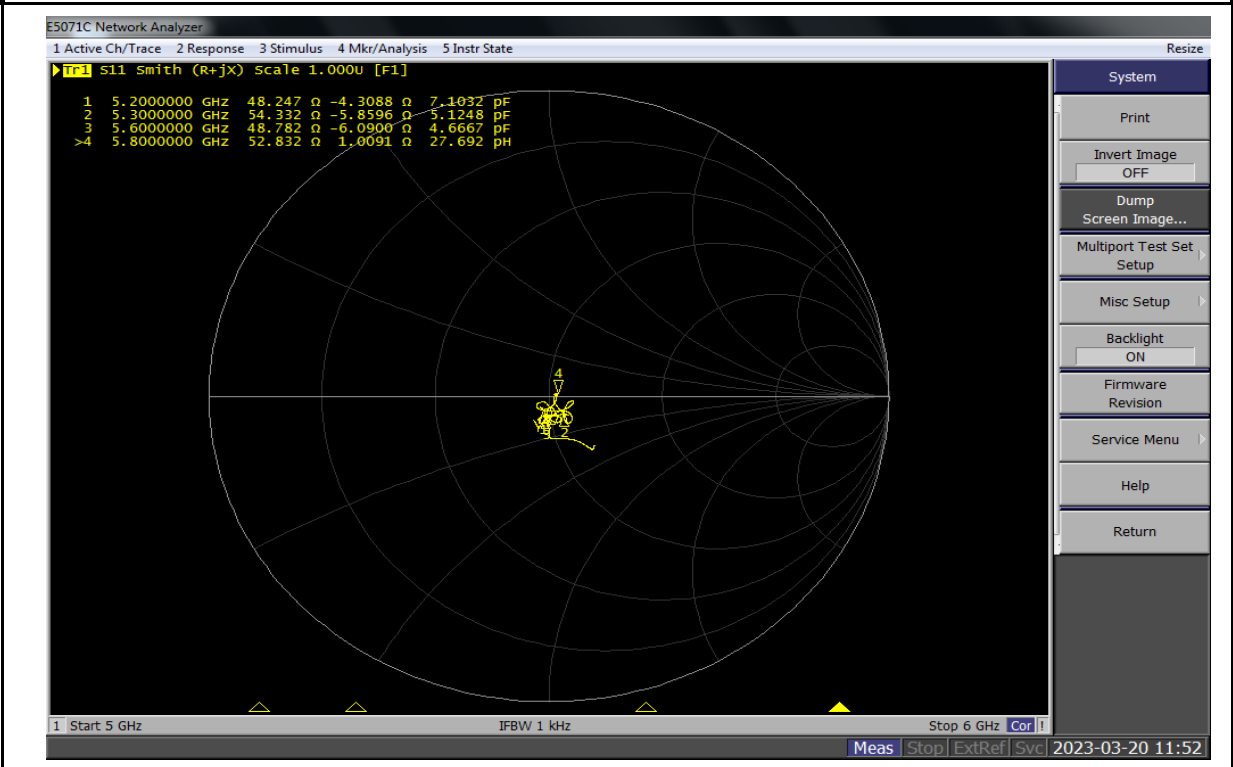
Tester : 

Technical Director : 

Return Loss For Head



Impedance, transformed to feed point For Head



System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.753$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.676$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2) @ 5200 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/28
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 60.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

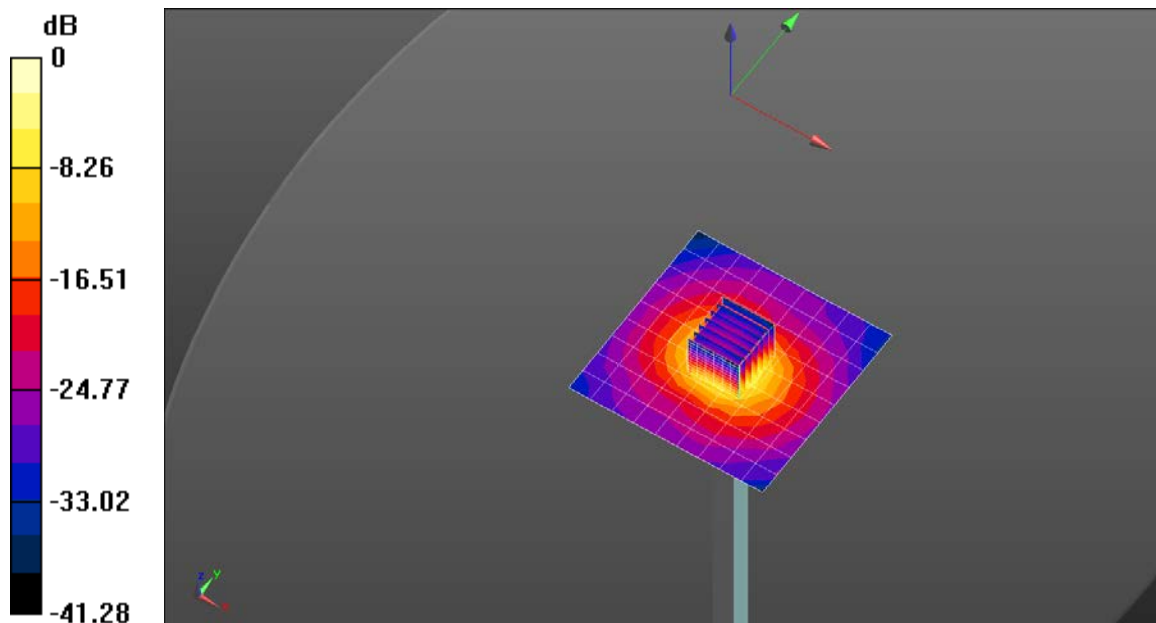
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.81 dBW/kg

System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.871$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/28
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 62.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

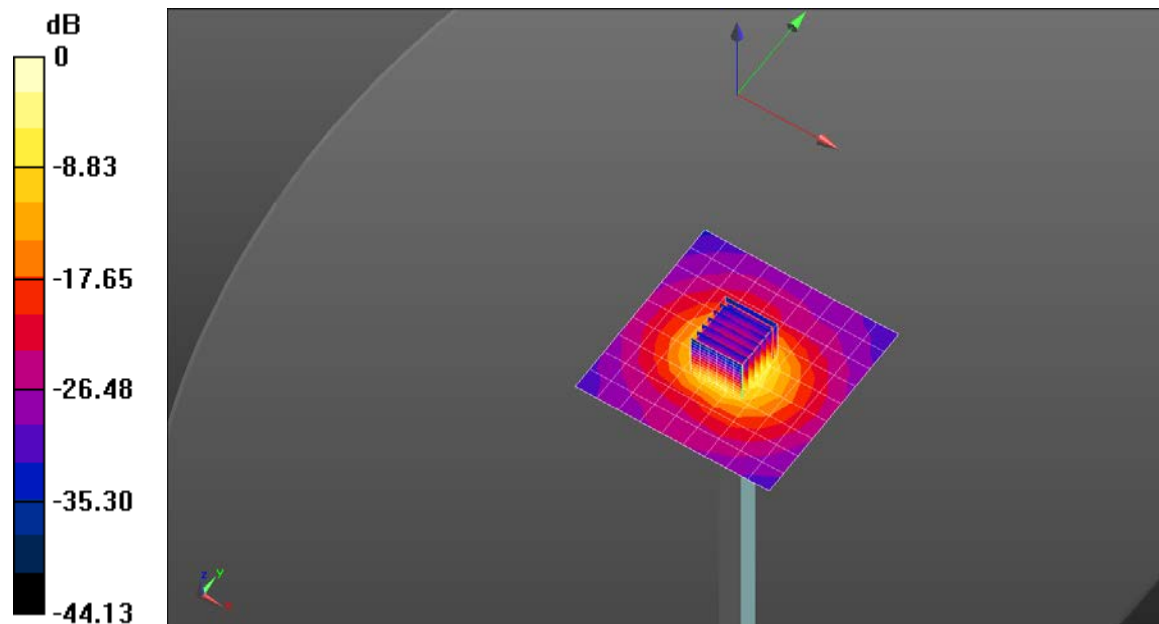
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.22$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.679$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/28
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)),
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.2 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 61.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

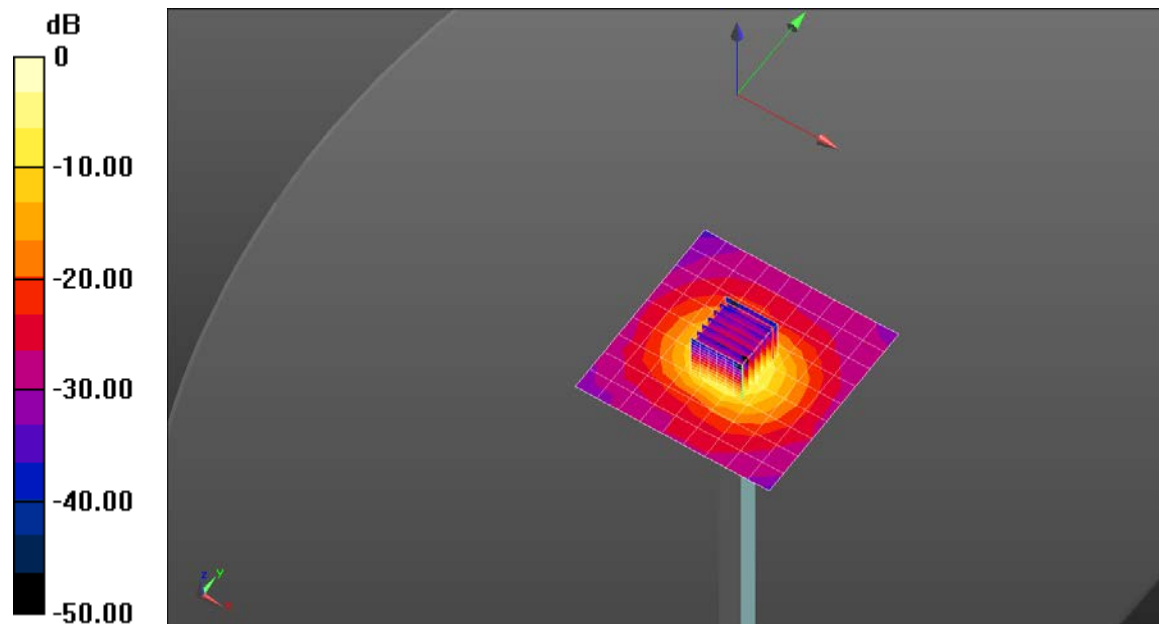
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



0 dB = 22.3 W/kg = 13.48 dBW/kg

System Check_H5G

Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Room Ambient Temperature: 23.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.454$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.211$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan Setting: Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1486; Calibrated: 2022/5/31
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7369; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/5/28
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)),
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELI V5.0 (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: 1240

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (10x10x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 62.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

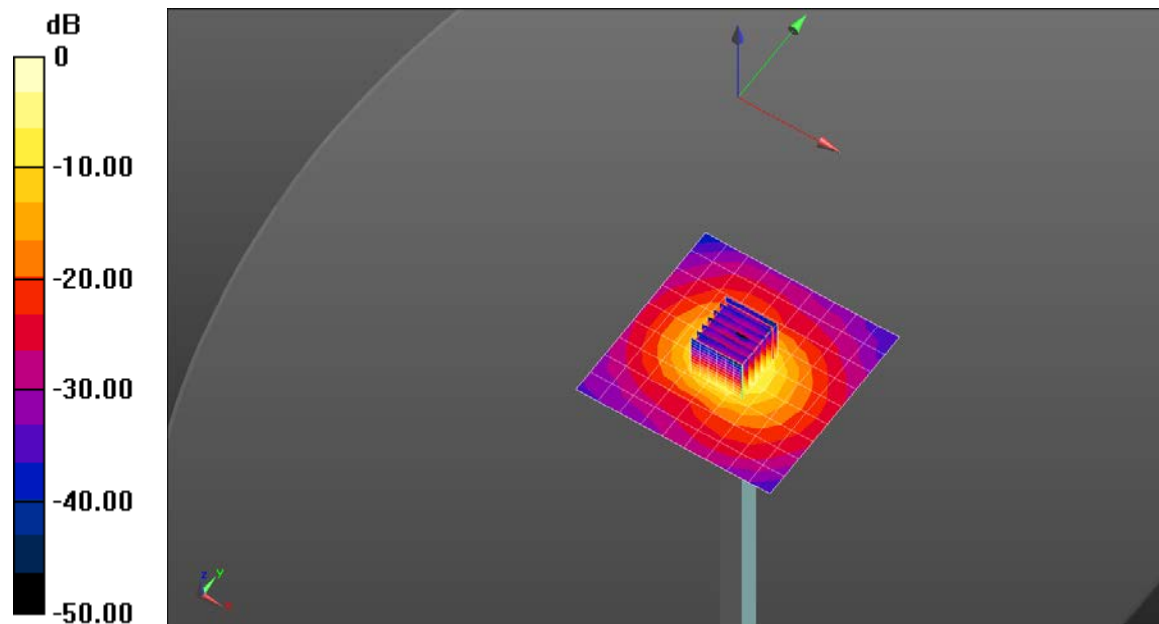
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 42.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.7 W/kg



0 dB = 23.7 W/kg = 13.75 dBW/kg