

SAR TEST REPORT

HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)	
FCC ID:	BEJP690F	
Model:	LG-P690f	
Additional Model	P690f,LGP690f,LG-P690F,P690F,LGP690F	
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Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	RSS-102 Issue 4; Health Canada Safety Code 6 47CFR §2.1093 FCC OET Bulletin 65(Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 – 1992 IEEE 1528-2003	
Test result:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.	
Signature	 Report prepared by : Young-Soo Jang Test Engineer of SAR Part	 Approved by : Jae-Sang So Manager of SAR Part

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1. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-2005 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 2. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

where:

σ	=	conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
ρ	=	mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m ³)
E	=	Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

2. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

EUT Type	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)		
FCC ID:	BEJP690F		
Model:	LG-P690f		
Additional Model	P690f,LGP690f,LG-P690F,P690F,LGP690F		
Trade Name	LG	Serial Number(s)	#1
Application Type	Certification		
Mode(s)of Operation	GSM850/GSM1900/WCDMA850/802.11b/g/n		
Tx Frequency	824.20 - 848.80 MHz (GSM850) 1 850.20 – 1 909.80 MHz (GSM1900) 826.4~846.6 MHz (WCDMA850) 2 412- 2 462 MHz (WLAN)		
Rx Frequency	869.20 - 893.80 MHz (GSM850) 1 930.20 – 1 989.80 MHz (GSM1900) 871.4 - 891.6 MHz (WCDMA850) 2 412- 2 462 MHz (WLAN)		
FCC Classification	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)		
Production Unit or Identical Prototype	Prototype		
Max SAR	0.405 W/kg GSM850 Head SAR / 0.959 W/kg GSM850 Body SAR 0.417 W/kg GSM1900 Head SAR / 0.502 W/kg GSM1900 Body SAR 0.368 W/kg WCDMA850 Head SAR / 0.627 W/kg WCDMA850 Body SAR 0.368 W/kg 802.11b/g/n Head SAR / 0.093 W/kg 802.11b/g/n Hotspot Body		
Date(s) of Tests	June 28, 2011 ~ June 29, 2011		
Antenna Type	Intenna		

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.3.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Pentium IV 3.0 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

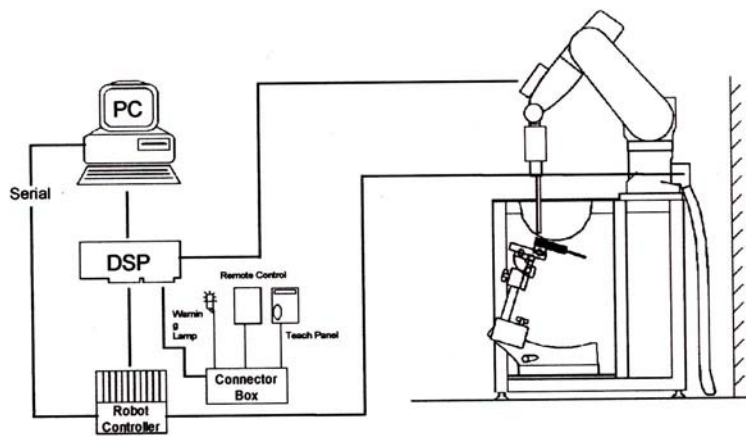


Figure 3.1 HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

3.2 DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

3.2.1 ET3DV6 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy: 8 %)
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;
Range Linearity:	± 0.2 dB
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces.
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dissymmetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

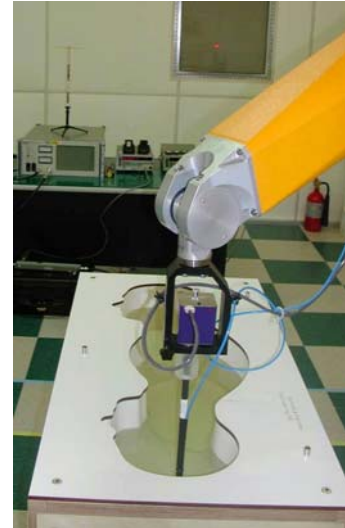


Figure 3.2 Photograph of the probe and the Phantom

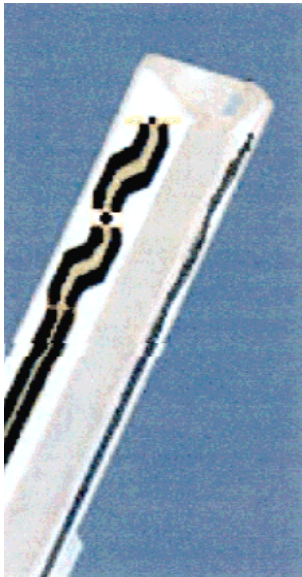


Figure 3.3 ET3DV6 E-field Probe

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches a maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

3.3 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

3.3.1 E-Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with an accuracy better than $\pm 10 \%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the proper procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
- C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
- ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
- ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

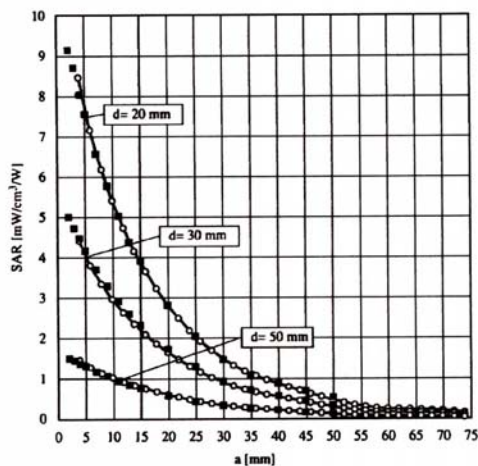


Figure 3.4 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900 MHz

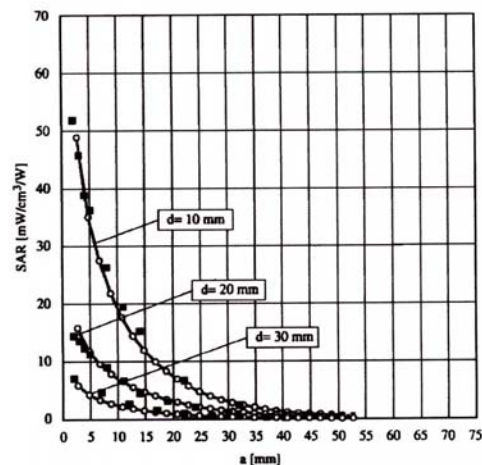


Figure 3.5 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.8 GHz

3.3.2 Data Extrapolation

The DASY4 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes
 $ConvF$ = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

3.4 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.



Figure 3.6 SAM Phantom

Shell Thickness	2.0 mm
Filling Volume	about 25 L
Dimensions	1 000 mm x 500 mm (L x W)

3.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Phantom V 4.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce an infinite number of configurations. To produce the Worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 3.7 Device Holder

3.6 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1 900		2 450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]		
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether		

Table 3.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

3.7 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90L	F01/5K09A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F99/5A82A1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Pavilion t000_puffer	KRJ51201TV	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Light Alignment Sensor	265	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D221340.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE3	466	Mar. 1, 2011	Annual	Mar. 1, 2012
SPEAG	E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1798	Apr. 14, 2011	Annual	Apr. 14, 2012
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D835V2	441	May 16, 2011	Annual	May 16, 2012
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D1900V2	5d032	July 16, 2010	Annual	July 16, 2011
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D2450V2	743	Aug. 25, 2010	Annual	Aug. 25, 2011
Agilent	Power Meter(F) E4419B	MY41291386	Nov. 05, 2010	Annual	Nov. 05, 2011
Agilent	Power Sensor(G) 8481	MY41090870	Nov. 05, 2010	Annual	Nov. 05, 2011
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit	00721521	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Dual Directional Coupler	16072	Nov. 05, 2010	Annual	Nov. 05, 2011
R&S	Base Station CMU200	110740	July 26, 2010	Annual	July 26, 2011
Agilent	Base Station E5515C	GB44400269	Feb. 10, 2011	Annual	Feb. 10, 2012
HP	Signal Generator E4438C	MY42082646	Nov. 11, 2010	Annual	Nov. 11, 2011
HP	Network Analyzer 8753ES	JP39240221	Mar. 30, 2011	Annual	Mar. 30, 2012

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

1. The SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20 mm x 20 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.
3. Around this point, a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:
 - a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the evaluation is repeated.

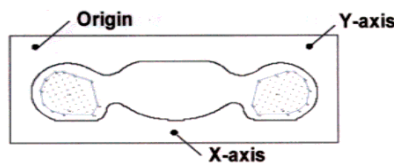


Figure 4.1 SAR Measurement Point in Area Scan

5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

5.1 HEAD POSITION

The device was placed in a normal operating position with the Point A on the device, as illustrated in following drawing, aligned with the location of the RE(ERP) on the phantom. With the ear-piece pressed against the head, the vertical center line of the body of the handset was aligned with an imaginary plane consisting of the RE, LE and M. While maintaining these alignments, the body of the handset was gradually moved towards the cheek until any point on the mouth-piece or keypad contacted the cheek. This is a cheek/touch position. For ear/tilt position, while maintain the device aligned with the BM and FN lines, the device was pivot against ERP back for 15° or until the device antenna touch the phantom. Please refer to IEEE 1528-2003 illustration below.

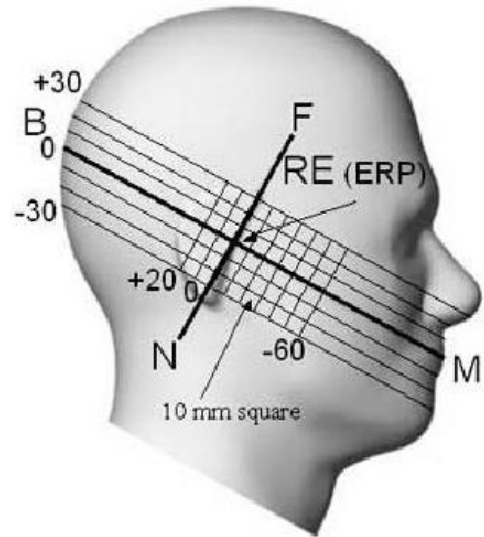


Figure 5.1 Side view of the phantom

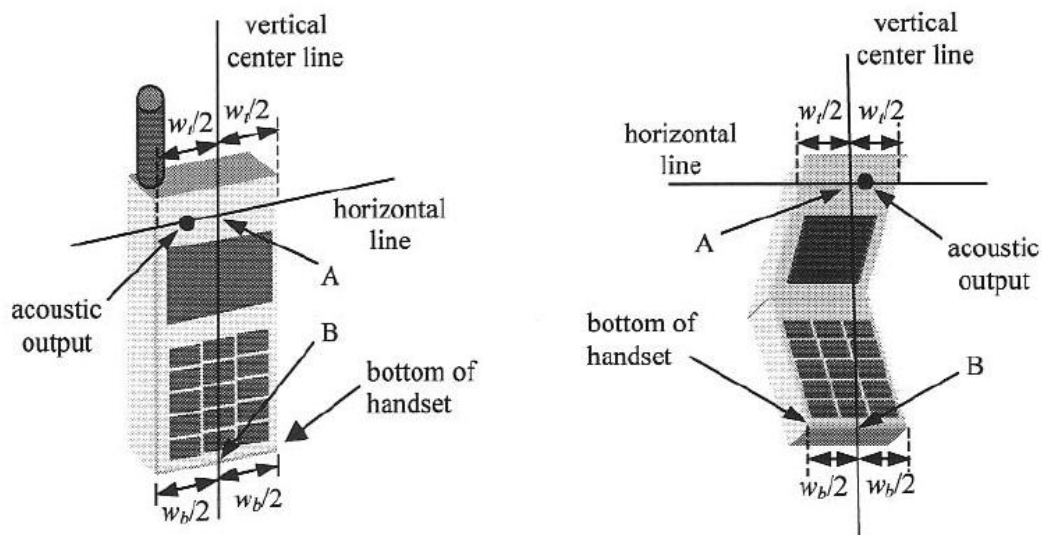


Figure 5.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

5.2 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with each accessory. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Since this EUT does not supply any body worn accessory to the end user a distance of 1.0 cm from the EUT back surface to the liquid interface is configured for the generic test.

"See the Test SET-UP Photo"

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worstcase positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	Tol (± %)	Prob. dist.	Div.	c_i	Standard Uncertainty (± %)	V_{eff}
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	6.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
2. Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.90	N	1.00	1	2.90	145
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
3. Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.07	N	1	0.64	1.32	9
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	5.02	N	1	0.6	3.01	9
Combine Standard Uncertainty					11.13	
Coverage Factor for 95 %					$k = 2$	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					22.25	

Table 6.1 Uncertainty (800 MHz- 2450 MHz)

7. ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 7.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

8. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

8.1 Tissue Verification

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	June 28, 2011	Head	21.1	ϵ_r	41.5	43.1	+ 3.86	± 5
				σ	0.90	0.909	+ 1.00	± 5
835	June 28, 2011	Body	21.1	ϵ_r	55.2	56.9	+ 3.08	± 5
				σ	0.97	0.961	- 0.93	± 5
1 900	June 29, 2011	Head	21.2	ϵ_r	40.0	39.1	- 2.25	± 5
				σ	1.40	1.43	+ 2.14	± 5
1 900	June 29, 2011	Body	21.2	ϵ_r	53.3	53	- 0.56	± 5
				σ	1.52	1.57	+ 3.29	± 5
2 450	June 29, 2011	Head	21.2	ϵ_r	39.2	38.8	- 1.02	± 5
				σ	1.80	1.76	- 2.22	± 5
2 450	June 29, 2011	Body	21.2	ϵ_r	52.7	51.8	- 1.71	± 5
				σ	1.95	1.95	+ 0.00	± 5

8.2 System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 835 MHz / 1 900 MHz/ 2 450 MHz by using the system validation kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

* Input Power: 100 m W

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid	Liquid Temp. [°C]	SAR Average	Target Value (SPEAG) (mW/g)	*Measured Value (mW/g)	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	June 28, 2011	Head	21.1	1 g	9.34	0.999	+ 0.70	± 10
835	June 28, 2011	Head	21.1	1 g	9.45	0.983	+ 0.40	± 10
1 900	June 29, 2011	Head	21.2	1 g	39.9	3.85	- 0.35	± 10
1 900	June 29, 2011	Body	21.2	1 g	41.5	4.29	+ 0.34	± 10
2 450	June 29, 2011	Head	21.2	1 g	54	5.32	- 0.15	± 10
2 450	June 29, 2011	Body	21.2	1 g	54	5.55	+ 0.28	± 10

9. SAR Testing with IEEE 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

Normal Network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

9.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.2 Frequency Channel Configurations

80.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 80.211 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; Channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz § 15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11,15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels.

These are referred to as the "default test channels". 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	"Default Test Channels"			
				§15.247	UNII		
802.11 b/g	2.412	1		√	▽		
	2.437	6	6	√	▽		
	2.462	11		√	▽		
802.11a	5.18	36				√	
	5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)				*
	5.22	44					*
	5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)			√	
	5.26	52				√	
	5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)				*
	5.30	60					*
	5.32	64				√	
	5.500	100	Unknown				*
	5.520	104				√	
	5.540	108					*
	5.560	112					*
	5.580	116				√	
	5.600	120					*
	5.620	124				√	
	5.640	128					*
	5.660	132					*
	5.680	136				√	
	5.700	140					*
UNII or §15.247	5.745	149		√		√	
	5.765	153	152 (5.76 GHz)		*		*
	5.785	157		√			*
	5.805	161	160 (5.80 GHz)		*	√	
	§15.247	5.825	165	√			

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

10. RF CONDUCTED POWER

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power

10.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR[4] SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is Measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

10.2.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3 GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all "1s"

10.2.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

10.2.3 Body SAR Measurement

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

10.2.4 Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is Measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

Sub-Test 1 Setup for Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS Data				EDGE Data			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
GSM850	128	32.99	32.99	30.77	29.01	28.22	27.57	25.58	23.61	22.66
	190	32.95	32.95	30.75	28.97	27.99	27.54	25.54	23.58	22.58
	251	32.89	32.89	30.72	28.92	27.95	27.49	25.51	23.53	22.56
GSM 1900	512	30.10	30.1	27.49	25.69	25	26.51	24.52	22.53	21.56
	661	29.84	29.84	27.5	25.7	24.72	26.26	24.27	22.29	21.31
	810	29.72	29.72	27.51	25.55	24.57	26.11	24.13	22.15	21.17

Table 10.1 GSM Inactive Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS Data				EDGE Data			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
GSM850	128	23.96	23.96	24.75	24.75	25.21	18.54	19.56	19.35	19.65
	190	23.92	23.92	24.73	24.71	24.98	18.51	19.52	19.32	19.57
	251	23.86	23.86	24.7	24.66	24.94	18.46	19.49	19.27	19.55
GSM 1900	512	21.07	21.07	21.47	21.43	21.99	17.48	18.5	18.27	18.55
	661	20.81	20.81	21.48	21.44	21.71	17.23	18.25	18.03	18.3
	810	20.69	20.69	21.49	21.29	21.56	17.08	18.11	17.89	18.16

Table 10.2 GSM Inactive Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	Cellular Band [dBm]			MPR
		Subtest	UL 4132	UL 4183	UL 4233	
99	WCDMA	12.2kbps(RMC)	22.88	22.89	23.00	-
99	WCDMA	12.2kbps(AMR)	22.81	22.84	22.98	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.58	22.60	22.68	0
5		Subtest 2	22.59	22.62	22.66	0

5		Subtest 3	22.07	22.12	22.26	0.5
5		Subtest 4	22.09	22.07	22.17	0.5

Table 2. WCDMA Inactive Conducted output powers

Band	Channel	Mbps (dBm)			
		1	2	5.5	11
IEEE 802.11b	1	14.03	13.86	14.08	13.96
	6	14.81	14.66	14.91	14.64
	11	15.23	15.08	15.31	15.12

Table 3. Average IEEE 802.11b Conducted output power

Band	Channel	Mbps (dBm)							
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
IEEE 802.11g	1	12.14	112.02	11.95	11.78	11.55	11.26	10.97	10.86
	6	12.85	12.75	12.67	12.48	12.30	12.02	11.67	11.62
	11	13.31	13.17	13.12	12.93	12.68	12.39	12.08	11.99

Table 4. Average IEEE 802.11g Conducted output power

Band	Channel	Mbps (dBm)							
		6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
IEEE 802.11n (HT-20)	1	10.78	10.51	10.32	10.22	9.87	9.44	9.41	9.12
	6	11.67	11.48	11.32	11.13	10.86	10.53	10.49	10.37
	11	12.18	11.84	11.63	11.45	11.09	10.70	10.55	10.57

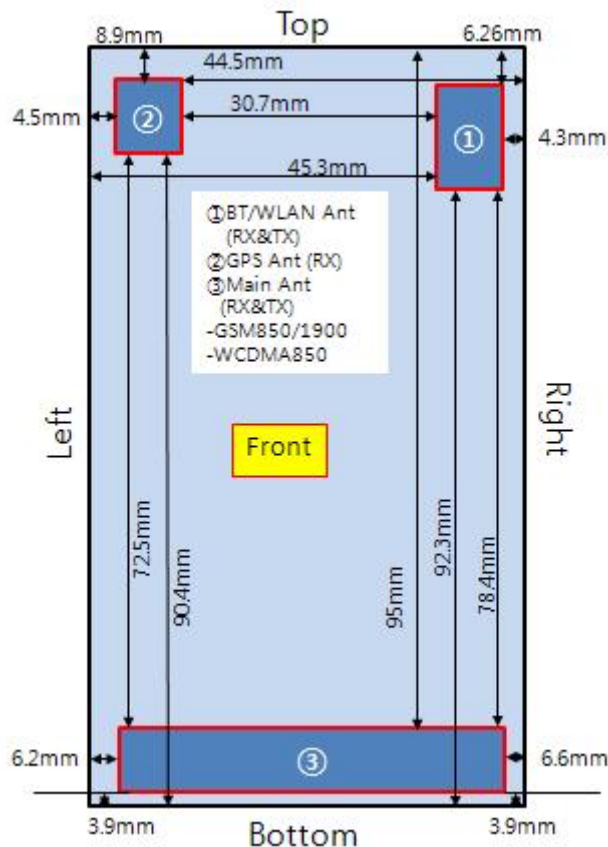
Table 5. Average IEEE 802.11n Conducted output power

11. Mobile Hotspot Side for SAR Testing

11.1 SAR Test configurations

Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
850 GPRS	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
1900 GPRS	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

11.2 Antenna and Device Information



Note;

Per Oct.2010 TCB Workshop guidance, we performed the SAR testing at 1 cm from the top & bottom surfaces and also from side edges with a transmitting antenna ≤ 2.5 cm from an edge.

12. SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas

12.1 SAR Evaluation Considerations

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas", May 2008. The procedures are applicable to phones with built-in unlicensed transmitters, such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices.

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this

Table. 12.1 Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	<u>SAR not required:</u> <u>Unlicensed only</u> - when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> - when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas - when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 <u>SAR required:</u> <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3 ; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition <u>Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply</u>
Unlicensed Transmitters	<u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u> - output ≤ 60 f: SAR not required - output > 60 f: stand-alone SAR required <u>When there is simultaneous transmission –</u> <u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u> - output $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u> <u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u> - test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition - if SAR for highest output channel is $> 50\%$ of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	
Jaw, Mouth and Nose	<u>Flat phantom SAR required</u> - when measurement is required in tight regions of SAM and it is not feasible or the results can be questionable due to probe tilt, calibration, positioning and orientation issues - position rectangular and clam-shell phones according to flat phantom procedures and conduct SAR measurements for these specific locations	When simultaneous transmission SAR testing is required, contact the FCC Laboratory for interim guidance.

Table. 12.2 SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cellphones with Multiple Transmitters

FCC ID: BEJP690F

Antenna separation distance between Main and BT/ WLAN: 78.4 mm

BT Max. RF output power: 9.40 dBm (8.71 mW)

12.2 Conclusion

Because the conducted output power level of the BT transmitter is less than $2 \cdot P_{ref}$, and the BT antenna is more than 5 cm from the Main antenna, neither simultaneous SAR nor stand-alone BT SAR are required for the EUT.

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Held to Ear

Simultaneous TX	configuration	850 GSM SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous TX	configuration	1900 GSM SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.375	0.368	0.743	Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.417	0.368	0.785
	Left Tilt	0.204	0.094	0.298		Left Tilt	0.125	0.094	0.219
	Right Cheek	0.405	0.14	0.545		Right Cheek	0.278	0.14	0.418
	Right Tilt	0.209	0.035	0.244		Right Tilt	0.111	0.035	0.146
Simultaneous TX	configuration	850 WCDMA SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.35	0.368	0.718					
	Left Tilt	0.195	0.094	0.289					
	Right Cheek	0.368	0.14	0.508					
	Right Tilt	0.191	0.035	0.226					

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot

Simultaneous TX	configuration	850 GSM SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous TX	configuration	1900 GSM SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.959	0.093	1.052	Body SAR	Back	0.502	0.093	0.595
	Front	0.487	0.041	0.528		Front	0.434	0.041	0.475
	Left	0.388	-	0.388		Left	0.117	-	0.117
	Right	0.399	0.084	0.483		Right	0.094	0.084	0.178
	Bottom	0.067	-	0.067		Bottom	0.271	-	0.271
	Top	-	0.01	0.01		Top	-	0.01	0.01
Simultaneous TX	configuration	850 WCDMA SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.627	0.093	0.72					
	Front	0.342	0.041	0.383					
	Left	0.297	-	0.297					
	Right	0.329	0.084	0.413					
	Bottom	0.063	-	0.063					
	Top	-	0.01	0.01					

13. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

13.1 Measurement Results (GSM850 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End				
836.6	190 (Mid)	GSM850	32.95	32.92	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.375
836.6	190 (Mid)	GSM850	32.95	32.85	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.204
836.6	190 (Mid)	GSM850	32.95	33.00	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	0.405
836.6	190 (Mid)	GSM850	32.95	32.87	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.209
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

13.2 Measurement Results (GSM1900 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End				
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GSM1900	29.84	29.75	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.417
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GSM1900	29.84	29.81	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.125
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GSM1900	29.84	29.81	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	0.278
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GSM1900	29.84	29.90	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.111
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

13.3 Measurement Results (WCDMA850 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	1g SAR (mW/g)	10g SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End					
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.84	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.350	0.253
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.83	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.195	0.149
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.78	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	0.368	0.274
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.94	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.191	0.147
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram			
EN50360 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS						Head 2.0 W/kg (W/kg) Averaged over 10 gram			

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- WCDMA Mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps and HSPA Inactive.

13.4 Measurement Results (802.11b/g/n Head)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End				
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	14.03	13.99	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.368
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	14.03	13.84	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.094
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	14.03	14.07	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	0.140
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	14.03	14.05	Standard	Right Tilt 15	Intenna	0.035
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☒ Manual Test cord ☐ Base Station Simulator
- IEEE 802.11g(including 802.11n) SAR testing is required when the conducted powers are equal to or greater than 0.25 dB Than the conducted powers in IEEE 802.11b.

13.5 Measurement Results (GSM850 Hotspot Body SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End			
824.2	128 (Low)	GPRS 4Tx	28.22	28.27	Back	1.0 cm	0.941
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	27.99	28.04	Back	1.0 cm	0.920
849.8	251 (High)	GPRS 4Tx	27.95	27.91	Back	1.0 cm	0.959
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	27.99	27.97	Front	1.0 cm	0.487
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	27.99	27.95	Left	1.0 cm	0.388
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	27.99	27.98	Right	1.0 cm	0.399
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	27.99	27.99	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.067
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram	

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

13.6 Measurement Results (GSM1900 Hotspot Body SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End			
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	24.72	24.70	Back	1.0 cm	0.502
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	24.72	24.75	Front	1.0 cm	0.434
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	24.72	24.71	Left	1.0 cm	0.117
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	24.72	24.64	Right	1.0 cm	0.094
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GPRS 4Tx	24.72	24.67	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.271
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram	

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm $\pm$ 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

13.7 Measurement Results (WCDMA850 Hotspot Body SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End			
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.91	Back	1.0 cm	0.627
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.89	Front	1.0 cm	0.342
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.92	Left	1.0 cm	0.297
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.81	Right	1.0 cm	0.329
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	22.89	22.89	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.063
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992- Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram	

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm $\pm$ 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- WCDMA Mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps and HSDPA Inactive.

13.8 Measurement Results (802.11b/g/n Hotspot Body SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)		Configuration	Separation Distance	Data Rate	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel		Begin	End				
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	15.23	15.27	Front	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.041
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	15.23	15.20	Back	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.093
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	15.23	15.29	Right	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.084
2 462	11 (High)	802.11b	15.23	15.36	Top	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.01
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm $\pm$ 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode ☒ Manual Test code ☐ Base Station Simulator
- IEEE 802.11g(including 802.11n) SAR testing is required when the conducted powers are equal to or greater than 0.25 dB Than the conducted powers in IEEE 802.11b.

14. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

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Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 mW/g

Left touch 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

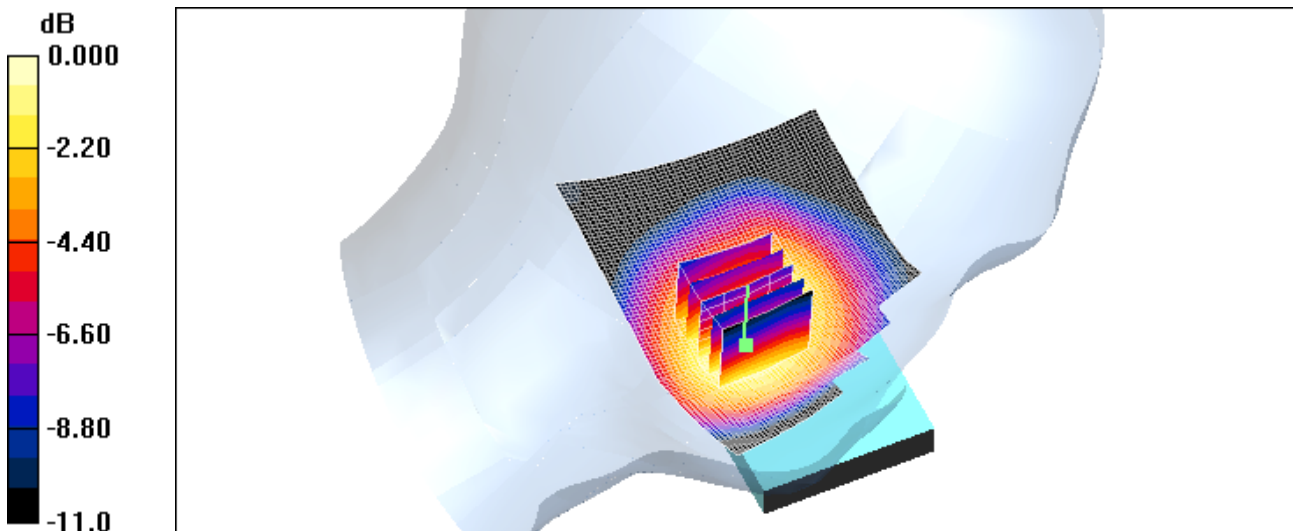
Reference Value = 7.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.512 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 mW/g



0 dB = 0.409mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.212 mW/g

Left tilt 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

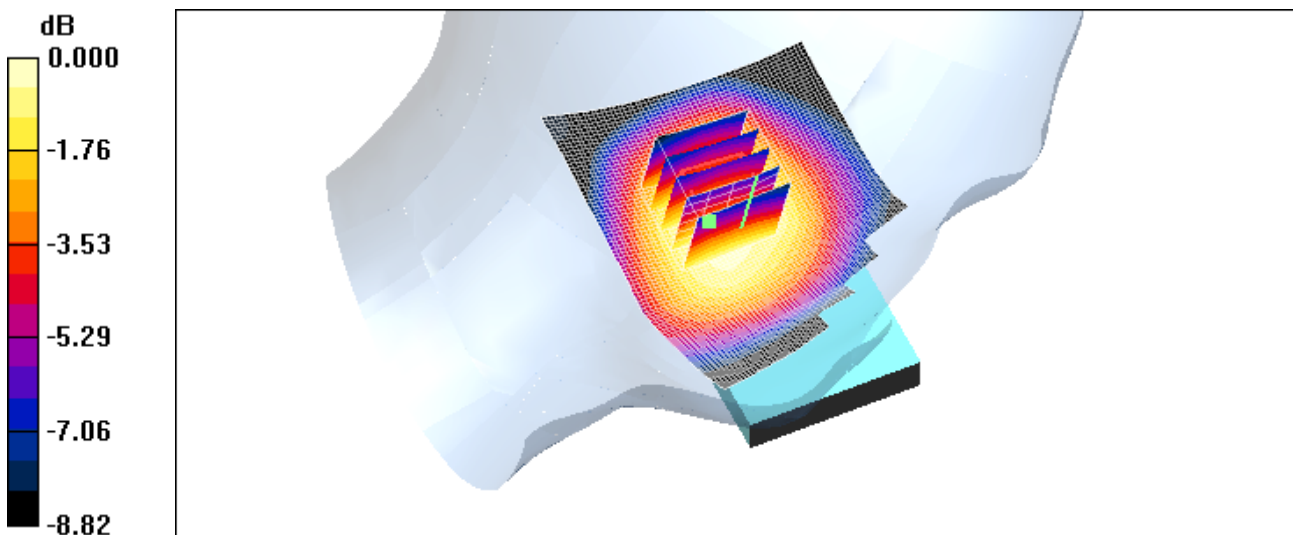
Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.204 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 mW/g



0 dB = 0.217mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01

- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 mW/g

Right touch 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

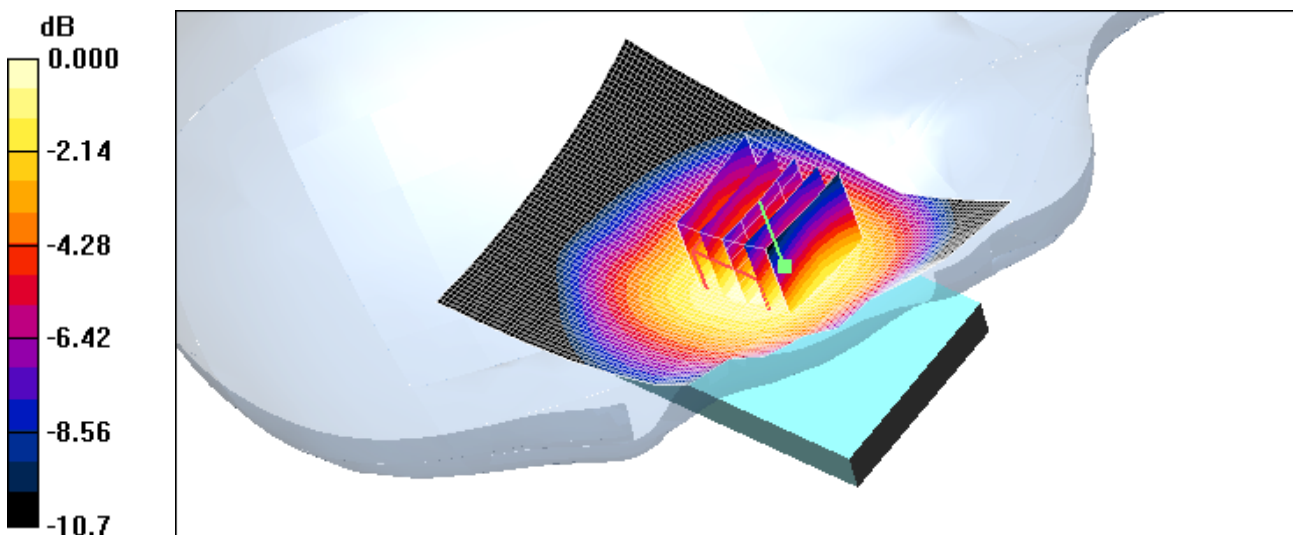
Reference Value = 6.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 mW/g



0 dB = 0.432mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.214 mW/g

Right tilt 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

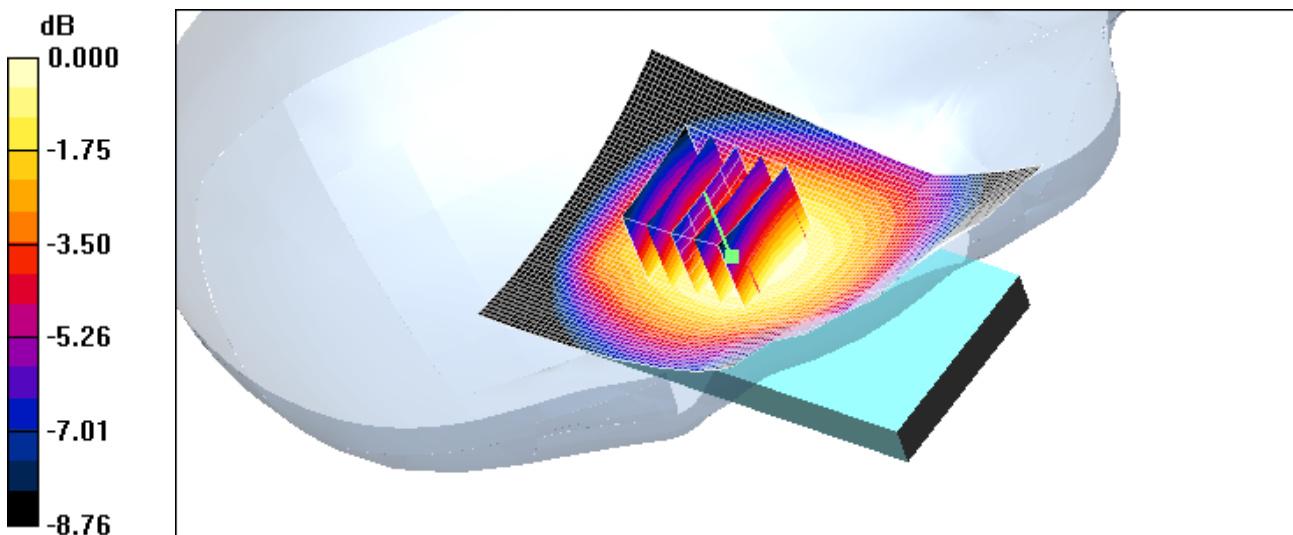
Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.246 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 mW/g



0 dB = 0.218mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.444 mW/g

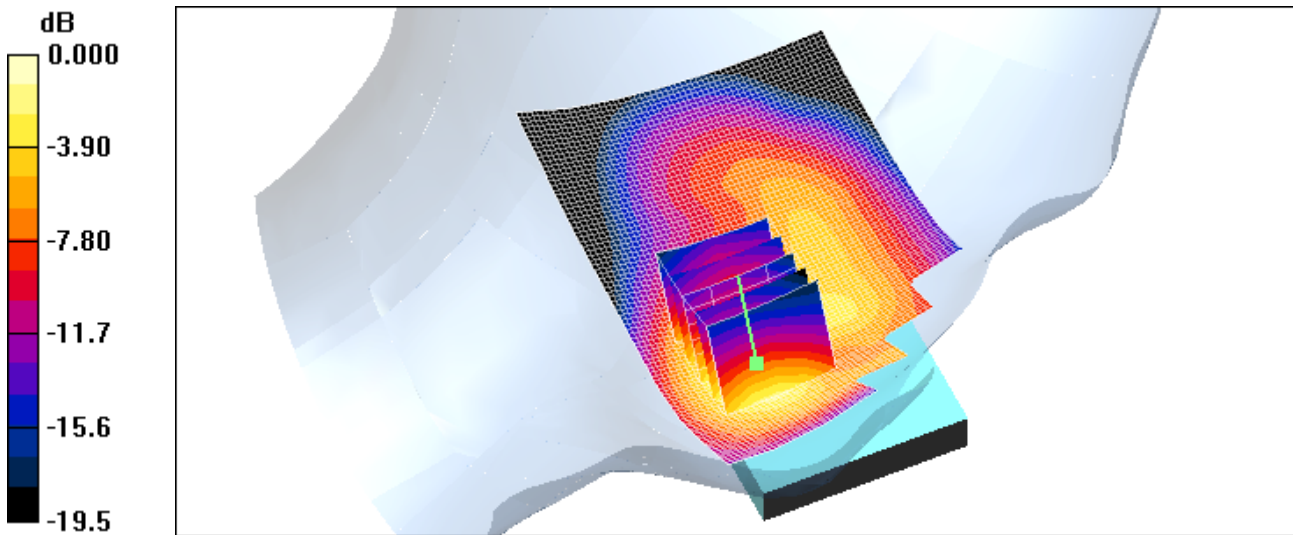
Left touch 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.673 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.417 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 mW/g



0 dB = 0.459mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 mW/g

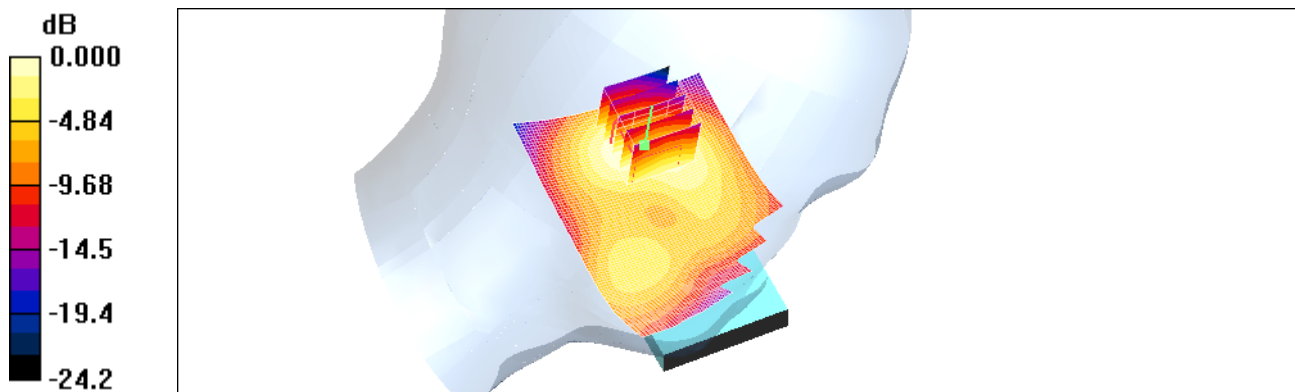
Left tilt 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.125 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 mW/g



0 dB = 0.131mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.315 mW/g

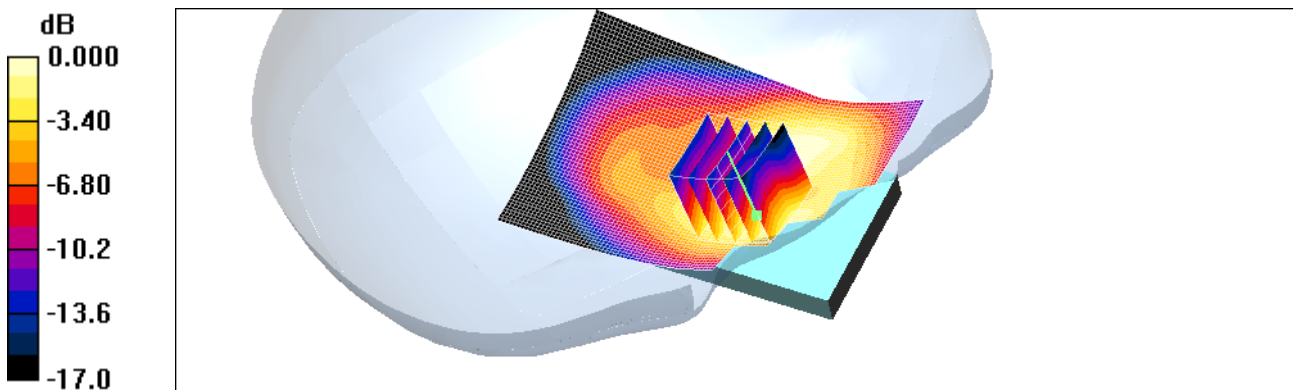
Right touch 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.428 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.278 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 mW/g



0 dB = 0.302mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.136 mW/g

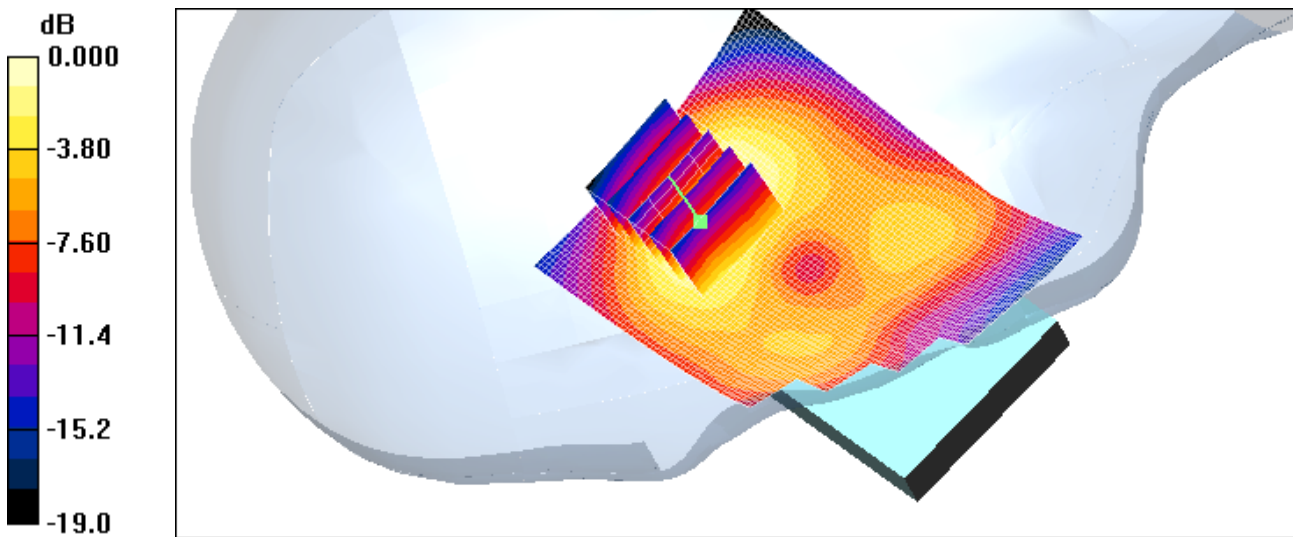
Right tilt 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



0 dB = 0.123mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.384 mW/g

Left touch 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

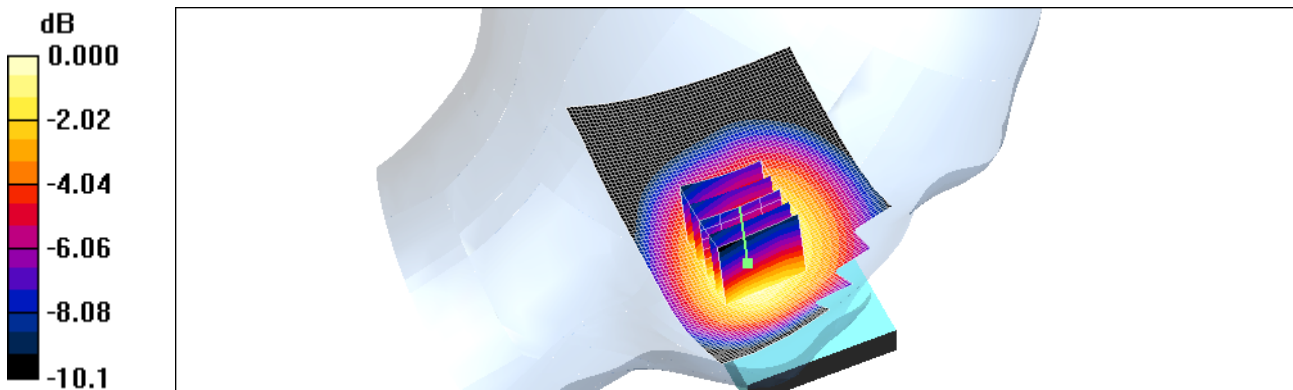
Reference Value = 5.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.350 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.210 mW/g

Left tilt 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

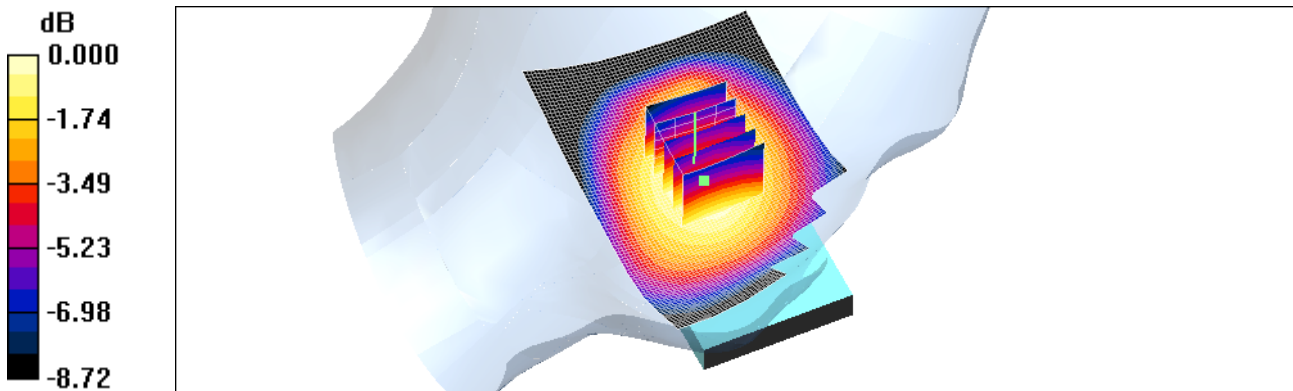
Reference Value = 8.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.233 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 mW/g



0 dB = 0.204mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 mW/g

Right touch 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

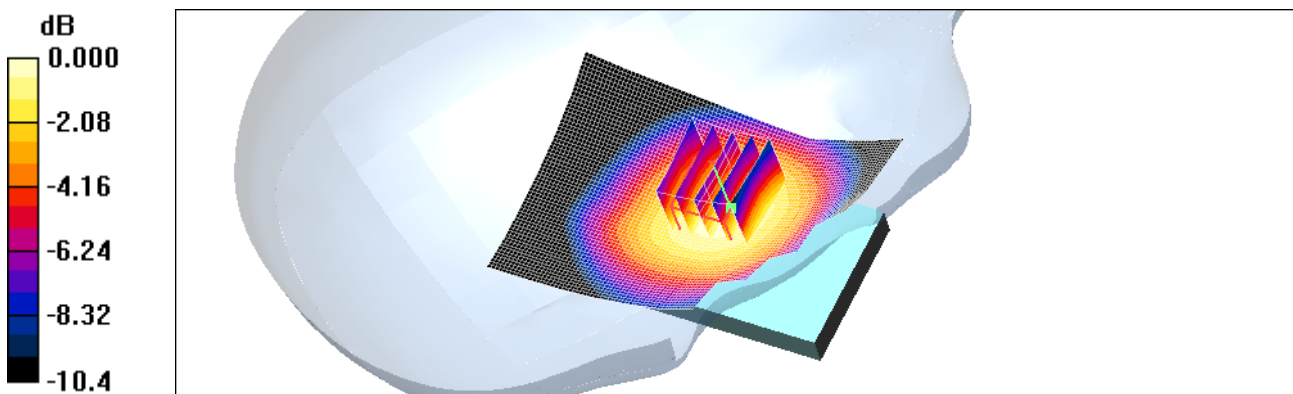
Reference Value = 6.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.397 mW/g



0 dB = 0.397mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.196 mW/g

Right tilt 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

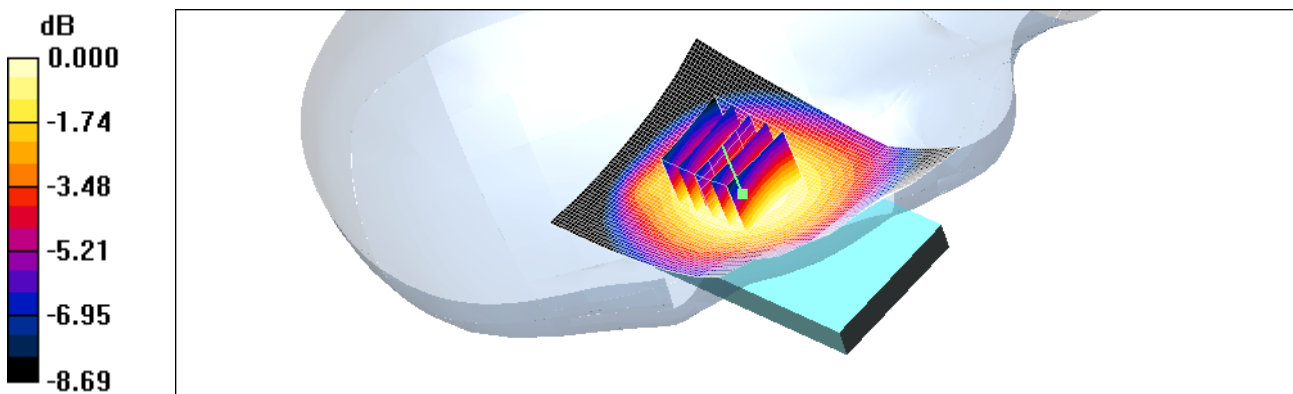
Reference Value = 9.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.226 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g



0 dB = 0.200mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.439 mW/g

Left touch 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

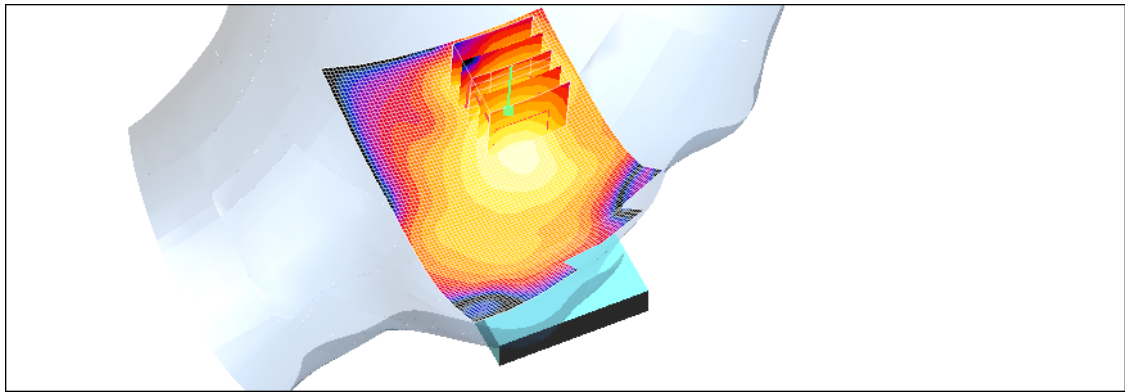
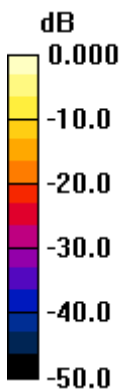
Reference Value = 4.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.933 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 mW/g



0 dB = 0.440mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left tilt 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.100 mW/g

Left tilt 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

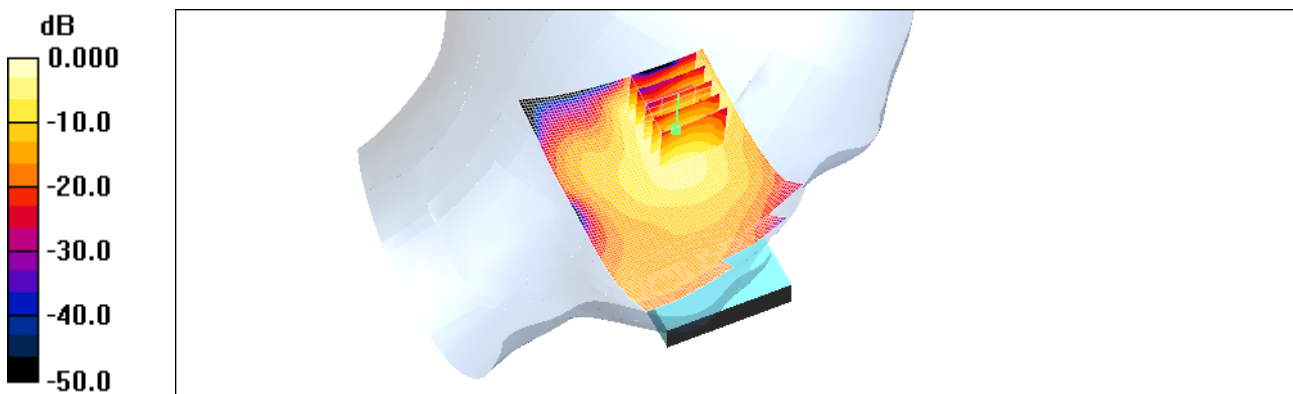
Reference Value = 3.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.195 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.248 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



0 dB = 0.115mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.167 mW/g

Right touch 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

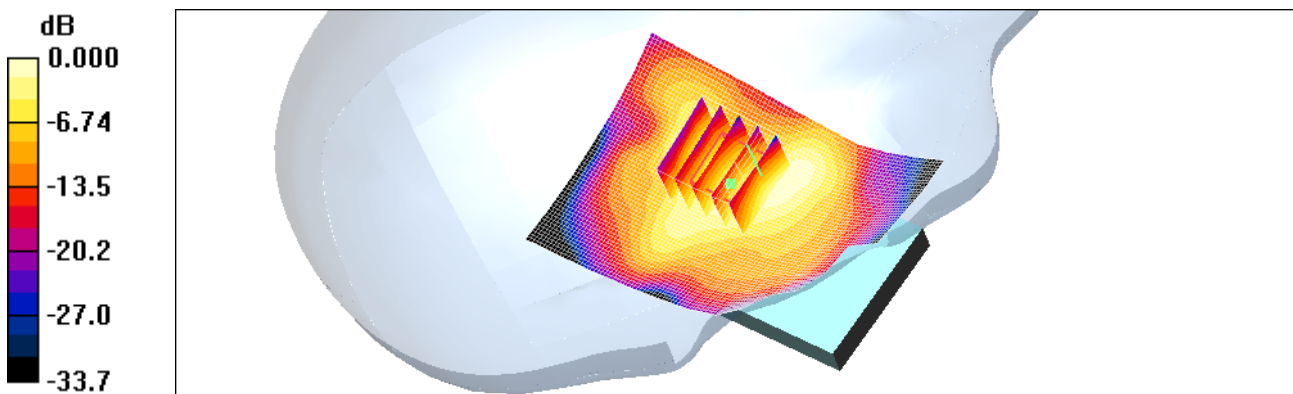
Reference Value = 2.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.303 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g



0 dB = 0.143mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right tilt 6/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.035 mW/g

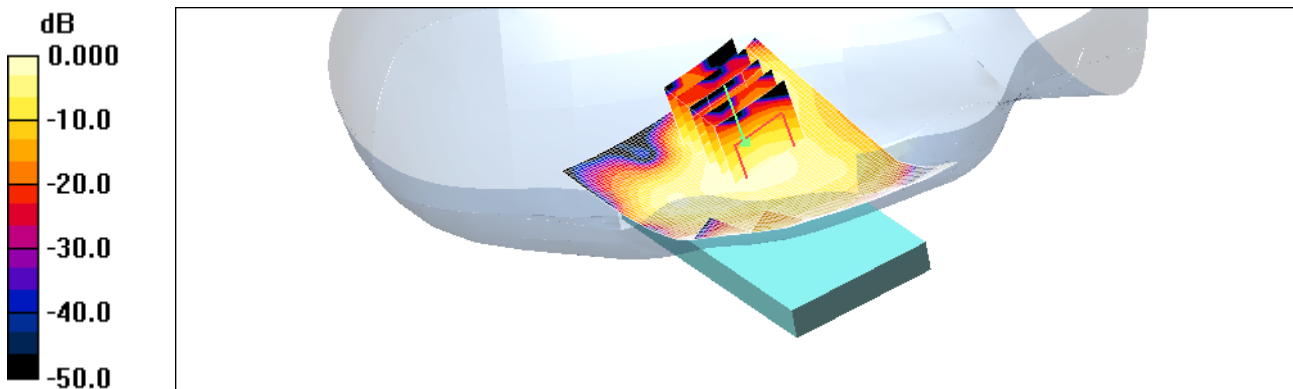
Right tilt 6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.086 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g



0 dB = 0.037mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011
Option back

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075
Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.952$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

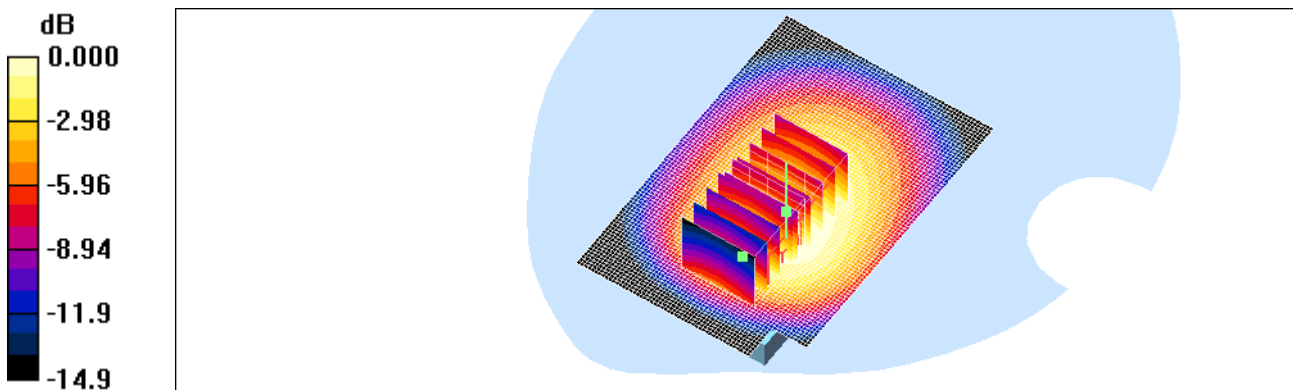
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.989 mW/g

Body 128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.941 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.671 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 mW/g

Body 128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.848 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.556 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.969 mW/g



0 dB = 0.969mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

Option back

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.962$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

Body 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

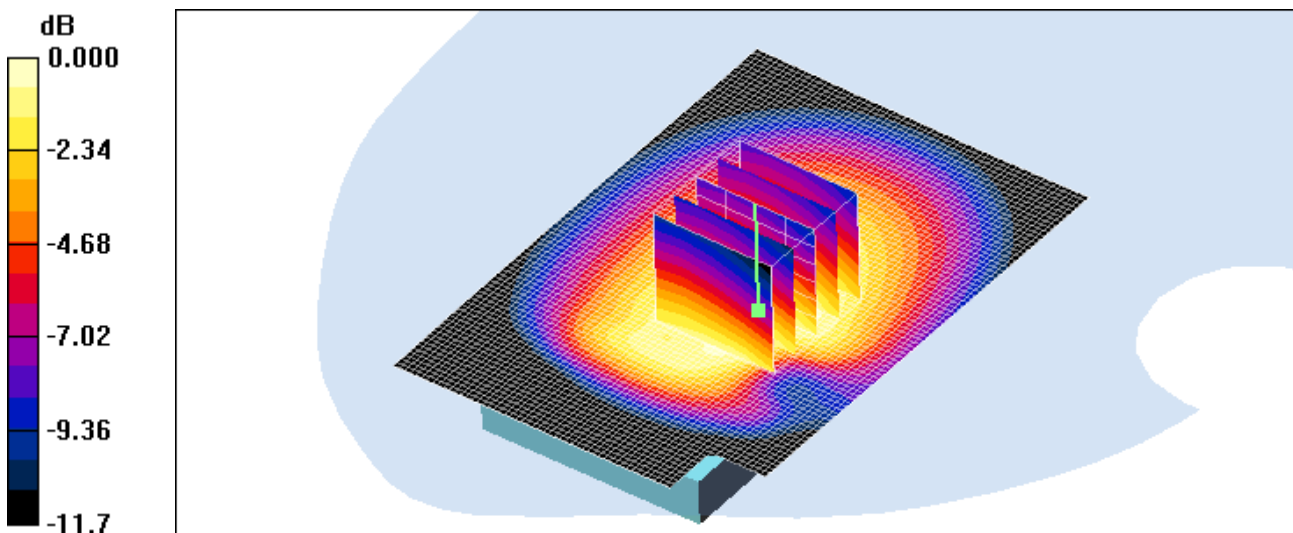
Reference Value = 15.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.920 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.649 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 mW/g



0 dB = 0.993mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

Option back

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 849.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 850$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.975$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 251/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

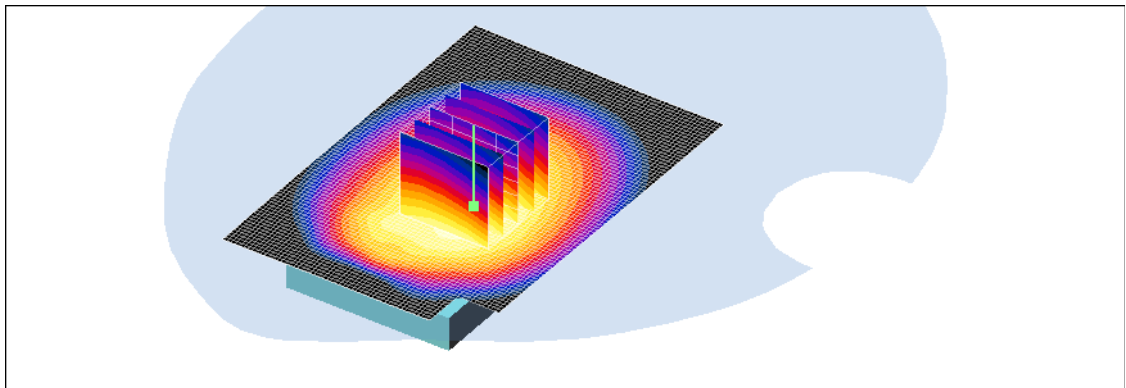
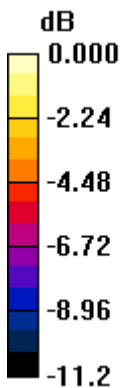
Body 251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.959 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.681 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



0 dB = 1.02mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
 GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
 Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
 Test Date: June 28, 2011
 Option: Front

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.512 mW/g

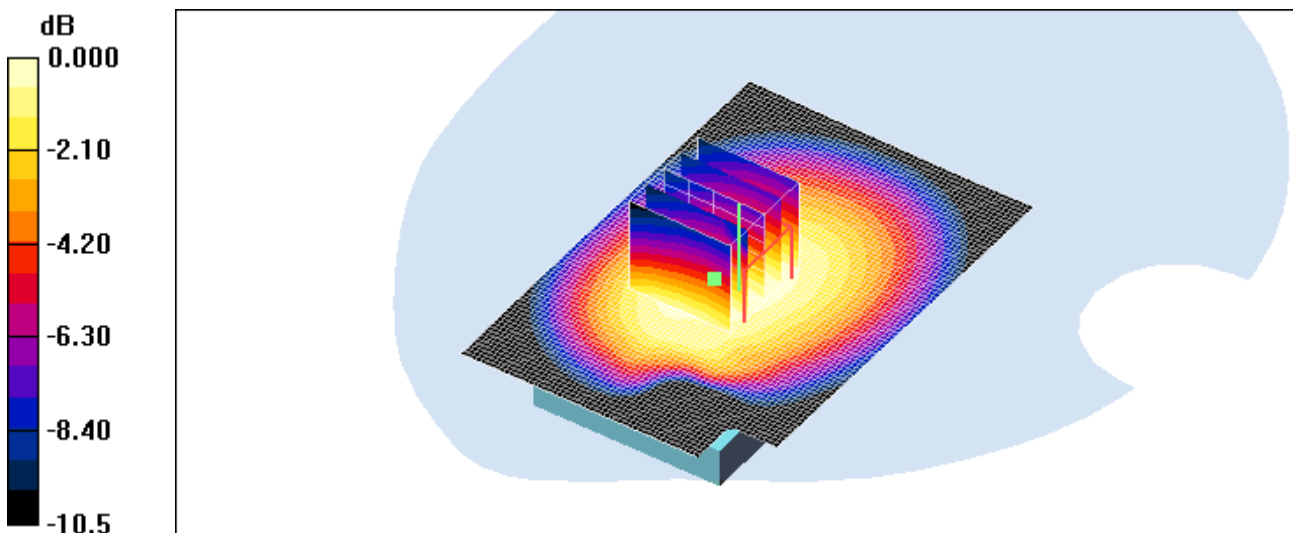
Body 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.608 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.487 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g



0 dB = 0.514mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011
Option Left

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 190/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.412 mW/g

Body 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

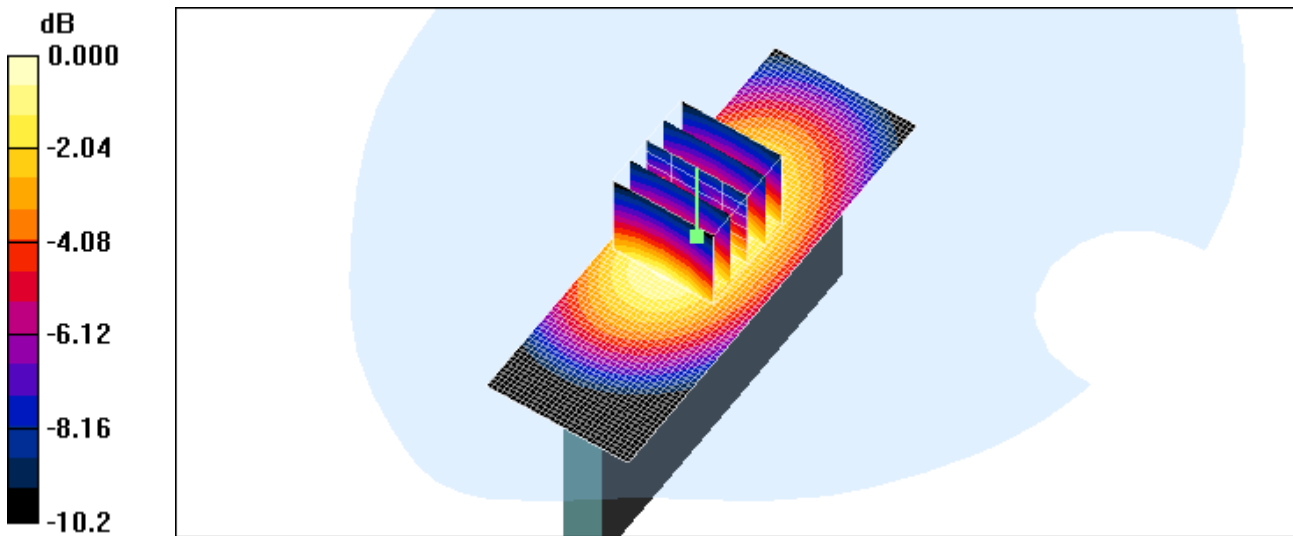
Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.528 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.388 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 mW/g



0 dB = 0.419mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

Option Right

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 190/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.460 mW/g

Body 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

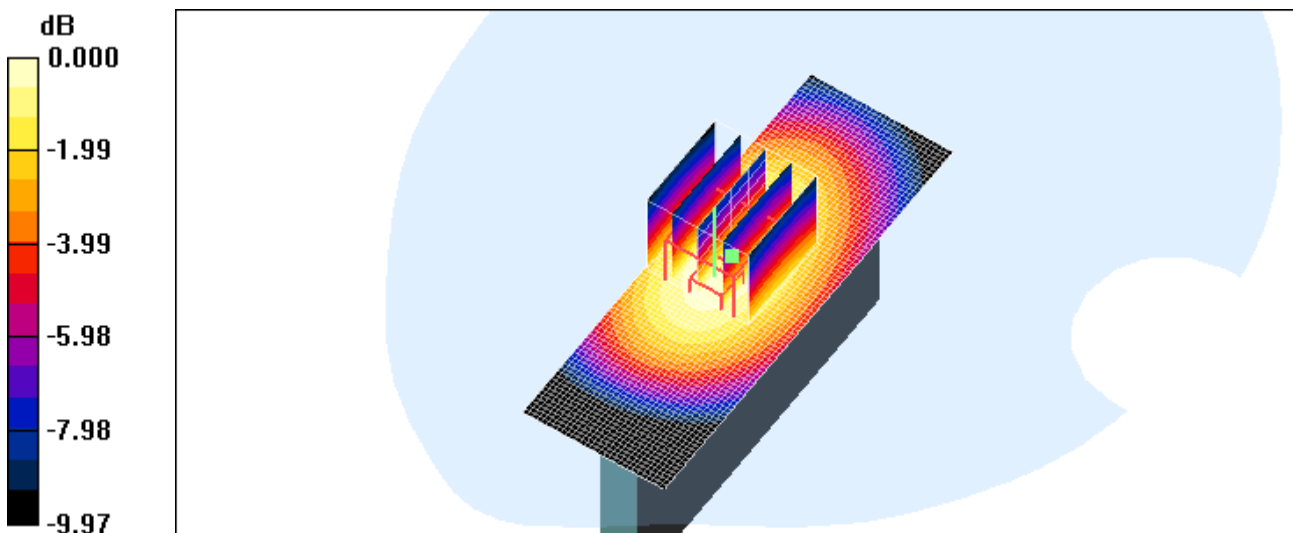
Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.577 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.399 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 mW/g



0 dB = 0.457mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

Option Bottom

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.962$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 190/Area Scan (31x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.074 mW/g

Body 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

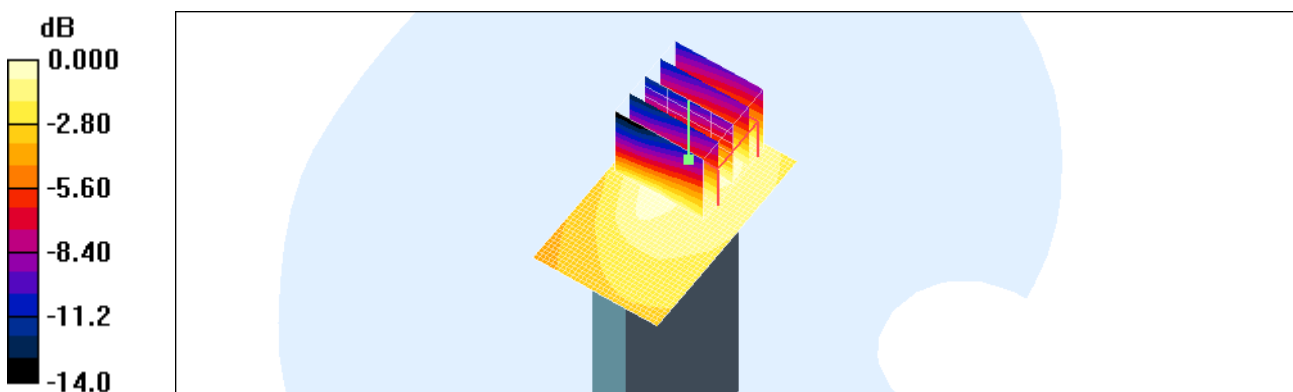
Reference Value = 8.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.120 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.072 mW/g



0 dB = 0.072mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

Option back

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.628 mW/g

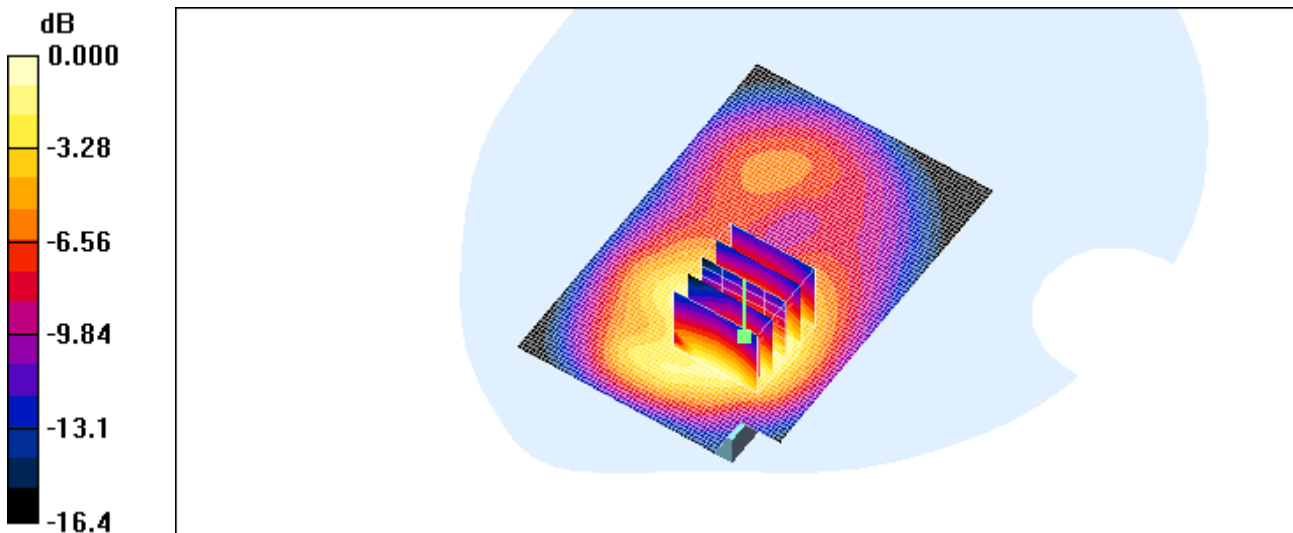
Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.502 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

Option Front

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.526 mW/g

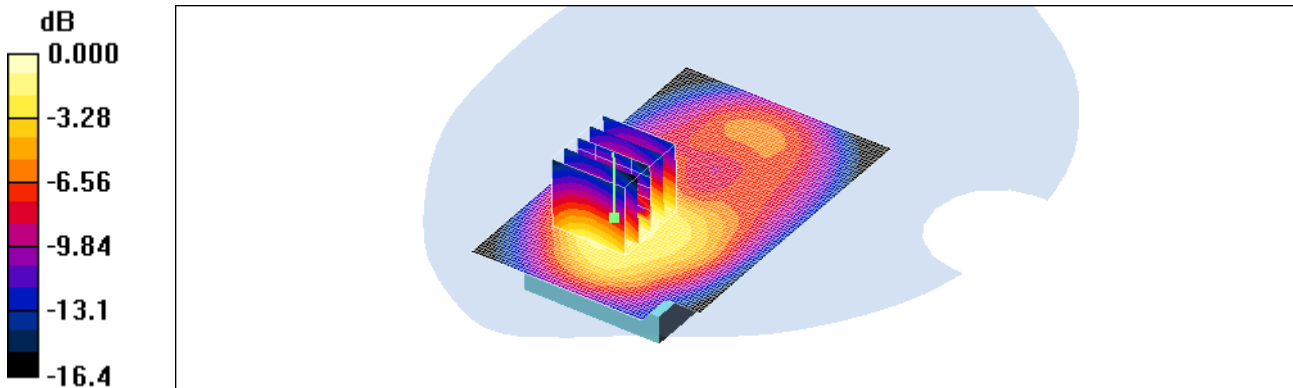
Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.633 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.434 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 mW/g



0 dB = 0.485mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

Option Left

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body 661/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.135 mW/g

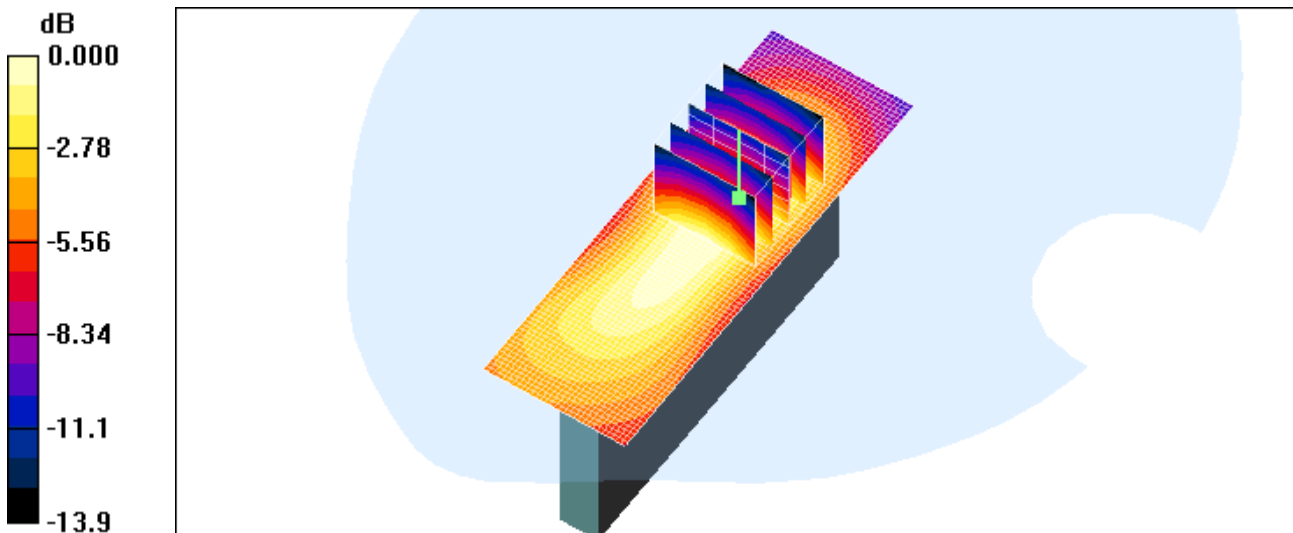
Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 mW/g



0 dB = 0.126mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
 GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
 Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
 Test Date: June 29, 2011
 Option: Right

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

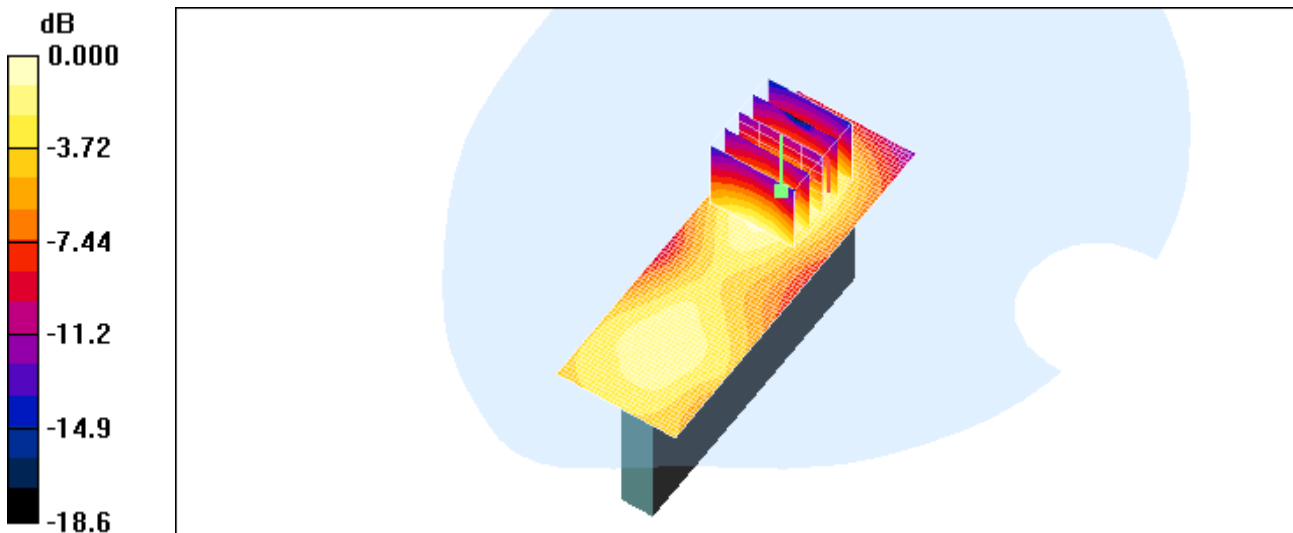
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body 661/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 mW/g

Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 6.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.085 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.145 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g



0 dB = 0.101mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: June 29, 2011
Option: Bottom

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

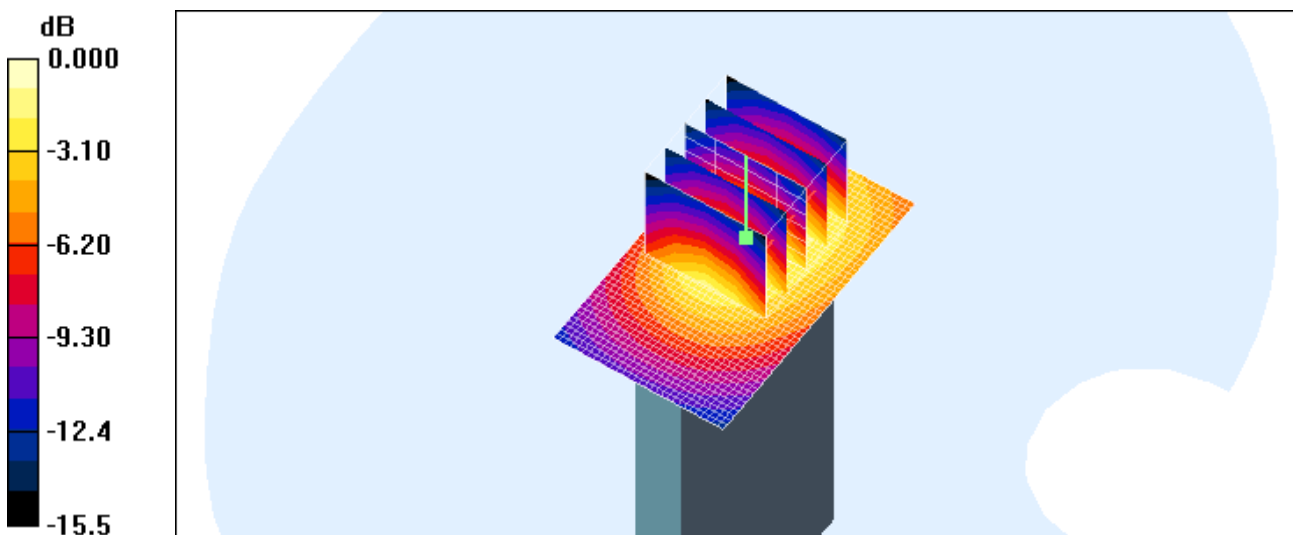
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body 661/Area Scan (31x51x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 mW/g

Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.049 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.271 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 mW/g



0 dB = 0.300mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011
Option: Back

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.672 mW/g

Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

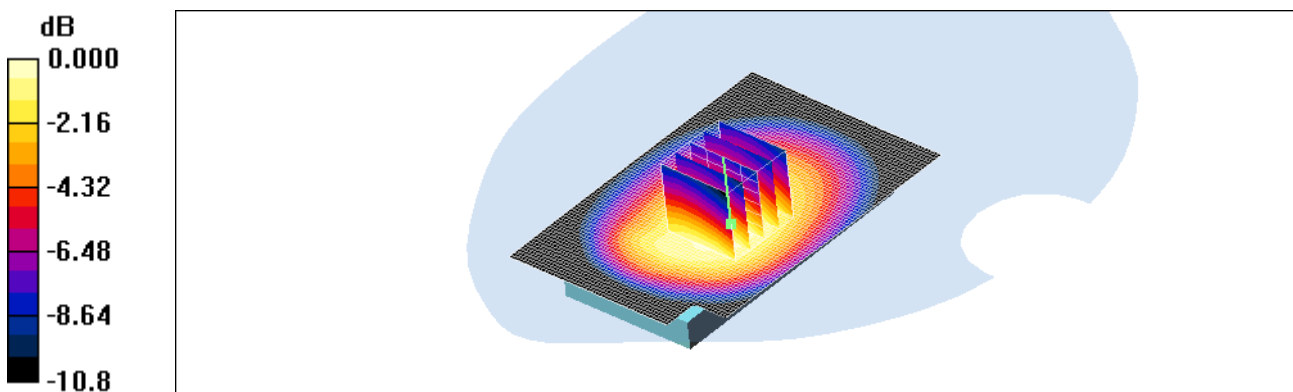
Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.808 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.627 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 mW/g



0 dB = 0.663mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011
Option: Front

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.360 mW/g

Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

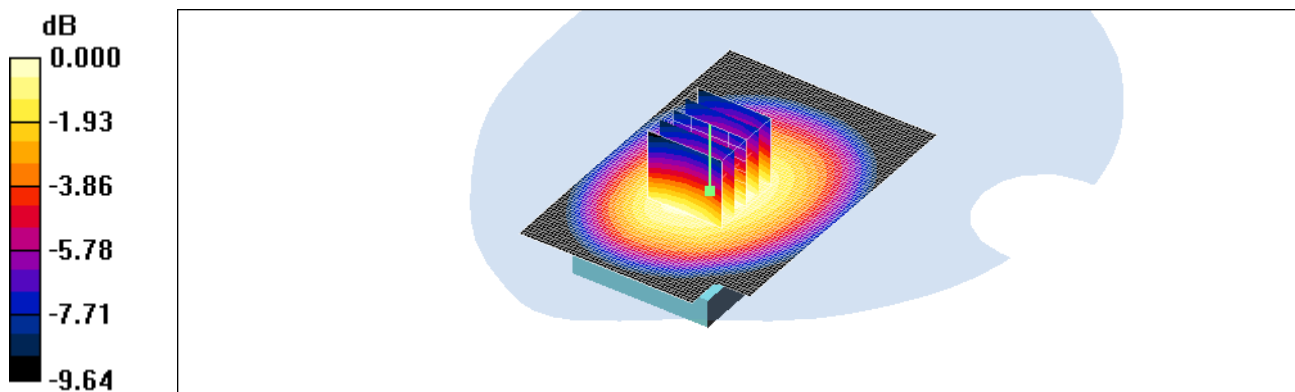
Reference Value = 8.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.434 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.342 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 mW/g



0 dB = 0.360mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
 GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
 Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
 Test Date: June 28, 2011
 Option Left

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 4183/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.317 mW/g

Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

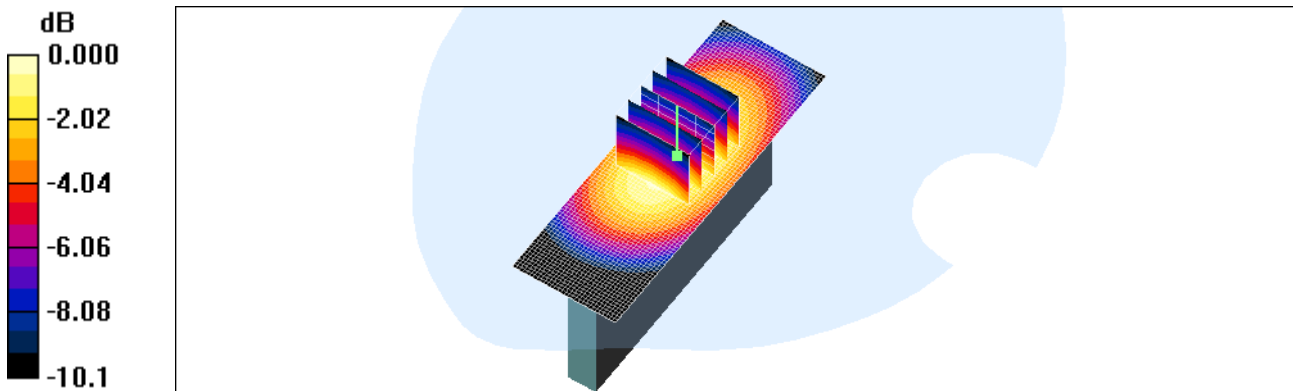
Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.406 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 mW/g



0 dB = 0.320mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011
Option Right

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 4183/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 mW/g

Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

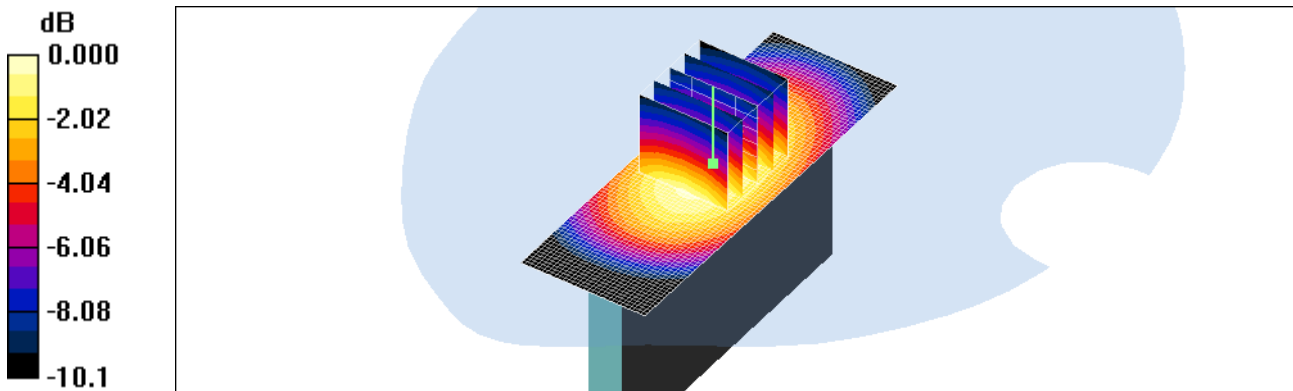
Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.451 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g



0 dB = 0.354mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011
Option Bottom

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 4183/Area Scan (31x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.068 mW/g

Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

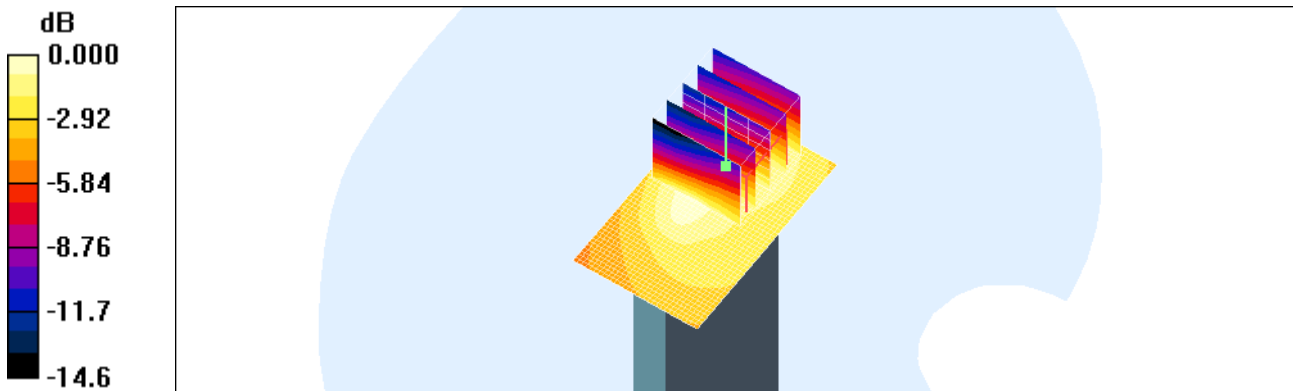
Reference Value = 8.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.122 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.063 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.068 mW/g



0 dB = 0.068mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

Option Front

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body Front 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.045 mW/g

Body Front 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

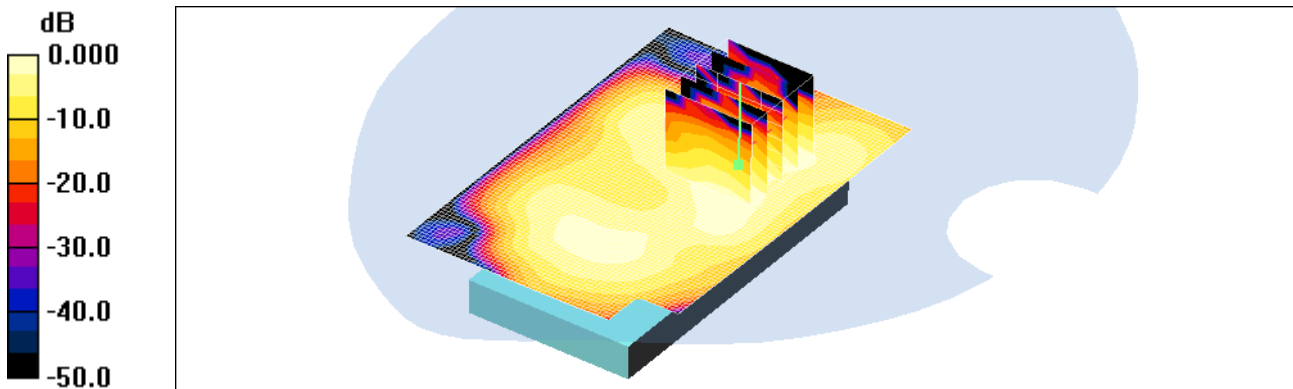
Reference Value = 1.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

Option back

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body Rear 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.096 mW/g

Body Rear 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

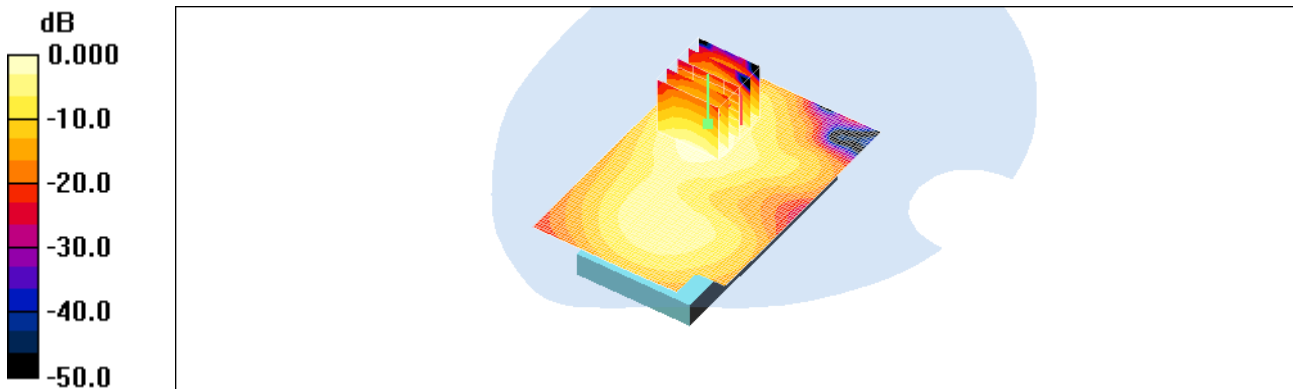
Reference Value = 2.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g



0 dB = 0.101mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
 GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
 Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
 Test Date: June 29, 2011
 Option: Right

DUT: LG-P690f(side); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body Right side 11/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.088 mW/g

Body Right side 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

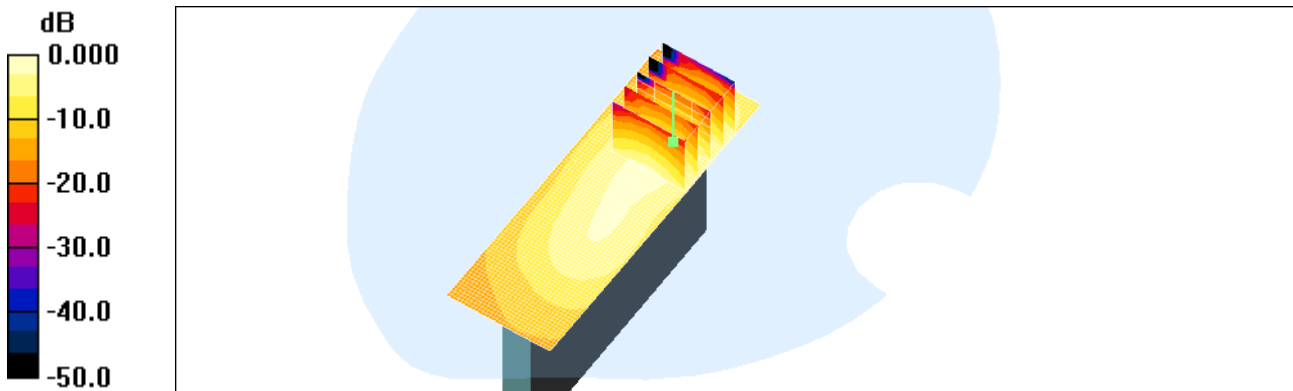
Reference Value = 5.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.084 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.092 mW/g



0 dB = 0.092mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: June 29, 2011
Option Top

DUT: LG-P690f(top); Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body Top 11/Area Scan (31x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.012 mW/g

Body Top 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

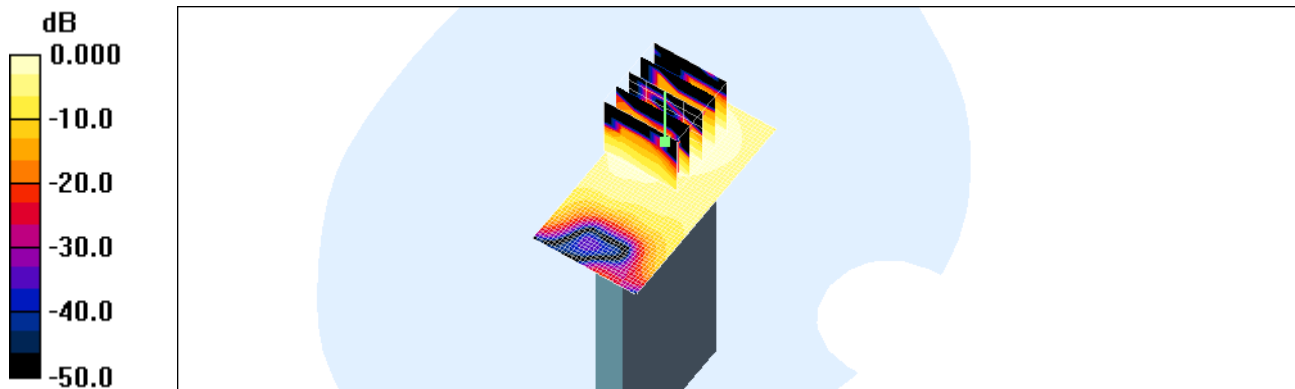
Reference Value = 1.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.026 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0047 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.011 mW/g



0 dB = 0.011mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01

- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 190/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 mW/g

Right touch 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

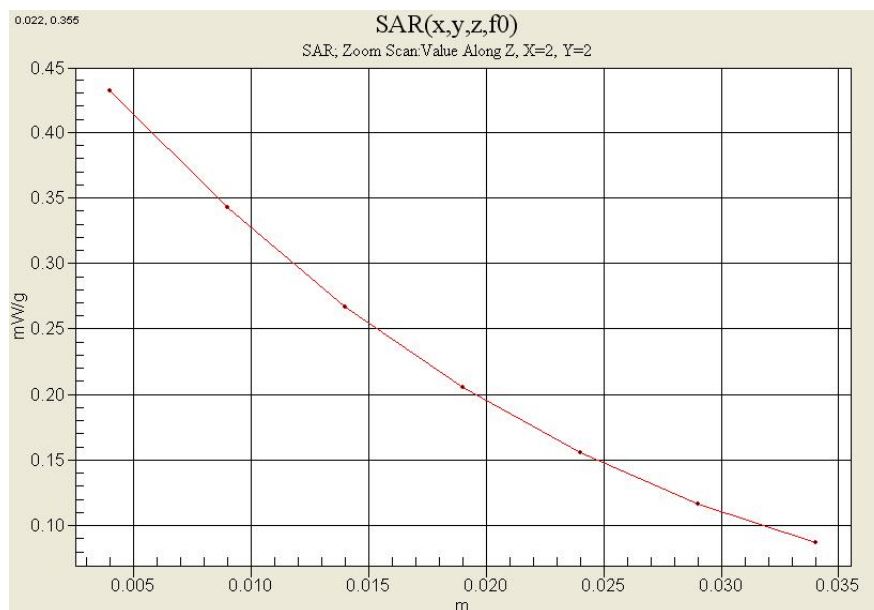
Reference Value = 6.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD**EUT Type:** Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)**Liquid Temperature:** 21.1 °C**Ambient Temperature:** 21.3 °C**Test Date:** June 28, 2011**DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1**

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 849.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 850$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.975$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01

- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 251/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

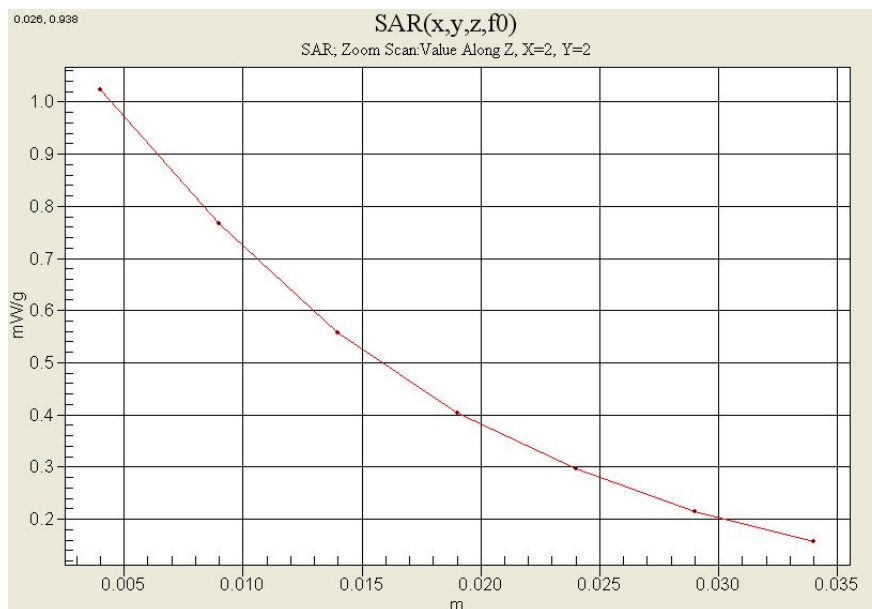
Body 251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.959 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.681 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

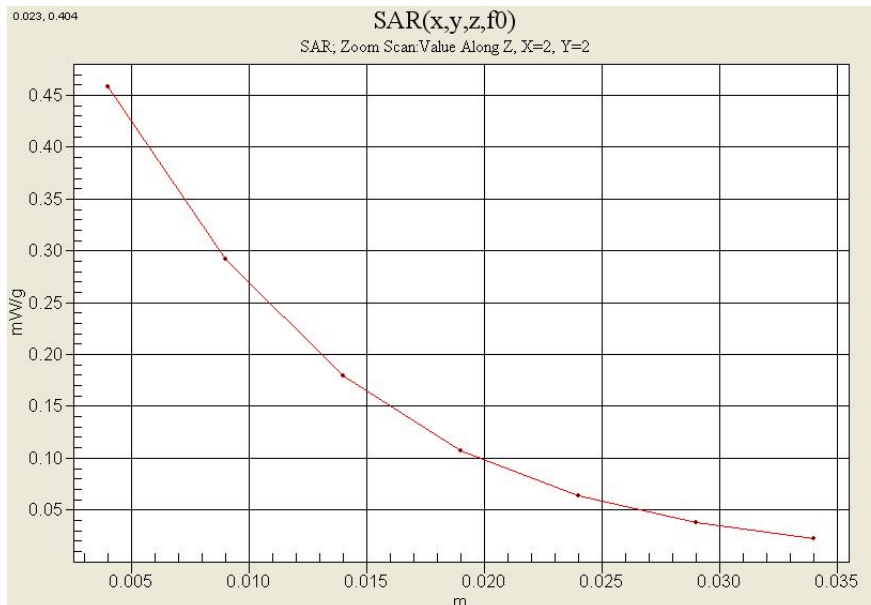
Left touch 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.444 mW/g

Left touch 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.673 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.417 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body 661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.628 mW/g

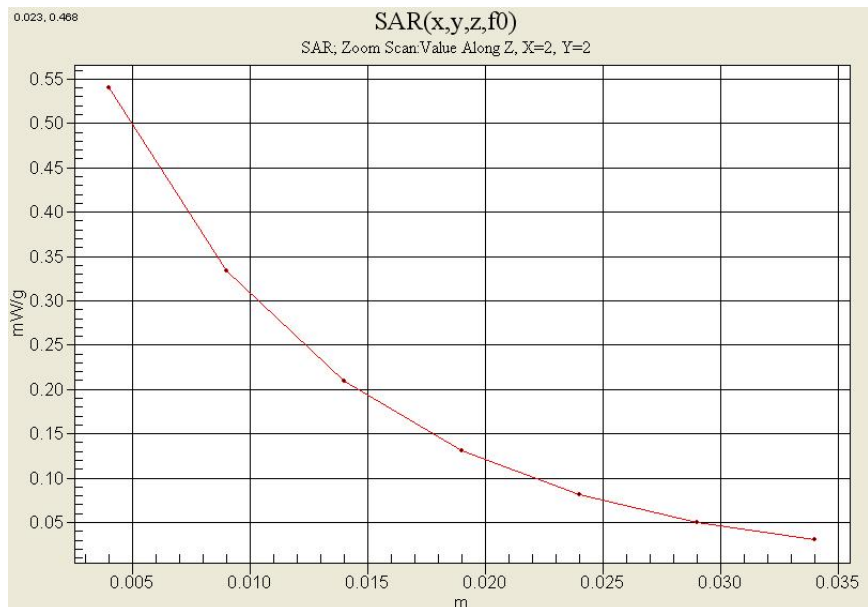
Body 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.502 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C

Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 mW/g

Right touch 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

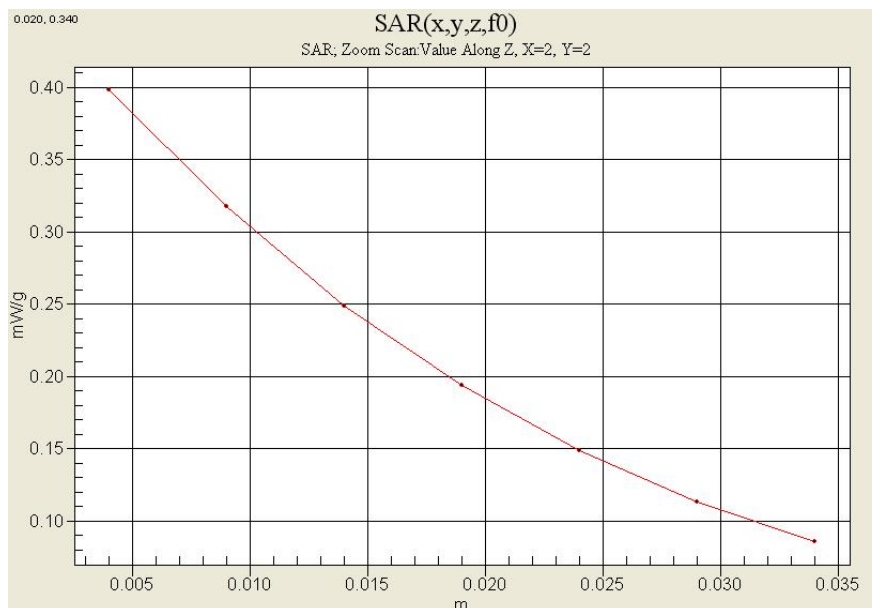
Reference Value = 6.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.397 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD**EUT Type:** Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)**Liquid Temperature:** 21.1 °C**Ambient Temperature:** 21.3 °C**Test Date:** June 28, 2011**DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1****Communication System:** WCDMA850; **Frequency:** 836.6 MHz; **Duty Cycle:** 1:1**Medium parameters used (interpolated):** $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ **Phantom section:** Flat Section ; **Measurement SW:** DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; **Postprocessing SW:** SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Body 4183/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$ [Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.672 mW/g

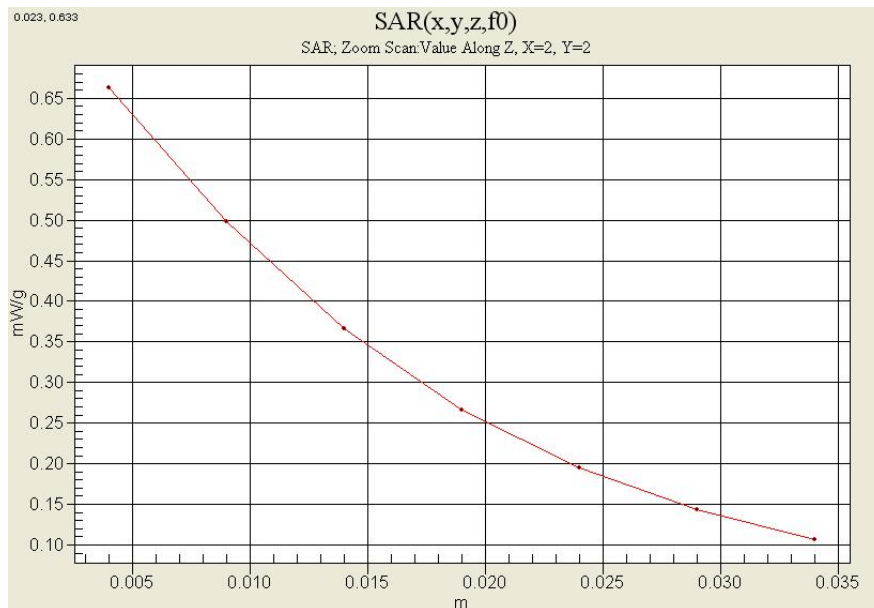
Body 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.808 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.627 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 mW/g[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.439 mW/g

Left touch 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

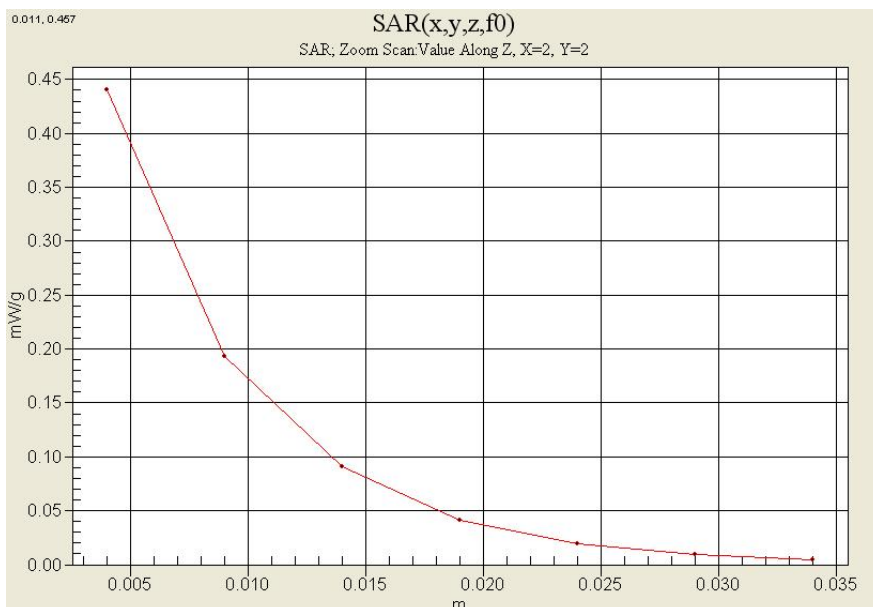
Reference Value = 4.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.933 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE & Cellular HSDPA Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
GPRS Class12 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C

Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: LG-P690f; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1798; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Body Rear 11/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.096 mW/g

Body Rear 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

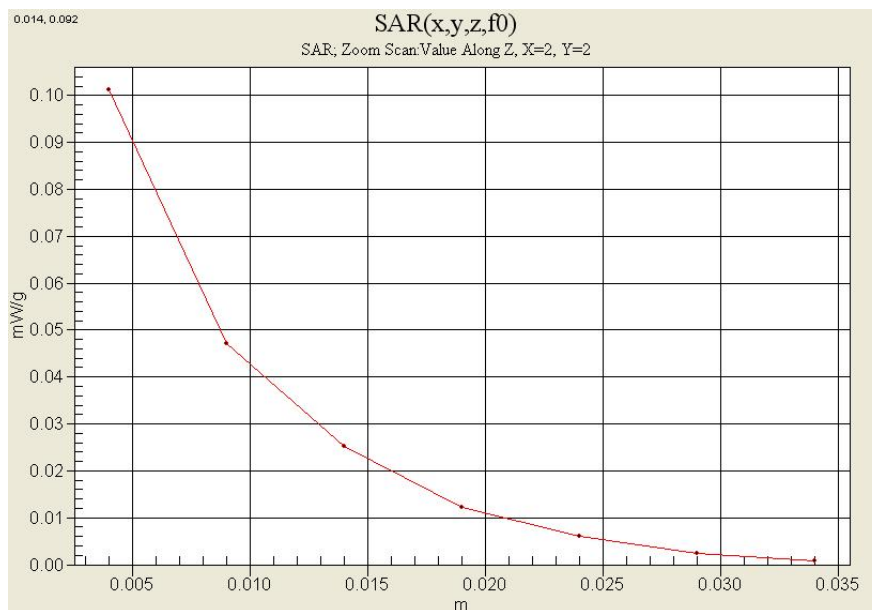
Reference Value = 2.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g



Attachment 2. – Dipole Validation Plots

■ Validation Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 – SN:441

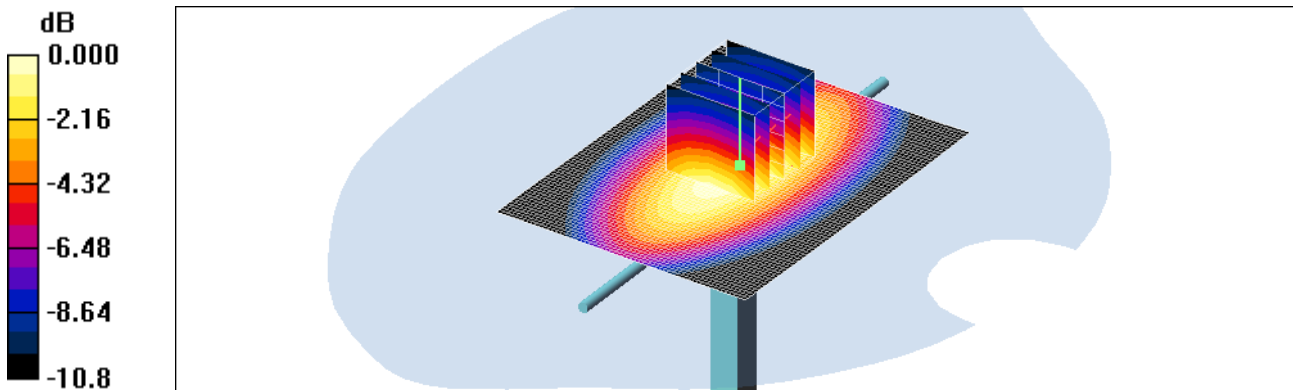
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.909 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(6.72, 6.72, 6.72); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Validation 835 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

Validation 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 35.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.999 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.655 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g



0 dB = 1.07mW/g

■ Validation Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: June 28, 2011

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 – SN:441

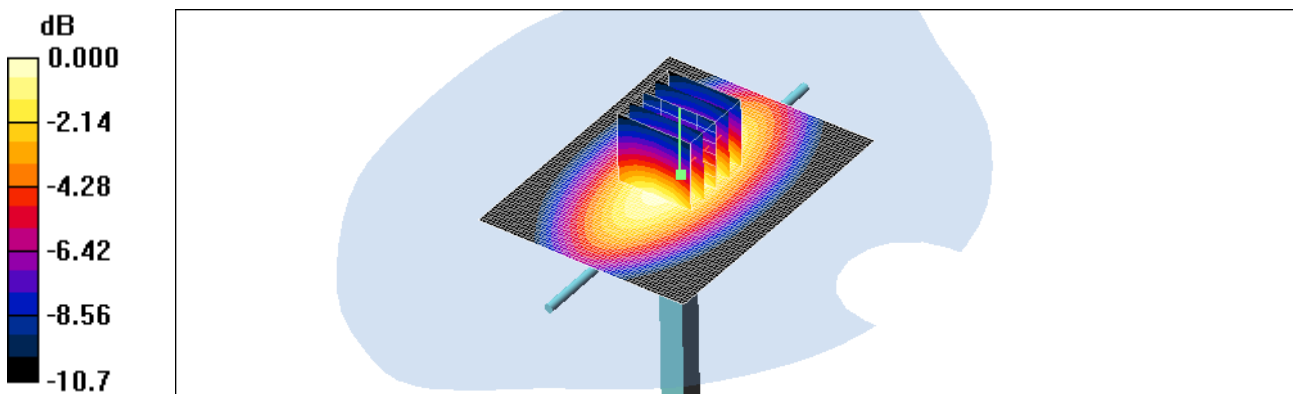
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.961 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Validation 835 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 mW/g

Validation 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 34.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.983 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.648 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



0 dB = 1.06mW/g

■ Validation Data (1900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 – SN:5d032

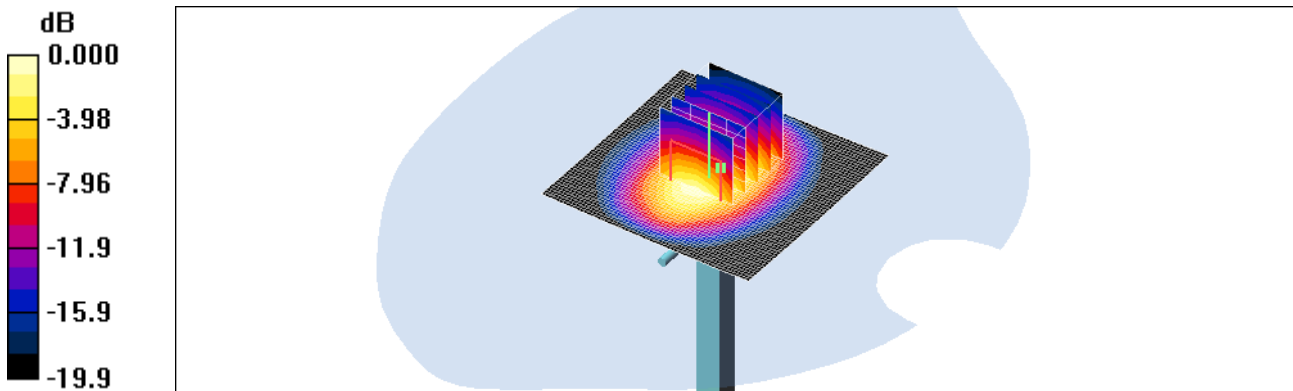
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.57 mW/g

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 58.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.74 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.85 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.31 mW/g



0 dB = 4.31mW/g

■ Validation Data (1900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 – SN:5d032

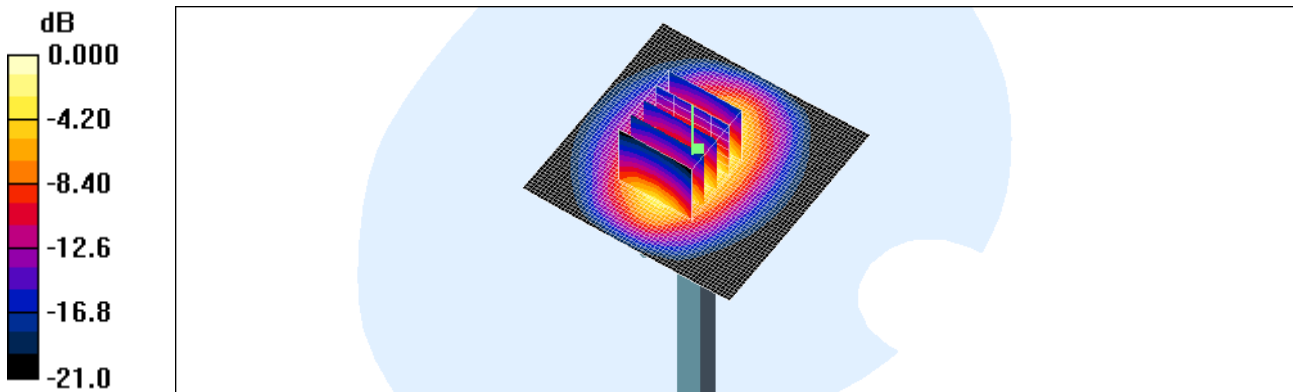
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.03 mW/g

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.65 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.84 mW/g



0 dB = 4.84mW/g

■ Validation Data (2450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 – SN:743

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.76$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

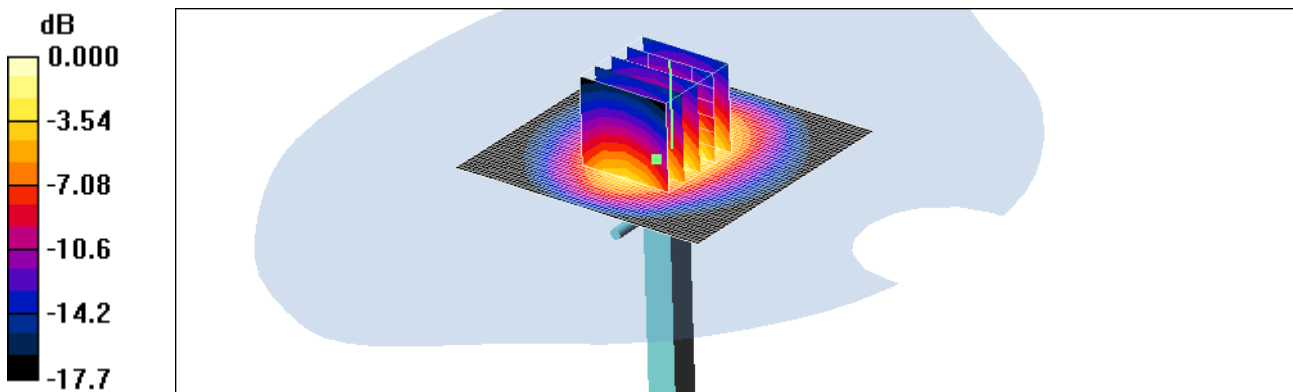
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Dipole 2450MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.93 mW/g

Dipole 2450MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 60.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.004 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.95 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.85 mW/g



■ Validation Data (2450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
Test Date: June 29, 2011

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 – SN:743

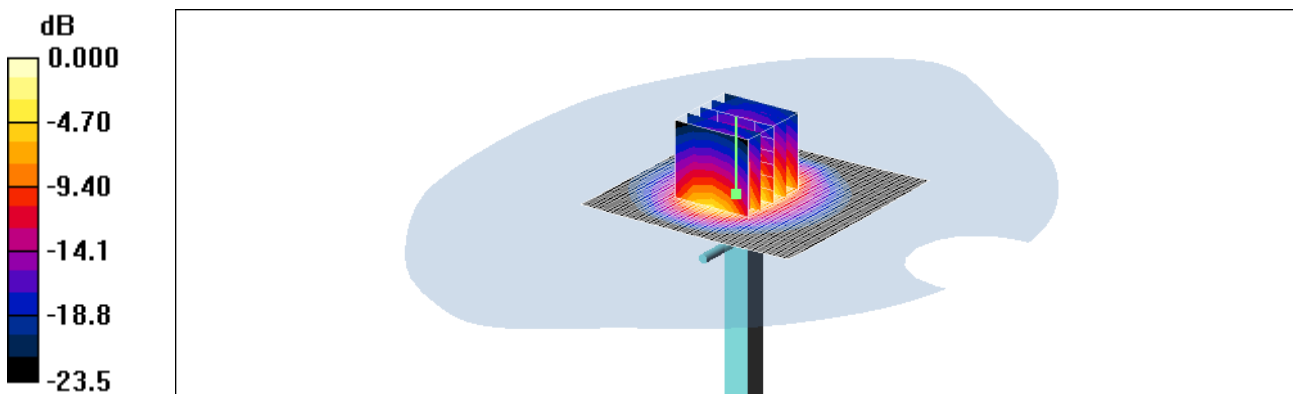
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 – SN1798; ConvF(4.21, 4.21, 4.21); Calibrated: 2011-04-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2011-03-01
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Validation 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.59 mW/g

Validation 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 56.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.49 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.92 mW/g



0 dB = 5.92mW/g

■ Dielectric Parameter (835 MHz Head)

Title LG-P690f
SubTitle GSM850(Head)
Test Date June 28, 2011

Frequency	e'	e''
800000000.0000	43.5642	19.6812
805000000.0000	43.5188	19.7016
810000000.0000	43.4629	19.6815
815000000.0000	43.3630	19.6743
820000000.0000	43.3214	19.6401
825000000.0000	43.2460	19.6160
830000000.0000	43.1688	19.5822
835000000.0000	43.0790	19.5739
840000000.0000	43.0334	19.5320
845000000.0000	42.9547	19.5003
850000000.0000	42.8865	19.5181
855000000.0000	42.8005	19.4894
860000000.0000	42.7291	19.4363
865000000.0000	42.6983	19.4129
870000000.0000	42.6127	19.4266
875000000.0000	42.5843	19.4233
880000000.0000	42.5175	19.3911
885000000.0000	42.4537	19.3988
890000000.0000	42.4424	19.4107
895000000.0000	42.3846	19.3667
900000000.0000	42.3070	19.3691

■ Dielectric Parameter (835 MHz Body)

Title LG-P690f
SubTitle GSM850(Body)
Test Date June 28, 2011

Frequency	e'	e''
800000000.0000	57.0378	20.8433
805000000.0000	56.9933	20.7947
810000000.0000	56.9472	20.7751
815000000.0000	56.9505	20.7930
820000000.0000	56.9710	20.7647
825000000.0000	56.9371	20.7433
830000000.0000	56.9244	20.6923
835000000.0000	56.8949	20.6825
840000000.0000	56.8416	20.6682
845000000.0000	56.8556	20.6747
850000000.0000	56.7603	20.6129
855000000.0000	56.7463	20.5817
860000000.0000	56.7688	20.5967
865000000.0000	56.6869	20.6136
870000000.0000	56.7288	20.5502
875000000.0000	56.6569	20.5487
880000000.0000	56.6160	20.4546
885000000.0000	56.6013	20.5304
890000000.0000	56.5562	20.4704
895000000.0000	56.4726	20.4688
900000000.0000	56.4418	20.4363

■ Dielectric Parameter (1900 MHz Head)

Title LG-P690f
SubTitle WCDMA1900(Head)
Test Date June 29, 2011

Frequency	e'	e''
1850000000.0000	39.9120	12.9780
1855000000.0000	39.7439	13.0035
1860000000.0000	39.5644	13.0454
1865000000.0000	39.3829	13.0841
1870000000.0000	39.2475	13.1413
1875000000.0000	39.1269	13.2016
1880000000.0000	39.0494	13.2718
1885000000.0000	39.0066	13.3431
1890000000.0000	39.0085	13.4200
1895000000.0000	39.0348	13.5047
1900000000.0000	39.0980	13.5657
1905000000.0000	39.2081	13.5989
1910000000.0000	39.3047	13.6054
1915000000.0000	39.4259	13.5988
1920000000.0000	39.5559	13.5687
1925000000.0000	39.6800	13.5293
1930000000.0000	39.8038	13.4890
1935000000.0000	39.8930	13.4423
1940000000.0000	39.9394	13.4036
1945000000.0000	39.9405	13.3931
1950000000.0000	39.8793	13.3827

■ Dielectric Parameter (1900 MHz Body)

Title LG-P690f
SubTitle WCDMA1900(Body)
Test Date June 29, 2011

Frequency	e'	e''
1850000000.0000	53.1821	14.6305
1855000000.0000	53.1565	14.6495
1860000000.0000	53.1429	14.6595
1865000000.0000	53.1220	14.6807
1870000000.0000	53.0875	14.6978
1875000000.0000	53.0711	14.7211
1880000000.0000	53.0450	14.7595
1885000000.0000	53.0327	14.7653
1890000000.0000	53.0133	14.7906
1895000000.0000	52.9993	14.7998
1900000000.0000	52.9933	14.8140
1905000000.0000	52.9877	14.8279
1910000000.0000	52.9844	14.8510
1915000000.0000	52.9876	14.8563
1920000000.0000	52.9554	14.8703
1925000000.0000	52.9217	14.8829
1930000000.0000	52.9110	14.8938
1935000000.0000	52.9021	14.9273
1940000000.0000	52.8707	14.9293
1945000000.0000	52.8551	14.9574
1950000000.0000	52.8470	14.9576

■ Dielectric Parameter (2 450 MHz Head)

Title LG-P690f
SubTitle 2450MHz (Head)
Test Date June 29, 2011

Frequency	e'	e''
2400000000.0000	38.9320	12.6376
2405000000.0000	38.9256	12.6920
2410000000.0000	38.8911	12.7070
2415000000.0000	38.8489	12.7649
2420000000.0000	38.8569	12.7714
2425000000.0000	38.8283	12.7500
2430000000.0000	38.7318	12.7660
2435000000.0000	38.6730	12.7702
2440000000.0000	38.7045	12.8023
2445000000.0000	38.7109	12.8532
2450000000.0000	38.7744	12.9376
2455000000.0000	38.6823	12.9608
2460000000.0000	38.6310	12.9828
2465000000.0000	38.6335	13.0161
2470000000.0000	38.6639	13.0479
2475000000.0000	38.6338	13.0721
2480000000.0000	38.6515	13.0080
2485000000.0000	38.6605	13.0275
2490000000.0000	38.6496	13.0322
2495000000.0000	38.6294	12.9512
2500000000.0000	38.5947	13.0755

■ Dielectric Parameter (2 450 MHz Body)

Title LG-P690f
SubTitle 2450MHz (Body)
Test Date June 29, 2011

Frequency	e'	e''
2400000000.0000	52.0956	14.0176
2405000000.0000	52.0853	14.0334
2410000000.0000	52.0110	14.0547
2415000000.0000	51.9604	14.0765
2420000000.0000	51.9356	14.1186
2425000000.0000	51.9314	14.1351
2430000000.0000	51.8796	14.1819
2435000000.0000	51.8346	14.2277
2440000000.0000	51.8223	14.2249
2445000000.0000	51.7731	14.2843
2450000000.0000	51.7867	14.3279
2455000000.0000	51.7798	14.3639
2460000000.0000	51.7534	14.3724
2465000000.0000	51.7514	14.4290
2470000000.0000	51.7184	14.4613
2475000000.0000	51.6932	14.4462
2480000000.0000	51.7243	14.5098
2485000000.0000	51.6964	14.5362
2490000000.0000	51.6994	14.5305
2495000000.0000	51.6800	14.5539
2500000000.0000	51.6655	14.5750