

TEST REPORT

FCC Sub6 n13 Test for TFGMEIBBCD1
Class II Permissive Change

APPLICANT
LG Electronics USA Inc.

REPORT NO.
HCT-RF-2511-FC023-R2

DATE OF ISSUE
December 11, 2025

Tested by
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TEST REPORT

REPORT NO.

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Additional Model

TFGMEIBBCD2, TFGMEIBBCD3,
TFGMEIBBCD1_MY27, TFGMEIBBCD2_MY27, TFGMEIBBCD3_MY27.

Applicant

LG Electronics USA Inc.
111 Sylvan Avenue, North Building, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey,
United States, 07632

Product Name

Telematics

Model Name

TFGMEIBBCD1

Date of Test

October 27, 2025 ~ November 14, 2025

Location of Test

☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing
(Address: 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea)

FCC ID

BEJTFGMEIBBCD1

FCC Classification

PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)

Test Standard Used

§27

Test Results

PASS

REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	November 26, 2025	Initial Release
1	December 09, 2025	Added the SW/HW Version (page 5) Revised the antenna gain table note (page 6)
2	December 11, 2025	Added the Test Results (page 23~24)

Notice

Content

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures specified in CFR47 section § 2.947. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998, 21 U.S.C. 853(a)

The results shown in this test report only apply to the sample(s), as received, provided by the applicant, unless otherwise stated.

The test results have only been applied with the test methods required by the standard(s).

The laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked *.

Information provided by the applicant is marked **.

Test results provided by external providers are marked ***.

When confirmation of authenticity of this test report is required, please contact www.hct.co.kr

The test results in this test report are not associated with the ((KS Q) ISO/IEC 17025) accreditation by KOLAS (Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme) / A2LA (American Association for Laboratory Accreditation) that are under the ILAC (International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation) Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).

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MEASUREMENT REPORT

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Model(s):	TFGMEIBBCD1
Additional Model(s)	TFGMEIBBCD2, TFGMEIBBCD3, TFGMEIBBCD1_MY27, TFGMEIBBCD2_MY27, TFGMEIBBCD3_MY27 Same to RF module with Basic model except following function. TFGMEIBBCD1: Dual/Single GNSS and Ultra-super cruise service supported. TFGMEIBBCD2: Single GNSS and Ultra-super cruise service doesn't supported. TFGMEIBBCD3: Single GNSS and Ultra-super cruise service doesn't supported. eUICC part is different with TFGMEIBBCD2. TFGMEIBBCD1_MY27, TFGMEIBBCD2_MY27 and TFGMEIBBCD3_MY27 are identically same with TFGMEIBBCD1, TFGMEIBBCD2 and TFGMEIBBCD3 and additional derivative models for marketing purposes.
SCS(kHz):	15
Bandwidth(MHz):	5, 10
Waveform:	CP-OFDM, DFT-S-OFDM
Modulation:	DFT-S-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM, 256 QAM CP-OFDM: QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM, 256 QAM
Tx Frequency:	779.5 MHz –784.5 MHz (Sub6 n13 (5 MHz)) 782 MHz (Sub6 n13 (10 MHz))
Serial number:	Radiated : EBR25076202#008
SW Version	SW180
HW Version	Rev.G
Antenna Information	Please refer to the Antenna Specification document.
Antenna Type	- Gen12 5G OnStar ROW Glass Antenna Primary Cell1 : 85737594 - Gen12 5G OnStar ROW Glass Antenna Secondary Cell2 : 85737595

[Antenna Gain Table]

Antenna	84933920 (Original)	87832572	85015365	85015378	Y2XX 86784729, 85647584	85846852 (BT1UG), 85846853 (BT1FG)	85737594, 85846853 (Glass)
B71(n71)	0.37	0.67	-0.47	0.09	4.37	-1.50	2.31
B12(n12)	-1.05	0.67	-0.38	0.24	4.91	-1.30	2.14
B13(n13)	-0.53	3.72	0.00	0.36	5.86	-1.70	3.25
B14(n14)	-0.53	3.72	0.73	1.05	6.37	-1.70	3.25
B5(n5)	0.37	5.22	0.37	0.62	4.51	-2.20	1.52
n26	0.37	5.22	0.73	1.05	4.51	-2.20	1.52
B4	5.19	-1.24	0.23	0.40	4.05	1.20	5.07
B66/B4(n66)	5.54	2.50	0.23	0.40	4.05	1.20	5.07
B2(n2)	5.12	5.18	0.08	1.27	4.39	0.80	4.34
n25	5.12	5.18	0.08	1.27	4.39	0.80	4.34
B7(n7)	5.99	4.16	1.10	-1.14	6.13	-2.70	4.03
n41	0.09	3.52	2.21	1.75	4.43	5.10	3.24
n77/n78 (FCC: 3450~3550MHz)	3.24	2.89	2.94	2.88	1.78	1.80	2.06
n77/n78 (FCC: 3700~3980MHz)	3.24	2.76	3.31	3.89	1.78	1.20	3.46
n77/n78 (ISED: 3450~3900MHz)	3.24	2.89	2.94	2.88	1.78	1.80	3.46
n77/n78 (ISED: 3900~3980MHz)	3.24	0.63	3.31	3.89	1.78	1.20	3.46
n41_MIMO	6.54	6.86	5.50	5.09	8.17		6.65
n77/n78_MIMO (FCC: 3450~3550MHz)	7.91	6.42	4.70	4.75	4.79		4.81
n77/n78_MIMO (FCC: 3700~3980MHz)	7.91	6.36	5.82	6.10	6.37		5.83
n77/n78_MIMO (ISED: 3450~3900MHz)	7.91	6.42	4.70	4.75	4.79		6.17
n77/n78_MIMO (ISED: 3900~3980MHz)	7.91	5.43	5.82	6.10	6.37		6.17

Note:

The test was performed using an external glass antenna, and as shown in the table above, the glass antenna exhibits the highest gain only in the ISED 3450–3900 MHz band. Therefore, the EIRP test was performed only in the ISED n77/n78 (3450–3900 MHz) band, and the Radiated spurious emissions was performed only in bands NR n13, 66,77(78) and ULCA 7C as the worst-case.

2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT was a telematics with UMTS and LTE, Sub6.

2.2. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

2.3. TEST FACILITY

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated March 11,

2024 (Registration Number: KR0032).

2.4. EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

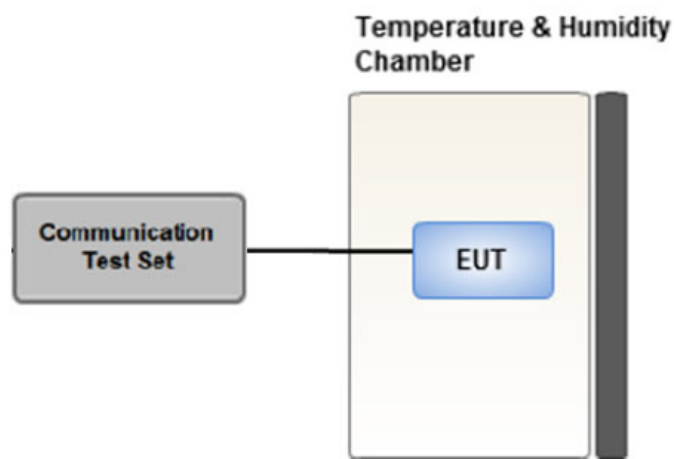
All receiving equipment conforms to ANSI/USEMCSC C63.2-2023, "American National Standard for Specifications of Electromagnetic Interference and Field Strength Measuring Instrumentation in the Frequency Range 9 kHz to 40 GHz".

3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.1 TEST PROCEDURE

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Occupied Bandwidth	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 4.3 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.4.4
Band Edge	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 6.0 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.7
Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 6.0 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.7
Conducted Output Power	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.2
Peak- to- Average Ratio	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.7 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.3.4
Frequency stability	- ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.6
Radiated Power	- ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.4.4 - KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.8
Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	- ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.5.3 - KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.8

3.2 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER



Test setup

Test Overview

When an average power meter is used to perform RF output power measurements, the fundamental condition that measurements be performed only over durations of active transmissions at maximum output power level applies.

Conducted Output Power was tested in accordance with KDB971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01, Section 5.2.

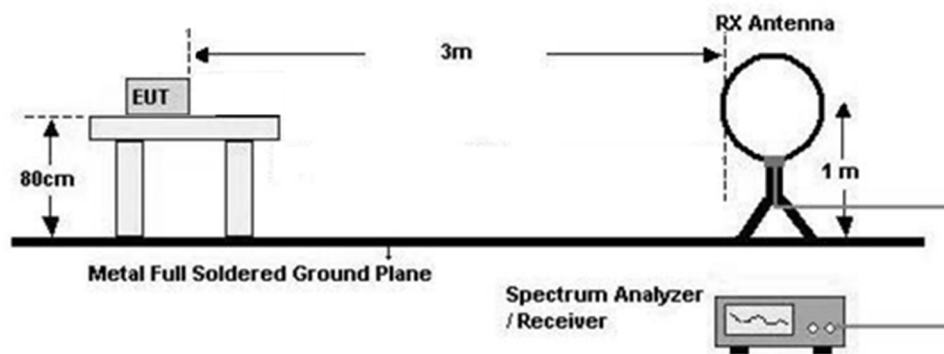
3.3 RADIATED TEST

Test Overview

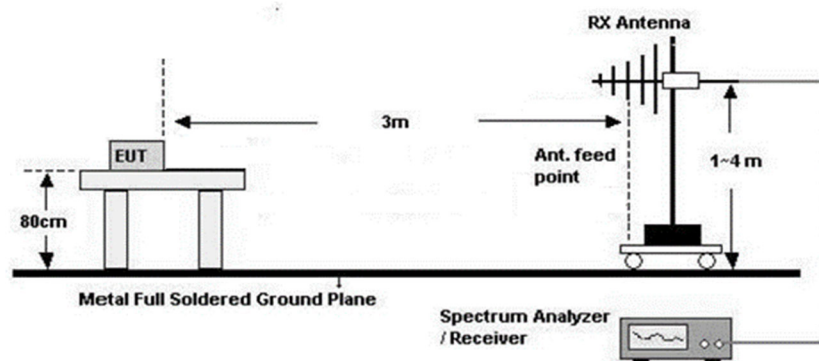
Radiated tests are performed in the semi-anechoic chamber. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table on semi-anechoic chamber.

Test Configuration

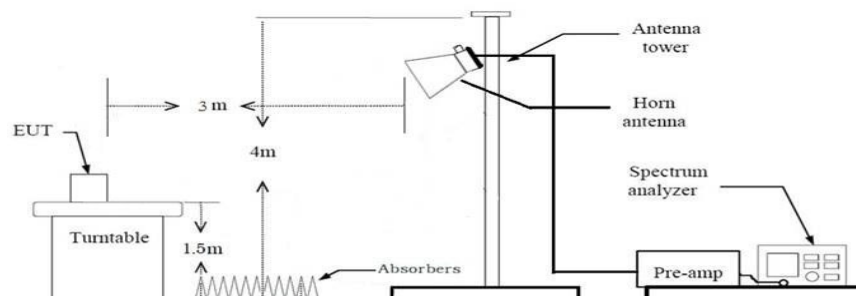
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



3.3.1 RADIATED POWER

Test Settings

1. Radiated power measurements are performed using the signal analyzer's "channel power" measurement capability for signals with continuous operation.
2. RBW = 1 – 5 % of the expected OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz
3. VBW $\geq$ 3 x RBW
4. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
5. No. of sweep points > 2 x span / RBW
6. Detector = RMS
7. Trigger is set to "free run" for signals with continuous operation with the sweep times set to "auto".
8. The integration bandwidth was roughly set equal to the measured OBW of the signal for signals with continuous operation.
9. Trace mode = trace averaging (RMS) over 100 sweeps
10. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Note

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. (Below 1 GHz)
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane. (Above 1 GHz)
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
6. All measurements are performed as RMS average measurements while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies.
7. $\text{Total(dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Measured Value(dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Cable Loss(dB)} + \text{Antenna Factor(dB/m)} + \text{Distance Factor(D.F)}$
8. EIRP (dBm)
 $= \text{Total (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} + 20 \log D - 104.8$ (where D is the measurement distance in meters. D=3)
 $= \text{Total (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} - 95.2(\text{dB})$
9. $\text{ERP(dBm)} = \text{EIRP(dBm)} - 2.15(\text{dB})$

3.3.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Settings

1. RBW = 100 kHz for emissions below 1 GHz and 1 MHz for emissions above 1 GHz
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
3. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
4. No. of sweep points $> 2 \times$ span / RBW
5. Detector = Peak
6. Trace mode = Max Hold
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize
8. Test channel : Low/ Middle/ High
9. Frequency range : We are performed all frequency to 10th harmonics from 9 kHz.

Test Note

1. The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes(X, Y, Z) and in all possible test configurations and positioning.
The worst case emissions are reported with the EUT positioning, modulations, RB sizes and offsets, and channel bandwidth configurations shown in the test data
2. Measurements value show only up to 3 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser
if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit)
and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Below 30 MHz

1. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3 m from the EUT
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40\log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = - 80 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40\log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = - 40 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Total = Measured Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
8. EIRP (dBm)
= Total (dB μ V/m) + $20 \log D - 104.8$ (where D is the measurement distance in meters. D=3)
= Total (dB μ V/m) - 95.2(dB)
9. ERP(dBm) = EIRP(dBm) - 2.15(dB)

KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

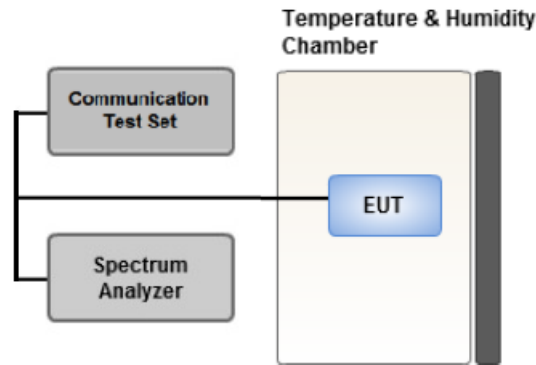
Below 1 GHz

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
2. The Hybrid antenna was placed at a location 3 m from the EUT, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Total = Measured Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
7. Total(dBμV/m) = Measured Value(dBμV) + Cable Loss(dB) + Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Distance Factor(D.F)
8. EIRP (dBm)
= Total (dBμV/m) + 20 log D – 104.8 (where D is the measurement distance in meters. D=3)
= Total (dBμV/m) - 95.2(dB)
9. ERP(dBm) = EIRP(dBm) - 2.15(dB)

Above 1 GHz

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
5. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
6. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
7. Total(dBμV/m) = Measured Value(dBμV) + Cable Loss(dB) + Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Distance Factor(D.F)
+ H.P.F(dB) - Amp Gain(dB)
8. EIRP (dBm)
= Total (dBμV/m) + 20 log D – 104.8 (where D is the measurement distance in meters. D=3)
= Total (dBμV/m) - 95.2(dB)

3.4 PEAK- TO- AVERAGE RATIO



Test setup

① CCDF Procedure for PAPR

Test Settings

1. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth $\geq$ signal's occupied bandwidth;
2. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
3. Set the measurement interval as follows:
 - .- for continuous transmissions, set to 1 ms,
 - .- or burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize and set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
4. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.

② Alternate Procedure for PAPR

Use one of the procedures presented in 5.2(ANSI C63.26-2015) to measure the total peak power and record as P_{Pk} . Use one of the applicable procedures presented 5.2(ANSI C63.26-2015) to measure the total average power and record as P_{Avg} . Determine the P.A.R. from:

$$P.A.R_{(dB)} = P_{Pk_{(dBm)}} - P_{Avg_{(dBm)}} \quad (P_{Avg} = \text{Average Power} + \text{Duty cycle Factor})$$

Test Settings(Peak Power)

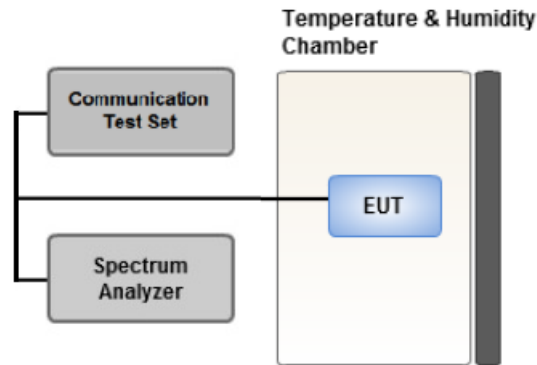
The measurement instrument must have a RBW that is greater than or equal to the OBW of the signal to be measured and a VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

1. Set the RBW $\geq$ OBW.
2. Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
3. Set span $\geq 2 \times$ OBW.
4. Sweep time $\geq 10 \times$ (number of points in sweep) $\times$ (transmission symbol period).
5. Detector = peak.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

Test Settings(Average Power)

1. Set span to $2 \times$ to $3 \times$ the OBW.
2. Set RBW $\geq$ OBW.
3. Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4. Set number of measurement points in sweep $\geq 2 \times$ span / RBW.
5. Sweep time:
Set $\geq [10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{transmission period})]$ for single sweep (automation-compatible) measurement. The transmission period is the (on + off) time.
6. Detector = power averaging (rms).
7. Set sweep trigger to "free run."
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. (To accurately determine the average power over the on and off period of the transmitter, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.)
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
10. Add $[10 \log (1/\text{duty cycle})]$ to the measured maximum power level to compute the average power during continuous transmission. For example, add $[10 \log (1/0.25)] = 6 \text{ dB}$ if the duty cycle is a constant 25 %.

3.5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH.



Test setup

The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5 % of the total mean power of a given emission.

The EUT makes a call to the communication simulator.

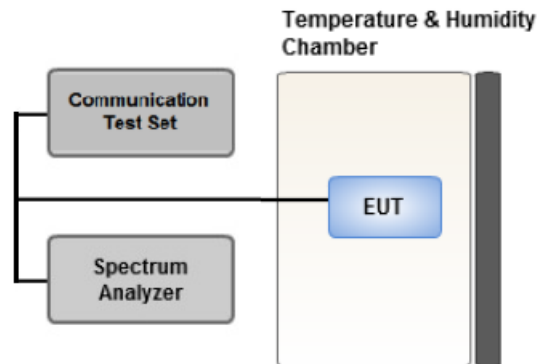
The conducted occupied bandwidth used the power splitter via EUT RF power connector between simulation base station and spectrum analyzer.

The communication simulator station system controlled a EUT to export maximum output power under transmission mode and specific channel frequency. Use OBW measurement function of Spectrum analyzer to measure 99 % occupied bandwidth

Test Settings

1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99 % occupied bandwidth and the 26 dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = 1 – 5 % of the expected OBW
3. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize
8. If necessary, steps 2 – 7 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 – 5 % of the 99 % occupied bandwidth observed in Step 7

3.6 SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL



Test setup

Test Overview

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

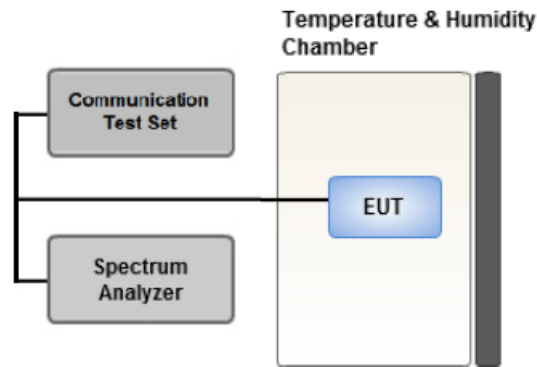
All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies.

All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

Test Settings

1. RBW = 1 MHz
2. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace Mode = Max Hold
5. Sweep time = auto
6. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{Span} / \text{RBW}$

3.7 BAND EDGE



Test setup

Test Overview

All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

Test Settings

1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
3. RBW > 1 % of the emission bandwidth
4. VBW > 3 x RBW
5. Detector = RMS
6. Number of sweep points $\geq 2 \times \text{Span/RBW}$
7. Trace mode = trace average
8. Sweep Time > (Number of Points) $\times$ (Symbol Period)
9. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Notes

According to FCC 22.917, 24.238, 27.53 specified that power of any emission outside of The authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

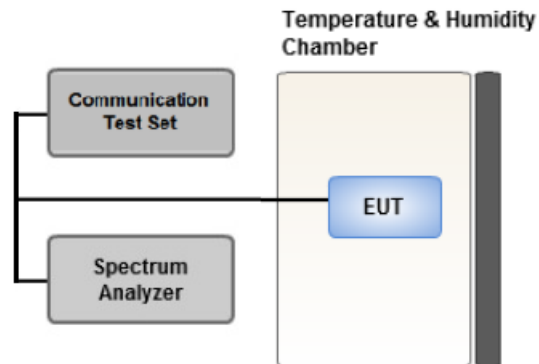
In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

All measurements were done at 2 channels(low and high operational frequency range.)

The band edge measurement used the power splitter via EUT RF power connector between simulation base station and spectrum analyzer.

Where Margin < 1 dB the emission level is either corrected by $10 \log(1 \text{ MHz/ RB})$ or the emission is integrated over a 1 MHz bandwidth to determine the final result. When using the integration method the integration window is either centered on the emission or, for emissions at the band edge, centered by an offset of 500 kHz from the block edge so that the integration window is the 1 MHz adjacent to the block edge.

3.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Test setup

Test Overview

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI C63.26-2015.

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

1. Temperature:

The temperature is varied from -30 °C to +50 °C in 10 °C increments using an environmental chamber.

2. Primary Supply Voltage:

- Unless otherwise specified, vary primary supply voltage from 85 % to 115 % of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
- For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce the primary ac or dc supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Test Settings

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20 °C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10 °C intervals ranging from -30 °C to +50 °C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Radiated Test

Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Due to Calibration	Calibration Interval
Controller	CO3000	Innco system	CO3000-4p	N/A	N/A
Antenna Position Tower	MA4640/800-XP-EP	Innco system	S1AM	07/25/2026	Annual
Turn Table	DS2000-S-1t	Innco system	DS2000/572/54610422/P	N/A	N/A
Amp & Filter Bank Switch Controller	FBSM-01B	T&M system	TM19050002	N/A	N/A
Loop Antenna	1513	Schwarzbeck	1513-175	01/06/2027	Biennial
Hybrid Antenna	VULB 9168	Schwarzbeck	9168-0895	08/28/2026	Biennial
Horn Antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	9120D-1300	01/03/2026	Biennial
Horn Antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	9120D-2296	05/16/2026	Biennial
Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	BBHA9170	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170342	09/20/2026	Biennial
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV(10 Hz ~ 40 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	101055	05/07/2026	Annual
High Pass Filter(7 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	WHKX10-7150-8000-18000-50SS	Wainwright Instruments	1	02/21/2026	Annual
Power Amplifier	CBL18265035	CERNEX	22966	10/21/2026	Annual
Power Amplifier	CBL26405040	CERNEX	25956	02/19/2026	Annual
RF Switching System	FMSR-05B (HPF(3~18GHz) + LNA1(1~18GHz))	T&M system	S1L1	12/23/2025	Annual
RF Switching System	FMSR -05B (ATT(10dB) + LNA1(1~18GHz))	T&M system	S1L2	12/23/2025	Annual
RF Switching System	FMSR -05B (ATT(3dB) + LNA1(1~18GHz))	T&M system	S1L3	12/23/2025	Annual
RF Switching System	FMSR -05B (LNA1(1~18GHz))	T&M system	S1L4	12/23/2025	Annual
RF Switching System	FMSR -05B (HPF(7~18GHz) + LNA2(6~18GHz))	T&M system	S1L5	12/23/2025	Annual
RF Switching System	FMSR -05B (Thru(30MHz ~ 18GHz))	T&M system	S1L6	12/23/2025	Annual
High Pass Filter	WHKX10-900-1000-15000-40SS	WAINWRIGHT INSTRUMENTS	16	07/10/2026	Annual
Radio Communication Test Station	MT8000A	Anritsu Corp.	6272613402	08/18/2026	Annual

Note:

- Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
- Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.
- Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5-2017.

5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4:2014.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ($\pm$ kHz)
Occupied Bandwidth	95 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Frequency stability	28 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ($\pm$ dB)
Block Edge	0.70 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Conducted Spurious Emissions	1.18 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Peak- to- Average Ratio	0.68 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Radiated Power	4.74 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	4.36 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	5.68 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.52 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.66 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)
Radiated Disturbance (Above 40 GHz)	5.58 (Confidence level about 95 %, $k=2$)

6. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

-. The decision rule applies 'simple acceptance'

6.1 Test Condition: Conducted Test

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Result	Status
Occupied Bandwidth	§2.1049	N/A	PASS	NT ^(Note2, 3)
Band Edge / Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal.	§2.1051, §27.53(c)	$< 43 + 10\log_{10} (P[\text{Watts}])$ at Band Edge and for all out-of-band emissions	PASS	NT ^(Note2, 3)
On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz.	§27.53(c)(4)	$< 65 + 10\log_{10} (P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	NT ^(Note2, 3)
Conducted Output Power	§2.1046	N/A	PASS	NT ^(Note2, 3)
Frequency stability / variation of ambient temperature	§2.1055, § 27.54	Emission must remain in band	PASS	NT ^(Note2, 3)

Note:

1. C = Comply, NT = Not Tested, NA = Not Applicable, NC = Not Comply
2. C2PC models are electrically identical to the Original models.
The Product Equality Declaration includes detailed information about the changes between the devices.
3. Only the radiated tests were performed to verify the change in output power due to the difference in the external antenna gain.

6.2 Test Condition: Radiated Test

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Result	Status
Equivalent Radiated Power	§27.50(b)(10)	< 3 Watts max. ERP	PASS	NT ^(Note 2)
Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	§2.1053, §27.53(c)	< 43 + 10log10 (P[Watts]) for all out-of band emissions	PASS	C ^(Note 3)
Undesirable Emissions in the 1559 – 1610 MHz band	§2.1053, §27.53(f)	< -70dBW/MHz EIRP (wideband) < -80dBW EIRP (narrowband)	PASS	C ^(Note 3)

Note:

1. C = Comply, NT = Not Tested, NA = Not Applicable, NC = Not Comply
2. C2PC models are electrically identical to the Original models.
The Product Equality Declaration includes detailed information about the changes between the devices.
3. The data from that application has been verified through appropriate spot checks to demonstrate compliance for this device as shown in the test result of section 8

7. SAMPLE CALCULATION

7.1. Emission Designator

GSM Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 249KGXW
GSM BW = 249 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
X = Cases not otherwise covered
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

EDGE Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 249KG7W
GSM BW = 249 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
7 = Quantized/Digital Info
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 4M17F9W
WCDMA BW = 4.17 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Info
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

QPSK Modulation

Emission Designator = 4M48G7D
LTE BW = 4.48 MHz
G = Phase Modulation
7 = Quantized/Digital Info
D = Data transmission; telemetry; telecommand

QAM Modulation

Emission Designator = 4M48W7D
LTE BW = 4.48 MHz
W = Amplitude/Angle Modulated
7 = Quantized/Digital Info
D = Data transmission; telemetry; telecommand

8. TEST DATA

8.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

☒ MODE: Sub6 n13
☒ MODULATION SIGNAL: 10 MHz BPSK
☒ DISTANCE: 3 meters

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level (dBμV)	A.F. + C.L.+ H.P.F. - A.G. + D.F. (dB)	Total (dBμV/m)	Pol.	Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	RB	
								Size	Offset
156400 (782.0)	1 564.00	49.54	-11.81	37.73	V	-57.47	-40.00	1	26
	2 346.00	47.19	-7.98	39.21	V	-55.99	-13.00		
	3 128.00	46.11	-2.46	43.65	H	-51.55	-13.00		
	3 910.00	58.82	1.17	59.99	V	-35.21	-13.00		

9. ANNEX A_ TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-2511-FC023-P