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SAR COMPLIANCE EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:
LG Electronics USA
1000 Sylvan Avenue
Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632
United States

Date of Testing:
02/09/11 - 03/28/11
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Test Report Serial No.:
0Y1102080245-R4.BEJ

FCC ID: BEJVS910

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS USA

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone with Bluetooth WLAN and LTE
Application Type: Class II Permissive Change
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
Model(s): VS910, LG-VS910
Tx Frequency: 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA) / 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
782 MHz (LTE) / 2412 - 2462 MHz (WLAN)
Conducted Power: 25.16 dBm Cell. CDMA / 25.34 dBm PCS CDMA
23.38 dBm LTE / 16.26 dBm 2.4 GHz WLAN
Max. SAR Measurement: 0.52 W/kg Cell. CDMA Head SAR / 0.47 W/kg Cell. CDMA Body-Worn SAR
0.77 W/kg PCS CDMA Head SAR / 0.56 W/kg PCS Body-Worn SAR
0.63 W/kg LTE Head SAR / 0.95 W/kg Body-Worn SAR
0.06 W/kg 2.4 GHz WLAN Head SAR / 0.02 W/kg 2.4GHz WLAN Body-Worn SAR
0.64 W/kg Cell. CDMA Hotspot SAR / 0.79 W/kg PCS CDMA Hotspot SAR
0.95 W/kg LTE Hotspot SAR / 0.04 W/kg 2.4 GHz WLAN Hotspot SAR
Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production [S/N: 990000-44-005543-4, 990000-44-005641-6, 990000-44-005542-6, 990000-44-005640-8, 990000-44-005645-7]
Class II Permissive Changes: See LGE FCC Change Document
Date of Original Grant: 03/08/11

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001), IEEE 1528-2003 and in applicable Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications (RSS); for North American frequency bands only.

All models are identical per the manufacturer.

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 0Y1102080245-R4.BEJ) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject EUT for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Randy Ortanez
President



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1 LTE SUMMARY INFORMATION PER KDB 941225 PUBLICATION

KDB 941225 Pub LTE Information			
	FCC ID	BEJVS910	
	Form Factor	Handset	
1)	Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	Band 13: 782 MHz	
2)	Channel Bandwidths	10 MHz BW	
3)	H, M, L channel numbers and frequencies		
	Low	Mid	High
	NA	782 MHz (CH:23230)	NA
	Band 13, 10 MHz BW:		
4)(a)	UE Category	3	
(b)	Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM	
	LTE Transmitter and Antenna Implementation	Operational Description	
5)	Description of LTE Tx and Ant. Implementation	1 TX/RX Ant; 1 Rx Ant	
6)	LTE Voice available?	No	
	Hotspot with LTE+WIFI	Yes	
	Hotspot with LTE+WIFI active with 1XVoice sessions?	Yes	
7)	LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes	
	A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes	
8)	Conducted power Table provided for 1RB (low and high offset), 50% RB (centered), 100% RB	Yes	
9-10)	Non-LTE US Wireless Operating Modes/Band	RF Output Power	RF Exposure Configurations
	835 MHz CDMA	25 dBm	Head and Body
	1900 MHz CDMA	25 dBm	Head and Body
	2.4 GHz Bluetooth	11 dBm	Body
	2.4 GHz WI-FI	16 dBm	Head and Body
11)	Simultaneous Tx conditions	See Section 18 of the SAR Report	
12)	Power Reduction used for SAR Compliance?	Dynamic Power Reduction: No Portable Hotspot Power Reduction: Yes	
13)	Descriptions of SAR tests	See Section 16	
14)	SAR Test Plan Proposal	Discussed in the KDB Inquiry #307813	
15)	SAR test data	See Section 16	

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2 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [24]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1-1).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 2-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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3 TEST SITE LOCATION

3.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC.

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.

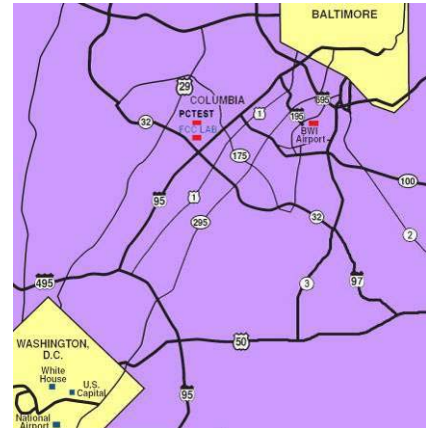
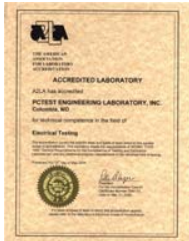


Figure 3-1

Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

3.2 Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), Battery Safety, CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and all Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA) Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data

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4 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

4.1 Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of a high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing the head or body equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot, performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure 4-1).

4.2 System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal from the DAE and transfers data to the PC card.

4.3 System Electronics

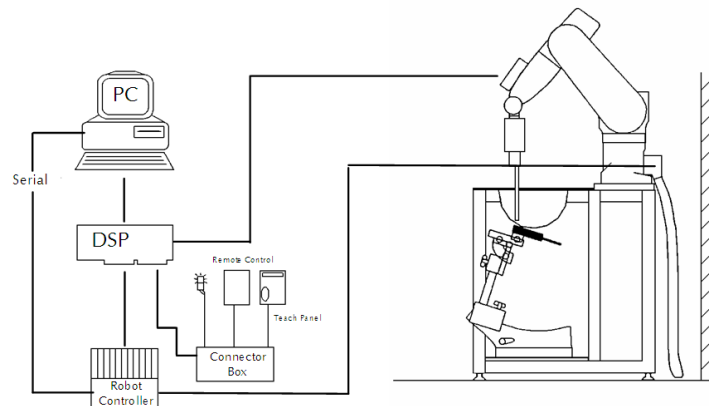


Figure 4-1
SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade auto-zeroing preamplifier, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

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4.4 Automated Test System Specifications

Test Software: SPEAG DASY4 version 4.7 Measurement Software
Robot: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot RX60L
Repeatability: 0.02 mm
No. of Axes: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic System (DAE)

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter & control logic
Software: SEMCAD software
Connecting Lines: Optical Downlink for data and status info
Optical upload for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function: Link to DAE
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system
Two Serial & Ethernet link to robotics
Direct emergency stop output for robot

Phantom

Type: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)
Shell Material: Composite
Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 4-2
SAR Measurement System

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5 DASY E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

5.1 Probe Measurement System



**Figure 5-1
SAR System**

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Figure 5-3) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation [9]. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the

maximum using a 2nd order curve fitting (see Figure 6-1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

5.2 Probe Specifications

Model(s):	ES3DV2, ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency Range:	10 MHz – 6.0 GHz (EX3DV4) 10 MHz – 4 GHz (ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 300 up to 6000MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0 mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



**Figure 5-2
Near-Field Probe**



**Figure 5-3
Triangular Probe
Configuration**

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6 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

6.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

6.2 Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

6.3 Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
 C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

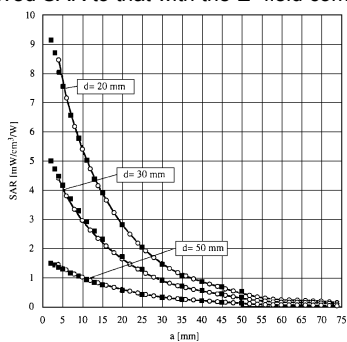


Figure 6-1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [9]

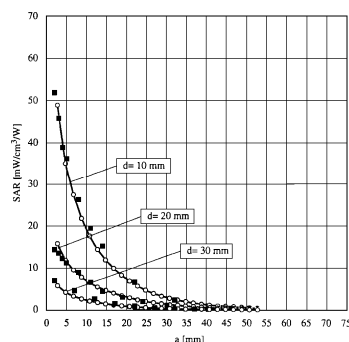


Figure 6-2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [9]

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7 PHANTOM AND EQUIVALENT TISSUES

7.1 SAM Phantoms



**Figure 7-1
SAM Phantoms**

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to represent the 90th percentile of the population [12][13]. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

7.2 Tissue Simulating Mixture Characterization



**Figure 7-2
SAM Phantom with
Simulating Tissue**

The mixture is characterized to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue of interest. The tissue dielectric parameters recommended in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 have been used as targets for the compositions, and are to match within 5%, per the FCC recommendations.

Table 7-1
Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	835	835	1900	1900	2450	2450
Tissue	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by weight)						
Bactericide	0.1	0.1				
DGBE			44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7
HEC	1	1				
NaCl	1.45	0.94	0.18	0.4	0.16	0.1
Sucrose	57	44.9				
Triton X-100					19.97	
Water	40.45	53.06	54.9	70.16	71.88	73.2

Note: see next page for 750 MHz liquid information.

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Table 7-2
Composition of the 750MHz Head and Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

=

2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

H ₂ O	Water, 35 – 58%
Sucrose	Sugar, white, refined, 40 – 60%
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0 – 8%
Hydroxyethyl-cellulose	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-82-0), <0.3%
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone, 0.1 – 0.7%
Relevant for safety; Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet®.	

Note: 750MHz Head and Body liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. The composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized. Thus the manufacturer production sheet is provided below.

f [MHz]	HP-a*	HP-a*	sigma	P/N:	SL AAM 075	TARGET PARAMETERS
300	61.02	35.43	0.59	Charge:	090224-1	f [MHz] eps sigma
350	60.21	32.13	0.63	Mea Date:	05-Mrz-09	700 55.7 0.96
400	59.50	29.71	0.66	Temp [°C]	22	750 55.5 0.96
450	58.79	28.00	0.70			800 55.3 0.97
500	58.16	26.60	0.74			
550	57.57	25.54	0.78			
600	56.99	24.68	0.82			
650	56.43	23.97	0.87			
700	55.88	23.46	0.91			
750	55.35	22.91	0.96			
800	54.82	22.56	1.00			
850	54.30	22.31	1.06			
900	54.02	22.08	1.11			
950	53.55	21.89	1.16			
1000	53.05	21.70	1.21			

Figure 7-1
750MHz Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

f [MHz]	HP-a*	HP-a*	sigma	P/N:	SL AAH 075	TARGET PARAMETERS
300	50.56	30.29	0.51	Charge:	090224-2	f [MHz] eps sigma
350	49.28	28.08	0.55	Mea Date:	05-Mrz-09	700 42.2 6.89
400	48.08	26.44	0.59	Temp [°C]	22	750 41.9 6.89
450	47.00	25.25	0.63			800 41.7 6.90
500	46.03	24.24	0.67			
550	45.14	23.45	0.72			
600	44.32	22.89	0.76			
650	43.51	22.32	0.81			
700	42.75	21.89	0.85			
750	42.07	21.44	0.89			
800	41.53	21.13	0.94			
850	40.88	20.89	0.99			
900	40.28	20.55	1.03			
950	39.68	20.42	1.08			
1000	39.11	20.20	1.12			

Figure 7-2
750MHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

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8.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during testing the 1 gram cube. This fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual for more details):
 - a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete. If the value deviated by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

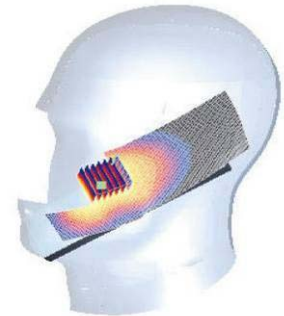


Figure 8-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

8.2 Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Figure 8-2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15 cm.



Figure 8-2
SAM Twin Phantom Shell

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9.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 8-1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 8-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 9-2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

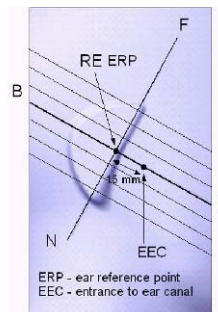


Figure 9-1
Close-Up Side view
of ERP

9.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 9-3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 9-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

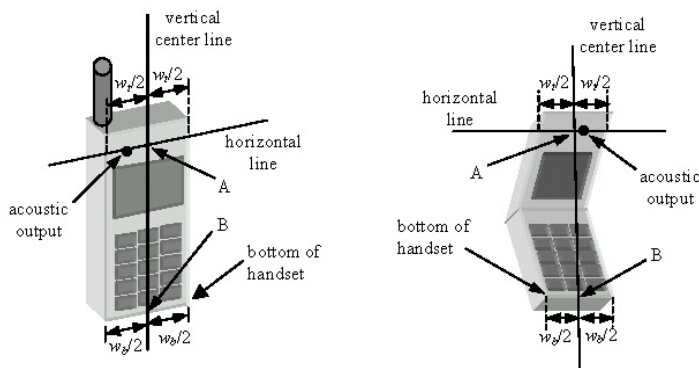


Figure 9-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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10 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

10.1 Device Holder

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

10.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 10-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

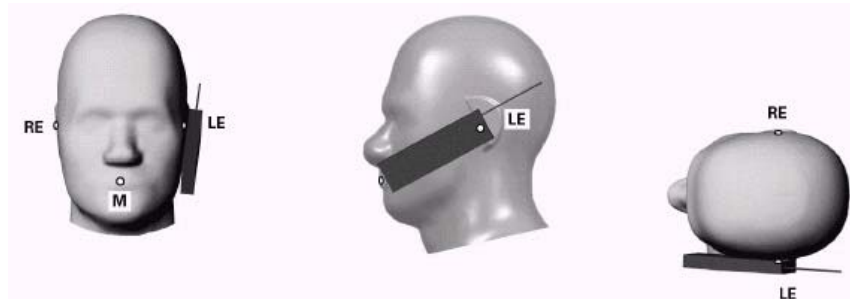


Figure 10-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 10-2).

10.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 10-2).

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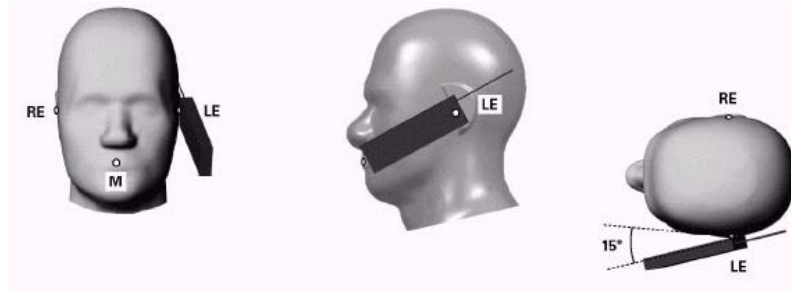


Figure 10-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

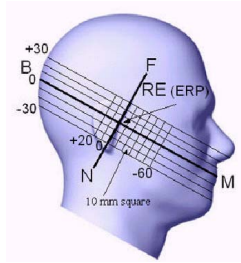


Figure 10-3
Side view w/ relevant markings



Figure 10-4 Body SAR Sample Photo
(Not Actual EUT)

10.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. It has been known for some time that there are SAR measurement difficulties in these regions of the SAM phantom. SAR probes are calibrated in tissue equivalent liquids with sufficient separation between the probe sensors and nearby physical boundaries to ensure scattering does not affect probe calibration. When the probe tip is moved into tight regions with multiple boundaries surrounding its sensors, probe calibration and measurement accuracy can become questionable. In addition, these measurement locations often require a probe to be tilted at steep angles, where it may no longer comply with calibration requirements and measurement protocols, or satisfy the required measurement uncertainty. In some situations it is not feasible to tilt the probe or rotate the phantom, as suggested by measurement standards, to conduct these measurements.

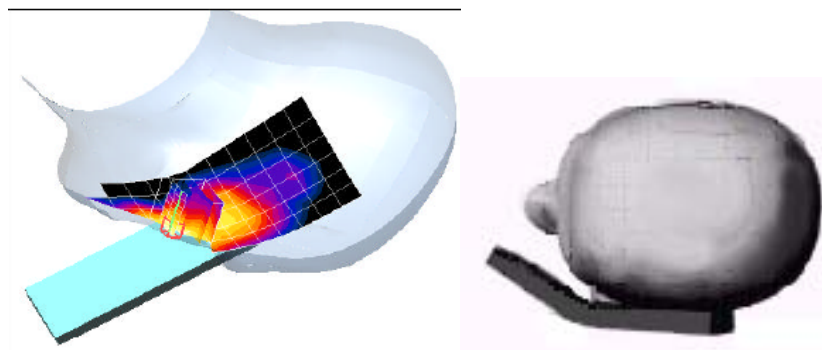


Figure 10-5
SAR Scans near the Jaw/Mouth

In order to ensure there is sufficient conservativeness for ensuring compliance until practical solutions are available, additional measurement considerations are necessary to address these technical difficulties. When measurements are required near the mouth, nose, jaw or similar tight regions of the SAM phantom,

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area or zoom scans are often unable to fully enclose the peak SAR location as required by IEEE 1528 and Supplement C, due to probe orientation and positioning difficulties. Even when limited measurements are possible, the test results could be questionable due to probe calibration and measurement uncertainty issues. Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document publication 648474. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. **Rectangular shaped phones** should be positioned with its bottom edge positioned from the flat phantom with the same distance provided by the cheek touching position using SAM. The ear reference point (ERP, as defined for SAM) of the phone should be positioned ½ cm from the flat phantom shell. **Clam-shell phones** should be positioned with the hinge against a smooth edge of the flat phantom where the upper half of the phone is unfolded and extended beyond the phantom side wall. The lower half of the phone is secured in the test device holder at a fixed distance below the flat phantom determined by the minimum separation along the lower edge of the phone in the cheek touching position using SAM. Any case with substantial variation in separation distance along the lower edge of a clam shell is discussed with the FCC for best-to-use methodology.

The flat phantom data should allow test results to be compared uniformly across measurement systems, until suitable solutions are available in measurement standards to address certain probe calibration and positioning issues, due to implementation differences between horizontal and upright SAM configurations. These flat phantom procedures are only applicable for stand-alone SAR evaluation in tight regions of the SAM phantom, where measurement is not feasible or test results can be questionable due to probe calibration and accessibility issues. Details on device positioning and photos showing how separation distances are determined are included in the SAR report Photographs. SAR for other regions of the head must be evaluated using SAM; therefore, a phone with antennas at different locations may require flat and SAM phantom evaluation for the different antennas.

10.5 Body Holster /Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 10-4). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

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11 FCC RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

11.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

11.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 11-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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12 4G LTE TEST CONFIGURATIONS

12.1 Frequency of Operation per 27.5

Per FCC Rule 27.5(b)(3): “(3) Two paired channels of 11 megahertz each are available for assignment in Block C in the 746-757 MHz and 776-787 MHz bands.”

12.2 Test Conditions

SAR tests for LTE were performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Schwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.

12.3 LTE Measured Maximum RF Output Conducted Powers

All powers were measured with the CMW500. There is only one channel (782 MHz) and one BW (10 MHz) for LTE Band 13 on this device.

There is a permanently applied MPR implemented by the manufacturer. With the MPR permanently implemented, this device will never operate at higher power levels than that indicated in the Tune up procedure. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1. See LTE SAR Data tables in Section 16 for specific MPR per mode and configuration which are within tolerances allowed by 3GPP.

A-MPR has been disabled for all SAR Tests.

LTE modes were selected according to LTE procedures in FCC KDB 941225 publication. Please see notes following SAR data for required test configurations.

Table 12-1
Measured LTE RF Output Powers

Frequency	BW	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Maximum Average Power [dBm]	Target [dBm] (+/- 0.5 dB)	MPR Target [dB]	MPR per 3GPP [dB]
782 MHz	10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.5	0	0
		16QAM	1	0	22.80	22.5	1	0-1
		QPSK	1	49	23.38	23.5	0	0
		16QAM	1	49	22.50	22.5	1	0-1
		QPSK	25	13	23.12	23.5	0	0-1
		16QAM	25	13	21.94	22.0	1.5	0-2
		QPSK	50	0	23.10	23.5	0	0-1
		16QAM	50	0	21.95	22.0	1.5	0-2

Note: Differences from expected MPR levels are a result of measurement uncertainty. Per the manufacturer, the measured powers are acceptable for use within the intended network infrastructure.

LTE MPR for the Class II Permissive Change is different from the original grant and is the final implementation. No samples have been shipped with the original implementation.

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12.4 Hotspot Power Reduction

WIFI was disabled via a manufacturer software patch (not available to end-users) for all hotspot SAR testing to ensure a single transmitter was active during hotspot modes.

LTE Hotspot SAR was measured at maximum power to address LTE + WIFI Hotspot and Cell. CDMA Voice Transmission + LTE + WIFI Hotspot conditions.

In the presence of PCS band transmission, there is a fixed power reduction of LTE when the user has enabled hotspot mode. The PCS power reduction is to meet manufacturer's internal limit for SAR.

Additional LTE Hotspot SAR testing was performed at reduced power tuned by the manufacturer to address PCS CDMA Voice+LTE+WIFI Hotspot condition. An additional sample was provided by the manufacturer with the reduced power enabled via manufacturer's software in order to simulate the user scenario. The reduced powers were confirmed via conducted power measurements at the RF port. Detailed description of the Hotspot power reduction implementation is included on the operational description. Powers are reduced immediately when hotspot is activated via the user interface. Powers will stay permanently reduced until the user deactivates hotspot. This was confirmed prior to SAR tests.

There is no power reduction in the presence of Cell band transmission.

Table 12-2
Measured Reduced Power LTE RF Output Powers

Frequency	BW	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Maximum Average Power [dBm]	Target [dBm] (+/- 0.5 dB)	MPR Target with backoff [dB]	MPR per 3GPP [dB]
782 MHz	10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.44	20.0	0	0
		16QAM	1	0	19.17	19.0	1	0-1
		QPSK	1	49	20.03	20.0	0	0
		16QAM	1	49	19.04	19.0	1	0-1
		QPSK	25	13	19.84	20.0	0	0-1
		16QAM	25	13	18.61	18.5	1.5	0-2
		QPSK	50	0	19.53	20.0	0	0-1
		16QAM	50	0	18.60	18.5	1.5	0-2

12.5 Dynamic Power Reduction

At the time of production, dynamic Power Reduction will be implemented in the LTE transmission, in the presence of a 1X Voice call in both Cell and PCS bands, between 20 – 23.5 dBm. When CDMA is transmitting at maximum power, LTE transmission will be 20 dBm. For the SAR tests, dynamic power reduction was disabled.

Dynamic power reduction is implemented independently from mobile hotspot power reduction.

Details regarding the dynamic power reduction algorithms are included in the technical descriptions.

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Table 12-3
Sample Dynamic Power Reduction Implementation

LTE Output Power (dBm)	Cell CDMA Output Power (dBm)
23.5	22.0
23.0	22.7
22.0	23.5
21.0	24.0
20.0	24.5
20.0	25.0

LTE Output Power (dBm)	PCS CDMA Output (dBm)
23.5	22.1
23.0	22.9
22.0	23.5
21.3	24.0
20.0	24.5
20.0	25.3

The above powers from LGE represent the typical dynamic power reduction scheme with Voice + LTE Data (SVLTE) operations. In Section 18, it shows that during Voice + LTE data scenarios, the SAR summation at the maximum output powers are compliant. Therefore, dynamic power reduction schemes are not considered for the SAR evaluation.

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13 FCC 3G MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

13.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, it was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If SAR deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

13.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB 941225 Publication "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

13.2.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007. Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 13-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH₀ and demodulation of RC 3,4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH₀ data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 13-2 was applied.
5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with "All Up" power control bits.

Table 13-1
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table 13-2
Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

13.2.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

13.2.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple

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code channels (FCH + SCH_n) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCH_n) with FCH at full rate and SCH₀ enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts. Body SAR was measured using TDSO / SO32 with power control bits in the “All Up”

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

13.2.4 Handsets with EVDO

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for EV-DO is not required. Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the maximum output channel at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3. SAR for Rev. A is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots would be configured in the downlink for both Rev. 0 and Rev. A.

13.2.5 Body SAR Measurements for EVDO Hotspot

Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for the RF channels in Rev. 0. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. Both FTAP and FETAP are configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control should be in “All Bits Up” conditions for TAP/ETAP.

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13.3 RF Conducted Powers

13.3.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. A [dBm]
	F-RC	RC1	RC3	FCH+SCH	FCH	(RTAP)	(RETAP)
Cellular	1013	24.89	24.71	24.74	24.73	25.03	25.13
	384	24.94	24.78	24.83	24.84	25.08	25.08
	777	25.01	25.16	24.94	24.94	25.16	25.21
PCS	25	24.99	24.92	24.89	24.84	24.93	25.02
	600	25.26	25.34	25.13	25.10	25.29	25.27
	1175	25.17	25.09	24.99	24.97	25.19	25.21

Note: RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.

Note: It was confirmed with the manufacturer that the device used for SAR testing with the measured output powers was not overdriven to non-linear operations.

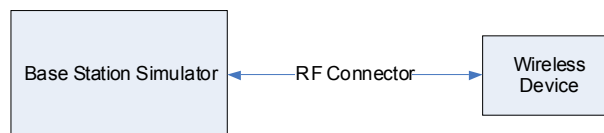


Figure 13-1
Power Measurement Setup

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13.3.2 Hotspot Active CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. A [dBm]
	F-RC	RC1	RC3	FCH+SCH	FCH	(RTAP)	(RETAP)
Cellular	1013	24.89	24.71	24.74	24.73	25.03	25.13
	384	24.94	24.78	24.83	24.84	25.08	25.08
	777	25.01	25.16	24.94	24.94	25.16	25.21
PCS	25	23.07	22.94	23.04	23.10	23.10	23.16
	600	23.33	23.27	23.18	23.08	23.23	23.32
	1175	23.14	23.01	23.05	22.96	23.25	23.20

Note: RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.

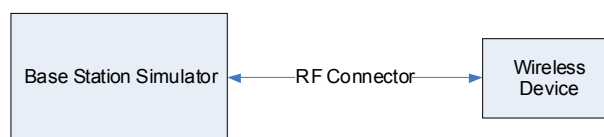


Figure 13-2
Power Measurement Setup

For all CDMA Hotspot tests, WIFI was disabled via a manufacturer software patch (not available to end-users) for all hotspot SAR testing to ensure a single transmitter was active during hotspot modes.

All PCS Hotspot SAR testing was performed at reduced power tuned by the manufacturer. The reduced powers were confirmed via conducted power measurements at the RF port when the user interface selection "4G Mobile Hotspot" was selected. Detailed description of the Hotspot power reduction implementation is included on the operational description. Powers are reduced immediately when hotspot is activated via the user interface. Powers will stay permanently reduced until the user deactivates hotspot. This was confirmed prior to SAR tests. When hotspot is enabled, PCS powers are reduced for the PCS EVDO + WIFI hotspot condition and also with the PCS Voice + LTE +WIFI hotspot condition.

Dynamic power reduction is implemented independently of hotspot power reduction.

There is no hotspot power reduction for Cell Band CDMA/EVDO Hotspot SAR (Cell. EVDO+WIFI or Cell.CDMA Voice + LTE+ WIFI).

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Table 13-3
Hotspot Reduced Power Conditions

Power Reduction for Mobile Hotspot Mode		
Operating Modes	Reduced Power	Reduced Power Level
Cellular EVDO+WIFI	No	-
PCS EVDO + WIFI	Yes	PCS Max.: 23 dBm
LTE+WIFI	No	-
Cellular Voice + LTE + WIFI	No	-
PCS Voice + LTE + WIFI	Yes	PCS Max.: 23 dBm & LTE Max.: 20 dBm

13.1 CDMA/EVDO Transmission Path(s)

This device has a single transmission path for CDMA voice and EVDO. Hence, CDMA voice is not able to transmit simultaneously with EVDO.



Figure 13-3

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14 SAR TESTING WITH IEEE 802.11 TRANSMITTERS

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

14.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

14.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [27]

802.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz §15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11, 15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels. These are referred to as the “default test channels”. 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.

Table 14-1
802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	“Default Test Channels”		
				§15.247	UNII	
802.11 b/g	2.412	1		√	√	
	2.437	6	6	√	√	
	2.462	11		√	√	
802.11a	5.18	36			√	
	5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)			*
	5.22	44				
	5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)		√	
	5.26	52			√	
	5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)			*
	5.30	60				*
	5.32	64			√	
	5.500	100				*
	5.520	104			√	
	5.540	108				*
	5.560	112				*
	5.580	116			√	
	5.600	120	Unknown			*
	5.620	124			√	
	5.640	128				*
	5.660	132				*
	5.680	136			√	
	5.700	140				*
	5.745	149		√	√	
UNII or §15.247	5.765	153	152 (5.76 GHz)		*	*
	5.785	157		√		*
	5.805	161	160 (5.80 GHz)		*	√
	§15.247	5.825	165	√		

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Table 14-2
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	Data Rate [Mbps]	Average Power (dBm)
2412	1	1	16.02
		2	15.88
		5.5	15.96
		11	15.98
2437	6	1	16.03
		2	15.95
		5.5	15.97
		11	15.93
2462	11	1	16.26
		2	16.22
		5.5	16.15
		11	16.15

Table 14-3
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	Data Rate [Mbps]	Average Power (dBm)
2412	1	6	15.80
		9	12.56
		12	12.57
		18	12.51
		24	12.59
		36	12.52
		48	12.59
		54	12.56
2437	6	6	15.66
		9	12.59
		12	12.45
		18	12.54
		24	12.71
		36	12.59
		48	12.69
		54	12.66
2462	11	6	16.13
		9	12.80
		12	12.80
		18	12.76
		24	12.64
		36	12.84
		48	12.81
		54	12.63

Table 14-4
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	Data Rate [Mbps]	Average Power (dBm)
2412	1	6.5/7.2	12.54
		13/14.4	12.61
		19.5/21.7	12.52
		26/28.9	12.50
		39/43.3	12.59
		52/57.8	12.44
		58.5/65	12.59
		65/72.2	12.64
2437	6	6.5/7.2	12.52
		13/14.4	12.60
		19.5/21.7	12.53
		26/28.9	12.63
		39/43.3	12.40
		52/57.8	12.41
		58.5/65	12.43
		65/72.2	12.45
2462	11	6.5/7.2	12.94
		13/14.4	12.94
		19.5/21.7	12.98
		26/28.9	12.83
		39/43.3	12.89
		52/57.8	12.78
		58.5/65	12.75
		65/72.2	12.81

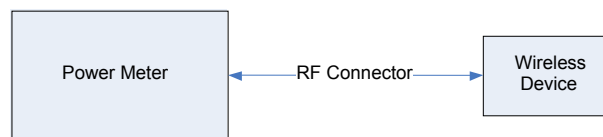


Figure 14-1
Power Measurement Setup

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15 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

15.1 Tissue Verification

Table 15-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
02/11/2011	835H	820	0.904	43.17	0.898	41.571	0.67%	3.85%
		835	0.933	43.09	0.900	41.500	3.67%	3.83%
		850	0.938	42.59	0.916	41.500	2.40%	2.63%
03/09/2011	835B	820	0.939	52.89	0.969	55.284	-3.10%	-4.33%
		835	0.955	52.67	0.970	55.200	-1.55%	-4.58%
		850	0.968	52.56	0.988	55.154	-2.02%	-4.70%
02/15/2011	1900H	1850	1.338	40.52	1.400	40.000	-4.43%	1.30%
		1880	1.379	40.44	1.400	40.000	-1.50%	1.10%
		1910	1.391	40.34	1.400	40.000	-0.64%	0.85%
03/10/2011	1900B	1850	1.524	50.93	1.520	53.300	0.26%	-4.45%
		1880	1.556	50.84	1.520	53.300	2.37%	-4.62%
		1910	1.592	50.68	1.520	53.300	4.74%	-4.92%
03/02/2011	2450H	2401	1.785	38.29	1.758	39.298	1.54%	-2.57%
		2450	1.825	38.08	1.800	39.200	1.39%	-2.86%
		2499	1.896	37.91	1.852	39.135	2.38%	-3.13%
03/01/2011	2450B	2401	1.814	51.23	1.903	52.765	-4.68%	-2.91%
		2450	1.879	51.11	1.950	52.700	-3.64%	-3.02%
		2499	1.946	50.99	2.019	52.638	-3.62%	-3.13%
02/10/2011	750H	750	0.882	41.31	0.890	41.900	-0.90%	-1.41%
		760	0.894	41.29	0.891	41.853	0.32%	-1.35%
		775	0.904	41.12	0.893	41.782	1.24%	-1.59%
		790	0.920	40.81	0.895	41.712	2.83%	-2.16%
02/09/2011	750B	750	0.969	55.38	0.962	55.677	0.70%	-0.53%
		760	0.978	55.48	0.963	55.621	1.56%	-0.25%
		775	0.989	55.26	0.964	55.536	2.55%	-0.50%
		790	1.009	54.82	0.966	55.452	4.47%	-1.14%

Note: KDB Publication 450824 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50 MHz of the DUT frequencies.

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY software rounds to three significant digits.

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15.2 Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

15.3 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 450824:

D835V2 SN: 4d026								
	Head				Body			
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
8/24/2009	-22.5		51		-20.6		46.9	
3/2/2011	-22.7	0.9%	50.1	-0.9	-20.9	1.5%	48	1.1

D1900V2 SN:5d080								
	Head				Body			
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
8/18/2009	-24.3		50		-23.6		47.1	0.0
3/2/2011	-24.1	-0.8%	51	1.0	-23.5	-0.4%	50.3	3.2

D2450V2 SN: 719								
	Head				Body			
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
8/27/2009	-28.6		53.4		-27.2		48.2	0.0
3/2/2011	-28.6	0.0%	52	-1.4	-27.4	0.7%	49.9	1.7

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15.4 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration.

Table 15-2
System Verification Results

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED										
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Dipole SN	Tissue Type	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
02/11/2011	24.1	22.8	0.100	835	4d026	Head	1.03	9.460	10.30	8.88%
03/09/2011	24.0	22.3	0.063	835	4d026	Body	0.609	9.780	9.667	-1.16%
02/15/2011	23.9	22.1	0.0316	1900	5d080	Head	1.26	40.100	39.87	-0.57%
03/10/2011	23.7	22.4	0.040	1900	502	Body	1.57	41.100	39.25	-4.50%
03/02/2011	23.8	21.9	0.025	2450	719	Head	1.27	53.500	50.80	-5.05%
03/02/2011	24.9	23.5	0.025	2450	719	Body	1.35	51.400	54.00	5.06%
02/10/2011	24.1	22.4	0.100	750	1003	Head	0.844	8.520	8.44	-0.94%
02/09/2011	24.0	22.4	0.100	750	1003	Body	0.925	8.880	9.25	4.17%

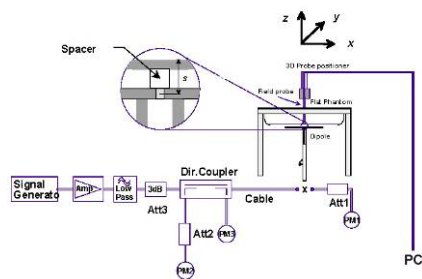


Figure 15-1
System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 15-2
System Verification Setup Photo

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Table 16-1
CDMA Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	IMEI	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.78	0.03	Right	Touch	990000-44-005543-4	0.523
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.78	-0.01	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005543-4	0.389
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.78	-0.01	Left	Touch	990000-44-005543-4	0.469
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.78	0.03	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005543-4	0.379
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	25.34	-0.08	Right	Touch	990000-44-005543-4	0.363
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	25.34	0.03	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005543-4	0.248
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	25.34	0.01	Left	Touch	990000-44-005543-4	0.772
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	25.34	0.01	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005543-4	0.181
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	23.27	0.01	Right	Touch	990000-44-005641-6	0.170
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	23.27	0.00	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005641-6	0.088
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	23.27	-0.05	Left	Touch	990000-44-005641-6	0.353
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	23.27	-0.05	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005641-6	0.081
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 16-2
2.4 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	IMEI	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	-0.05	Right	Touch	990000-44-005640-8	1	0.058
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	0.07	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005640-8	1	0.012
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	0.08	Left	Touch	990000-44-005640-8	1	0.033
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	0.09	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005640-8	1	0.018
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

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Table 16-3
Max Power LTE Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Target [dBm] (+/- 0.5 dB)	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	IMEI	# of Resource Blocks	RB Offset	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	0.03	23.5	0.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.488
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	0.00	23.5	0.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.559
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	-0.02	23.5	0.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.629
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.01	22.0	1.5	Right	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.381
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	-0.03	22.5	1.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.471
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	0.06	22.5	1.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.485
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	0.08	23.5	0.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.258
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	-0.07	23.5	0.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.288
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	-0.04	23.5	0.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.358
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.07	22.0	1.5	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.213
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	0.06	22.5	1.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.251
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	-0.02	22.5	1.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.283
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	-0.01	23.5	0.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.453
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	0.04	23.5	0.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.462
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	0.07	23.5	0.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.517
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	0.03	22.0	1.5	Left	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.337
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	0.00	22.5	1.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.448
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	0.06	22.5	1.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.413
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	-0.06	23.5	0.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.281
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	-0.08	23.5	0.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.287
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	0.06	23.5	0.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.315
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.07	22.0	1.5	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	0.225
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	-0.06	22.5	1.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	0.297
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	0.01	22.5	1.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	0.272
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

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Table 16-4
Reduced Power LTE Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Target [dBm] (+/- 0.5 dB)	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	IMEI	# of Resource Blocks	RB Offset	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	0.00	20.0	0.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.166
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.00	20.0	0.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.196
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	-0.09	20.0	0.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.202
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.10	18.5	1.5	Right	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.142
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	0.07	19.0	1.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.147
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.05	19.0	1.0	Right	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.158
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	-0.01	20.0	0.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.096
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.03	20.0	0.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.118
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	0.03	20.0	0.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.121
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.07	18.5	1.5	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.077
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	0.00	19.0	1.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.090
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.02	19.0	1.0	Right	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.093
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	-0.10	20.0	0.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.146
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	-0.04	20.0	0.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.186
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	-0.04	20.0	0.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.183
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.06	18.5	1.5	Left	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.111
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	-0.01	19.0	1.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.139
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.04	19.0	1.0	Left	Touch	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.150
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	0.10	20.0	0.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.087
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.02	20.0	0.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.121
782.00	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	0.09	20.0	0.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.117
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.06	18.5	1.5	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	0.070
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	0.01	19.0	1.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	0.094
782.00	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.00	19.0	1.0	Left	Tilt	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	0.093
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

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Table 16-5
CDMA Body – Worn SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service/ Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	IMEI	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.								(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO32	24.84	-0.03	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	back	0.474
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO32	25.10	0.05	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	back	0.561
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 16-6
CDMA Hotspot SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Power Reduction [dB]	Position	Spacing	IMEI	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	25.08	0.02	0	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	back	0.554
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	25.08	0.01	0	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	front	0.486
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	25.08	-0.05	0	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	right	0.635
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	25.08	0.02	0	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	left	0.448
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	25.08	-0.05	0	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	bottom	0.118
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.23	-0.04	2	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005641-6	back	0.440
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.23	-0.41	2	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005641-6	front	0.787
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.23	-0.04	2	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005641-6	right	0.082
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.23	-0.10	2	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005641-6	left	0.186
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.23	-0.39	2	Body	1.0 cm	990000-44-005641-6	bottom	0.762
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 16-7
2.4 GHz Hotspot Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	IMEI	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	-0.01	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	1	back	0.019
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	0.09	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	1	front	0.025
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	-0.08	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	1	right	0.036
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.26	-0.05	1.0 cm	990000-44-005640-8	1	bottom	0.015
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

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Table 16-8
Max Power LTE Hotspot Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Target [dBm] (+/- 0.5 dB)	MPR [dB]	Spacing	IMEI	# of Resource Blocks	RB Offset	Side of Device	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	0.01	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	back	0.794
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	0.06	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	back	0.880
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	0.01	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	back	0.870
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.01	22.0	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	back	0.787
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	0.01	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	back	0.927
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	0.03	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	back	0.951
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	0.03	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	front	0.657
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	-0.03	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	front	0.744
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	0.00	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	front	0.767
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.10	22.0	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	front	0.686
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	-0.04	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	front	0.767
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	-0.01	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	front	0.786
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	-0.04	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	right	0.665
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	-0.03	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	right	0.667
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	-0.01	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	right	0.736
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.02	22.0	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	right	0.494
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	-0.04	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	right	0.580
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	-0.03	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	right	0.570
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	0.00	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	left	0.518
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	-0.04	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	left	0.581
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	-0.05	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	left	0.667
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	0.02	22.0	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	left	0.407
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	0.05	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	left	0.475
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	0.04	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	left	0.540
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.12	-0.08	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	bottom	0.108
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.13	-0.08	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	bottom	0.097
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	23.38	0.08	23.5	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	bottom	0.131
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	21.94	-0.08	22.0	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	25	13	bottom	0.098
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.80	-0.09	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	0	bottom	0.100
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	22.50	-0.08	22.5	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005542-6	1	49	bottom	0.115
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

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Table 16-9
Reduced Power LTE Hotspot Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Target [dBm] (+/- 0.5 dB)	MPR [dB]	Spacing	IMEI	# of Resource Blocks	RB Offset	Side of Device	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	-0.02	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	back	0.227
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	-0.05	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	back	0.283
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	-0.02	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	back	0.277
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	-0.12	18.5	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	back	0.175
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	-0.01	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	back	0.219
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.09	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	back	0.217
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	0.09	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	front	0.191
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.02	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	front	0.227
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	-0.04	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	front	0.219
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.02	18.5	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	front	0.151
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	-0.03	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	front	0.176
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.01	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	front	0.186
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	-0.02	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	right	0.177
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.09	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	right	0.226
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	0.01	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	right	0.215
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.02	18.5	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	right	0.142
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	-0.06	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	right	0.163
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	-0.04	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	right	0.171
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	-0.01	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	left	0.149
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.09	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	left	0.175
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	0.01	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	left	0.186
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	-0.08	18.5	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	left	0.112
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	0.08	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	left	0.133
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.03	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	left	0.147
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	19.84	0.09	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	bottom	0.026
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.44	0.03	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	bottom	0.031
782	23230	LTE	QPSK	20.03	0.05	20.0	0.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	bottom	0.034
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	18.61	0.06	18.5	1.5	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	25	13	bottom	0.020
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.17	0.06	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	0	bottom	0.025
782	23230	LTE	16 QAM	19.04	0.08	19.0	1.0	1.0 cm	990000-44-005645-7	1	49	bottom	0.027
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

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General SAR Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
5. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing.
7. All samples tested for CDMA, WIFI and LTE at maximum power were electrically identical with one another per the applicant. A reduced power sample was provided to test LTE at 20 dBm.
8. Dynamic Power reduction is disabled for all SAR tests.

CDMA2000 Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
2. Head SAR for CDMA2000 mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per FCC KDB Publication 941225.
3. Body-Worn SAR was tested under RC3/SO32 with FCH only since FCH+SCH modes are not greater than 0.25 dB of the FCH only mode per FCC KDB Publication 941225.
4. CDMA2000 Body SAR for Hotspot was tested under EVDO Rev 0. Per FCC 3G Guidance (See Section 13.2.5) per FCC KDB Publication 941225.

WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Test Considerations for LTE handsets and Data Modems KDB 941225 publication:
 - a. 1RB and 50% RB allocations were tested in both QPSK and 16 QAM for all configurations. 100% RB allocation testing was not required since SAR measured in other allocations was less than 1.45 W/kg.
 - b. There is only 10 MHz bandwidth available for this device in the LTE mode.
 - c. There is only one channel available for LTE Band 13.
 - d. There is a permanently applied MPR implemented by the manufacturer. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1. The differences noted are not cases of implemented MPR but rather associated with measurement uncertainty and allowable tolerances per 3GPP standard and the manufacturer.
 - e. This device does not support LTE voice transmission. LTE head data is used for simultaneous analysis only (see Section 18).

Hotspot SAR Notes:

1. PCS band is reduced in power when the user enables hotspot. There is no power reduction for cellular band (See Section 13.3.2).
2. LTE mode is reduced in power when hotspot is enabled and there is PCS CDMA 1x Voice Call.
3. CDMA2000 Body SAR for Hotspot was tested under EVDO Rev 0. Per FCC 3G Guidance (See Section 13.2.5) per FCC KDB Publication 941225.
4. Power reduction was applied in hotspot mode to meet manufacturer's internal limit for SAR.
5. Portable Hotspot configurations were tested at 10 mm from edges with the respective transmitting antennas per October 2010 TCB Workshop Notes. Top edge was not required for all modes since the antennas are more than 2.5 cm from the top edge. Additionally, right edge was not required for WLAN (See Section 16.1).
6. For CDMA and LTE Hotspot SAR testing, WIFI was disabled via a manufacturer software patch (not available to end-users) for all hotspot SAR testing to ensure a single transmitter was active during hotspot modes.

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17 ANTENNA LOCATION SAR CONSIDERATIONS

17.1 SAR Test Configurations

Table 17-1
Mobile Hotspot Sides/Edges for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
Cellular EVDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
PCS EVDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Band 13 LTE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
2.4 GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

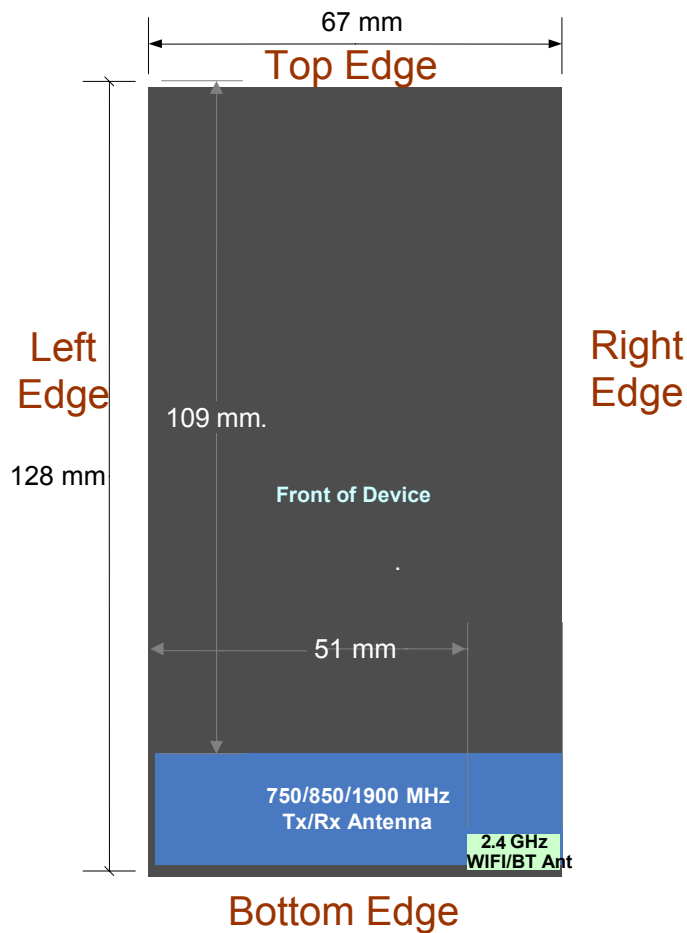


Figure 17-1
Identification of Sides/Edges for SAR Testing (Front View)

Note: Per Oct 2010 TCB FCC Workshop, the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm of the edges are required to be evaluated for SAR. See Figure 17-1 for distances of the actual device.

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18 SIMULTANEOUS TX SAR CONSIDERATIONS

18.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” KDB 648474 publication is applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

18.2 FCC Power Tables & Conditions

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.

Figure 18-1

Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	<u>SAR not required:</u> <u>Unlicensed only</u> - when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> - when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas - when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 <u>SAR required:</u> <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply
Unlicensed Transmitters	<u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u> - output ≤ 60/f: SAR not required - output > 60/f: stand-alone SAR required <u>When there is simultaneous transmission –</u> <u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u> - output $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u> <u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u> - test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition - if SAR for highest output channel is $> 50\%$ of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	

Figure 18-2

SAR Evaluation Requirements for Multiple Transmitter Handsets

18.3 Simultaneous Transmission

Bluetooth can transmit in any of the simultaneous transmission conditions, but not with WLAN.

The separation between the Main antenna and the Bluetooth/WLAN antennas is 3 mm. Since the WLAN and Bluetooth operate using the same transmitter on the same frequency and the WLAN output powers were higher than Bluetooth, the WLAN was used to determine simultaneous transmission exclusions.

Table 18-1 shows exposure conditions for all transmitters all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios for the class II permissive change.

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**Table 18-1
Transmission Scenarios**

No.	Capable Tx Configurations	Head SAR	Body SAR	Hotspot Power Reduction	Dynamic Power Reduction*	Note
1	CDMA Cellular Voice	✓	✓	No	No	Standalone 1X-RTT CDMA
2	CDMA PCS Voice	✓	✓	No	No	Standalone 1X-RTT CDMA
3	CDMA Cellular EVDO	x	✓	No	No	Standalone EVDO
4	CDMA PCS EVDO	x	✓	No	No	Standalone EVDO
5	LTE	x	✓	No	No	Standalone LTE
6	WIFI	x	✓	No	No	Standalone WIFI
7	CDMA Cellular Voice + LTE	✓	✓	No	yes	1X Voice + LTE Data
8	CDMA PCS Voice + LTE	✓	✓	No	yes	1X Voice + LTE Data
9	CDMA Cellular Voice + WIFI	✓	✓	No	No	1X Voice + WIFI Data
10	CDMA PCS Voice + WIFI	✓	✓	No	No	1X Voice + WIFI Data
11	LTE+WIFI	x	✓	No	No	LTE+WIFI Hotspot
12	CDMA Cellular EVDO + WIFI	x	✓	No	No	EVDO+WIFI Hotspot
13	CDMA PCS EVDO + WIFI	x	✓	Yes PCS CDMA: 23 dBm	No	EVDO+WIFI Hotspot
14	CDMA Cellular Voice + LTE + WIFI	✓	✓	No	yes	CDMA Voice + LTE/WIFI Hotspot
15	CDMA PCS Voice + LTE + WIFI	✓	✓	Yes PCS CDMA: 23 dBm LTE: 20 dBm	No**	CDMA Voice + LTE/WIFI Hotspot

*There are no simultaneous transmission configurations except for the configurations above.

The following tables are numerical sum SAR for all possible combinations of simultaneous transmission.

*SAR is compliant at simultaneous maximum power levels and therefore dynamic power reduction was not required to be considered for compliance.

** LTE is already reduced for this scenario due to hotspot power reduction scheme. Therefore, there is no power reduction due to the dynamic power reduction scheme.



**Figure 18-3
Simultaneous Transmission Paths**

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18.4 Simultaneous Conditions (Head and Body-Worn)

Table 18-2
Simultaneous Tx for Cell. CDMA Head SAR

Head SAR	Configuration	Cell CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Band13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	25	23.5	16	CDMA Voice + LTE ("SVLTE")	CDMA Voice + WIFI		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2	1+3		
	Right Cheek	0.523	0.629	0.058	1.152	0.581	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.389	0.358	0.012	0.747	0.401	N/A	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.469	0.517	0.033	0.986	0.502	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.379	0.315	0.018	0.694	0.397	N/A	N/A

Table 18-3
Simultaneous Tx for PCS CDMA Head SAR

Head SAR	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Band13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	25	23.5	16	CDMA Voice + LTE ("SVLTE")	CDMA Voice + WIFI		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2	1+3		
	Right Cheek	0.363	0.629	0.058	0.992	0.421	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.248	0.358	0.012	0.606	0.260	N/A	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.772	0.517	0.033	1.289	0.805	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.181	0.315	0.018	0.496	0.199	N/A	N/A

Table 18-4
Simultaneous Tx for Cell. CDMA Body-Worn SAR

Body SAR	Configuration	Cellular CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Band13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	25	23.5	16	Body-Worn				
	Test Distance (mm)	10	10	10	10	10	10		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2 ("SVLTE")	1+3 (Voice+WIFI)	1+2+3 (CDMA Voice + LTE Hotspot)		
	Back	0.474	0.951	0.019	1.425	0.493	1.444	N/A	N/A

Table 18-5
Simultaneous Tx for PCS CDMA Body-Worn SAR

Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Band 13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan SAR (W/kg)
Output Power (dBm)	25	23.5	16	Body-Worn Voice Combinations			
Test Distance (mm)	10	10	10	10	10		
Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2 ("SVLTE")	1+3 (Voice+WIFI)		
Back	0.561	0.951	0.019	1.512	0.580	N/A	N/A

Configuration	PCS CDMA* SAR (W/kg)	Band 13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan SAR (W/kg)
Output Power (dBm)	23*	20	16	Body Worn		
Test Distance (mm)	10	10	10	10		
Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2+3 (CDMA Voice + LTE Hotspot)		
Back	0.440	0.283	0.019	0.742	N/A	N/A

Notes:

Reduced PCS voice power condition only when hotspot feature is activated by the end-user (PCS CDMA + LTE + WIFI).

* PCS TDSO powers were within 0.25 dB of the PCS EVDO powers. Therefore the EVDO SAR levels were used for PCS CDMA.

18.5 Simultaneous Transmission (Hotspot Only)

Table 18-6
Simultaneous Tx for Cell. CDMA Head SAR with Hotspot

Head SAR	Configuration	Cell CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Band13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	25	23.5	16	CDMA Voice + LTE+WIFI Hotspot		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2+3		
	Right Cheek	0.523	0.629	0.058	1.210	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.389	0.358	0.012	0.759	N/A	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.469	0.517	0.033	1.019	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.379	0.315	0.018	0.712	N/A	N/A

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Table 18-7
Simultaneous Tx for PCS CDMA Head SAR with Hotspot

Head SAR	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Band13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	23*	20*	16	CDMA Voice + LTE+WIFI Hotspot*		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+2+3		
	Right Cheek	0.170	0.202	0.058	0.43	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.088	0.121	0.012	0.22	N/A	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.353	0.186	0.033	0.57	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.081	0.121	0.018	0.22	N/A	N/A

Note: Reduced PCS voice power condition only when hotspot feature is activated by the end-user (PCS CDMA + LTE + WIFI).

Table 18-8
Simultaneous Tx for Cell. CDMA Hotspot Body SAR

Body SAR	Configuration	Cellular EVDO SAR (W/kg)	Band13 LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	25	23.5	16	EVDO+WIFI Hotspot	LTE+WIFI Hotspot		
	Test Distance (mm)	10	10	10	10	10		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+3	2+3		
	Back	0.554	0.951	0.019	0.573	0.970	N/A	N/A
	Front	0.486	0.786	0.025	0.511	0.811	N/A	N/A
	Left Edge	0.448	0.667		0.448	0.667	N/A	N/A
	Right Edge	0.635	0.736	0.036	0.671	0.772	N/A	N/A
	Top Edge						N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	0.118	0.131	0.015	0.133	0.146	N/A	N/A

Table 18-9
Simultaneous Tx for PCS CDMA Hotspot Body SAR

Body SAR	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	Band 13 LTE SAR	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		SPLS Ratio per KDB Pub 648474	Simultaneous Transmission (with Volume Scan) SAR (W/kg)
	Output Power (dBm)	23*	23.5	16	EVDO + WIFI Hotspot	LTE +WIFI Hotspot		
	Test Distance (mm)	10	10	10	10	10		
	Transmitter	1	2	3	1+3	2+3		
	Back	0.440	0.951	0.019	0.459	0.970	N/A	N/A
	Front	0.787	0.786	0.025	0.812	0.811	N/A	N/A
	Left Edge	0.186	0.667		0.186	0.667	N/A	N/A
	Right Edge	0.082	0.736	0.036	0.118	0.772	N/A	N/A
	Top Edge						N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	0.762	0.131	0.015	0.777	0.146	N/A	N/A

Note: (*) Reduced PCS power condition only when hotspot feature is activated by the end-user.

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19 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	85070B	Dielectric Probe Kit	8/22/2010	Annual	8/22/2011	US33020316
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/13/2010	Annual	10/13/2011	3613A00315
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/11/2010	Annual	10/11/2011	GB46110872
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/8/2010	Annual	10/8/2011	GB46310798
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	8/13/2010	Annual	8/13/2011	GB41450275
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/11/2010	Annual	10/11/2011	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/11/2010	Annual	10/11/2011	8650319
Index SAR	IXTL-010	Dielectric Measurement Kit	N/A		N/A	N/A
Index SAR	IXTL-030	30MM TEM line for 6 GHz	N/A		N/A	N/A
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A		N/A	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A		N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	11/11/2010	Annual	11/11/2011	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	6/21/2010	Annual	6/21/2011	833855/0010
SPEAG	D1450V2	1450 MHz SAR Dipole	5/20/2009	Biennial	5/20/2011	1025
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	5/19/2009	Biennial	5/19/2011	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/17/2011	Annual	2/17/2012	502
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	8/18/2009	Biennial	8/18/2011	5d080
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	8/27/2009	Biennial	8/27/2011	719
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	2/8/2011	Annual	2/8/2012	797
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	8/12/2009	Biennial	8/12/2011	1004
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	8/19/2009	Biennial	8/19/2011	1007
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	2/11/2011	Annual	2/11/2012	1057
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	2/9/2011	Annual	2/9/2012	4d047
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	8/24/2009	Biennial	8/24/2011	4d026
SPEAG	DAE3	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/18/2010	Annual	11/18/2011	455
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/21/2010	Annual	4/21/2011	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/21/2011	Annual	2/21/2012	649
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	9/21/2010	Annual	9/21/2011	3022
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	8/19/2010	Annual	8/19/2011	3561
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	2/14/2011	Annual	2/14/2012	3550
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	7/8/2010	Annual	7/8/2011	859
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	2/14/2011	Annual	2/14/2012	1003
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/20/2010	Annual	4/20/2011	3209
SPEAG	D1640V2	1640 MHz Dipole	8/17/2010	Biennial	8/17/2012	321
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	8/30/2010	Annual	8/30/2011	100976
Apriel	ALS-PR-DIEL	Dielectric Probe Kit	N/A		N/A	260-00959
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	8/13/2010	Annual	8/13/2011	GB43304447
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Tester	4/14/2010	Annual	4/14/2011	US41140256
Amplifier Research	5S1G4	5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	N/A			17042
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	N/A			N/A
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	2/8/2011	Annual	2/8/2012	GB45360985
Speag	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/25/2011	Annual	1/25/2012	907
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	8/19/2010	Biennial	8/19/2012	1003

Note: The SAR dipole D750V2 SN:1003 is only calibrated for Head SAR measurements through 2/19/11. Head SAR for 750MHz was only tested on 2/10/11.

Justification for 2-year calibration cycle for SAR dipoles is found in Section 15.3.

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20 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for 750 – 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.5	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.5	5.5	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	11.8	11.5
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	23.7	23.0
									299

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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21 CONCLUSION

21.1 Measurement Conclusion

These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 2006.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, Sept. 1992.
- [4] ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, December 2002.
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FCC ID: BEJVS910	 PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	SAR COMPLIANCE REPORT	 LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Filename: 0Y1102080245-R4.BEJ	Test Dates: 02/09/11 - 03/28/11	EUT Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone with Bluetooth WLAN and LTE		Page 49 of 56

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FCC ID: BEJVS910	 PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	SAR COMPLIANCE REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Filename: 0Y1102080245-R4.BEJ	Test Dates: 02/09/11 - 03/28/11	EUT Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone with Bluetooth WLAN and LTE		Page 50 of 56

APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.934 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

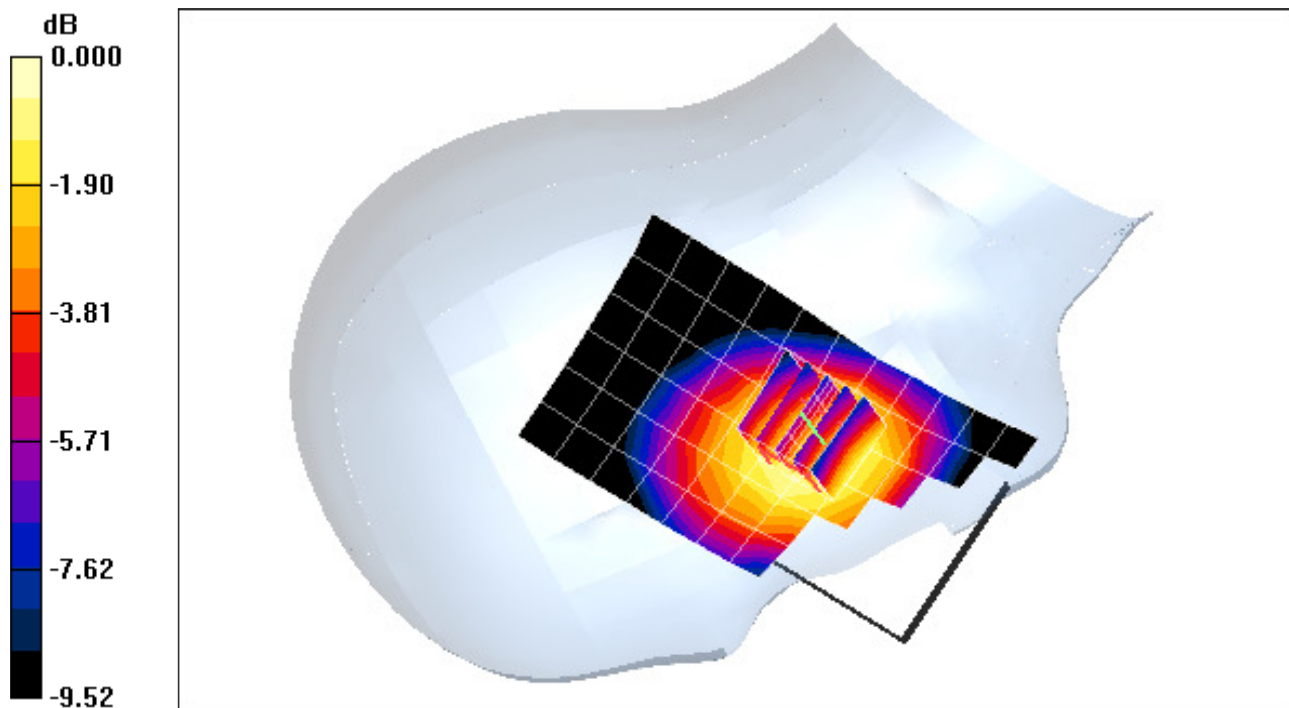
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.669 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g



0 dB = 0.549mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.934 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

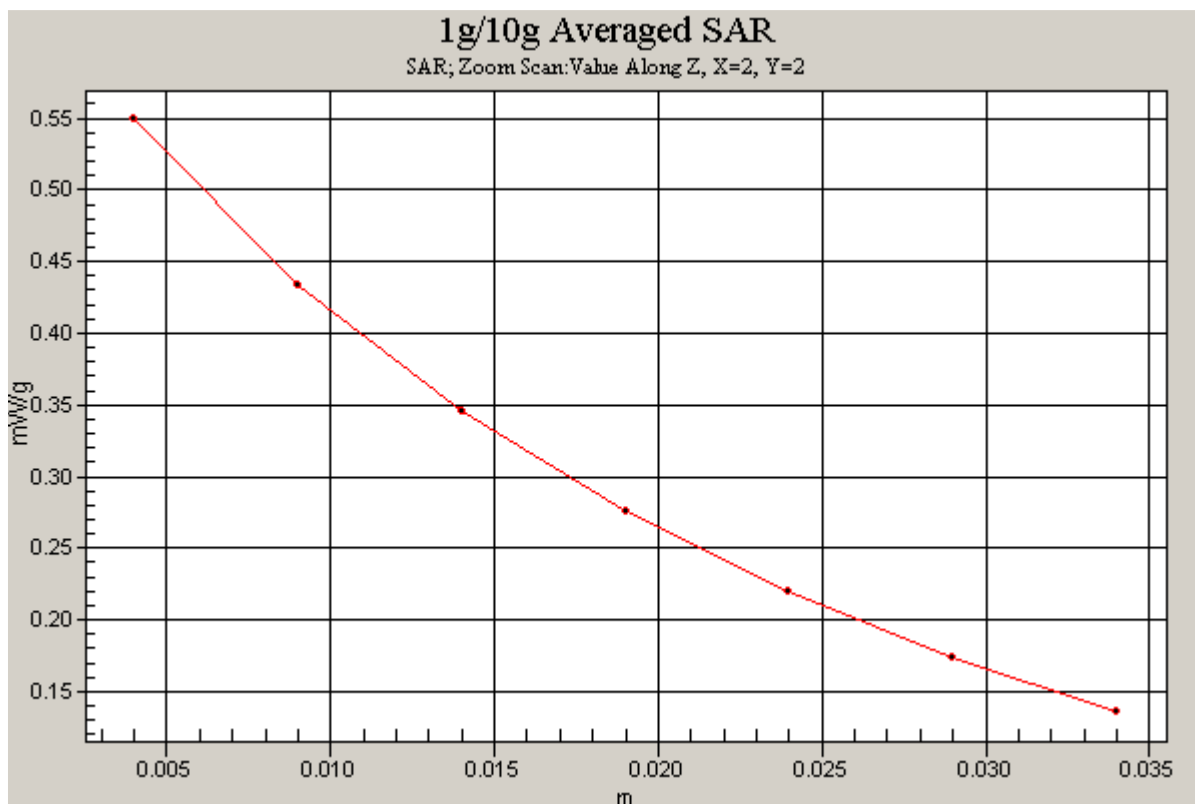
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.669 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.934 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

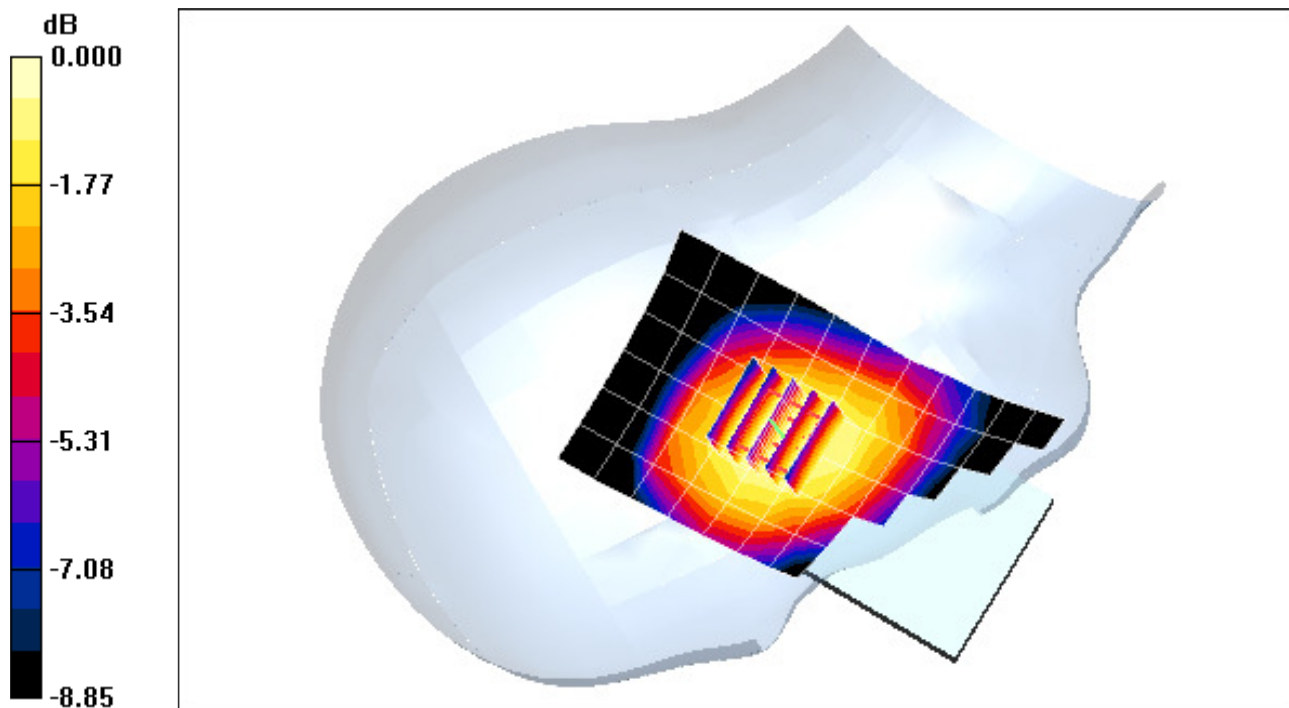
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.481 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.389 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g



0 dB = 0.408mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.934 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

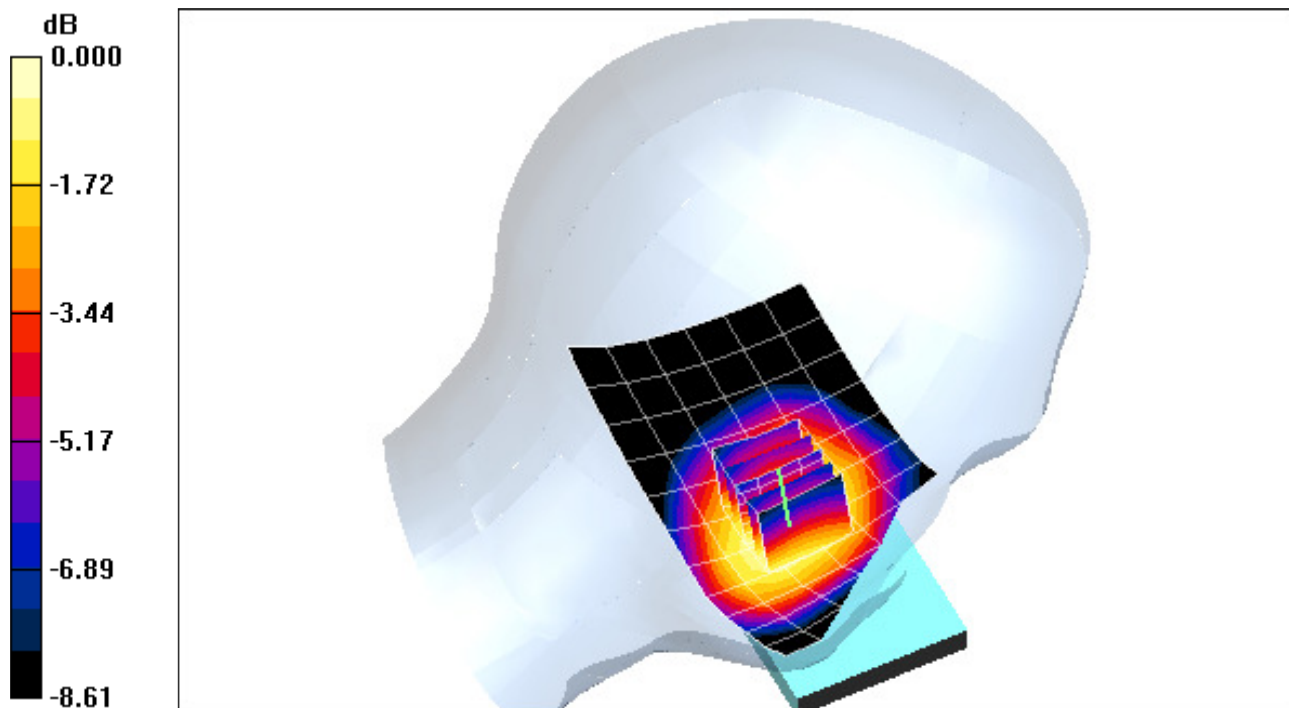
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 23.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.568 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/g



0 dB = 0.493mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.934 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

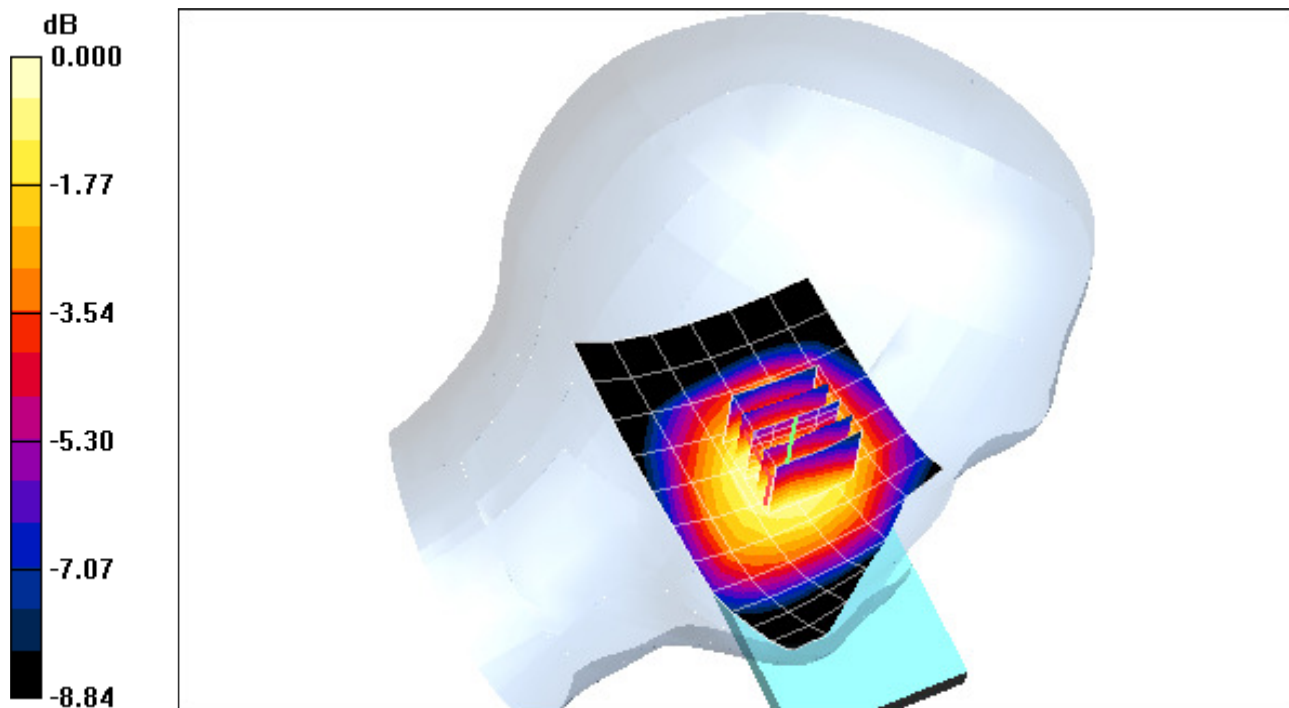
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g



0 dB = 0.396mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS CDMA, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

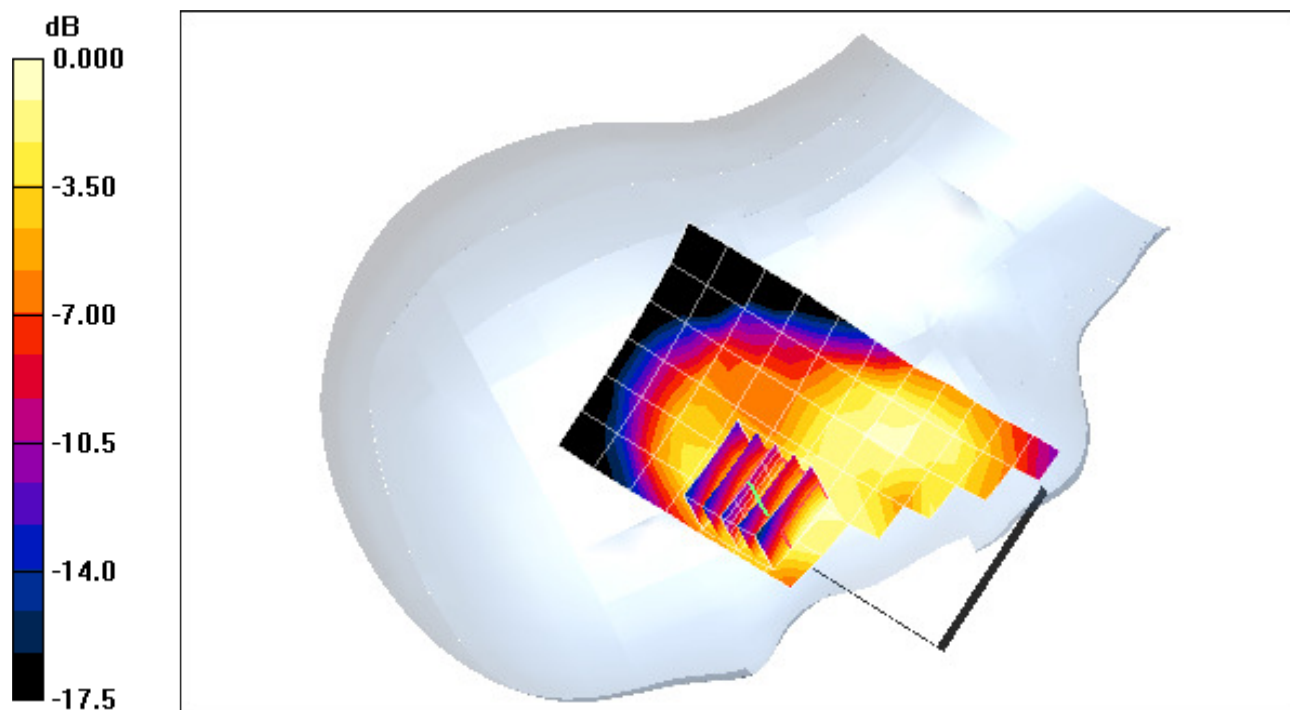
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.553 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 mW/g



0 dB = 0.391mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS CDMA, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

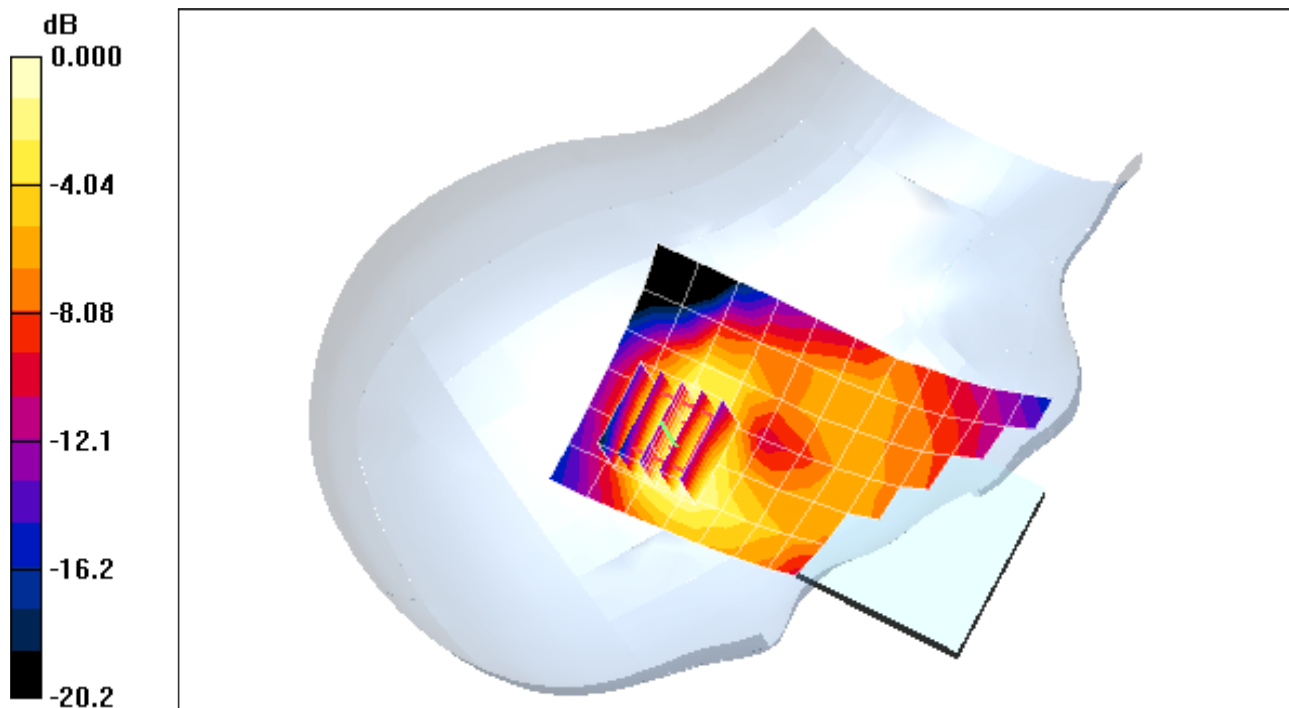
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Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.402 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.248 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/g



0 dB = 0.270mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS CDMA, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

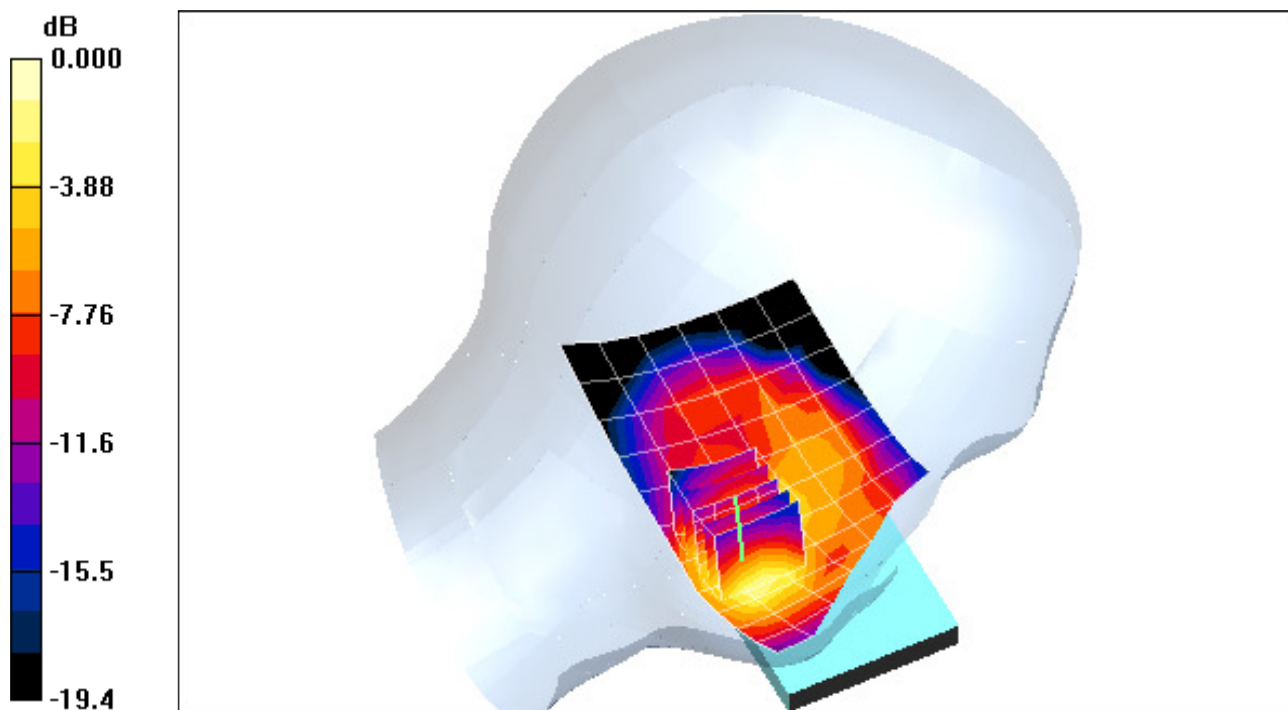
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.772 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g



0 dB = 0.850mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS CDMA, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

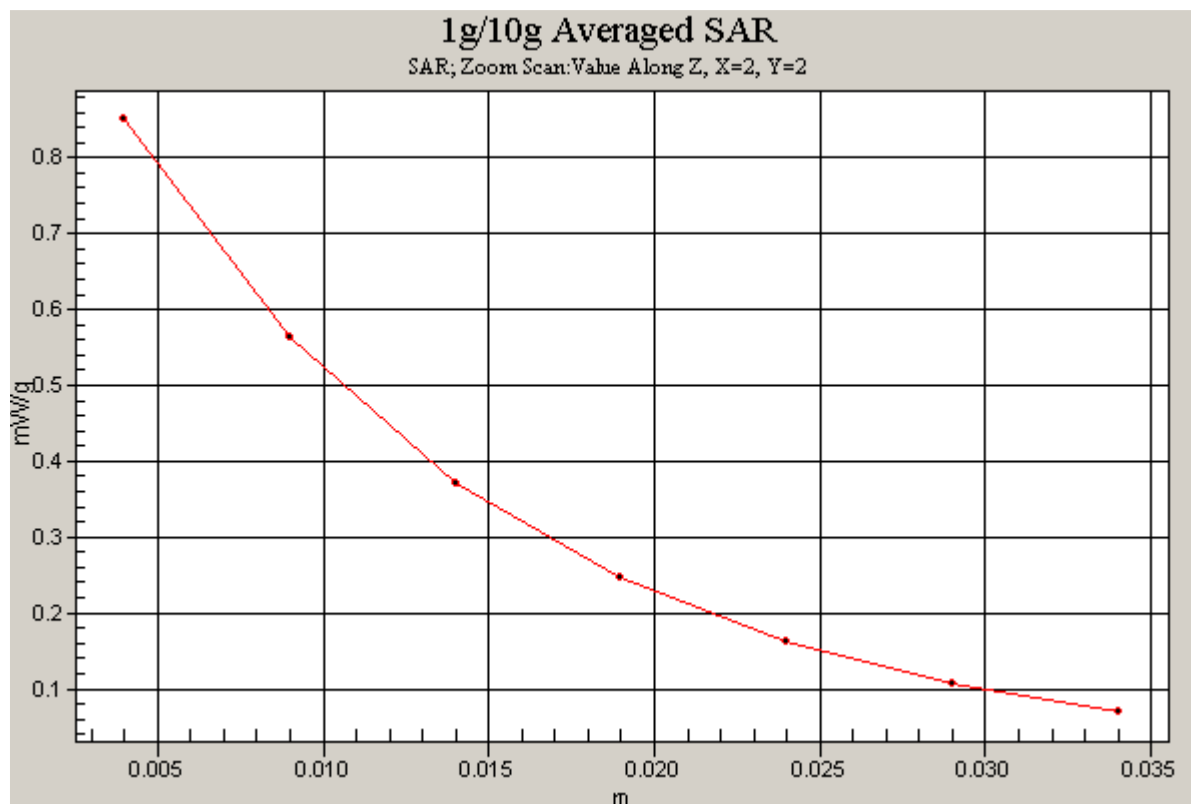
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.772 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005543-4**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS CDMA, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

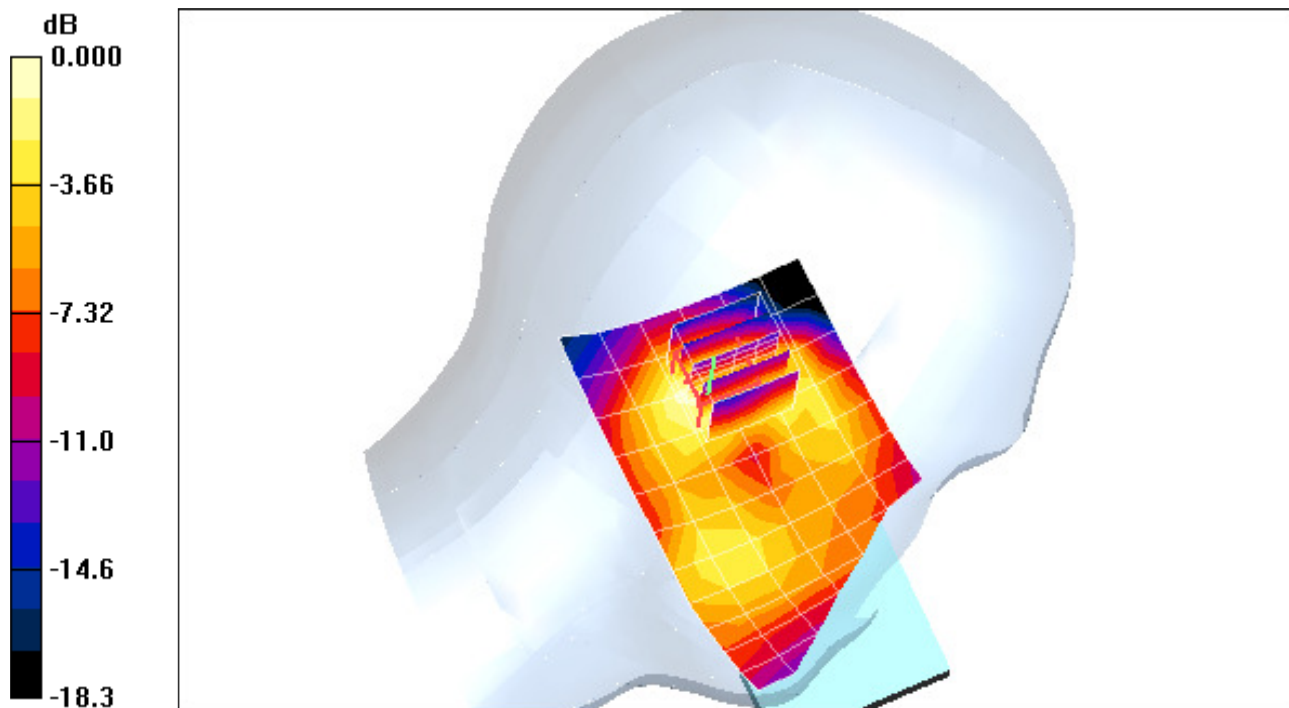
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.305 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.181 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 mW/g



0 dB = 0.198mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

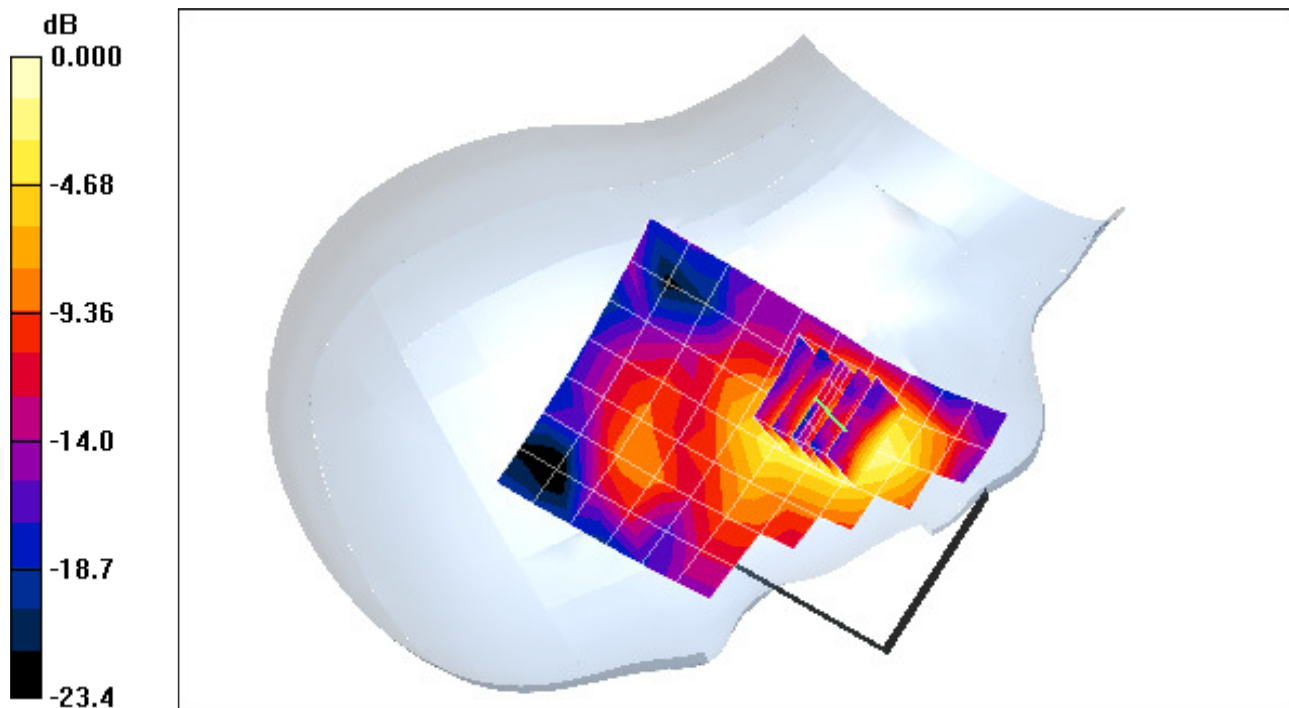
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g



0 dB = 0.072mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

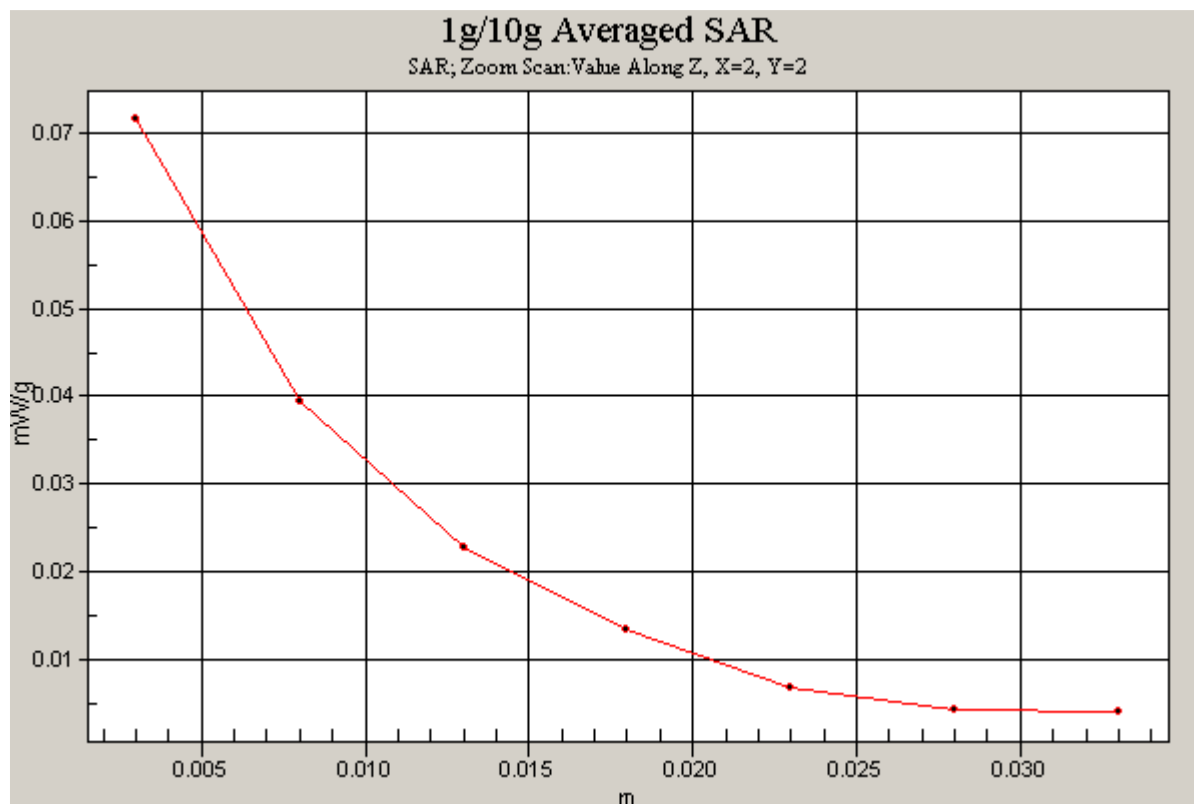
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

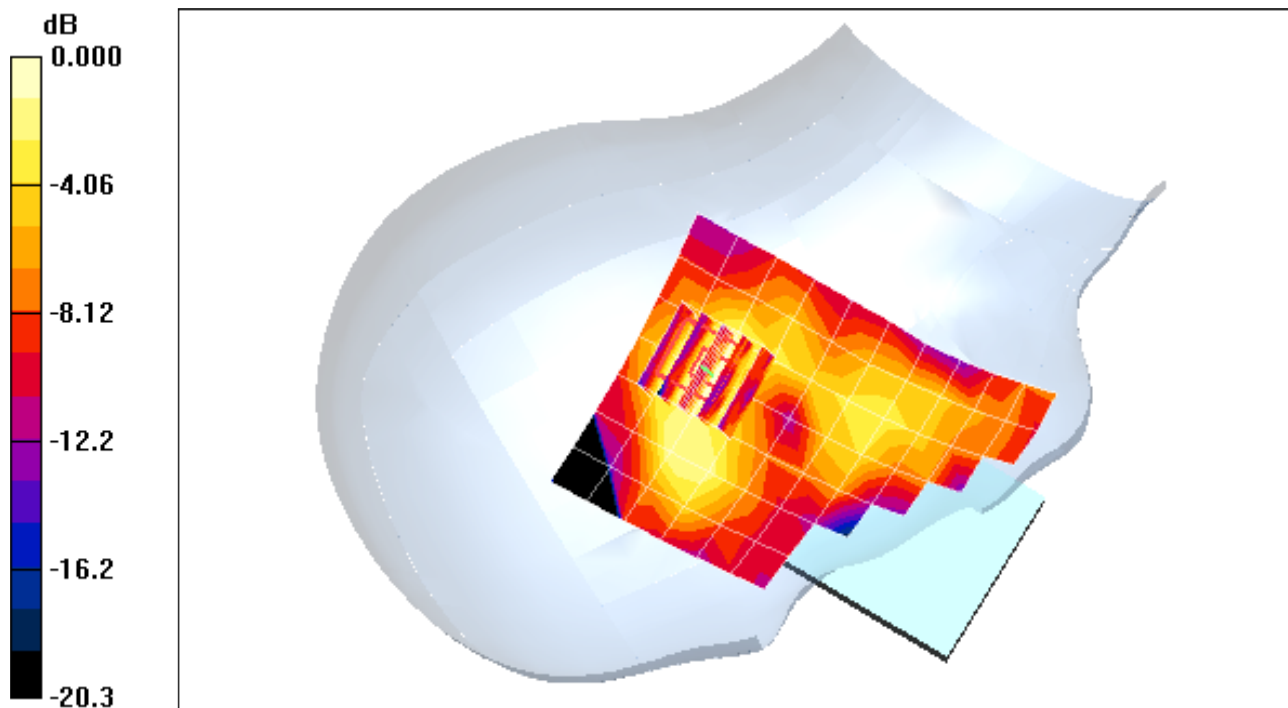
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.65 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.023 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00632 mW/g



0 dB = 0.016mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

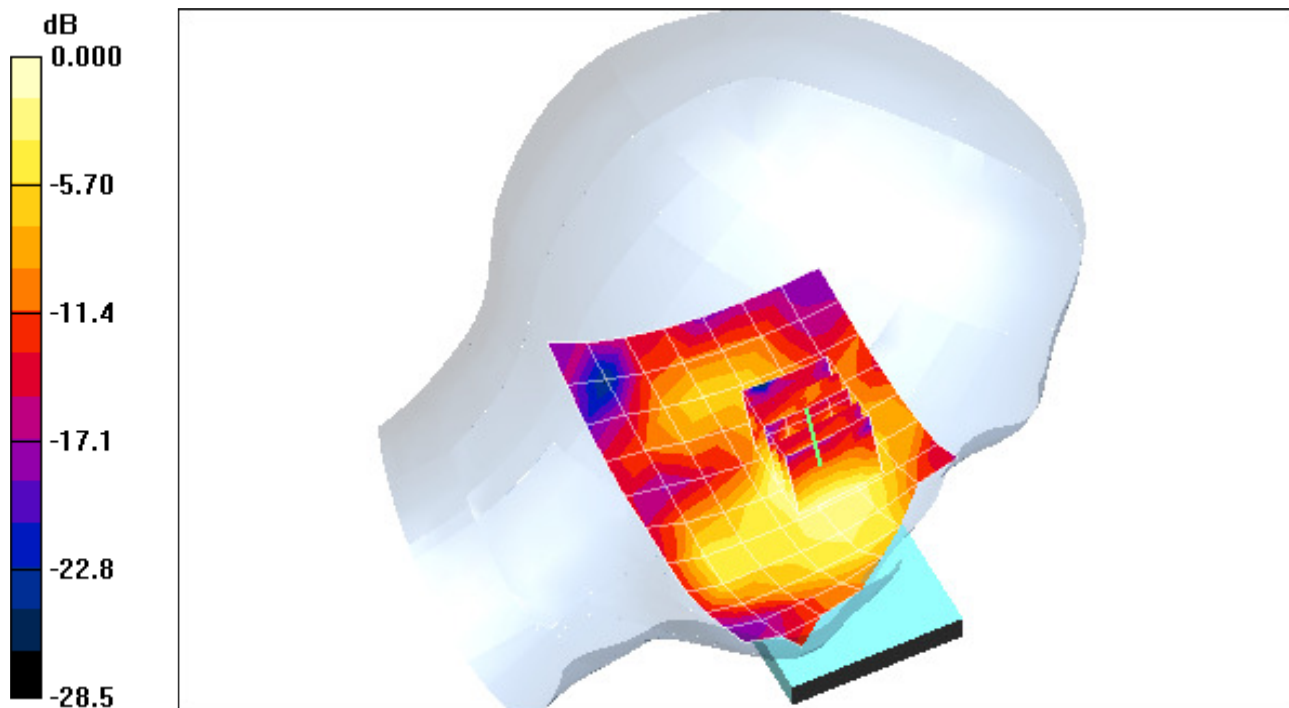
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.18 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.060 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

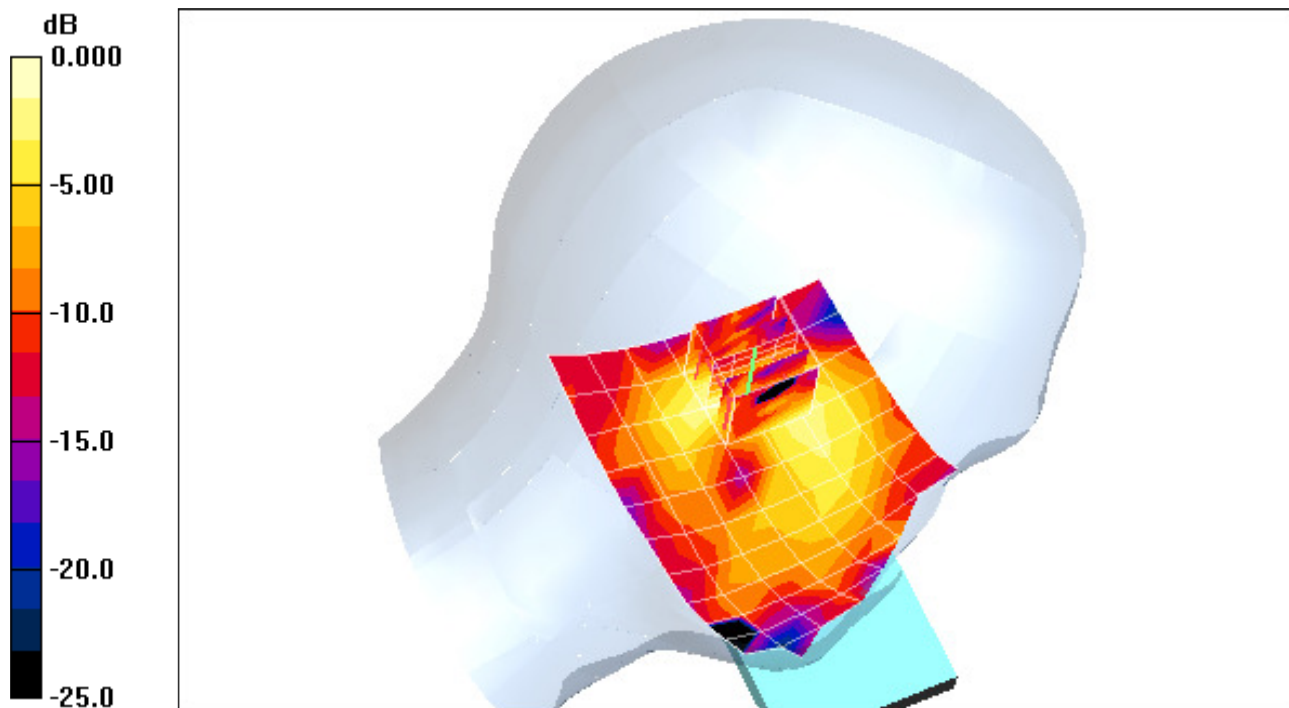
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.29 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.032 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.018 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00772 mW/g



0 dB = 0.023mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005542-6**

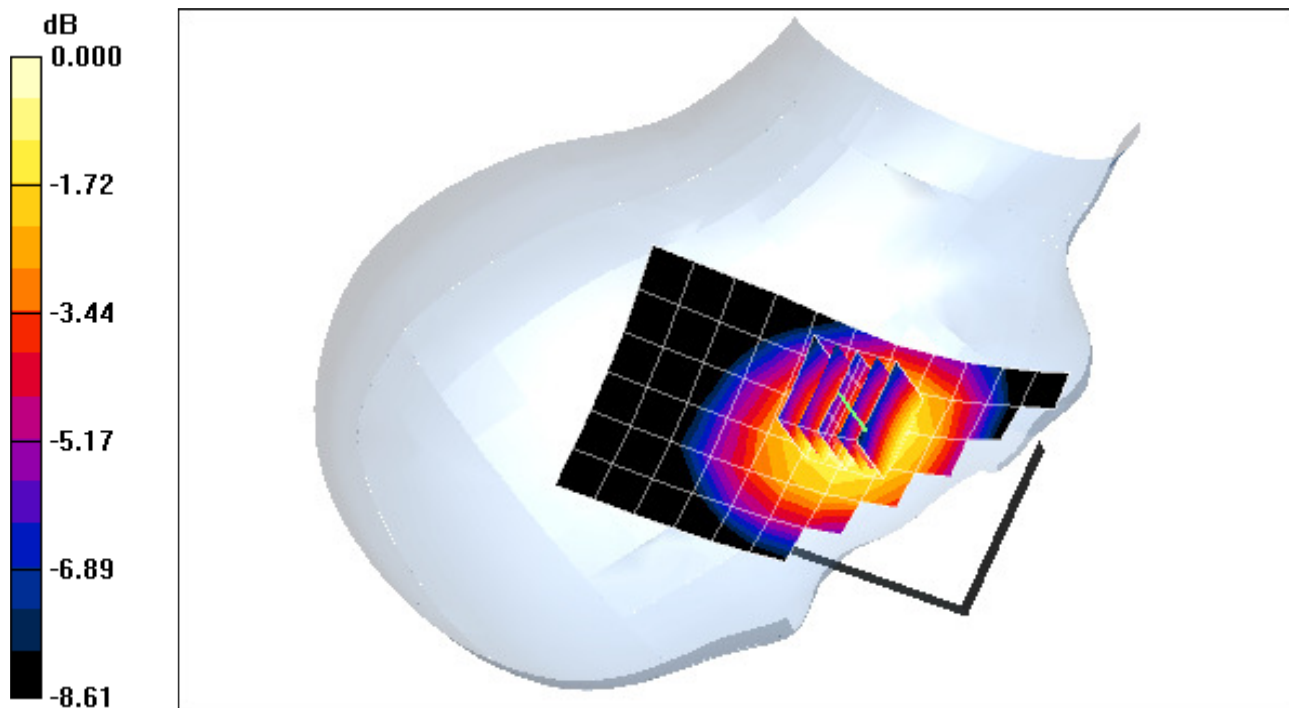
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch, 1 RB, Offset 49, QPSK

Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 27.3 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.629 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 mW/g



0 dB = 0.663mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005542 -6

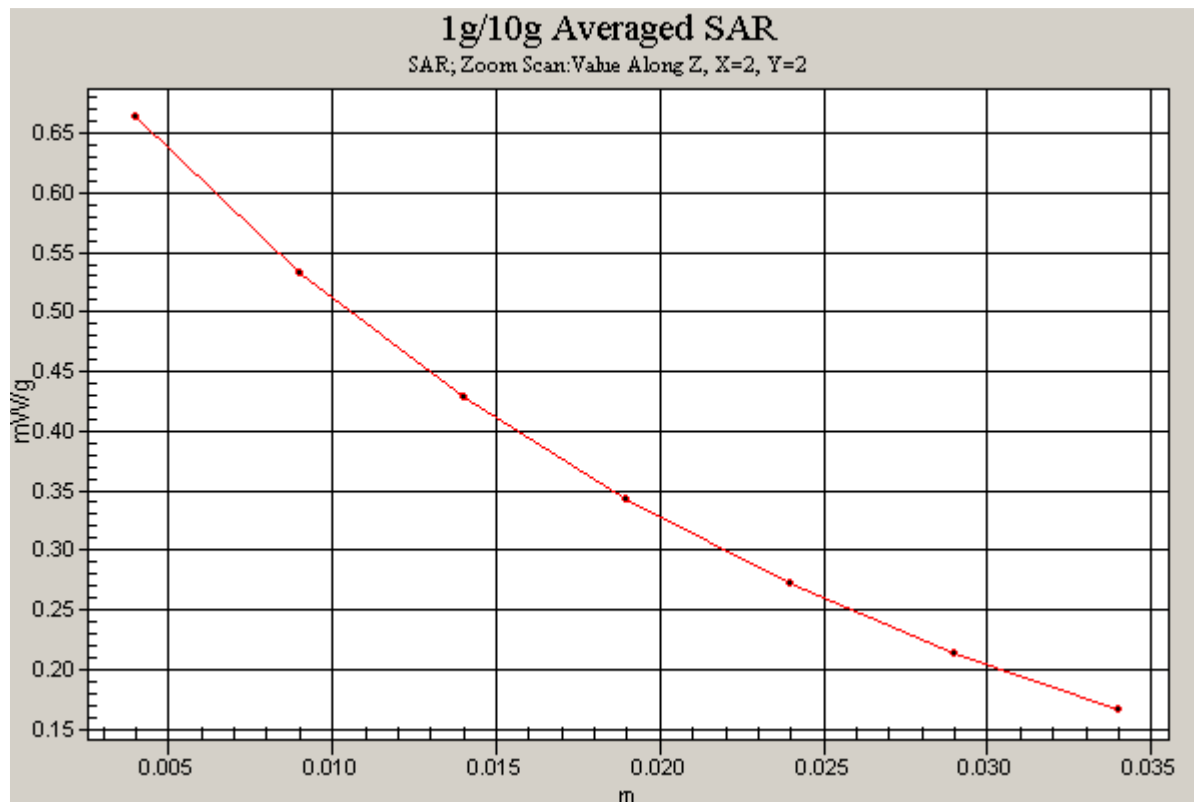
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch, 1 RB, Offset 49, QPSK

Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.3 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.629 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005542-6**

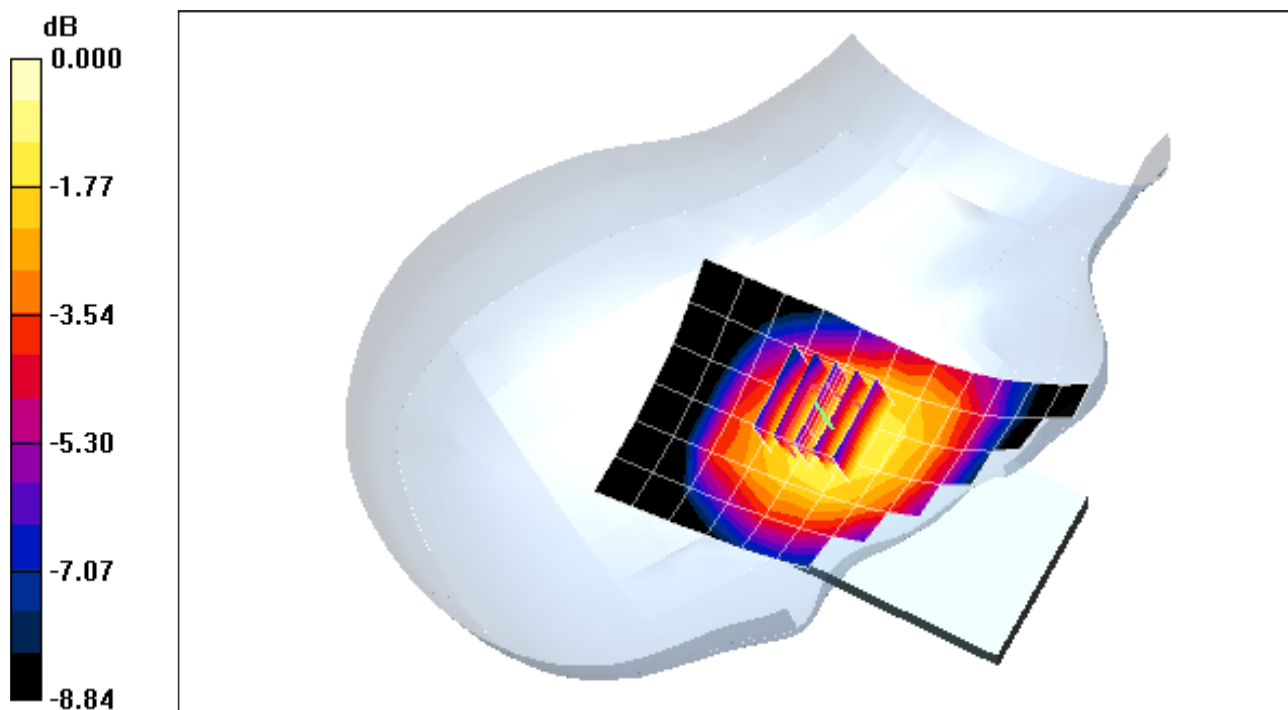
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch, 1 RB, Offset 49, QPSK

Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 20.1 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.358 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g



0 dB = 0.362mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005542-6**

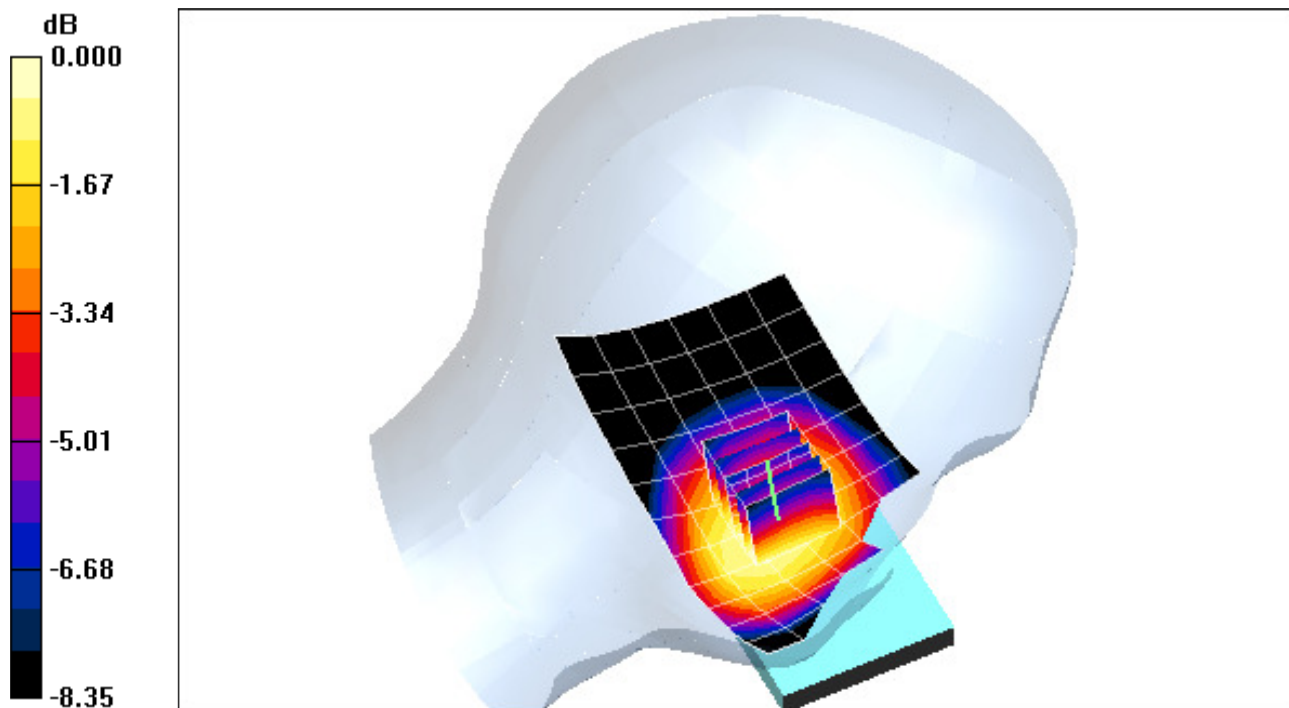
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch, 1 RB, Offset 49, QPSK

Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 24.4 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.640 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.517 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 mW/g



0 dB = 0.543mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005542-6**

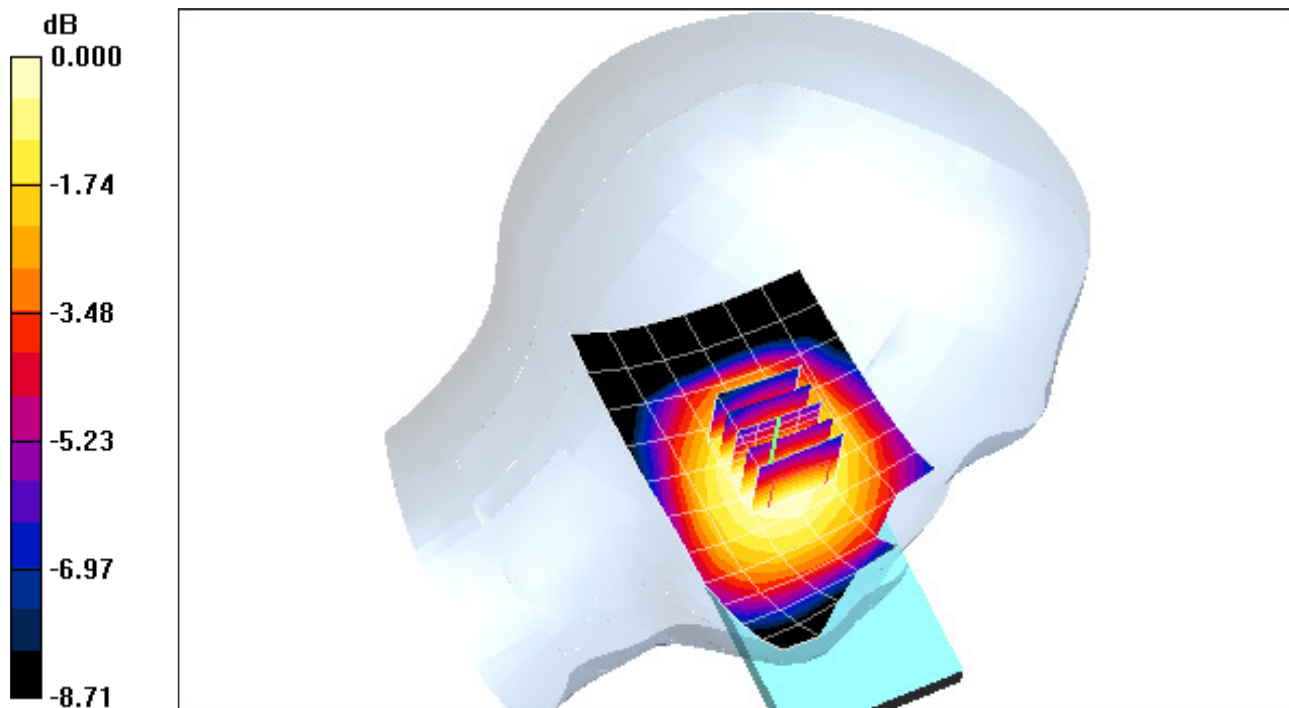
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch, 1 RB, Offset 49, QPSK

Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 18.9 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.386 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.315 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g



0 dB = 0.328mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.956 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

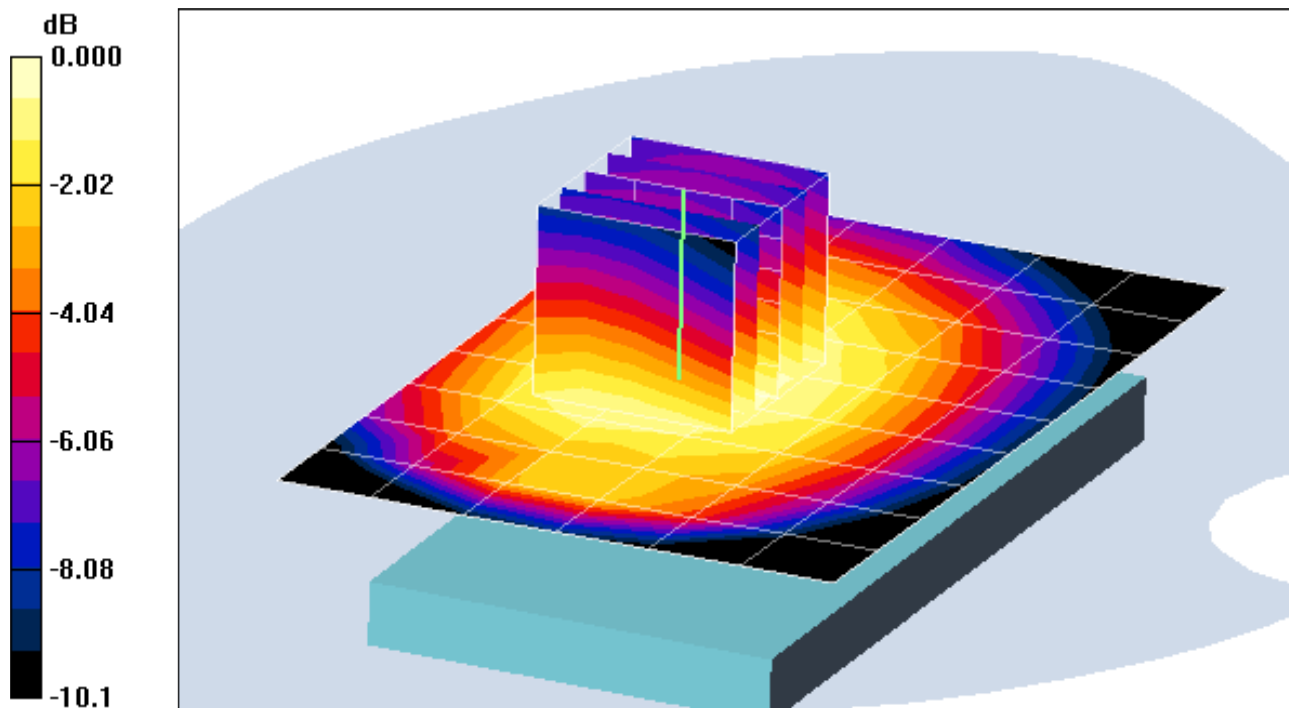
Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.706 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.554 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g



0 dB = 0.586mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.956 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

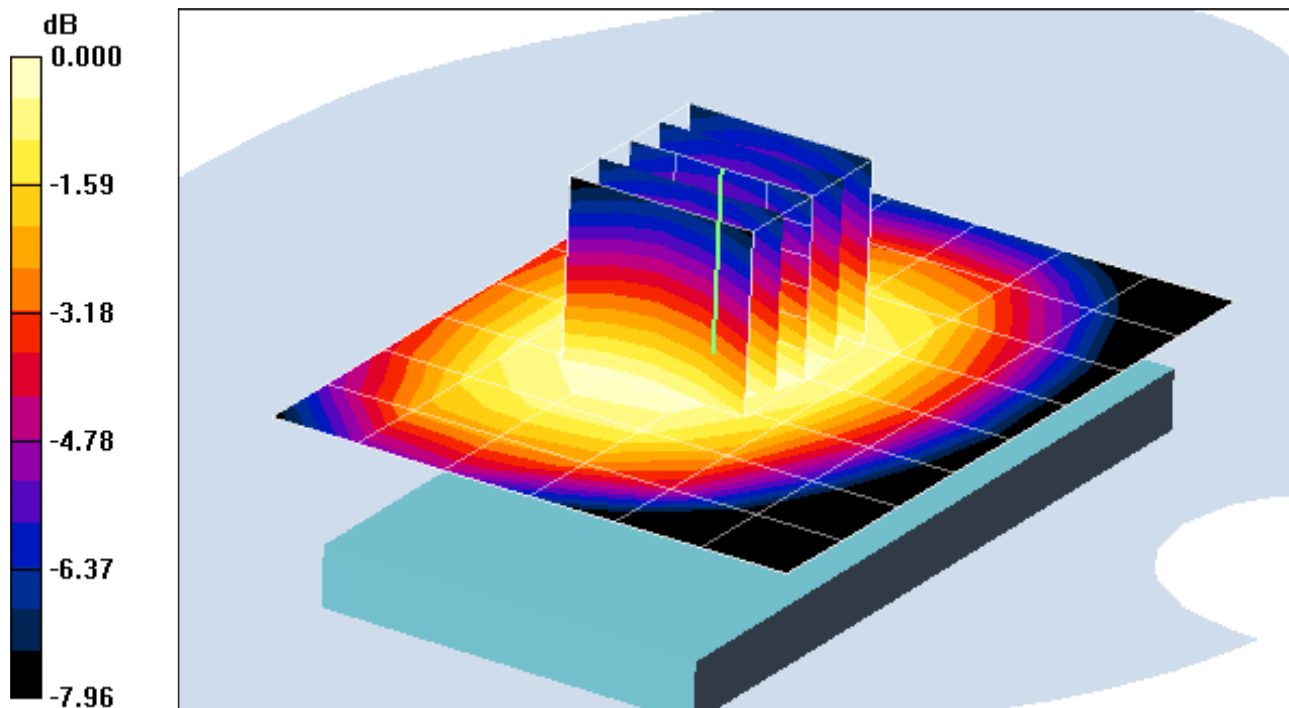
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.602 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 mW/g



0 dB = 0.508mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.956 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

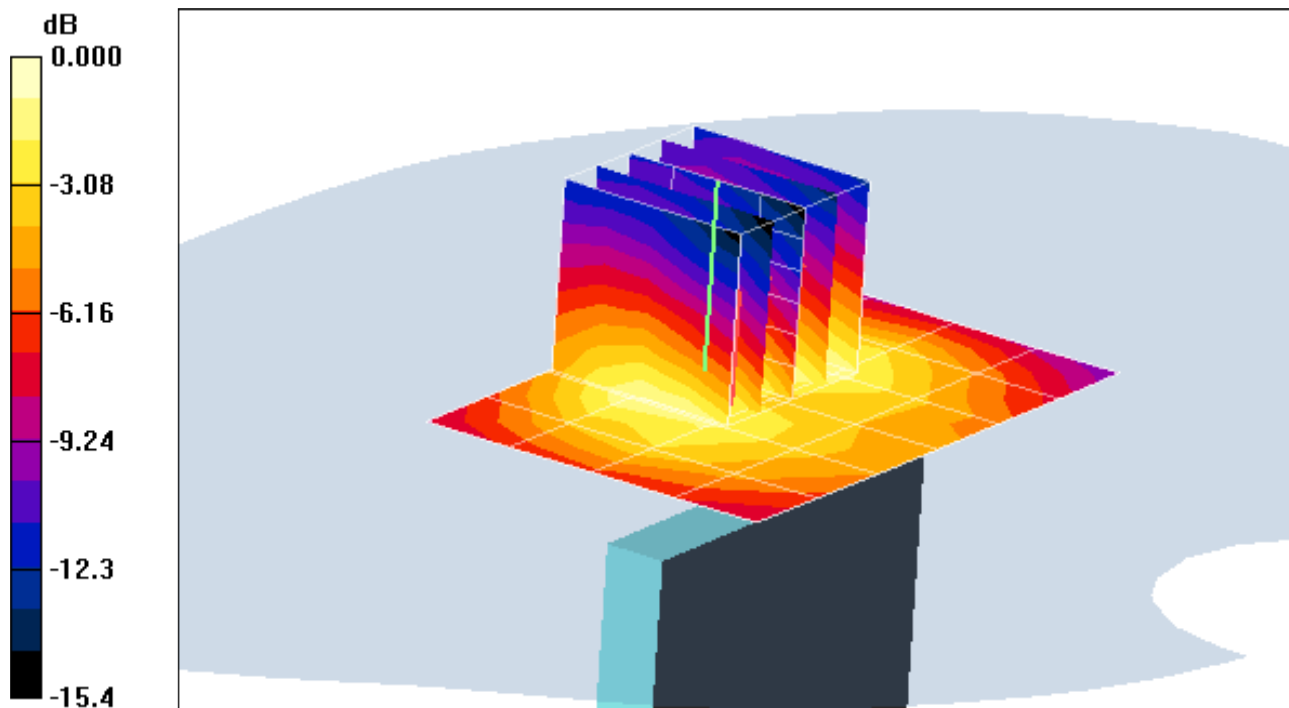
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g



0 dB = 0.129mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.956 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

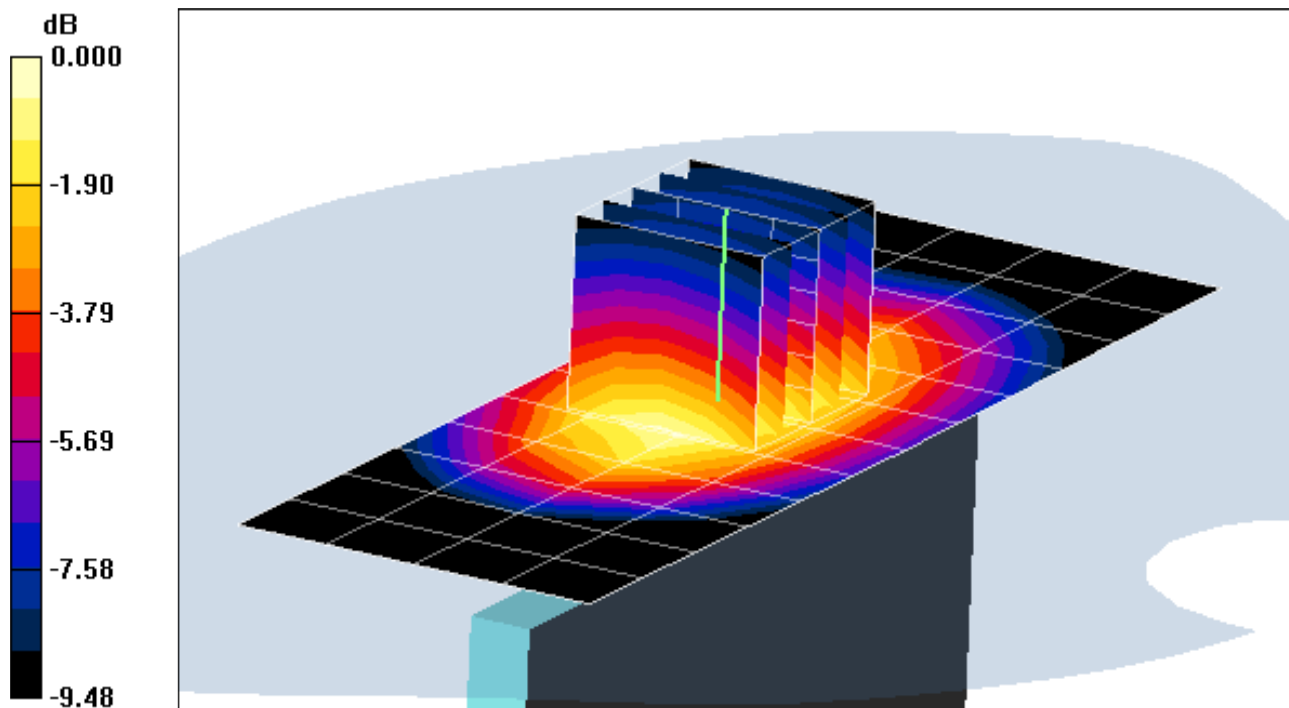
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 27.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.904 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.635 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 mW/g



0 dB = 0.680mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.956 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

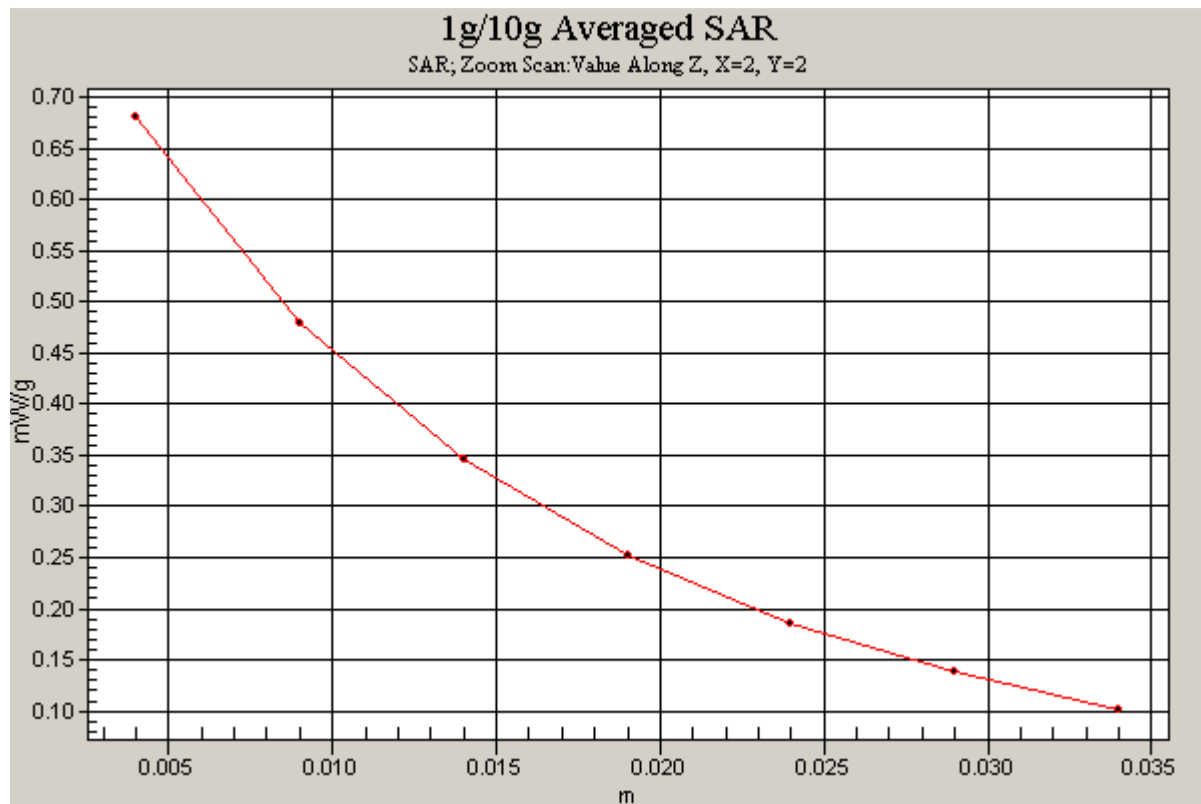
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.904 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.635 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.956 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

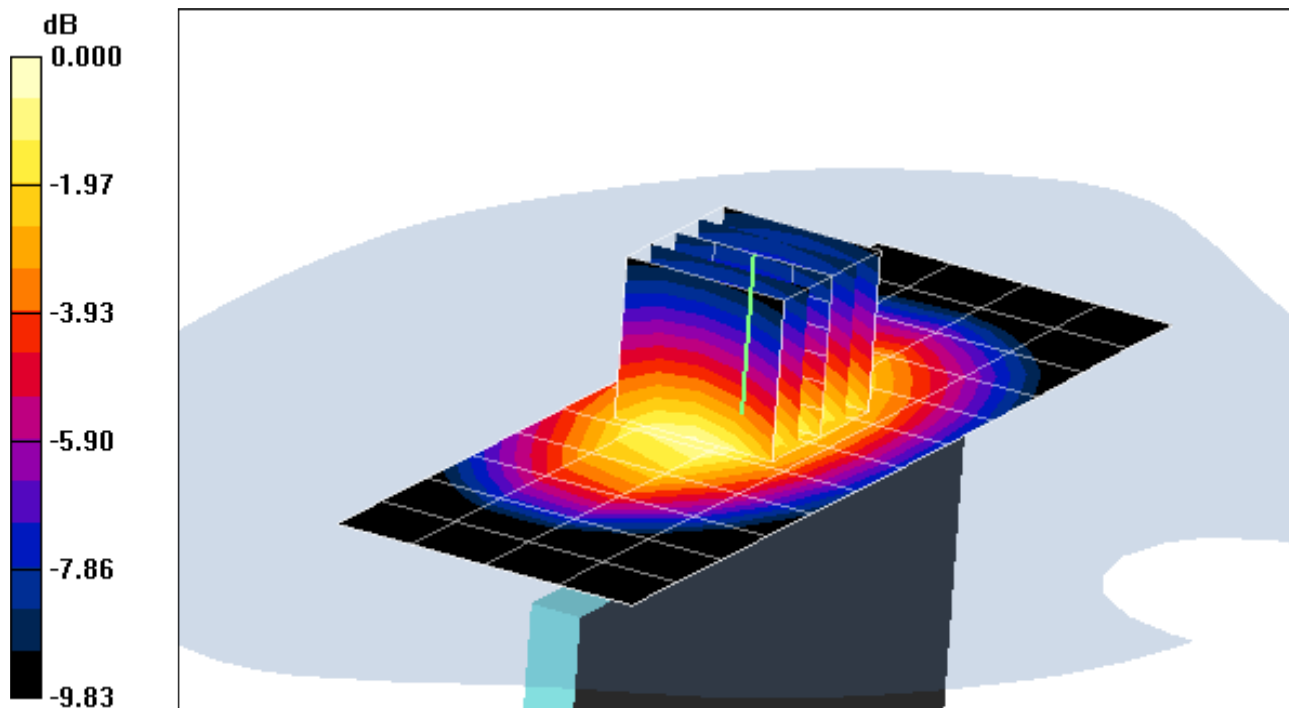
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.643 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.448 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 mW/g



0 dB = 0.482mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS CDMA, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

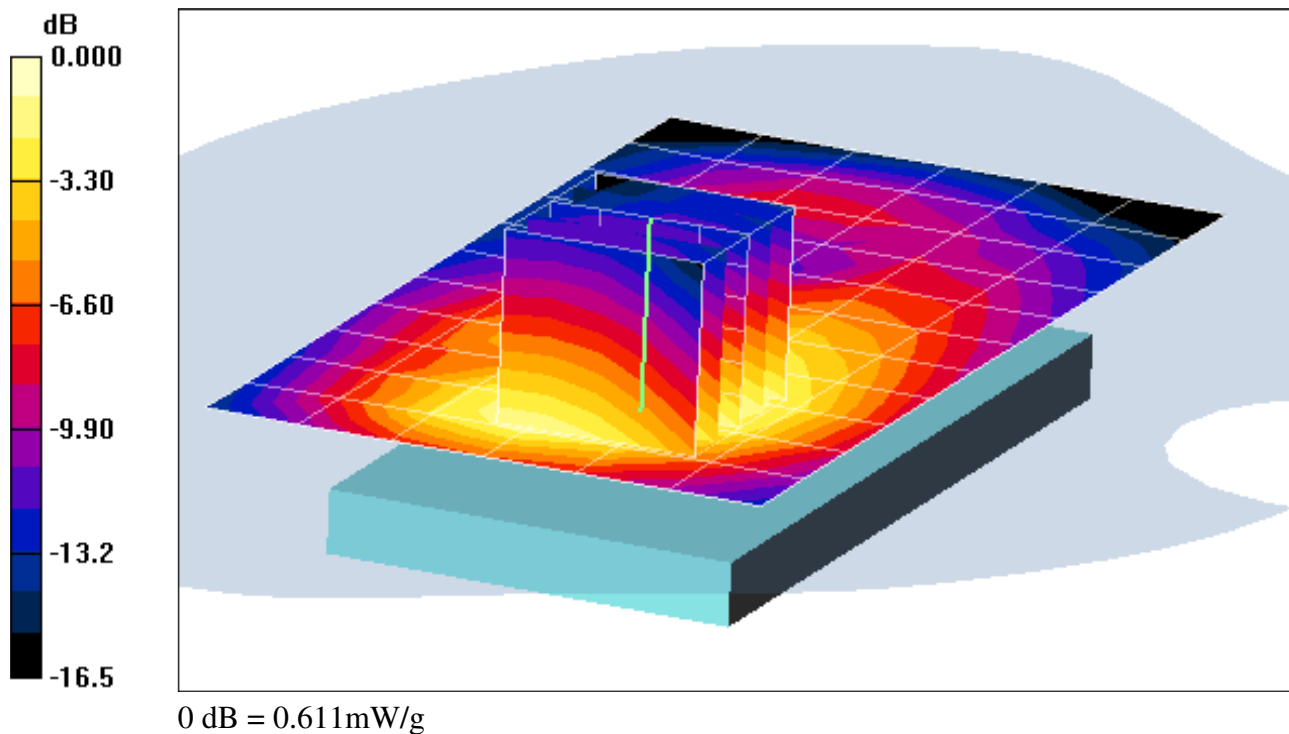
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.903 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.561 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005641-6**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2010; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

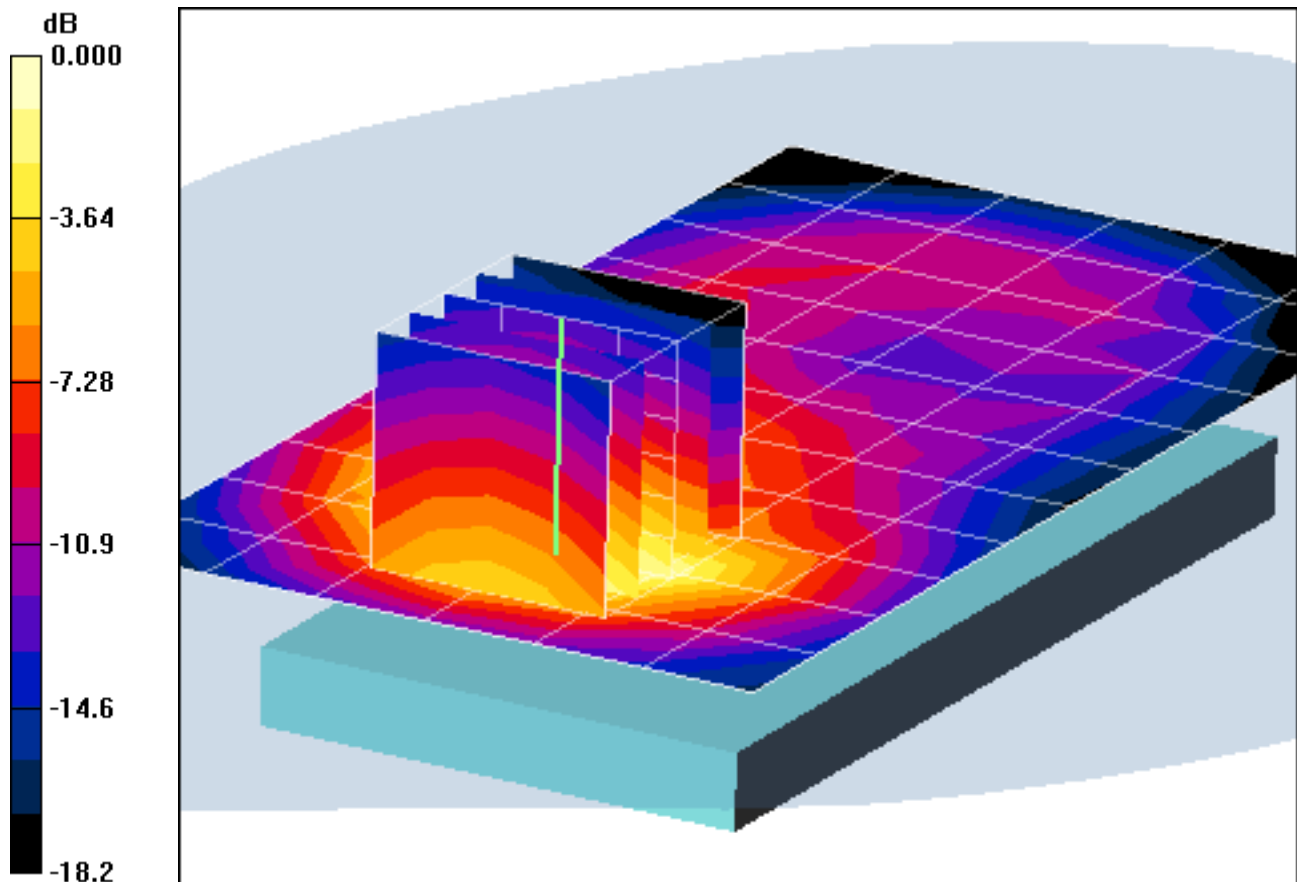
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.787 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g



0 dB = 0.837mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005641-6**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}; \epsilon_r = 50.8; \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2010; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

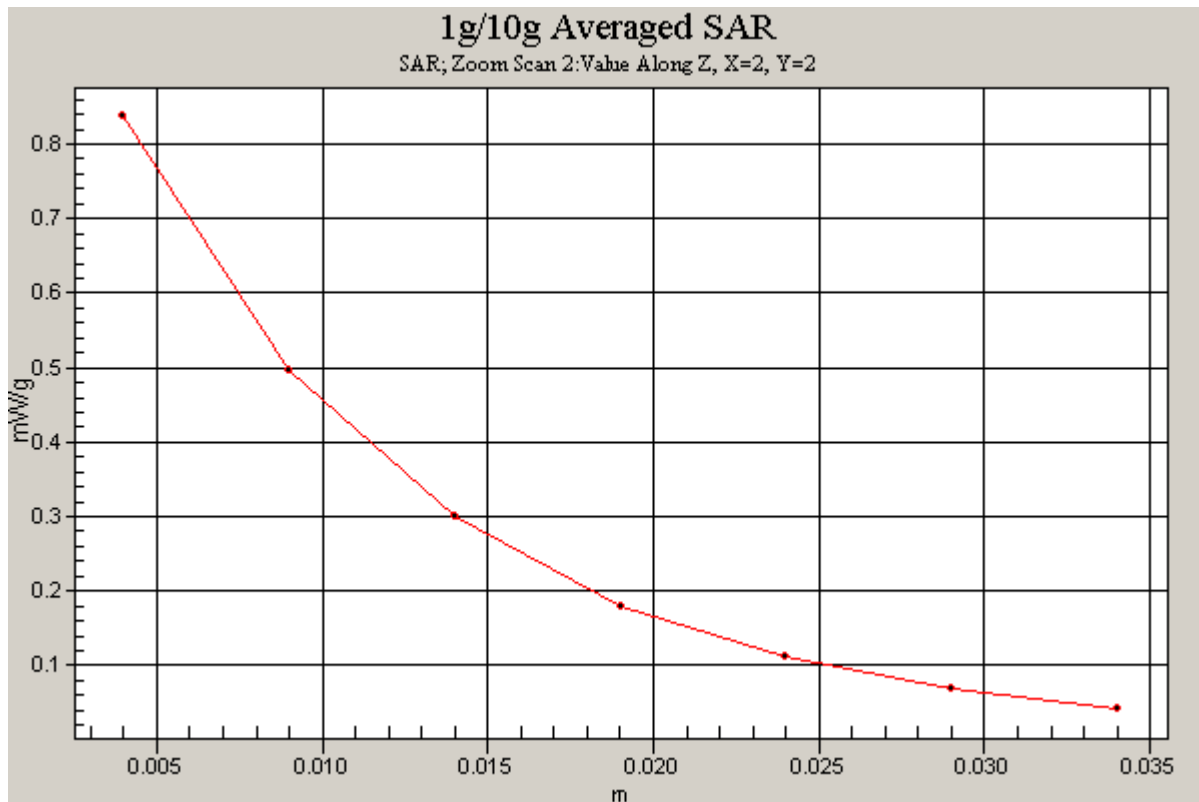
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.787 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005641-6**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2010; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

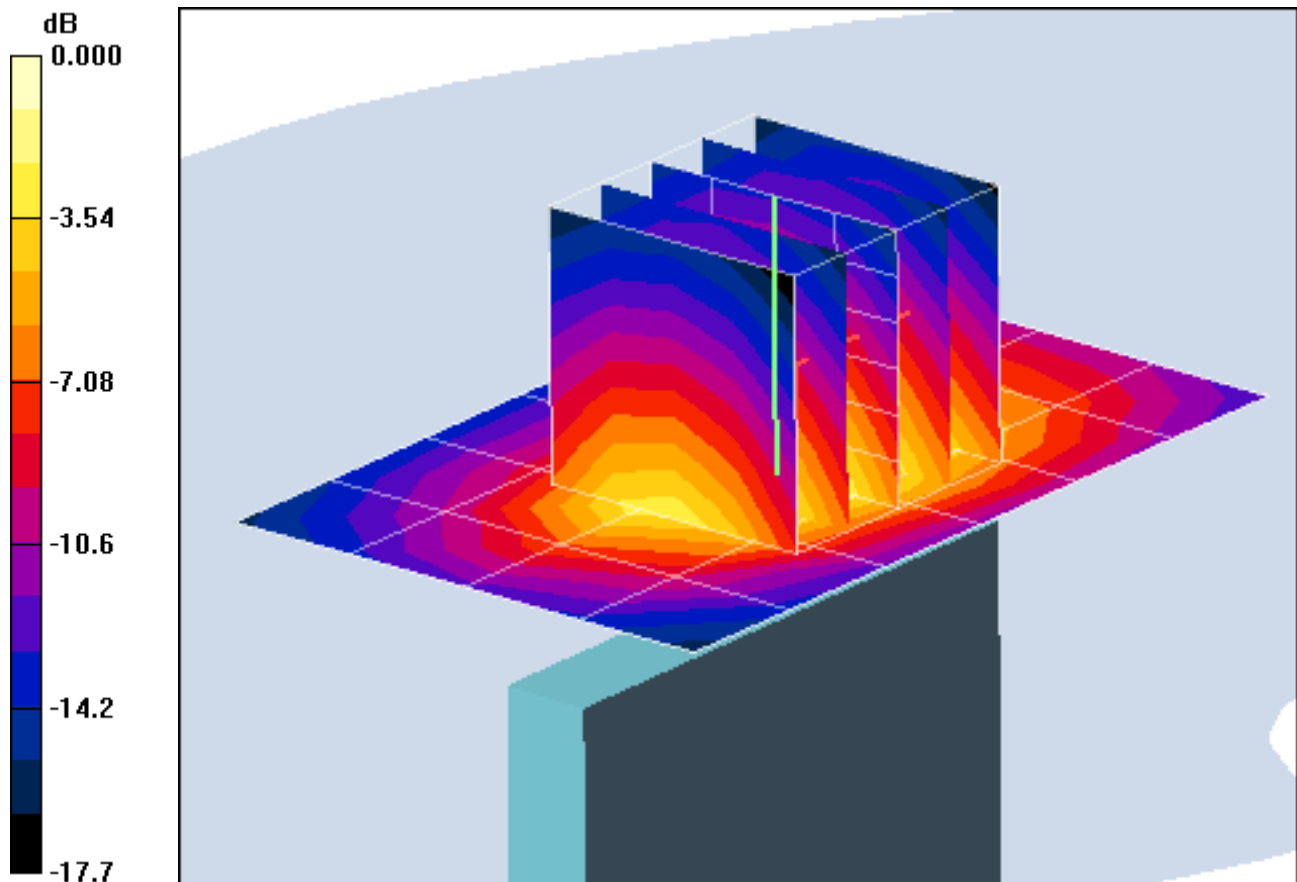
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.762 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.403 mW/g



0 dB = 0.869mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005641-6**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2010; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

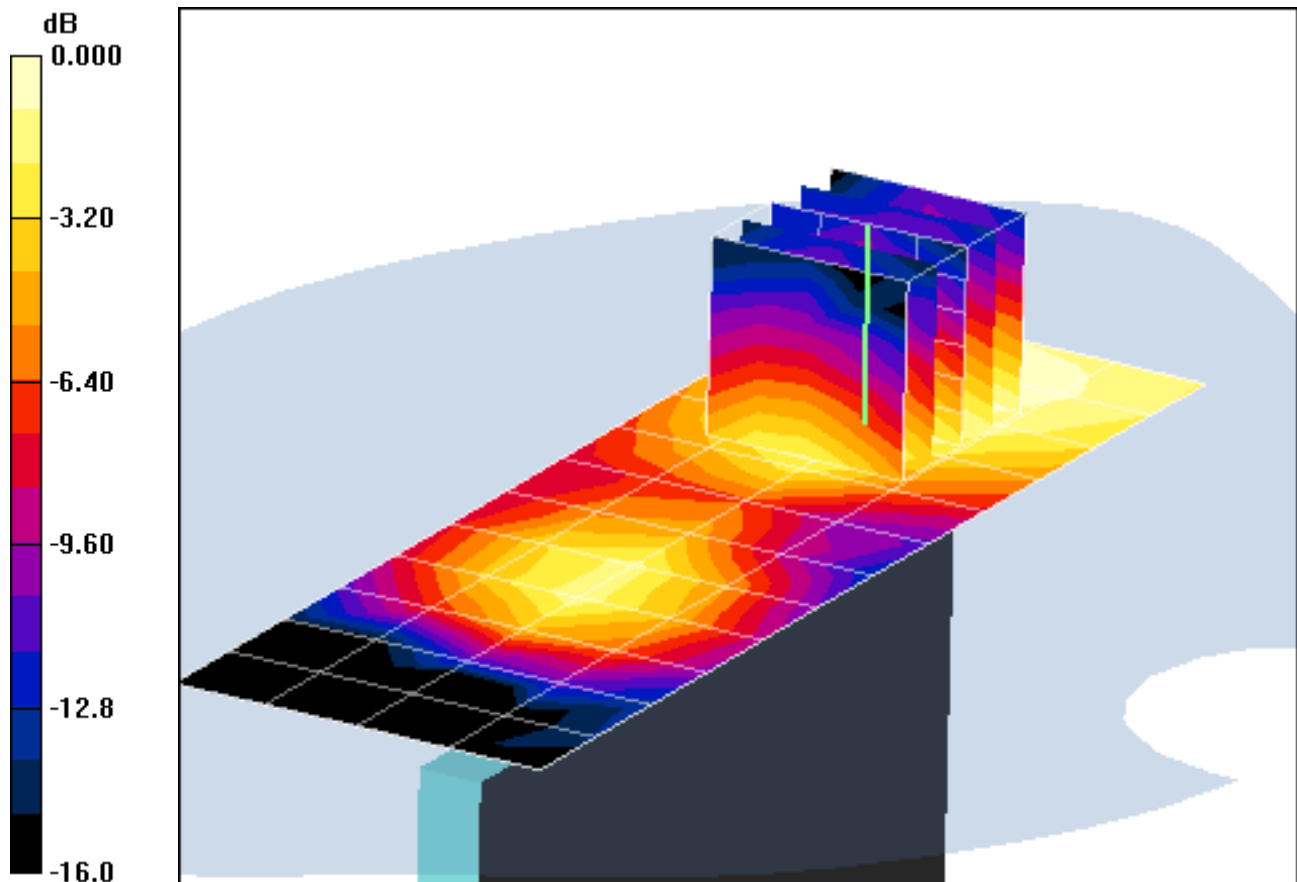
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.95 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.132 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g



0 dB = 0.090mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005641-6**

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2010; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

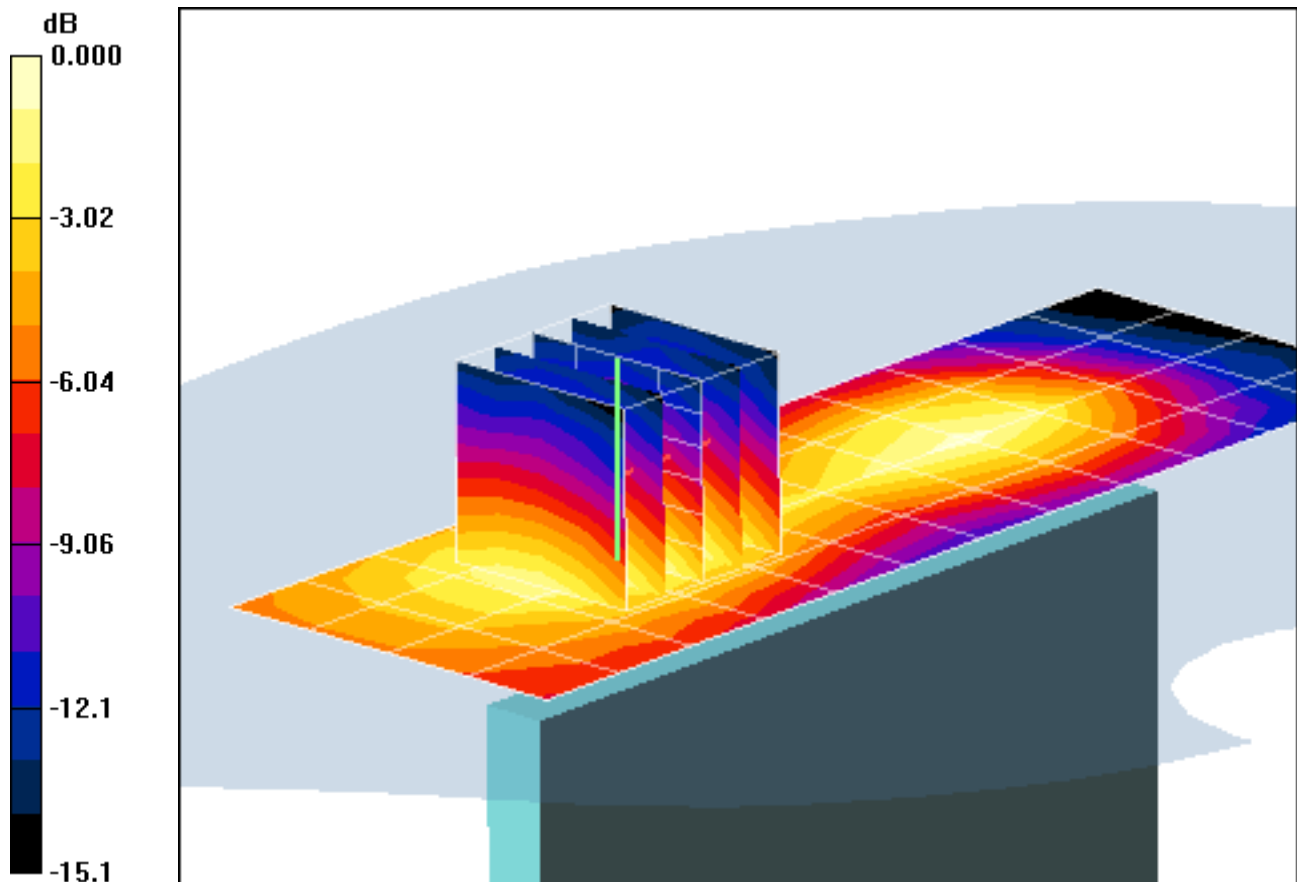
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.300 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.186 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 mW/g



0 dB = 0.204mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.9 ° C; Tissue Temp: 23.5 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 1/26/2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side

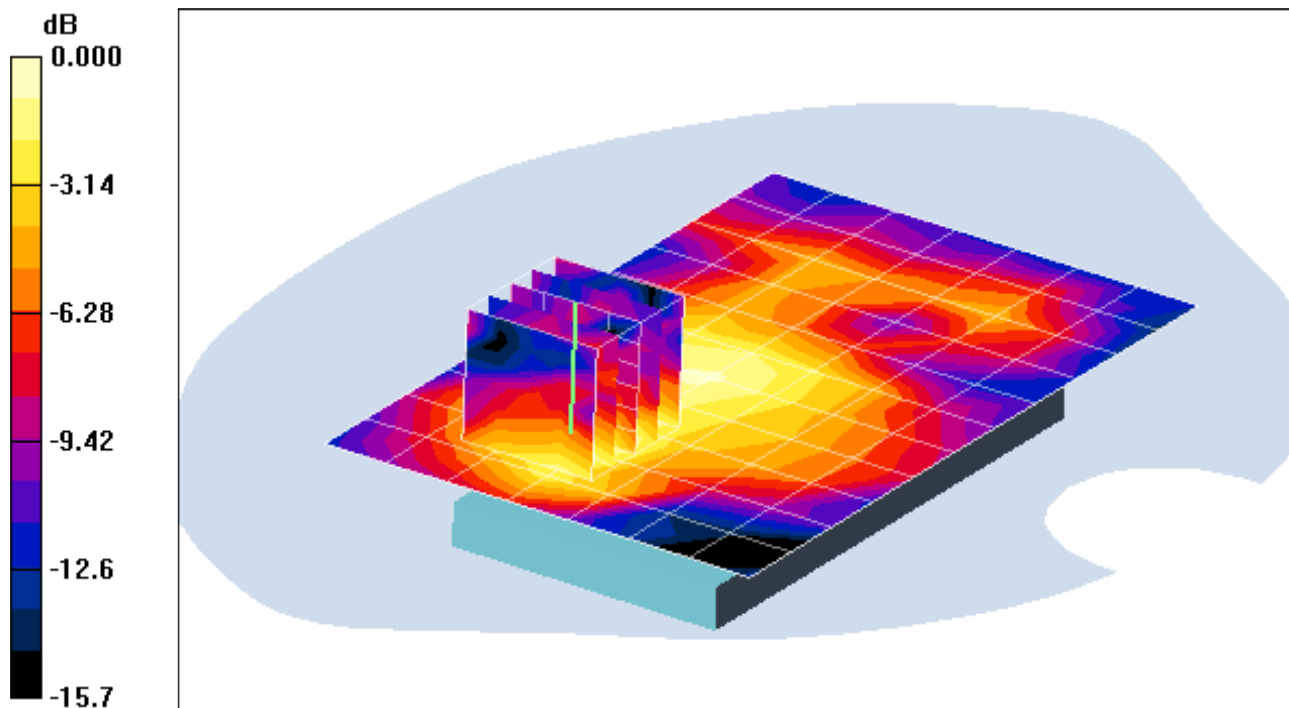
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.00 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.030 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.019 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00938 mW/g



0 dB = 0.023mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.9 ° C; Tissue Temp: 23.5 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 1/26/2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Front Side

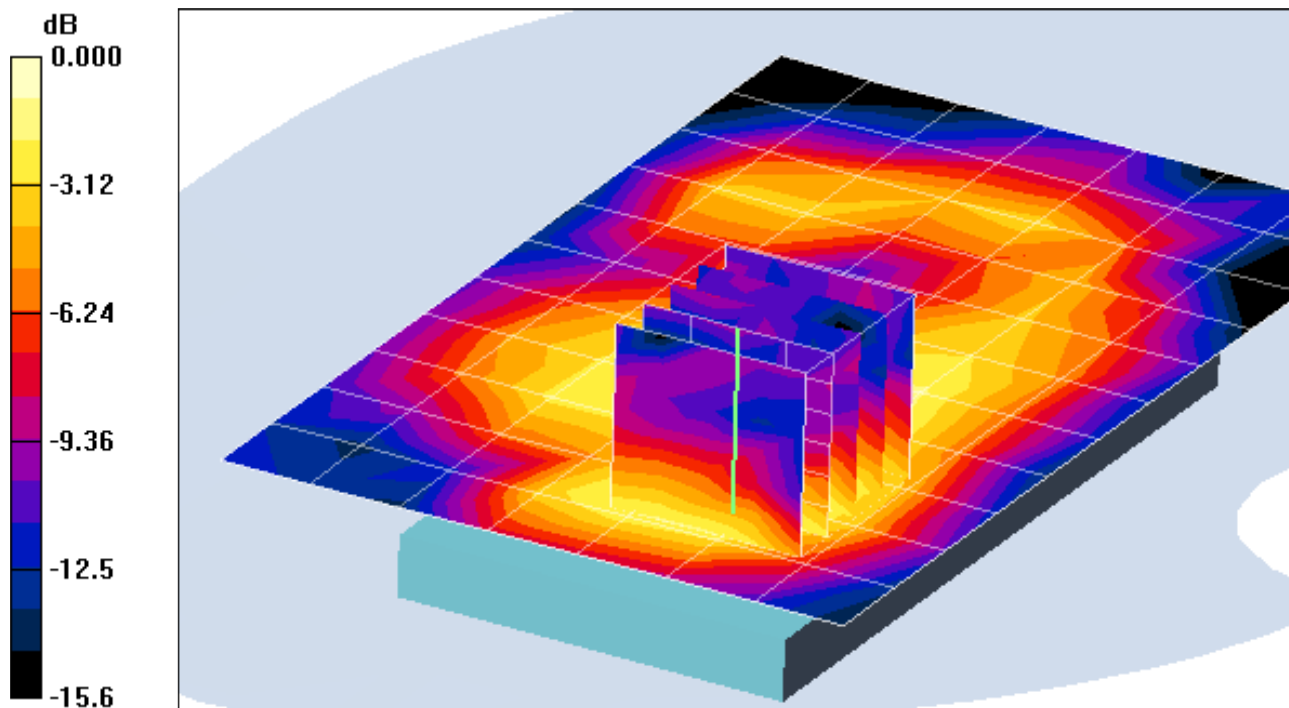
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.69 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.039 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g



0 dB = 0.031mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.9 ° C; Tissue Temp: 23.5 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 1/26/2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps Bottom Edge

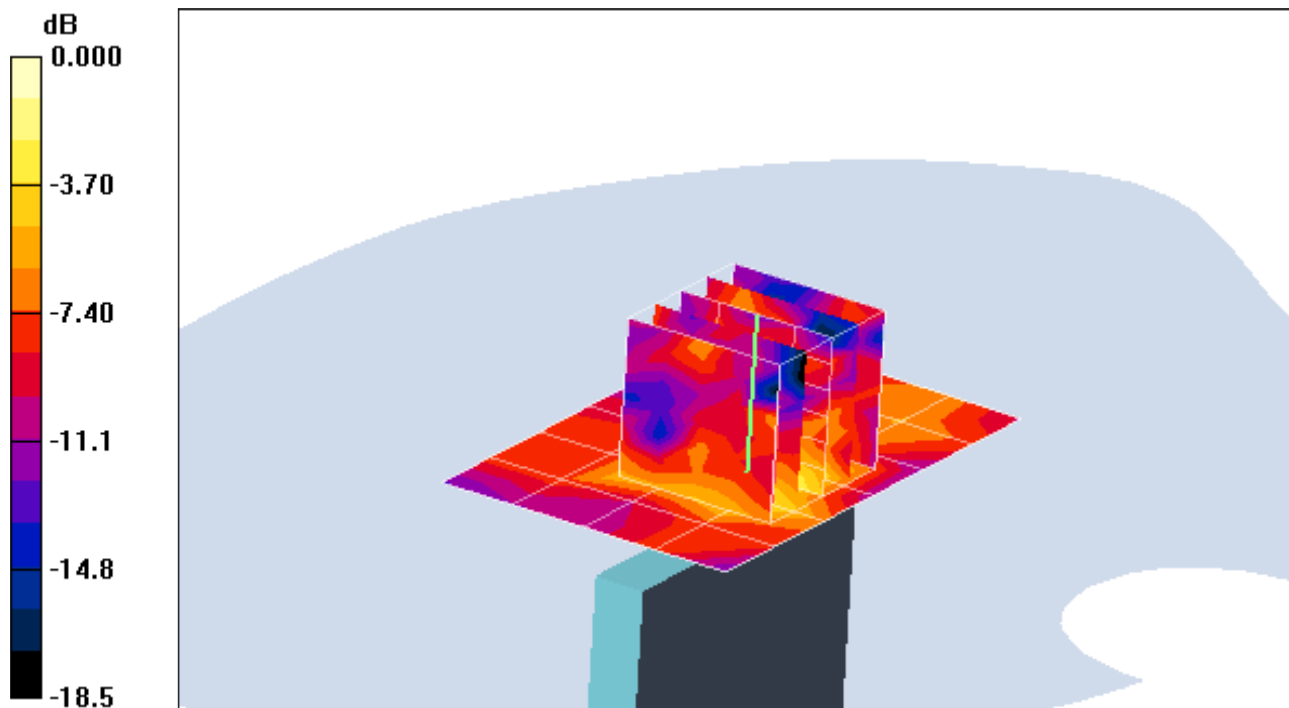
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.56 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00663 mW/g



0 dB = 0.019mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.9 ° C; Tissue Temp: 23.5 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 1/26/2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Right Edge

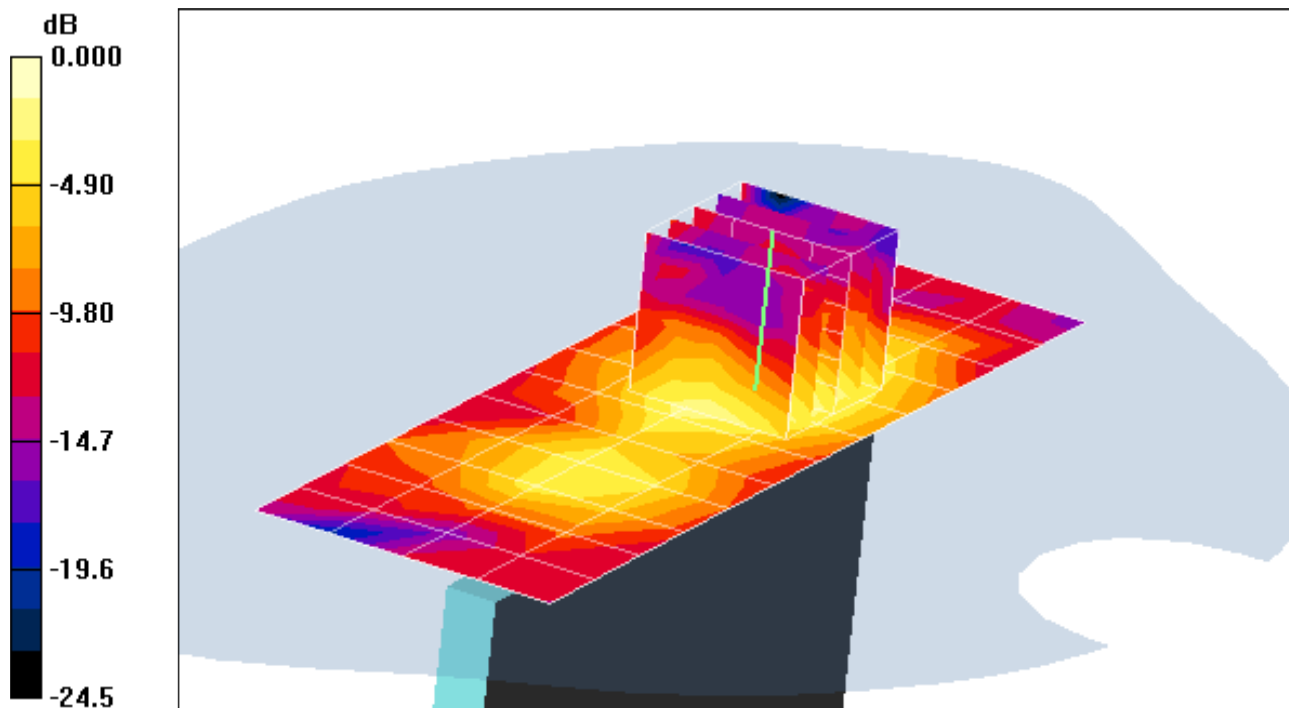
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.39 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.063 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g



0 dB = 0.045mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: IMEI: 990000-44-005640-8**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.9 ° C; Tissue Temp: 23.5 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 1/26/2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Right Edge

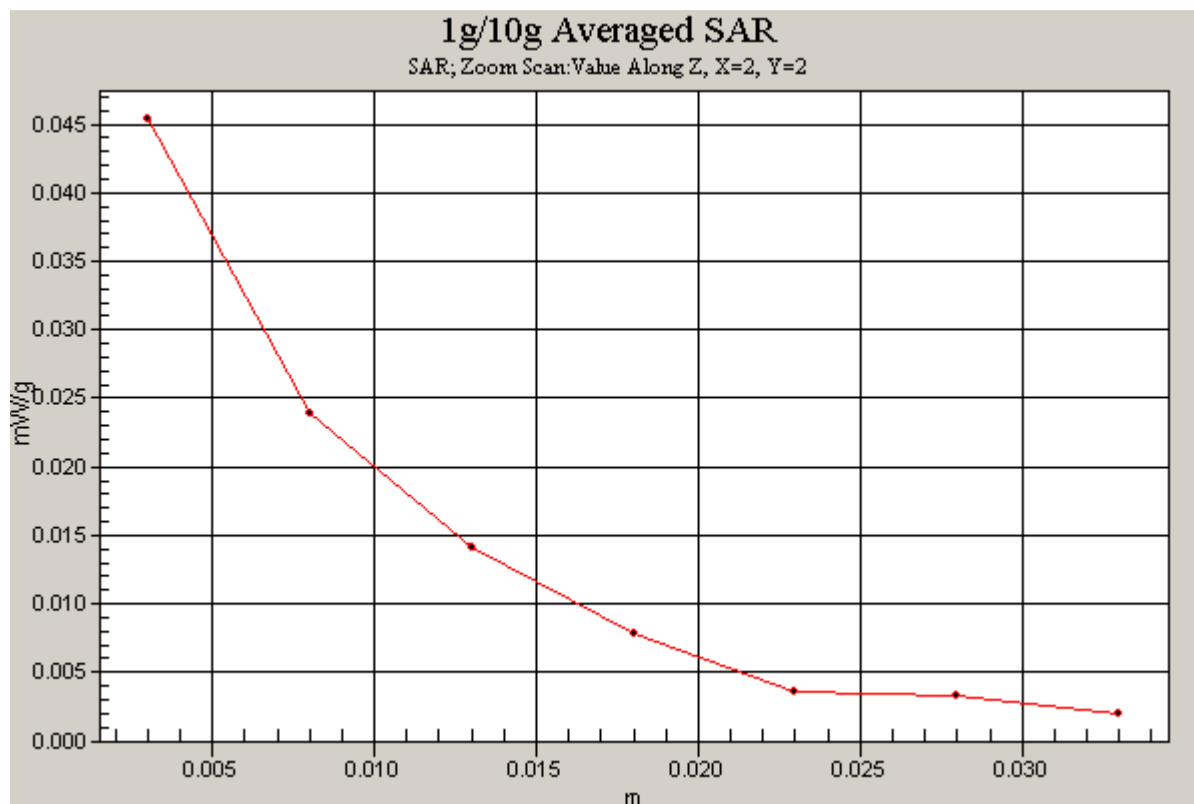
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.39 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.063 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: 990000-44-005542-6**

Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Body SAR, Mid Ch., RB1, Offset 49, 16 QAM, 10MHz BW, Back

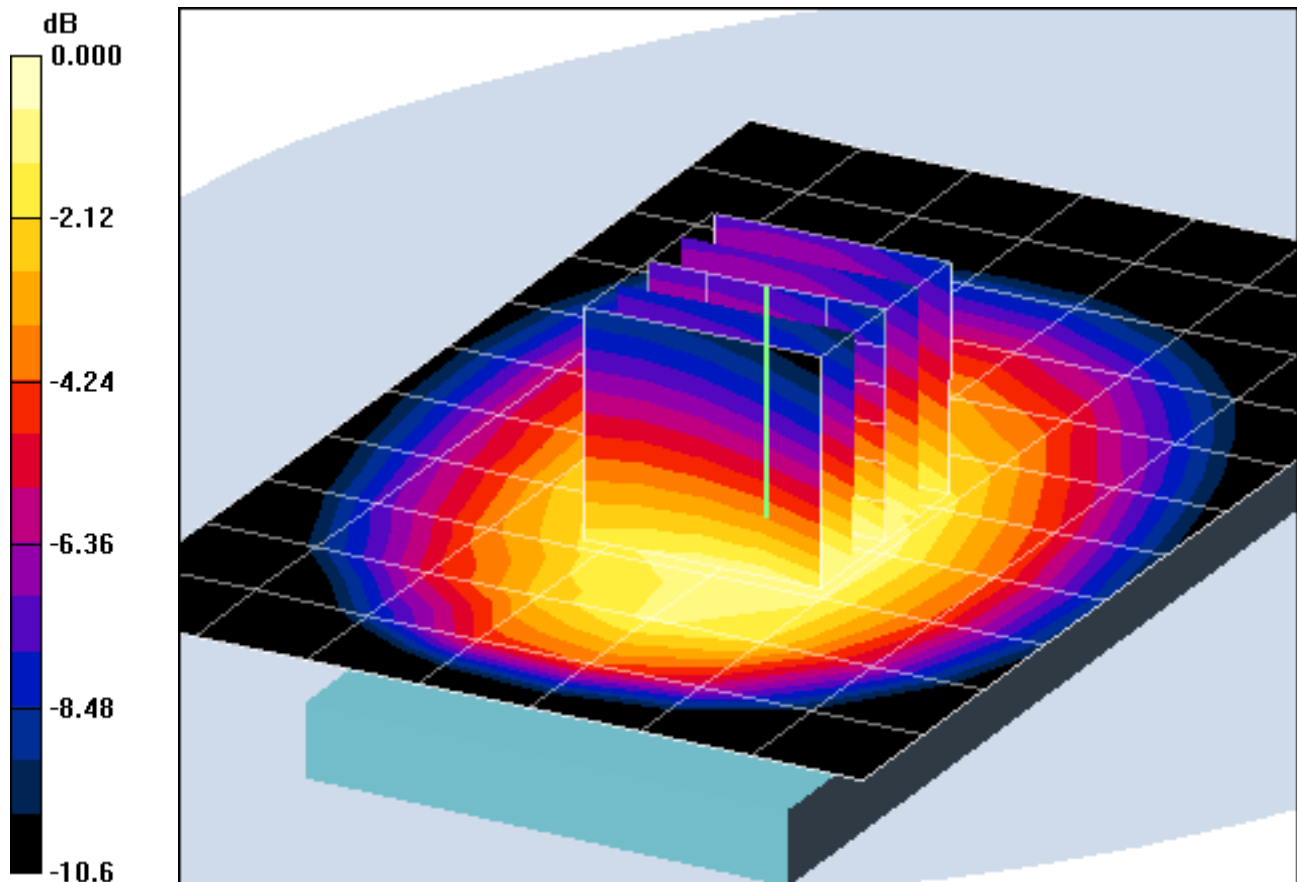
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.951 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.692 mW/g



0 dB = 1.01mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: 990000-44-005542-6**

Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Body SAR, Mid Ch., RB1, Offset 49, 16 QAM, 10MHz BW, Back

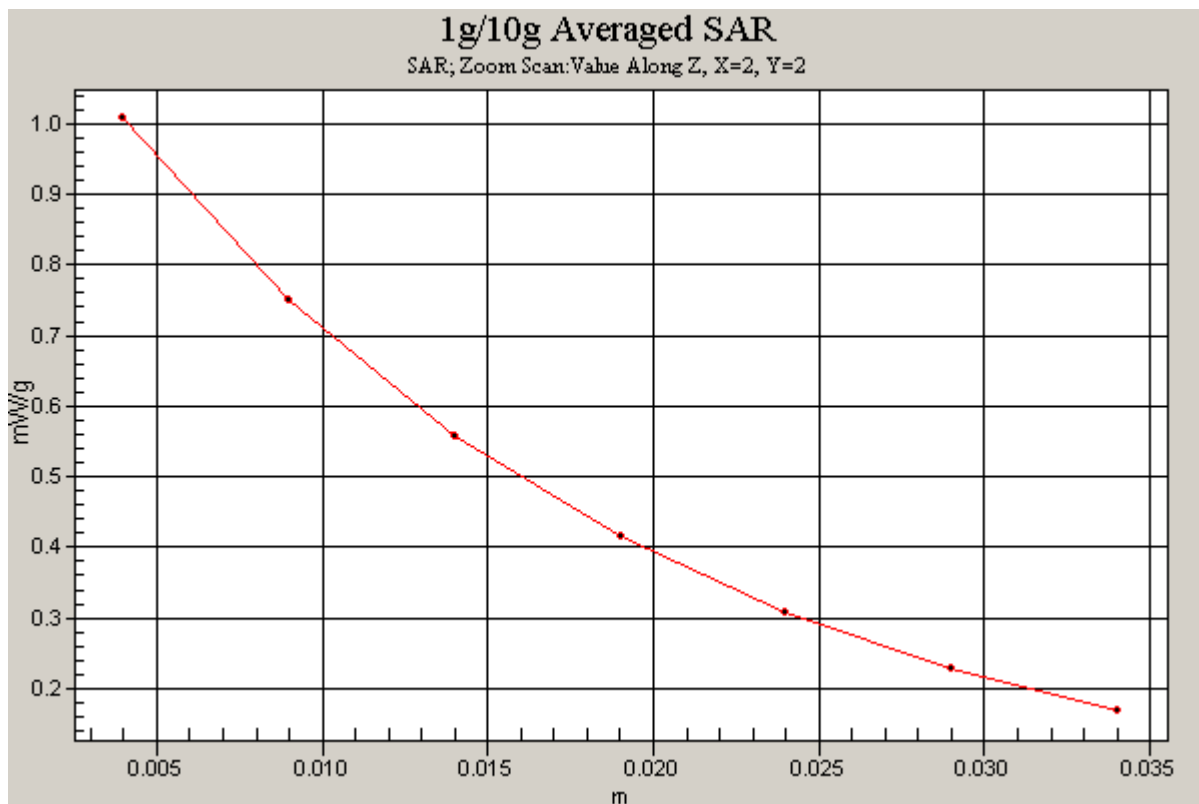
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.951 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.692 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: 990000-44-005542-6**

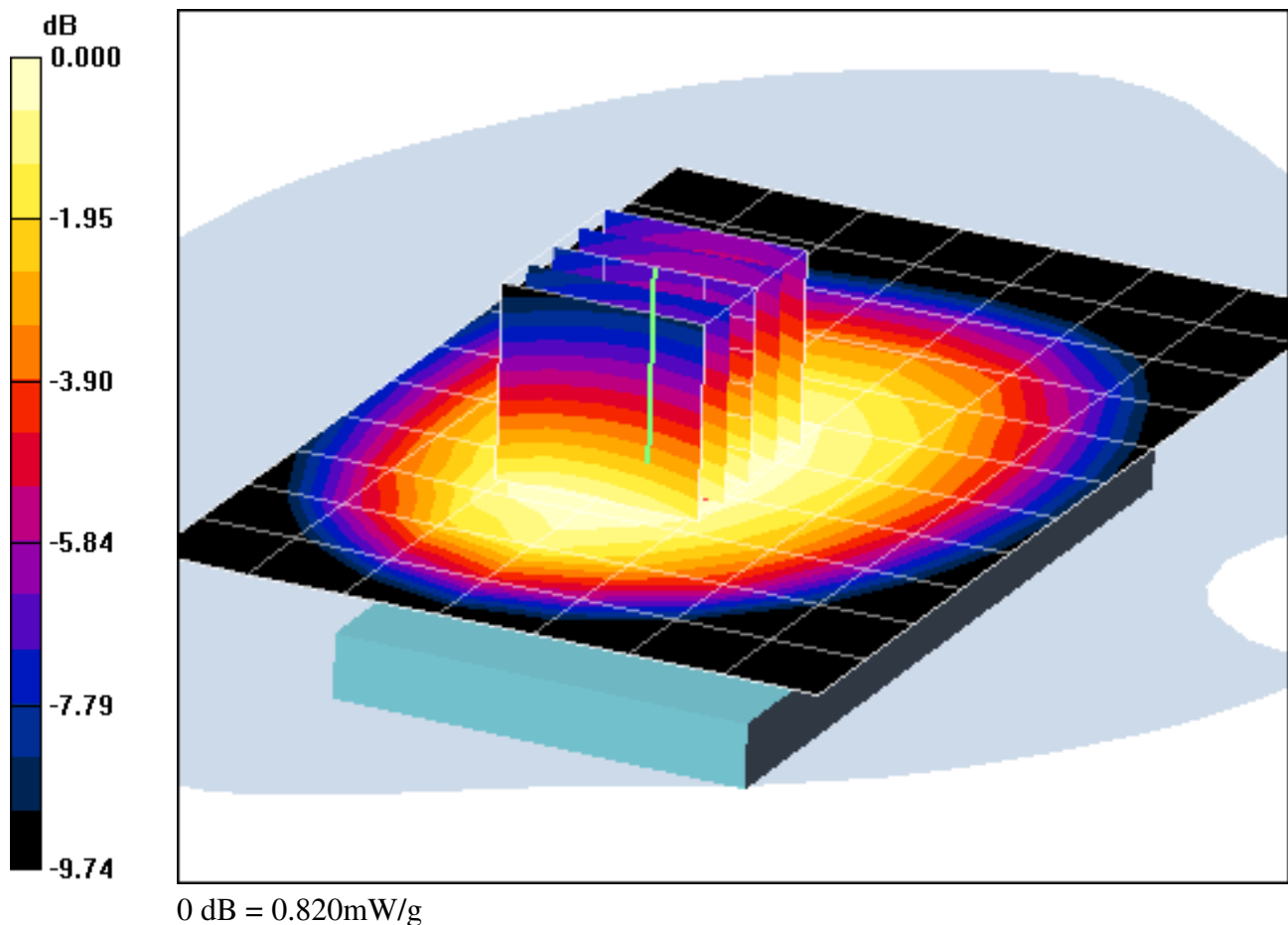
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Body SAR, Mid Ch., RB 1, Offset 49, 16QAM, 10MHz BW, Front

Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 29.0 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.786 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.597 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: 990000-44-005542-6**

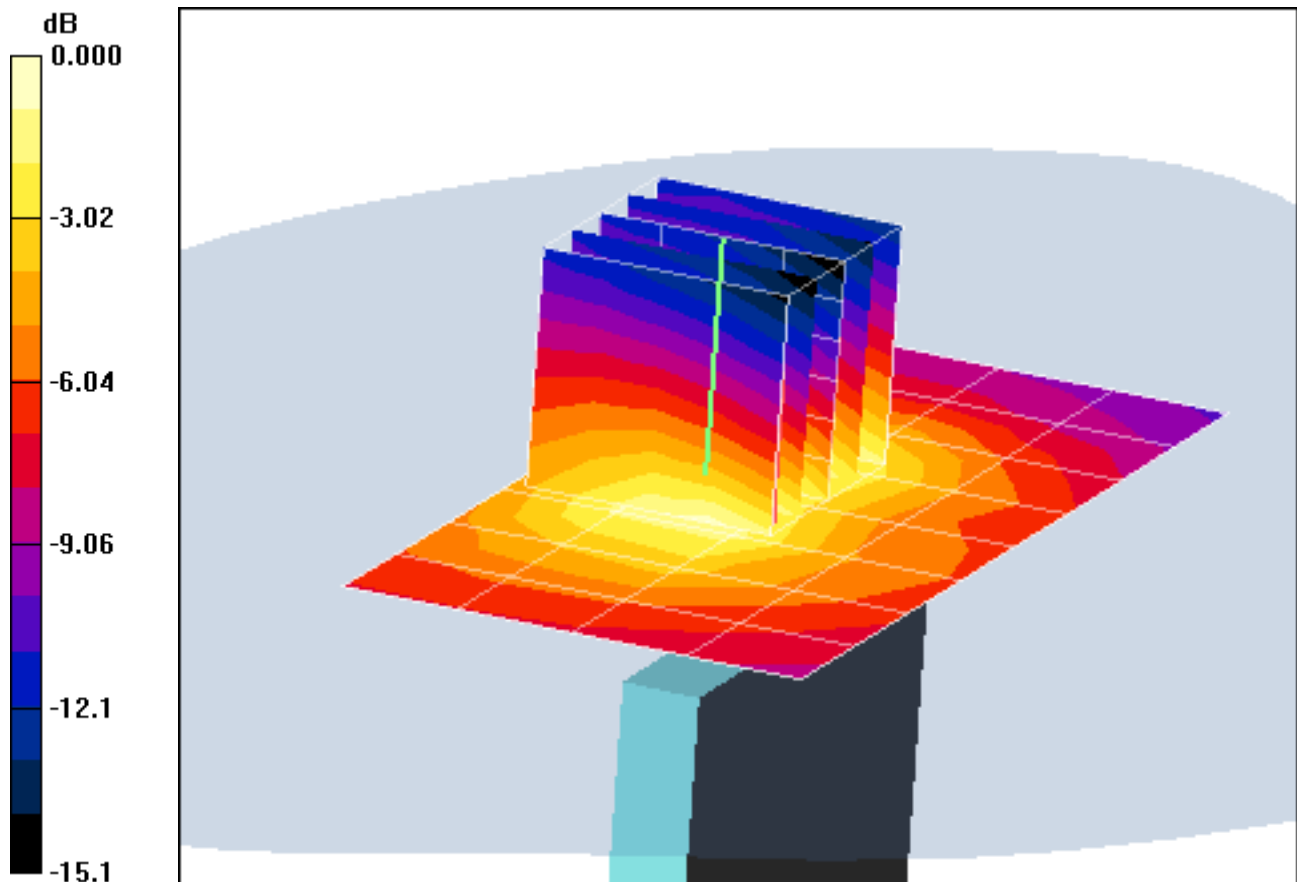
Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
 $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010
Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Body SAR, Mid Ch., RB1, Offset 49, QPSK , 10MHz BW, Bottom

Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.131 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g



0 dB = 0.139mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: 990000-44-005542-6**

Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Body SAR, Mid Ch., RB1, Offset 49, QPSK, 10MHz BW, Right

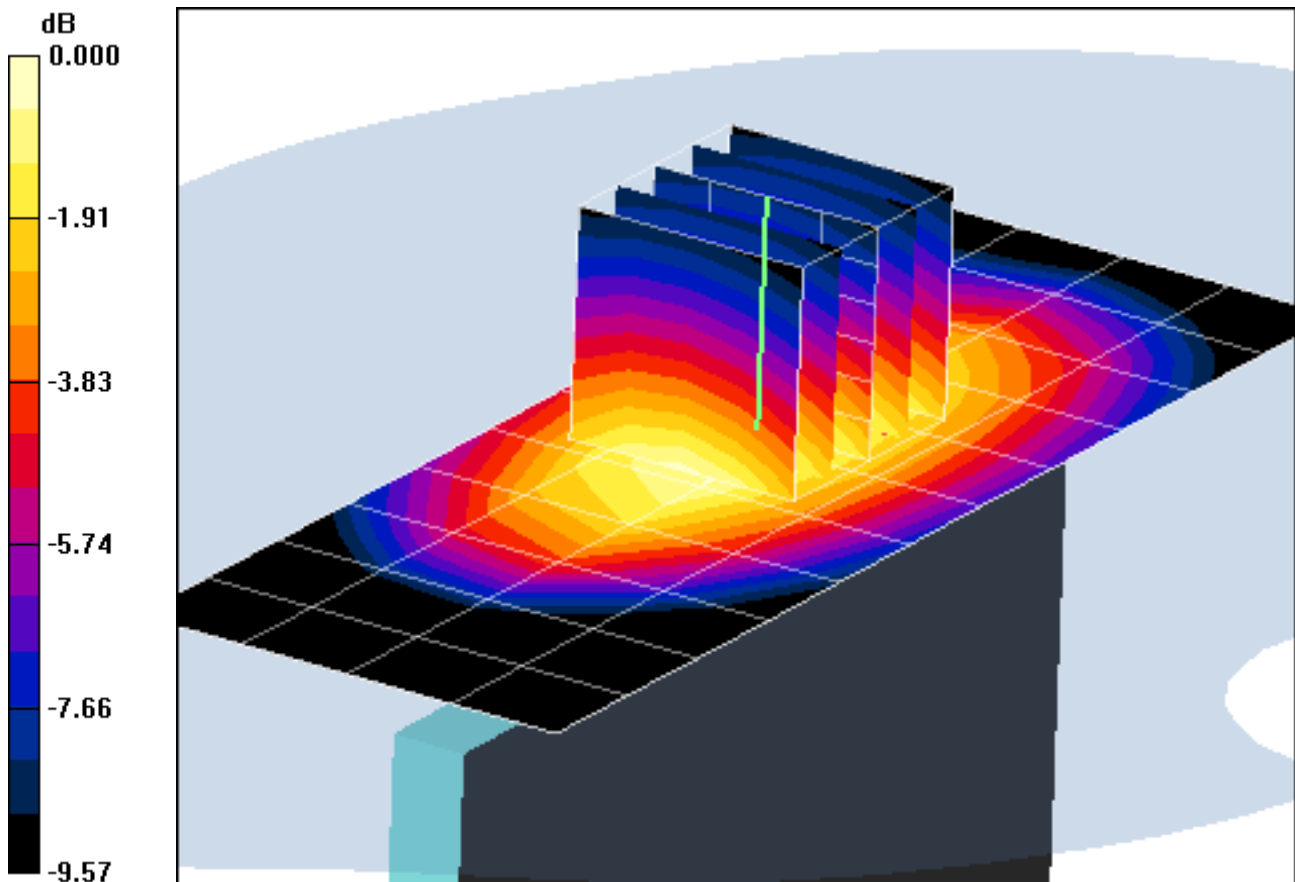
Area Scan (5x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.736 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 mW/g



0 dB = 0.790mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: BEJVS910; Type: Cellular/PCS CDMA/EvDO Phone
with Bluetooth, WLAN, and LTE; Serial: 990000-44-005542-6**

Communication System: LTE RF; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: LTE, Body SAR, Mid Ch., RB1, Offset 49, QPSK, 10MHz BW, Left

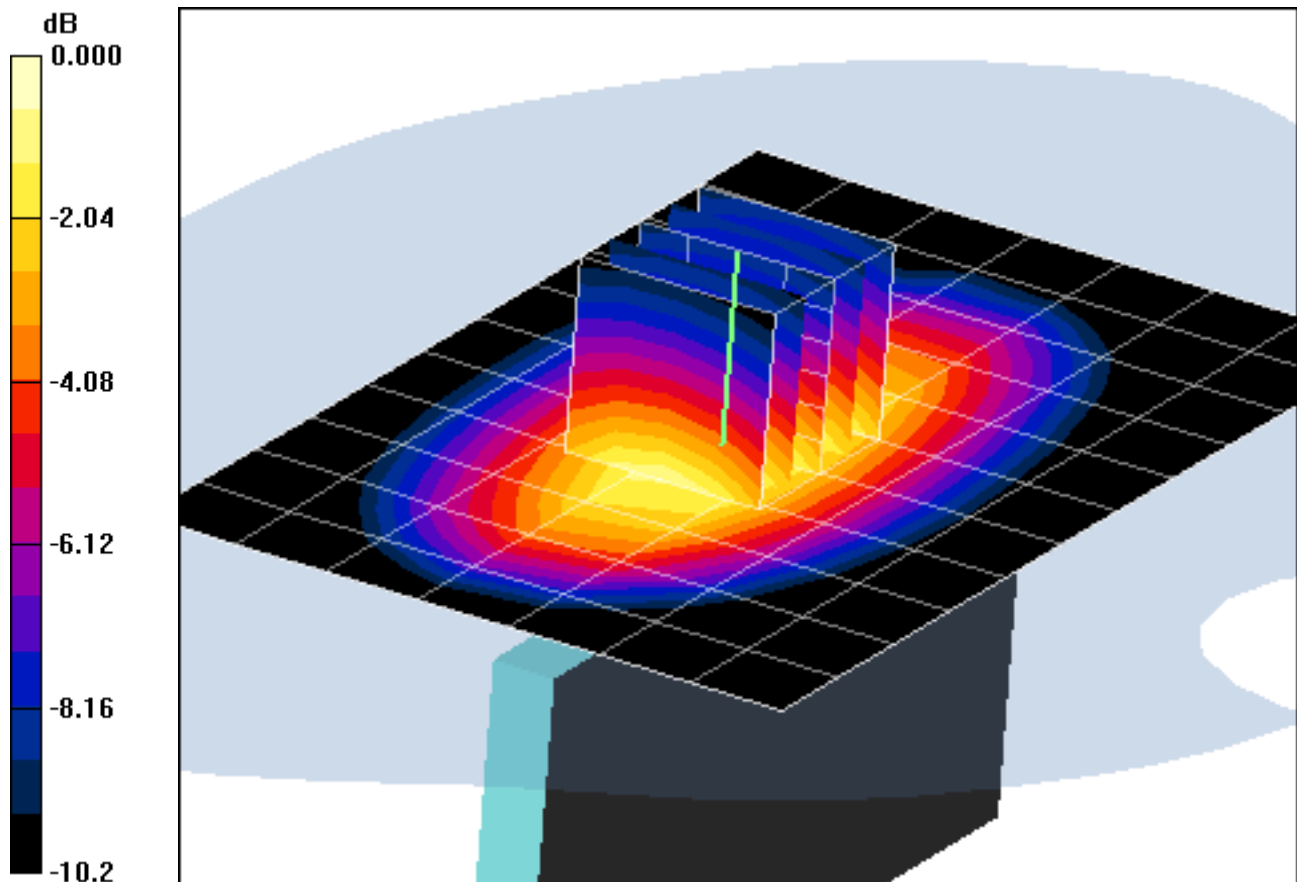
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 27.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.962 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.667 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 mW/g



0 dB = 0.717mW/g

APPENDIX B: DIPOLE VALIDATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.882 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4° C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 4/20/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

750MHz System Verification

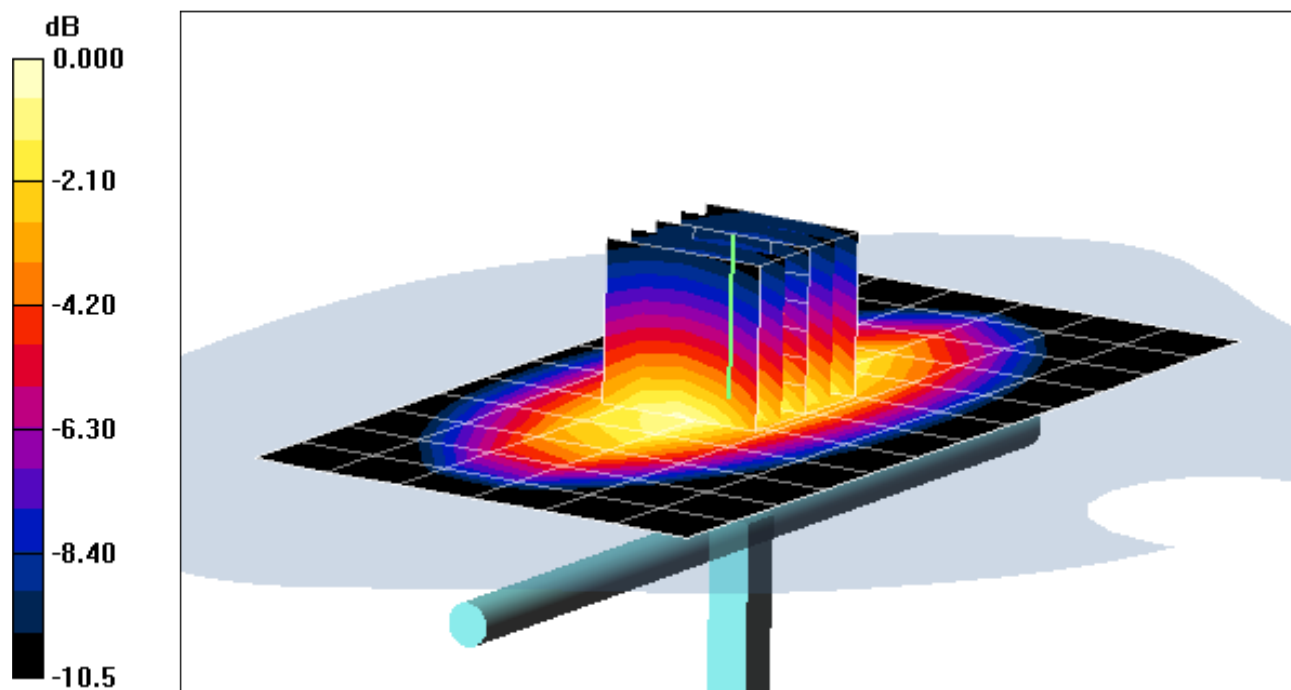
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm

SAR(1 g) = 0.844 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.550 mW/g

Deviation = -0.94 %



0 dB = 0.915mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.969 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 4/20/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

750MHz System Verification

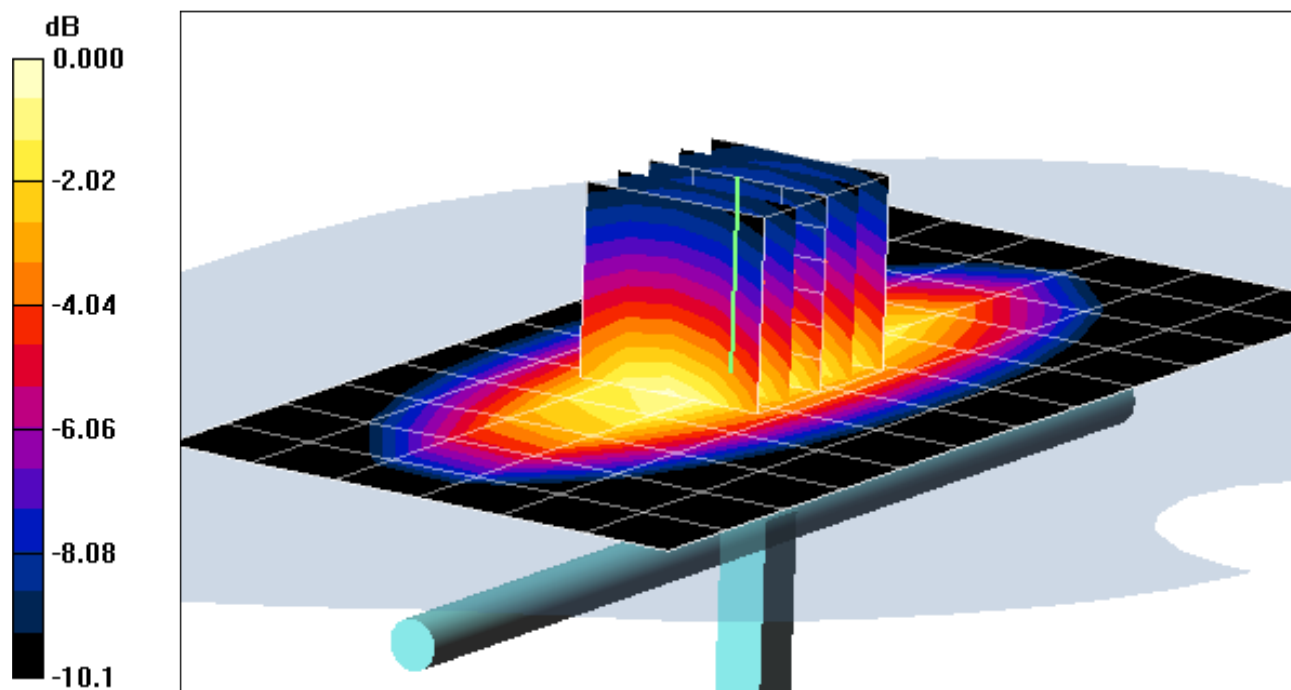
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.925 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.611 mW/g

Deviation = 4.17 %



0 dB = 1.00mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.933 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.1 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

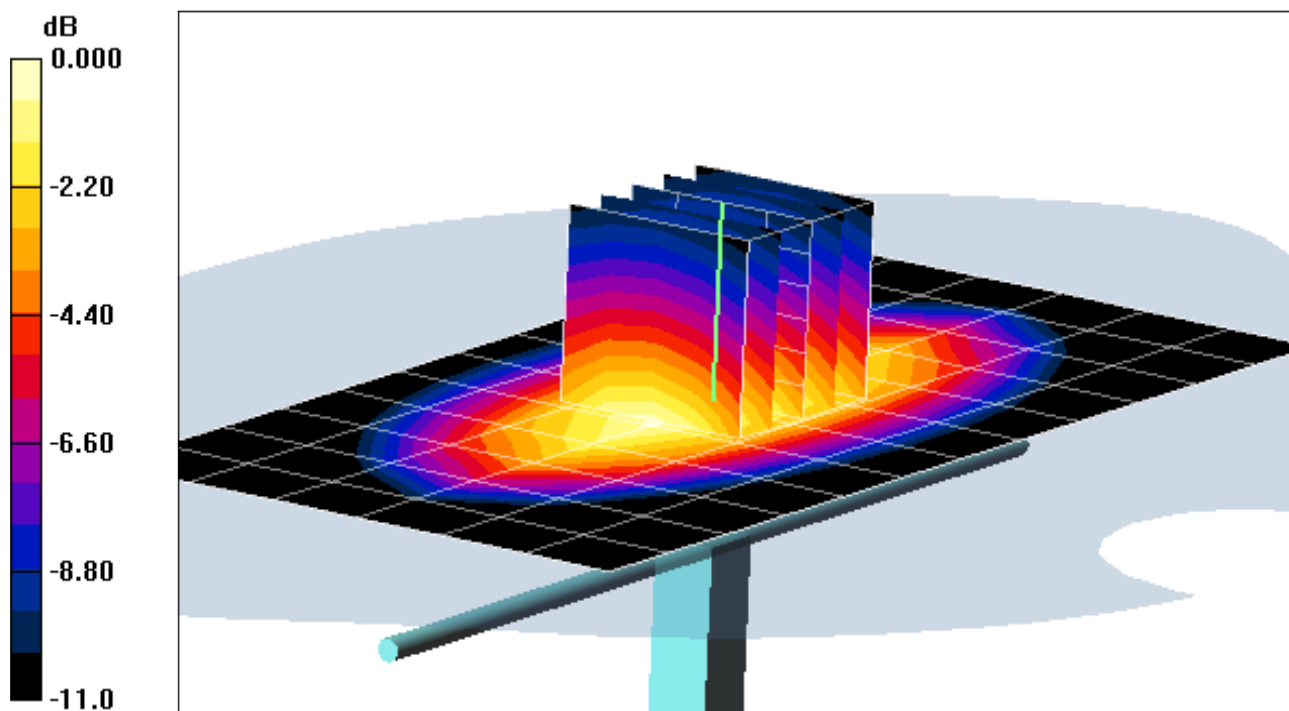
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.668 mW/g

Deviation = 8.88 %



0 dB = 1.22mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.955 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-09-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 8/19/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

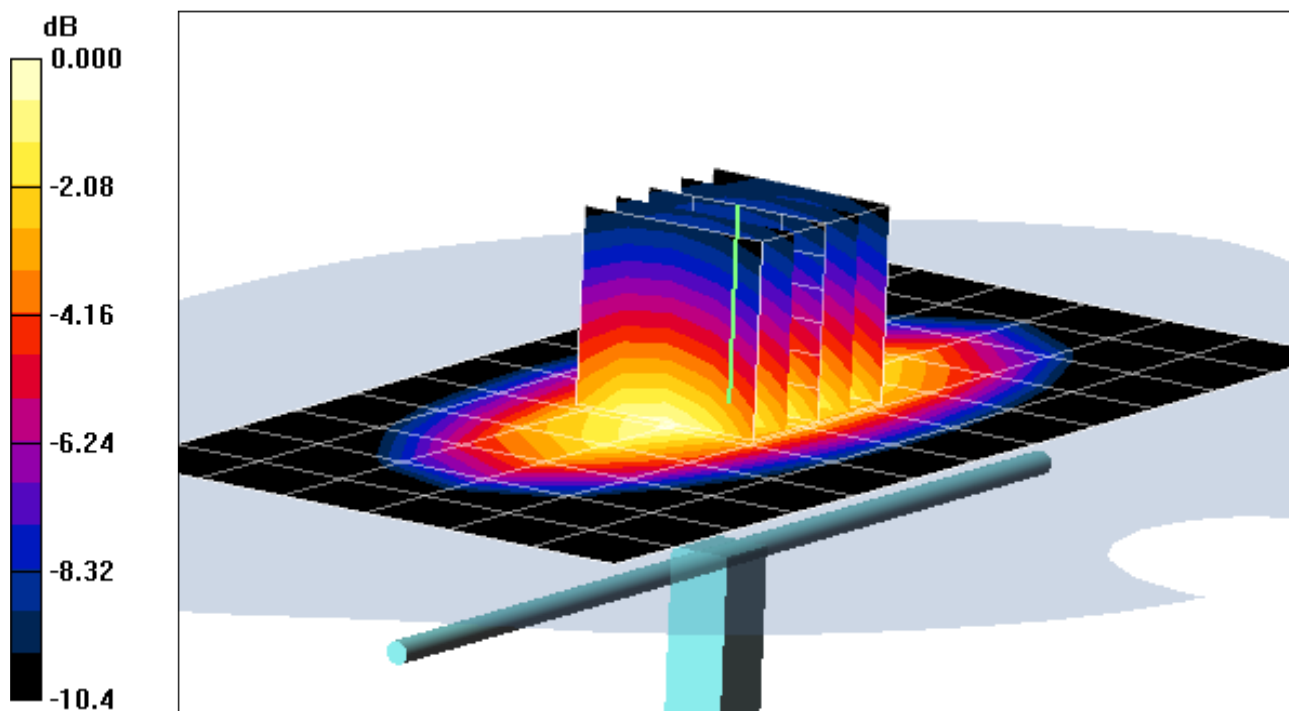
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 18.0 dBm (63 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.609 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 mW/g

Deviation = -1.16 %



0 dB = 0.658mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d080

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 9/21/2010

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 1/25/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

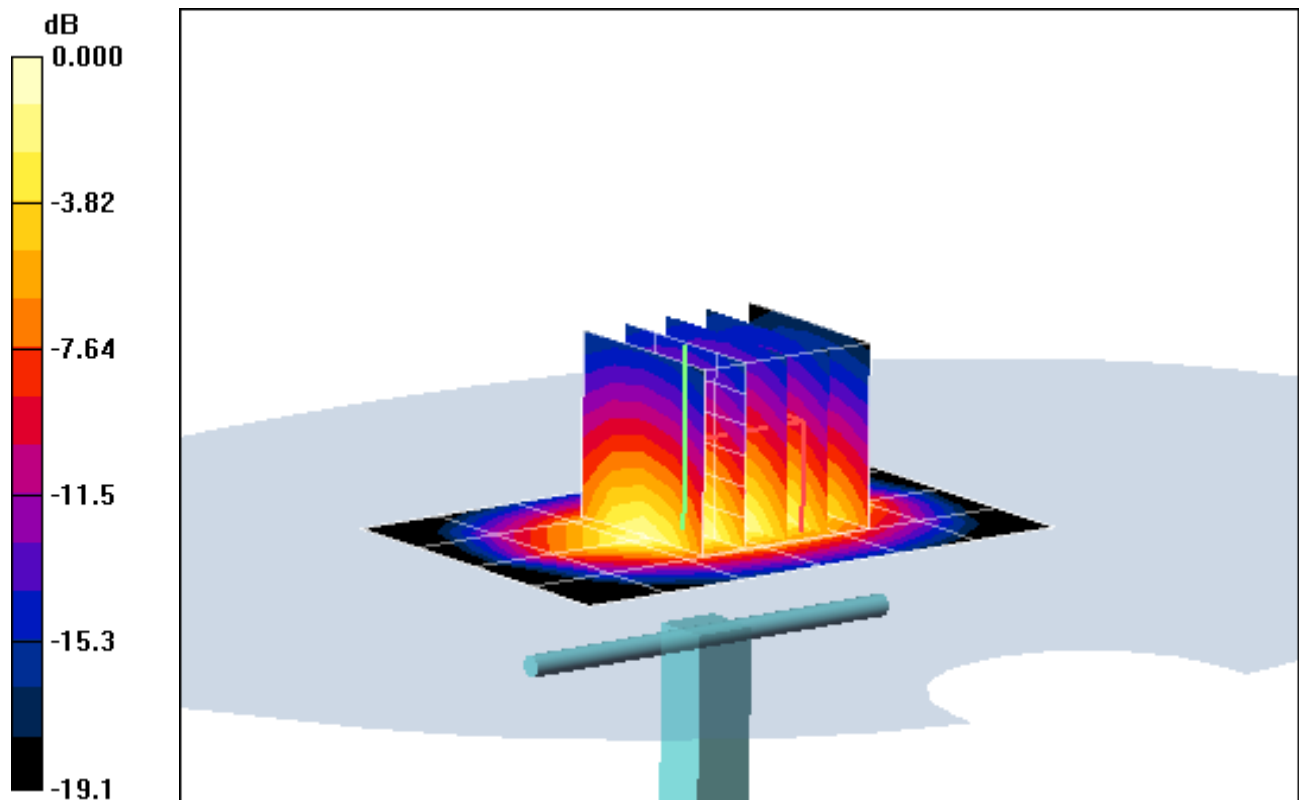
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 15.0 dBm (31.6 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.656 mW/g

Deviation = -0.57 %



0 dB = 1.40mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.77, 6.77, 6.77); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

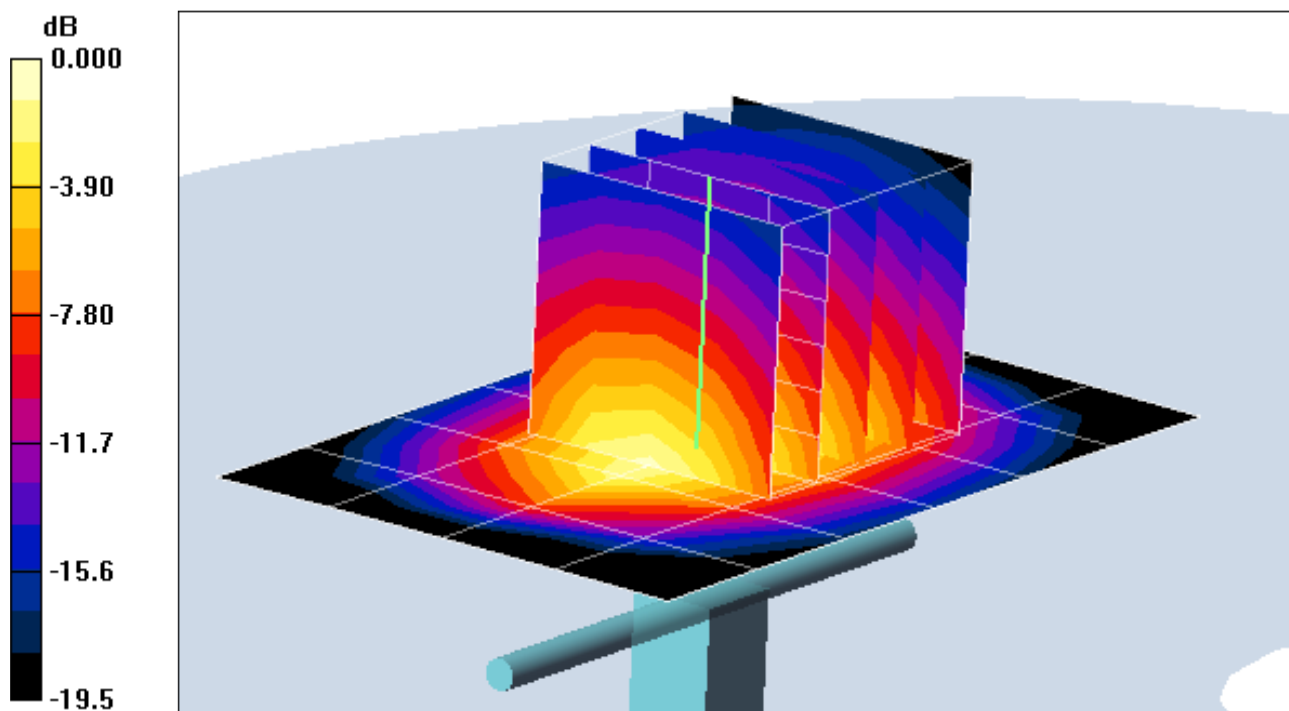
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.57 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.805 mW/g

Deviation = -4.50 %



0 dB = 1.76mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.83 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

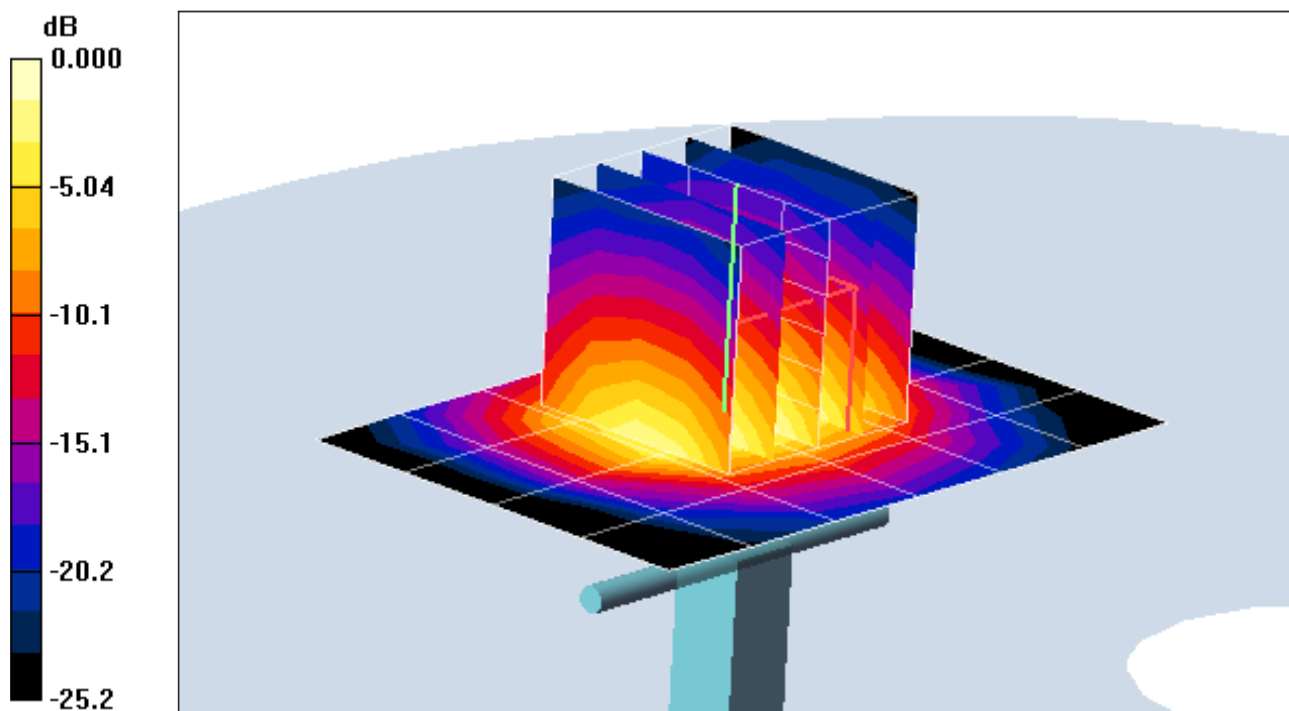
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 14 dBm (25 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.572 mW/g

Deviation = -5.05 %



0 dB = 1.56mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.9° C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 2/14/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 7/8/2010

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

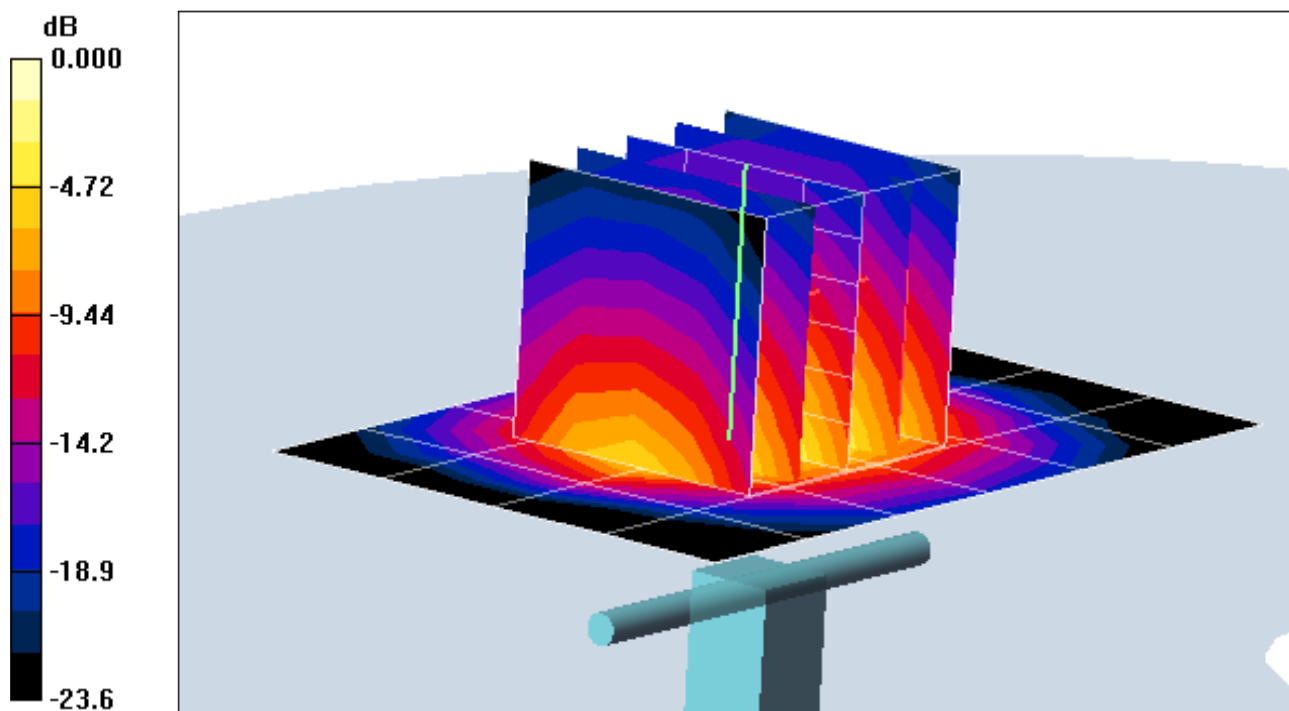
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 14.0 dBm (25 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.620 mW/g

Deviation = 5.06 %



0 dB = 1.74mW/g