

FCC/ISED Test Report

Prepared for: Digital Monitoring Products

Address: 2500 North Partnership Blvd.
Springfield, MO 6582

Product: 1128 Wireless Glass Break Detector (GBD)

Test Report No: R20180802-20

Approved by:



Nic S. Johnson, NCE

Technical Manager

iNARTE Certified EMC Engineer #EMC-003337-NE

DATE: 29 September 2018

Total Pages: 52

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REVISION PAGE

Rev. No.	Date	Description
0	29 September 2018	Original – NJohnson Prepared by KVepuri

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1.0 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

- (1) US Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15
- (2) ISED RSS-Gen, Issue 5
- (3) ISED RSS-247, Issue 2

ANSI C63.10-2013 was used as a test method, with guidance from KBD 558074 D01 v05

SUMMARY			
Standard Section	Test Type and Limit	Result	Remark
FCC 15.203	Unique Antenna Requirement	Pass	PCB antenna
FCC 15.35 RSS-Gen, 6.10	Duty cycle of pulsed emissions	NA	Duty cycle was not applied
FCC 15.209 RSS-Gen, 7.1	Receiver Radiated Emissions	NA	The EUT has no receiver functionality
FCC 15.247(a)(1)(i) RSS-247, 5.1(c)	Minimum Bandwidth, Limit: Min. 250kHz	Pass	Meets the requirement of the limit.
FCC 15.247(b)(1) RSS-247, 5.1	Maximum Peak Output Power, Limit: Max. 24 dBm	Pass	Meets the requirement of the limit.
FCC 15.209 RSS-Gen, 8.9 RSS-247, 5.5	Transmitter Radiated Emissions	Pass	Meets the requirement of the limit.
FCC 15.247(a) (1) (i) RSS-247, 5.1(c)	Frequency hopping system, Limit: Max. 0.4 Seconds in 20 Second Period	Pass	Meets the requirement of the limit.
FCC 15.209, 15.205 RSS-Gen, 8.9 RSS-247, 5.5	Band Edge Measurement, Limit: 20dB less than the peak value of fundamental frequency	Pass	Meets the requirement of the limit.
FCC 15.207 RSS-Gen. 8.8	Conducted AC Emissions	NA	EUT runs on a replaceable battery



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2.0 EUT DESCRIPTION

2.1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

Summary

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was 1128 a Wireless GBD manufactured by DMP wireless devices. It operates in the 905 to 928 MHz ISM band and has transmit and receive capabilities.

EUT	1128 Wireless GBD
EUT Received	9/11/2018
EUT Tested	9/15/2018 - 9/24/2018
Serial No.	03567890
Operating Band	900.0 – 928.0 MHz
Device Type	FHSS
Power Supply	CR123A 3VDC Battery

NOTE: For more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



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2.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT operates on, and was tested at the frequencies below:

Channel	Frequency
Low	905.6
Middle	915.0
High	924.4

These are the only three representative channels tested in the frequency range according to FCC Part 15.31 and RSS-Gen Table A1. See the operational description for a list of all channel frequency and designations.

This EUT was set to transmit in a worse-case scenario with modulation on. The manufacturer modified the unit to transmit continuously on the lowest, highest and one channel in the middle.

2.3 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

None

3.0 LABORATORY DESCRIPTION

3.1 LABORATORY DESCRIPTION

All testing was performed at the following Facility:

The Nebraska Center for Excellence in Electronics (NCEE Labs)
4740 Discovery Drive
Lincoln, NE 68521

A2LA Certificate Number:	1953.01
FCC Accredited Test Site Designation No:	US1060
Industry Canada Test Site Registration No:	4294A-1
NCC CAB Identification No:	US0177

Environmental conditions varied slightly throughout the tests:

Relative humidity of $35 \pm 4\%$
Temperature of $22 \pm 3^\circ$ Celsius



3.2 TEST PERSONNEL

No.	PERSONNEL	TITLE	ROLE
1	Karthik Vepuri	EMC Test Engineer	Testing
3	Nic Johnson	Technical Manager	Review of Results

Notes:

All personnel are permanent staff members of NCEE Labs. No testing or review was sub-contracted or performed by sub-contracted personnel.

3.3 TEST EQUIPMENT

DESCRIPTION AND MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	LAST CALIBRATION DATE	CALIBRATION DUE DATE
Rohde & Schwarz Test Receiver	ES126	100037	30 Jan 2018	30 Jan 2019
EMCO Biconilog Antenna	3142B	1647	02 Aug 2017	02 Aug 2018**
EMCO Horn Antenna	3115	6416	26 Jan 2018	26 Jan 2020
Rohde & Schwarz Preamplifier	TS-PR18	3545700803	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
Trilithic High Pass Filter	6HC330	23042	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
Rohde & Schwarz LISN	ESH3-Z5	836679/010	25 Jul 2017	25 Jul 2018
RF Cable (preamplifier to antenna)	MFR-57500	01-07-002	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
RF Cable (antenna to 10m chamber bulkhead)	FSCM 64639	01E3872	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
RF Cable (10m chamber bulkhead to control room bulkhead)	FSCM 64639	01E3874	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
RF Cable (Control room bulkhead to RF switch)	FSCM 64639	01E3871	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
RF Cable (RF switch to test receiver)	FSCM 64639	01F1206	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
RF switch – Rohde and Schwarz	TS-RSP	1113.5503.14	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
N connector bulkhead (10m chamber)	PE9128	NCEEBH1	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*
N connector bulkhead (control room)	PE9128	NCEEBH2	09 Mar 2018*	09 Mar 2019*

*Internal Characterization

**Extended Cal

Notes:

All equipment is owned by NCEE Labs and stored permanently at NCEE Labs facilities.



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4.0 DETAILED RESULTS

4.1 DUTY CYCLE

Not Applicable

4.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS

Test Method: ANSI C63.10:2013, Section 6.5, 6.6

Limits for radiated emissions measurements:

Emissions radiated outside of the specified bands shall be applied to the limits in 15.209 as followed:

FREQUENCIES (MHz)	FIELD STRENGTH ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	MEASUREMENT DISTANCE (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	3
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

NOTE:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = $20 * \log * \text{Emission level } (\mu\text{V/m})$.
3. As shown in 15.35(b), for frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.



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Test procedures:

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table above the ground plane in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The table was 0.8m high for measurements from 30MHz-1GHz and 1.5m for measurements from 1GHz and higher.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna was a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are used to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to maximize its emissions and then the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotating table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum emission reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to use a peak detector with a specified resolution bandwidth. For spectrum analyzer measurements, the composite maximum of several analyzer sweeps was used for final measurements.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- g. The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal positions. The results are presented for the axis that had the highest emissions.

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NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequencies below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth 1 MHz for all measurements and at frequencies above 1GHz, A peak detector was used for all measurements above 1GHz. Measurements were made with an EMI Receiver.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:

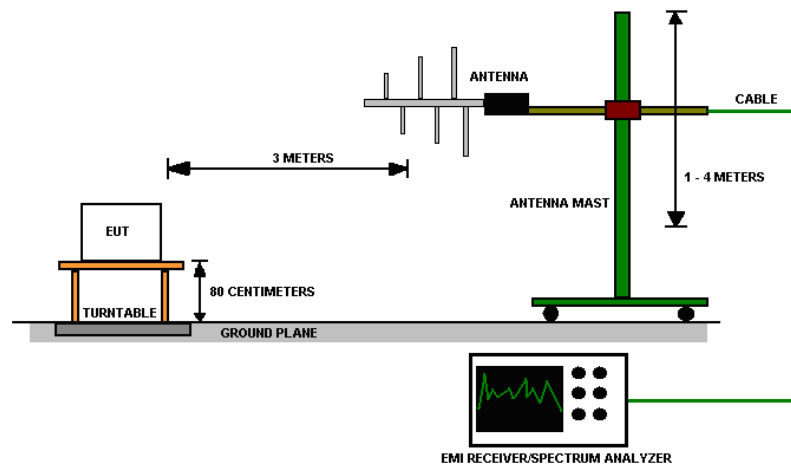


Figure 1 - Radiated Emissions Test Setup

EUT operating conditions

The EUT was powered by 3 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

Test results:

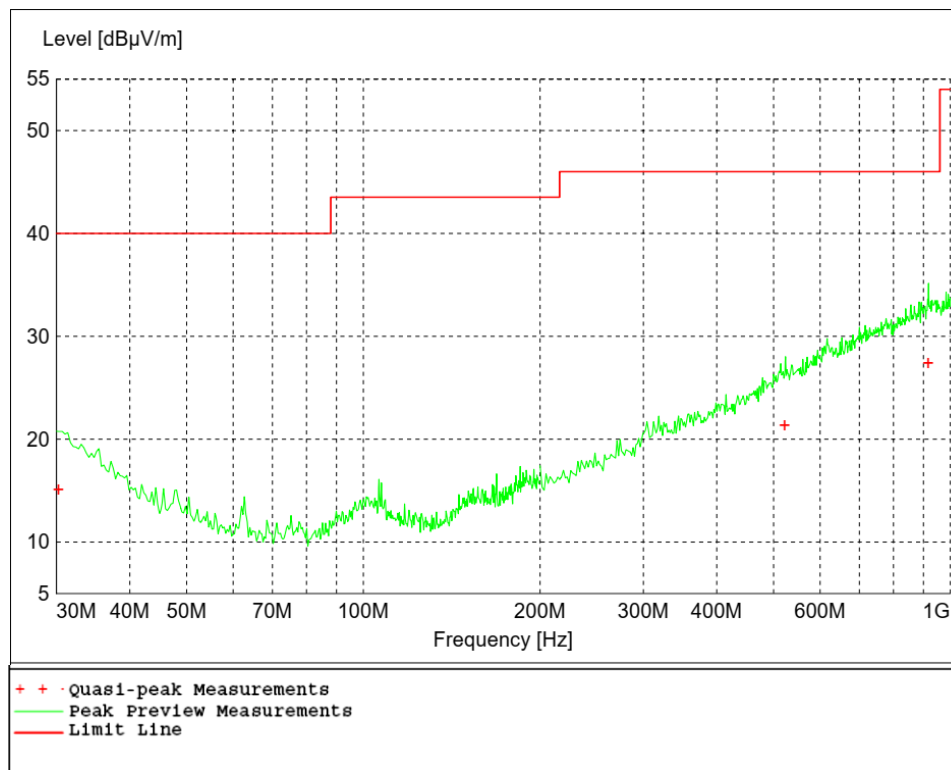


Figure 2 - Radiated Emissions Plot, Receive

REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) = Raw Value (dBuV) + Correction Factor (dB)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Factor (dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
5. The EUT was measured in both the horizontal and vertical orientation. It was found that the Horizontal position produced the highest emissions, and this orientation was used for all testing. See Annex A for test photos.



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Table 1 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, Receive

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dB μ V/m	dB μ V/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
30.240000	15.11	40.00	24.90	329	108	HORI	X-axis
522.660000	21.30	46.00	24.70	163	325	HORI	X-axis
917.880000	27.45	46.00	18.60	353	294	VERT	X-axis

Table 2 - Radiated Emissions Peak Measurement vs Average Limits, Receive

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dB μ V/m	dB μ V/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
1818.400000	34.27	54.00	19.73	172	105	VERT	X-axis
2755.200000	34.18	54.00	19.82	100	132	HORI	X-axis
3668.400000	39.71	54.00	14.29	113	236	VERT	X-axis
4576.400000	41.50	54.00	12.50	400	67	VERT	X-axis

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal axis. The worst-case is shown in the table above

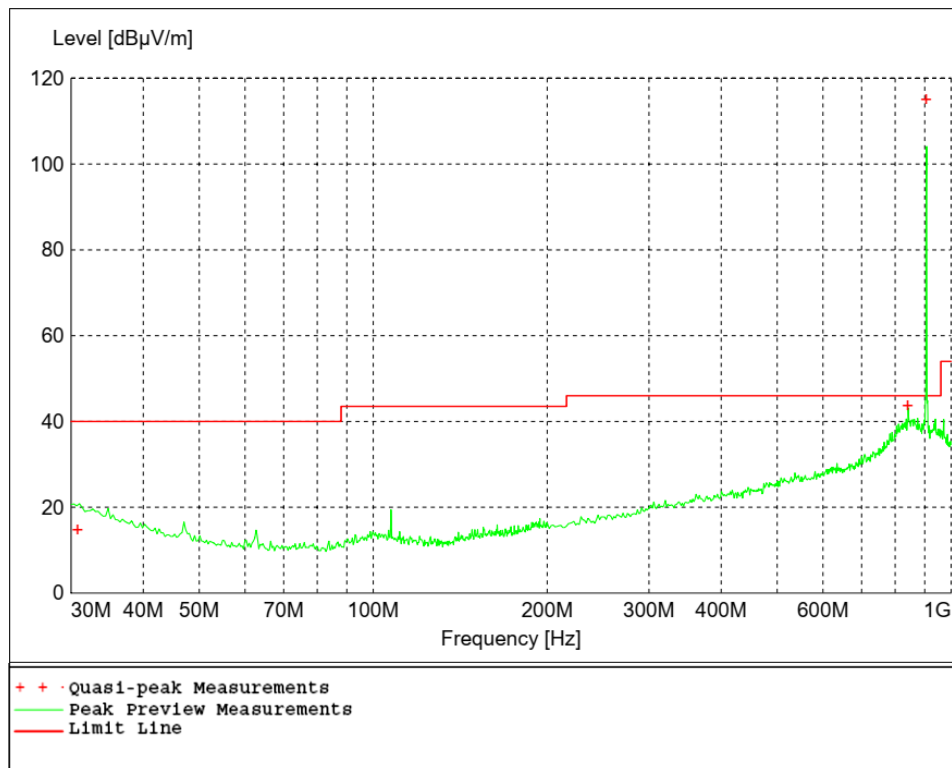


Figure 3 - Radiated Emissions Plot, Low Channel

REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) = Raw Value (dBuV) + Correction Factor (dB)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Factor (dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
5. The EUT was measured in both the horizontal and vertical orientation. It was found that the Horizontal position produced the highest emissions, and this orientation was used for all testing. See Annex A for test photos.

Table 3 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, Low Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
30.780000	14.88	40.00	25.10	99	251	HORI	X-axis
841.620000	43.91	46.00	2.10	112	46	HORI	X-axis
905.600000	115.14	NA	NA	109	51	HORI	X-axis

Table 4 - Radiated Emissions Peak Measurements Vs Average Limit, Low Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
1811.200000*	57.80	95.14*	37.34	152	95	VERT	X-axis
2716.800000	48.99	54.00	5.01	160	129	HORI	X-axis
3622.400000	49.82	54.00	4.18	157	163	HORI	X-axis
5433.600000	49.72	54.00	4.28	180	160	VERT	X-axis
8416.000000	46.51	54.00	7.49	336	2	VERT	X-axis
9074.200000	45.43	54.00	8.57	264	1	HORI	X-axis

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal axis. The worst-case is shown in the table above

*Unrestricted band, the level need to be 20 dB below the fundamental; Pass.

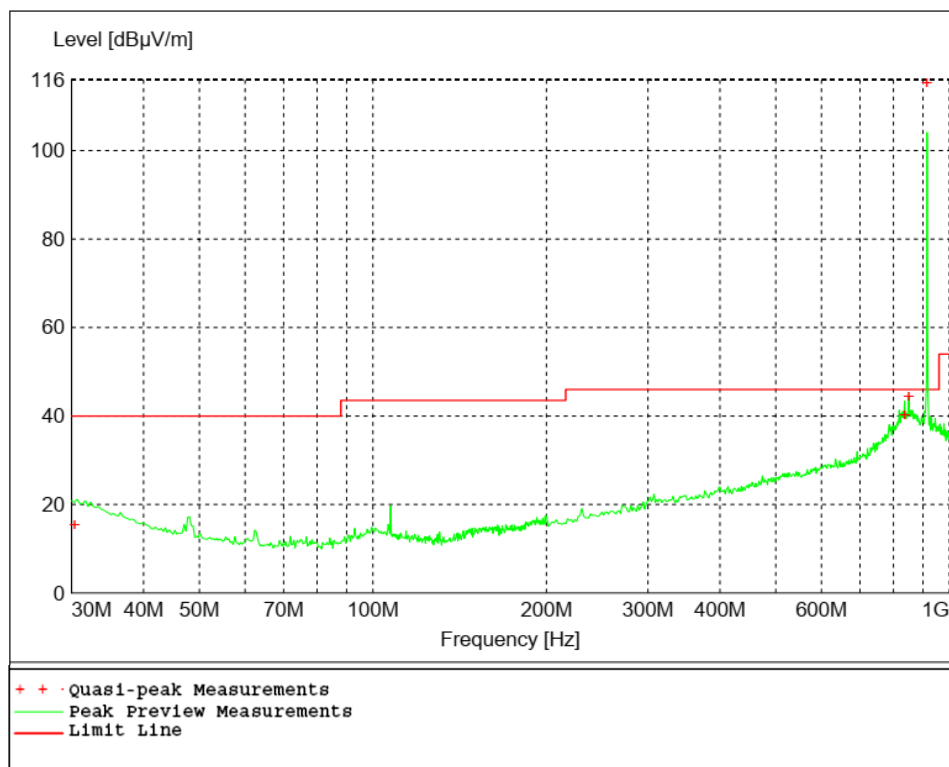


Figure 4 - Radiated Emissions Plot, Mid Channel

REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBμV/m) = Raw Value (dBμV) + Correction Factor (dB)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Factor (dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value.
5. The EUT was measured in both the horizontal and vertical orientation. It was found that the Horizontal position produced the highest emissions, and this orientation was used for all testing. See Annex A for test photos.

Table 5 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, Mid Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dB μ V/m	dB μ V/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
30.360000	15.25	40.00	24.80	400	221	HORI	X-axis
837.240000	40.16	46.00	5.80	115	46	HORI	X-axis
850.620000	44.23	46.00	1.80	115	26	HORI	X-axis
915.000000	115.21	NA	NA	106	50	HORI	X-axis

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal axis. The worst-case is shown in the table above.

Table 6 - Radiated Emissions Peak Measurements Vs Average Limit, Mid Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dB μ V/m	dB μ V/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
1829.200000*	60.64	95.21*	34.57	130	84	VERT	X-axis
2744.000000	50.36	54.00	3.64	153	136	HORI	X-axis
3622.200000	49.94	54.00	4.06	177	159	HORI	X-axis
5433.600000	49.59	54.00	4.41	184	159	VERT	X-axis
9101.200000	45.68	54.00	8.32	400	0	VERT	X-axis

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal axis. The worst-case is shown in the table above.

*Unrestricted band, the level need to be 20 dB below the fundamental; Pass.

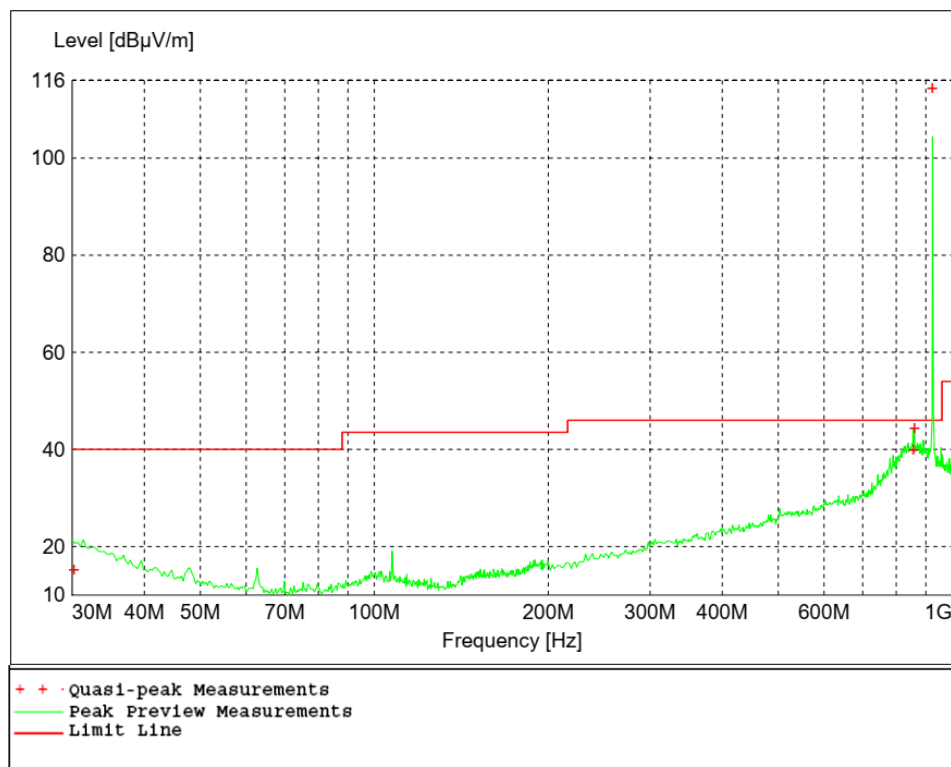


Figure 5 - Radiated Emissions Plot, High Channel

REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBμV/m) = Raw Value (dBμV) + Correction Factor (dB)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Factor (dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value.
5. The EUT was measured in both the horizontal and vertical orientation. It was found that the Horizontal position produced the highest emissions, and this orientation was used for all testing. See Annex A for test photos.

Table 7 - Radiated Emissions Quasi-peak Measurements, High Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
30.240000	15.26	40.00	24.70	397	354	VERT	X-axis
856.800000	39.83	46.00	6.20	119	51	HORI	X-axis
860.400000	44.45	46.00	1.60	119	50	HORI	X-axis
924.400000	114.45	NA	NA	102	51	HORI	X-axis

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal axis. The worst-case is shown in the table above.

Table 8 - Radiated Emissions Peak Measurements Vs Average Limits, High Channel

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle	Pol	Axis
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	cm.	deg.		
1848.800000*	62.26	94.45*	32.19	130	292	VERT	X-axis
2773.200000	53.28	54.00	0.72	143	129	HORI	X-axis
3697.600000	50.09	54.00	3.91	180	165	HORI	X-axis
4633.600000	41.93	54.00	12.07	107	314	HORI	X-axis
5546.400000	51.07	54.00	2.93	204	157	VERT	X-axis
6470.800000	47.93	54.00	6.07	173	150	VERT	X-axis
7404.600000	42.54	54.00	11.46	165	92	VERT	X-axis
8310.000000	46.45	54.00	7.55	99	343	VERT	X-axis

Peak measurements were compared to average limit and found to be compliant so average measurements were not performed

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal axis. The worst-case is shown in the table above.

*Unrestricted band, the level need to be 20 dB below the fundamental; Pass.

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4.3 PEAK OUTPUT POWER

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 7.8.5

Limits of bandwidth measurements:

For an FHSS system with 25 channels, the output power is required to be less than 250 mW or 24 dBm.

EIRP was calculated from field strength measurements using ANSI C63.10:2013, Section 9.5, Equation (22). The field strength was measured at a 3m distance and maximized.

Test procedures:

All measurements were taken at a distance of 3m from the EUT.

The EUT was maximized in all 3 orthogonal positions in a similar manner as described in Section 4.2.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:

See Section 4.2

Measurement device used was power meter

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 3 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

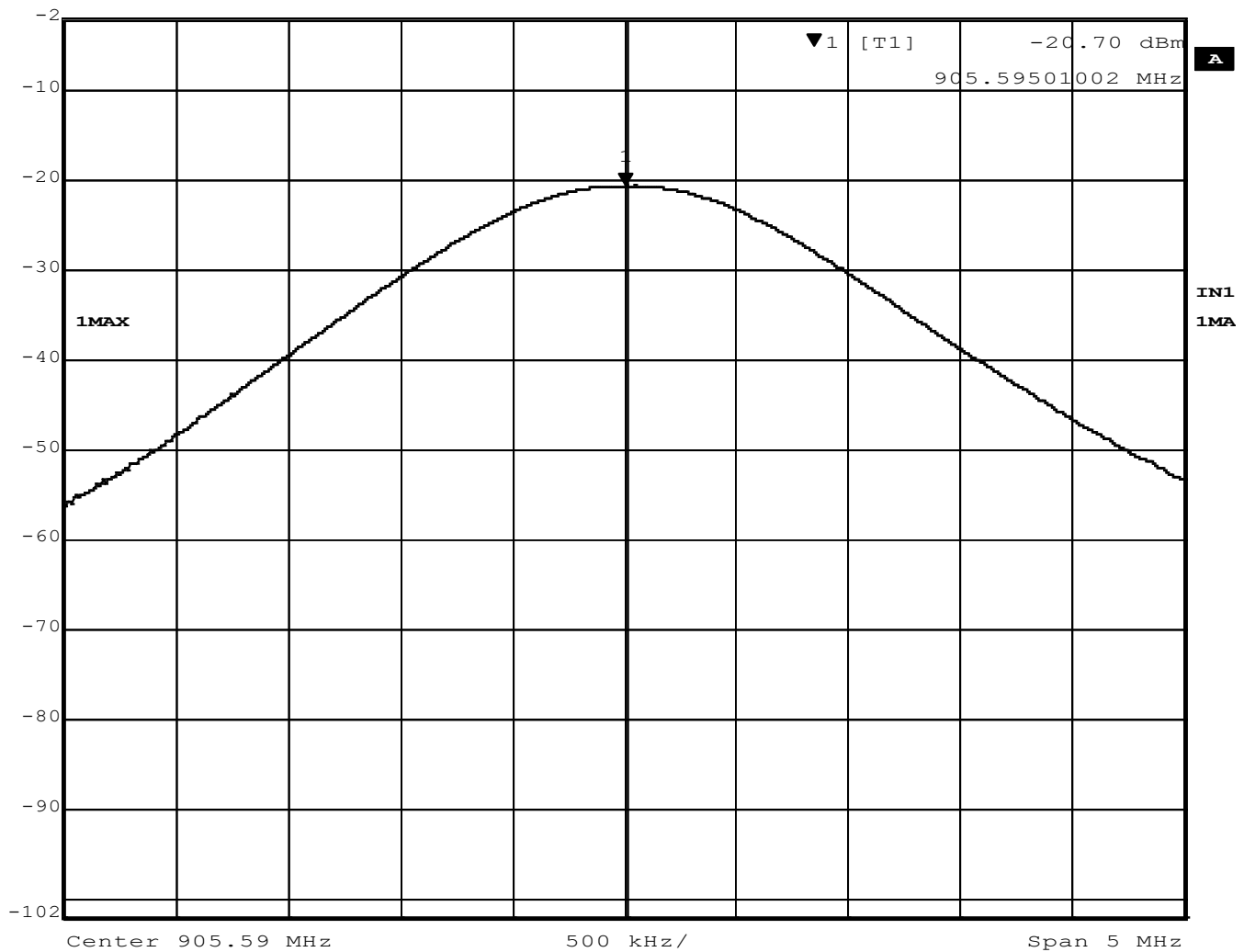
Test results:

Peak Output Power

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	PEAK OUTPUT POWER (dBm)	Method	RESULT
Low	905.60	19.47	EIRP	PASS
Middle	915.00	19.49	EIRP	PASS
High	924.40	19.08	EIRP	PASS



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 1 MHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -20.70 dBm VBW 3 MHz
 -2 dBm 905.59501002 MHz SWT 5 ms Unit dBm



Date: 24.SEP.2018 15:32:51

Figure 6 – Output Power, Low Channel.

Maximum power = -20.70dBm + 107 + CL + AF - 95.23 = 19.47 dBm*

CL = cable loss = 4.80 dB

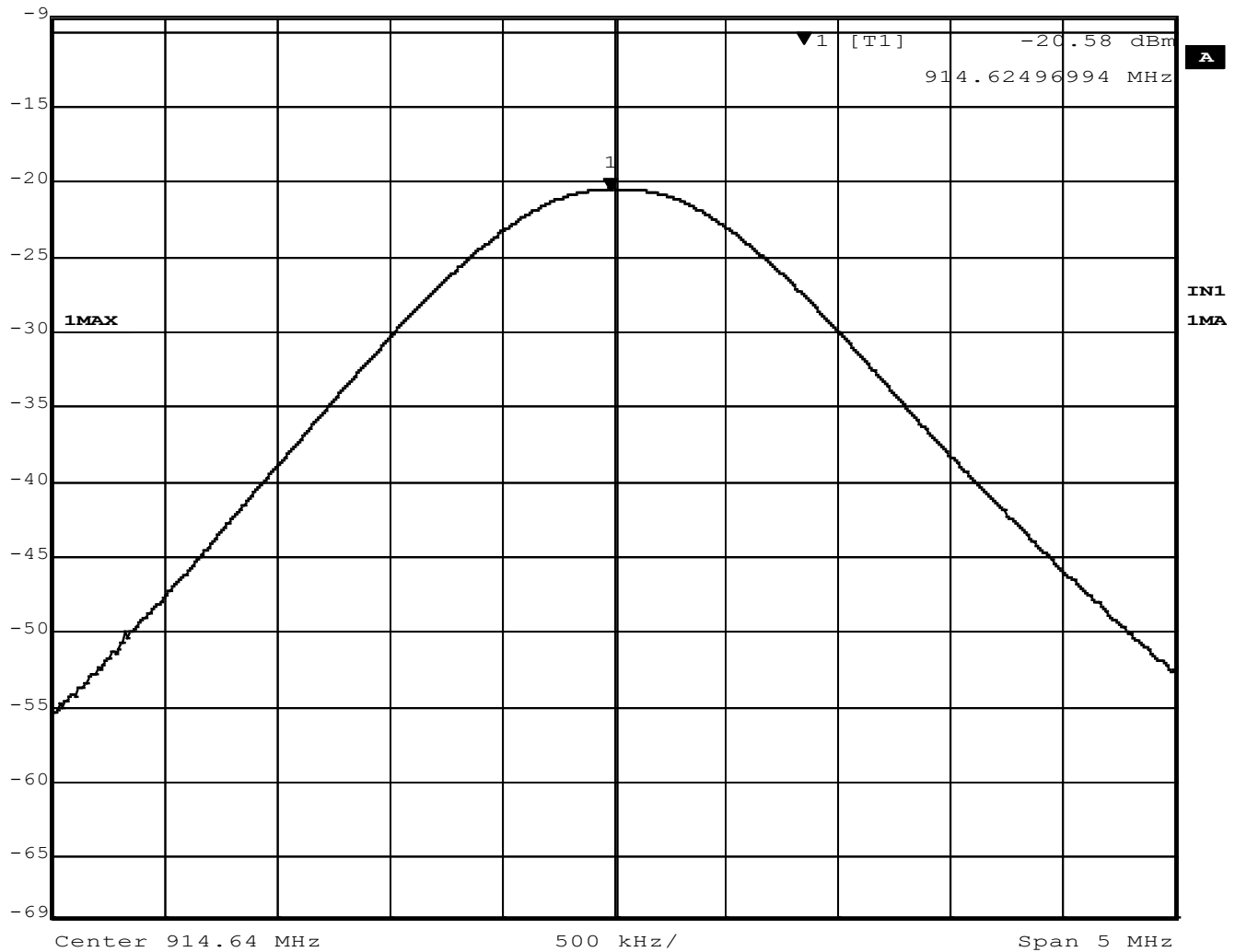
AF = antenna factor = 23.60 dB

107 = conversion from dBm to dBμV on a 50Ω measurement system

-95.23 = Conversion from field strength (dBμV/m) to EIRP (dBm) at a 3m measurement distance



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 1 MHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -20.58 dBm VBW 3 MHz
 -9 dBm 914.62496994 MHz SWT 5 ms Unit dBm



Date: 24.SEP.2018 13:19:14

Figure 7 – Output Power, Mid Channel

Maximum power = -20.58 dBm + 107 + CL + AF - 95.23 = 19.49 dBm*

CL = cable loss = 4.80 dB

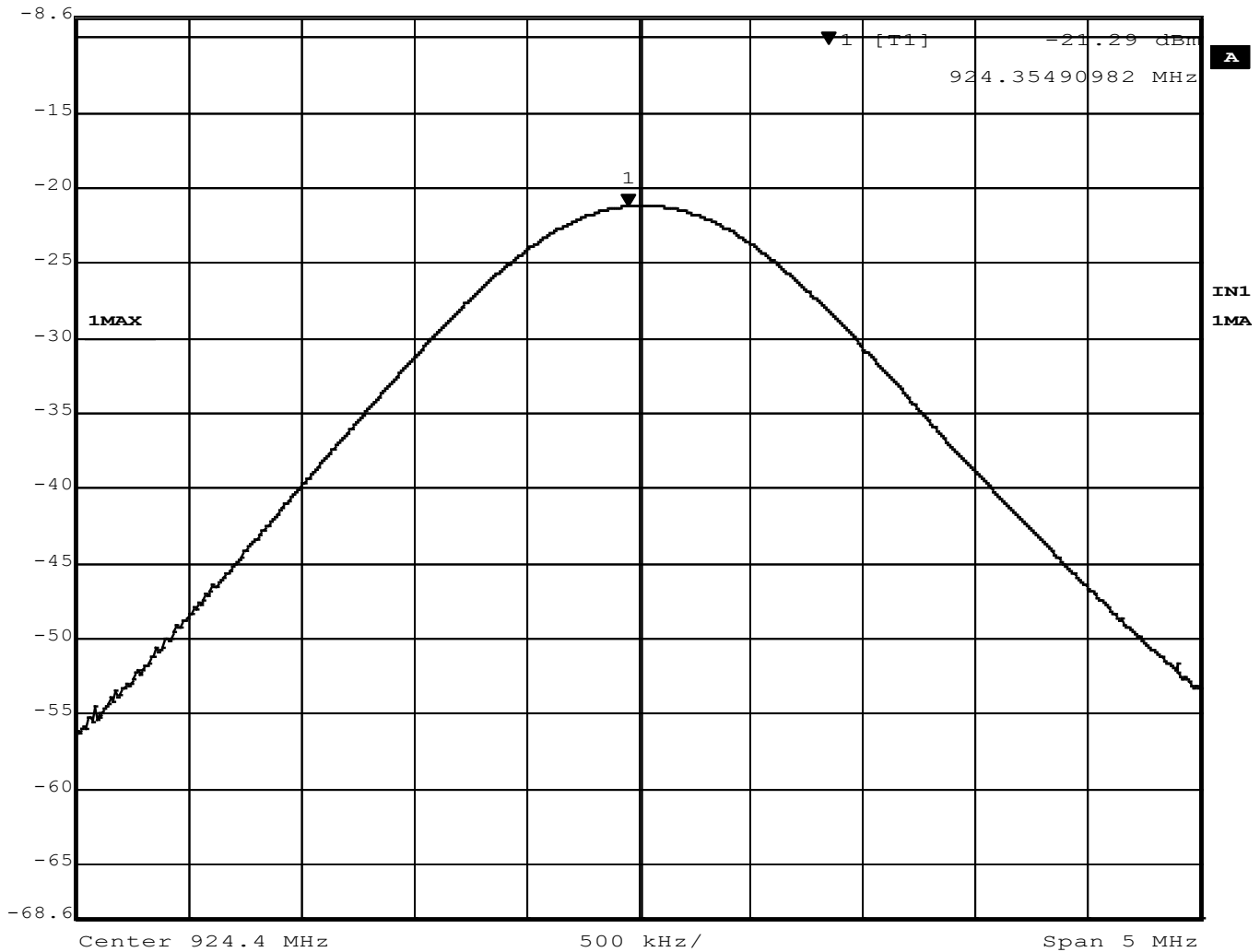
AF = antenna factor = 23.50 dB

107 = conversion from dBm to dBμV on a 50Ω measurement system

-95.23 = Conversion from field strength (dBμV/m) to EIRP (dBm) at a 3m measurement distance.



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 1 MHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -21.29 dBm VBW 3 MHz
 -8.6 dBm 924.35490982 MHz SWT 5 ms Unit dBm



Date: 24.SEP.2018 14:15:35

Figure 8 – Output Power, High Channel

Maximum power = -21.29 dBm + 107 + CL + AF - 95.23 = 19.08 dBm*

CL = cable loss = 4.80 dB

AF = antenna factor = 23.80 dB

107 = conversion from dBm to dBμV on a 50Ω measurement system

-95.23 = Conversion from field strength (dBμV/m) to EIRP (dBm) at a 3m measurement distance.



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4.4 BANDWIDTH

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 6.9.2 (20 dB BW)
ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 6.9.3 (99% BW)

Limits of bandwidth measurements:

From FCC Part 15.247 (1) (i) and RSS-247 5.1(c)

The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

Test procedures:

Bandwidth measurement was taken at a distance of 3m from the EUT. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 3 kHz RBW and 10 kHz VBW.

The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

The 99% occupied bandwidth was measured using the test receiver's occupied bandwidth function.

Test setup:

All the measurements were done at 3m test distance while an operator was trying to activate the hopping sequence manually. See Section 4.3 for more details.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:

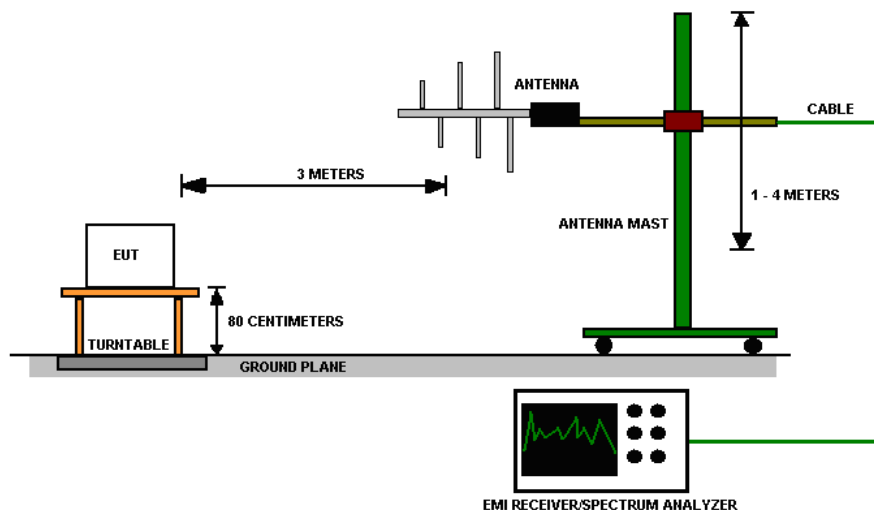


Figure 9 - Bandwidth Measurements Test Setup

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 3 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

Test results:

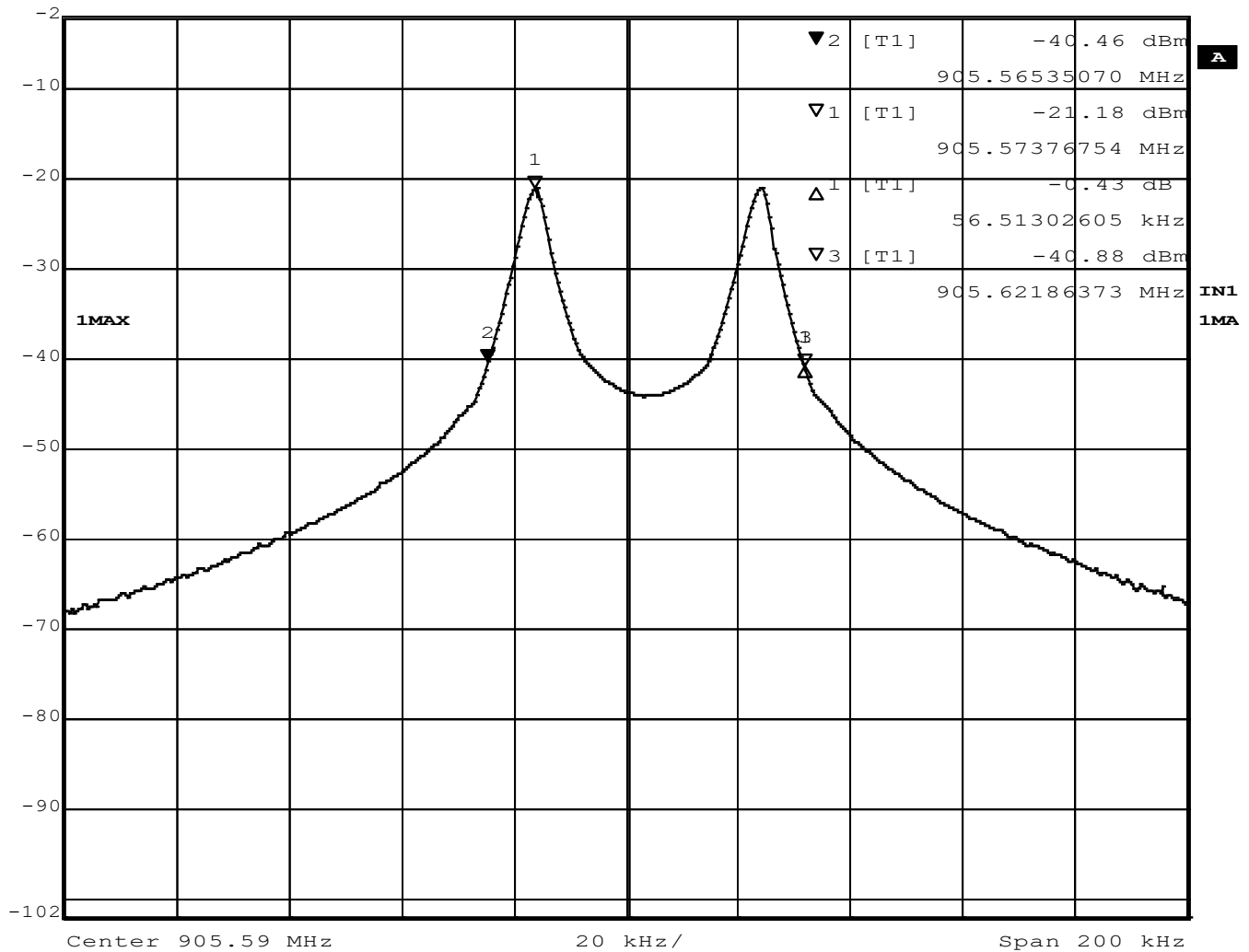
CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	Bandwidth		RESULT
		20dB BW (kHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	
Low	905.60	56.51	57.31	PASS
Mid	915.00	56.51	57.31	PASS
High	924.40	56.51	56.91	PASS



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Marker 2 [T1] RBW 3 kHz RF Att 20 dB
Ref Lvl -40.46 dBm VBW 10 kHz
-2 dBm 905.56535070 MHz SWT 56 ms Unit dBm

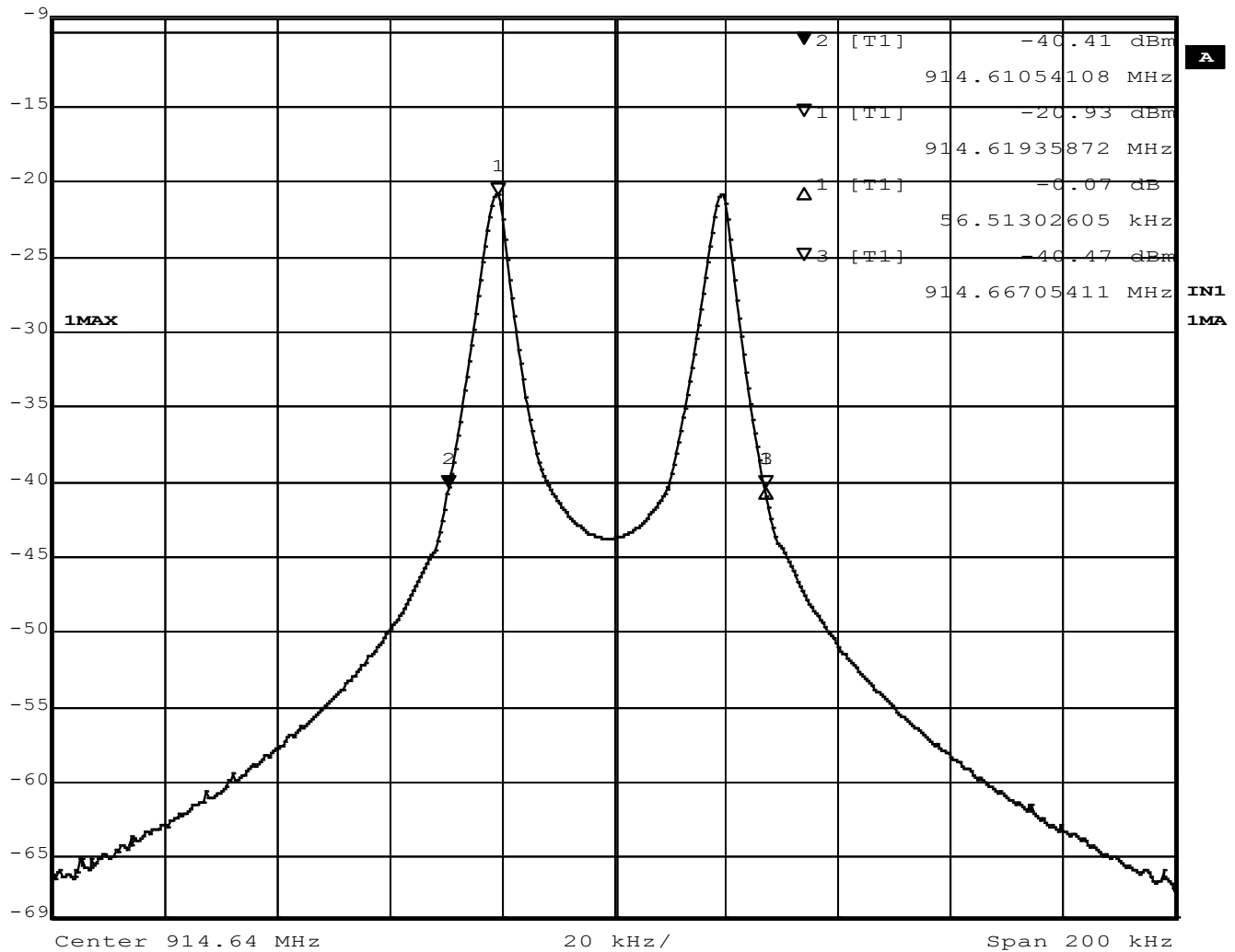


Date: 24.SEP.2018 15:31:19

Figure 10 – 20 dB Bandwidth, Low Channel



Marker 2 [T1] RBW 3 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -40.41 dBm VBW 10 kHz
 -9 dBm 914.61054108 MHz SWT 56 ms Unit dBm

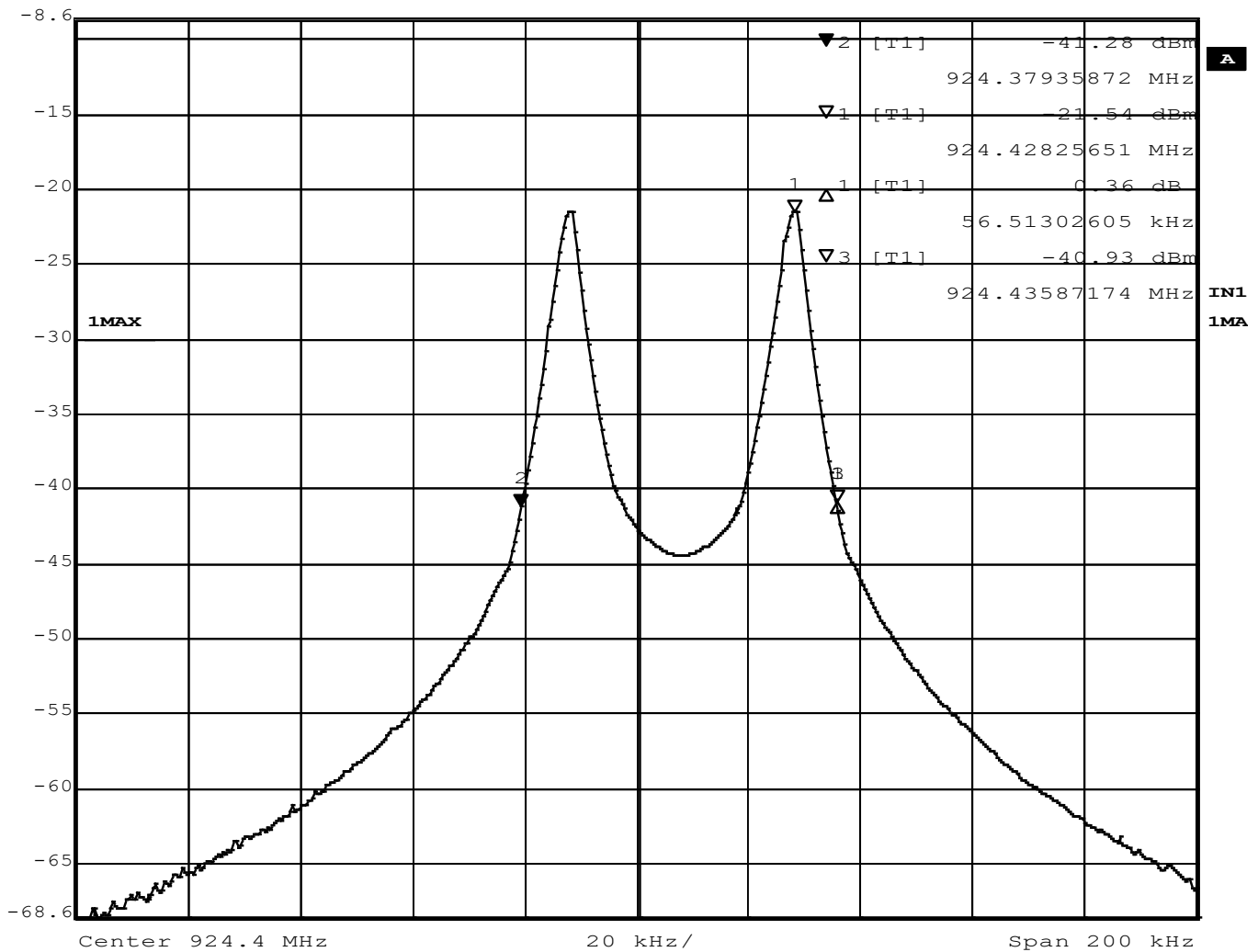


Date: 24.SEP.2018 13:13:12

Figure 11 - 20 dB Bandwidth, Mid Channel



Marker 2 [T1] RBW 3 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -41.28 dBm VBW 10 kHz
 -8.6 dBm 924.37935872 MHz SWT 56 ms Unit dBm

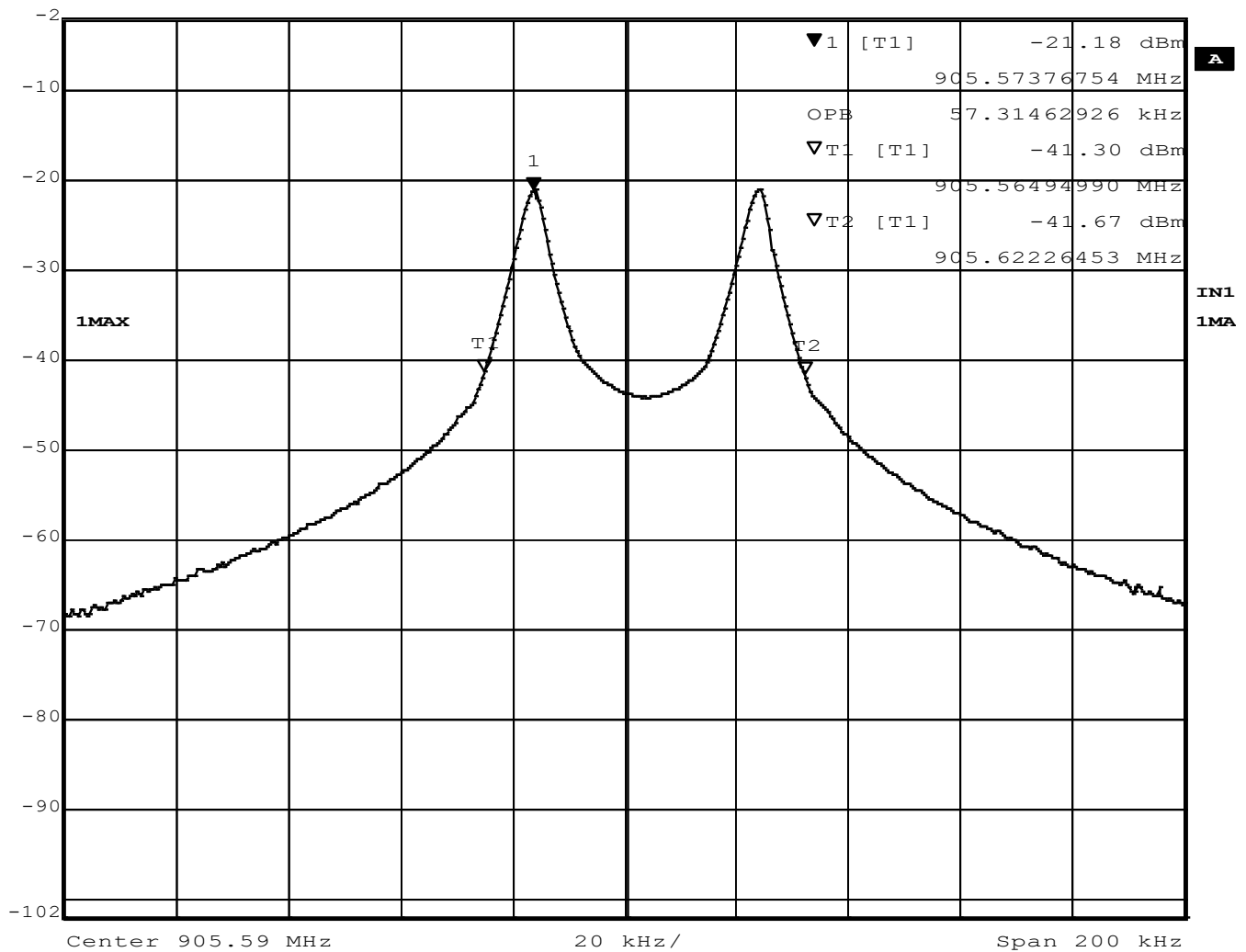


Date: 24.SEP.2018 14:14:31

Figure 12 - 20 dB Bandwidth, High Channel



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 3 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -21.18 dBm VBW 10 kHz
 -2 dBm 905.57376754 MHz SWT 56 ms Unit dBm

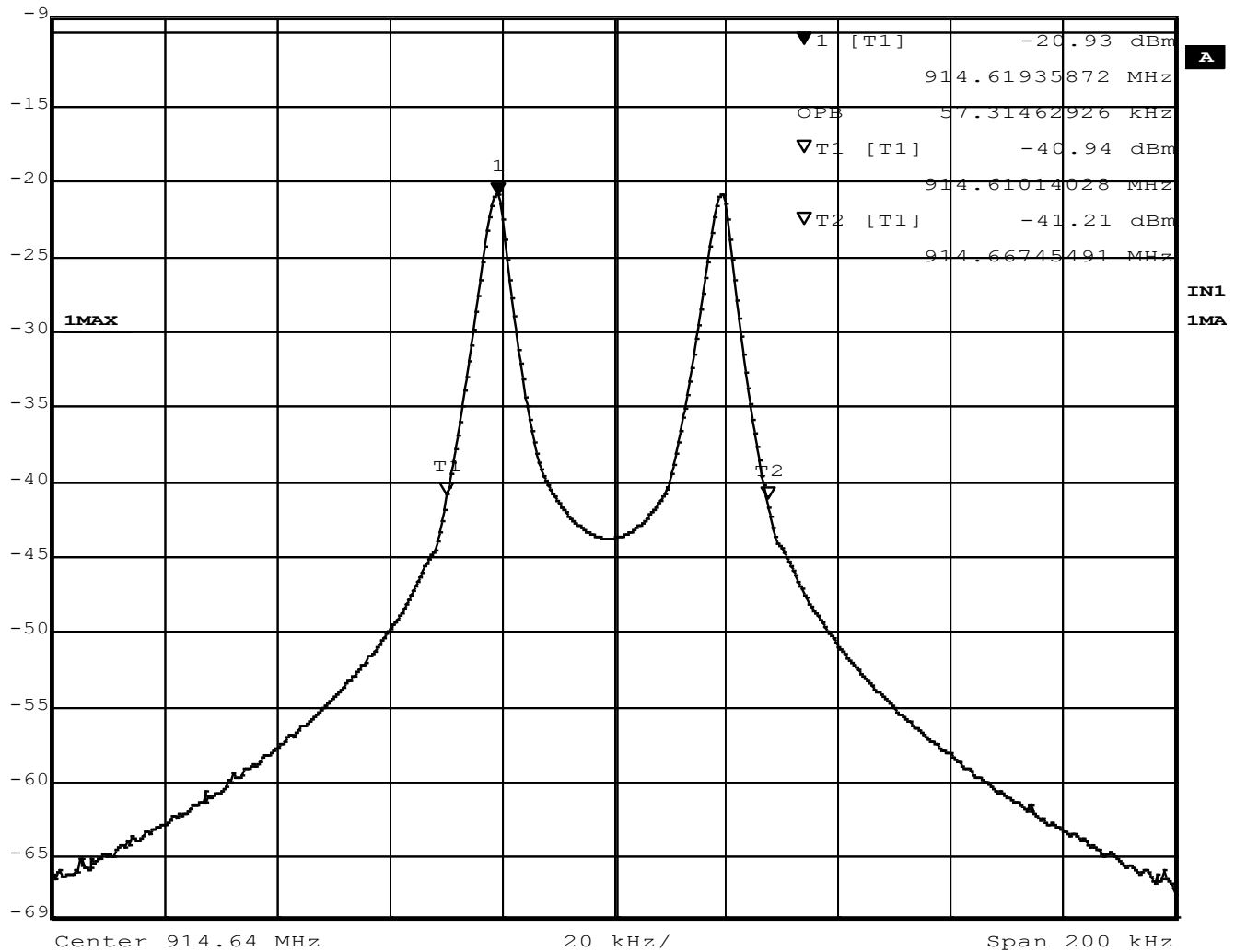


Date: 24.SEP.2018 15:30:09

Figure 13 - 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 3 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -20.93 dBm VBW 10 kHz
 -9 dBm 914.61935872 MHz SWT 56 ms Unit dBm

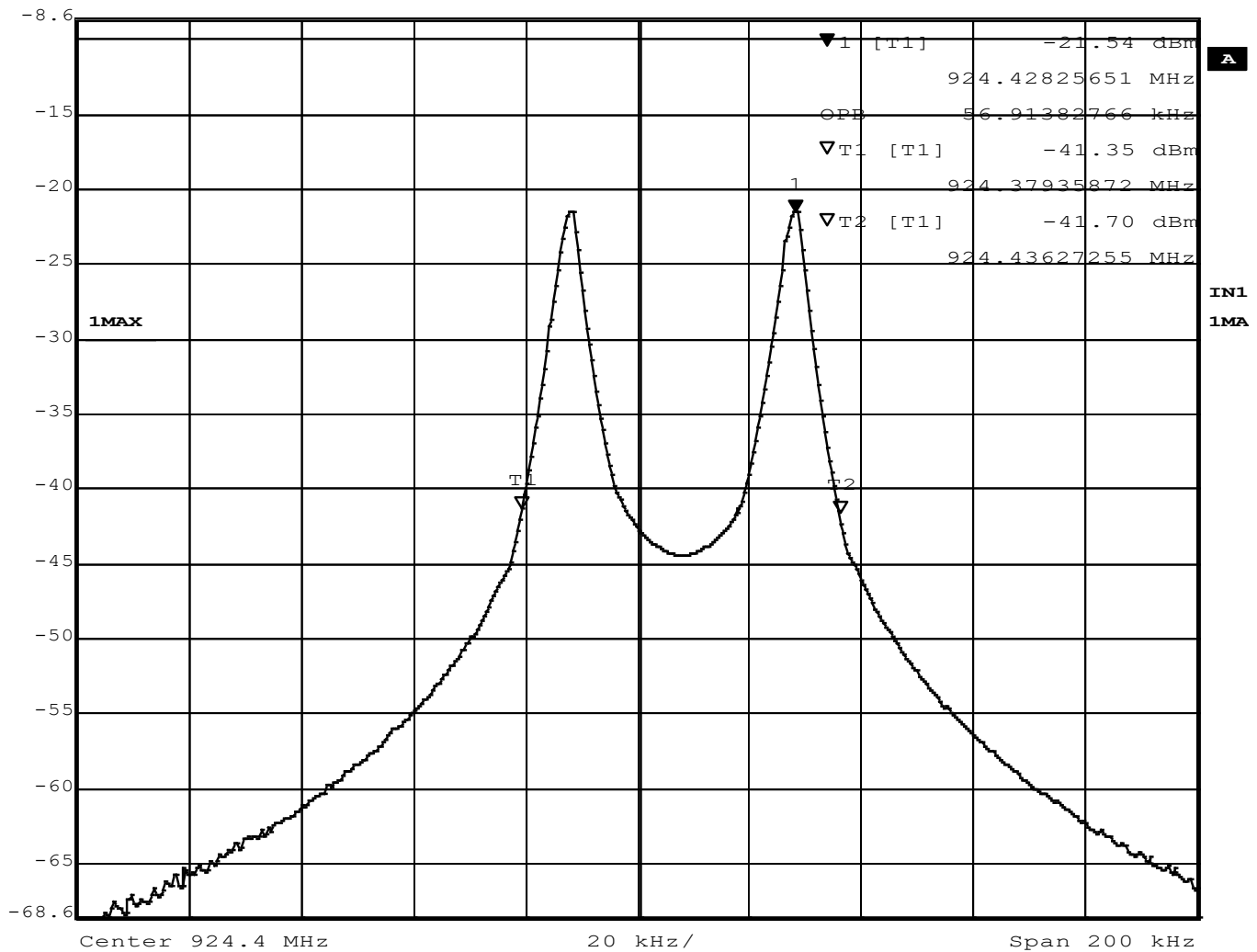


Date: 24.SEP.2018 13:15:14

Figure 14 - 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Middle Channel



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 3 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -21.54 dBm VBW 10 kHz
 -8.6 dBm 924.42825651 MHz SWT 56 ms Unit dBm



Date: 24.SEP.2018 14:12:59

Figure 15 - 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel



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4.5 BANDEDGES

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section(s) 6.10.6

Limits of bandedge measurements:

For emissions outside of the allowed band of operation (902 – 928MHz), the emission level needs to be 20dB under the maximum fundamental field strength. However, if the emissions fall within one of the restricted bands from 15.205 the field strength levels need to be under that of the limits in 15.209.

Test procedures:

The EUT was tested in the same method as described in section 4.4 - *Bandwidth*. The EUT was oriented as to produce the maximum emission levels. The resolution bandwidth was set to 30kHz and the EMI receiver was used to scan from the bandedge to the fundamental frequency with a quasi-peak detector. The highest emissions level beyond the bandedge was measured and recorded. All band edge measurements were evaluated to the general limits in Part 15.209.

Deviations from test standard:

No deviation.

Test setup:

All the measurements were done at 3m test distance while an operator was trying to activate the hopping sequence manually.

EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 3 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, and the highest frequency channel.



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Test results:

Highest Out of Band Emissions

CHANNEL	Band edge /Measurement Frequency (MHz)	Relative Highest out of band level dBm	Relative Fundamental Level (dBm)	Delta	Min (dBc)	Result
Low, Continuous Restricted	614	-101.51	-20.80	80.71	69.14	PASS
High, Continuous Restricted	960	-93.27	-21.41	71.86	68.45	PASS
Low Hopping Restricted	614	-100.84	-21.36	79.48	69.14	PASS
High, Hopping Restricted	960	-94.22	-21.40	72.82	68.45	PASS
Low, Continuous Unrestricted	902	-68.29	-20.80	47.49	20.00	PASS
Low, Hopping Unrestricted	902	-69.33	-21.41	47.92	20.00	PASS
High, Continuous Unrestricted	928	-69.62	-21.36	48.26	20.00	PASS
High, Hopping Unrestricted	928	-70.12	-21.40	48.72	20.00	PASS

*Minimum delta = [highest fundamental peak field strength from Section 4.2] – [Part 15.209 radiated emissions limit.]

From Section 4.2

Fundamental average field strength at 905.6 MHz for low channel = 115.14 dB μ V/m

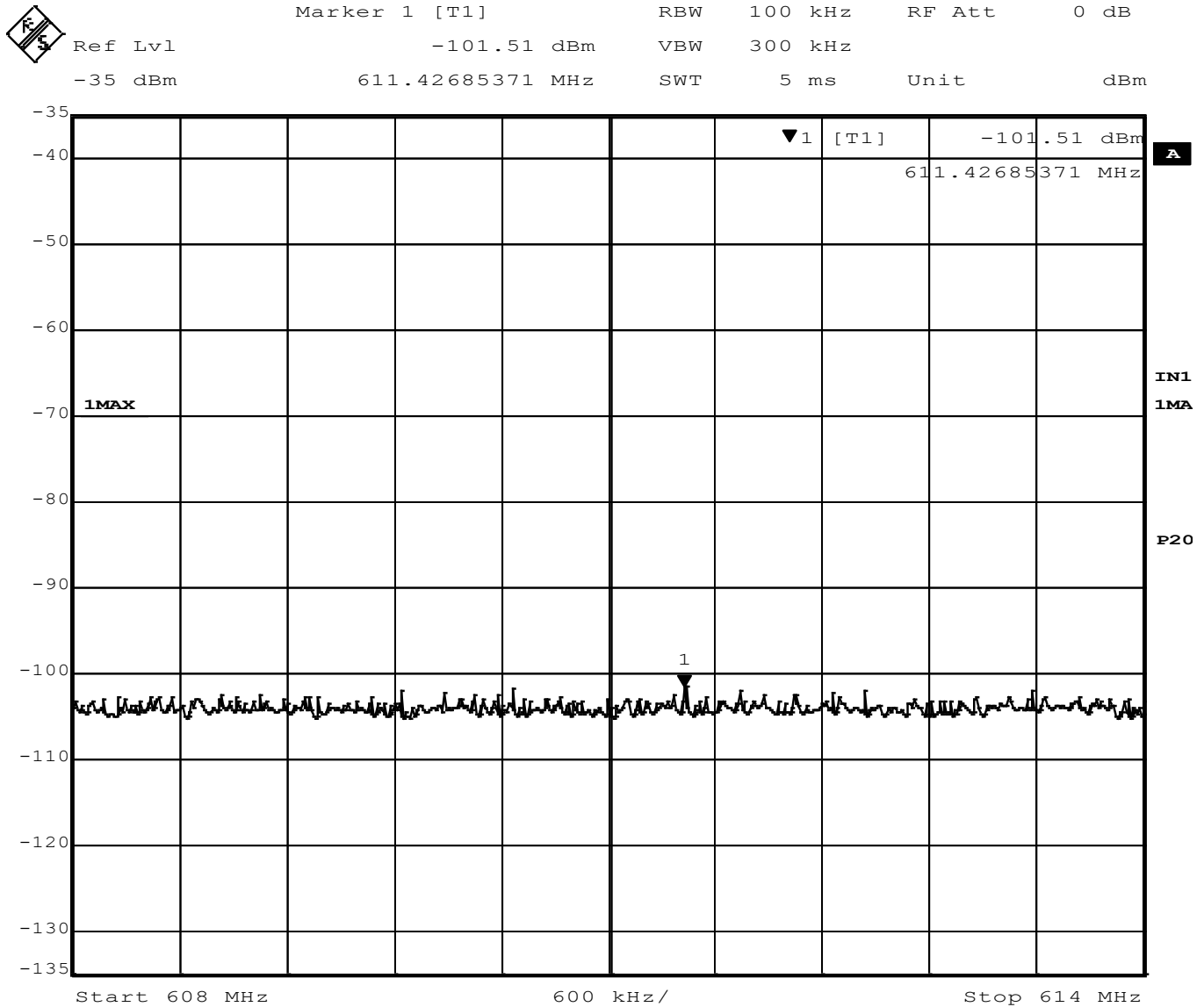
Fundamental average field strength at 924.4 MHz for high channel = 114.45 dB μ V/m

Low channel minimum delta = 115.14 – 46.0 dB μ V/m = 69.14 dBc

High channel minimum delta = 114.45– 46.0 dB μ V/m = 68.45 dBc

Measurements do not include correction factors and are intended to be relative measurements only.

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Figure 16 - Band-edge Measurement, Low Channel, Restricted Frequency, Continuous Transmit

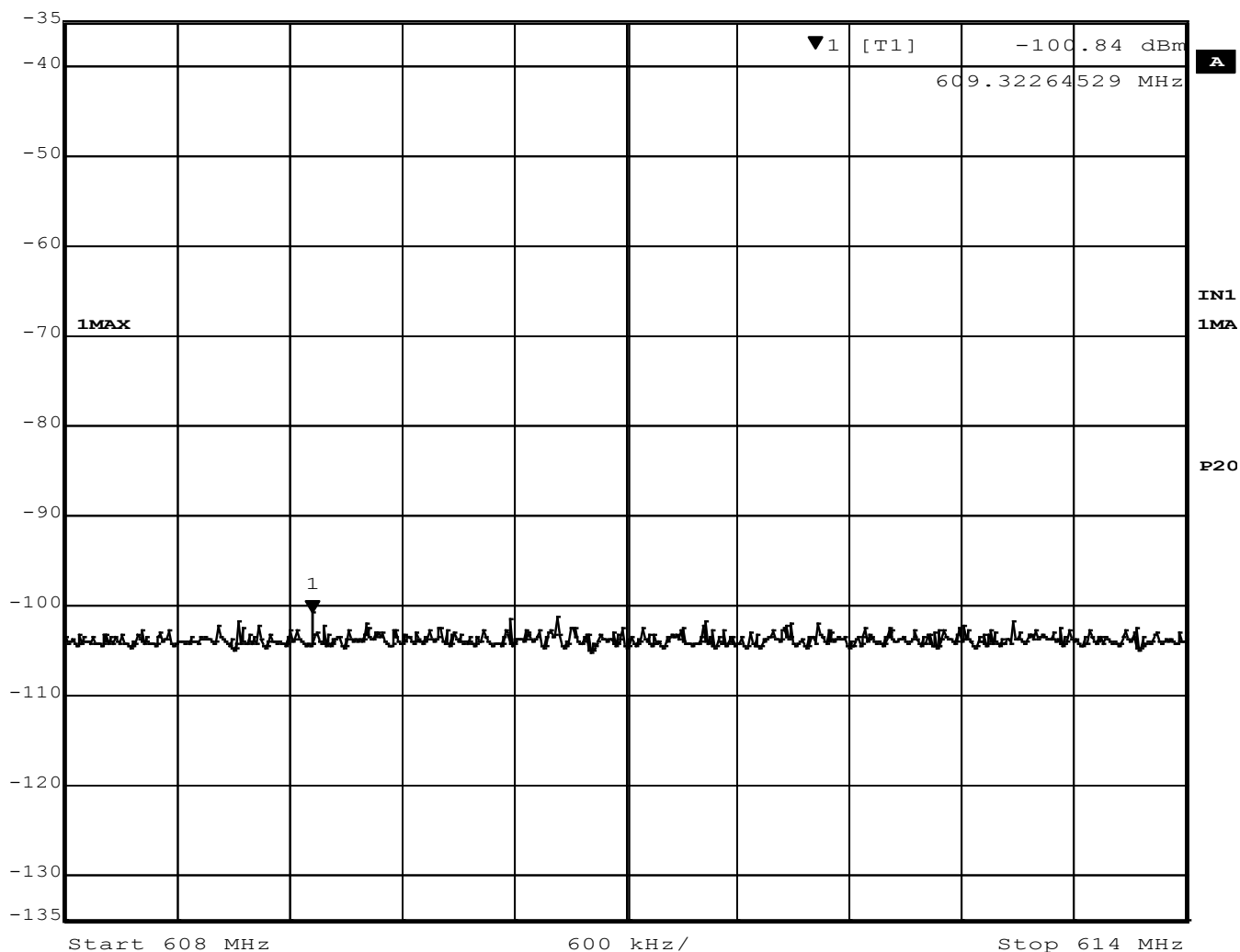
The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.



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Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 0 dB
Ref Lvl -100.84 dBm VBW 300 kHz
-35 dBm 609.32264529 MHz SWT 5 ms Unit dBm



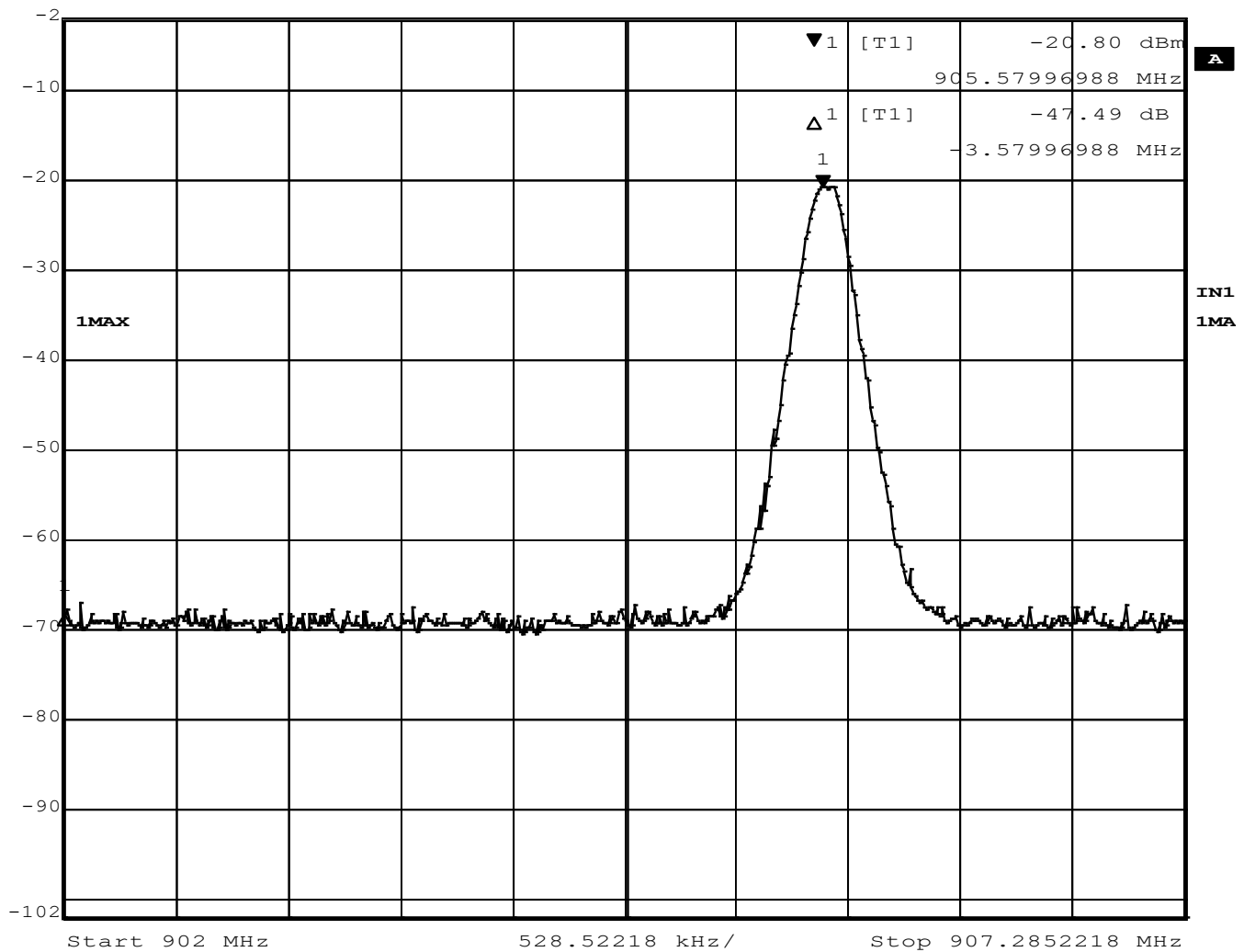
Date: 24.SEP.2018 15:36:10

Figure 17 - Band-edge Measurement, Low Channel, Restricted Frequency, Hopping

The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -20.80 dBm VBW 300 kHz
 -2 dBm 905.57996988 MHz SWT 5 ms Unit dBm

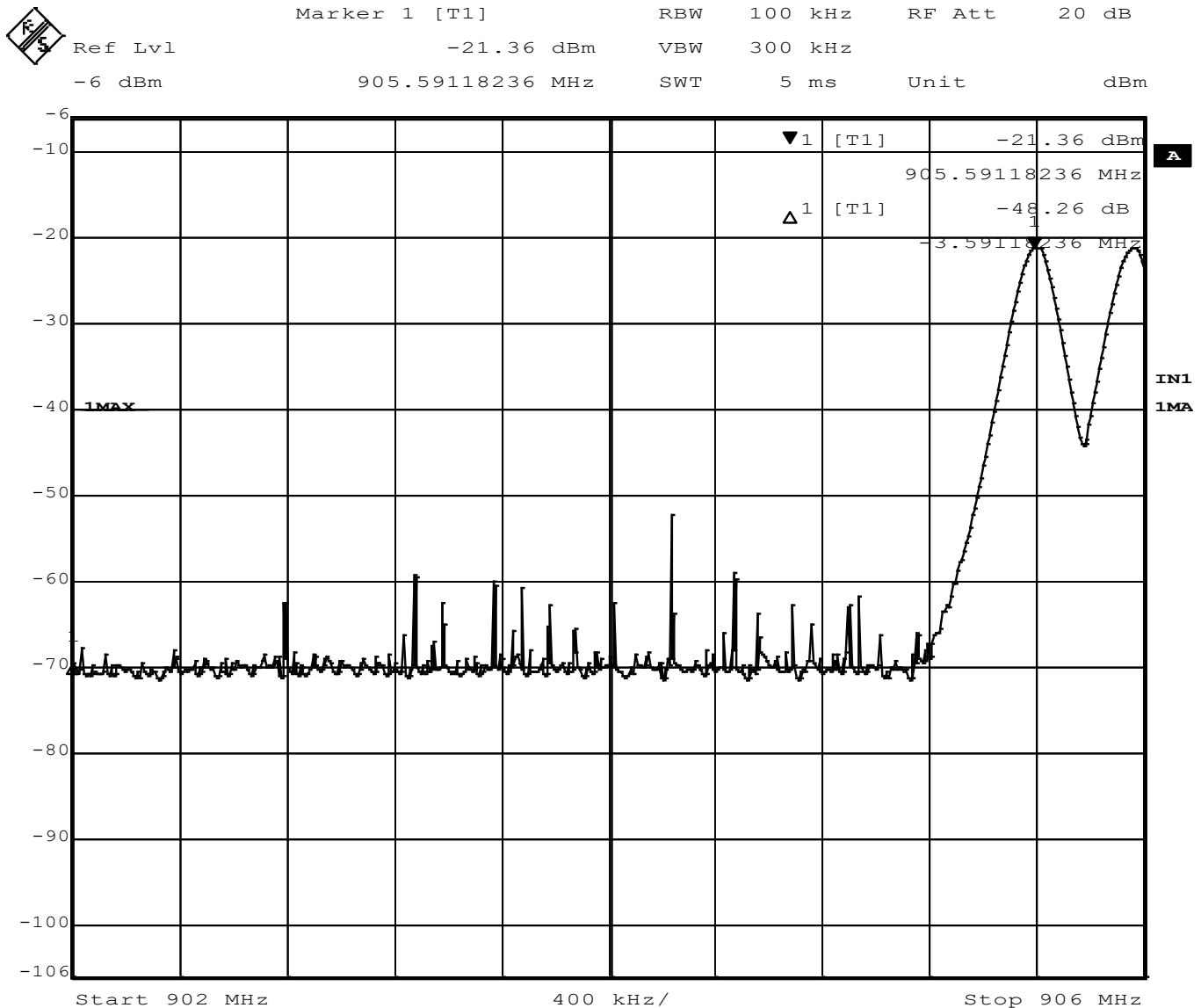


Date: 24.SEP.2018 15:34:51

Figure 18 - Band-edge Measurement, Low Channel, Fundamental, Continuous Transmit

The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.

Delta = 47.49 dB > 20 dB minimum



Date: 24.SEP.2018 15:38:31

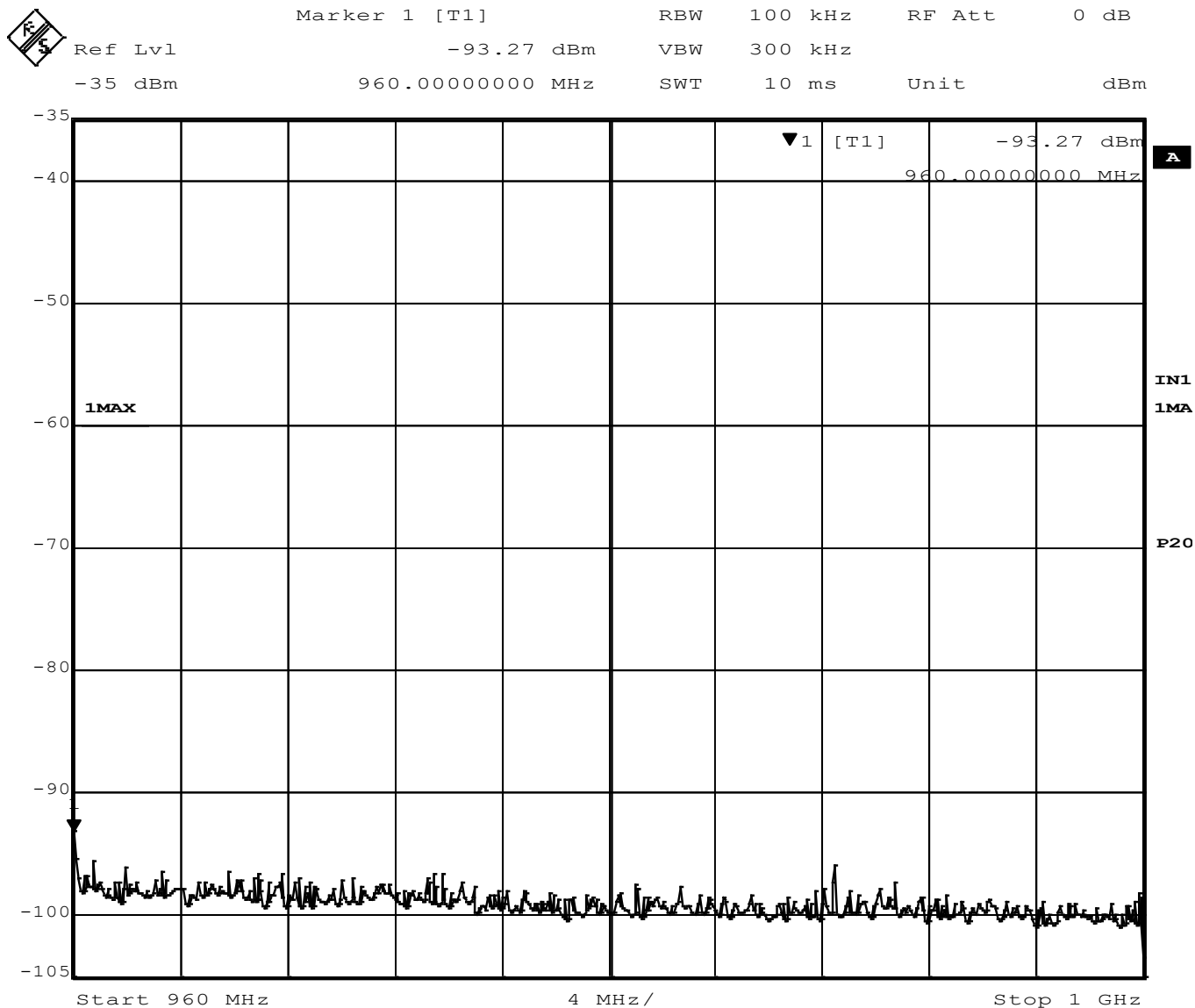
Figure 19 - Band-edge Measurement, Low Channel, Fundamental, Hopping Transmit

The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.

Delta = 48.26 dB > 20 dB minimum



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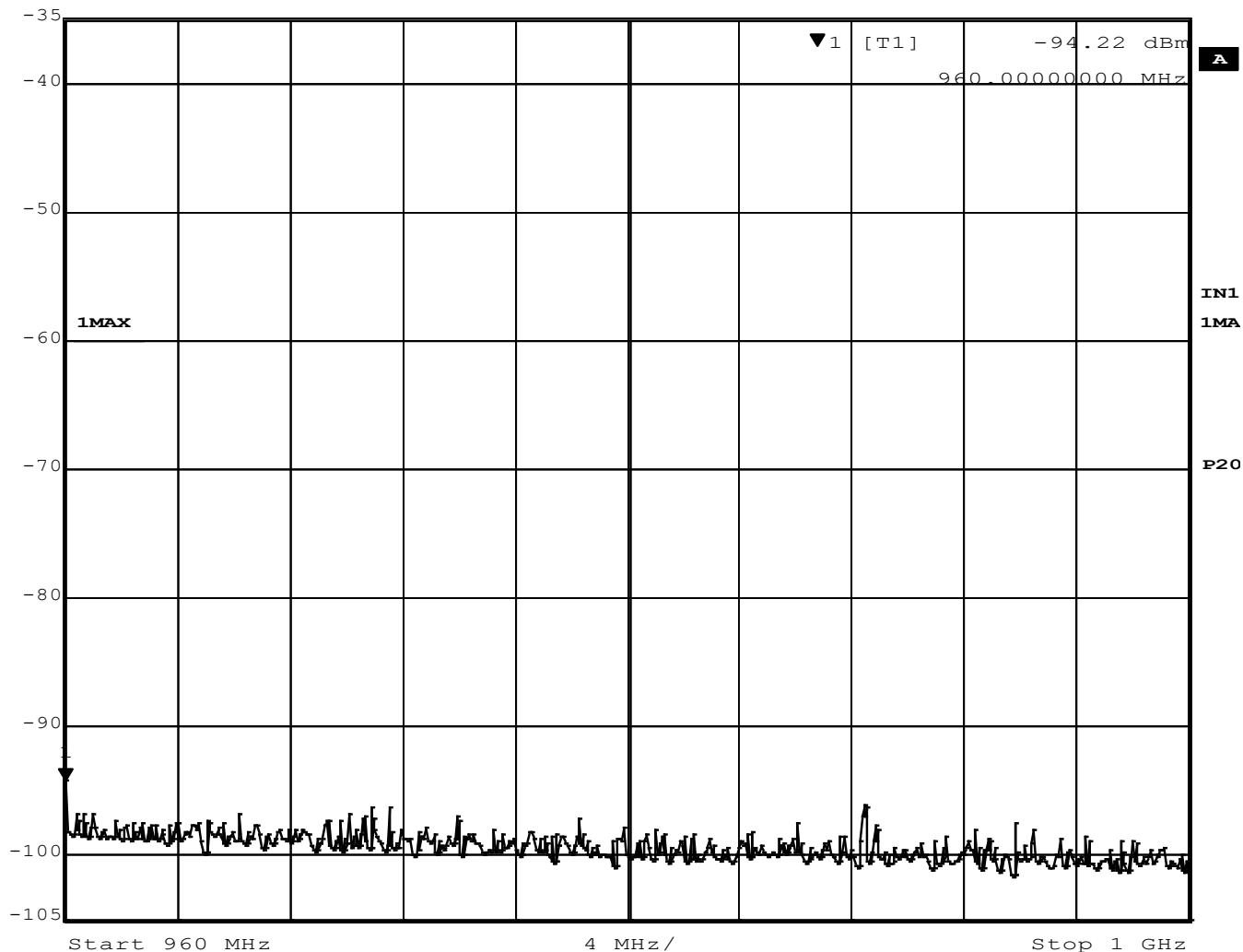
Figure 20 - Band-edge Measurement, High Channel, Restricted Frequency, Continuous Transmit
The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.



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Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 0 dB
Ref Lvl -94.22 dBm VBW 300 kHz
-35 dBm 960.00000000 MHz SWT 10 ms Unit dBm



Date: 24.SEP.2018 14:22:13

Figure 21 - Band-edge Measurement, High Channel, Restricted Frequency, Hopping

The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.



Marker 1 [T1]

RBW 100 kHz RF Att 20 dB

Ref Lvl -21.41 dBm

VBW 300 kHz

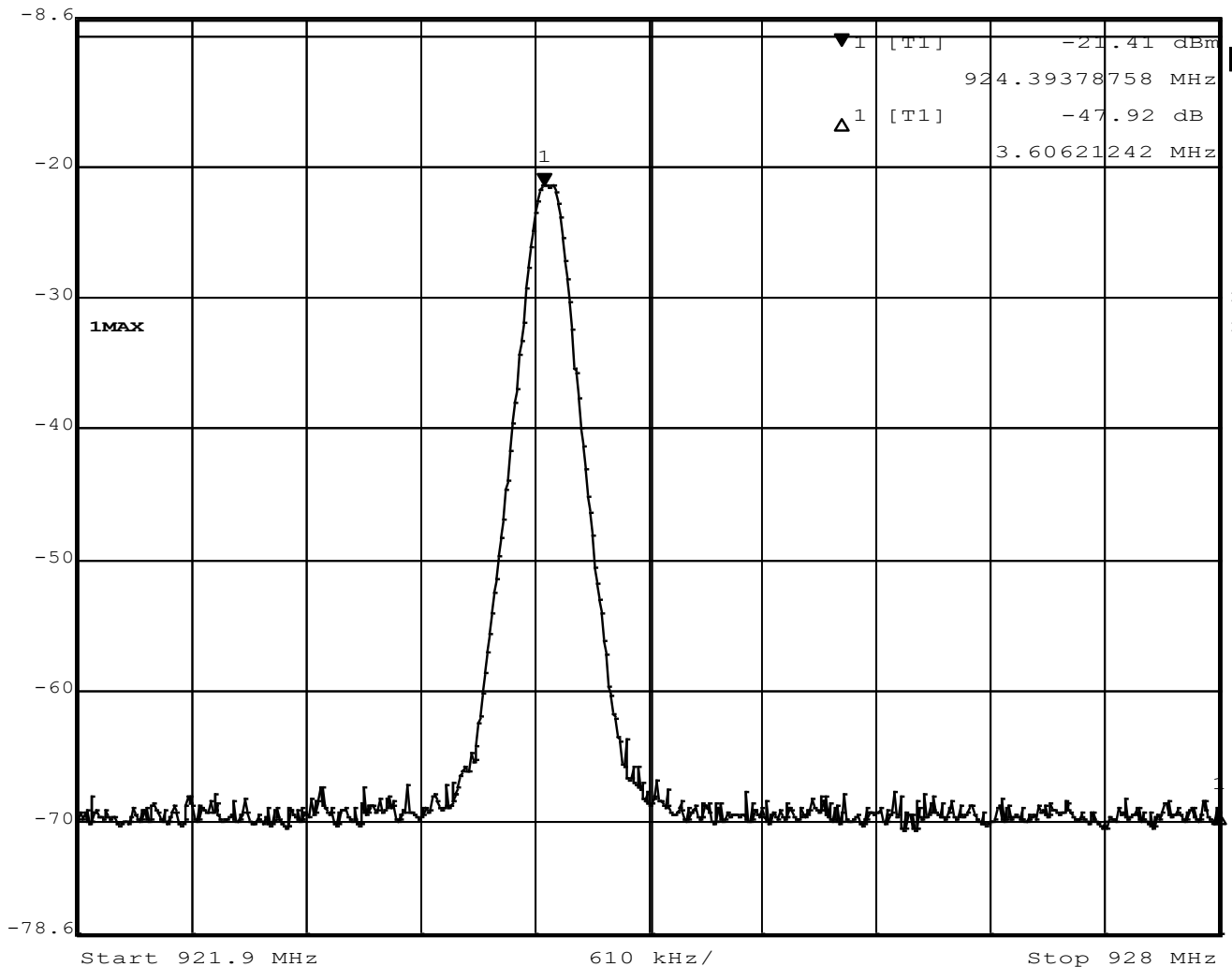
-8.6 dBm

924.39378758 MHz

SWT 5 ms

Unit

dBm



Date: 24.SEP.2018 14:18:11

Figure 22 - Band-edge Measurement, High Channel, Fundamental, Continuous Transmit

The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.

Delta = 47.92 dB > 20 dB minimum



Delta 1 [T1]

RBW

100 kHz

RF Att

20 dB

Ref Lvl

-48.72 dB

VBW

300 kHz

-11.8 dBm

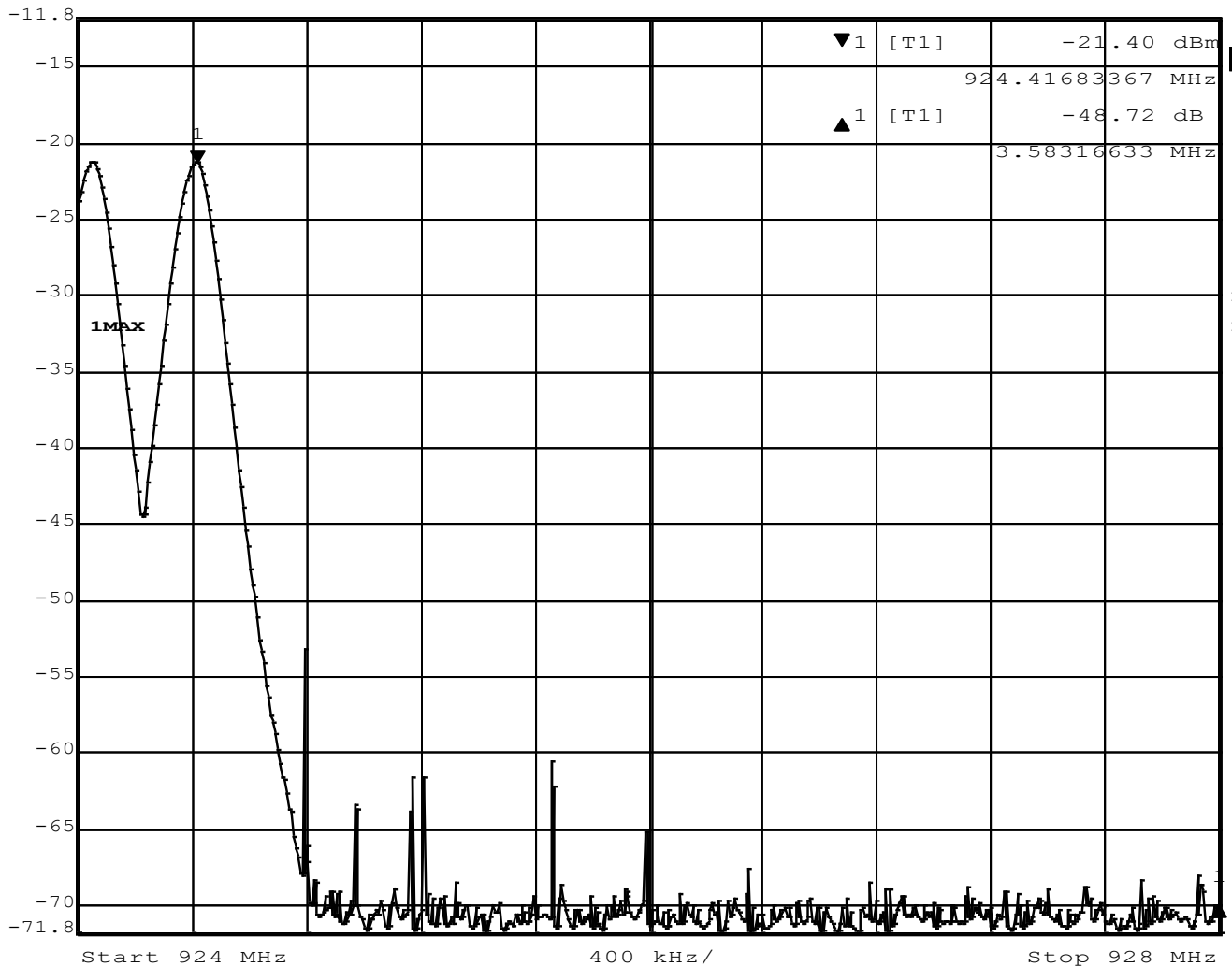
3.58316633 MHz

SWT

5 ms

Unit

dBm



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Figure 23 - Band-edge Measurement, High Channel, Fundamental, Hopping Transmit

The plot shows an uncorrected measurement, used for relative measurements only.

Delta = 48.72 dB > 20 dB minimum



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4.6 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPERATION, NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS, TIME OF OCCUPANCY

Test Method: ANSI C63.10, Section 7.8.2, 7.8.3, 7.8.4

Limits for Time of Occupancy

Average time of occupancy on any frequency should not to exceed 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period.

Test procedures:

The method from FCC DA 00-705

All measurements were taken at a distance of 3m from the EUT.

Test setup:

All the measurements were done at 3m test distance while an operator was trying to activate the hopping sequence manually.

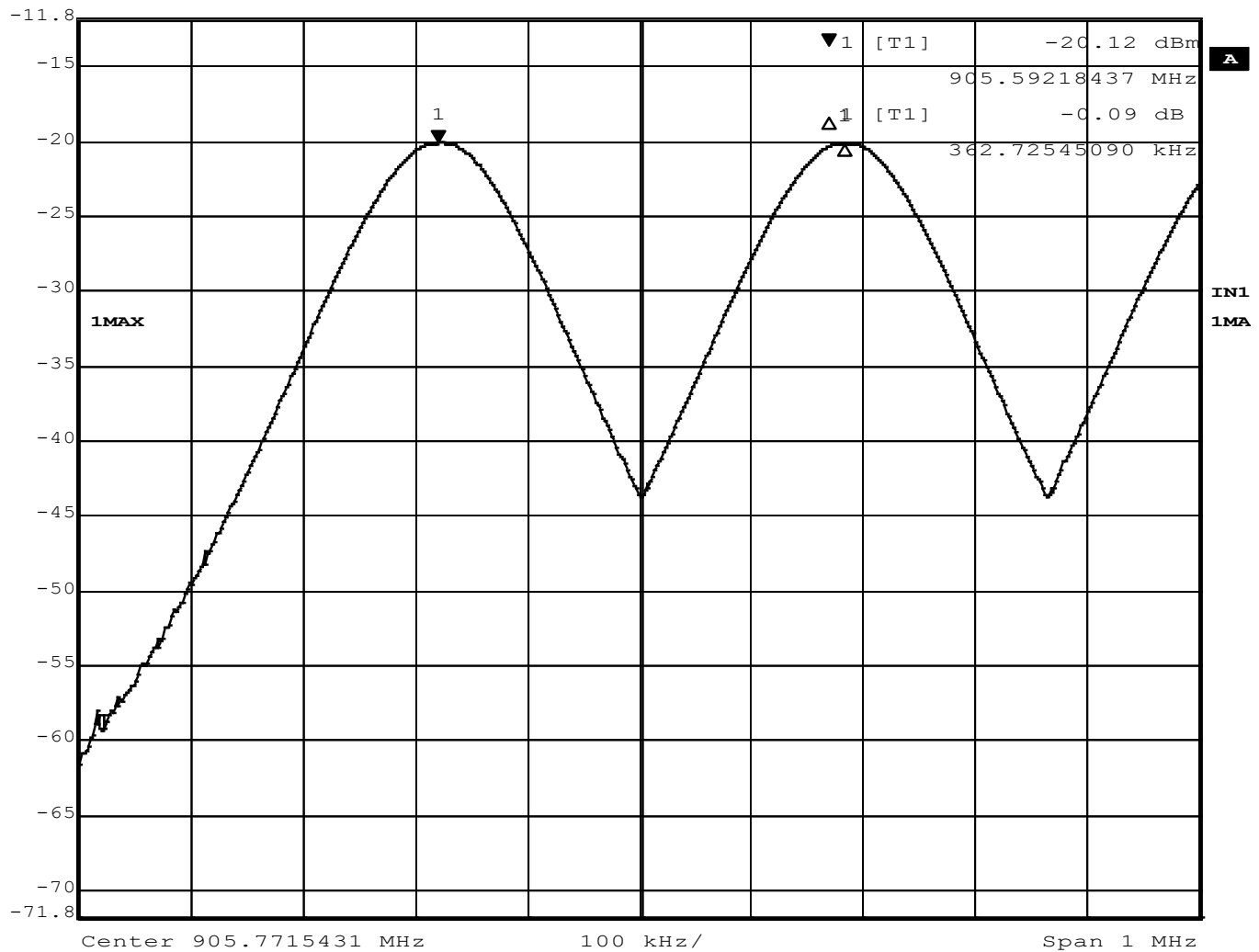
EUT operating conditions:

The EUT was powered by 3 VDC unless specified and set to transmit continuously on the lowest frequency channel, highest frequency channel and one in the middle of its operating range.

Test results:



Marker 1 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 20 dB
 Ref Lvl -20.12 dBm VBW 300 kHz
 -11.8 dBm 905.59218437 MHz SWT 5 ms Unit dBm



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Figure 24 – Frequency Separation



Marker 1 [T1]

RBW 100 kHz

RF Att 20 dB

Ref Lvl

-20.25 dBm

VBW 300 kHz

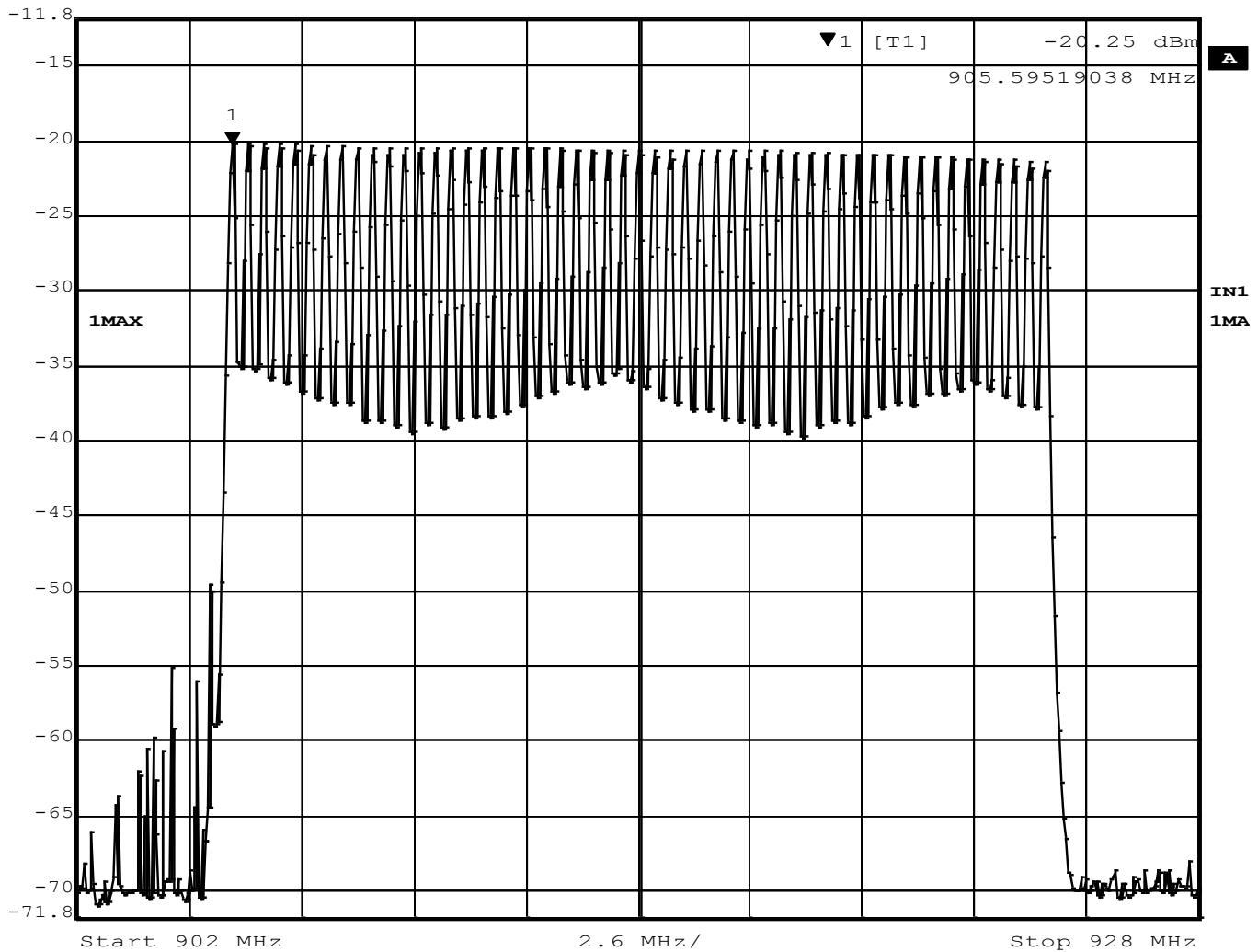
-11.8 dBm

905.59519038 MHz

SWT 6.5 ms

Unit

dBm

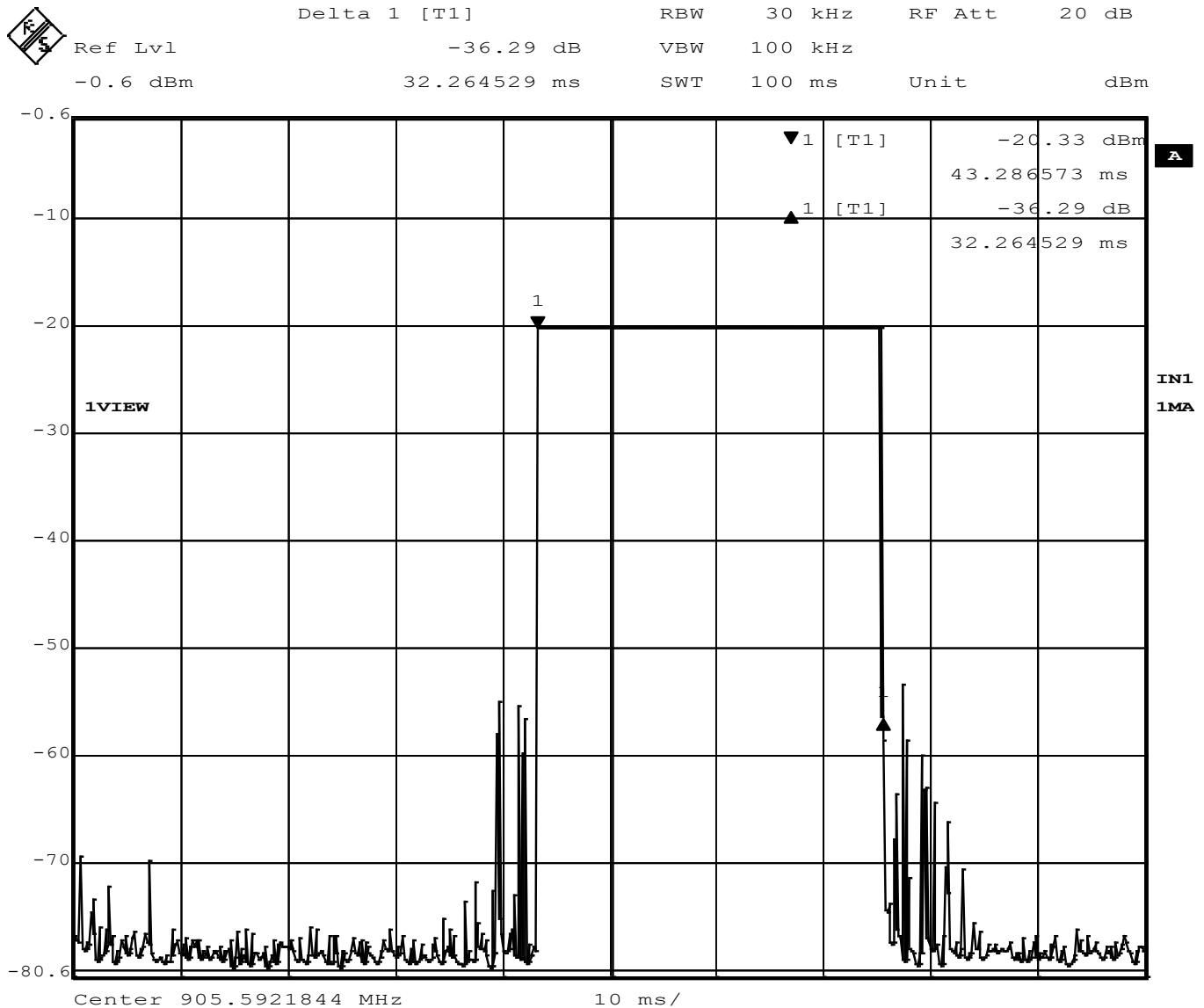


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Figure 25 – Hop Count, 53 Hops



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Figure 26 – Time of Occupancy, On Time



Delta 3 [T1]

RBW

30 kHz

RF Att

20 dB

Ref Lvl

-0.03 dB

VBW

100 kHz

-0.6 dBm

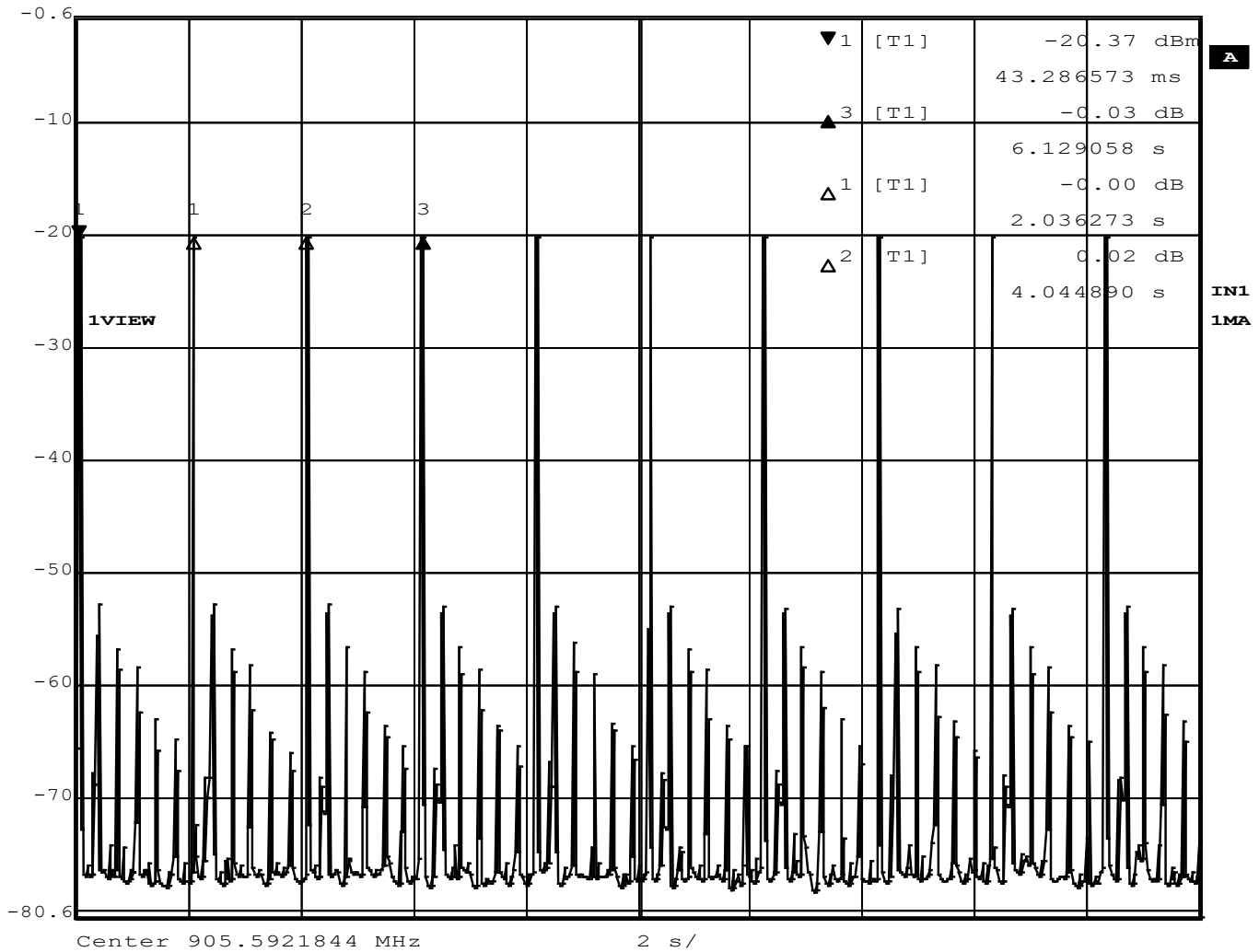
6.129058 s

SWT

20 s

Unit

dBm



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Figure 27 – Time of Occupancy, Period

*Maximum of 12 transmissions can occur in a given channel in any 20 s so the average time of occupancy is 32.29 ms x 10 = 322.90 ms = 0.322 s < 0.4 s - Pass



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APPENDIX A: SAMPLE CALCULATION

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF - (-CF + AG) + AV$$

where FS = Field Strength

RA = Receiver Amplitude

AF = Antenna Factor

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor

AG = Amplifier Gain

AV = Averaging Factor (if applicable)

Assume a receiver reading of 55 dB μ V is obtained. The Antenna Factor of 12 and a Cable Factor of 1.1 is added. The Amplifier Gain of 20 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 48.1 dB μ V/m.

$$FS = 55 + 12 - (-1.1 + 20) + 0 = 48.1 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$$

The 48.1 dB μ V/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

$$\text{Level in } \mu\text{V/m} = \text{Common Antilogarithm} [(48.1 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m})/20] = 254.1 \mu\text{V/m}$$

AV is calculated by taking the $20 \cdot \log(T_{on}/100)$ where T_{on} is the maximum transmission time in any 100ms window.



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EIRP Calculations

In cases where direct antenna port measurement is not possible or would be inaccurate, output power is measured in EIRP. The maximum field strength is measured at a specified distance and the EIRP is calculated using the following equation;

$$EIRP \text{ (Watts)} = [Field \text{ Strength (V/m)} \times \text{antenna distance (m)}]^2 / 30$$

$$\text{Power (watts)} = 10^{[Power \text{ (dBm)}/10]} / 1000$$

$$\text{Voltage (dB}\mu\text{V)} = \text{Power (dBm)} + 107 \text{ (for } 50\Omega \text{ measurement systems)}$$

$$\text{Field Strength (V/m)} = 10^{[\text{Field Strength (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} / 20]} / 10^6$$

$$\text{Gain} = 1 \text{ (numeric gain for isotropic radiator)}$$

Conversion from 3m field strength to EIRP (d=3):

$$EIRP = [FS(V/m) \times d^2]/30 = FS [0.3] \quad \text{for } d = 3$$

$$EIRP(dBm) = FS(dB\mu V/m) - 10(\log 10^9) + 10\log[0.3] = FS(dB\mu V/m) - 95.23$$

$10\log(10^9)$ is the conversion from micro to milli



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APPENDIX B – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been for tests performed in this test report:

Test	Frequency Range	Uncertainty Value (dB)
Radiated Emissions, 3m	30MHz - 1GHz	3.82
Radiated Emissions, 3m	1GHz - 18GHz	4.44
Emissions limits, conducted	30MHz – 18GHz	±3.30 dB

Expanded uncertainty values are calculated to a confidence level of 95%.



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REPORT END