

EXHIBIT 3-1 CFSDL5827BD-1

5827BD-1 Duty Cycle Calculation

Message protocol, timing and duty cycle calculation.

The data output is phase encoded Manchester that has inherent 50% duty cycle and consists of 64 bits per word. A supervision transmission is six identical words separated by (start to start) by nominal 125mS (100mS min. to 150mS max). Each message has a nominal data rate of 3.7 kb/s (3.2 kb/s min. to 4.2kb/s max). Therefore the duty cycle is calculated as follows:

The word format consists of 64 bits,

The duration of each bit is 312.5 uSec max.

The duty cycle over a 100 mSec measuring period is calculated as follows:

Duty cycle = Actual RF transmission ON time / 100 mSec

Actual transmission ON time = 64 bits X 50% X 312.5 uSec = 10 mSec

Therefore duty cycle = 10 / 100 mSec = 0.10 = 10%, peak to average field strength is 20 dB.

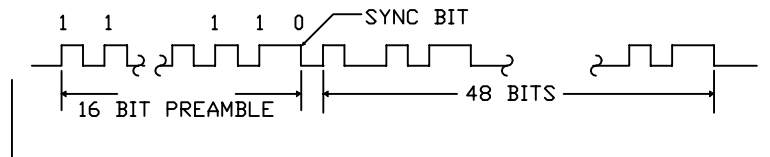
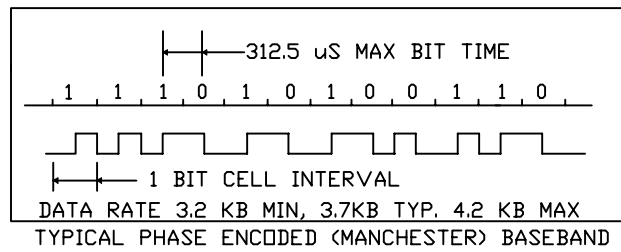
Total on-air time for a supervision transmission is:

$64 \times 312.5 \text{ uSec} + (5 \times 150 \text{ mSec}) = 0.77 \text{ seconds.}$

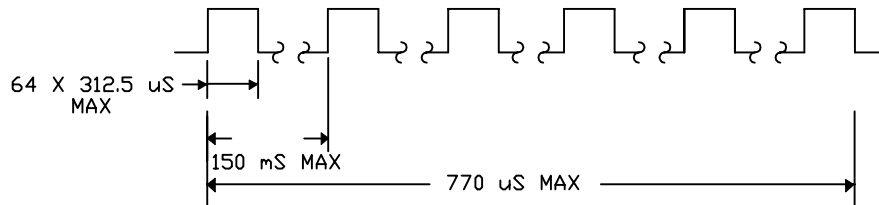
In the case of an alarm transmission, the group of six transmissions is repeated twice, with the second group delayed from the first by a max. time of 2 seconds. The worst case on-air time is $2 \times (\text{supervision time}) + 2 = 3.54 \text{ seconds.}$

Summary:- Duty cycle = 10%

On-air time = 3.54 seconds.



SINGLE MESSAGE



6 IDENTICAL MESSAGES = 1 SUPERVISION MESSAGE

OR

