

FCC Test Report (BT-EDR)

Report No.: RF160819E01-1

FCC ID: COF-WMBNBM26A

Test Model: WM-BN-BM-26_A

Received Date: Aug. 19, 2016

Test Date: Aug. 31 to Sep. 06, 2016

Issued Date: Sep. 13, 2016

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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RF160819E01-1	Original release.	Sep. 13, 2016

1 Certificate of Conformity

Product: 802.11b/g/n + BT Wireless LAN Module

Brand: USI

Test Model: WM-BN-BM-26_A

Sample Status: ENGINEERING SAMPLE

Applicant: UNIVERSAL GLOBAL SCIENTIFIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Test Date: Aug. 31 to Sep. 16, 2016

Standards: 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)
ANSI C63.10: 2013

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

Prepared by : Cindy Hsin **Date:** Sep. 13, 2016
Cindy Hsin / Specialist

Approved by : May Chen **Date:** Sep. 13, 2016
May Chen / Manager

2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (SECTION 15.247)			
FCC Clause	Test Item	Result	Remarks
15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -16.10dB at 10.80078MHz.
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequency Used	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time on Each Channel	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1)	1. Hopping Channel Separation 2. Spectrum Bandwidth of a Frequency Hopping Sequence Spread Spectrum System	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.205 & 209 & 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Band Edge Measurement	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -3.1dB at 360.04MHz.
15.247(d)	Antenna Port Emission	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	No antenna connector is used.

NOTE: If The Frequency Hopping System operating in 2400-2483.5MHz band and the output power less than 125mW. The hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel whichever is greater.

2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Measurement	Frequency	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
Conducted Emissions at mains ports	150kHz ~ 30MHz	1.83 dB
Radiated Emissions up to 1 GHz	30MHz ~ 1GHz	5.37 dB
Radiated Emissions above 1 GHz	1GHz ~ 6GHz	3.65 dB
	6GHz ~ 18GHz	3.88 dB
	18GHz ~ 40GHz	4.11 dB

2.2 Modification Record

There were no modifications required for compliance.

3 General Information

3.1 General Description of EUT (BT-EDR)

Product	802.11b/g/n + BT Wireless LAN Module
Brand	USI
Test Model	WM-BN-BM-26_A
Status of EUT	ENGINEERING SAMPLE
Power Supply Rating	3.6Vdc from host equipment
Modulation Type	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Modulation Technology	FHSS
Transfer Rate	Up to 3Mbps
Operating Frequency	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Number of Channel	79
Output Power	6.039mW
Antenna Type	Refer to Note
Antenna Connector	Refer to Note
Accessory Device	NA
Data Cable Supplied	NA

Note:

1. There are WLAN, BT technology used for the EUT.
2. The antennas provided to the EUT, please refer to the following table:

Brand	Model	Antenna Net Gain(dBi)	Frequency range (GHz to GHz)	Antenna Type	Connector Type
YAGEO	ANT3216LL11R2400A	3.68	2.4~2.4835	Chip	NA

3. WLAN and BT technology cannot transmit at same time.
4. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock. Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below: Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc. The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
5. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

3.2 Description of Test Modes

79 channels are provided for BT-EDR mode:

Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461		

3.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

EUT CONFIGURE MODE	APPLICABLE TO				DESCRIPTION
	RE $\geq$ 1G	RE<1G	PLC	APCM	
-	√	√	√	√	

Where **RE $\geq$ 1G**: Radiated Emission above 1GHz **RE<1G**: Radiated Emission below 1GHz
PLC: Power Line Conducted Emission **APCM**: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

NOTE:

1. The EUT had been pre-tested on the positioned of each 3 axis. The worst case was found when positioned on **X-plane**.

Radiated Emission Test (Above 1GHz):

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

Radiated Emission Test (Below 1GHz):

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	39	FHSS	GFSK	DH5

Power Line Conducted Emission Test:

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	39	FHSS	GFSK	DH5

Antenna Port Conducted Measurement:

- ☒ This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

Test Condition:

APPLICABLE TO	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	INPUT POWER	TESTED BY
RE $\geq$ 1G	24deg. C, 67%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Weiwei Lo
RE<1G	22deg. C, 70%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Weiwei Lo
PLC	25deg. C, 60%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Barry Lee
APCM	25deg. C, 60%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Anderson Chen

3.3 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

ID	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remarks
A.	Test Tool	WM-BN-BM-26_A_EVB TDK V1.1	NA	NA	NA	Supplied by client
B.	DC Power Supply	Topward	6603D	795558	NA	Provided by Lab

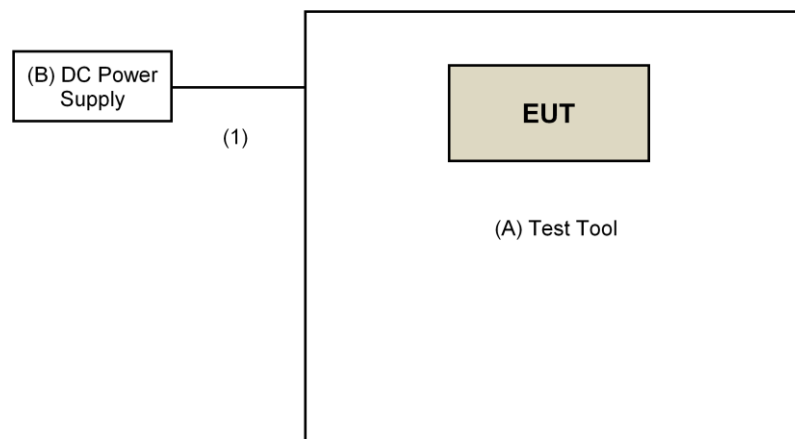
Note:

1. All power cords of the above support units are non-shielded (1.8m).

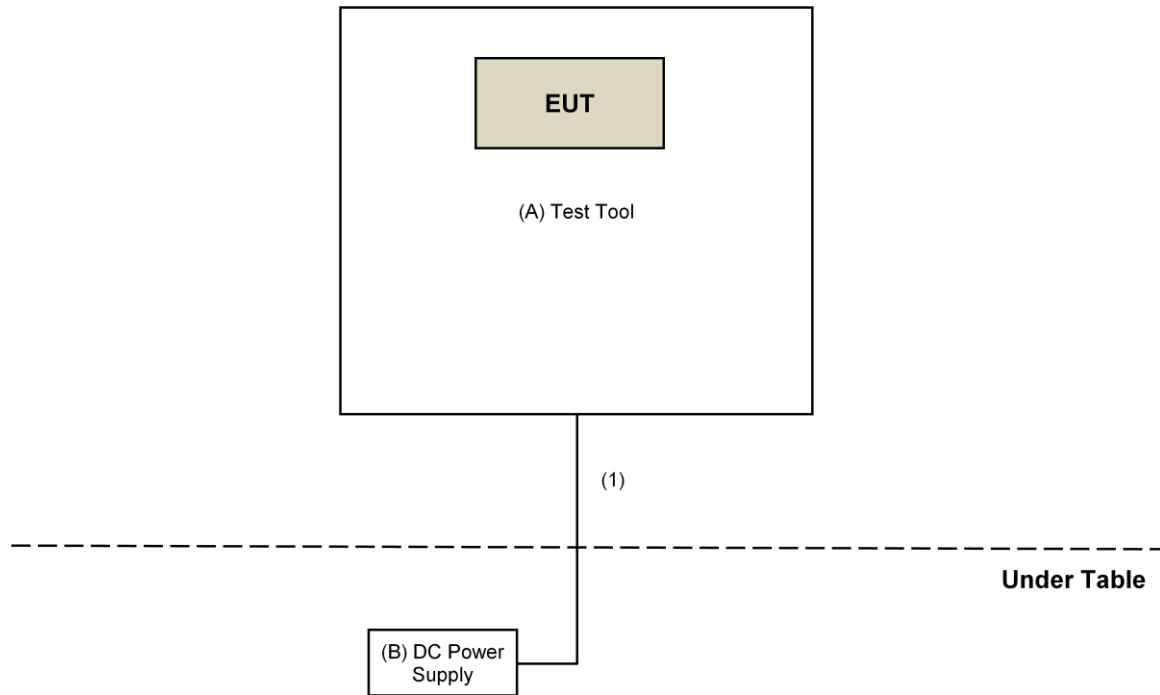
ID	Descriptions	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielding (Yes/No)	Cores (Qty.)	Remarks
1.	DC Cable	1	2.5	No	0	Supplied by client

3.3.1 Configuration of System under Test

For Conducted Emission :



For Radiated Emission :



3.4 General Description of Applied Standards

The EUT is a RF Product. According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C (15.247)

ANSI C63.10-2013

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

4 Test Types and Results

4.1 Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

4.1.1 Limits of Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

NOTE:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.

4.1.2 Test Instruments

DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED DATE	CALIBRATED UNTIL
Test Receiver Agilent	N9038A	MY51210105	July 06, 2016	July 05, 2017
Pre-Amplifier ^(*) EMCI	EMC001340	980142	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2018
Loop Antenna ^(*) Electro-Metrics	EM-6879	264	Dec. 16, 2014	Dec. 15, 2016
RF Cable	NA	LOOPCAB-001 LOOPCAB-002	Jan. 18, 2016	Jan. 17, 2017
Pre-Amplifier Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000VH2B	AMP-ZFL-03	Nov. 11, 2015	Nov. 10, 2016
Trilog Broadband Antenna SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-360	Jan. 04, 2016	Jan. 03, 2017
RF Cable	8D-FB	CHGCAB-001-1 CHGCAB-001-2	Oct. 03, 2015	Oct. 02, 2016
	RF-141	CHGCAB-004	Oct. 03, 2015	Oct. 02, 2016
Horn_Antenna FT-RF	HA-07M18G-NF	0000320091110	Jan. 19, 2016	Jan. 18, 2017
Pre-Amplifier Agilent	8449B	3008A02578	June 22, 2016	June 21, 2017
RF Cable	NA	131205 131216 131217 SNMY23684/4	Jan. 15, 2016	Jan. 14, 2017
Spectrum Analyzer Agilent	E4446A	MY48250254	Nov. 25, 2015	Nov. 24, 2016
Pre-Amplifier SPACEK LABS	SLKKa-48-6	9K16	Dec. 11, 2015	Dec. 10, 2016
Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-424	Jan. 18, 2016	Jan. 17, 2017
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX 102	36442/2 36434/2	Dec. 10, 2015	Dec.09, 2016
Software	ADT_Radiated_V8.7.08	NA	NA	NA
Antenna Tower & Turn Table CT	CM100	NA	NA	NA
Boresight Antenna Fixture	FBA-01	FBA-WD01	NA	NA
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSP40	100060	May 11, 2016	May 10, 2017
Attenuator STI	STI02-3310-10	01	Aug. 22, 2016	Aug. 21, 2017

Note:

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 24 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
3. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. G.
4. The FCC Site Registration No. is 966073.
5. The VCCI Site Registration No. is G-137.
6. The CANADA Site Registration No. is IC 7450H-2.
7. Loop antenna was used for all emissions below 30 MHz.
8. Tested Date: Sep. 02, 2016

4.1.3 Test Procedures

For Radiated emission below 30MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

For Radiated emission above 30MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

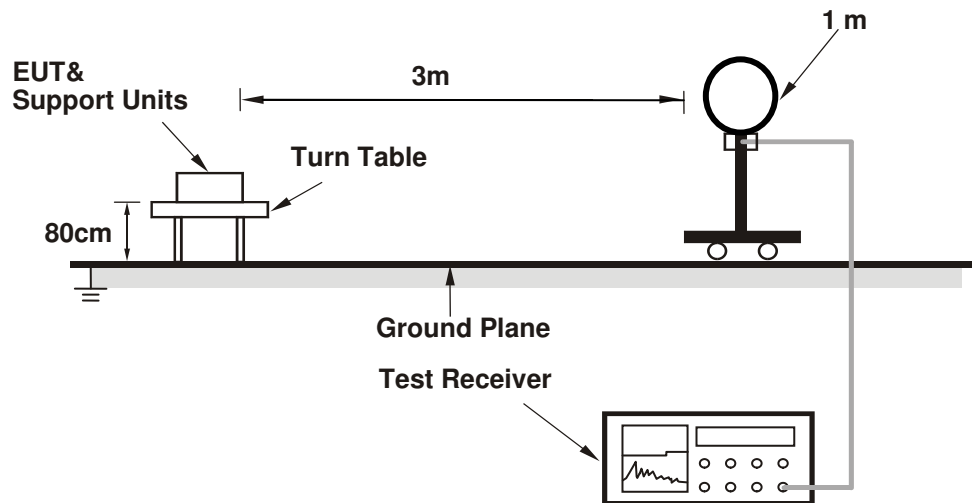
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle $< 98\%$) or 10Hz (Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

4.1.4 Deviation from Test Standard

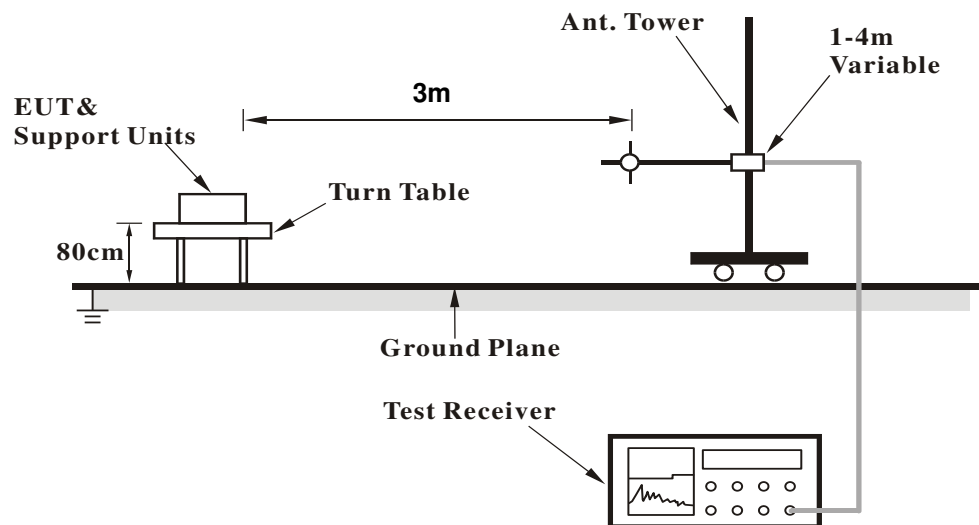
No deviation.

4.1.5 Test Setup

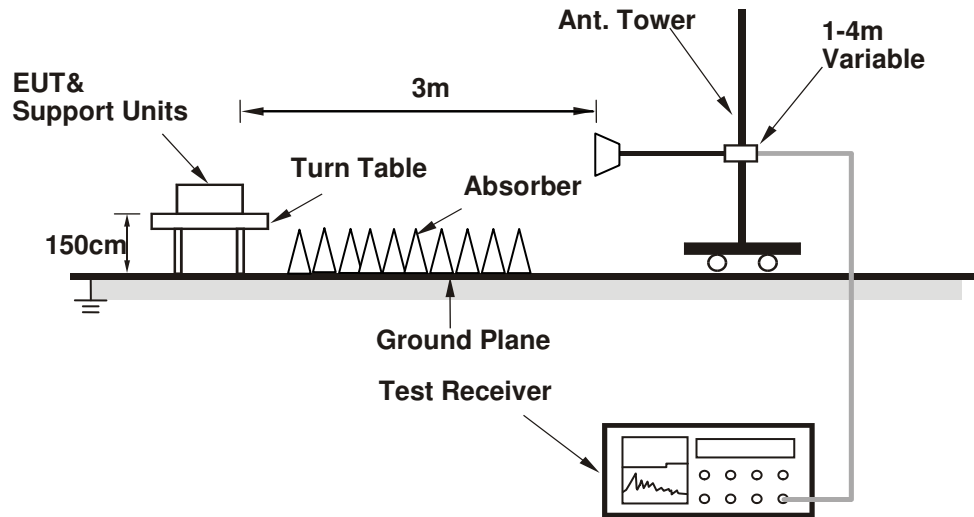
For Radiated emission below 30MHz



For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz



For Radiated emission above 1GHz



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

4.1.6 EUT Operating Conditions

- Placed the EUT on the testing table.
- Contorlling software (Broadcom BlueToolV1.4.2) has been activated to set the EUT on specific status.

4.1.7 Test Results

Above 1GHz Data:

BT_GFSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	51.0 PK	74.0	-23.0	1.69 H	195	50.4	0.6
2	2390.00	20.9 AV	54.0	-33.1	1.69 H	195	20.3	0.6
3	*2402.00	103.4 PK			1.66 H	193	102.7	0.7
4	*2402.00	73.3 AV			1.66 H	193	72.6	0.7
5	4804.00	49.6 PK	74.0	-24.4	1.61 H	102	40.5	9.1
6	4804.00	19.5 AV	54.0	-34.5	1.61 H	102	10.4	9.1
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	49.3 PK	74.0	-24.7	2.06 V	255	48.7	0.6
2	2390.00	19.2 AV	54.0	-34.8	2.06 V	255	18.6	0.6
3	*2402.00	92.4 PK			2.06 V	255	91.7	0.7
4	*2402.00	62.3 AV			2.06 V	255	61.6	0.7
5	4804.00	49.9 PK	74.0	-24.1	1.65 V	360	40.8	9.1
6	4804.00	19.8 AV	54.0	-34.2	1.65 V	360	10.7	9.1

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	103.4 PK			1.65 H	187	102.6	0.8
2	*2441.00	73.3 AV			1.65 H	187	72.5	0.8
3	4882.00	50.0 PK	74.0	-24.0	1.65 H	110	40.6	9.4
4	4882.00	19.9 AV	54.0	-34.1	1.65 H	110	10.5	9.4
5	7323.00	57.9 PK	74.0	-16.1	1.60 H	212	41.5	16.4
6	7323.00	27.8 AV	54.0	-26.2	1.60 H	212	11.4	16.4
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	92.0 PK			2.01 V	264	91.2	0.8
2	*2441.00	61.9 AV			2.01 V	264	61.1	0.8
3	4882.00	50.0 PK	74.0	-24.0	1.65 V	360	40.6	9.4
4	4882.00	19.9 AV	54.0	-34.1	1.65 V	360	10.5	9.4
5	7323.00	56.9 PK	74.0	-17.1	1.53 V	292	40.5	16.4
6	7323.00	26.8 AV	54.0	-27.2	1.53 V	292	10.4	16.4

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	103.6 PK			1.66 H	183	102.7	0.9
2	*2480.00	73.5 AV			1.66 H	183	72.6	0.9
3	2483.50	50.9 PK	74.0	-23.1	1.66 H	183	50.0	0.9
4	2483.50	20.8 AV	54.0	-33.2	1.66 H	183	19.9	0.9
5	4960.00	50.1 PK	74.0	-23.9	1.65 H	100	40.6	9.5
6	4960.00	20.0 AV	54.0	-34.0	1.65 H	100	10.5	9.5
7	7440.00	57.7 PK	74.0	-16.3	1.55 H	200	41.7	16.0
8	7440.00	27.6 AV	54.0	-26.4	1.55 H	200	11.6	16.0
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	92.3 PK			2.06 V	252	91.4	0.9
2	*2480.00	62.2 AV			2.06 V	252	61.3	0.9
3	2483.50	48.9 PK	74.0	-25.1	2.06 V	252	48.0	0.9
4	2483.50	18.8 AV	54.0	-35.2	2.06 V	252	17.9	0.9
5	4960.00	49.6 PK	74.0	-24.4	1.60 V	360	40.1	9.5
6	4960.00	19.5 AV	54.0	-34.5	1.60 V	360	10.0	9.5
7	7440.00	57.1 PK	74.0	-16.9	1.50 V	300	41.1	16.0
8	7440.00	27.0 AV	54.0	-27.0	1.50 V	300	11.0	16.0

REMARKS:

- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- " * ": Fundamental frequency.
- The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
- Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

BT_8DPSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	52.7 PK	74.0	-21.3	1.64 H	176	52.1	0.6
2	2390.00	22.6 AV	54.0	-31.4	1.64 H	176	22.0	0.6
3	*2402.00	108.1 PK			1.64 H	176	107.4	0.7
4	*2402.00	78.0 AV			1.64 H	176	77.3	0.7
5	4804.00	49.7 PK	74.0	-24.3	1.70 H	120	40.6	9.1
6	4804.00	19.6 AV	54.0	-34.4	1.70 H	120	10.5	9.1
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	49.7 PK	74.0	-24.3	2.06 V	247	49.1	0.6
2	2390.00	19.6 AV	54.0	-34.4	2.06 V	247	19.0	0.6
3	*2402.00	95.5 PK			2.06 V	247	94.8	0.7
4	*2402.00	65.4 AV			2.06 V	247	64.7	0.7
5	4804.00	50.4 PK	74.0	-23.6	1.75 V	360	41.3	9.1
6	4804.00	20.3 AV	54.0	-33.7	1.75 V	360	11.2	9.1

REMARKS:

- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- " * ": Fundamental frequency.
- The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
- Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	107.8 PK			1.65 H	194	107.0	0.8
2	*2441.00	77.7 AV			1.65 H	194	76.9	0.8
3	4882.00	49.4 PK	74.0	-24.6	1.69 H	114	40.0	9.4
4	4882.00	19.3 AV	54.0	-34.7	1.69 H	114	9.9	9.4
5	7323.00	57.3 PK	74.0	-16.7	1.55 H	212	40.9	16.4
6	7323.00	27.2 AV	54.0	-26.8	1.55 H	212	10.8	16.4
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	95.4 PK			2.09 V	251	94.6	0.8
2	*2441.00	65.3 AV			2.09 V	251	64.5	0.8
3	4882.00	50.0 PK	74.0	-24.0	1.73 V	360	40.6	9.4
4	4882.00	19.9 AV	54.0	-34.1	1.73 V	360	10.5	9.4
5	7323.00	56.4 PK	74.0	-17.6	1.52 V	277	40.0	16.4
6	7323.00	26.3 AV	54.0	-27.7	1.52 V	277	9.9	16.4

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	107.7 PK			1.67 H	180	106.8	0.9
2	*2480.00	77.6 AV			1.67 H	180	76.7	0.9
3	2483.50	52.3 PK	74.0	-21.7	1.67 H	180	51.4	0.9
4	2483.50	22.2 AV	54.0	-31.8	1.67 H	180	21.3	0.9
5	4960.00	49.9 PK	74.0	-24.1	1.66 H	116	40.4	9.5
6	4960.00	19.8 AV	54.0	-34.2	1.66 H	116	10.3	9.5
7	7440.00	57.8 PK	74.0	-16.2	1.58 H	208	41.8	16.0
8	7440.00	27.7 AV	54.0	-26.3	1.58 H	208	11.7	16.0
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	95.4 PK			2.06 V	250	94.5	0.9
2	*2480.00	65.3 AV			2.06 V	250	64.4	0.9
3	2483.50	49.5 PK	74.0	-24.5	2.06 V	250	48.6	0.9
4	2483.50	19.4 AV	54.0	-34.6	2.06 V	250	18.5	0.9
5	4960.00	50.2 PK	74.0	-23.8	1.69 V	360	40.7	9.5
6	4960.00	20.1 AV	54.0	-33.9	1.69 V	360	10.6	9.5
7	7440.00	56.7 PK	74.0	-17.3	1.53 V	284	40.7	16.0
8	7440.00	26.6 AV	54.0	-27.4	1.53 V	284	10.6	16.0

REMARKS:

- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- " * ": Fundamental frequency.
- The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
- Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

Below 1GHz Data

BT_GFSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Quasi-Peak (QP)
FREQUENCY RANGE	9kHz~1GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	166.58	39.1 QP	43.5	-4.4	2.00 H	116	47.1	-8.0
2	240.00	41.6 QP	46.0	-4.4	1.50 H	117	50.8	-9.2
3	288.02	36.1 QP	46.0	-9.9	1.00 H	250	43.2	-7.1
4	360.04	42.9 QP	46.0	-3.1	1.00 H	107	48.0	-5.1
5	456.02	36.9 QP	46.0	-9.1	1.00 H	120	39.2	-2.3
6	504.01	35.3 QP	46.0	-10.7	2.00 H	304	36.6	-1.3
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	166.58	35.2 QP	43.5	-8.3	1.00 V	118	43.2	-8.0
2	240.03	37.0 QP	46.0	-9.0	1.50 V	360	46.1	-9.1
3	336.01	38.7 QP	46.0	-7.3	1.50 V	1	44.4	-5.7
4	360.02	37.4 QP	46.0	-8.6	1.50 V	350	42.5	-5.1
5	408.03	36.3 QP	46.0	-9.7	1.00 V	332	40.1	-3.8
6	456.02	33.4 QP	46.0	-12.6	1.50 V	318	35.7	-2.3

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value

4.2 Conducted Emission Measurement

4.2.1 Limits of Conducted Emission Measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

4.2.2 Test Instruments

DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED DATE	CALIBRATED UNTIL
Test Receiver R&S	ESCS 30	100375	May 09, 2016	May 08, 2017
Line-Impedance Stabilization Network (for EUT) R&S	ENV216	100072	June 13, 2016	June 12, 2017
Line-Impedance Stabilization Network (for Peripheral) R&S	ESH3-Z5	848773/004	Oct. 28, 2015	Oct. 27, 2016
RF Cable	5D-FB	COCCAB-001	Mar. 08, 2016	Mar. 07, 2017
10 dB PAD Mini-Circuits	HAT-10+	CONATT-003	Sep. 14, 2015	Sep. 13, 2016
50 ohms Terminator	N/A	EMC-03	Sep. 23, 2015	Sep. 22, 2016
50 ohms Terminator	N/A	EMC-02	Oct. 01, 2015	Sep. 30, 2016
Software BVADT	BVADT_Cond_ V7.3.7.3	NA	NA	NA

Note:

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments are 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. The test was performed in Shielded Room No. C.
3. The VCCI Con C Registration No. is C-3611.
4. Tested Date: Aug. 31, 2016

4.2.3 Test Procedures

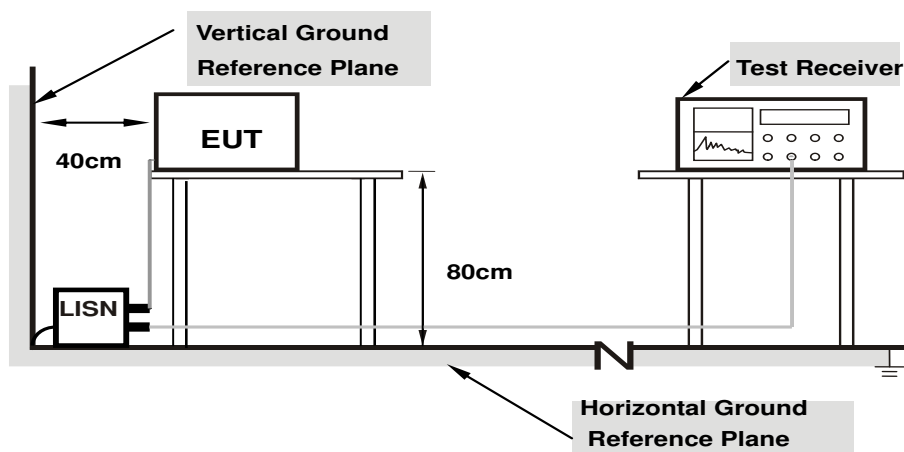
- The EUT was placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- The frequency range from 150kHz to 30MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit - 20dB) was not recorded.

NOTE: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15MHz-30MHz.

4.2.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation.

4.2.5 Test Setup



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

4.2.6 EUT Operating Condition

Same as 4.1.6.

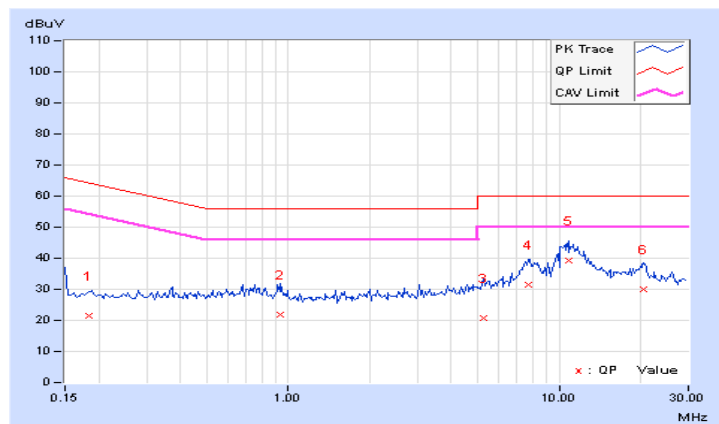
4.2.7 Test Results

Phase	Line (L)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
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No	Freq. [MHz]	Corr. Factor	Reading Value [dB (uV)]		Emission Level [dB (uV)]		Limit [dB (uV)]		Margin (dB)	
		(dB)	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.18300	19.91	1.75	-2.41	21.66	17.50	64.35	54.35	-42.69	-36.85
2	0.93906	19.84	2.06	-6.18	21.90	13.66	56.00	46.00	-34.10	-32.34
3	5.23047	19.97	0.82	-4.06	20.79	15.91	60.00	50.00	-39.21	-34.09
4	7.71875	20.00	11.44	5.67	31.44	25.67	60.00	50.00	-28.56	-24.33
5	10.80078	20.04	19.28	13.86	39.32	33.90	60.00	50.00	-20.68	-16.10
6	20.58203	20.18	9.93	4.66	30.11	24.84	60.00	50.00	-29.89	-25.16

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

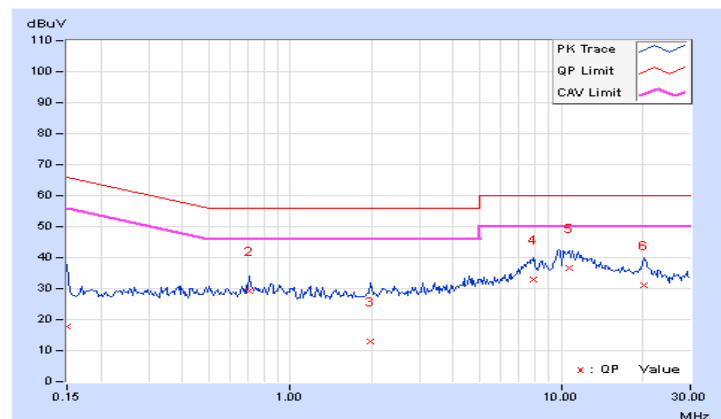


Phase	Line (L)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
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No	Freq. [MHz]	Corr.	Reading Value		Emission Level		Limit		Margin	
		Factor	[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		(dB)	
		(dB)	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	19.97	-2.16	-3.80	17.81	16.17	66.00	56.00	-48.19	-39.83
2	0.70859	19.86	9.35	6.32	29.21	26.18	56.00	46.00	-26.79	-19.82
3	1.97266	19.86	-7.08	-8.92	12.78	10.94	56.00	46.00	-43.22	-35.06
4	7.88672	20.08	12.70	7.09	32.78	27.17	60.00	50.00	-27.22	-22.83
5	10.65234	20.12	16.43	10.93	36.55	31.05	60.00	50.00	-23.45	-18.95
6	20.35156	20.35	10.68	5.93	31.03	26.28	60.00	50.00	-28.97	-23.72

Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

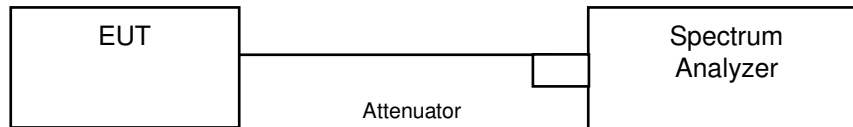


4.3 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

4.3.1 Limits of Hopping Frequency Used Measurement

At least 15 channels frequencies, and should be equally spaced.

4.3.2 Test Setup



4.3.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.3.4 Test Procedure

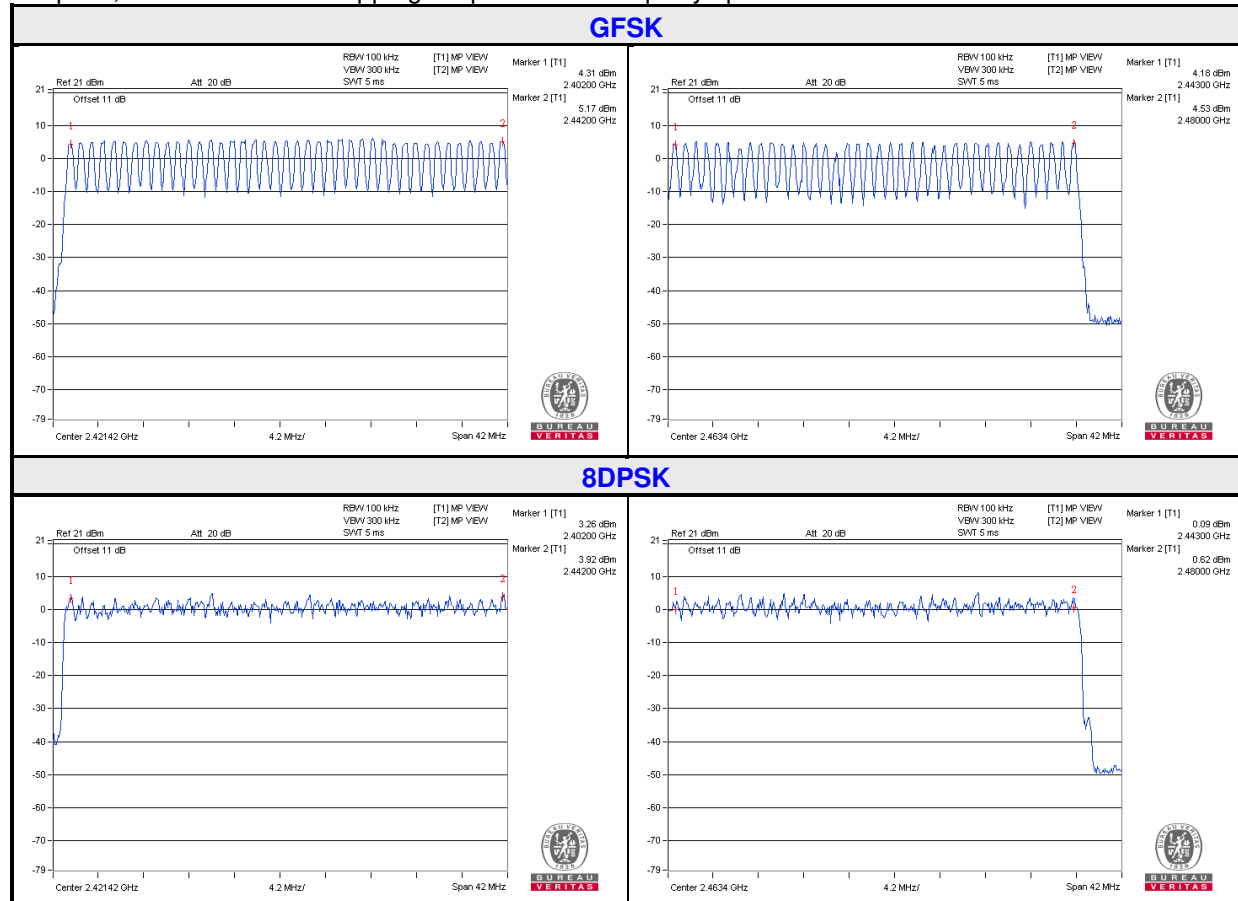
- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- Set the SA on MaxHold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

4.3.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.3.6 Test Results

There are 79 hopping frequencies in the hopping mode. Please refer to next page for the test result. On the plots, it shows that the hopping frequencies are equally spaced.

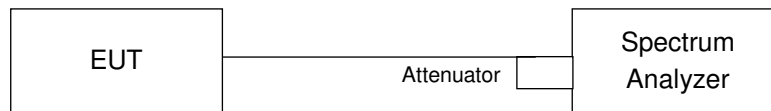


4.4 Dwell Time on Each Channel

4.4.1 Limits of Dwell Time on Each Channel Measurement

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

4.4.2 Test Setup



4.4.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.4.4 Test Procedures

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency to be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
- Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- Repeat above procedures until all different time-slot modes have been completed.

4.4.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

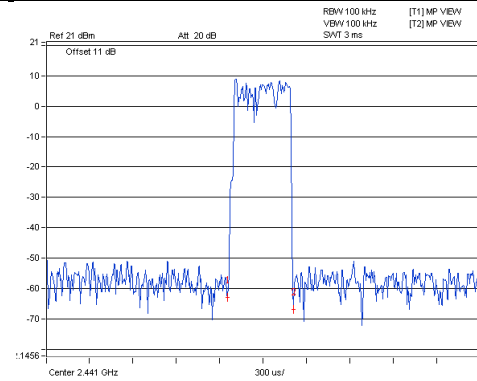
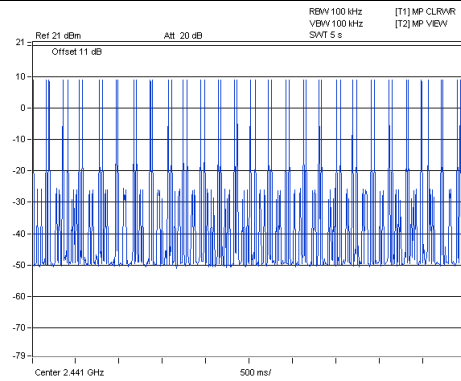
4.4.6 Test Results

GFSK

Mode	Number of transmission in a 31.6 (79Hopping*0.4)	Length of transmission time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
DH1	50 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 316 times	0.456	144.1	400
DH3	27 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 170.64 times	1.71	291.79	400
DH5	17 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 107.44 times	2.992	321.46	400

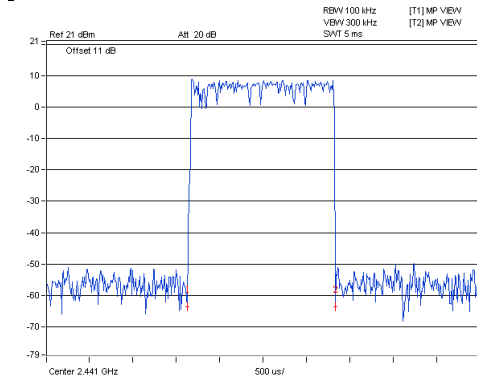
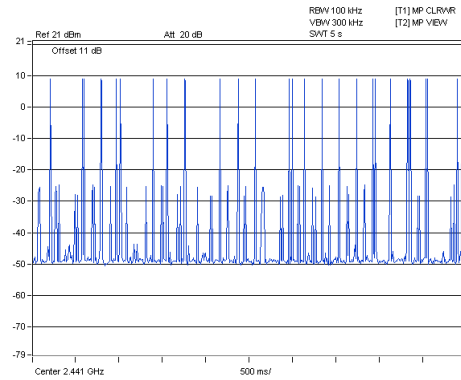
NOTE: Test plots of the transmitting time slot are shown on next page.

DH1



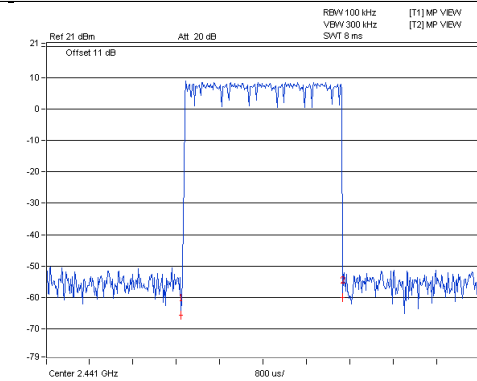
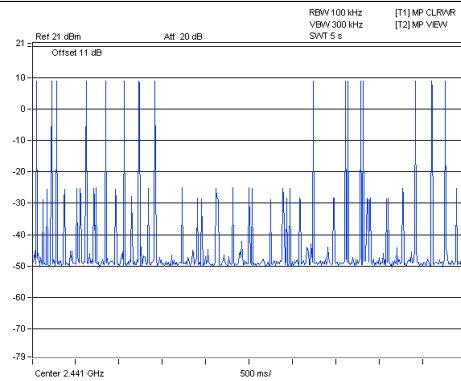
Marker 1 [T1] -62.80 dBm 1.254000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 4.02 dB 456.000000 us

DH3



Marker 1 [T1] -63.54 dBm 1.620000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 0.03 dB 1.710000 ms

DH5



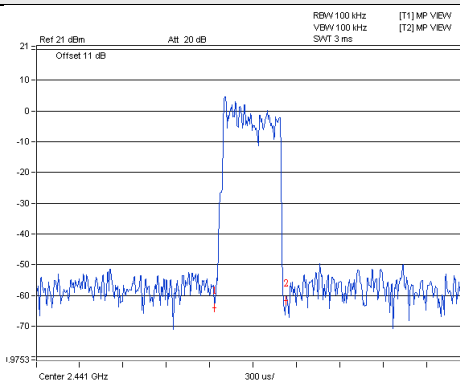
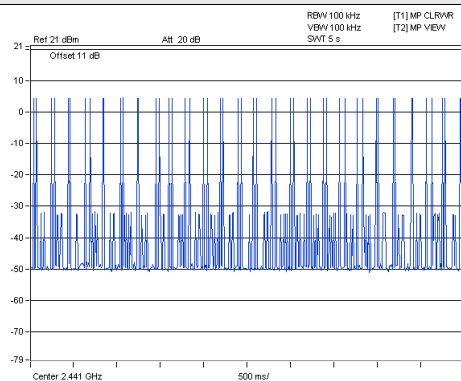
Marker 1 [T1] -65.72 dBm 2.480000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 5.53 dB 2.992000 ms

8DPSK

Mode	Number of transmission in a 31.6 (79Hopping*0.4)	Length of transmission time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
3DH1	48 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 303.36 times	0.498	151.07	400
3DH3	25 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 158 times	1.75	276.5	400
3DH5	16 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 101.12 times	2.992	302.55	400

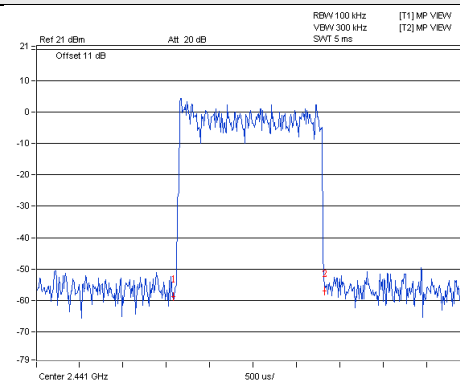
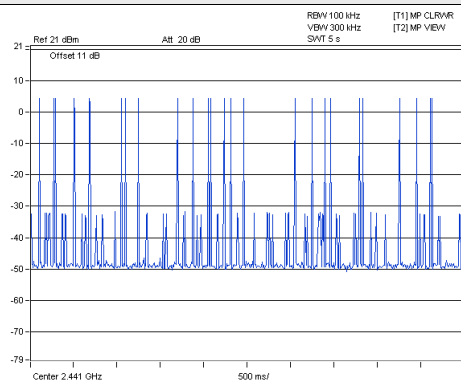
NOTE: Test plots of the transmitting time slot are shown on next page.

3DH1



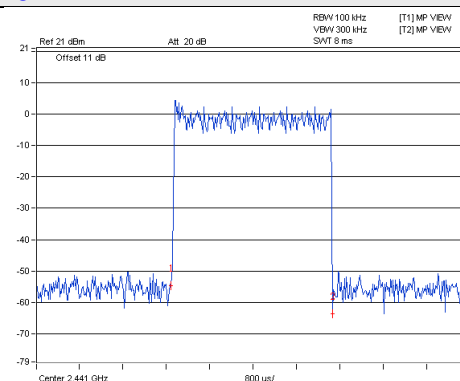
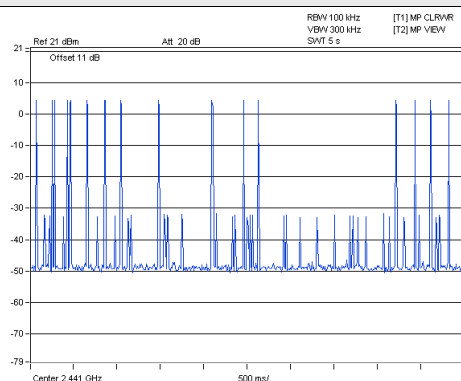
Marker 1 [T1] -54.12 dBm 1.230000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 2.36 dB 498.000000 us

3DH3



Marker 1 [T1] -58.88 dBm 1.570000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 1.94 dB 1.750000 ms

3DH5



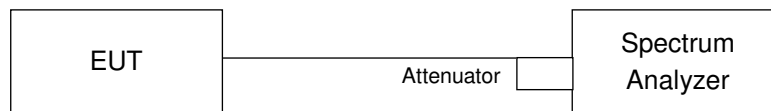
Marker 1 [T1] -54.70 dBm 2.480000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 8.97 dB 2.992000 ms

4.5 Channel Bandwidth

4.5.1 Limits of Channel Bandwidth Measurement

For frequency hopping system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz, If the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel is greater than 25kHz, two-thirds 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel shall be a minimum limit for the hopping channel separation.

4.5.2 Test Setup



4.5.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.5.4 Test Procedure

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

4.5.5 Deviation from Test Standard

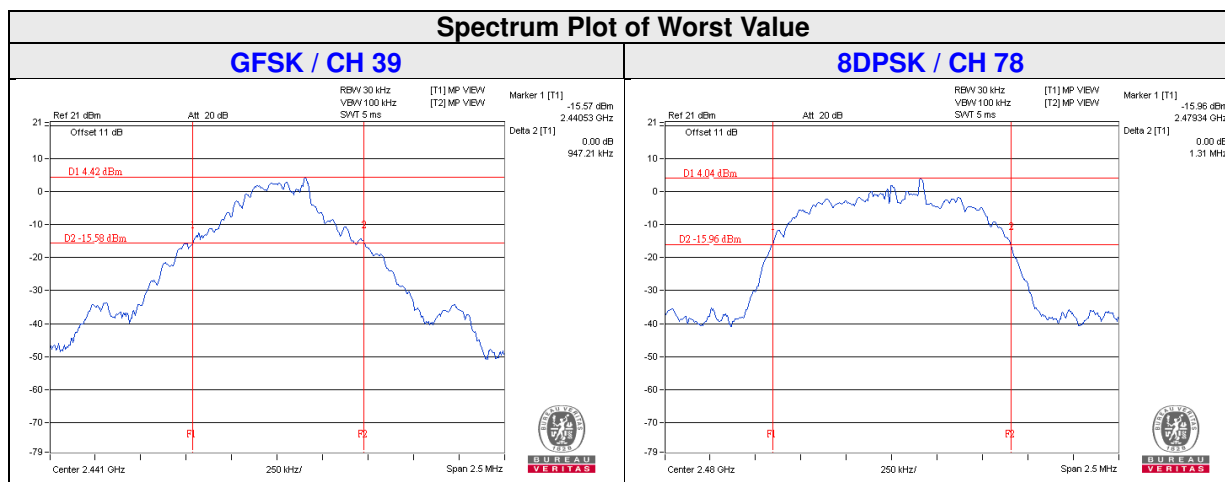
No deviation.

4.5.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.5.7 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
		GFSK	8DPSK
0	2402	0.98	1.31
39	2441	0.94	1.31
78	2480	0.94	1.31

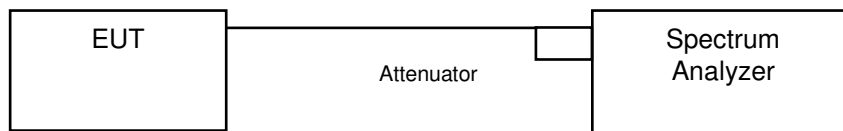


4.6 Hopping Channel Separation

4.6.1 Limits of Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

At least 25kHz or two-third of 20dB hopping channel bandwidth (whichever is greater).

4.6.2 Test Setup



4.6.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.6.4 Test Procedure

Measurement Procedure REF

- a. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- b. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
- c. By using the MaxHold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- d. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by SA MARK function. And then plot the result on SA screen.
- e. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

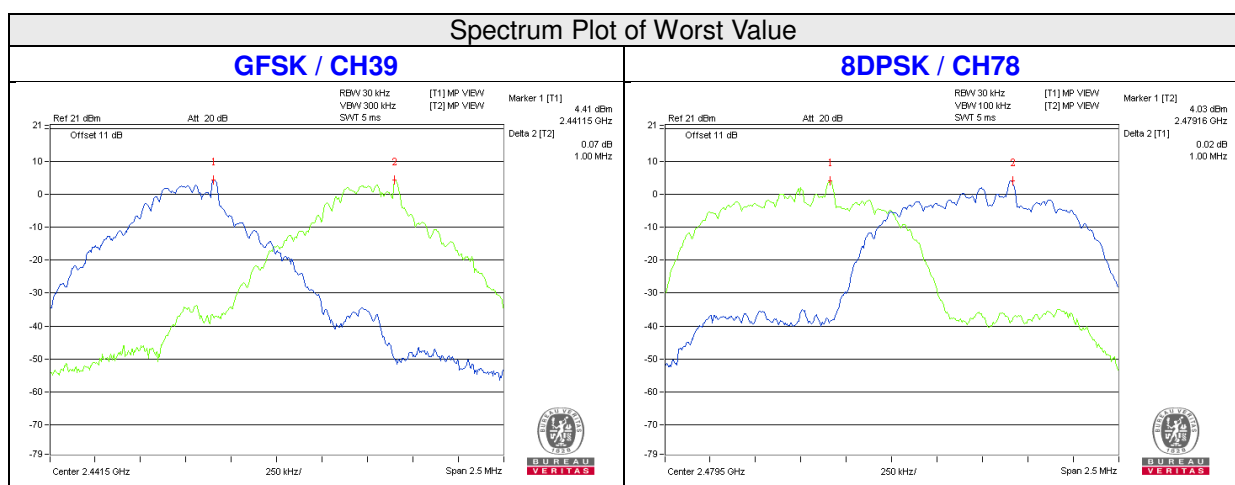
4.6.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.6.6 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Adjacent Channel Separation (MHz)		20dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)		Pass / Fail
		GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK	
0	2402	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.31	0.66	0.88	Pass
39	2441	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.31	0.63	0.88	Pass
78	2480	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.31	0.63	0.88	Pass

NOTE: The minimum limit is two-third 20dB bandwidth.

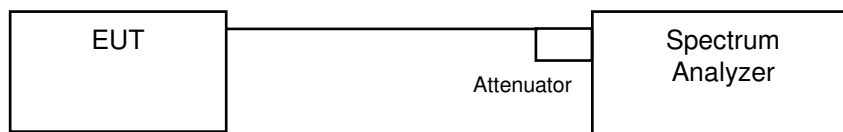


4.7 Maximum Output Power

4.7.1 Limits of Maximum Output Power Measurement

The Maximum Output Power Measurement is 125mW.

4.7.2 Test Setup



4.7.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.7.4 Test Procedure

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- The center frequency of the spectrum analyzer is set to the fundamental frequency and using 3MHz RBW and 10 MHz VBW.
- Measure the captured power within the band and recording the plot.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies required were complete.

4.7.5 Deviation from Test Standard

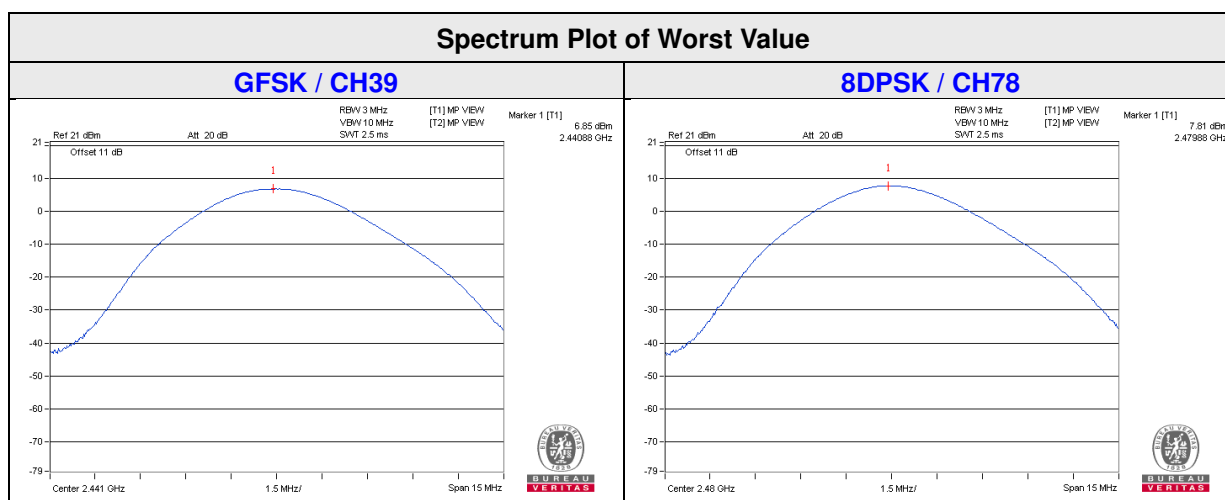
No deviation.

4.7.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.7.7 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Output Power (mW)		Output Power (dBm)		Power Limit (mW)	Pass / Fail
		GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK		
0	2402	4.634	4.529	6.66	6.56	125	Pass
39	2441	4.842	5.546	6.85	7.44	125	Pass
78	2480	4.775	6.039	6.79	7.81	125	Pass



4.8 Conducted Out of Band Emission Measurement

4.8.1 Limits of Conducted Out of Band Emission Measurement

Below -20dB of the highest emission level of operating band (in 100kHz RBW).

4.8.2 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.8.3 Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a low lose cable. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and 300 kHz with suitable frequency span including 100 MHz bandwidth from band edge. The band edges was measured and recorded.

4.8.4 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

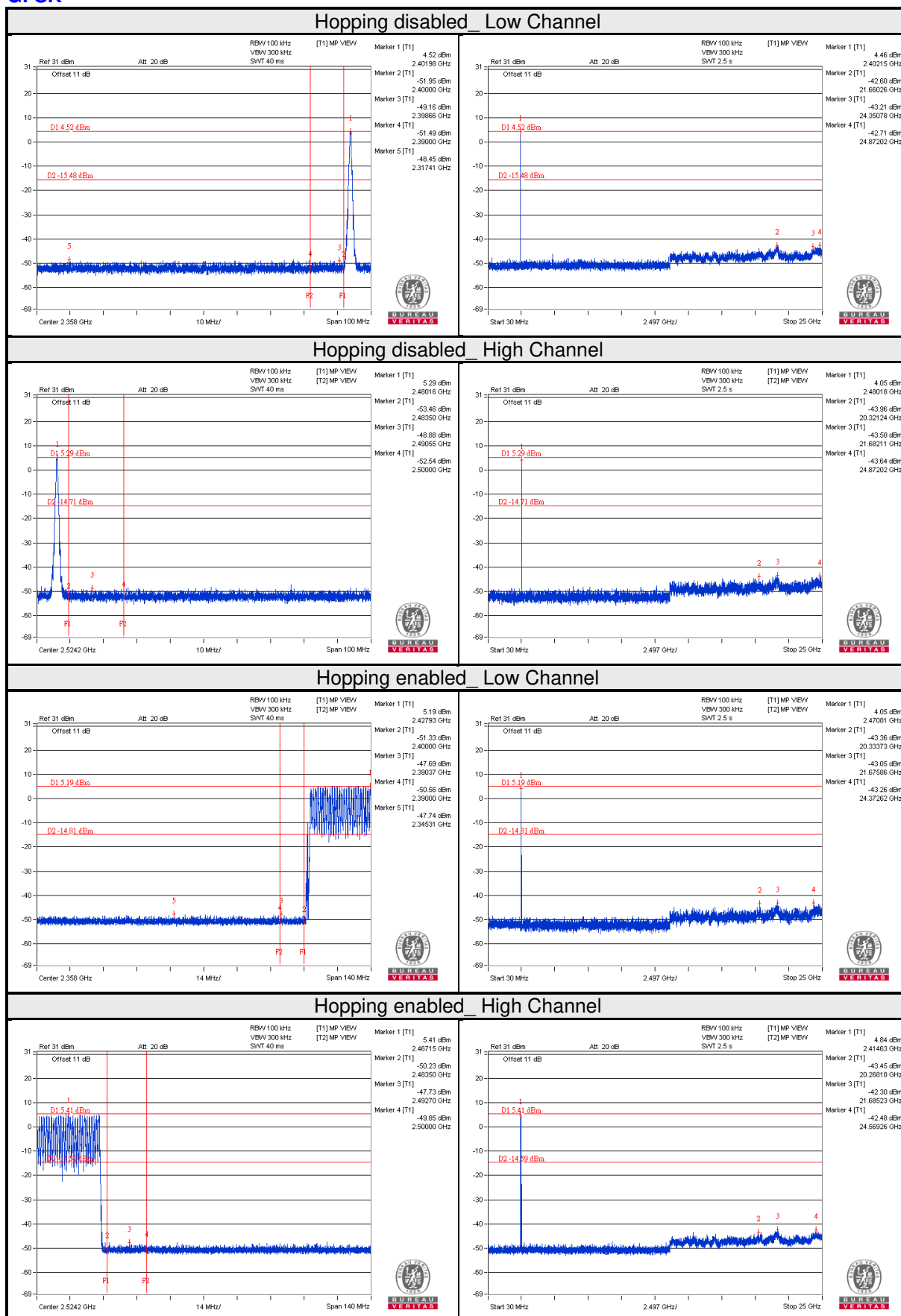
4.8.5 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.8.6 Test Results

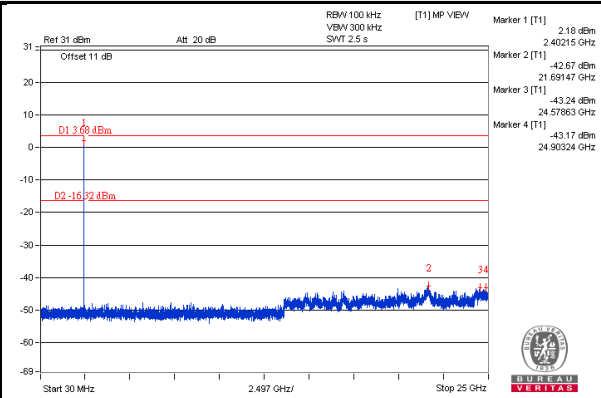
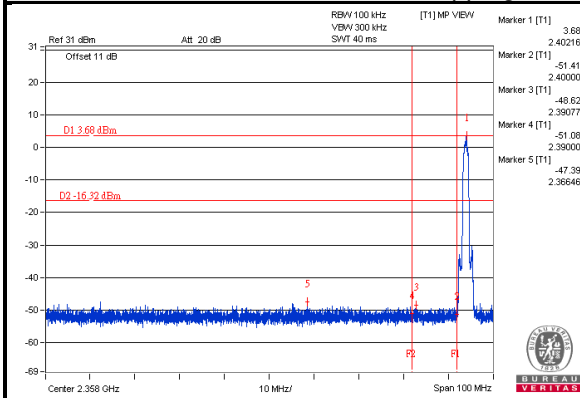
The spectrum plots are attached on the following images. D1 line indicates the highest level, D2 line indicates the 20dB offset below D1. It shows compliance with the requirement.

GFSK

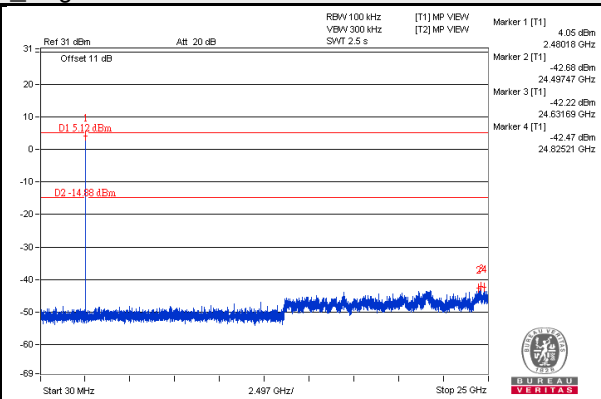
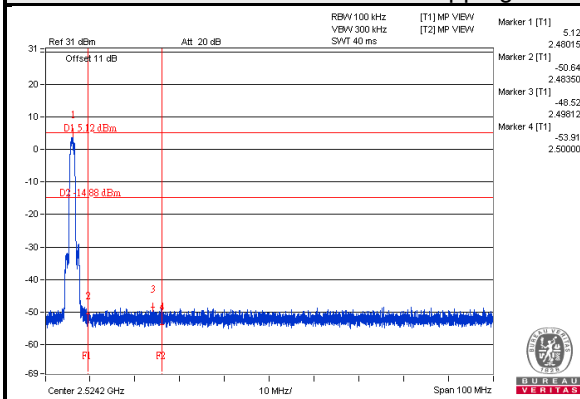


8DPSK

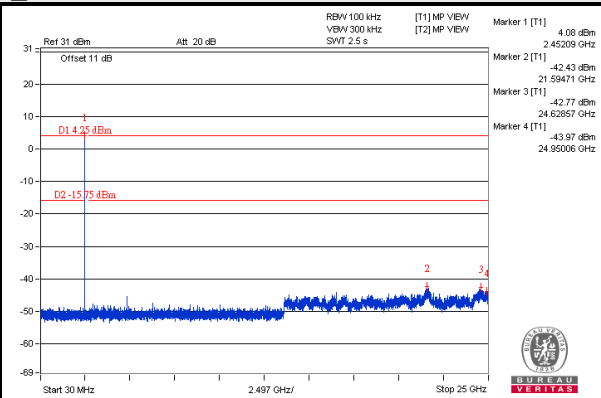
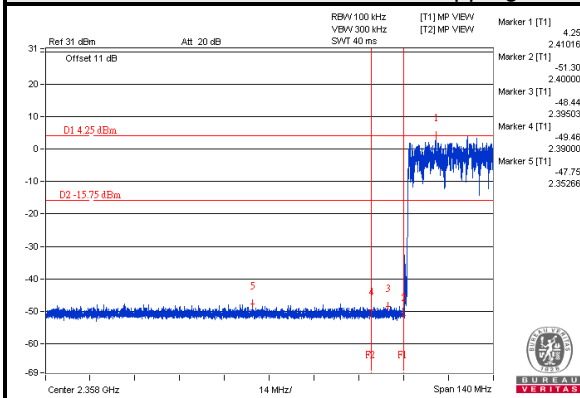
Hopping disabled Low Channel



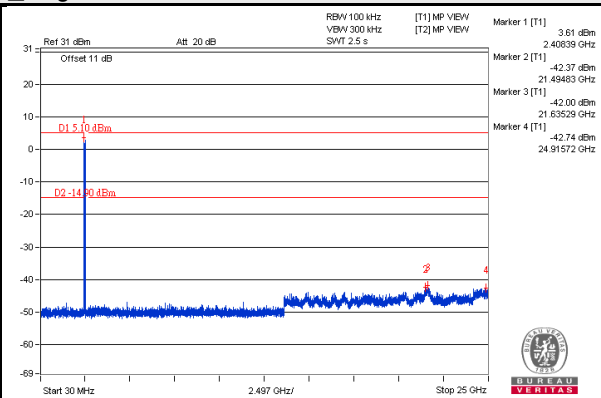
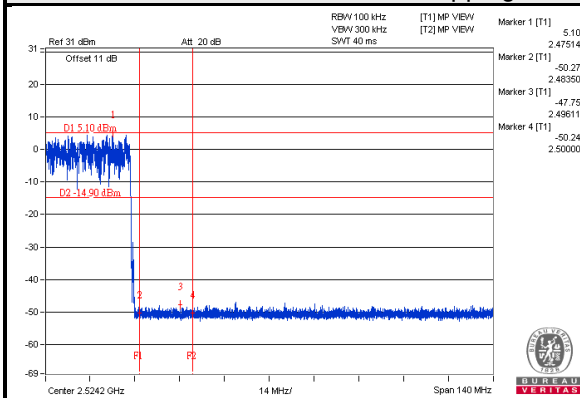
Hopping disabled High Channel



Hopping enabled Low Channel



Hopping enabled High Channel



5 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

Appendix – Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.bureauveritas-adt.com

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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