

# ***FCC Part 15 EMI TEST REPORT***

E.U.T. : Digital Wireless Microphone  
FCC ID : G4RCAROLDW25T  
MODEL : DW-25T

*for*

APPLICANT : TAIWAN CAROL ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.  
ADDRESS : NO.202 TUNG KUANG ROAD, TAICHUNG,  
TAIWAN

Test Performed by

**ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN**

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Report Number : 14-02-RBF-021-01

# TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : TAIWAN CAROL ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.  
NO.202 TUNG KUANG ROAD, TAICHUNG, TAIWAN

Manufacturer : TAIWAN CAROL ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.  
NO.202 TUNG KUANG ROAD, TAICHUNG, TAIWAN

## Description of EUT

- a) Type of EUT : Digital Wireless Microphone
- b) Trade Name : CAROL
- c) Model No. : DW-25T
- d) FCC ID : G4RCAROLDW25T
- e) Power Supply : DC 3V

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.  
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC

## Summary of Tests

| Test                            | Results     |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Radiated Emission               | <b>Pass</b> |
| Conducted Emission              | <b>N/A</b>  |
| Emission Bandwidth              | <b>Pass</b> |
| Output Power                    | <b>Pass</b> |
| 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges | <b>Pass</b> |
| Power Density                   | <b>Pass</b> |
| Out-of-Band Conducted Emission  | <b>Pass</b> |

Date Test Item Received : Feb. 18, 2014

Date Test Campaign Completed : Jun. 27, 2014

Date of Issue : Jul. 20, 2014

Test Engineer :                     Jiapeng Chen                      
(Jiapeng Chen, Engineer )

Approve & Authorized Signer :                     S. S. Liou                      
S. S. Liou, Section Manager  
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS  
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

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## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : Digital Wireless Microphone
- b) Trade Name : CAROL
- c) Model No. : DW-25T
- d) FCC ID : G4RCAROLDW25T
- e) Power Supply : DC 3V

### 1.2 Characteristics of Device

Carrier Frequency : 2.403G~2.478G Hz

Capsule : Dynamic

Impedance : 600Ω

Frequency Response : 80Hz~12000Hz

Power Supply : Two AA batteries

Dimension : ø 54.4 × 258.5 mm (L)

Weight : 380g± 10g (w/o batteries)

### 1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details. For RF test the measurement procedure was referred to FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02.

The EUT set for test with the continuous transmission mode and the duty cycle >98%.

### 1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at No.34, Lin 5, Dingfu Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 24442, R.O.C.

This site is FCC 2.948 listed and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 29, 2014.

Registration Number: 90589

## 2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

### 2.1 Definition

**Unintentional radiator:**

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

**Class A Digital Device:**

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

**Class B Digital Device :**

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

**Intentional radiator:**

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

## 2.2 Requirement for Compliance

### (1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

| Frequency<br>MHz | Quasi Peak<br>dB $\mu$ V | Average<br>dB $\mu$ V |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5       | 66-56*                   | 56-46*                |
| 0.5 - 5.0        | 56                       | 46                    |
| 5.0 - 30.0       | 60                       | 50                    |

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

### (2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

| Frequency<br>MHz | Distance<br>Meters | Radiated<br>dB $\mu$ V/m | Radiated<br>$\mu$ V/m |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30 - 88          | 3                  | 40.0                     | 100                   |
| 88 - 216         | 3                  | 43.5                     | 150                   |
| 216 - 960        | 3                  | 46.0                     | 200                   |
| Above 960        | 3                  | 54.0                     | 500                   |

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

### (3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

**(4) Bandwidth Requirement**

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(a)(2), the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

**(5) Output Power Requirement**

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement**

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

**(7) Power Density Requirement**

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

## 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz               | MHz                   | MHz           | GHz         |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110     | 16.42-16.423          | 399.9-410     | 4.5-5.15    |
| 0.495 - 0.505 **  | 16.69475 - 16.69525   | 608-614       | 5.35-5.46   |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905   | 16.80425 - 16.80475   | 960-1240      | 7.25-7.75   |
| 4.125-4.128       | 25.5-25.67            | 1300-1427     | 8.025-8.5   |
| 4.17725-4.17775   | 37.5-38.25            | 1435-1626.5   | 9.0-9.2     |
| 4.20725-4.20775   | 73-74.6               | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5     |
| 6.215-6.218       | 74.8-75.2             | 1660-1710     | 10.6-12.7   |
| 6.26775-6.26825   | 108-121.94            | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4  |
| 6.31175-6.31225   | 123-138               | 2200-2300     | 14.47-14.5  |
| 8.291-8.294       | 149.9-150.05          | 2310-2390     | 15.35-16.2  |
| 8.362-8.366       | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500   | 17.7-21.4   |
| 8.37625-8.38675   | 156.7-156.9           | 2655-2900     | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475   | 162.0125-167.17       | 3260-3267     | 23.6-24.0   |
| 12.29-12.293      | 167.72-173.2          | 3332-3339     | 31.2-31.8   |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285               | 3345.8-3358   | 36.43-36.5  |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4             | 3360-4400     | Above 38.6  |
| 13.36-13.41       |                       |               |             |

\*\* : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

## 2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions : (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## 2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

### 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions below 1 GHz, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation. Measurement was performed under the condition that a computer program was exercised to simulate data communication of EUT, and the transmission rate was set to maximum allowed by EUT. Three highest emissions were verified with varying placement of the cables connected to EUT to maximize the emission from EUT.

For conducted and radiated spurious emissions, whichever RF channel is operated, the digital circuits function identically. As the reason, measurement of radiated emissions from digital circuits is only performed with channel 7 by transmitting mode.

#### 3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device                           | Manufacture                              | Model                    | Cable Description |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Digital Wireless<br>Microphone * | TAIWAN CAROL<br>ELECTRONICS CO.,<br>LTD. | DW-25T/<br>G4RCAROLDW25T | ----              |

Remark “\*” means equipment under test.

## 4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

### 4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with §15.247 (c)

### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

#### A. Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices

For portable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:

1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

#### B. Final Measurement

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables (if any) associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

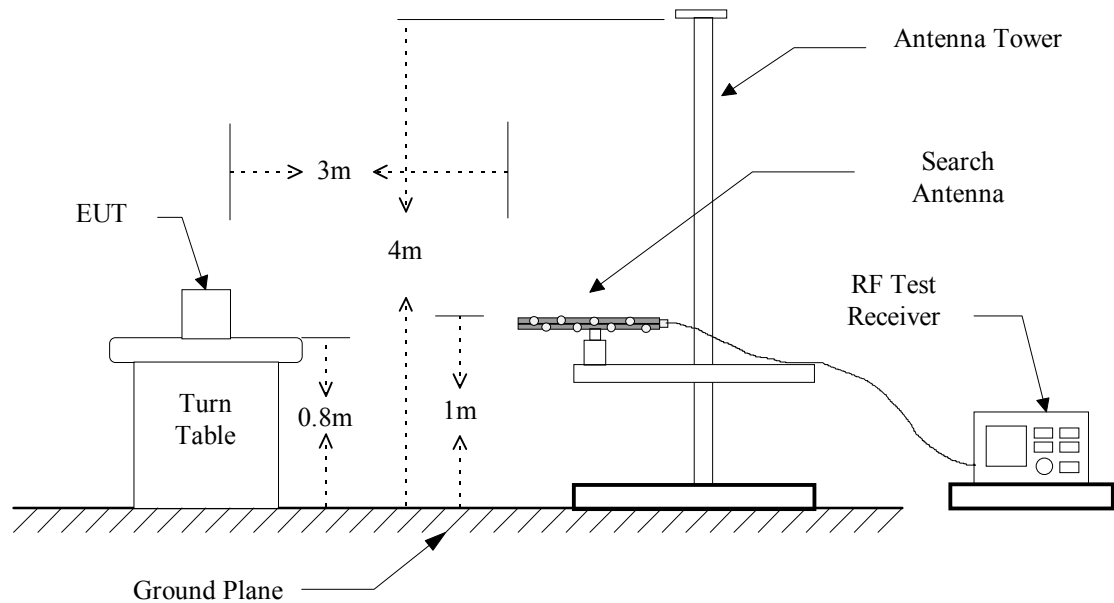
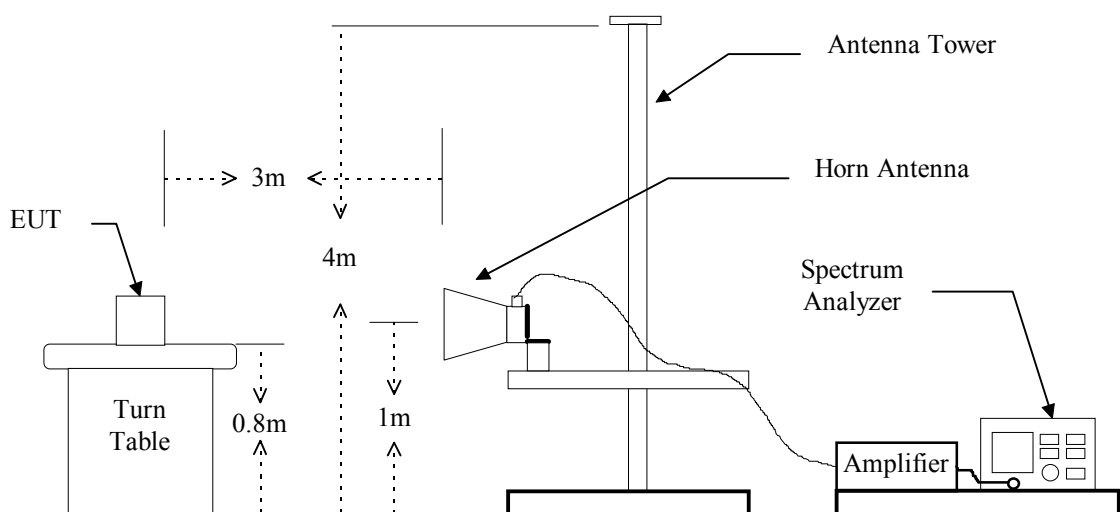


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



### 4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

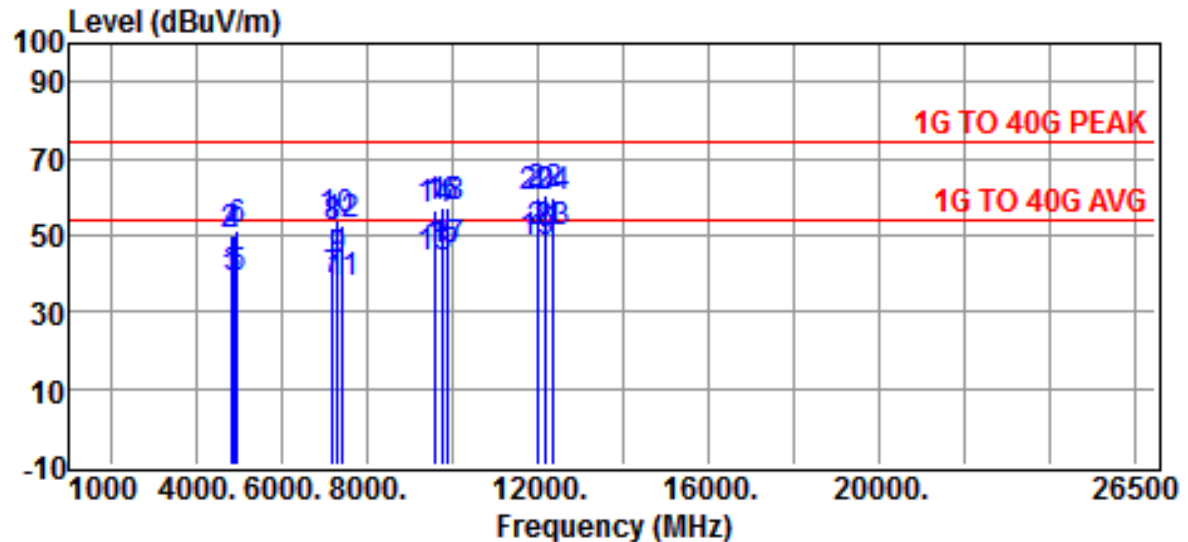
| Equipment                        | Manufacturer    | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer                | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40     | 2014/01/21       | 2015/01/20     |
| EMI Test Receiver                | Rohde & Schwarz | ESL       | 2013/09/11       | 2014/09/12     |
| Test Receiver                    | Rohde & Schwarz | ESVS30    | 2014/05/29       | 2015/05/28     |
| Double Ridged Antenna            | EMCO            | 3115      | 2013/08/02       | 2014/08/01     |
| Double Ridged Guide Horn Antenna | EMCO            | 3116      | 2014/01/15       | 2015/01/14     |
| Log-periodic Antenna             | EMCO            | 3146      | 2013/10/25       | 2014/10/24     |
| Biconical Antenna                | EMCO            | 3110      | 2013/10/25       | 2014/10/24     |
| Amplifier                        | HP              | 8449B     | 2014/01/15       | 2015/01/14     |
| Amplifier                        | HP              | 8447D     | 2014/05/29       | 2015/05/28     |
| Amplifier                        | HP              | 83051A    | 2014/05/06       | 2015/05/05     |
| EMI Test Receiver                | Rohde & Schwarz | ESU 40    | 2013/09/24       | 2014/09/23     |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument        | Function   | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000           | RF Test Receiver  | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz              | N/A             |
|                      | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak       | 100 kHz              | 100 kHz         |
| Above 1000           | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak       | 1 MHz                | 1 MHz           |
|                      | Spectrum Analyzer | Average    | 1 MHz                | 10 Hz           |

## 4.4 Radiated Emission Data

### 4.4.1 RF Portion



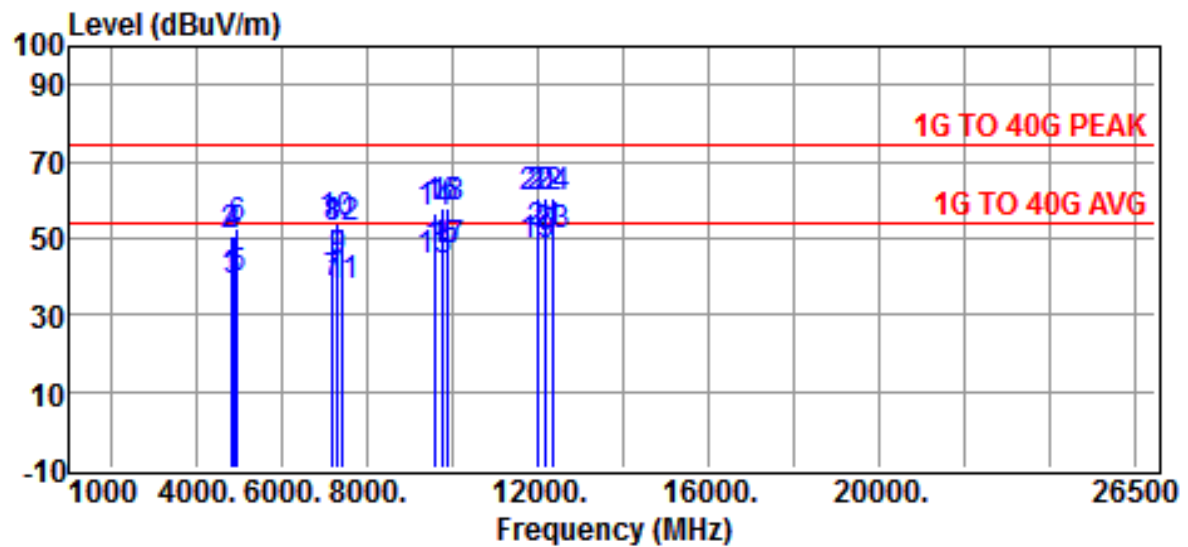
|              |                                    |           |             |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Site         | :CHAMBER #2                        | Date      | :2014-06-27 |
| EUT          | :Digital Wireless Microphone       | Ant. Pol. | :HORIZONTAL |
| Model        | :DW-25                             | Detector  | :Jiapeng    |
| Power Rating | :battery                           | Engineer  | :TX         |
| Limit        | :1G TO 40G PEAK                    | Temp.     | :22 °C      |
| Memo         | :EUT stands vertically(worst case) | Humi.     | :58 %       |

| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 4806.0000   | 37.0            | 1.4                        | 38.4             | 54.0             | -15.6            | Average  |
| 4806.0000   | 48.4            | 1.4                        | 49.8             | 74.0             | -24.2            | Peak     |
| 4884.0000   | 37.3            | 1.5                        | 38.8             | 54.0             | -15.2            | Average  |
| 4884.0000   | 48.2            | 1.5                        | 49.7             | 74.0             | -24.3            | Peak     |
| 4956.0000   | 37.1            | 1.8                        | 38.9             | 54.0             | -15.1            | Average  |
| 4956.0000   | 49.7            | 1.8                        | 51.5             | 74.0             | -22.5            | Peak     |
| 7209.0000   | 32.3            | 5.7                        | 38.0             | 54.0             | -16.0            | Average  |
| 7209.0000   | 46.3            | 5.7                        | 52.0             | 74.0             | -22.0            | Peak     |
| 7326.0000   | 37.8            | 5.9                        | 43.7             | 54.0             | -10.3            | Average  |
| 7326.0000   | 48.3            | 5.9                        | 54.2             | 74.0             | -19.8            | Peak     |
| 7434.0000   | 31.2            | 6.2                        | 37.4             | 54.0             | -16.6            | Average  |
| 7434.0000   | 46.1            | 6.2                        | 52.3             | 74.0             | -21.7            | Peak     |

| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 9612.0000   | 35.3            | 8.6                        | 43.9             | 54.0             | -10.1            | Average  |
| 9612.0000   | 47.6            | 8.6                        | 56.2             | 74.0             | -17.8            | Peak     |
| 9768.0000   | 37.3            | 8.9                        | 46.2             | 54.0             | -7.8             | Average  |
| 9768.0000   | 48.5            | 8.9                        | 57.4             | 74.0             | -16.6            | Peak     |
| 9912.0000   | 37.1            | 9.1                        | 46.2             | 54.0             | -7.8             | Average  |
| 9912.0000   | 48.2            | 9.1                        | 57.3             | 74.0             | -16.7            | Peak     |
| 12015.0000  | 36.2            | 11.7                       | 47.9             | 54.0             | -6.1             | Average  |
| 12015.0000  | 48.3            | 11.7                       | 60.0             | 74.0             | -14.0            | Peak     |
| 12210.0000  | 38.7            | 11.8                       | 50.5             | 54.0             | -3.5             | Average  |
| 12210.0000  | 48.7            | 11.8                       | 60.5             | 74.0             | -13.5            | Peak     |
| 12390.0000  | 38.8            | 11.8                       | 50.6             | 54.0             | -3.4             | Average  |
| 12390.0000  | 48.1            | 11.8                       | 59.9             | 74.0             | -14.1            | Peak     |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit – Result



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2014-06-27  
 EUT :Digital Wireless Microphone Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL  
 Model :DW-25 Detector :Jiapeng  
 Power Rating :battery Engineer :TX  
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Temp. :22 °C  
 Memo :EUT stands vertically(worst case) Humi. :58 %

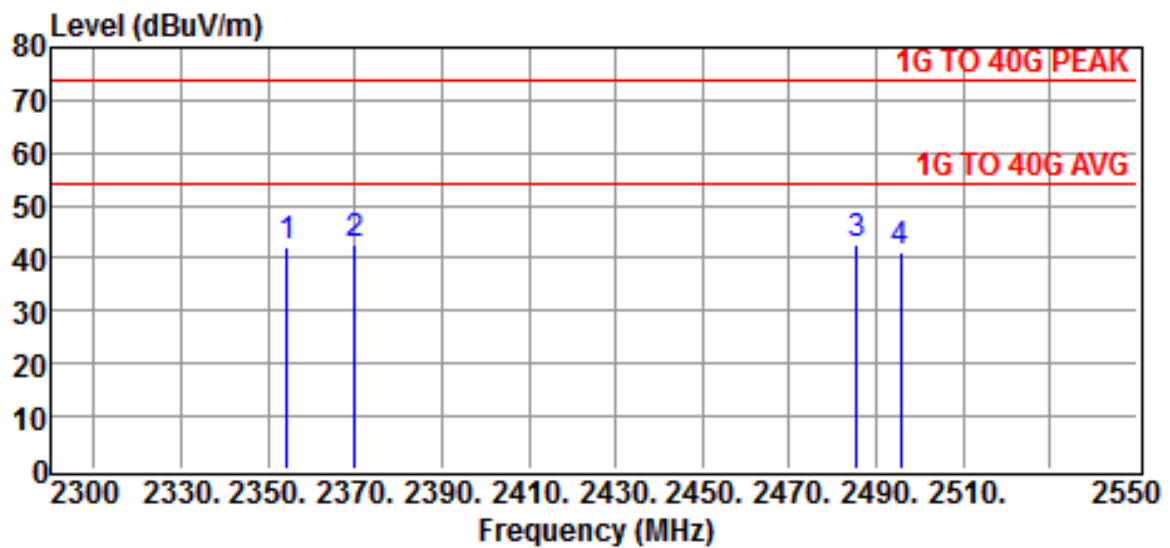
| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 4806.0000   | 37.5            | 1.4                        | 38.9             | 54.0             | -15.1            | Average  |
| 4806.0000   | 49.0            | 1.4                        | 50.4             | 74.0             | -23.6            | Peak     |
| 4884.0000   | 37.5            | 1.5                        | 39.0             | 54.0             | -15.0            | Average  |
| 4884.0000   | 48.8            | 1.5                        | 50.3             | 74.0             | -23.7            | Peak     |
| 4956.0000   | 37.5            | 1.8                        | 39.3             | 54.0             | -14.7            | Average  |
| 4956.0000   | 50.4            | 1.8                        | 52.2             | 74.0             | -21.8            | Peak     |
| 7209.0000   | 32.4            | 5.7                        | 38.1             | 54.0             | -15.9            | Average  |
| 7209.0000   | 46.7            | 5.7                        | 52.4             | 74.0             | -21.6            | Peak     |
| 7326.0000   | 38.0            | 5.9                        | 43.9             | 54.0             | -10.1            | Average  |
| 7326.0000   | 48.1            | 5.9                        | 54.0             | 74.0             | -20.0            | Peak     |
| 7434.0000   | 31.5            | 6.2                        | 37.7             | 54.0             | -16.3            | Average  |
| 7434.0000   | 46.5            | 6.2                        | 52.7             | 74.0             | -21.3            | Peak     |
| 9612.0000   | 35.2            | 8.6                        | 43.8             | 54.0             | -10.2            | Average  |
| 9612.0000   | 48.0            | 8.6                        | 56.6             | 74.0             | -17.4            | Peak     |
| 9768.0000   | 37.8            | 8.9                        | 46.7             | 54.0             | -7.3             | Average  |
| 9768.0000   | 48.8            | 8.9                        | 57.7             | 74.0             | -16.3            | Peak     |

| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 9912.0000   | 37.2            | 9.1                        | 46.3             | 54.0             | -7.7             | Average  |
| 9912.0000   | 48.5            | 9.1                        | 57.6             | 74.0             | -16.4            | Peak     |
| 12015.0000  | 36.4            | 11.7                       | 48.1             | 54.0             | -5.9             | Average  |
| 12015.0000  | 48.7            | 11.7                       | 60.4             | 74.0             | -13.6            | Peak     |
| 12210.0000  | 39.2            | 11.8                       | 51.0             | 54.0             | -3.0             | Average  |
| 12210.0000  | 48.8            | 11.8                       | 60.6             | 74.0             | -13.4            | Peak     |
| 12390.0000  | 39.0            | 11.8                       | 50.8             | 54.0             | -3.2             | Average  |
| 12390.0000  | 48.4            | 11.8                       | 60.2             | 74.0             | -13.8            | Peak     |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit – Result

#### 4.4.2 Radiated Emission of Restricted bands

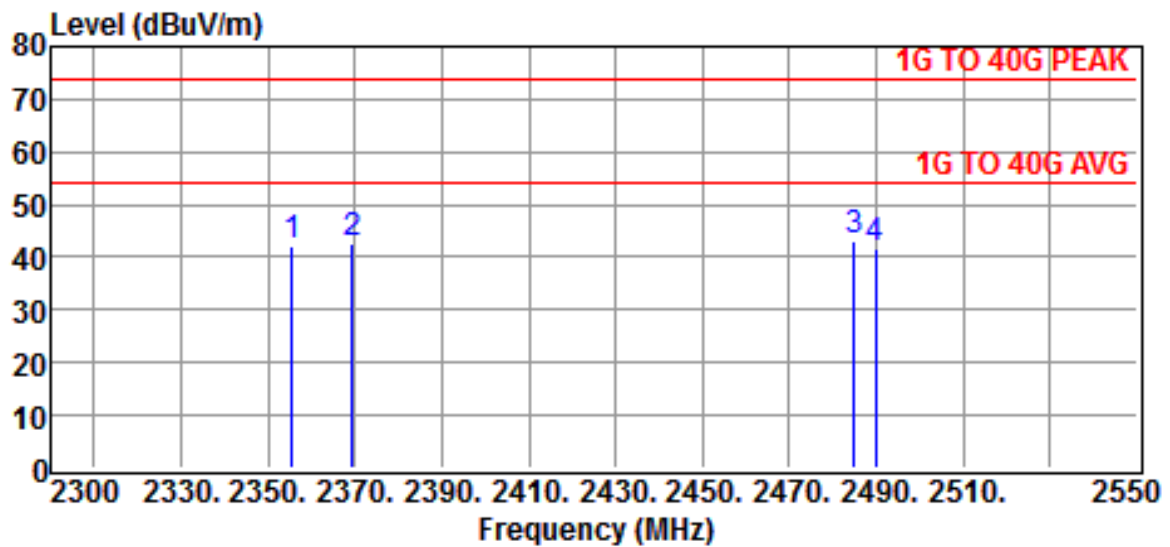


|              |                                    |           |             |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Site         | :CHAMBER #2                        | Date      | :2014-06-27 |
| EUT          | :Digital Wireless Microphone       | Ant. Pol. | :HORIZONTAL |
| Model        | :DW-25T                            | Detector  | :Jiapeng    |
| Power Rating | :DC 3.0V                           |           |             |
| Engineer     | : Jiapeng                          |           |             |
| Limit        | :1G TO 40G PEAK                    | Temp.     | :22 °C      |
| Memo         | : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands    | Humi.     | :60 %       |
| Memo         | :EUT stands vertically(worst case) |           |             |

| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>(AVG)<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------|
| 2354.5000   | 47.9            | -5.8                       | 42.1             | 54.0                      | -11.9            | Peak     |
| 2370.0000   | 48.5            | -5.7                       | 42.8             | 54.0                      | -11.2            | Peak     |
| 2485.5000   | 48.1            | -5.4                       | 42.7             | 54.0                      | -11.3            | Peak     |
| 2495.5000   | 46.7            | -5.4                       | 41.3             | 54.0                      | -12.7            | Peak     |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit – Result
4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit - as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2014-06-27  
 EUT : Digital Wireless Microphone Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL  
 Model : DW-25T Detector : Jiapeng  
 Power Rating : DC 3.0V  
 Engineer : Jiapeng  
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Temp. : 22 °C  
 Memo : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands Humi. : 60 %  
 Memo : EUT stands vertically(worst case)

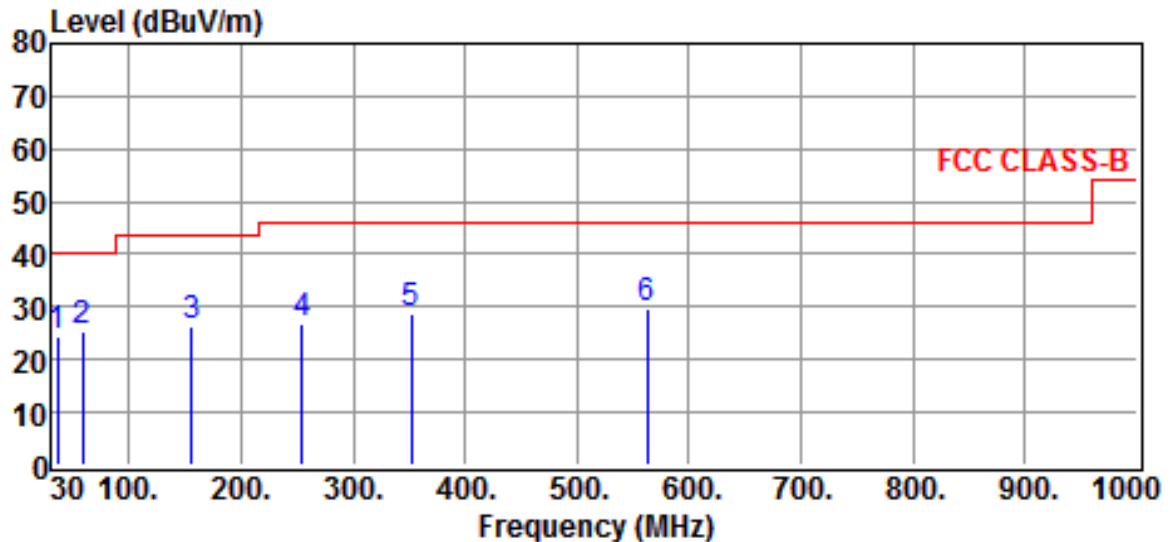
| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>(AVG)<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------|
| 2355.5000   | 48.1            | -5.8                       | 42.3             | 54.0                      | -11.7            | Peak     |
| 2369.5000   | 48.5            | -5.7                       | 42.8             | 54.0                      | -11.2            | Peak     |
| 2485.0000   | 48.5            | -5.4                       | 43.1             | 54.0                      | -10.9            | Peak     |
| 2489.7500   | 47.0            | -5.4                       | 41.6             | 54.0                      | -12.4            | Peak     |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit – Result
4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit - as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

#### 4.4.3 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

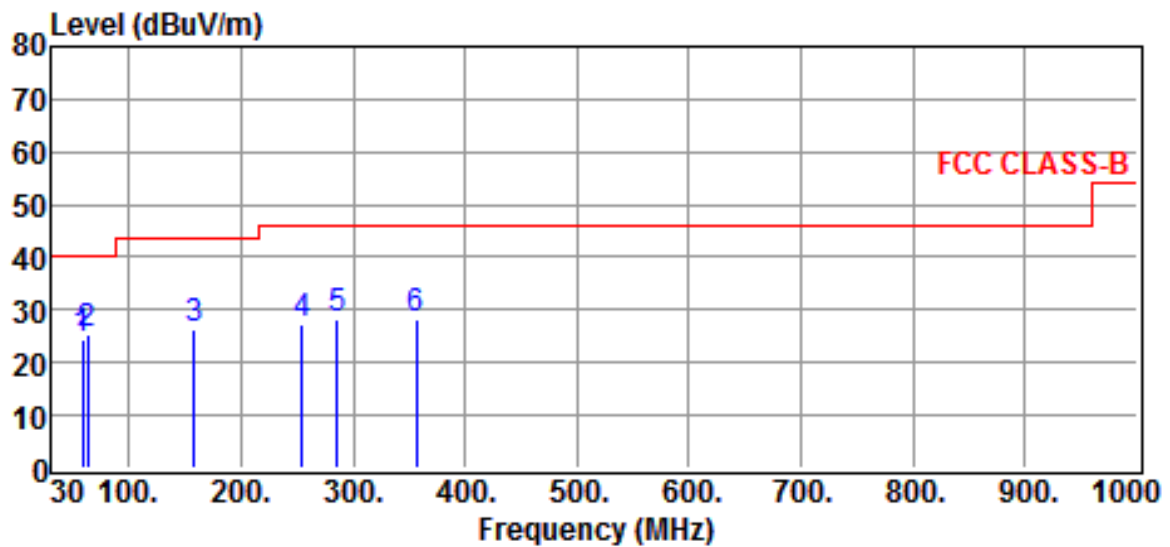


|              |                                    |           |                     |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Site         | :Open Site                         | Date      | :2014-06-27         |
| EUT          | : Digital Wireless Microphone      | Ant. Pol. | :HORIZONTAL         |
| Model        | :DW-25                             | Detector  | :Jiapeng            |
| Power Rating | :DC 3.0V                           | Engineer  | :TX Other Emissions |
| Limit        | :FCC CLASS-B                       | Temp.     | :22 °C              |
| Memo         | :EUT stands vertically(worst case) | Humi.     | :58 %               |

| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 35.6200     | 10.1            | 14.4                       | 24.5             | 40.0             | -15.5            | QP       |
| 58.6500     | 14.2            | 11.4                       | 25.6             | 40.0             | -14.4            | QP       |
| 156.2400    | 12.3            | 14.0                       | 26.3             | 43.5             | -17.2            | QP       |
| 254.5200    | 12.0            | 14.8                       | 26.8             | 46.0             | -19.2            | QP       |
| 352.2100    | 10.8            | 17.8                       | 28.6             | 46.0             | -17.4            | QP       |
| 562.2100    | 7.5             | 22.4                       | 29.9             | 46.0             | -16.1            | QP       |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site : Open Site Date : 2014-06-27  
 EUT : Digital Wireless Microphone Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL  
 Model : DW-25 Detector : Jiapeng  
 Power Rating : DC 3.0V Engineer : TX Other Emissions  
 Limit : FCC CLASS-B Temp. : 22 °C  
 Memo : EUT stands vertically(worst case) Humi. : 58 %

| Freq<br>MHz | Reading<br>dBuV | Correction<br>Factor<br>dB | Result<br>dBuV/m | Limits<br>dBuV/m | Over limit<br>dB | Detector |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 58.5200     | 12.7            | 11.5                       | 24.2             | 40.0             | -15.8            | QP       |
| 62.5800     | 14.1            | 11.1                       | 25.2             | 40.0             | -14.8            | QP       |
| 158.5200    | 12.2            | 14.2                       | 26.4             | 43.5             | -17.1            | QP       |
| 254.2100    | 12.5            | 14.8                       | 27.3             | 46.0             | -18.7            | QP       |
| 285.6200    | 11.9            | 16.6                       | 28.5             | 46.0             | -17.5            | QP       |
| 356.2100    | 10.6            | 17.9                       | 28.5             | 46.0             | -17.5            | QP       |

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

## b) Emission frequencies Above 1GHz

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 25 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

## 4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

$$\textbf{Result} = \textbf{Reading} + \textbf{Corrected Factor}$$

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna FACTOR + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

#### 4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup



## **5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT**

### **5.1 Description**

This EUT is excused from investigation of conducted emission, for it is powered by DC battery only. According to §15.207 (d), measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.

## **6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **6.1 Standard Applicable**

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain**

The antenna gain is less than 6dBi so there is no need to reduce the power.

The antenna is connected to the PCB internally. No consideration of replacement. Please refer to the construction Photo for details.

## 7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

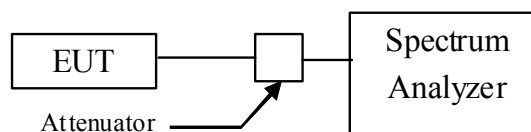
### 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2), for direct sequence system, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
  - 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
  - 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
  - 3) Detector = Peak.
  - 4) Trace mode = max hold.
  - 5) Sweep = auto couple.
  - 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
  - 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



### 7.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer    | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40     | 2014/01/21       | 2015/01/20     |

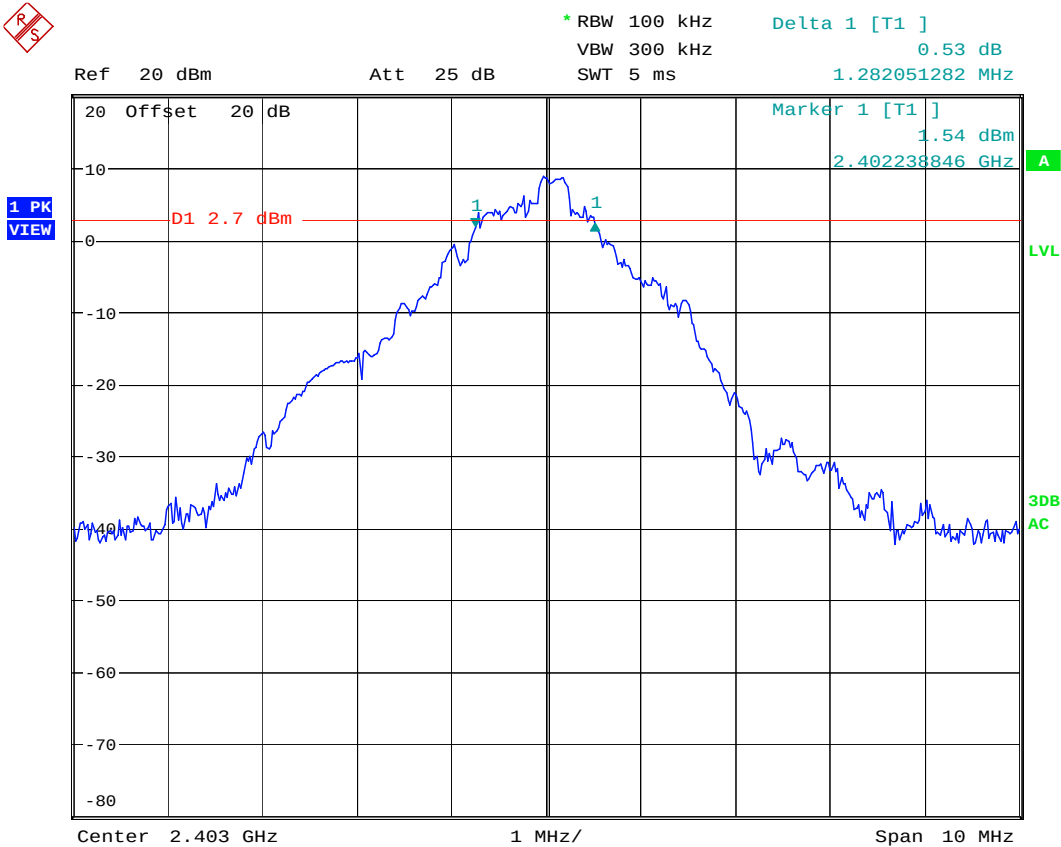
## 7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Apr. 24, 2014      Temperature : 25 °C      Humidity : 65 %

- a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 1.28 MHz
- b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 1.44 MHz
- c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 1.34 MHz

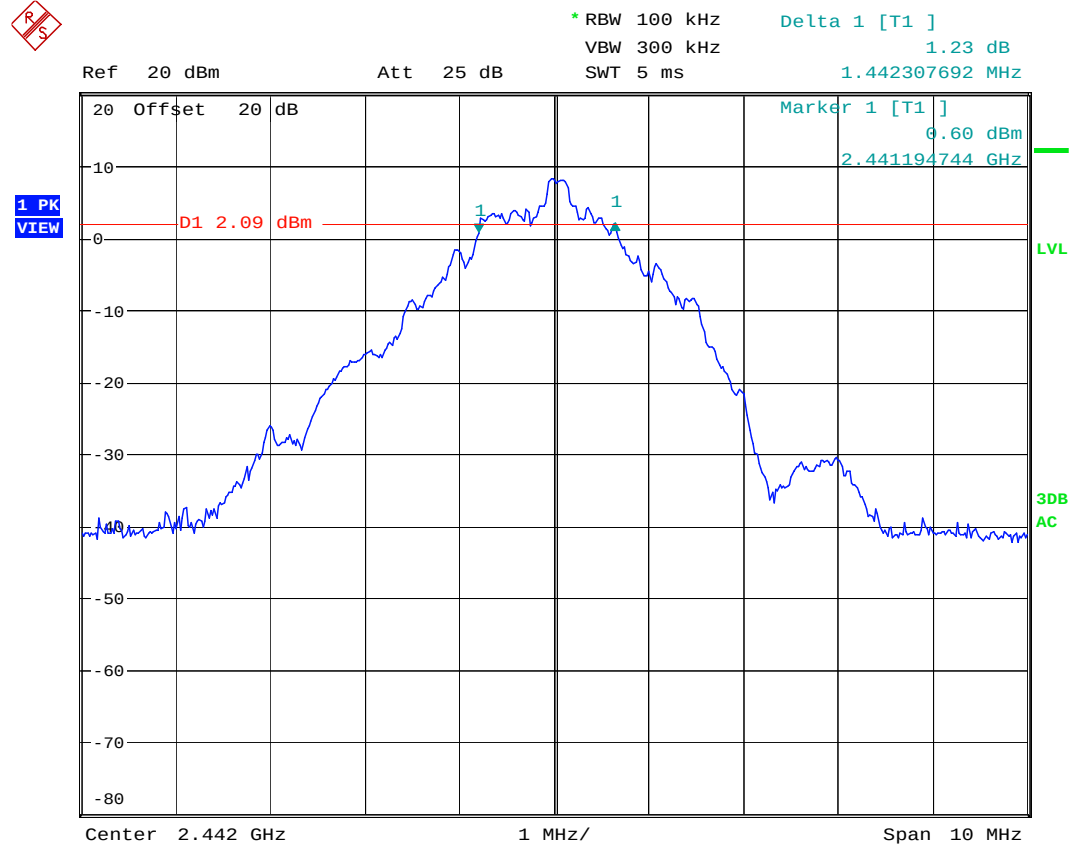
**Note : The expanded uncertainty:  $\text{frequency} \times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$  ( $1 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 18 \text{ GHz}$ ).**

Channel Low



Date: 24.APR.2014 16:53:24

## Channel Mid



Date: 24.APR.2014 16:47:49



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## 8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### 8.1 Standard Applicable

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

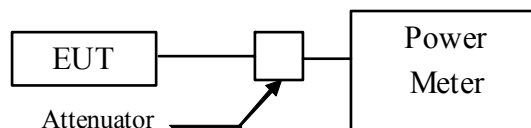
### 8.2 Measurement Procedure

Measurement Procedure:

#### 9.1.2 PKPM1 Peak power meter method

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
3. Record the readings on the instrument and add a compensat factor of the attenuator.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 5: Output power and measurement configuration.



### 8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment              | Manufacturer | Model No.           | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|
| POWER METER<br>+SENSOR | ANRITSU      | ML2487A<br>+MA2491A | 2014/01/16       | 2015/01/15     |

## 8.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Apr. 24, 2014      Temperature : 26 °C      Humidity : 60 %

Measurement Procedure:

9.1.2 PKPM1 Peak power meter method

**Set the Distance Switch to "long" (maximum output power)**

- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 8.50 dBm **7.079** mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 8.94 dBm **7.834** mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 7.79 dBm **6.012** mW

***Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.***

## 9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100kHz and VBW to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 9.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer    | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40     | 2014/01/21       | 2015/01/20     |

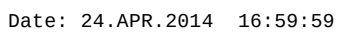
## 9.4 Measurement Data

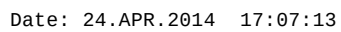
Test Date : Apr. 24, 2014      Temperature : 25 °C      Humidity : 65 %

**Set the Distance Switch to "long" (maximum output power)**

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

***Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.***





## 10 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT

### 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

#### Measurement Method: PKPSD

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
6. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
7. Detector = peak.
8. Sweep time = auto couple.
9. Trace mode = max hold.
10. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
11. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
12. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
13. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 10.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer    | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40     | 2014/01/21       | 2015/01/20     |

## 10.4 Measurement Data

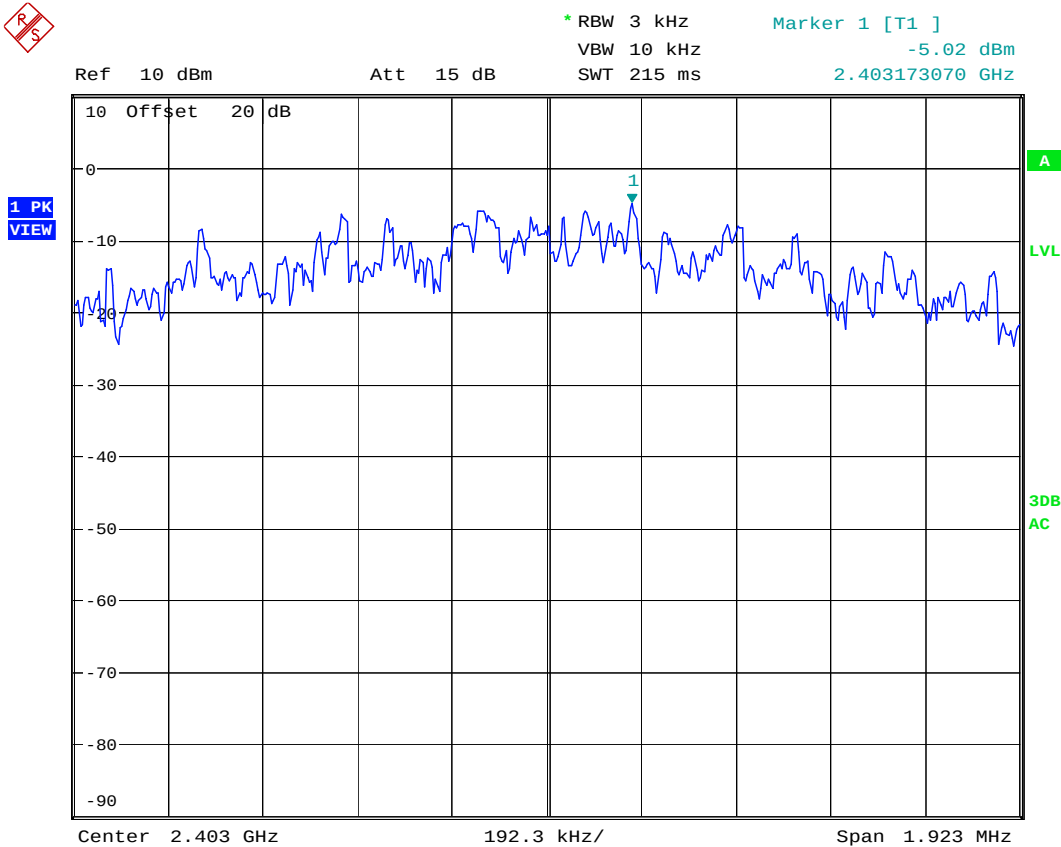
Test Date : Apr. 24, 2014      Temperature : 26 °C      Humidity : 60 %

**Set the Distance Switch to "long" (maximum output power)**

- a) Channel Low: Maximun PSD is -5.02 dBm
- b) Channel Mid: Maximun PSD is -5.95 dBm
- c) Channel High: Maximun PSD is -6.55 dBm

***Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.***

Channel Low

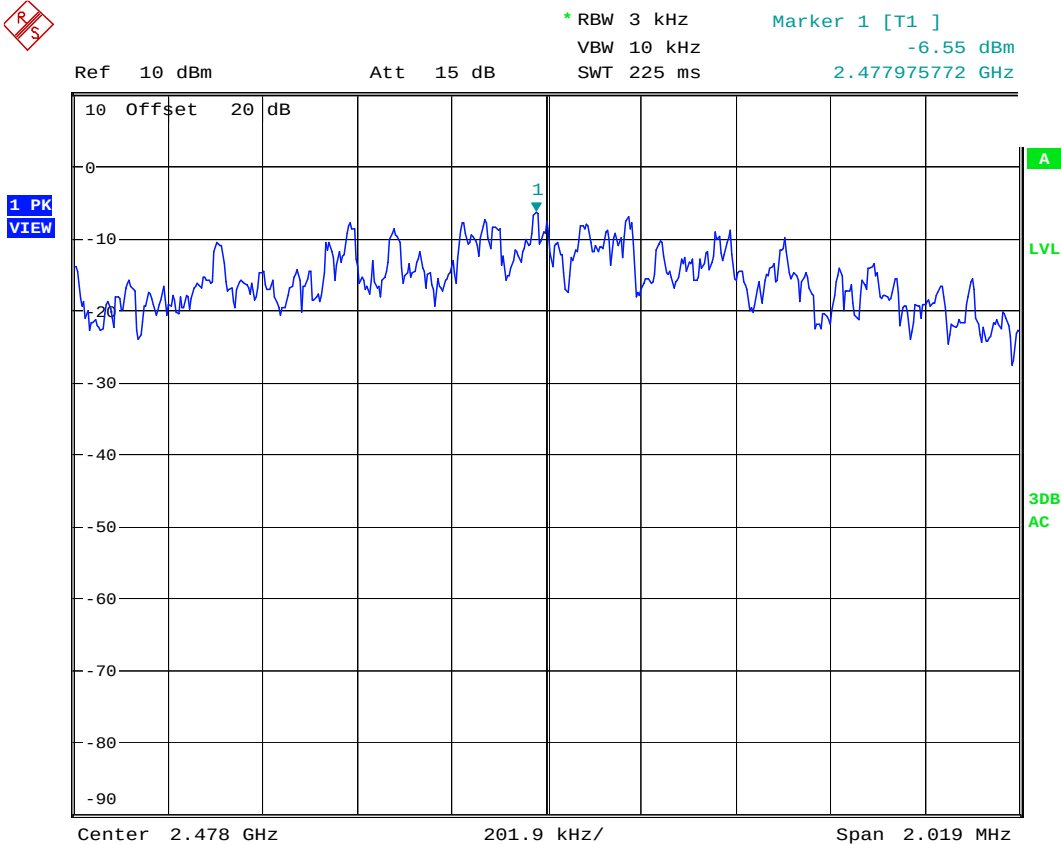


Date: 24.APR.2014 16:54:11



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Channel High



Date: 24.APR.2014 17:04:57

## 11. OUT-OF-BAND CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

### 11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

### 11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.

3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold.

4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 11.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer    | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40     | 2014/01/21       | 2015/01/20     |

## 11.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Apr. 24, 2014      Temperature : 25 °C      Humidity : 65 %

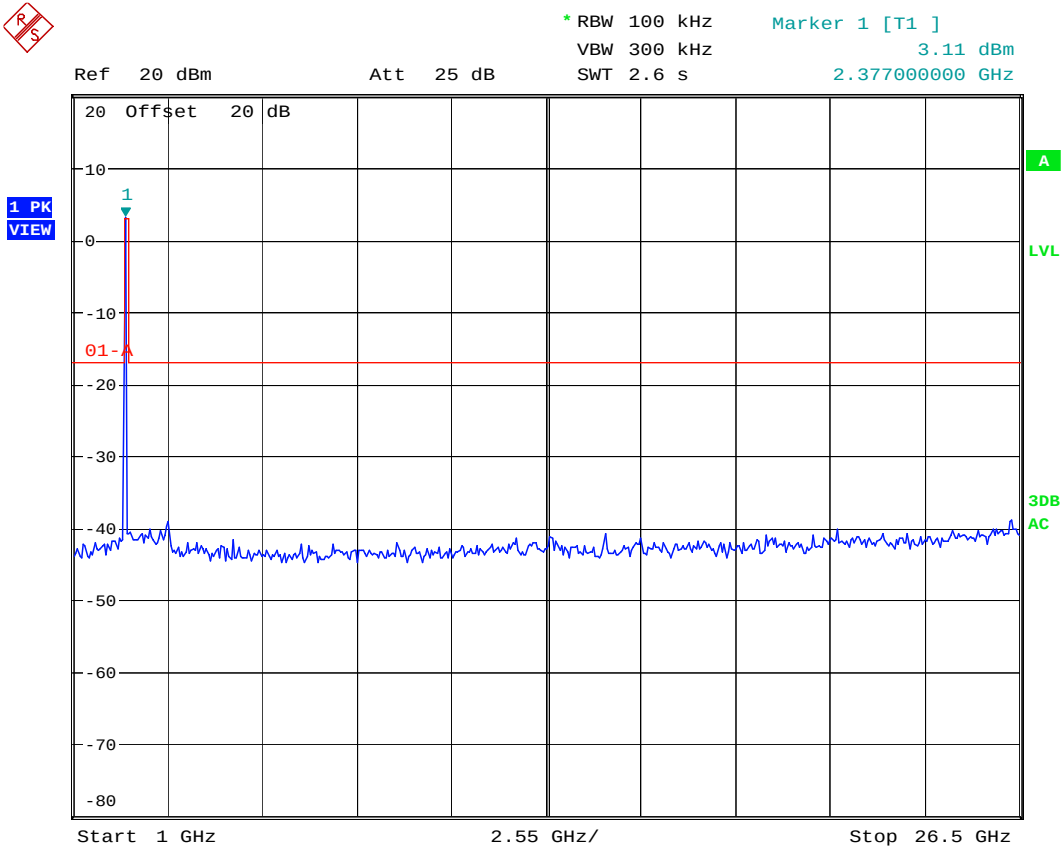
**Set the Distance Switch to "long" (maximum output power)**

**Mode: Channel Low, Mid, High**

1 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

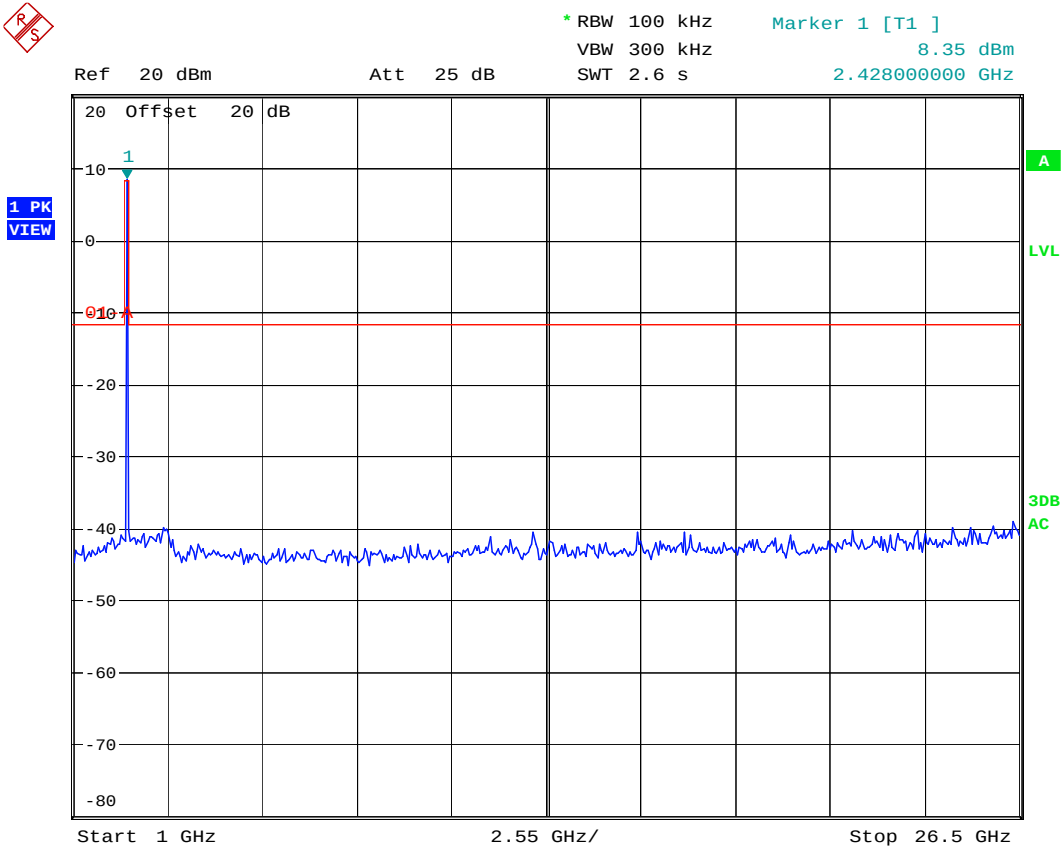
***Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.***

Channel Low



Date: 24.APR.2014 16:42:38

Channel Mid



Date: 24.APR.2014 16:50:20



Rev. No 2.0