

FCC Test Report (BT-EDR)

Report No.: RF160818E07-9

FCC ID: G95TCA301

Test Model: TCA301TCH1

Series Model: TCA301TCH2, TCA301ROG1, TCA301COX2, TCA301BHN2,
TCA301CMP2, TCA301TWC2

Received Date: Aug. 18, 2016

Test Date: Aug. 22 to Sep. 19, 2016

Issued Date: Dec. 15, 2016

Applicant: Technicolor Connected Home USA LLC

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Issued By: Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch
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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RF160818E07-9	Original release.	Dec. 15, 2016

1 Certificate of Conformity

Product: Integrated Device

Brand: Technicolor

Test Model: TCA301TCH1

Series Model: TCA301TCH2, TCA301ROG1, TCA301COX2, TCA301BHN2, TCA301CMP2,
TCA301TWC2

Sample Status: ENGINEERING SAMPLE

Applicant: Technicolor Connected Home USA LLC

Test Date: Aug. 22 to Sep. 19, 2016

Standards: 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)
ANSI C63.10: 2013

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

Prepared by : Midoli Peng , **Date:** Dec. 15, 2016
Midoli Peng / Specialist

Approved by : May Chen , **Date:** Dec. 15, 2016
May Chen / Manager

2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (SECTION 15.247)			
FCC Clause	Test Item	Result	Remarks
15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -10.58dB at 1.65234MHz.
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequency Used	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time on Each Channel	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1)	1. Hopping Channel Separation 2. Spectrum Bandwidth of a Frequency Hopping Sequence Spread Spectrum System	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.205 & 209 & 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Band Edge Measurement	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -0.9dB at 39.55MHz.
15.247(d)	Antenna Port Emission	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	Antenna connector is i-pex(MHF) not a standard connector.

NOTE: If The Frequency Hopping System operating in 2400-2483.5MHz band and the output power less than 125mW. The hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel whichever is greater.

2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Measurement	Frequency	Expended Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
Conducted Emissions at mains ports	150kHz ~ 30MHz	1.83 dB
Radiated Emissions up to 1 GHz	30MHz ~ 1GHz	5.31 dB
Radiated Emissions above 1 GHz	1GHz ~ 6GHz	3.40 dB
	6GHz ~ 18GHz	3.73 dB
	18GHz ~ 40GHz	4.11 dB

2.2 Modification Record

There were no modifications required for compliance.

3 General Information

3.1 General Description of EUT (BT-EDR)

Product	Integrated Device
Brand	Technicolor
Test Model	TCA301TCH1
Series Model	TCA301TCH2, TCA301ROG1, TCA301COX2, TCA301BHN2, TCA301CMP2, TCA301TWC2
Status of EUT	ENGINEERING SAMPLE
Power Supply Rating	12Vdc from power adapter or 4Vdc from battery
Modulation Type	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Modulation Technology	FHSS
Transfer Rate	Up to 3Mbps
Operating Frequency	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Number of Channel	79
Output Power	2.118mW
Antenna Type	Refer to Note
Antenna Connector	Refer to Note
Accessory Device	Adapter x1 Battery x1
Data Cable Supplied	NA
HW Version	FGR
SW Version	i-control v.1.4.0

Note

1. All models are listed as below.

Brand	Model	Difference
Technicolor	TCA301TCH1	For marketing requirement
	TCA301TCH2	
	TCA301ROG1	
	TCA301COX2	
	TCA301BHN2	
	TCA301CMP2	
	TCA301TWC2	

From the above models, model: **TCA301TCH1** was selected as representative model for the test and its data was recorded in this report.

2. There are WLAN, Bluetooth, Zigbee, Zigbee Thread and WWAN technology used for the EUT.

3. Simultaneously transmission condition.

Condition	Technology				
1	WLAN (2.4GHz)	Bluetooth	Zigbee	Zigbee Thread	WWAN (2G/3G/4G)
2	WLAN (5GHz)	Bluetooth	Zigbee	Zigbee Thread	WWAN (2G/3G/4G)

Note: The emission of the simultaneous operation has been evaluated and no non-compliance was found.

4. The EUT power needs to be supplied from one power adapter or battery, the information is as below table:

Adapter		
Brand	Model	Spec.
AcBel	WAF007	Input: 100-120Vac, 50/60Hz, 0.7A Output: 12V, 1.5A DC output cable (Unshielded, 3m)
Battery		
Brand	Model	Spec.
GETAC	U46P332.00	4V 3540mAh 14.16Wh

5. The antennas provided to the EUT, please refer to the following table:

WLAN & BT Antenna Spec.					
Antenna No.	Transmitter Circuit	Max Gain(dBi) Including cable loss	Frequency range (MHz)	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector
WiFi 1 & BT	Chain (0)	2.29	2400~2500	FPCB	i-pex(MHF)
		3.36	5150~5250		
		3.66	5250~5350		
		3.77	5470~5725		
		3.36	5725~5850		
WiFi 2	Chain (1)	2.34	2400~2500	PCB	i-pex(MHF)
		3.62	5150~5250		
		3.55	5250~5350		
		2.86	5470~5725		
		2.99	5725~5850		
Zigbee Antenna Spec.					
Antenna No.		Gain(dBi) Including cable loss	Frequency range (MHz)	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector
Zigbee-A		2.33	2400~2500	PCB	i-pex(MHF)
Zigbee- Thread		2.5	2400~2500	PCB	i-pex(MHF)
WWAN Antenna Spec.					
Antenna No.		Gain(dBi) Including cable loss	Frequency range (MHz)	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector
WWAN 1		1.62	704~894	PCB	i-pex(MHF)
		2.36	1710~2170		
WWAN 2		0.63	704~894	FPCB	i-pex(MHF)
		1.66	1710~2170		

6. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

3.2 Description of Test Modes

79 channels are provided for BT-EDR mode:

Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461		

3.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

EUT CONFIGURE MODE	APPLICABLE TO				DESCRIPTION
	RE $\geq$ 1G	RE<1G	PLC	APCM	
-	√	√	√	√	

Where **RE $\geq$ 1G**: Radiated Emission above 1GHz **RE<1G**: Radiated Emission below 1GHz
PLC: Power Line Conducted Emission **APCM**: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

NOTE: 1. The EUT had been pre-tested on the positioned of each 2 axis. The worst case was found when positioned on **Y-plane**.

Radiated Emission Test (Above 1GHz):

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

Radiated Emission Test (Below 1GHz):

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

Power Line Conducted Emission Test:

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

Antenna Port Conducted Measurement:

- ☒ This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

Test Condition:

APPLICABLE TO	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	INPUT POWER	TESTED BY
RE$\geq$1G	24deg. C, 63%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Jyunchun Lin
	24deg. C, 65%RH		Robert Cheng
RE$<$1G	24deg. C, 61%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Jyunchun Lin
PLC	25deg. C, 65%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Wythe Lin
APCM	24deg. C, 66%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Anderson Chen

3.3 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

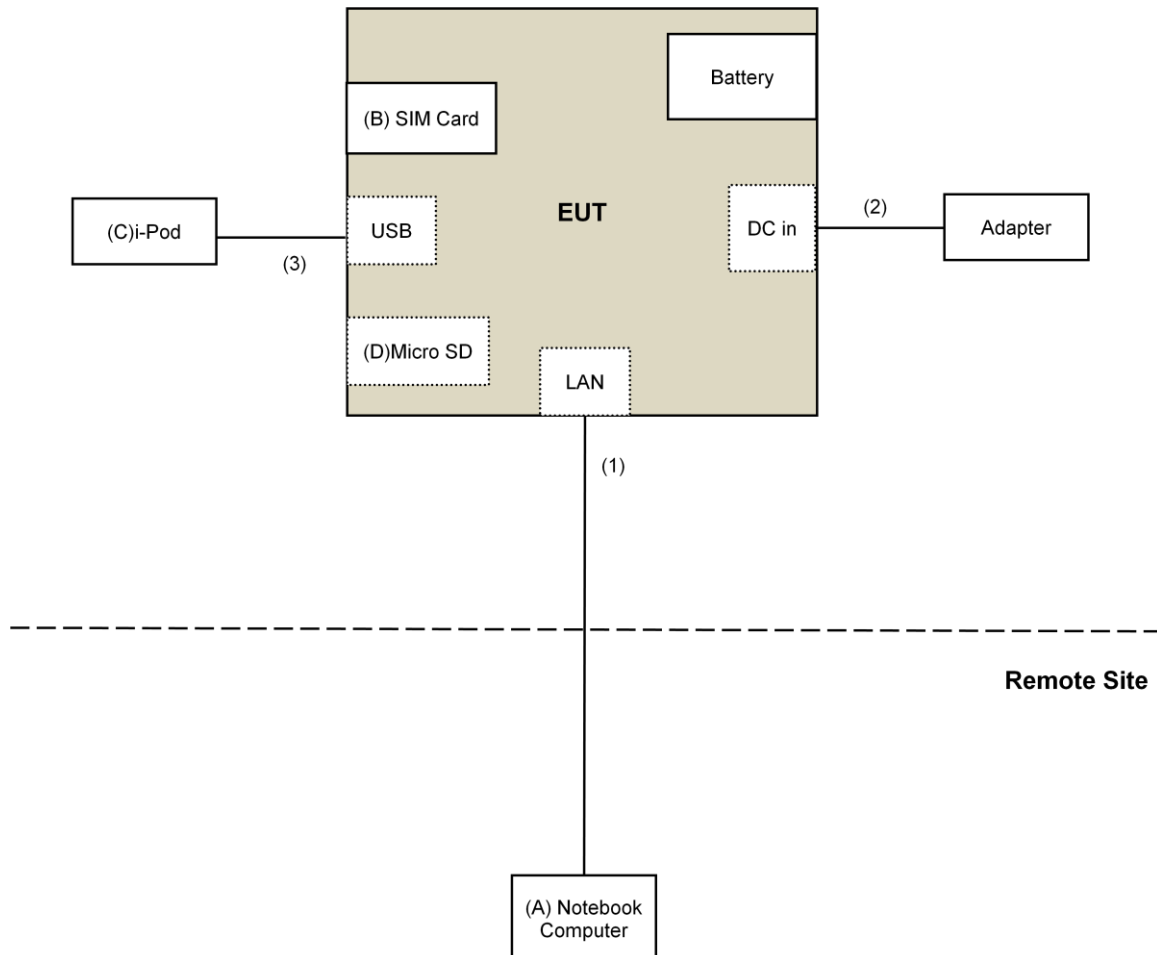
ID	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remarks
A.	Notebook Computer	HP	Pavilion 14-ab023TU	5CD5340WXZ	NA	Provided by Lab
B.	SIM Card	NA	NA	NA	NA	Provided by Lab
C.	i-Pod	Apple	MD778TA/A	CC4JMFL0F4T1	NA	Provided by Lab
D.	Micro SD	NA	NA	NA	NA	Provided by Lab

Note:

1. All power cords of the above support units are non-shielded (1.8m).

ID	Descriptions	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielding (Yes/No)	Cores (Qty.)	Remarks
1.	RJ45 Cable	1	10	No	0	Provided by Lab
2.	DC Cable	1	3	No	0	Supplied by client
3.	USB Calbe	1	0.1	Yes	0	Provided by Lab

3.3.1 Configuration of System under Test



3.4 General Description of Applied Standards

The EUT is a RF Product. According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C (15.247)

ANSI C63.10-2013

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

4 Test Types and Results

4.1 Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

4.1.1 Limits of Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

NOTE:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.

4.1.2 Test Instruments

DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED DATE	CALIBRATED UNTIL
Test Receiver Keysight	N9038A	MY54450088	July 20, 2016	July 19, 2017
Pre-Amplifier ^(*) EMCI	EMC001340	980142	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2018
Loop Antenna ^(*) Electro-Metrics	EM-6879	264	Dec. 16, 2014	Dec. 15, 2016
RF Cable	NA	LOOPCAB-001 LOOPCAB-002	Jan. 18, 2016	Jan. 17, 2017
Pre-Amplifier Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000VH2 B	AMP-ZFL-05	May 07, 2016	May 06, 2017
Trilog Broadband Antenna SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-156	Jan. 04, 2016	Jan. 03, 2017
RF Cable	8D	966-3-1 966-3-2 966-3-3	Apr. 02, 2016	Apr. 01, 2017
Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120-D	9120D-406	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Pre-Amplifier Agilent	8449B	3008A02465	Apr. 05, 2016	Apr. 04, 2017
RF Cable	EMC104-SM- SM-2000 EMC104-SM- SM-5000 EMC104-SM- SM-5000	150317 150321 150322	Mar. 30, 2016	Mar. 29, 2017
Spectrum Analyzer Keysight	N9030A	MY54490520	July 29, 2016	July 28, 2017
Pre-Amplifier EMCI	EMC184045	980143	Jan. 15, 2016	Jan. 14, 2017
Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170608	Jan. 08, 2016	Jan. 07, 2017
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX 102	36432/2 36441/2	Jan. 16, 2016	Jan. 15, 2017
Software	ADT_Radiated _V8.7.08	NA	NA	NA
Antenna Tower & Turn Table Max-Full	MF-7802	MF780208406	NA	NA
Boresight Antenna Fixture	FBA-01	FBA-SIP01	NA	NA
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSP40	100036	Jan. 27, 2016	Jan. 26, 2017

Note:

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 24 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
3. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. 3.
4. The FCC Site Registration No. is 147459
5. The CANADA Site Registration No. is 20331-1
6. Loop antenna was used for all emissions below 30 MHz
7. Tested Date: Aug. 22 to Sep. 19, 2016

4.1.3 Test Procedures

For Radiated emission below 30MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

For Radiated emission above 30MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

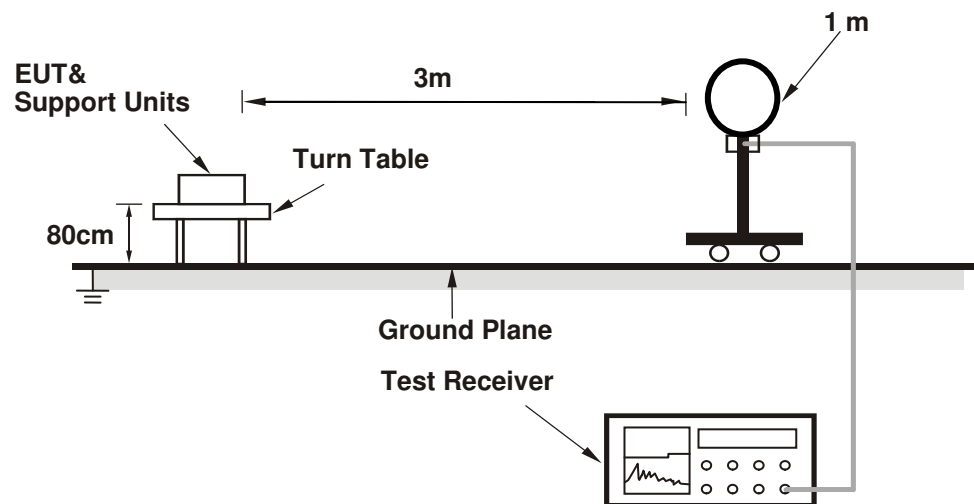
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
3. For Average measurement, due to the DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB, therefore Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.
4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

4.1.4 Deviation from Test Standard

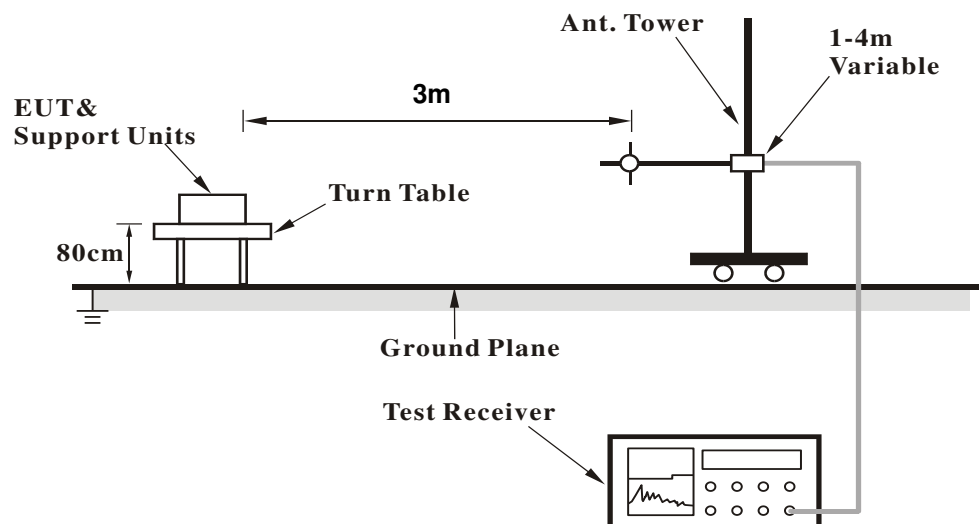
No deviation.

4.1.5 Test Setup

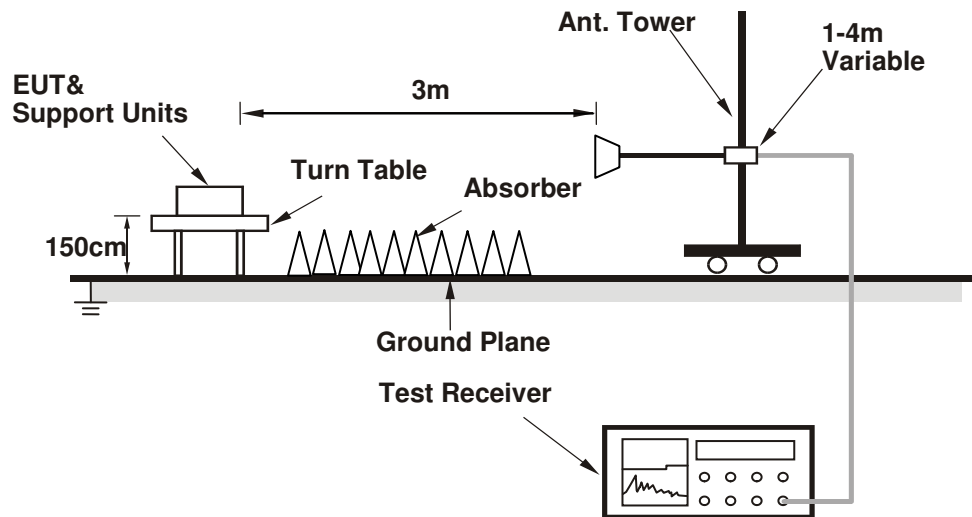
For Radiated emission below 30MHz



For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz



For Radiated emission above 1GHz



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

4.1.6 EUT Operating Conditions

1. Connect the EUT with the support unit A (Notebook Computer) which is placed on test table.
2. The communication partner run test program "CMD.exe Paste Command" to enable EUT under transmission/receiving condition continuously at specific channel frequency.

4.1.7 Test Results (Bandedge)

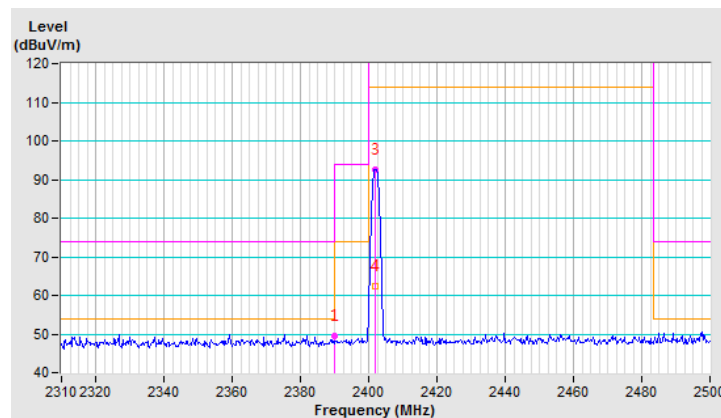
BT_GFSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	49.6 PK	74.0	-24.4	1.07 H	275	53.8	-4.2
2	2390.00	19.5 AV	54.0	-34.5	1.07 H	275	23.7	-4.2
3	*2402.00	92.6 PK			1.07 H	275	96.7	-4.1
4	*2402.00	62.5 AV			1.07 H	275	66.6	-4.1

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

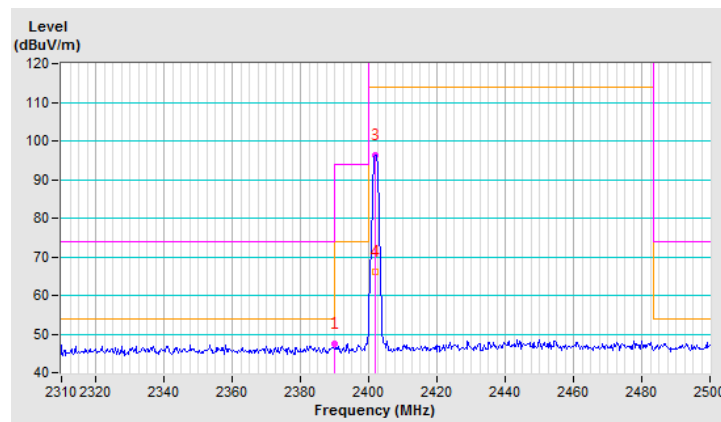


CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	47.6 PK	74.0	-26.4	1.33 V	41	51.8	-4.2
2	2390.00	17.5 AV	54.0	-36.5	1.33 V	41	21.7	-4.2
3	*2402.00	96.2 PK			1.33 V	41	100.3	-4.1
4	*2402.00	66.1 AV			1.33 V	41	70.2	-4.1

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

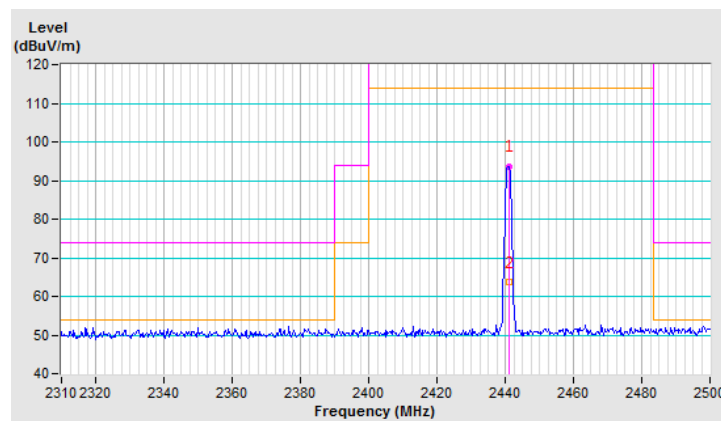


CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	93.7 PK			1.08 H	267	97.7	-4.0
2	*2441.00	63.6 AV			1.08 H	267	67.6	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

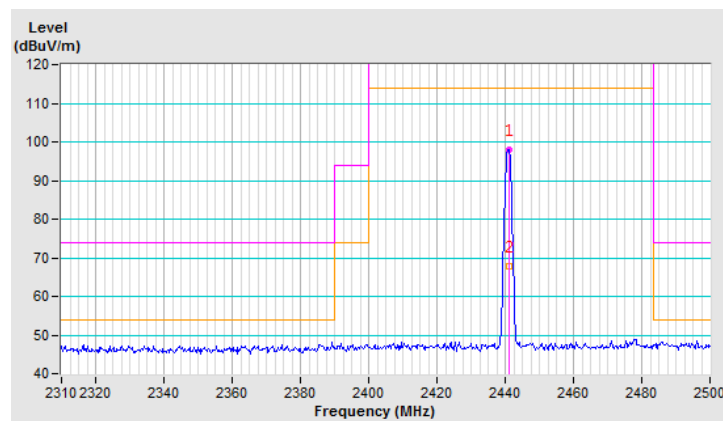


CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	97.8 PK			1.31 V	51	101.8	-4.0
2	*2441.00	67.7 AV			1.31 V	51	71.7	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

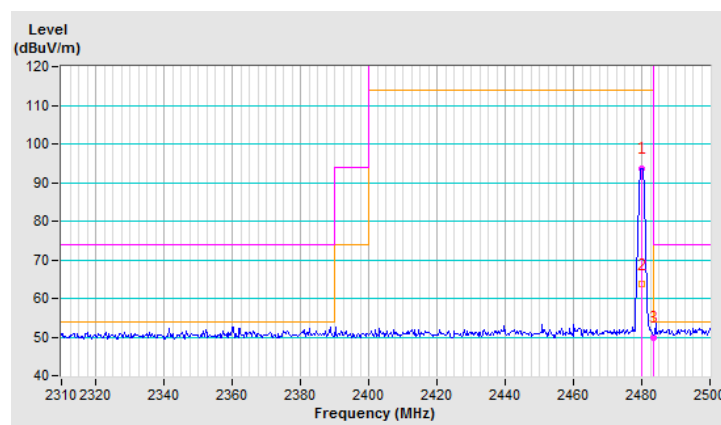


CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	93.7 PK			1.12 H	267	97.7	-4.0
2	*2480.00	63.6 AV			1.12 H	267	67.6	-4.0
3	2483.50	49.8 PK	74.0	-24.2	1.12 H	267	53.8	-4.0
4	2483.50	19.7 AV	54.0	-34.3	1.12 H	267	23.7	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

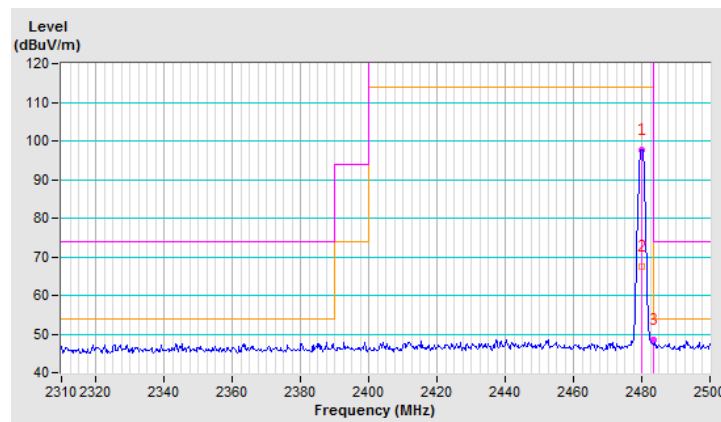


CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	97.7 PK			1.33 V	48	101.7	-4.0
2	*2480.00	67.6 AV			1.33 V	48	71.6	-4.0
3	2483.50	48.6 PK	74.0	-25.4	1.33 V	48	52.6	-4.0
4	2483.50	18.5 AV	54.0	-35.5	1.33 V	48	22.5	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

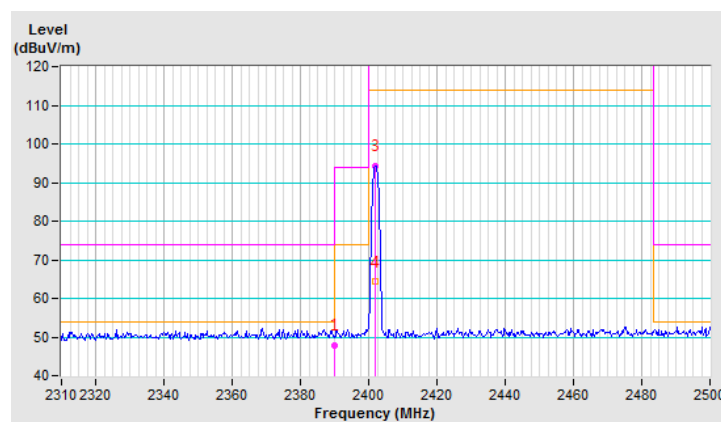


CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	47.8 PK	74.0	-26.2	4.00 H	266	52.0	-4.2
2	2390.00	17.7 AV	54.0	-36.3	4.00 H	266	21.9	-4.2
3	*2402.00	94.4 PK			1.08 H	266	98.5	-4.1
4	*2402.00	64.3 AV			1.08 H	266	68.4	-4.1

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

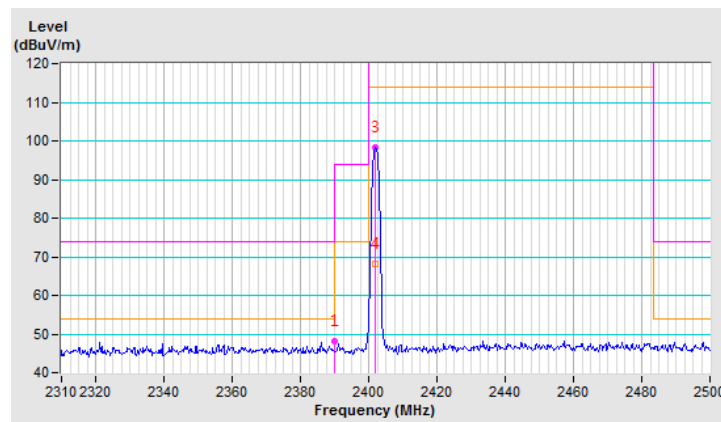


CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	48.3 PK	74.0	-25.7	1.35 V	43	52.5	-4.2
2	2390.00	18.2 AV	54.0	-35.8	1.35 V	43	22.4	-4.2
3	*2402.00	98.3 PK			1.35 V	43	102.4	-4.1
4	*2402.00	68.2 AV			1.35 V	43	72.3	-4.1

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.



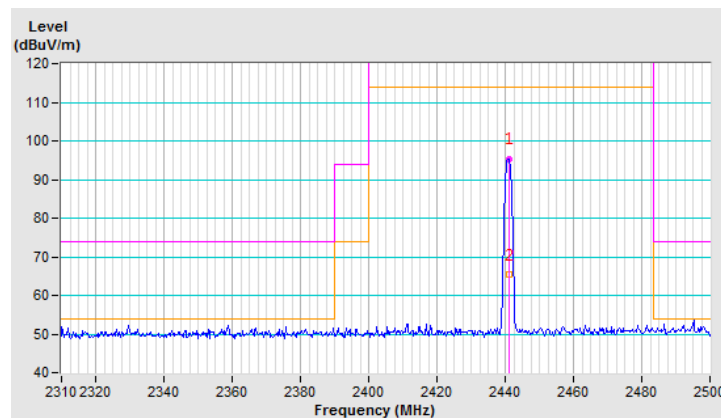
BT_8DPSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	95.4 PK			1.08 H	263	99.4	-4.0
2	*2441.00	65.3 AV			1.08 H	263	69.3	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

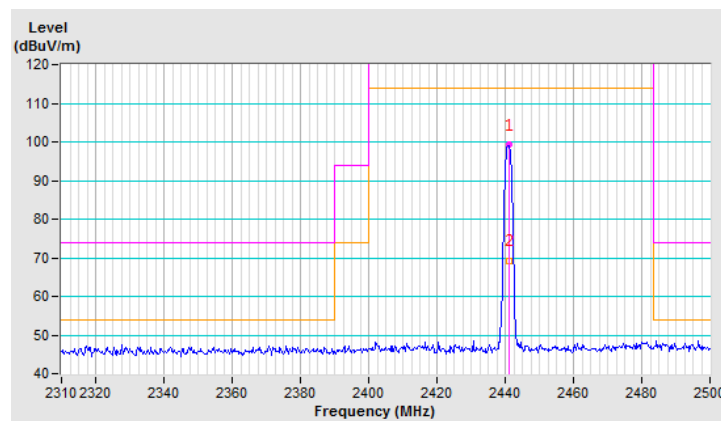


CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	99.2 PK			1.30 V	44	103.2	-4.0
2	*2441.00	69.1 AV			1.30 V	44	73.1	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

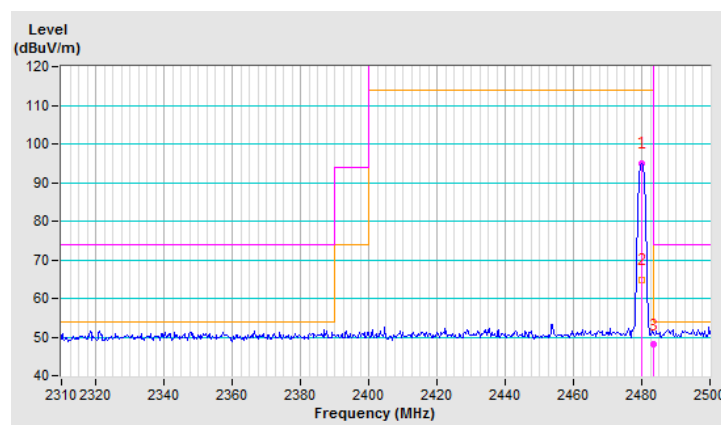


CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	95.0 PK			1.11 H	265	99.0	-4.0
2	*2480.00	64.9 AV			1.11 H	265	68.9	-4.0
3	2483.50	48.0 PK	74.0	-26.0	1.11 H	265	52.0	-4.0
4	2483.50	17.9 AV	54.0	-36.1	1.11 H	265	21.9	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

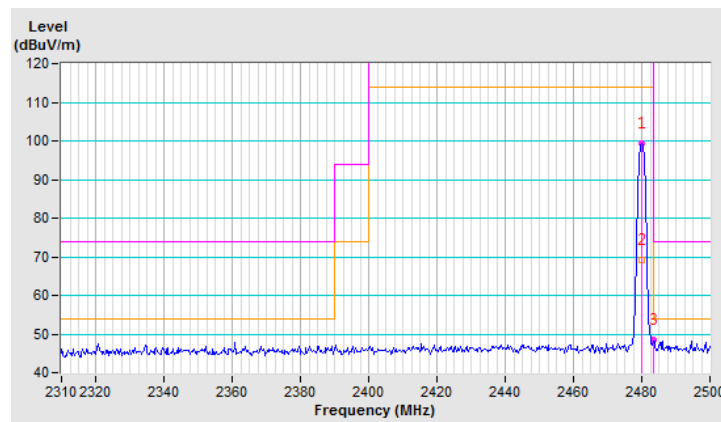


CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	99.3 PK			1.29 V	42	103.3	-4.0
2	*2480.00	69.2 AV			1.29 V	42	73.2	-4.0
3	2483.50	48.5 PK	74.0	-25.5	1.29 V	42	52.5	-4.0
4	2483.50	18.4 AV	54.0	-35.6	1.29 V	42	22.4	-4.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " * ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.



4.1.8 Test Results (Spurious emission)

Above 1GHz Data:

BT_GFSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	43.3 PK	74.0	-30.7	3.00 H	280	41.0	2.3
2	4804.00	13.2 AV	54.0	-40.8	3.00 H	280	10.9	2.3
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	43.0 PK	74.0	-31.0	1.87 V	37	40.7	2.3
2	4804.00	12.9 AV	54.0	-41.1	1.87 V	37	10.6	2.3

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
6. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	42.3 PK	74.0	-31.7	2.97 H	298	39.8	2.5
2	4882.00	12.2 AV	54.0	-41.8	2.97 H	298	9.7	2.5
3	7323.00	44.6 PK	74.0	-29.4	2.67 H	317	35.6	9.0
4	7323.00	14.5 AV	54.0	-39.5	2.67 H	317	5.5	9.0
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	42.9 PK	74.0	-31.1	1.84 V	29	40.4	2.5
2	4882.00	12.8 AV	54.0	-41.2	1.84 V	29	10.3	2.5
3	7323.00	44.4 PK	74.0	-29.6	1.93 V	42	35.4	9.0
4	7323.00	14.3 AV	54.0	-39.7	1.93 V	42	5.3	9.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
6. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	42.3 PK	74.0	-31.7	2.93 H	268	39.8	2.5
2	4960.00	12.2 AV	54.0	-41.8	2.93 H	268	9.7	2.5
3	7440.00	43.9 PK	74.0	-30.1	2.67 H	288	34.4	9.5
4	7440.00	13.8 AV	54.0	-40.2	2.67 H	288	4.3	9.5
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	42.5 PK	74.0	-31.5	1.82 V	27	40.0	2.5
2	4960.00	12.4 AV	54.0	-41.6	1.82 V	27	9.9	2.5
3	7440.00	44.3 PK	74.0	-29.7	1.99 V	42	34.8	9.5
4	7440.00	14.2 AV	54.0	-39.8	1.99 V	42	4.7	9.5

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
6. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

BT_8DPSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	43.1 PK	74.0	-30.9	3.00 H	277	40.8	2.3
2	4804.00	13.0 AV	54.0	-41.0	3.00 H	277	10.7	2.3
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	43.2 PK	74.0	-30.8	1.84 V	40	40.9	2.3
2	4804.00	13.1 AV	54.0	-40.9	1.84 V	40	10.8	2.3

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 * 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	42.8 PK	74.0	-31.2	2.96 H	282	40.3	2.5
2	4882.00	12.7 AV	54.0	-41.3	2.96 H	282	10.2	2.5
3	7323.00	43.2 PK	74.0	-30.8	2.72 H	302	34.2	9.0
4	7323.00	13.1 AV	54.0	-40.9	2.72 H	302	4.1	9.0
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	43.1 PK	74.0	-30.9	1.86 V	41	40.6	2.5
2	4882.00	13.0 AV	54.0	-41.0	1.86 V	41	10.5	2.5
3	7323.00	43.9 PK	74.0	-30.1	1.98 V	28	34.9	9.0
4	7323.00	13.8 AV	54.0	-40.2	1.98 V	28	4.8	9.0

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
6. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	42.6 PK	74.0	-31.4	2.93 H	289	40.1	2.5
2	4960.00	12.5 AV	54.0	-41.5	2.93 H	289	10.0	2.5
3	7440.00	44.0 PK	74.0	-30.0	2.72 H	300	34.5	9.5
4	7440.00	13.9 AV	54.0	-40.1	2.72 H	300	4.4	9.5
ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	42.9 PK	74.0	-31.1	1.93 V	36	40.4	2.5
2	4960.00	12.8 AV	54.0	-41.2	1.93 V	36	10.3	2.5
3	7440.00	43.7 PK	74.0	-30.3	1.93 V	10	34.2	9.5
4	7440.00	13.6 AV	54.0	-40.4	1.93 V	10	4.1	9.5

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on $0.625 * 5$ per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to: $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$ dB
6. Average value = peak reading + $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$.

Below 1GHz Data:

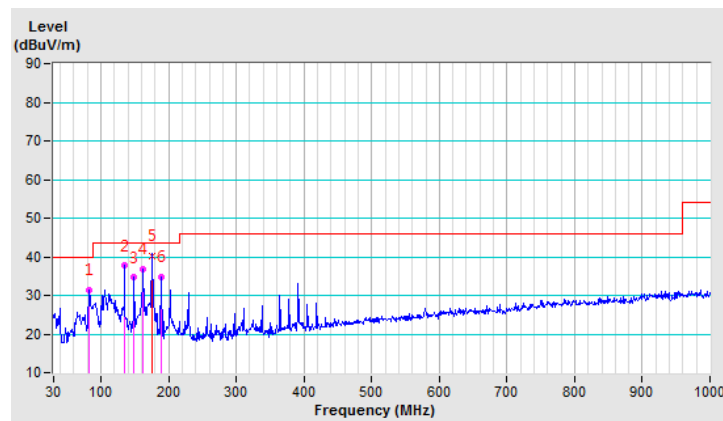
BT_8DPSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Quasi-Peak (QP)
FREQUENCY RANGE	Below 1GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	83.18	31.3 QP	40.0	-8.7	2.50 H	286	44.8	-13.5
2	135.00	37.7 QP	43.5	-5.8	2.00 H	90	47.3	-9.6
3	148.51	34.6 QP	43.5	-8.9	2.00 H	282	43.0	-8.4
4	161.99	36.8 QP	43.5	-6.7	1.50 H	282	45.2	-8.4
5	175.48	40.2 QP	43.5	-3.3	1.50 H	298	49.4	-9.2
6	189.01	34.7 QP	43.5	-8.8	1.50 H	93	45.3	-10.6

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value

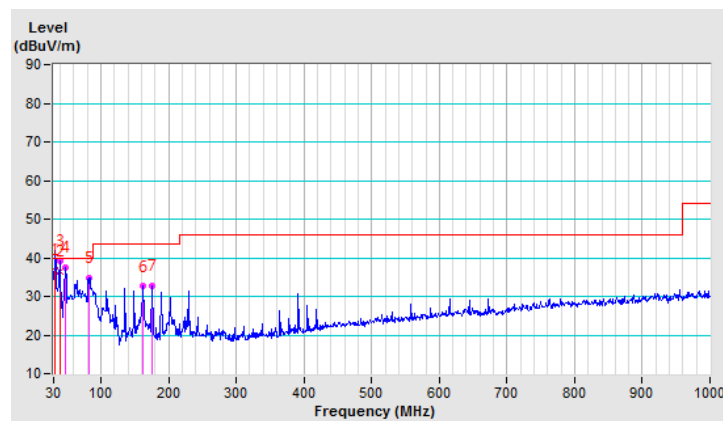


CHANNEL	TX Channel 78	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Quasi-Peak (QP)
FREQUENCY RANGE	Below 1GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	32.16	36.7 QP	40.0	-3.3	1.00 V	155	46.6	-9.9
2	39.55	36.5 QP	40.0	-3.5	1.00 V	33	45.6	-9.1
3	39.55	39.1 QP	40.0	-0.9	1.00 V	33	48.2	-9.1
4	47.99	37.4 QP	40.0	-2.6	1.00 V	202	45.7	-8.3
5	82.96	34.8 QP	40.0	-5.2	1.00 V	243	48.2	-13.4
6	162.04	32.6 QP	43.5	-10.9	1.00 V	243	41.0	-8.4
7	175.50	32.7 QP	43.5	-10.8	1.50 V	1	41.9	-9.2

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value



4.2 Conducted Emission Measurement

4.2.1 Limits of Conducted Emission Measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

4.2.2 Test Instruments

DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED DATE	CALIBRATED UNTIL
Test Receiver R&S	ESCS 30	100375	May 09, 2016	May 08, 2017
Line-Impedance Stabilization Network (for EUT) R&S	ENV216	100072	June 13, 2016	June 12, 2017
Line-Impedance Stabilization Network (for Peripheral) R&S	ESH3-Z5	848773/004	Oct. 28, 2015	Oct. 27, 2016
RF Cable	5D-FB	COCCAB-001	Mar. 08, 2016	Mar. 07, 2017
10 dB PAD Mini-Circuits	HAT-10+	CONATT-003	Sep. 14, 2015	Sep. 13, 2016
50 ohms Terminator	N/A	EMC-03	Sep. 23, 2015	Sep. 22, 2016
50 ohms Terminator	N/A	EMC-02	Oct. 01, 2015	Sep. 30, 2016
Software BVADT	BVADT_Cond_ V7.3.7.4	NA	NA	NA

Note:

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments are 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. The test was performed in Shielded Room No. C.
- 3 The VCCI Con C Registration No. is C-3611.
- 4 Tested Date: Aug. 30, 2016

4.2.3 Test Procedures

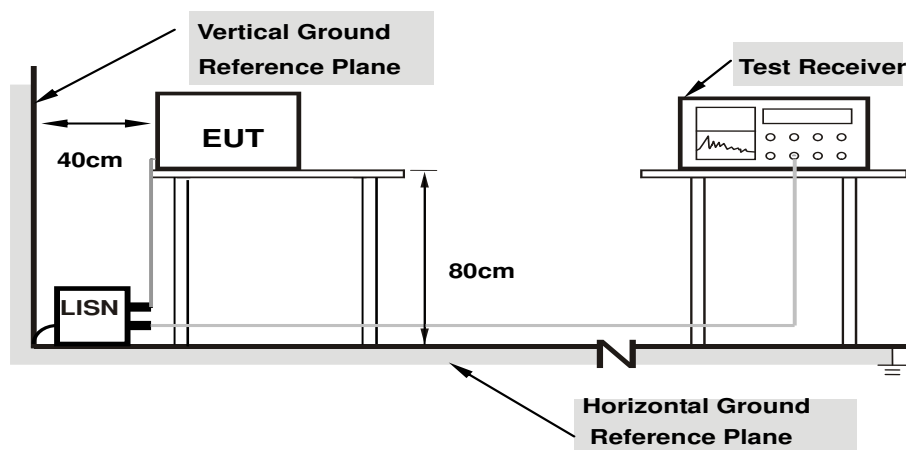
- The EUT was placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- The frequency range from 150kHz to 30MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit - 20dB) was not recorded.

NOTE: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15MHz-30MHz.

4.2.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation.

4.2.5 Test Setup



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

4.2.6 EUT Operating Condition

Same as 4.1.6.

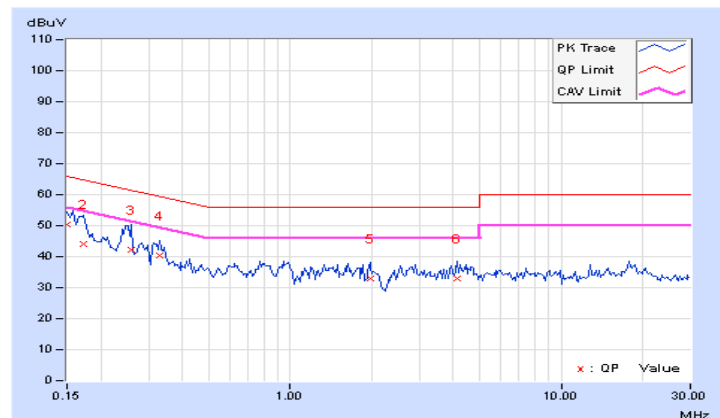
4.2.7 Test Results

Phase	Line (L)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
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No	Freq.	Corr.	Reading Value		Emission Level		Limit		Margin	
		Factor	[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		(dB)	
	[MHz]	(dB)	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	19.94	30.60	18.78	50.54	38.72	66.00	56.00	-15.46	-17.28
2	0.17344	19.92	24.30	13.88	44.22	33.80	64.79	54.79	-20.57	-20.99
3	0.25938	19.90	22.24	11.93	42.14	31.83	61.45	51.45	-19.31	-19.62
4	0.32969	19.90	20.42	13.26	40.32	33.16	59.46	49.46	-19.14	-16.30
5	1.98438	19.85	13.25	6.85	33.10	26.70	56.00	46.00	-22.90	-19.30
6	4.12500	19.96	12.95	4.66	32.91	24.62	56.00	46.00	-23.09	-21.38

REMARKS:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value.

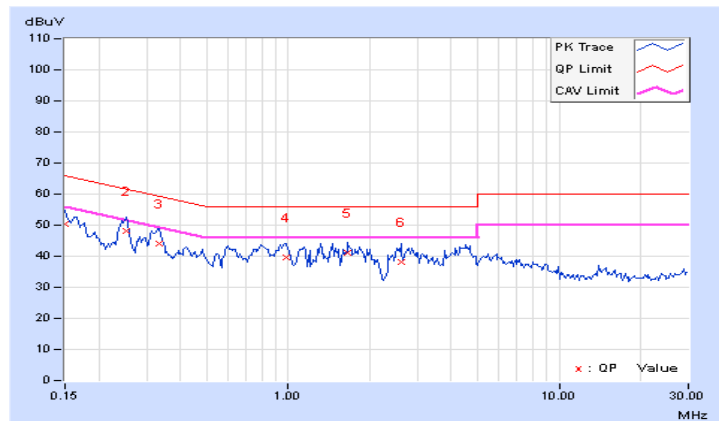


Phase	Neutral (N)	Detector Function	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV)
-------	-------------	-------------------	--------------------------------

No	Freq. [MHz]	Corr.	Reading Value		Emission Level		Limit		Margin	
		Factor	[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		[dB (uV)]		(dB)	
		(dB)	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	19.97	30.46	18.68	50.43	38.65	66.00	56.00	-15.57	-17.35
2	0.25156	19.89	28.08	20.77	47.97	40.66	61.71	51.71	-13.74	-11.05
3	0.33359	19.90	24.23	17.58	44.13	37.48	59.36	49.36	-15.23	-11.88
4	0.98203	19.83	19.82	13.47	39.65	33.30	56.00	46.00	-16.35	-12.70
5	1.65234	19.85	21.35	15.57	41.20	35.42	56.00	46.00	-14.80	-10.58
6	2.62109	19.91	18.18	11.42	38.09	31.33	56.00	46.00	-17.91	-14.67

REMARKS:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value.

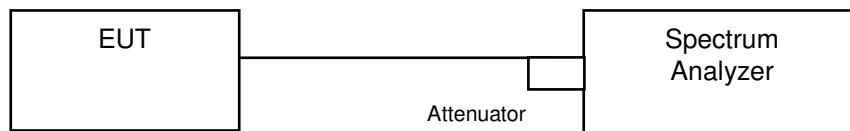


4.3 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

4.3.1 Limits of Hopping Frequency Used Measurement

At least 15 channels frequencies, and should be equally spaced.

4.3.2 Test Setup



4.3.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.3.4 Test Procedure

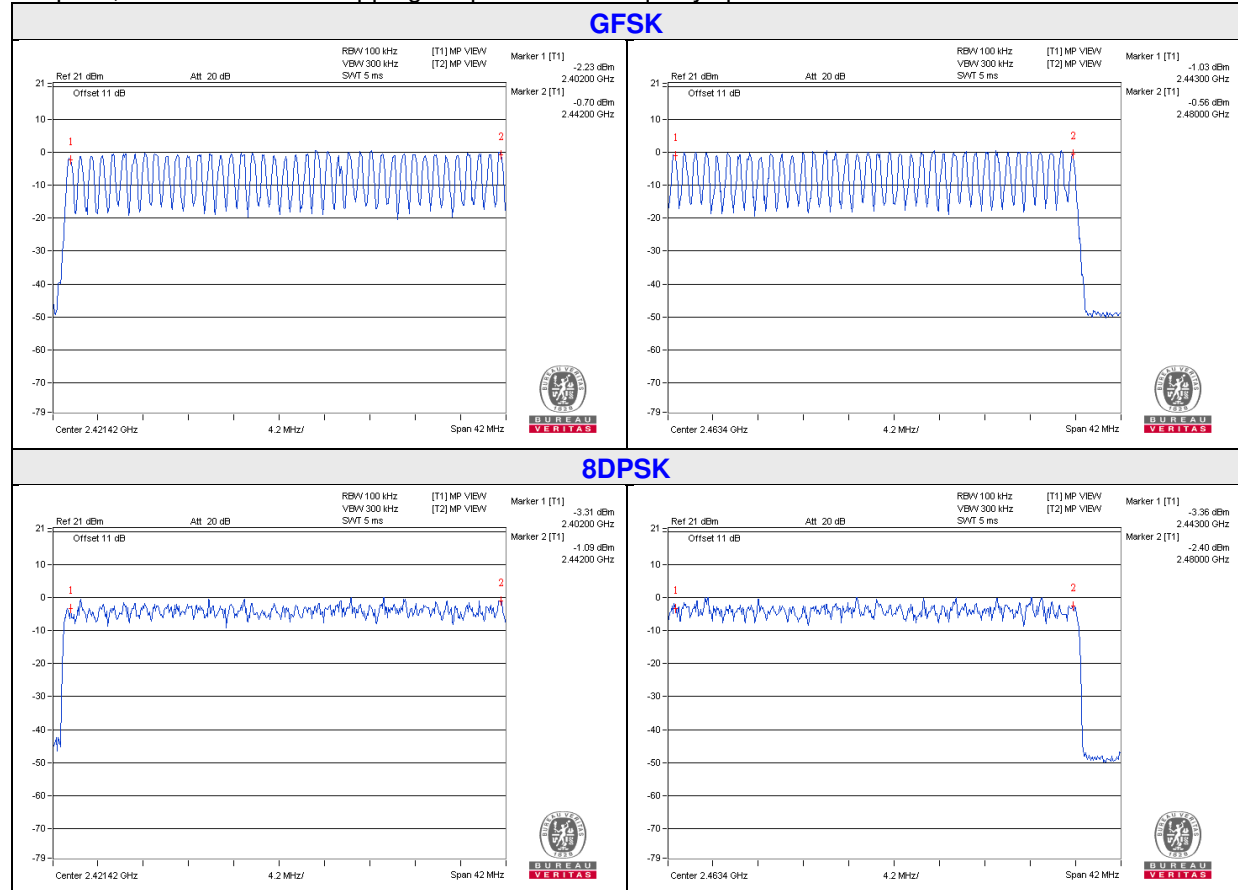
- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- Set the SA on MaxHold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

4.3.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.3.6 Test Results

There are 79 hopping frequencies in the hopping mode. Please refer to next page for the test result. On the plots, it shows that the hopping frequencies are equally spaced.

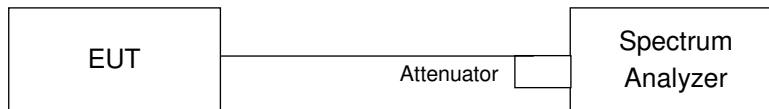


4.4 Dwell Time on Each Channel

4.4.1 Limits of Dwell Time on Each Channel Measurement

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

4.4.2 Test Setup



4.4.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.4.4 Test Procedures

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
- Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- Repeat above procedures until all different time-slot modes have been completed.

4.4.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

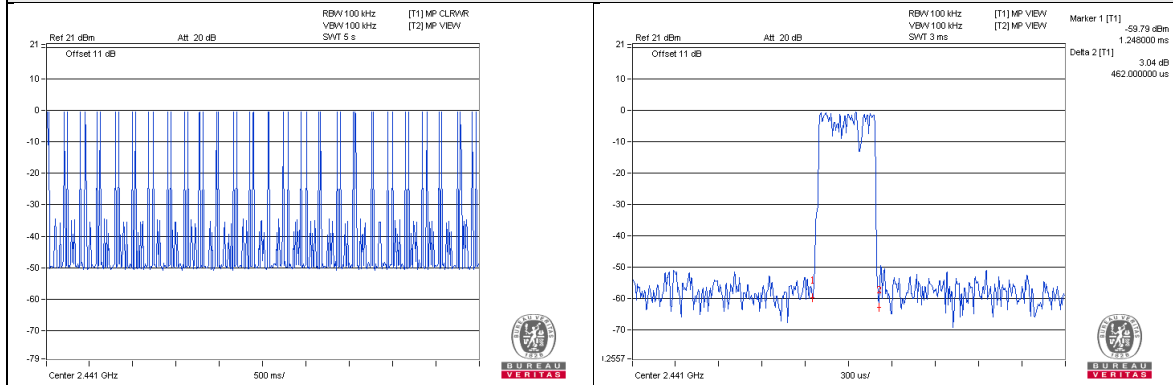
4.4.6 Test Results

GFSK

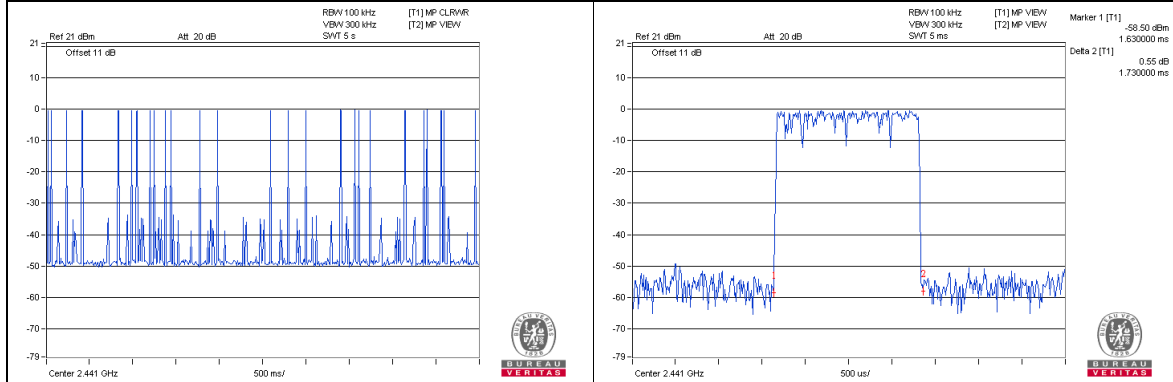
Mode	Number of transmission in a 31.6 (79Hopping*0.4)	Length of transmission time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
DH1	50 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 316 times	0.462	145.99	400
DH3	26 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 164.32 times	1.73	284.27	400
DH5	16 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 101.12 times	3.04	307.4	400

NOTE: Test plots of the transmitting time slot are shown on next page.

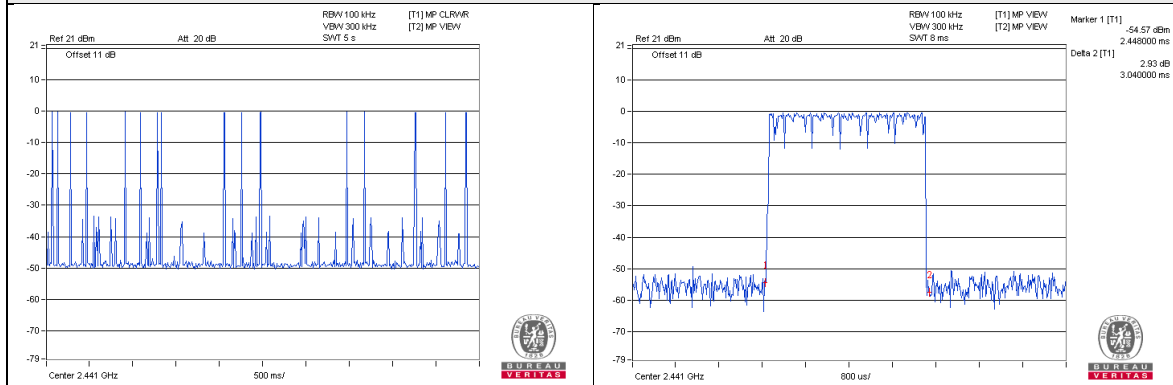
DH1



DH3



DH5

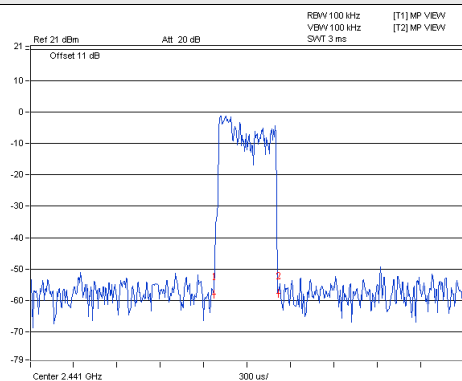
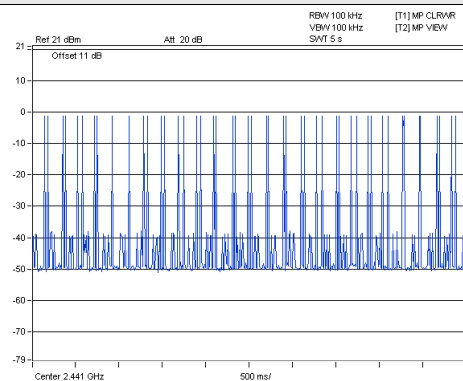


8DPSK

Mode	Number of transmission in a 31.6 (79Hopping*0.4)	Length of transmission time (msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
3DH1	47 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 297.04 times	0.45	133.67	400
3DH3	26 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 164.32 times	1.73	284.27	400
3DH5	16 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 101.12 times	2.976	300.93	400

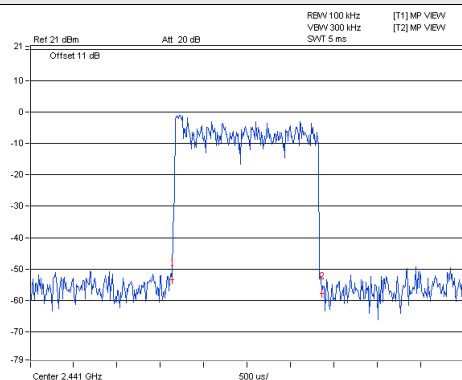
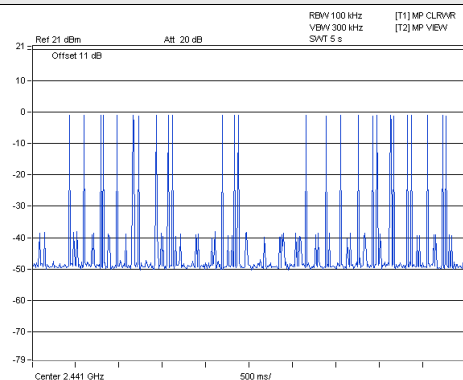
NOTE: Test plots of the transmitting time slot are shown on next page.

3DH1



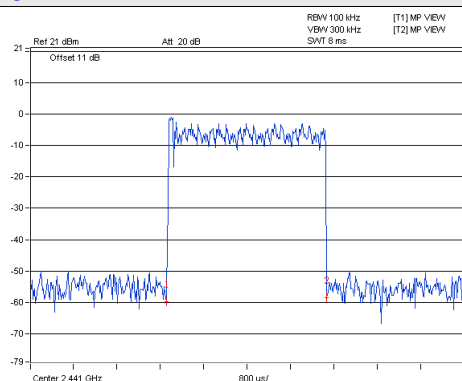
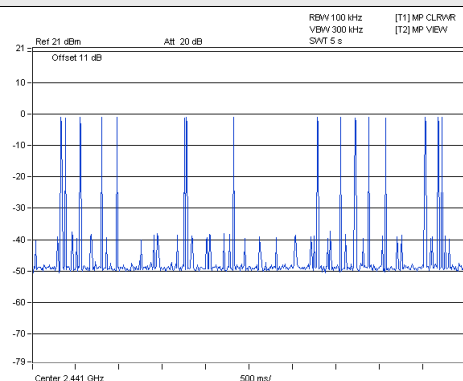
Marker 1 [T1] -58.13 dBm
1.266000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 0.29 dB
450.000000 us

3DH3



Marker 1 [T1] -53.35 dBm
1.630000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 4.36 dB
1.730000 ms

3DH5



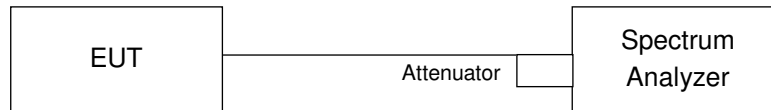
Marker 1 [T1] -59.71 dBm
2.486000 ms
Delta 2 [T1] 1.18 dB
2.976000 ms

4.5 Channel Bandwidth

4.5.1 Limits of Channel Bandwidth Measurement

For frequency hopping system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz, If the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel is greater than 25kHz, two-thirds 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel shall be a minimum limit for the hopping channel separation.

4.5.2 Test Setup



4.5.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.5.4 Test Procedure

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

4.5.5 Deviation from Test Standard

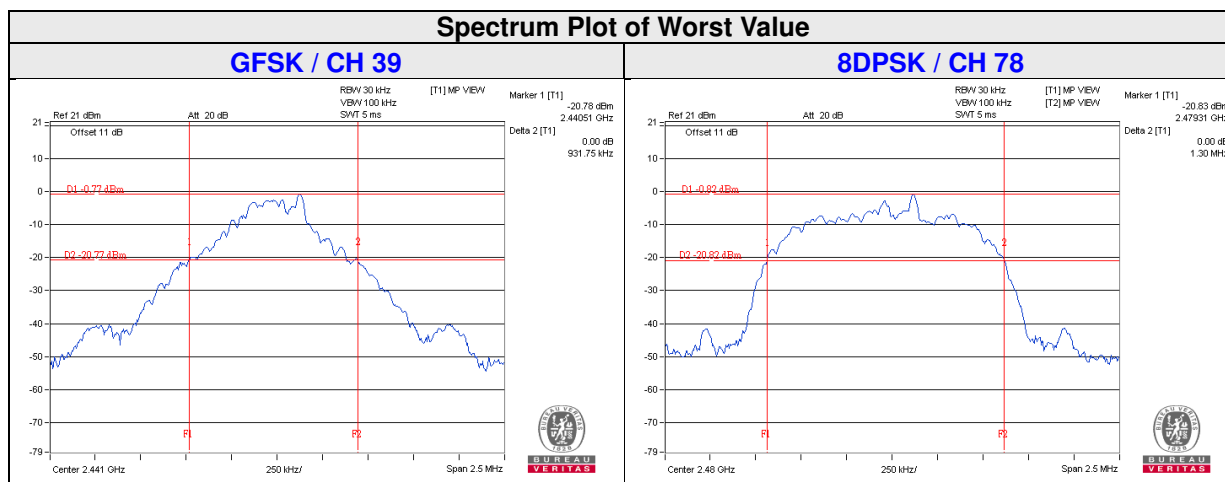
No deviation.

4.5.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.5.7 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
		GFSK	8DPSK
0	2402	0.93	1.30
39	2441	0.93	1.30
78	2480	0.93	1.30

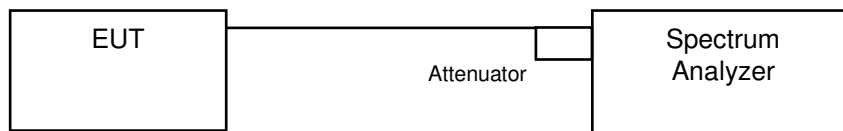


4.6 Hopping Channel Separation

4.6.1 Limits of Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

At least 25kHz or two-third of 20dB hopping channel bandwidth (whichever is greater).

4.6.2 Test Setup



4.6.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.6.4 Test Procedure

Measurement Procedure REF

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
- By using the MaxHold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by SA MARK function. And then plot the result on SA screen.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

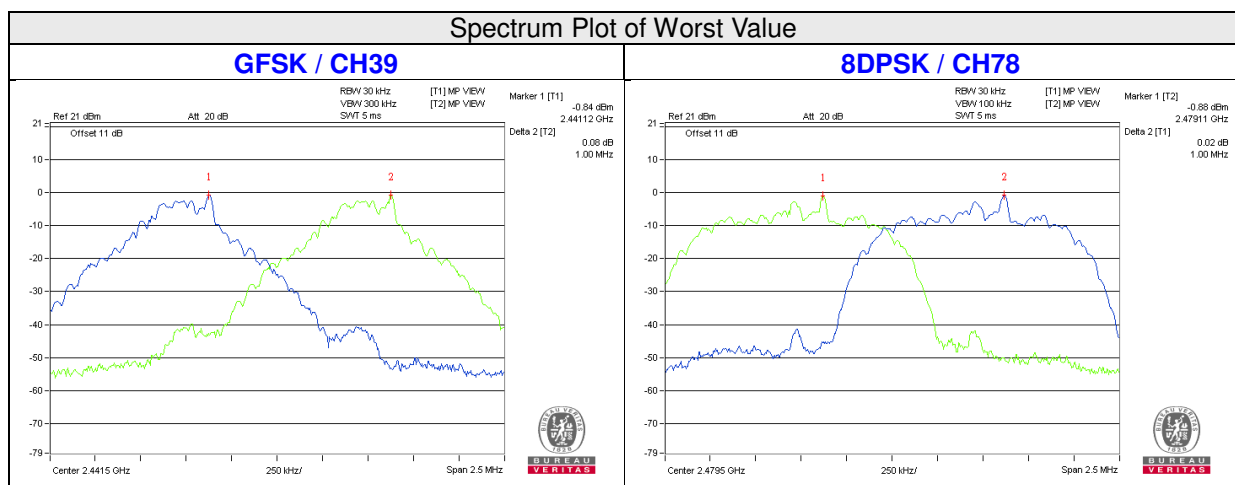
4.6.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.6.6 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Adjacent Channel Separation (MHz)		20dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)		Pass / Fail
		GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK	
0	2402	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.30	0.62	0.87	Pass
39	2441	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.30	0.62	0.87	Pass
78	2480	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.30	0.62	0.87	Pass

NOTE: The minimum limit is two-third 20dB bandwidth.

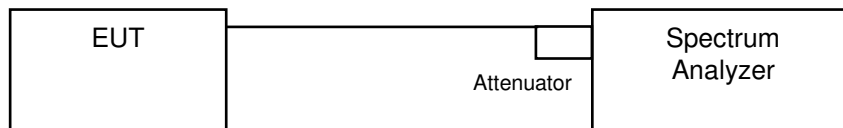


4.7 Maximum Output Power

4.7.1 Limits of Maximum Output Power Measurement

The Maximum Output Power Measurement is 125mW.

4.7.2 Test Setup



4.7.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.7.4 Test Procedure

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- The center frequency of the spectrum analyzer is set to the fundamental frequency and using 3MHz RBW and 10 MHz VBW.
- Measure the captured power within the band and recording the plot.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies required were complete.

4.7.5 Deviation from Test Standard

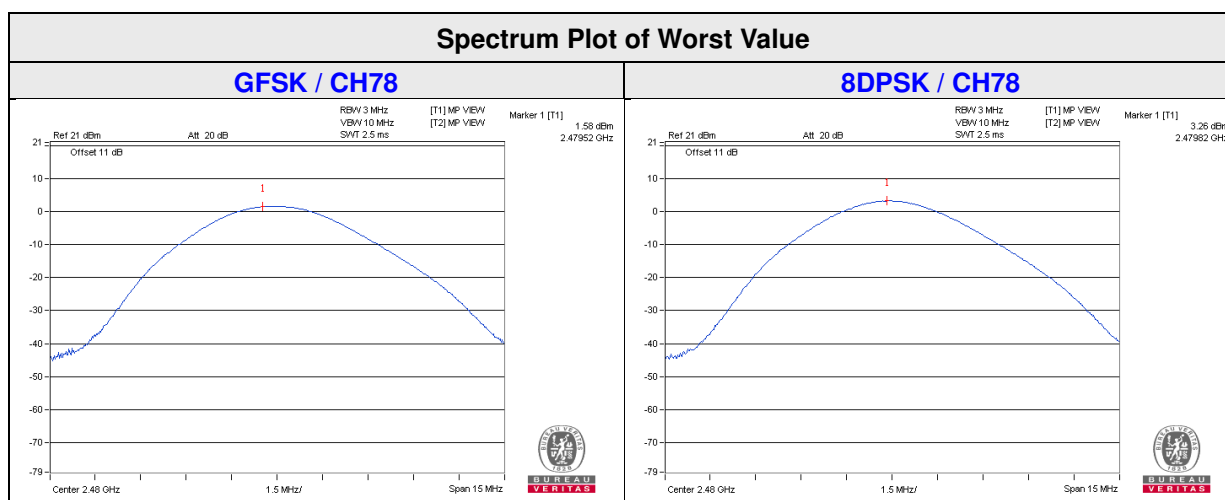
No deviation.

4.7.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.7.7 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Output Power (mW)		Output Power (dBm)		Power Limit (mW)	Pass / Fail
		GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK		
0	2402	1.054	1.778	0.23	2.50	125	Pass
39	2441	1.279	2.032	1.07	3.08	125	Pass
78	2480	1.439	2.118	1.58	3.26	125	Pass



4.8 Conducted Out of Band Emission Measurement

4.8.1 Limits of Conducted Out of Band Emission Measurement

Below -20dB of the highest emission level of operating band (in 100kHz RBW).

4.8.2 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.8.3 Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a low lose cable. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and 300 kHz with suitable frequency span including 100 MHz bandwidth from band edge. The band edges was measured and recorded.

4.8.4 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.8.5 EUT Operating Condition

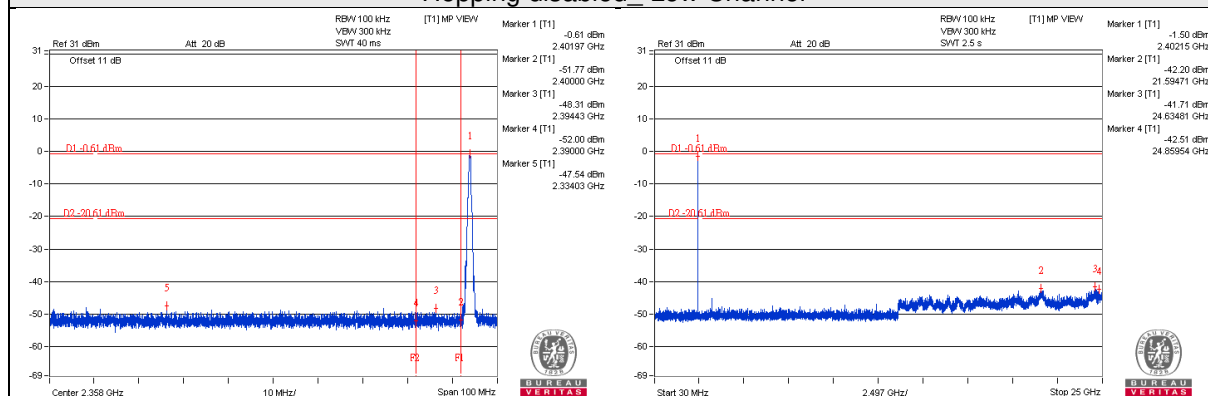
The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.8.6 Test Results

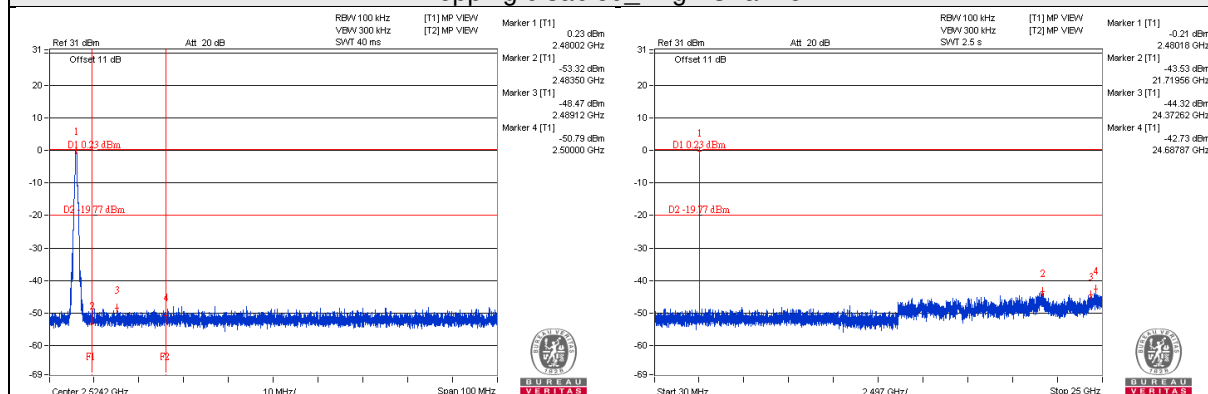
The spectrum plots are attached on the following images. D1 line indicates the highest level, D2 line indicates the 20dB offset below D1. It shows compliance with the requirement.

GFSK

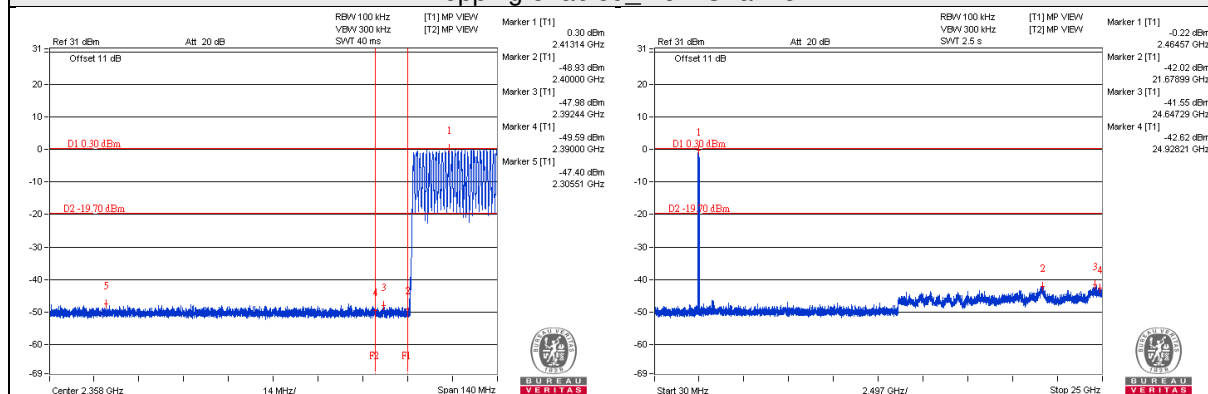
Hopping disabled Low Channel



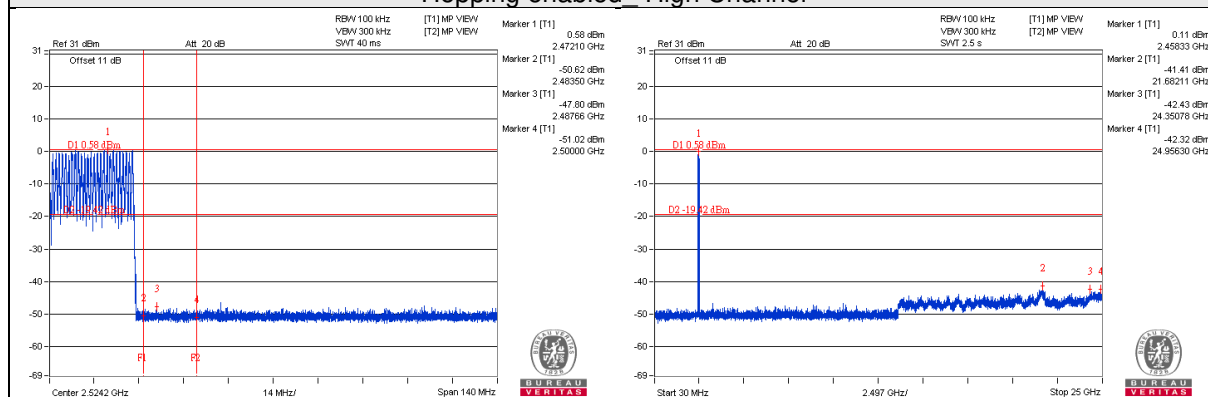
Hopping disabled High Channel



Hopping enabled Low Channel

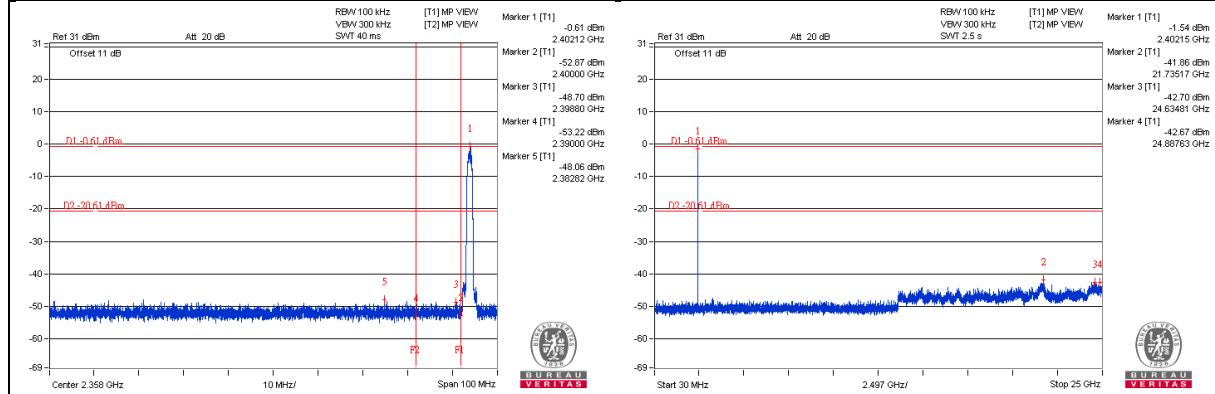


Hopping enabled High Channel

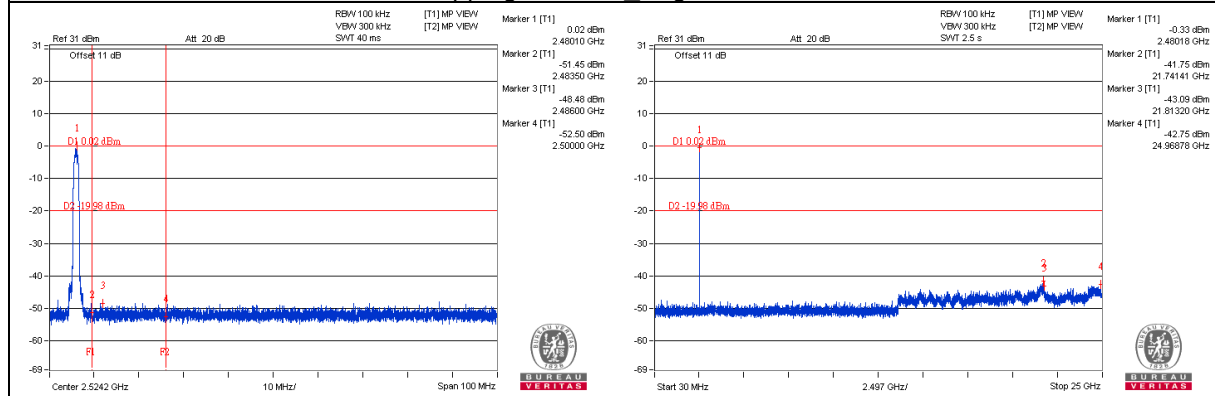


8DPSK

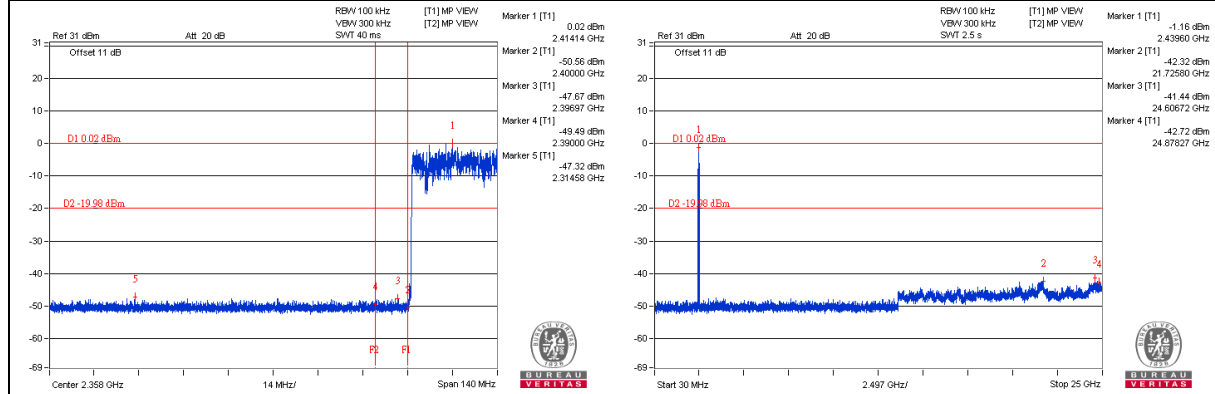
Hopping disabled Low Channel



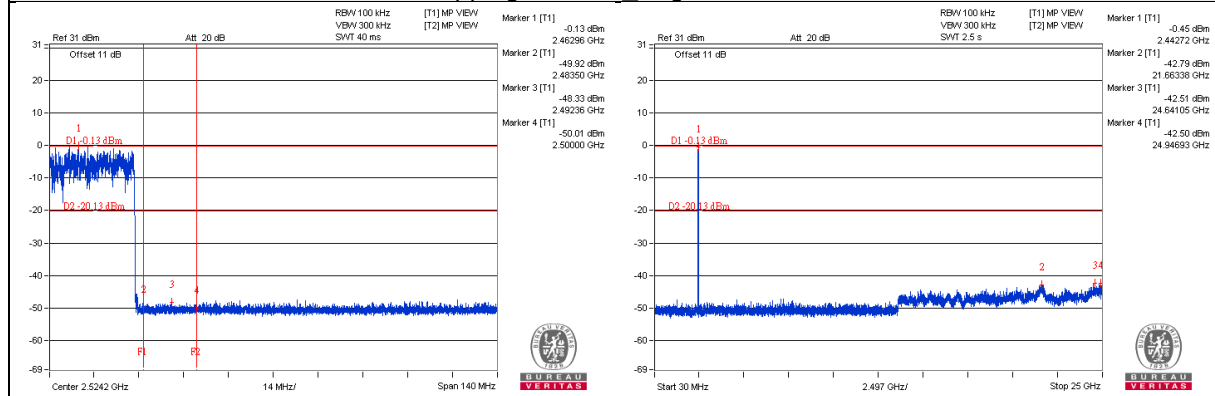
Hopping disabled High Channel



Hopping enabled Low Channel



Hopping enabled High Channel



5 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

Appendix – Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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