

	Test Report Serial No.:	111705G9H-F695-S15T	Report Issue Date:	Nov. 30, 2005
	Date(s) of Evaluation:	November 21, 2005	Report Rev. No.:	Revision 0
	Description of Tests:	RF Exposure SAR	FCC §2.1093	IC RSS-102

APPENDIX F - SYSTEM VALIDATION

Applicant:	Atlinks USA, Inc.	FCC ID:	G9H2-8021A	IC ID:	3765A-TC28021A	Freq.	5725.809-5848.889 MHz
Model(s):	28021XXX-A / TC28021XXX-A	Type:	Portable 5.8 GHz FHSS Cordless Telephone Handset				
	28001XXX-A / TC28001XXX-A						
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Client **Celltech**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D5GHzV2 - SN:1031**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **January 11, 2005**

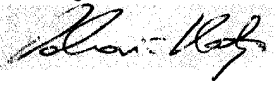
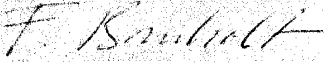
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No 251-00389)	May-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator R&S SMT06	100058	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Issued: January 14, 2005

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D5GHzV2

Serial: 1031

Manufactured: July 9, 2004

Calibrated: January 11, 2005

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters:

Frequency:	5200 MHz	
Relative Dielectricity	36.5	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	4.64 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

Frequency:	5500 MHz	
Relative Dielectricity	35.9	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	4.97 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

Frequency:	5800 MHz	
Relative Dielectricity	35.4	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	5.28 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe EX3DV3 - SN:3503 was used for the measurements. The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration ($dx=dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$). Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0 mm. The dipole input power (forward power) was $250\text{ mW} \pm 3\%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figures supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at **5200 MHz (Head Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	$81.2\text{ mW/g} \pm 20.3\% (k=2)^1$
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	$22.8\text{ mW/g} \pm 19.8\% (k=2)^1$

¹ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_{1g}=76.5 mW/g, SAR_{10g}=21.6 mW/g and SAR_{peak}=310.3 mW/g.

The resulting averaged SAR-values measured **at 5500 MHz (Head Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: **84.8 mW/g ± 20.3 % (k=2)²**

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **23.6 mW/g ± 19.8 % (k=2)²**

The resulting averaged SAR-values measured **at 5800 MHz (Head Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: **79.2 mW/g ± 20.3 % (k=2)³**

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **22.3 mW/g ± 19.8 % (k=2)³**

3. Dipole Transformation Parameters

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint (please refer to the graphics attached to this document). The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: **1.196 ns** (one direction)
Transmission factor: **0.955** (voltage transmission, one direction)

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **body simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters:

Frequency: **5200 MHz**
Relative Dielectricity **48.6** ± 5%
Conductivity **5.17 mho/m** ± 5%

Frequency: **5500 MHz**
Relative Dielectricity **48.0** ± 5%
Conductivity **5.55 mho/m** ± 5%

Frequency: **5800 MHz**
Relative Dielectricity **47.4** ± 5%
Conductivity **5.95 mho/m** ± 5%

² Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_{1g}=83.3 mW/g, SAR_{10g}=23.4 mW/g and SAR_{peak}=349.4 mW/g.

³ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_{1g}=78.0 mW/g, SAR_{10g}=21.9 mW/g and SAR_{peak}=340.9 mW/g.

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe EX3DV3 - SN:3503 was used for the measurements. The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. The 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration ($dx=dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$). Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0 mm. The dipole input power (forward power) was $250\text{ mW} \pm 3\%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figures supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at **5200 MHz (Body Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue: **$80.0\text{ mW/g} \pm 20.3\%$ ($k=2$)⁴**

averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue: **$22.4\text{ mW/g} \pm 19.8\%$ ($k=2$)⁴**

The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at **5500 MHz (Body Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue: **$78.8\text{ mW/g} \pm 20.3\%$ ($k=2$)⁵**

averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue: **$21.8\text{ mW/g} \pm 19.8\%$ ($k=2$)⁵**

The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at **5800 MHz (Body Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue: **$73.6\text{ mW/g} \pm 20.3\%$ ($k=2$)⁶**

averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue: **$20.5\text{ mW/g} \pm 19.8\%$ ($k=2$)⁶**

⁴ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=71.8 mW/g, SAR_10g=20.1 mW/g and SAR_peak=284.7 mW/g.

⁵ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=79.1 mW/g, SAR_10g=22.0 mW/g and SAR_peak=326.3 mW/g.

⁶ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=74.1 mW/g, SAR_10g=20.5 mW/g and SAR_peak=324.7 mW/g.

6. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

7. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to increase frequency bandwidth at the position as explained in Sections 1 and 4.

8. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

SPEAG Calibration Laboratory

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1031

DASY4 Configuration:

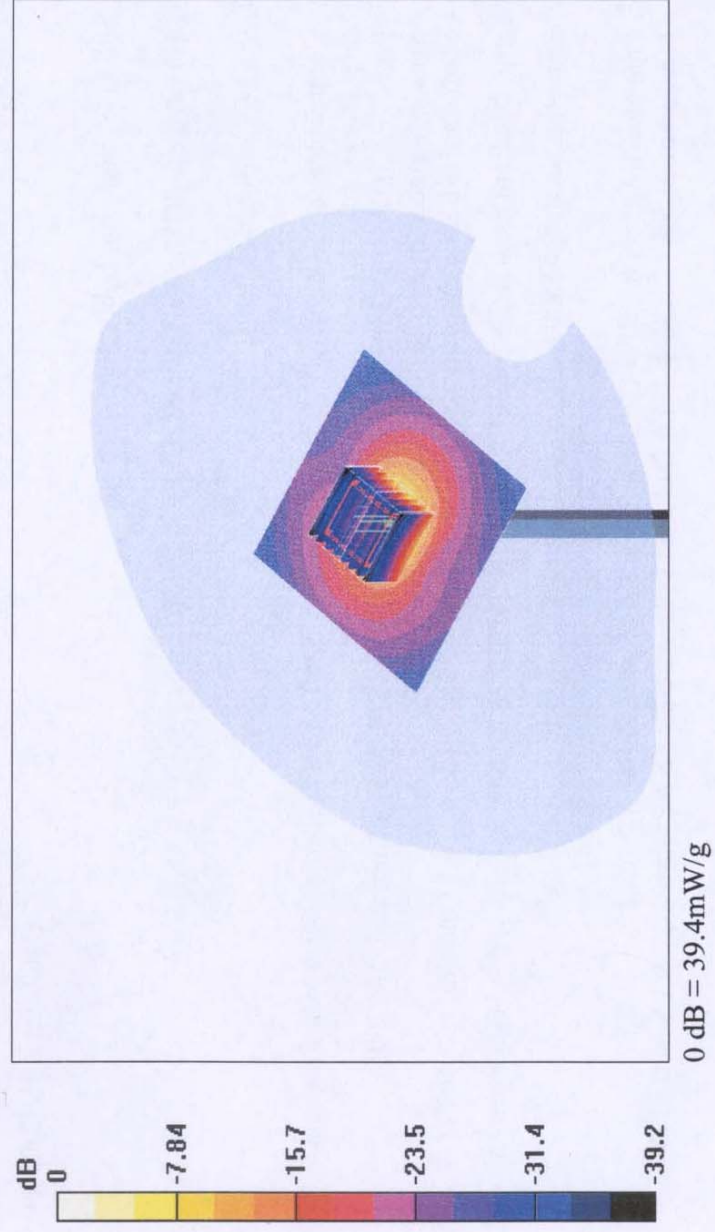
- Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHzFrequency: 5800 MHzFrequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3503; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7)ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 1/8/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.28$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP:1312; Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP:1312
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 10; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 133

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz 2/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 43.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
Reference Value = 78.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 85.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 19.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.57 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 39.8 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
Reference Value = 84.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 86.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 21.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 41 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz 2/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
Reference Value = 85.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 79.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 20.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.7 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 39.4 mW/g



SPEAG Calibration Laboratory

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1031

DASY4 Configuration:

- Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHzFrequency: 5800 MHzFrequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3503; ConvF(5, 5, 5)ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 1/8/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.17$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP:1312; Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP:1312
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 10; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 133

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz 2/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 41 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 71.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 18.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 77.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 37.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz 2/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:

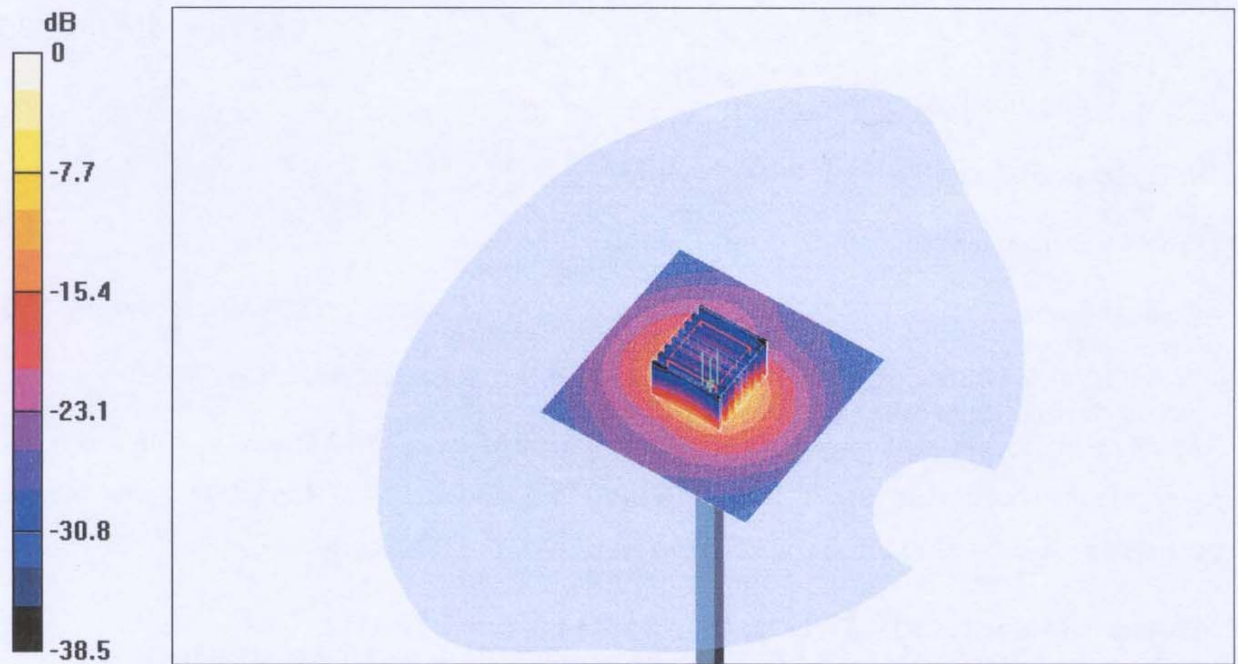
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 79.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 73.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 20 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 38.4 mW/g



0 dB = 38.4mW/g

1031
Head

12 Jul 2004 10:53:35

[CH1] S11 1 U FS

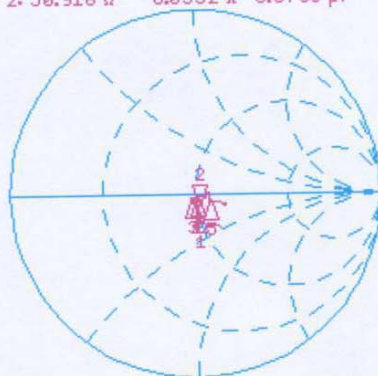
2: 50.916 Ω -6.0332 Ω 5.0730 pF

5 200.000 000 MHz

Del
Smo
Cor

Avg
16

↑



CH1 Markers

1: 49.930 Ω
-11.264 Ω
5.10000 GHz
3: 47.152 Ω
-3.0586 Ω
5.30000 GHz
4: 50.043 Ω
-2.0957 Ω
5.50000 GHz
5: 57.963 Ω
-4.8223 Ω
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG

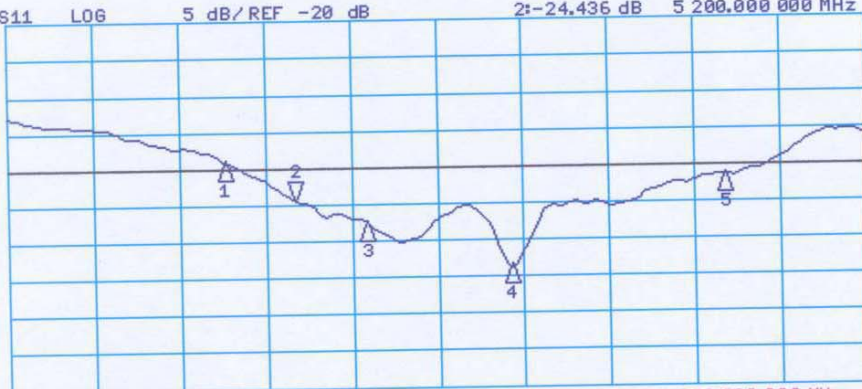
5 dB/REF -20 dB

2: -24.436 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Smo
Cor

Avg
16

↑



CH2 Markers

1: -19.046 dB
5.10000 GHz
3: -27.480 dB
5.30000 GHz
4: -33.587 dB
5.50000 GHz
5: -21.271 dB
5.80000 GHz

START 4 800.000 000 MHz

STOP 6 000.000 000 MHz

1031
Body

21 Oct 2004 15:50:50

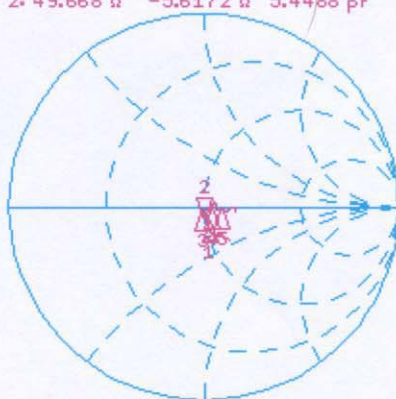
CH1 S11 1 U FS

2: 49.668 Ω -5.6172 Ω 5.4488 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

Del
Smo
Cor

Avg
16

↑



CH1 Markers

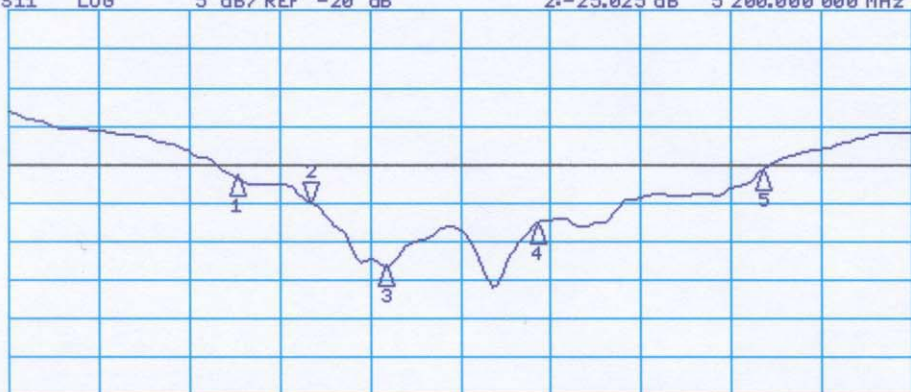
1: 51.498 Ω
-8.3184 Ω
5.10000 GHz
3: 48.629 Ω
-1.7617 Ω
5.30000 GHz
4: 53.945 Ω
-1.4863 Ω
5.50000 GHz
5: 59.777 Ω
-2.0469 Ω
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-25.025 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Smo
Cor

Avg
16

↑



START 4 800.000 000 MHz

STOP 6 000.000 000 MHz

CH2 Markers

1:-21.639 dB
5.10000 GHz
3:-33.132 dB
5.30000 GHz
4:-27.753 dB
5.50000 GHz
5:-20.781 dB
5.80000 GHz