NOKIA

NOKIA MOBILE PHONES
6000 Connection Drive
Irving, TX 75039
972-894-5000
972-894-4988

August 07, 2003

Federal Communications Commission,
Authorization & Evaluation Division,
7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD. 21046

Attention: Equipment Authorization Branch

We hereby certify that the transceiver FCC ID: GMLRH-41 complies with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

Compliance was determined by testing appropriate parameters according to standard.

NOKIA MOBILE PHONES

Mike Al-Mefleh
Product Program Manager, Dallas

Certification Information (SAR)

THIS MODEL PHONE MEETS THE GOVERNMENT'S REQUIREMENTS FOR EXPOSURE TO RADIO WAVES.

Your wireless phone is a radio transmitter and receiver. It is designed and manufactured not to exceed the emission limits for exposure to radio frequency (RF) energy set by the Federal Communications Commission of the U.S. Government. These limits are part of comprehensive guidelines and establish permitted levels of RF energy for the general population. The guidelines are based on standards that were developed by independent scientific organizations through periodic and thorough evaluation of scientific studies. The standards include a substantial safety margin designed to assure the safety of all persons, regardless of age and health.

The exposure standard for wireless mobile phones employs a unit of measurement known as the Specific Absorption Rate, or SAR. The SAR limit set by the FCC is 1.6W/kg.* Tests for SAR are conducted using standard operating positions accepted by the FCC with the phone transmitting at its highest certified power level in all tested frequency bands. Although the SAR is determined at the highest certified power level, the actual SAR level of the phone while operating can be well below the maximum value. This is because the phone is designed to operate at multiple power levels so as to use only the power required to reach the network. In general, the closer you are to a wireless base station antenna, the lower the power output. Before a phone model is available for sale to the public, it must be tested and certified to the FCC that it does not exceed the limit established by the government-adopted requirement for safe exposure. The tests are performed in positions and locations (for example, at the ear and worn on the body) as required by the FCC for each model. The following values are the highest SAR values for this model phone as reported to the FCC.

When tested for use at the ear:

FCCID # GMLRH39 is 1.08 W/kg

FCCID # GMLRH41 is 1.20 W/Kg

When worn on the body as described in this user guide:

FCCID # GMLRH39 is 0.96 W/kg

FCCID # GMLRH41 is 1.03 W/kg

(Body-worn measurements differ among phone models, depending upon available accessories and FCC requirements).

While there may be differences between the SAR levels of various phones and at various positions, they all meet the government requirement.

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The FCC has granted an Equipment Authorization for this model phone with all reported SAR levels evaluated as in compliance with the FCC RF exposure guidelines. SAR information on this model phone is on file with the FCC and can be found under the Display Grant section of **http://www.fcc.gov/oet/fccid** after searching on FCC ID GMLRH-39 and FCC ID GMLRH-41.

For body worn operation, this phone has been tested and meets the FCC RF exposure guidelines for use with an accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 5/8 inch (1.5 cm) from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines. If you do not use a body-worn accessory and are not holding the phone at the ear, position the handset a minimum of 5/8 inch (1.5 cm) from your body when the phone is switched on.

*In the United States and Canada, the SAR limit for mobile phones used by the public is 1.6 watts/kilogram (W/kg) averaged over one gram of tissue. The standard incorporates a substantial margin of safety to give additional protection for the public and to account for any variations in measurements. SAR values may vary depending on national reporting requirements and the network band. For SAR information in other regions please look under product information at **www.nokia.com/us**.

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SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	Not numbered	**Date of report:**	2003-04-25
Number of pages:	86	**Contact person:**	Pentti Pärnänen
		Responsible test engineer:	Pentti Pärnänen

Testing laboratory:	Nokia Corporation Elektroniikkatie 10 P.O. Box 50 FIN-90571 OULU Finland Tel. +358-7180-08000 Fax. +358-7180-47222	**Client:**	Nokia Inc. 6000 Connection Dr. Mailstop 2:200 Irving Tx, 75039 USA Tel. +1 972 894 5000 Fax. +1 972 894 4589

Tested devices: GMLRH-41

Supplement reports: -

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

47CFR §2.1093
Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

IEEE P1528-200X Draft 6.4
Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields

Documentation: The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Oulu

Test results: **The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test.**

The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and signatures: 2003-04-25

For the contents:

Pentti Pärnänen
Manager, TCC Oulu

Anne Kiviniemi
Test Engineer

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APPENDIX C: Calibration Certificate(s) (30 pages)

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1. SUMMARY FOR SAR TEST REPORT

Date of test	2003-03-26 - 2003-03-28, 2003-03-31, 2003-04-02 – 2003-04-04, 2003-04-07 – 2003-04-09
Contact person	Pentti Pärnänen
Test plan referred to	-
FCC ID	GMLRH-41
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested devices	SN:07201965418, HW:1151, SW:2.01; SN:07201964713, HW:5001, SW:2.01; SN:07201964679, HW:1131, SW:2.01
Accessories used in testing	Batteries BMC-3, BLC-2; Headset HDC-5
Notes	-
Document code	DTX 06891-EN
Responsible test engineer	Pentti Pärnänen
Measurement performed by	Anne Kiviniemi

1.1 Maximum Results Found during SAR Evaluation

The equipment is deemed to fulfil the requirements if the measured values are less than or equal to the limit. Maximum found results are reported per operating band.

1.1.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / *f* (MHz)	Power	Position	Limit	Measured	Result
AMPS	799/848.97	24.3 dBm	Cheek	1.6 W/kg	1.20 W/kg	**PASSED**
TDMA	1000/1879.98	27.3 dBm	Tilted	1.6 W/kg	0.76 W/kg	**PASSED**

1.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / *f* (MHz)	Power	Accessory	Limit	Measured	Result
AMPS	799/848.97	24.3 dBm	HDC-5	1.6 W/kg	1.03 W/kg	**PASSED**
TDMA	1000/1879.98	27.3 dBm	HDC-5	1.6 W/kg	1.00 W/kg	**PASSED**

1.1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Combined Standard Uncertainty	**± 10.3%**
Expanded Standard Uncertainty (k=2)	**± 20.6%**

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2. DESCRIPTION OF TESTED DEVICE

Device category	Portable device		
Exposure environment	Uncontrolled exposure		
Unit type	Prototype unit		
Case type	Fixed case		
Modes of Operation	AMPS	IS136-800	IS136-1900
Maximum device rating	Power class III	Power class III	Power class III
Modulation Mode		π/4 Quadrature Phase Shift Keying	π/4 Quadrature Phase Shift Keying
Duty Cycle	1	1/3	1/3
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	824.04 - 848.97	824.04 - 848.97	1850.04 - 1909.92

2.1 Picture of Phone



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2.2 Description of the Antenna

Type	Internal integrated antenna	
Dimensions (mm)	Maximum width	42.96 mm
	Maximum length	25.93 mm
Location	Inside the back cover, near the top of the device	

2.3 Battery Options

There are two battery options available for tested device. Ni-MH battery BMC-3 and Li-ion battery BLC-2. First all measurements were done with BMC-3 and the measurements giving the highest SAR values were repeated with battery BLC-2.

In body worn configuration they do not affect the separation distance between flat-phantom and tested device.

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3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Ambient Conditions

Ambient temperature (°C)	22±2
Tissue simulating liquid temperature (°C)	22±1
Humidity	39

3.2 RF characteristics of the test site

Tests were performed in a enclosed RF shielded environment.

3.3 Test Signal, Frequencies, and Output Power

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The phone was set to maximum power level during the all tests and at the beginning of the each test the battery was fully charged. Power output was measured.

DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement. These records were used to monitor stability of power output.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

The measurements were performed with an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland.

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Due Date
DAE V1	371	10/03
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1381	10/03
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	448	02/05
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	511	02/05

E-field probe calibration records are presented in Appendix C.

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Additional equipment needed in validation

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Due Date
Signal Generator	Agilent E4433B	GB40050947	09/04
Amplifier	Amplifier Research 5S1G4	27573	-
Power Meter	R&S NRT	835065/049	04/23/03
Power Sensor	R&S NRT-Z44	835374/021	04/23/03
Thermometer	DO9416	1505985462	-
Vector Network Analyzer	Hewlett Packard 8753E	US38432701	05/03
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070C	-	-

4.1 System Accuracy Verification

The probes are calibrated annually by the manufacturer. Dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids are measured by using a dielectric probe kit and a vector network analyzer.

The SAR measurement of the DUT were done within 24 hours of system accuracy verification, which was done using the dipole validation kit.

The dipole antenna, which is manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, is matched to be used near flat phantom filled with tissue simulating solution. Length of 835 MHz dipole is 161mm with overall height of 330mm. Dipole length for 1900 MHz is 68 mm with overall height of 300mm. A specific distance holder is used in the positioning of both antennas to ensure correct spacing between the phantom and the dipole. Manufacturer's reference dipole data is presented in Appendix C.

Power level of 250 mW was supplied to a dipole antenna placed under the flat section of SAM phantom. The validation results are in the table below and printout of the validation test is presented in Appendix A. All the measured parameters were within the specification.

Tissue	*f* (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp (°C)
				ε_r	σ (S/m)	
Head	835	Measured 03/26/03	2.34	39.7	0.88	22
		Measured 03/27/03	2.37	39.7	0.90	22
		Measured 03/28/03	2.28	40.1	0.89	22
		Measured 03/31/03	2.46	39.7	0.89	22
		Measured 04/09/03	2.29	39.8	0.89	22
		Reference Result	2.43	41.5	0.89	N/A
Head	1900	Measured 04/02/03	9.73	39.1	1.43	22
		Measured 04/03/03	9.88	39.1	1.44	22
		Reference Result	10.3	38.6	1.46	N/A
Muscle	835	Measured 04/07/03	2.36	55.3	0.93	22
		Measured 04/08/03	2.35	55.8	0.94	22
		Reference Result	2.53	54.0	0.96	N/A
Muscle	1900	Measured 04/04/03	9.66	51.6	1.56	22
		Reference Result	10.6	51.2	1.59	N/A

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4.2 Tissue Simulants

All dielectric parameters of tissue simulants were measured within 24 hours of SAR measurements. The depth of the tissue simulant in the ear reference point of the phantom was 15cm ± 5mm during all the tests. Volume for each tissue simulant was 26 liters.

4.2.1 Head Tissue Simulant

The composition of the brain tissue simulating liquid for 835MHz is

58.31%	Sugar
39.74%	De-Ionized Water
1.55%	Salt
0.25%	HEC
0.15%	Bactericide

and for 1900MHz

44.91%	2-(2-butoxyethoxy) Ethanol
54.88%	De-Ionized Water
0.21%	Salt

f (MHz)	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp (°C)
		ε_r	σ (S/m)	
835	Measured 03/26/03	39.7	0.88	22
	Measured 03/27/03	39.7	0.90	22
	Measured 03/28/03	40.1	0.89	22
	Measured 03/31/03	39.7	0.89	22
	Measured 04/09/03	39.8	0.89	22
	Recommended Values	41.5	0.90	20-26
1880	Measured 04/02/03	39.2	1.41	22
	Measured 04/03/03	39.2	1.43	22
	Recommended Values	40.0	1.40	20-26

Recommended values are adopted from OET Bulletin 65 (97-01) Supplement C (01-01).

4.2.2 Muscle Tissue Simulant

The composition of the muscle tissue simulating liquid for 835MHz is

55.97%	De-Ionized Water
41.76%	Sugar
1.21%	HEC
0.79%	Salt
0.27%	Preservative

and for 1900MHz

69.02%	De-Ionized Water
30.76%	Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether
0.22%	Salt

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f (MHz)	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp (°C)
		ε_r	σ (S/m)	
835	Measured 04/07/03	55.3	0.93	22
	Measured 04/08/03	55.8	0.94	22
	Recommended Values	55.2	0.97	20-26
1880	Measured 04/04/03	51.7	1.55	22
	Recommended Values	53.3	1.52	20-26

Recommended values are adopted from OET Bulletin 65 (97-01) Supplement C (01-01).

4.3 Phantoms

"SAM v4.0" phantom", manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the measurement. It has fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.



The thickness of phantom shell is 2 mm except for the ear, where an integrated ear spacer provides a 6 mm spacing from the tissue boundary. Manufacturer reports tolerance in shell thickness to be ±0.1mm.

4.4 Isotropic E-Field Probe ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)
Calibration	Calibration ceritifcate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

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Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms



5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Test Positions

The device was placed in holder using a special positioning tool, which aligns the bottom of the device with holder and ensures that holder contacts only to the sides of the device. After positioning is done, tool is removed. This method provides standard positioning and separation, and also ensures free space for antenna.





Device holder was provided by SPEAG together with DASY4.

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made on both the "left hand" and "right hand" side of the phantom.

The device was positioned against phantom according to OET Bulletin 65 (97-01) Supplement C (01-01) . Definitions of terms used in aligning the device to a head phantom are available in IEEE Draft Standard P1528-2001 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

5.1.1.1 Initial Ear Position

The device was initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom parallel to the "Neck-Front" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane".

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5.1.1.2 Cheek Position

"Initial ear position" alignments are maintained and the device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting along the "Neck-Front" line until any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom or when any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.





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5.1.1.3 Tilt Position

In the "Cheek Position", if the earpiece of the device is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer and the peak SAR location for the "cheek position" is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device is returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer. Otherwise, the device is moved away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process is repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously.



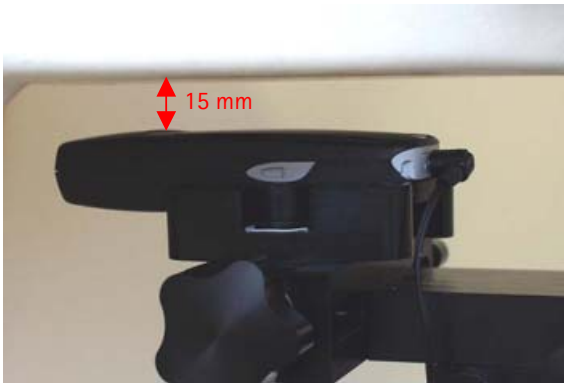


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5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body SAR measurements were performed with antenna facing towards the flat part of the phantom with a separation distance of 15 mm. Headset HDC-5 was connected during measurements.



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5.2 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans are used for quick determination of the field distribution. Next a cube scan, 5x5x7 points; spacing between each point 8x8x5 mm, is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1g.

5.3 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value is averaged over its volume using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" -condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p. 141-150] (x, y and z -directions) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p 123].

The extrapolation is based on least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 30 mm in all z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1mm from one another.

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

6.1 Description of Individual Measurement Uncertainty

6.1.1 Assessment Uncertainty

Uncertainty description	Unc. value %	Probability distribution	Div	c_i 1g	Stand. uncert (1g) %	v_i or v_{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	±4.8	normal	1	1	±4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7	rectangular	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6	rectangular	√3	$(c_p)1^{/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0	rectangular	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	±4.7	rectangular	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	±1.0	rectangular	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	±1.0	normal	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	±0.8	rectangular	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	±2.6	rectangular	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0	rectangular	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	±0.4	rectangular	√3	**1**	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	±2.9	rectangular	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	±1.0	rectangular	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9	normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device holder uncertainty	±3.6	normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Output Power Variation – SAR drift measurement	±5.0	rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	±4.0	rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity Target - tolerance	±5.0	rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Liquid conductivity – measurement uncertainty	±2.5	normal	1	0.64	±1.6	∞
Liquid permittivity Target - tolerance	±5.0	rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity – measurement uncertainty	±2.5	normal	1	0.6	±1.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±10.3	
Coverage Factor for 95%		**k=2**				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty					±20.6	

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7. RESULTS

Corresponding SAR distribution printouts of maximum results in every operating mode and position are shown in Appendix B. It also includes Z-plots of maximum measurement results in head and body worn configurations. The SAR distributions are substantially similar or equivalent to the plots submitted regardless of used channel in each mode and position. The coarse scans used in the head configuration measurements cover the whole head region.

7.1 Head Configuration

HWID 1511						
Mode	Channel/ *f* (MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
			Left-hand		Right-hand	
			Cheek	Tilted	Cheek	Tilted
AMPS 800	991/824.04	24.6	1.06	0.63	0.95	0.65
	383/836.49	24.5	1.14	0.82	1.18	0.74
	799/848.97	24.3	1.16	0.84	**1.20**	0.76
TDMA 800	991/824.04	27.4	0.69	0.50	0.62	0.40
	383/836.49	27.3	0.80	0.60	0.75	0.47
	799/848.97	27.1	0.87	0.62	0.82	0.52
TDMA 1900	2/1850.04	26.7	0.49	0.52	0.50	0.52
	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.60	0.68	0.59	0.65
	1998/1909.92	26.8	0.48	0.57	0.44	0.48

HWID 5001						
Mode	Channel/ *f* (MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
			Left-hand		Right-hand	
			Cheek	Tilted	Cheek	Tilted
AMPS 800	799/848.97	24.3	-	-	1.19	0.87
TDMA 800	799/848.97	27.2	0.87	0.60	-	-
TDMA 1900	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.64	0.70	-	-

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HWID 1131						
Mode	Channel/ f(MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
			Left-hand		Right-hand	
			Cheek	Tilted	Cheek	Tilted
AMPS 800	799/848.97	24.4	-	-	1.05	0.74
TDMA 800	799/848.97	27.2	0.79	0.56	-	-
TDMA 1900	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.66	0.72	-	-

7.2 Body Worn Configuration

HWID 1511			
Mode	Channel/ f(MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)
			Headset HDC-5
AMPS 800	991/824.04	24.6	0.92
	383/836.49	24.5	0.90
	799/848.97	24.3	1.02
TDMA 800	991/824.04	27.4	0.44
	383/836.49	27.3	**0.58**
	799/848.97	27.1	0.51
TDMA 1900	2/1850.04	26.7	0.80
	1000/1879.98	27.3	**1.00**
	1998/1909.92	26.8	0.79

HWID 5001			
Mode	Channel/ f(MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)
			Headset HDC-5
AMPS 800	799/848.97	24.3	**1.03**
TDMA 800	383/836.49	27.4	0.57
TDMA 1900	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.96

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HWID 1131			
Mode	Channel/ f(MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)
			Headset HDC-5
AMPS 800	799/848.97	24.4	1.02
TDMA 800	383/836.49	27.3	0.44
TDMA 1900	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.95

There are several headsets which do connect similarily to GMLRH-41. These are HDE-2, HDC-10, HDB-5 and HDC-5.

7.3 Battery check

Battery check BLC-2

HWID 1511						
Mode	Channel/ f(MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
			Left-hand		Right-hand	
			Cheek	Tilted	Cheek	Tilted
AMPS 800	799/848.97	24.3	-	-	1.17	0.78
TDMA 800	799/848.97	27.1	**0.92**	0.47	-	-
TDMA 1900	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.68	**0.76**	-	-

HWID 1511, body worn			
Mode	Channel/ f(MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)
			Headset HDC-5
AMPS 800	799/848.97	24.3	0.91
TDMA 800	383/836.49	27.3	0.45
TDMA 1900	1000/1879.98	27.3	0.96

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APPENDIX A.

Validation Test Printouts

Date/Time: 03/26/03 12:08:30

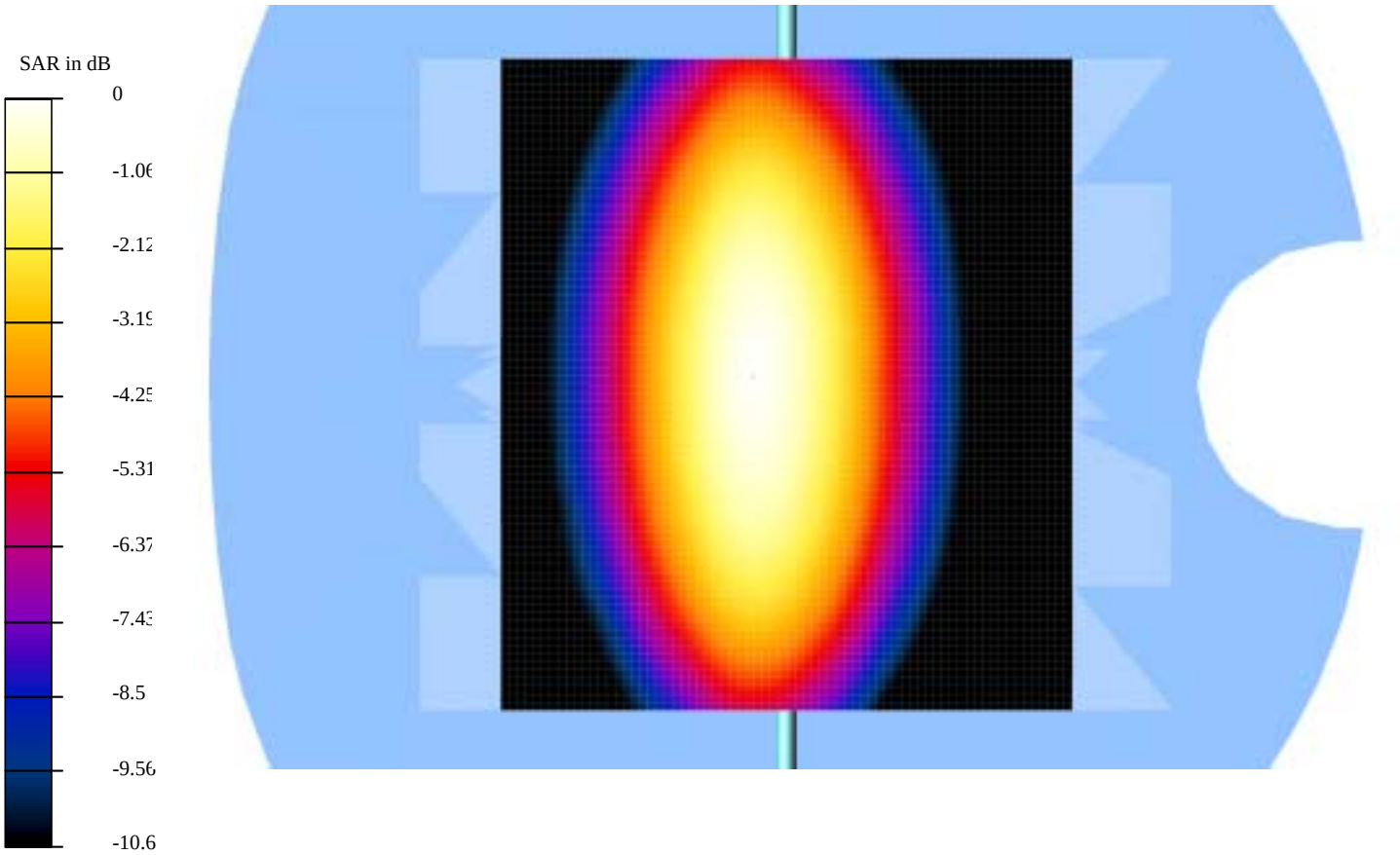
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu, DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835headvali260303.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; HSL835; T = 21.3 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.883574 mho/m, ε = 39.7337, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 54.8 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.41 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.006 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 03/27/03 09:33:59

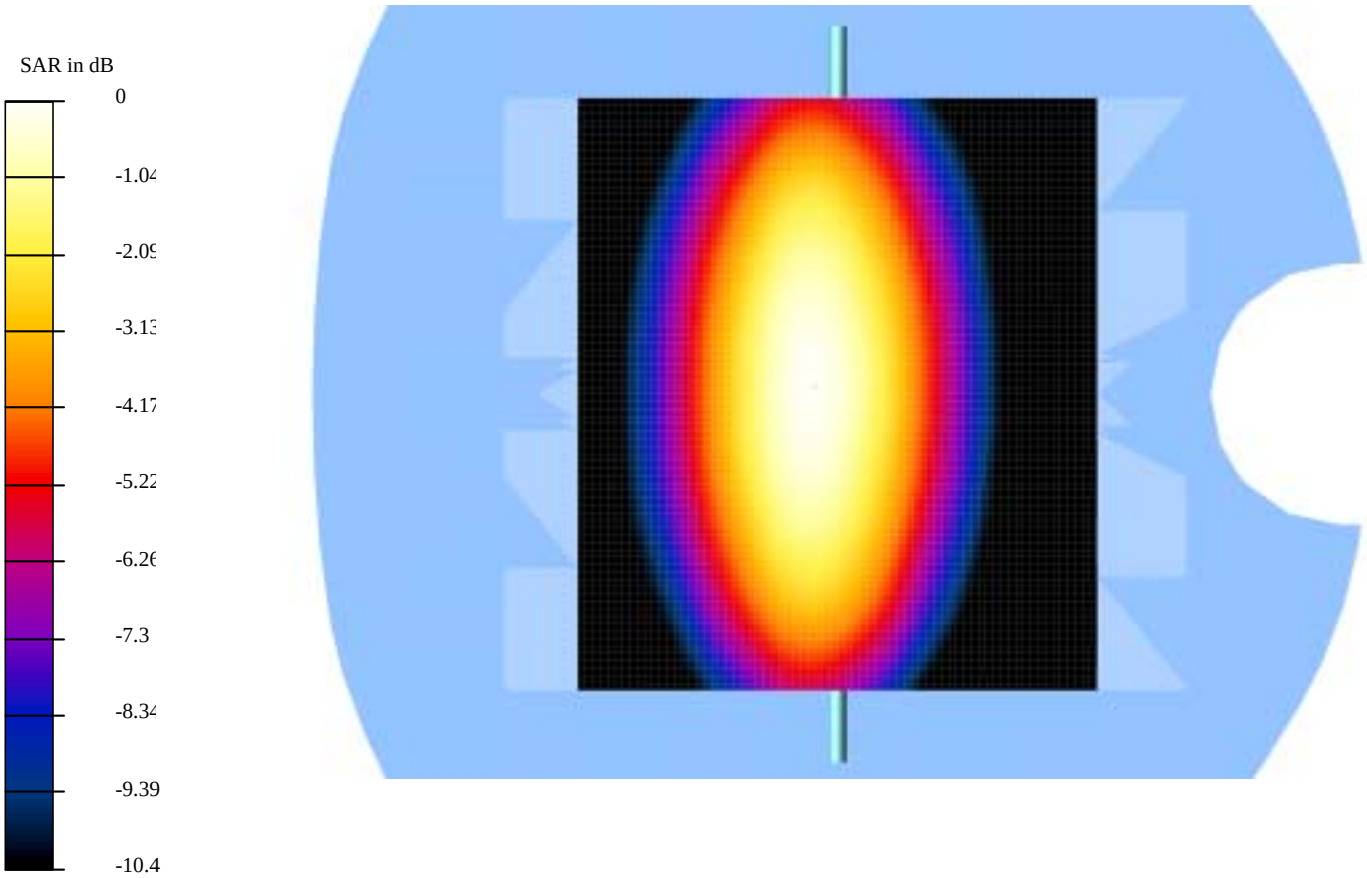
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu, DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835headvali270303.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; HSL835; T = 21.7 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.897182 mho/m, ε = 39.6552, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 54.4 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.42 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.007 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 03/28/03 09:07:00

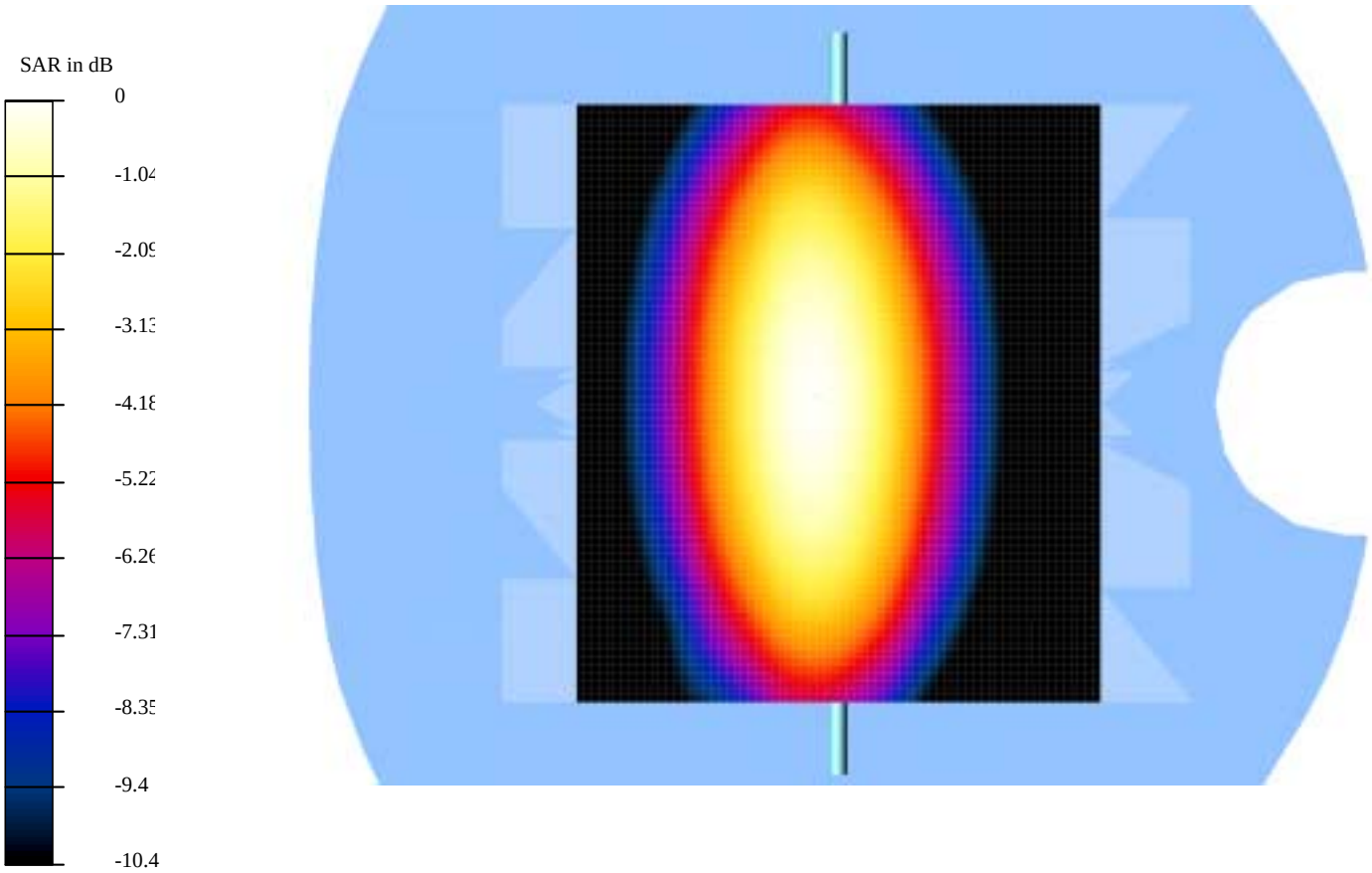
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu, DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835headvali280303.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; HSL835; T = 21.5 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.893638 mho/m, ε = 40.0949, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 53.5 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.24 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.28 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.005 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 03/31/03 10:08:45

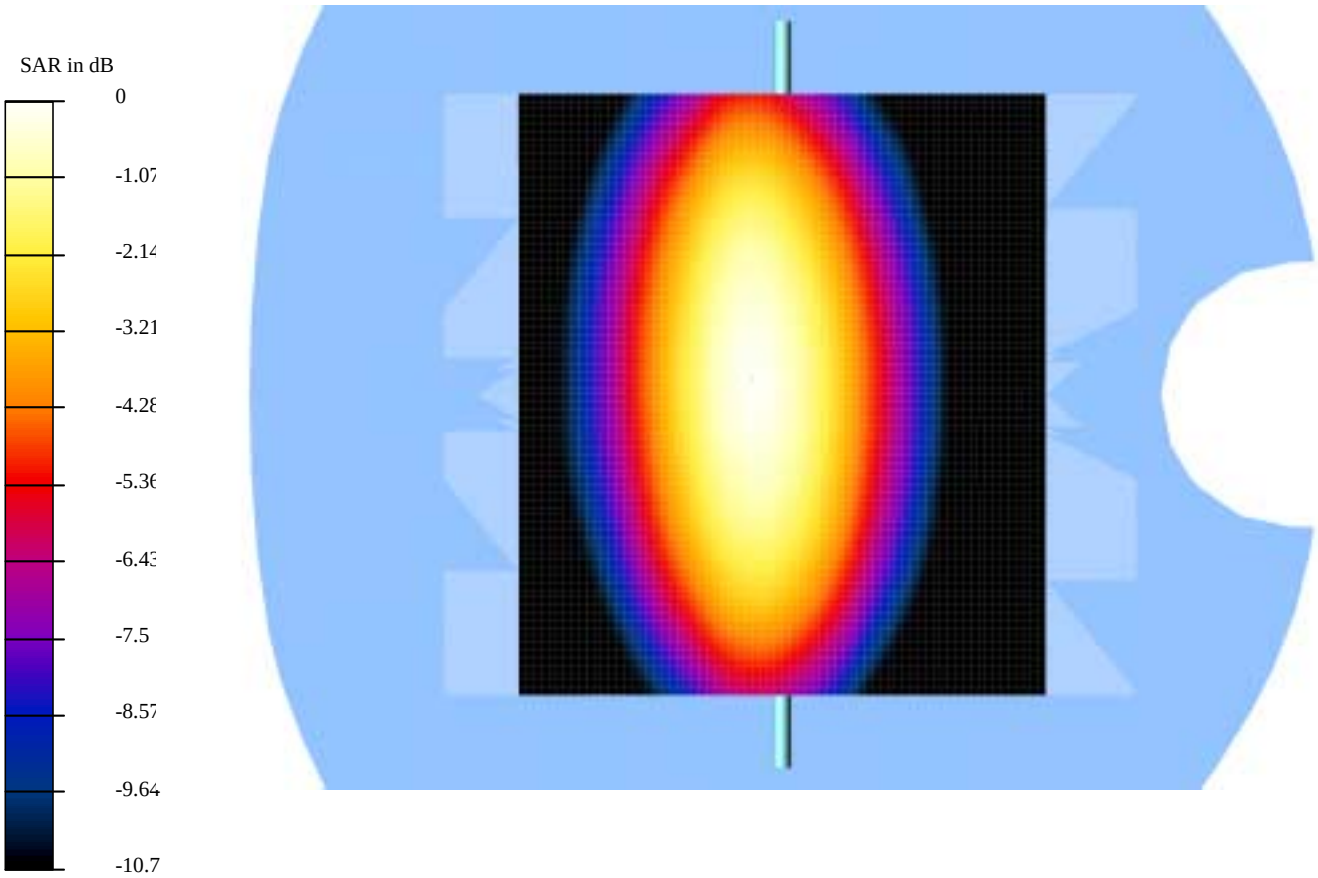
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu, DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835headvali310303.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; HSL835; T = 21.6 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.892215 mho/m, ε = 39.7417, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 54.4 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.7 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.009 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



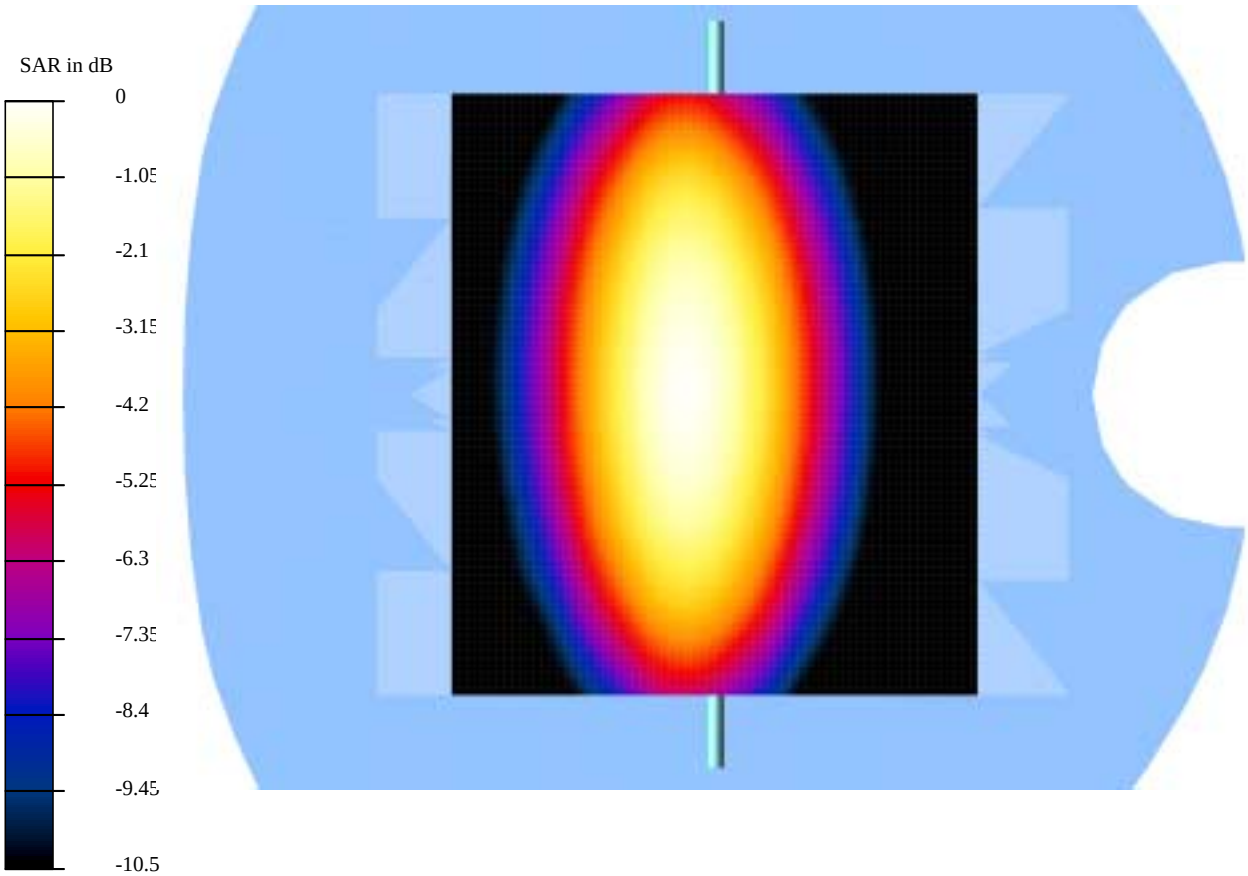
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu, DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835headvali090403.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; HSL835; T = 21.1 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.89094 mho/m, ε = 39.844, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 54.1 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.26 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.0007 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/02/03 09:42:04

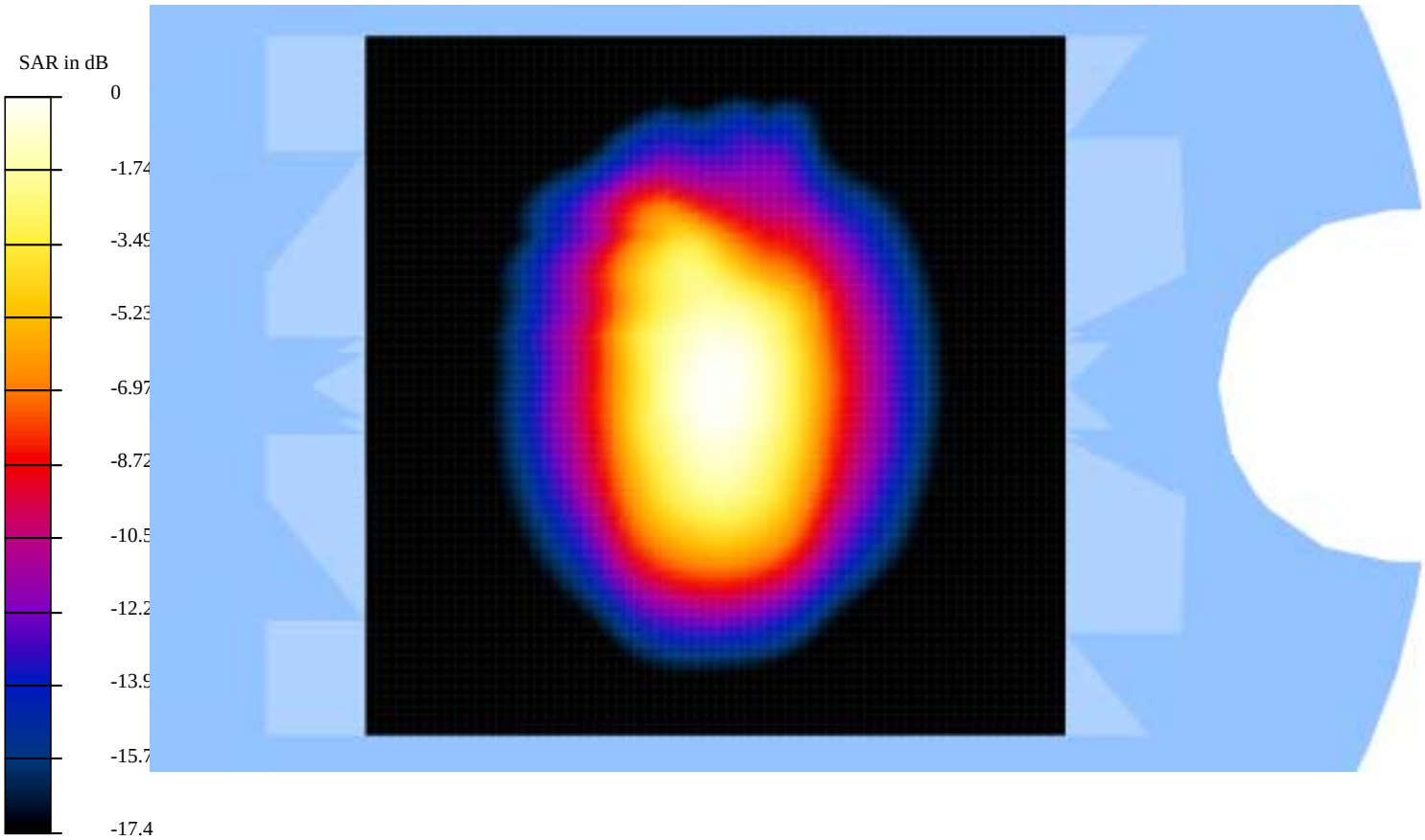
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: 1900paavali020403.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz Type & Serial Number:
Program: Dipole validation; HSL 1900; T = 21.3 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.42769 mho/m, ε = 39.0622, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 93 V/m
Peak SAR = 17.6 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 9.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/03/03 09:39:20

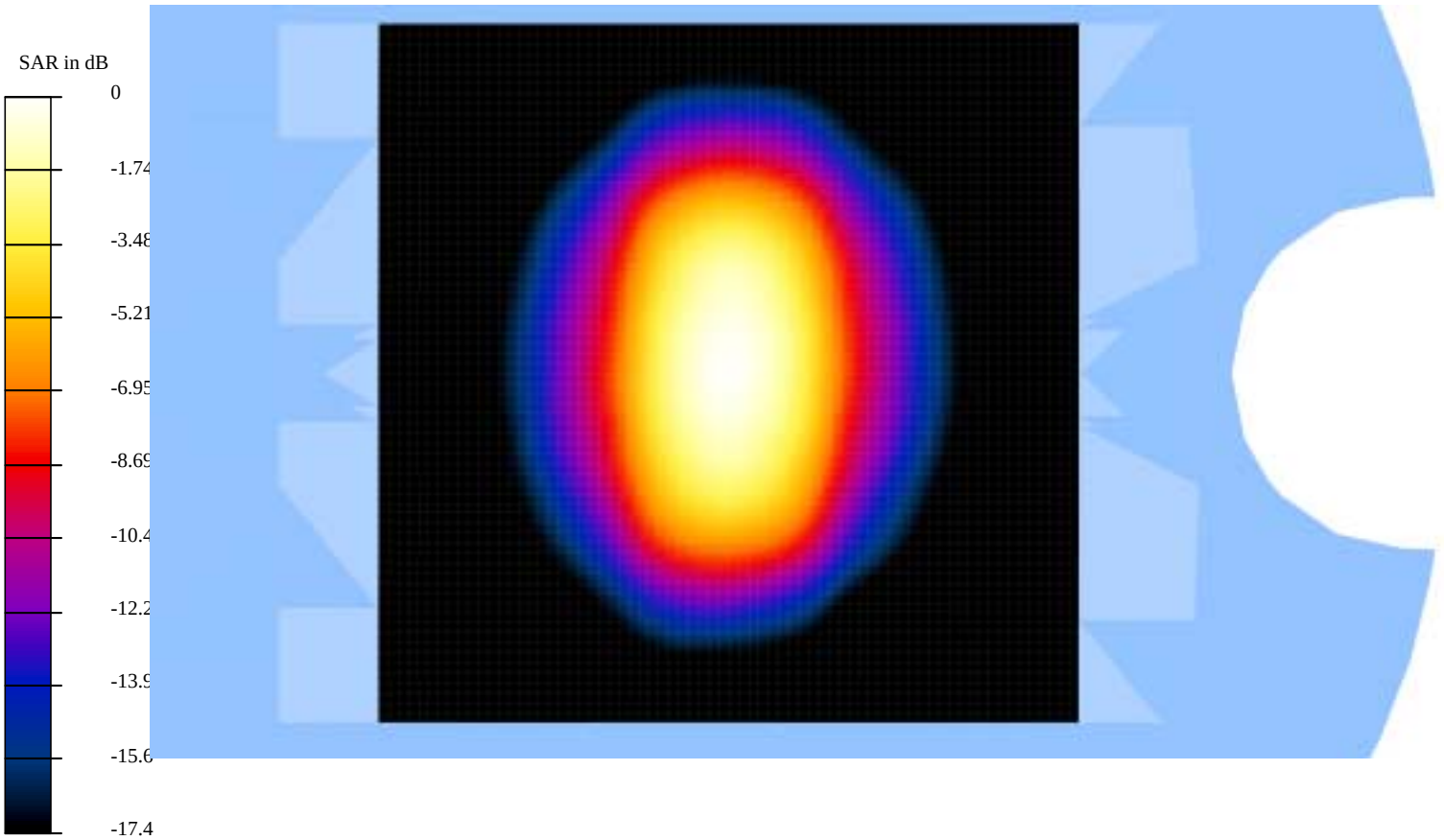
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: 1900paavali030403.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz Type & Serial Number:
Program: Dipole validation; HSL 1900; T = 21.3 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.44319 mho/m, ε = 39.0833, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 91.9 V/m
Peak SAR = 17.7 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.1 dB
Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/08/03 08:16:38

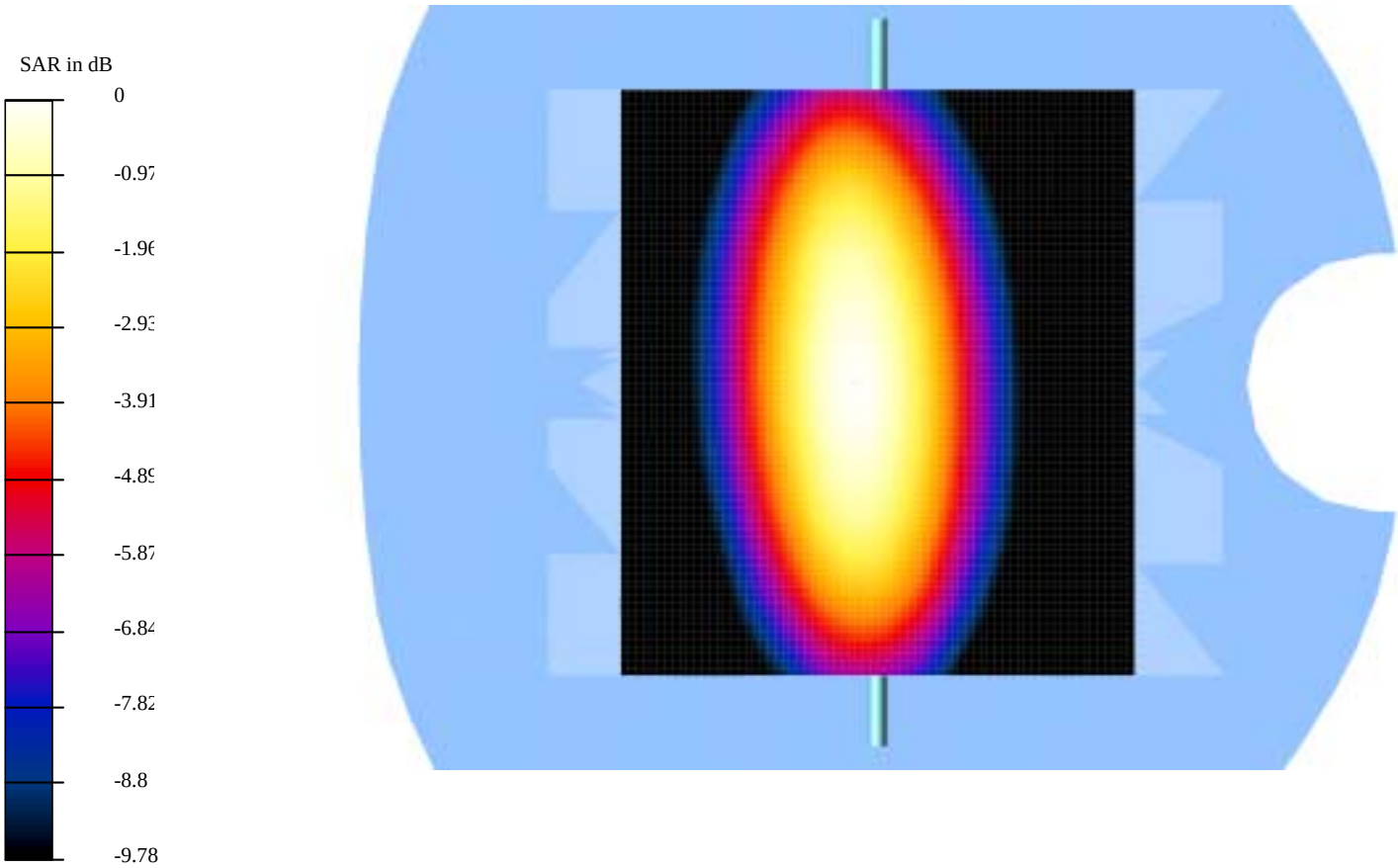
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835musclevali070403.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; muscle 835; T = 21.3 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 850 MHz (σ = 0.928742 mho/m, ε = 55.3475, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 53.5 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.32 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/08/03 10:27:03

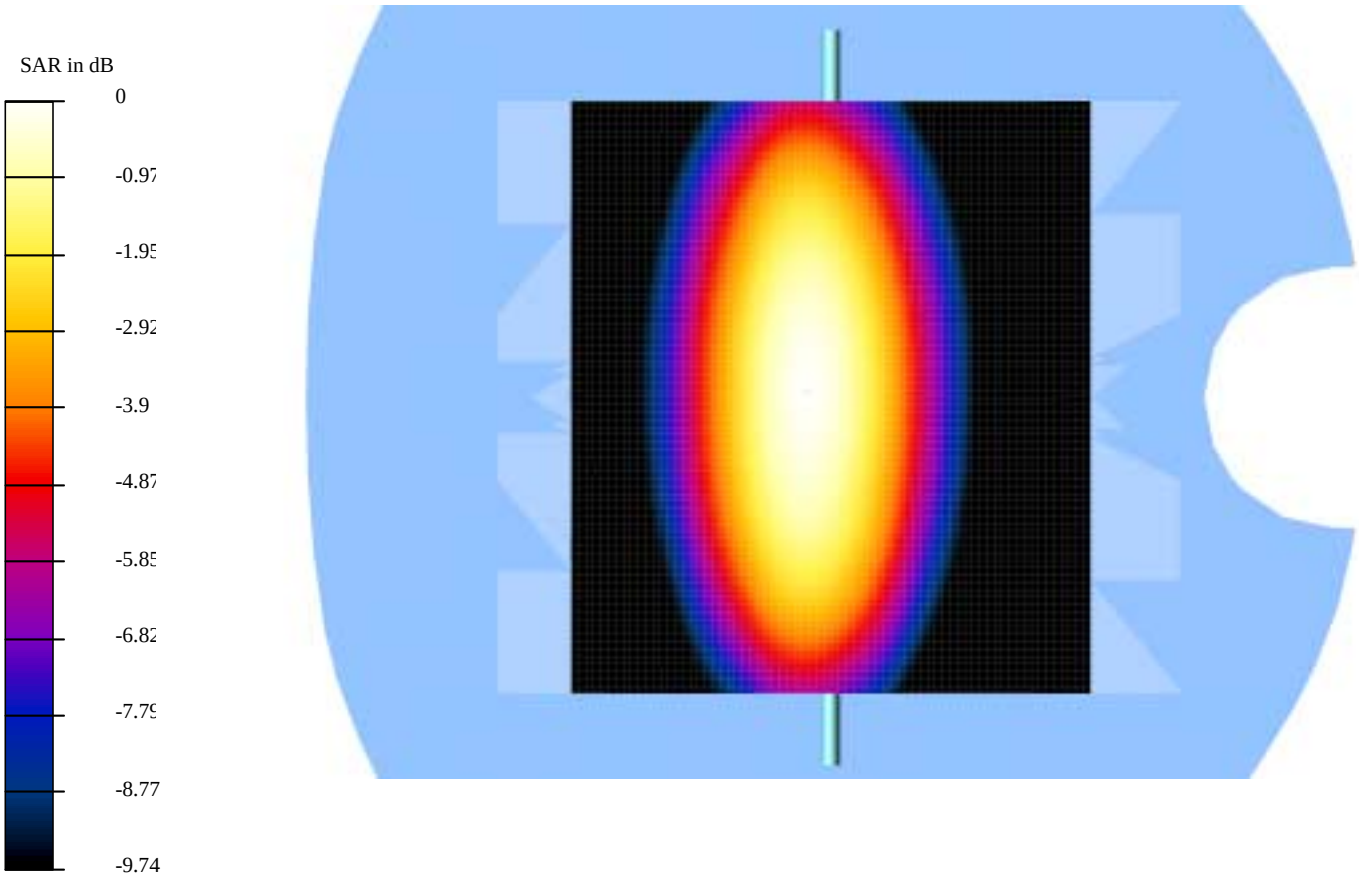
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: 835musclevali080403.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: 448
Program: Dipole Calibration; muscle 835; T = 21.4 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 850 MHz (σ = 0.939792 mho/m, ε = 55.8396, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 53.2 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.31 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/10/03 14:54:27

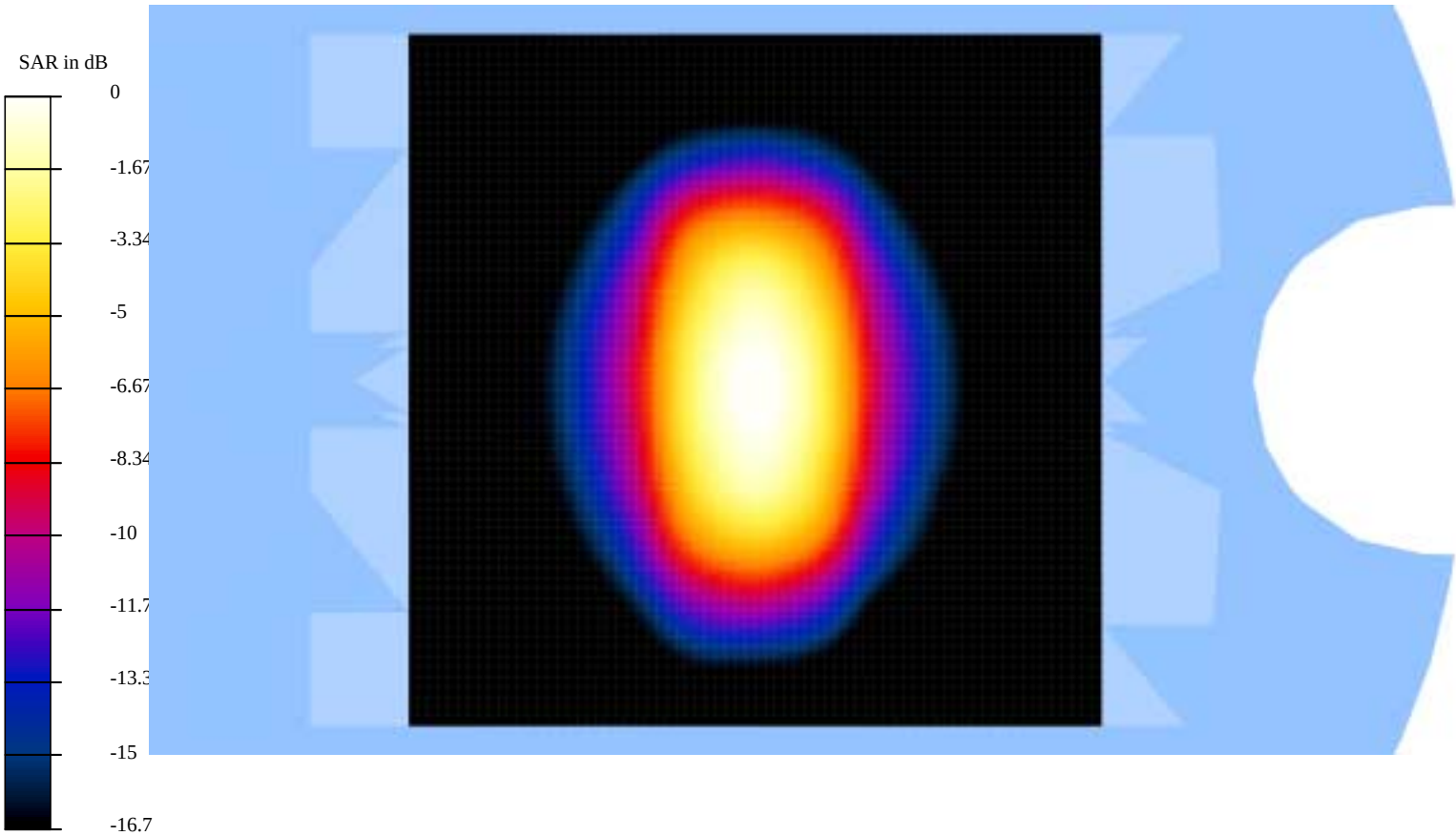
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: 1900musclevali040403.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz Type & Serial Number:
Program: Dipole validation; muscle 1900; T = 21.6 °C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: muscle 1900 MHz (σ = 1.56242 mho/m, ε = 51.6408, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1128
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 89.6 V/m
Peak SAR = 17 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 9.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



APPENDIX B.

SAR Distribution Printouts

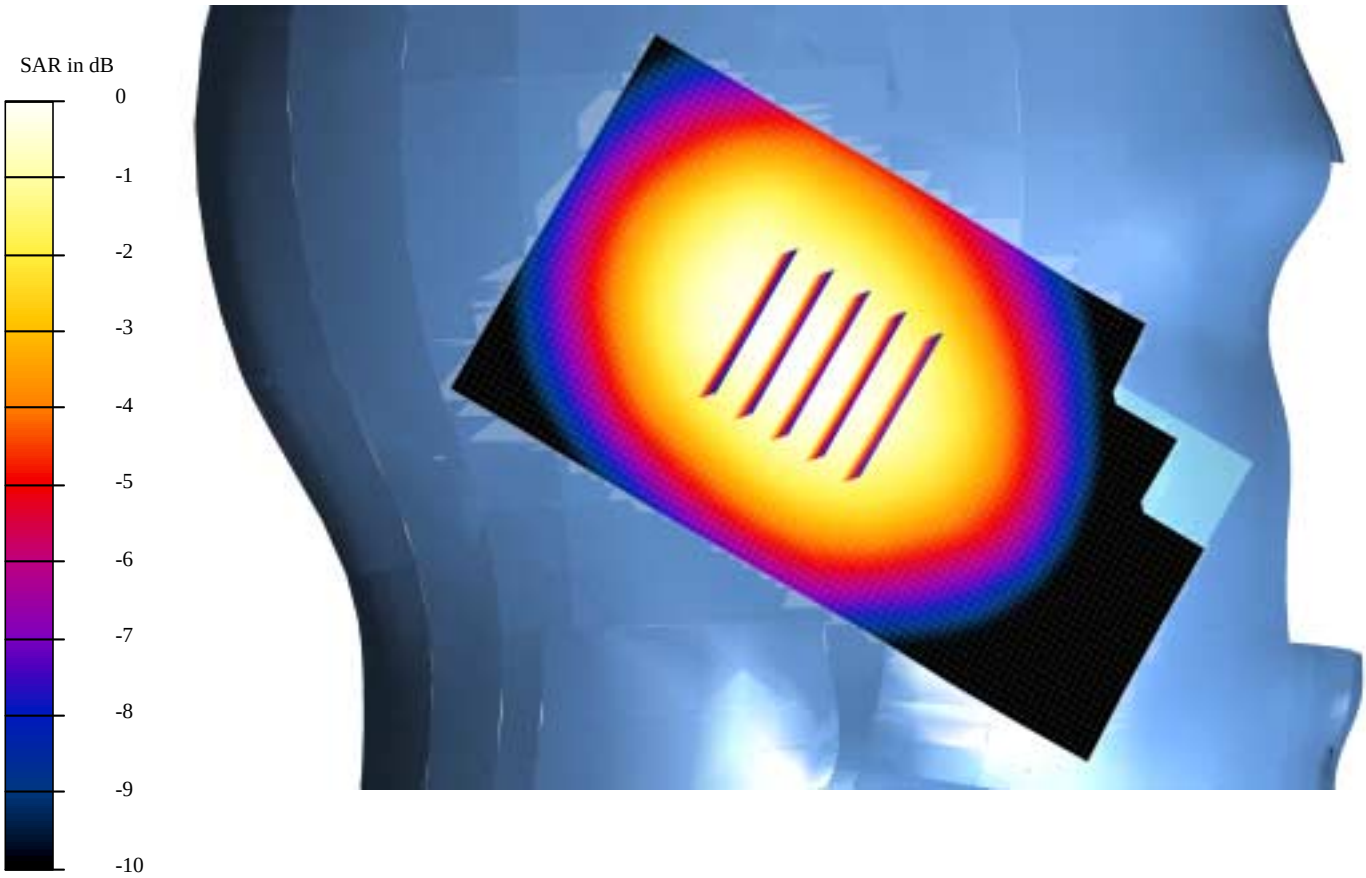
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b11A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Cheek; T = 21.8 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.908866 mho/m, ε = 39.5109, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 32.9 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.93 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.805 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.0003 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 03/27/03 13:01:38

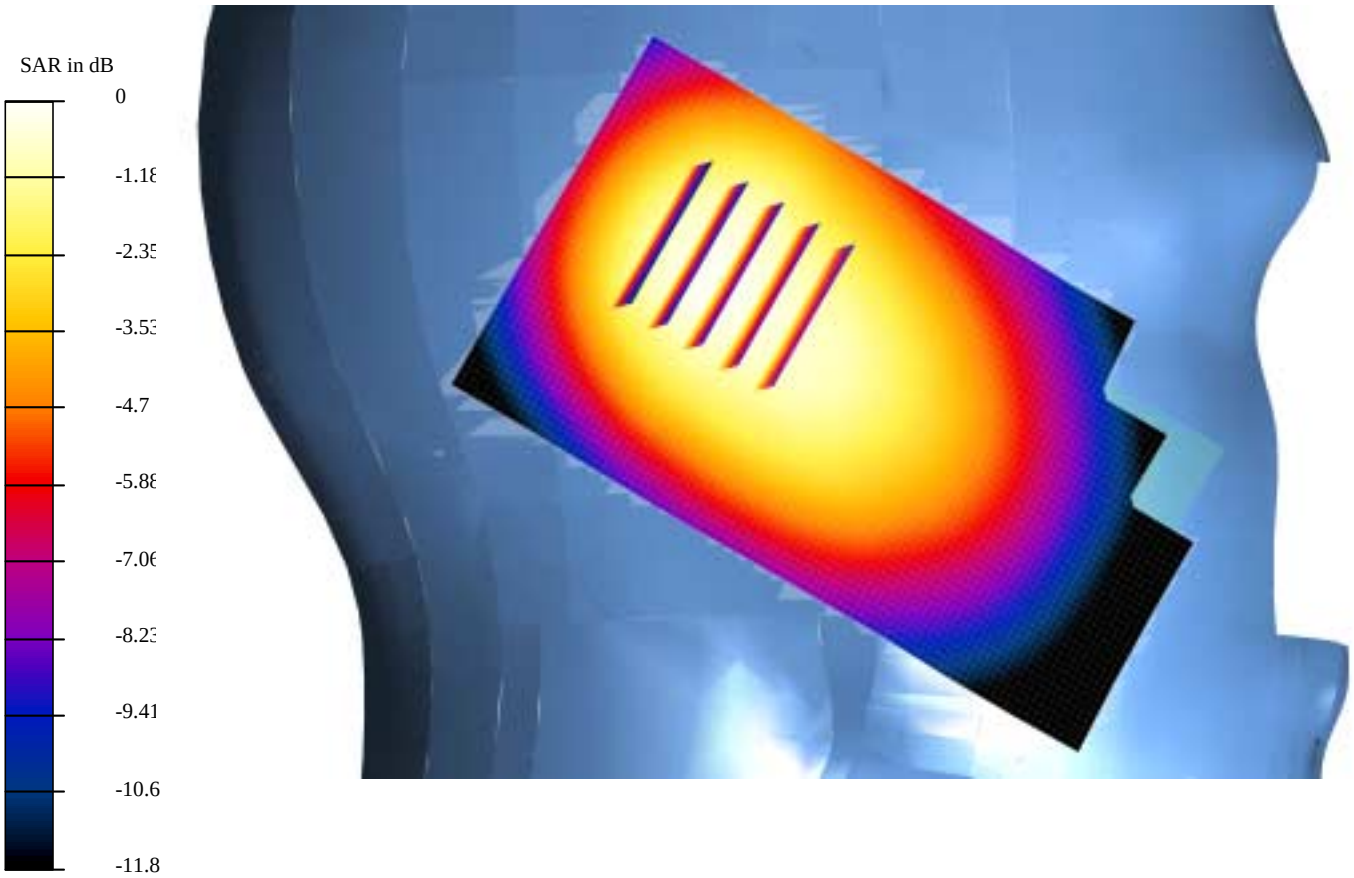
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b12A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Tilted; T = 22.1 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.908866 mho/m, ε = 39.5109, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 30.4 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.51 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.844 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.542 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.1 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



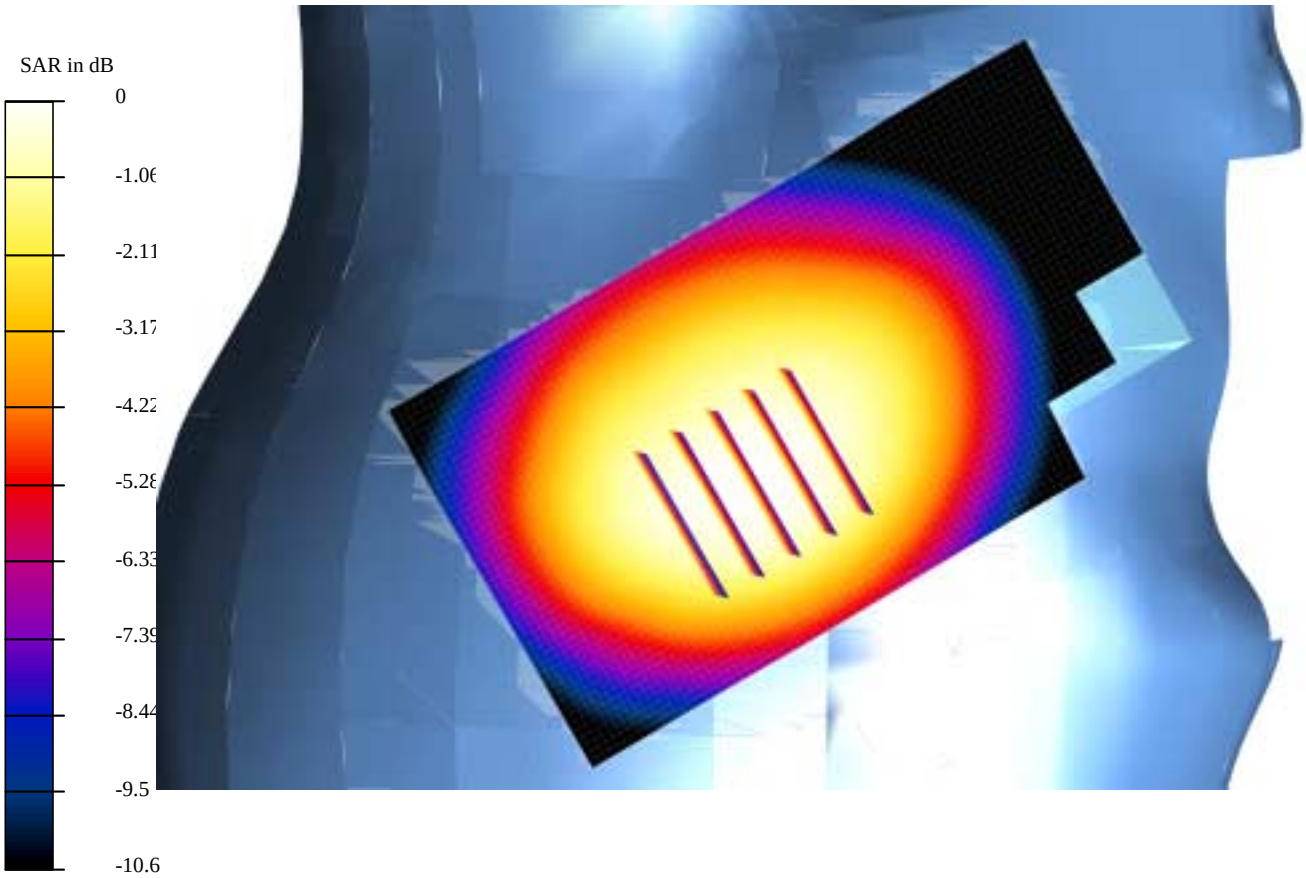
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b5A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Cheek; T = 22.2 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.896214 mho/m, ε = 39.6243, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 33.9 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.94 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.824 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 03/28/03 10:33:41

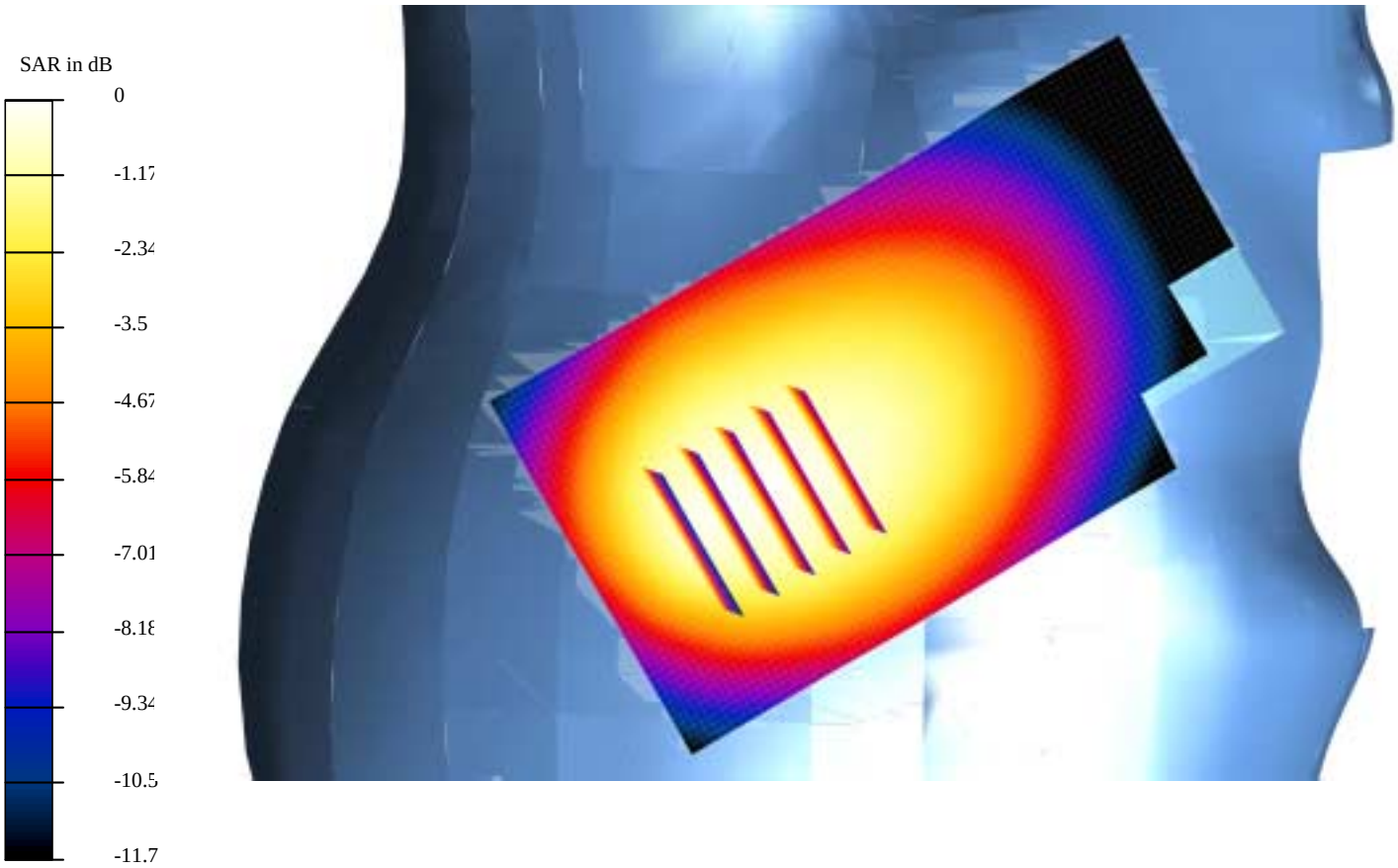
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: k2A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201964713
Program: Right hand; Tilted; T = 21.5 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.905842 mho/m, ε = 39.938, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 31.2 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.48 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.867 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.583 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



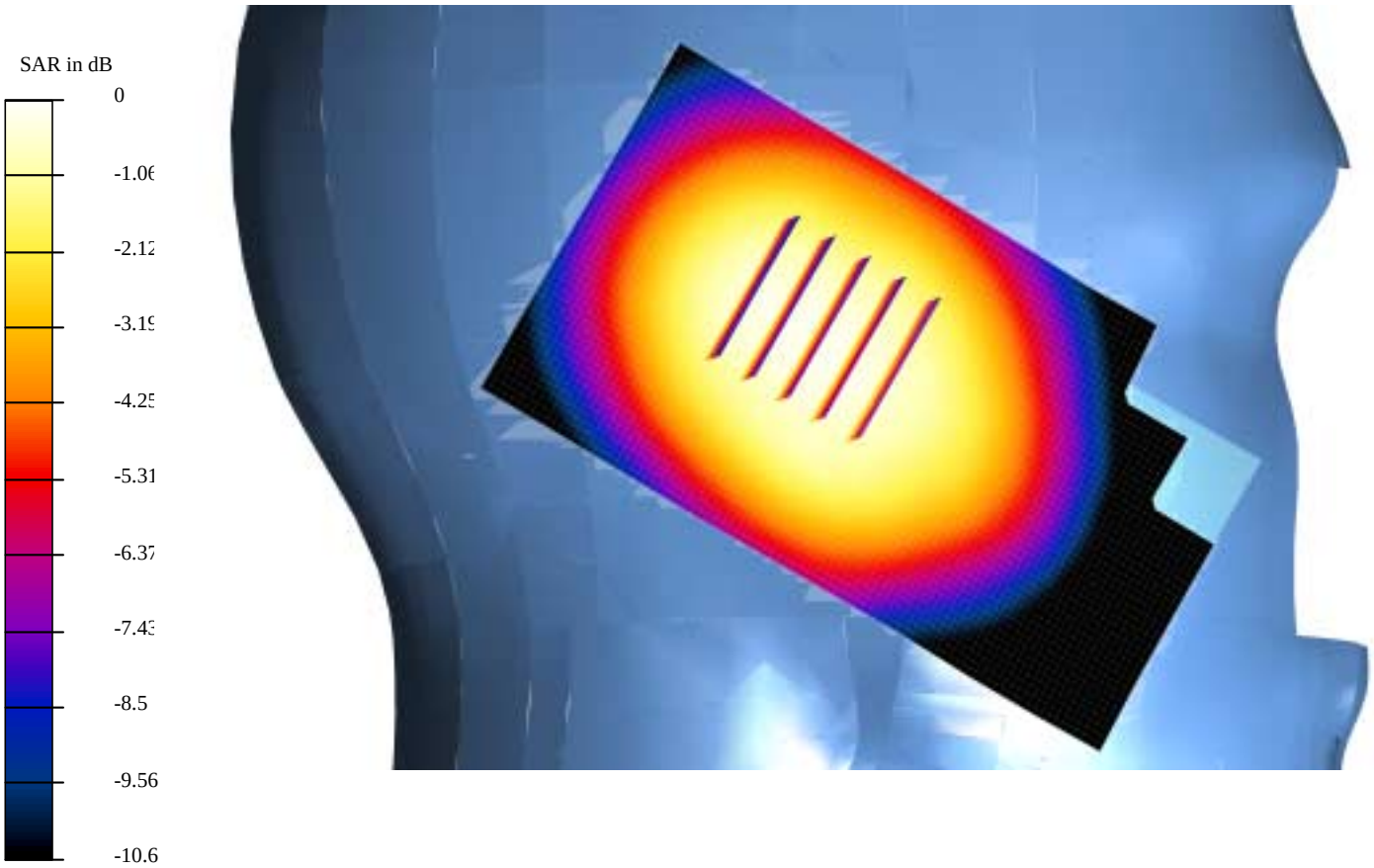
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b24A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Cheek; T = 22.3 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 836; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.905842 mho/m, ε = 39.938, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 29.7 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.41 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.874 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.601 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



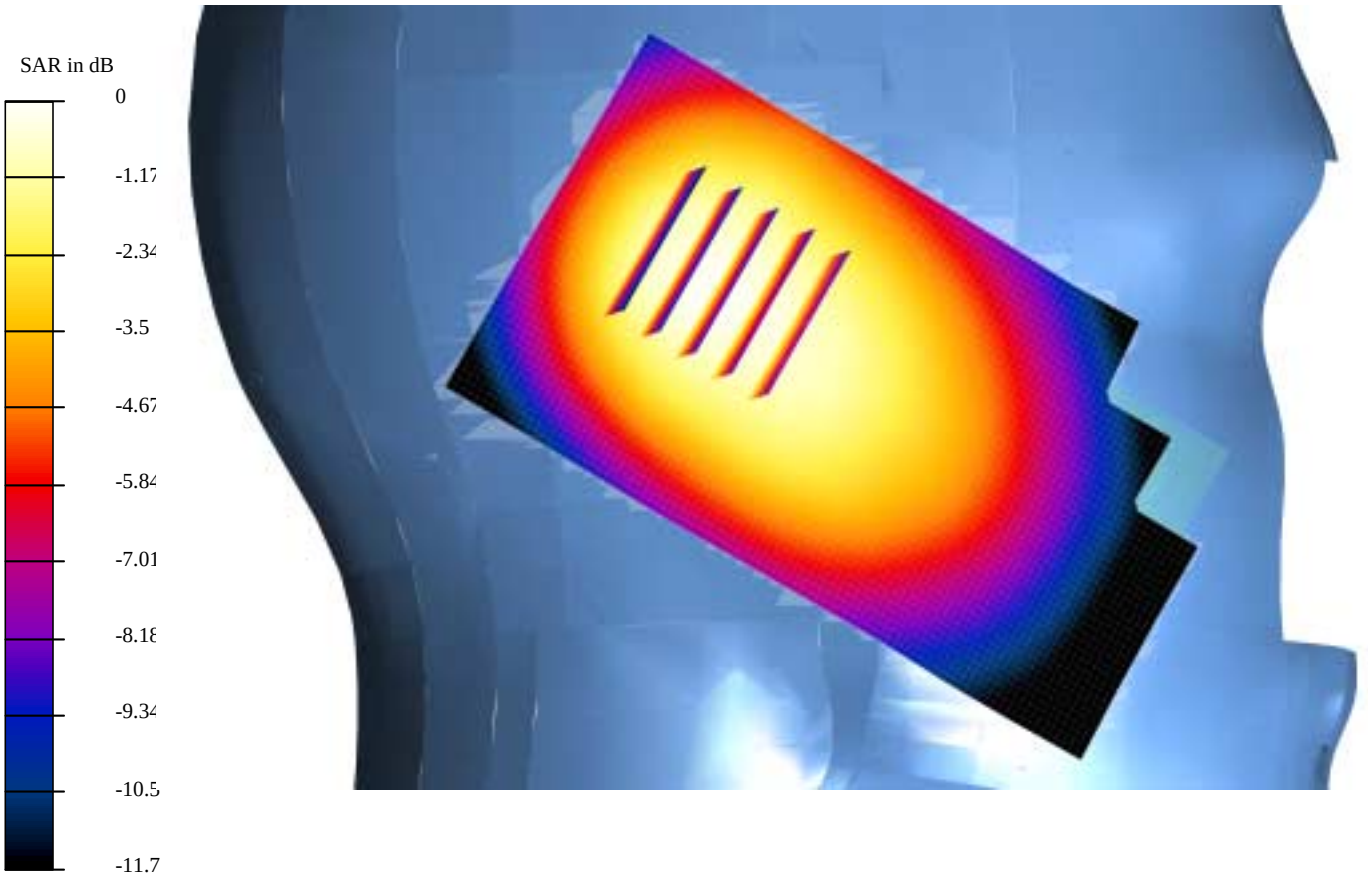
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b25A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Tilted; T = 22.3 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 836; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.905842 mho/m, ε = 39.938, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 26.2 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.08 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.622 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.405 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.008 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



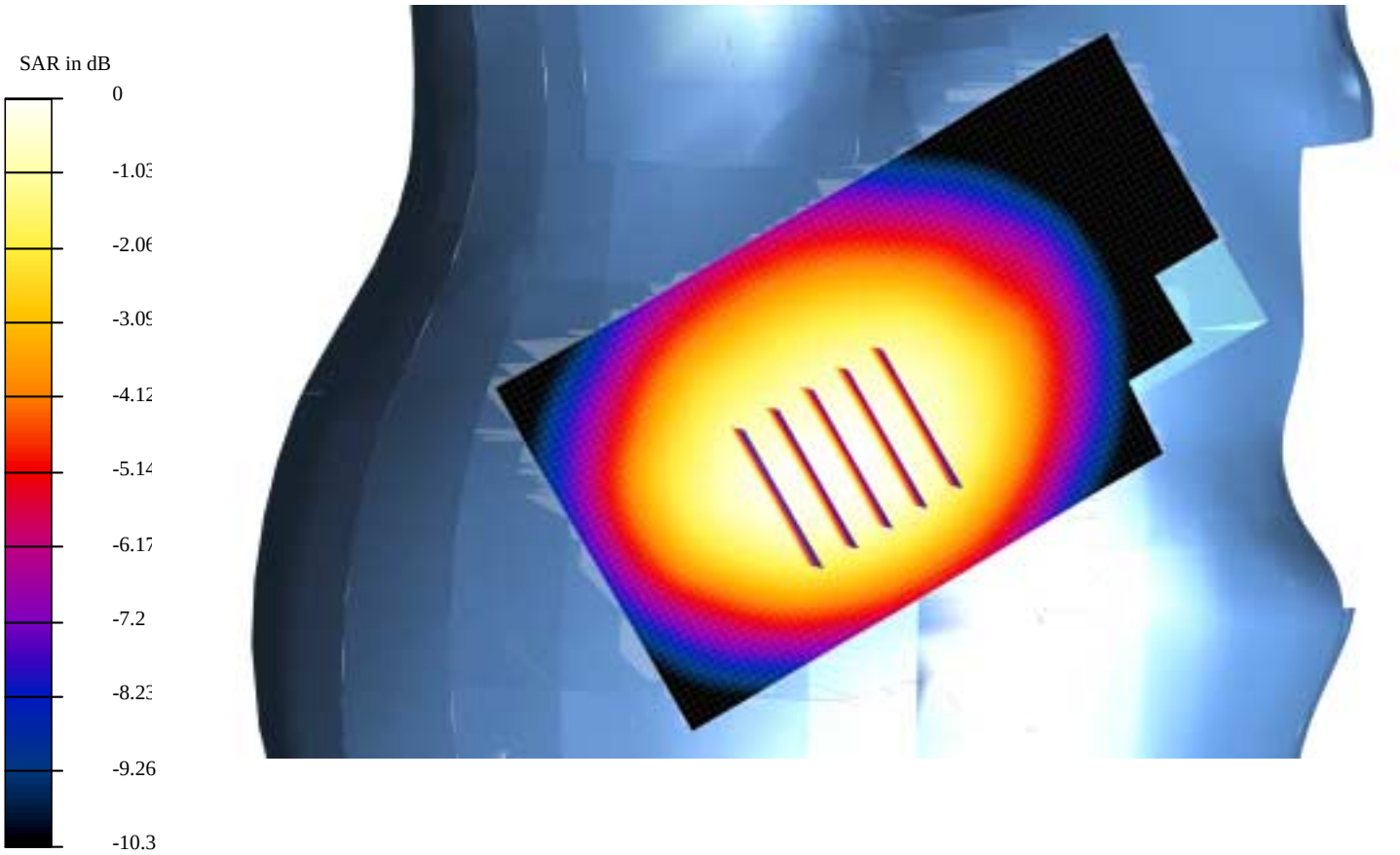
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b18A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Cheek; T = 21.6 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 836; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.905842 mho/m, ε = 39.938, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 28.8 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.31 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.82 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.567 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.1 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



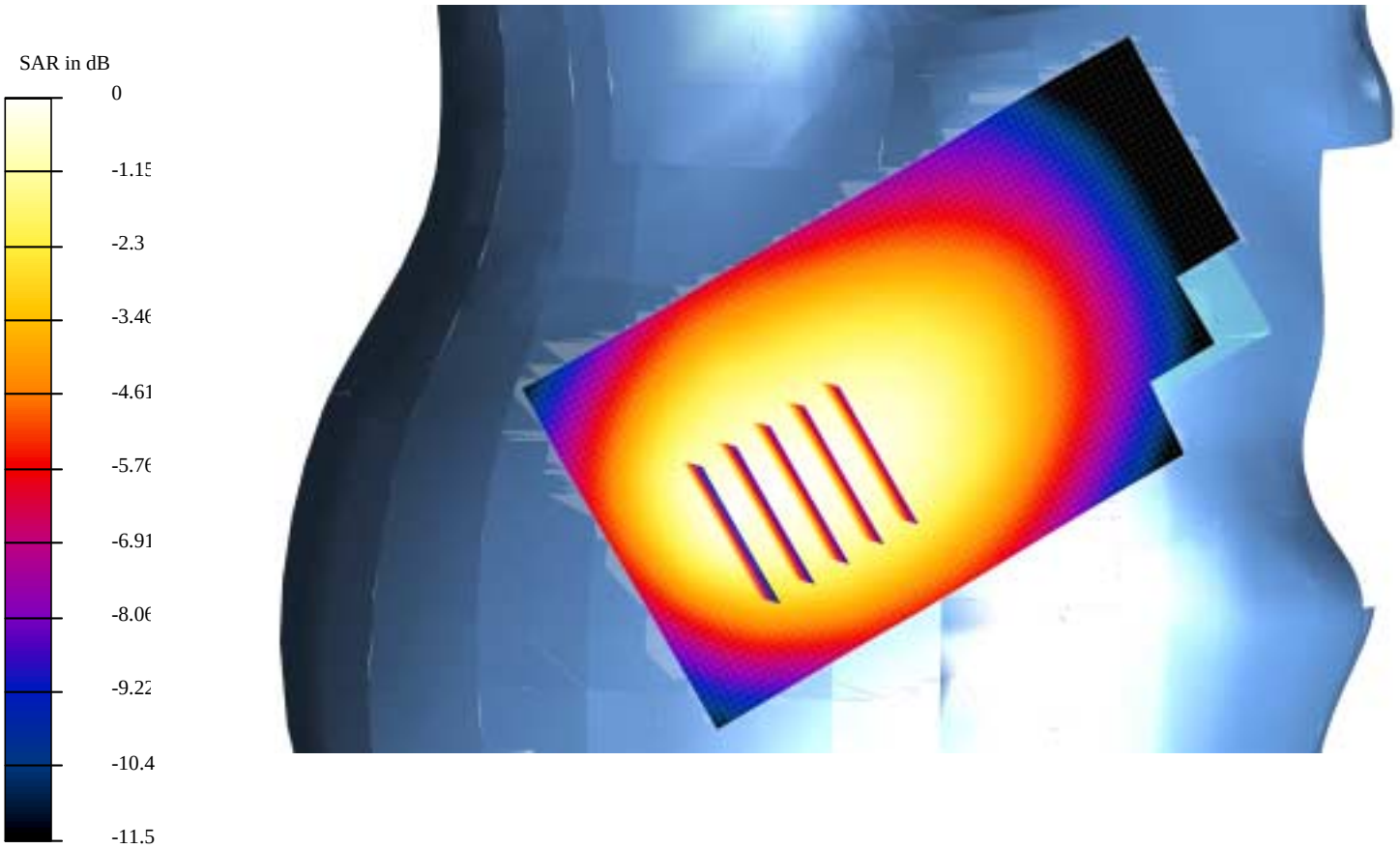
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b19A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Tilted; T = 21.7 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 836; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.905842 mho/m, ε = 39.938, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 24.2 V/m
Peak SAR = 0.899 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.1 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



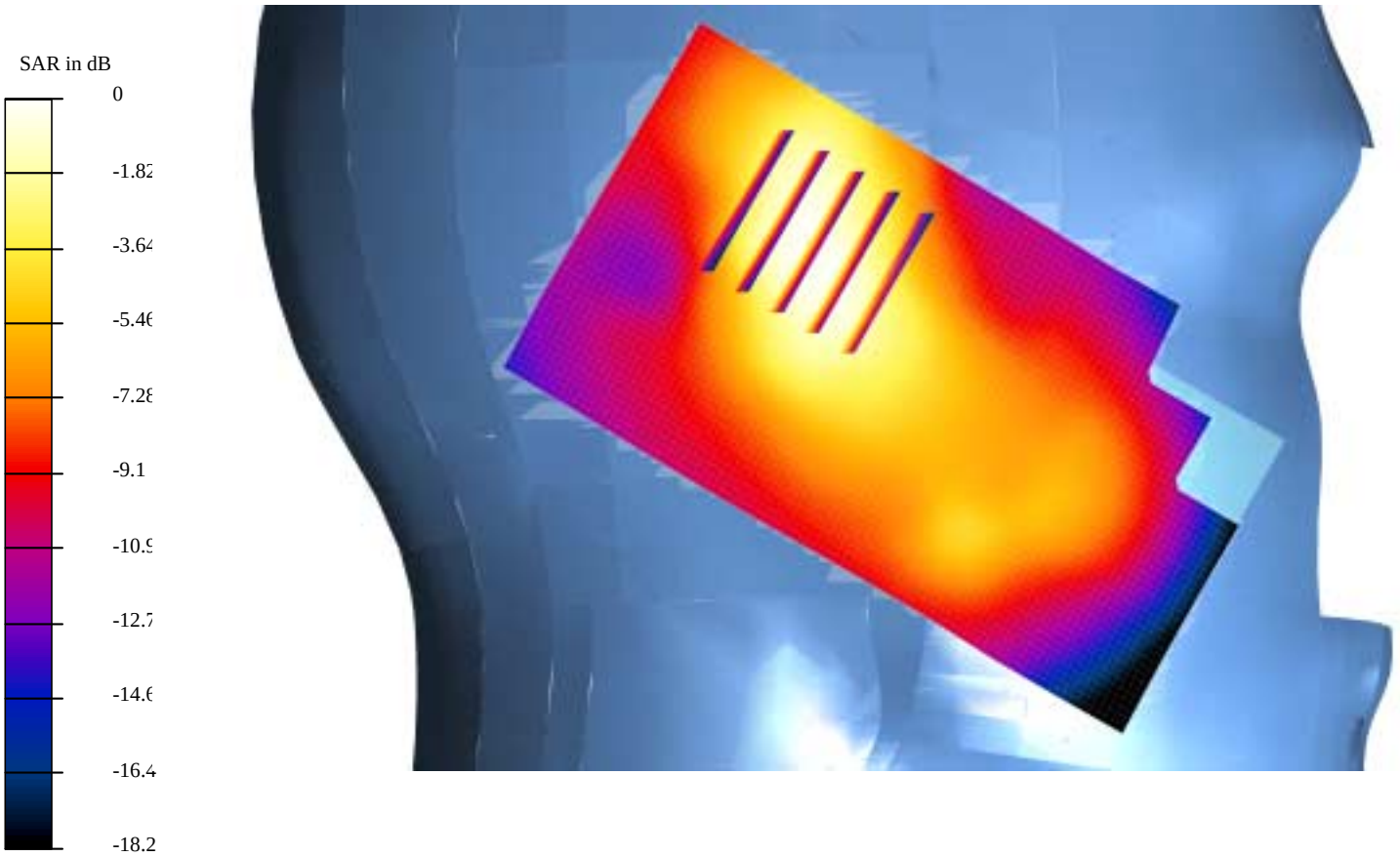
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: m5A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201964679
Program: Left hand; Cheek; T = 21.6 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.4252 mho/m, ε = 39.2218, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 14.8 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.3 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.659 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



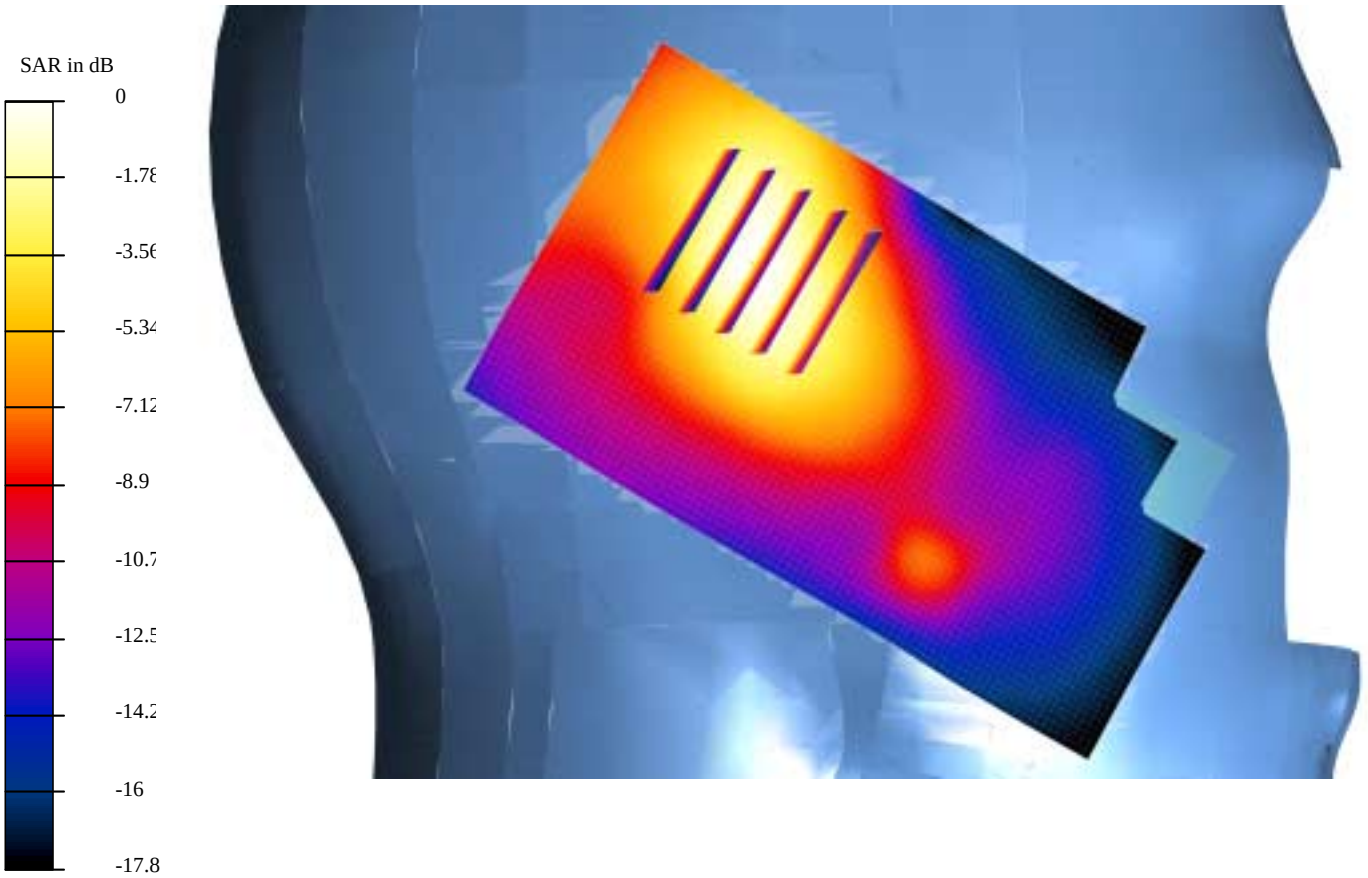
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: m6A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201964679
Program: Left hand; Tilted; T = 21.6 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.4252 mho/m, ε = 39.2218, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 17.9 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.53 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.715 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.37 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



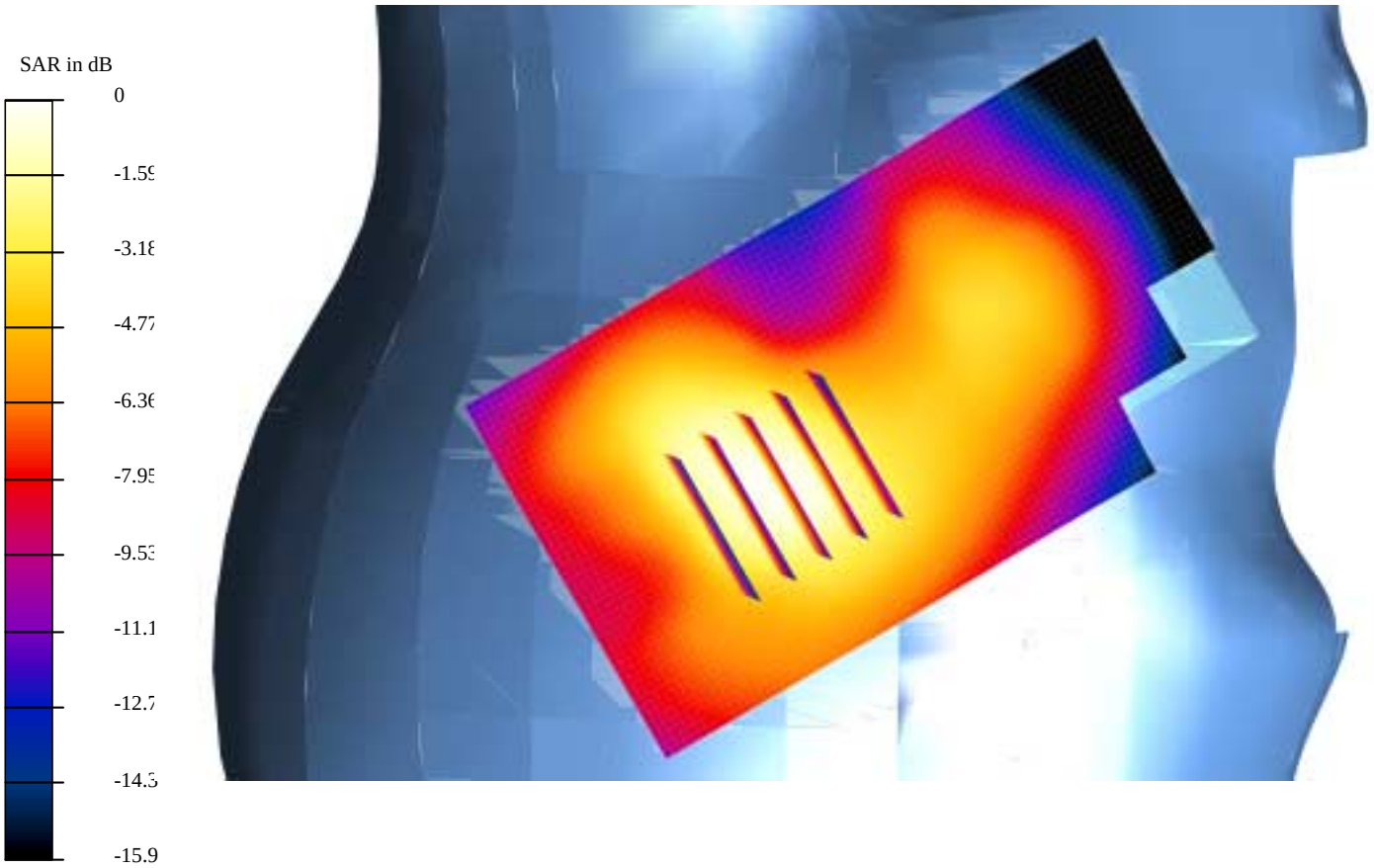
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b29A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Cheek; T = 21.6 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.41028 mho/m, ε = 39.1924, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 18.7 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.06 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.592 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/02/03 15:03:55

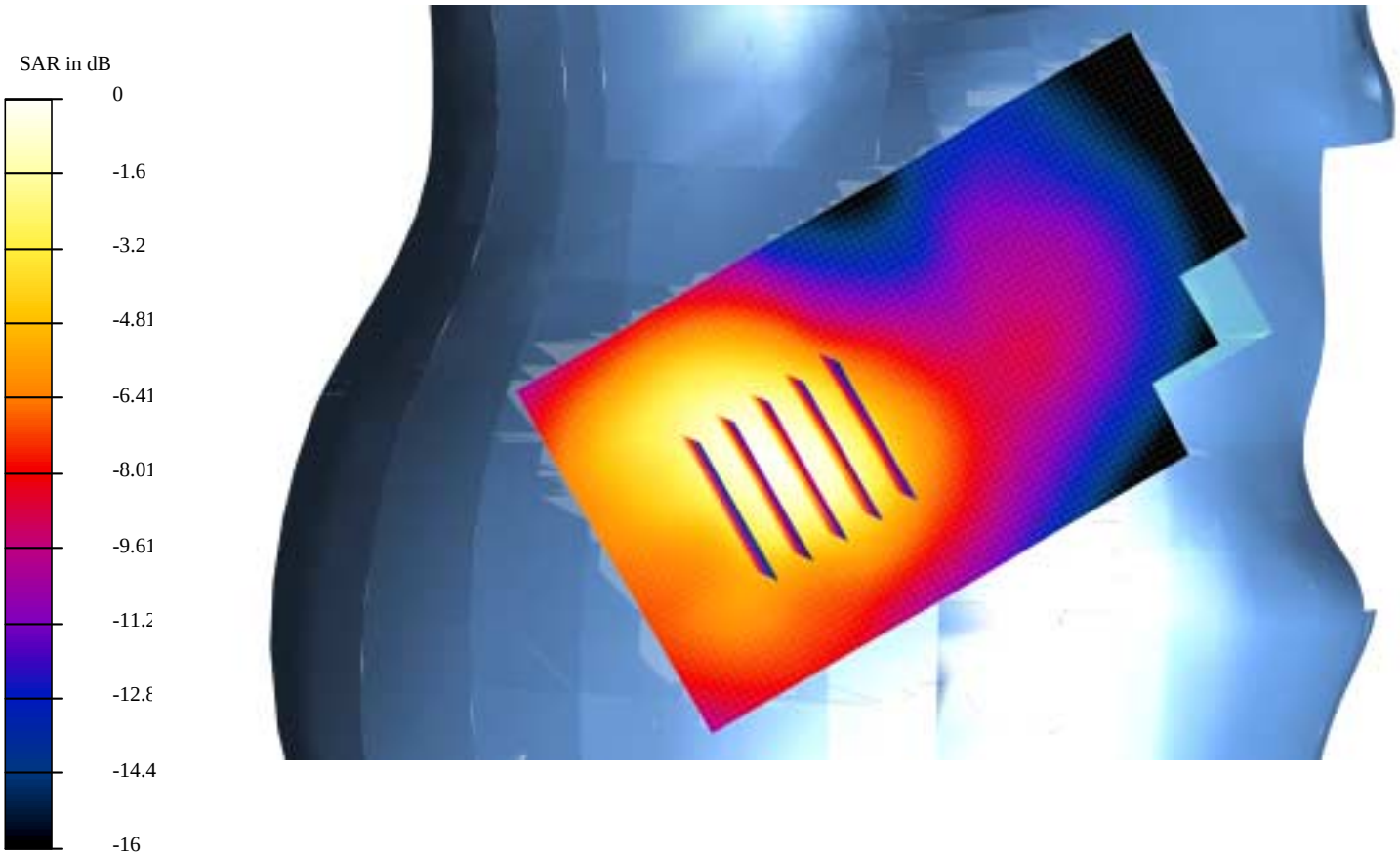
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b30A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Tilted; T = 21.6 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.41028 mho/m, ε = 39.1924, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 21 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.26 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.645 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



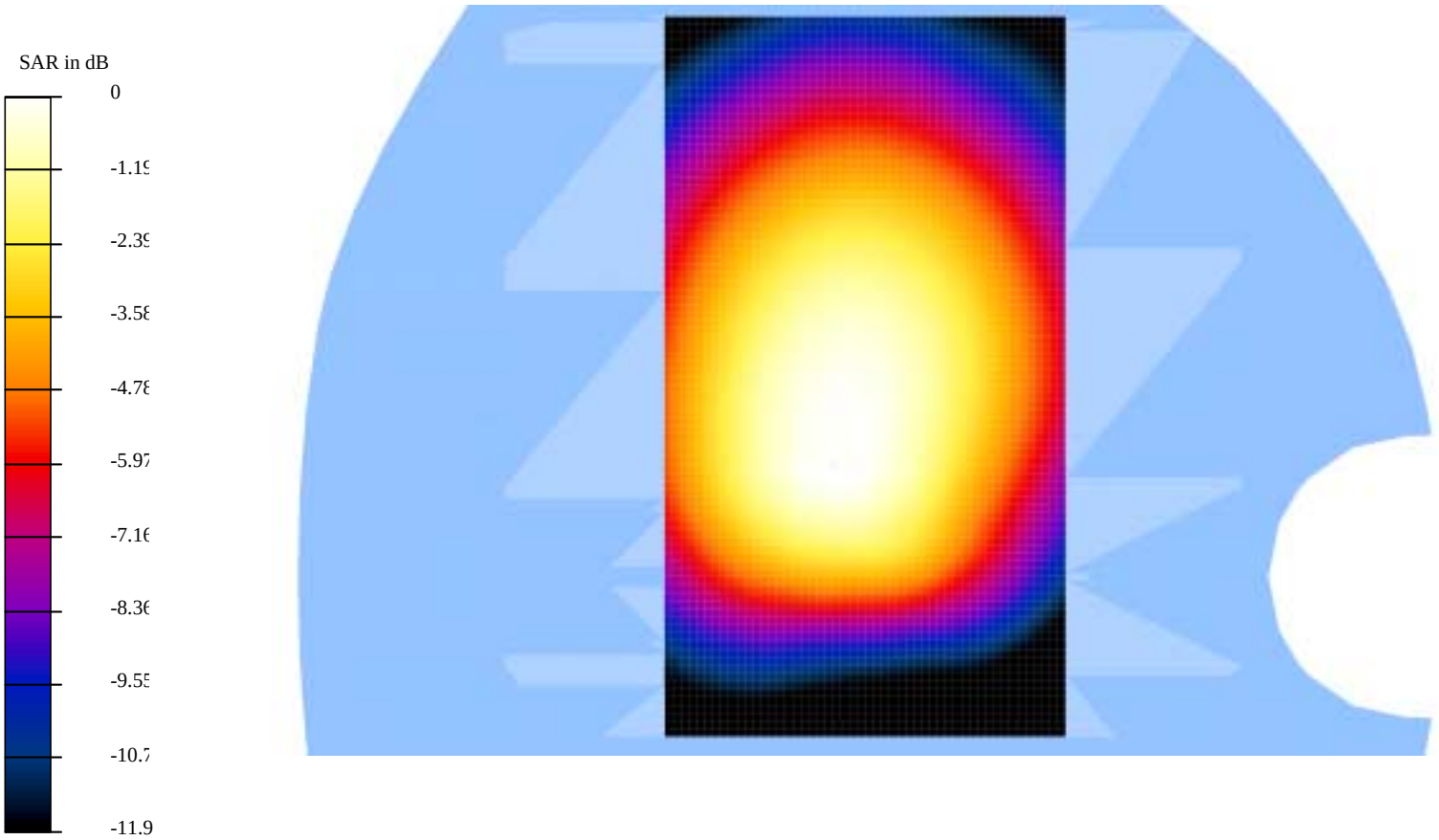
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: k15A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201964713
Program: Body worn; HDC-5; T = 22.0 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 850 MHz (σ = 0.951485 mho/m, ε = 55.6605, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 22.5 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.53 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.703 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.1 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



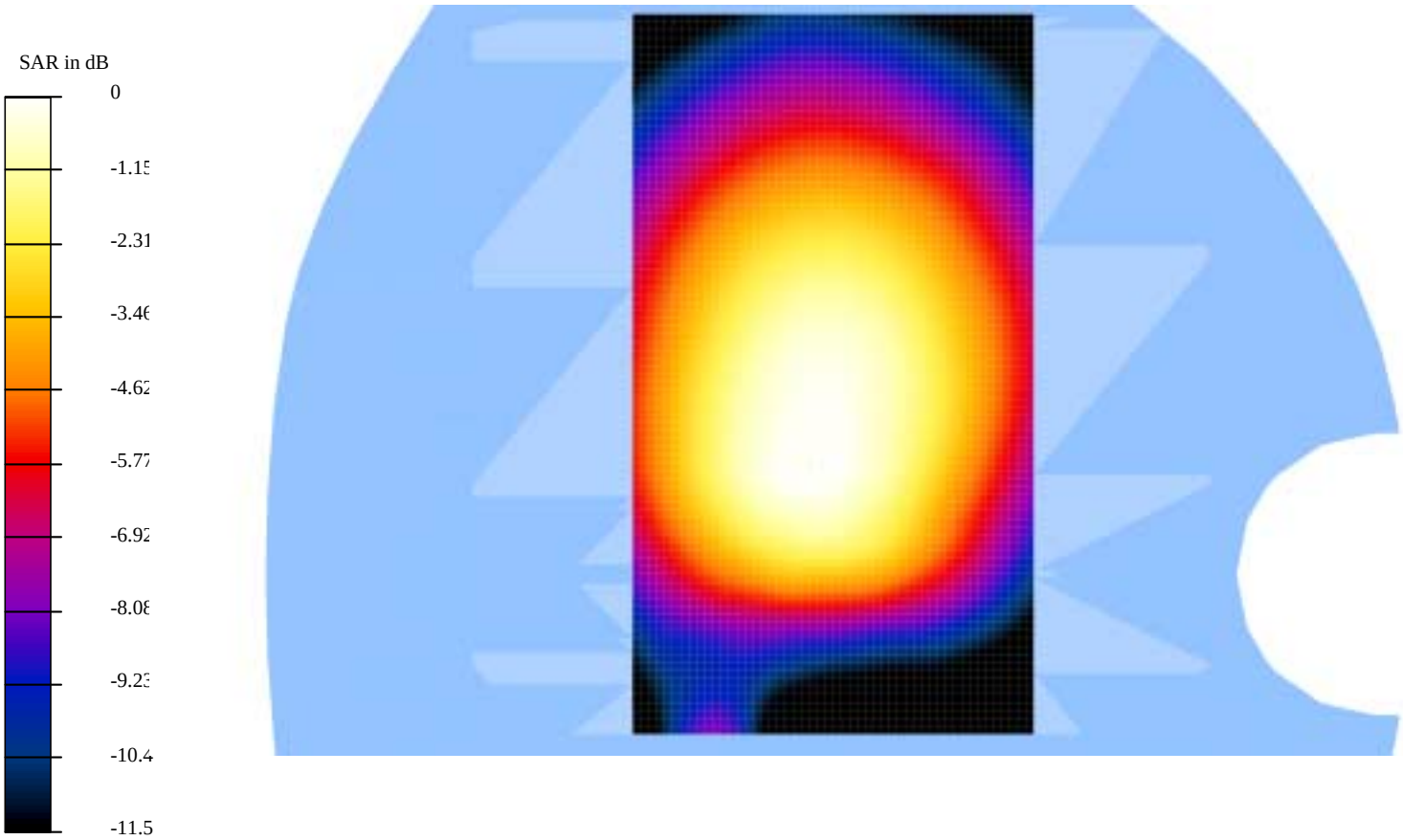
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b47A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Body worn; HDC-5; T = 22.1 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 800; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Muscle 850 MHz (σ = 0.939792 mho/m, ε = 55.8396, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 17.5 V/m
Peak SAR = 0.872 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/04/03 13:27:54

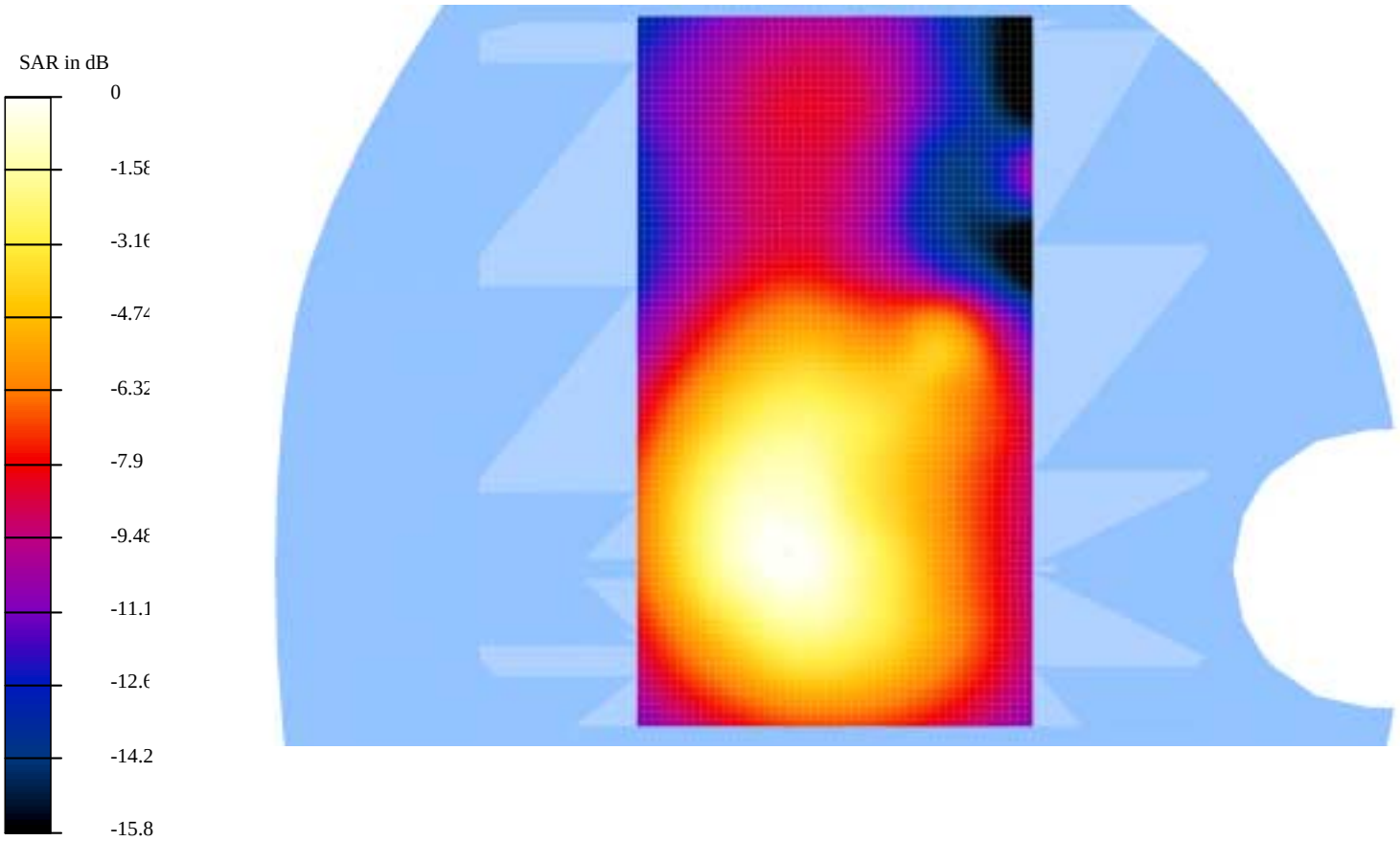
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b42A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Body worn; HDC-5; T = 21.7 °C; worst case extrapolation

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: muscle 1900 MHz (σ = 1.5447 mho/m, ε = 51.728, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1128
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 23.2 V/m
Peak SAR = 2.12 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.555 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



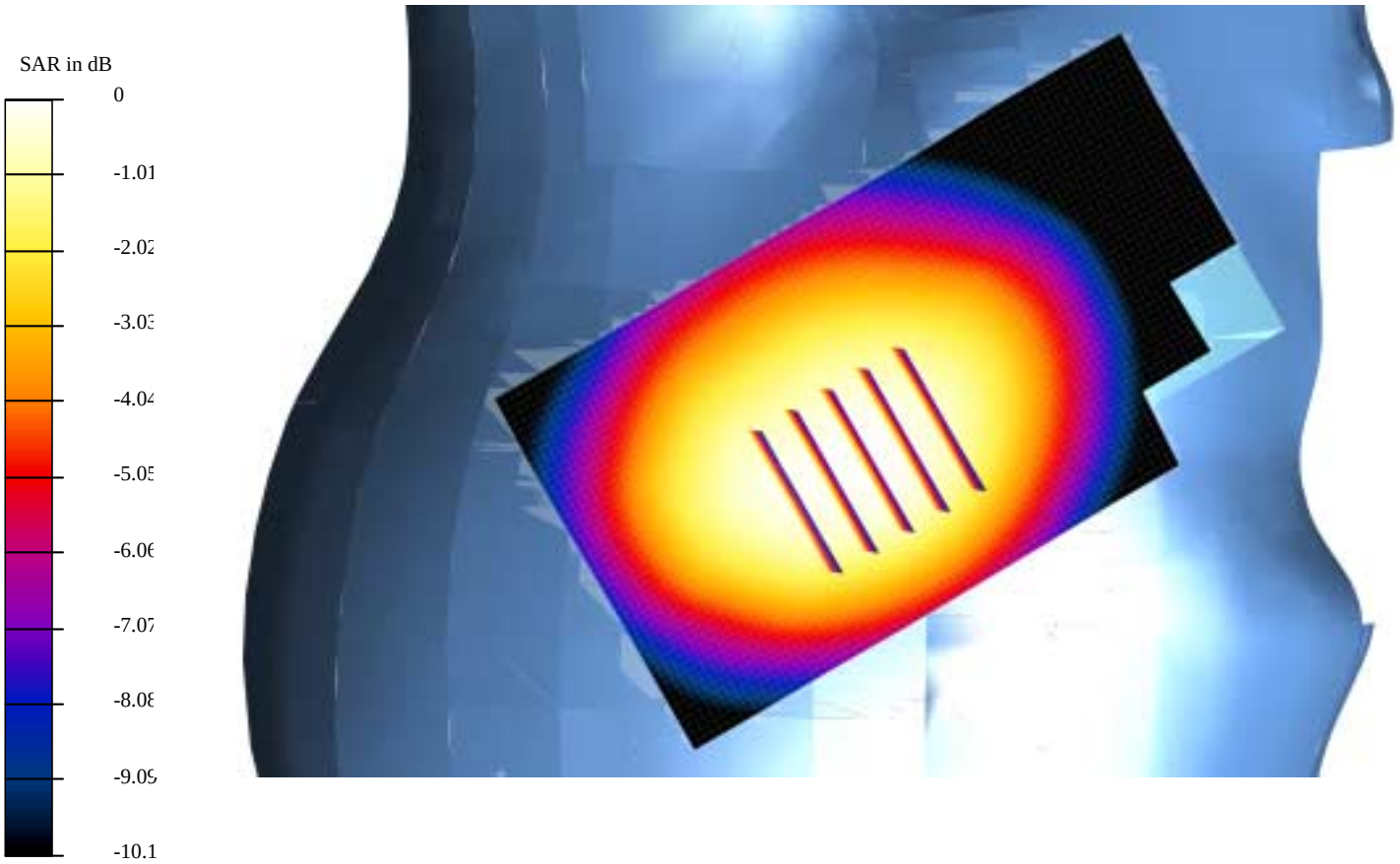
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b13A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Cheek; T = 22.4 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.896214 mho/m, ε = 39.6243, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 34.1 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.81 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 1.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.809 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/15/03 12:29:15

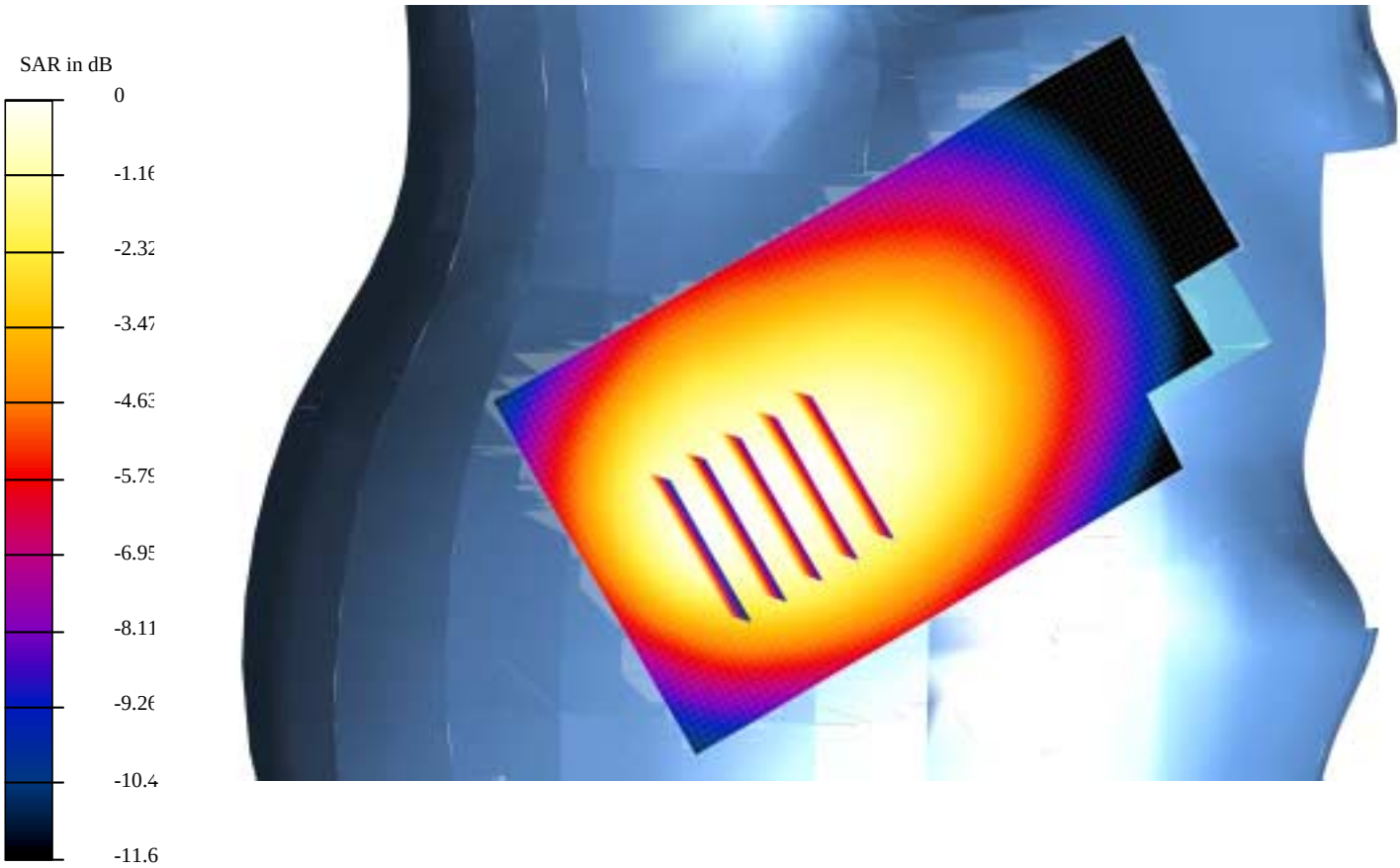
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b55A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Right hand; Tilted; T = 22.4 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.903356 mho/m, ε = 39.6756, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: RightSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 30.3 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.37 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.778 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.523 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.2 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



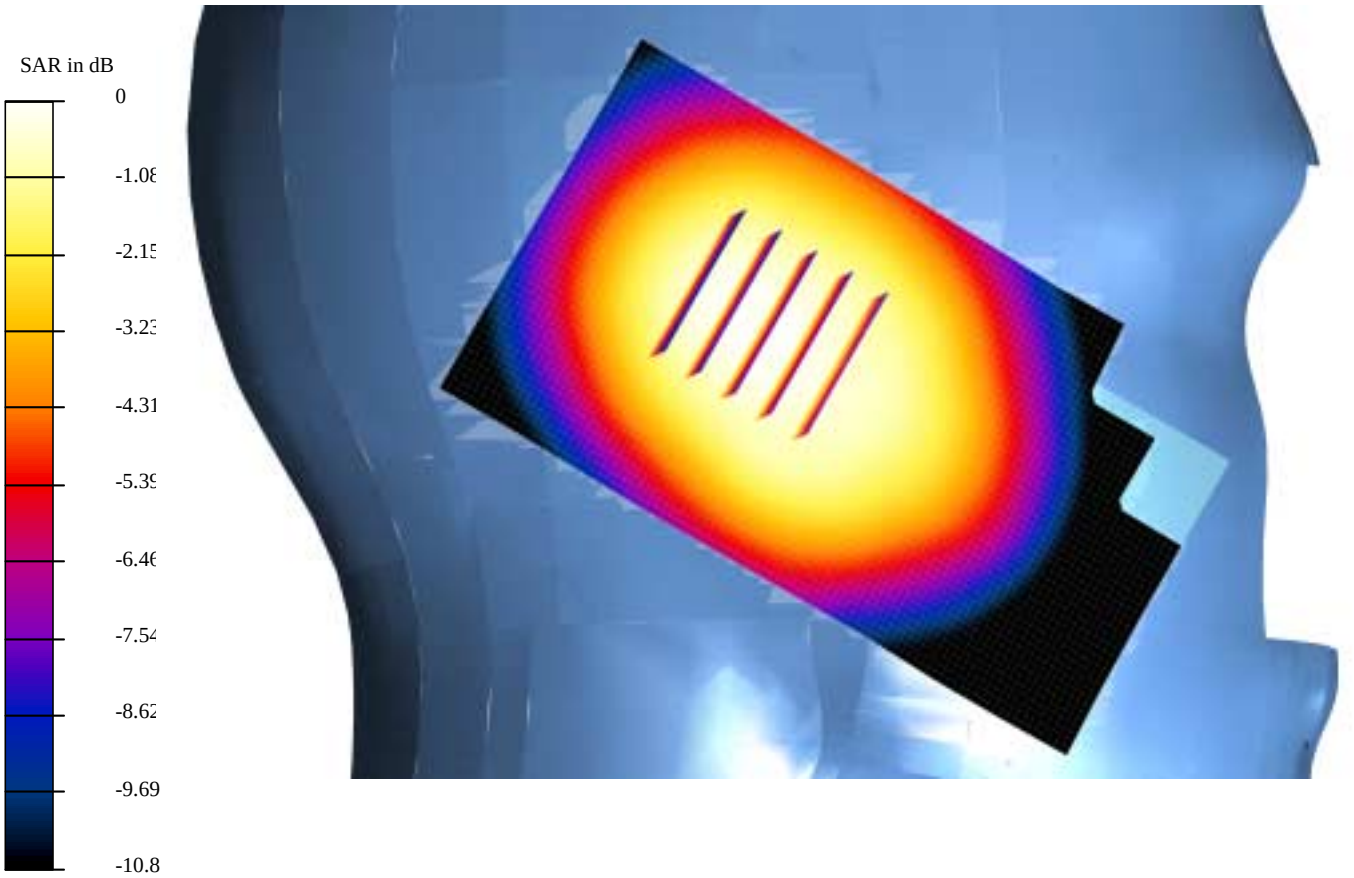
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b26A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Cheek; T = 22.4 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: TDMA 836; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.905842 mho/m, ε = 39.938, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 30.1 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.51 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.916 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.623 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.009 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



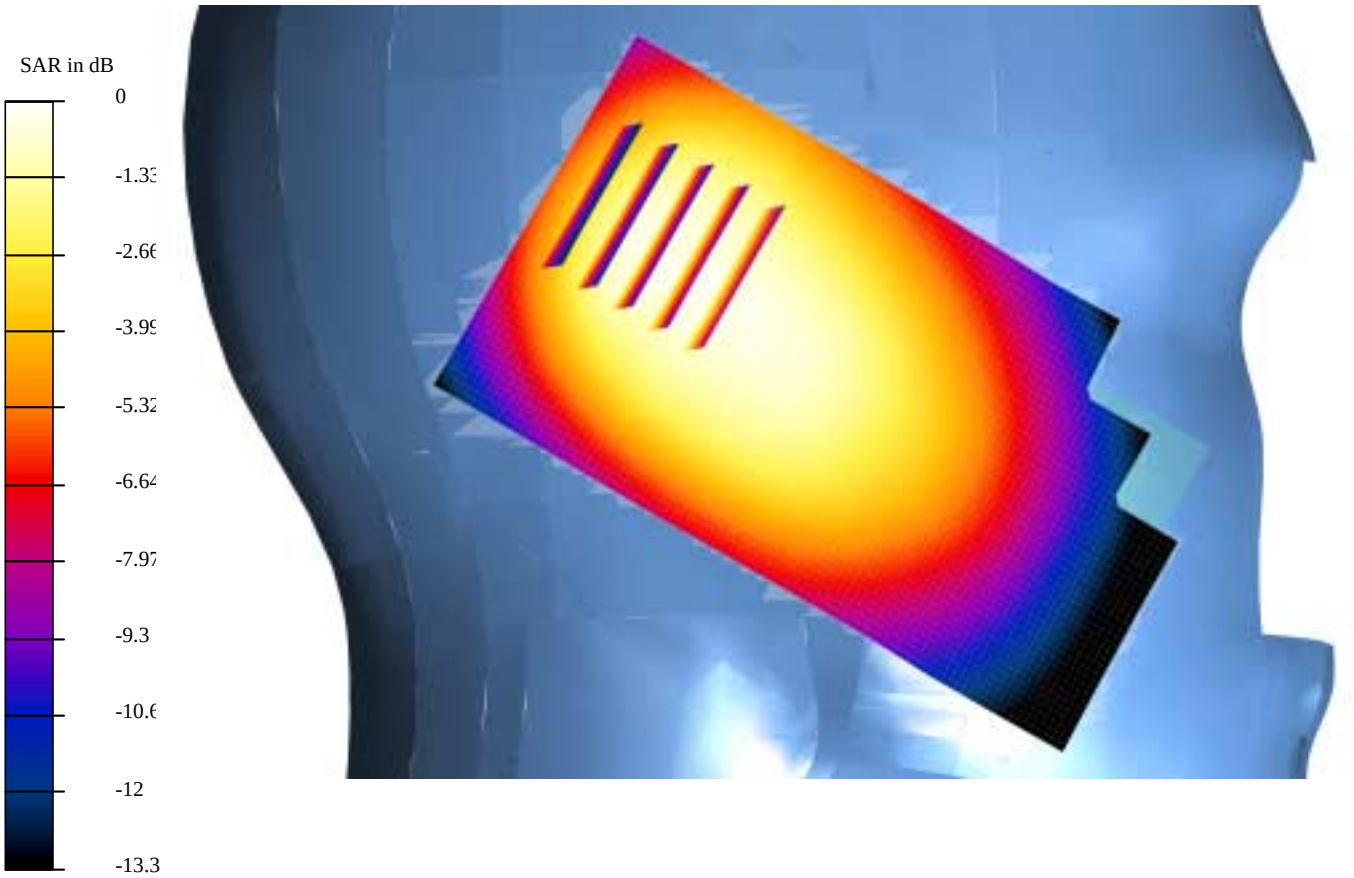
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b56A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Tilted; T = 22.4 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: TDMA 800; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 835 MHz (σ = 0.903356 mho/m, ε = 39.6756, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 22.6 V/m
Peak SAR = 0.826 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



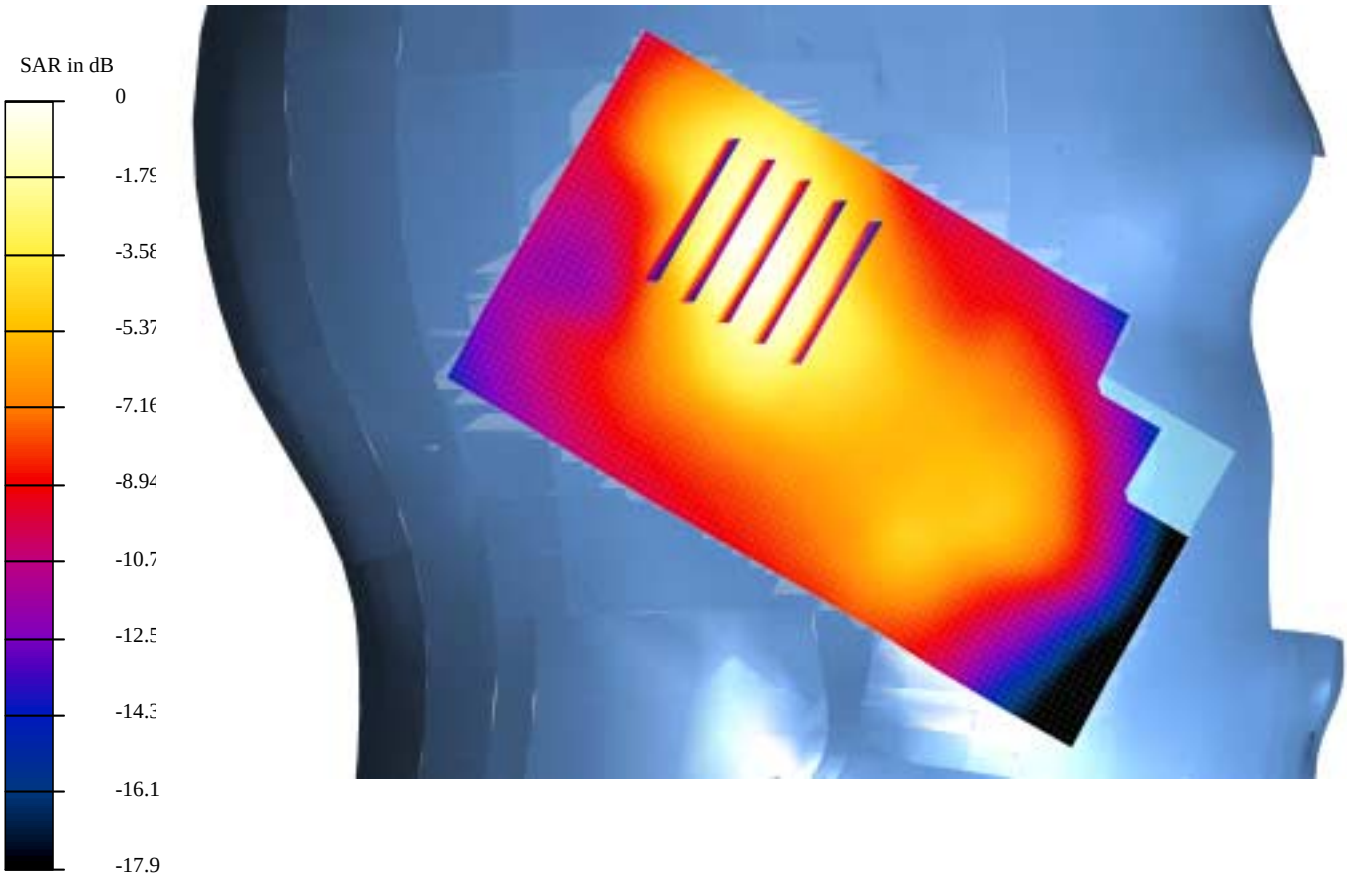
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b39A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Cheek; T = 21.3 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.4252 mho/m, ε = 39.2218, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 15.4 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.35 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.682 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/03/03 12:26:07

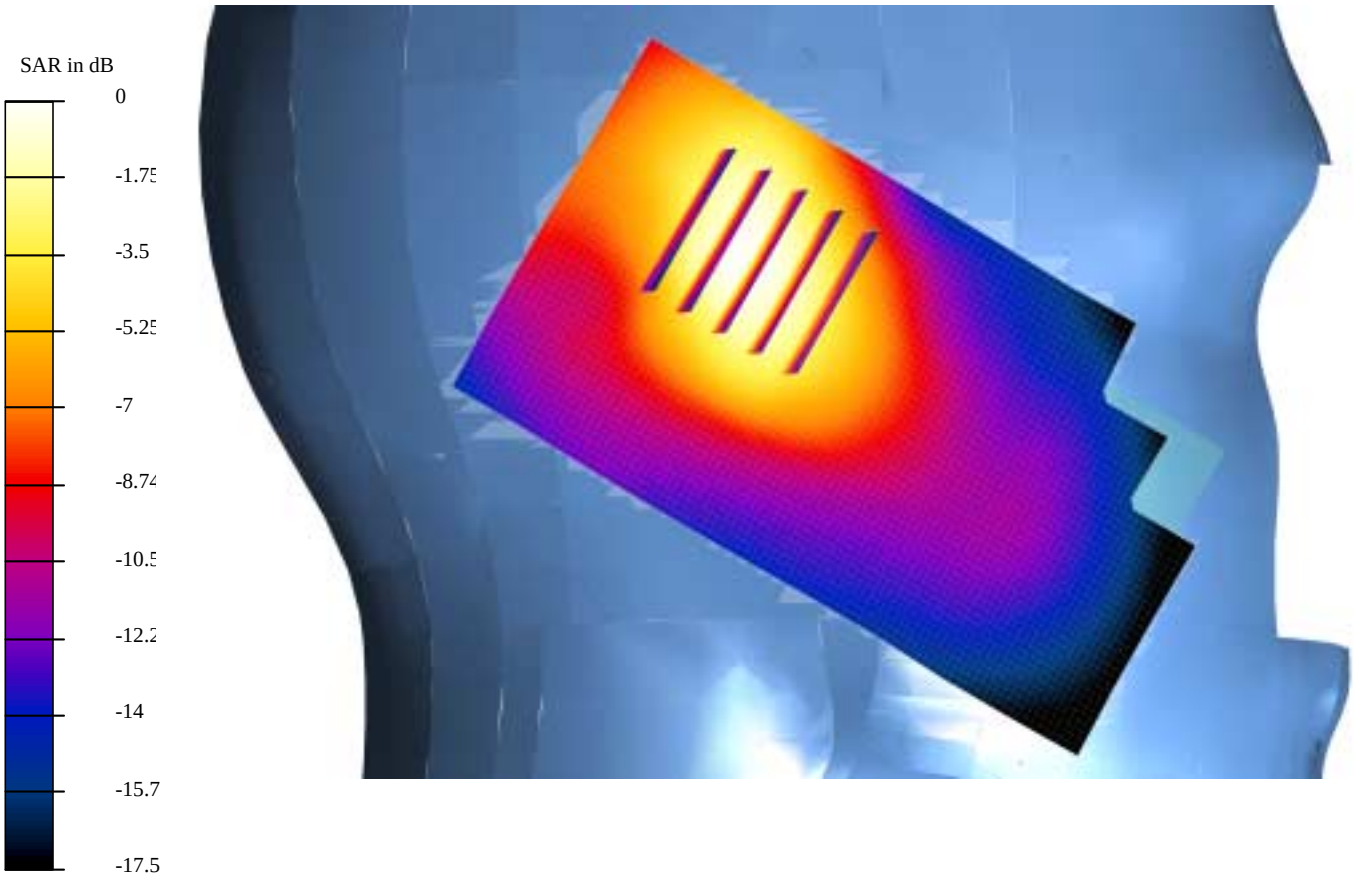
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b40A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Left hand; Tilted; T = 21.3 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Head 1900 MHz (σ = 1.4252 mho/m, ε = 39.2218, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: LeftSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1003
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 18.5 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.52 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.762 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.403 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/15/03 12:56:40

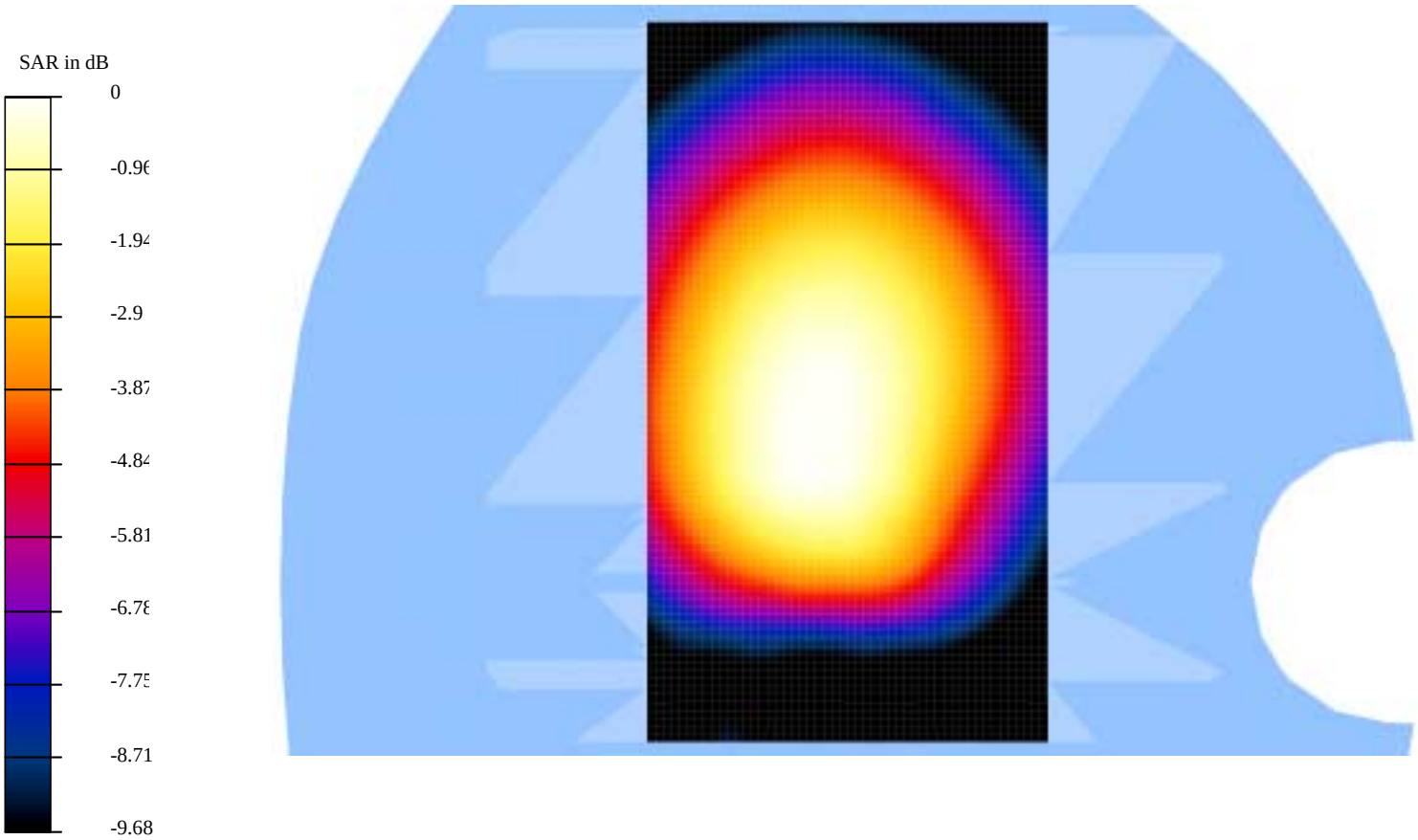
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b54A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Body worn; HDC-5; T = 21.9 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: AMPS; Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 850 MHz (σ = 0.939776 mho/m, ε = 55.2275, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 21.1 V/m
Peak SAR = 1.36 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.913 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.633 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



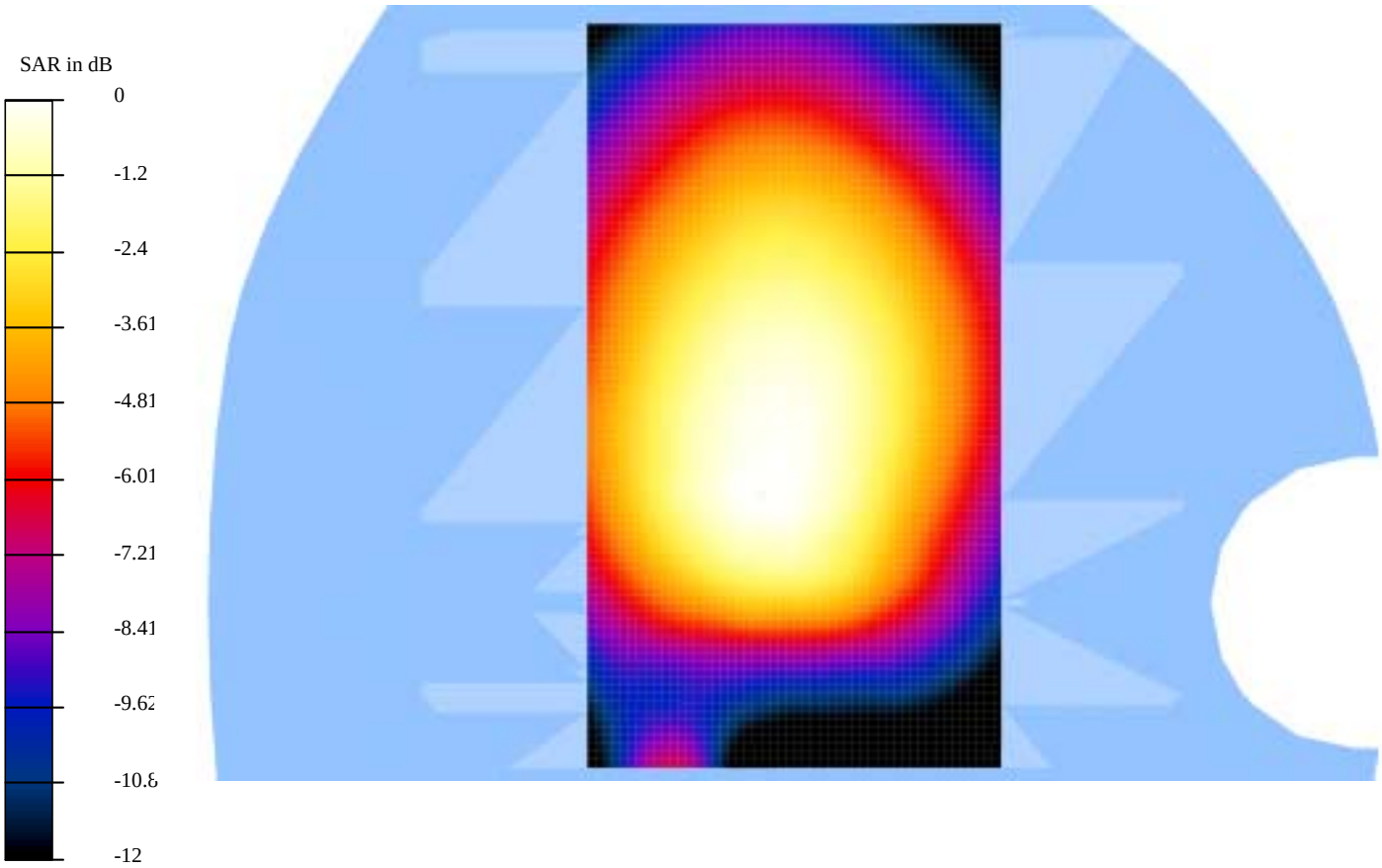
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b49A.da4

DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Body worn; HDC-5; T = 22.2 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

Communication System: TDMA 800; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: Muscle 850 MHz (σ = 0.939792 mho/m, ε = 55.8396, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1142
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 15.4 V/m
Peak SAR = 0.693 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.448 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm



Date/Time: 04/15/03 12:38:54

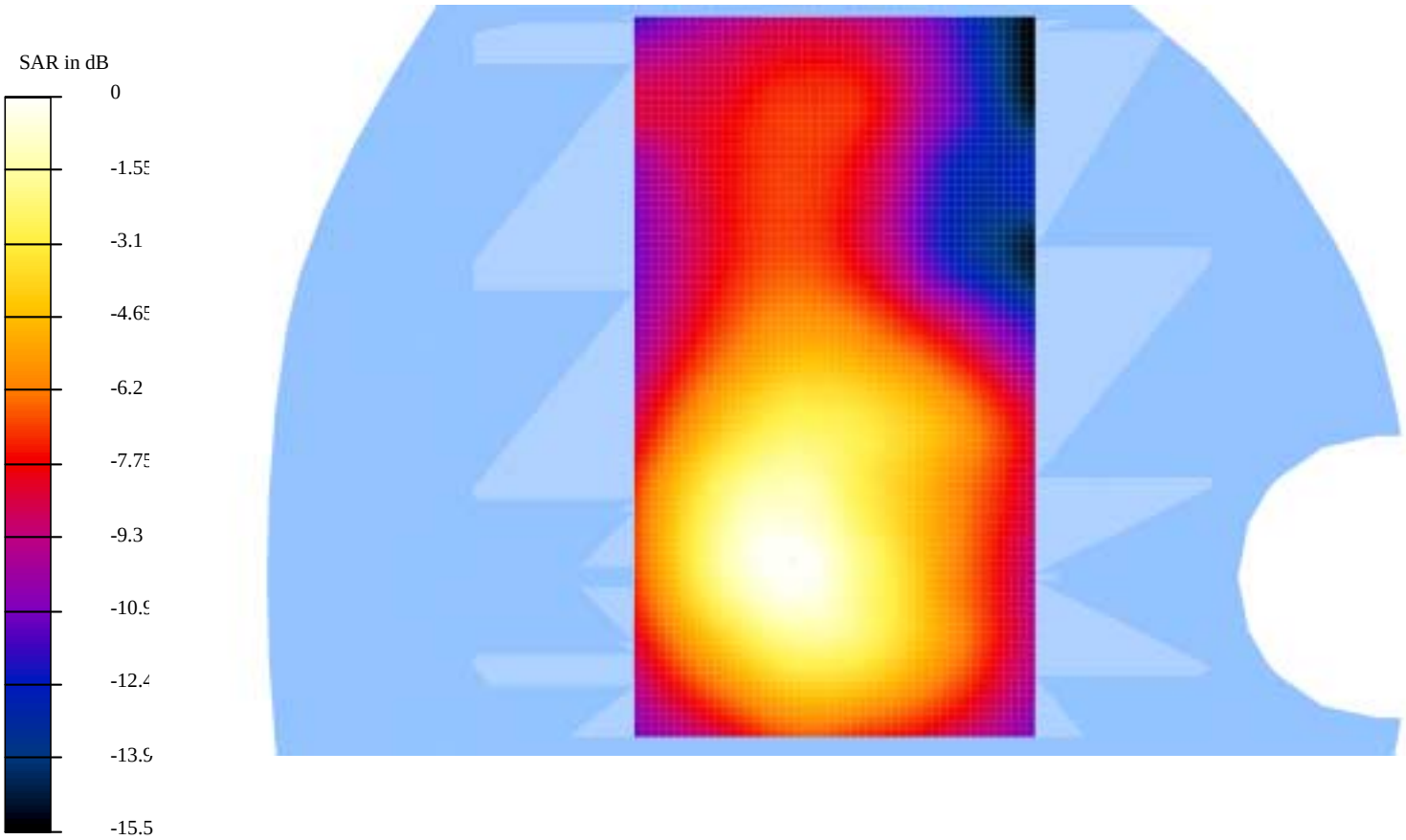
Test Laboratory: NOKIA Oulu; DTX06891-EN
File Name: b44A.da4

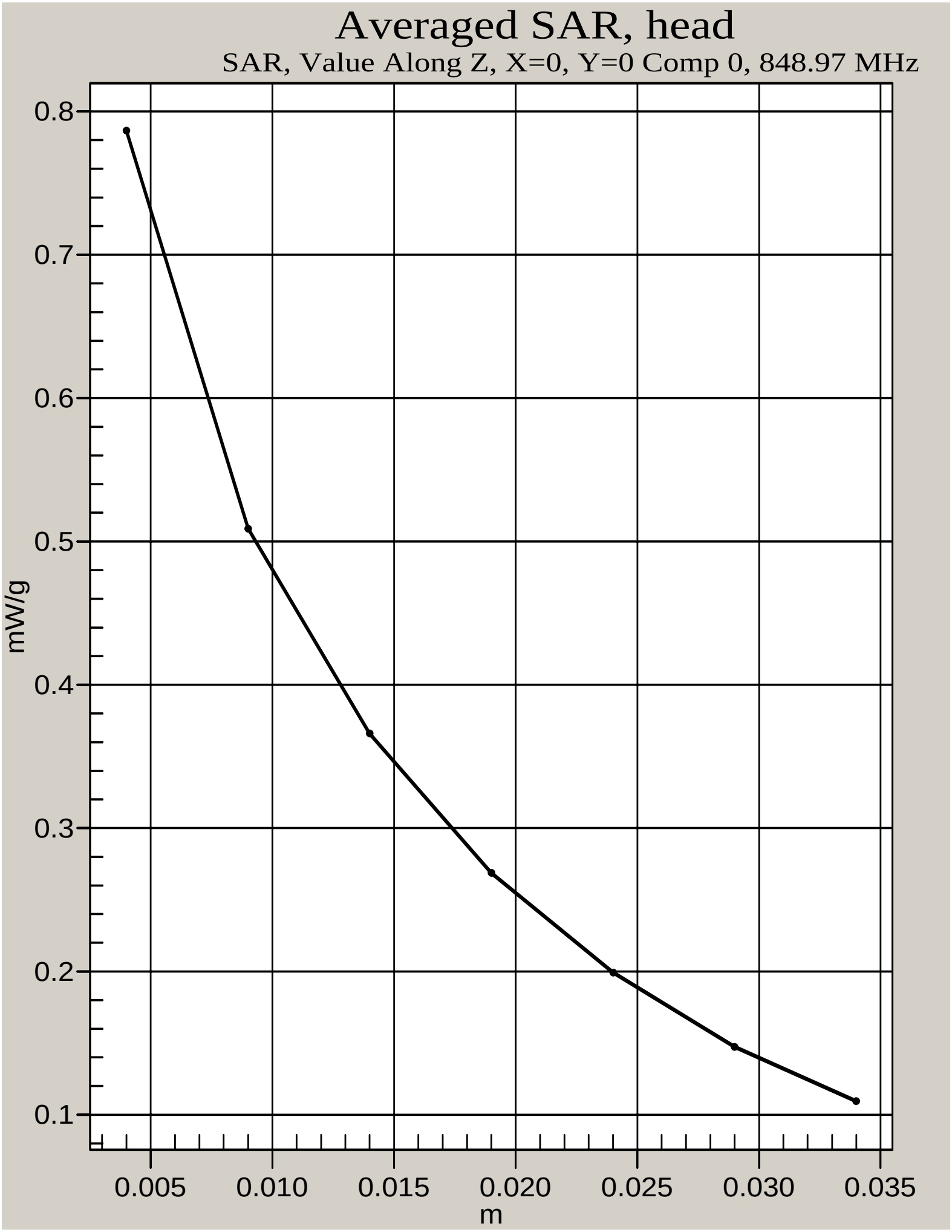
DUT: GMLRH-41 Type & Serial Number: 07201965418
Program: Body worn; HDC-5; T = 21.8 °C; worst case extrapolation; optional battery BLC-2

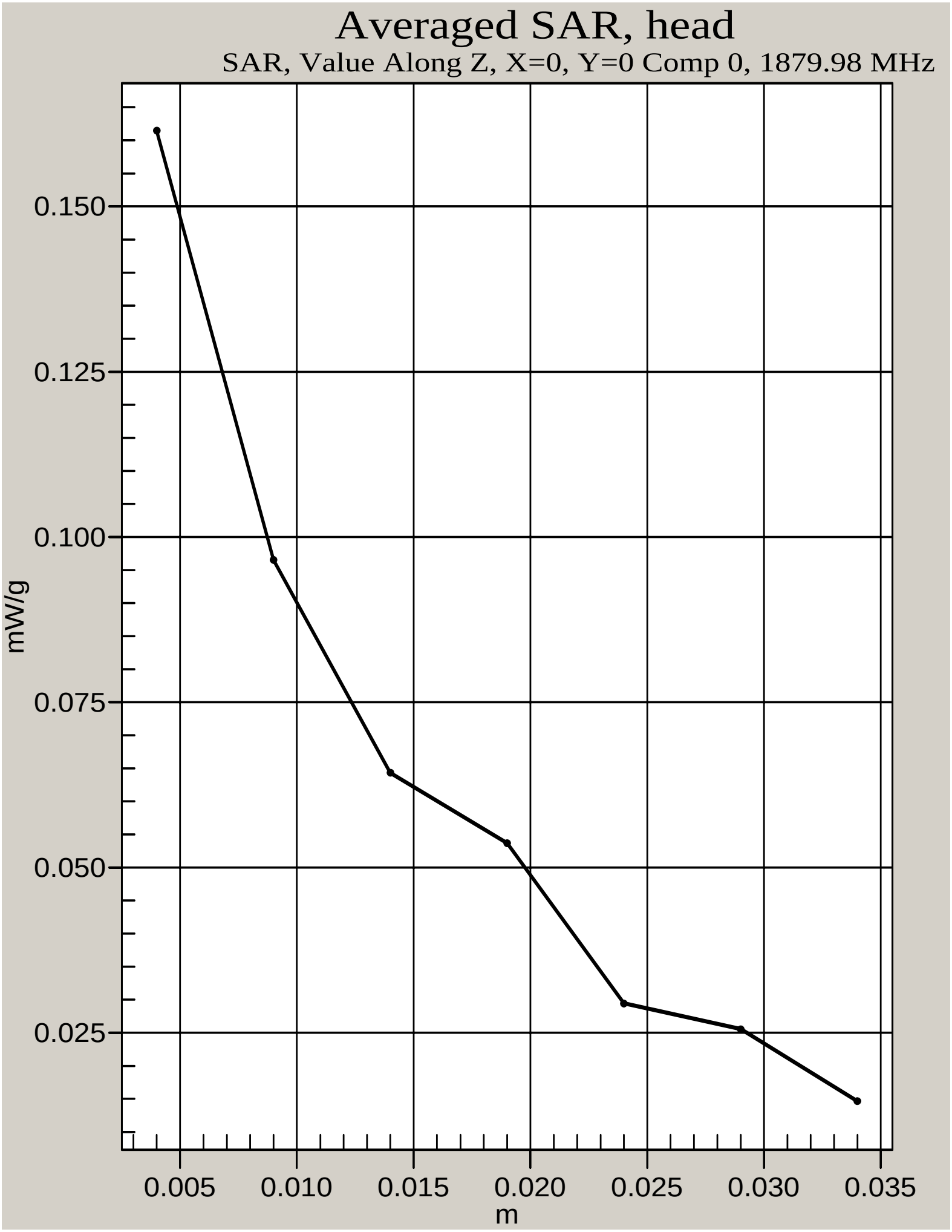
Communication System: TDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:3
Medium: muscle 1900 MHz (σ = 1.5447 mho/m, ε = 51.728, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1381; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 21.10.2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn371; Calibrated: 18.10.2002
- Phantom: SAM - TP:TP-1128
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm
Reference Value = 23 V/m
Peak SAR = 2.04 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.964 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.528 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

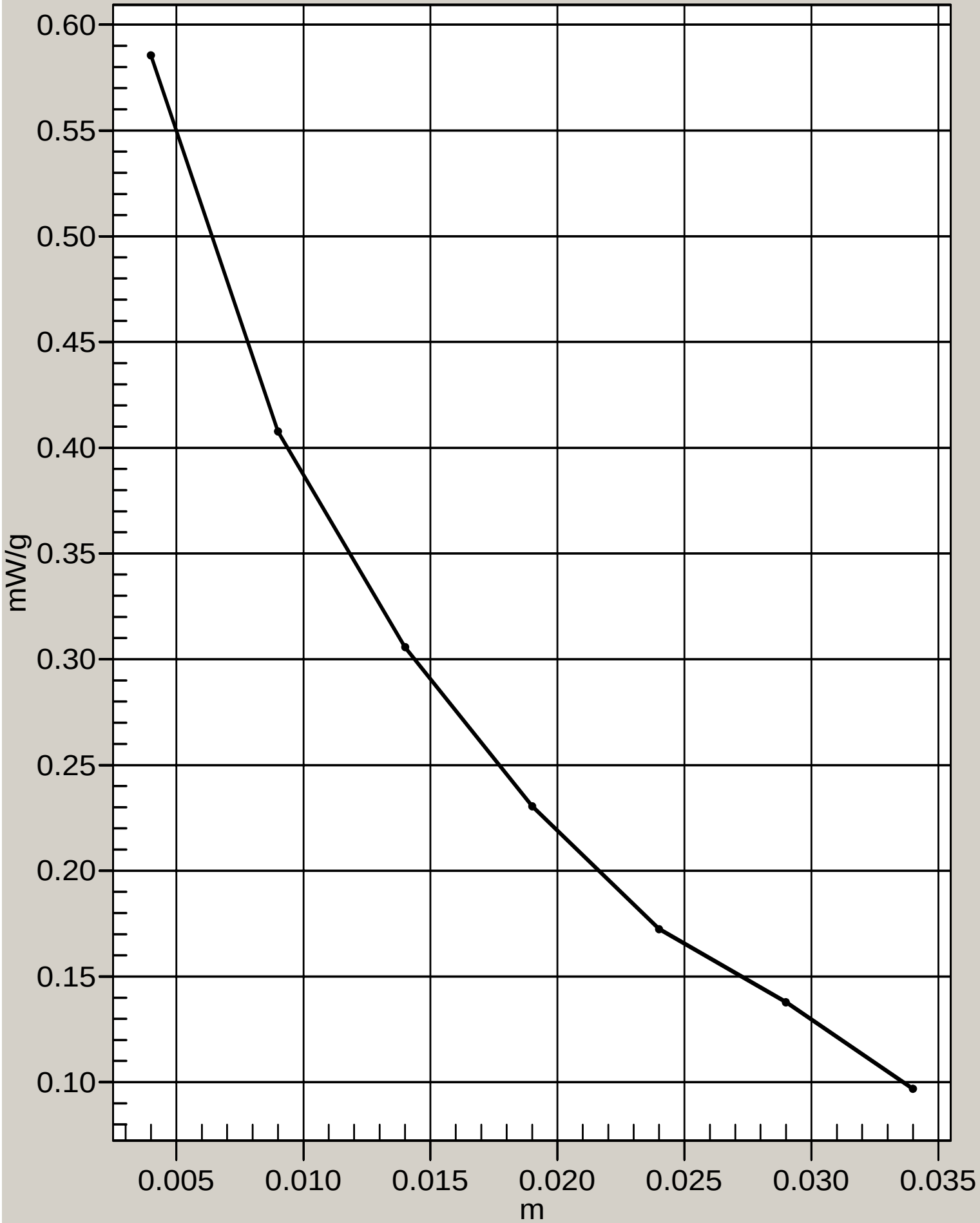



Averaged SAR, head
SAR, Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 Comp 0, 848.97 MHz
0.8
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
mW/g
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m


Averaged SAR, head
SAR, Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 Comp 0, 1879.98 MHz
0.150
0.125
0.100
0.075
0.050
0.025
mW/g
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

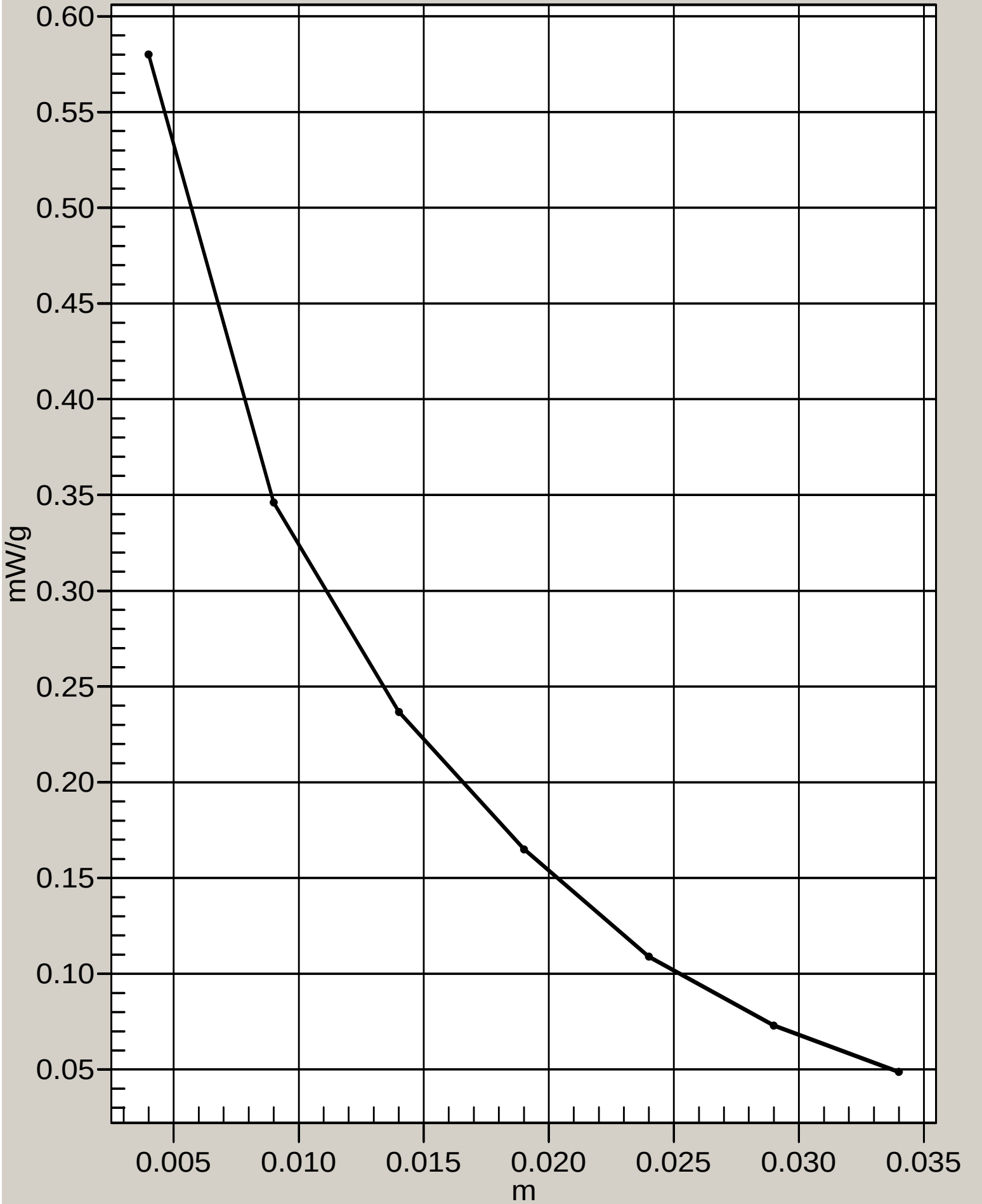
Averaged SAR, body worn

SAR, Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 Comp 0, 848.97 MHz



Averaged SAR, body worn

SAR, Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 Comp 0, 1879.98 MHz



APPENDIX C.

Calibration Certificate(s)

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

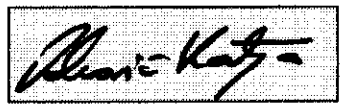
Calibration Certificate

Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	**ET3DV6**
Serial Number:	**1381**
Place of Calibration:	**Zurich**
Date of Calibration:	**October 21, 2002**
Calibration Interval:	**12 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:	
Approved by:	

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Telephone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1381

Manufactured:	September 18, 1999
Last calibration:	October 25, 2001
Recalibrated:	October 21, 2002

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1381

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	**1.57**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormY	**1.69**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormZ	**1.78**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Diode Compression

DCP X	**95**	mV
DCP Y	**95**	mV
DCP Z	**95**	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head **835 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.90 ± 5% mho/m**
Head **900 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**6.3** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**6.3** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.43**
ConvF Z	**6.3** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.44**

Head **1880 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**
Head **1800 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**5.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**5.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.61**
ConvF Z	**5.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.32**

Boundary Effect

Head **835 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.0	6.1
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.4	0.6

Head **1880 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

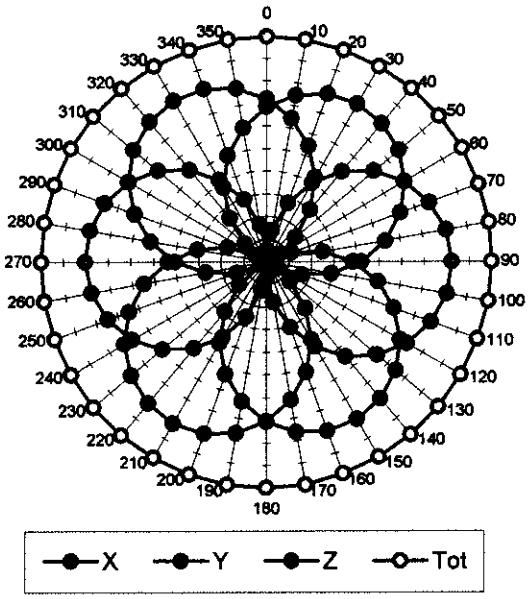
Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	13.9	8.9
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.2

Sensor Offset

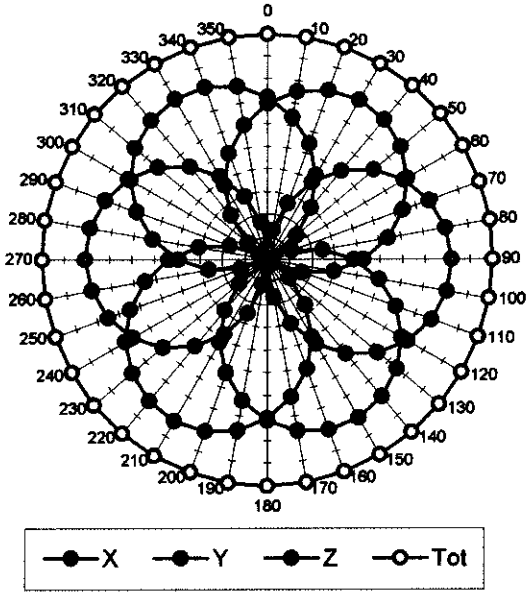
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	**2.7**	mm
Optical Surface Detection	**1.6 ± 0.2**	mm

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°

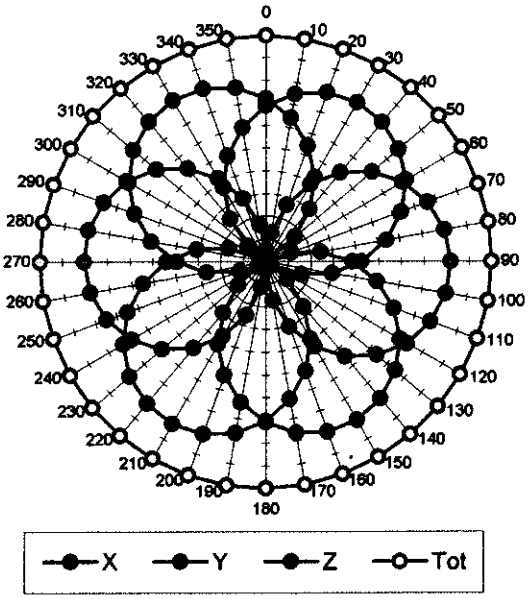
f = 30 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



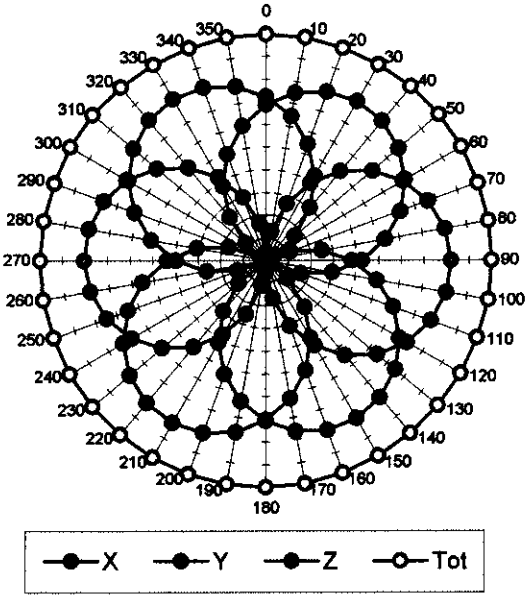
f = 100 MHz, TEM cell ifi110

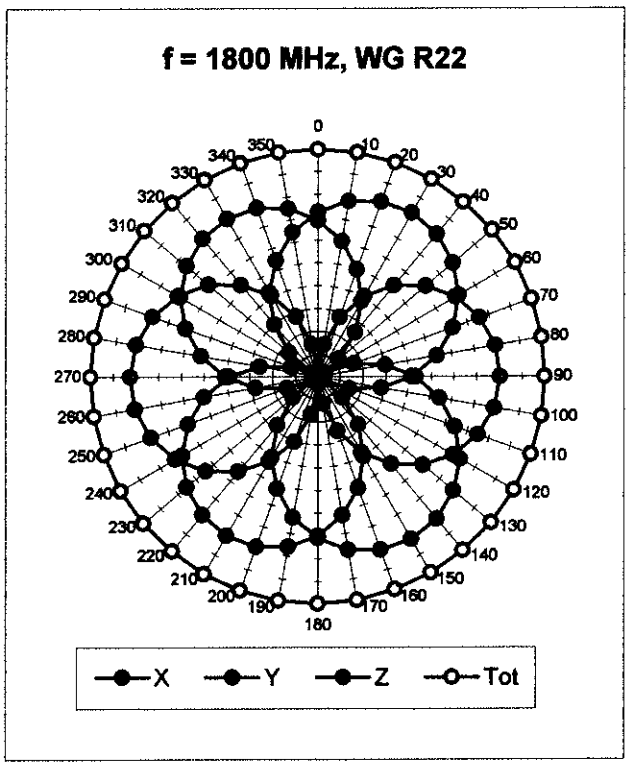


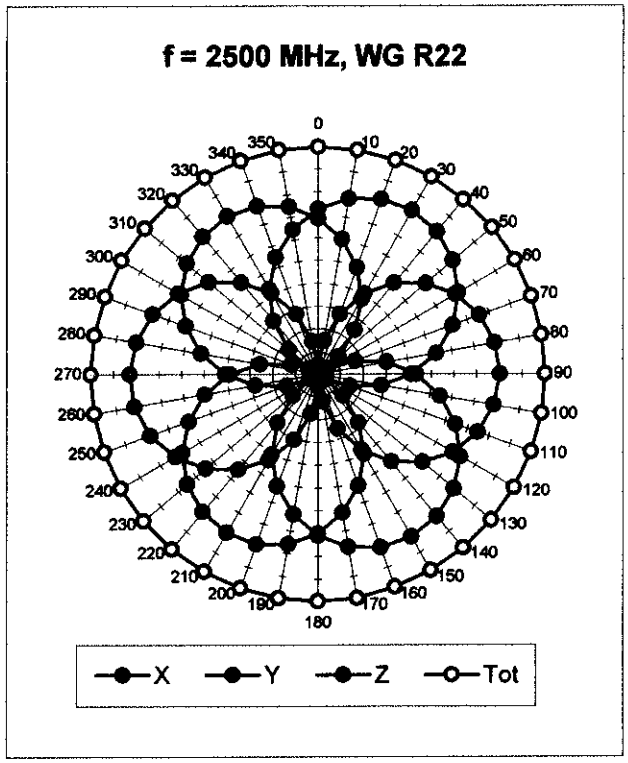
f = 300 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



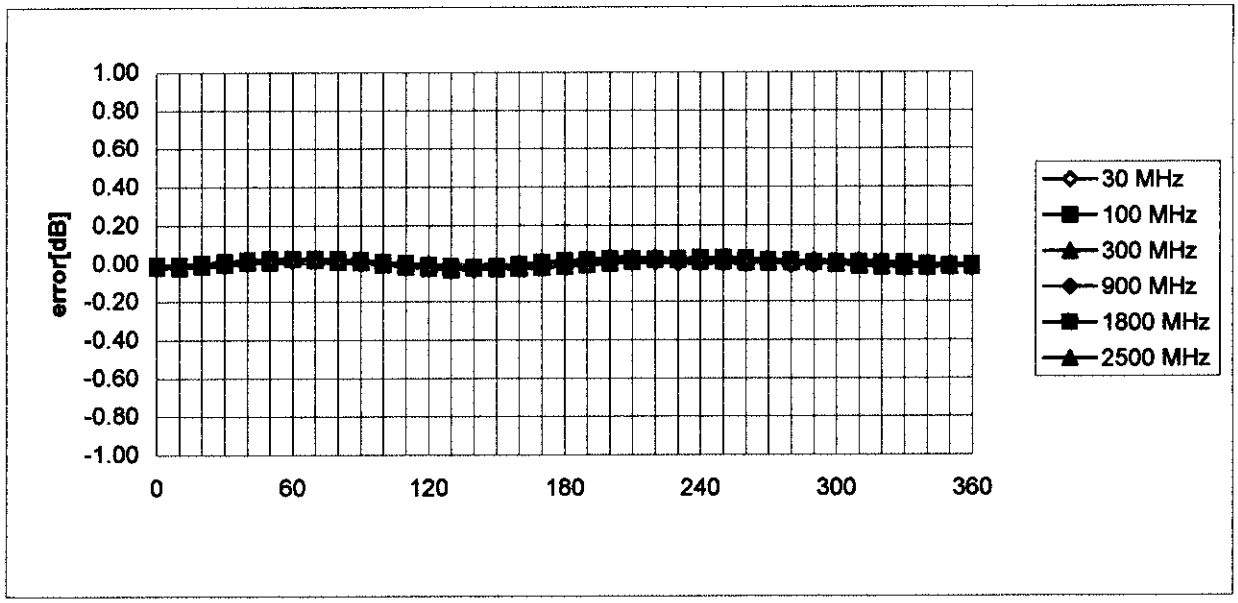
f = 900 MHz, TEM cell ifi110





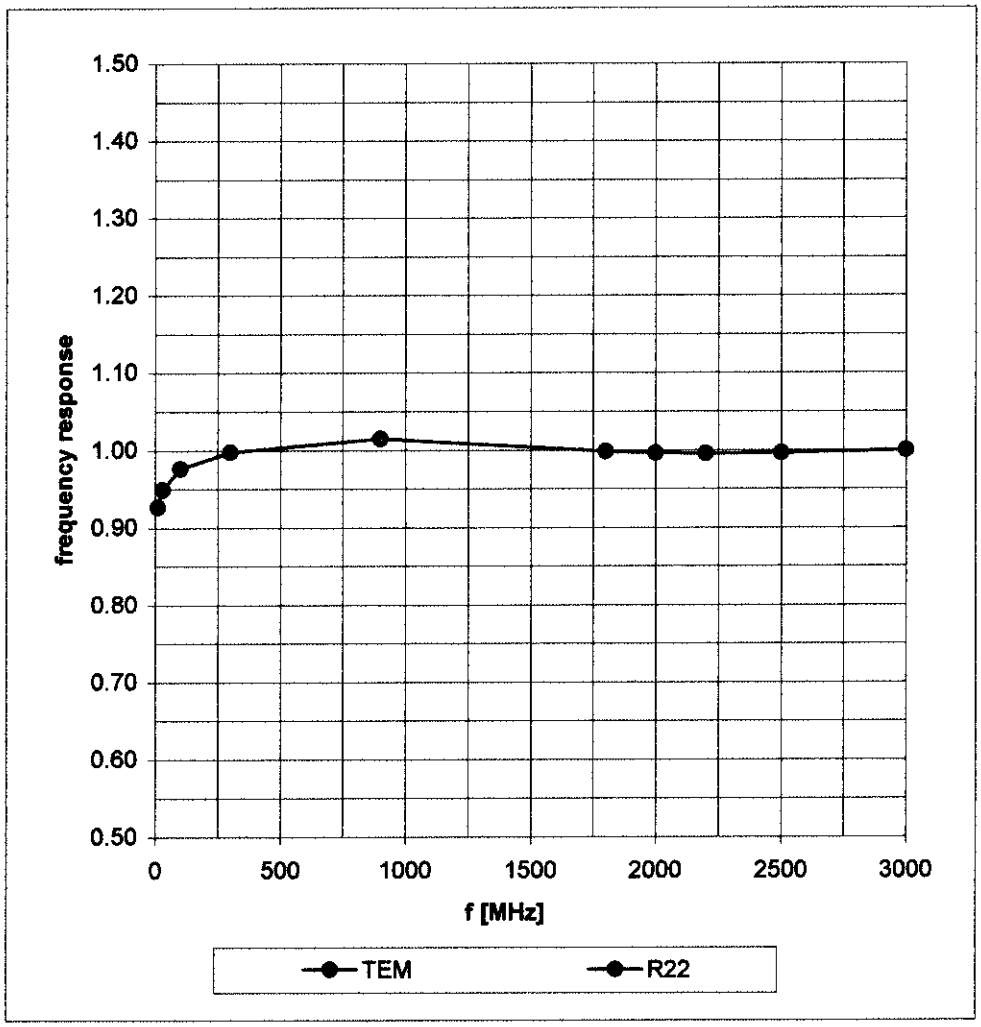


Isotropy Error (ϕ), θ = 0°



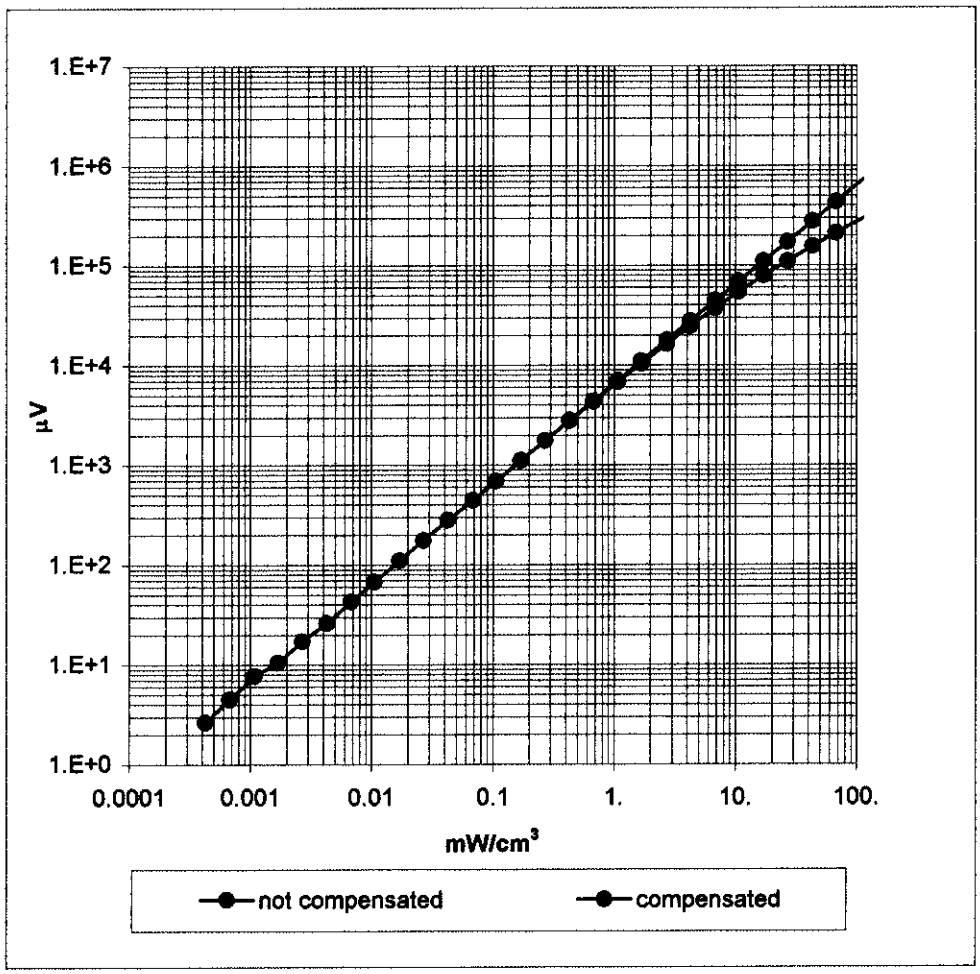
Frequency Response of E-Field

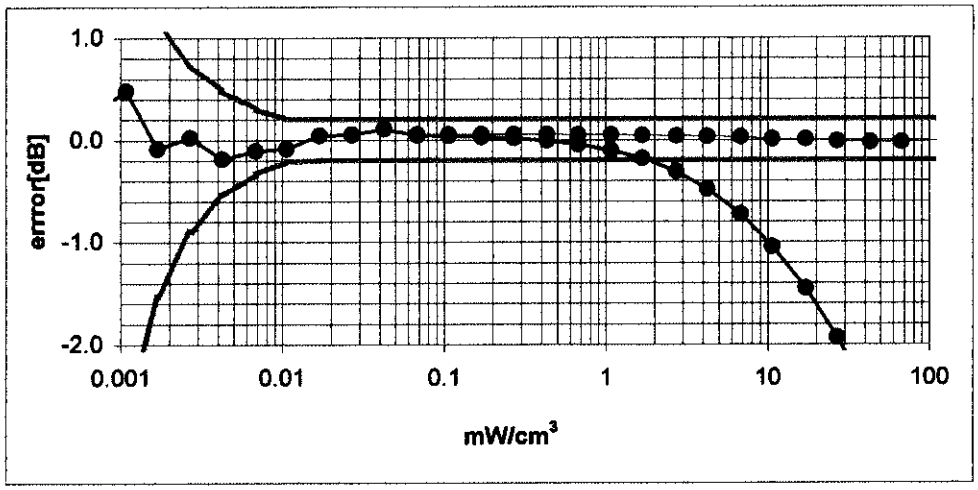
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



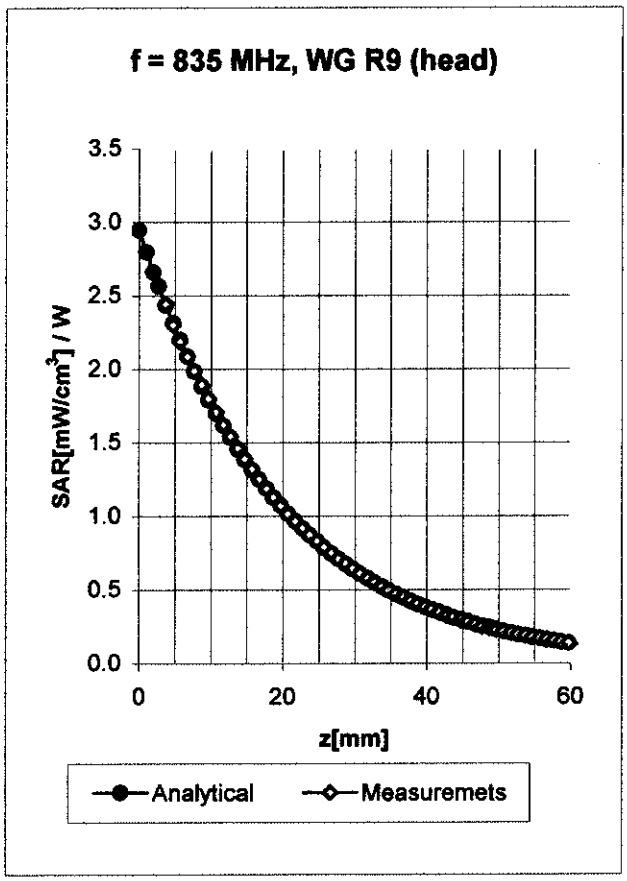
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

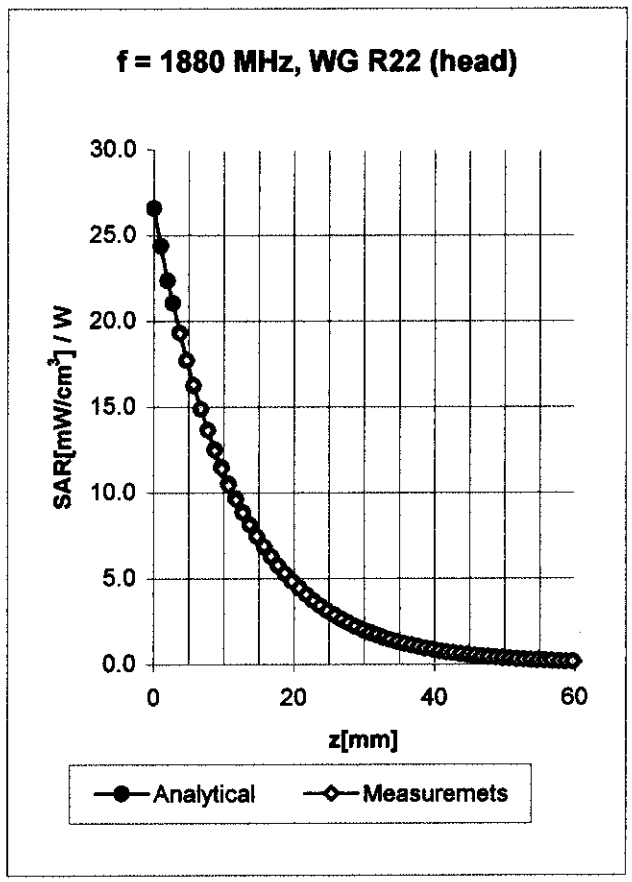
(Waveguide R22)





Conversion Factor Assessment

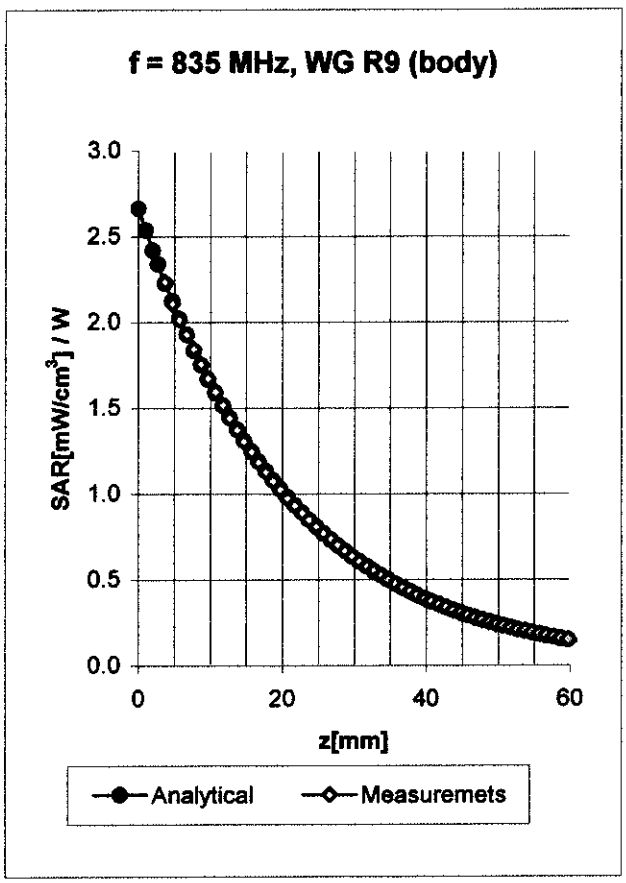


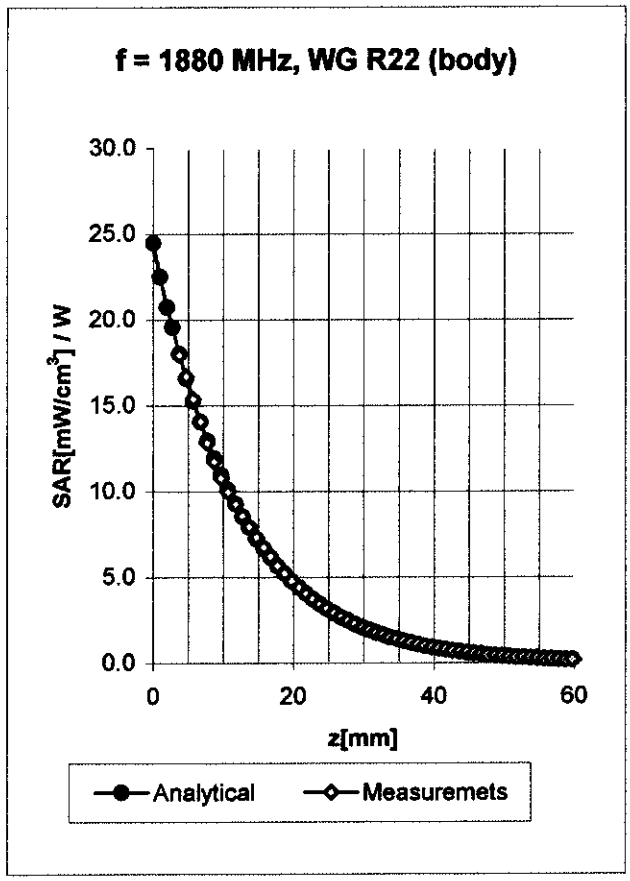


Head	**835 MHz**	ε_r = **41.5 ± 5%**	σ = **0.90 ± 5% mho/m**	
Head	**900 MHz**	ε_r = **41.5 ± 5%**	σ = **0.97 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**6.3** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**6.3** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.43**
	ConvF Z	**6.3** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.44**

Head	**1880 MHz**	ε_r = **40.0 ± 5%**	σ = **1.40 ± 5% mho/m**	
Head	**1800 MHz**	ε_r = **40.0 ± 5%**	σ = **1.40 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**5.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**5.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.61**
	ConvF Z	**5.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.32**

Conversion Factor Assessment

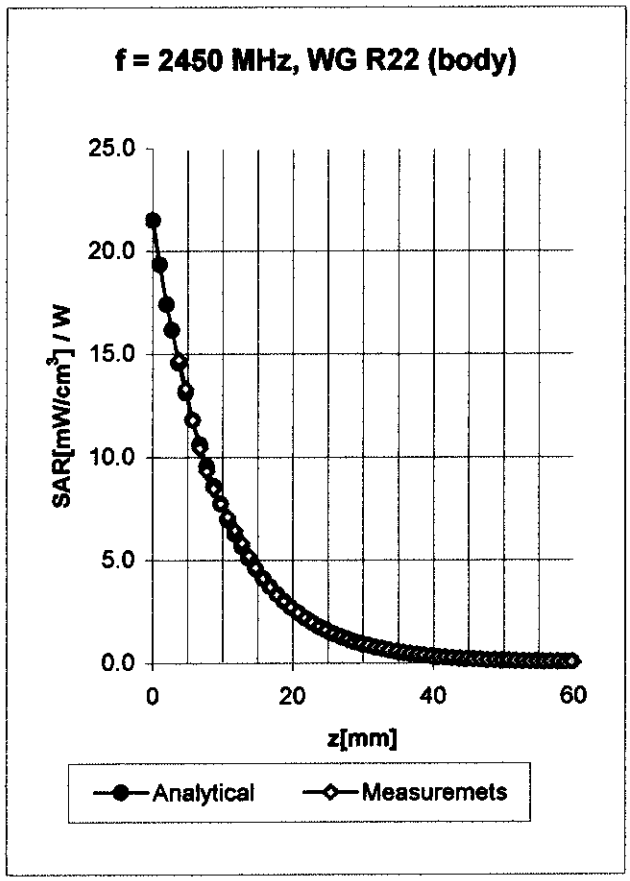




Body	**835 MHz**	ε_r = **55.2 ± 5%**	σ = **0.97 ± 5% mho/m**	
Body	**900 MHz**	ε_r = **55.0 ± 5%**	σ = **1.05 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**6.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**6.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.49**
	ConvF Z	**6.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.35**

Body	**1880 MHz**	ε_r = **53.3 ± 5%**	σ = **1.52 ± 5% mho/m**	
Body	**1800 MHz**	ε_r = **53.3 ± 5%**	σ = **1.52 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**4.9** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**4.9** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.81**
	ConvF Z	**4.9** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.07**

Conversion Factor Assessment

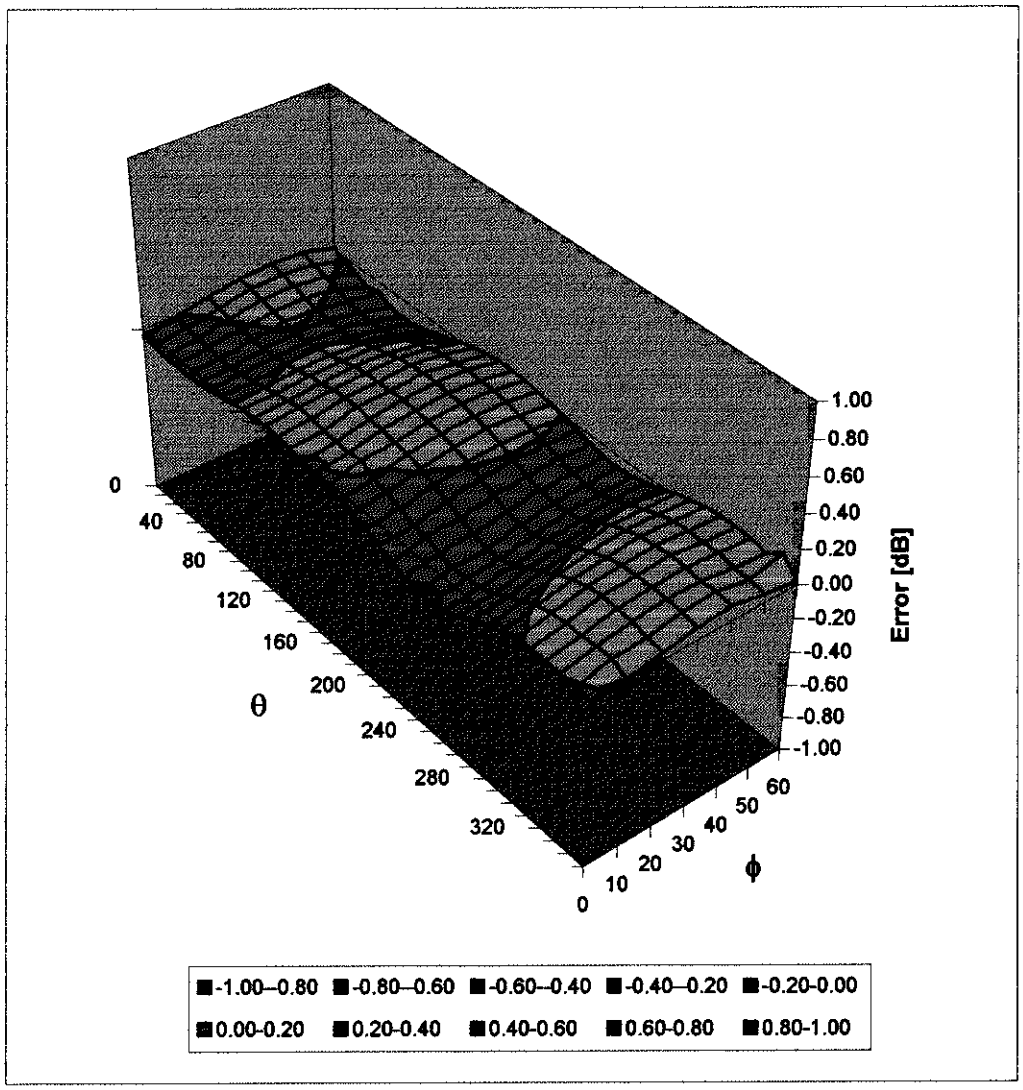


2450	**Body**	**MHz**	ε_r = **52.7 ± 5%**	σ = **1.95 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**4.5** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**4.5** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	**1.00**
ConvF Z	**4.5** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	**1.99**

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,φ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Nokia Mobile Phones (Oulu)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	D835V2 - SN:448
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	February 25, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Date issued: February 26, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D835V2

Serial: 448

Manufactured: October 24, 2001
Calibrated: February 25, 2003

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**41.5**	± 5%
Conductivity	**0.89 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.7 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	**9.72 mW/g** ± 17.5 % (k=2)[1]
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	**6.28 mW/g** ± 17.5 % (k=2)[1]

[1] validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	**1.386 ns**	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	**0.994**	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz:	Re{Z} = **50.7 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **-3.7 Ω**
Return Loss at 835 MHz	**-28.5 dB**

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**54.0**	± 5%
Conductivity	**0.96 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.3 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	**10.12 mW/g** ± 17.5 % $(k=2)^2$
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	**6.60 mW/g** ± 17.5 % $(k=2)^2$

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz:	Re{Z} = **45.8 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **-5.9 Ω**
Return Loss at 835 MHz	**-22.5 dB**

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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[2] validation uncertainty

Date/Time: 02/25/03 16:31:55

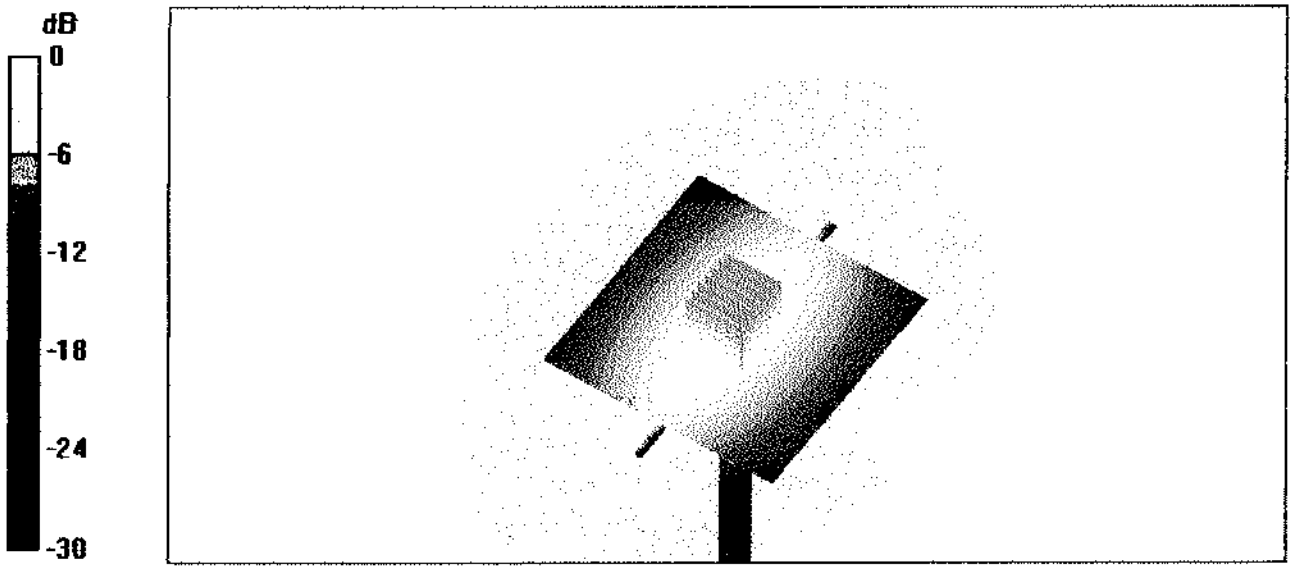
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN448_SN1507_HSL835_250203.da4

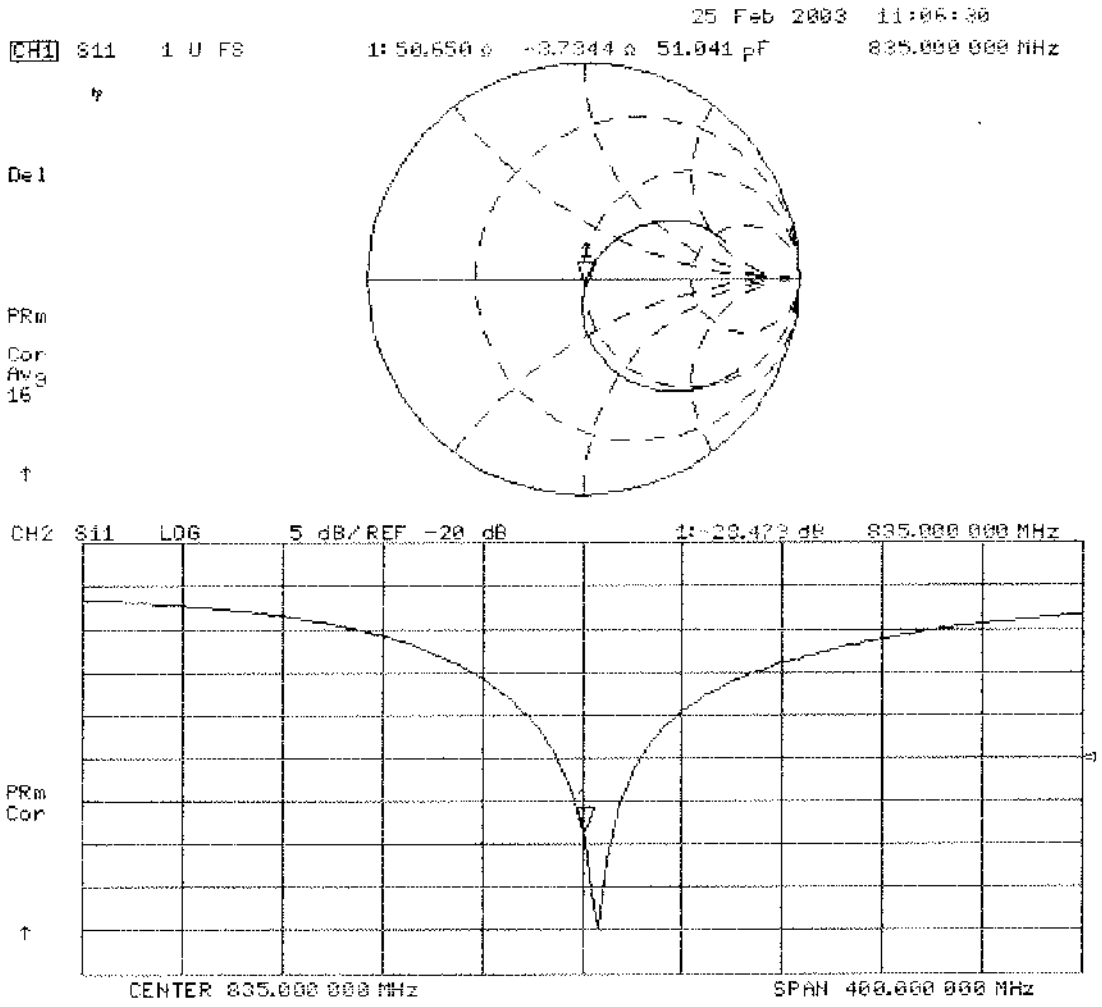
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: D835V2 - SN448
Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 835 MHz; (σ = 0.89 mho/m, ε_r = 41.5, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.4 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.57 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.0003 dB




25 Feb 2003 11:05:30
CH1 S11 1 U FS
1: 50.650 Ω -3.7344 Ω 51.041 pF
835.000 000 MHz
Del
PRm
Cor
Avg
16
CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/ REF -20 dB
1: -20.472 dB 835.000 000 MHz
PRm
Cor
CENTER 835.000 000 MHz
SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

Date/Time: 02/24/03 12:45:04

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN448_SN1507_M835_240203.da4

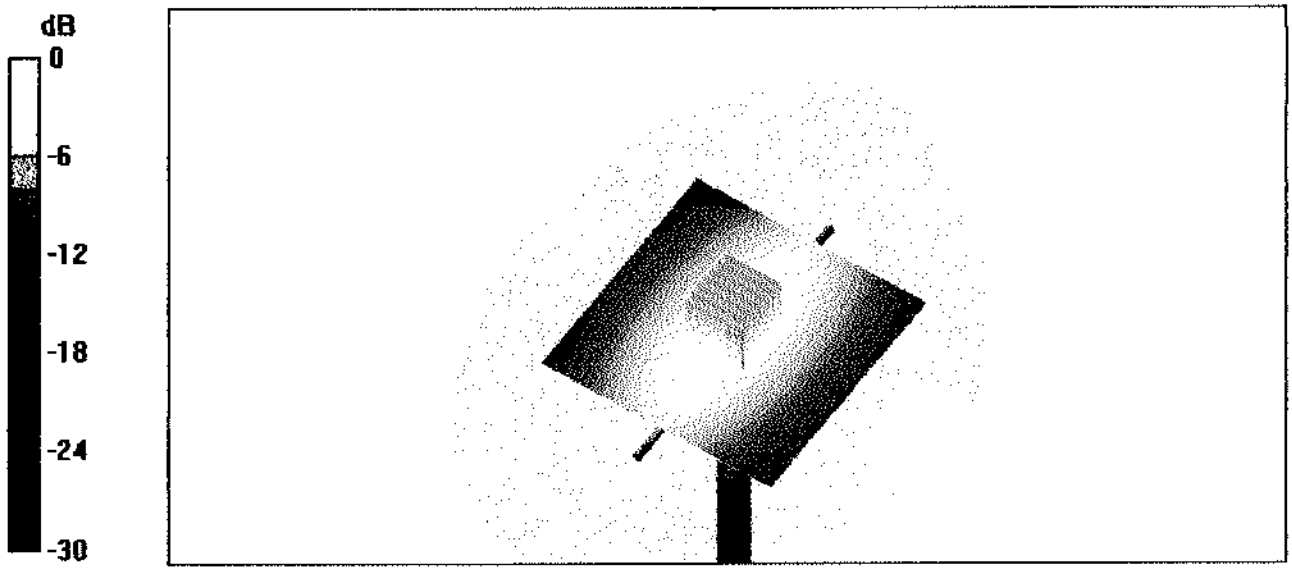
SN448_SN1507_M835_240203

Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 835 MHz; (σ = 0.96 mho/m, ε_r = 54, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- *Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006*
- Software: DASY4, V4.1 Build 21

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.8 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.01 dB



YV8
Body

24 Feb 2003 10:44:17

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 45.775 Ω -5.9809 Ω 32.411 pF 835.000 000 MHz

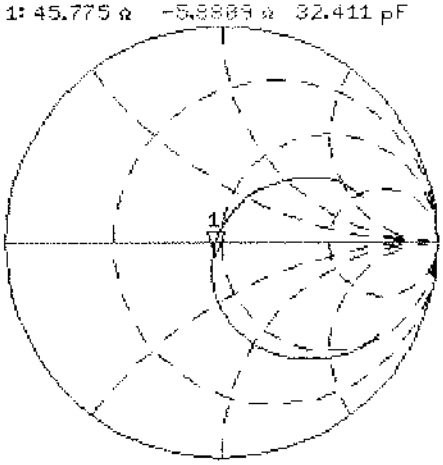
Del

PRm

Cor

Avg

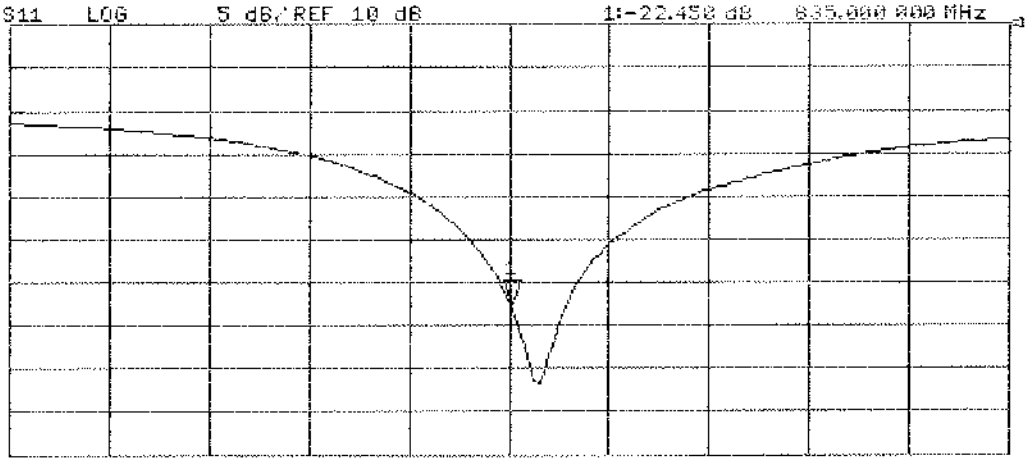
16



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/ REF 10 dB 1:-22.450 dB 835.000 000 MHz

PRm

Cor



START 635.000 000 MHz STOP 1 035.000 000 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Nokia Mobile Phones (Oulu)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	D1900V2 - SN:511
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	February 27, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	
Approved by:	Nikita Kuster	Quality Manager	

Date issued: February 27, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

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info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 511

Manufactured: October 20, 1999
Calibrated: February 27, 2003

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**38.6**	± 5%
Conductivity	**1.46 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.2 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	**41.2 mW/g** ± 17.5 % (k=2)[1]
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	**20.8 mW/g** ± 17.5 % (k=2)[1]

[1] validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	**1.187 ns**	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	**0.997**	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz:	Re{Z} = **48.8 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **0.9 Ω**
Return Loss at 1900 MHz	**-36.1 dB**

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**51.2**	± 5%
Conductivity	**1.59 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.8 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	**42.4 mW/g** ± 17.5 % $(k=2)^2$
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	**21.6 mW/g** ± 17.5 % $(k=2)^2$

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz:	Re{Z} = **45.1 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **1.7 Ω**
Return Loss at 1900 MHz	**-25.3 dB**

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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[2] validation uncertainty

Date/Time: 02/26/03 18:15:55

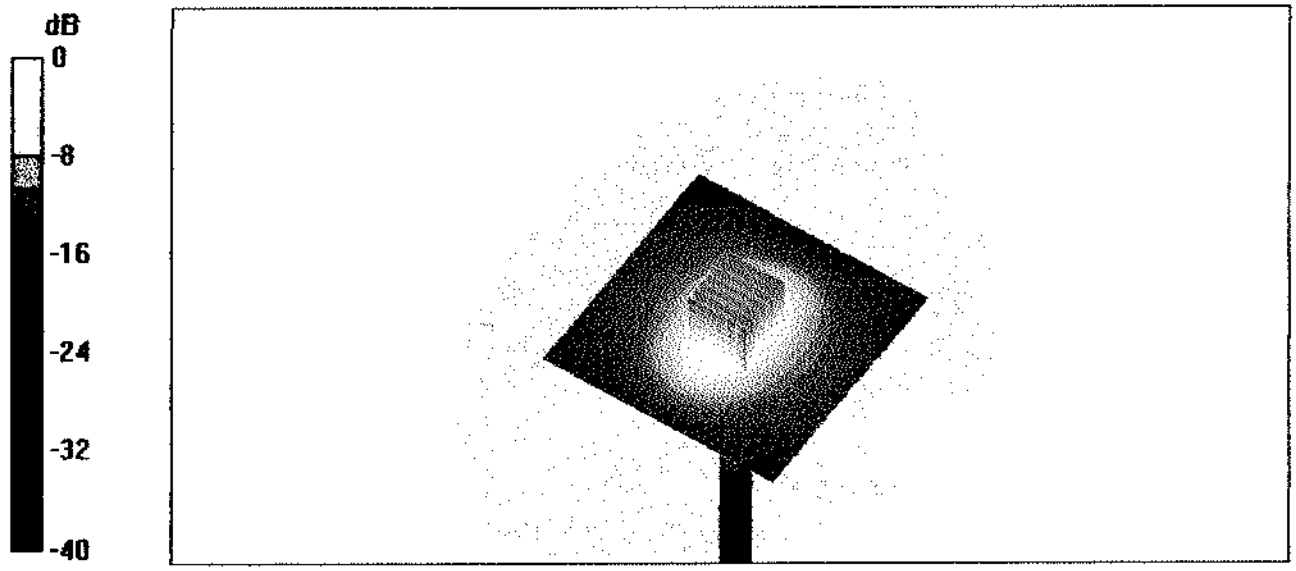
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN511_SN1507_HSL1900_260203.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: D1900V2 - SN511
Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 1900 MHz; (σ = 1.46 mho/m, ε_r = 38.6, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

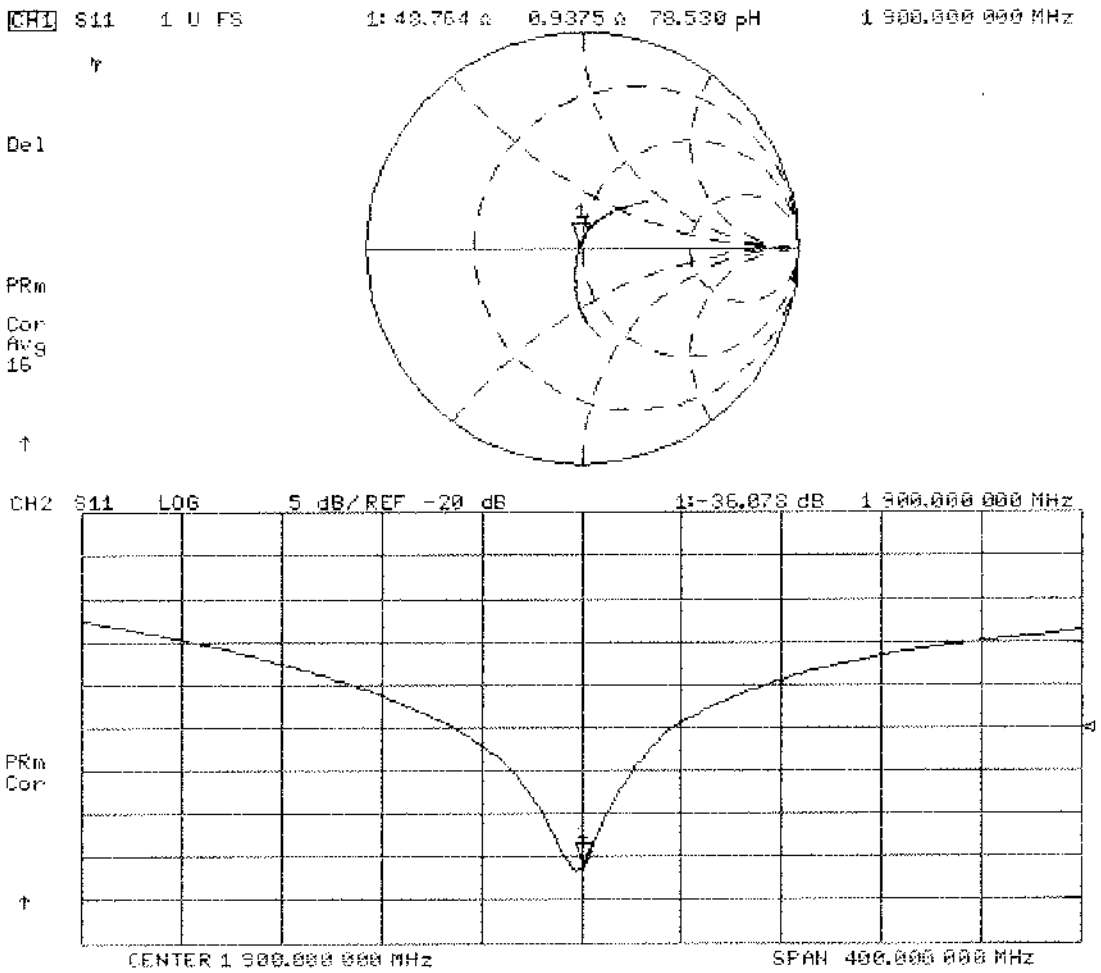
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 94.1 V/m
Peak SAR = 18.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.2 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.06 dB



S11

with caps

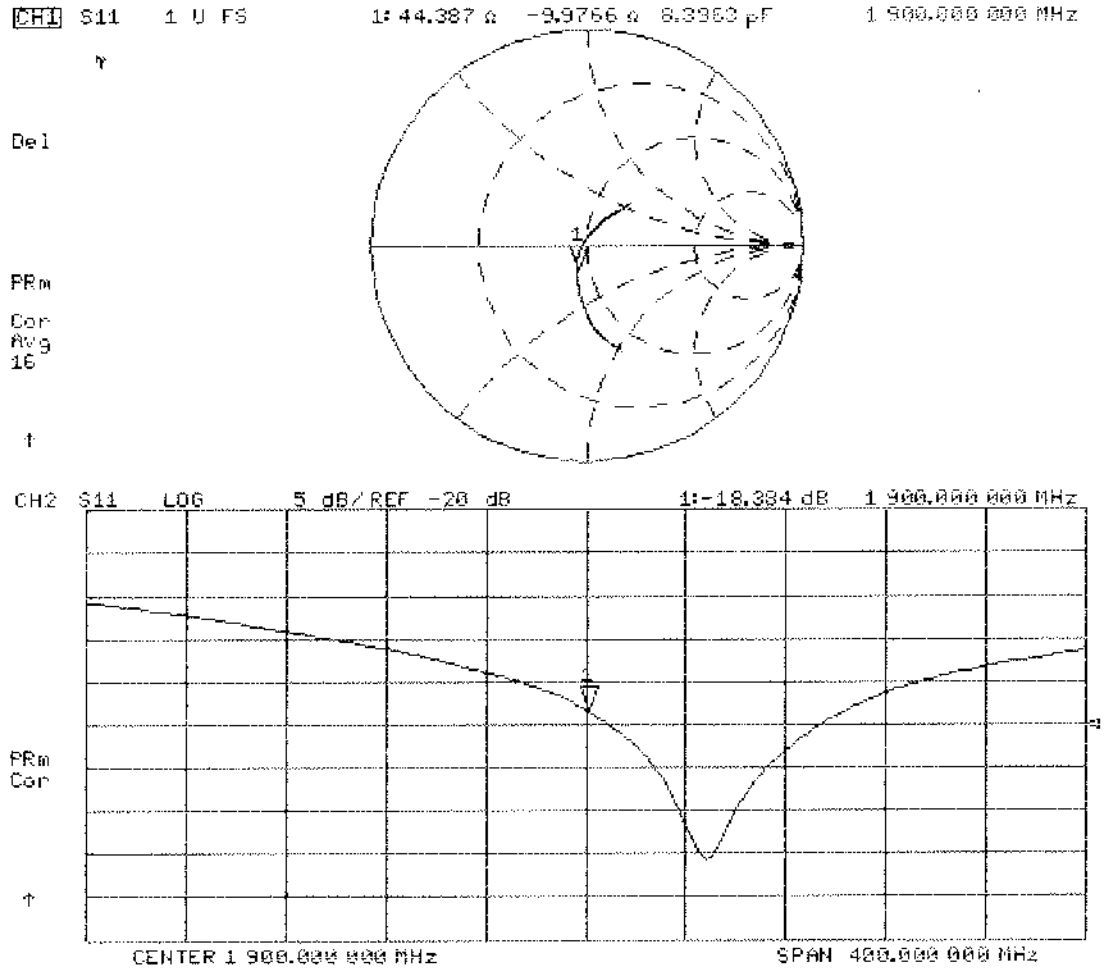
26 Feb 2003 19:08:14



S11

no cap

26 Feb 2003 11:15:49



Date/Time: 02/27/03 13:38:17

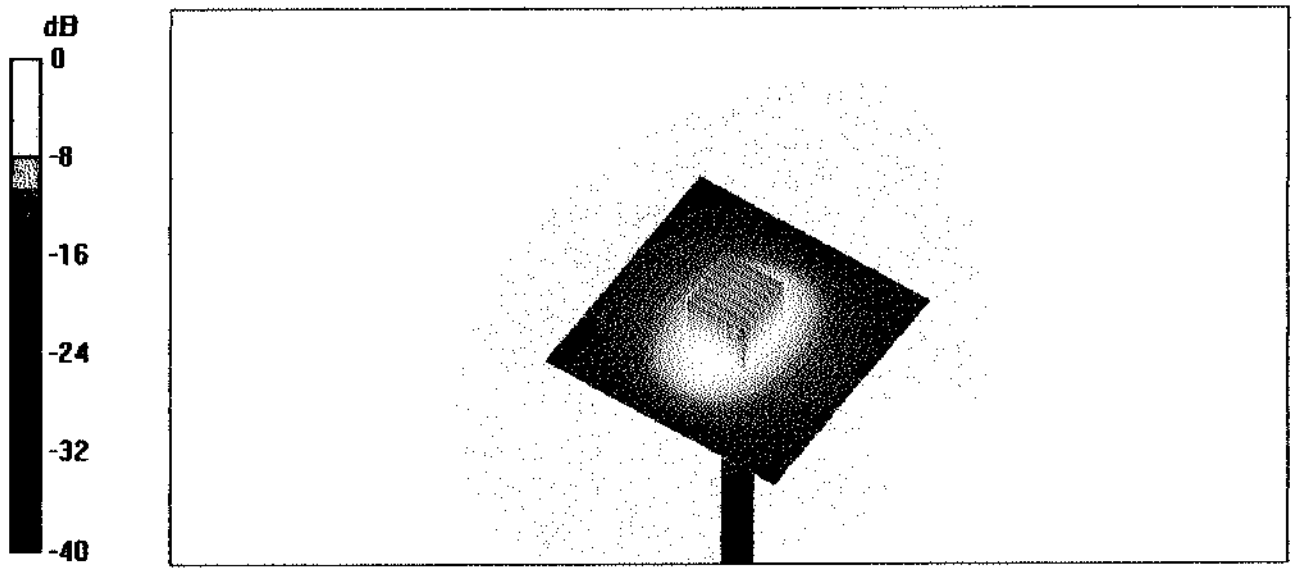
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN511_SN1507_M1900_270203.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: D1900V2 - SN511
Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz; (σ = 1.59 mho/m, ε_r = 51.2, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.8 V/m
Peak SAR = 18.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.06 dB



S11

27 Feb 2003 14:56:52

Muscle

