

CLIMAX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
No. 258, Sinhu 2nd Rd., Neihu District
Taipei City 114 Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Federal Communications Commission
Authorization and Evaluation Division
Equipment Authorization Branch
7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD 21046

Applicant's declaration concerning RF Radiation Exposure

We hereby indicate that the product
Product description: Home Security Gateway
Model No: HSGWxx-xxxxx-xxxxx Series (x=0~9, A~Z or blank)

The equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The integral antennas used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter within the host device.

A safety statement concerning minimum separation distances from enclosure of the
Product: Home Security Gateway
will be integrated in the user's manual to provide end-users with transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

The appropriate information can be drawn from the test report no: W6M22003-19782-C-1, W6M22003-19782-P-247 and the accompanying calculations.

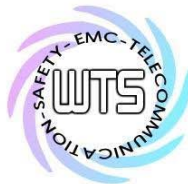
Company: CLIMAX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address: No. 258, Sinhu 2nd Rd., Neihu District Taipei City 114 Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Date: 2020-05-15

Signature

George Lin



Registration number: W6M22003-19782-C-1

FCC ID: GX9HSGW3GDT32

3.2 Equivalent isotropic radiated power (EIRP)

FCC Rule: 15.247(b)(3)

EIRP = max. conducted output power + antenna gain

EIRP = 14.01 dBm+ (4.33 dBi [antenna gain claimed by manufacturer]) = 18.34 dBm = 68.23 mW

3.3 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation

according to 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97.01 determines the equations for predicting RF fields and applicable limits.

The prediction for power density in the far-field but will over-predict power density in the near field, where it could be used for walking a “worst case” or conservative prediction.

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 20 cm normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

MPE Calculation Method

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f ²)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	--	--	f/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	--	--	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	--	--	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

*Plane-wave equivalent power density



Worldwide Testing Services(Taiwan) Co., Ltd.

Registration number: W6M22003-19782-C-1

FCC ID: GX9HSGW3GDT32

E = Electric field (V/m) P = output power (W) G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

mW/cm².

Established separation distance is 20 cm.

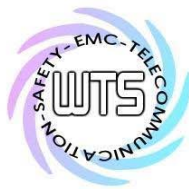
Operating frequency band: 802.11b, g, n 20MHz: 2412-2462 MHz, 802.11n 40MHz: 2422-2452 MHz

The product meets RF exposure requirement.

Because the power density of 0.0136 mW/cm² at 2412 MHz is below the power density limit of 1 mW/cm².

Limits:

Limit for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure	
Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1500 – 100.000	1.0



Report Number: W6M22003-19782-P-24

FCC ID: GX9HSGW3GDT32

10 Maximum Permissible Exposure

10.1 Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

10.2 MPE Calculation Method

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f ²)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	--	--	f/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	--	--	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	--	--	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

*Plane-wave equivalent power density

$$E \text{ (V/m)} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$

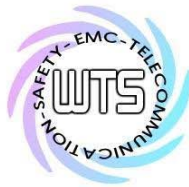
$$\text{Power Density: } Pd \text{ (W/m}^2\text{)} \cdot \frac{E^2}{377}$$

E = Electric field (V/m) P = output power (W) G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$



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Frequency	Max output power (dBm) / (W)		Antenna Gain	Power Density(S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
GSM 850	33.71	2.35	-0.37	0.43	1.0	Complies
PCS 1900	29.28	0.85	1.02	0.21	1.0	Complies
WCDMA Band 2	23.97	0.25	1.02	0.06	1.0	Complies
WCDMA Band 5	24.56	0.29	-0.37	0.05	1.0	Complies

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, $d=0.2$ m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.