FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

Report No.	:	**SA160621C08-2**
Applicant	:	**ASKEY COMPUTER CORP.**
Address	:	**10F, NO.119, JIANKANG RD., ZHONGHE DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY 23585, TAIWAN, R.O.C.**
Product	:	**Smart Phone**
FCC ID	:	**H8N-PCT5230**
Brand	:	**Turbonet**
Model No.	:	**ADR1776**
Standards	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 20.19** **ANSI C63.19-2011**
Sample Received Date	:	**Jun. 21, 2016**
Date of Testing	:	**Jul. 27, 2016**
Summary M-Rating	:	**M4**
Lab Address	:	**No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.**
Test Location	:	**No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)**

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's HAC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

Prepared By : Vera Huang

Vera Huang / Specialist

Approved By : Eli Hsu

Eli Hsu / Supervisor

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA160621C08-2	Initial release	Sep. 05, 2016

1. Summary of Maximum M-Rating

Mode / Band	Maximum RF Audio Interference Level (dBV/m)	M-Rating
GSM850	37.31	M4
GSM1900	28.69	M4
CDMA BC0	31.28	M4
CDMA BC1	27.03	M4
LTE 2	N/A	M4
LTE 4	N/A	M4
LTE 5	N/A	M4
LTE 13	N/A	M4
Summary		M4

Note:

1. The HAC RF emission limit **(M-rating Category M3)** is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 20.19 and ANSI C63.19.
2. The device RF emission rating is determined by the minimum rating.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Smart Phone
FCC ID	H8N-PCT5230
Brand Name	Turbonet
Model Name	ADR1776
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850 : 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900 : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 CDMA BC0 : 824.7 ~ 848.31 CDMA BC1 : 1851.25 ~ 1908.75 LTE Band 2 : 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (1.4M), 1851.5 ~ 1908.5 (3M), 1852.5 ~ 1907.5 (5M), 1855 ~ 1905 (10M), 1857.5 ~ 1902.5 (15M), 1860 ~ 1900 (20M) LTE Band 4 : 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (1.4M), 1711.5 ~ 1753.5 (3M), 1712.5 ~ 1752.5 (5M), 1715 ~ 1750 (10M), 1717.5 ~ 1747.5 (15M), 1720 ~ 1745 (20M) LTE Band 5 : 824.7 ~ 848.3 (1.4M), 825.5 ~ 847.5 (3M), 826.5 ~ 846.5 (5M), 829 ~ 844 (10M) LTE Band 13 : 779.5 ~ 784.5 (5M), 782 (10M) WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825
Uplink Modulations	GSM : GMSK CDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n : OFDM
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850 : 33.0 GSM1900 : 32.0 CDMA BC0 : 24.0 CDMA BC1 : 24.5 LTE Band 2 : 23.5 LTE Band 4 : 23.0 LTE Band 5 : 23.0 LTE Band 13 : 22.5 WLAN 2.4G : 19.0 WLAN 5.2G : 17.5 WLAN 5.3G : 17.5 WLAN 5.6G : 17.5 WLAN 5.8G : 17.0
Antenna Type	Embedded Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery	**Brand Name**	FUJI
	Model Name	492005
	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 11.21Wh or 2950mAh
	Type	Li-ion

Air Interface and Operational Mode

Air Interface	Bands	Type Transport	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Voice Over Digital Transport OTT Capability	WiFi Low Power	Additional GSM Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	YES	WLAN or BT	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1900						
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	N/A	WLAN or BT	YES		
CDMA	BC0	VO	YES	LTE, WLAN or BT	N/A	N/A	N/A
	BC1						
LTE	2	VD[1]	YES	CDMA, WLAN or BT	YES	N/A	N/A
	4						
	5						
	13						
WLAN	2.4G / 5G	VD	NO[2]	WWAN	YES	N/A	N/A
Bluetooth	2.4G	DT	N/A	WWAN	N/A	N/A	N/A

Type Transport

VO = Voice only

DT = Digital Data – Not Indented for CMRS Service

VD = CMRS and Data transport

Note

1. The 3GPP VoLTE CMRS service is defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92 for IP voice service and digital transport.
2. No associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with the guidance issued by OET in KDB publication 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP.

3. HAC RF Emission Measurement System

3.1 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

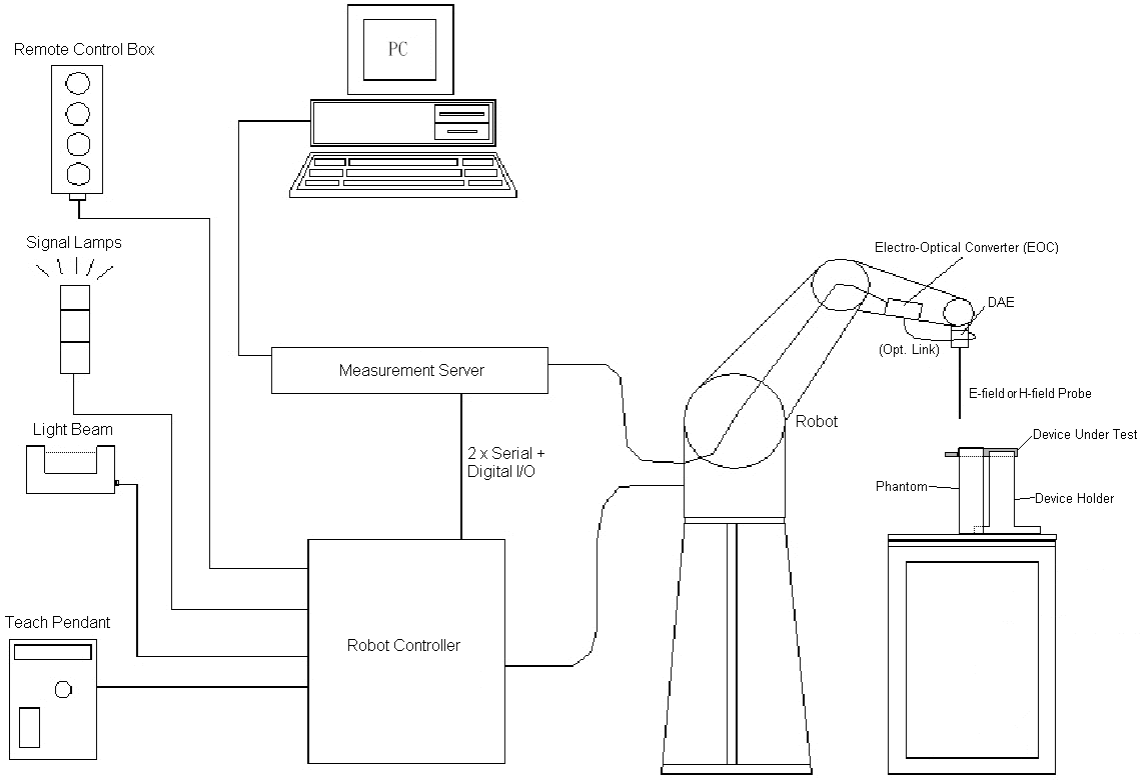


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.1.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

Fig-3.2 DASY5

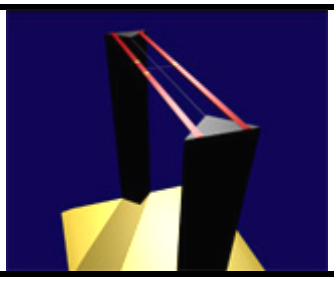
3.1.2 Probes

Model	ER3DV6	
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Frequency	40 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	

3.1.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

3.1.4 Phantoms

Model	Test Arch	
Construction	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions	Length : 370 mm Width : 370 mm Height : 370 mm	

3.1.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	The Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to ANSI C63.19.	
Material	POM	

3.1.6 RF Emission Calibration Dipoles

Model	CD-Serial	
Construction	Free space antenna Hearing Aid susceptibility measurements according to ANSI C63.19. Validation of Hearing Aid RF setup for wireless device emission measurements according to ANSI C63.19	
Frequency	CD835V3 : 800 ~ 960 MHz CD1880V3 : 1710 ~ 2000 MHz CD2450 : 2250 ~ 2650 MHz	
Return Loss	CD835V3 : > 15 dB (835 MHz > 25 dB) CD1880V3 : > 18 dB (1880 MHz > 20 dB) CD2450V3 : > 18 dB (2450 MHz > 25 dB)	
Power Capability	> 40 W continuous	

3.2 DASY System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed before every E-field measurement. The system check uses normal measurements in the center section of the arch phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

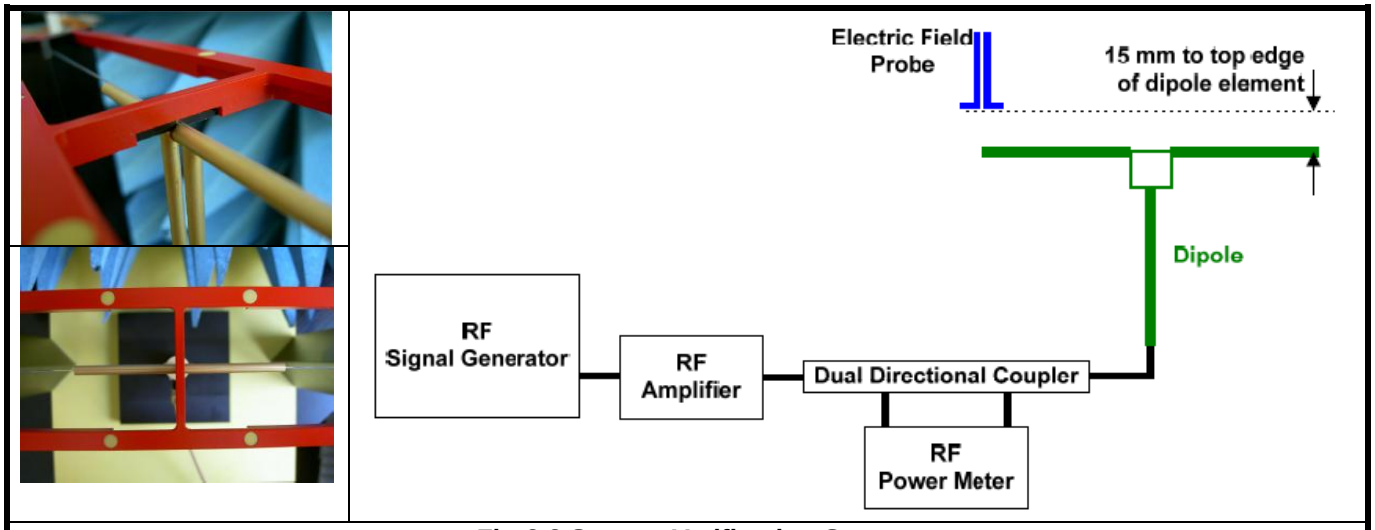


Fig-3.3 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the center of arch phantom. The power meter measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power, 100 mW (20 dBm) at the dipole connector and the RF power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at RF power meter.

After system check testing, the E-field result will be compared with the reference value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 25 %.

The result of system verification is shown in section 4.3 of this report.

3.3 EUT Measurements Reference and Plane

The EUT is mounted in the device holder. The acoustic output of the EUT will coincide with the center point of the area formed by the dielectric wire and the middle bar of the arch's top frame. Then EUT will be moved vertically upwards until it touches the frame.

Fig-3.4 and Fig-3.5 illustrate the references and reference plane that is used in the RF emissions measurement.

(a) The grid is 50 mm by 50 mm area that is divided into nine evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.

(b) The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.

(c) The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which in normal handset use rest against the ear.

(d) The measurement plane is parallel to and 15 mm in front of the reference plane.

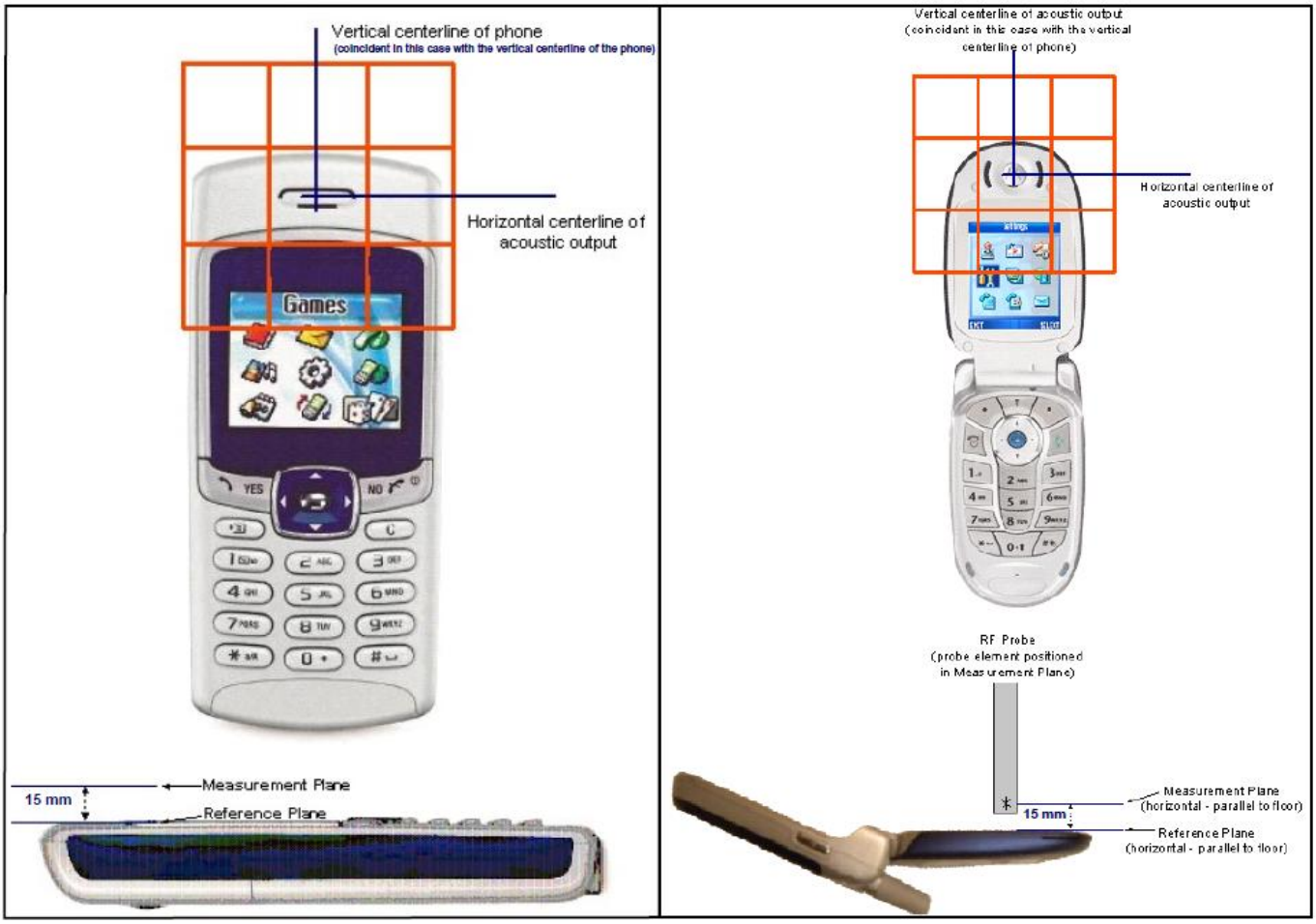


Fig-3.4 EUT Reference and Plane

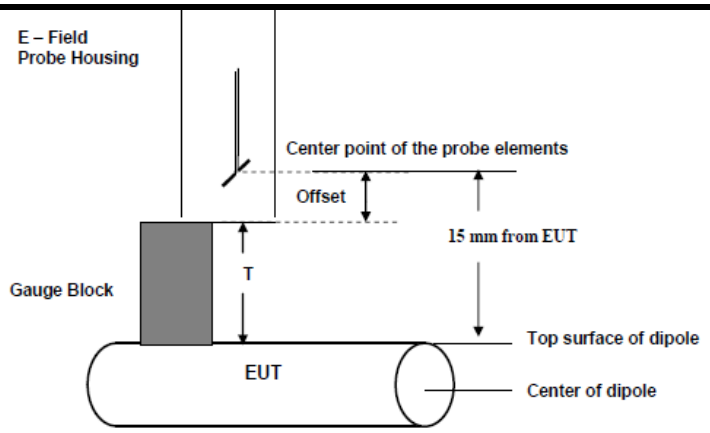


Fig-3.5 Gauge Block for Setting Measurement Distance to Probe

3.4 HAC RF Emission Measurement Procedure

The RF emissions test procedure for wireless communications device is as below.

1. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
2. Position the WD in its intended test position.
3. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
4. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, illustrated in Fig-3.4. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
5. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
6. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
7. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
8. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step 7.
9. Indirect Measurement Method: The RF audio interference level in dB(V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB(V/m), from step 8. Use this result to determine the category rating.

10. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in section 4.1 and record the resulting WD category rating.
11 For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first can. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M-rating. Otherwise, repeat step 1 through step 9, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

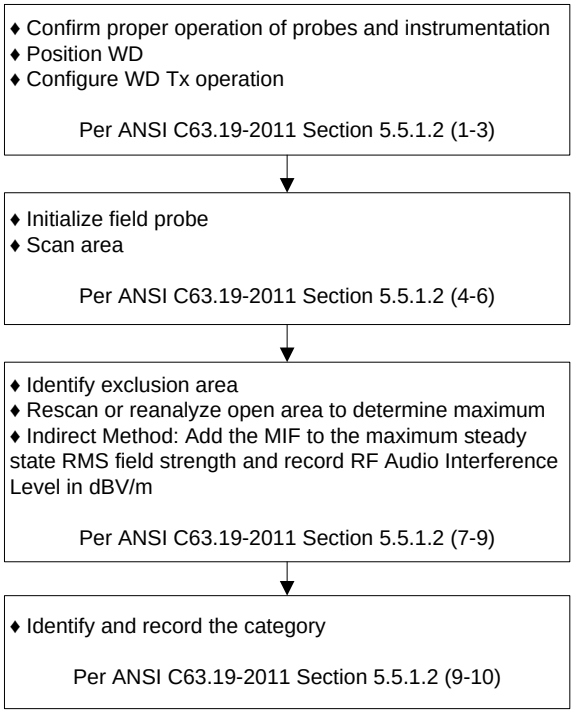


Fig-3.6 WD Near-Field Emission Test Flowchart

3.5 Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference Factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF audio interference potential (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission slots and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classification as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D E-field probe have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the “indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. This near field probe read the averaged E-field. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined numerically. It allows a precise scaling and is therefore automatically applied.

The following table lists the MIF values evaluated by DASY manufacturer (SPEAG), and the test result will be calculated with the MIF parameter automatically. The detailed parameters for E-field probe can be found in the probe calibration report in appendix C.

SPEAG UID	UID Version	Communication System	MIF (dB)
10021	DAB (06.02.2014)	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	3.63
10081	CAB (16.01.2014)	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	AAB (16.01.2014)	CDMA2000 (RC1, SO3, 1/8 Rate)	3.26
10170	CAB (13.05.2013)	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-9.76

The MIF measurement uncertainty listed in following table is estimated by SPEAG.

MIF (dB)	MIF Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
-7 to +5	0.2
-13 to +11	0.5
> -20	1.0

4. HAC Measurement Evaluation

4.1 M-Rating Category

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 represents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Emission Categories	E-Field Emissions < 960 MHz (dB V/m)	E-Field Emissions > 960 MHz (dB V/m)
Category M1	50 - 55	40 - 45
Category M2	45 - 50	35 - 40
Category M3	40 - 45	30 - 35
Category M4	< 40	< 30

4.2 EUT Configuration and Setting

For HAC RF emission testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator. Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during HAC testing.

4.3 System Verification

The measuring results for system check are shown as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field 1 (V/m)	E-Field 2 (V/m)	Average E-Field (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Test Date
835	20.0	104.8	109.9	111.3	110.6	5.53	Jul. 27, 2016
1800	20.0	89.6	91.61	97.87	94.74	5.74	Jul. 27, 2016

Note:

1. Comparing to the reference target value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 25 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.
2. For E-Field, the deviation is **[(E-Field 1 + E-Field 2) / 2 – Target Value] / Target Value x 100%**

4.4 Maximum Output Power

4.4.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850	GSM1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	33.0	32.0

Mode	CDMA BC0	CDMA BC1
1xRTT	24.0	24.5

Mode	LTE 2	LTE 4	LTE 5	LTE 13
QPSK / 16QAM	23.5	23.0	23.0	22.5

Mode	2.4G WLAN	5.2G WLAN	5.3G WLAN	5.6G WLAN	5.8G WLAN
802.11b	19.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	Ch 1-6: 14.0 Ch 11: 12.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	N/A	17.0	17.5	17.5	17.0
802.11n HT20	Ch 1-6: 13.0 Ch 11: 12.0	17.5	17.0	15.5	17.0
802.11n HT40	N/A	16.0	14.5	13.5	15.0

4.4.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) are shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	**128**	**189**	**251**	**512**	**661**	**810**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.4**	**848.8**	**1850.2**	**1880.0**	**1909.8**
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.41	32.61	32.45	31.92	31.45	31.36

Band	CDMA BC0			CDMA BC1		
Channel	**1013**	**384**	**777**	**25**	**600**	**1175**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.70**	**836.52**	**848.31**	**1851.25**	**1880.00**	**1908.75**
1xRTT RC1+SO3	23.47	23.37	23.33	23.39	23.73	23.61

4.5 Low Power Exemption Evaluation

According to ANSI C63.19-2011 section 4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its worst-case MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. If a device supports multiple RF air interfaces, each RF air interface shall be evaluated individually. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by above method could be rated as M4.

The low power exemption for this device is analyzed in below.

Mode / Band	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power Plus MIF (dB)	HAC Testing Required?
GSM850	33.0	3.63	36.63	**YES**
GSM1900	32.0	3.63	35.63	**YES**
CDMA BC0	24.0	3.26	27.26	**YES**
CDMA BC1	24.5	3.26	27.76	**YES**
LTE 2	23.5	-9.76	13.74	No
LTE 4	23.0	-9.76	13.24	No
LTE 5	23.0	-9.76	13.24	No
LTE 13	22.5	-9.76	12.74	No
2.4G WLAN 802.11b	19.0	-2.02	16.98	No
2.4G WLAN 802.11g	14.0	0.12	14.12	No
5G WLAN 802.11a	17.5	-3.15	14.35	No

4.6 HAC RF Emission Testing Results

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	MIF (dB)	Peak RF Audio Interference (dBV/m)	M-Rating	Margin to Next Lower Rated Category (dB)
	GSM850	GSM	128	3.63	36.66	M4	6.97
	GSM850	GSM	189	3.63	35.93	M4	7.7
01	GSM850	GSM	251	3.63	**37.31**	M4	6.32
	GSM1900	GSM	512	3.63	27.92	M4	5.71
	GSM1900	GSM	661	3.63	28.58	M4	5.05
02	GSM1900	GSM	810	3.63	**28.69**	M4	4.94
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8 Rate	1013	3.26	28.99	M4	14.27
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8 Rate	384	3.26	28.11	M4	15.15
03	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1+SO3, 1/8 Rate	777	3.26	**31.28**	M4	11.98
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8 Rate	25	3.26	22.86	M4	10.4
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8 Rate	600	3.26	26.01	M4	7.25
04	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1+SO3, 1/8 Rate	1175	3.26	**27.03**	M4	6.23

Note:

1. Margin to Next Lower Rated Category, defined as: The e-field transition value for the next lower rated category of the established HAC category minus the maximum steady-state RMS field strength (before adding the MIF).

Test Engineer：Kevin Yao

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
835MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD835V3	1041	Mar. 20, 2015	2 Years
1880MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD1880V3	1032	Apr. 22, 2015	2 Years
Isotropic E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ER3DV6	2445	Feb. 16, 2016	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	579	Aug. 24, 2015	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266628	Nov. 05, 2015	2 Years
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	104484	Apr. 11, 2016	1 Year
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	152443	Apr. 11, 2016	1 Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jul. 07, 2016	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 06, 2016	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 06, 2016	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Ci (H)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	0.145	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effect	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	0	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 5.8 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related						
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 16.3 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2
Expanded Uncertainty						**± 32.6 %**

Uncertainty budget for HAC RF Emission

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:
Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-3-318-3232
Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:
Add: No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-2-2605-2180
Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:
Add: No. 81-1, Lu Liao Keng, 9th Ling, Wu Lung Vil., Chiung Lin Township, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-3-593-5343
Fax: 886-3-593-5342

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com
Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification are shown as follows.

System Check_E-Field_835_160727

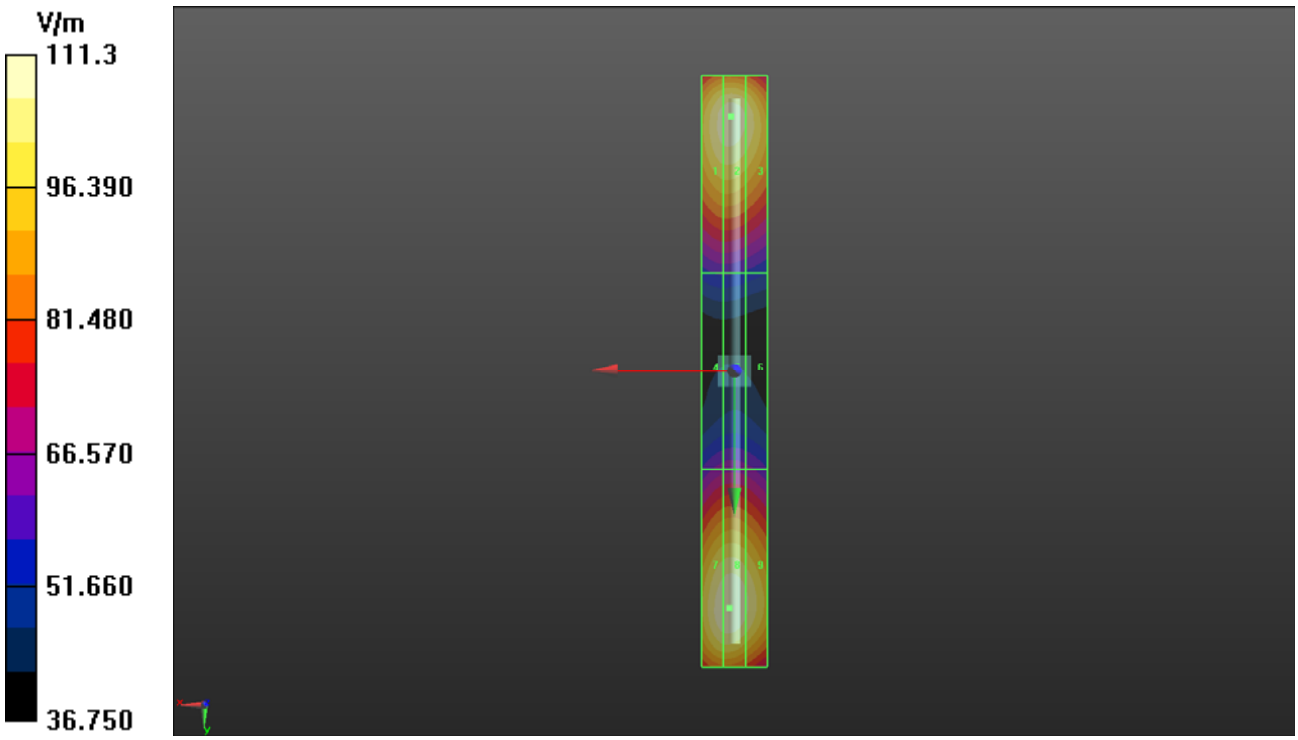
DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; SN: 1041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016/02/16;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2015/08/24
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 129.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
E-field emissions = 111.3 V/m

Grid 1 **M4** **108.8 V/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **109.9 V/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **106.1 V/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **64.92 V/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **65.59 V/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **64.15 V/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **110.5 V/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **111.3 V/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **107.5 V/m**



System Check_E-Field_1880_160727

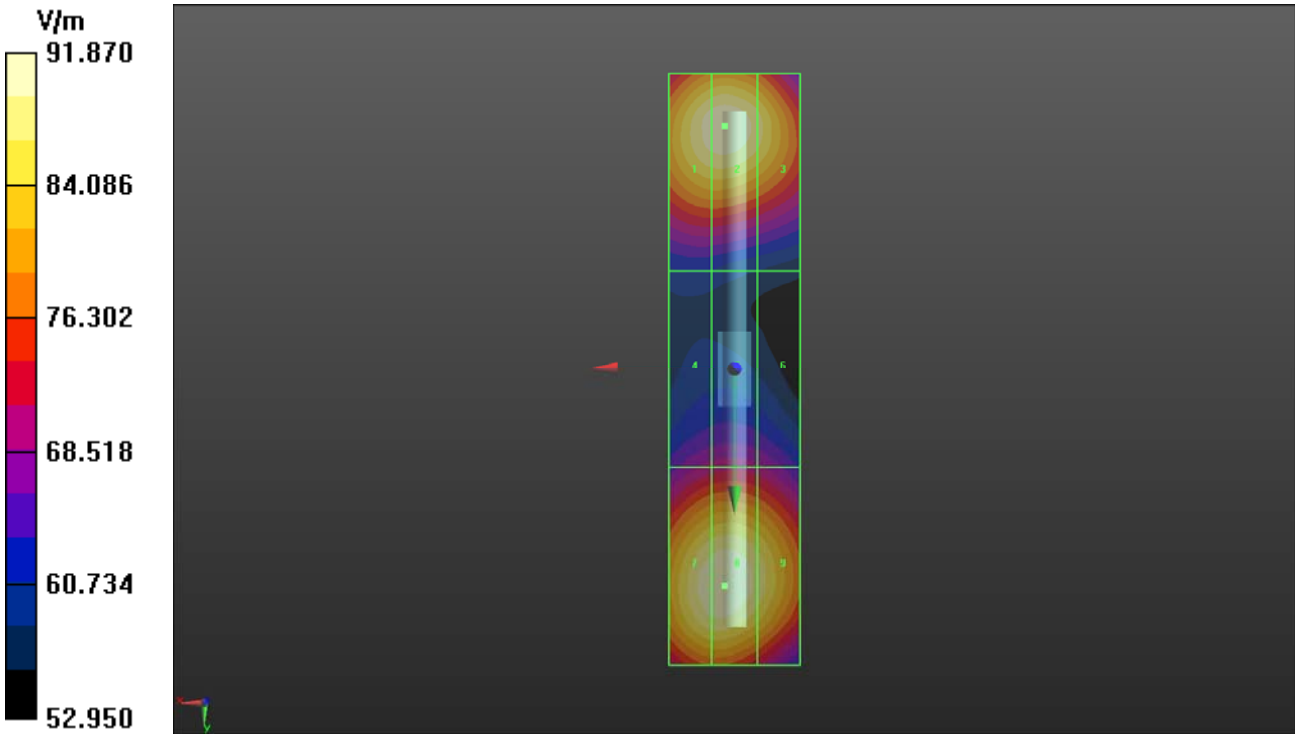
DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; SN: 1032

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016/02/16;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2015/08/24
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 145.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
E-field emissions = 91.87 V/m

Grid 1 **M3** **90.86 V/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **91.61 V/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **88.03 V/m**
Grid 4 **M3** **69.89 V/m**	Grid 5 **M3** **70.72 V/m**	Grid 6 **M3** **69.49 V/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **91.43 V/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **91.87 V/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **88.52 V/m**



Appendix B. Plots of HAC RF Emission Measurement

The plots for HAC measurement are shown as follows.

P01 RF_GSM850_GSM_Ch251

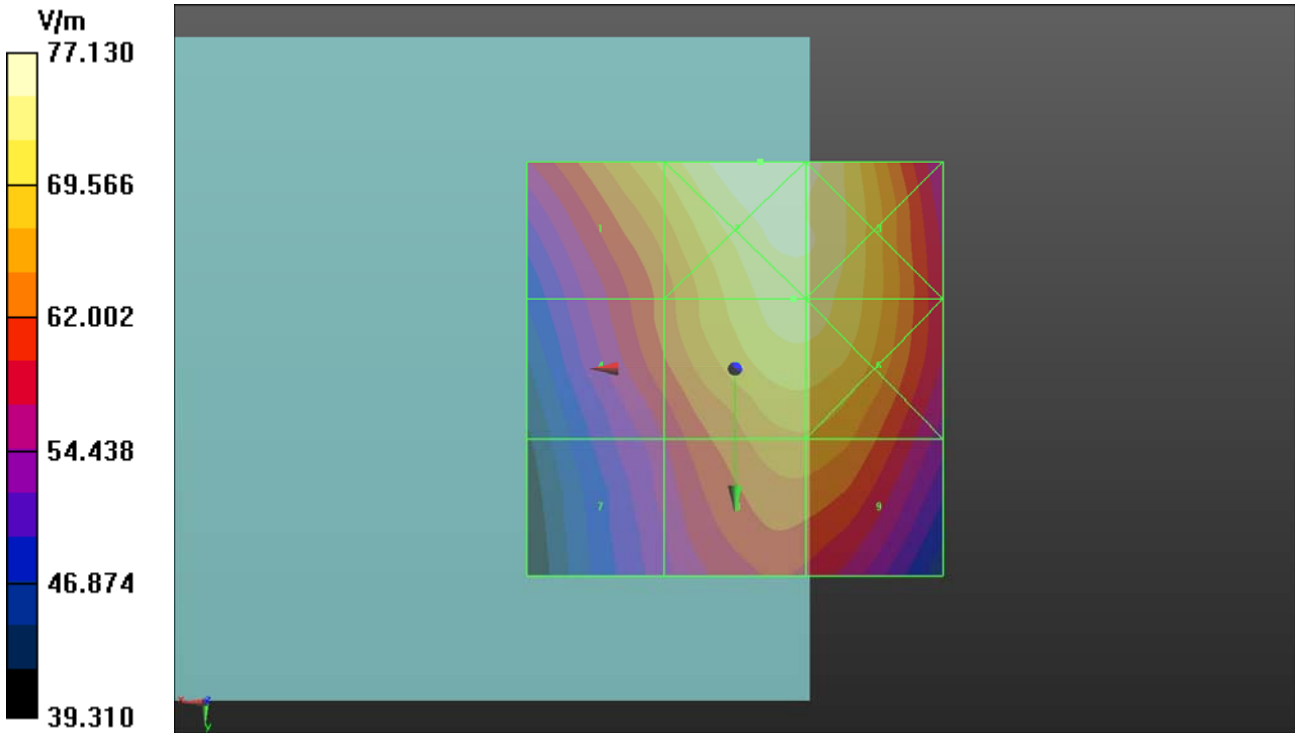
DUT: 160621C08

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.69
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016/02/16;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2015/08/24
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 56.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
MIF = 3.63 dB
RF audio interference level = 37.31 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

Grid 1 **M4** **36.96 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **37.74 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **37.63 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **36.02 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **37.31 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **37.3 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **35.11 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **36.48 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **36.47 dBV/m**



P02 RF_GSM1900_GSM_Ch810

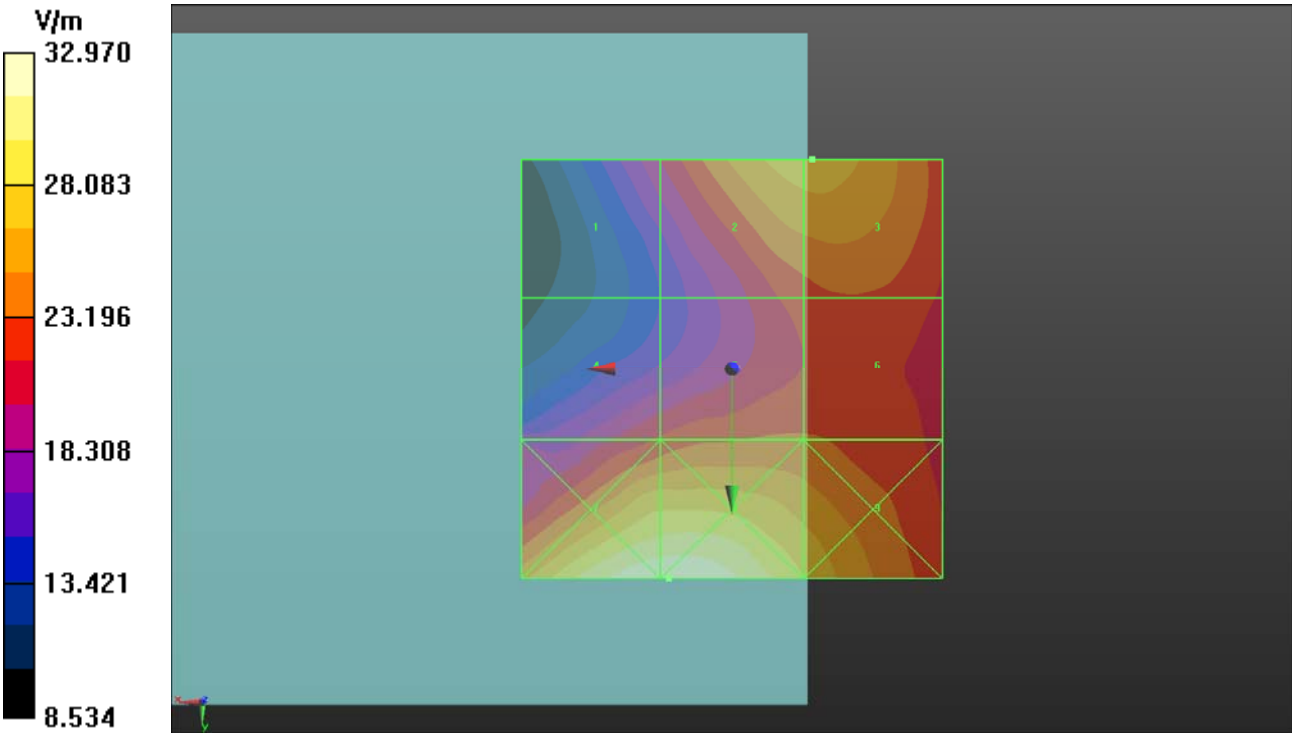
DUT: 160621C08

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.69
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016/02/16;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2015/08/24
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 14.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
MIF = 3.63 dB
RF audio interference level = 28.69 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

Grid 1 **M4** **26.04 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **28.69 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **28.69 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **26.82 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **27.42 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **27.41 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **30.36 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **30.36 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **28.99 dBV/m**



P03 RF_CDMA2000 BC0_RC1+SO3_Ch777

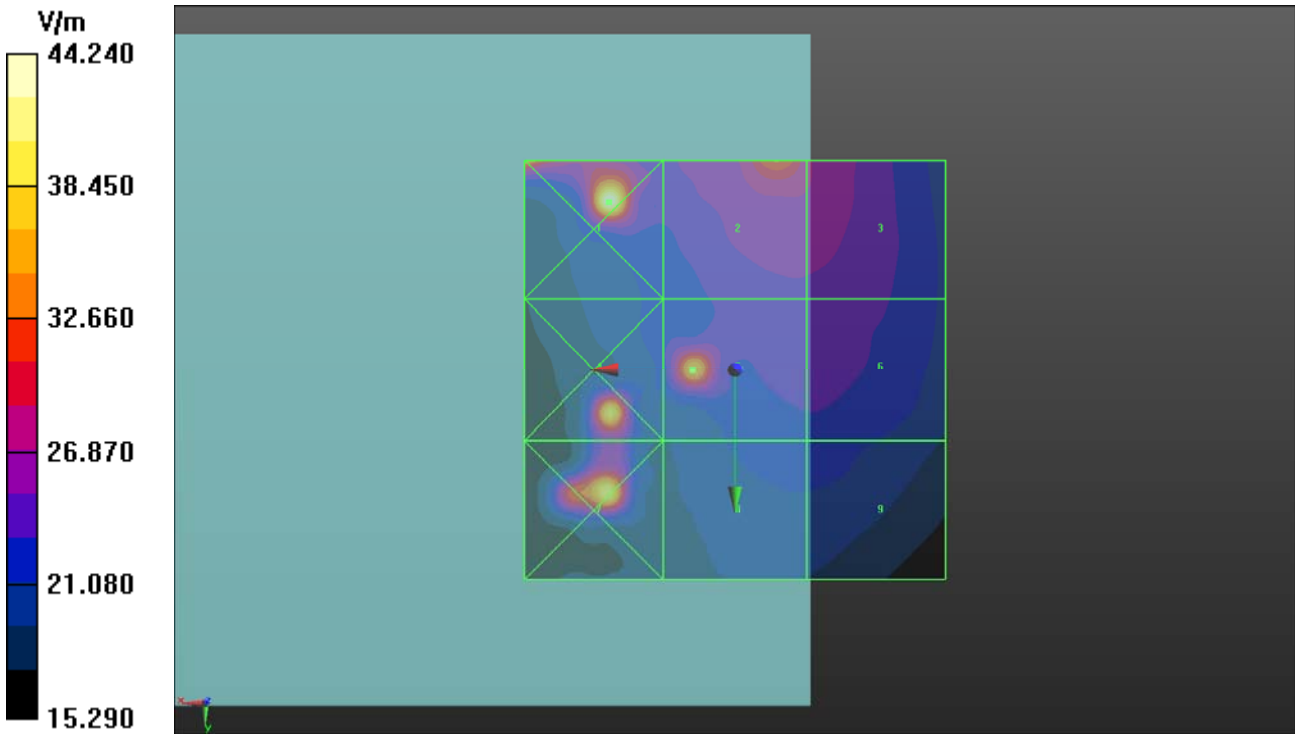
DUT: 160621C08

Communication System: CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.74
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016/02/16;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2015/08/24
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 19.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 31.28 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

Grid 1 **M4** **32.92 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **30.39 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **28.86 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **31.77 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **31.28 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **27.85 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **32.16 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **27.03 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **27.04 dBV/m**



P04 RF_CDMA2000 BC1_RC1+SO3_Ch1175

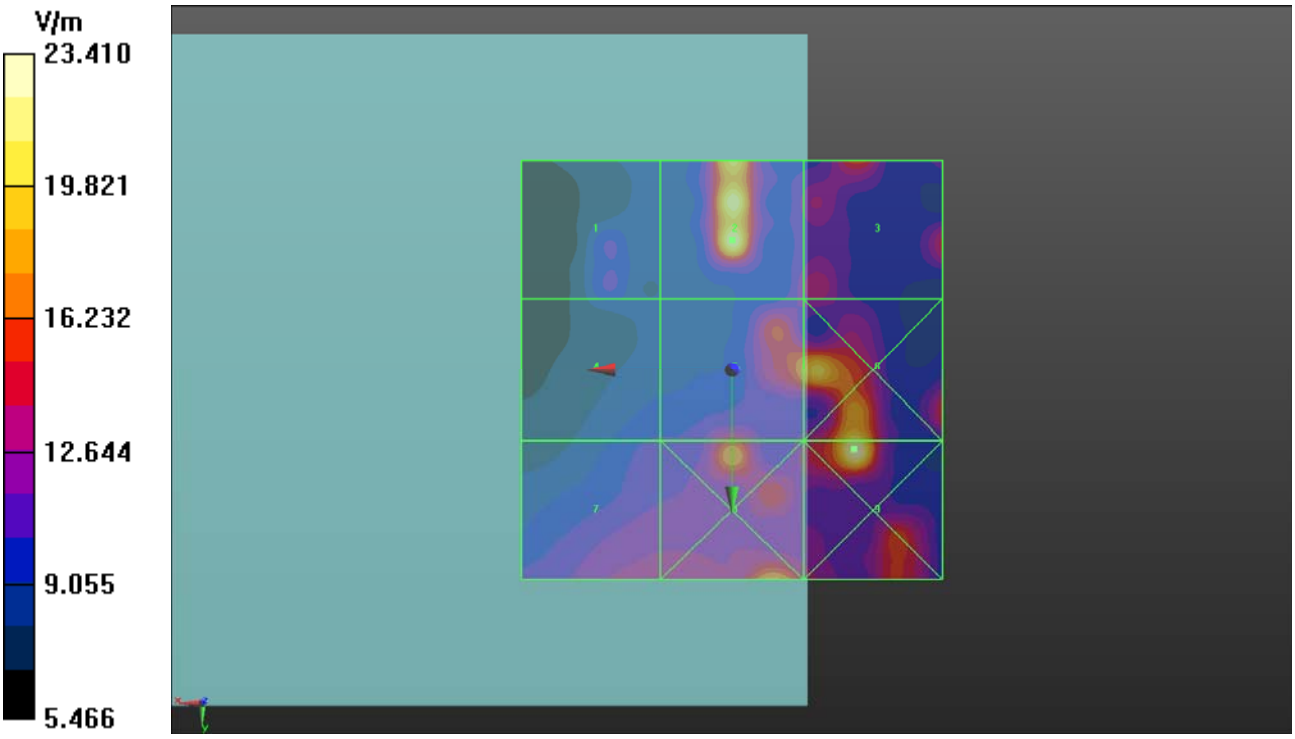
DUT: 160621C08

Communication System: CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.74
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016/02/16;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2015/08/24
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 7.783 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.03 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

Grid 1 **M4** **20.52 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **27.03 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **24.13 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **20.41 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **25.19 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **26.71 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **22.42 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **25.21 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **27.39 dBV/m**



Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: CD835V3-1041_Mar15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD835V3 - SN: 1041
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air
Calibration date:	March 20, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-14 (No. ER3-2336_Dec14)	Dec-15
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-14 (No. H3-6065_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 781	12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14)	Sep-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 20, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections.
  It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	**interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	**0.451 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)**

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	166.2V/m = 44.41 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	158.1V/m = 43.98 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	**162.2V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	105.9V/m = 40.50 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	103.7V/m = 40.30 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	**104.8V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

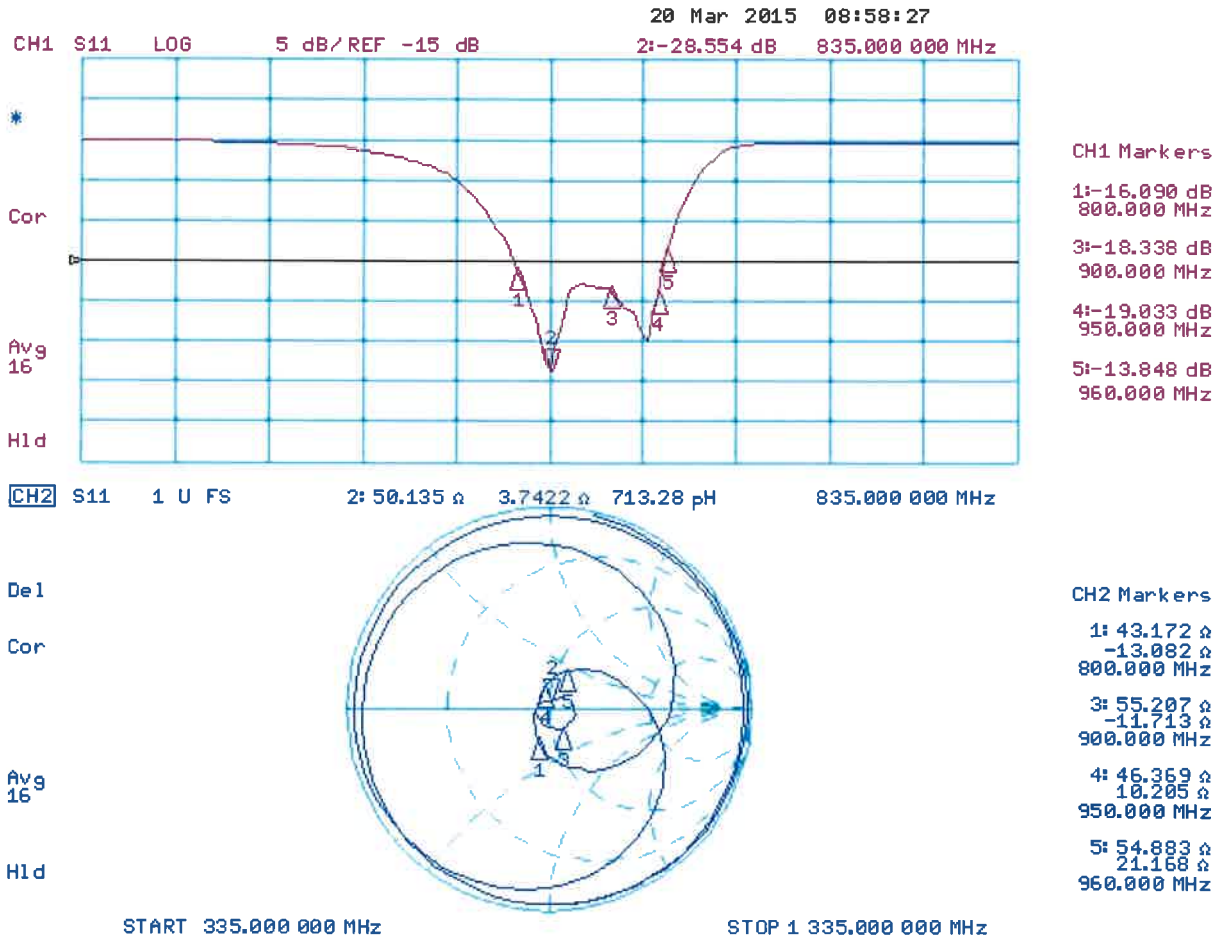
Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.1 dB	43.2 Ω - 13.1 jΩ
835 MHz	28.6 dB	50.1 Ω + 3.7 jΩ
900 MHz	18.3 dB	55.2 Ω - 11.7 jΩ
950 MHz	19.0 dB	46.4 Ω + 10.2 jΩ
960 MHz	13.8 dB	54.9 Ω + 21.2 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 19.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

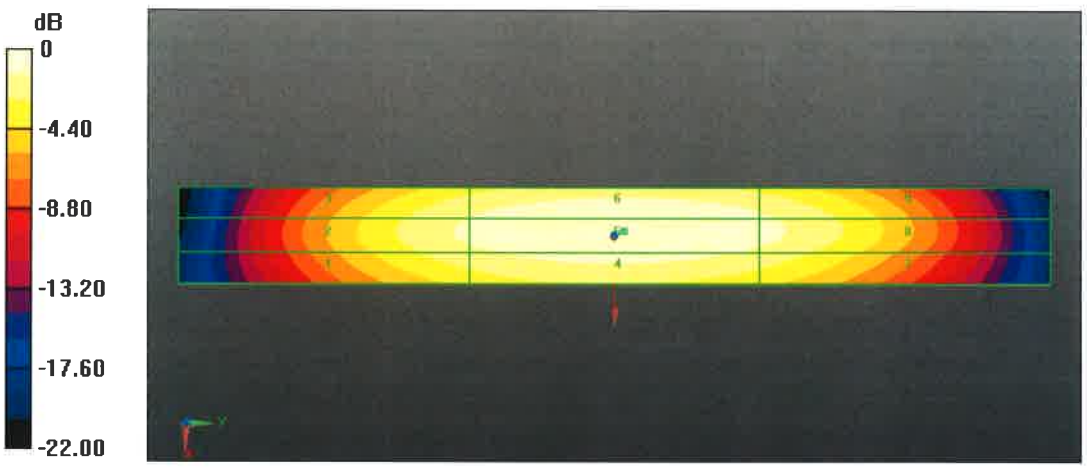
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2014
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 0.4750 A/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.
H-field emissions = 0.4506 A/m
Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 **M4** **0.361 A/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **0.394 A/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **0.383 A/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **0.411 A/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **0.451 A/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **0.440 A/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **0.364 A/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **0.403 A/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **0.394 A/m**



0 dB = 0.4506 A/m = -6.92 dBA/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 19.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 117.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 44.41 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

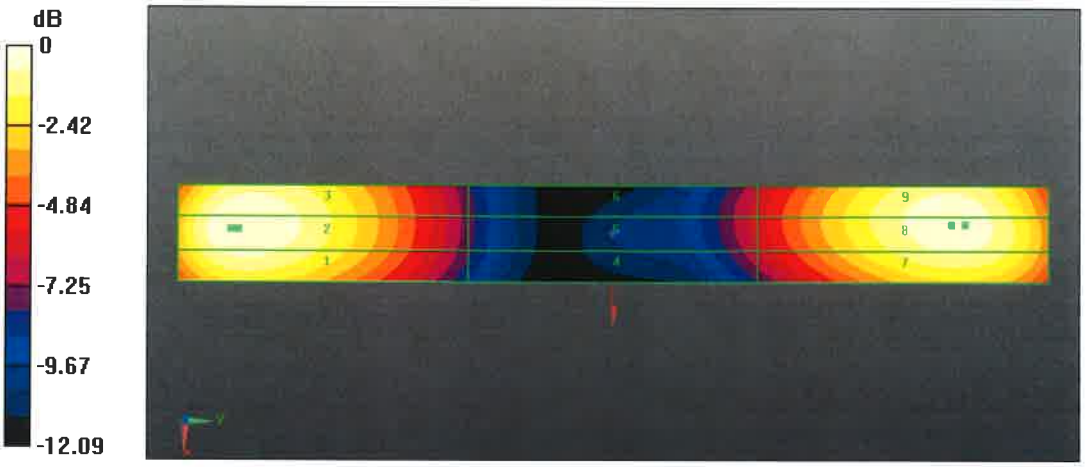
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **43.73 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **44.41 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **44.25 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **37.98 dBV/m**	**Grid 5 M4** **38.74 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **38.71 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **43.29 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **43.98 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **43.93 dBV/m**

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 116.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 40.50 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **40.14 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **40.5 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **40.42 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **35.44 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **35.83 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **35.83 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **39.94 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **40.3 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **40.29 dBV/m**

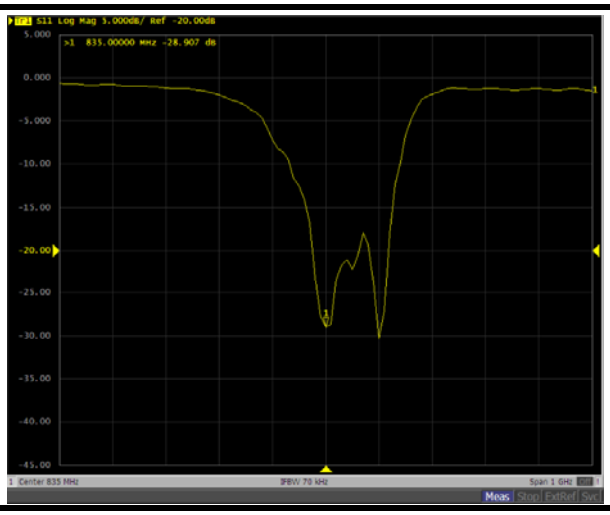


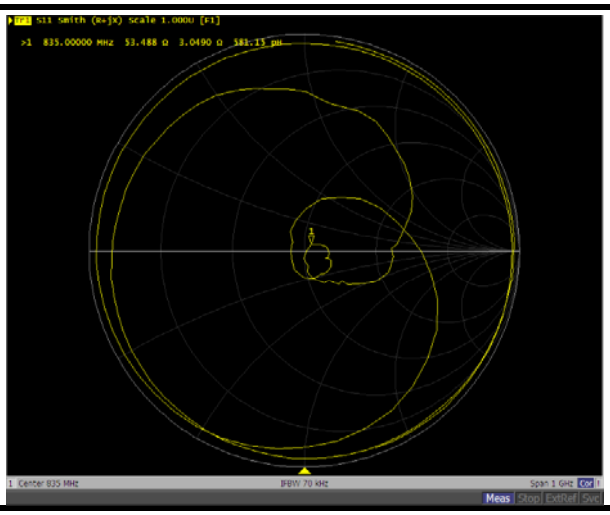
0 dB = 166.2 V/m = 44.41 dBV/m

Annual Confirmation of HAC Reference Dipole

Model : CD835V3 S/N : 1041 Measured Date : 2016/3/19

Frequency (MHz)	Type	Item	Previous Measuremen	Annual Check	Deviation	Accepted Tolerance	Note
835	Free Space	Return Loss	-28.554	-28.907	1.24 %	±20 %	PASS
		Real Impedance	50.135	53.488	3.35	±5Ω	PASS
		Imaginary Impedance	3.7422	3.049	-0.69	±5Ω	PASS





835 MHz, Free Space

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1032_Apr15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD1880V3 - SN: 1032
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air
Calibration date:	April 22, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-14 (No. ER3-2336_Dec14)	Dec-15
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-14 (No. H3-6065_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 781	12-Sep-14 (No. DAE4-781_Sep14)	Sep-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	F. Bomholt

Issued: April 23, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections.
  It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	**interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	**0.458 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)**

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	145.3V/m = 43.24 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	137.0V/m = 42.73 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	**141.2V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100mW input power	89.7V/m = 39.05 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100mW input power	89.5V/m = 39.03 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100mW input power	**89.6V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

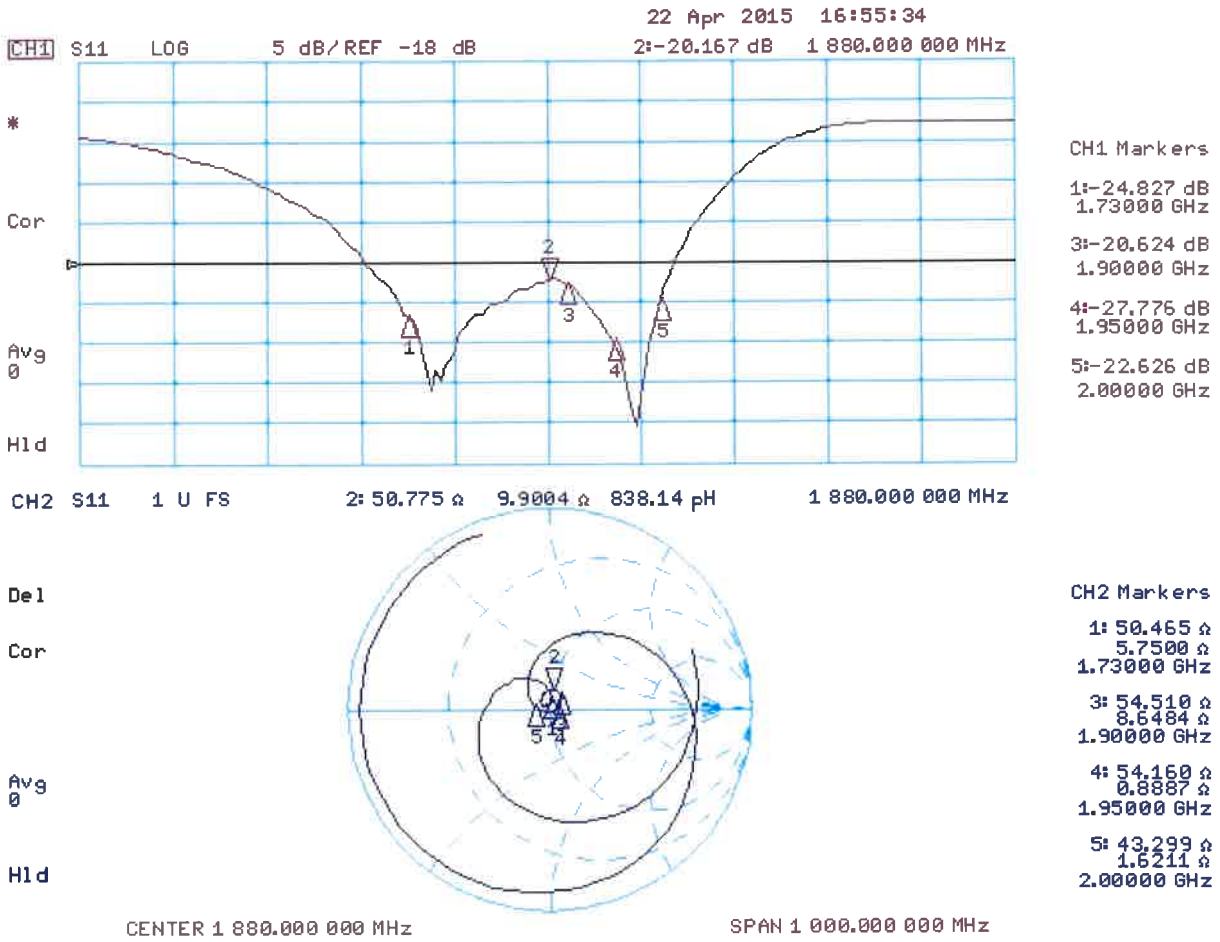
Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	24.8 dB	50.5 Ω + 5.8 jΩ
1880 MHz	20.2 dB	50.8 Ω + 9.9 jΩ
1900 MHz	20.6 dB	54.5 Ω + 8.6 jΩ
1950 MHz	27.8 dB	54.2 Ω + 0.9 jΩ
2000 MHz	22.6 dB	43.3 Ω + 1.6 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 22.04.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1032

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

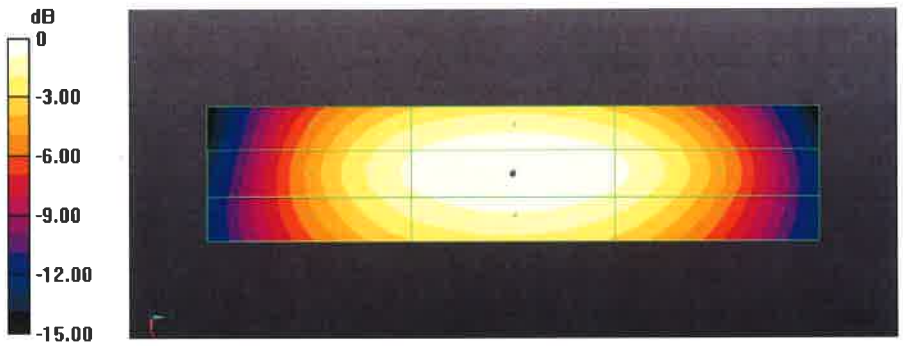
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2014
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 0.4850 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.
H-field emissions = 0.4583 A/m
Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 **M2** **0.397 A/m**	Grid 2 **M2** **0.420 A/m**	Grid 3 **M2** **0.403 A/m**
Grid 4 **M2** **0.433 A/m**	Grid 5 **M2** **0.458 A/m**	Grid 6 **M2** **0.441 A/m**
Grid 7 **M2** **0.395 A/m**	Grid 8 **M2** **0.424 A/m**	Grid 9 **M2** **0.406 A/m**



0 dB = 0.4583 A/m = -6.78 dBA/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 22.04.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1032

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 12.09.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 140.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 43.24 dBV/m
Emission category: M1

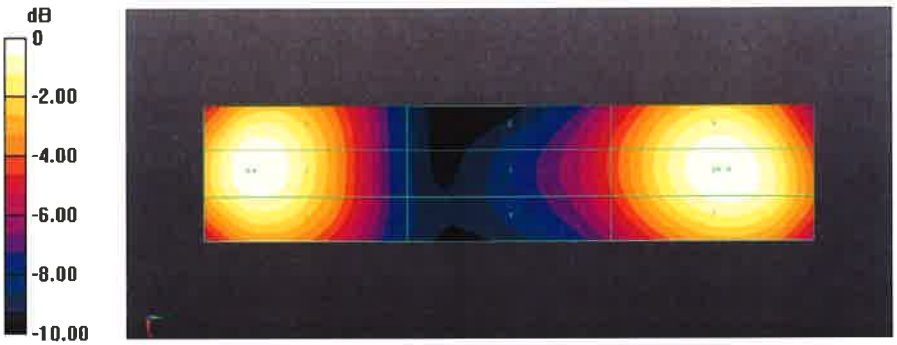
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M1** **42.65 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M1** **43.24 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M1** **42.99 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M2** **38.62 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M2** **39.2 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M2** **39.09 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M1** **42.33 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M1** **42.73 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M1** **42.54 dBV/m**

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 140.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 39.05 dBV/m
Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M2** **38.79 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M2** **39.05 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M2** **38.93 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M2** **36.66 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M2** **36.86 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M2** **36.8 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M2** **38.87 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M2** **39.03 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M2** **38.92 dBV/m**

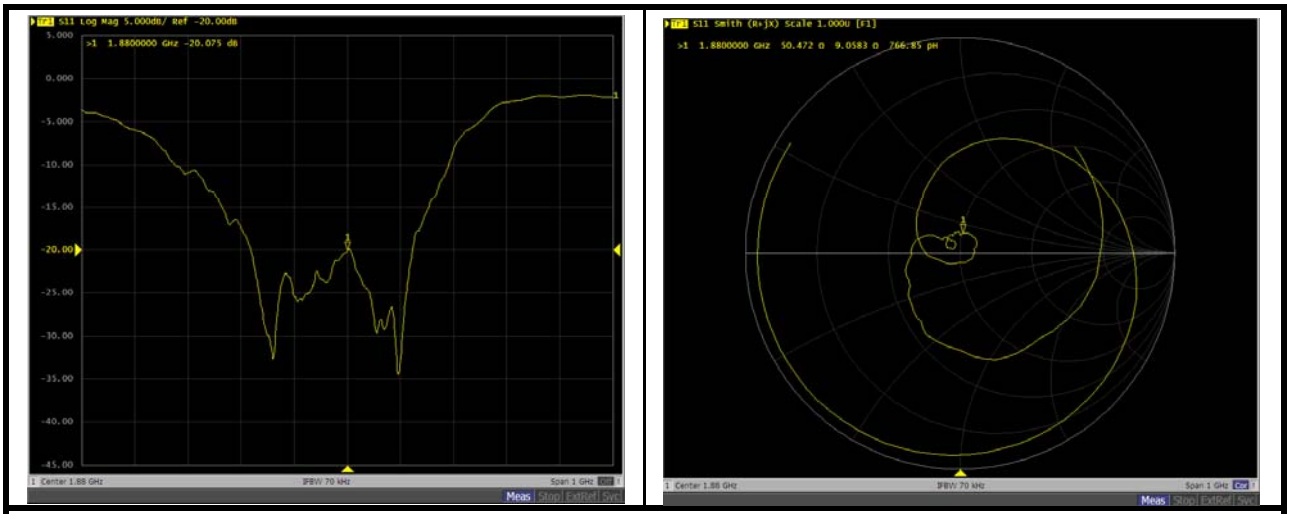


0 dB = 145.3 V/m = 43.25 dBV/m

Annual Confirmation of HAC Reference Dipole

Model : CD1880V3 S/N : 1032 Measured Date : 2016/4/21

Frequency (MHz)	Type	Item	Previous Measuremen	Annual Check	Deviation	Accepted Tolerance	Note
1880	Free Space	Return Loss	-20.167	-20.075	-0.46%	±20 %	PASS
		Real Impedance	50.775	50.472	-0.30	±5Ω	PASS
		Imaginary Impedance	9.9004	9.0583	-0.84	±5Ω	PASS



1880 MHz, Free Space

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: ER3-2445_Feb16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ER3DV6 - SN:2445**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

Calibration date: **February 16, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-15 (No. ER3-2328_Oct15)	Oct-16
DAE4	SN: 789	16-Mar-15 (No. DAE4-789_Mar15)	Mar-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	**Claudio Leubler**	**Laboratory Technician**	
Approved by:	**Katja Pokovic**	**Technical Manager**	

Issued: February 17, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, " IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 for XY sensors and ϑ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2445

Manufactured: January 22, 2008
Calibrated: February 16, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2445

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)	1.49	1.71	1.84	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	98.6	98.6	100.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

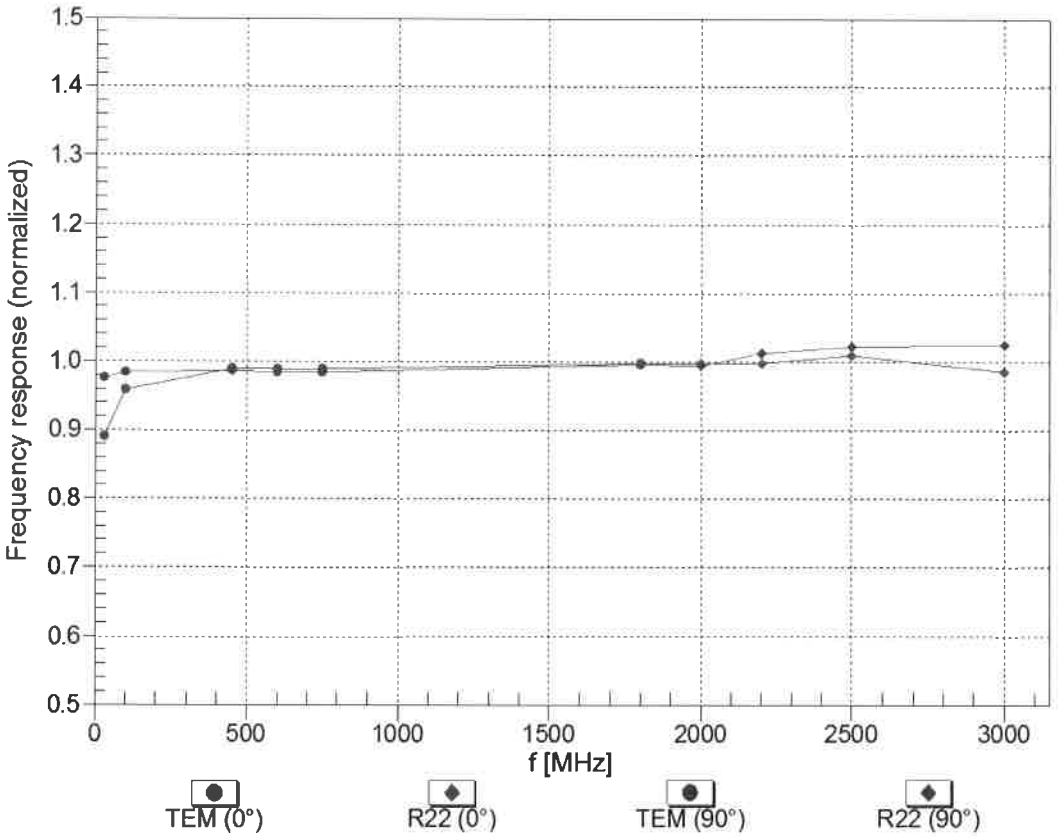
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	187.1	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		218.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		203.7	
10021-DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	21.62	99.6	28.9	9.39	120.3	±2.2 %
		Y	21.70	99.9	28.3		139.4	
		Z	23.89	99.3	29.2		103.0	
10061-CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	X	9.07	86.0	26.0	3.60	143.2	±1.2 %
		Y	6.63	81.5	24.7		122.2	
		Z	8.44	83.2	24.7		114.7	
10077-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	14.15	79.2	30.1	11.00	142.3	±4.4 %
		Y	12.97	77.0	29.2		114.4	
		Z	12.85	75.2	27.3		109.2	
10172-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.29	79.3	28.7	9.21	130.8	±4.9 %
		Y	7.49	74.1	26.4		103.9	
		Z	9.05	77.5	27.5		100.8	
10173-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	9.76	80.1	29.2	9.48	131.0	±5.5 %
		Y	8.36	77.0	28.3		103.6	
		Z	13.78	89.1	33.0		149.9	
10290-AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	X	4.18	66.0	18.4	3.91	114.1	±0.7 %
		Y	4.42	67.3	19.2		134.4	
		Z	4.27	66.6	18.7		121.1	
10295-AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	17.21	99.5	40.3	12.49	105.5	±5.7 %
		Y	16.00	99.2	40.6		119.7	
		Z	19.30	99.2	38.8		134.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Frequency Response of E-Field

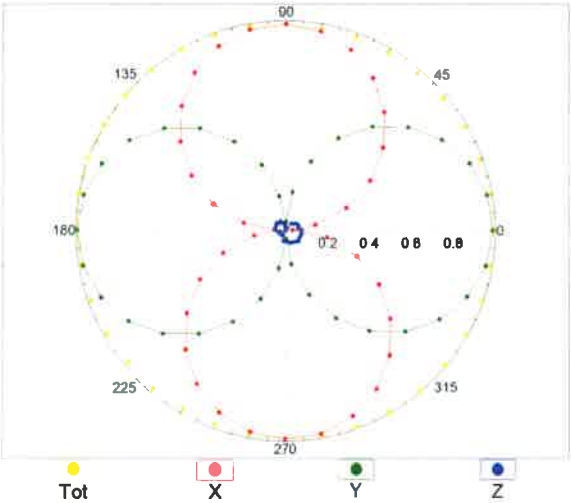
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



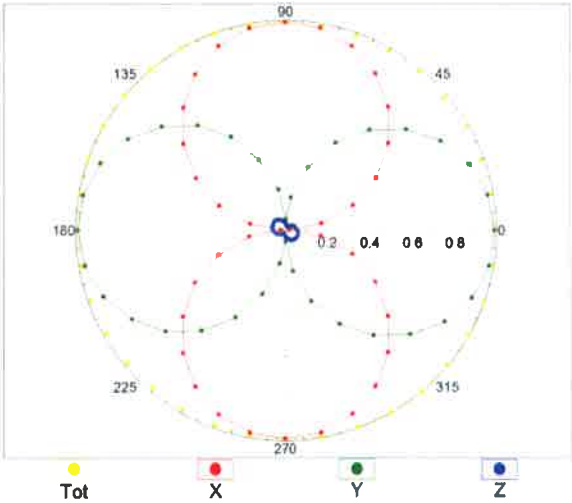
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM,0°

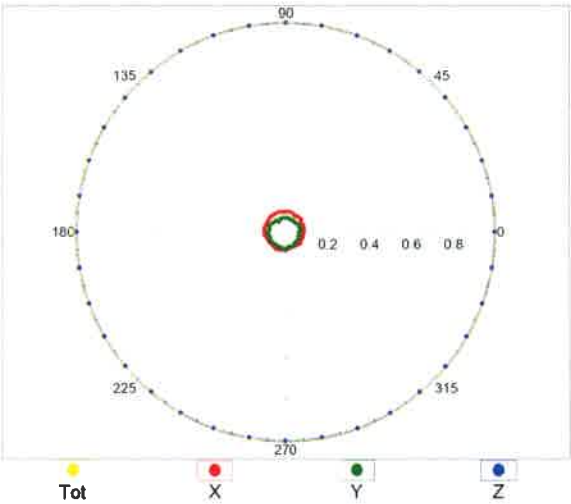


f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

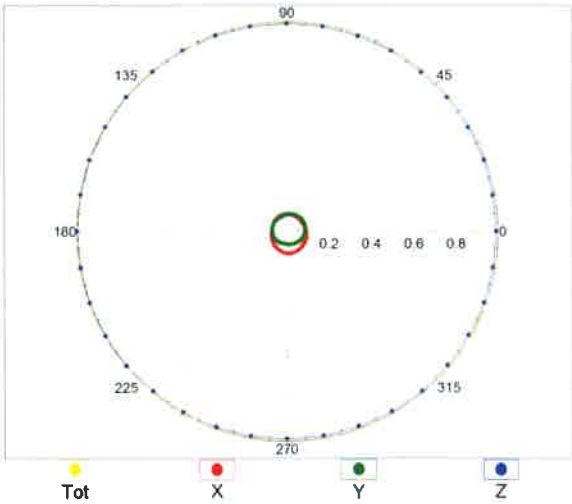


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°

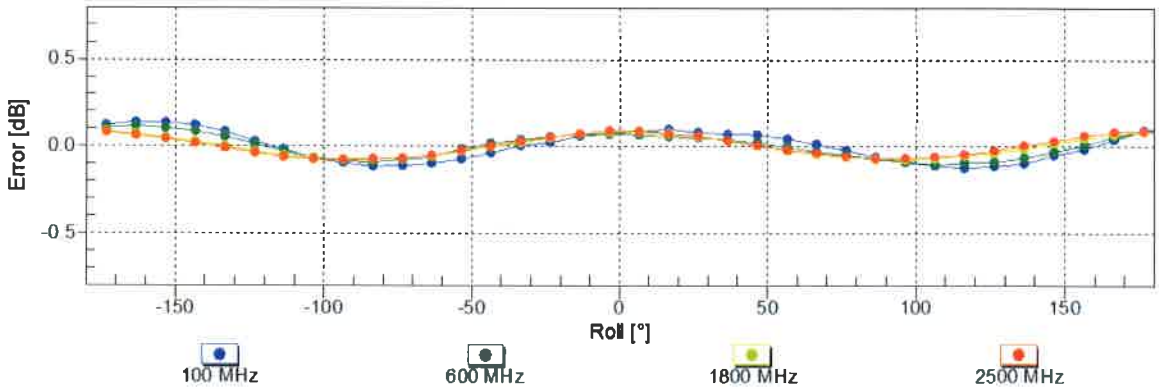
f=600 MHz,TEM,90°



f=2500 MHz,R22,90°

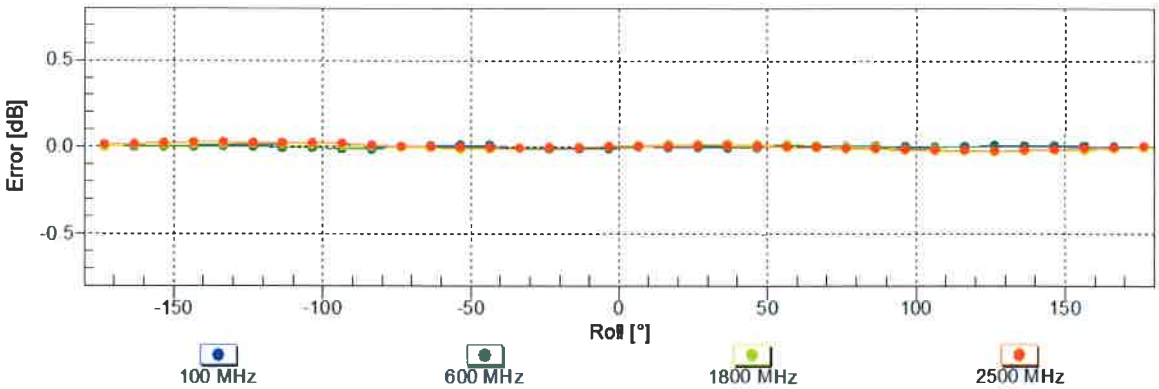


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



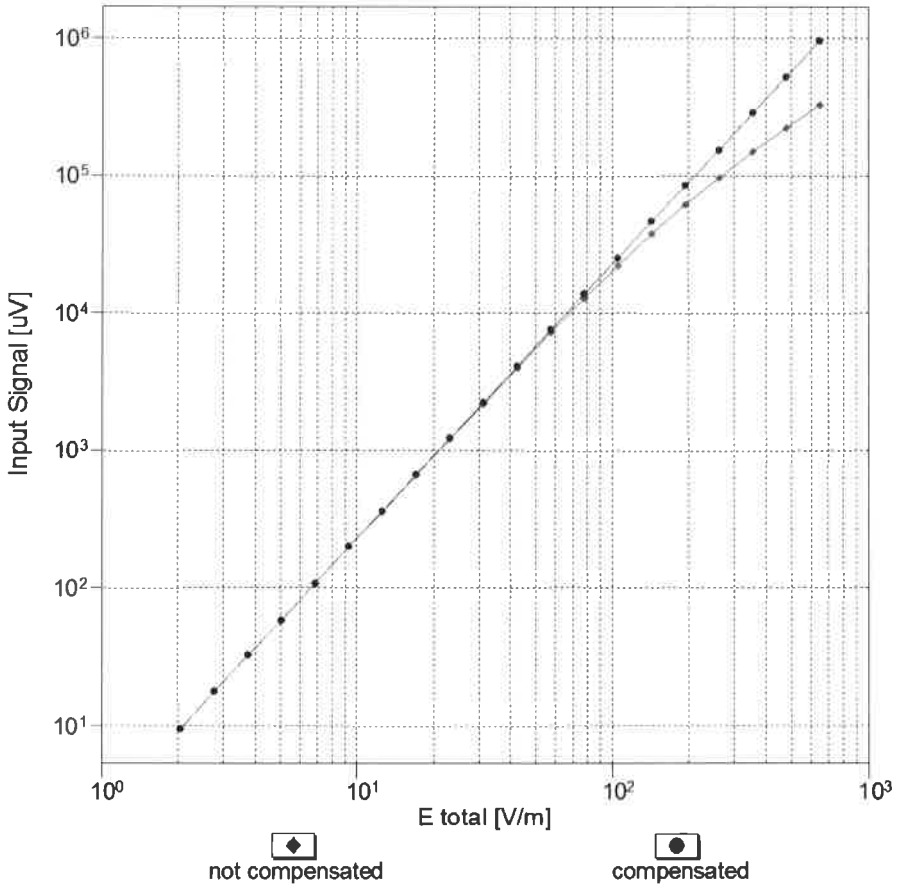
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

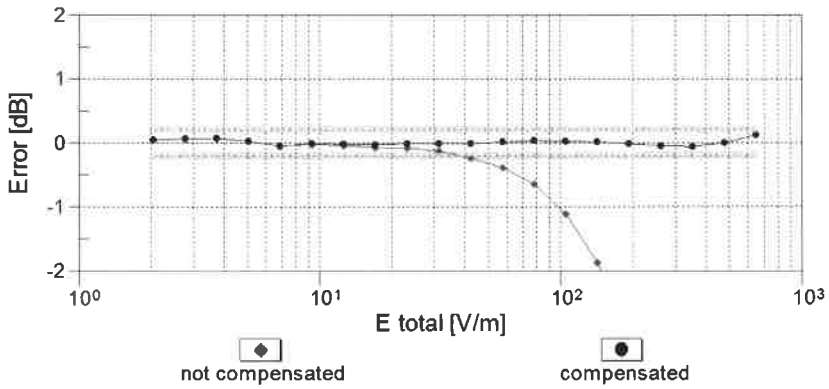
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(E-field)
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

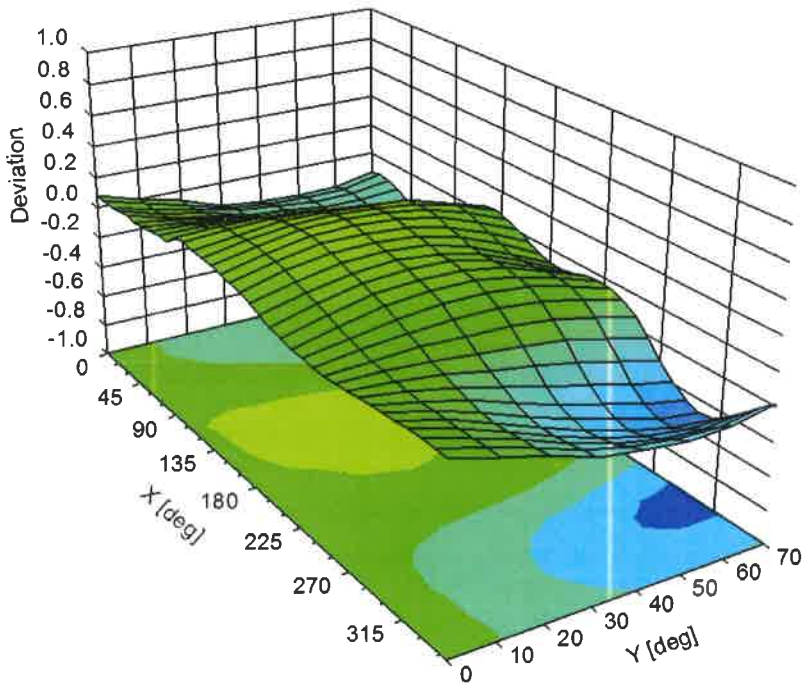


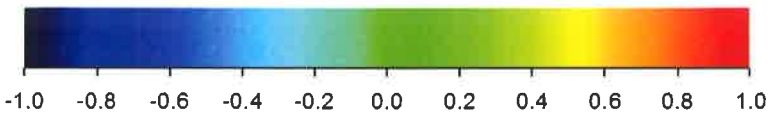


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2445

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	46.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm