

Dynamic Frequency Selection

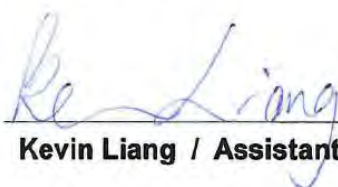
Test Report

Equipment : Dolphin 7800
Brand Name : Honeywell
Model No. : Dolphin® 7800
Filing Type : New Application
Applicant : Honeywell International Inc
Manufacturer : 9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill,
SC 29707 USA
FCC ID : HD57800LG
Test Standard(s) : FCC Part 15.407
Test Freq. Range : 5250~5350 MHz / 5470~5725 MHz
Submission Type : Original Equipment
Operating Mode : Client (without radar detection function)

The product sample received on Oct. 13, 2011 and completely tested on Oct. 15, 2011.
We, SPORTON, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart E § 15.407. The test equipment used to perform the test is calibrated and traceable to NML/ROC.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:


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REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	ISSUED DATE	VERSION	DESCRIPTION
FZ162005	Oct. 24, 2011	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report
FZ162005-20	Dec. 01, 2015	Rev. 01	Update Test Standard(s)

1 SUMMARY OF THE TEST RESULT

Applied Standard: FCC OET Order 06-96A (2006)			
Part	Appendix	Description of Test	Result
4.2	7.8.3	In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period	Complies

Note: Client without radar detection

2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Standard Requirement

FCC 15.407 / KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v01r02: U-NII devices operating in the 5250~5350 MHz / 5470~5725 MHz band. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. U-NII devices operating in the 5250~5350 MHz / 5470~5725 MHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

2.2 Product Specification Table

Specification Items	Description
Data Modulation	OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)
Data Rate (Mbps)	OFDM (6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54)
DFS Function	5260~5320 MHz ; 5500~5700 MHz
Operating Mode	Client (without radar detection function)
Communication Mode	IP based system
Power-on cycle	NA (No Channel Availability Check Function)
MAC Address	08:00:28:12:34:56
SW Version	Honeywell Ver. 1.72.28.0

2.3 Table for DFS Band Carrier Frequencies

DFS Band Carrier Frequencies

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency
5250~5350 MHz Band 2	52	5260 MHz
	56	5280 MHz
	60	5300 MHz
	64	5320 MHz

Frequency Band	Channel No.		Frequency	
5470~5725 MHz Band 3	100	5800 MHz	124	5620 MHz
	104	5520 MHz	128	5640 MHz
	108	5540 MHz	132	5660 MHz
	112	5560 MHz	136	5680 MHz
	116	5580 MHz	140	5700 MHz
	120	5600 MHz		

3 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLDS AND RADAR TEST WAVEFORMS

3.1 Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP $\geq$ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.
 Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.
 Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

3.2 DFS Response requirement values

Table D.1: DFS requirement values	
Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second periods. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.
 Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.
 Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

3.3 Radar Test Waveforms Minimum Step

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

3.4 Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a	$\text{Roundup} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\text{PRI}_{\mu\text{sec}}} \right) \right\}$	60%	30
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 μsec, with a minimum increment of 1 μsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120
Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.					

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.

3.5 Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Each waveform is defined as follows:

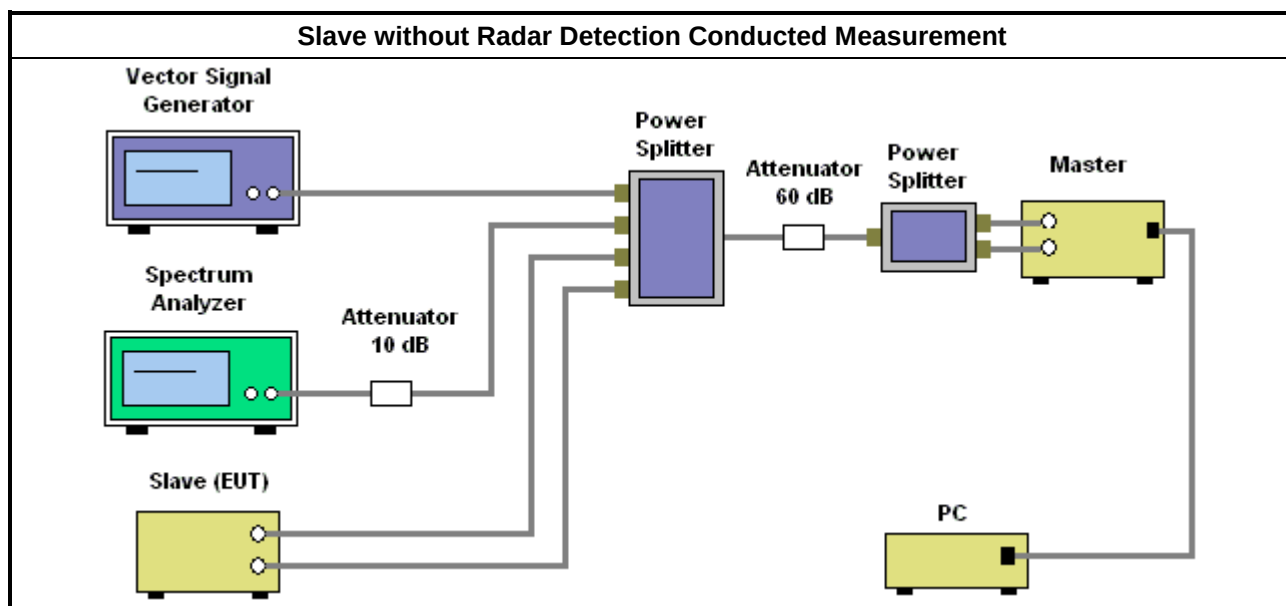
- The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst_Count.
- Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.
- Each pulse has a linear frequency modulated chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.
- The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst_Count. Each interval is of length $(12,000,000 / \text{Burst_Count})$ microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and $[(12,000,000 / \text{Burst_Count}) - (\text{Total Burst Length}) + (\text{One Random PRI Interval})]$ microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each Burst is chosen independently.

3.6 Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (ms)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

The FCC Type 6 waveform uses a static waveform with 100 bursts in the instruments ARB. In addition, the RF list mode is operated with a list containing 100 frequencies from a randomly generated list and it had be ensured that at least one of the random frequencies falls into the UNII Detection Bandwidth of the DUT. Each burst from the waveform file initiates a trigger pulse at the beginning that switches the RF list from one item to the next one.

3.7 Conducted Calibration Setup



3.8 Radar Waveform Calibration Procedure

The Interference **Radar Detection Threshold Level** is $(-64\text{dBm} + 2.0\text{dBi} + 1\text{ dB}) = -61\text{ dBm}$ that had been taken into account the output power range and antenna gain. The above equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted Radar Waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50ohm terminal form Master and Client device and no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero spans (Time Domain) at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to at least 3 MHz. The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -62 dBm . Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar types, long pulse radar type and hopping radar waveform.

3.9 Calibration Deviation

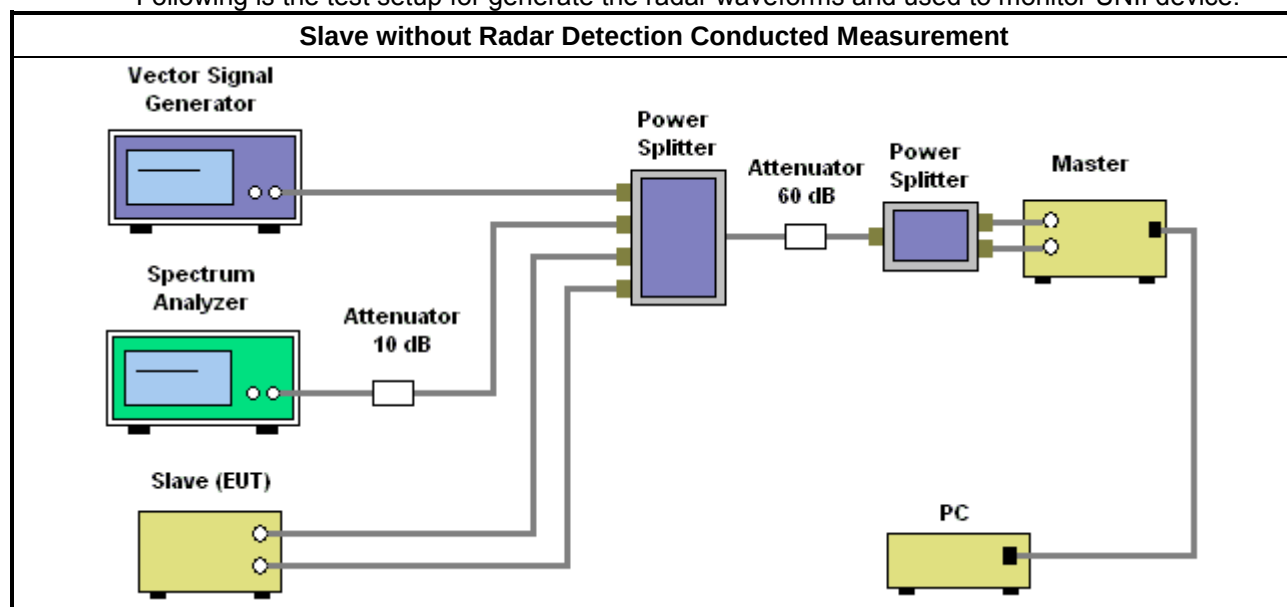
There is no deviation with the original standard.

4 TEST SETUP AND TEST RESULT

4.1 Test setup

4.1.1 Test Setup Diagram

Following is the test setup for generate the radar waveforms and used to monitor UNII device.



Radar #1 DFS detection threshold level and the burst of pulses on the Channel frequency
IEEE 802.11a

MARKER 1

22.84875 ms

Ref -10 dBm

*Att 0 dB

RBW 1 MHz

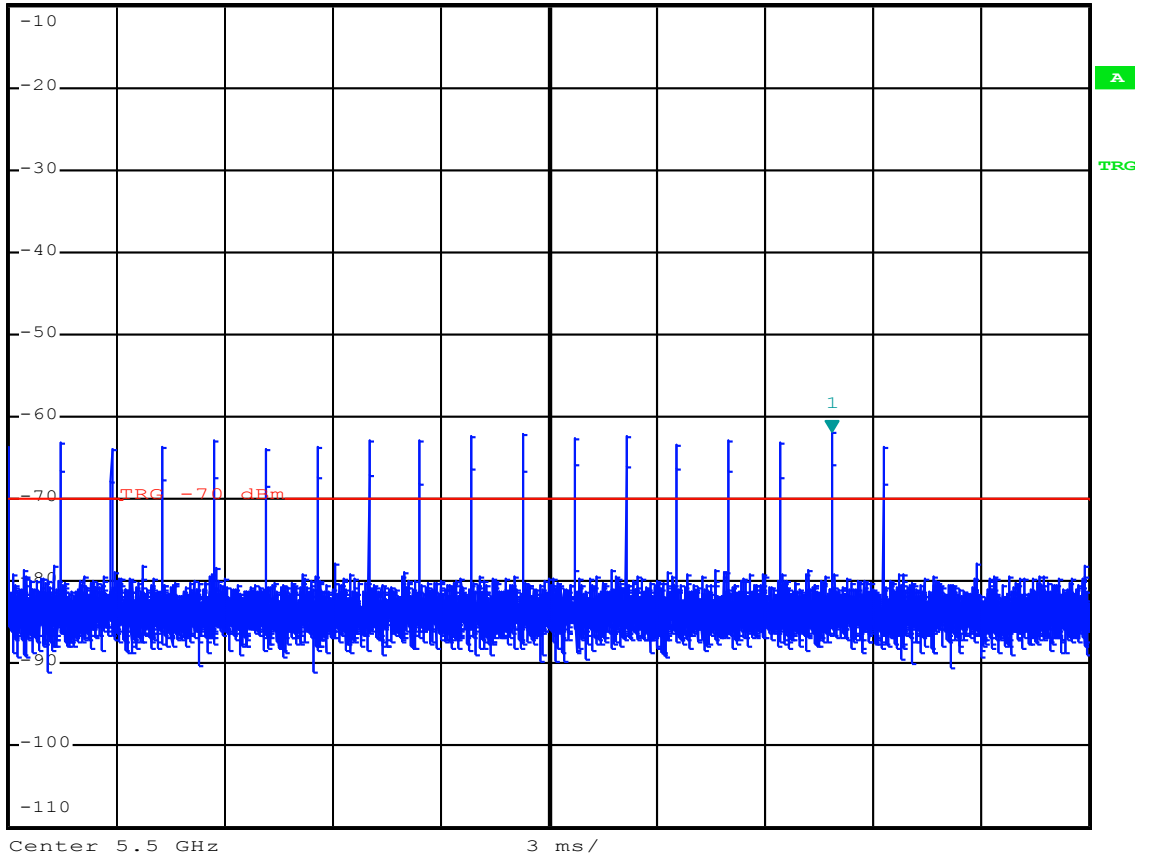
*VBW 1 MHz

SWT 30 ms

Marker 1 [T1]

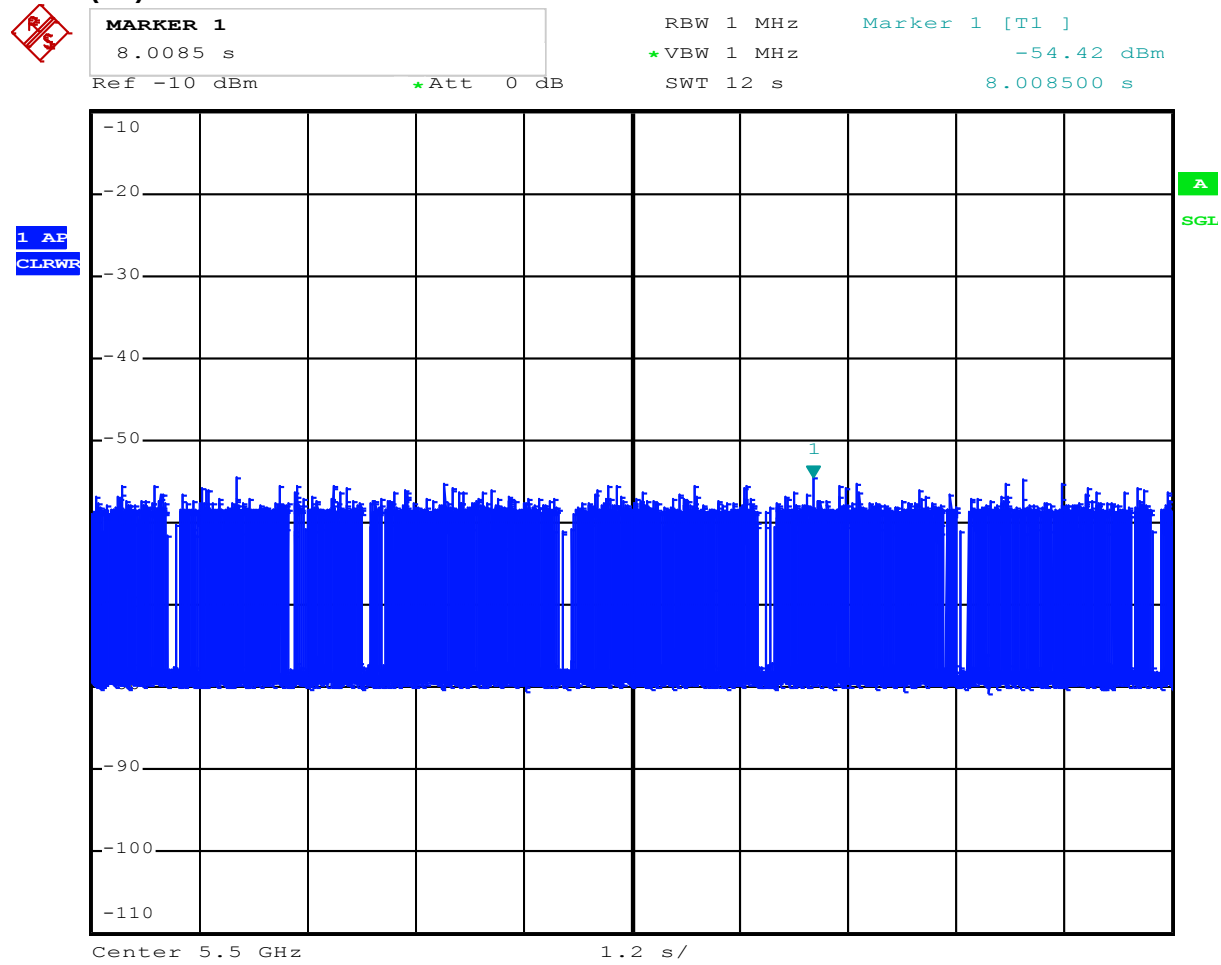
-61.82 dBm

22.848750 ms

1 AF
CLRWR

Date: 13.OCT.2011 08:19:36

Master (AP) Data Traffic Plot IEEE 802.11a



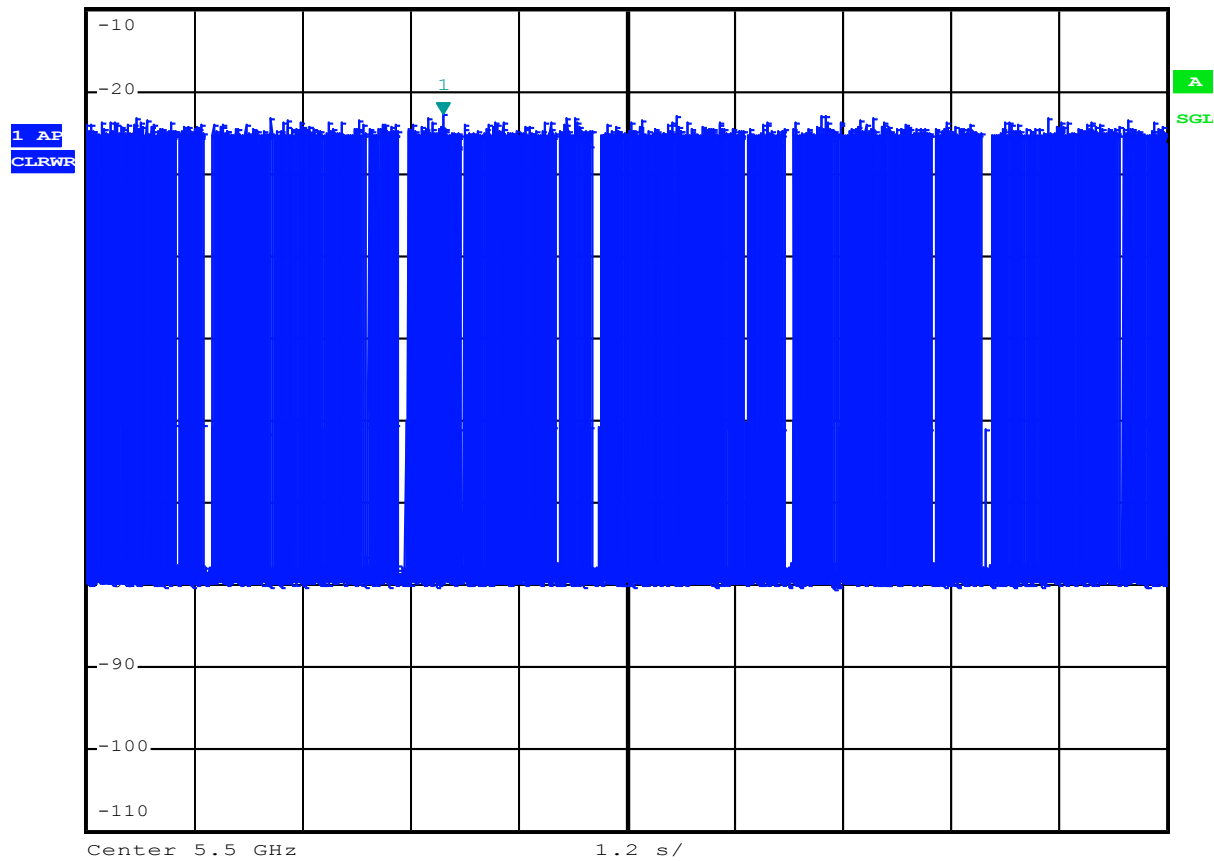
Date: 15.OCT.2011 01:51:11

Data Traffic Plot (Slave) IEEE 802.11a



MARKER 1
3.9645 s
Ref -10 dBm *Att 0 dB

RBW 1 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -22.79 dBm
SWT 12 s 3.964500 s



Date: 15.OCT.2011 01:49:46

4.1.2 Supporting Units

Support Unit	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	Software Version
Notebook PC	Dell	Latitude E5510	C6DJ1N1	Win XP SP3
Access Point	3Com	WL-605	FCC ID: O9C-WL605	WP741_normal_v18.WW

4.1.1 Test Setup Operation

System testing was performed with the designated MPEG test file that streams full motion video from the Access Point to the Client in full motion video mode using the media player with the V2.61 Codec package.. This file is used by IP based systems for loading the test channel during the In-service compliance testing of the U-NII device.

The waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type are selected randomly using uniform distribution.

A spectrum analyzer is used as a monitor to verify that the EUT has vacated the Channel within the (Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time, and does not transmit on a Channel during the Non-Occupancy Period after the detection and Channel move.

4.2 In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period Measurement

4.2.1 Limit

The EUT has In-Service Monitoring function to continuously monitor the radar signals, If radar is detected, must leave the channel (Shutdown). The Channel Move Time to cease all transmissions on the current Channel upon detection of a Radar Waveform above the DFS Detection Threshold within 10 sec. The total duration of Channel Closing Transmission Time is 260ms. Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 ms starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals between 9.8 sec after 200 ms starting from the end of radar burst. The Non-Occupancy Period time is 30 minute during which a Channel will not be utilized after a Radar Waveform is detected on that Channel.

4.2.2 Test Procedures

1. When radar burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device. A U-NII device operating as a Client Device will associate with the Master at Channel. Stream the MPEG test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the selected Channel for the entire period of the test. At time T0 the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for each of the radar types at Detection Threshold + 1dB.
2. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). One 12 second plot been reported for the Short Pulse Radar Types 1. The plot for the Short Pulse Radar Types start at the end of the radar burst. The Channel Move Time will be calculated based on the plot of the Short Pulse Radar Type.
3. To measure the total intermittent control signals transmission time. The total intermittent control signals transmission time is measured between 9.8 sec that is calculated 10 sec starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time and minus 200ms. The spectrum analyzer set to zero span tuned to the center frequency of the EUT operating channel at the radar simulated frequency, peak detection, and max hold, the dwell time per bin is given by: $Dwell = S / B$; where Dwell is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is the sweep time and B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins. The total intermittent control signals transmission time is calculated by: $C = N \times Dwell$; where C is the total intermittent control signals transmission time between 9.8 sec, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins showing total intermittent control signals and Dwell is the dwell time per bin.
4. Measure the EUT for more than 30 minutes following the channel close/move time to verify that the EUT does not resume any transmissions on this Channel.

4.2.3 Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

4.3 Result of Channel Move Time & Channel Closing Transmission Time & Non-Occupancy Period**IEEE 802.11a**

Parameter	Test Result	Limit
	Radar Type 1	
Test Channel (MHz)	5500 MHz	-
Channel Move Time (sec)	0.093 s	< 10s
Intermittent control signals (ms) (Note)	0 ms	< 60ms
Non-Occupancy Period (min.)	30 min	≥ 30

Note: The total intermittent control signals transmission time is measured between 9.8 sec that is calculated 10 sec starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time and minus 200ms.

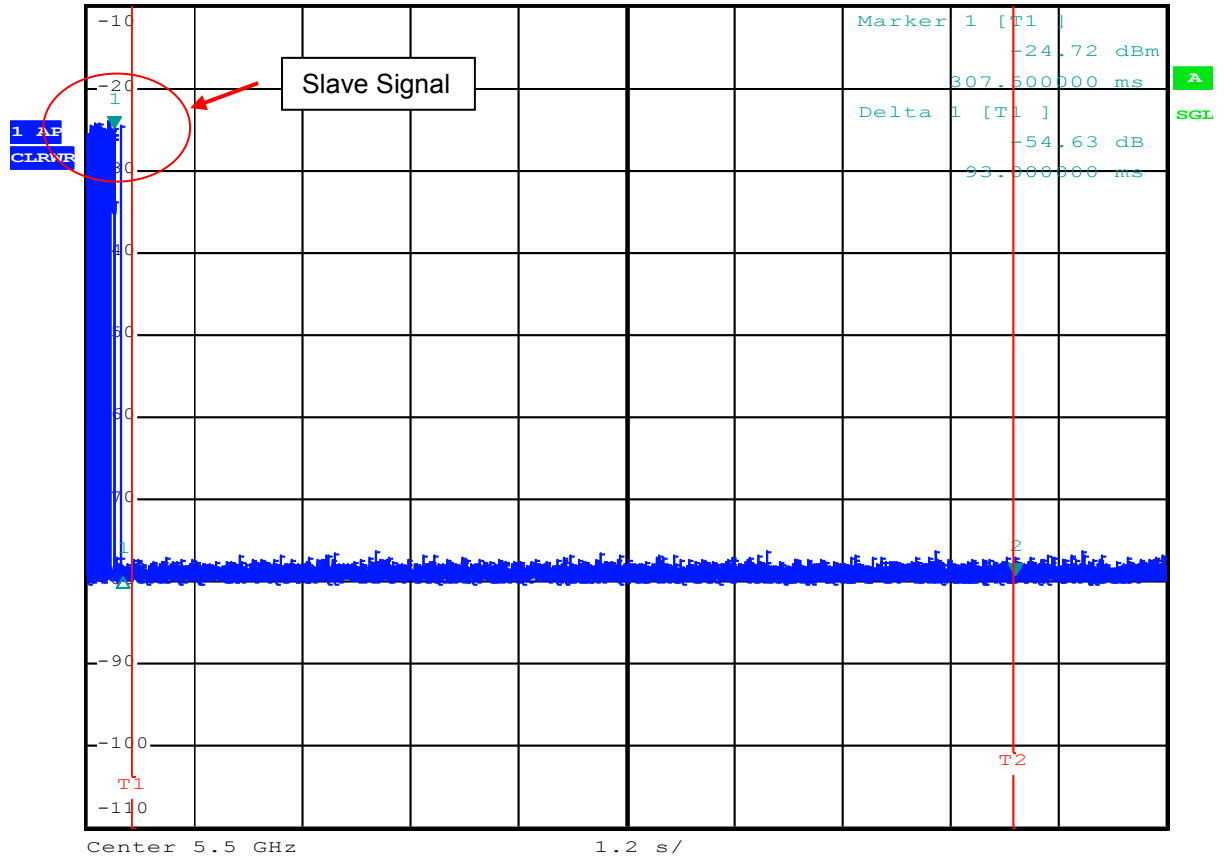
4.3.1 Channel Move Time Plot

Radar #1 Channel Move Time IEEE 802.11a



TIME LINE 1
507.5 ms
Ref -10 dBm *Att 0 dB

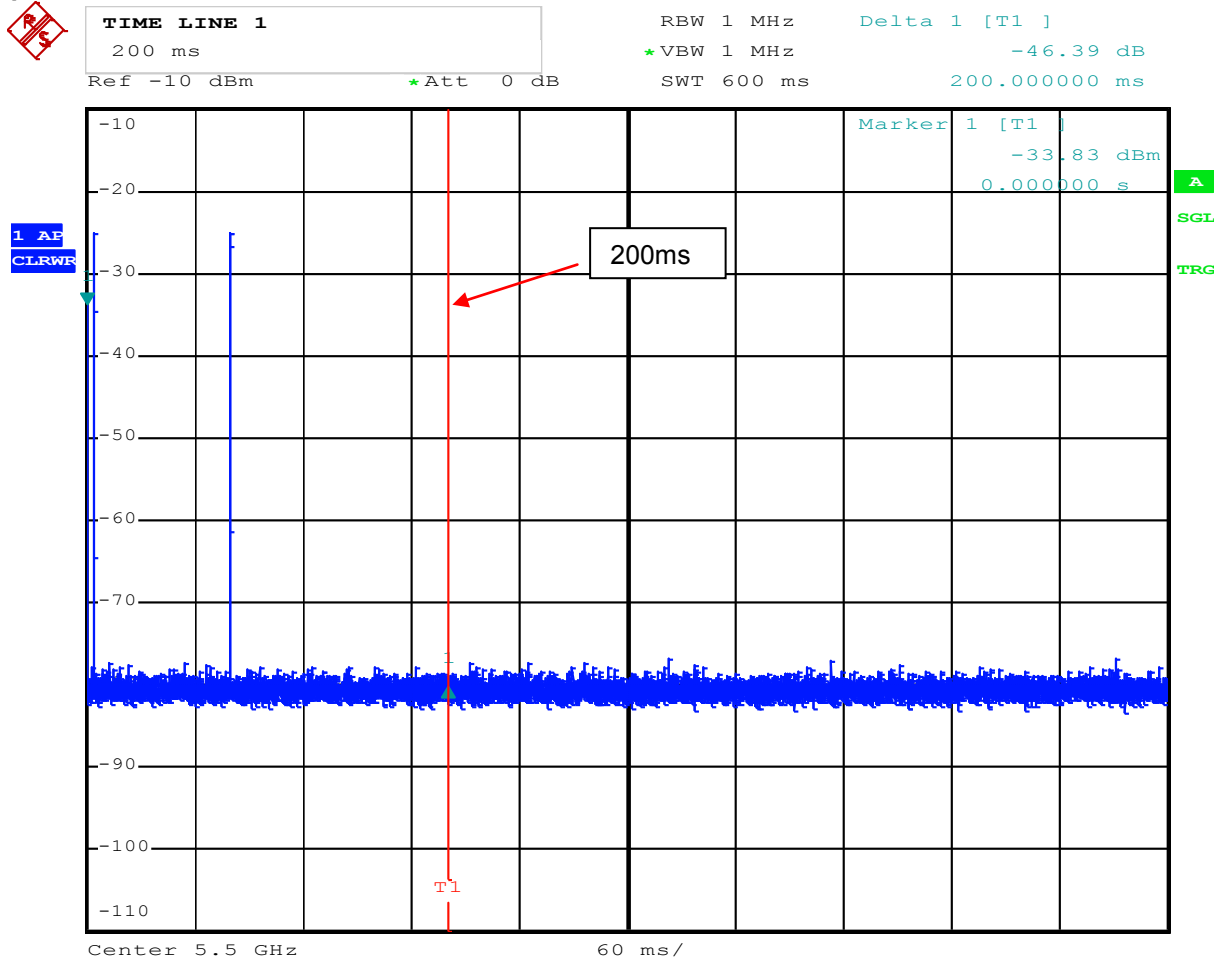
RBW 1 MHz Marker 2 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -79.21 dBm
SWT 12 s 10.307500 s



Date: 15.OCT.2011 01:54:10

4.3.2 Channel Closing Transmission Time Plot

Radar #1 Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 ms starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus 0ms intermittent control signals of 9.8 sec period (IEEE 802.11a)



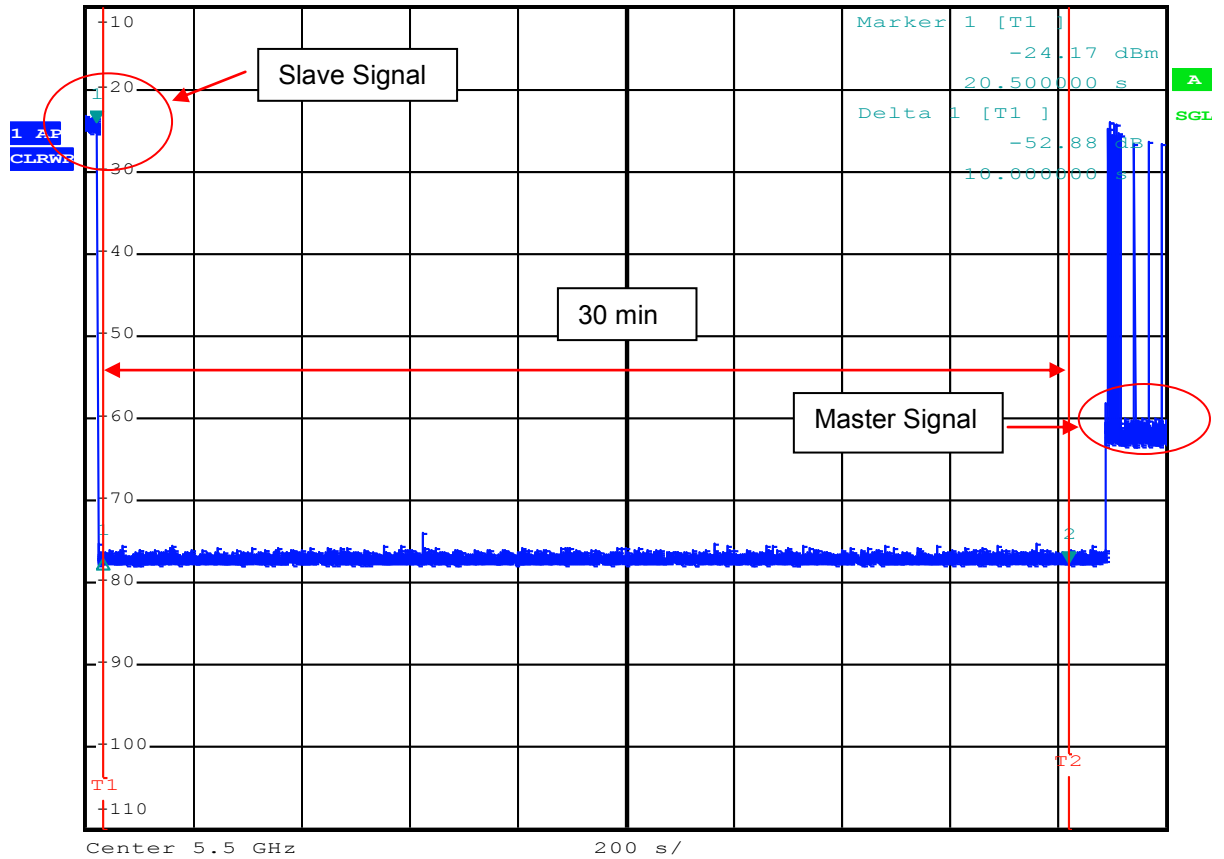
Date: 15.OCT.2011 02:25:14

Non-Occupancy Period Plot
Associated Test Mode
Radar #1 Non-Occupancy Period IEEE 802.11a



MARKER 2
1820.5 s
Ref -10 dBm *Att 0 dB

RBW 1 MHz Marker 2 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -77.56 dBm
SWT 2000 s 1.820500 ks



Date: 15.OCT.2011 08:09:15

Non-associated test Mode

Radar #1 Non-Occupancy Period IEEE 802.11a

Non-associated test, Master was off. During the 30 minutes observation time, The UUT did not make any transmissions in the DFS band after UUT power up.



MARKER 1

1.968 s

Ref -10 dBm

*Att 0 dB

RBW 1 MHz

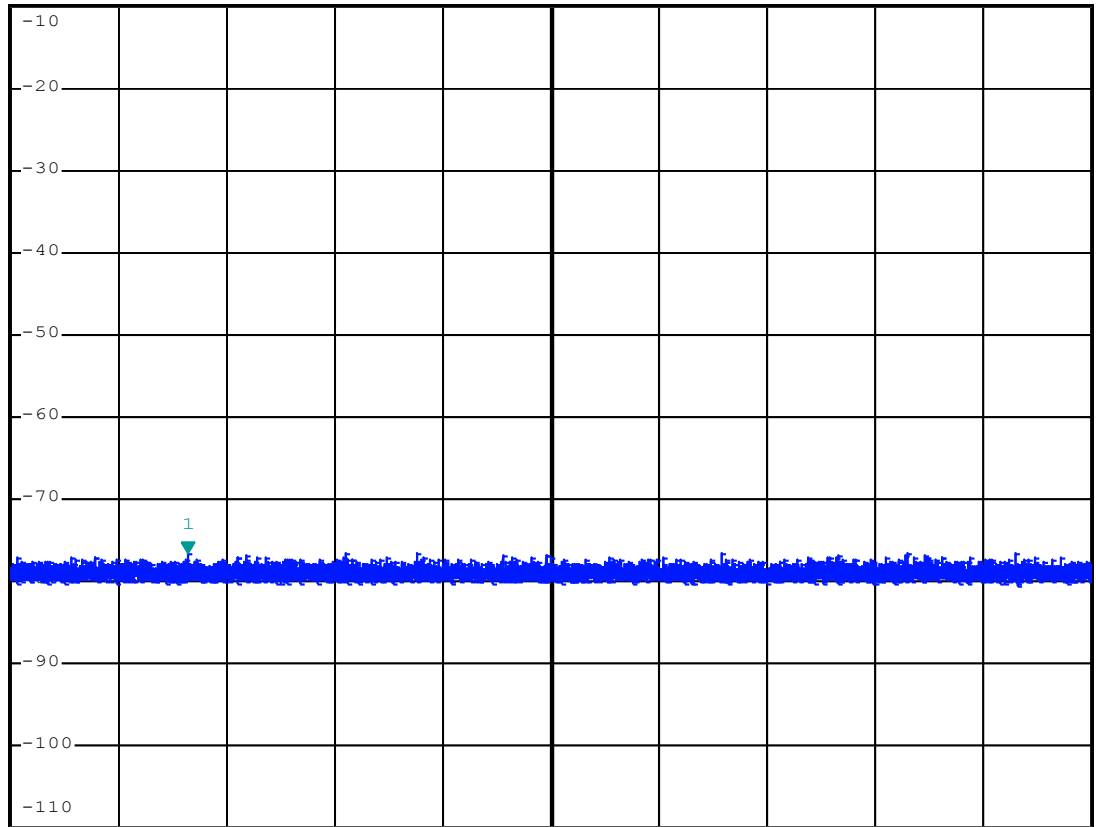
Marker 1 [T1]

*VBW 1 MHz

-76.45 dBm

SWT 12 s

1.968000 s

1 AP
CLRWRA
SGL

Date: 14.OCT.2011 20:41:35

5 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSU26.5	100015	20 Hz ~ 26.5 GHz	Jan. 06, 2011	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF Cable-1m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20 MHz ~ 7 GHz	Dec. 02, 2010	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	102098	100 kHz ~ 6 GHz	Oct. 05, 2011	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF Power Divider	HP	11636A	102934	N/A	N/A	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF Power Splitter	Anaren	44100	881840 / 881850	N/A	N/A	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF Power Splitter	Anaren	42100	8817950 / 8817960	N/A	N/A	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF Cable-0.5m	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	TH01-HY -01~06	1GHz~26.5GHz	Feb. 02, 2011	Conducted (TH01-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

6 TEST LOCATION

SHIJR	ADD : 6Fl., No. 106, Sec. 1, Shintai 5th Rd., Shijr City, Taipei, Taiwan 221, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-2696-2468 FAX : 886-2-2696-2255
HWA YA	ADD : No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-318-0055
LINKOU	ADD : No. 30-2, Dingfu Tsuen, Linkou Shiang, Taipei, Taiwan 244, R.O.C TEL : 886-2-2601-1640 FAX : 886-2-2601-1695
DUNGHU	ADD : No. 3, Lane 238, Kangle St., Neihs Chiu, Taipei, Taiwan 114, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-2631-4739 FAX : 886-2-2631-9740
JUNGHE	ADD : 7Fl., No. 758, Jungjeng Rd., Junghe City, Taipei, Taiwan 235, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-8227-2020 FAX : 886-2-8227-2626
NEIHU	ADD : 4Fl., No. 339, Hsin Hu 2 nd Rd., Taipei 114, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-2794-8886 FAX : 886-2-2794-9777
JHUBEI	ADD : No.8, Lane 728, Bo-ai St., Jhubei City, HsinChu County 302, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL : 886-3-656-9065 FAX : 886-3-656-9085

Appendix A. Test Photos

1. Photographs of DFS Test Configuration

FRONT VIEW

