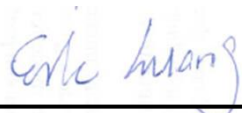


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Quanta Computer Inc.
EQUIPMENT : Computing Device with external power supply, battery, WiFi and Bluetooth
MODEL NAME : C0A
FCC ID : HFSC0A
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA742622	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Aug. 01, 2017
FA742622	Rev. 02	Revised BLE power and 5.8GHz WLAN power of Laptop mode.	Aug. 15, 2017
FA742622	Rev. 03	Revised the different configuration term to the same.	Aug. 18, 2017

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Quanta Computer Inc., Computing Device with external power supply, battery, WiFi and Bluetooth, C0A**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Body (Separation 0mm)	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.54	1.01
NII	5GHz WLAN	1.19	1.23
DSS	Bluetooth	0.03	1.23
Date of Testing:		2017/5/11 ~ 2017/6/20	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

Applicant	
Company Name	Quanta Computer Inc.
Address	No.188, Wenhua 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Computing Device with external power supply, battery, WiFi and Bluetooth
Model Name	C0A
FCC ID	HFSC0A
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz : 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE/HS
Remark: 1. This device have two usage scenarios, one is laptop mode another is tablet mode and according to usage scenarios by end user which the device will limit different maximum power between laptop mode and tablet mode.	

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

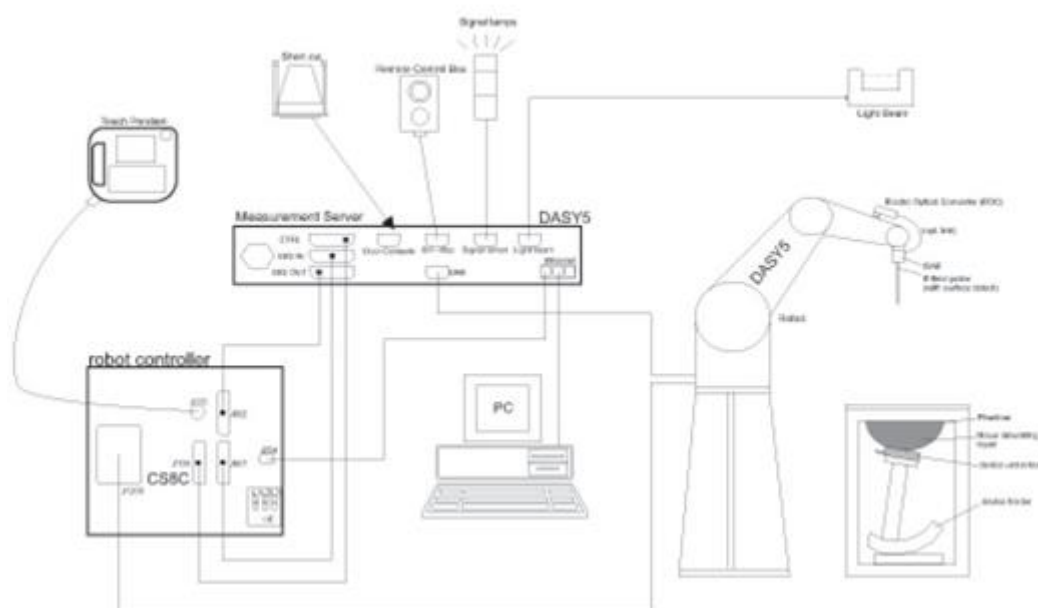
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	926	Jul. 25, 2016	Jul. 24, 2017
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 27, 2016	Sep. 26, 2017
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	Feb. 16, 2017	Feb. 15, 2018
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 17, 2016	Nov. 16, 2017
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Feb. 21, 2017	Feb. 20, 2018
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 24, 2016	Nov. 23, 2017
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-1	Mar. 21, 2017	Mar. 20, 2018
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5016	TM281-1	Mar. 17, 2017	Mar. 16, 2018
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT32	100522	Mar. 14, 2017	Mar. 13, 2018
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 09, 2016	Dec. 08, 2017
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 04, 2017	Jan. 03, 2018
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 19, 2016	Jul. 18, 2017
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 05, 2016	Sep. 04, 2017
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1438002	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339195	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 22, 2016	Aug. 21, 2017
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

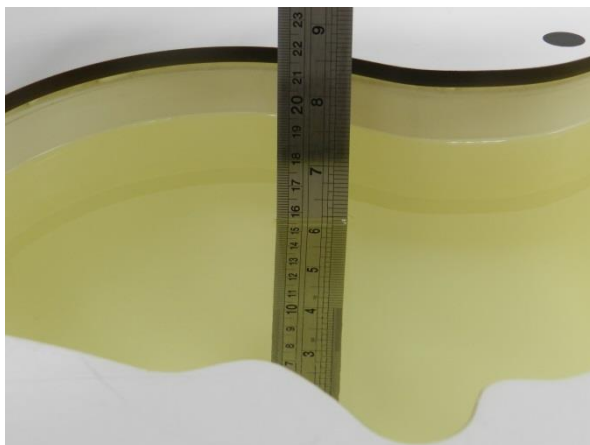


Fig 10.1Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	MSL	22.6	1.951	52.855	1.95	52.70	0.05	0.29	±5	2017/5/11
2450	MSL	22.6	1.946	54.811	1.95	52.70	-0.21	4.01	±5	2017/5/19
2450	MSL	22.4	1.989	54.803	1.95	52.70	2.00	3.99	±5	2017/6/20
5250	MSL	22.6	5.442	46.777	5.36	48.95	1.53	-4.44	±5	2017/5/18
5600	MSL	22.6	5.900	46.172	5.77	48.50	2.25	-4.80	±5	2017/5/18
5750	MSL	22.6	6.102	45.942	5.94	48.28	2.73	-4.84	±5	2017/5/18

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/5/11	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-926	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	12.40	51.20	49.60	-3.13
2017/5/19	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-926	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	12.40	51.20	49.60	-3.13
2017/6/20	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-926	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	12.10	51.20	48.40	-5.47
2017/5/18	5250	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.68	75.50	76.80	1.72
2017/5/18	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	8.38	78.60	83.80	6.62
2017/5/18	5750	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5750	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	7.85	74.60	78.50	5.23

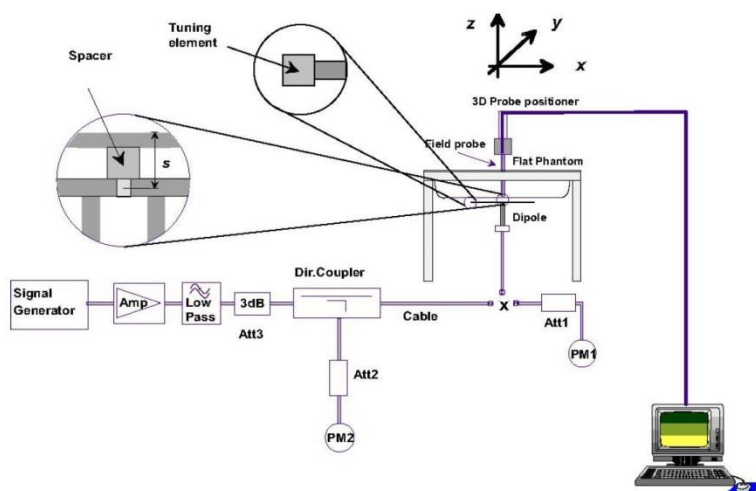


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$ and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04 , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
4. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
5. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
6. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $\leq 0.4\text{ W/kg}$, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is $> 0.4\text{ W/kg}$, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8\text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

<Tablet Mode Conducted Power>
<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	13.98	15.75	98.58
		6	2437	14.16	15.75	
		11	2462	12.98	14.25	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	10.99	12.25	98.08
		2	2417	11.90	12.25	
		6	2437	14.49	15.75	
		10	2457	13.43	14.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	11	2462	12.51	14.25	97.95
		1	2412	10.45	11.75	
		2	2417	12.25	13.75	
		6	2437	14.84	16.25	
		10	2457	13.94	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	11	2462	12.40	13.75	96.67
		3	2422	6.70	8.25	
		4	2424	8.17	9.75	
		6	2437	11.18	12.75	
		8	2447	8.77	10.25	
		9	2452	7.43	8.75	

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	14.01	15.75	98.58
		6	2437	14.36	15.75	
		11	2462	12.74	14.25	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	14.33	15.75	97.71
		2	2417	14.20	15.75	
		6	2437	14.44	15.75	
		10	2457	14.15	15.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	11	2462	12.98	14.25	98.45
		1	2412	12.94	14.25	
		2	2417	13.92	15.25	
		6	2437	14.77	16.25	
		10	2457	13.94	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	11	2462	12.98	14.25	96.69
		3	2422	8.74	10.25	
		4	2424	11.20	12.75	
		6	2437	12.74	14.25	
		8	2447	10.83	12.25	
		9	2452	9.54	11.25	

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1+2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	14.27	15.75	98.09
		2	2417	14.14	15.75	
		6	2437	14.11	15.75	
		10	2457	14.15	15.75	
		11	2462	12.84	14.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	12.95	14.25	98.45
		2	2417	13.95	15.25	
		6	2437	14.52	16.25	
		10	2457	13.83	15.25	
		11	2462	12.98	14.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422	8.88	10.25	96.69
		4	2424	11.18	12.75	
		6	2437	13.32	15.25	
		8	2447	10.95	12.25	
		9	2452	9.93	11.25	

<5GHz WLAN ANT1>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	11.91	13.25	98.08
		40	5200	11.86	13.25	
		44	5220	11.98	13.25	
		48	5240	11.84	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.87	13.25	98.45
		40	5200	11.95	13.25	
		44	5220	11.87	13.25	
		48	5240	11.75	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.86	13.25	96.91
		46	5230	11.55	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.77	13.25	98.47
		40	5200	11.82	13.25	
		44	5220	11.85	13.25	
		48	5240	11.73	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.82	13.25	96.94
		46	5230	10.53	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	9.58	11.25	93.97



5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	11.70	13.25	98.08
		56	5280	11.58	13.25	
		60	5300	11.91	13.25	
		64	5320	11.81	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.67	13.25	98.45
		56	5280	11.57	13.25	
		60	5300	11.87	13.25	
		64	5320	11.75	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	11.76	13.25	96.91
		62	5310	11.62	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.62	13.25	98.47
		56	5280	11.55	13.25	
		60	5300	11.80	13.25	
		64	5320	11.59	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	11.64	13.25	96.94
		62	5310	11.59	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	11.00	12.25	93.97

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	11.80	13.25	98.08
		116	5580	11.80	13.25	
		124	5620	11.82	13.25	
		132	5660	11.63	13.25	
		144	5720	11.58	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.75	13.25	98.45
		116	5580	11.73	13.25	
		124	5620	11.70	13.25	
		132	5660	11.90	13.25	
		144	5720	11.96	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.70	13.25	96.91
		110	5550	11.67	13.25	
		126	5630	11.67	13.25	
		134	5670	11.66	13.25	
		142	5710	11.72	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.71	13.25	98.47
		116	5580	11.68	13.25	
		124	5620	11.67	13.25	
		132	5660	11.85	13.25	
		144	5720	11.93	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.67	13.25	96.94
		110	5550	11.65	13.25	
		126	5630	11.60	13.25	
		134	5670	11.63	13.25	
		142	5710	11.65	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	11.97	13.25	93.97
		122	5610	11.54	13.25	
		138	5690	11.54	13.25	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	11.84	13.25	98.08
		157	5785	11.64	13.25	
		165	5825	11.81	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.70	13.25	98.45
		157	5785	11.99	13.25	
		165	5825	11.67	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	11.91	13.25	96.91
		159	5795	11.97	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.69	13.25	98.47
		157	5785	11.96	13.25	
		165	5825	11.65	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	11.89	13.25	96.94
		159	5795	11.91	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	11.63	13.25	93.97



<5GHz WLAN ANT2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	11.92	13.25	98.56
		40	5200	11.85	13.25	
		44	5220	11.56	13.25	
		48	5240	11.81	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.84	13.25	98.46
		40	5200	11.97	13.25	
		44	5220	11.91	13.25	
		48	5240	11.74	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.98	13.25	96.88
		46	5230	11.85	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.80	13.25	98.46
		40	5200	11.93	13.25	
		44	5220	11.90	13.25	
		48	5240	11.72	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.88	13.25	96.94
		46	5230	11.71	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	9.51	11.25	93.10

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	11.73	13.25	98.56
		56	5280	11.58	13.25	
		60	5300	11.56	13.25	
		64	5320	11.60	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.87	13.25	98.46
		56	5280	11.91	13.25	
		60	5300	11.87	13.25	
		64	5320	11.83	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	11.84	13.25	96.88
		62	5310	11.71	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.84	13.25	98.46
		56	5280	11.87	13.25	
		60	5300	11.85	13.25	
		64	5320	11.78	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	11.68	13.25	96.94
		62	5310	11.59	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	10.95	12.25	93.10

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	11.74	13.25	98.56
		116	5580	11.91	13.25	
		124	5620	11.92	13.25	
		132	5660	11.71	13.25	
		144	5720	11.72	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.77	13.25	98.46
		116	5580	11.84	13.25	
		124	5620	11.92	13.25	
		132	5660	11.69	13.25	
		144	5720	11.60	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.96	13.25	96.88
		110	5550	11.94	13.25	
		126	5630	11.88	13.25	
		134	5670	11.89	13.25	
		142	5710	11.97	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.72	13.25	98.46
		116	5580	11.69	13.25	
		124	5620	11.90	13.25	
		132	5660	11.68	13.25	
		144	5720	11.57	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.89	13.25	96.94
		110	5550	11.86	13.25	
		126	5630	11.83	13.25	
		134	5670	11.83	13.25	
		142	5710	11.86	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	11.76	13.25	93.10
		122	5610	11.75	13.25	
		138	5690	11.73	13.25	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	11.85	13.25	98.56
		157	5785	11.93	13.25	
		165	5825	11.98	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.73	13.25	98.46
		157	5785	11.86	13.25	
		165	5825	11.87	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	11.97	13.25	96.88
		159	5795	11.86	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.71	13.25	98.46
		157	5785	11.84	13.25	
		165	5825	11.83	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	11.94	13.25	96.94
		159	5795	11.82	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	11.99	13.25	93.10

<5GHz WLAN ANT1+2>

5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	12.35	13.75	98.09
		40	5200	13.46	14.75	
		44	5220	13.36	14.75	
		48	5240	13.41	14.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.33	13.75	97.95
		40	5200	13.48	14.75	
		44	5220	13.48	14.75	
		48	5240	13.49	14.75	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.81	13.25	95.99
		46	5230	14.99	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.31	13.75	96.06
		40	5200	13.41	14.75	
		44	5220	13.19	14.75	
		48	5240	13.34	14.75	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.80	13.25	93.94
		46	5230	14.60	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	10.45	11.75	90.07

5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	14.31	15.75	98.09
		56	5280	14.43	15.75	
		60	5300	14.35	15.75	
		64	5320	11.70	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.42	15.75	97.95
		56	5280	14.39	15.75	
		60	5300	14.38	15.75	
		64	5320	11.90	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.61	16.25	95.88
		62	5310	11.87	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.41	15.75	96.06
		56	5280	14.25	15.75	
		60	5300	14.34	15.75	
		64	5320	11.80	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.50	16.25	93.94
		62	5310	11.82	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	11.72	13.25	90.07

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	11.89	13.25	98.09
		116	5580	14.48	15.75	
		124	5620	14.32	15.75	
		132	5660	14.48	15.75	
		144	5720	13.72	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.92	13.25	97.95
		116	5580	14.49	15.75	
		124	5620	14.46	15.75	
		132	5660	14.43	15.75	
		144	5720	13.95	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.86	13.25	95.88
		110	5550	14.94	16.25	
		126	5630	14.79	16.25	
		134	5670	14.92	16.25	
		142	5710	14.89	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.88	13.25	96.06
		116	5580	14.46	15.75	
		124	5620	14.44	15.75	
		132	5660	14.26	15.75	
		144	5720	13.79	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.84	13.25	93.94
		110	5550	14.87	16.25	
		126	5630	14.57	16.25	
		134	5670	14.81	16.25	
		142	5710	14.70	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	11.52	13.25	90.07
		122	5610	14.51	16.25	
		138	5690	14.99	16.25	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	13.86	15.25	98.09
		157	5785	13.99	15.25	
		165	5825	13.68	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.83	15.25	97.95
		157	5785	13.71	15.25	
		165	5825	13.80	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.70	16.25	95.88
		159	5795	14.68	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.72	15.25	96.06
		157	5785	13.61	15.25	
		165	5825	13.79	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.63	16.25	93.94
		159	5795	14.64	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.68	16.25	90.07

<Laptop Mode Conducted Power>
<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	13.98	15.75	98.58
		6	2437	14.16	15.75	
		11	2462	12.98	14.25	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	10.99	12.25	98.08
		2	2417	11.90	12.25	
		6	2437	14.49	15.75	
		10	2457	13.43	14.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	11	2462	12.51	14.25	97.95
		1	2412	10.45	11.75	
		2	2417	12.25	13.75	
		6	2437	14.84	16.25	
		10	2457	13.94	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	11	2462	12.40	13.75	96.67
		3	2422	6.70	8.25	
		4	2424	8.17	9.75	
		6	2437	11.18	12.75	
		8	2447	8.77	10.25	
		9	2452	7.43	8.75	

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	14.01	15.75	98.58
		6	2437	14.36	15.75	
		11	2462	12.74	14.25	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	14.33	15.75	97.71
		2	2417	14.20	15.75	
		6	2437	14.44	15.75	
		10	2457	14.15	15.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	11	2462	12.98	14.25	98.45
		1	2412	12.94	14.25	
		2	2417	13.92	15.25	
		6	2437	14.77	16.25	
		10	2457	13.94	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	11	2462	12.98	14.25	96.69
		3	2422	8.74	10.25	
		4	2424	11.20	12.75	
		6	2437	12.74	14.25	
		8	2447	10.83	12.25	
		9	2452	9.54	11.25	

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1+2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	14.27	15.75	98.09
		2	2417	14.14	15.75	
		6	2437	14.11	15.75	
		10	2457	14.15	15.75	
		11	2462	12.84	14.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	12.95	14.25	98.45
		2	2417	13.95	15.25	
		6	2437	14.52	16.25	
		10	2457	13.83	15.25	
		11	2462	12.98	14.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422	8.88	10.25	96.69
		4	2424	11.18	12.75	
		6	2437	13.32	15.25	
		8	2447	10.95	12.25	
		9	2452	9.93	11.25	

<5GHz WLAN ANT1>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	12.47	13.75	98.08
		40	5200	13.20	14.75	
		44	5220	13.24	14.75	
		48	5240	13.48	14.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.49	13.75	98.45
		40	5200	13.10	14.75	
		44	5220	13.47	14.75	
		48	5240	13.17	14.75	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.86	13.25	96.91
		46	5230	14.59	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.33	13.75	98.47
		40	5200	13.22	14.75	
		44	5220	13.42	14.75	
		48	5240	13.10	14.75	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.83	13.25	96.94
		46	5230	14.55	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	9.58	11.25	93.97



5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	14.50	15.75	98.08
		56	5280	14.32	15.75	
		60	5300	14.16	15.75	
		64	5320	11.72	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.45	15.75	98.45
		56	5280	14.30	15.75	
		60	5300	14.14	15.75	
		64	5320	11.99	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.99	16.25	96.91
		62	5310	11.62	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.39	15.75	98.47
		56	5280	14.25	15.75	
		60	5300	14.07	15.75	
		64	5320	11.90	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.70	16.25	96.94
		62	5310	11.59	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	11.00	12.25	93.97

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	11.88	13.25	98.08
		116	5580	14.48	15.75	
		124	5620	14.25	15.75	
		132	5660	14.31	15.75	
		144	5720	13.43	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.89	13.25	98.45
		116	5580	14.46	15.75	
		124	5620	14.40	15.75	
		132	5660	14.35	15.75	
		144	5720	13.37	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.70	13.25	96.91
		110	5550	14.90	16.25	
		126	5630	14.70	16.25	
		134	5670	14.75	16.25	
		142	5710	14.90	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.65	13.25	98.47
		116	5580	14.37	15.75	
		124	5620	14.28	15.75	
		132	5660	14.20	15.75	
		144	5720	13.34	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.68	13.25	96.94
		110	5550	14.63	16.25	
		126	5630	14.60	16.25	
		134	5670	14.51	16.25	
		142	5710	14.73	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	11.59	13.25	93.97
		122	5610	14.88	16.25	
		138	5690	14.87	16.25	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	13.85	15.25	98.08
		157	5785	13.98	15.25	
		165	5825	13.91	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.95	15.25	98.45
		157	5785	13.69	15.25	
		165	5825	13.65	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.59	16.25	96.91
		159	5795	14.78	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.52	15.25	98.47
		157	5785	13.52	15.25	
		165	5825	13.47	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.50	16.25	96.94
		159	5795	14.70	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.62	16.25	93.97

<5GHz WLAN ANT2>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	12.34	13.75	98.56
		40	5200	13.10	14.75	
		44	5220	13.37	14.75	
		48	5240	13.19	14.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.46	13.75	98.46
		40	5200	13.30	14.75	
		44	5220	13.37	14.75	
		48	5240	13.31	14.75	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.70	13.25	96.88
		46	5230	14.55	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.44	13.75	98.46
		40	5200	13.15	14.75	
		44	5220	13.32	14.75	
		48	5240	13.18	14.75	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.64	13.25	96.94
		46	5230	14.51	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	9.51	11.25	93.10

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	14.45	15.75	98.56
		56	5280	14.00	15.75	
		60	5300	14.12	15.75	
		64	5320	11.83	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.29	15.75	98.46
		56	5280	14.12	15.75	
		60	5300	14.13	15.75	
		64	5320	11.75	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.86	16.25	96.88
		62	5310	11.71	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.20	15.75	98.46
		56	5280	14.05	15.75	
		60	5300	14.07	15.75	
		64	5320	11.64	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.40	16.25	96.94
		62	5310	11.59	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	10.95	12.25	93.10

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	11.98	13.25	98.56
		116	5580	14.02	15.75	
		124	5620	14.00	15.75	
		132	5660	13.99	15.75	
		144	5720	13.73	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.92	13.25	98.46
		116	5580	14.02	15.75	
		124	5620	14.00	15.75	
		132	5660	13.89	15.75	
		144	5720	13.88	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.96	13.25	96.88
		110	5550	14.84	16.25	
		126	5630	14.53	16.25	
		134	5670	14.52	16.25	
		142	5710	14.70	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.88	13.25	98.46
		116	5580	14.00	15.75	
		124	5620	13.98	15.75	
		132	5660	13.89	15.75	
		144	5720	13.70	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.90	13.25	96.94
		110	5550	14.79	16.25	
		126	5630	14.50	16.25	
		134	5670	14.47	16.25	
		142	5710	14.45	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	11.99	13.25	93.10
		122	5610	14.58	16.25	
		138	5690	14.72	16.25	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	13.99	15.25	98.56
		157	5785	13.97	15.25	
		165	5825	14.00	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.73	15.25	98.46
		157	5785	13.76	15.25	
		165	5825	13.72	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.60	16.25	96.88
		159	5795	14.77	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.83	15.25	98.46
		157	5785	13.72	15.25	
		165	5825	13.70	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.54	16.25	96.94
		159	5795	14.66	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.76	16.25	93.10

<5GHz WLAN ANT1+2>

5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	12.49	13.75	98.09
		40	5200	13.35	14.75	
		44	5220	13.36	14.75	
		48	5240	13.49	14.75	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	12.15	13.75	97.95
		40	5200	13.25	14.75	
		44	5220	13.45	14.75	
		48	5240	13.05	14.75	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.95	13.25	95.88
		46	5230	14.99	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.86	13.75	96.06
		40	5200	13.10	14.75	
		44	5220	13.19	14.75	
		48	5240	12.76	14.75	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.92	13.25	93.94
		46	5230	14.60	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	10.45	11.75	90.07

5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	14.47	15.75	98.09
		56	5280	14.32	15.75	
		60	5300	14.36	15.75	
		64	5320	11.78	13.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.49	15.75	97.95
		56	5280	14.33	15.75	
		60	5300	14.35	15.75	
		64	5320	11.99	13.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.90	16.25	95.88
		62	5310	11.87	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.48	15.75	96.06
		56	5280	14.30	15.75	
		60	5300	14.34	15.75	
		64	5320	11.69	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.57	16.25	93.94
		62	5310	11.82	13.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	11.72	13.25	90.07

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	11.99	13.25	98.09
		116	5580	14.48	15.75	
		124	5620	14.42	15.75	
		132	5660	14.32	15.75	
		144	5720	13.91	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.95	13.25	97.95
		116	5580	14.47	15.75	
		124	5620	14.35	15.75	
		132	5660	14.22	15.75	
		144	5720	13.86	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.96	13.25	95.88
		110	5550	14.94	16.25	
		126	5630	14.70	16.25	
		134	5670	14.72	16.25	
		142	5710	14.60	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	11.77	13.25	96.06
		116	5580	14.46	15.75	
		124	5620	14.38	15.75	
		132	5660	14.39	15.75	
		144	5720	13.58	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.86	13.25	93.94
		110	5550	14.87	16.25	
		126	5630	14.40	16.25	
		134	5670	14.45	16.25	
		142	5710	14.31	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	11.76	13.25	90.07
		122	5610	14.83	16.25	
		138	5690	14.70	16.25	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	13.85	15.25	98.09
		157	5785	13.99	15.25	
		165	5825	13.99	15.25	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.76	15.25	97.95
		157	5785	13.69	15.25	
		165	5825	13.57	15.25	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.70	16.25	95.88
		159	5795	14.92	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.84	15.25	96.06
		157	5785	13.61	15.25	
		165	5825	13.51	15.25	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.63	16.25	93.94
		159	5795	14.55	16.25	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.99	16.25	90.07

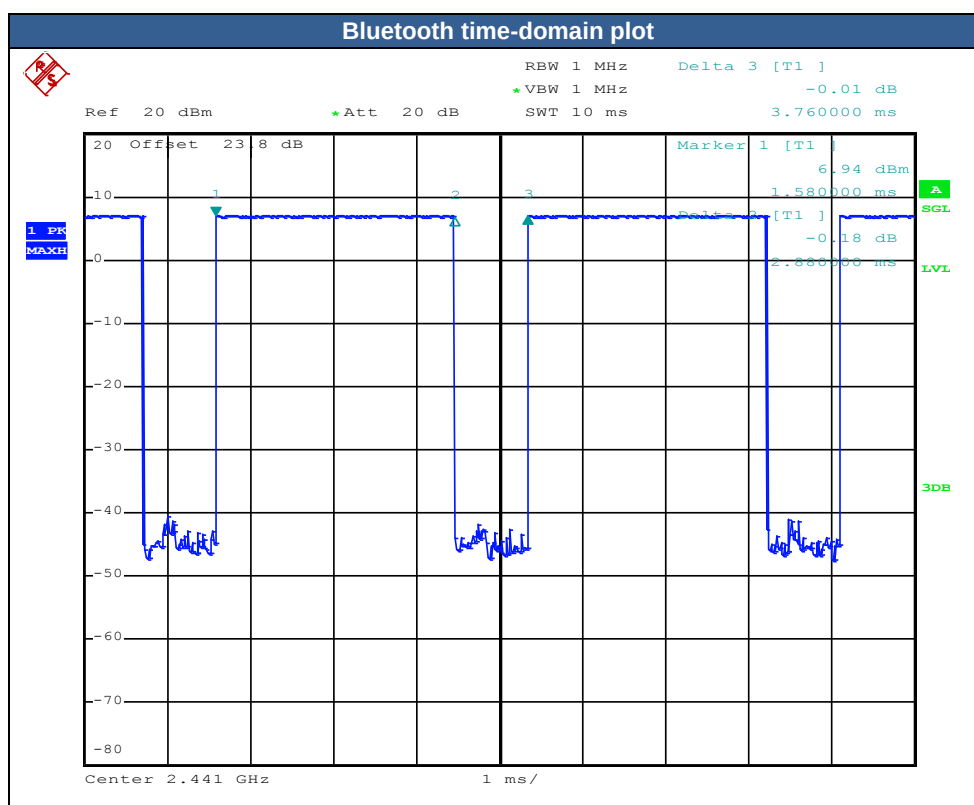
<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	5.04	-1.03	-0.93
	CH 39	2441	4.93	-0.91	-0.90
	CH 78	2480	4.56	-1.23	-1.23
Tune-up Limit			6.25	0.25	0.25

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
			GFSK	
LE	CH 00	2402	3.41	
	CH 19	2440	3.27	
	CH 39	2480	2.92	
Tune-up Limit			5.25	

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.6 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





12. RF Exposure test exclusion

General Note:

- The detail antenna location which referred to Appendix D
- The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"
- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

<Tablet Mode>:

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2	5GHz WLAN ANT 1	5GHz WLAN ANT 2
	Calculated Frequency	2462MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz	5825MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	16.25	16.25	13.25	13.25
	Maximum rated power(mW)	42.0	42.0	21.0	21.0
Bottom Face	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	13.2	13.2	10.1	10.1
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 1	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	13.2	13.2	10.1	10.1
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 2	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	258.0	5.0	258.0
	exclusion threshold	13.2	2176.0	10.1	2142.0
	Testing required?	Yes	No	Yes	No
Edge 3	Separation distance(mm)	160.0	160.0	160.0	160.0
	exclusion threshold	1196.0	1196.0	1162.0	1162.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No
Edge 4	Separation distance(mm)	258.0	5.0	258.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	2176.0	13.2	2142.0	10.1
	Testing required?	No	Yes	No	Yes

<Laptop Mode>:

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2	5GHz WLAN ANT 1	5GHz WLAN ANT 2
	Calculated Frequency	2462MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz	5825MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	16.25	16.25	16.25	16.25
	Maximum rated power(mW)	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0
Bottom of Laptop	Separation distance(mm)	160.0	160.0	160.0	160.0
	exclusion threshold	1196.0	1196.0	1162.0	1162.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No

13. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
3. For the body SAR measurement was used a low-loss foam block performed testing, the relative permittivity and loss tangent of the foam material is 1.0 and 10-5, respectively, therefore holder perturbation verification is not required even highest reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6 W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04 , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
7. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

**13.1 Body SAR****<WLAN SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Configuration	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	6	2437	14.16	15.75	1.442	98.58	1.014	-0.11	0.318	0.465
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	6	2437	14.16	15.75	1.442	98.58	1.014	-0.08	0.084	0.123
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	6	2437	14.16	15.75	1.442	98.58	1.014	0.18	0.137	0.200
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	6	2437	14.36	15.75	1.377	98.58	1.014	-0.11	0.389	0.543
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	1	2412	14.01	15.75	1.492	98.58	1.014	0.09	0.336	0.508
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	10	2457	14.07	15.75	1.472	98.58	1.014	0.07	0.235	0.351
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	11	2462	12.74	14.25	1.415	98.58	1.014	0.15	0.227	0.326
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	6	2437	14.36	15.75	1.377	98.58	1.014	0.03	0.125	0.175
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	6	2437	14.36	15.75	1.377	98.58	1.014	0.02	0.143	0.200
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	54	5270	11.76	13.25	1.409	96.91	1.032	-0.12	0.577	0.839
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	62	5310	11.62	13.25	1.455	96.91	1.032	0.11	0.457	0.686
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	54	5270	11.76	13.25	1.409	96.91	1.032	-0.06	0.079	0.115
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	54	5270	11.76	13.25	1.409	96.91	1.032	0.18	0.197	0.287
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	54	5270	11.84	13.25	1.384	96.88	1.032	0.08	0.554	0.791
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	54	5270	11.84	13.25	1.384	96.88	1.032	0.15	0.033	0.047
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	54	5270	11.84	13.25	1.384	96.88	1.032	0.19	0.169	0.241
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	106	5530	11.97	13.25	1.343	93.97	1.064	0.13	0.786	1.123
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	138	5690	11.54	13.25	1.483	93.97	1.064	0.17	0.756	1.193
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	106	5530	11.97	13.25	1.343	93.97	1.064	0.15	0.199	0.284
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	106	5530	11.97	13.25	1.343	93.97	1.064	0.05	0.265	0.379
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	106	5530	11.76	13.25	1.409	93.10	1.074	-0.13	0.432	0.654
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	106	5530	11.76	13.25	1.409	93.10	1.074	0.15	0.064	0.097
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	106	5530	11.76	13.25	1.409	93.10	1.074	-0.17	0.126	0.191
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	155	5775	11.63	13.25	1.452	93.97	1.064	0.17	0.508	0.785
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	155	5775	11.63	13.25	1.452	93.97	1.064	-0.19	0.110	0.170
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Tablet mode	155	5775	11.63	13.25	1.452	93.97	1.064	0.04	0.136	0.210
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	155	5775	11.99	13.25	1.337	93.10	1.074	0.11	0.378	0.543
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	155	5775	11.99	13.25	1.337	93.10	1.074	0.12	0.050	0.072
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	155	5775	11.99	13.25	1.337	93.10	1.074	-0.17	0.102	0.146

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Configuration	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	0	2402	5.04	6.25	1.321	76.60	1.087	-0.06	0.021	0.030
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	39	2441	4.93	6.25	1.355	76.60	1.087	0.08	0.017	0.025
05	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	78	2480	4.56	6.25	1.476	76.60	1.087	-0.14	0.020	0.032
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	0	2402	5.04	6.25	1.321	76.60	1.087	0.05	0.006	0.008
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Tablet mode	0	2402	5.04	6.25	1.321	76.60	1.087	0.17	0.008	0.011

14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WLAN Ant 1 + WLAN Ant 2	Yes
2.	WLAN Ant 1 + BT Ant 2	Yes

General Note:

- The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with 5 GHz WLAN.
- WLAN RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode. Therefore SPLSR calculation was choose worst case with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode perform evaluation.
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 14.2.

14.1 Body Exposure Conditions

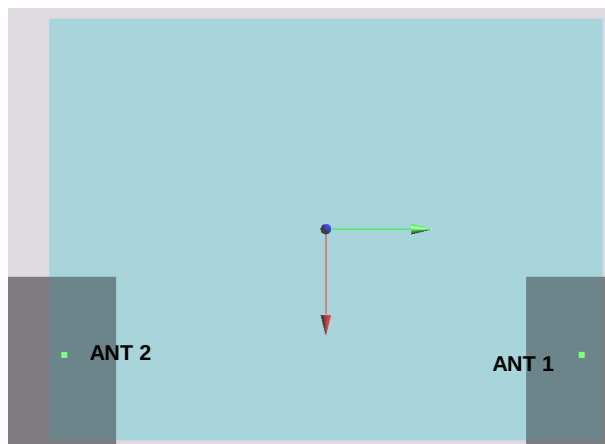
Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)						
Bottom Face at 0mm	0.465	0.543	1.193	0.867	0.032	1.008	2.060	0.497	1.225	0.01	Case 1
Edge 1 at 0mm	0.123	0.175	0.284	0.097	0.008	0.298	0.381	0.131	0.292		
Edge 2 at 0mm	0.200		0.379			0.200	0.379	0.200	0.379		
Edge 4 at 0mm		0.200		0.264	0.011	0.200	0.264	0.011	0.011		

14.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

1. $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

Case 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	5GHz WLAN Ant 1	Bottom Face	1.193	0	64.4	137.2	2.16	273.4	2.06	0.01	Not required
	5GHz WLAN Ant 2		0.867	0	65.2	-136.2	2.87				



Test Engineer : Poa Pan, Kurt Lu, Tom Jun, and Bevis Chang

15. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) k is the coverage factor

Table 15.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.10	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.6%	11.6%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						23.2%	23.1%

Table 15.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						12.7%	12.6%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						25.4%	25.3%

Table 15.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

16. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.