ACCREDITED
CERT#4344.01

TEST REPORT

Applicant:	Acer Incorporated
Address:	8F, 88, Sec.1 Xintai 5th Rd. Xizhi, New Taipei City 221, Taiwan
Equipment Type:	Tablet PC
Model Name:	A25015
Brand Name:	acer
Marketing Name:	Iconia A14, A14-11MN
FCC ID:	HLZA25015
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 (refer to section 3.1)
Maximum SAR:	Body 2.4GHz(1 g): 0.13 W/kg Body 5GHz(1 g): 0.53 W/kg
Sample Arrival Date:	Aug. 19, 2025
Test Date:	Sep. 18, 2025
Date of Issue:	Dec. 04, 2025

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by: Guo Guangwei **Checked by:** Xu Rui **Approved by:** Tolan Tu (Testing Director)

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
Rev. 01	Nov. 25, 2025	Initial Issue
Rev. 02	Dec. 04, 2025	Updated the data for 5.6G WIFI CH122 in Chapter 10.3

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 GENERAL INFORMATION 4

1.1 Test Laboratory 4

1.2 Test Location 4

1.3 Test Environment Condition 4

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION 5

2.1 Applicant Information 5

2.2 Manufacturer Information 5

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT) 5

2.4 Ancillary Equipment 5

2.5 Technical Information 6

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT 7

3.1 Test Standards 7

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit 8

3.3 Test Result Summary 9

3.4 Test Uncertainty 10

4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM 11

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition 11

4.2 DASY SAR System 12

5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION 19

5.1 Purpose of System Check 19

5.2 System Check Setup 19

6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS 20

6.1 Tablet Exposure Condition 20

7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE 21
7.1 Measurement Process Diagram 21
7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement 22
7.3 Measurement Procedure 23
7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure 23
8 CONDUCTED RF OUTPUT POWER 24
9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION 25
9.1 Antenna location sketch 25
9.2 SAR Test Consideration Table 26
10 TEST RESULT 30
10.1 Bluetooth 30
10.2 WIFI 2.4GHz 30
10.3 WIFI 5GHz 31
11 SAR Measurement Variability 32
12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION 33
12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations 33
12.2 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission 33
13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST 34
ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT 35
ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT 36
ANNEX C TEST DATA 37
ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS 37
ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS 37
ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT 37
ANNEX G TUNE-UP PROCEDURE 37

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	☐ Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	☑ 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	18℃ to 25℃
Ambient Relative Humidity	30% to 70%

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Acer Incorporated
Address	8F, 88, Sec. 1, Xintai 5th Rd. Xizhi, New Taipei City 221 Taiwan

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Acer Incorporated
Address	8F, 88, Sec. 1, Xintai 5th Rd. Xizhi, New Taipei City 221 Taiwan

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Tablet PC
Model Name Under Test	A25015
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Marketing Name	Iconia A14, A14-11MN
Hardware Version	T30A733-U15T5A
Software Version	Android 15
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	Utility
	Model No.	U318991PV-2P
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacitance	8000 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V
	Limited Voltage	4.35 V
	Manufacturer	SHENZHEN UTILITY ENERGY CO., LTD.

2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ac and 802.11ax

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WIFI; 5G WIFI; Bluetooth	
Frequency Range	802.11b/g	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	802.11n(HT20/HT40)	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	802.11ax(HE20/HE40)	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	802.11a	5150 ~ 5250 MHz
		5250 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	802.11n(HT20/HT40)	5150 ~ 5250 MHz
		5250 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	802.11 ac(VHT20/VHT40/VHT80)	5150 ~ 5250 MHz
		5250 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	802.11 ax(HE20/HE40/HE80)	5150 ~ 5250 MHz
		5250 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	Bluetooth	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Type	WIFI	PIFA Antenna
	Bluetooth	PIFA Antenna
Hotspot Function	N/A	
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure	
Product Type	Portable Device	
EUT Type	☒ Production unit	☐ Identical prototype

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093☆	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
2	ANSI/IEEE Std.C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	KDB 447498 D04 v01☆	447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01
4	KDB 865664 D01 v01r04☆	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
5	KDB 865664 D02 v01r02☆	RF Exposure Reporting
6	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02☆	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
7	KDB 616217 D04 v01r02☆	SAR for laptop and tablets

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

Body Position	SAR Value (W/Kg)	
	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/ ControlledExposure
Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4
Partial-Body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR

Equipment Class	Band	Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)
		Body (0mm)	Body (0mm)
DTS	2.4G WIFI	0.13	**0.53**
U-NII-2A	5.3G WIFI	0.23	
U-NII-2C	5.6G WIFI	0.50	
U-NII-3	5.8G WIFI	**0.53**	
DSS	Bluetooth	0.01	
Limit (W/kg)		1.60	
Verdict		Pass	

3.3.2 Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Equipment Class	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)
	Body (0mm)
DTS	0.14
NII	**0.54**
DSS	**0.54**
Limit (W/kg)	1.60
Verdict	Pass

Note: The simultaneous transmission SAR detail please refer to section 12.2.

3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 0.53 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.

4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{d}{\mathrm{dt}}\left(\frac{dW}{\mathrm{dm}}\right) = \frac{d}{\mathrm{dt}}\left(\frac{dW}{\rho \mathrm{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

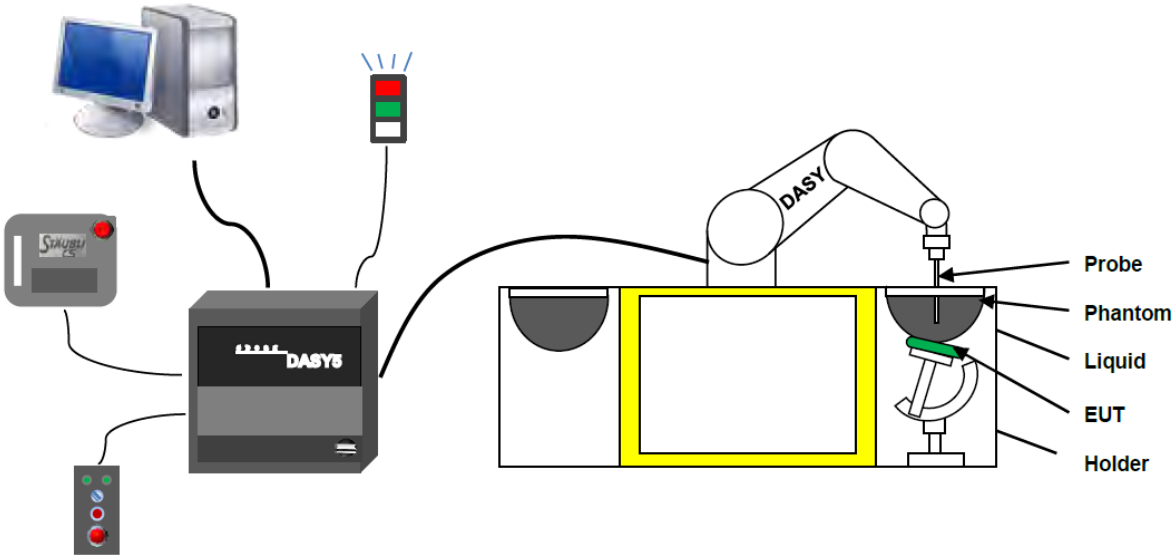
$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρis the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision
  (repeatability ±0.02 mm)
- High reliability
  (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs
  (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
  (brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference
  (motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4 with following specifications is used.

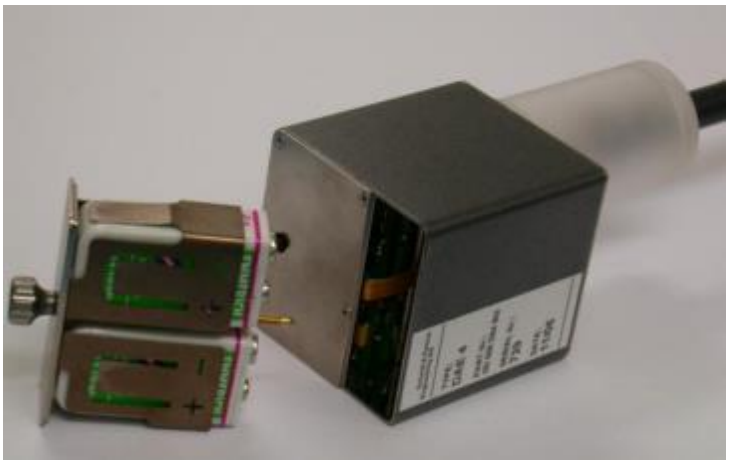
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection systemBuilt-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ; ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)

E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.

4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

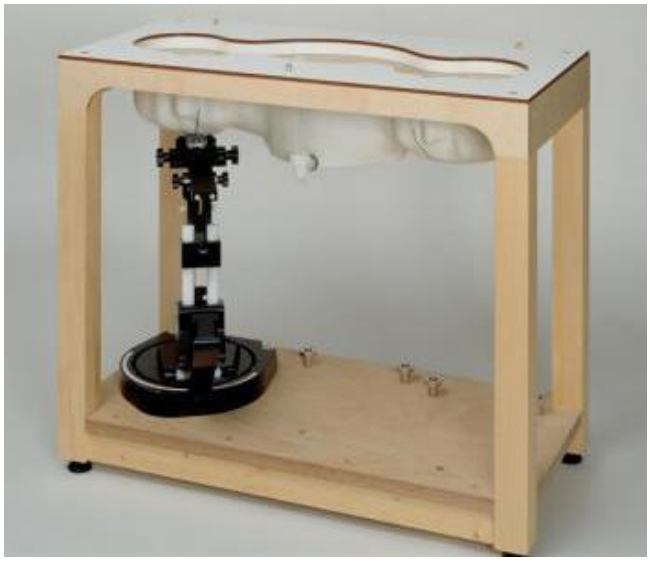
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200MOhm
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB

4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



- Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

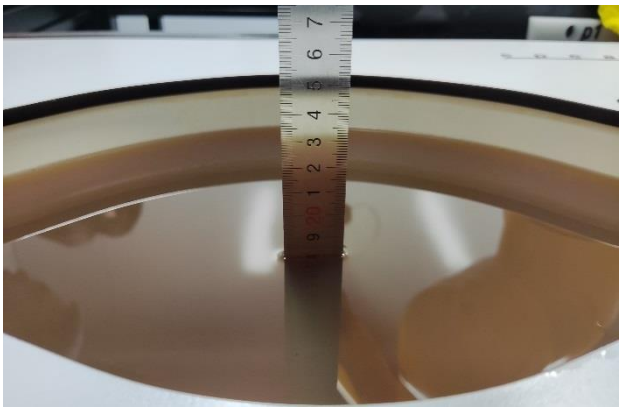
4.2.6 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.

4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.

Head Liquid Depth	Body Liquid Depth
	

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Head WideBand	SPEAG HBBL600-10000V6	600-10000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4-diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

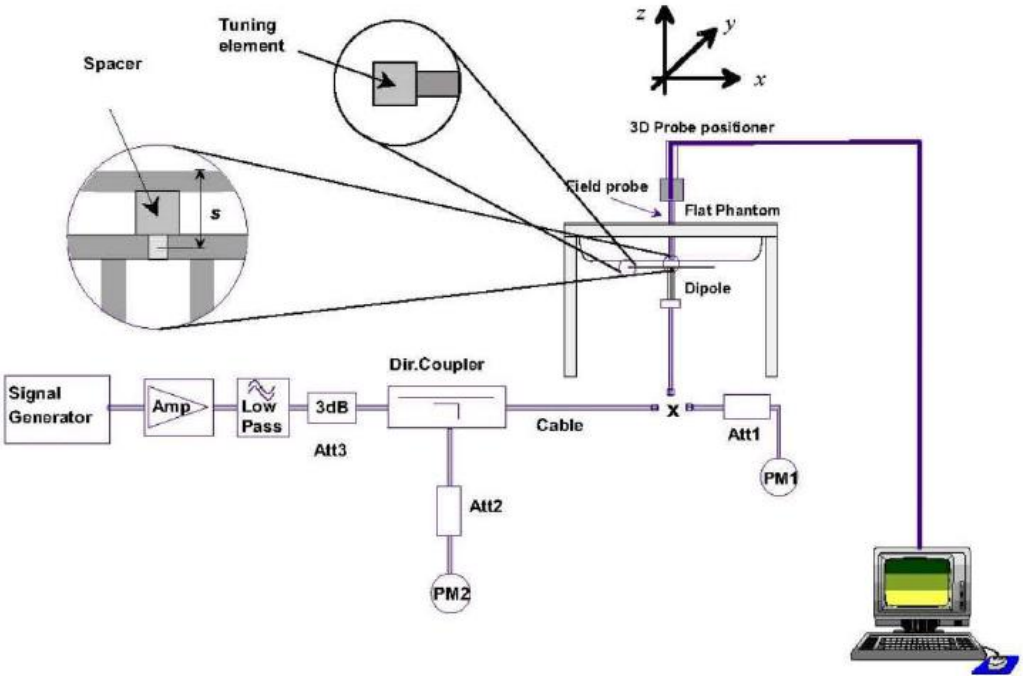
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

6.1 Tablet Exposure Condition

This DUT was tested in two different positions. They are back side and left edge in these positions, the surface of DUT is touching with phantom 0mm.

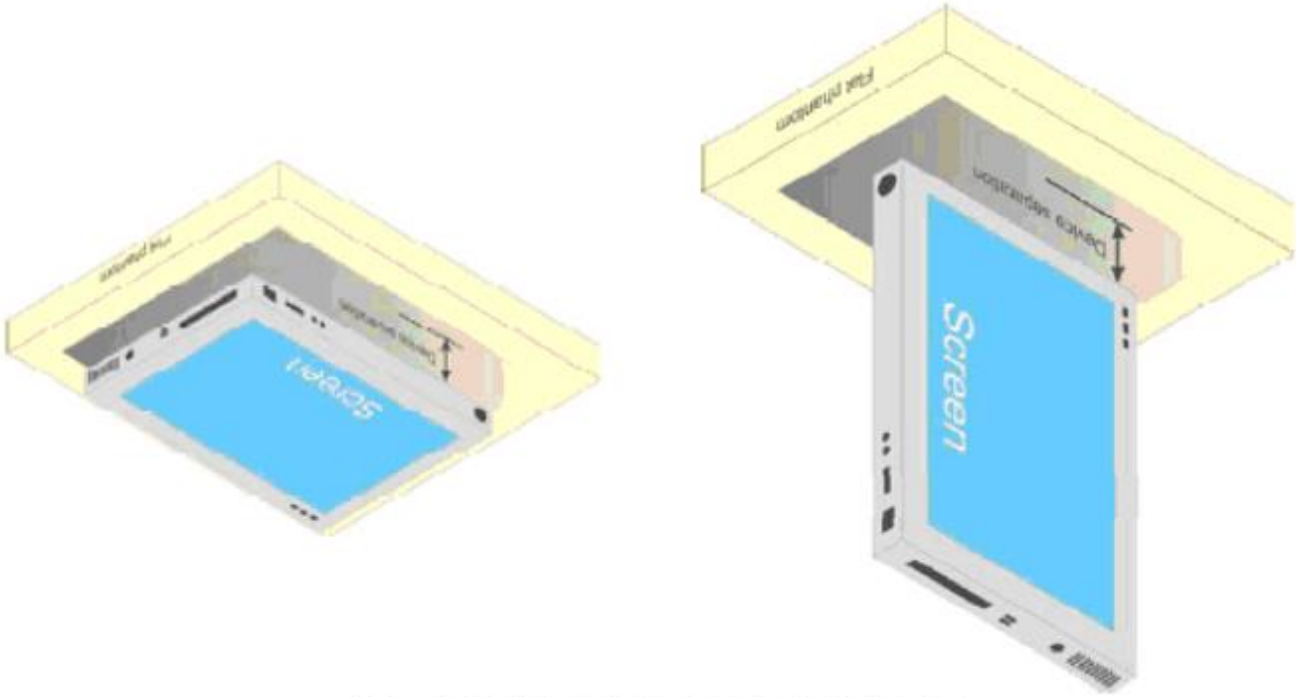
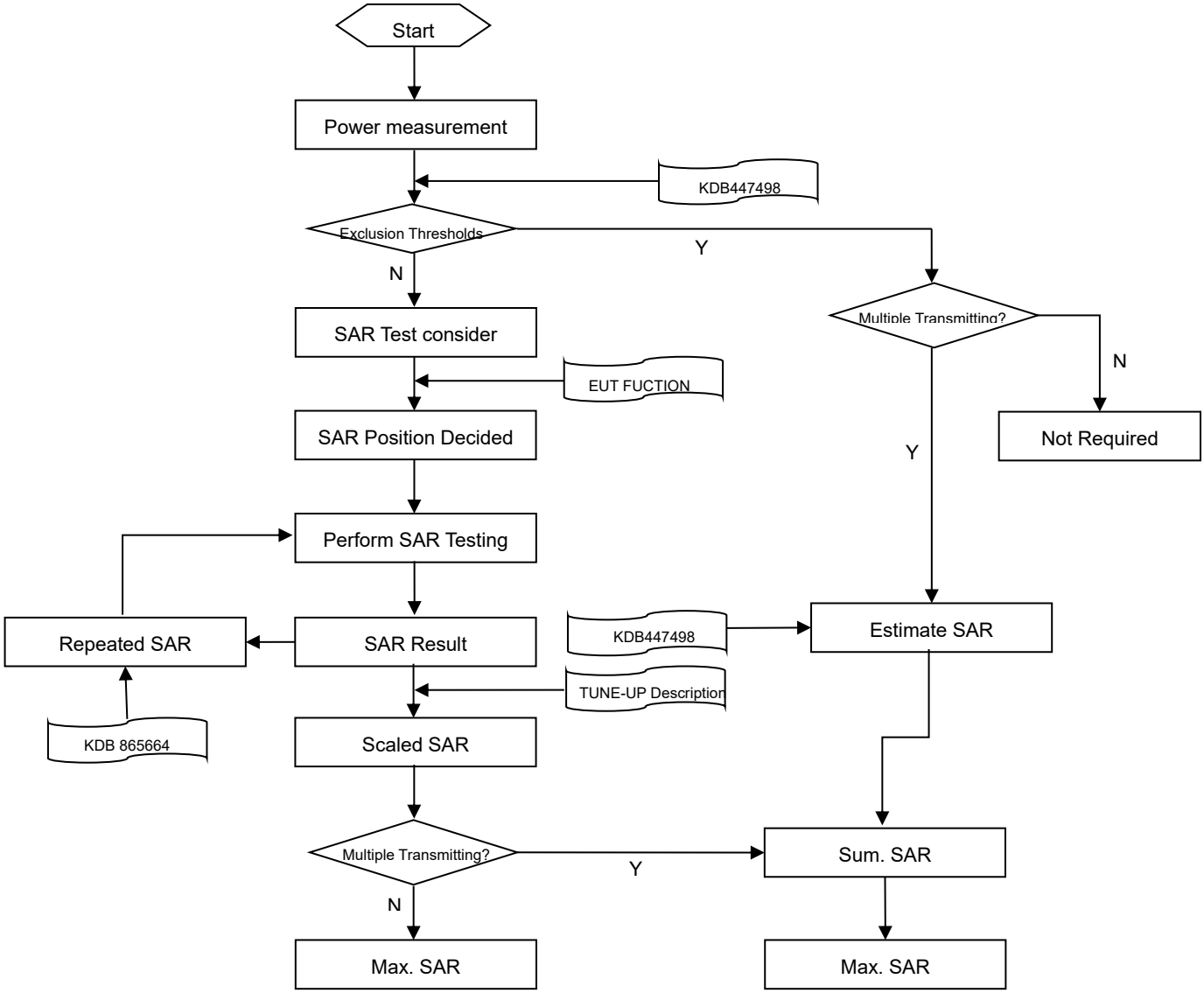


Fig Illustration for Lap-touching Position

7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram



7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Boththe probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

<table>
<tr><th colspan="3"></th><th>≤3GHz</th><th>>3GHz</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface</td><td>5±1 mm</td><td>½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location</td><td>30°±1°</td><td>20°±1°</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3" rowspan="2">Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm
2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm
2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*
4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)</td><td rowspan="3">≤ 5 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">graded grid</td><td rowspan="2">Δz Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td rowspan="3">≤ 4 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>Δz Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td>5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>Δz Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points</td><td colspan="2">≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Minimum zoom scan volume</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">x, y, z</td><td rowspan="3">≥30 mm</td><td>3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm</td></tr>
</table>

Note:

1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 *32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

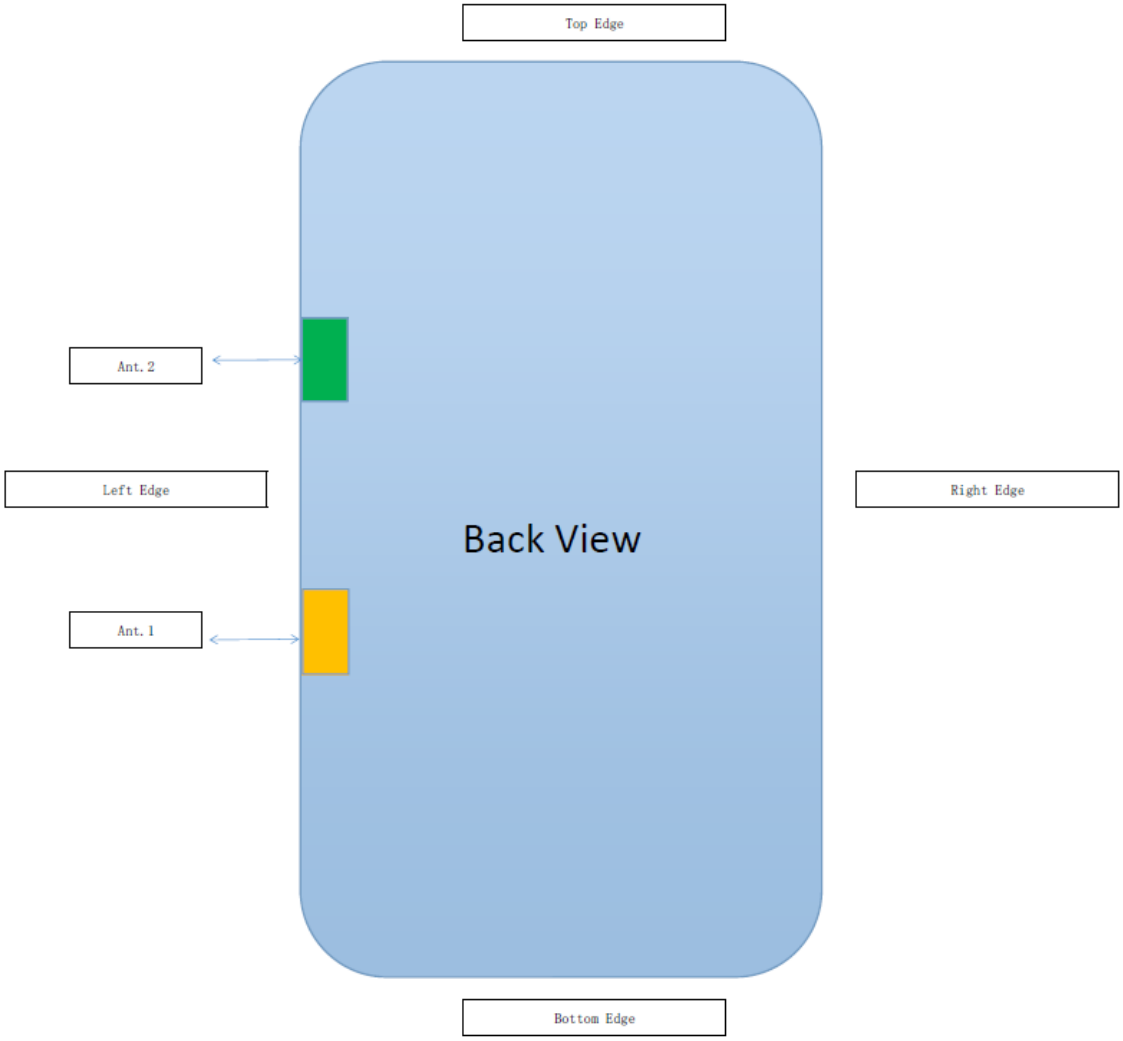
When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

8 CONDUCTED RF OUTPUT POWER

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-AP-1.pdf”.

9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

9.1 Antenna location sketch



Antenna	Support Bands
Ant.1	Bluetooth
Ant.2	WIFI 2.4/5G

9.2 SAR Test Consideration Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D04, Appendix B, The SAR-based exemption formula applies for single fixed, mobile, and portable RF sources with available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, of less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW).

This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). The following table shows the power threshold from 5mm to 50mm.

Power Thresholds (mW)					
Frequency (MHz)	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm
300	39 mW	65 mW	88 mW	110 mW	129 mW
450	22 mW	44 mW	67 mW	89 mW	112 mW
835	9 mW	25 mW	44 mW	66 mW	90 mW
1900	3 mW	12 mW	26 mW	44 mW	66 mW
2450	3 mW	10 mW	22 mW	38 mW	59 mW
3600	2 mW	8 mW	18 mW	32 mW	49 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	14 mW	25 mW	40 mW
Frequency (MHz)	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of 50 mm
300	148 mW	166 mW	184 mW	201 mW	217 mW
450	135 mW	158 mW	180 mW	203 mW	226 mW
835	116 mW	145 mW	175 mW	207 mW	240 mW
1900	92 mW	122 mW	157 mW	195 mW	236 mW
2450	83 mW	111 mW	143 mW	179 mW	219 mW
3600	71 mW	96 mW	125 mW	158 mW	195 mW
5800	58 mW	80 mW	106 mW	136 mW	169 mW

9.2.1 SAR Test Consideration

This host is a Tablet PC, under normal use the RF exposure scenarios are shown in the table below:

RF Exposure Position	RF Exposure Scenarios
Back Side	Body
Left Edge	Body
Right Edge	Body
Top Edge	Body
Bottom Edge	Body

Ant.1 Body RF exposure scenarios

Test Position Configurations	Mode	Bluetooth
Calculated Frequency (MHz)		2480
Back Side	Distance to User (mm)	5
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	-4.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	0.40
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2.72
	SAR Test Required	Yes
Left Edge	Distance to User (mm)	2
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	-4.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	0.40
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	0.47
	SAR Test Required	Yes
Right Edge	Distance to User (mm)	195
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	-4.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	0.40
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2915.93
	SAR Test Required	No
Top Edge	Distance to User (mm)	198
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	-4.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	0.40
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	3001.98
	SAR Test Required	No
Bottom Edge	Distance to User (mm)	98
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	-4.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	0.40
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	786.34
	SAR Test Required	No

Ant.2 Body RF exposure scenarios

Test Position Configurations	Mode	WLAN 2.4GHz	U-NII-2A	U-NII-2C	U-NII-3
Calculated Frequency (MHz)		2462	5320	5710	5.825
Back Side	Distance to User (mm)	5			
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	63.10	50.12	50.12	50.12
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2.73	1.47	1.39	1.37
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Left Edge	Distance to User (mm)	2			
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	63.10	50.12	50.12	50.12
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	0.48	0.22	0.21	0.20
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Right Edge	Distance to User (mm)	195			
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	63.10	50.12	50.12	50.12
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2916.05	2903.72	2902.59	2902.28
	SAR Test Required	No	No	No	No
Top Edge	Distance to User (mm)	98			
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	63.10	50.12	50.12	50.12
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	787.22	698.66	691.04	688.91
	SAR Test Required	No	No	No	No
Bottom Edge	Distance to User (mm)	198			
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	18.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
	Max. Peak Power (mW)	63.10	50.12	50.12	50.12
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	3002.02	2996.98	2996.52	2996.39
	SAR Test Required	No	No	No	No

Note:

1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power including tune-up tolerance among production units
2. Per KDB 447498 D04, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. Per KDB 447498 D04, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. Per KDB 447498 D04, for separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive), the threshold Pth (mW) is given by Following:

$$P_{th}(mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20cm}(d/20cm)^x & d \le 20cm \\ ERP_{20cm} & 20cm < d \le 40cm \end{cases}$$

where

$$x = -log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20cm}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

   a. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   b. d is the separation distance (cm), The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
   c. ERP_{20cm} are determined by:

$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = f(x) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3GHz \le f < 1.5GHz \\ 3060 & 1.5GHz \le f \le 6GHz \end{cases}$$

5. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
6. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
   a. When KDB Publication 447498 D04 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
   b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
7. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands conditions.
   a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
   b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

10 TEST RESULT

10.1 Bluetooth

Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Body														
DH5	Ant.1	Back Side	0	78	2480	0.15	0.002	-5.15	-4.00	1.303	76.41	1.309	0.003	/
		Left Edge	0	78	2480	0.17	0.005	-5.15	-4.00	1.303	76.41	1.309	**0.009**	1#
		Left Edge	0	0	2402	0.13	0.003	-5.53	-4.00	1.422	76.41	1.309	0.006	/
		Left Edge	0	39	2441	-0.14	0.004	-5.36	-4.00	1.368	76.41	1.309	0.007	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.														

10.2 WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Body														
802.11 n40	Ant.2	Back Side	0	6	2437	0.08	0.008	17.31	18.00	1.172	91.49	1.093	0.010	/
		Left Edge	0	6	2437	0.05	0.102	17.31	18.00	1.172	91.49	1.093	**0.131**	2#
		Left Edge	0	3	2422	-0.07	0.045	13.98	14.50	1.127	91.49	1.093	0.055	/
		Left Edge	0	9	2452	-0.08	0.041	13.32	14.50	1.312	91.49	1.093	0.059	/
802.11 b	Ant.2	Back Side	0	6	2462	0.07	0.003	11.70	12.00	1.072	97.79	1.023	0.003	/
		Left Edge	0	6	2462	0.10	0.023	11.70	12.00	1.072	97.79	1.023	0.025	/
		Left Edge	0	1	2412	0.03	0.013	9.10	11.00	1.549	97.79	1.023	0.021	/
		Left Edge	0	11	2462	0.16	0.016	10.28	12.00	1.486	97.79	1.023	0.024	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.														

10.3 WIFI 5GHz

Fre. Band	Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Body															
5.3G	802.11 ac80	Ant.2	Back Side	0	58	5290	0.03	0.011	15.87	17.00	1.297	96.57	1.036	0.015	/
			Left Edge	0	58	5290	0.07	0.171	15.87	17.00	1.297	96.57	1.036	**0.230**	3#
5.6G	802.11 ac80	Ant.2	Back Side	0	122	5610	0.05	0.023	16.42	17.00	1.143	96.57	1.036	0.027	/
			Left Edge	0	122	5610	-0.01	0.406	16.42	17.00	1.143	96.57	1.036	0.481	/
			Left Edge	0	106	5530	-0.04	0.394	16.13	17.00	1.222	96.57	1.036	**0.499**	4#
5.8G	802.11 ac80	Ant.2	Back Side	0	155	5775	-0.08	0.031	16.23	17.00	1.194	96.57	1.036	0.038	/
			Left Edge	0	155	5775	-0.05	0.429	16.23	17.00	1.194	96.57	1.036	**0.531**	5#
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.															

11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Note: For 1g SAR, the highest measured 1g SAR is 0.429 < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.

12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR).

According KDB 447498 D04, simultaneous transmission:

a) SPLSR = $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{\wedge 1.5} / R_i$ (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   SAR1 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.
   SAR2 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition as the first.

b) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

c) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

No.	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Body
1	WIFI 2.4G + Bluetooth	Yes
2	WIFI 5G + Bluetooth	Yes
Note: 1. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.		

12.2 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Position	Stand alone SAR			SUM SAR	
	1	2	3		
	WIFI 2.4G	MAX. WIFI 5G	Bluetooth	Sum SAR (1+3)	Sum SAR (2+3)
Back Side	0.010	0.038	0.003	0.013	0.041
Left Edge	0.131	0.531	0.009	0.140	**0.540**
Note: 1: The highest Summed 1g SAR is 0.540 W/Kg < 1.6 W/kg, so Simultaneous Transmission SAR test is not required.					

13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Speag	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2024/05/07	2027/05/06
5GHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	SN: 1200	2024/05/09	2027/05/08
Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	SN: 878	2025/03/05	2026/03/04
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7664	2025/06/30	2026/06/29
Signal Generator	Keysight	N5173B	MY62150163	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD-B2	835843/014	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z4	100381	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z2	100211	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103472	2025/08/13	2026/08/12
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF7216002985	2024/10/31	2025/10/30
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF720B004811	2024/10/31	2025/10/30
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVA-183W-S+	932502132	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	Speag	DAK3.5	SN: 1312	N/A	N/A
Phantom	Speag	SAM	SN: 1576	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.

ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a DAK3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (℃)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2025.09.18	Head	2450	21.6	1.81	39.45	1.80	39.20	0.56	0.64
2025.09.18	Head	5250	21.6	4.70	35.99	4.71	35.93	-0.21	0.17
2025.09.18	Head	5600	21.6	5.06	35.14	5.07	35.53	-0.20	-1.10
2025.09.18	Head	5750	21.6	5.18	35.41	5.22	35.36	-0.77	0.14
Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.									

ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within itsspecification of 10 %(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2025.09.18	Head	2450	100	5.220	52.20	52.60	-0.76
2025.09.18	Head	5250	100	7.760	77.60	77.70	-0.13
2025.09.18	Head	5600	100	8.110	81.10	81.30	-0.25
2025.09.18	Head	5750	100	7.740	77.40	77.60	-0.26
Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.							

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-ASC.pdf”.

ANNEX C TEST DATA

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-ATD-1.pdf”.

ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-AW.pdf”.

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-AS.pdf”.

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-AC.pdf”.

ANNEX G TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2581037-AT-1.pdf”.

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