



HAC Test Report for Near Field Emissions IHDP56KP1

Date of test: 06/11/2009
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Statement of Compliance: Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC IHDP56KP1 to which this declaration relates, complies with recommendations and guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19. The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to the ANSI C63.19-2007. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

Results Summary: M Category = M3

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurements for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDP56KP1). The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with ANSI PC63.19-2007 standard. The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance FCC 47 CFR § 20.19. This report demonstrates compliance for near field emissions only and not for the T-coil performance compliance.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Table 1: Information for the Device Under Test

FCC ID Number	IHDP56KP1		
Serial number	004401020410128		
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 850	GSM 1900	BlueTooth
Modulation Mode(s)	GMSK	GMSK	GFSK
Maximum Output Power Setting	32.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	4.00dBm
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:8	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	824.2-848.8MHz	1850.2-1909.8MHz	2400-2483.5MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908)	Identical Prototype		
Device Category	Portable		

Note: No Bluetooth profile exists in this phone that will allow a Bluetooth link while in a cellular call that passes audio to the earpiece. If the user had Bluetooth enabled and a link established, they could not be listening to the phone through the earpiece.

3. Test Equipment Used

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the HAC measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 4. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Table 2: Dosimetric System Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
E-Field Probe ER3DV6R	SN2249	01/16/2010
H-Field Probe H3DV6	SN6209	01/19/2010
DAE3	SN383	07/15/2009
DAE3	SN365	09/09/2009
835 MHz Dipole CD835V3	SN1103	01/21/2010
1880 MHz Dipole CD1880V3	SN1071	01/22/2010

Table 3: Additional Test Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Power Supply 6632B	MY43002724	01/22/2010
Signal Generator E4438C	MY45093832	01/21/2010
Amplifier ZHL-42-SMA	1046	
3db Attenuator 8491A	MY39263438	
Directional Coupler 778D	20076	01/22/2010
Power Meter E4417A	MY45100675	01/21/2010
Power Sensor #1 – E9323A	MY44421009	01/21/2010
Power Sensor #2 - E9323A	MY44421065	01/21/2010
10db attenuator 8491A	MY39263627	
Spectrum Analyzer E4403B	MY45110615	01/22/2010

4. Validation

Validations of the DASY4 v4.7 test system were performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. All validations occur in free space using the DASY4 test arch. Note that the 10mm probe to dipole separation is measured from the top edge of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the probe. SPEAG uses the center point of the probe sensor(s) as the reference point when establishing targets for their dipoles. Therefore, because SPEAG's dipoles and targets are used, it is appropriate to measure the 10mm separation distance to the center of the sensors as they do. This reference point was used for validation only. Validations were performed at 835 MHz and/or 1880 MHz. These frequencies are within each operating band and are within 2MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. The obtained results from the validations are displayed in the table below. The field contour plots are included in Appendix 2.

Validations were performed to verify that measured E-field and H-field values are within +/- 25% from the target reference values provided by the manufacturer (Ref: Appendix 7). Per Section 4.3.2.1 of the C63.19 standard, "Values within +/-25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty." Therefore, the E- and H-Field dipole verification results, shown in Table 4, are in accordance with the acceptable parameters defined by the standard.

Table 4: Dipole Measurement Summary

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	E-Field Results (V/m)	Target for Dipole (V/m)	% Deviation
SN 1103	835	CW	100	166.9	159.0	5.0
SN 1071	1880	CW	100	138.2	139.2	-0.7

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	H-Field Results (A/m)	Target for Dipole (A/m)	% Deviation
SN 1103	835	CW	100	0.464	0.443	4.9
SN 1071	1880	CW	100	0.432	0.467	-7.5

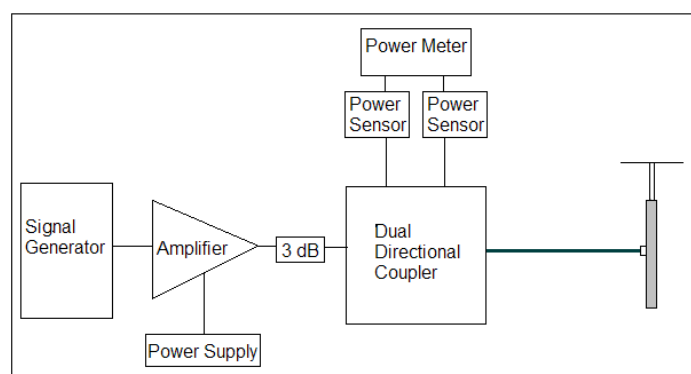


Figure 1: Setup for Validation

5. Probe Modulation Factor

After every probe calibration, the response of the probe to each applicable modulated signal (CDMA, GSM, etc) must be assessed at both 835 MHz and 1880 MHz. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency(s) of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude. For each PMF assessment, a Signal Generator was used to replace the original CW signal with the desired modulated signal. The PMF results applicable to this test document are shown in Tables 5.

RF Field Probe Modulation Response was measured with the field probe and associated measurement equipment. The PMF was measured using a signal generator as follows:

1. Illuminate a dipole with a CW signal at the intended measured frequency.
2. Fix the probe at a set location relative to the dipole; typically located at the field reference point.
3. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal.
4. Substitute a modulated signal of the same amplitude, using the same modulation as that used by the intended WD for the CW signal.
5. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the modulated signal.
6. The ratio of the CW to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor.

Using dual directional coupler, the forward power and reverse power are measured and adjusted when connected to the dipole.

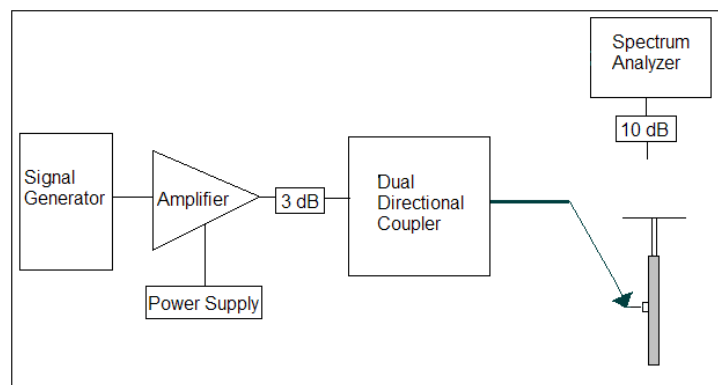


Figure 2a: Setup to Dipole

A spectrum analyzer is used to set the peak amplitude of the modulated signal equal to the amplitude of the CW signal. The procedure, used to ensure that the amplitude is the same, is shown in Appendix 1. The 0 span spectrum plots are also provided in Appendix 1.

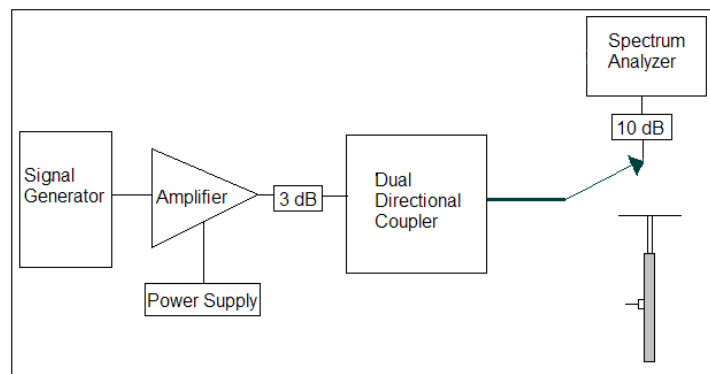


Figure 2b: Setup for Desired Peak Power using Spectrum Analyzer

When measuring PMF for GSM signal, the power level which gives the field strength around M3 limit is used; therefore PMF was measured at the field strength around M3 limit.

Table 5: PMF Measurement Summary

f (MHz)	Protocol	E-Field Probe SN 2249		H-Field Probe SN 6209	
		E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	CW	290.3		0.7878	
	GSM	103.2	2.81	0.3239	2.43
1880	CW	93.02		0.2392	
	GSM	33.06	2.81	0.0901	2.65

f (MHz)	Protocol	E-Field Probe SN 2249		H-Field Probe SN 6209	
		E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	CW	110.7		0.476	
	AM	68.02	1.63	0.3098	1.54
1880	CW	157.5		0.4618	
	AM	97.57	1.61	0.3042	1.52

6. Test Results

The phone was tested in normal configurations for the ear use. When applicable, configurations are tested with the antenna in its fully extended position. These test configurations are tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each applicable operating mode; for example, GSM, CDMA, and TDMA.

The WD's signal is the typical GMSK modulated signal used for GSM calls and connections in a cellular network. The signal was setup by creating and maintaining an over the air connection between the DUT and an Agilent 8960 Wireless Communications Test Set. This allows direct control over the DUT's cell band, transmit channel and power step.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

Battery #1 – SNN5804B is 910 mAH Battery

Battery #2 – SNN5813A is 910 mAH Battery

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The default settings for the grid spacing of the scan were set to 5mm as shown in the Field plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. The 5cm x 5cm area measurement grid is centered on the acoustic output of the device. The Test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. The pictures of the setup are included in Appendix 5. The WD reference plane is parallel to the device and contains the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. The measurement plane contains the center point of the probe sensor(s). The device is positioned such that the WD reference plane is located 15mm from, and parallel to, the measurement plane. This is in accordance with section 4.4 of the standard, which states that "The WD reference plane is a plane parallel with the front "face" of the WD and containing the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear."

The HAC Rating results for E-Field and H-field are shown in Tables 6 and 7. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the measured drifts, excluded areas, and the peak fields. PMF measurements are taken from Section 5. The worst-case test conditions are indicated with **bold numbers** in the tables and are detailed in Appendix 3: HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field.

Drift was measured using the typical DASY4 v4.7 measurement routines. The field is measured at the reference location (center of the ear piece) at the beginning of the test. Then after completion of the E or H field measurement, the probe returns to the same reference location and takes another measurement. The drift is the delta between these two values and is included in the test report scans.

Per SPEAG's recommendation, the phone plots in Appendix 3 use the standard GSM transmitter ratio 1:8 and standard CDMA transmitter ratio 1:1 as "Duty Cycle." Per SPEAG's recommendation, in order to account for probe modulation response, PMF is applied during the SEMCAD (post-processing) portion. PMF also appears in the phone plots in Appendix 3.

GSM 850 Emissions Limits	
Rating	E-Field
M3	149.6 – 266.1 V/m
M4	< 149.6 V/m

GSM 1900 Emissions Limits	
Rating	E-Field
M3	47.3 – 84.1 V/m
M4	< 47.3 V/m

Table 6: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Channel Setting	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
GSM 850MHz	Fixed	128	32.54	2.81	-0.42	8,9	65.0	M4
		190	32.45		0.06	8,9	99.6	M4
		251	32.45		-0.03	8,9	96.5	M4
		190/ w/ Batt2			0.12	8,9	99.2	M4
GSM 1900MHz	Fixed	512	29.43	2.81	-0.05	7,8,9	63.4	M3
		661	29.43		-0.15	7,8,9	66.3	M3
		810	29.40		0.07	7,8,9	56.5	M3
		661/ w/ Batt2			-0.22	7,8,9	66.5	M3

GSM 850 Emissions Limits	
Rating	H-Field
M3	0.45 – 0.80 A/m
M4	< 0.45 A/m

GSM 1900 Emissions Limits	
Rating	H-Field
M3	0.14 – 0.25 A/m
M4	< 0.14 A/m

Table 7: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Channel Setting	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
GSM 850MHz	Fixed	128	32.54	2.43	0.16	1,4,7	0.096	M4
		190	32.45		0.11	1,4,7	0.130	M4
		251	32.45		-0.15	1,4,7	0.129	M4
		190 w/ Batt2			-0.08	1,4,7	0.131	M4
GSM 1900MHz	Fixed	512	29.43	2.65	-0.03	4,7,8	0.158	M3
		661	29.43		0.01	4,7,8	0.165	M3
		810	29.40		0.23	4,7,8	0.142	M3
		661 w/ Batt2			0.21	4,7,8	0.164	M3

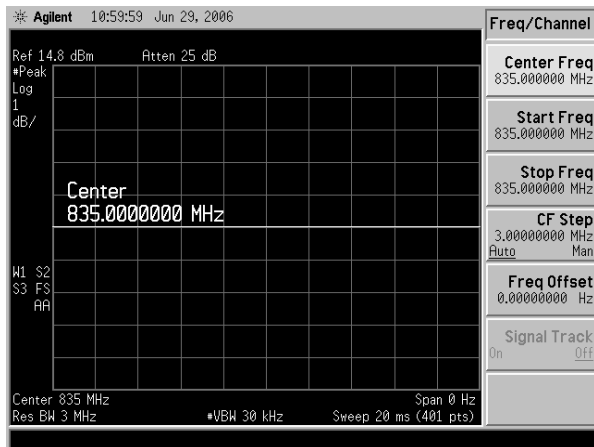
Appendix 1

Details justifying the conversion to peak

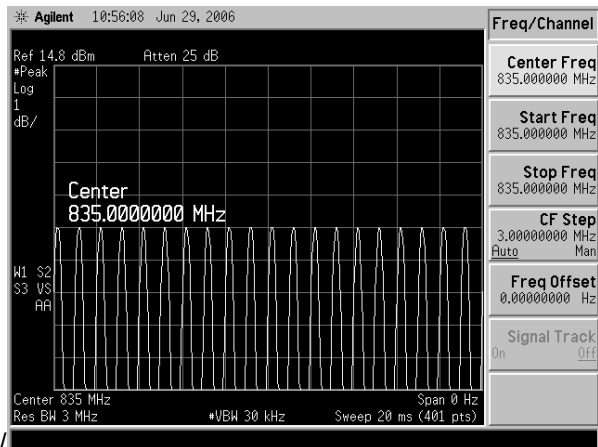
A1.1 Procedure for PMF measurements

1. Setup the HAC validation rack as you would for a normal CW HAC validation with forward power = 100mW
2. Setup the dipole and phantom as you would for a normal CW HAC validation.
3. Open the "HAC Probe Mod Factor" template and verify the following parameters:
Medium = "Air";
Communication System = "HAC – Dipole";
Ensure the proper probe & DAE are installed and laser aligned
4. **MEASURE CW:** Using the original CW signal, run the jobs in the "CW Measurement" procedure.
5. Do **not** turn off the signal generator power
6. **Setting the CW Reference Level on the Spectrum Analyzer:** To set the Reference level on the Spectrum Analyzer, remove the Validation Rack's Main Cable from the dipole and connect to the Spectrum Analyzer INPUT using a 10 dB attenuator and an adapter.
7. Set-Up the Spectrum Analyzer for the following Settings:
Frequency: Freq. being tested (EX: 835/1880)
Span: Zero Span
Res BW: iDEN – 100 kHz; GSM – 300 kHz; CDMA – 3 MHz; WCDMA – 5 MHz;
Video BW: iDEN – 300 kHz; GSM – 1MHz; CDMA and WCDMA – 30 kHz**;
Sweep Time: 20 ms; 120 ms for iDEN
Scale: 1dB
Detector: PEAK / Manual
8. Adjust REF level until the CW signal is aligned with the Center Line (approx. 15dB). NOTE: After this point, the Reference Line must remain fixed. Do not change it.
9. **MEASURE THE MODULATED SIGNAL(S):**
 - 9.1. Change the signal generator to the desired modulation.
 - 9.2. Set the Spectrum Analyzer Sweep Time to 20ms.
 - 9.3. With the Main cable still connected to the Spectrum Analyzer, adjust the amplitude of the power on the signal generator so that the PEAK of the modulated signal is at the CW Reference Line:
 - 9.3.1 On the Spectrum Analyzer, press the [View Trace] button and then select (Max Hold), this will show only the Peak output.
 - 9.3.2 Press (Clear Write) and then (Max Hold) each time an amplitude adjustment is made.
 - 9.4. Allow the Max Hold line to stabilize. Then check that the highest peak of the Max Hold line corresponds with the CW Reference Line (without going over). If not correct, repeat section 6.
 - 9.5. Remove the validation main cable from the spectrum analyzer and re-connect it to the Dipole.
10. Repeat 9 until all remaining modulation(S) have been completed.

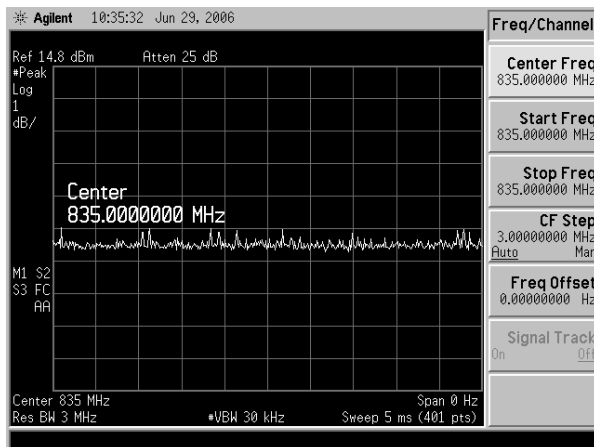
** The use of 30 kHz VBW is validated. The power measurements are verified using an average power meter.

A1.2 0 Span Spectrum Plots for PMF measurements

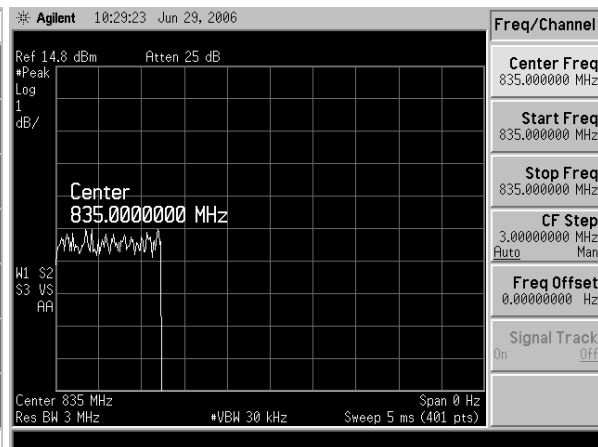
CW 835 MHz



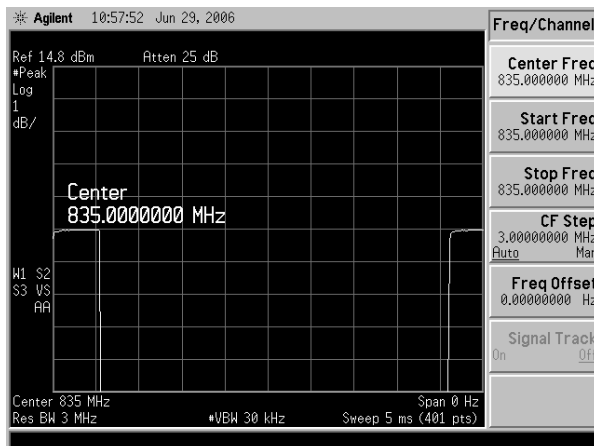
80% AM 835 MHz



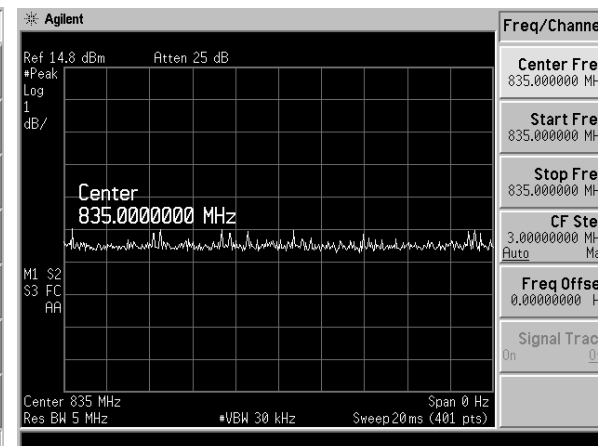
CDMA 835 MHz (full rate)



CDMA 835 MHz (1/8 rate)



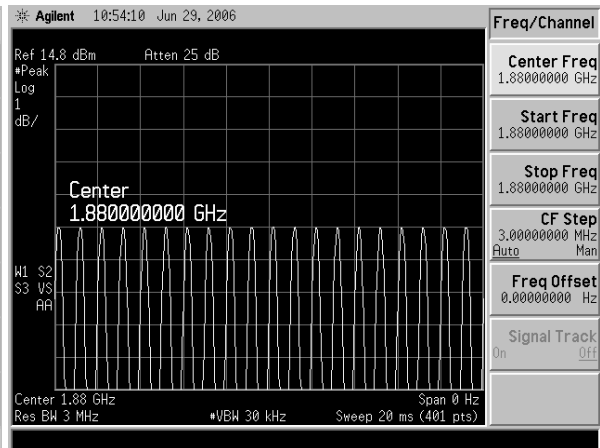
GSM 835 MHz



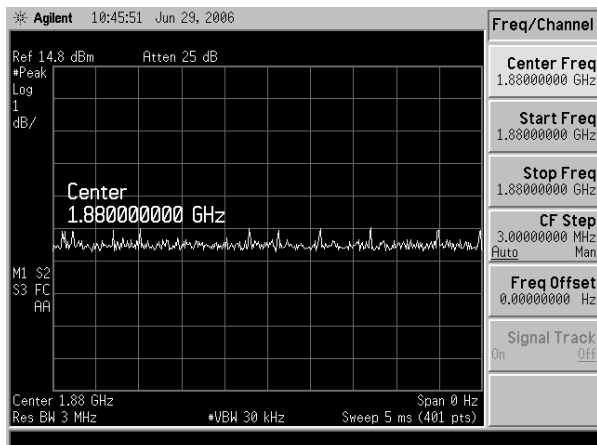
WCDMA 835 MHz



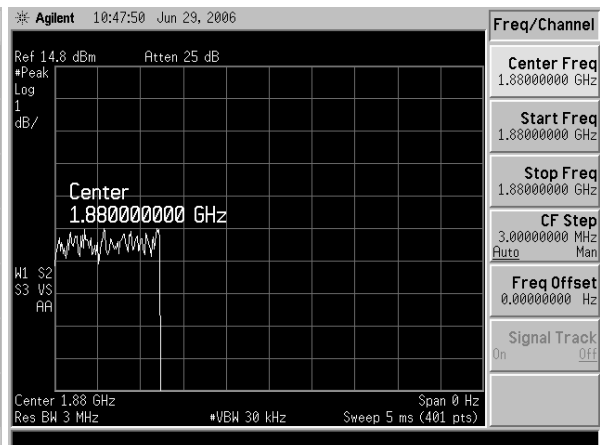
CW 1880 MHz



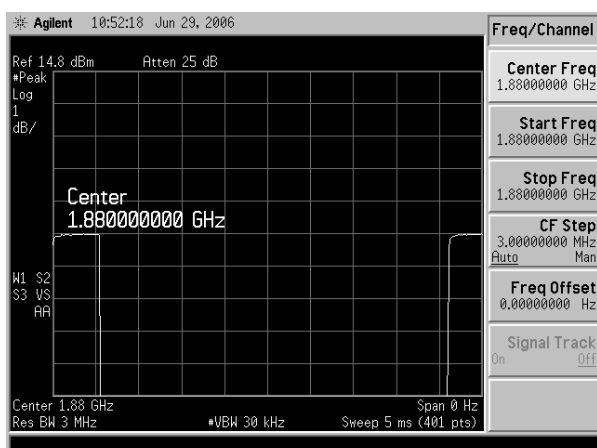
80% AM 1880 MHz



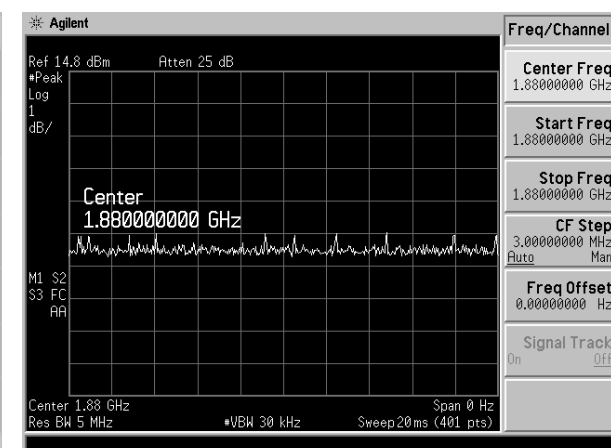
CDMA 1880 MHz (full rate)



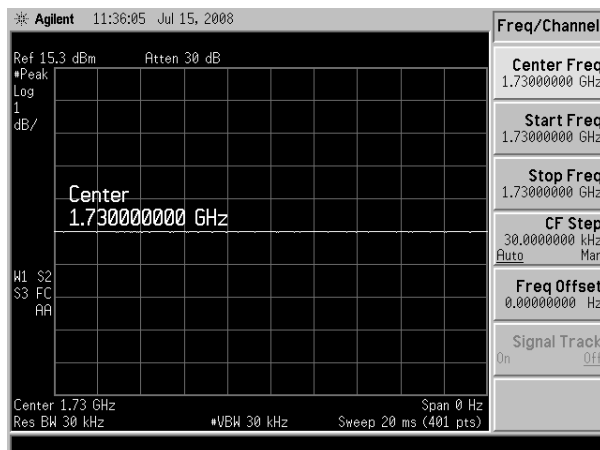
CDMA 1880 MHz (1/8 rate)



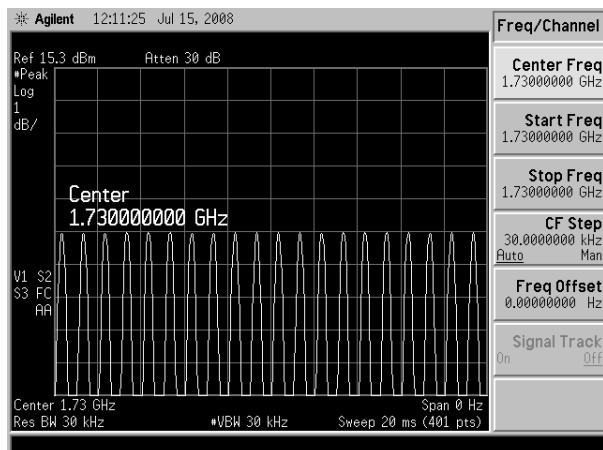
GSM 1880 MHz



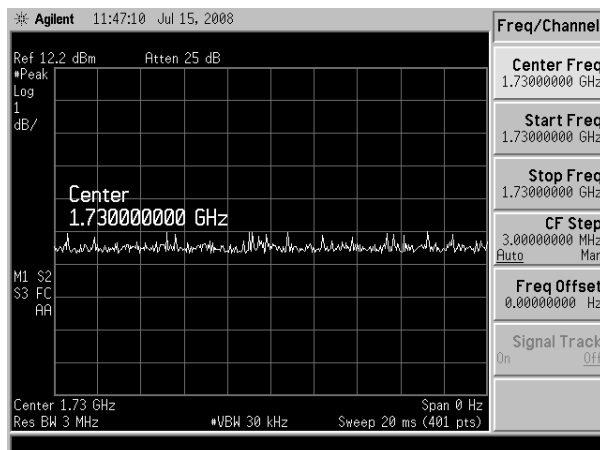
WCDMA 1880 MHz



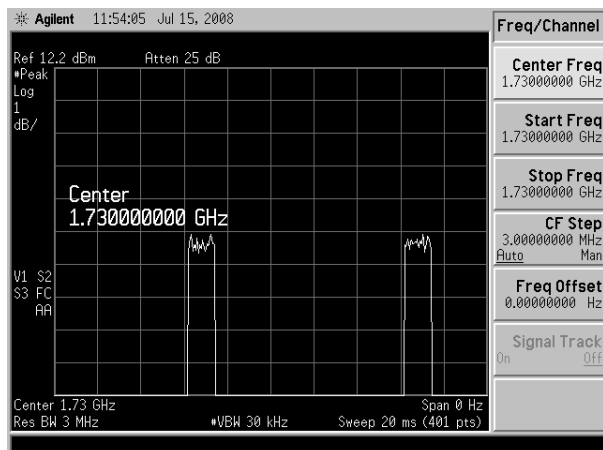
CW 1730 MHz



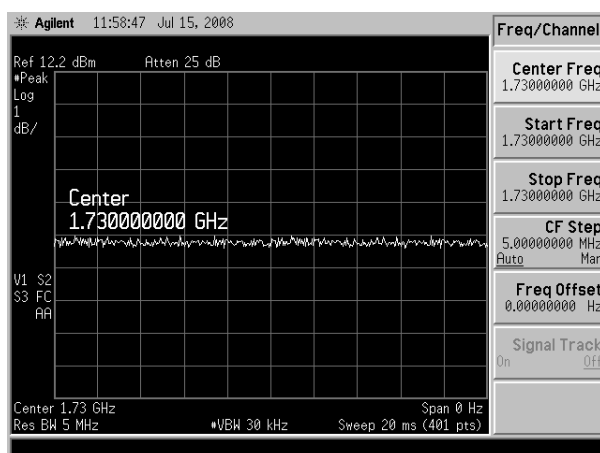
80% AM 1730 MHz



CDMA 1730 MHz (full rate)



CDMA 1730 MHz (1/8 rate)



WCDMA 1730 MHz

Appendix 2

HAC distribution plots for Validation

Test Laboratory: Motorola, E- 835 CW +5.0% GOOD

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103;

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1103 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2249; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 01/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 07/15/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - ER probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test, 835 Dipole (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

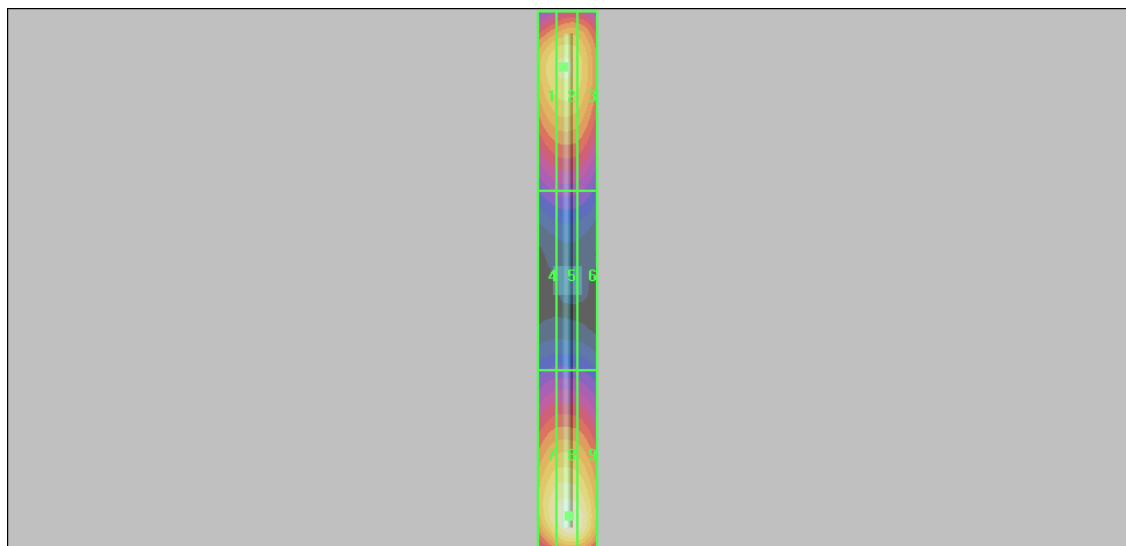
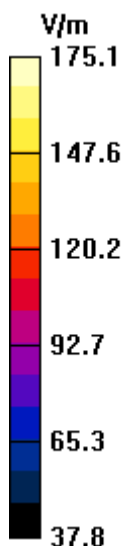
Reference Value = 110.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.093 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 175.1 V/m

Average value of Total(interporated) = (158.7+175.1)/2 = 166.9V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 157.5 M4	Grid 2 158.7 M4	Grid 3 153.2 M4
Grid 4 86.5 M4	Grid 5 88.1 M4	Grid 6 86.3 M4
Grid 7 168.4 M4	Grid 8 175.1 M4	Grid 9 172.1 M4



Test Laboratory: Motorola, E- 1880 CW -0.7% GOOD

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1071 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2249; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 01/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 07/15/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - ER probe center 10mm above CD1880 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test, 1880 Dipole (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

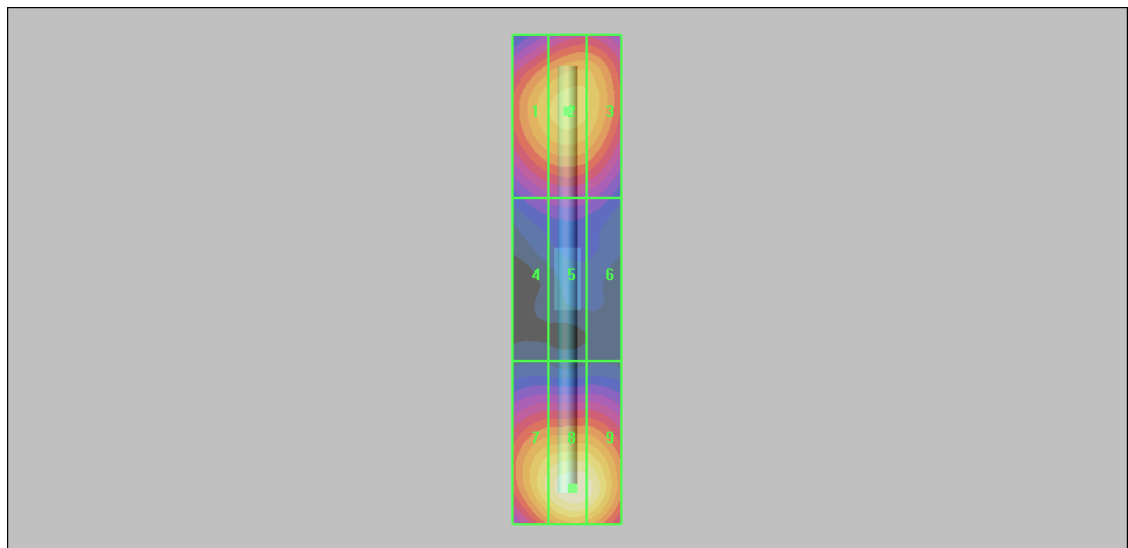
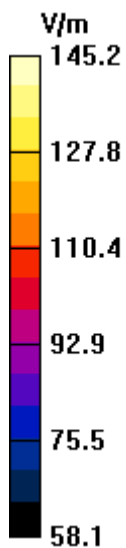
Reference Value = 163.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 145.2 V/m

Average value of Total(interporated) = (131.1+145.2)/2 = 138.2V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 127.6 M2	Grid 2 131.1 M2	Grid 3 128.9 M2
Grid 4 90.1 M3	Grid 5 92.3 M3	Grid 6 89.9 M3
Grid 7 136.4 M2	Grid 8 145.2 M2	Grid 9 142.9 M2



Test Laboratory: Motorola , H- 835 CW +4.7% GOOD

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1103 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6209; ; Calibrated: 01/19/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn365; Calibrated: 09/19/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - H3DV6 probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test, 835

Dipole (41x361x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

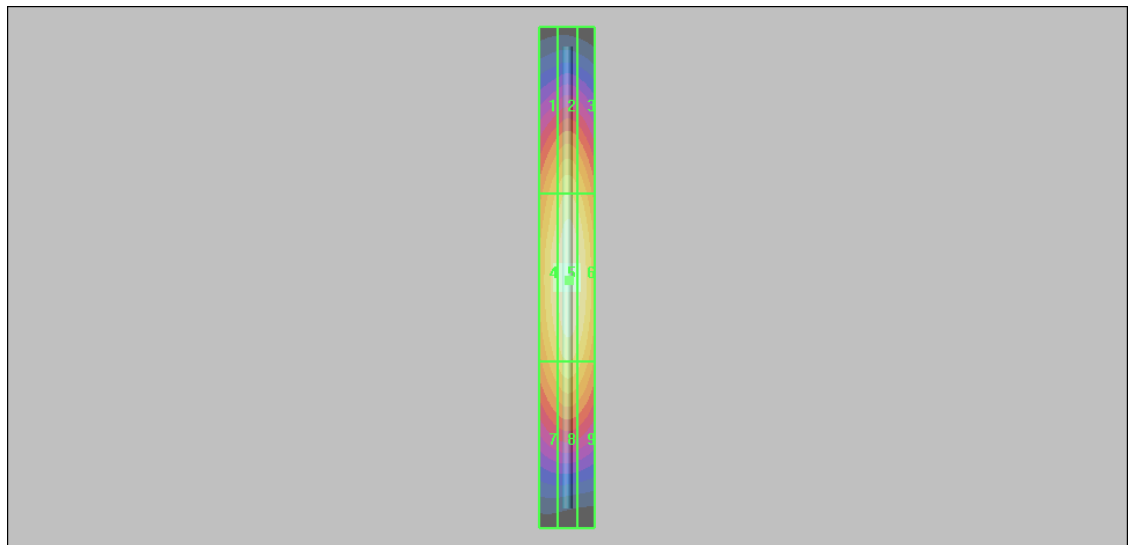
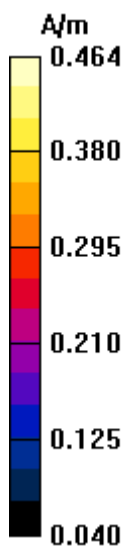
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 0.494 A/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.464 A/m

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.388 M4	0.409 M4	0.392 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.439 M4	0.464 M4	0.449 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.386 M4	0.408 M4	0.394 M4



Test Laboratory: Motorola H- 1880 CW -7.5% GOOD

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1071 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6209; ; Calibrated: 01/19/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn365; Calibrated: 09/19/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - H3DV6 probe center 10mm above CD1880 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test, 1880

Dipole (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

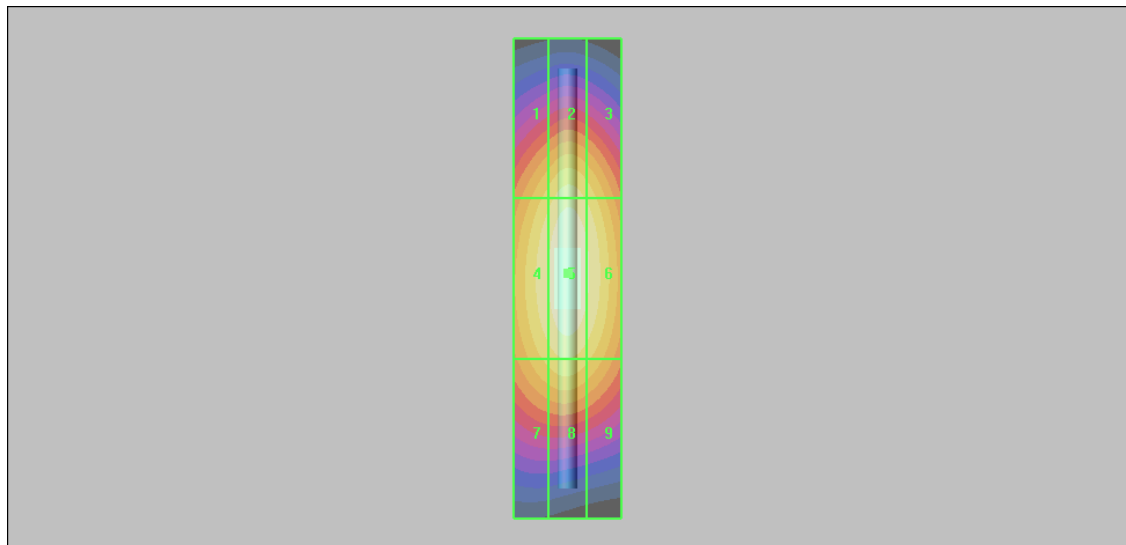
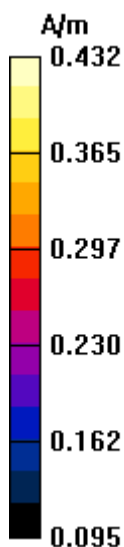
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 0.457 A/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.432 A/m

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.378 M2	0.402 M2	0.385 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.411 M2	0.432 M2	0.415 M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.374 M2	0.387 M2	0.371 M2



Appendix 3

HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field

Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM850 E-Field

Serial: 004401020410128 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05(OTA); Antenna Position: Internal ; Battery:SNN5804B

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2249; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 01/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 07/15/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - ER sensor center 15mm above WD Ref 2/MID CH, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 99.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.81

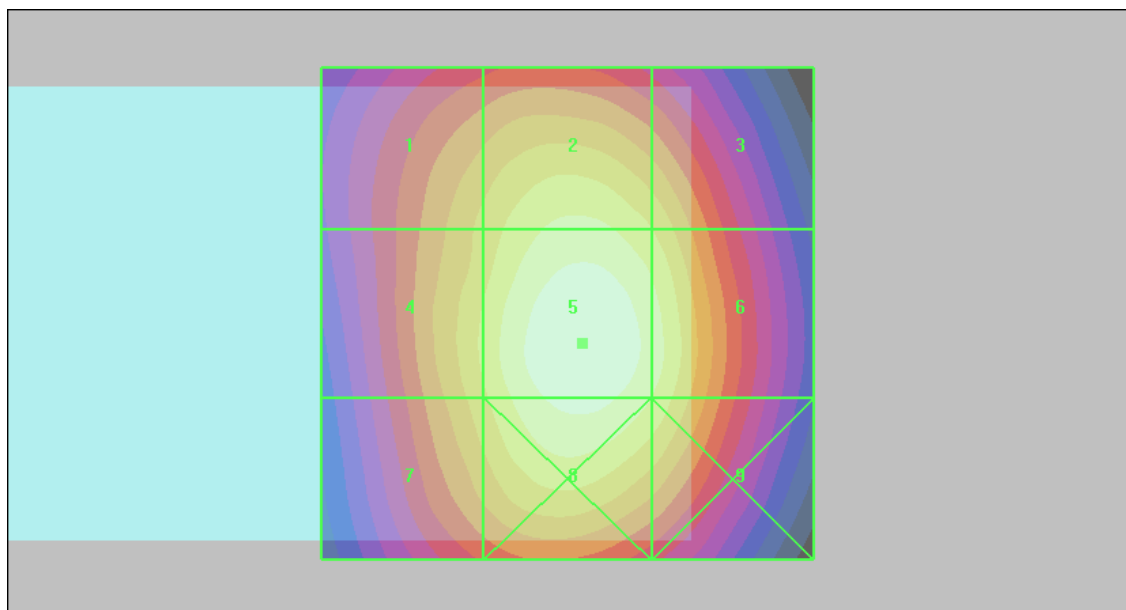
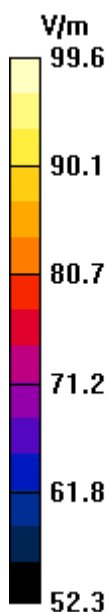
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 47.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF -5 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 88.1 M4	Grid 2 94.4 M4	Grid 3 90.3 M4
Grid 4 91.0 M4	Grid 5 99.6 M4	Grid 6 95.2 M4
Grid 7 89.5 M4	Grid 8 97.6 M4	Grid 9 93.3 M4



Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM850 H-Field

Serial: 004401020410128 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05(OTA); Antenna Position: Interanl; Battery:SNN5813A

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6209; ; Calibrated: 01/19/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn365; Calibrated: 09/19/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - H3DV6 sensor center 15mm above WD Ref 2/MID CH, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.131 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.43

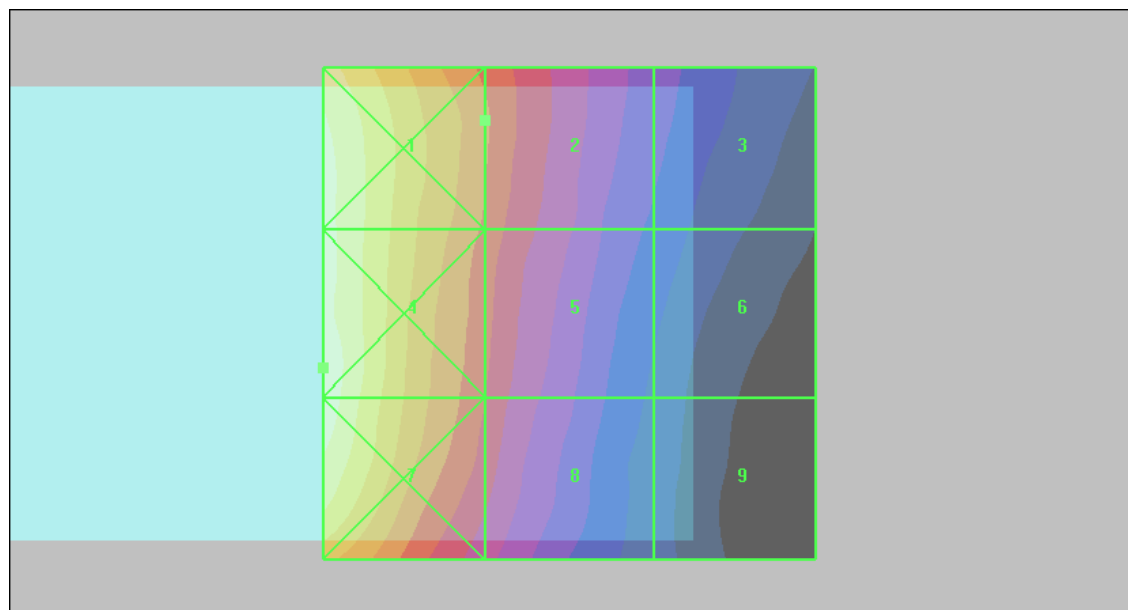
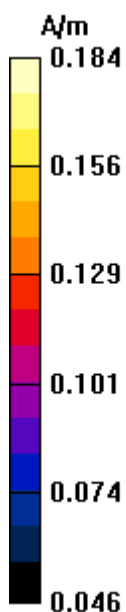
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 0.041 A/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF -5 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.179 M4	Grid 2 0.131 M4	Grid 3 0.088 M4
Grid 4 0.184 M4	Grid 5 0.127 M4	Grid 6 0.081 M4
Grid 7 0.183 M4	Grid 8 0.120 M4	Grid 9 0.072 M4



Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM1900 E-Field

Serial: 004401020410128 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA); Antenna Position: Interanl Battery:SNN5813A

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency:1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2249; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 01/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 07/15/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - ER sensor center 15mm above WD Ref 2/MID CH, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 66.5 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.81

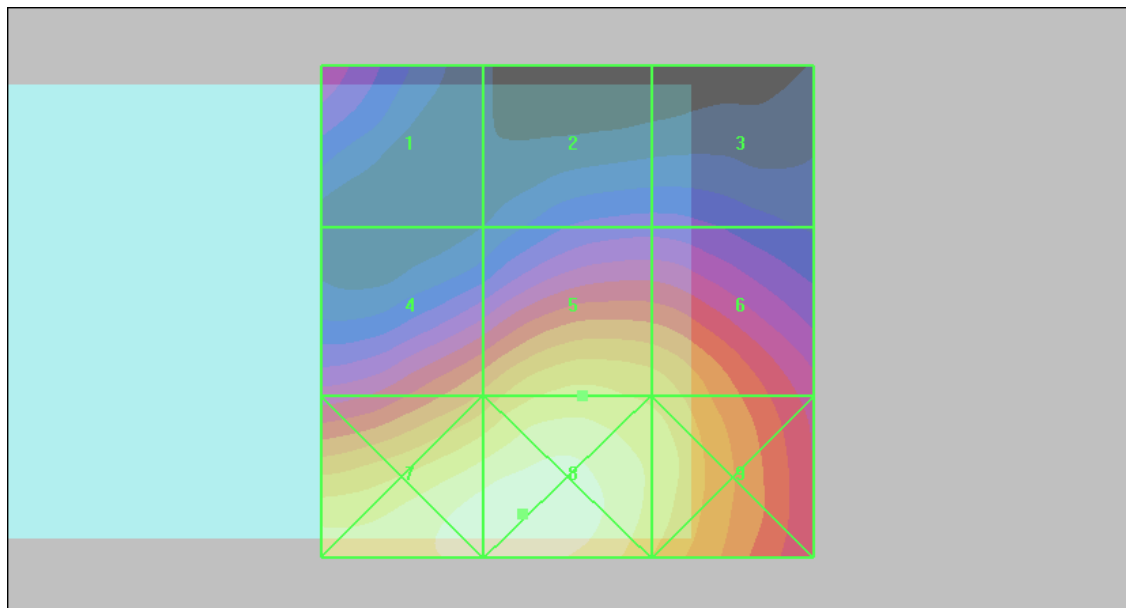
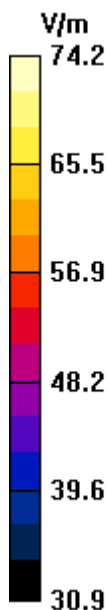
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 25.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.219 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M3 (AWF -5 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 47.7 M3	Grid 2 44.3 M4	Grid 3 44.3 M4
Grid 4 60.5 M3	Grid 5 66.5 M3	Grid 6 64.8 M3
Grid 7 73.0 M3	Grid 8 74.2 M3	Grid 9 68.0 M3



Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM1900 H-Field

Serial: 004401020410128 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA); Antenna Position: Interanl Battery:SNN5804B

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6209; ; Calibrated: 01/19/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn365; Calibrated: 09/19/2008
- Phantom: R-8, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - H3DV6 sensor center 15mm above WD Ref 2/MID CH, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.165 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.65

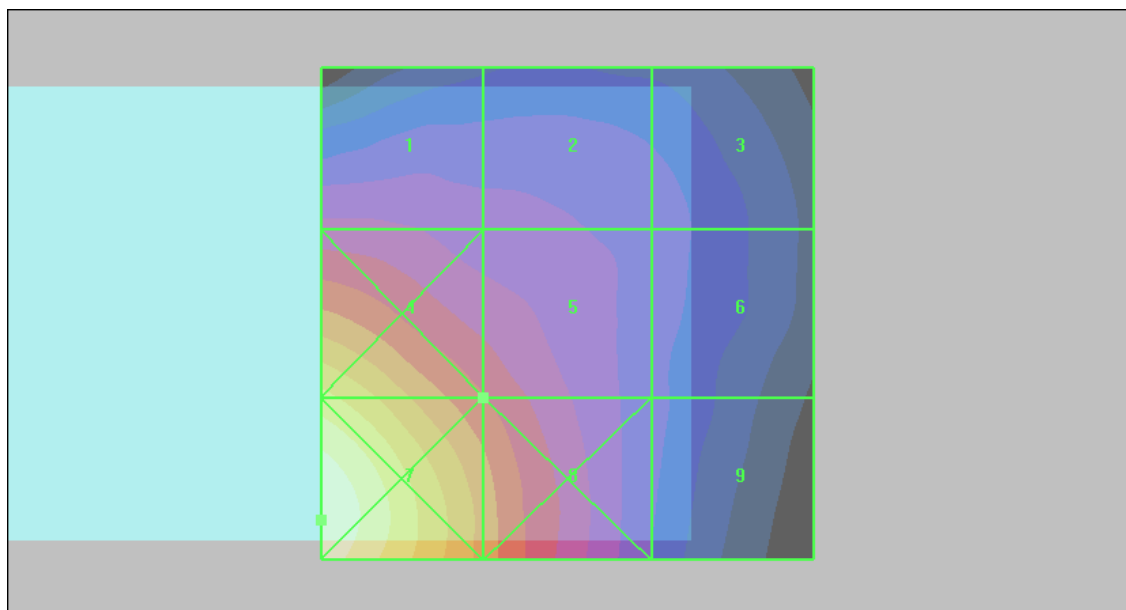
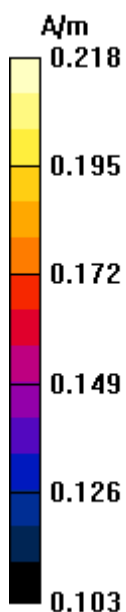
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 0.060 A/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M3 (AWF -5 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.152 M3	Grid 2 0.145 M3	Grid 3 0.138 M4
Grid 4 0.198 M3	Grid 5 0.165 M3	Grid 6 0.138 M4
Grid 7 0.218 M3	Grid 8 0.177 M3	Grid 9 0.137 M4



Appendix 4

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

A4.1 Motorola Uncertainty Budget for RF HAC Testing**TABLE A4.1: Motorola Uncertainty Budget**

UNCERTAINTY DESCRIPTION	Uncertainty Value (+/- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) E	(ci) H	Std. Unc. E	Std. Unc. H
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM							
Probe Calibration	5.1%	N	1.0000	1	1	5.1%	5.1%
Axial Isotropy	7.8%	R	1.7321	1	0.786	4.5%	3.5%
Sensor Displacement	16.5%	R	1.7321	1	0.145	9.5%	1.4%
Test Arch	7.2%	R	1.7321	1	0	4.2%	0.0%
Linearity	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.7%	2.7%
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	2.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.2%	1.2%
System Detection Limit	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
Readout Electronics	0.3%	N	1.0000	1	1	0.3%	0.3%
Response Time	0.8%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.5%	0.5%
Integration Time	2.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.5%	1.5%
RF Reflections	5.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	3.2%	3.2%
Probe Positioner	1.2%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	0.7%	0.5%
Probe Positioning	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	2.7%	1.8%
Extrap. & Interpolation	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
TEST SAMPLE RELATED							
Total Device Positioning	3.2%	R	1.7321	1	1.306	1.8%	2.4%
Device Holder & Phantom	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Power Drift	5.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.9%	2.9%
PHANTOM AND SETUP RELATED							
Phantom Thickness	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	1.4%	0.9%
Combined Std.Uncertainty on Power							
						14.1%	9.1%
Combined Std.Uncertainty on Field							
						7.1%	4.6%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power							
						28.3%	18.2%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field							
						14.1%	9.1%

A4.2 Probe Rotation Contributions to Isotropy Error

Probe rotation data was taken “for special focus on spherical isotropicity in measurement uncertainty and perturbation of EM fields.” This data was taken at the interpolated maximum and directly accounted for in the uncertainty budget as “Axial Isotropy.” Thirteen mobile devices were used to determine the probe isotropy uncertainty factors in section A4.1. Based on the resulting 82 E-Field probe rotations and 82 H-Field probe rotations, the upper 95% confidence interval value was calculated for each. These values represent a conservative assessment of the effect of the probe isotropy and have been appropriately included in the respective E- and H-uncertainty budgets.

TABLE A4.2: Probe Rotation Data Summary

	AVE	ST.DEV	Sample Size (n)	2σ	(ci)	Standard Uncertainty
E-field	4.4%	1.7%	82	7.8%	1	4.5%
H-field	3.8%	1.2%	82	6.1%	0.786	3.5%

Isotropy error measurements were taken for 13 products across the respective frequency bands. The +2 σ values of all measurements was used as a worst case value for the uncertainty budget. Any significant differences between bands were also evaluated.

Appendix 5
Pictures of Test Setup

See Exhibit 7B1

Appendix 6

Probe Calibration Certificates



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No: **ER3-2249_Jan09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ER3DV6R-SN:2249**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA/CAL-02.v5
 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field
 evaluations in air**

Calibration date: **January 16, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	1-Oct-08 (No. ER3-2328_Oct08)	Oct-09
DAE4	SN: 789	19-Dec-08 (No. DAE4-789_Dec08)	Dec-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09
Name		Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: January 19, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- **DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe ER3DV6R

SN:2249

Manufactured:	February 1, 2000
Last calibrated:	March 17, 2008
Recalibrated:	January 16, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6R SN:2249

Sensitivity in Free Space [$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$]		Diode Compression ^A	
NormX	1.73 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP X	95 mV
NormY	1.88 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP Y	95 mV
NormZ	2.02 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP Z	97 mV

Frequency Correction

X	0.0
Y	0.0
Z	0.0

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	2.5 mm
Y	2.5 mm
Z	2.5 mm

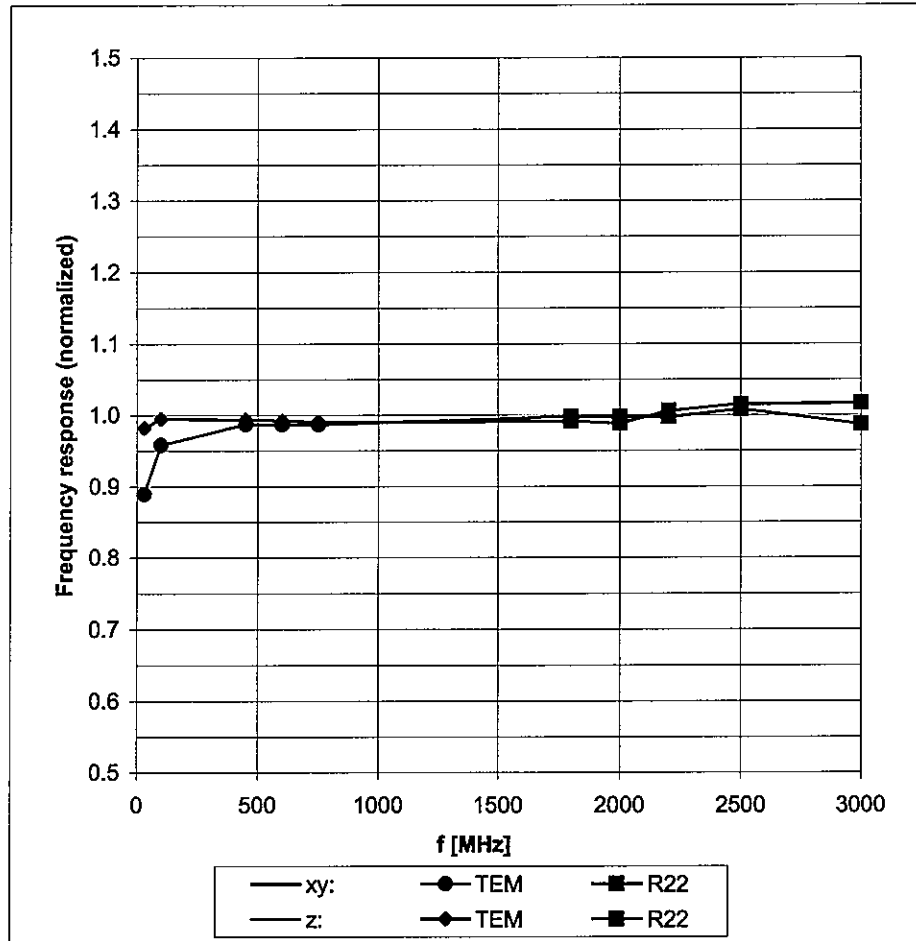
Connector Angle **35 °**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

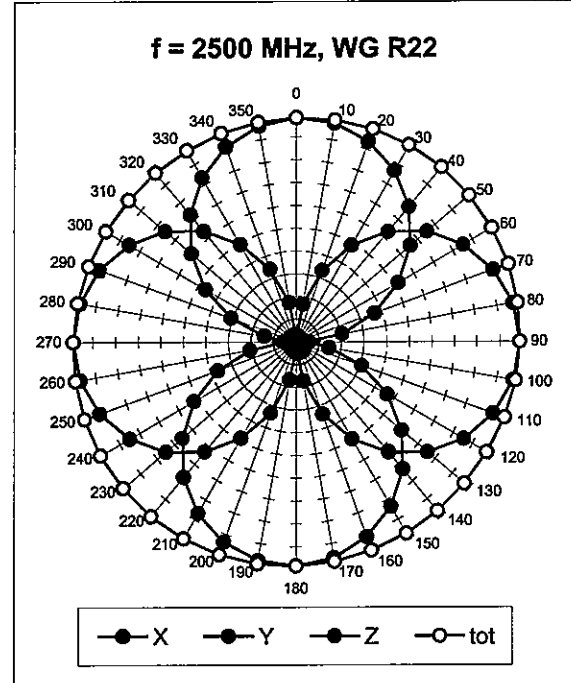
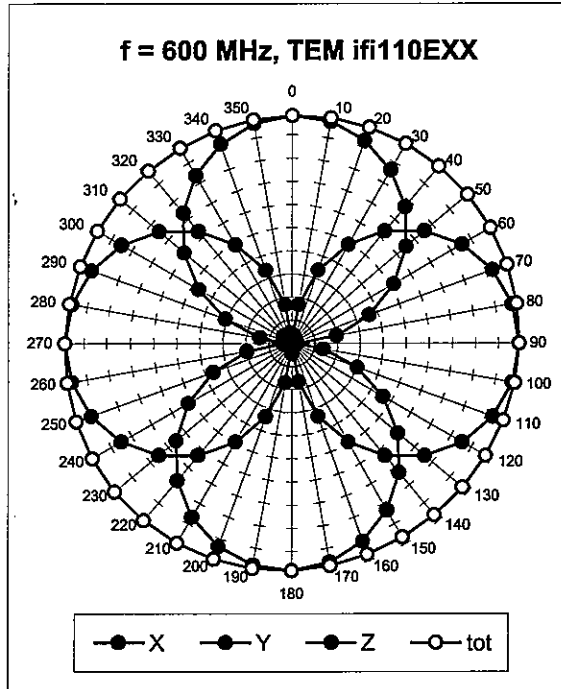
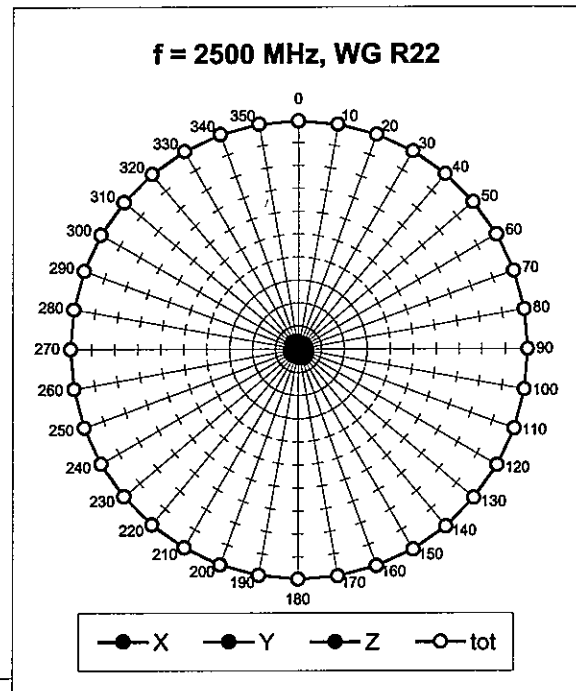
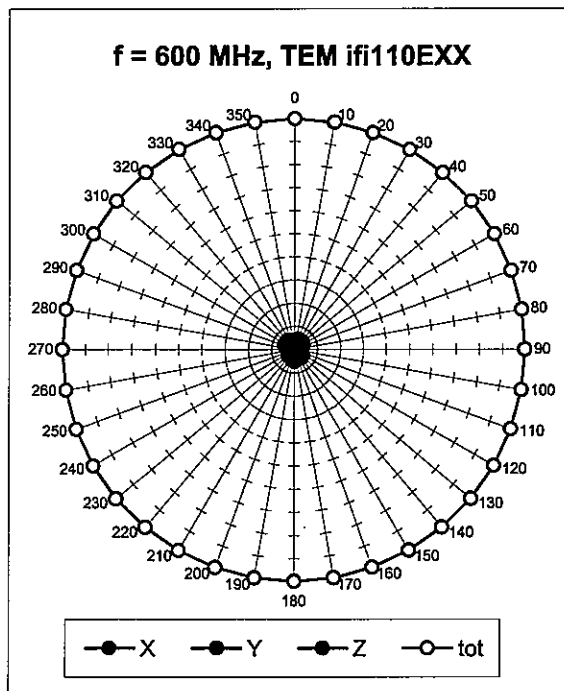
^A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

Frequency Response of E-Field

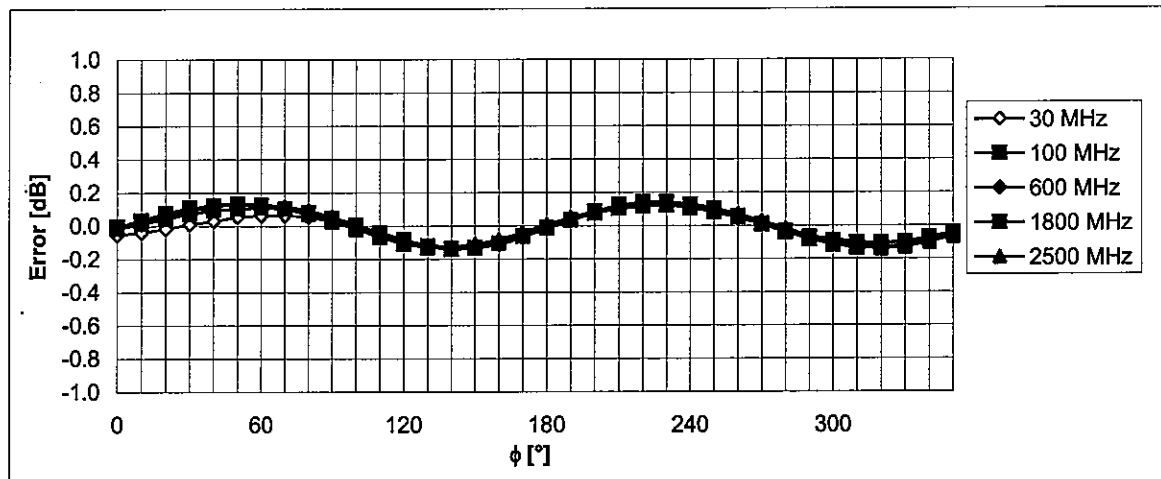
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

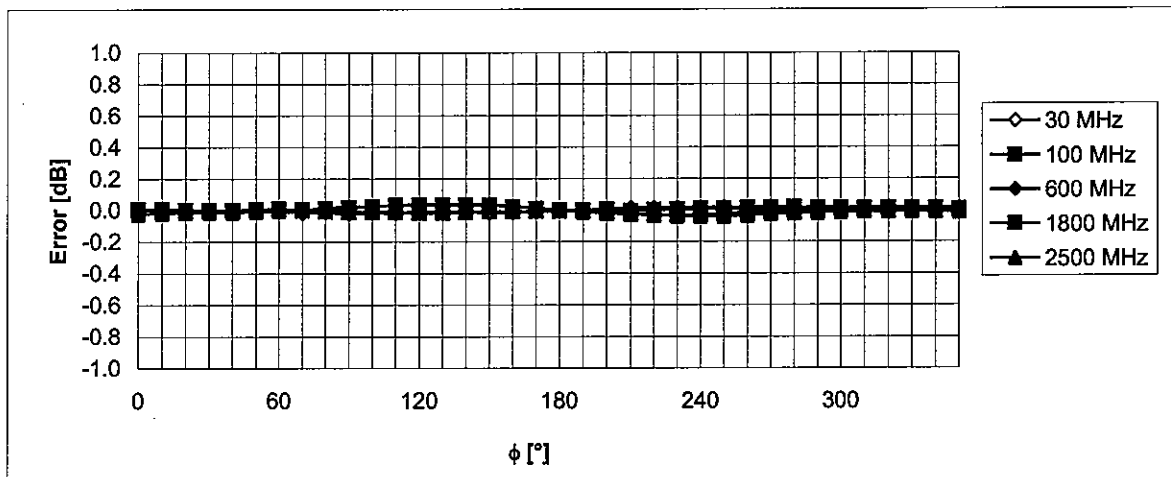
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ **Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$** 

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

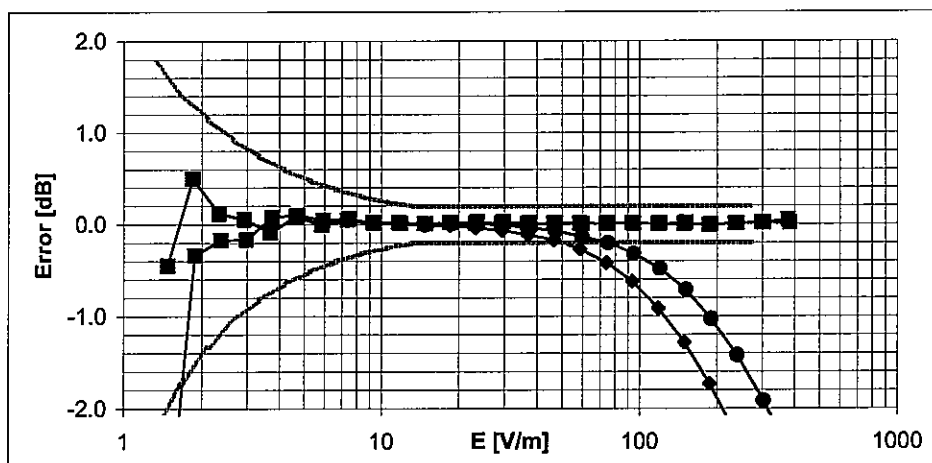
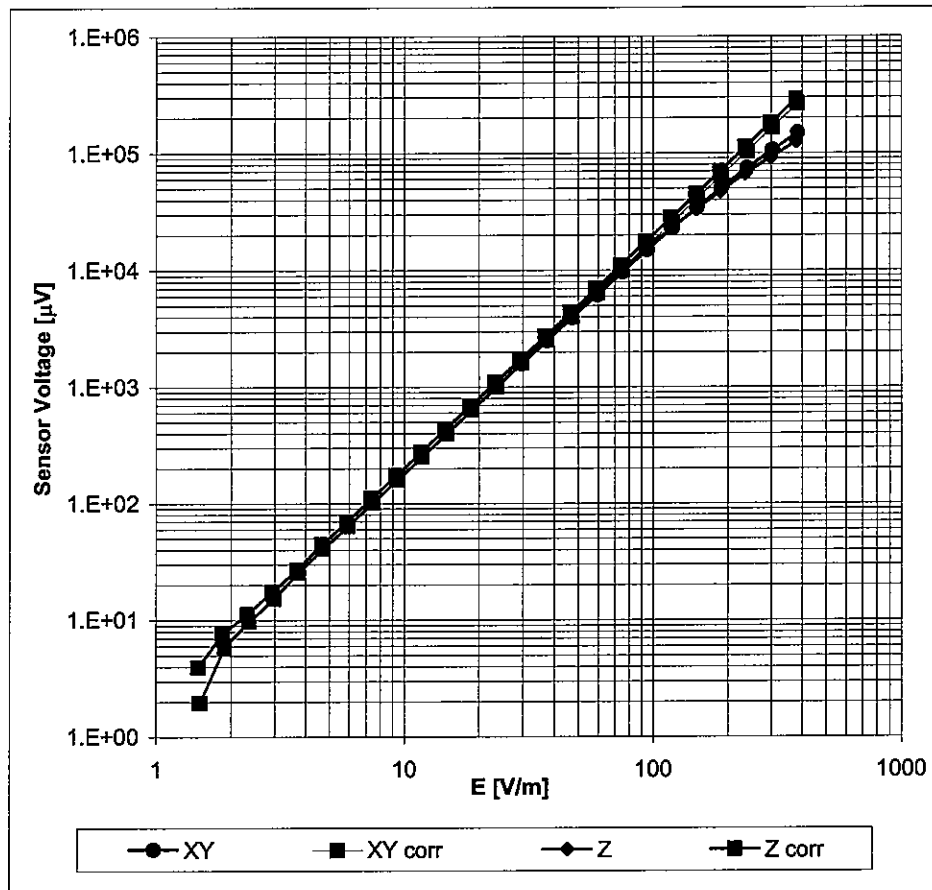
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(E-field)

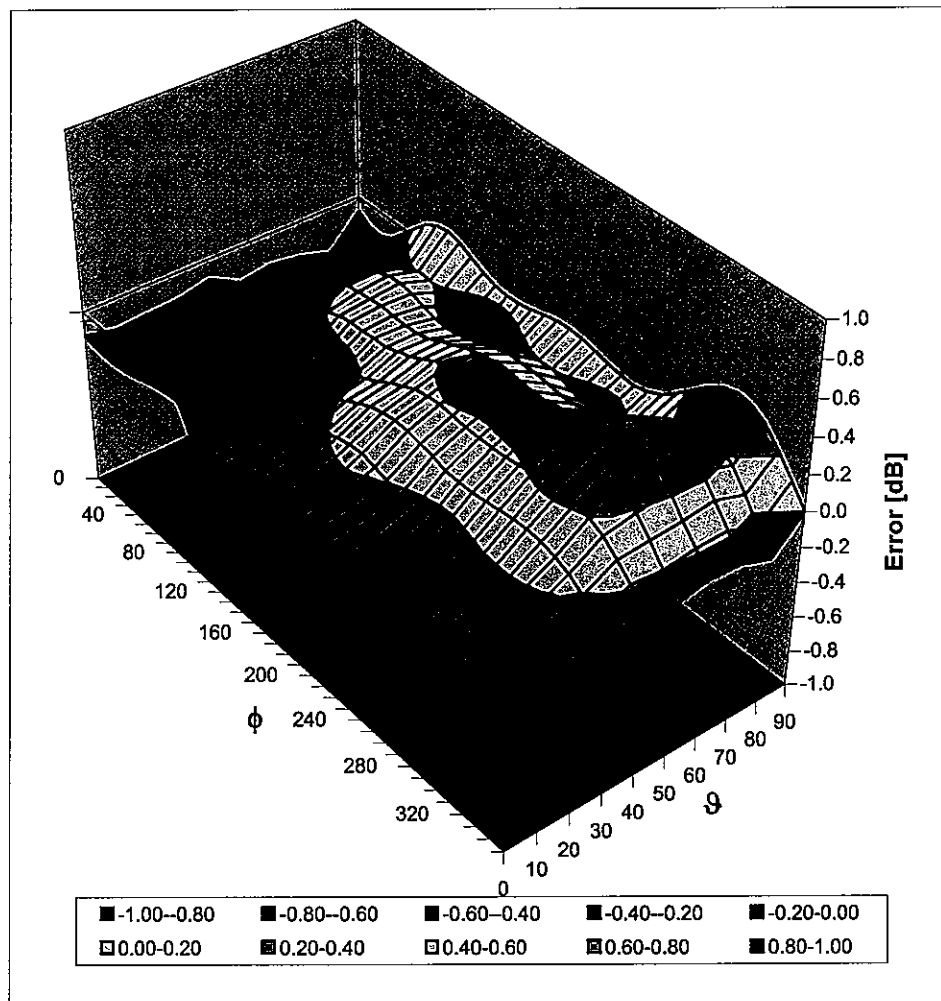
(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ , θ) , $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Motorola Korea

Certificate No: **H3-6209_Jan09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

H3DV6 - SN:6209

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-03.v5

**Calibration procedure for H-field probes optimized for close near field
 evaluations in air**

Calibration date:

January 19, 2009

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

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Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	1-Oct-08 (No. H3-6182_Oct08)	Oct-09
DAE4	SN: 789	19-Dec-08 (No. DAE4-789_Dec08)	Dec-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Nils Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: January 19, 2009

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- X, Y, Z_{a0a1a2} : Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 90$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 0$ for Z sensor ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $X, Y, Z(f)_{a0a1a2} = X, Y, Z_{a0a1a2} \cdot \text{frequency_response}$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X_{a0a1a2} (no uncertainty required).

Probe H3DV6

SN:6209

Manufactured:	June 12, 2006
Last calibrated:	January 28, 2008
Recalibrated:	January 19, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6209Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m / $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$]

	a0	a1	a2
X	2.322E-03	4.468E-4	2.156E-4 $\pm$ 5.1 % (k=2)
Y	2.413E-03	2.526E-4	1.811E-4 $\pm$ 5.1 % (k=2)
Z	2.829E-03	3.241E-4	1.772E-4 $\pm$ 5.1 % (k=2)

Diode Compression¹

DCP X	84 mV
DCP Y	85 mV
DCP Z	87 mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	3.0 mm
Y	3.0 mm
Z	3.0 mm

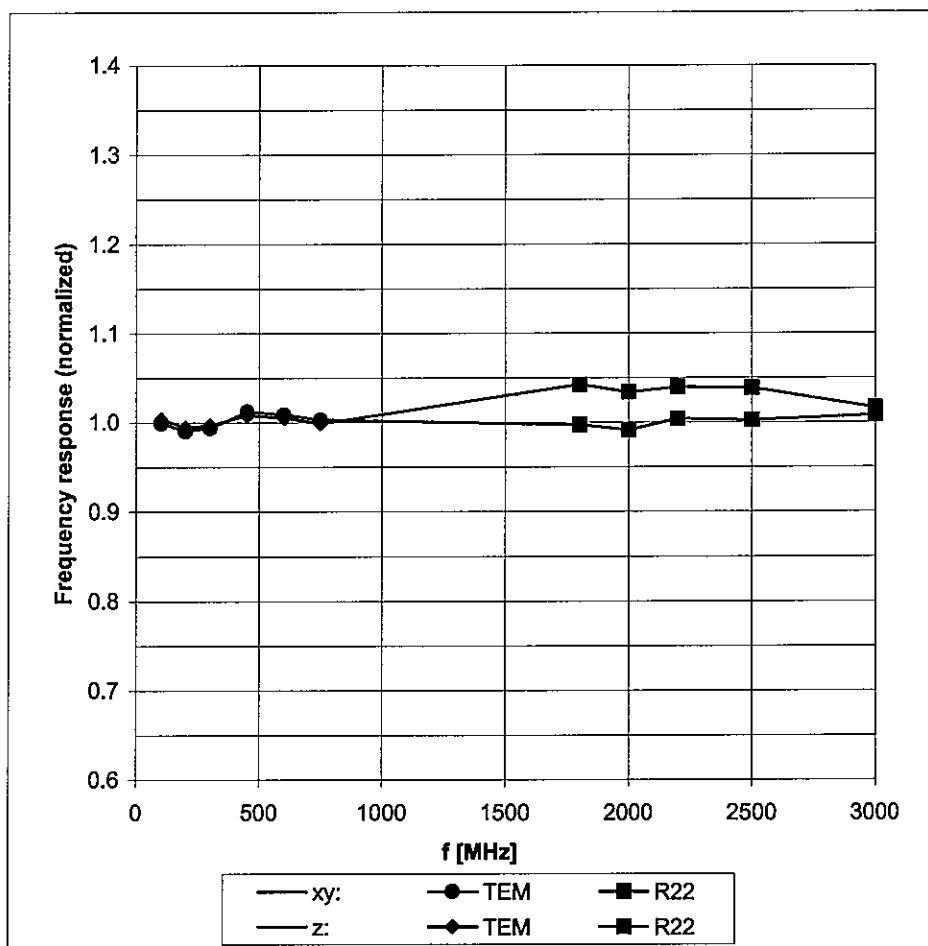
Connector Angle -43 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

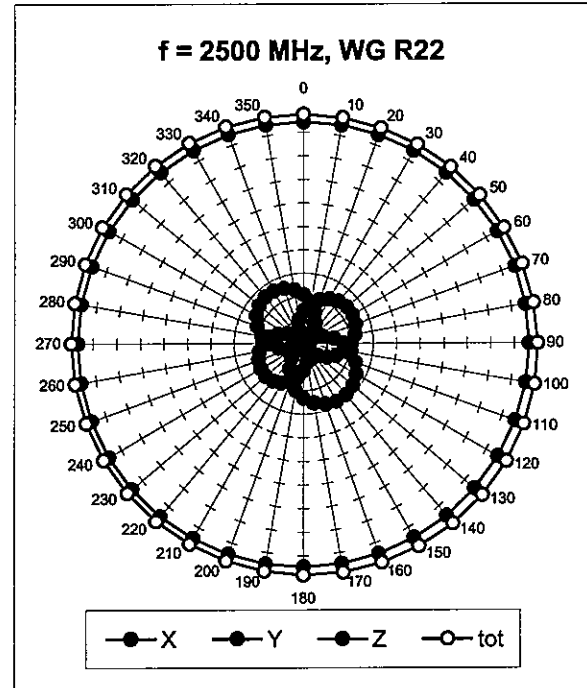
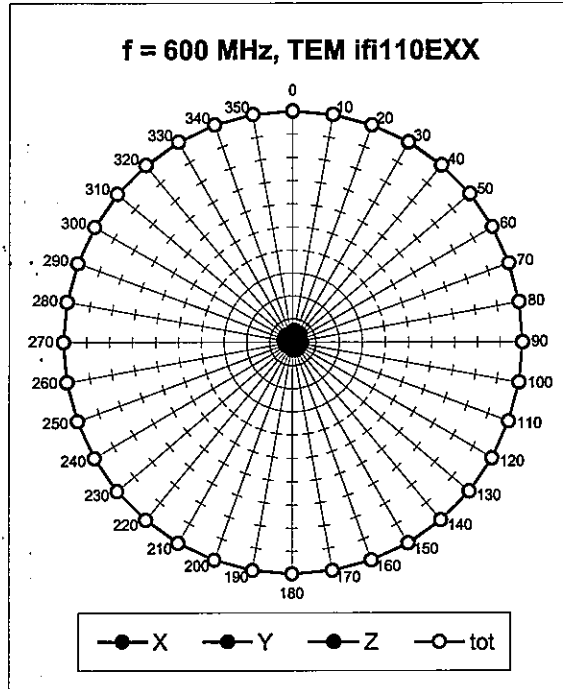
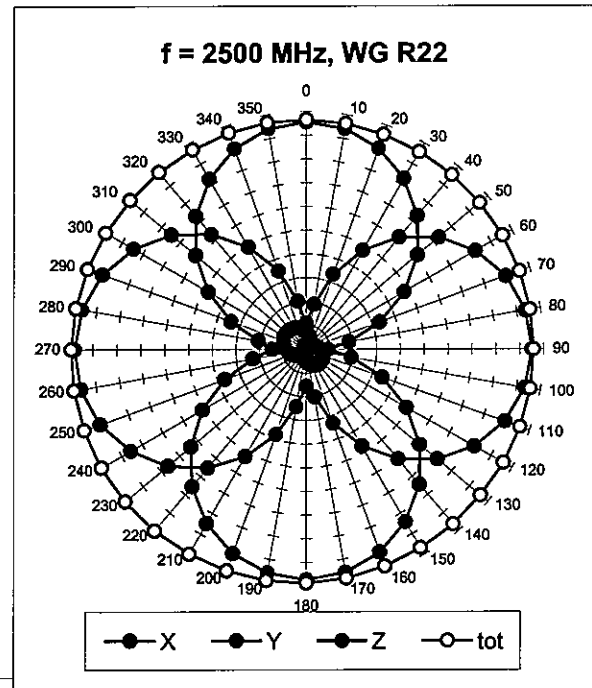
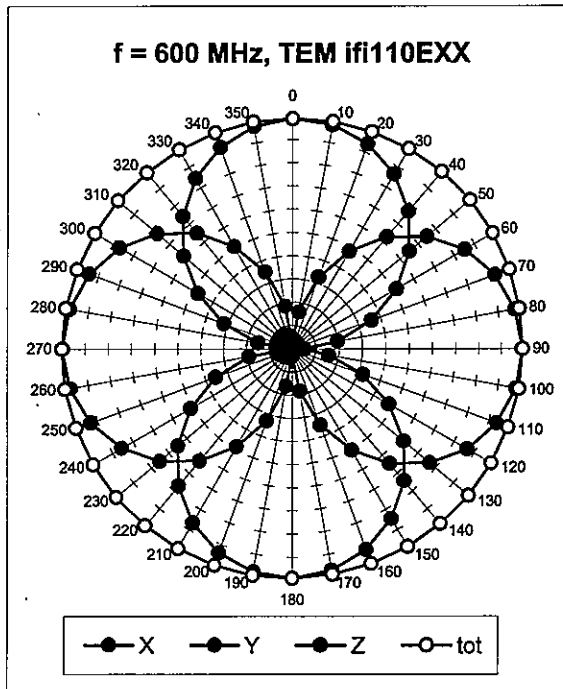
¹ numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

Frequency Response of H-Field

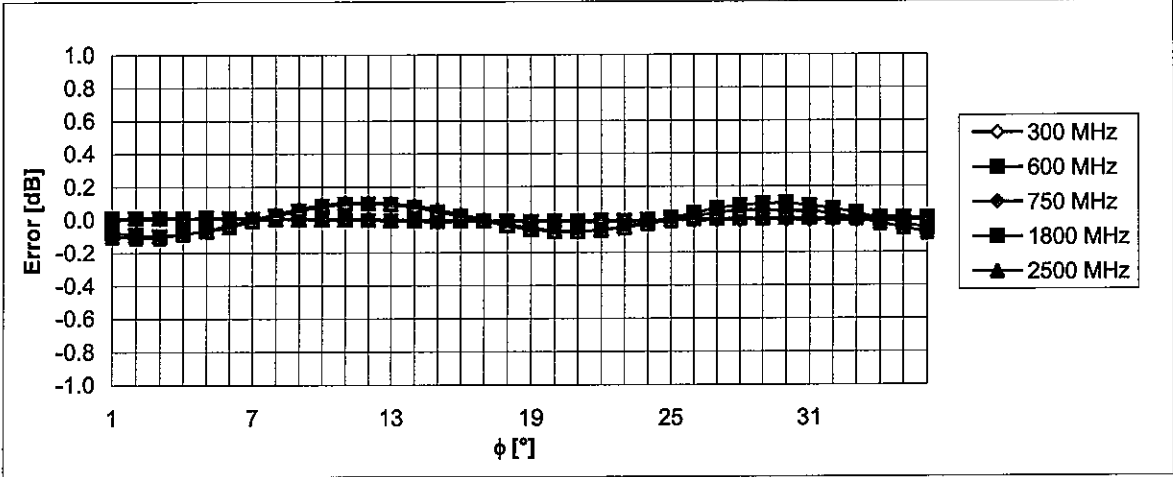
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

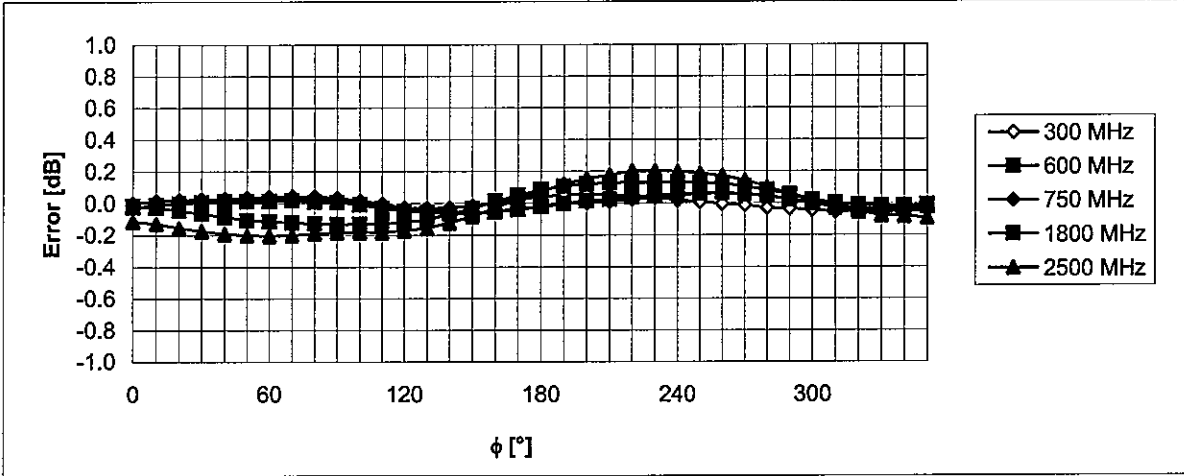
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$ **Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$** 

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

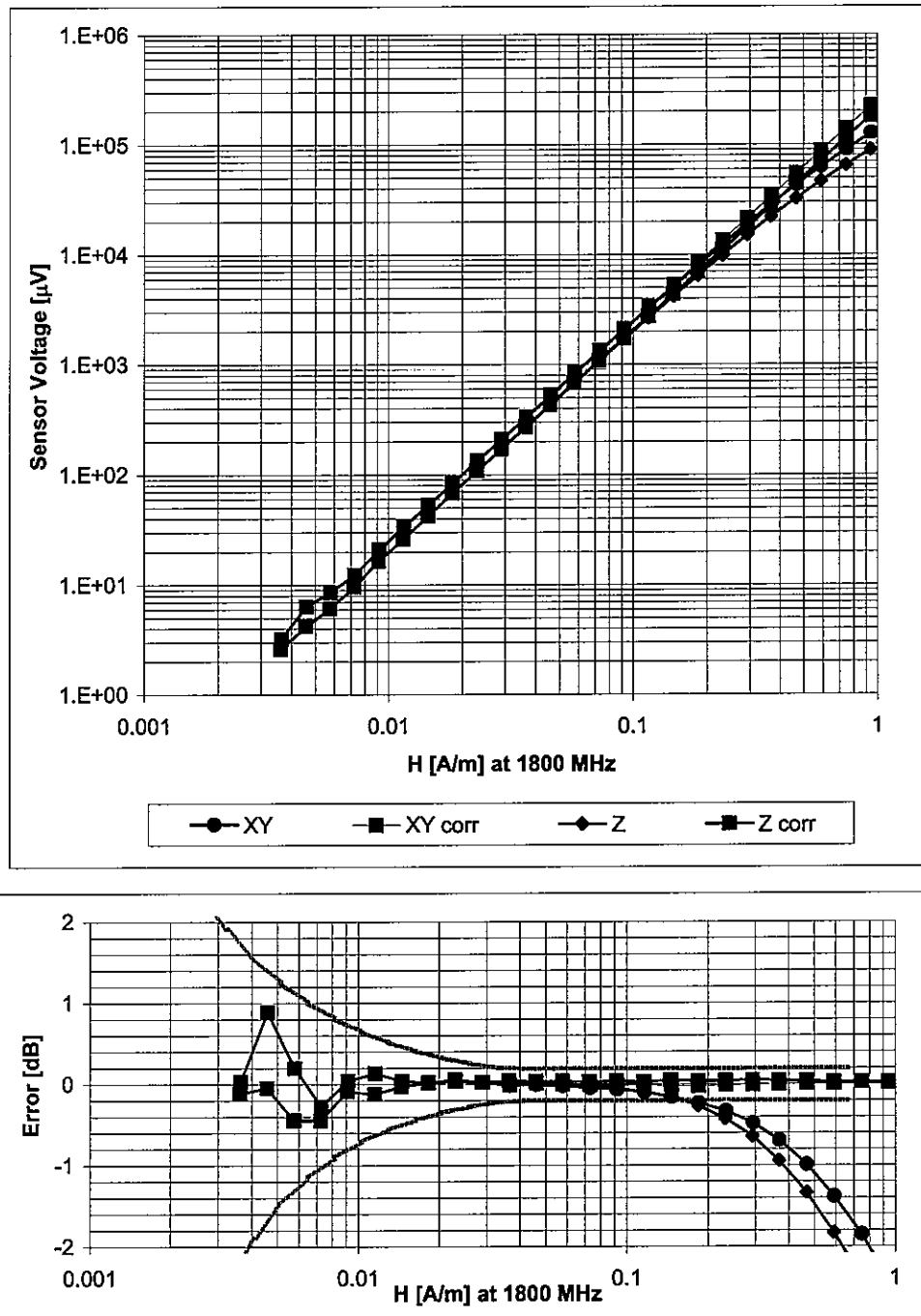
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(H-field)

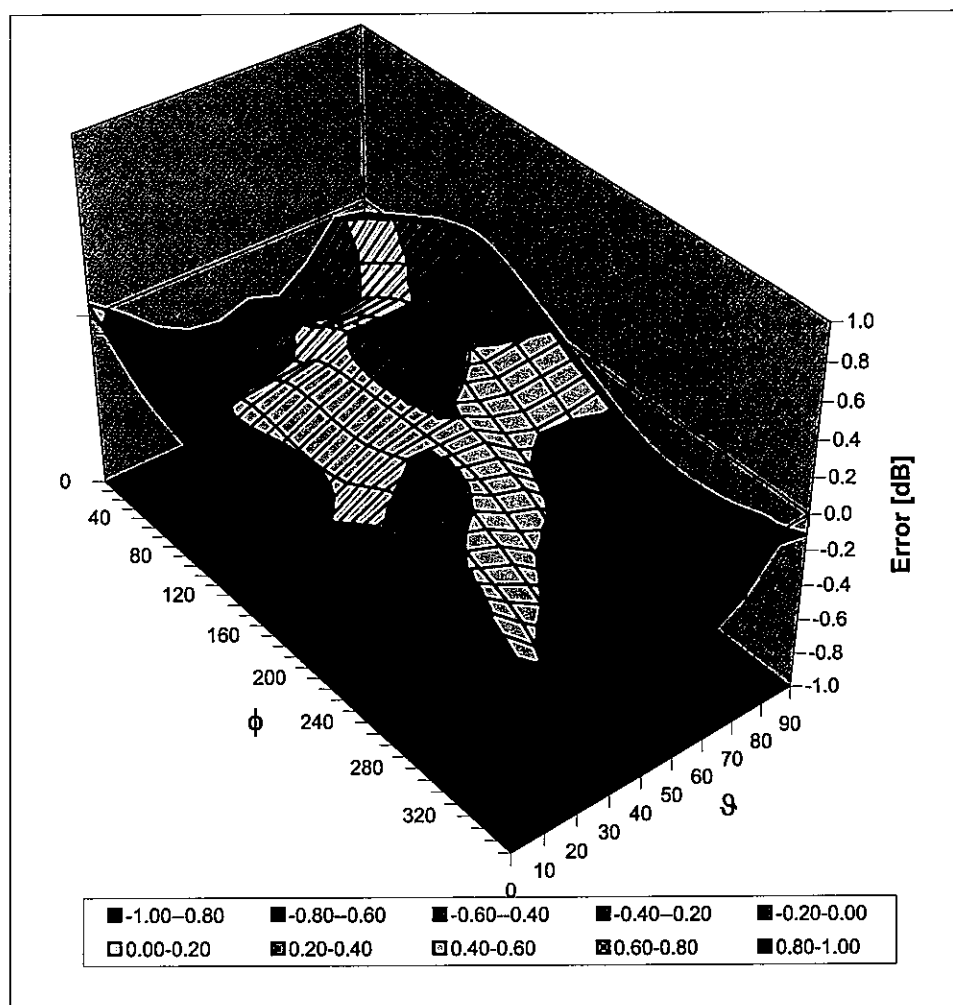
(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1071_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD1880V3 - SN: 1071

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v4
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

January 22, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065_Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09

Calibrated by:

Name: **Claudio Leubler** Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Signature

Approved by:

Name: **Fin Bornholt** Technical Director

Issued: January 29, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2006
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1880 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.467 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	139.2 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	139.1 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	139.2 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1710 MHz	19.0 dB	(49.7 + j11.2) Ohm
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	(51.0 + j7.6) Ohm
1900 MHz	21.9 dB	(53.7 + j7.5) Ohm
1950 MHz	32.4 dB	(52.4 – j0.0) Ohm
2000 MHz	20.8 dB	(42.0 + j2.8) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

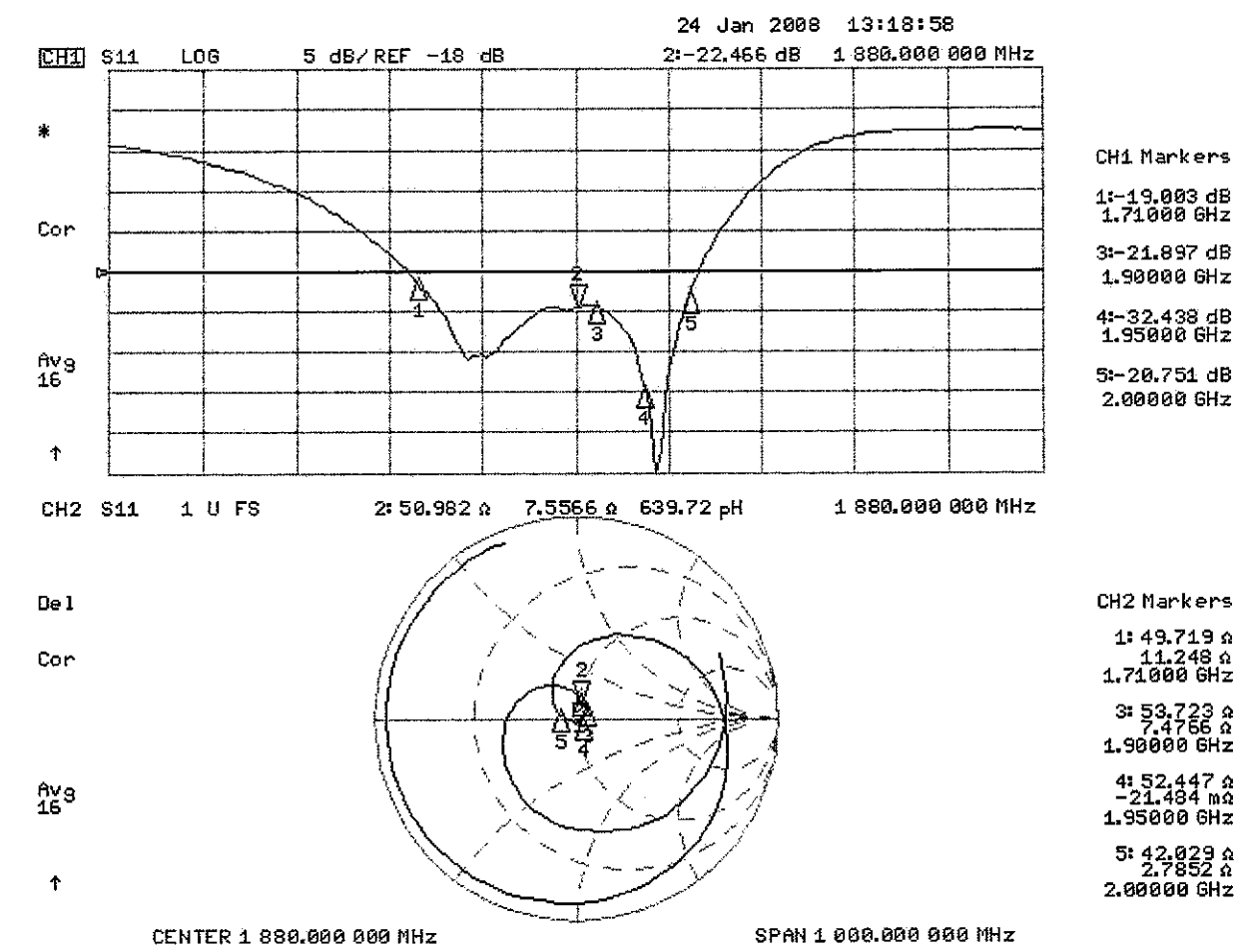
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 12:49:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD1880_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.467 A/m

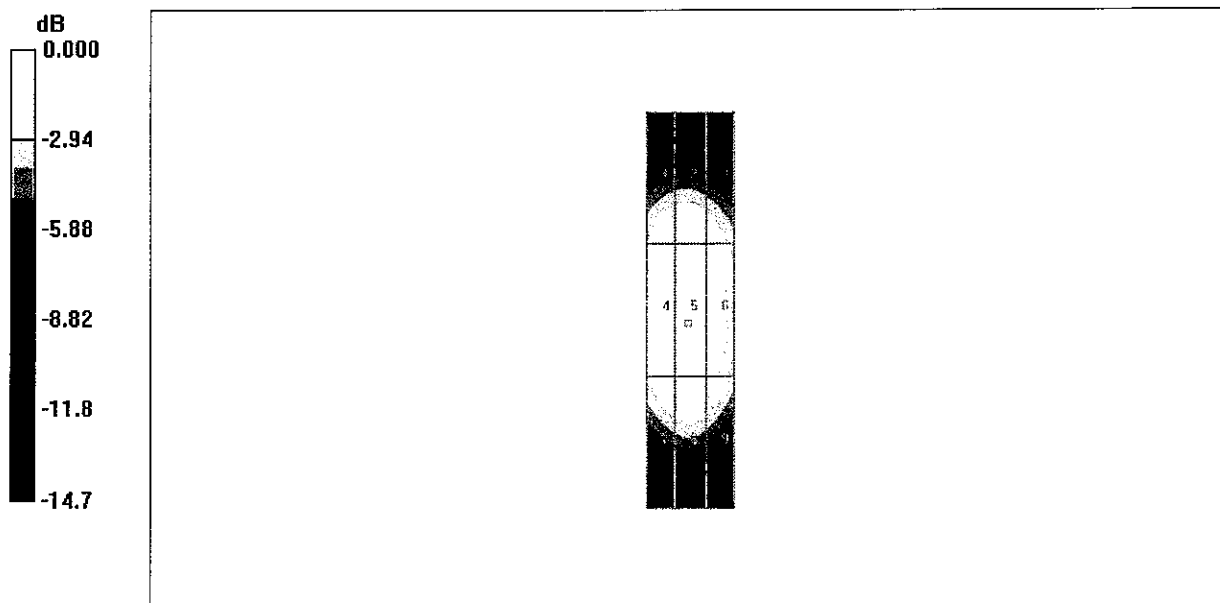
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.493 A/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.408 M2	Grid 2 0.421 M2	Grid 3 0.394 M2
Grid 4 0.450 M2	Grid 5 0.467 M2	Grid 6 0.439 M2
Grid 7 0.414 M2	Grid 8 0.434 M2	Grid 9 0.405 M2



0 dB = 0.467A/m

3.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 13:59:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD1880_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 139.2 V/m

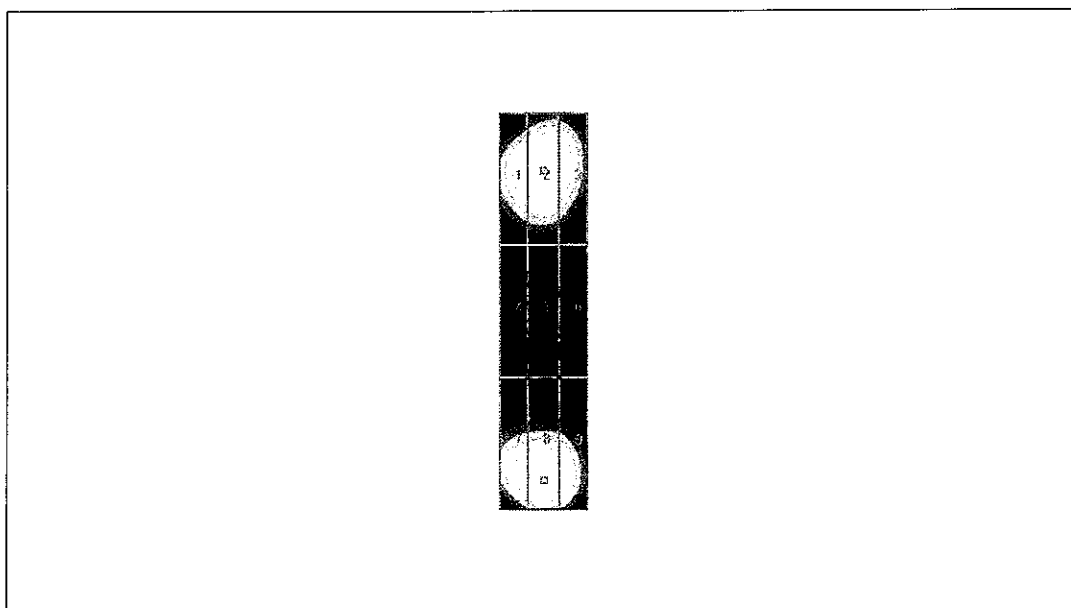
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 157.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 134.6 M2	Grid 2 139.1 M2	Grid 3 135.0 M2
Grid 4 91.4 M3	Grid 5 93.6 M3	Grid 6 89.4 M3
Grid 7 133.5 M2	Grid 8 139.2 M2	Grid 9 133.4 M2



0 dB = 139.2V/m

4 Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1730 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.489 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	150.5 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	148.0 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	149.3 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.3.1 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 24.01.2008 11:39:10

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD1730_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.489 A/m

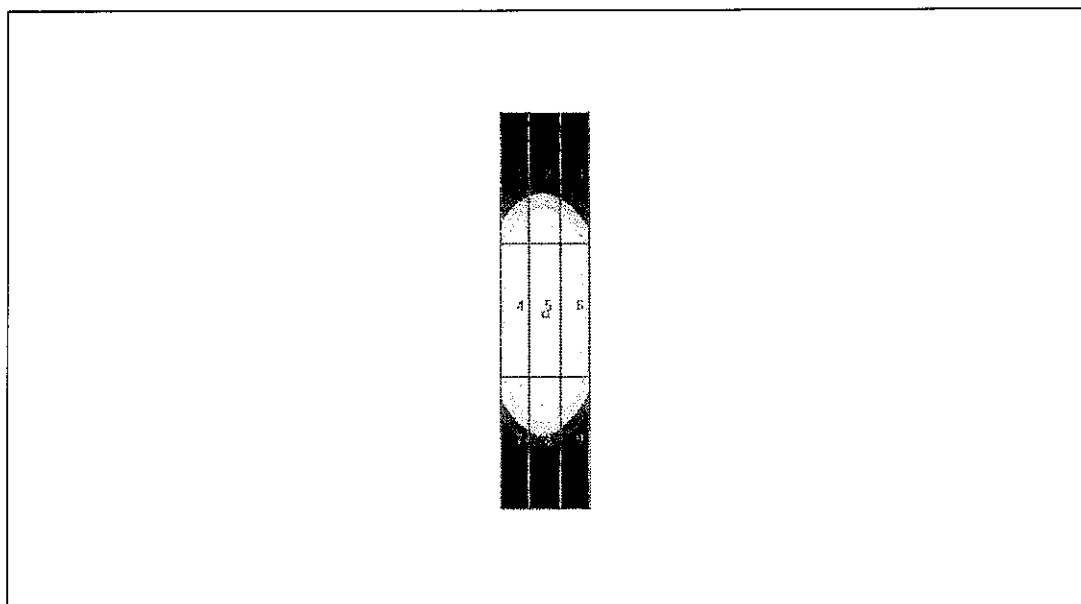
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.520 A/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.405 M2	Grid 2 0.423 M2	Grid 3 0.400 M2
Grid 4 0.465 M2	Grid 5 0.489 M2	Grid 6 0.464 M2
Grid 7 0.416 M2	Grid 8 0.439 M2	Grid 9 0.414 M2



0 dB = 0.489A/m

4.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 24.01.2008 11:20:26

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD1730_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 150.5 V/m

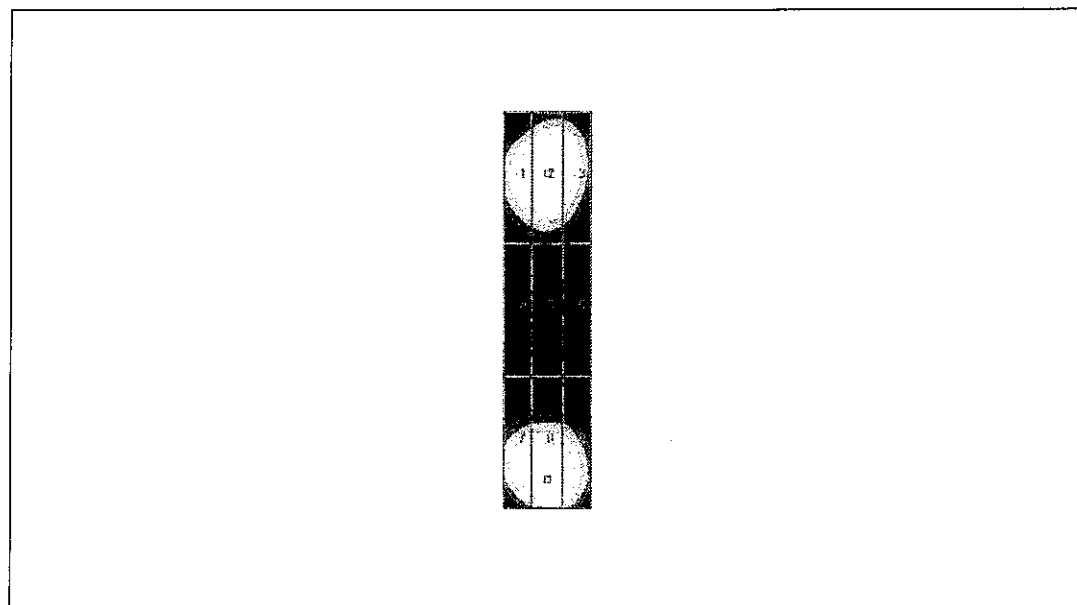
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 170.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 143.6 M2	Grid 2 148.0 M2	Grid 3 143.1 M2
Grid 4 103.5 M3	Grid 5 106.0 M3	Grid 6 101.5 M3
Grid 7 143.3 M2	Grid 8 150.5 M2	Grid 9 145.1 M2



0 dB = 150.5V/m



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No.: **CD835V3-1103_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1103

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20-v4
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

January 21, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065_-Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Technical Director	

Issued: January 29, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2006
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.443 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end-	100 mW forward power	159.5 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	158.5 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	159.0 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	15.8 dB	(42.1 – j12.9) Ohm
835 MHz	26.0 dB	(49.3 + j4.9) Ohm
900 MHz	17.3 dB	(54.6 – j13.7) Ohm
950 MHz	19.1 dB	(45.3 + j9.6) Ohm
960 MHz	15.2 dB	(53.7 + j17.9) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

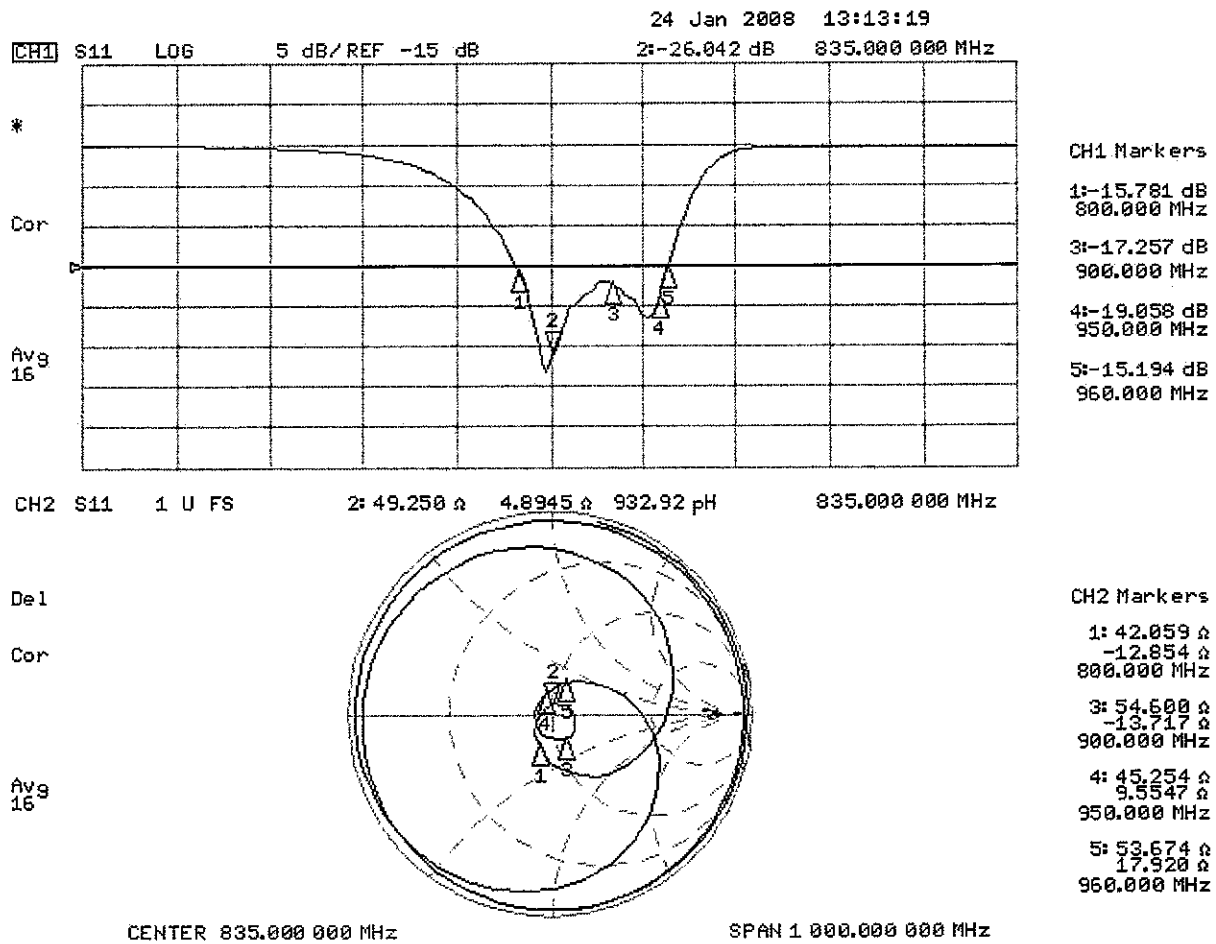
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 12:40:51

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.443 A/m

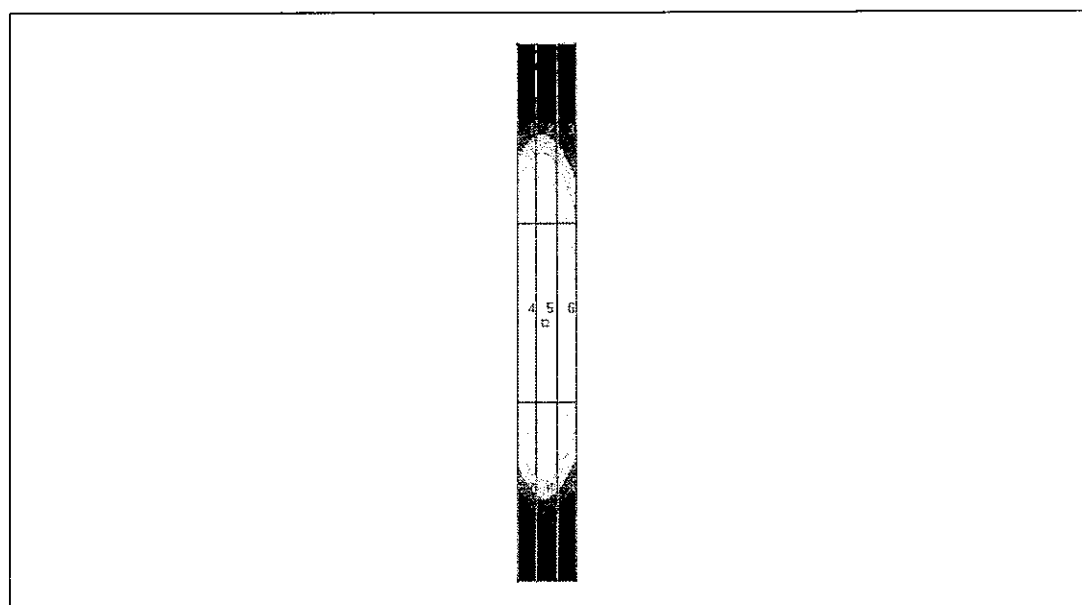
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.471 A/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.377 M4	Grid 2 0.387 M4	Grid 3 0.354 M4
Grid 4 0.426 M4	Grid 5 0.443 M4	Grid 6 0.411 M4
Grid 7 0.381 M4	Grid 8 0.398 M4	Grid 9 0.369 M4



0 dB = 0.443 A/m

3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 15:42:00

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 159.5 V/m

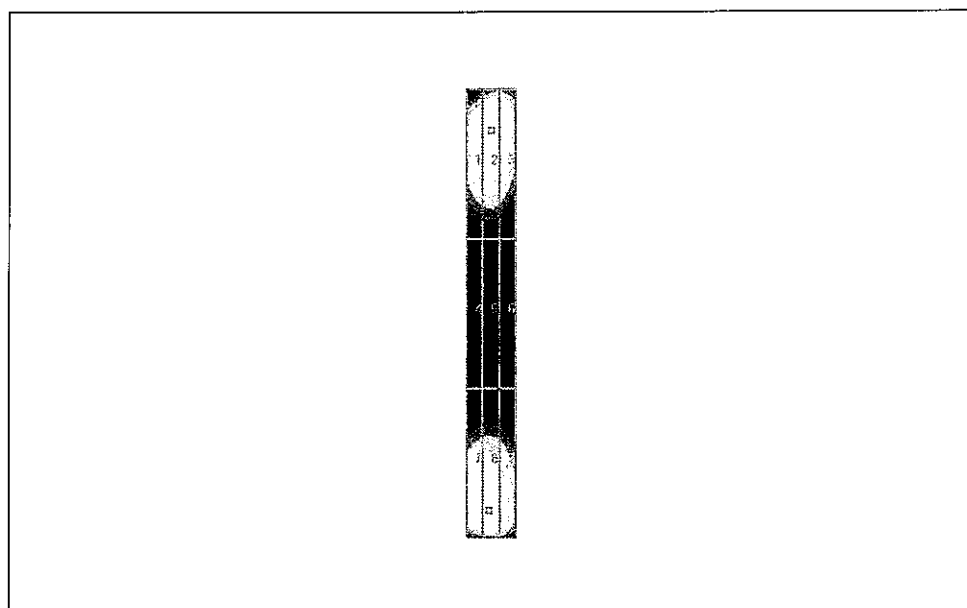
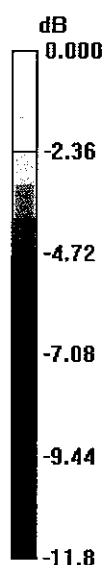
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 103.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 154.8 M4	Grid 2 159.5 M4	Grid 3 155.7 M4
Grid 4 84.0 M4	Grid 5 85.8 M4	Grid 6 82.8 M4
Grid 7 155.5 M4	Grid 8 158.5 M4	Grid 9 149.9 M4



0 dB = 159.5V/m

4. Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	813 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.1.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.454 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	165.3 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	162.6 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	164.0 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.1.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 12:56:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 813 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.454 A/m

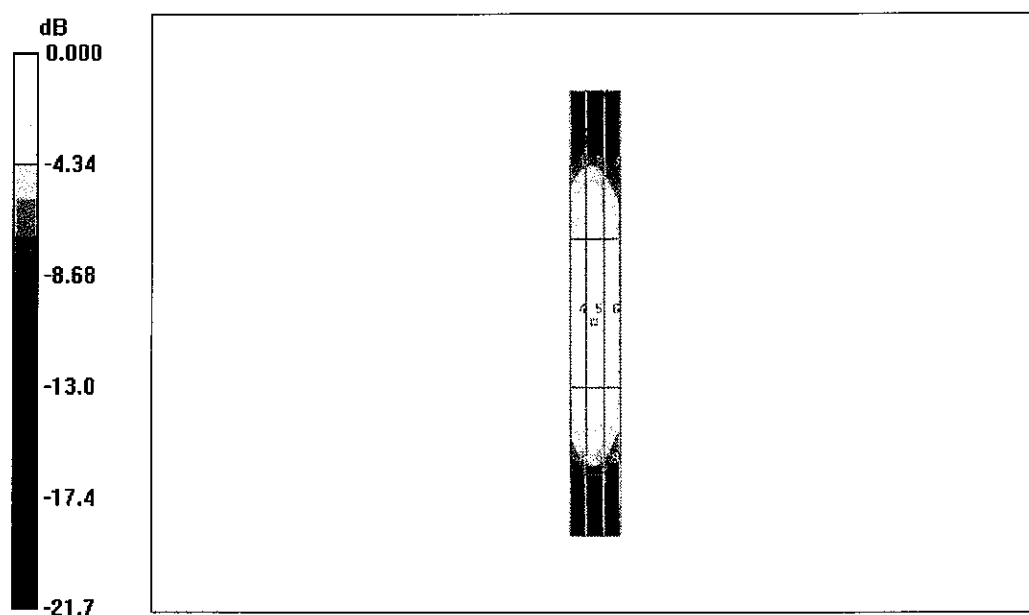
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.482 A/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.387 M4	Grid 2 0.397 M4	Grid 3 0.362 M4
Grid 4 0.436 M4	Grid 5 0.454 M4	Grid 6 0.421 M4
Grid 7 0.388 M4	Grid 8 0.405 M4	Grid 9 0.375 M4



0 dB = 0.454A/m

4.1.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 16:01:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 813 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 165.3 V/m

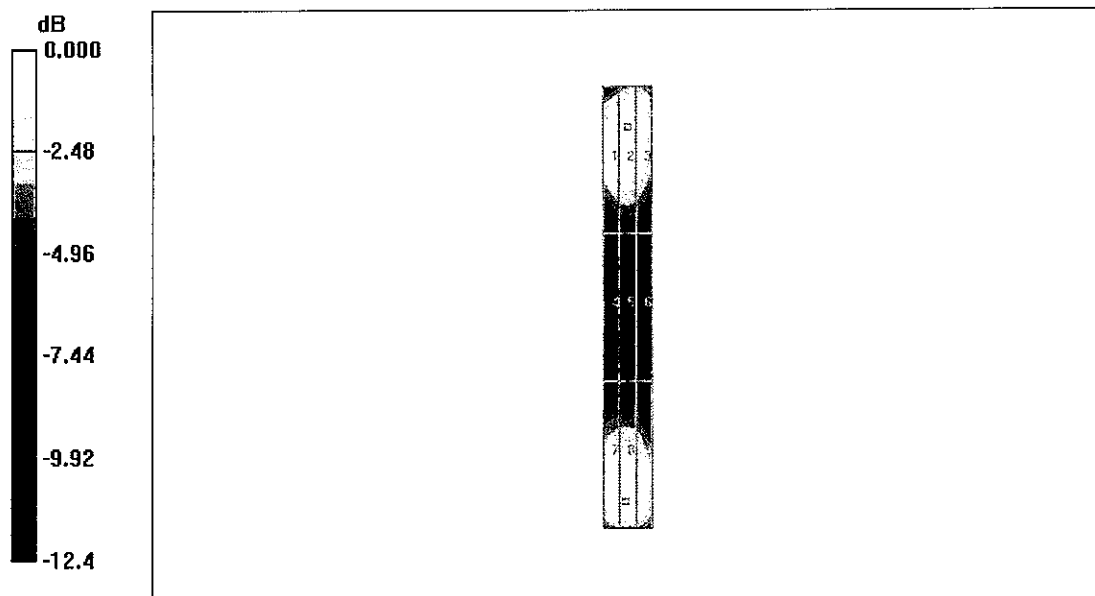
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 106.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 160.1 M4	Grid 2 165.3 M4	Grid 3 161.3 M4
Grid 4 86.1 M4	Grid 5 88.2 M4	Grid 6 85.4 M4
Grid 7 159.4 M4	Grid 8 162.6 M4	Grid 9 154.1 M4



0 dB = 165.3V/m

4.2 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	898 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.440 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	158.1 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	158.0 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	158.1 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.2.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 13:07:11

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 898 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.440 A/m

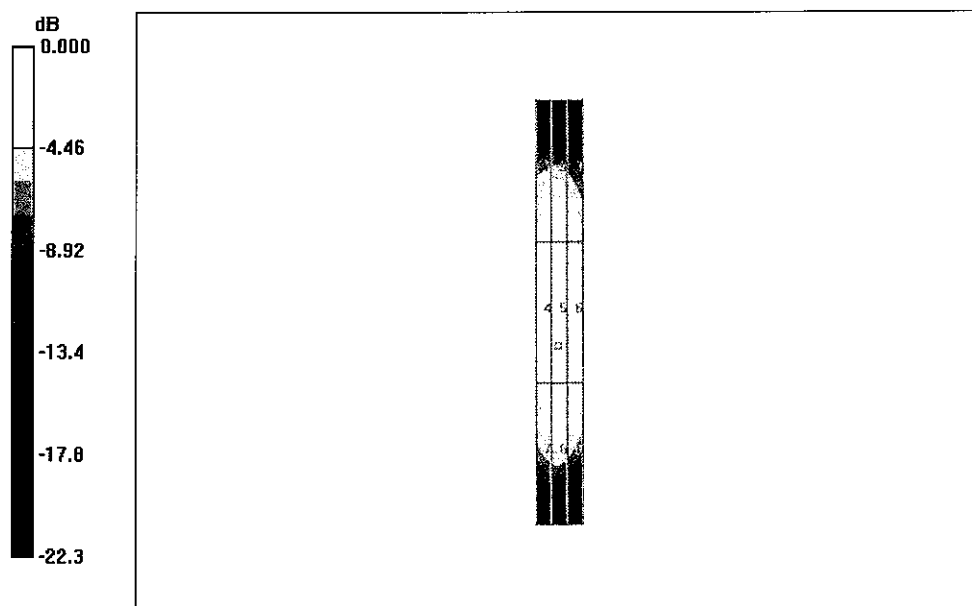
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.459 A/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.396 M4	Grid 2 0.405 M4	Grid 3 0.367 M4
Grid 4 0.424 M4	Grid 5 0.440 M4	Grid 6 0.405 M4
Grid 7 0.398 M4	Grid 8 0.415 M4	Grid 9 0.381 M4



0 dB = 0.440A/m

4.2.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 16:11:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 898 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 158.1 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 94.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 153.9 M4	Grid 2 158.1 M4	Grid 3 154.3 M4
Grid 4 75.1 M4	Grid 5 76.7 M4	Grid 6 74.1 M4
Grid 7 155.2 M4	Grid 8 158.0 M4	Grid 9 149.1 M4

