

HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

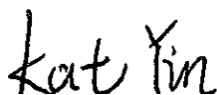
FCC ID : IHDT56AA2
Equipment : Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name : Motorola
Model Name : XT2211-1, XT2211-2, XT2211DL
M-Rating : M4
Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC
222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA
Manufacturer : Motorola Mobility LLC
222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA
Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Nick Hu / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300
People's Republic of China



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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA181714A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 05, 2021

**1. General Information**

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2211-1, XT2211-2, XT2211DL
IMEI Code	358116610012322
FCC ID	IHDT56AA2
HW	DVT2
SW	RRDE31.Q3-37
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Date Tested	2021/10/13 ~ 2021/10/19
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE



2. Testing Location

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR01-KS	CN1257	314309

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2011
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03r01
-

4. RF Audio Interference Level

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3. According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Categories	E-field emissions	
	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	GSM850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	GSM1900			WLAN, BT		No
	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
	EDGE1900			WLAN, BT		
WCDMA	Band II	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT		No
	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 14			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 38	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo	No
	Band 41			WLAN, BT		No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	VoWiFi / Google Duo	No
	5200	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
	5300			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
	5500			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
	5800			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No
Type Transport: VO= Voice only DT= Digital Transport only (no voice) VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport						
Remark: 1. The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm, and is rated as M4.						

6. Measurement System Specification

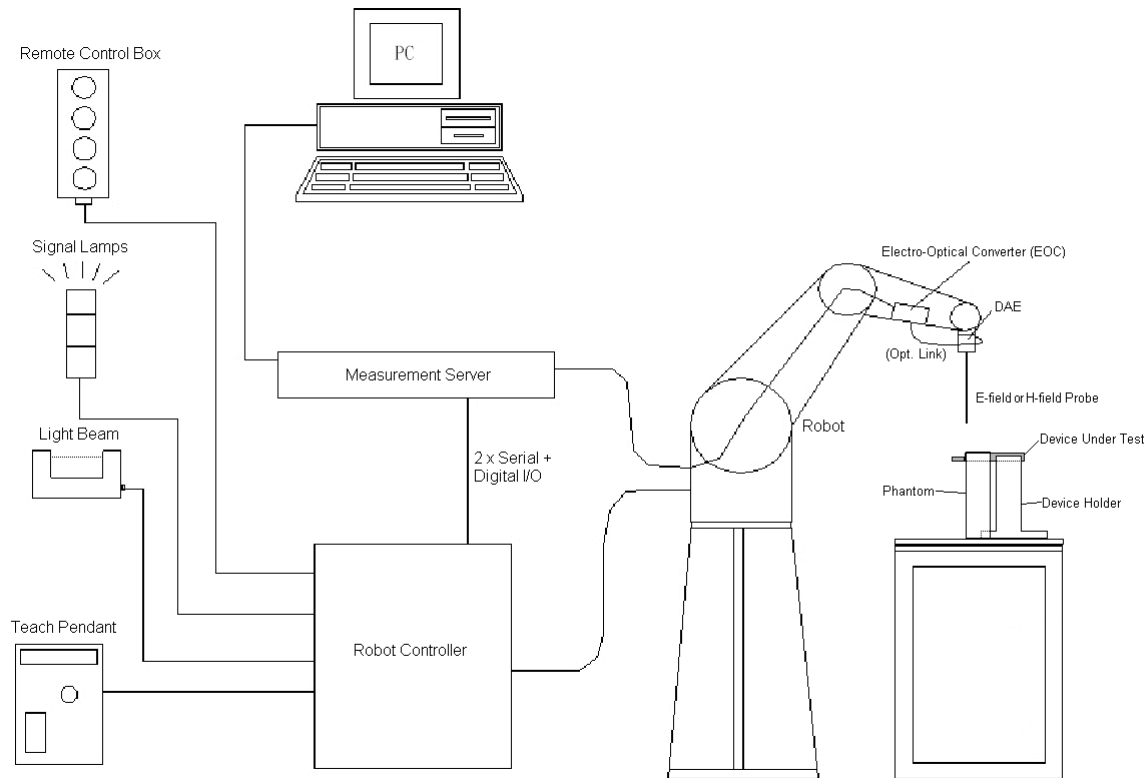


Fig 6.1 System Configurations

6.1 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification

<EF3DV3>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 30 MHz to 6.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)
Frequency	30 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 4 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm



Photo of E-field Probe

Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

6.2 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.



7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b. Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i. Indirect measurement method
- j. The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- k. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- l. For the T-Coil perpendicular measurement location is ≥ 5.0 mm from the center of the acoustic output, then two different 50 mm by 50 mm areas may need to be scanned, the first for the microphone mode assessment and the second for the T-Coil assessment.
- m. The second for the T-Coil assessment, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

Test Instructions

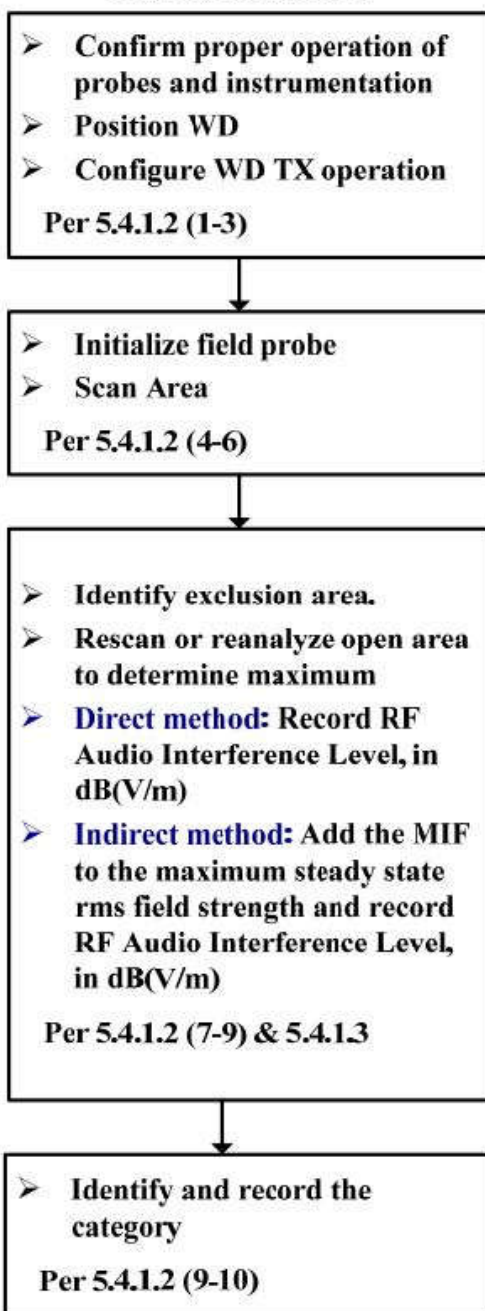


Figure 8.1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

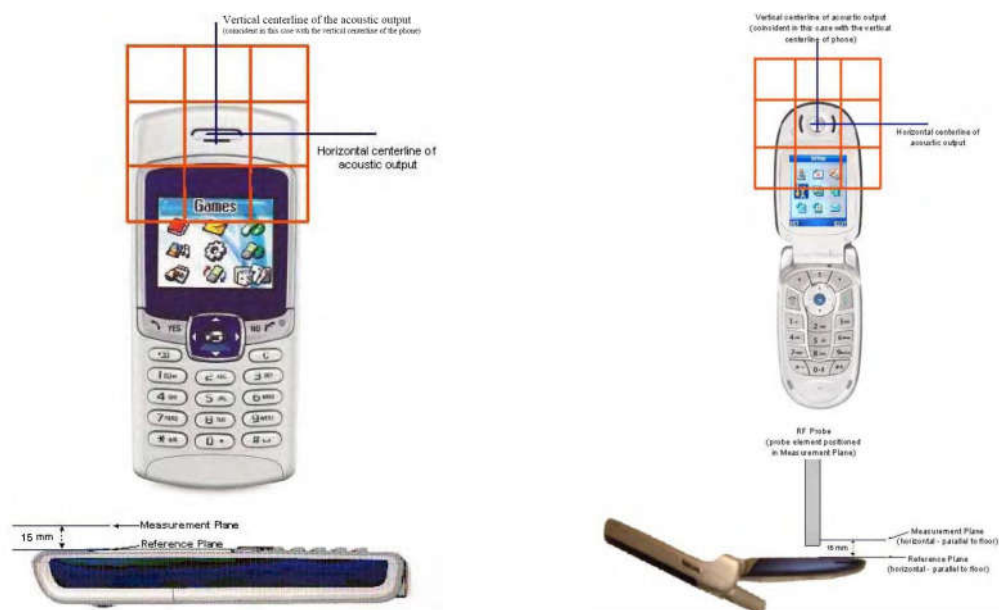


Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

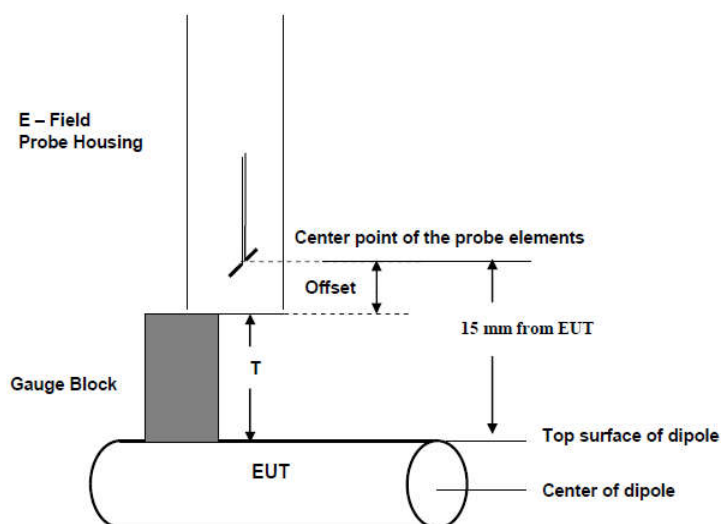


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1045	2021/9/27	2022/9/26
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1038	2021/9/27	2022/9/26
SPEAG	2450MHz Calibration Dipole	CD2450V3	1186	2019/1/30	2022/1/27
SPEAG	2600Mhz Calibration Dipole	CD2600V3	1010	2019/3/14	2022/3/11
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1356	2021/6/1	2022/5/31
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4050	2021/1/25	2022/1/24
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	143030	2021/7/30	2022/7/29
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	2021/7/30	2022/7/29
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NA	NA
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2021/1/7	2022/1/6

Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

9. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

<Test Setup>

1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:
4. The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

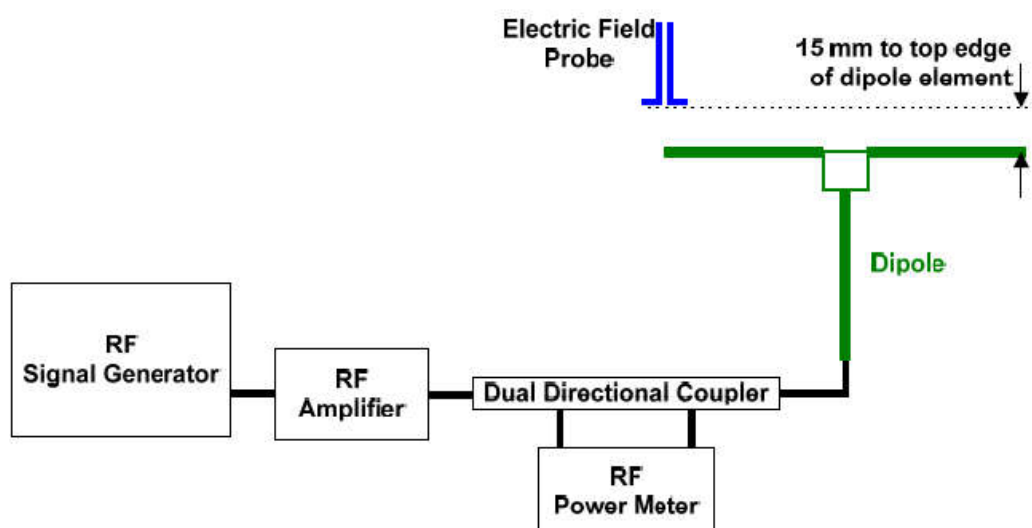


Fig. 7.1 Setup Diagram

<Validation Results>

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 18 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

$$\text{Deviation} = ((\text{Average E-field Value}) - (\text{Target value})) / (\text{Target value}) * 100\%$$

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field 1 (V/m)	E-Field 2 (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	108.8	112.5	107.3	109.9	1.01	2021/10/13
1880	20	89.5	91.31	90.84	91.075	1.76	2021/10/13
2450	20	84.1	88.33	88.99	88.66	5.42	2021/10/19
2600	20	84.5	88.35	89.18	88.765	5.05	2021/10/14

10. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF). For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2011.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

1. 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB
2. 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
3. 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to determine the Low-power Exemption.

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10025	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10460	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10225	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10173	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44
10069	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	-3.15
10616	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.57

11. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

<Ant1>

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	GSM850	33.50
	EDGE850	28.50
	GSM1900	30.50
	EDGE1900	27.50
WCDMA	Band V	24.00
	Band IV	24.00
	Band II	24.00
	HSPA	23.00
FDD LTE	Band 2	24.00
	Band 4	24.00
	Band 5	24.00
	Band 12	24.00
	Band 13	24.00
	Band 14	24.00
	Band 17	24.00
	Band 25	24.00
	Band 26	24.00
	Band 66	24.00
	Band 71	24.00

<Ant2>

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
FDD LTE	Band 7	24.00
	Band 30	24.00
TDD LTE	Band 38	24.00
	Band 41	23.50
	Band 41 HPUE	26.50

<Ant3>

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
WCDMA	Band V	23.50
	HSPA	22.50
FDD LTE	Band 5	23.00
	Band 12	23.00
	Band 13	23.00
	Band 14	23.00
	Band 17	23.00
	Band 26	23.00
	Band 71	23.00

<WLAN>

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	18.00
	802.11g	18.00
	802.11n-HT20	18.00
5GHz WLAN	802.11a	19.50
	802.11n-HT20	19.50
	802.11n-HT40	19.50
	802.11ac-VHT20	19.50
	802.11ac-VHT40	19.50
	802.11ac-VHT80	19.50

<Low Power Exemption>
<Ant1>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	33.50	3.63	37.13	Yes
EDGE850	28.50	3.75	32.25	No ⁽¹⁾
GSM1900	30.50	3.63	34.13	Yes
EDGE1900	27.50	3.75	31.25	No ⁽¹⁾
WCDMA	24.00	-25.43	-1.43	No
WCDMA - HSPA	24.00	-20.39	3.61	No
LTE - FDD	24.00	-9.76	14.24	No

<Ant2>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
LTE - FDD	24.00	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE - TDD	24.0	-1.44	22.56	Yes
LTE - TDD HPUE	26.50	-1.44	25.06	Yes

<Ant3>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
WCDMA	23.50	-25.43	-1.93	No
WCDMA - HSPA	23.50	-20.39	3.11	No
LTE - FDD	23.00	-9.76	13.24	No

<WLAN>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
802.11b	18.00	-2.02	15.98	No
802.11g	18.00	0.12	18.12	Yes
802.11n-HT20	18.00	-13.44	4.56	No
802.11a	19.50	-3.15	16.35	No
802.11n-HT20	19.50	-13.44	6.06	No
802.11n-HT40	19.50	-13.44	6.06	No
802.11ac-VHT20	19.50	-5.57	13.93	No
802.11ac-VHT40	19.50	-5.57	13.93	No
802.11ac-VHT80	19.50	-5.57	13.93	No

General Note:

- EDGE data modes is not necessary due to the GSM Voice mode is the worst case.

2. According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for the air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes.
3. HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

ANT1:

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.26	32.37	32.28	29.32	29.29	29.56

ANT2:

Band 38						
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				37850	38000	38150
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610
20	QPSK	1	0	22.64	22.75	22.60

Band 41-PC3								
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
Frequency (MHz)				2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680
20	QPSK	1	0	22.09	22.21	22.27	22.07	22.01

Band 41-PC2								
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
Frequency (MHz)				2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680
20	QPSK	1	0	25.03	25.16	25.26	25.06	24.84

<WLAN>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	16.23
		6	2437	16.25
		11	2462	16.19

13. HAC RF Emission Test Results

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Transmit Ant.	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	E-Field (dBV/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	E-Field M Rating
01	GSM850	-	GSM Voice	-	-	128	Ant 1	32.26	3.63	37.59	7.41	M4
02	GSM850	-	GSM Voice	-	-	189	Ant 1	32.37	3.63	37.42	7.58	M4
03	GSM850	-	GSM Voice	-	-	251	Ant 1	32.28	3.63	35.31	9.69	M4
04	GSM1900	-	GSM Voice	-	-	512	Ant 1	29.32	3.63	26.49	8.51	M4
05	GSM1900	-	GSM Voice	-	-	661	Ant 1	29.29	3.63	27.32	7.68	M4
06	GSM1900	-	GSM Voice	-	-	810	Ant 1	29.56	3.63	23.07	11.93	M4
07	LTEBand38	20M	QPSK	1	0	37850	Ant 2	22.64	-1.44	23.97	11.03	M4
08	LTEBand38	20M	QPSK	1	0	38000	Ant 2	22.75	-1.44	22.45	12.55	M4
09	LTEBand38	20M	QPSK	1	0	38150	Ant 2	22.6	-1.44	22.90	12.10	M4
10	LTEBand41	20	QPSK	1	0	39750	Ant 2	22.09	-1.44	24.53	10.47	M4
11	LTEBand41	20	QPSK	1	0	40185	Ant 2	22.21	-1.44	24.30	10.70	M4
12	LTEBand41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	Ant 2	22.27	-1.44	23.00	12.00	M4
13	LTEBand41	20	QPSK	1	0	41055	Ant 2	22.07	-1.44	23.16	11.84	M4
14	LTEBand41	20	QPSK	1	0	41490	Ant 2	22.01	-1.44	22.15	12.85	M4
15	LTEBand41-HPUE	20	QPSK	1	0	39750	Ant 2	25.03	-1.44	24.74	10.26	M4
16	LTEBand41-HPUE	20	QPSK	1	0	40185	Ant 2	25.16	-1.44	24.25	10.75	M4
17	LTEBand41-HPUE	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	Ant 2	25.26	-1.44	23.19	11.81	M4
18	LTEBand41-HPUE	20	QPSK	1	0	41055	Ant 2	25.06	-1.44	22.00	13.00	M4
19	LTEBand41-HPUE	20	QPSK	1	0	41490	Ant 2	24.84	-1.44	22.41	12.59	M4
20	WLAN2.4GHz	-	802.11g 6Mbps	-	-	1	Ant 5	16.23	0.12	29.36	5.64	M4
21	WLAN2.4GHz	-	802.11g 6Mbps	-	-	6	Ant 5	16.25	0.12	29.73	5.27	M4
22	WLAN2.4GHz	-	802.11g 6Mbps	-	-	11	Ant 5	16.19	0.12	29.86	5.14	M4

Remark:

- The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
- Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume

Test Engineer : Seven Xu

14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 14.1.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) E	(Ci) H	Standard Uncertainty (E) (±%)
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	5.1	N	1	1	1	5.1
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7
Sensor Displacement	16.5	R	1.732	1	0.145	9.5
Boundary Effects	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4
Phantom Boundary Effect	7.2	R	1.732	1	0	4.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7
Scaling with PMR calibration	10.0	R	1.732	1	1	5.8
System Detection Limit	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3
Response Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7
RF Reflections	12.0	R	1.732	1	1	6.9
Probe Positioner	1.2	R	1.732	1	0.67	0.7
Probe Positioning	4.7	R	1.732	1	0.67	2.7
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	R	1.732	1	0.67	2.7
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9
Phantom and Setup Related						
Phantom Thickness	2.4	R	1.732	1	0.67	1.4
Combined Std. Uncertainty						16.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						32.7%

Table 14.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment



15. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr 06, 2020
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02 v03r01, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Apr 20, 2021
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

-----THE END-----



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

HAC_E_Dipole_835**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 =
15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated grid:**

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 124.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 112.5 V/m

Average value of Total=(112.5+107.3)/2 = 109.9 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

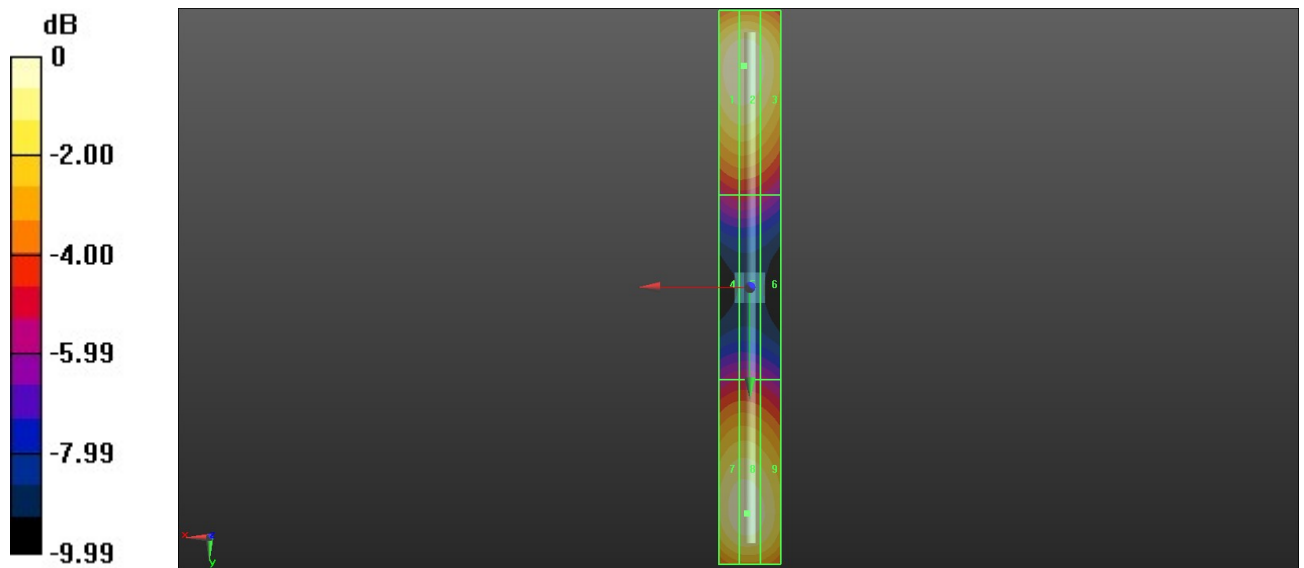
Grid 1 M4 109.6 V/m	Grid 2 M4 112.5 V/m	Grid 3 M4 104.9 V/m
Grid 4 M4 62.34 V/m	Grid 5 M4 62.41 V/m	Grid 6 M4 59.96 V/m
Grid 7 M4 107.2 V/m	Grid 8 M4 107.3 V/m	Grid 9 M4 104.4 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 112.5 V/m

E Category: M4

Location: 2, -72, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 112.5 V/m = 41.02 dBV/m

HAC_E_Dipole_1880**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 =
15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 166.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 91.31 V/m

Average value of Total=(91.31+90.84)/2 = 91.075 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

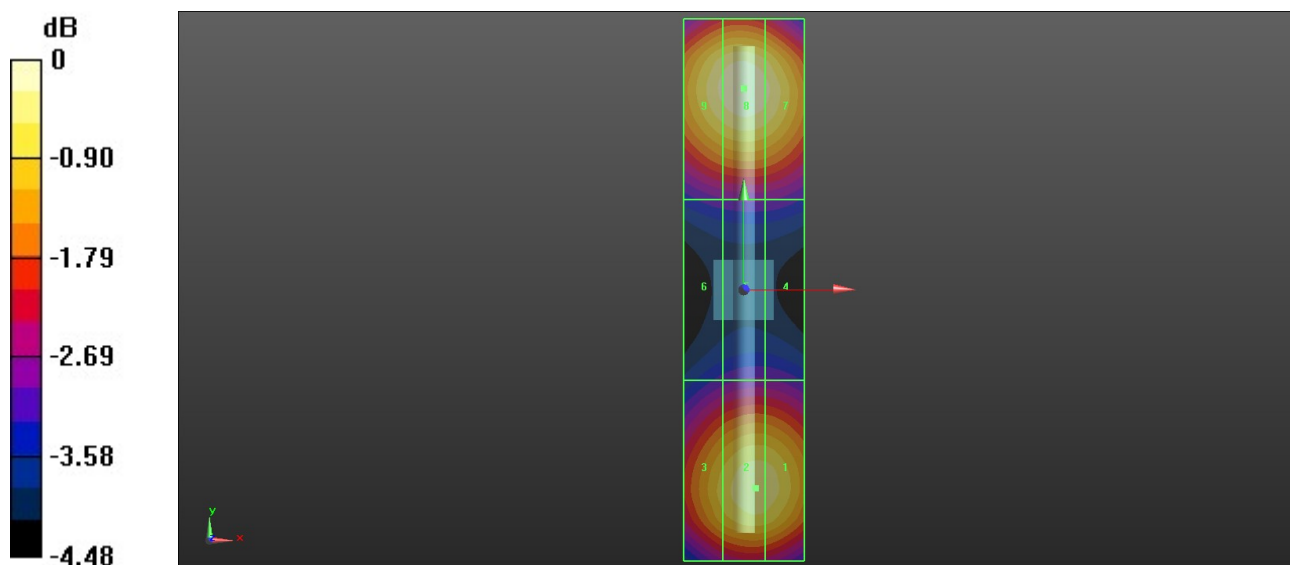
Grid 1 M3 86.93 V/m	Grid 2 M3 91.31 V/m	Grid 3 M3 83.74 V/m
Grid 4 M3 64.62 V/m	Grid 5 M3 65.25 V/m	Grid 6 M3 64.31 V/m
Grid 7 M3 88.51 V/m	Grid 8 M3 90.84 V/m	Grid 9 M3 88.88 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 91.31 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0, 33.5, 9.7 mm



HAC_E_Dipole_2450**DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2450 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 82.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 88.99 V/m

Average value of Total=(88.33+88.99)/2 = 88.66 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

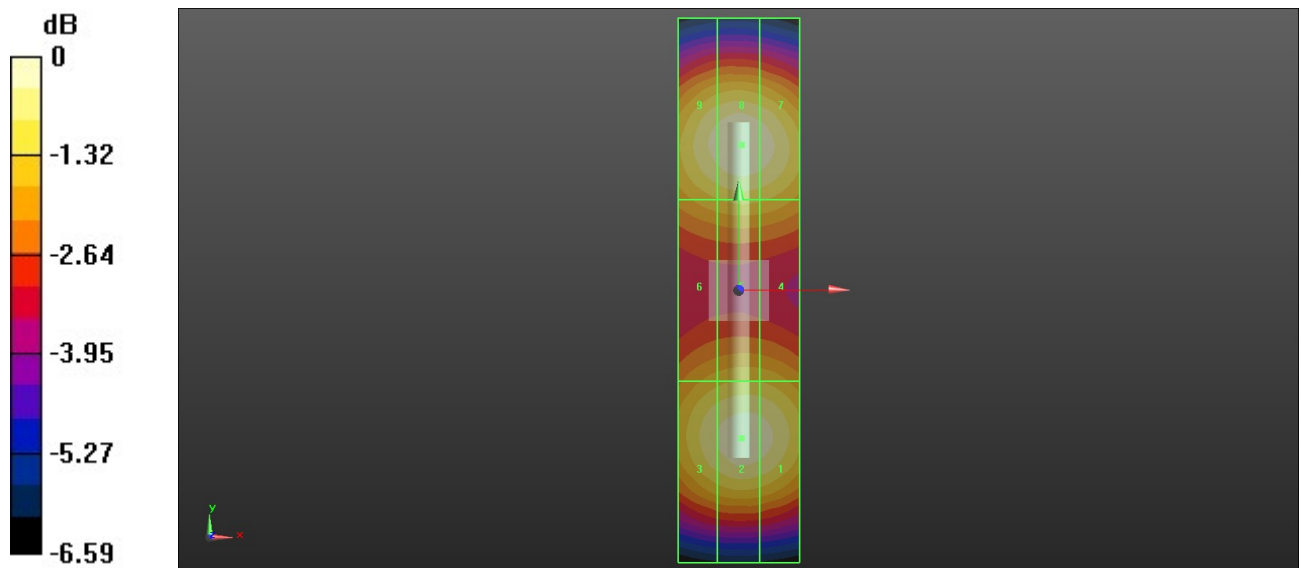
Grid 1 M3 86.56 V/m	Grid 2 M3 88.33 V/m	Grid 3 M3 84.65 V/m
Grid 4 M3 76.73 V/m	Grid 5 M3 77.74 V/m	Grid 6 M3 76.41 V/m
Grid 7 M3 87.13 V/m	Grid 8 M3 88.99 V/m	Grid 9 M3 86.81 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 88.99 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0.5, 24, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 88.99 V/m = 38.99 dBV/m

HAC_E_Dipole_2600**DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2600 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 73.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 89.36 V/m

Average value of Total=(88.35+89.18)/2 = 88.765 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

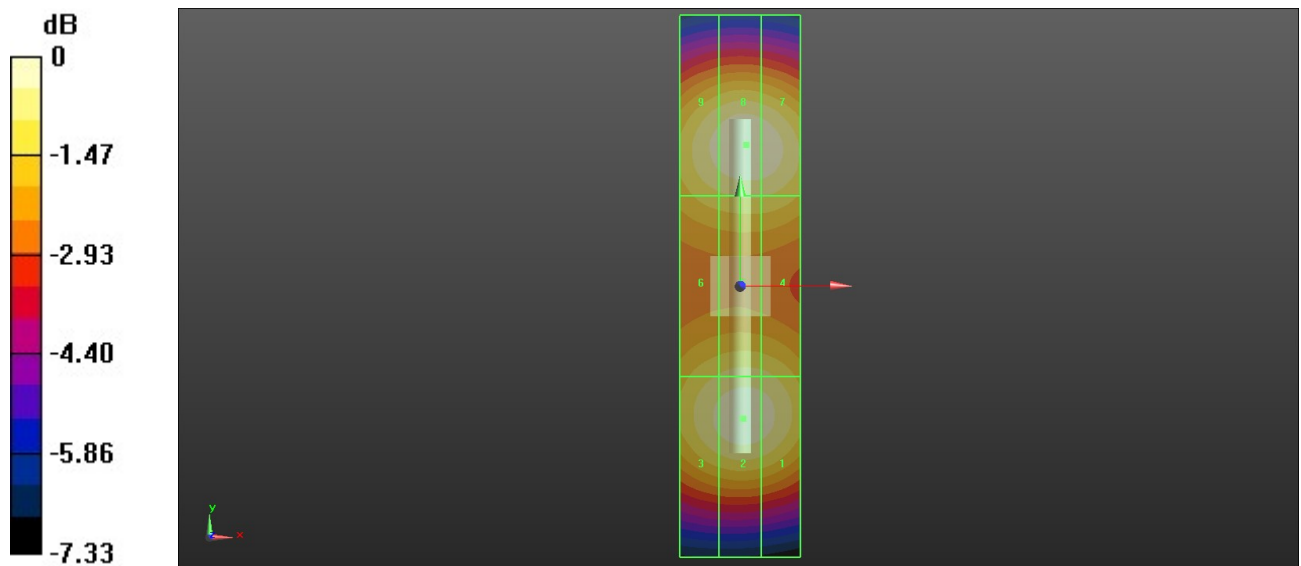
Grid 1 M3 86.69 V/m	Grid 2 M3 88.35 V/m	Grid 3 M3 84.65 V/m
Grid 4 M3 80.72 V/m	Grid 5 M3 81.12 V/m	Grid 6 M3 79.51 V/m
Grid 7 M3 87.62 V/m	Grid 8 M3 89.18 V/m	Grid 9 M3 85.79 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 89.18 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 1, 23.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 89.18 V/m = 39.01 dBV/m



Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch128

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch128/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.108 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.59 dBV/m

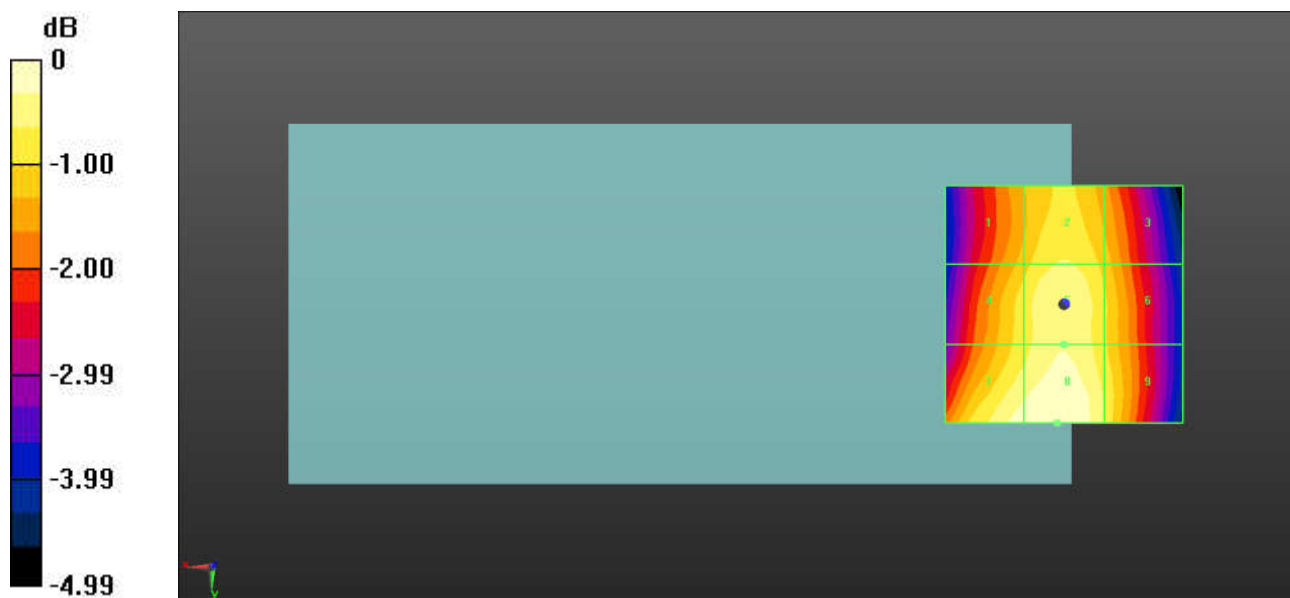
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 36.45 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 36.95 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 36.46 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 36.81 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 37.23 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 36.67 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 37.45 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 37.59 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.9 dBV/m

Total = 37.59 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 75.76 V/m = 37.59 dBV/m

02_HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch189

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.6MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch189/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 2.141 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.42 dBV/m.

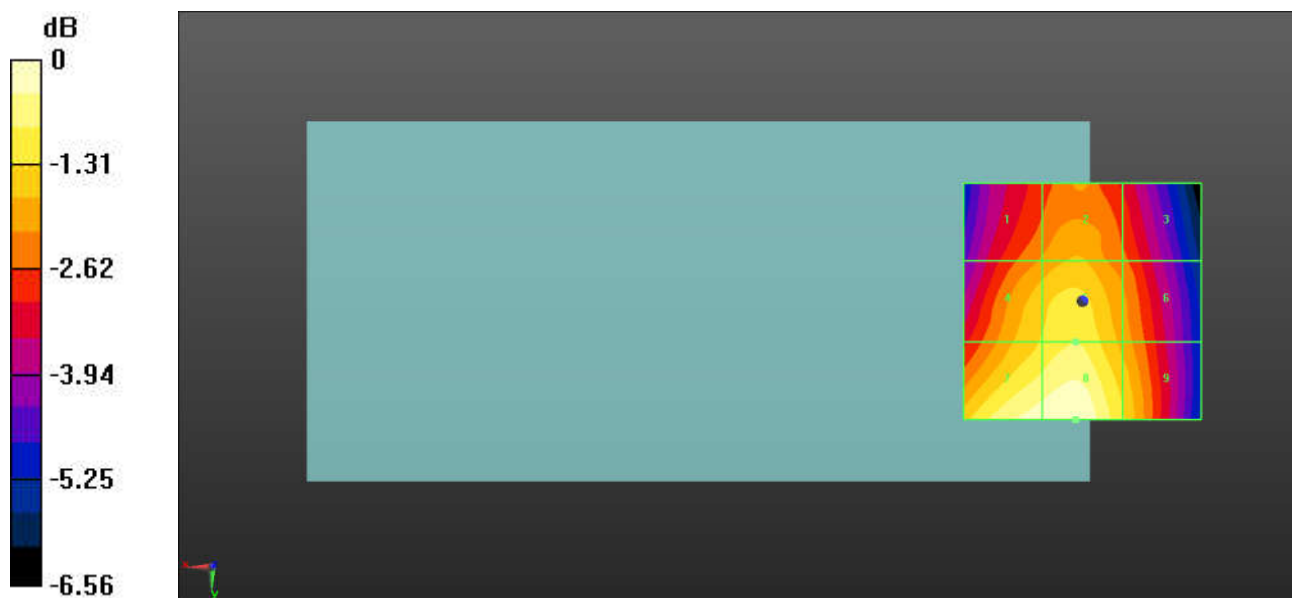
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 35.34 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.74 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 34.95 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 36.17 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 36.54 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.53 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 37.25 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 37.42 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.18 dBV/m

Total = 37.42 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 74.30 V/m = 37.42 dBV/m

03_HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch251

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.6MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch251/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.348 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.31 dBV/m

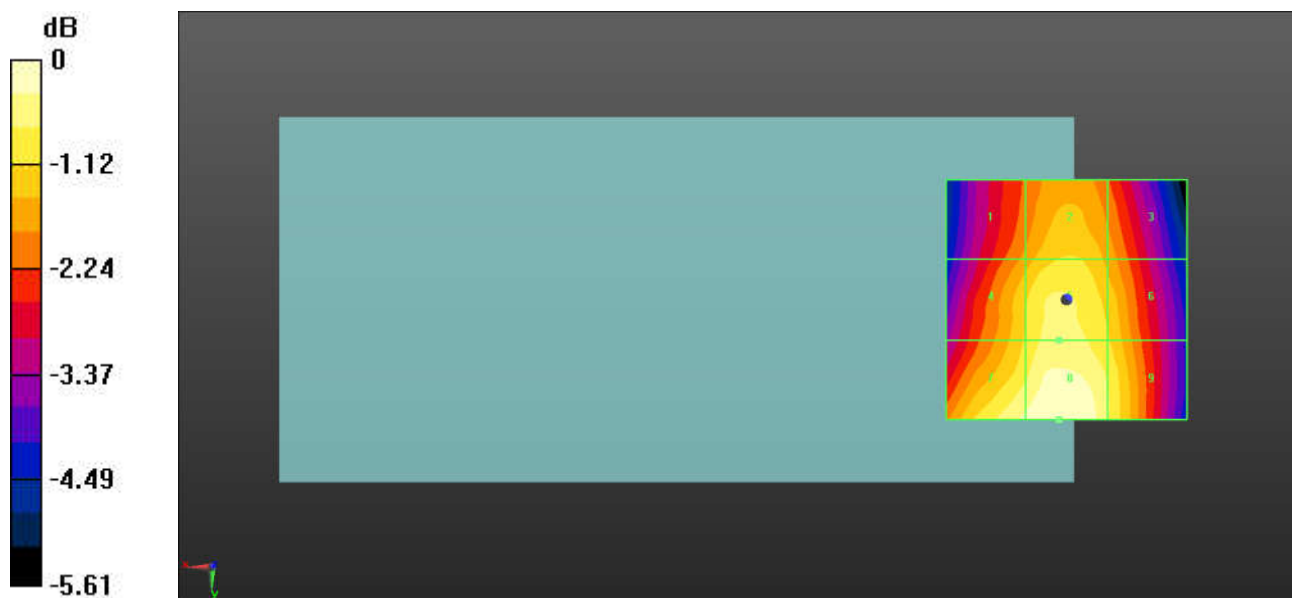
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 33.61 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 34.22 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 33.71 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 34.24 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 34.71 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 34.25 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 35.04 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 35.31 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 34.63 dBV/m

Total = 35.31 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 58.29 V/m = 35.31 dBV/m

04_HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch512

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1850.2MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch512/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 2.005 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.49 dBV/m

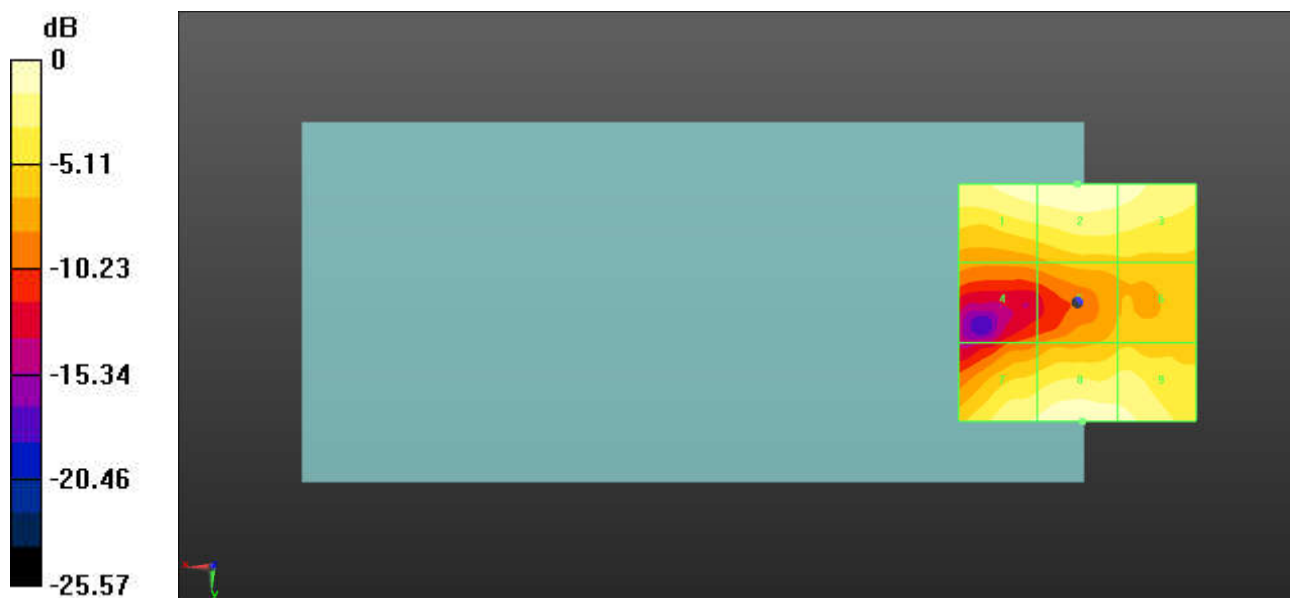
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 25.9 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 26.49 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 26.03 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 19.05 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 20.89 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.21 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 25.05 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 25.98 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 25.51 dBV/m

Total = 26.49 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 0, -25, 8.7 mm



05_HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch661

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch661/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 2.022 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 27.32 dBV/m

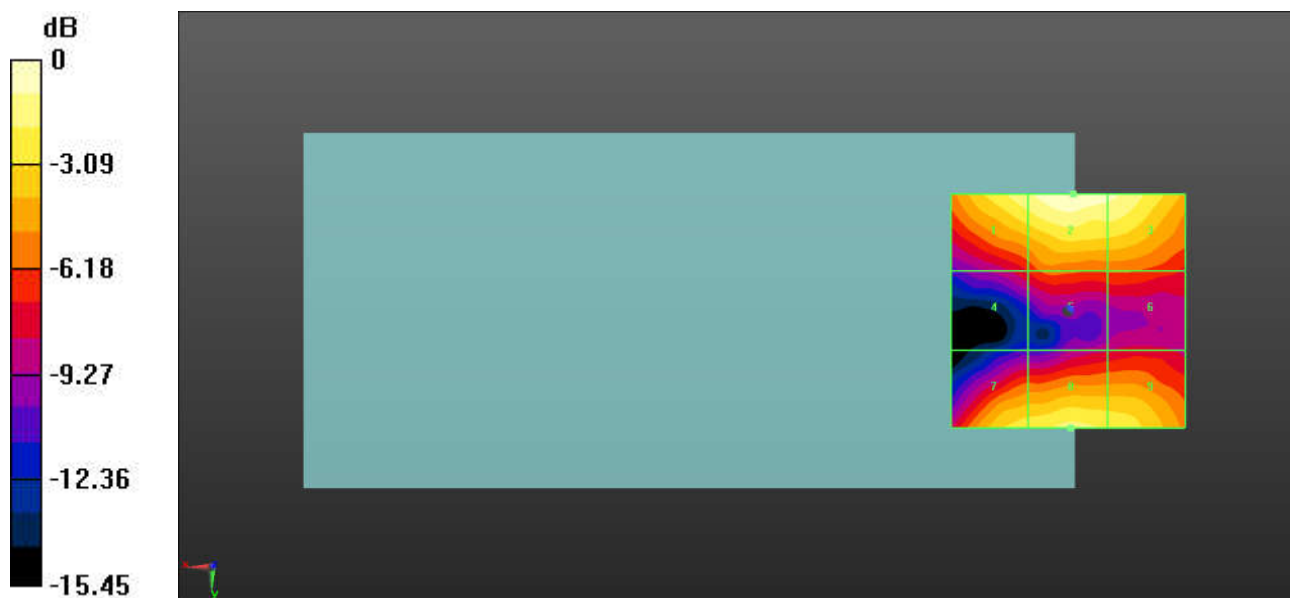
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 26.17 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 27.32 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 26.67 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.23 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 21.58 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.31 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 24.88 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 25.63 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 25.05 dBV/m

Total = 27.32 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 23.22 V/m = 27.32 dBV/m

06_HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch810

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch810/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 2.196 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.07 dBV/m

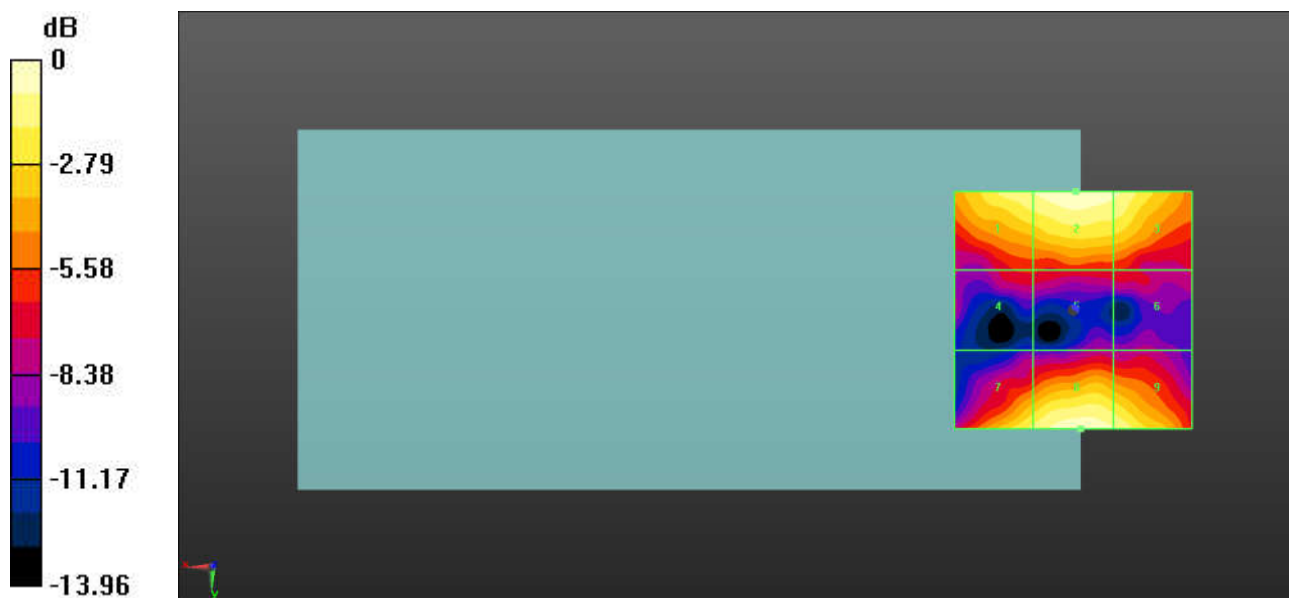
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 22.17 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 23.07 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 22.41 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 16.75 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 16.8 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 16.68 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 21.58 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 22.73 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 22.27 dBV/m

Total = 23.07 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -0.5, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 14.24 V/m = 23.07 dBV/m

07_HAC RF LTE Band38_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch37850

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch37850/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 18.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.97 dBV/m

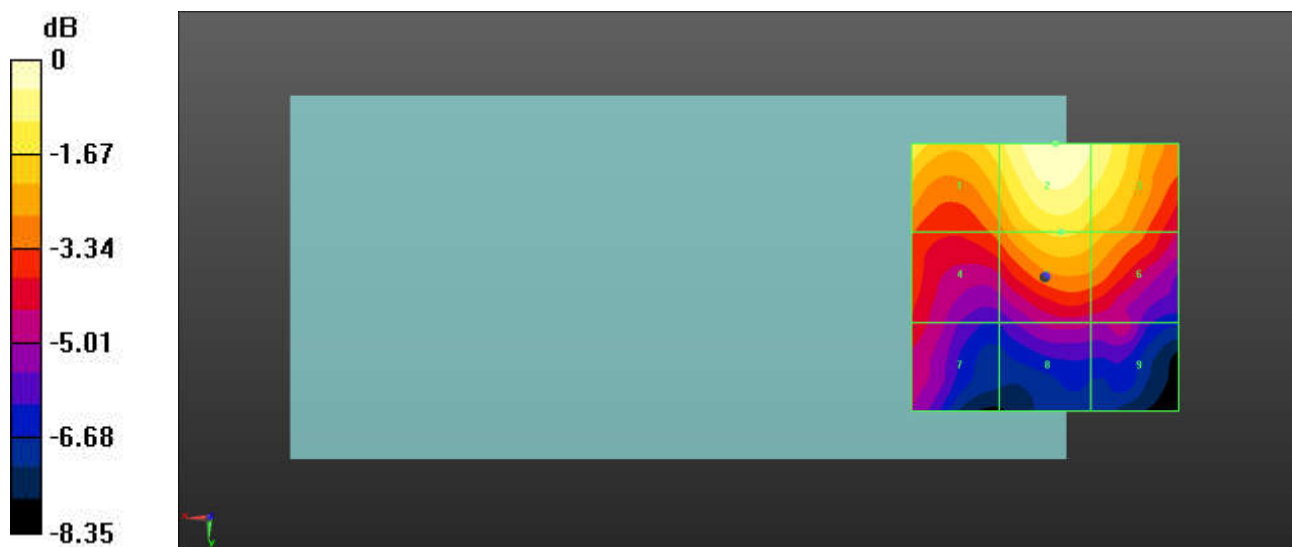
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 23.05 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 23.97 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 23.46 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.96 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.45 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.06 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 19.98 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 19.28 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.3 dBV/m

Total = 23.97 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -2, -25, 8.7 mm



08_HAC RF LTE Band38_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch38000

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch38000/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 16.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.45 dBV/m

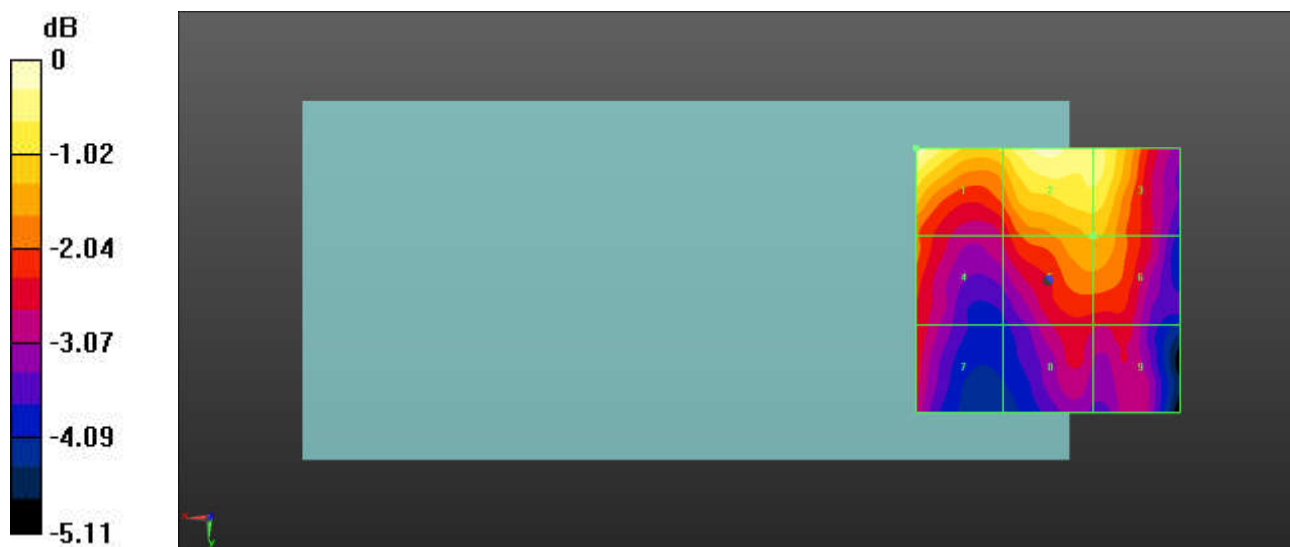
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 22.45 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 22.28 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 22.01 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.59 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 21.15 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.15 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 20.11 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 20 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.96 dBV/m

Total = 22.45 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 13.27 V/m = 22.45 dBV/m

09_HAC RF LTE Band38_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch38150

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch38150/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 15.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.90 dBV/m

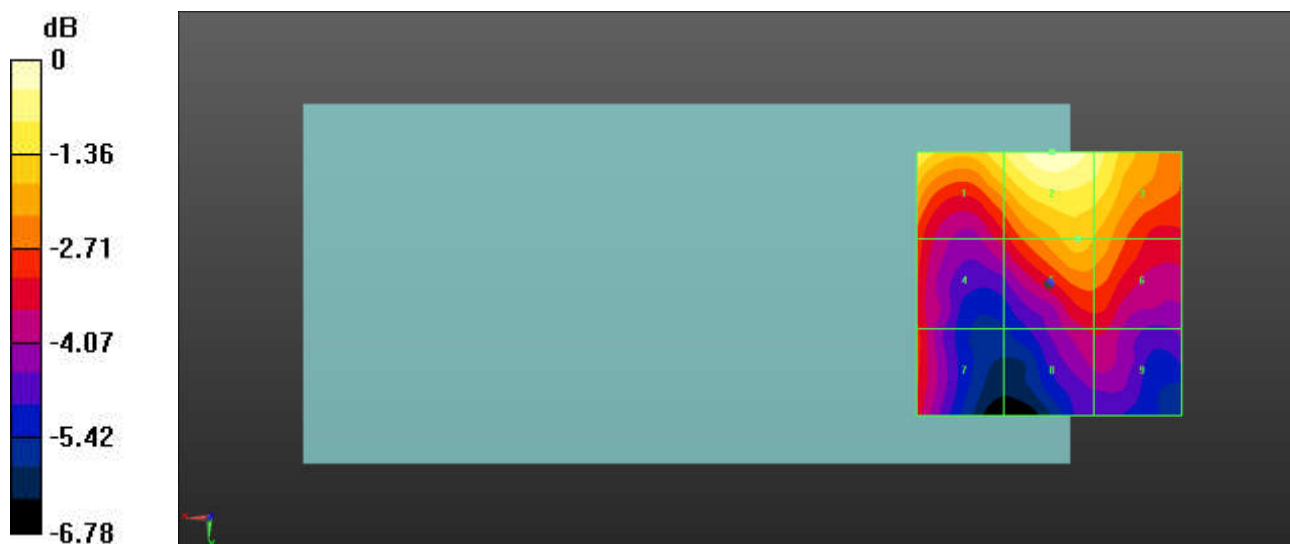
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 22.19 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 22.9 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 22.27 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.08 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 21.29 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.08 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 20 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 19.4 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.41 dBV/m

Total = 22.90 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -0.5, -25, 8.7 mm



10_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch39750

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch39750/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 12.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 24.53 dBV/m

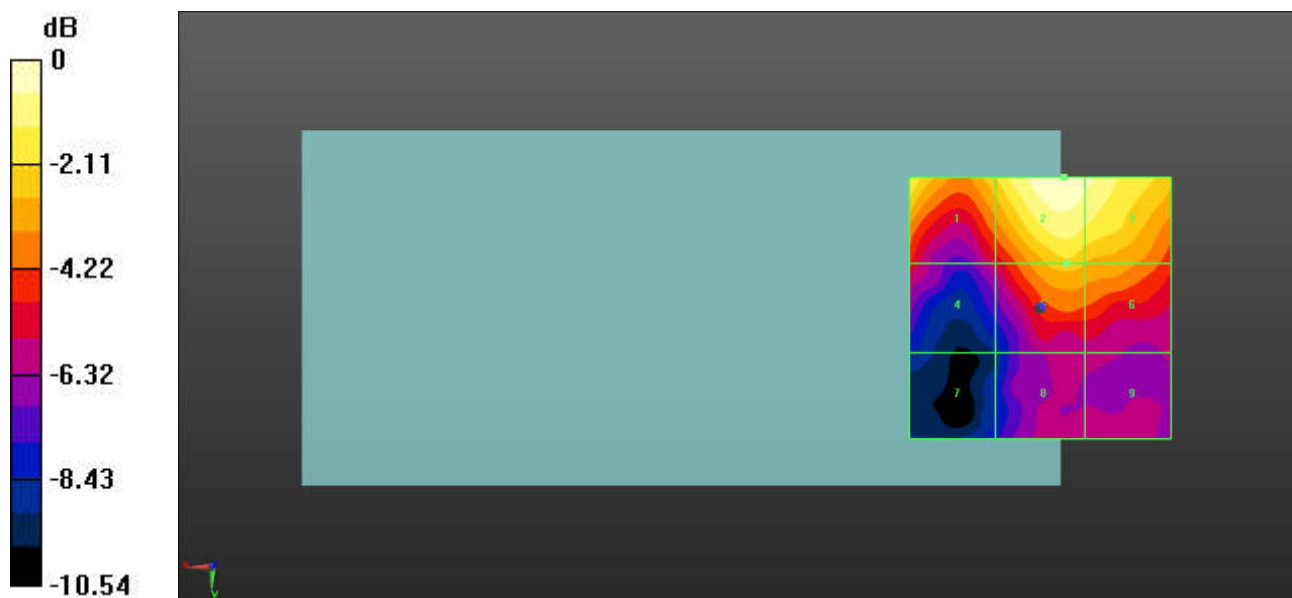
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 23.31 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 24.53 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 24.11 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 19.69 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.17 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.76 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 16.74 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 18.88 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 18.64 dBV/m

Total = 24.53 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -4.5, -25, 8.7 mm



11_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch40185

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch40185/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 17.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 24.30 dBV/m

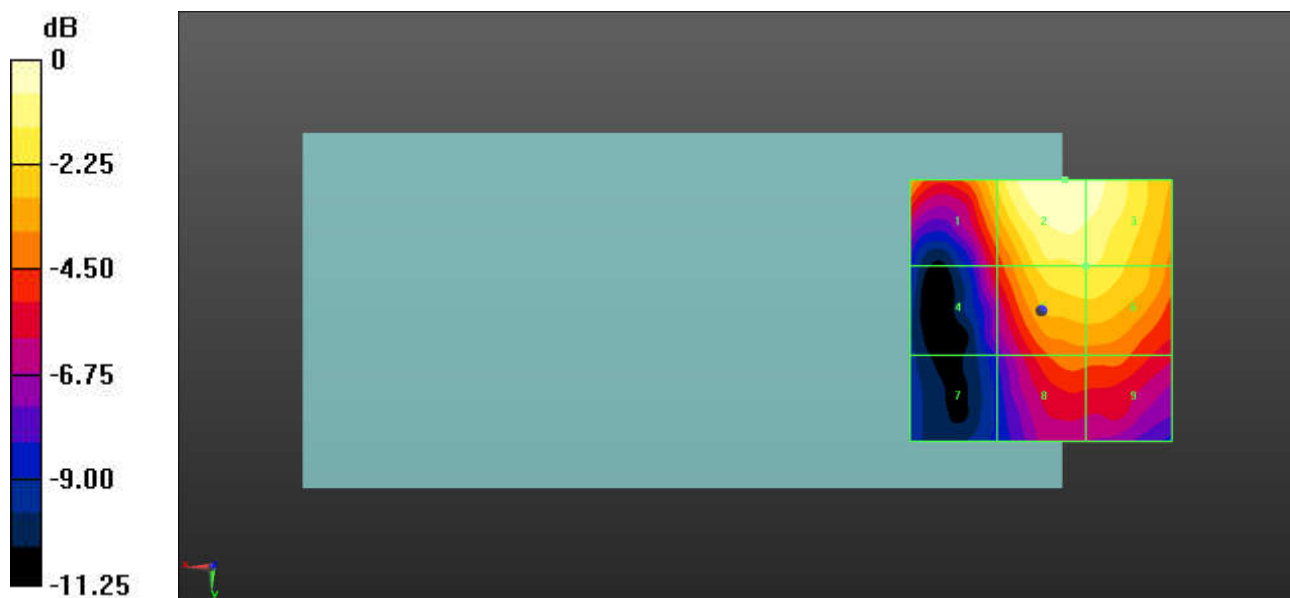
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 22.21 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 24.3 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 24 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 19.21 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.81 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.81 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 16.25 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 20.33 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 20.23 dBV/m

Total = 24.30 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -4.5, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 16.40 V/m = 24.30 dBV/m

12_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch40620

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch40620/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 15.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.00 dBV/m

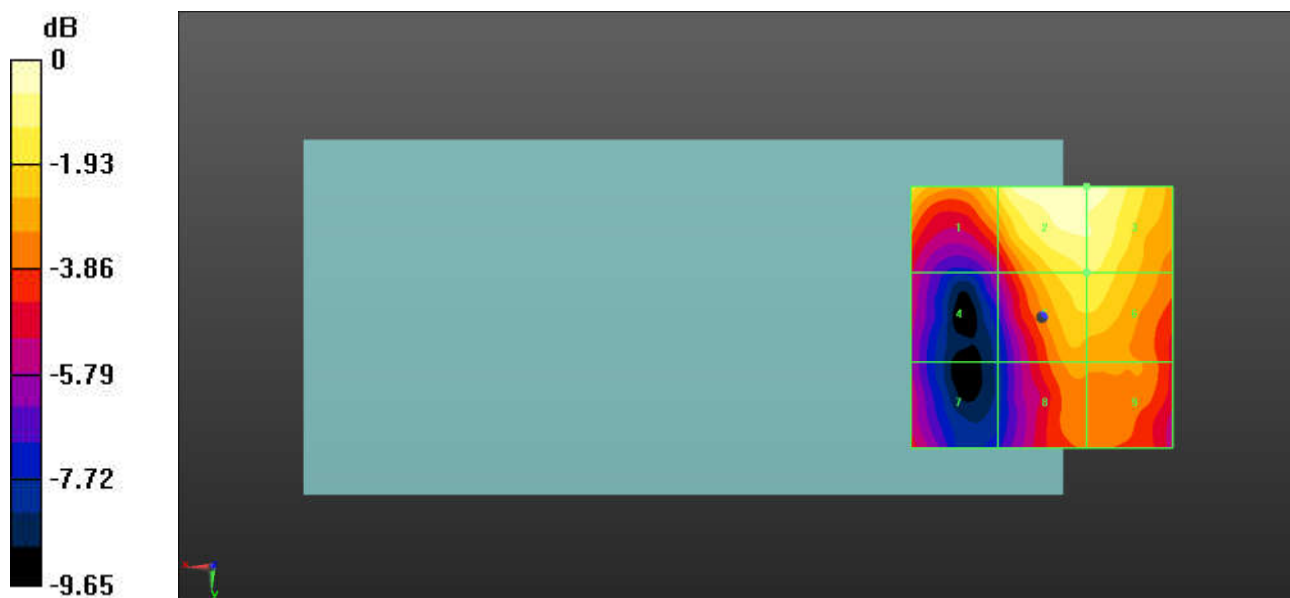
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 21.48 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 23 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 23 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 17.99 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 21.7 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.71 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 18.38 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 20.1 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.99 dBV/m

Total = 23.00 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -8.5, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 14.13 V/m = 23.00 dBV/m

13_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch41055

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2636.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch41055/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 11.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.16 dBV/m

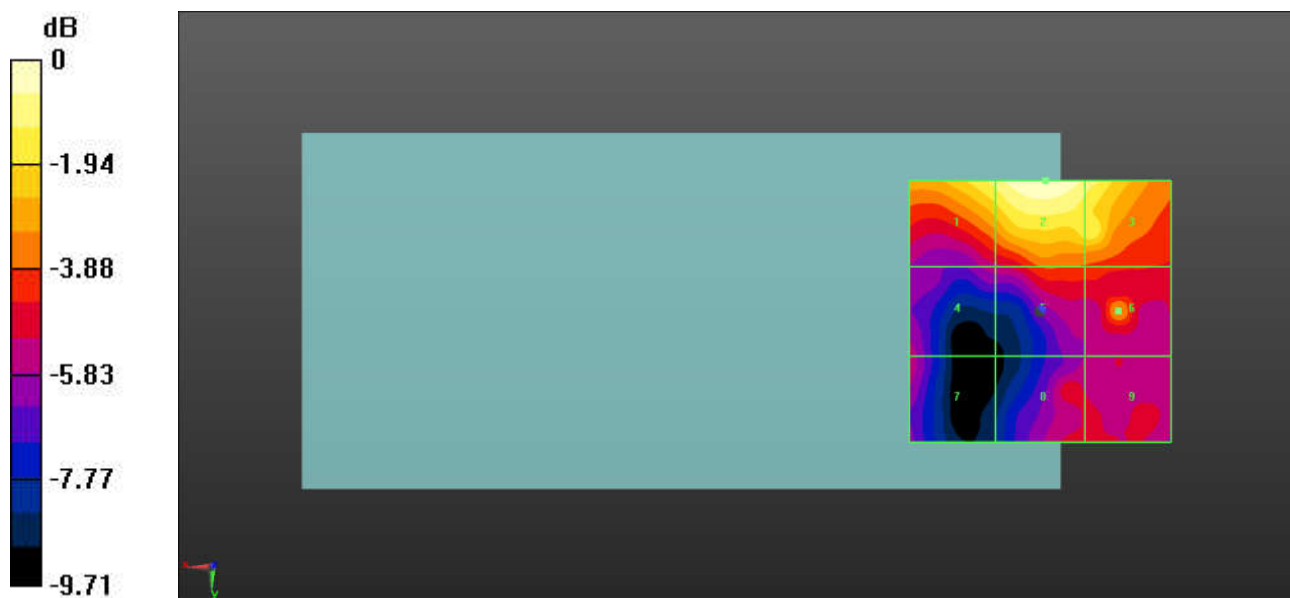
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 22.19 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 23.16 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 22.38 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 17.77 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 19.39 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 20.04 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 17.77 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 18.43 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 18.3 dBV/m

Total = 23.16 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 14.38 V/m = 23.16 dBV/m

14_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch41490

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch41490/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 13.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.15 dBV/m

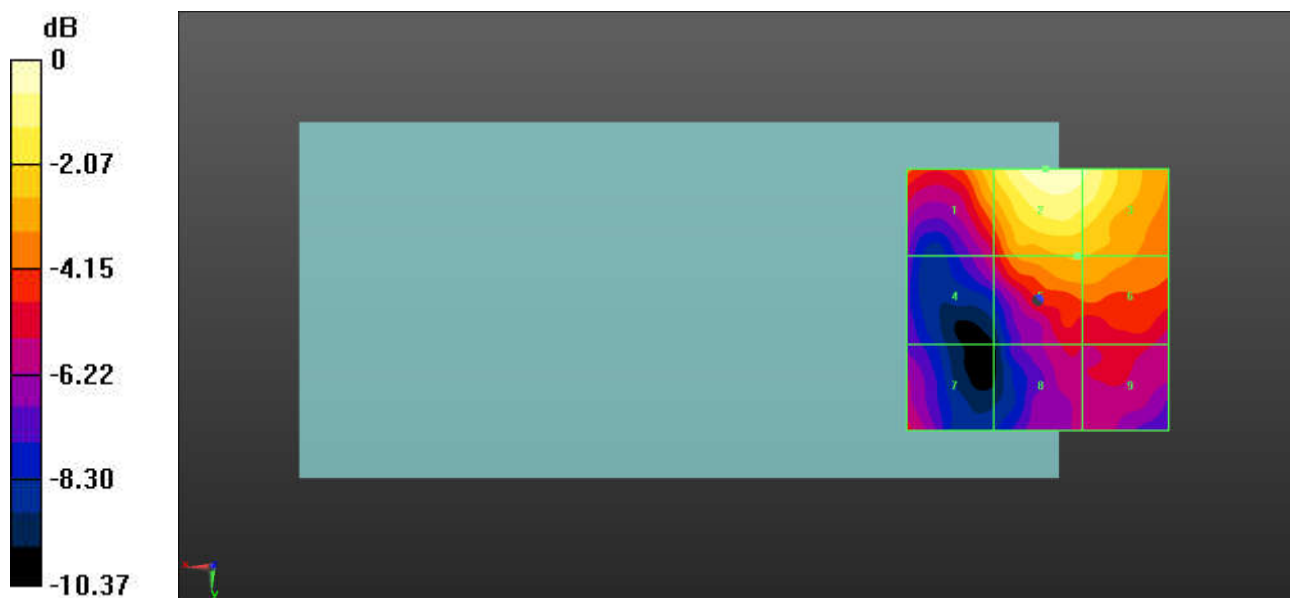
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 20.21 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 22.15 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 21.62 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 16.75 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 19.48 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 19.45 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 17.03 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 16.82 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 16.95 dBV/m

Total = 22.15 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1.5, -25, 8.7 mm



15_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch39750-HPUE

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch39750/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 16.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 24.74 dBV/m

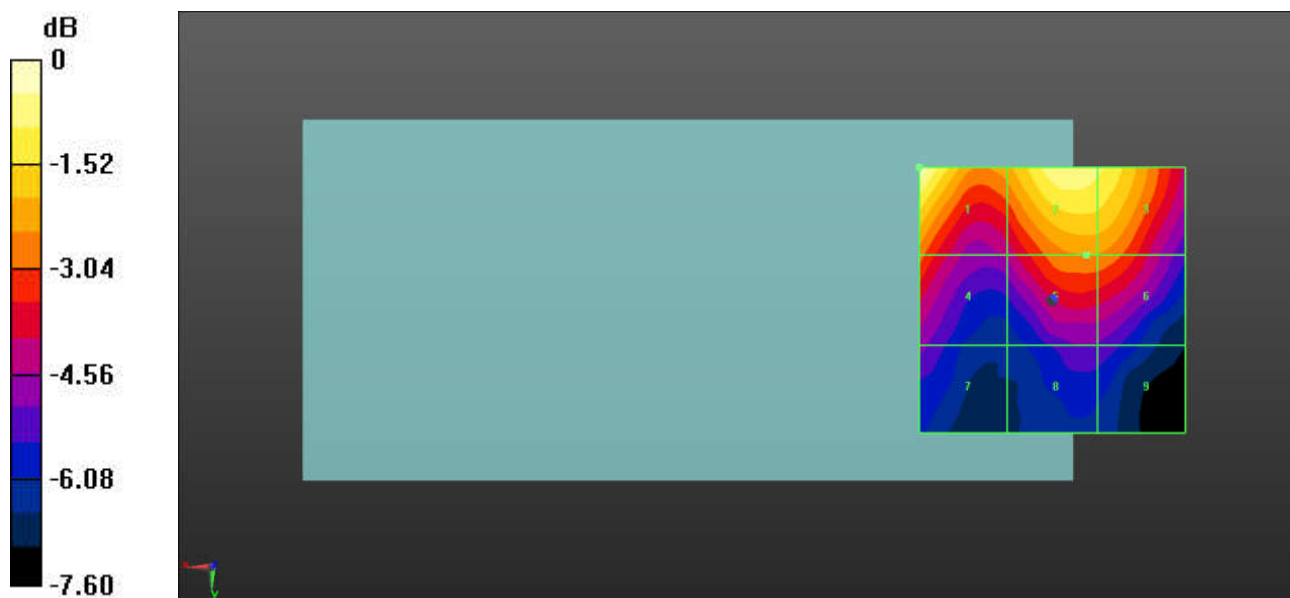
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 24.74 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 24.1 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 23.85 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 21.96 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.21 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.18 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 19.89 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 19.71 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.62 dBV/m

Total = 24.74 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 17.26 V/m = 24.74 dBV/m

16_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch40185-HPUE

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch40185/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 17.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 24.25 dBV/m

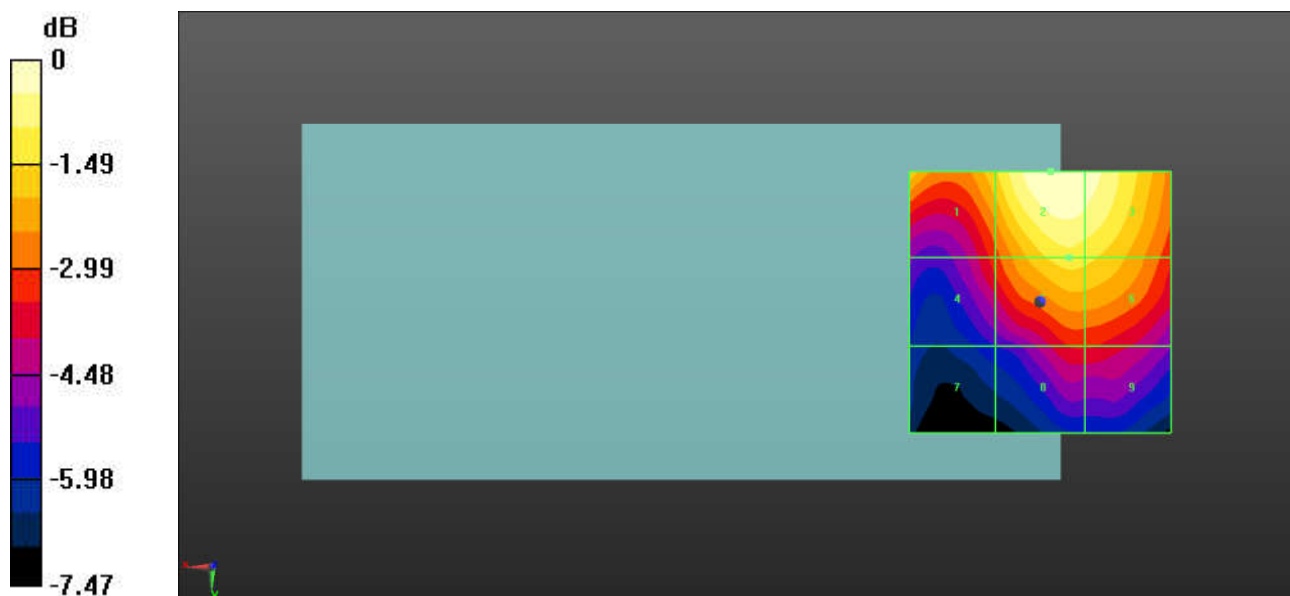
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 22.8 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 24.25 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 24.07 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 21.07 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 23.03 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.91 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 18.78 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 20.83 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 20.82 dBV/m

Total = 24.25 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -2, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 16.31 V/m = 24.25 dBV/m

17_HAC RF LTE Band41_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Ant 2_Ch40620-HPUE

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch40620/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 15.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.19 dBV/m

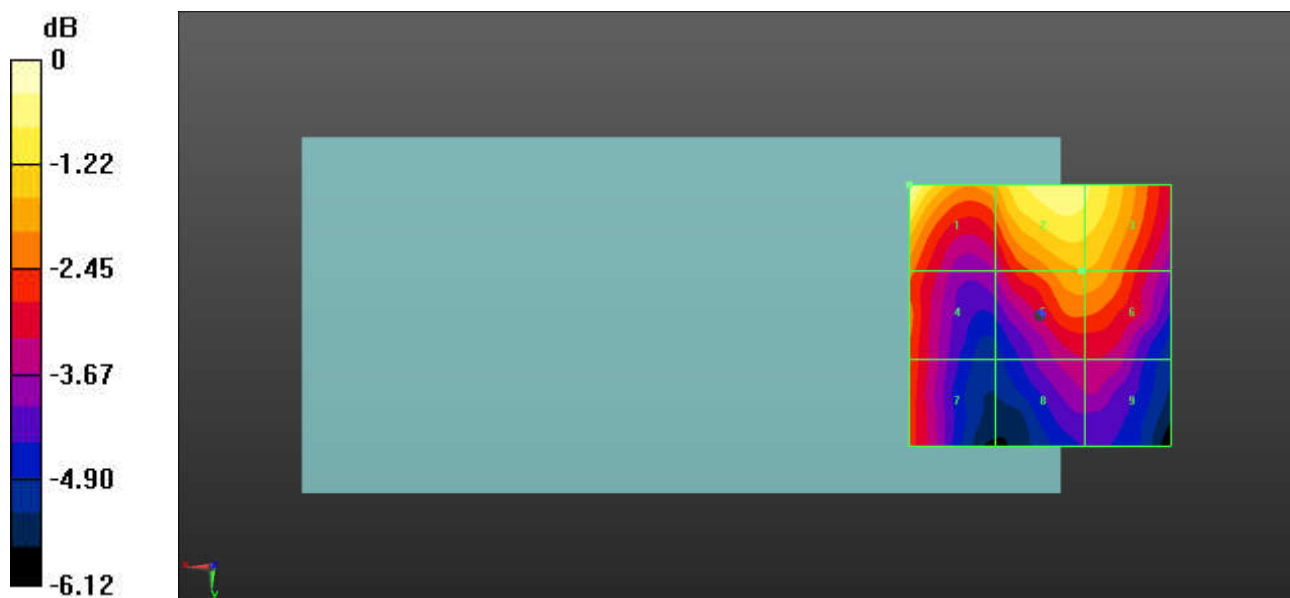
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 23.19 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 22.71 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 22.47 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 20.97 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 21.54 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 21.54 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 20.75 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 19.92 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.94 dBV/m

Total = 23.19 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 14.43 V/m = 23.19 dBV/m

18_HAC RF LTE B41_Voice_Ant 2_Ch41055-HPUE

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAG, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM);

Frequency: 2636.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.87

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch41055/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 12.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.00 dBV/m

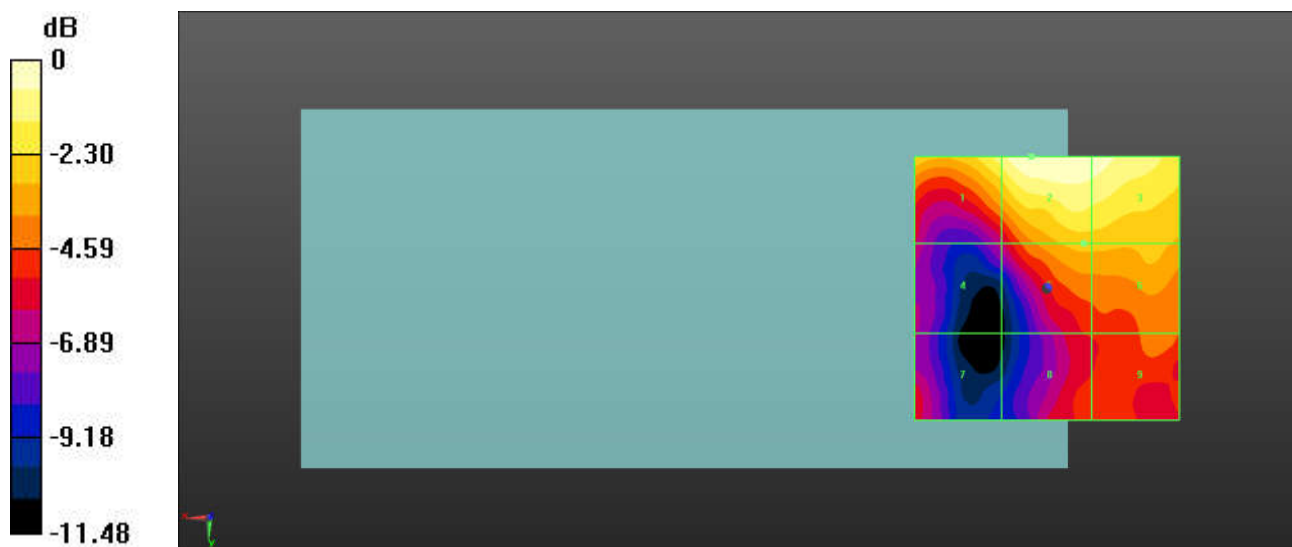
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 20.99 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 22 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 21.68 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 15.98 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 19.28 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 19.25 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 16.54 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 17.01 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 17.83 dBV/m

Total = 22.00 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 3, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 12.59 V/m = 22.00 dBV/m

19_HAC RF LTE B41_Voice_Ant 2_Ch41490-HPUE

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAG, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM);

Frequency: 2680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.87

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch41490/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 13.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.41 dBV/m

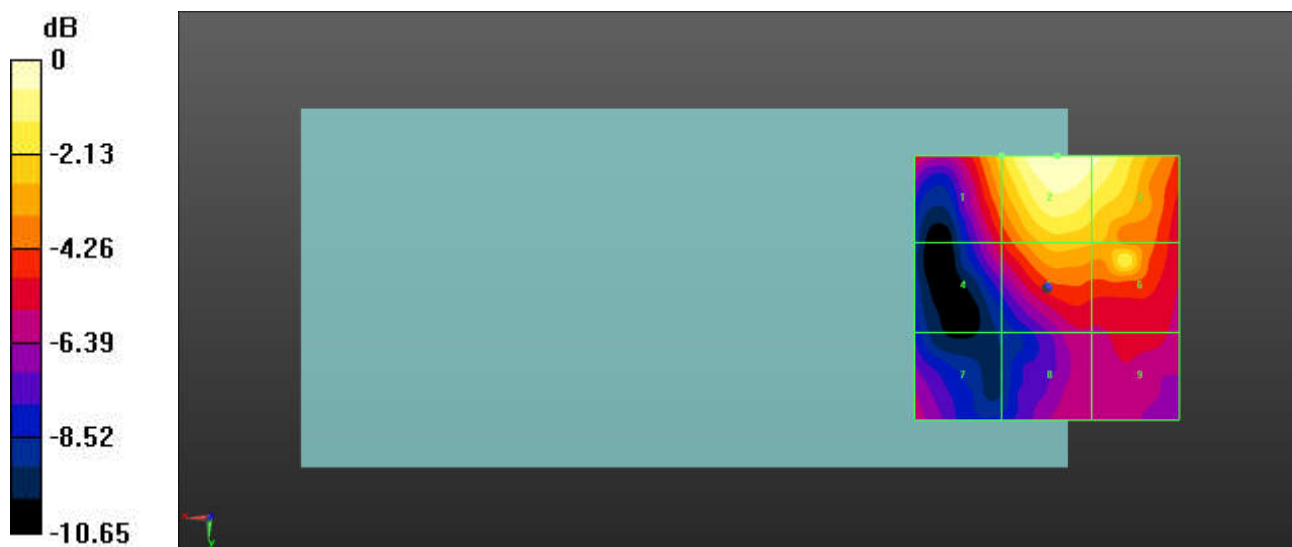
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 20.16 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 22.41 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 21.99 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 17.4 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 19.93 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 20.78 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 16.47 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 16.72 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 17.13 dBV/m

Total = 22.41 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -2, -25, 8.7 mm



20_HAC RF WLAN2.4GHz_802.11g 6Mbps_Ch1

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:12.5777

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch1/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 50.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 0.12 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.36 dBV/m

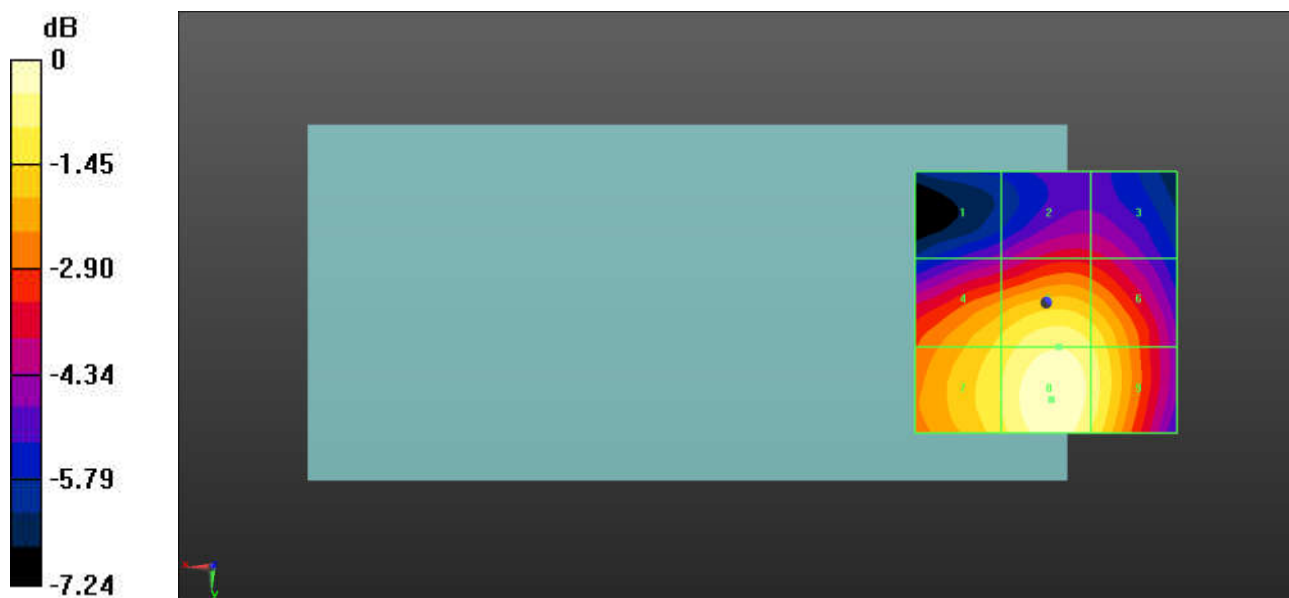
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 24.82 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 25.85 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 25.76 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 28.11 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 28.85 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 28.44 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 28.45 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 29.36 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 28.74 dBV/m

Total = 29.36 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1, 18.5, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 29.39 V/m = 29.36 dBV/m

21_HAC RF WLAN2.4GHz_802.11g 6Mbps_Ch6

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:12.5777

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch6/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 54.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.12 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.73 dBV/m

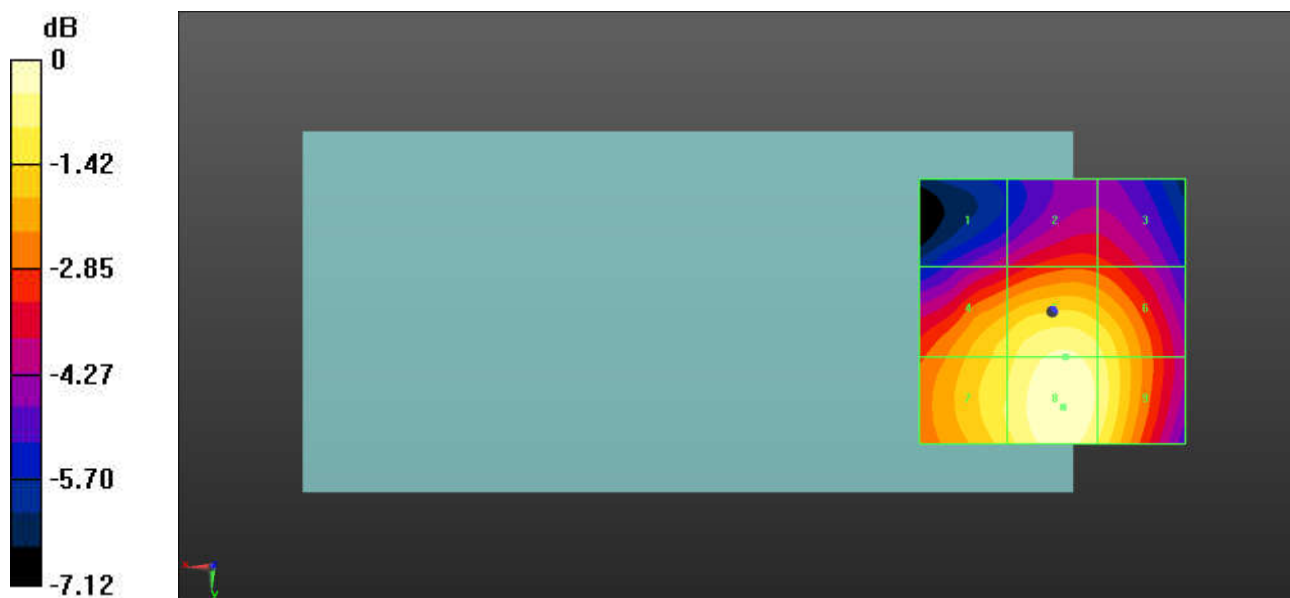
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 25.92 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 26.81 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 26.69 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 28.6 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 29.36 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 28.96 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 28.84 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 29.73 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 29.18 dBV/m

Total = 29.73 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -2, 18, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 30.65 V/m = 29.73 dBV/m

22_HAC RF WLAN2.4GHz_802.11g 6Mbps_Ch11

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:12.5777

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1356; Calibrated: 2021.6.1
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Ch11/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 53.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Applied MIF = 0.12 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.86 dBV/m

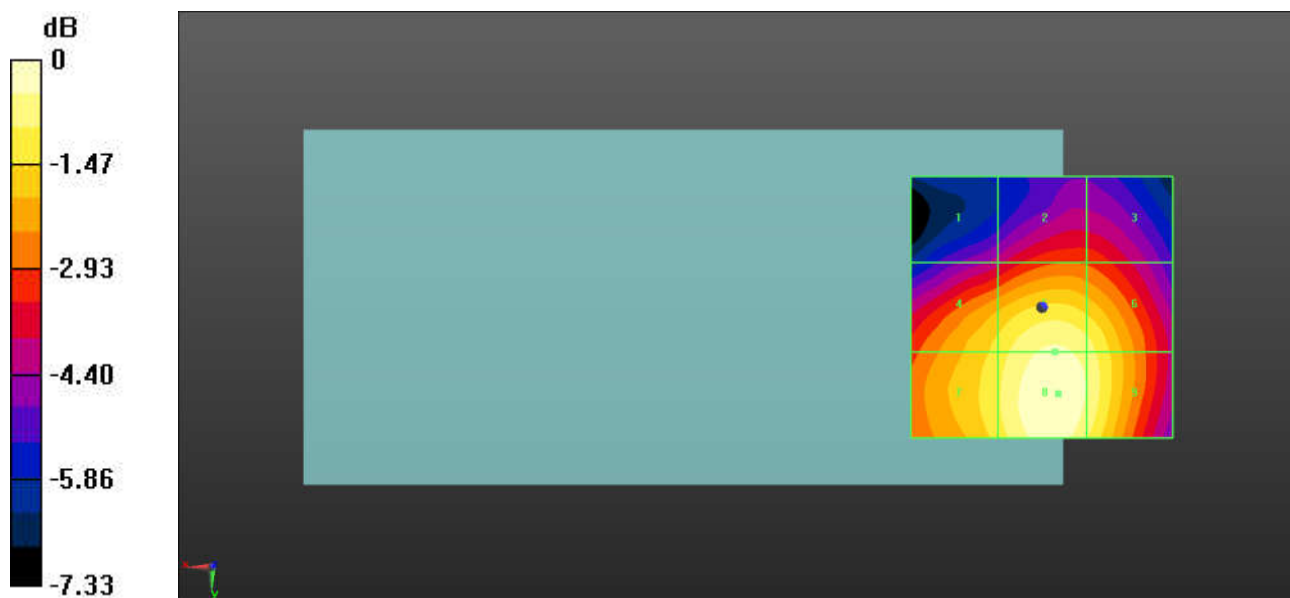
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 25.77 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 26.92 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 26.88 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 28.6 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 29.48 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 29.13 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 28.82 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 29.86 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 29.35 dBV/m

Total = 29.86 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -3, 16.5, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 31.13 V/m = 29.86 dBV/m



Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton**

Certificate No: **CD835V3-1045_Sep21**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD835V3 - SN: 1045**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v7
 Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air**

Calibration date: **September 27, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	28-Dec-20 (No. EF3-4013_Dec20)	Dec-21
DAE4	SN: 781	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-781_Dec20)	Dec-21

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 27, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011)
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.