



Exhibit 11: SAR Test Report IHDT56CG1

Date of test: August 15-22, 2002
Date of Report: 29-Aug-02

Laboratory: Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory
 2001 N. Division
 Room: AS228
 Harvard, Illinois 60033

Test Responsible: Steven Hauswirth
 Senior Staff Engineer

Accreditation: This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following electromagnetic exposure tests:
 System Validation & Interlaboratory Comparison
 Simulated Tissue Specifications and Procedure
 EME Cellular Phone Testing Procedure



On the following types of products:
 Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Statement of Compliance: Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093). It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56CG1). The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Antenna description

Type	External	
Location	Upper Right	
Dimensions	Length	106mm
	Width	4mm
Configuration	Helix	

Device description

FCC ID Number	IHDT56CG1		
Serial number	52DE6413		
Mode(s) of Operation	AMPS800	CDMA800	CDMA1900
Modulation Mode(s)	AMPS	CDMA	CDMA
Maximum Output Power Setting	27.30dBm	25.0dBm	25.0dBm
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	824-849MHz	824-849MHz	1851-1909MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908)	Identical Prototype		
Device Category	Portable		
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled		

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy3™ v3.1d) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. The overall RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 11.7\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 23.0\%$ (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY3 DAE V1	SN365	26-Sep-02
E-Field Probe ETDV6	SN1508	25-Oct-02
Dipole Validation Kit, DV900V2	SN80	26-Oct-02
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800MHz	TP-1005	
Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2	SN277TR	4-Jan-03
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1085	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04832	18-Jan-03
Power Meter E4419B	US39250622	8-Oct-02
Power Sensor #1 - 8481A	US37296470	31-Oct-02
Power Sensor #2 - 8481A	3318A25036	31-Oct-02
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	1824661	2-May-03
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B	US99360074	N/A

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ϵ_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit. These values, along with the temperature of the tissue simulate are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for maximum permittivity and minimum conductivity are also shown. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. It is seen that the measured parameters are satisfactory for compliance testing.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
835	Head	Measured, 15-Aug-02	41.3	0.90	22.1
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	20-25
		Measured, 16-Aug-02	41.3	0.91	22.7
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	20-25
	Body	Measured, 21-Aug-02	53.9	0.98	22.0
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	20-25
		Measured, 22-Aug-02	54.7	0.98	21.8
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	20-25
1880	Head	Measured, 15-Aug-02	38.0	1.45	21.9
		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	20-25
		Measured, 16-Aug-02	38.1	1.45	22.5
		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	20-25
	Body	Measured, 17-Aug-02	52.0	1.57	21.6
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	20-25
		Measured, 18-Aug-02	51.5	1.59	22.1
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	20-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	800MHz Head	800MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body
Sugar	57.0	44.9	47.0	30.80
DGBE	--	--	52.8	68.91
Water	40.45	53.06	0.2	0.29
Salt	1.45	0.94	--	--
HEC	1.0	1.0	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY3 was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within center section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR indicated on the dipole certification sheet. These tests were done at 900MHz and/or 1800MHz. These frequencies are within 100MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. This is within the allowable window given in Supplement C 01-01 *Appendix D System Verification* section item #5. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for maximum permittivity, minimum conductivity are shown in the table below. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table below. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole.

Daily, prior to conducting tests, measurements were made with the RF sources powered off to determine the system noise level. The highest system noise was 0.0018 W/kg, which is below the recommended limit.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg) , 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambien t Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
900	Measured, 15-Aug-02	11.84	40.5	0.96	23	22.1
	Recommended Limits	11.40	40.3	0.95	20-25	20-25
	Measured, 16-Aug-02	11.84	39.7	0.96	23	22.7
	Recommended Limits	11.40	40.3	0.95	20-25	20-25
	Measured, 21-Aug-02	11.72	40.2	0.96	23	21.9
	Recommended Limits	11.40	40.3	0.95	20-25	20-25
	Measured, 22-Aug-02	11.72	40.8	0.97	23	22.9
	Recommended Limits	11.40	40.3	0.95	20-25	20-25
1800	Measured, 15-Aug-02	36.76	38.3	1.36	23	21.9
	Recommended Limits	38.80	39.6	1.37	20-25	20-25
	Measured, 16-Aug-02	37.16	38.5	1.37	23	22.5
	Recommended Limits	38.80	39.6	1.37	20-25	20-25
	Measured, 17-Aug-02	38.20	38.3	1.37	23	21.6
	Recommended Limits	38.80	39.6	1.37	20-25	20-25
	Measured, 18-Aug-02	38.48	38.4	1.39	23	21.2
	Recommended Limits	38.80	39.6	1.37	20-25	20-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETDV6	SN1508	900	6.35	2 of 8
		1800	5.41	2 of 8

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. Motorola also followed the requirements in Supplement C / Appendix D: SAR Measurement Procedures, section titled “*Devices Operating Next To A Person’s Ear* “. These directions state “The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).“

The DASY v3.1d SAR measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The phone was positioned into the measurement configurations using the positioner supplied with the DASY 3.1d SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the positioner is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 ($\pm 30\%$) at 850MHz. The default settings for the “coarse” and “cube” scans were chosen and use for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT56CG1) has the SNN5588A as only available battery option. This battery was used to do all of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 4 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 2

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since same phantoms and tissue simulate are used for the system accuracy verification as the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in within Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of tissue simulate depth to be 15.0cm ± 0.5 cm. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2. Note that need for 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were determined in accordance with Supplement C.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETDV6	SN1508	835	6.50	2 of 2
		1900	5.41	2 of 8

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Left Head (Cheek / Touch Position)									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44						0.739	0.00	0.739	23	22.5
	Channel 384	27.58	0.906	-0.05	0.92	23	22.5	1.13	0.13	1.13	23	22.0
	Channel 799	27.55						1.15	0.08	1.15	23	0.08
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01										
	Channel 600	25.02	0.692	-0.14	0.71	23	21.8	0.767	-0.2	0.80	23	21.8
	Channel 1175	24.95										

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Right Head (Cheek / Touch Position)									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44	1.28	-0.1	1.31	23	22	0.846	-0.08	0.86	23	22
	Channel 384	27.58	1.15	-0.05	1.16	23	22	1.3	0.01	1.30	23	22
	Channel 799	27.55	1.18	0.07	1.18	23	22	1.53	-0.01	1.53	23	22
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01										
	Channel 600	25.02	0.80	-0.16	0.83	23	21.8	0.936	-0.15	0.97	23	22
	Channel 1175	24.95										

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the right head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Left Head (15° Tilt Position)									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44										
	Channel 384	27.58	0.262	-0.14	0.27	23	22.5	0.333	-0.11	0.34	23	22.5
	Channel 799	27.55										
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01										
	Channel 600	25.02	0.141	0.00	0.14	23	21.8	0.152	-0.04	0.15	23	21.8
	Channel 1175	24.95										

Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Right Head (15° Tilt Position)									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44										
	Channel 384	27.58	0.244	-0.19	0.25	23	22.4	0.364	0.06	0.36	23	22.4
	Channel 799	27.55										
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01										
	Channel 600	25.02	0.101	-0.06	0.10	23	21.8	0.121	0.09	0.12	23	21.8
	Channel 1175	24.95										

Table 4: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the right head in the 15° Tilt Position.

6.2 Body-Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 5 through 8 are the maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 3. Note that need for 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were determined in accordance with Supplement C. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are four Body-Worn Accessories available for this phone:

A Plastic Holster and Belt Clip: Model #7586679K & #SYN8763A

A Plastic Holster and Belt Clip: Model #7586679K & #SYN8631A

A Leather Pouch with Belt Clip: Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8763A

A Plastic Holster and Belt Clip: Model # CHYN4346A & #SYN8631A

All four Body-Worn Accessories were SAR measured and the data is shown in the tables below.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETDV6	SN1508	835	6.2	2 of 2
		1900	5.0	2 of 2

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn w/ Model #7586679K & #SYN8763A									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44	0.311	-0.12	0.32	23	22	0.224	-0.09	0.23	23	20.4
	Channel 384	27.58	0.330	-0.19	0.34	23	22	0.27	0.31	0.27	23	22
	Channel 799	27.55	0.361	0.25	0.36	23	22	0.374	0.13	0.37	23	22
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01	0.873	-0.03	0.8	23	22.4	0.951	-0.07	0.97	23	22.4
	Channel 600	25.02	1.21	-0.11	1.24	23	22.2	1.11	-0.06	1.13	23	22.2
	Channel 1175	24.95	1.30	0.01	1.30	23	22.2	1.10	-0.12	1.13	23	22.2

Table 5: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn w/ Model #7586679K & #SYN8631A									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44	0.602	-0.06	0.61	23	22	0.416	-0.06	0.42	23	22
	Channel 384	27.58	0.641	-0.16	0.67	23	22	0.602	0.0	0.60	23	22
	Channel 799	27.55	0.684	0.04	0.68	23	22	0.975	0.07	0.98	23	22
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01	0.410	-0.04	0.41	23	21.1	0.564	0.01	0.86	23	22.0
	Channel 600	25.02	0.613	-0.06	0.62	23	22.1	0.609	-0.04	0.61	23	22.1
	Channel 1175	24.95	0.712	0.02	0.71	23	22.1	0.672	-0.22	0.71	23	22.1

Table 6: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn w/ Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8763A									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44	0.246	0.03	0.25	23	21.6	0.172	0.05	0.17	23	21.6
	Channel 384	27.58	0.279	-0.20	0.29	23	21.6	0.265	-0.15	0.27	23	21.6
	Channel 799	27.55	0.279	0.05	0.28	23	21.6	0.344	0.17	0.34	23	21.6
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01	1.16	0.04	1.16	23	21.1	1.09	-0.07	1.11	23	21.1
	Channel 600	25.02	1.26	-0.05	1.27	23	21.0	0.933	-0.07	0.95	23	21.0
	Channel 1175	24.95	0.879	0.06	0.88	23	21.0	0.812	-0.11	0.83	23	21.1

Table 7: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn w/ Model # CHYN4346A & #SYN8631A									
			Ant Extended					Ant Retracted				
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Amb. Temp (°C)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.44	0.482	-0.05	0.49	23	21.5	0.411	-0.01	0.41	23	22.0
	Channel 384	27.58	0.518	-0.19	0.54	23	21.5	0.565	0.0	0.57	23	21.5
	Channel 799	27.55	0.585	0.07	0.59	23	21.5	0.694	0.24	0.69	23	21.5
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	25.01	0.495	0.04	0.50	23	21.2	0.438	-0.10	0.45	23	21.2
	Channel 600	25.02	0.551	-0.04	0.56	23	21.2	0.421	-0.08	0.43	23	21.2
	Channel 1175	24.95	0.653	-0.03	0.66	23	21.2	0.476	-0.01	0.48	23	21.1

Table 8: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CG1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

Appendix 1

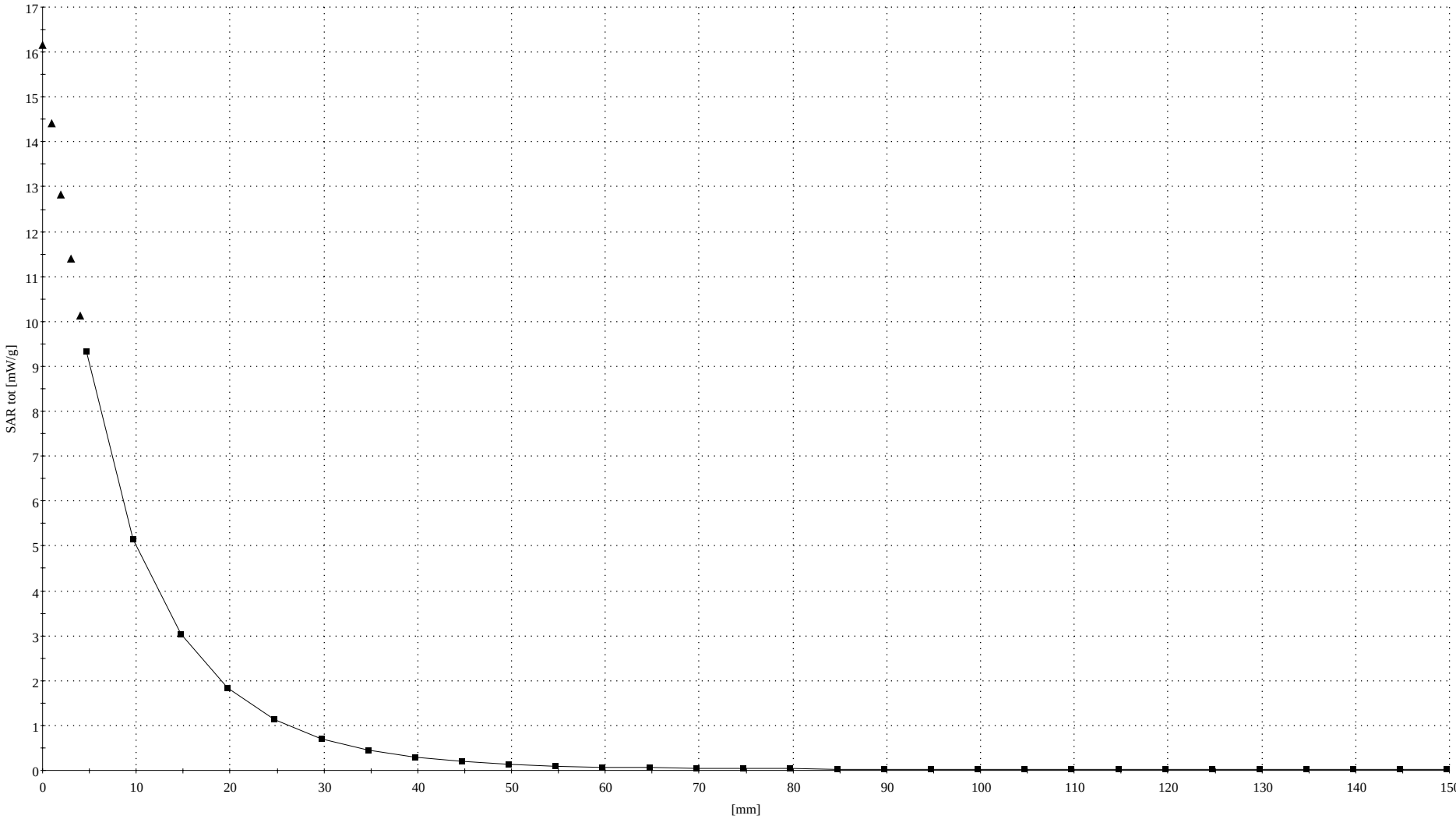
SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr / Forward Power =250
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.9

R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) ;
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , ()
Penetration depth: 8.8 (8.4, 9.6) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80

Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power =-22.52

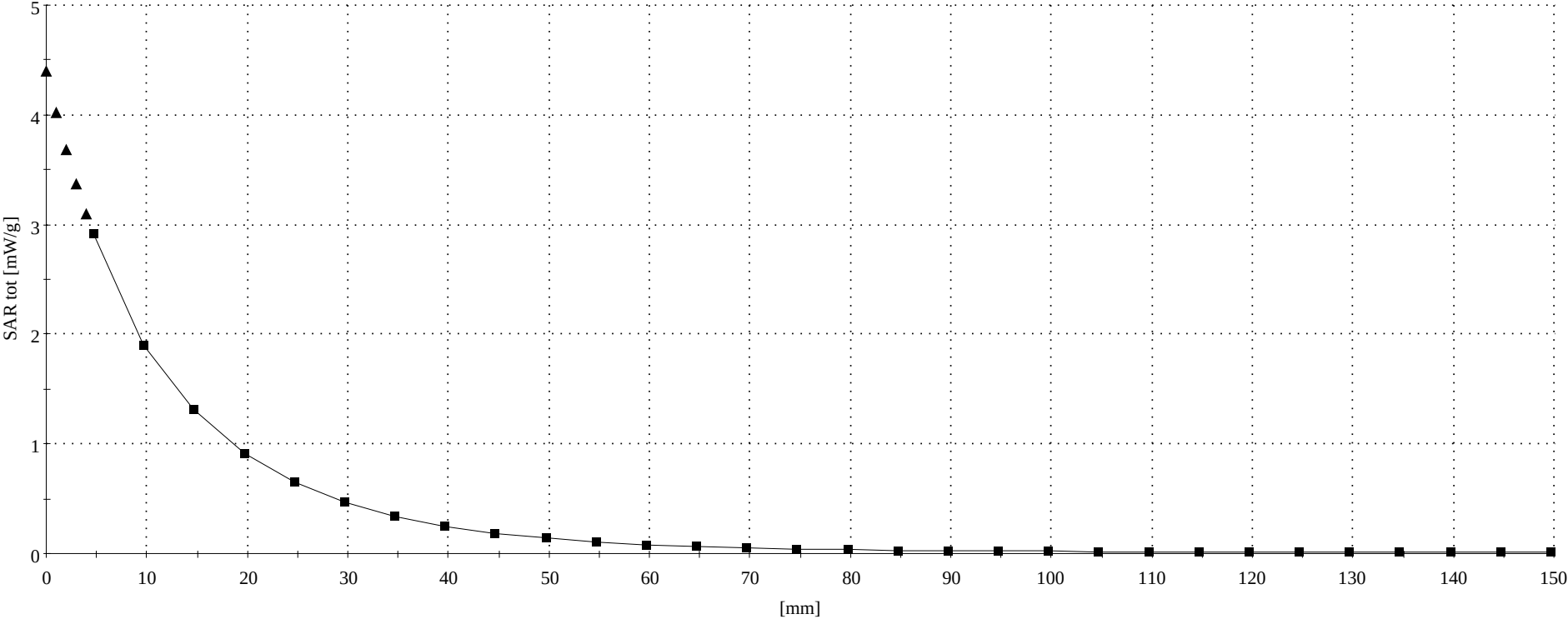
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23c Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.9

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 12.4 (11.6, 13.4) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80 / Forward Power = 250
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.9

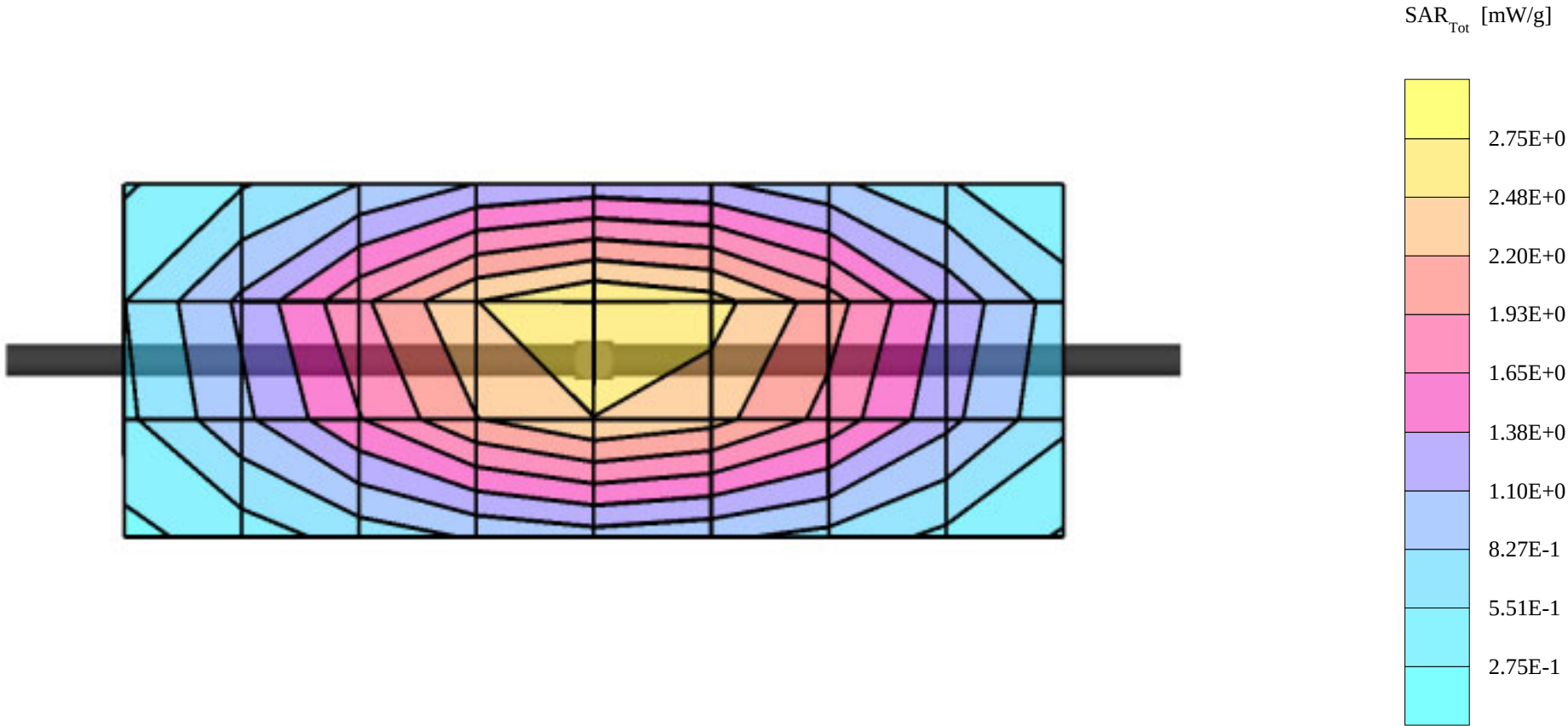
R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.62 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 2.93 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 1.88 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.3 (11.5, 13.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: 30.76 dB

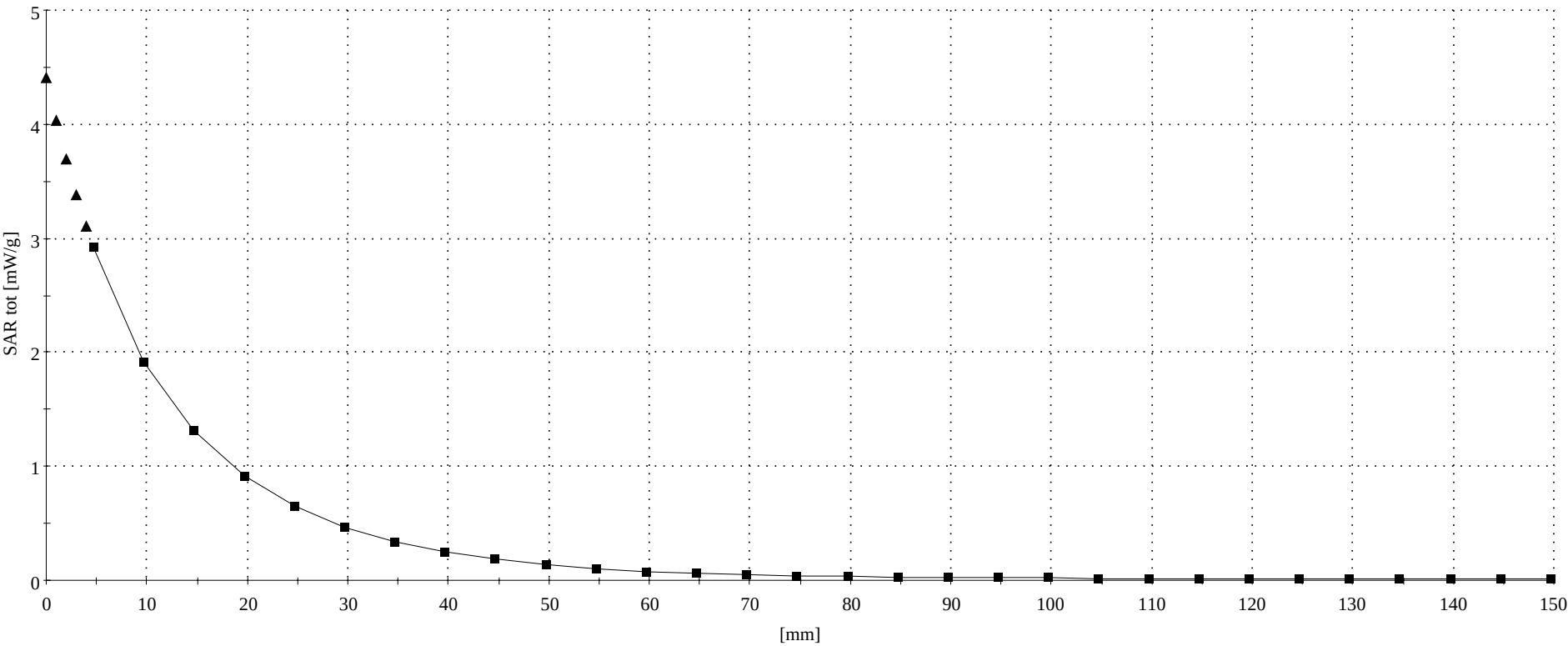


Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80 / Forward Power = 250
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.9

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ;
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0
Penetration depth: 12.4 (11.6, 13.5) [mm]



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr
Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power = -23.64

Room Temp at time of measurement = 23c Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.2

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 ; section 1

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 17.4 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 9.62 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 5.17 mW/g ± 0.05 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.9 (8.5, 9.6) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr
Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power = -23.64

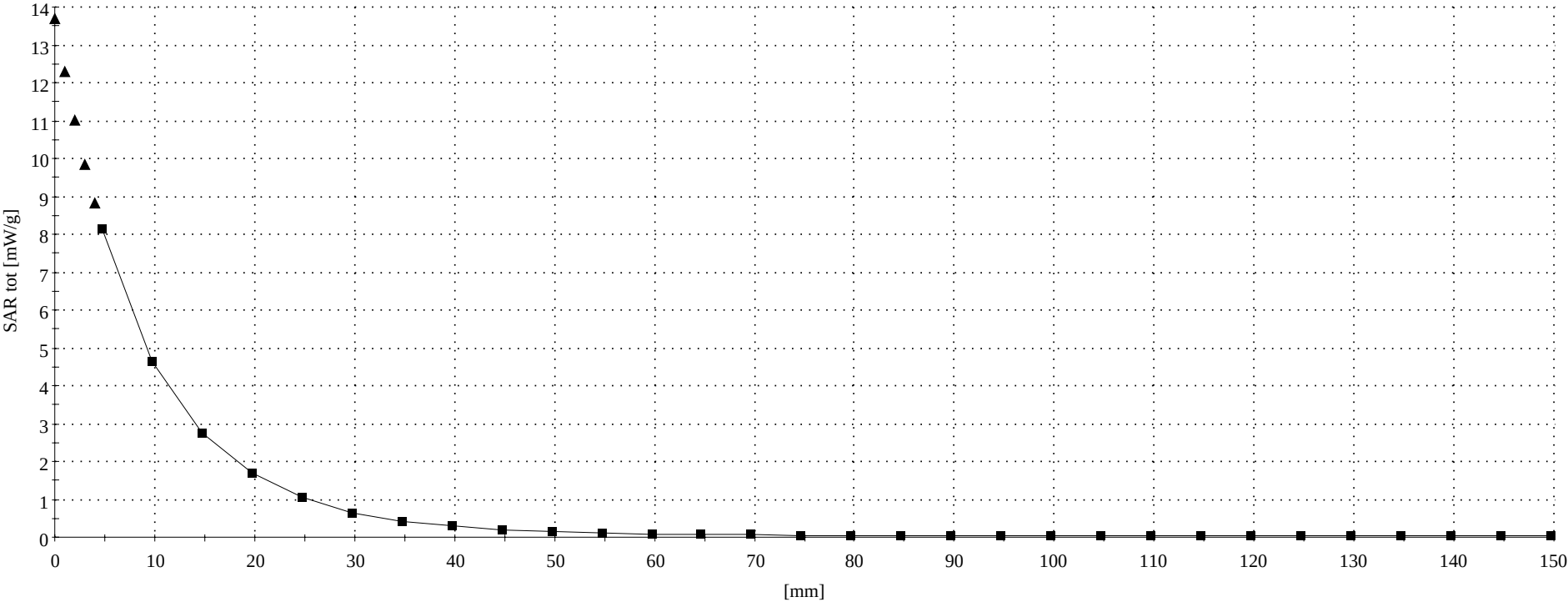
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23c Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.2

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 ;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , 0

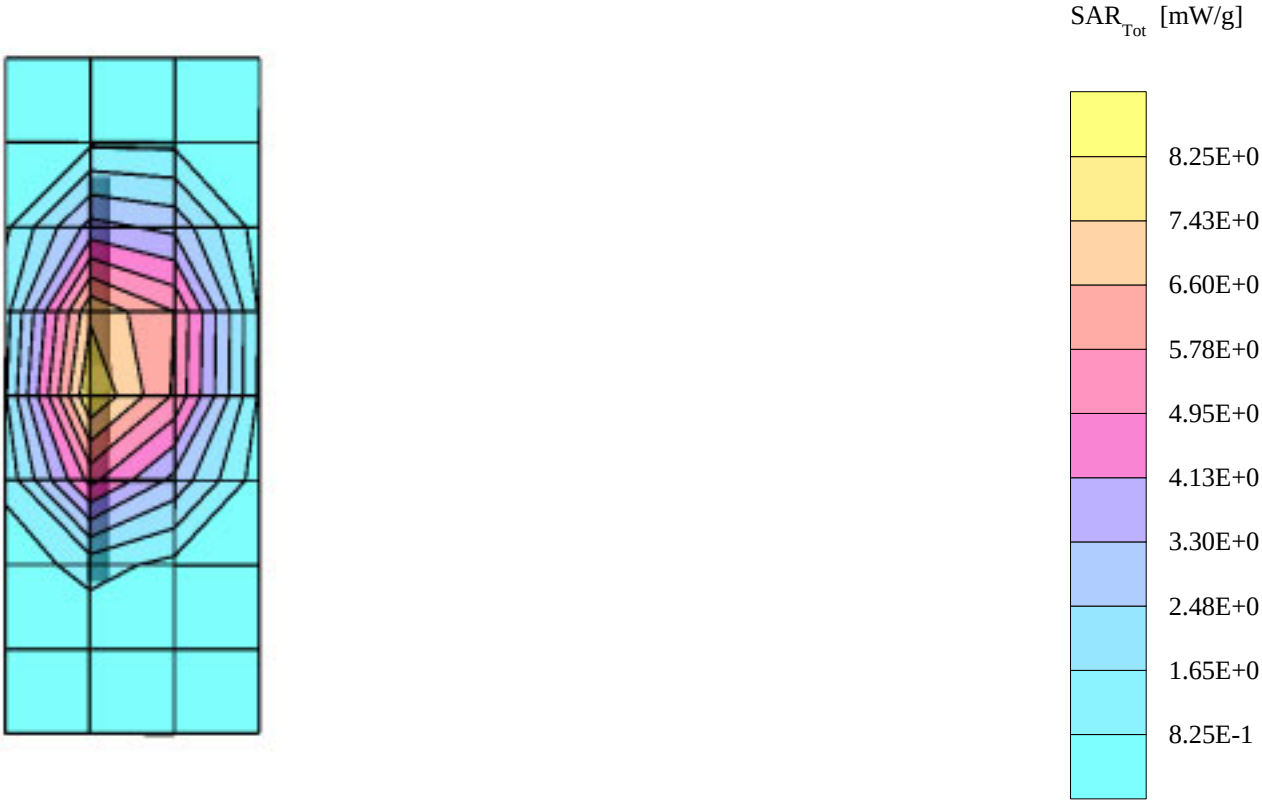
Penetration depth: 9.1 (8.9, 9.7) [mm]



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr
Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power = 24.09

Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.6
R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 ; section 1
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cubes (2): Peak: 17.2 mW/g $\pm$ 0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 9.55 mW/g $\pm$ 0.05 dB, SAR (10g): 5.14 mW/g $\pm$ 0.04 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 9.0 (8.6, 9.8) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr
Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power = 24.09

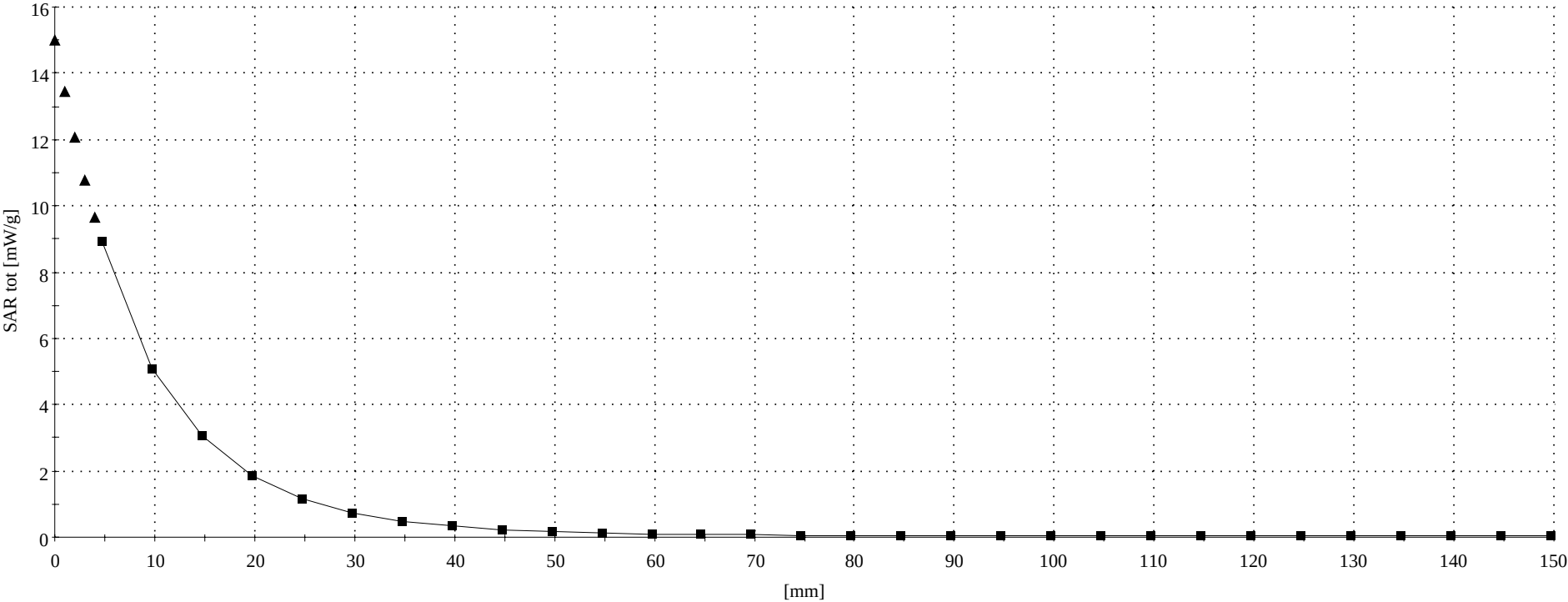
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.6

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 ;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , 0

Penetration depth: 9.2 (8.9, 9.8) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80

Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power = -22.90

Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.7

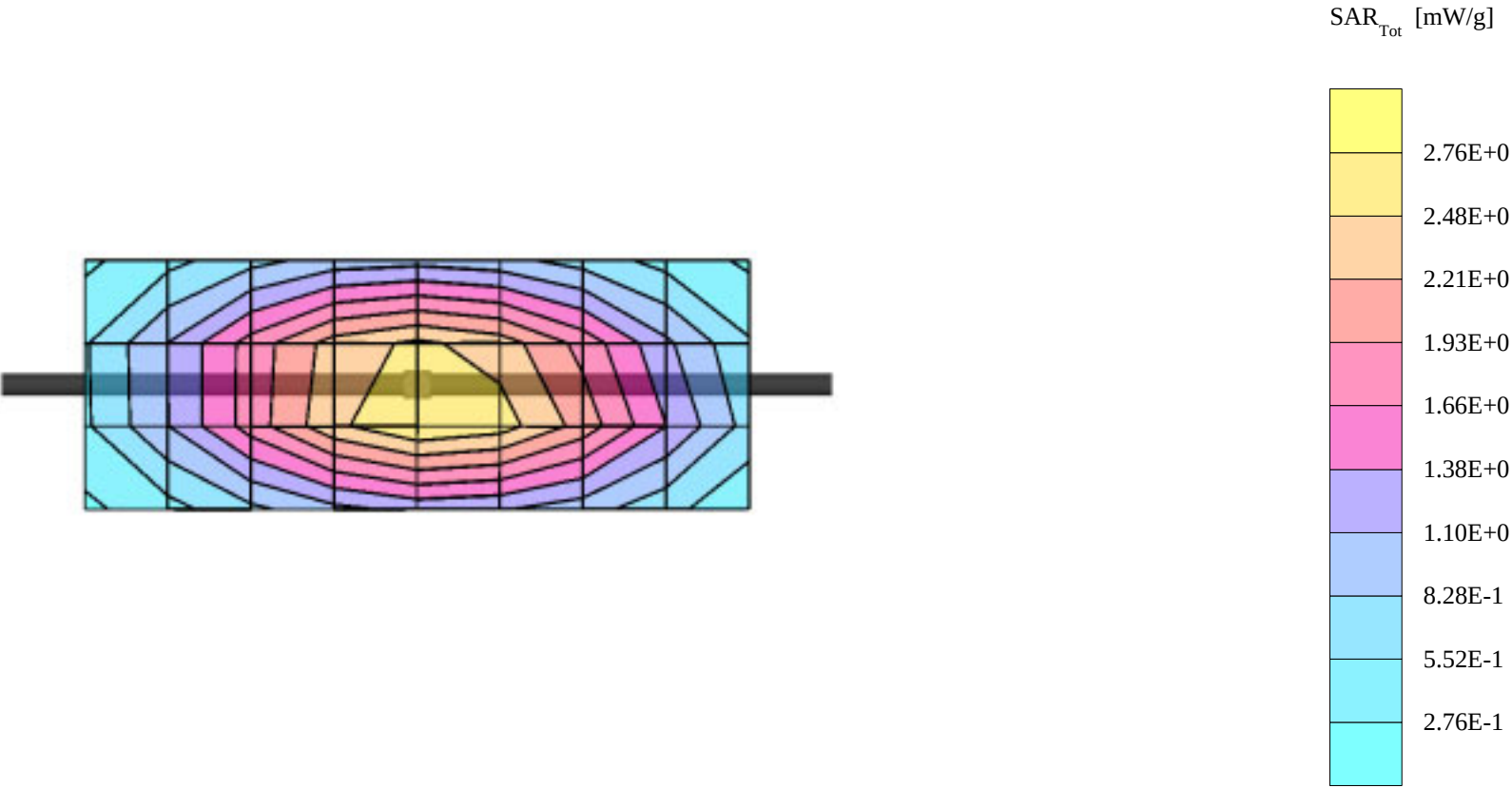
R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 39.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.65 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 2.96 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 1.89 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.1 (11.2, 13.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.04 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80

Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power = -22.90

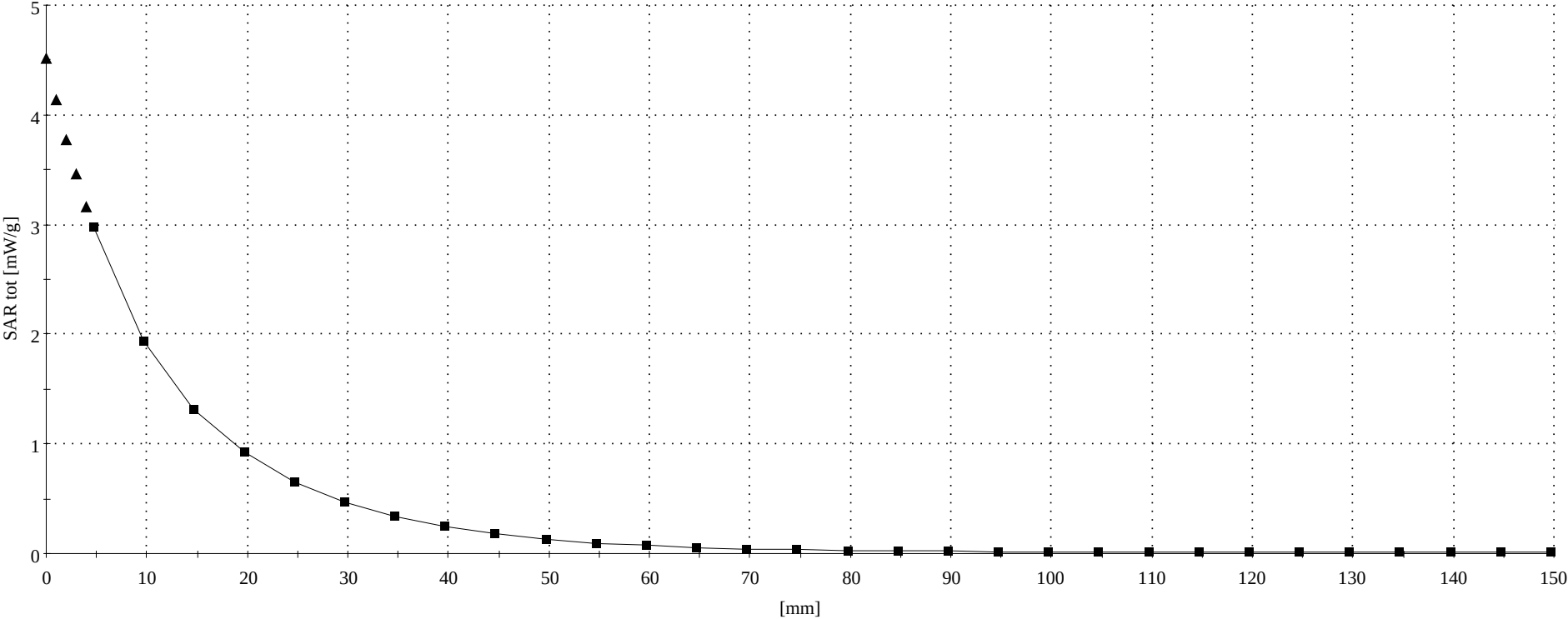
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.7

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 39.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.4, 13.3) [mm]



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr

Forward Power = 250 Reflected Power =-25.50

Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.5

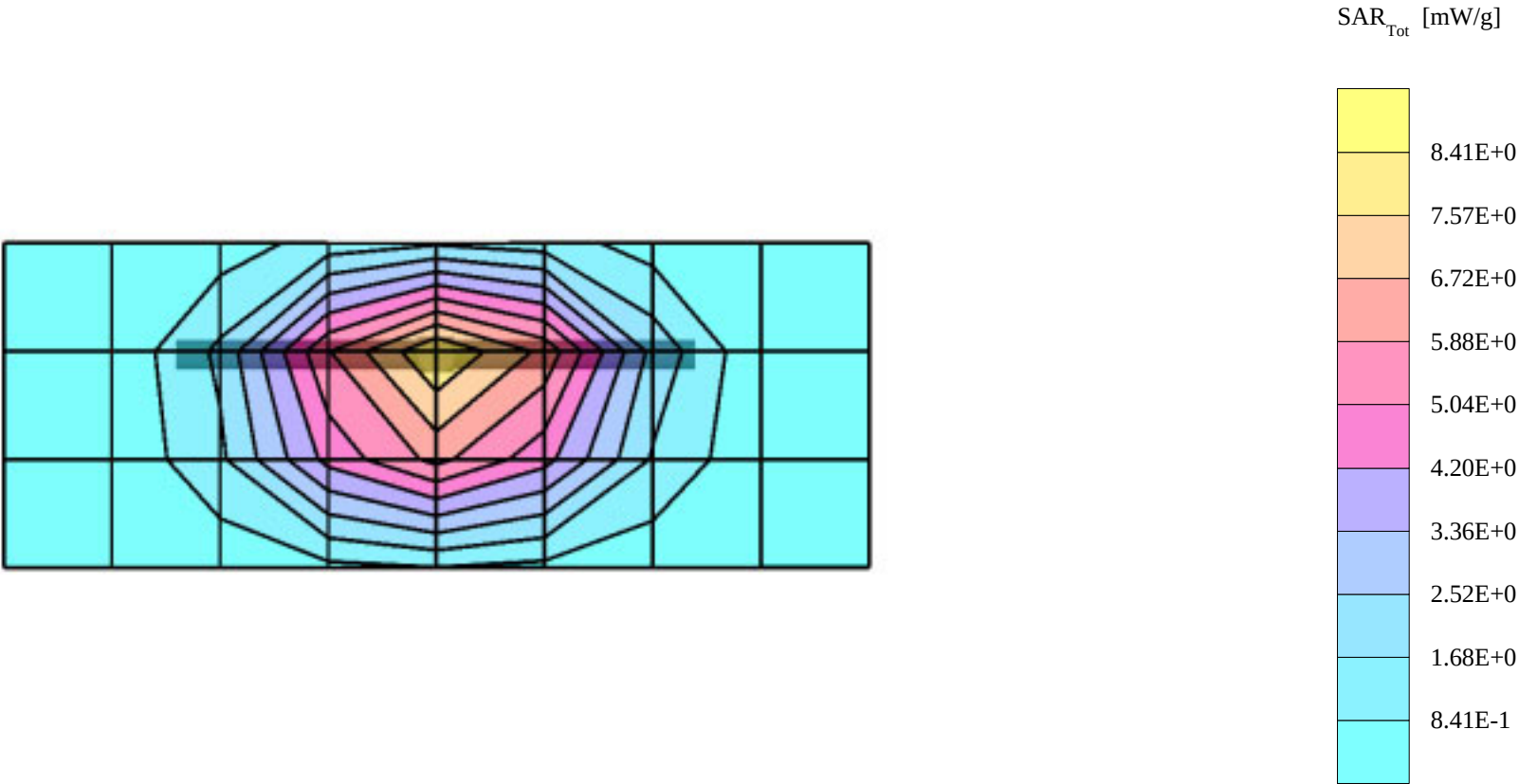
R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) ; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 16.5 mW/g $\pm$ 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 9.29 mW/g $\pm$ 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 4.98 mW/g $\pm$ 0.07 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 9.1 (8.7, 9.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr

Forward Power = 250 Reflected Power =-25.50

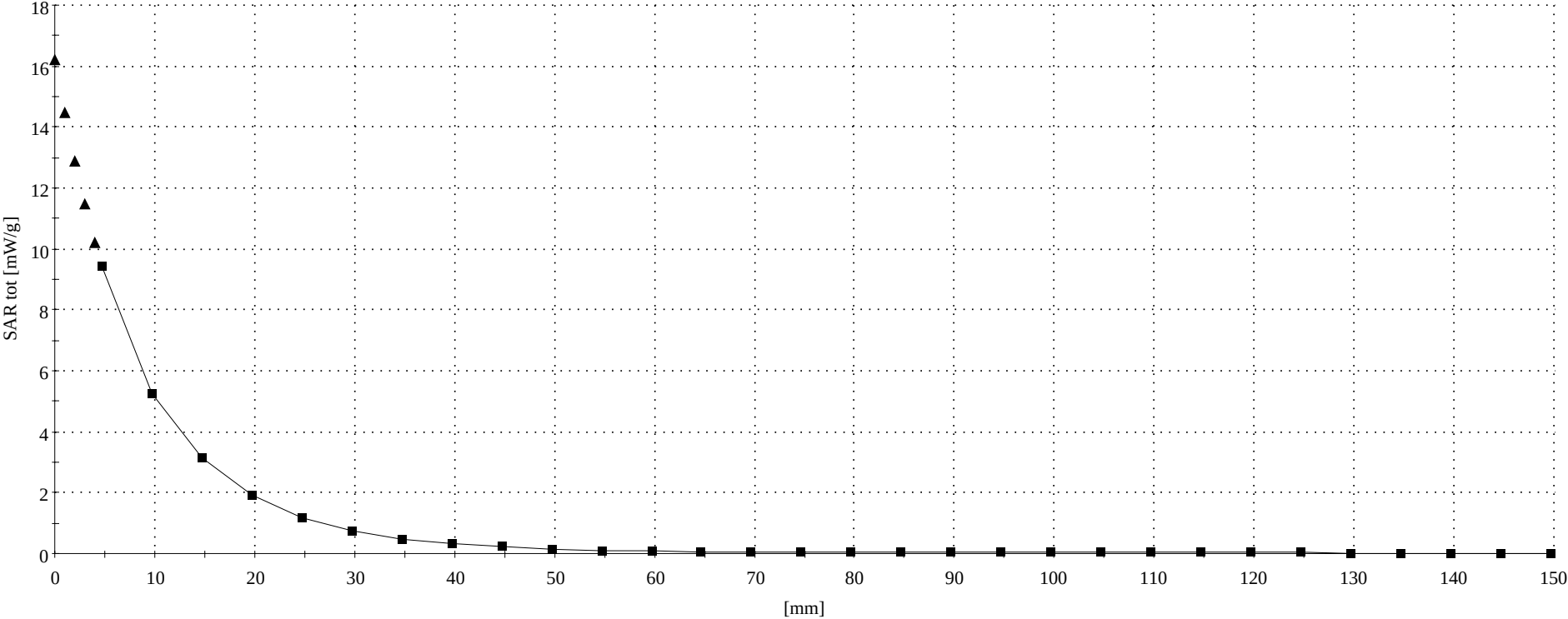
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.5

R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) ;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 8.9 (8.5, 9.7) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80

Forward Power = 250 Reflected Power = -22.95

Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.1

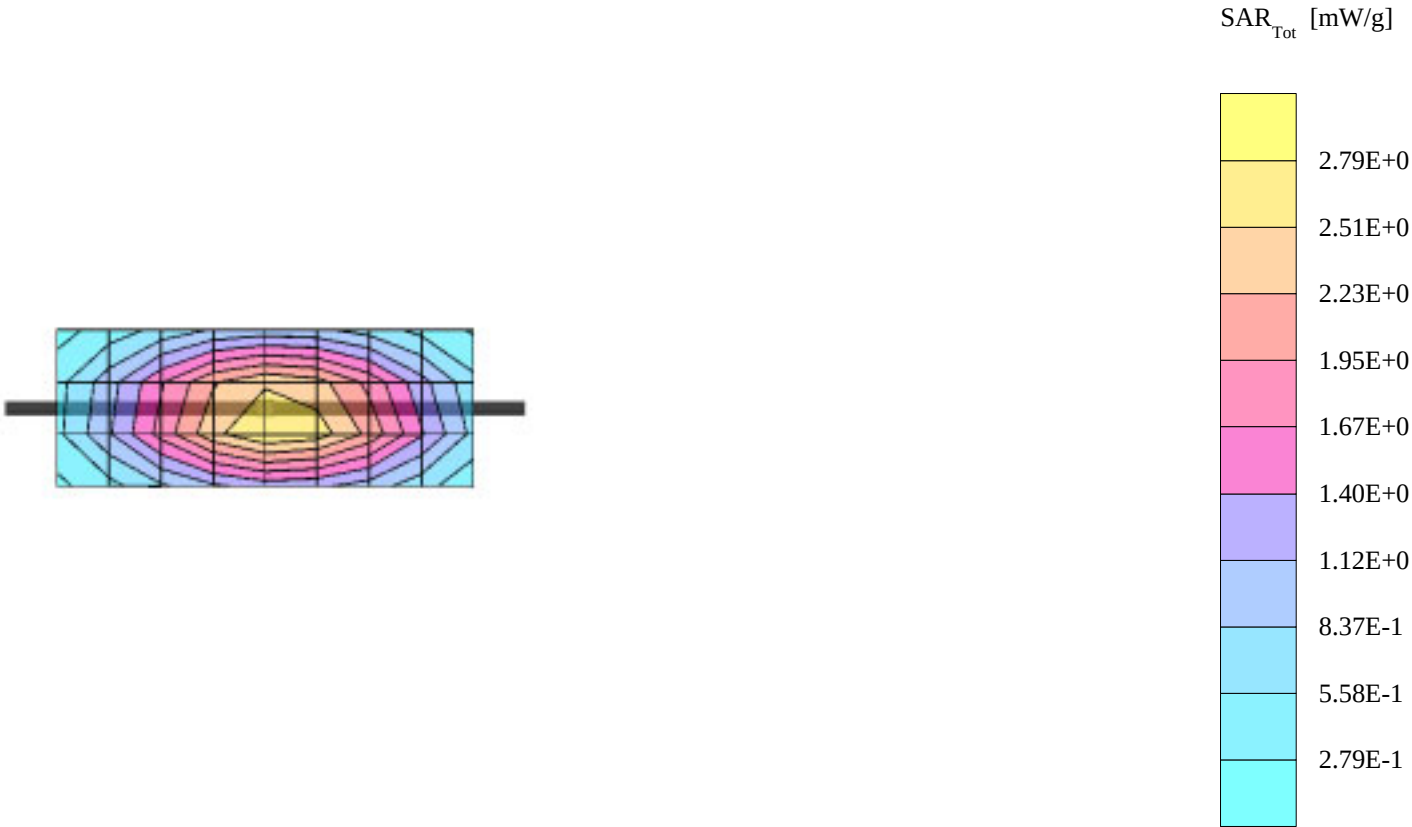
R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.65 mW/g $\pm$ 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 2.96 mW/g $\pm$ 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.89 mW/g $\pm$ 0.03 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.1 (11.2, 13.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.04 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80

Forward Power = 250 Reflected Power = -22.95

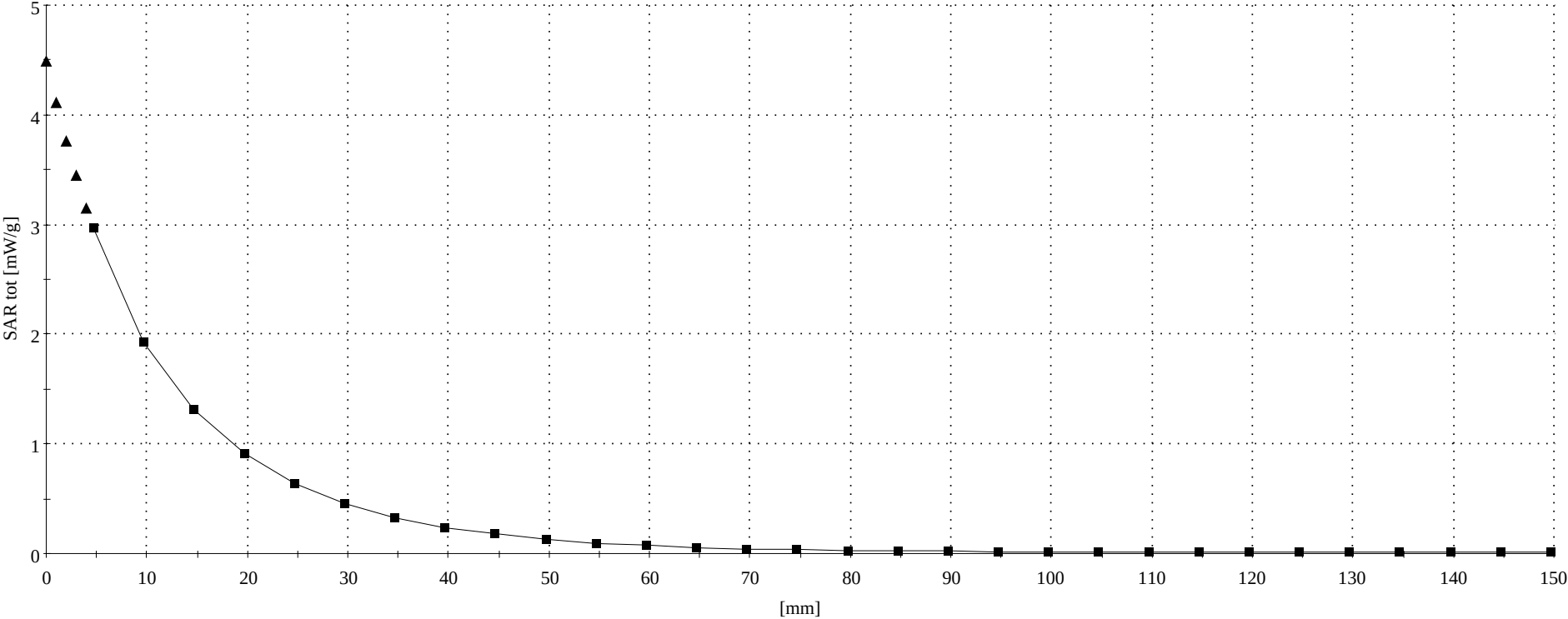
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.1

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.5, 13.2) [mm]



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 277tr / Forward Power =250
Room Temp at time of measurement = 23 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.9

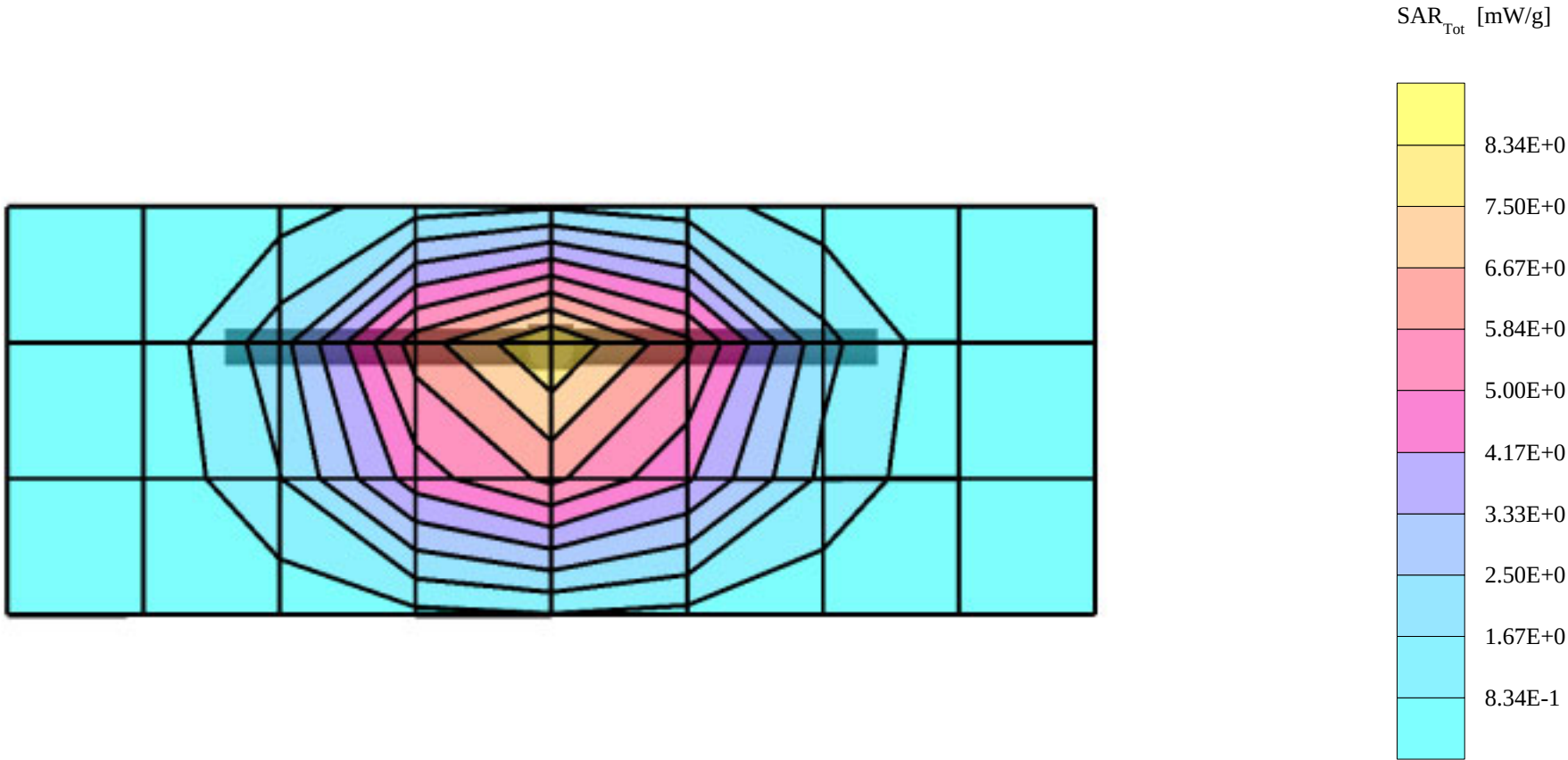
R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) ; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 16.5 mW/g $\pm$ 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 9.19 mW/g $\pm$ 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 4.91 mW/g $\pm$ 0.07 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.9 (8.5, 9.6) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.04 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 80

Forward Power = 249 Reflected Power =-22.52

Room Temp at time of measurement = 23c Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.9

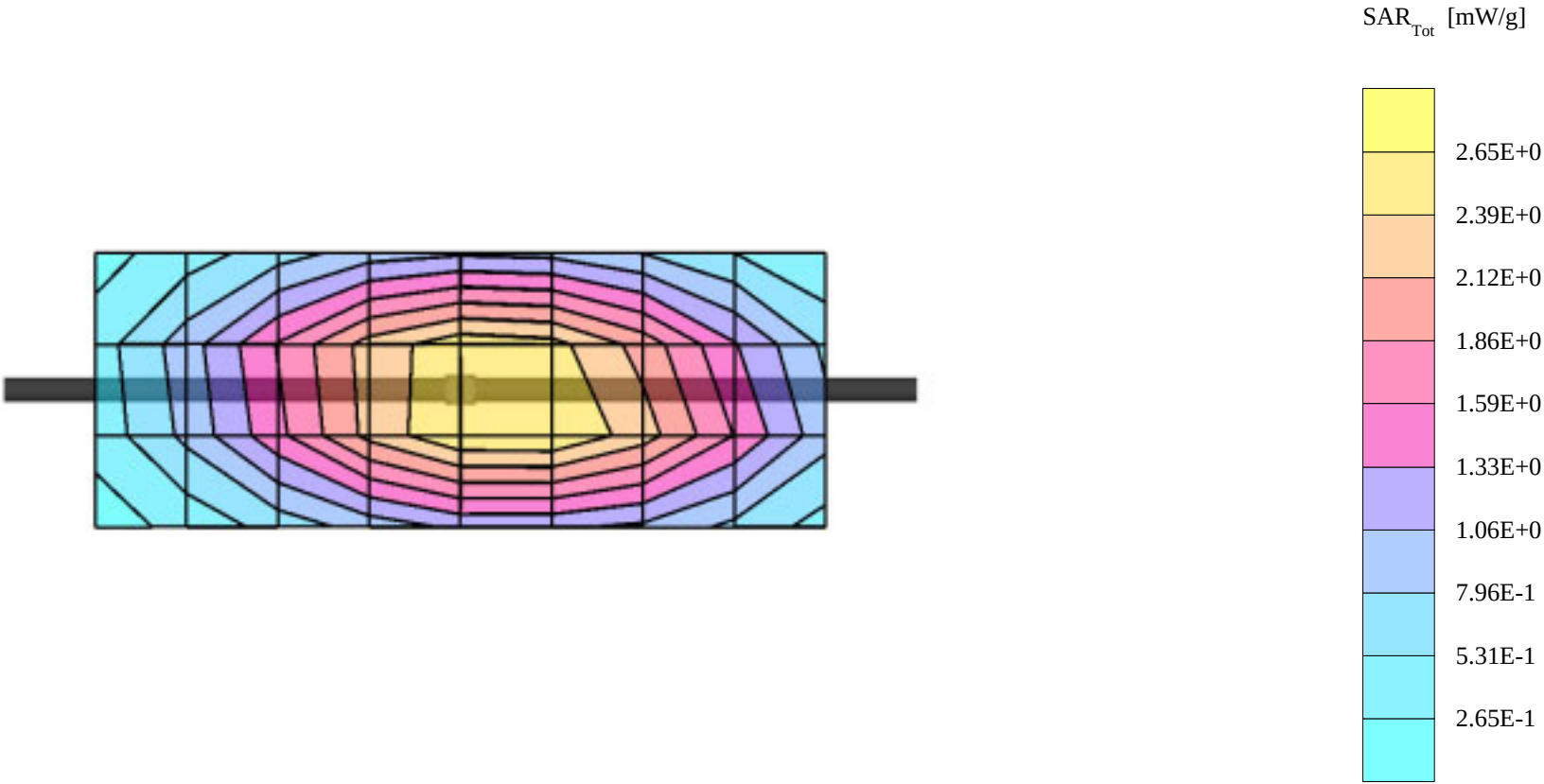
R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) ; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - Validation; ConvF(6.35,6.35,6.35); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.64 mW/g $\pm$ 0.06 dB, SAR (1g): 2.93 mW/g $\pm$ 0.05 dB, SAR (10g): 1.88 mW/g $\pm$ 0.05 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.3, 13.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.05 dB



Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

s/n 52DE6413

Ch#991 / Pwr Step: 2 / Antenna Position:EXT / Type of Modulation: Analog / Battery Model #: SNN 5588A

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek Touch

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 824 MHz

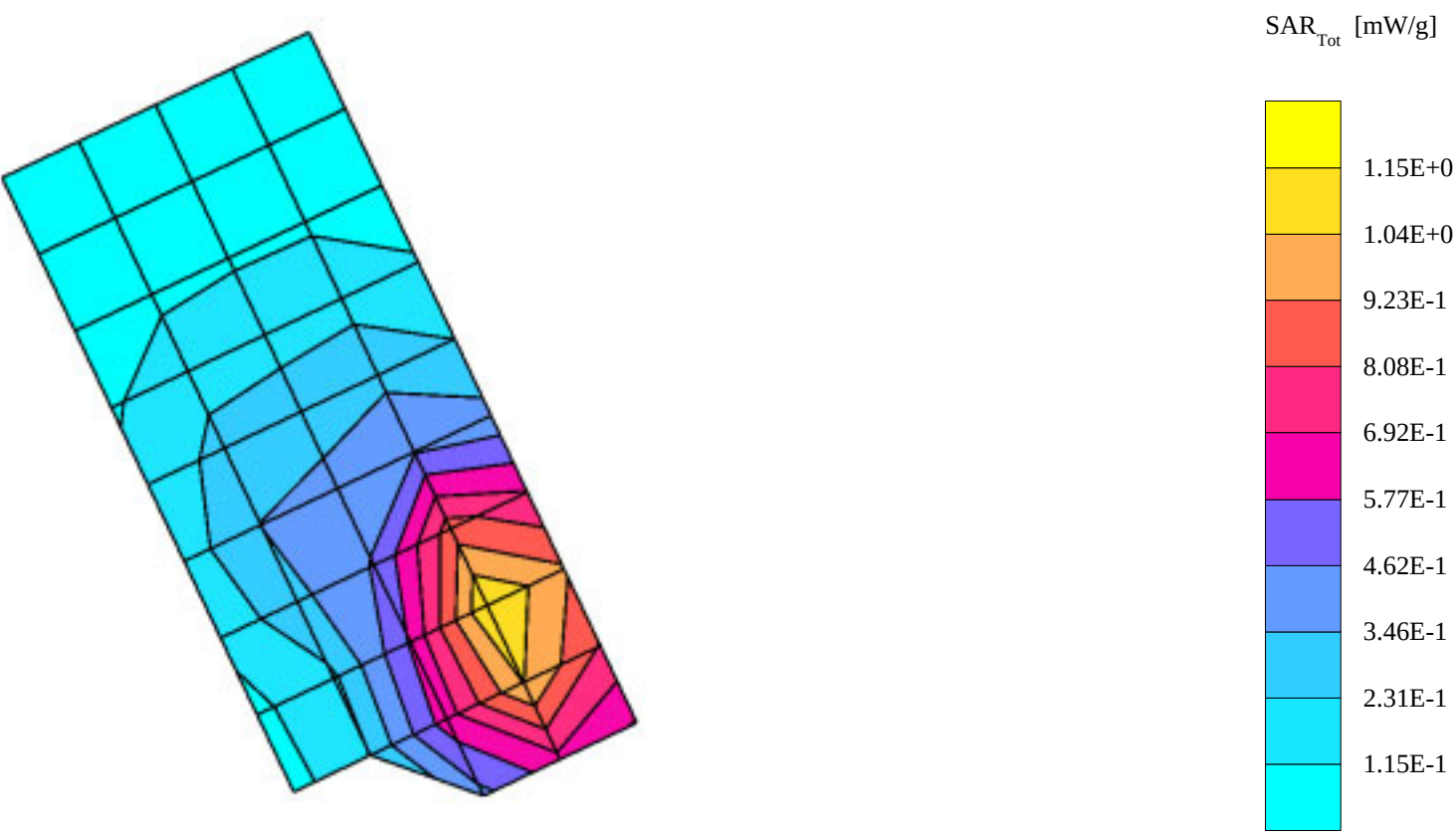
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.28 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

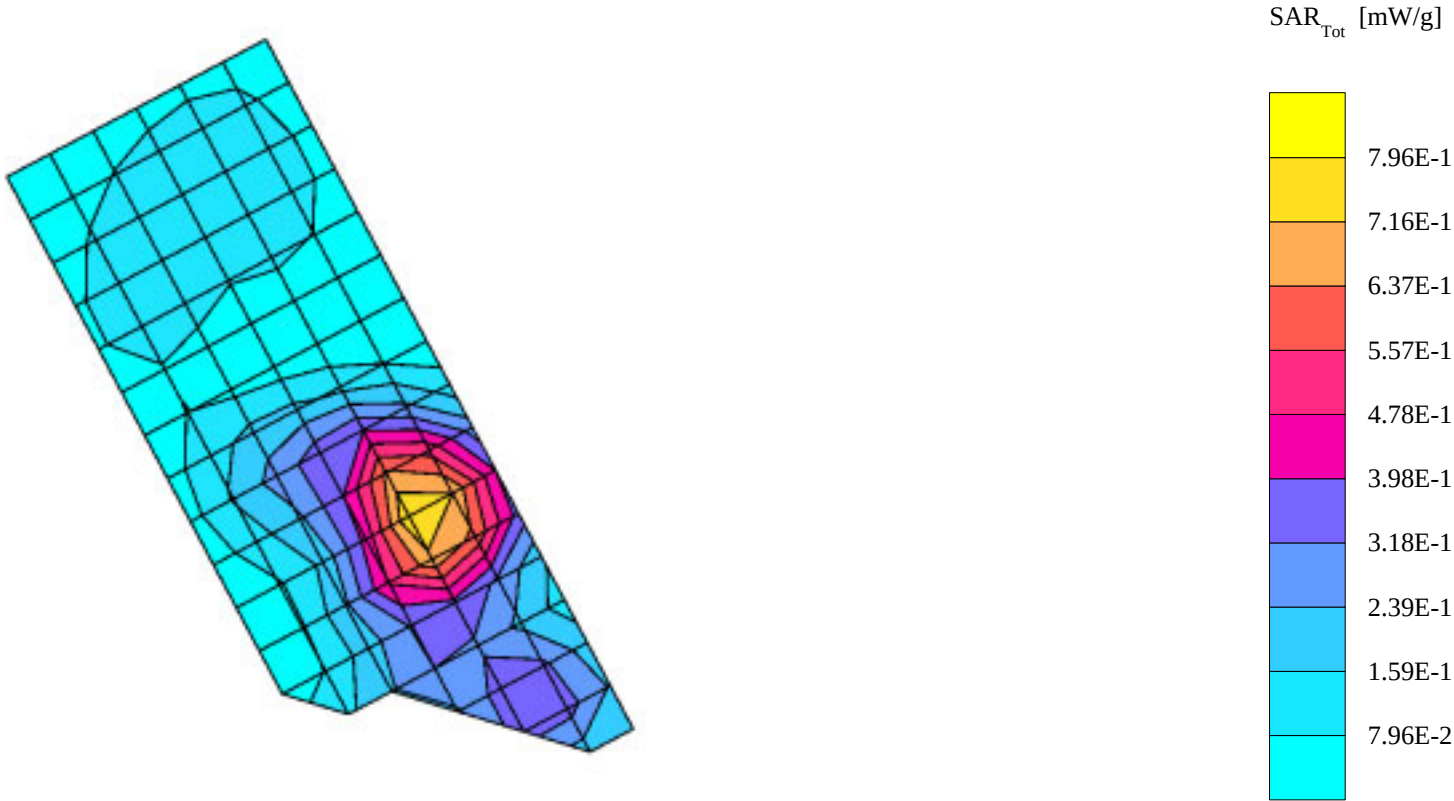
Penetration depth: 14.3 (12.4, 16.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.10 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ext.
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A
DEVICE POSITION: Cheek
R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) Phantom; R2 Lisa Right Head Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.800 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 10.1 (9.8, 10.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.16 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 799 / Pwr Step: 2 / Antenna Position: RET

Type of Modulation: Analog / Battery Model #: SNN 5588A

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek Touch

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 848 MHz

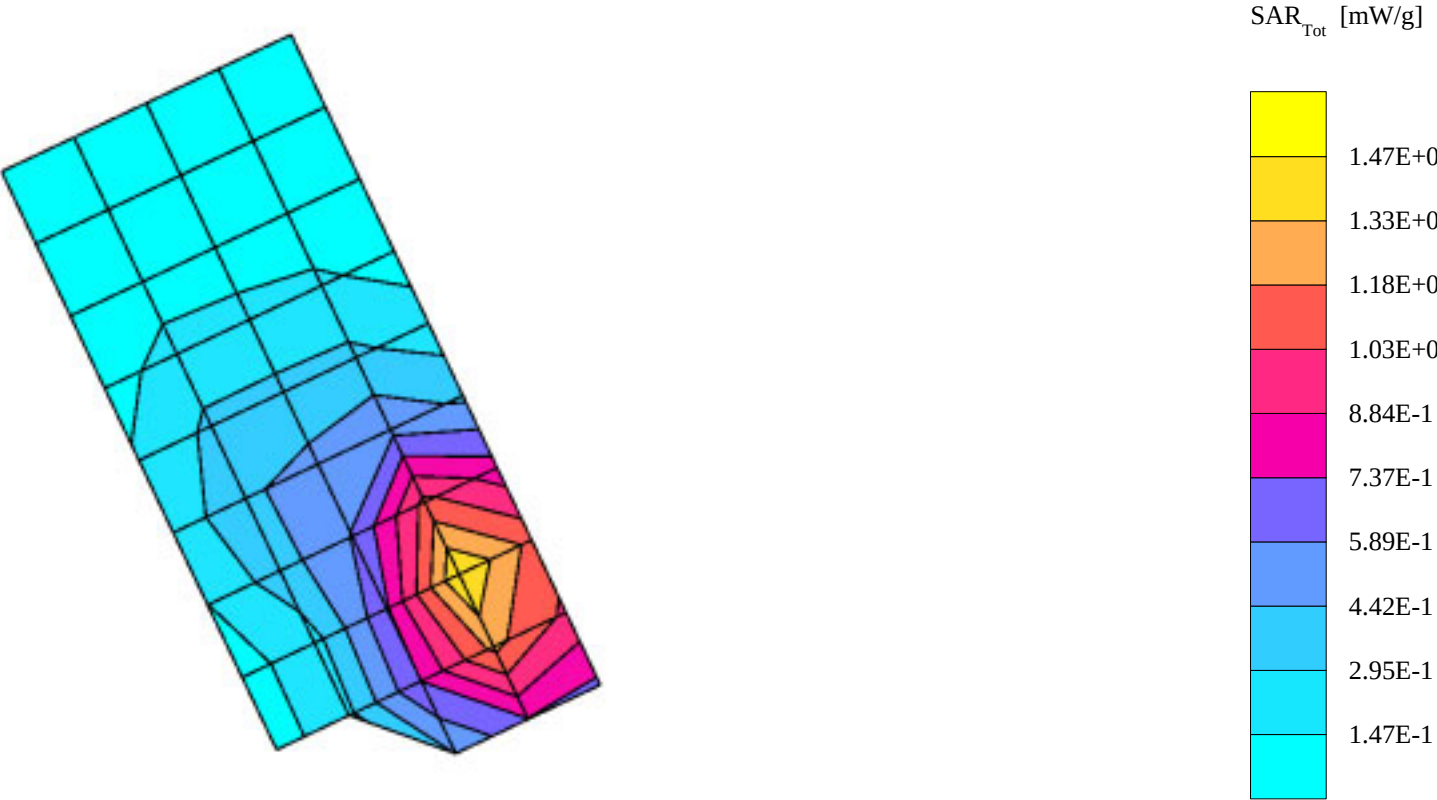
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.53 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 14.9 (13.6, 16.7) [mm]

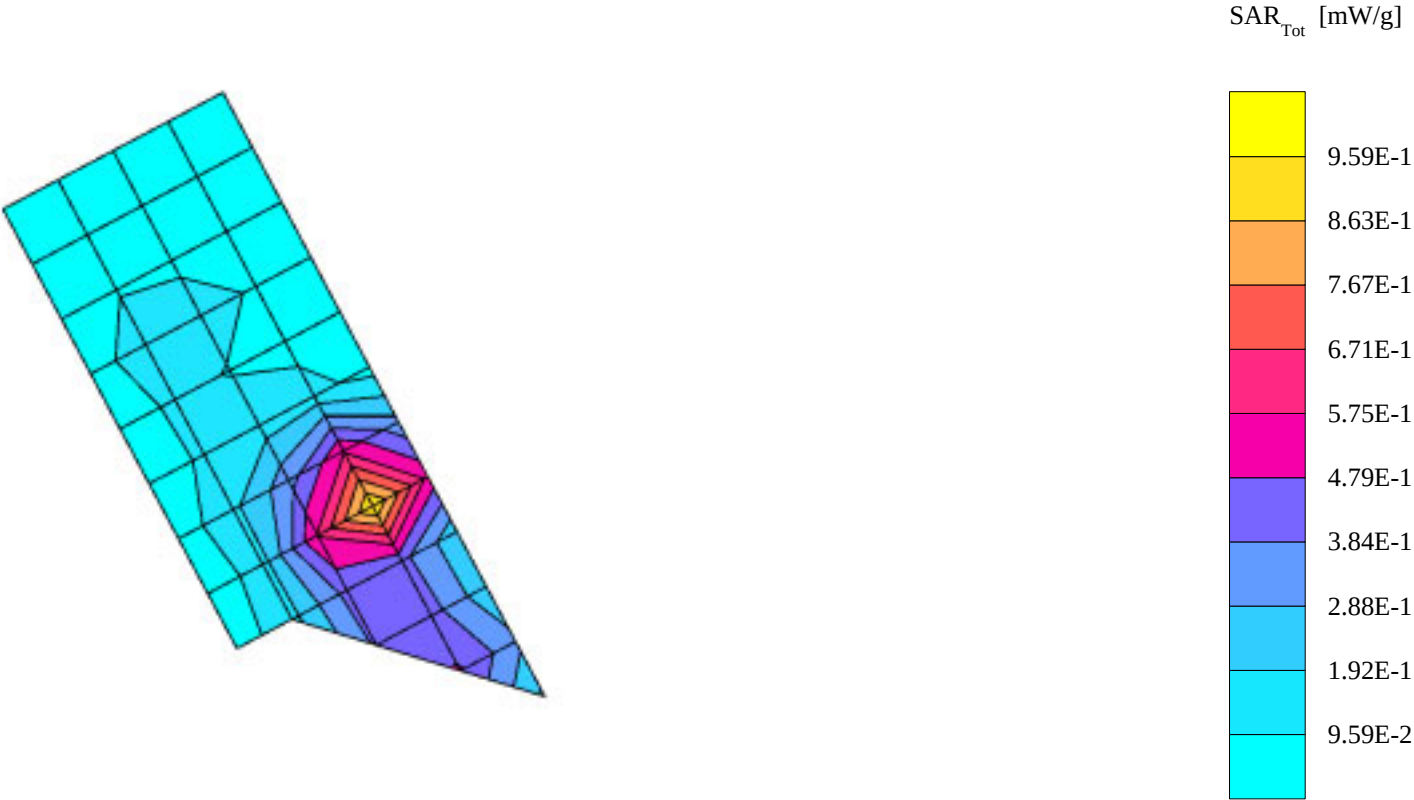
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step:Always up / Antenna Position:Retracted
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A
DEVICE POSITION : Cheek

R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) Phantom; R2 Lisa Right Head Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.0$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.936 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 10.0 (9.6, 10.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.15 dB



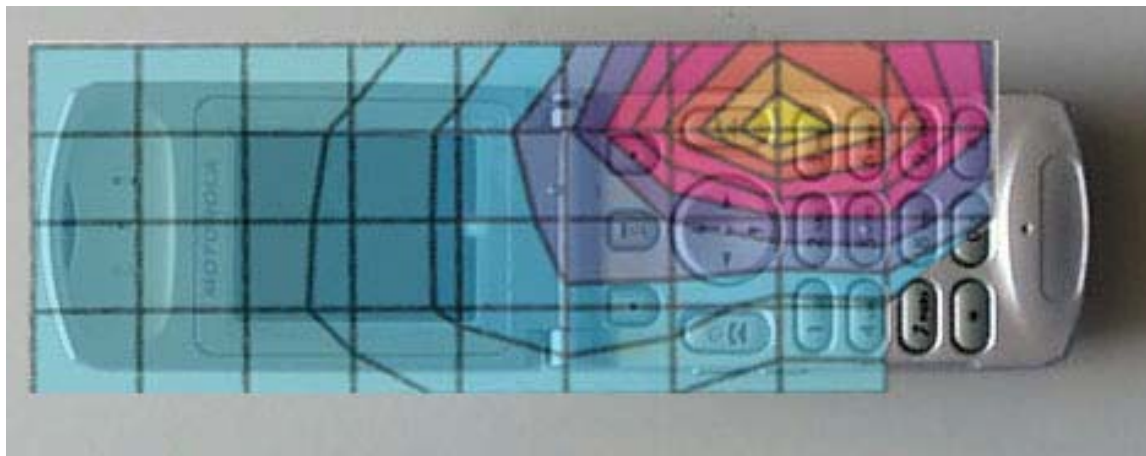


Figure 1. Typical 800MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)



Figure 2. Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

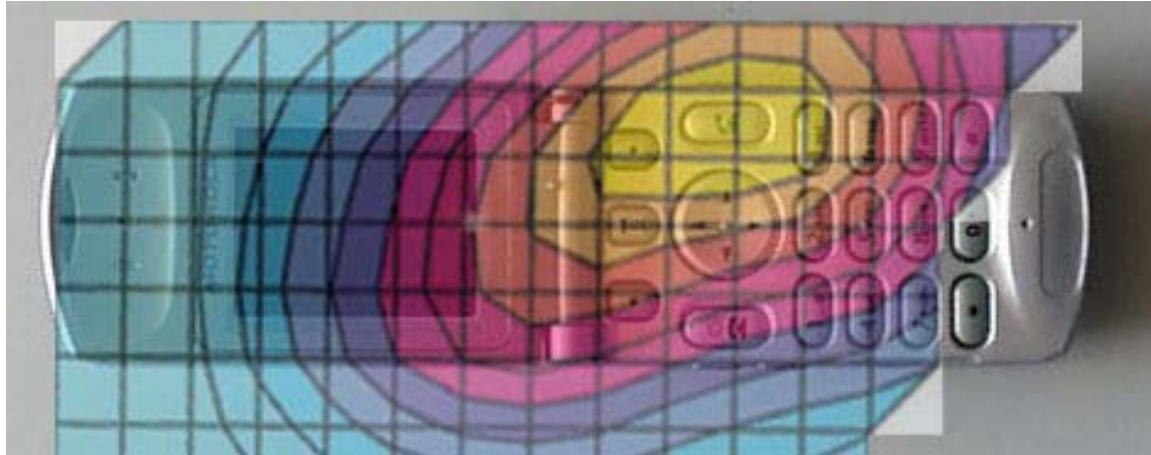


Figure 3. Typical 800MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

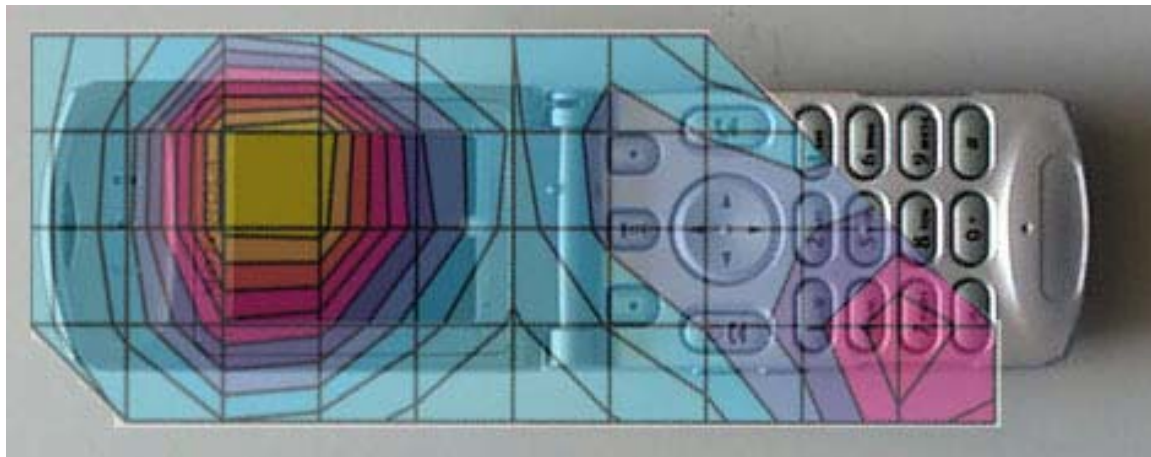


Figure 4. Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step:2 / Antenna Position:Ext

Type of Modulation: Analog / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Test Position; 15 Degree Tilt

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

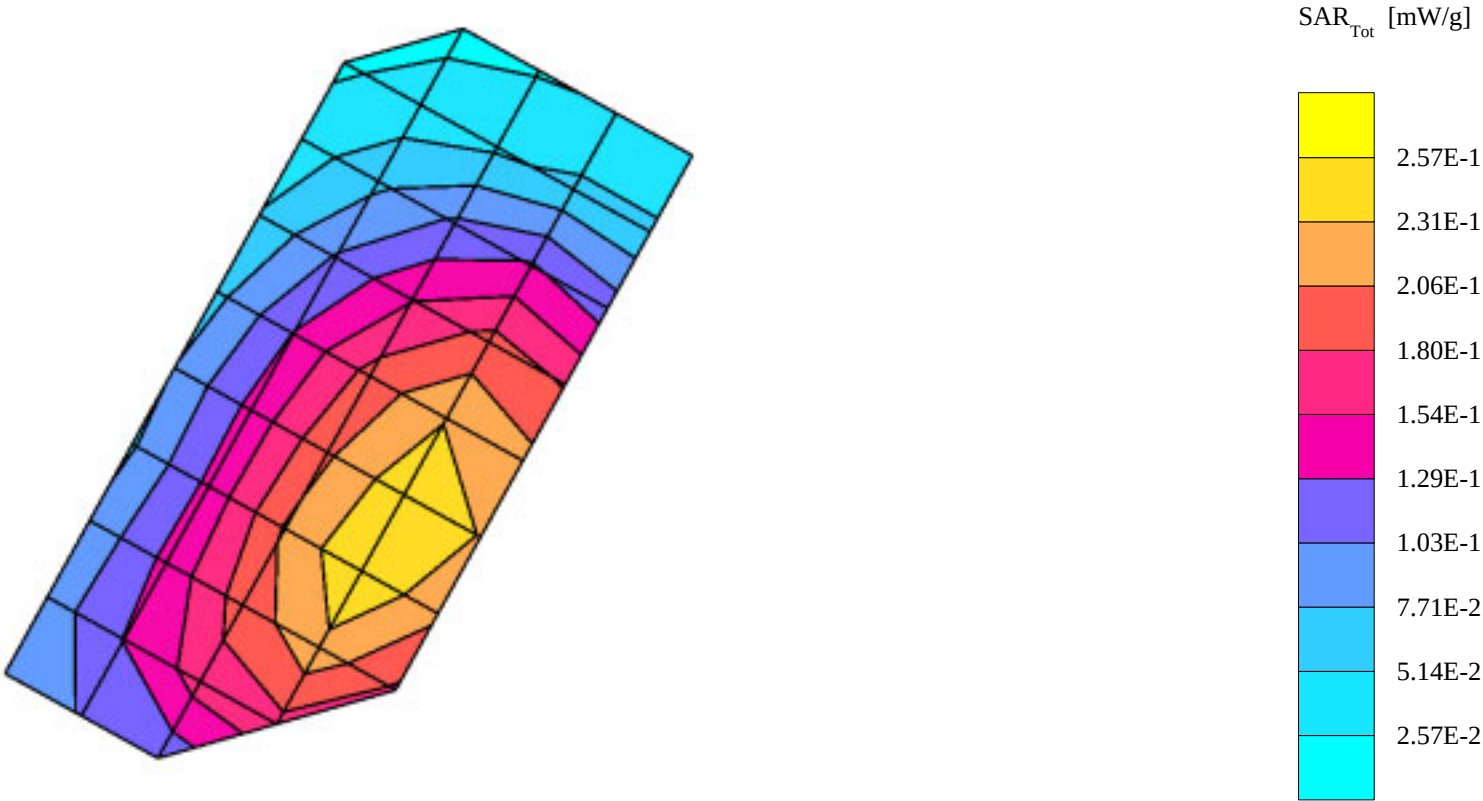
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.262 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 18.5 (16.7, 20.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.14 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ext.

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

DEVICE POSITION: 15 Degree Tilt

R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) Phantom; R2 Bart Left Head Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

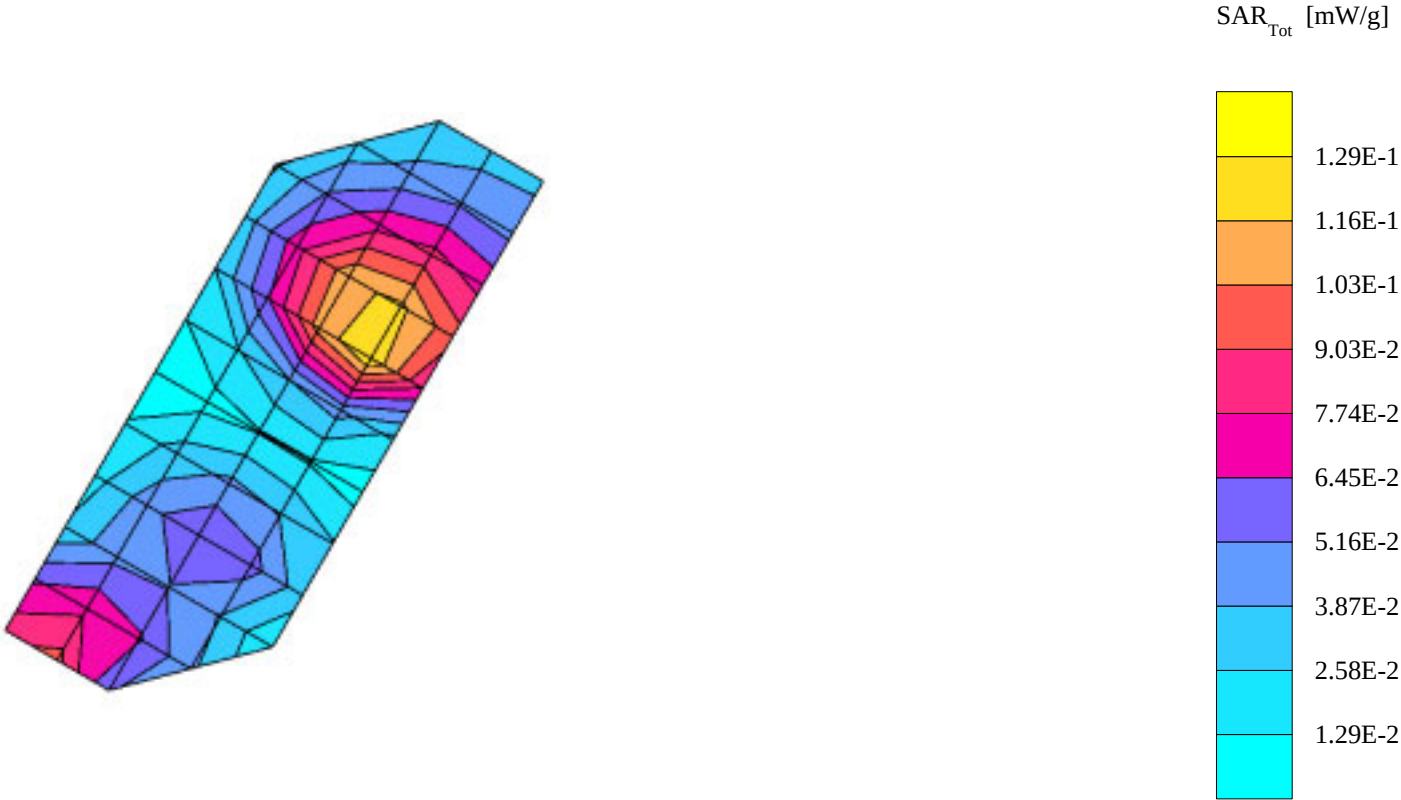
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.141 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 10.4 (10.0, 11.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.00 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ext. 2nd hot spot scan

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

DEVICE POSITION: 15 Degree Tilt

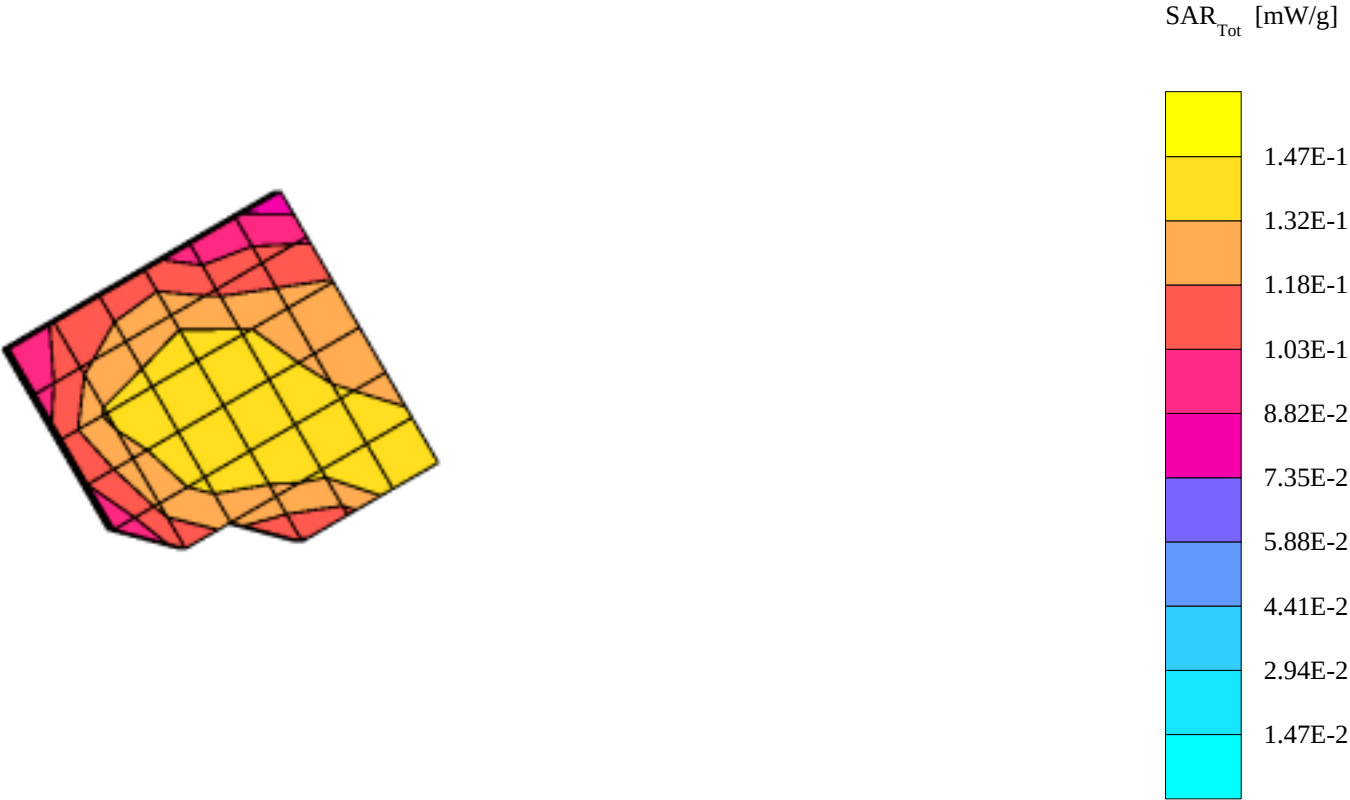
R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) Phantom; R2 Bart Left Head Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.0942 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Cube 7x7x7: Dx = 5.0, Dy = 5.0, Dz = 5.0

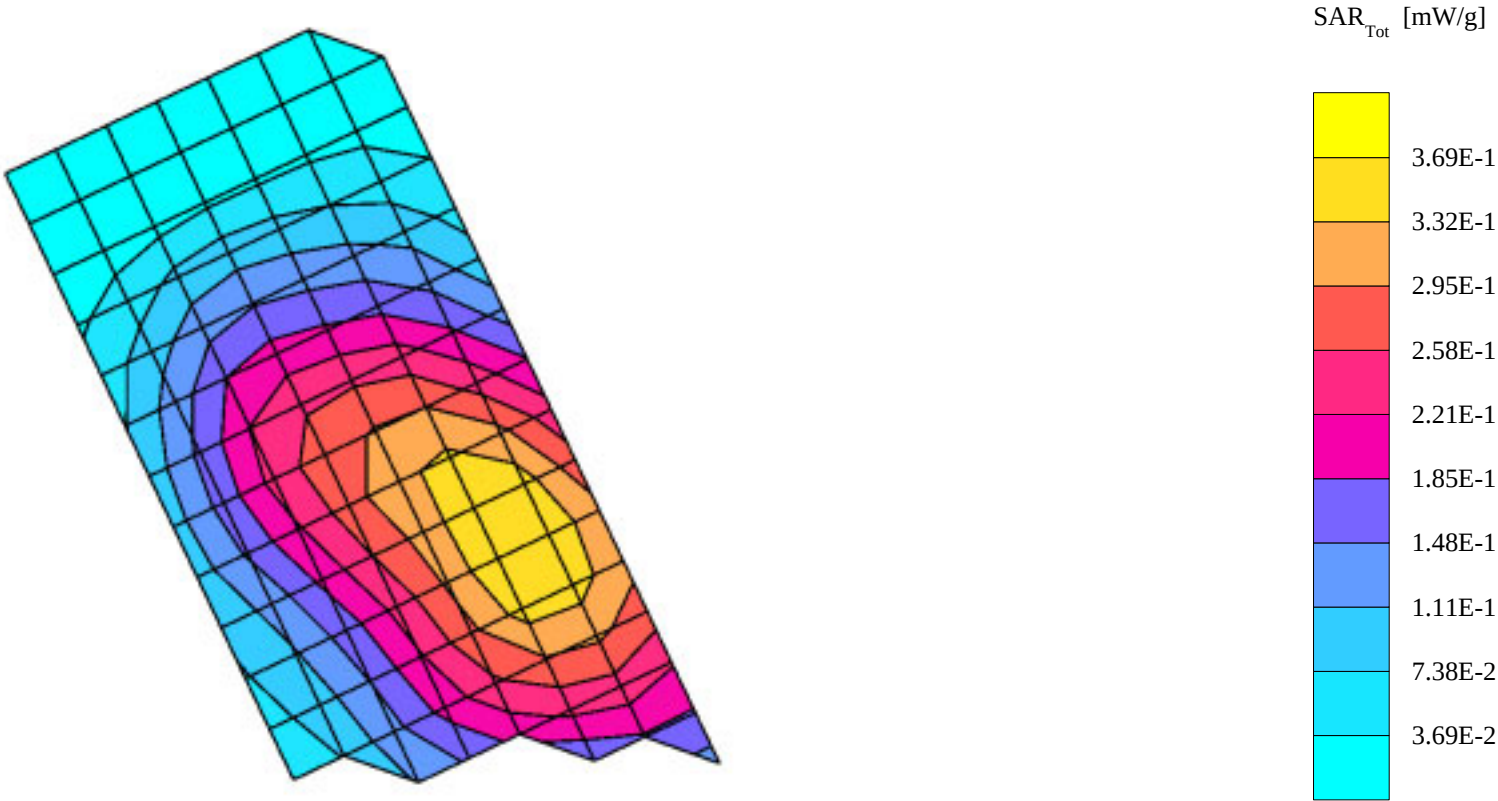
Penetration depth: 12.8 (10.9, 15.3) [mm]



s/n 52DE6413

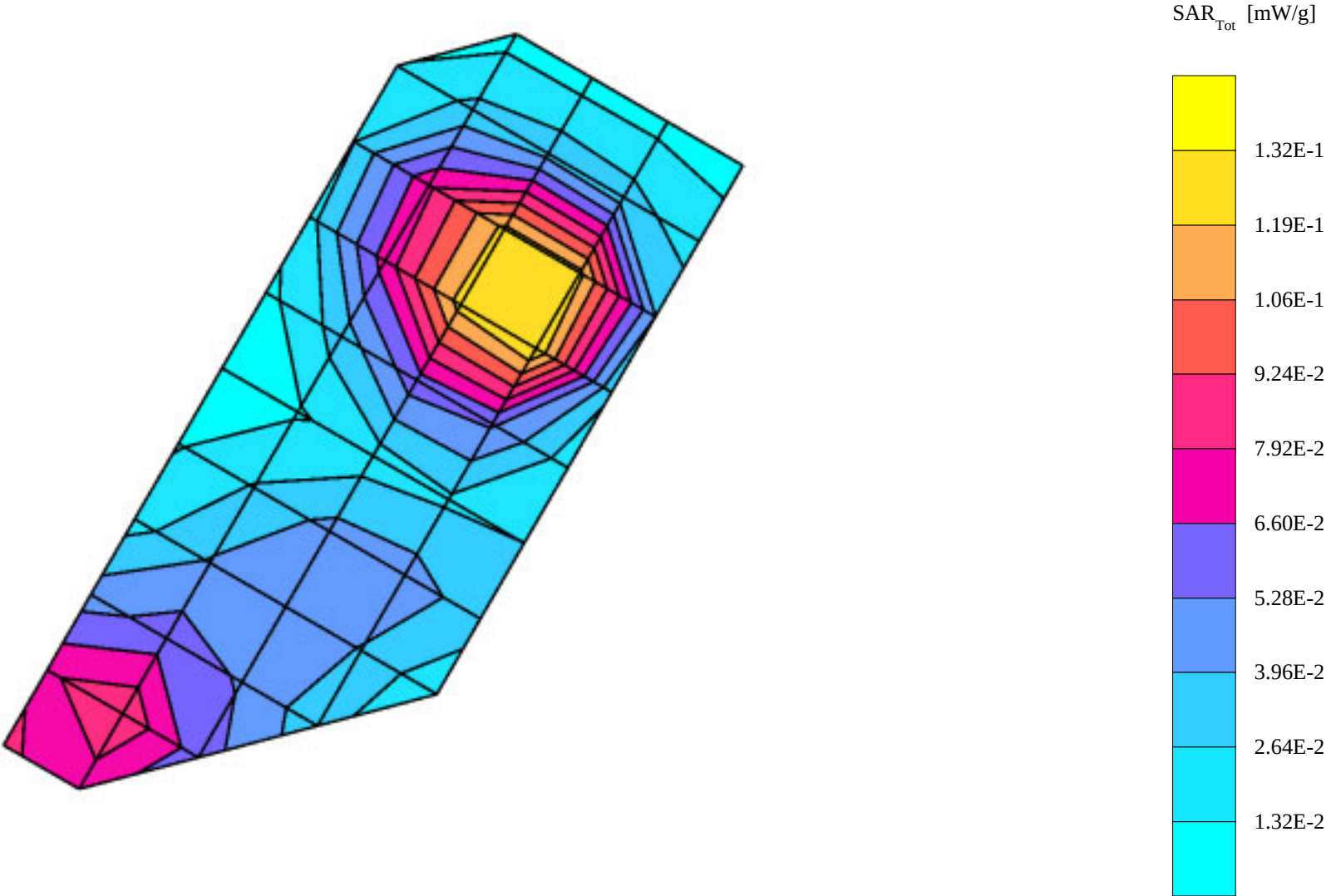
Ch# 384 / Pwr Step:2 / Antenna Position: RET
Type of Modulation: Analog / Battery Model #: SNN5588A
Test Posiiton: 15 Degree Tilt

R1: TP-1005 SUGAR (rev. 3) Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.364 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 19.4 (17.2, 22.1) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.06 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ret
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A
DEVICE POSITION: 15 Degree Tilt
R1: TP-1085 GLYCOL (rev. 3) Phantom; R2 Bart Left Head Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.41,5.41,5.41); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.152 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 11.4 (10.9, 12.2) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 799 / Pwr Step:02 / Antenna Position:Ret / Test Position: Body Worn

Type of Modulation:800 Analog / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #: 7586679K & # SYN8631A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 848 MHz

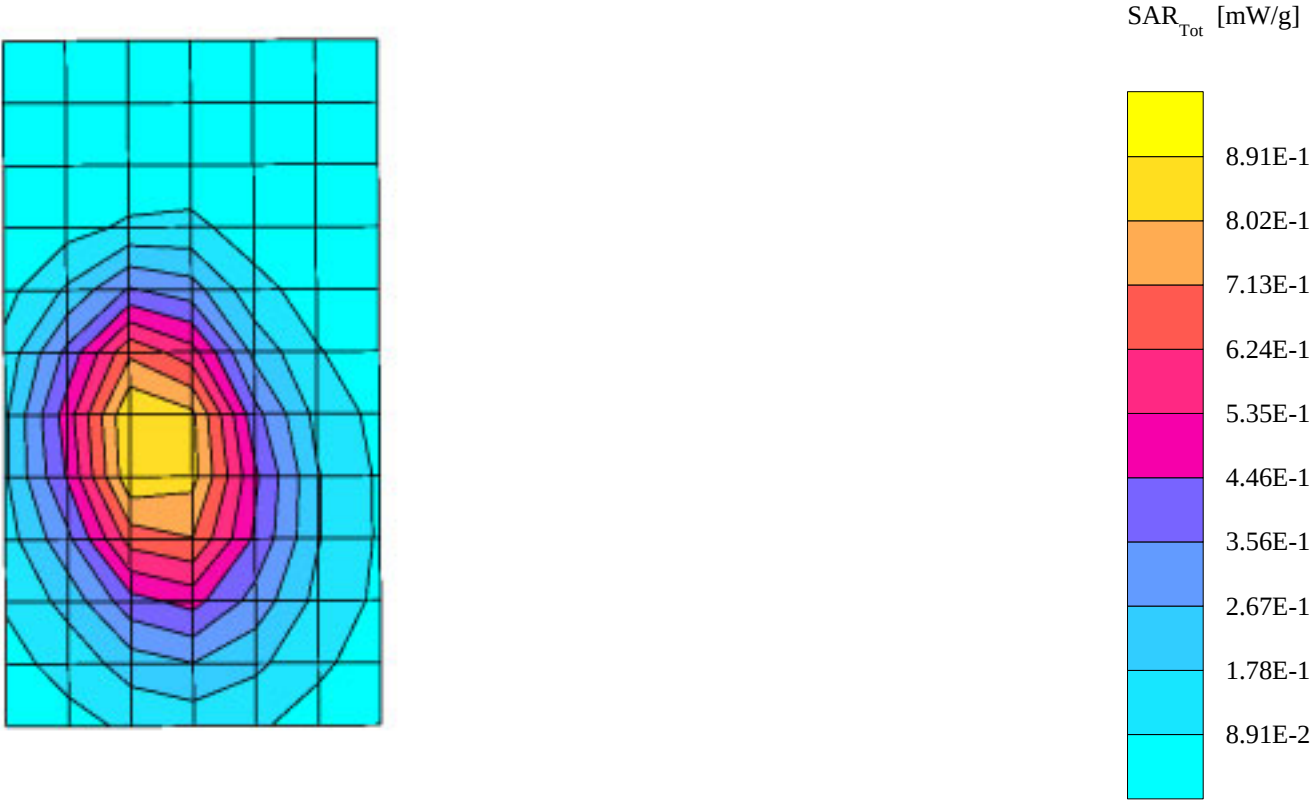
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 53.9$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.975 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 14.5 (14.1, 15.2) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.07 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 799 / Pwr Step: 02 / Antenna Position: RET / Test Position:Body Worn

Type of Modulation: Analog / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #:CYN4346A & #SYN8631A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 849 MHz

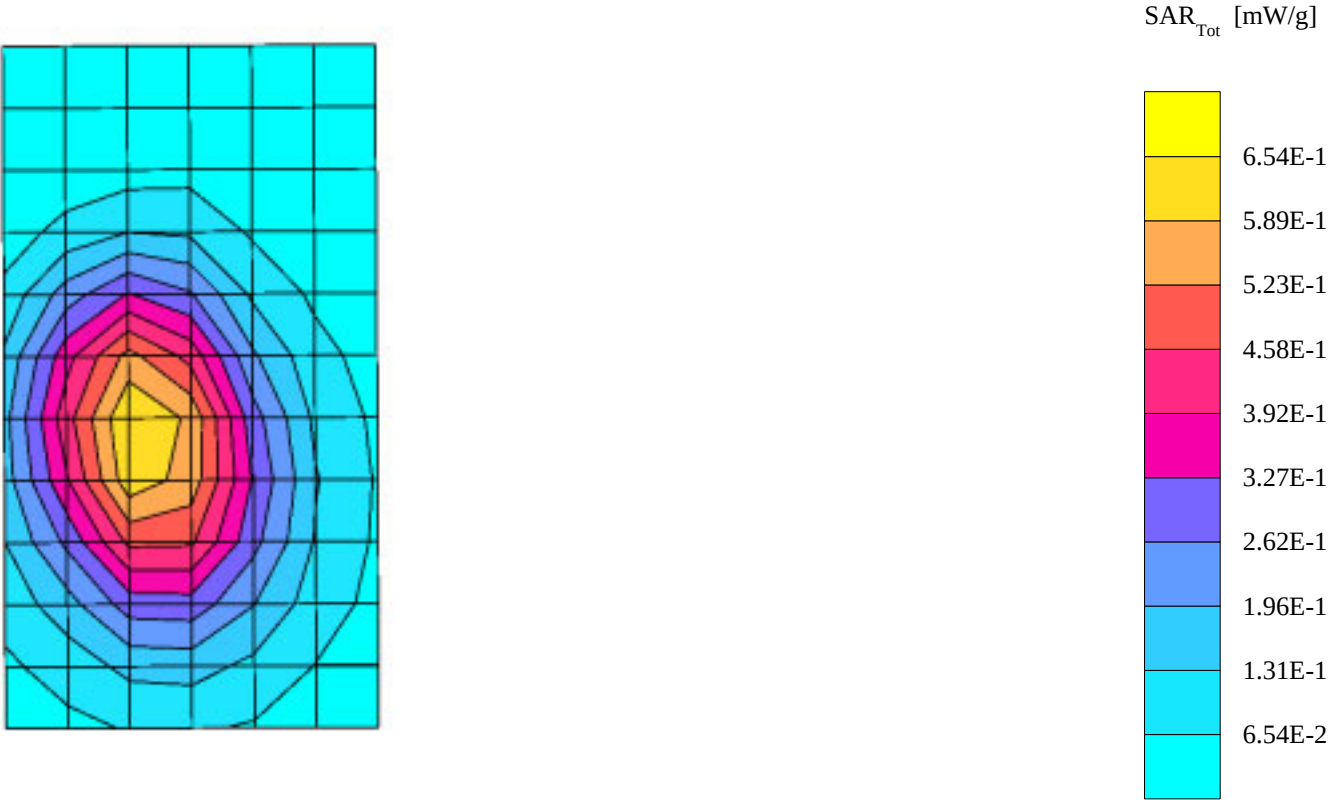
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 54.7$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.694 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 15.5 (15.4, 16.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.24 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch#799 / Pwr Step:02 / Antenna Position:RET / Test Position: Body Worn

Type of Modulation:800 Analog / Battery Model # SNN5588A

Accessory Model #: 7586679K & #SYN8763A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 849 MHz

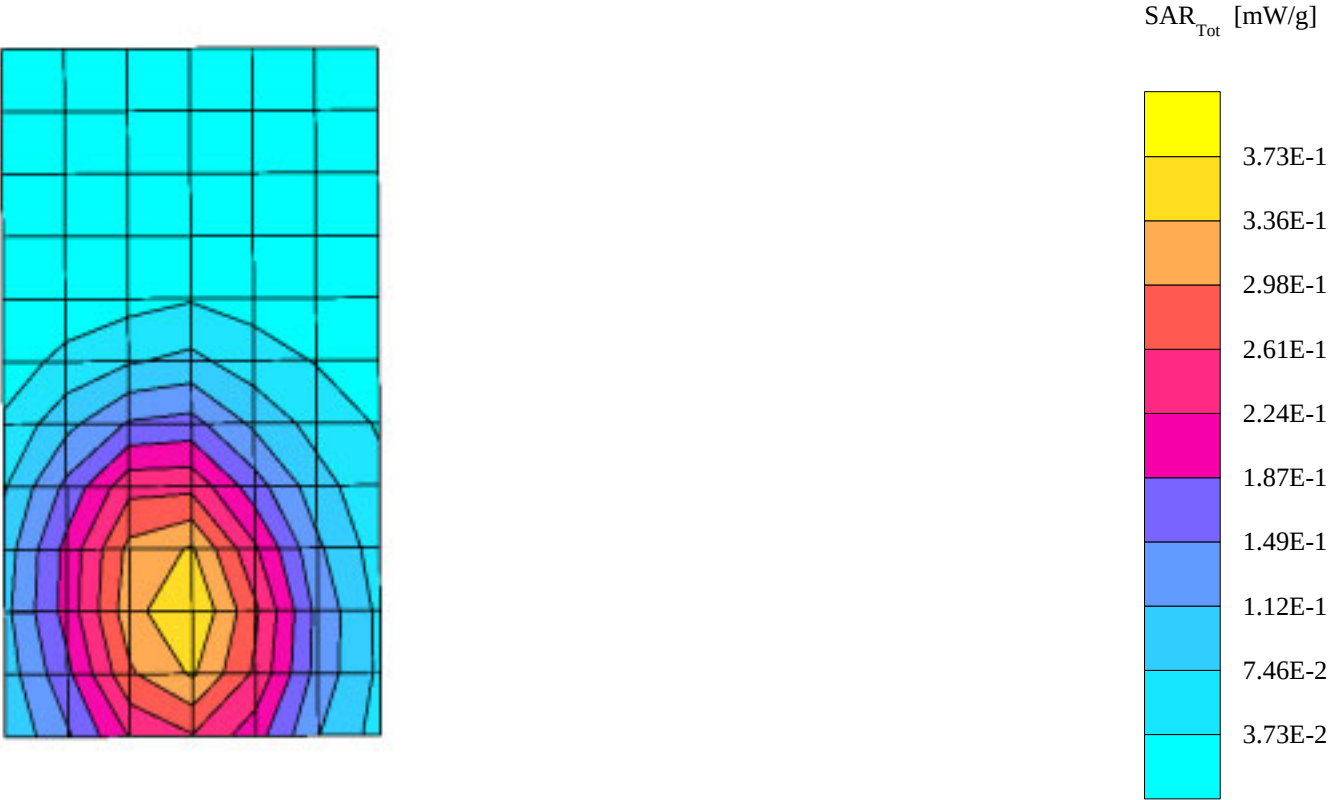
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 53.9$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.374 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 17.2 (16.7, 18.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.13 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 799 / Pwr Step: 02 / Antenna Position: Ret / Test Position: Body-Worn

Type of Modulation: Analog Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8763A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 848 MHz

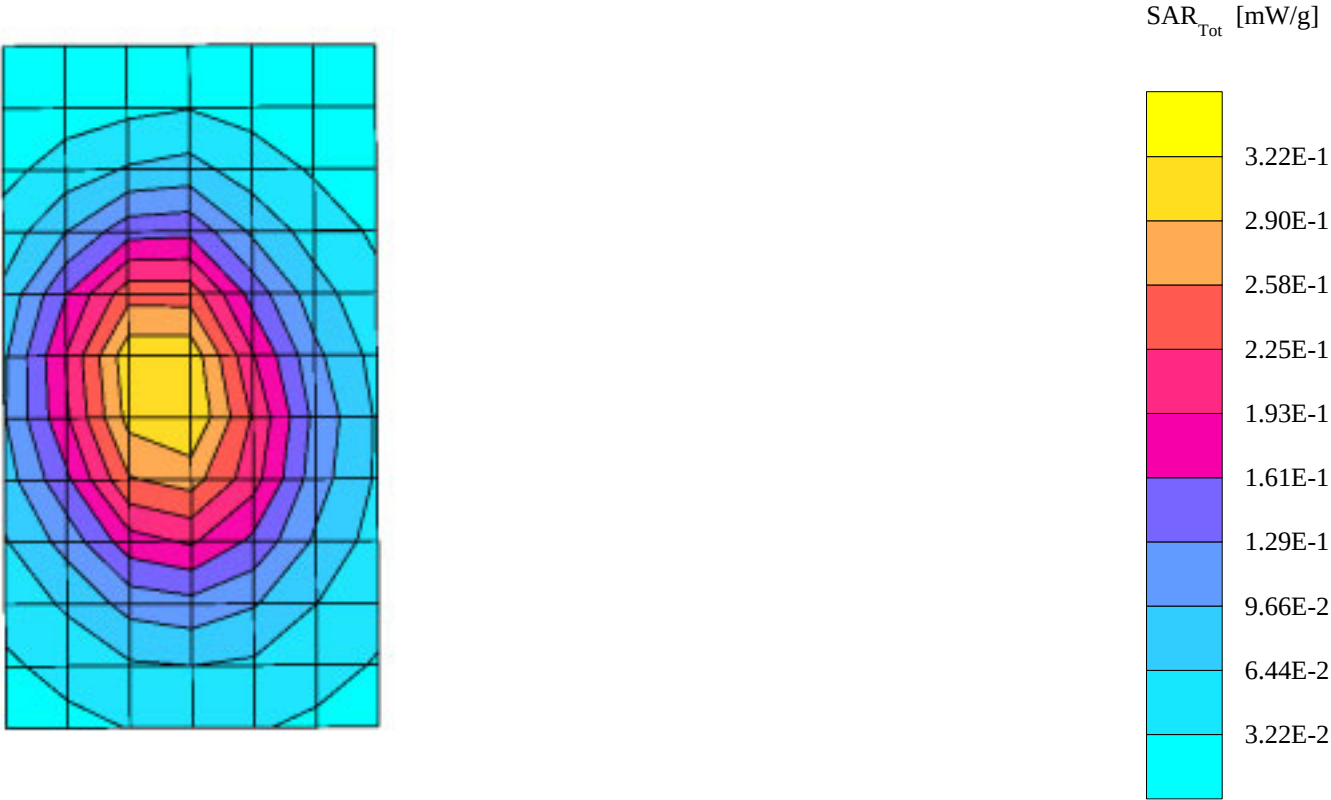
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 54.7$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

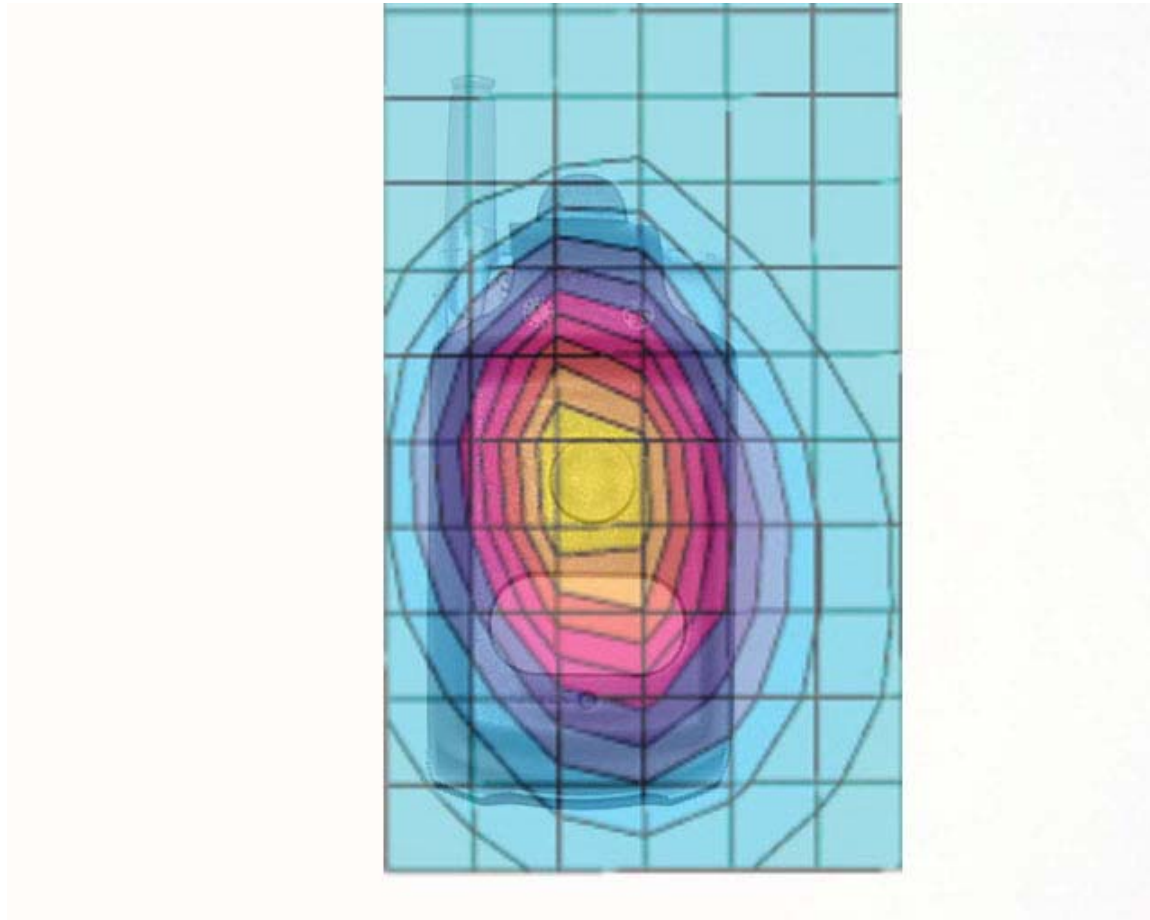
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.344 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 15.5 (14.3, 17.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.17 dB





Figure

5. Typical 800 MHz Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Retracted

s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position:EXT / Test Position: Body-Worn

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #7586679K & #SYN8631A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

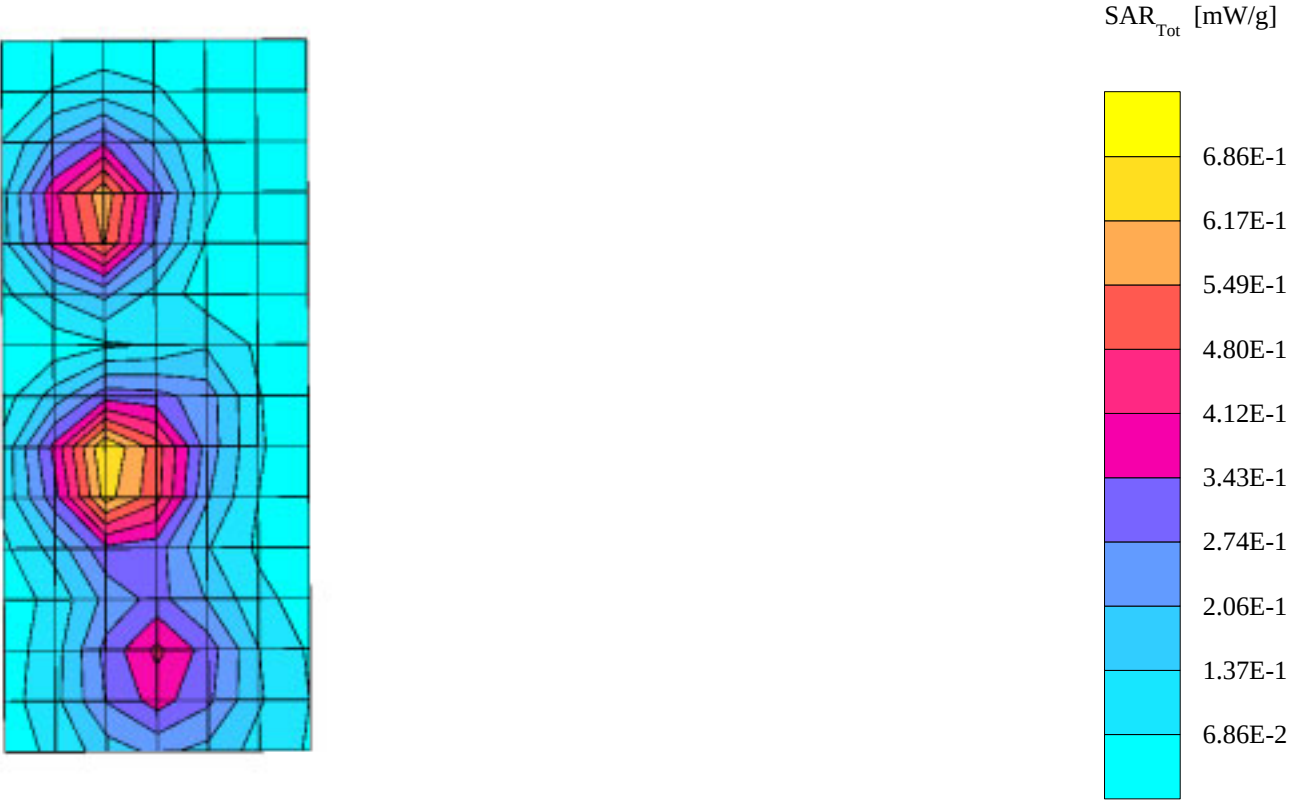
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 52.0$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.712 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 10.0 (9.3, 11.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position:EXT / Test Position: Body-Worn 2nd hot spot scan

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #7586679K & #SYN8631A

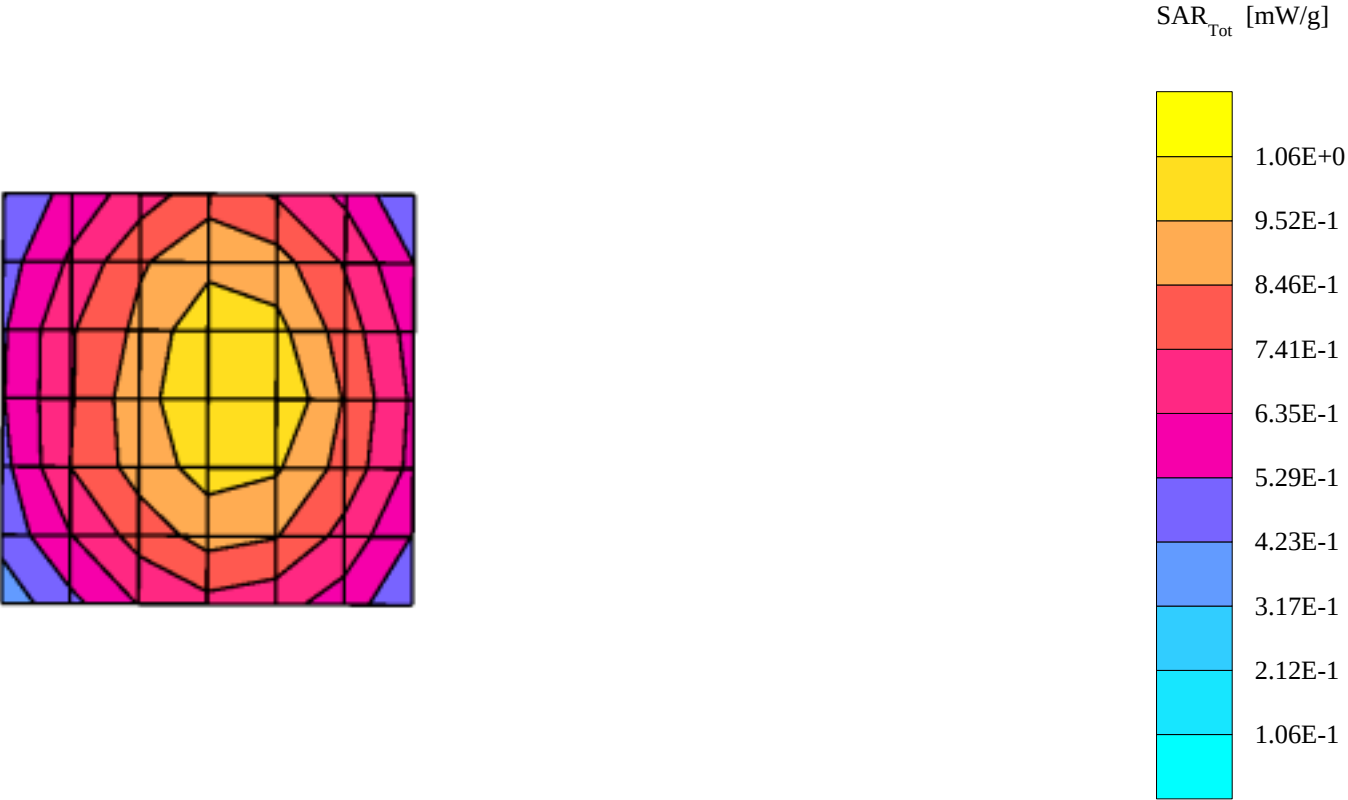
R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 52.0$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.622 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Cube 7x7x7: Dx = 5.0, Dy = 5.0, Dz = 5.0

Penetration depth: 10.2 (9.4, 11.4) [mm]



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ext / Test Position: Body-Worn

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8631A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

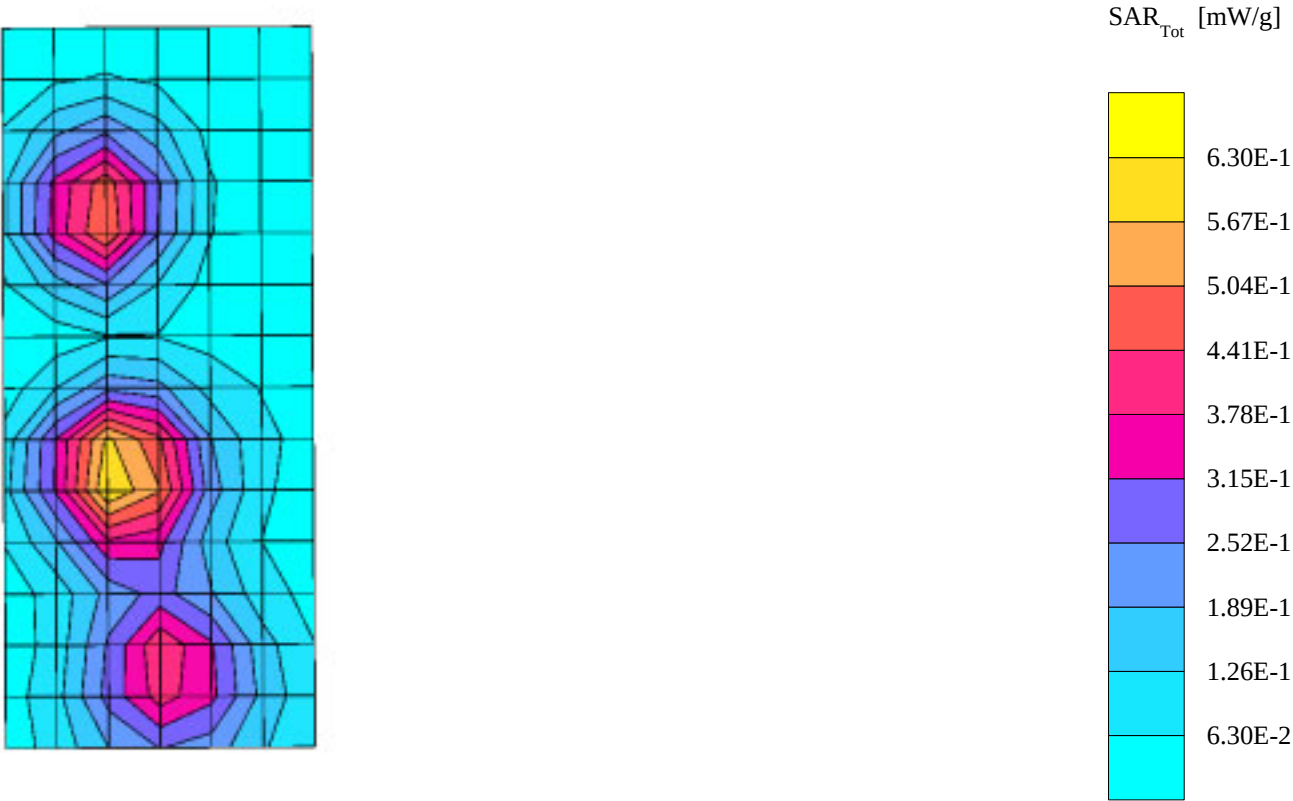
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 51.5$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.653 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 10.2 (9.5, 11.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.03 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ext / Test Position: Body-Worn 2nd hot spot

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8631A

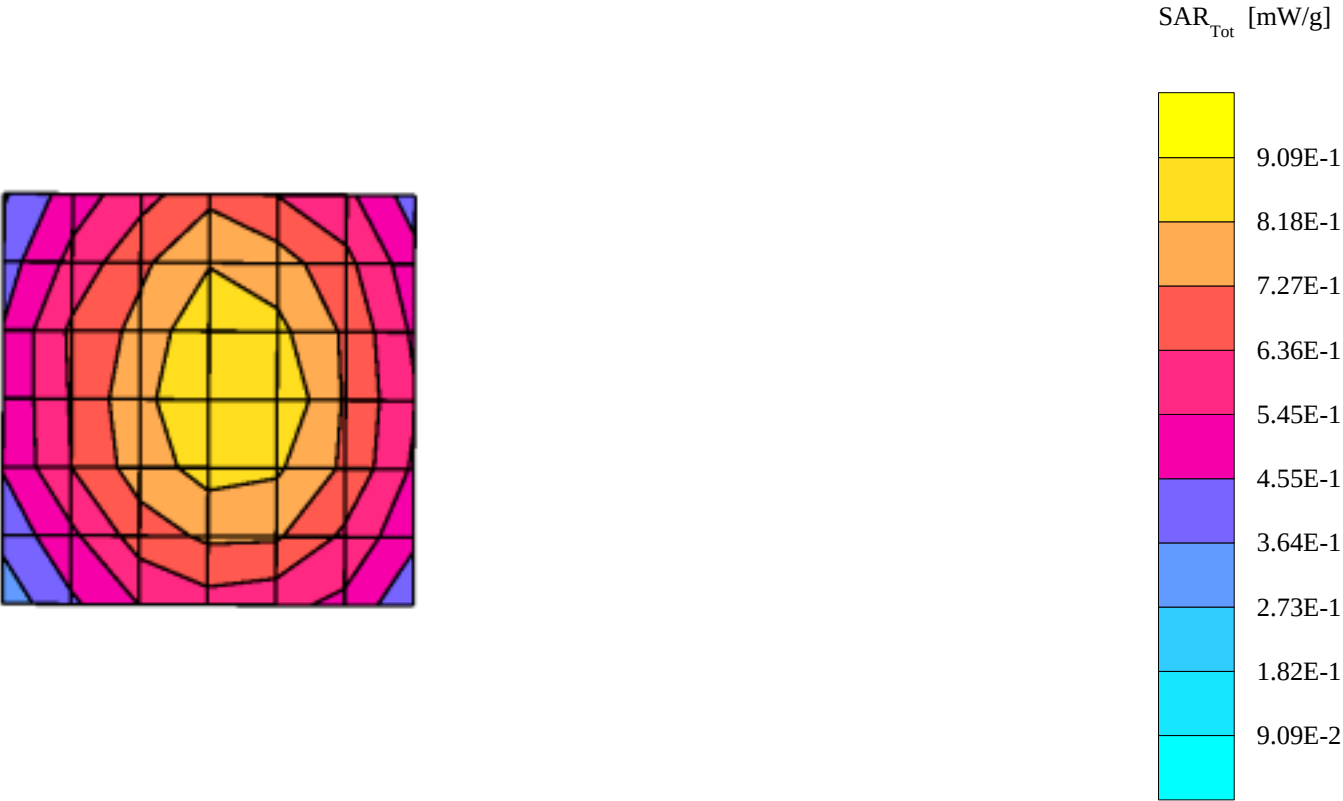
R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 51.5$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.533 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Cube 7x7x7: Dx = 5.0, Dy = 5.0, Dz = 5.0

Penetration depth: 10.1 (9.2, 11.4) [mm]



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position: Ext / Test Position: Body-Worn 3rd hot spot

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8631A

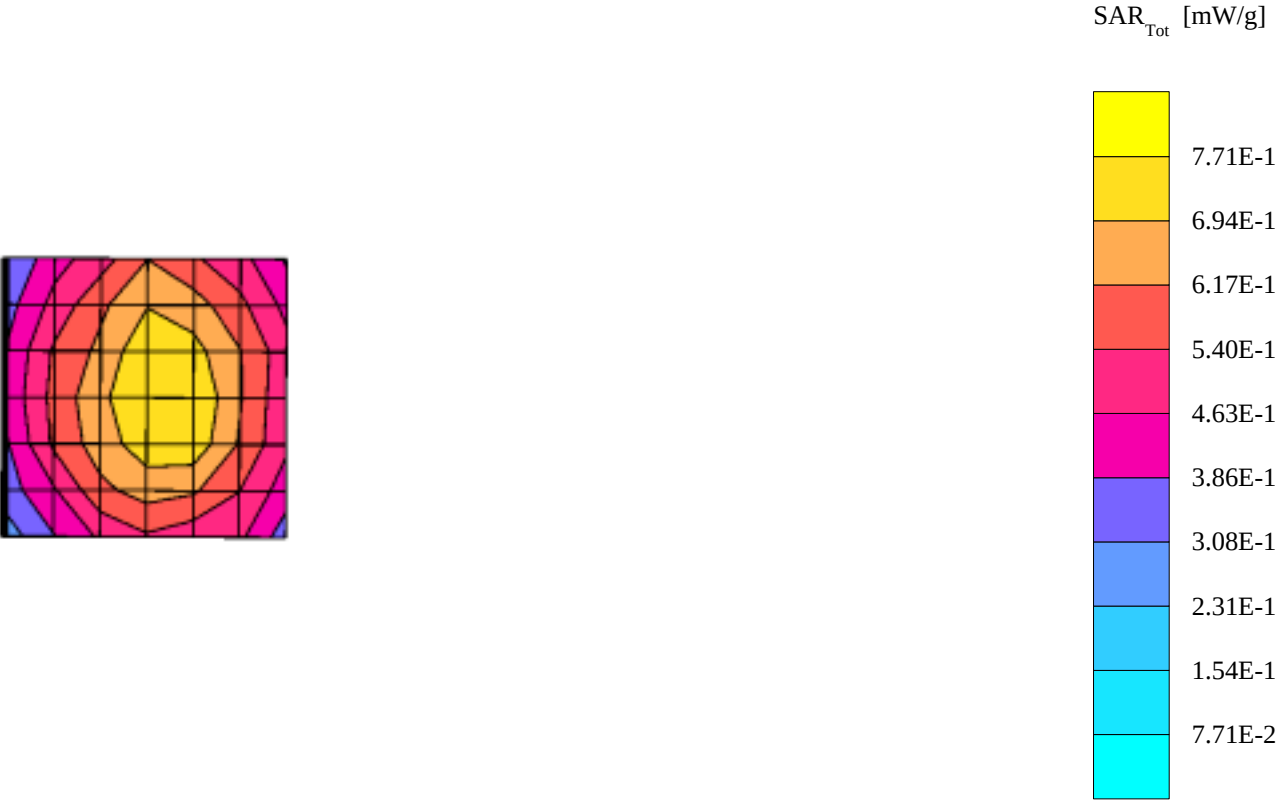
R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 51.5$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.457 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Cube 7x7x7: Dx = 5.0, Dy = 5.0, Dz = 5.0

Penetration depth: 10.1 (9.3, 11.2) [mm]



s/n 52DE6413

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position:EXT / Test Position: Body Worn

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA / Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #: 1586679K & #SYN8763A

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

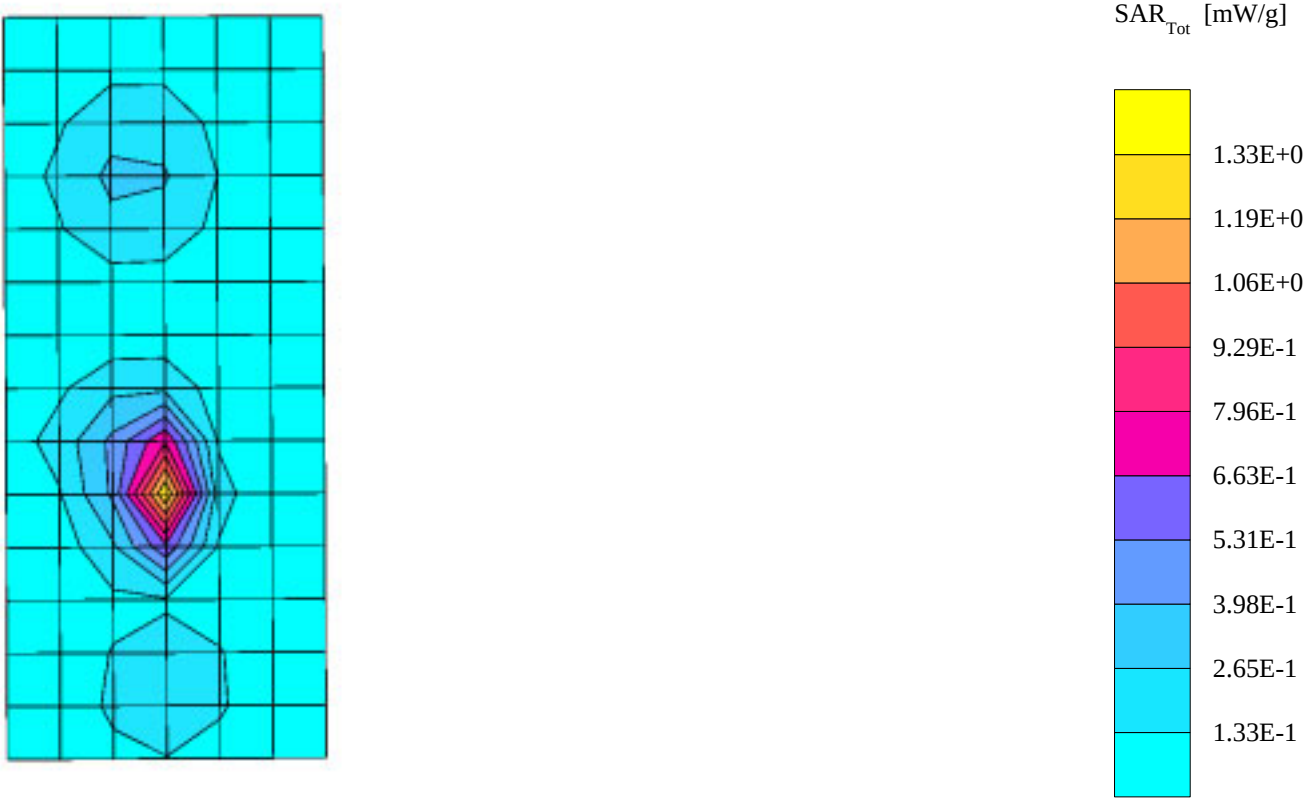
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 52.0$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.30 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 8.7 (8.4, 9.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



s/n 52DE6413

Ch#600 / Pwr Step: Always Up / Antenna Position:EXT / Test Posiiton: Body-Worn

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA Battery Model #: SNN5588A

Accessory Model #CHYN4346A & #SYN8763

R1 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

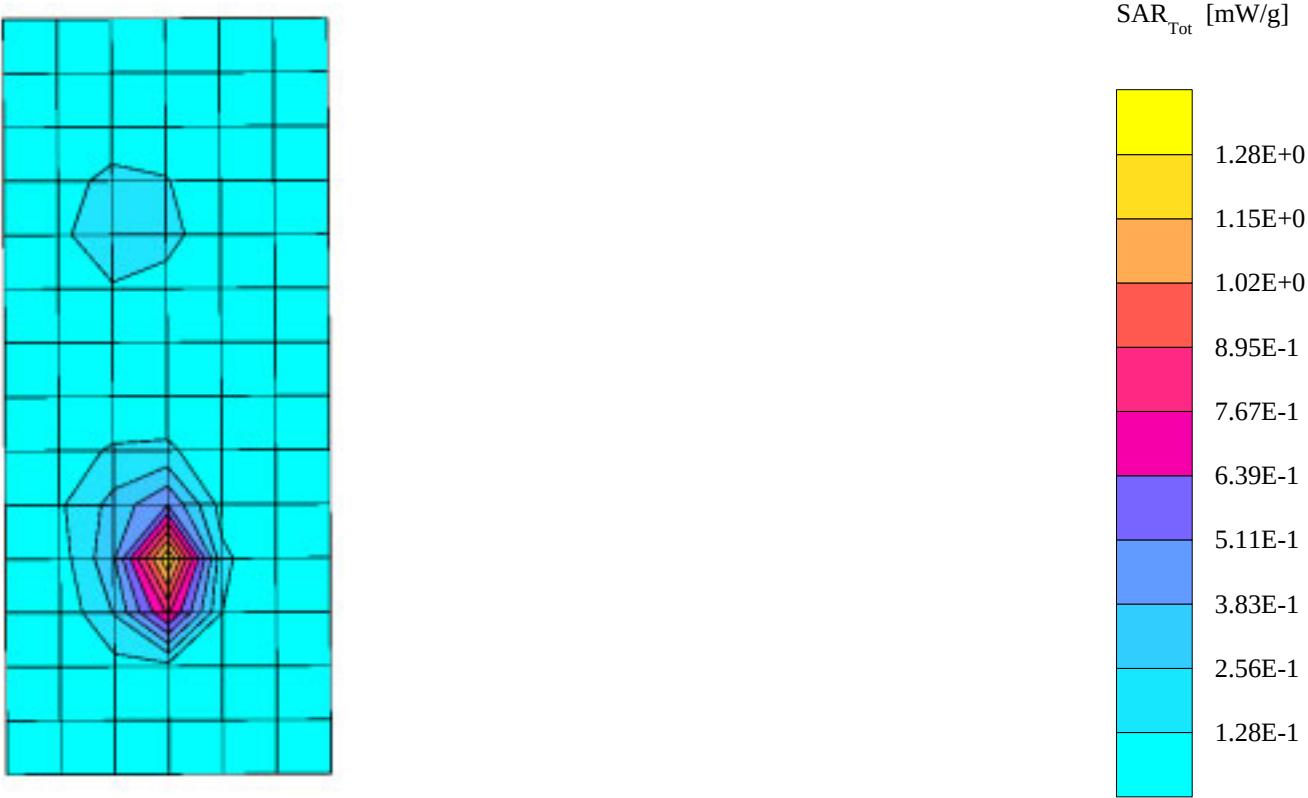
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1508 - FCC Body; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 51.5$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.26 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 7.9 (7.5, 8.9) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.05 dB



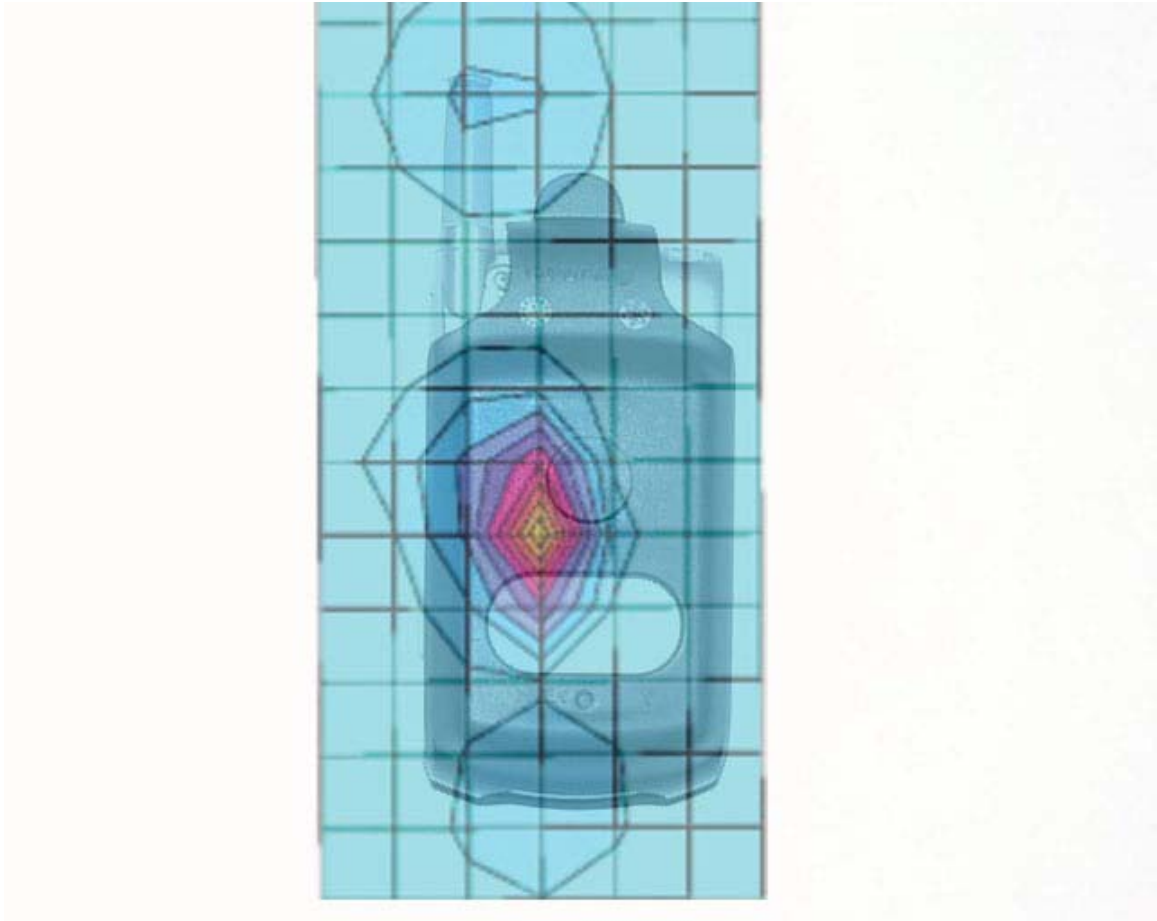


Figure 6. Typical 1900 MHz Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Extended

Appendix 4
Probe Calibration Certificate

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

ET3DV6

Serial Number:

1508

Place of Calibration:

Zurich

Date of Calibration:

October 25, 2001

Calibration Interval:

12 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

N. Edlószi-Neriana

Approved by:

Alain Käfer

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1508

Manufactured:	October 24, 1999
Remade:	October 11, 2001
Recalibrated:	October 25, 2001

Calibrated for System DASY3

DASY3 - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1508

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	1.62 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	1.51 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	1.49 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

Diode Compression

DCP X	97 mV
DCP Y	97 mV
DCP Z	97 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

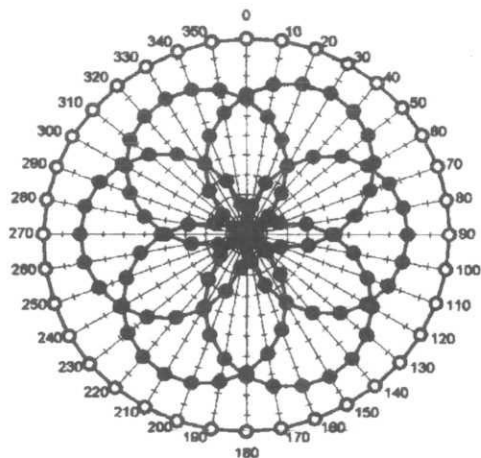
Head	450 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.4 \pm 5\%$	$s = 0.87 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
ConvF X	6.82	extrapolated	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	6.82	extrapolated	Alpha 0.25
ConvF Z	6.82	extrapolated	Depth 2.86
Head	900 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$s = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
Head	835 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$s = 0.90 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
ConvF X	6.35	$\pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	6.35	$\pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Alpha 0.35
ConvF Z	6.35	$\pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Depth 2.68
Head	1500 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.4 \pm 5\%$	$s = 1.23 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
ConvF X	5.72	interpolated	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	5.72	interpolated	Alpha 0.47
ConvF Z	5.72	interpolated	Depth 2.43
Head	1800 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$s = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
Head	1900 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$s = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
ConvF X	5.41	$\pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	5.41	$\pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Alpha 0.53
ConvF Z	5.41	$\pm 9.5\% (k=2)$	Depth 2.31

Sensor Offset

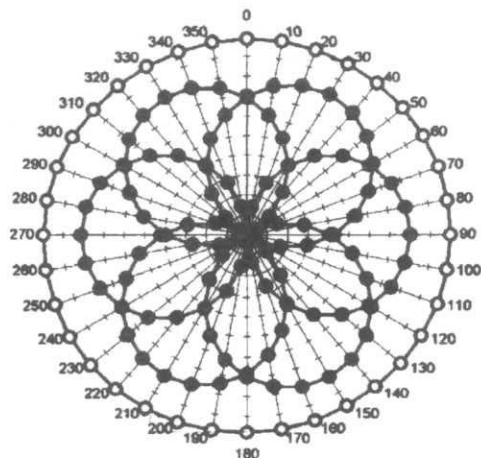
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.4 $\pm$ 0.2	mm

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

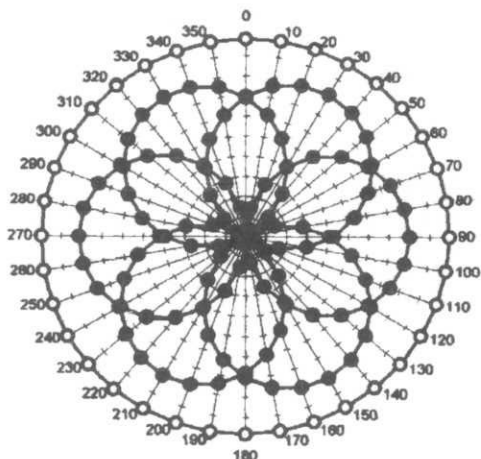
f = 30 MHz, TEM cell if110



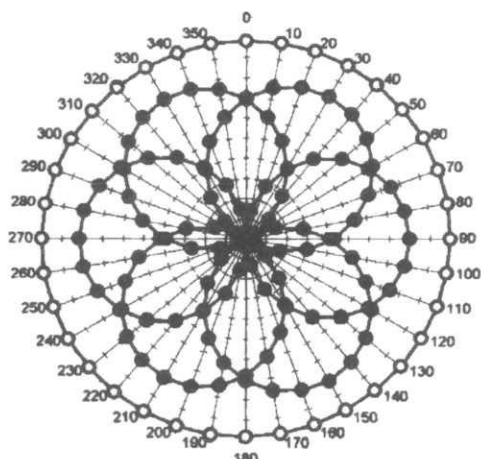
f = 100 MHz, TEM cell if110

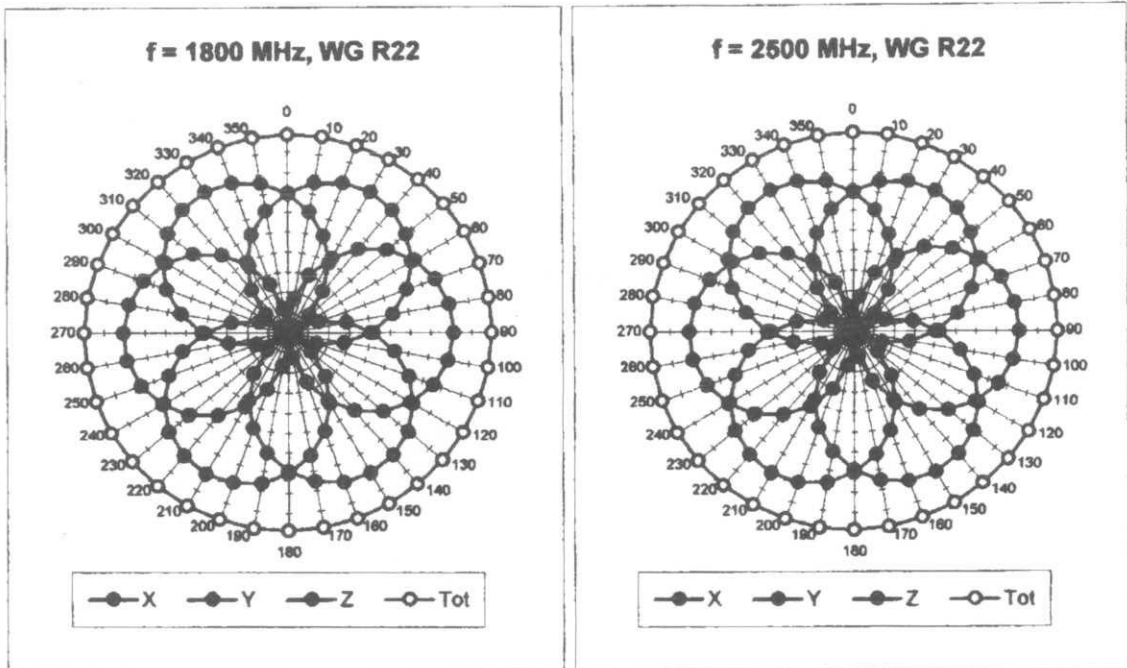


f = 300 MHz, TEM cell if110

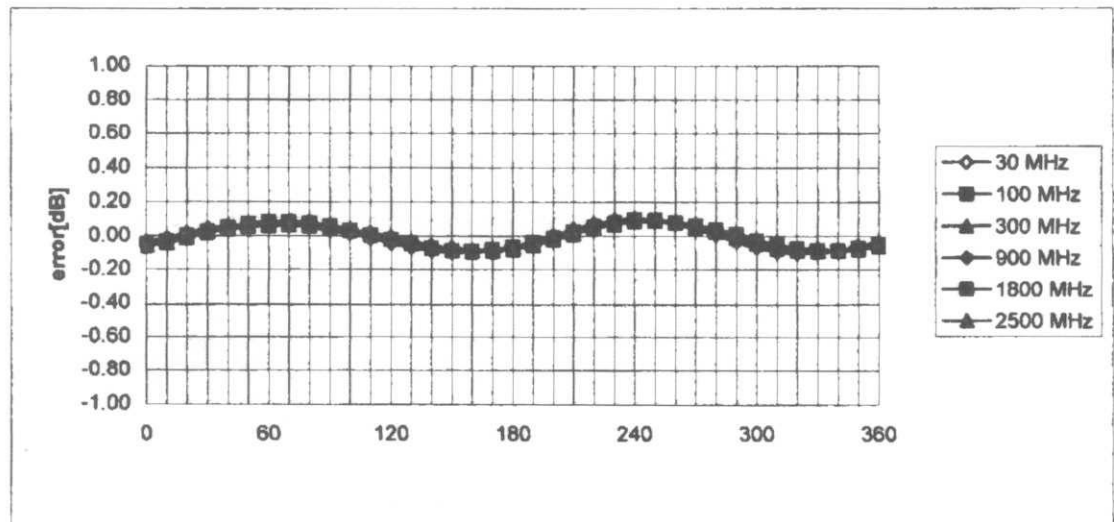


f = 900 MHz, TEM cell if110



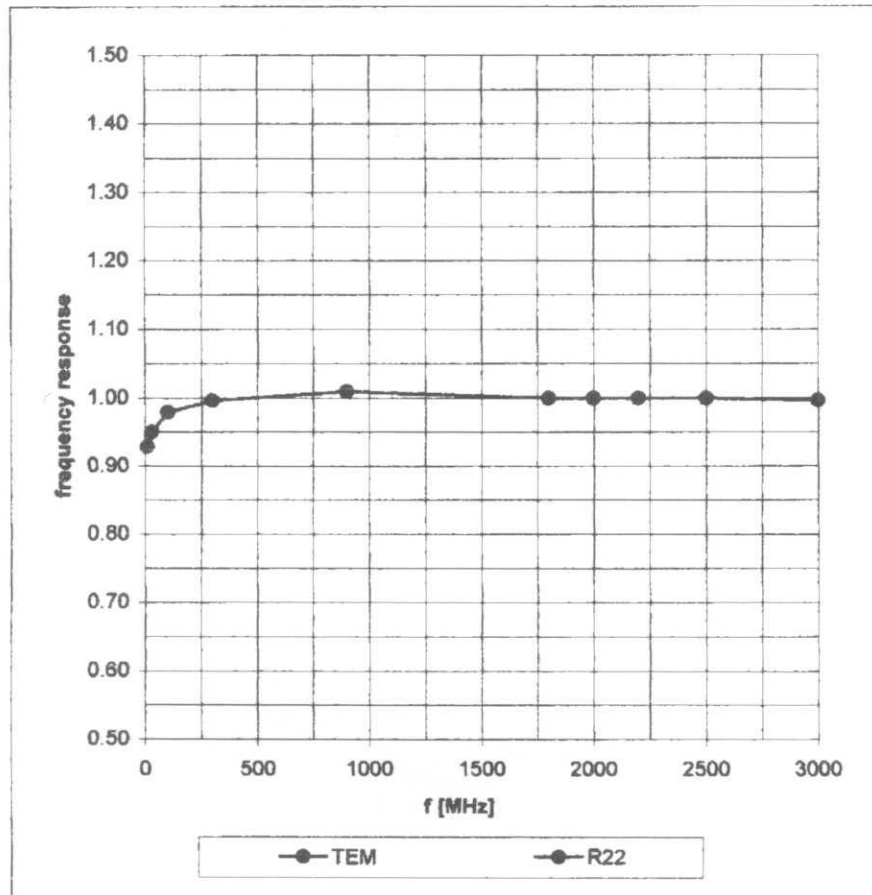


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

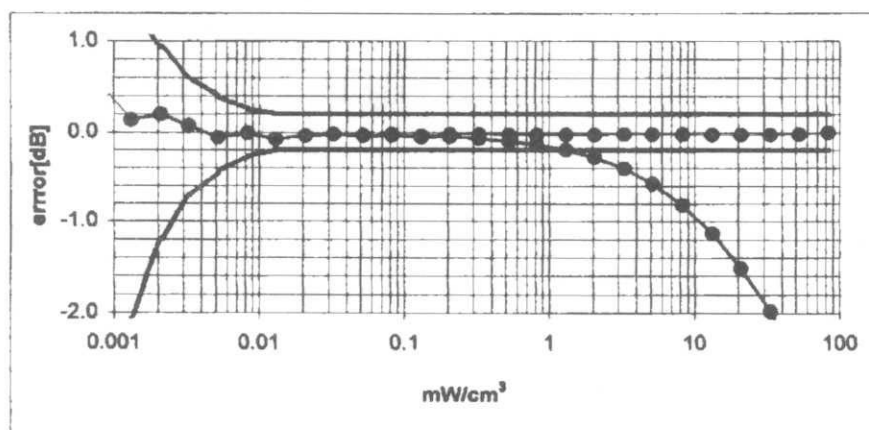
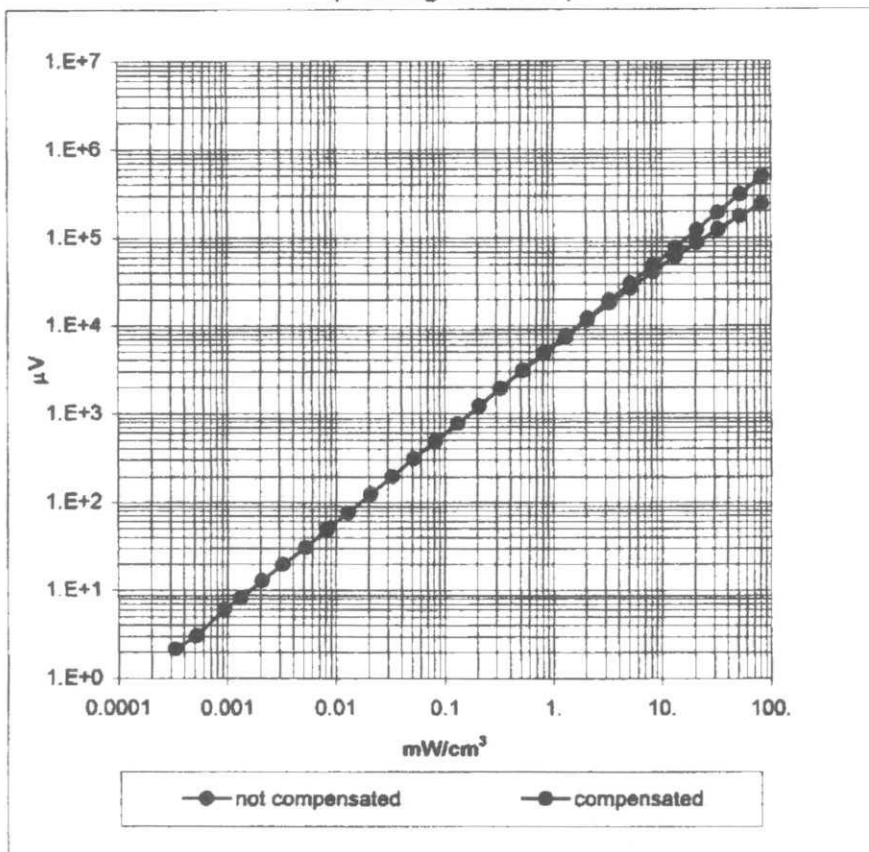


Frequency Response of E-Field

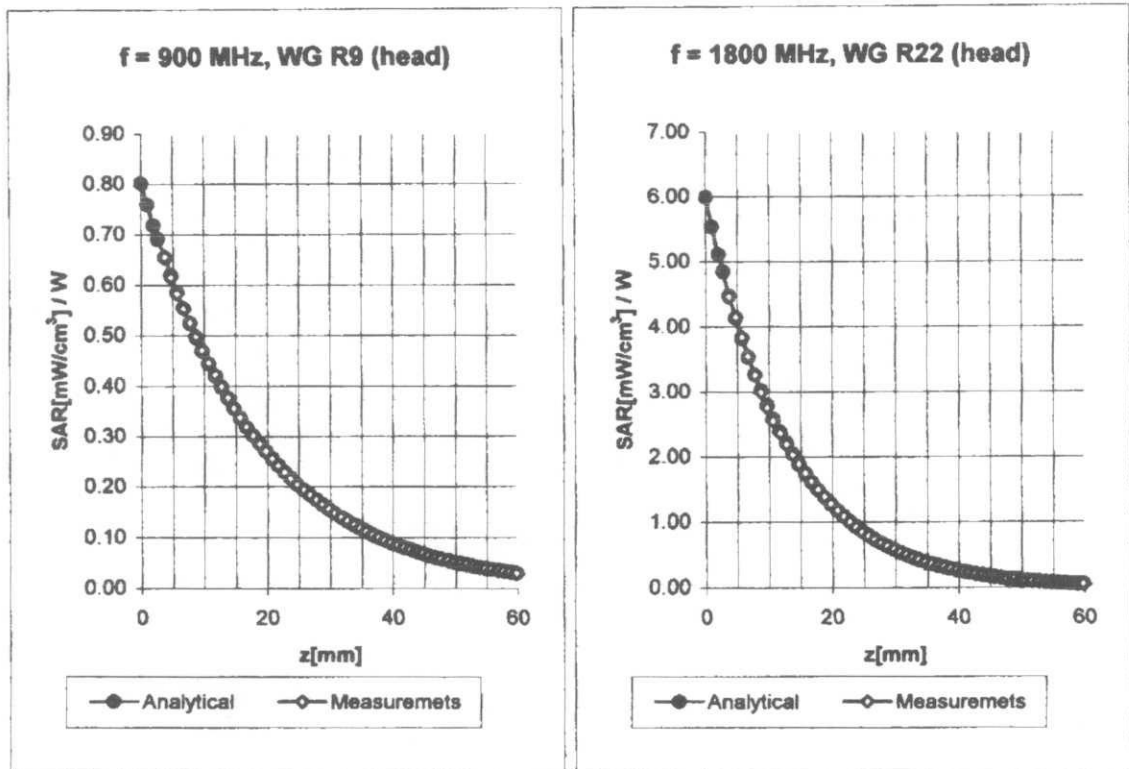
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{brain}})$ (Waveguide R22)



Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 800 - 1000 MHz

$\epsilon_r = 39.0 - 43.5$

$\sigma = 0.80 - 1.10 \text{ mho/m}$

ConvF X **6.35** $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y **6.35** $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Alpha **0.35**

ConvF Z **6.35** $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Depth **2.68**

Head 1700 - 1910 MHz

$\epsilon_r = 39.5 - 41.0$

$\sigma = 1.20 - 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$

ConvF X **5.41** $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y **5.41** $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

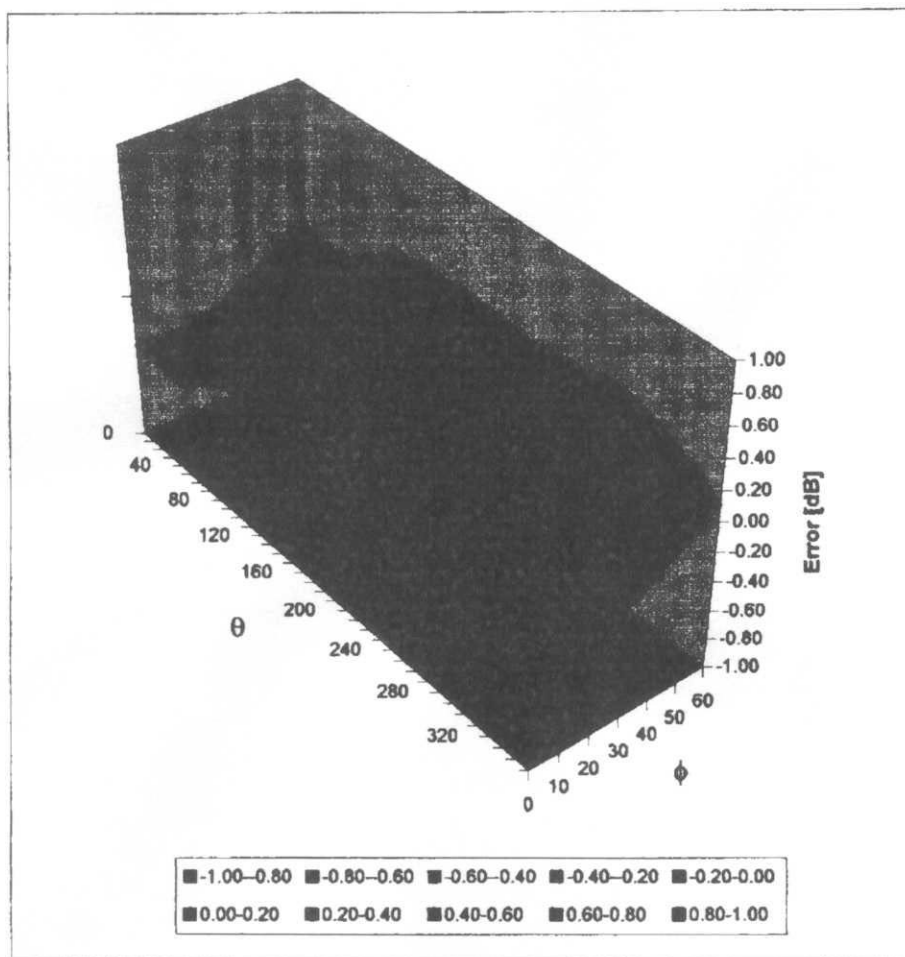
Alpha **0.53**

ConvF Z **5.41** $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Depth **2.31**

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ, ϕ), $f = 900$ MHz



Additional Conversion Factors for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

ET3DV6

Serial Number:

1508

Place of Assessment:

Zurich

Date of Assessment:

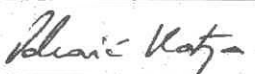
November 14, 2001

Probe Calibration Date:

October 25, 2001

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1508

Conversion factor ($\pm$ standard deviation)

835 MHz	ConvF	$6.5 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 41.5$ $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
1950 MHz	ConvF	$5.1 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 40.0$ $\sigma = 1.40 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
835 MHz	ConvF	$6.2 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 55.2$ $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
900 MHz	ConvF	$6.1 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 55.0$ $\sigma = 1.05 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
1800 MHz	ConvF	$5.0 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 53.3$ $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
1950 MHz	ConvF	$4.7 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 53.3$ $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)

Appendix 5

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Interim Dipole Correlation Certificate

FCD-0359, Rev.001

Dipole Serial Number:

277(TR)

Last Calibration Date:

4-Jan-01

Dipole Type (MHz):

D1800V2 w/ Teflon Rings

Calibration Due:

4-Jan-03

Manufacturer:

SPEAG

-Manufacturer's Original Calibration Information-

Dipole to be correlated: [Serial Number: 277(TR)]

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	45.2mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.0
Conductivity:	1.71
Probe Serial Number:	1507
Forward Power:	250mW

Primary Dipole Referenced: [Serial Number: 246(TR)]

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	38.8 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	39.6
Conductivity:	1.37
Probe Serial Number:	1507
Forward Power:	250 mW

-Correlation Method Utilized- per DOI-1265

(select one)

By Similarity: ☒

By Transfer Calibration: ☐

-Measured Data-

Probe S/N:

1375

Conductivity (meas.):

1.38

Robot Cell #:

BVD-4

Permittivity (meas.):

38.4

Primary Standard (average of 0-degree & 90-degree 1g cubes):

9.815 mW/g

(if required)

(if required)

Secondary Standard (average of 0-degree & 90-degree 1g cubes):

9.665 mW/g

(if required)

(if required)

-NEW Correlated Target-

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	38.8 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	39.6
Conductivity:	1.37

Approved by:

Antoine Fenech

Date:

3/8/02

Comments:

Secondary dipole measured +1.5 % from primary dipole.

Appendix 6
Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test									
<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	<i>c_i</i> (1 g)	<i>c_i</i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	<i>v_i</i>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.6	N	1.00	1	1	3.6	3.6	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	2.8	N	1.00	1	1	2.8	2.8	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.72	11.09	1363
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> = 2				22.98	21.75	

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom)

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	$e = f(d, k)$	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	$h = c \times f / e$	$i = c \times g / e$	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i (1 g)	c_i (10 g)	1 g u_i (±%)	10 g u_i (±%)	v_i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.16	9.43	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			$k=2$				19.92	18.48	

Appendix 7

Photographs of the device under test







