Class II Permissive Change Exhibit 11: SAR Test Report IHDT56CN2

Date of test:	4-5 & 10 October, 2003
Date of Report:	15 Oct, 2003
Laboratory:	Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory 600 N. US Highway 45 Room: MW113 Libertyville, Illinois 60048
Test Responsible:	Steven Hauswirth Principal Staff Engineer
Accreditation:	This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:

Tests:	Procedures:
Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, 1999 (SAR) IEEE C95.3-1991 IEEE P1528 (*DRAFT*) FCC OET Bulletin 65 (*including Supplements A, B, C*) Australian Communications Authority Radio Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human Exposure) Standard 1999 CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)
Simulated Tissue Preparation	APP-0247
RF Power Measurement	DOI-0876, 0900, 0902, 0904, 0915

On the following products or types of products:
Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular,
Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Statement of Compliance:

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CN2 to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093). It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56CN2). The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. A new battery was developed for this cellular phone. This cellular phone was measured for any impact to SAR with the new battery.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Antenna description

Type	External	
Location	Upper Left	
Dimensions	Length	10mm
	Width	8.5mm
Configuration	Helix	

Device description

FCC ID Number	IHDT56CN2				
Serial number	L9505M0017				
Mode(s) of Operation	EGSM900	GSM 1800	GSM 1900	UMTS	BlueTooth
Modulation Mode(s)	GSM	GSM	GSM	WCDMA	BlueTooth
Maximum Output Power Setting	33.00dBm	30.00dBm	30.00dBm	22.00dBm	0dBm
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:8	1:8	1:1	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	880.2-914.8MHz	1710.2-1784.8MHz	1850.2-1909.8MHz	1920.3-1979.7MHz	2400.0-2483.5MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2..908)	Identical Prototype				
Device Category	Portable				
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled				

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy3™ v3.1d) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±11.7% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±23.0% (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY3 DAE V1	SN437	18-Mar-04
E-Field Probe ET3DV6R	SN1501	16-Apr-04
DASY3 DAE V1	SN434	19-Feb-04
E-Field Probe ET3DV6R	SN1522	21-Mar-04
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	SN246TR	24-Jun-04
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	SN273TR	24-Jun-04
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1160	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1235	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04633	11-Oct-04
Power Meter E4419B	US37360825	21-Apr-04
Power Sensor #1 - 8481A	US337296475	05-Nov-03
Power Sensor #2 - 8481A	US3318A25036	05-Nov-03
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39172529	18-Jun-04
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B	US33020235	

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ε_r, and the conductivity, σ, of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit These values, along with the temperature of the tissue simulate are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for maximum permittivity and minimum conductivity are also shown. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. It is seen that the measured parameters are satisfactory for compliance testing.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ε_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
1880	Head	**Measured,** 4-Oct-03	38.1	1.46	19.9
		Measured, 10-Oct-03	38.7	1.45	19.7
		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	20-25
	Body	**Measured,** 5-Oct-03	51.7	1.49	19.8
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	20-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	800MHz Head	800MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body
Sugar	57.0	44.9	--	30.80
DGBE	--	--	47.0	--
Water	40.45	53.06	52.8	68.91
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.2	0.29
HEC	1.0	1.0	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY3 was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within center section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR indicated on the dipole certification sheet. These tests were done at 900MHz and/or 1800MHz. These frequencies are within 100MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. This is within the allowable window given in Supplement C 01-01 *Appendix D System Verification* section item #5. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for maximum permittivity, minimum conductivity are shown in the table below. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table below. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ε_r	σ (S/m)		
1800	**Measured,** 4-Oct-03	39.0	38.6	1.38	21	19.7
	Recommended Limits	39.7	38-42	1.33-1.47	15-30	15-30

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1501	900	N/A	
		1800	5.0	7 of 10

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ε_r	σ (S/m)		
1800	**Measured,** 10-Oct-03	41.6	39.1	1.36	20	19.4
	Recommended Limits	39.7	38-42	1.33-1.47	15-30	15-30

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1522	900	N/A	
		1800	3.4	2 of 10

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. Motorola also followed the requirements in Supplement. C / Appendix D: SAR Measurement Procedures, section titled "*Devices Operating Next To A Person's Ear* ". These directions state "The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s)."

The DASY v3.1d SAR measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The phone was positioned into the measurement configurations using the positioner supplied with the DASY 3.1d SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the positioner is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 (± 30%) at 850MHz. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and use for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

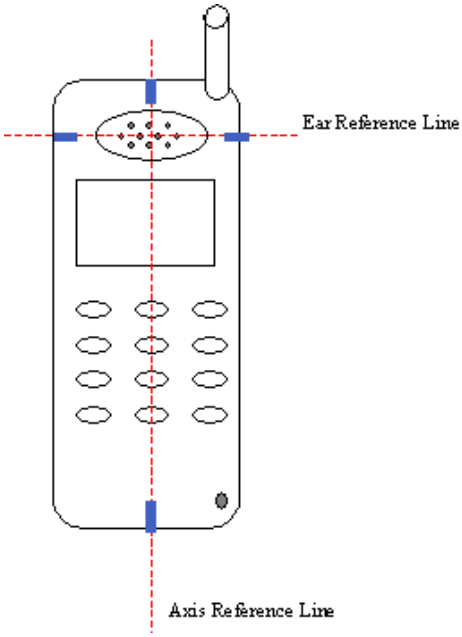
The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT56CN2) was tested with the new battery option (SNN5694A). This battery was used to do all of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

To aid in positioning repeatability, the ear reference line of the device and the axis reference line of the device have been physically added using a non-metallic marker.

- Per Figure 1, the "Ear Reference Line" is centered vertically through the center of the listening area (as defined by the speaker holes in the housing).
- The "Axis Reference Line" bisects the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges.
- The intersection of these two lines defines the location of the "Ear Reference Point".

The lines drawn on the device extended to the outside edges, as shown in blue in the figure below, & wrap around the sides of the device.



The SAR results shown in tables 1 & 2 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 2

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since same phantoms and tissue simulate are used for the system accuracy verification as the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in within Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of tissue simulate depth to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Supplement C.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1501	835	N/A	
		1900	5.0	2 of 10

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Cheek - Touch Position							
			Left Herad				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	30.00					0.955	0.06	0.96	20.0
	Channel 661	29.99	0.535	-0.11	0.55	19.5	**0.959**	**-0.08**	**0.98**	**20.0**
	Channel 810	30.00					0.738	0.00	0.74	20.0

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CN2 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1522	835	N/A	
		1900	3.4	2 of 10

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	15° Tilt Position							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	30.00								
	Channel 661	29.99	0.511	-0.08	0.52	19.5	**0.643**	**0.12**	**0.64**	**19.5**
	Channel 810	30.00								

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CN2 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

6.2 Body-Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in table 3 are the maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 3. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories’, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There currently is no body-worn accessories available for this device, so SAR testing was performed in accordance with the supplement C testing guidelines for devices that do not have body worn accessories. The back part of the phone was placed 1 inch away from a flat phantom per the supplement C standard guidelines to perform SAR measurement. Then the front part of the phone was placed 1 inch away from a flat phantom per the supplement C standard guidelines to perform SAR measurement.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1501	835	N/A	
		1900	4.6	8 of 10

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn 1" Separation from Back of Phone			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	30.00				
	Channel 661	29.99	0.0735	-0.14	0.08	19.7
	Channel 810	30.00				

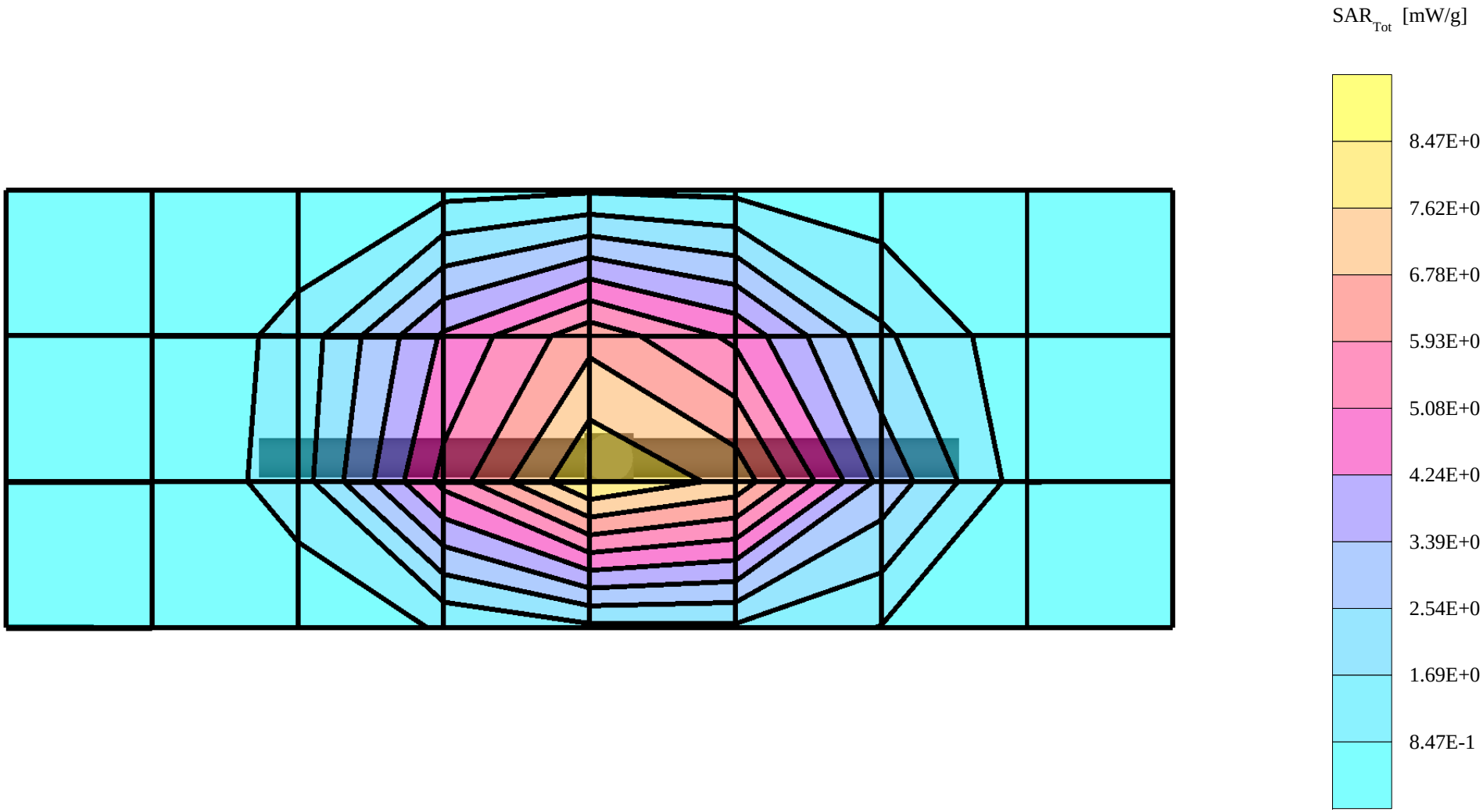
Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CN2 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 246tr
Forward Power =252mW Reflected Power = -21.4dB
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.7
R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.38 mho/m ε_r = 38.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): Peak: 17.8 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 9.83 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 5.23 mW/g ± 0.05 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 8.5 (8.2, 9.2) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 246tr
Forward Power =252mW Reflected Power = -21.4dB
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.7
R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.38 mho/m ε_r = 38.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
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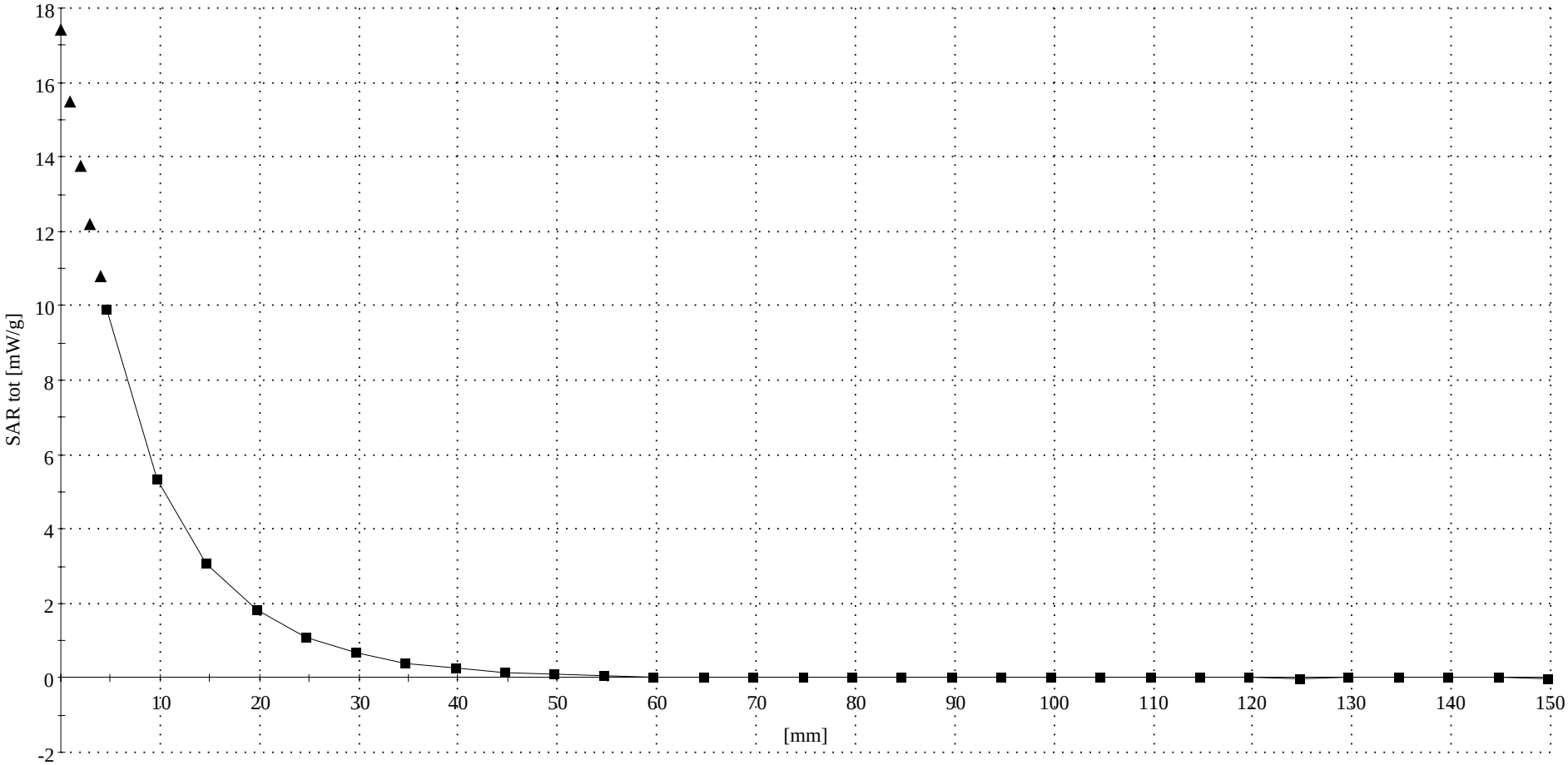
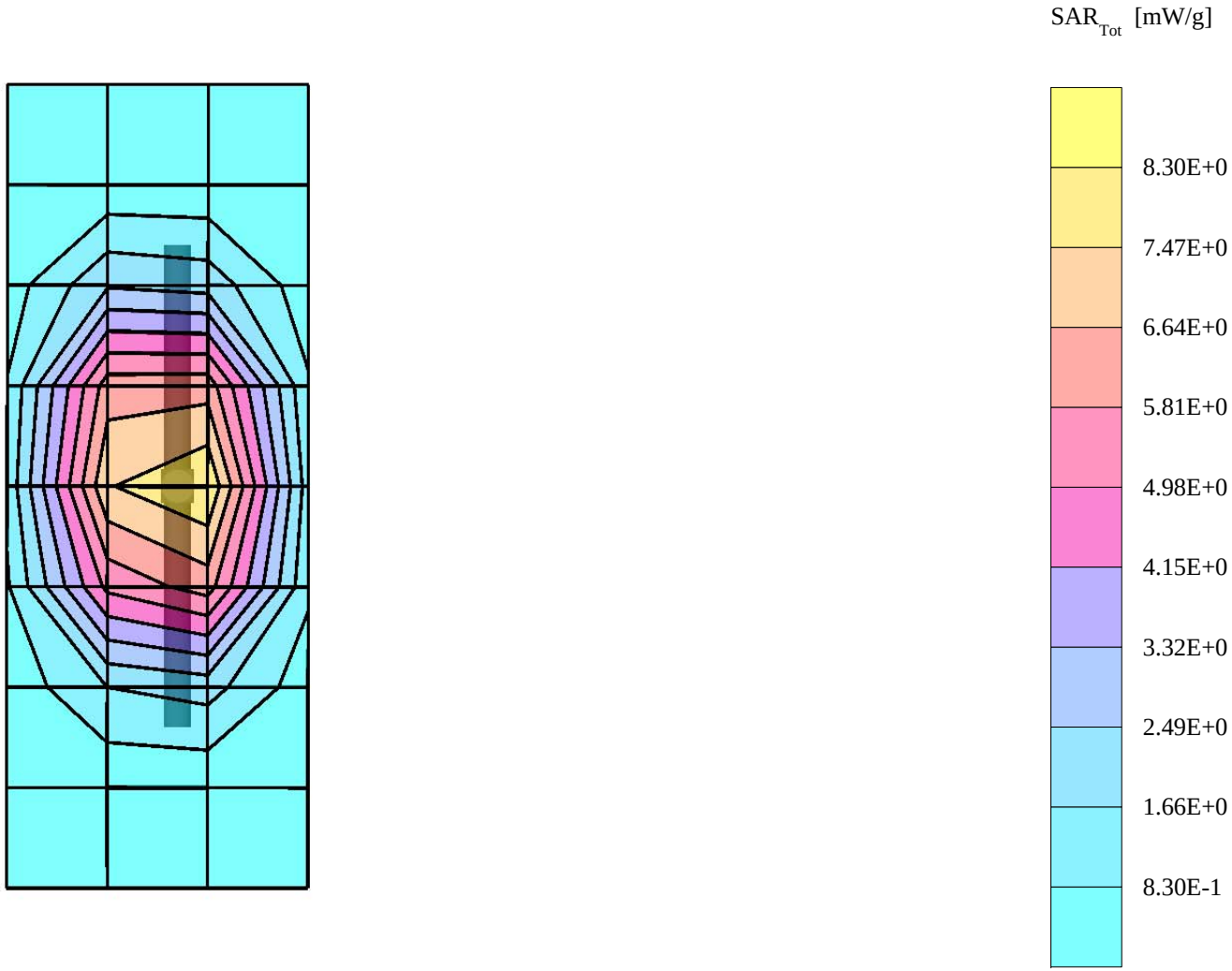
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 8.4 (8.1, 9.1) [mm]



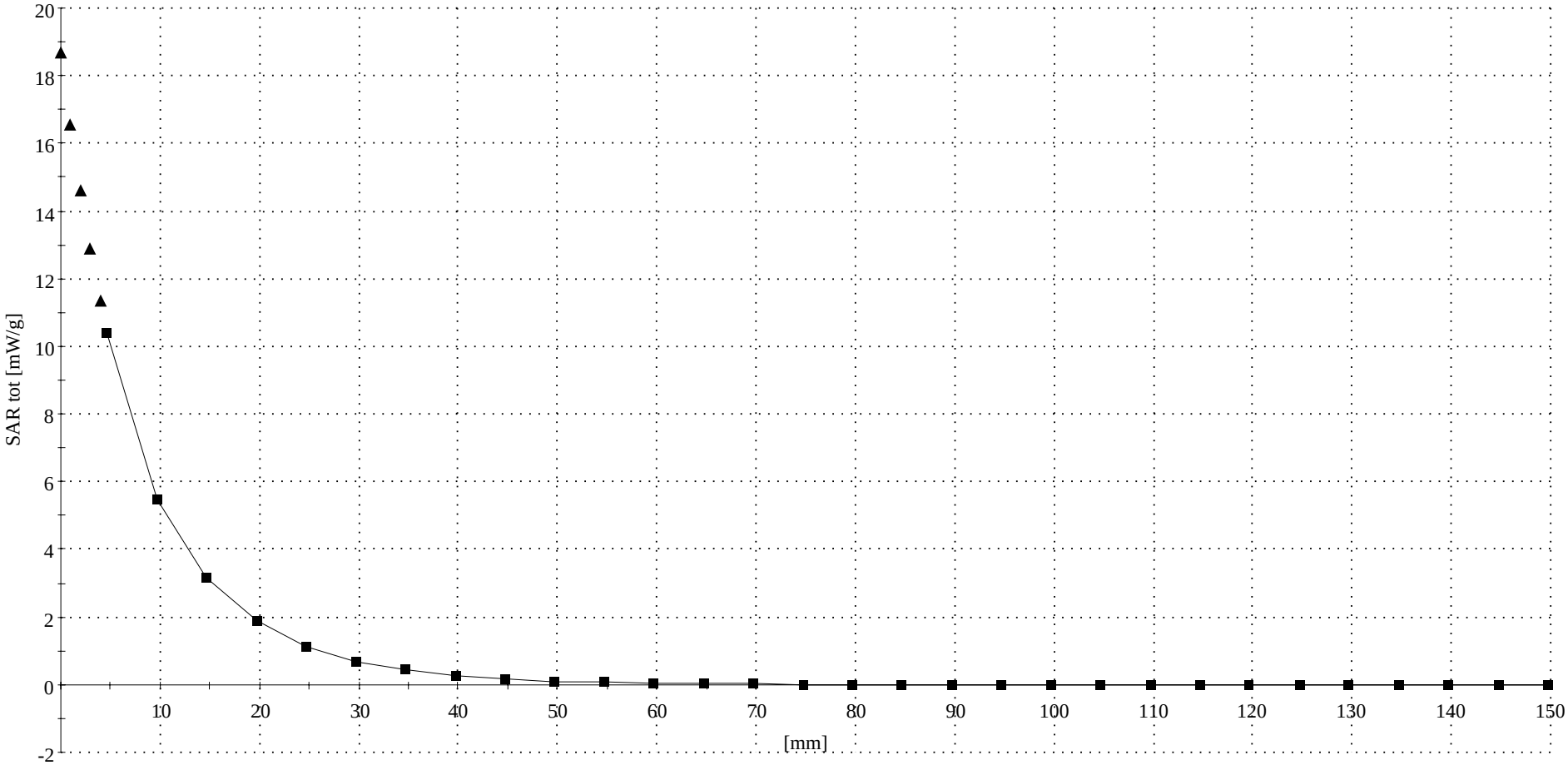
Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 273tr
Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -24.20dB
Room Temp at time of measurement = 20C. Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.4C.
R2 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 ; section 1
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1522 - Validation2; ConvF(3.40,3.40,3.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.36 mho/m ε_r = 39.1 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): Peak: 19.1 mW/g ± 0.06 dB, SAR (1g): 10.4 mW/g ± 0.07 dB, SAR (10g): 5.47 mW/g ± 0.07 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 8.3 (7.8, 9.1) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.00 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 273tr
Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -24.20dB
Room Temp at time of measurement = 20C. Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.4C.
R2 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.3 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1522 - Validation2; ConvF(3.40,3.40,3.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.36 mho/m ε_r = 39.1 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
: , , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 8.3 (7.9, 9.2) [mm]



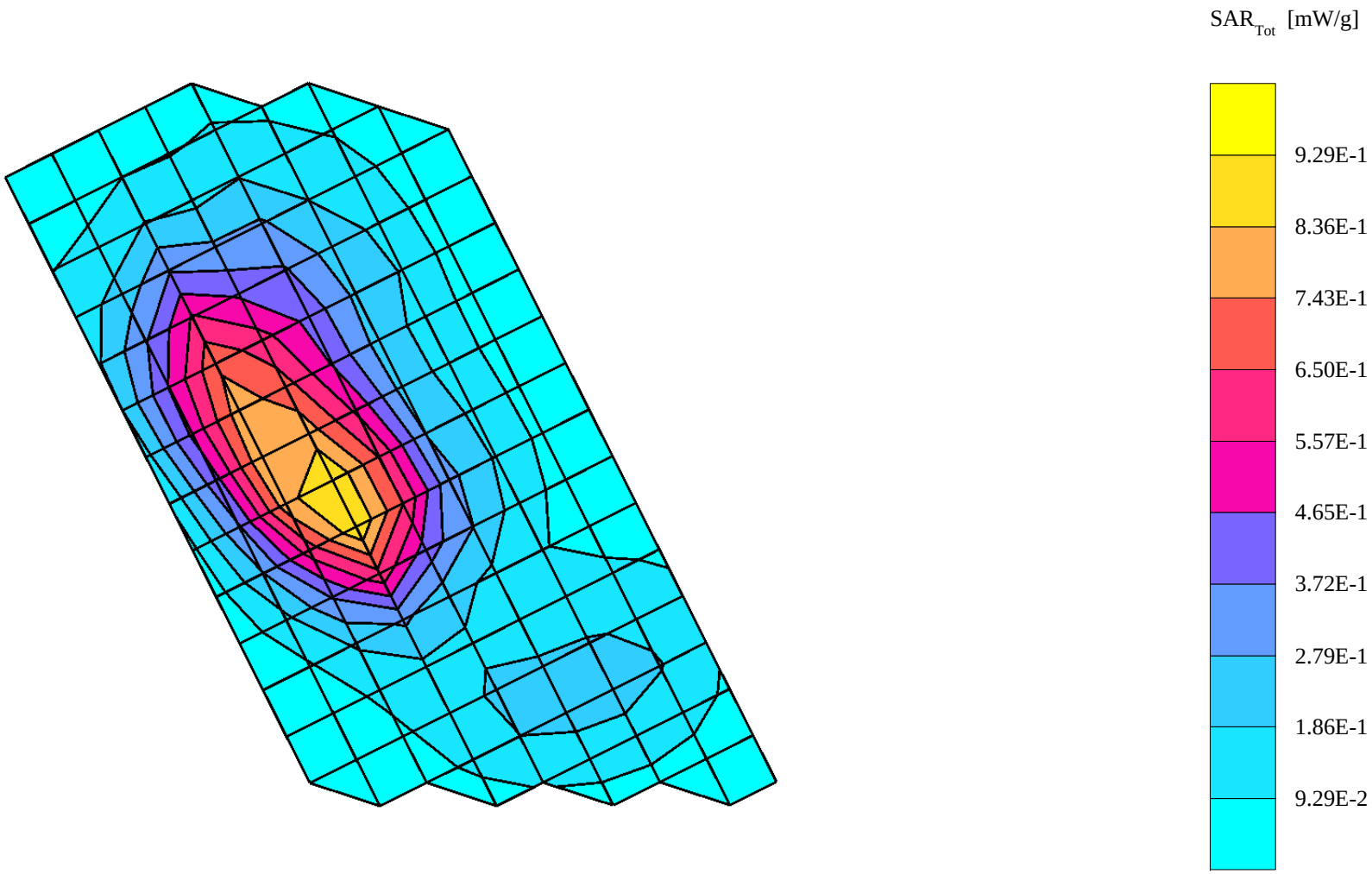
Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

10/04/03

s/n: L9505M0017

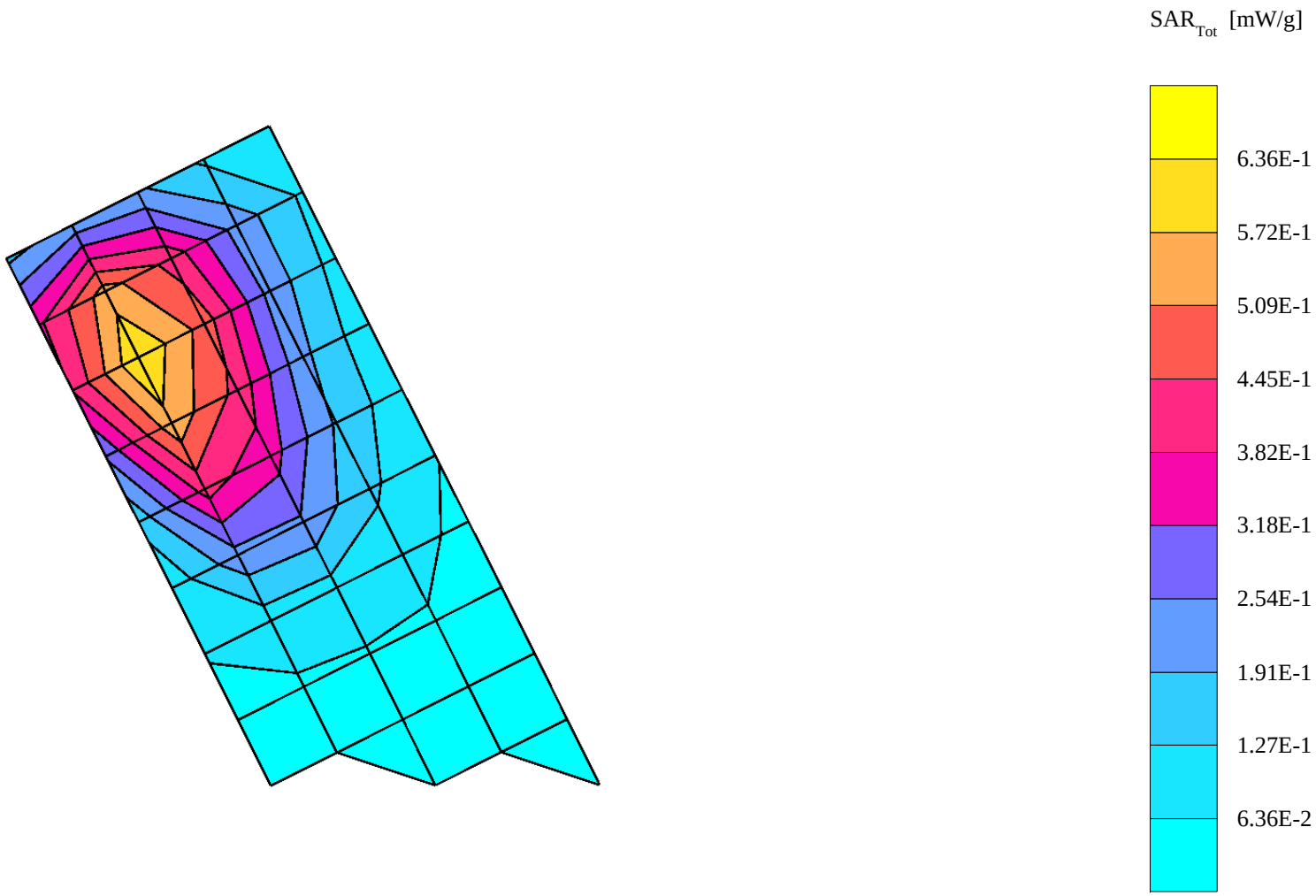
Ch# 661 / Pwr Step: 0 (OTA) Antenna Position: Fixed
Type of Modulation: GSM Battery Model #: SNN5694A
DEVICE POSITION : cheek
R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 8.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.46 mho/m ε_r = 38.1 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.959 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.544 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 10.0 (9.7, 10.5) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.08 dB



10/10/03

s/n: L9505M0017

Ch# 661 / Pwr Step: 0 Antenna Position: Fixed
Type of Modulation: GSM Battery Model #: SNN5694A
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rotated
R# 2 TP-1235 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1522 - IEEE Head; ConvF(3.40,3.40,3.40); Crest factor: 8.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.45 mho/m ε_r = 38.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.643 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.381 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 9.4 (8.8, 10.4) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.12 dB



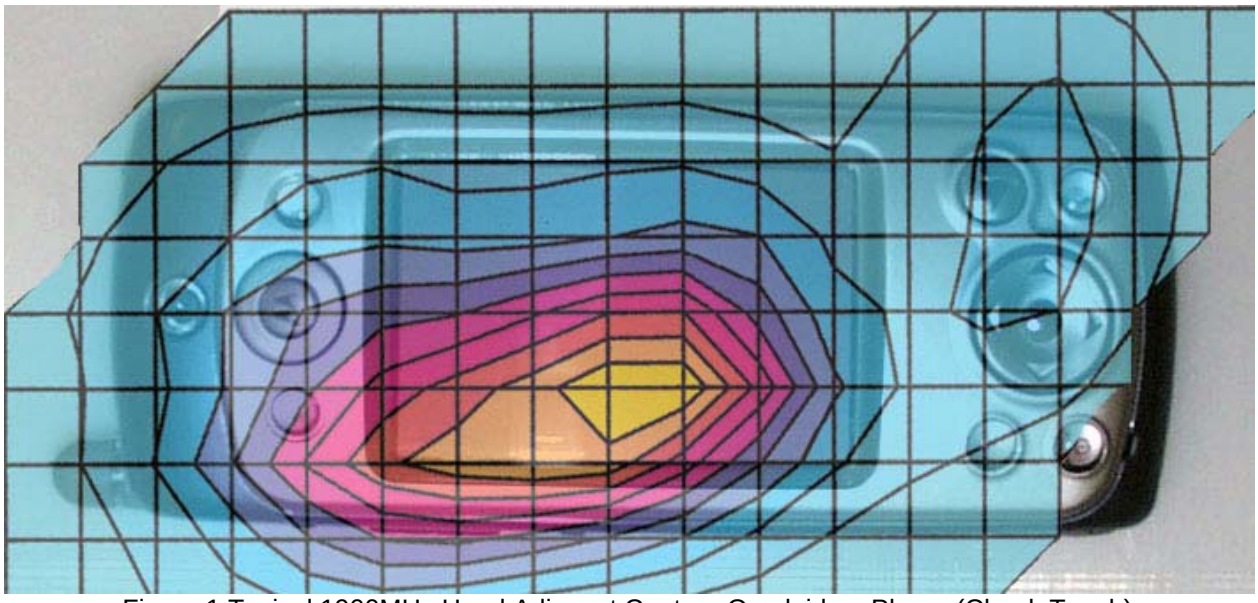


Figure 1.Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

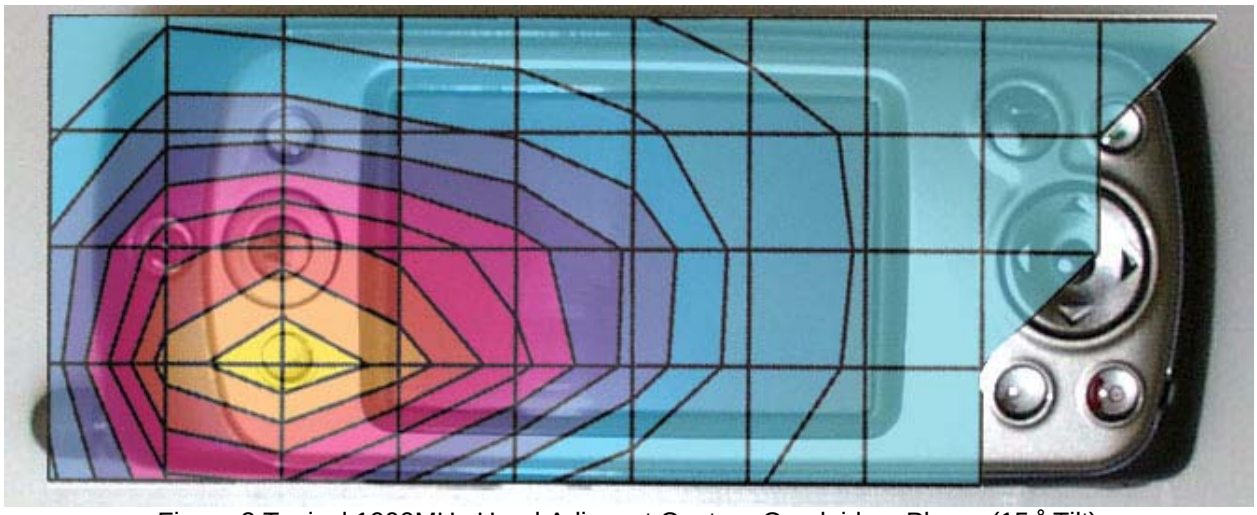


Figure 2.Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ˚ Tilt)

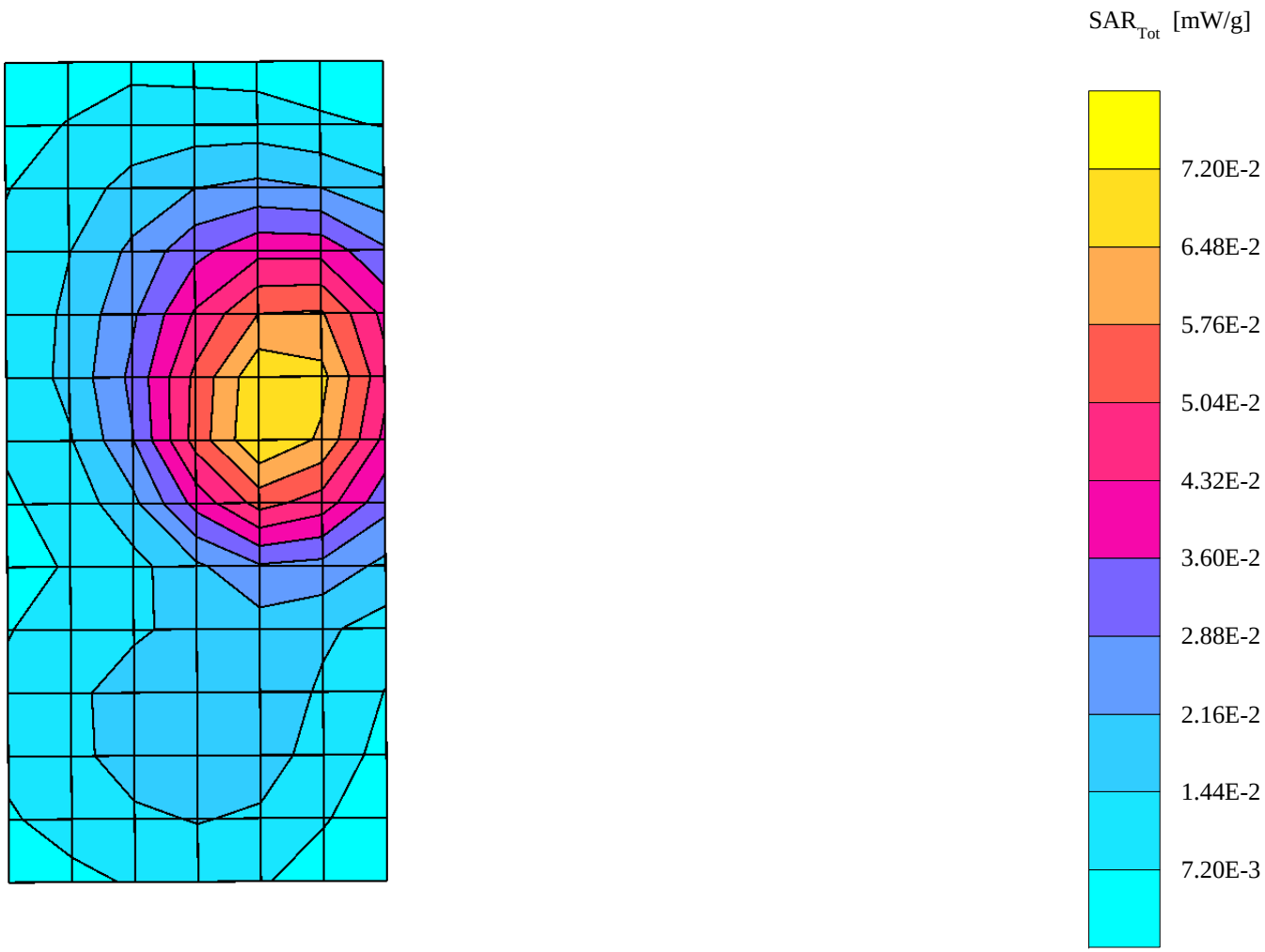
Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

10/05/03

s/n: L9505M0017

Ch# 661 / Pwr Step: 0 (OTA) Antenna Position: FIXED
Type of Modulation: PCS 1900 Battery Model #: SNN5694A
Device Position: Body Worn
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(4.60,4.60,4.60); Crest factor: 8.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.49 mho/m ε_r = 51.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.0735 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0471 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.1 (9.5, 13.3) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.14 dB



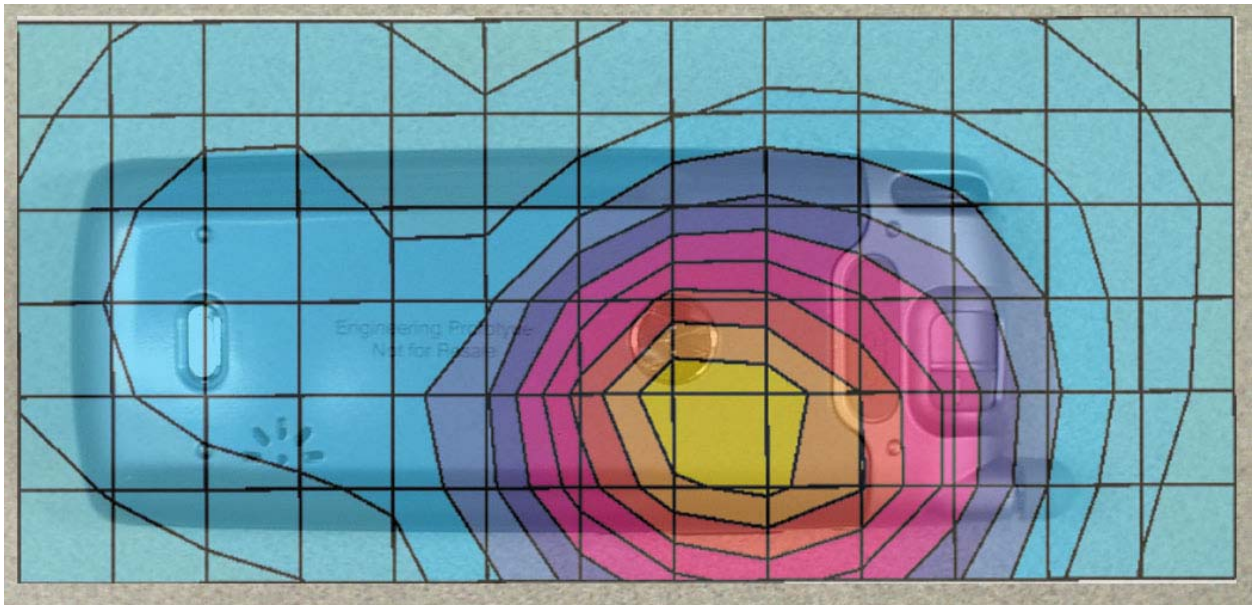


Figure 3. Typical 1900 MHz Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone

Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Motorola MRO

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	ET3DV6R - SN:1501
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	April 16, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03	Apr-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: April 16, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R SN:1501

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	**2.08**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormY	**2.09**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormZ	**2.14**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Diode Compression

DCP X	**96**	mV
DCP Y	**96**	mV
DCP Z	**96**	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head **900 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

ConvF X	**6.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**6.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.39**
ConvF Z	**6.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.31**

Head **1800 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

ConvF X	**5.0**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**5.0**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.49**
ConvF Z	**5.0**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.55**

Boundary Effect

Head **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.9	4.9
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.5

Head **1800 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

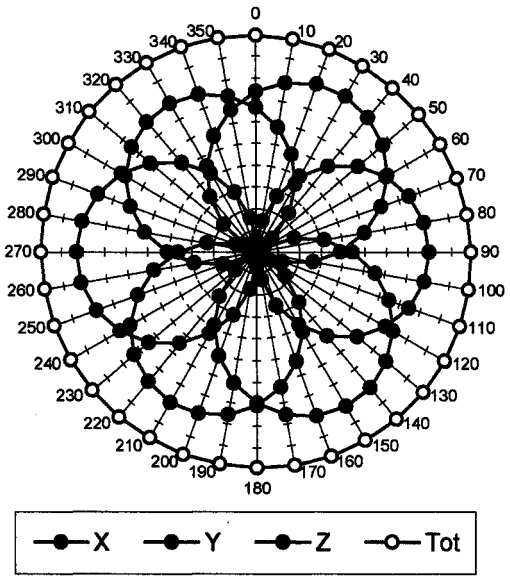
Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.8	8.6
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.2

Sensor Offset

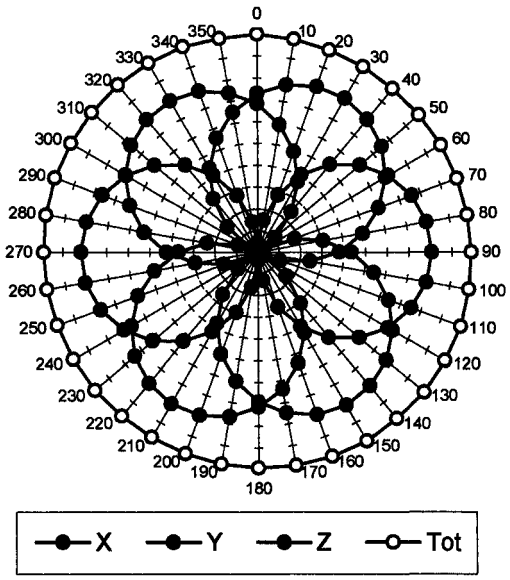
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	**2.7**	mm

Receiving Pattern (ϕ , θ = 0°

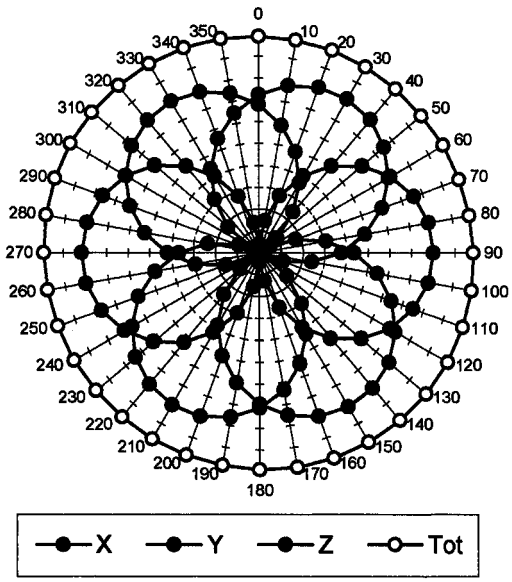
f = 30 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



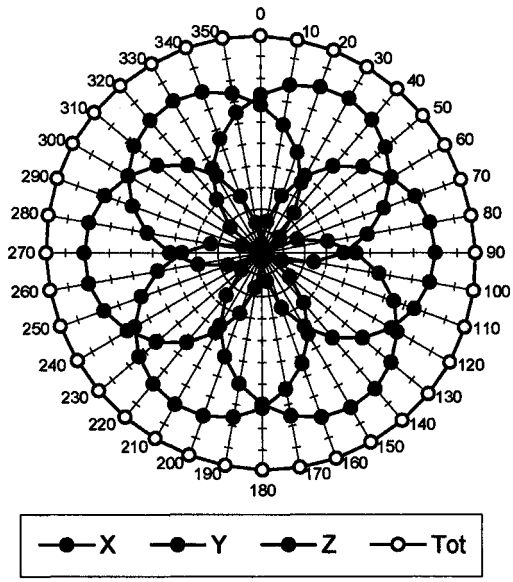
f = 100 MHz, TEM cell ifi110

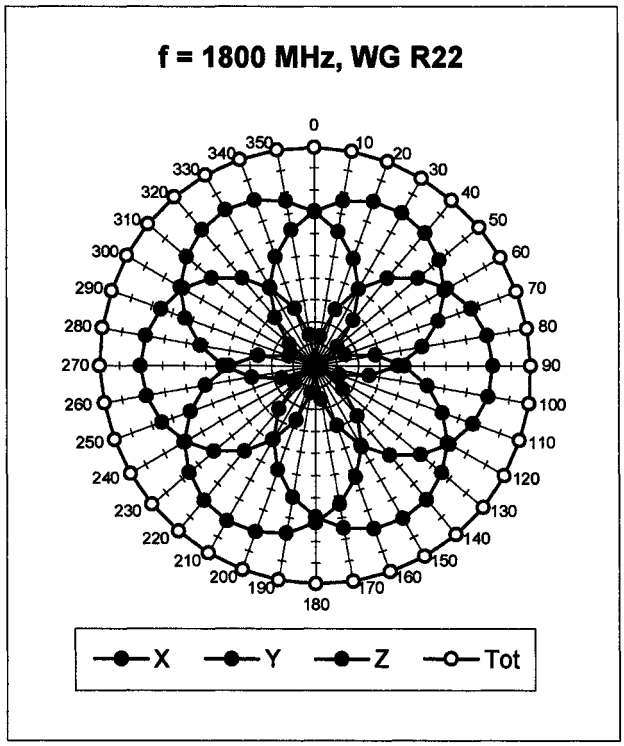


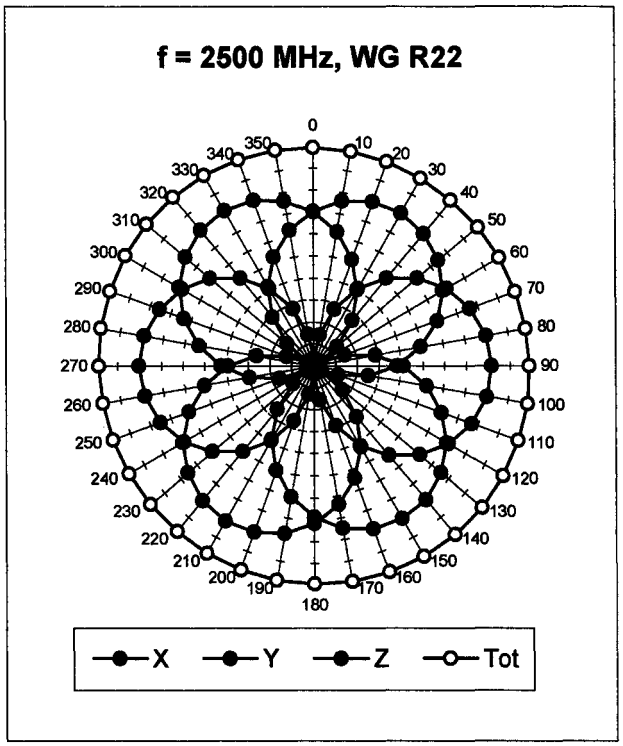
f = 300 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



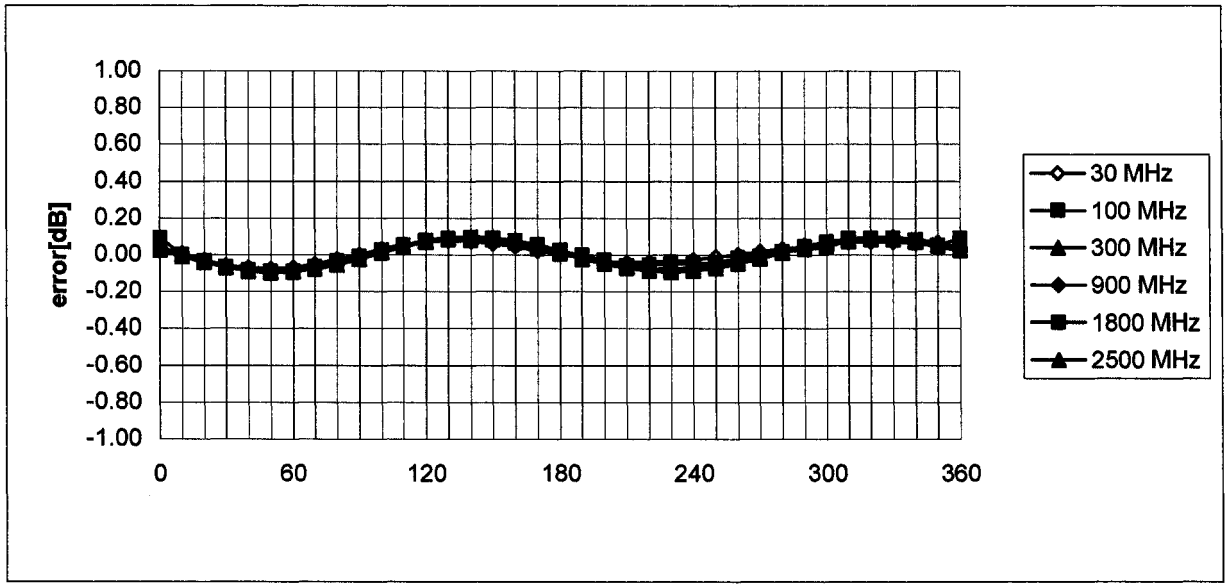
f = 900 MHz, TEM cell ifi110





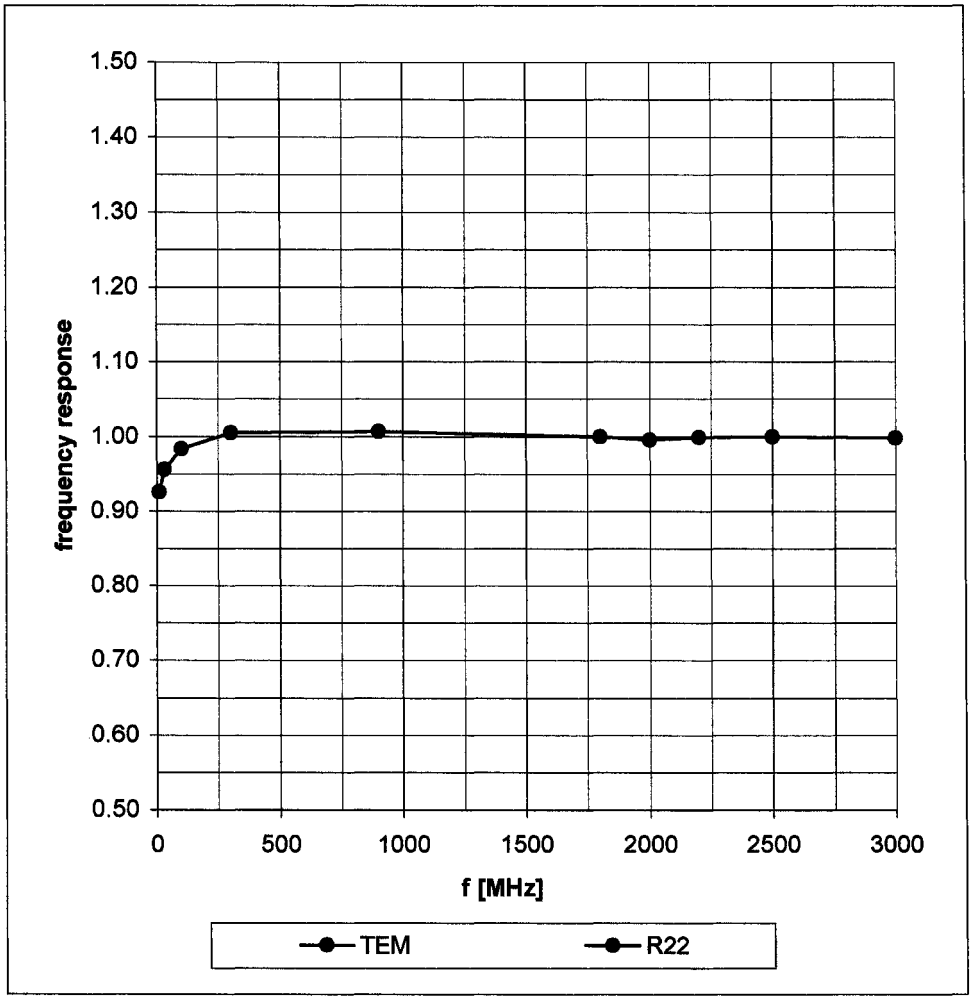


Isotropy Error (ϕ), θ = 0°



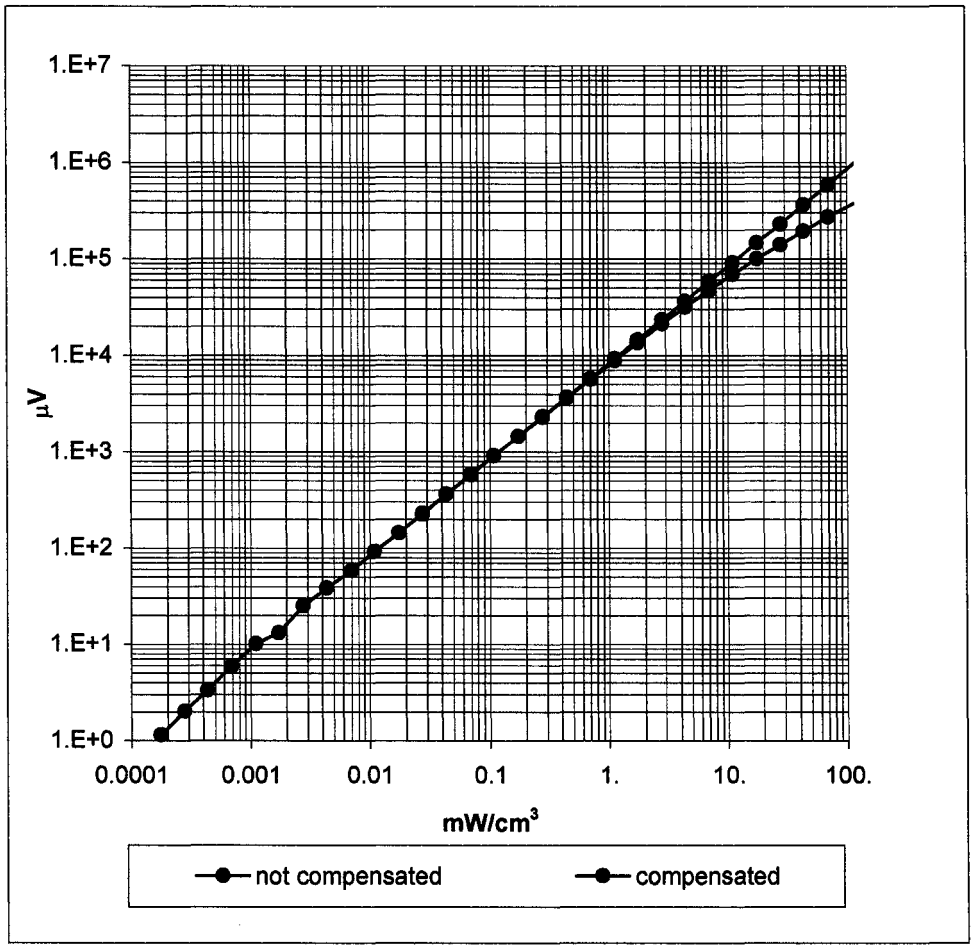
Frequency Response of E-Field

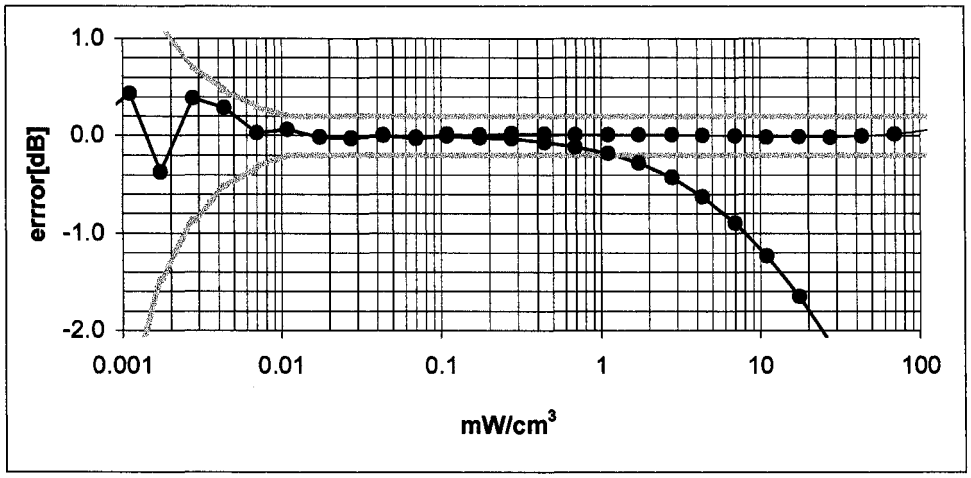
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



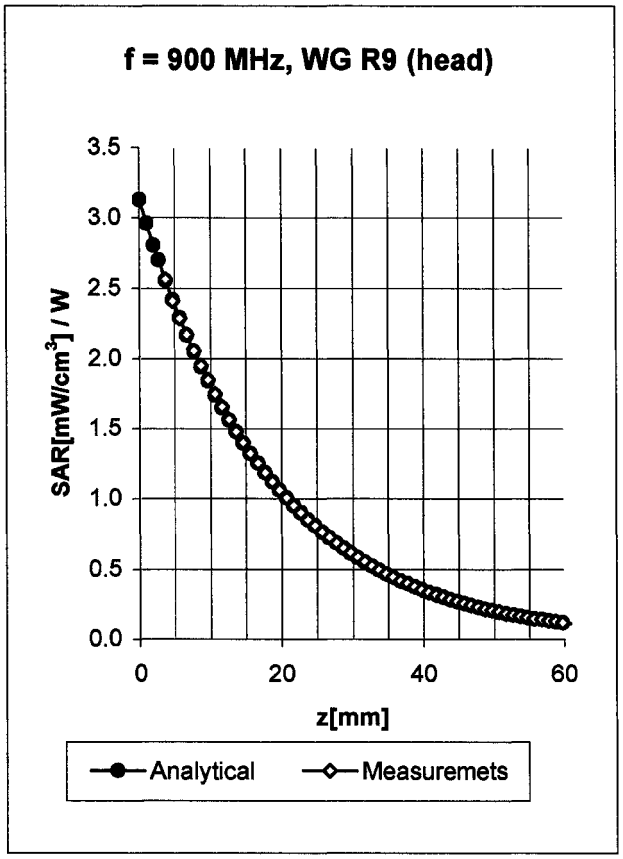
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

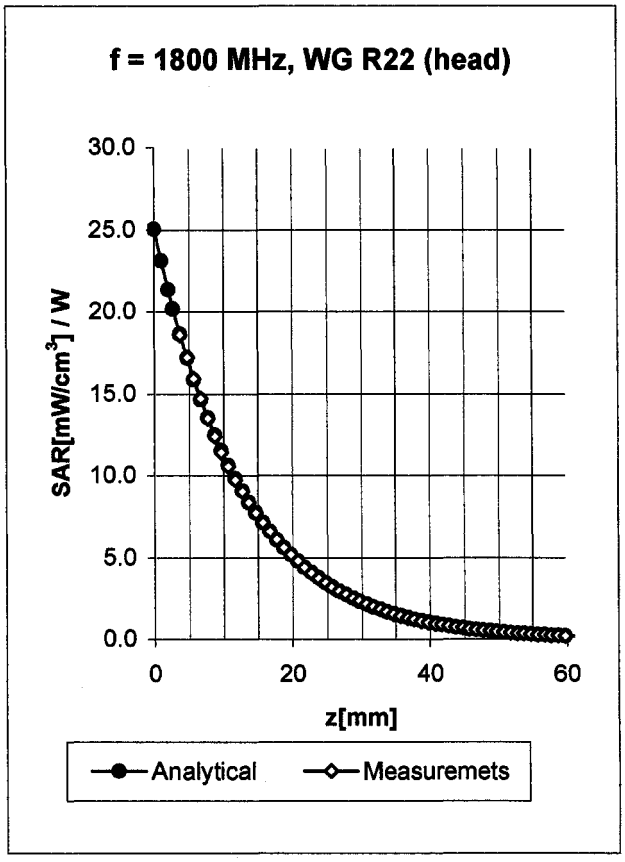
(Waveguide R22)





Conversion Factor Assessment





Head **900 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

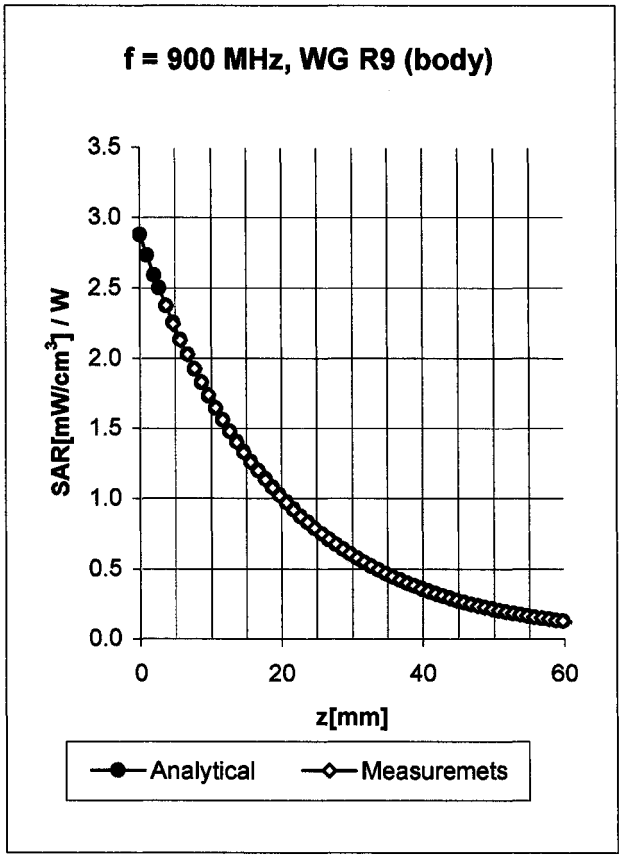
ConvF X	**6.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**6.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.39**
ConvF Z	**6.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.31**

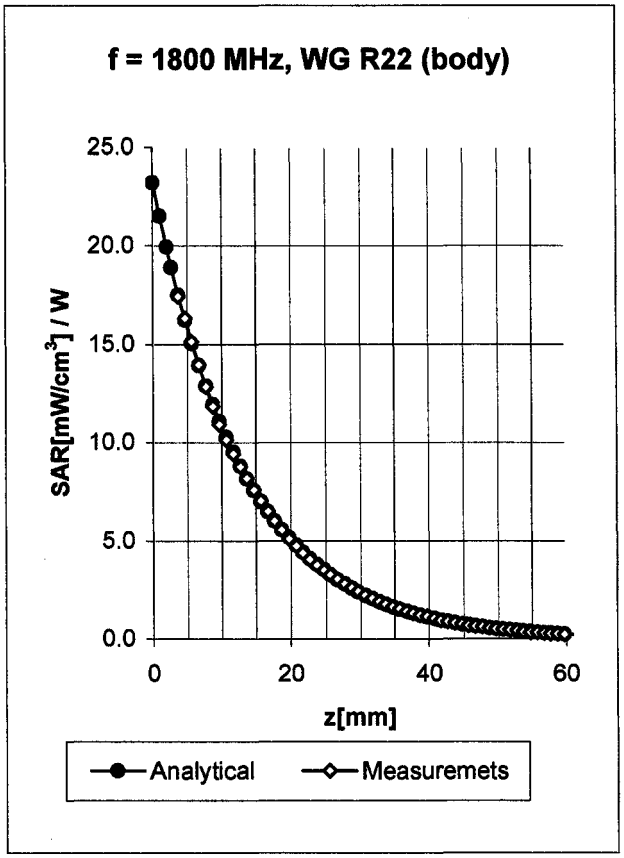
Head **1800 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

ConvF X	**5.0** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**5.0** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.49**
ConvF Z	**5.0** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.55**

Conversion Factor Assessment





Body **900 MHz** ε_r **= 55.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.05 ± 5% mho/m**

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

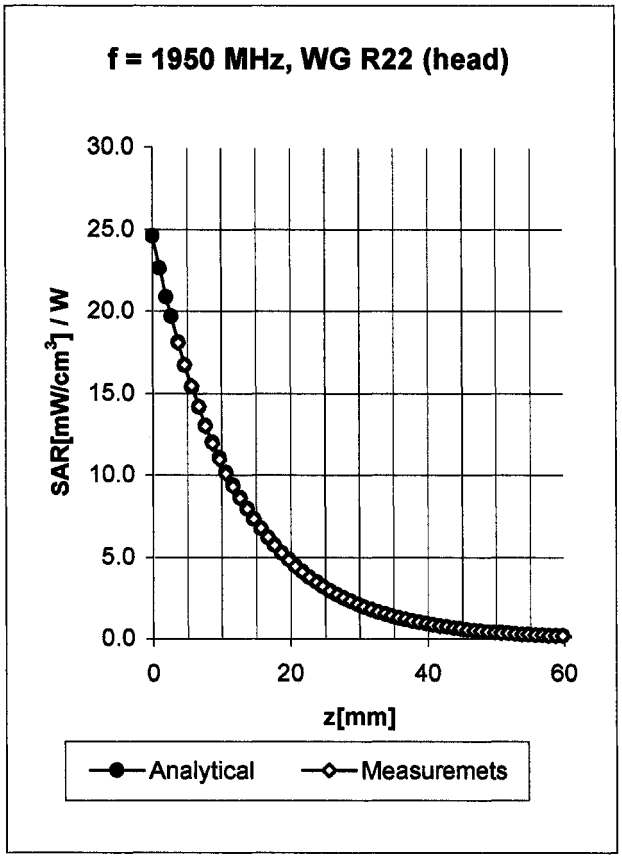
ConvF X	**6.1**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**6.1**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.40**
ConvF Z	**6.1**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.37**

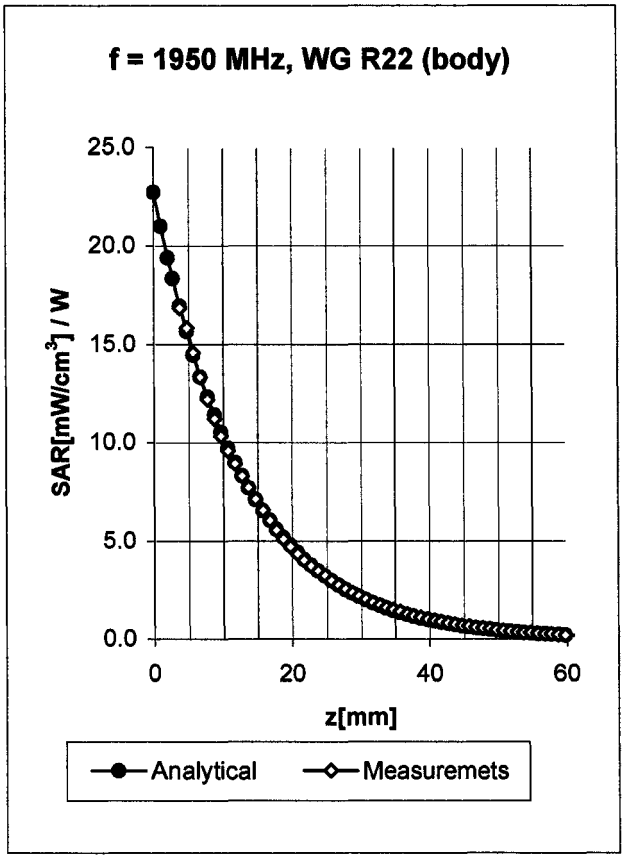
Body **1800 MHz** ε_r **= 53.3 ± 5%** σ **= 1.52 ± 5% mho/m**

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	**4.6**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**4.6**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.55**
ConvF Z	**4.6**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.59**

Conversion Factor Assessment



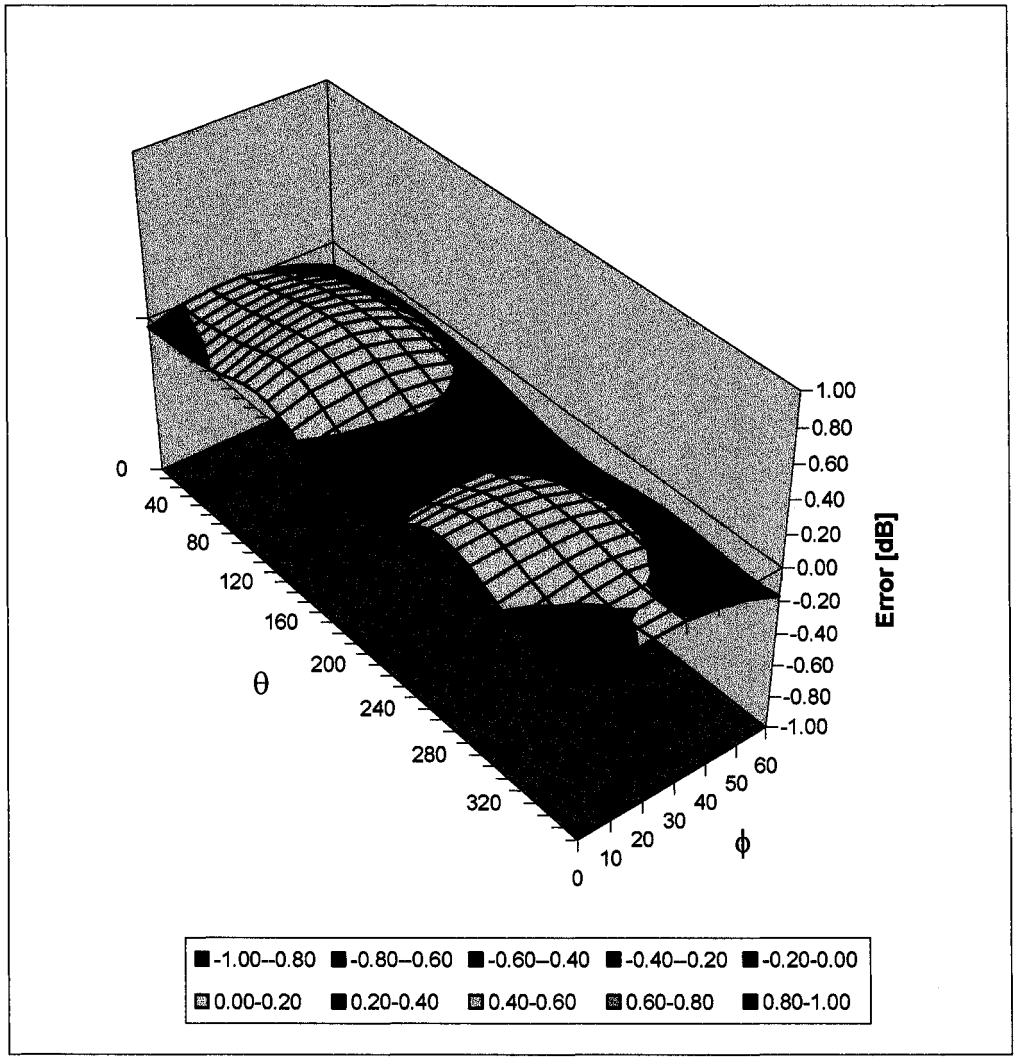


Head	**1950**	**MHz**	ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**4.7** ± 8.9% (k=2)		Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**4.7** ± 8.9% (k=2)		Alpha	**0.53**
	ConvF Z	**4.7** ± 8.9% (k=2)		Depth	**2.53**

Body	**1950**	**MHz**	ε_r **= 53.3 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.52 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**4.2** ± 8.9% (k=2)		Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**4.2** ± 8.9% (k=2)		Alpha	**0.70**
	ConvF Z	**4.2** ± 8.9% (k=2)		Depth	**2.26**

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θϕ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Motorola MRO**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1522
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	March 21, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	N. Vetterli
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	Pokovic Katja

Date issued: March 21, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Probe ET3DV6R

SN:1522

Manufactured:	March 21, 2000
Last calibration:	April 25, 2002
Recalibrated:	March 21, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R SN:1522

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	**1.41**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormY	**1.23**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormZ	**1.29**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Diode Compression

DCP X	**96**	mV
DCP Y	**96**	mV
DCP Z	**96**	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head **900 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**

Head **835 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.90 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**4.7**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**4.7**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.57**
ConvF Z	**4.7**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**1.94**

Head **1800 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

Head **1900 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**3.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**3.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.49**
ConvF Z	**3.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**3.01**

Boundary Effect

Head **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.3	5.1
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.2

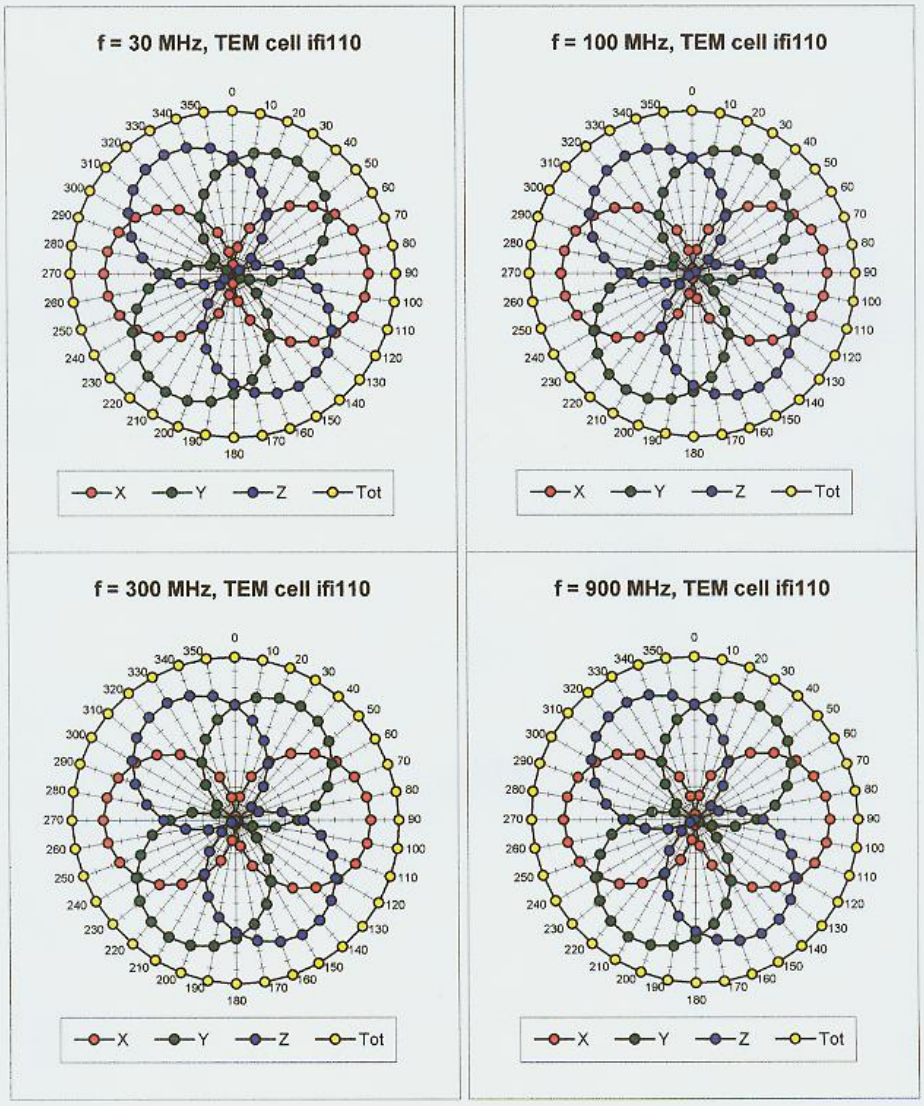
Head **1800 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

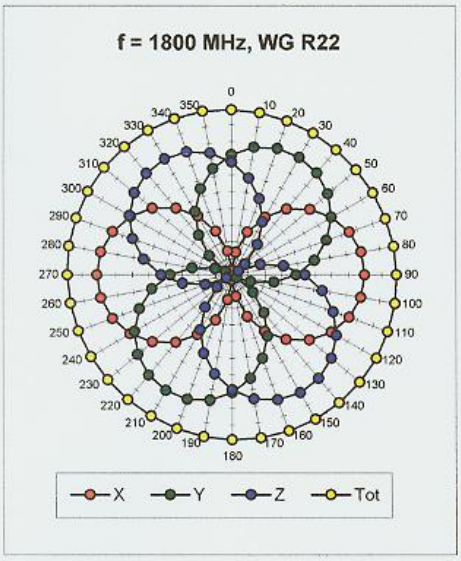
Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	16.1	12.0
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.5	0.5

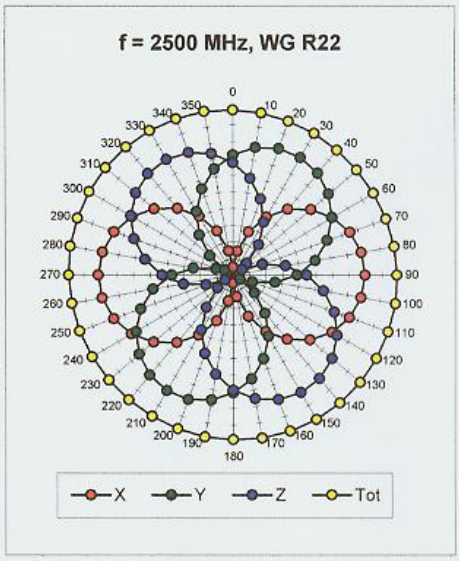
Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7** mm

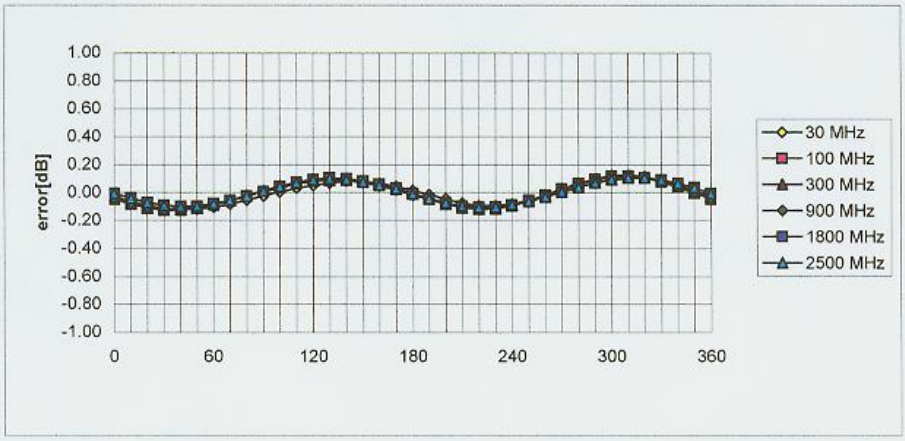
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°





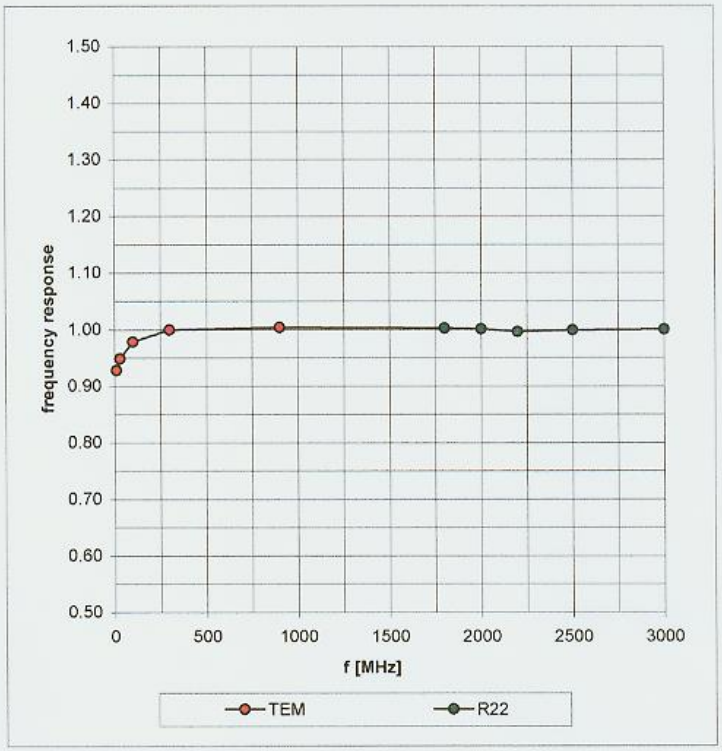


Isotropy Error (ϕ), θ = 0°



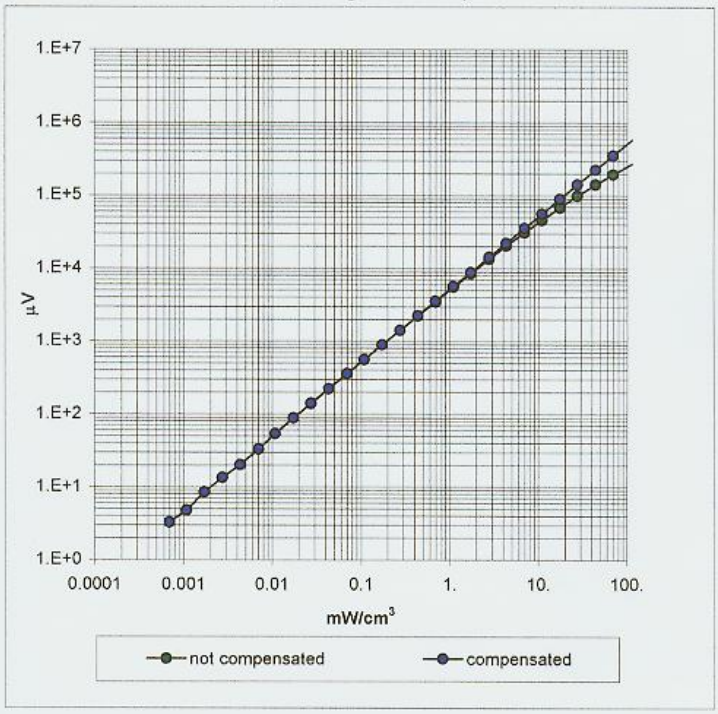
Frequency Response of E-Field

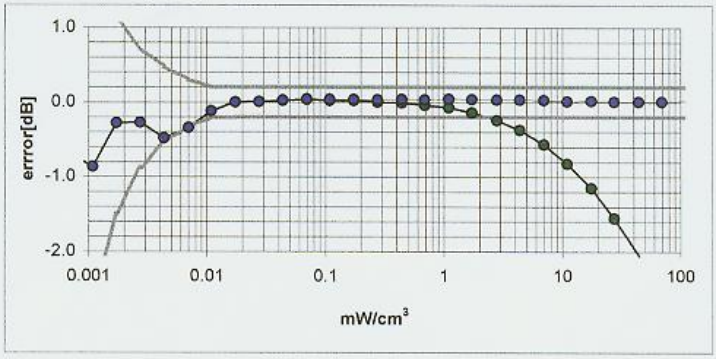
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



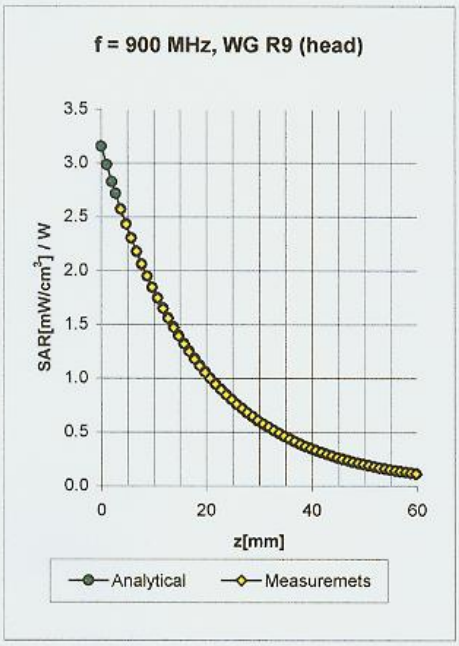
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

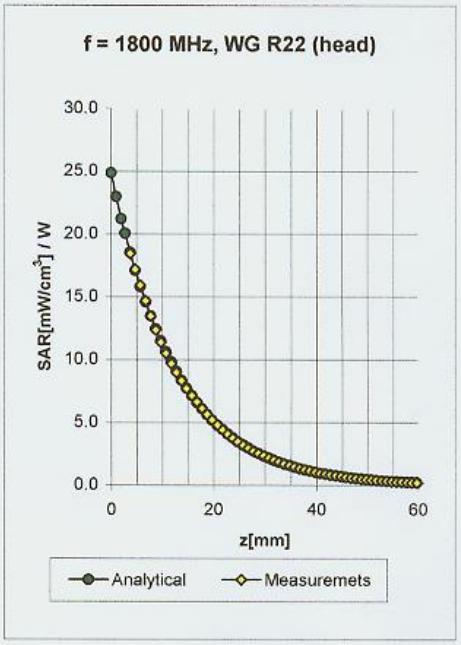
(Waveguide R22)





Conversion Factor Assessment

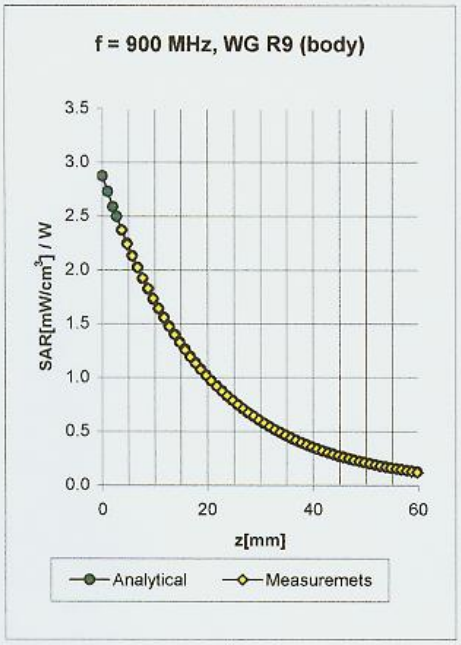


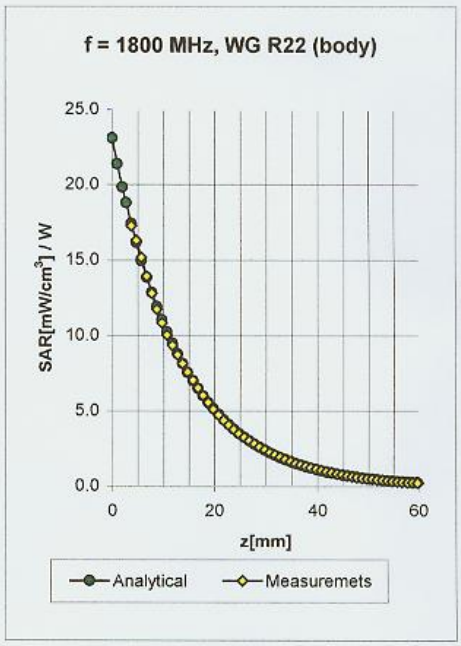


Head	**900 MHz**		**ε_r = 41.5 ± 5%**	**σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**	
Head	**835 MHz**		**ε_r = 41.5 ± 5%**	**σ = 0.90 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**4.7**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**4.7**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.57**
	ConvF Z	**4.7**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**1.94**

Head	**1800 MHz**		**ε_r = 40.0 ± 5%**	**σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**	
Head	**1900 MHz**		**ε_r = 40.0 ± 5%**	**σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**3.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**3.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.49**
	ConvF Z	**3.4**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**3.01**

Conversion Factor Assessment

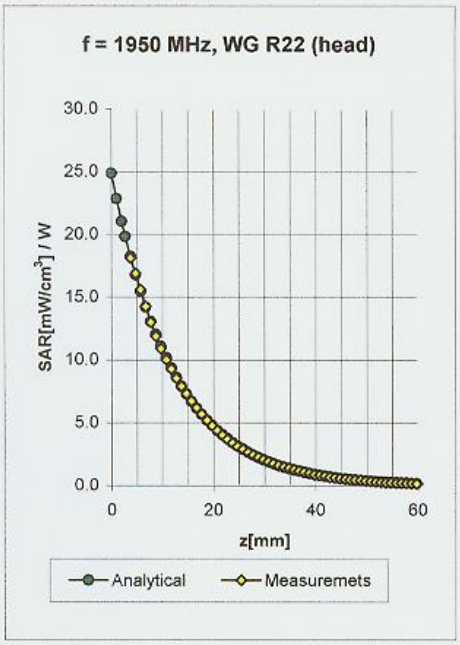


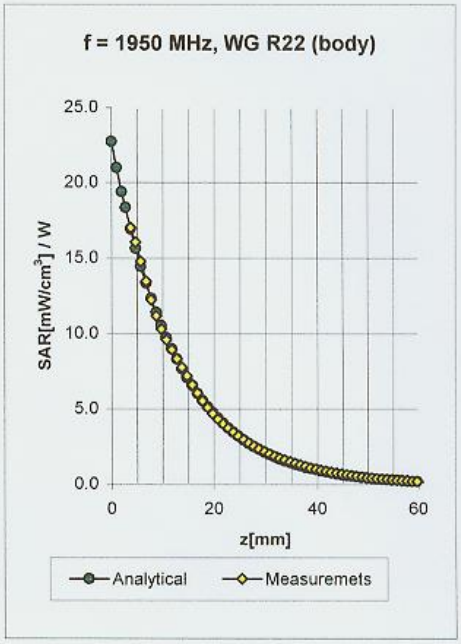


Body	**900 MHz**	ε_r **= 55.0 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.05 ± 5% mho/m**	
Body	**835 MHz**	ε_r **= 55.2 ± 5%**	σ **= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**4.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**4.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.36**
	ConvF Z	**4.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.79**

Body	**1800 MHz**	ε_r **= 53.3 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.52 ± 5% mho/m**	
Body	**1900 MHz**	ε_r **= 53.3 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.52 ± 5% mho/m**	
	ConvF X	**3.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	**3.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.58**
	ConvF Z	**3.1** ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.97**

Conversion Factor Assessment





Head	**1950**	**MHz**	ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

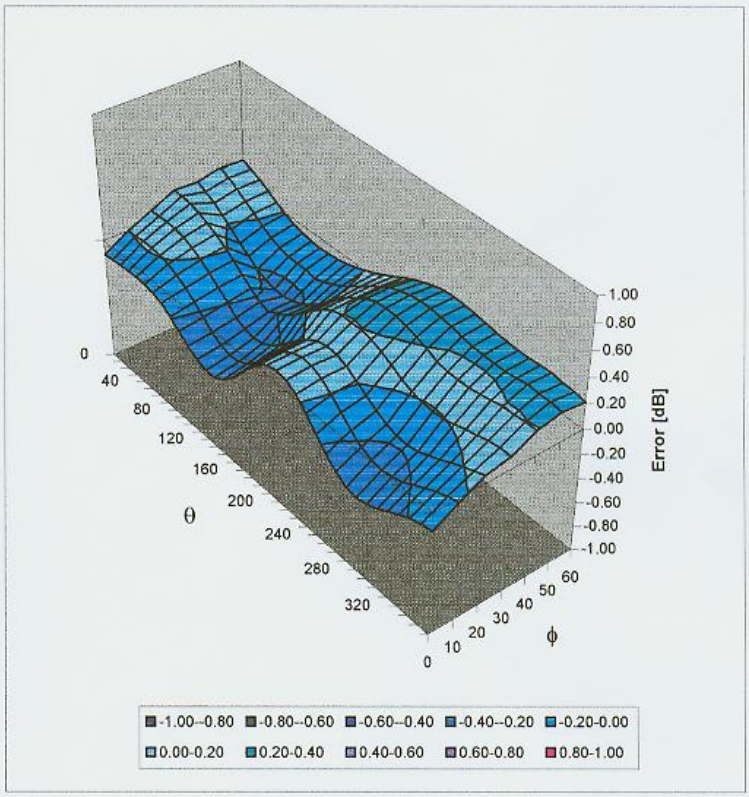
ConvF X	**3.2** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**3.2** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.55**
ConvF Z	**3.2** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	**2.95**

Body	**1950**	**MHz**	ε_r **= 53.3 ± 5%**	σ **= 1.52 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**2.7** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**2.7** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.65**
ConvF Z	**2.7** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	**2.71**

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,ϕ), f = 900 MHz



Appendix 5

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Certification of System Performance Check Targets

Based on APP-0396

-Historical Data-

	835MHz	900MHz	1800MHz	1900MHz	
P1528 Target: Advanced Extrapolation	9.5	10.8	38.1	39.7	**(W/kg)**
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	
Measurement Period:	*November '02 - June '03*	*November '02 - June '03*	*November '02 - June '03*	*November '02 - June '03*	
# of tests performed:	169	728	868	26	
Grand Average: Worst Case Extrapolation	10.1	11.6	39.7	42.0	**(W/kg)**
% Delta (Average - P1528 Target)	6.5%	7.7%	4.2%	5.9%	
Is % Delta <= Measurement Uncertainty?	**Yes**	**Yes**	**Yes**	**Yes**	
Accept/Reject Average as new system performance check target?	**ACCEPT**	**ACCEPT**	**ACCEPT**	**ACCEPT**	
	Applicable 835MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:	**Applicable 900MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:**	**Applicable 1800MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:**	**Applicable 1900Mhz Dipole Serial Numbers:**	
	420(TR), 421(TR)	77, 78	246(TR), 250(TR)	514(TR), 518(TR)	
	422(TR), 423(TR)	79, 80	251(TR), 258(TR)	519(TR), 520(TR)	
	424(TR), 425(TR)	91, 92	259(TR), 262(TR)	523(TR), 524(TR)	
	431(TR), 432(TR)	93, 94	263(TR), 271(TR)	526(TR), 527(TR)	
	433(TR), 434(TR)	95, 96	272(TR), 273(TR)	528(TR), 529(TR)	
	436(TR)	97	276(TR), 277(TR)	530(TR), 533(TR)	
			279(TR), 280(TR)		
			281(TR), 282(TR)		
			283(TR), 284(TR)		

-New System Performance Check Targets- per APP-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)
835MHz	**10.1**	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%
900MHz	**11.6**	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%
1800MHz	**39.7**	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%
1900MHz	**42.0**	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%

-Approvals-

Submitted by: Marge Kaunas Date: 24-Jun-03

Signed: Marge Kaunas

Comments: spreadsheet detailing all measurements available upon request

Approved by: Antonio Faraone **Date:** 24-Jun-03

Signed: Antonio Faraone

Comments: Targets and associated simulant properties are derived from the IEEE P1528 draft standard

Appendix 6

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

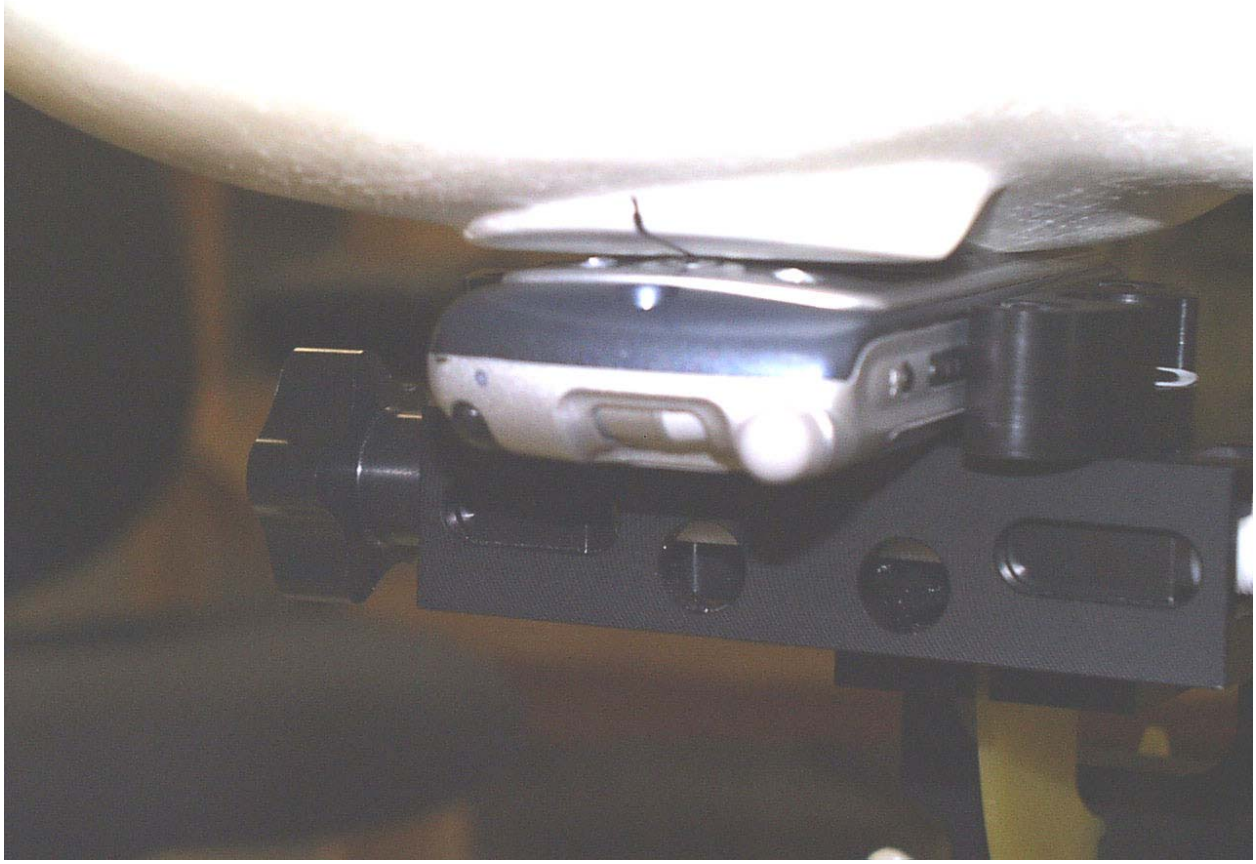
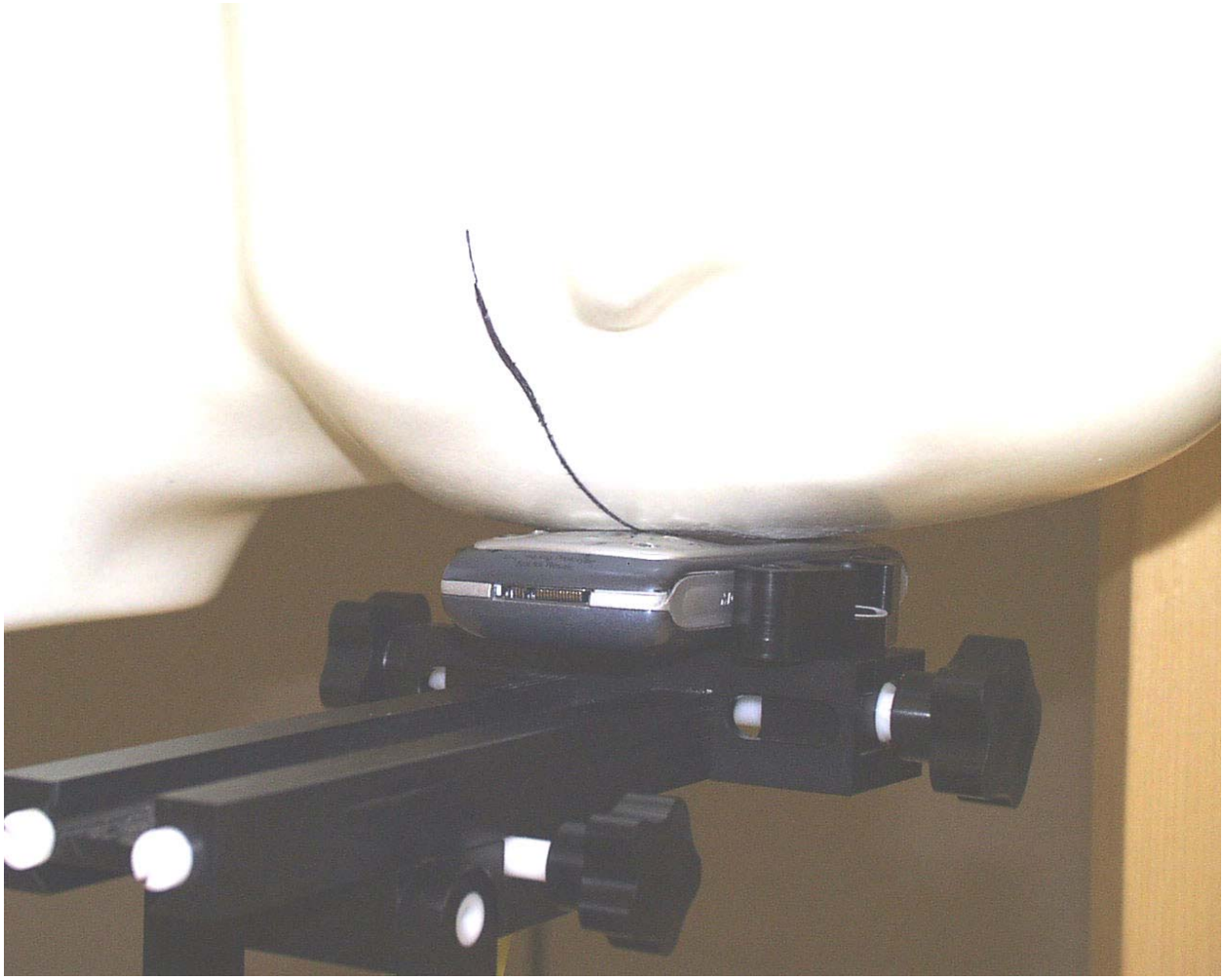
Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	c_i **(1 g)**	c_i **(10 g)**	**1 g** u_i **(±%)**	**10 g** u_i **(±%)**	v_i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.6	N	1.00	1	1	3.6	3.6	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	2.8	N	1.00	1	1	2.8	2.8	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.72	11.09	1363
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k* =2				22.98	21.75	

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom)

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 g)**	**c_i (10 g)**	**1 g u_i (±%)**	**10 g u_i (±%)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.16	9.43	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				19.92	18.48	

Appendix 7

Photographs of the device under test

Engineering Prototype
Not for Resale