

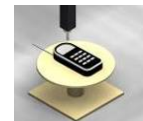


PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATE

Applicant Name:

Motorola Inc
Personal Communications Sector
600 N. U.S. Highway 45
Libertyville, IL 60048-5343
United States

Date of Testing:

August 29 - 31, 2005

Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Test Report Serial No.:

HAC.0508110570.IHD

FCC ID:

IHDT56ET1

APPLICANT:

MOTOROLA INC

Application Type:

Class II Permissive Change

FCC Rule Part(s):

§ 20.19(b), §6.3(v), §7.3(v)

HAC Standard:

ANSI PC63.19-2005 D3.6

FCC Classification:

Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)

EUT Type:

Dual-Band CDMA Phone

Model(s):

V260

Tx Frequency:

824.70 - 848.31 MHz (CDMA)

1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS)

Test Device Serial No.:

Production Sample [S/N: 32EE2EABFEJ]

Class II Permissive Changes:

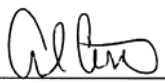
Adding HAC Rating

PC63.19 HAC Rated Category: M3 (RF EMISSIONS)

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. PC63.19 and had been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering



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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- RF Magnetic-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.

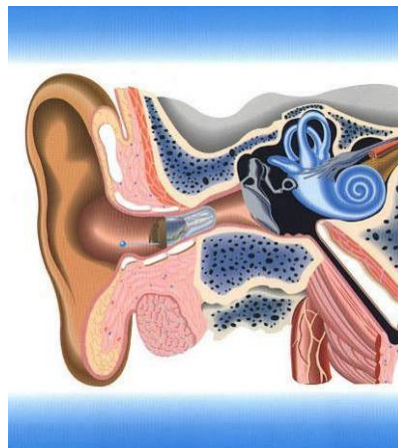


Figure 1 Hearing Aid *in-vitu*

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. TEST SITE LOCATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on October 19, 2002.

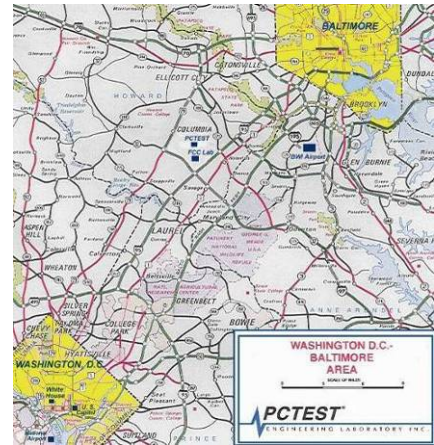
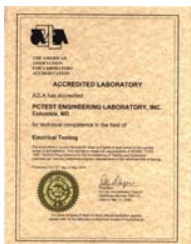


Figure 2

Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

2.2 Test Facility / NVLAP Accreditation:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC 2451).
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC, HAC, CTIA OTA and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules.
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) in AMPS and CDMA mobile phones.

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3. EUT DESCRIPTION



FCC ID: IHDT56ET1
Manufacturer: Motorola Inc
Personal Communications Sector
600 N. U.S. Highway 45
Libertyville, IL 60048-5343

Trade Name: Motorola
Model(s): V260
Serial Number: 32EE2EABFEJ
Tx Frequencies: 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (CDMA)
1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS)

Antenna Configurations: Extendable Antenna
Maximum Conducted Power (EMC/SAR): 25 dBm (CDMA), 25 dBm (PCS)
Maximum Conducted Power (HAC): 25 dBm (CDMA), 25 dBm (PCS)
HAC Test Configurations: CDMA, Channels, Antenna In, 1013, 384, 777
CDMA, Channels, Antenna Out, 1013, 384, 777
PCS, Channels, Antenna In, 25, 600, 1175
PCS, Channels, Antenna Out, 25, 600, 1175

FCC Classification: Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
EUT Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone



Figure 3
Device Under Test

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4. ANSI/IEEE PC63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Hearing aid RF Parameters		Telephone RF Parameters	
Near field Category	E-field immunity CW dB(V/m)	H-field immunity CW dB(A/m)	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)	H-field emissions CW dB(A/m)
M1	30.0 to 35.0	-23.0 to -18.0	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF
M2	35.0 to 40.0	-18.0 to -13.0	41 to 46 + 0.5 x AWF	-9.4 to -4.4 +0.5 x AWF
M3	40.0 to 45.0	-13.0 to -8.0	36 to 41 + 0.5 x AWF	-14.4 to -9.4 +0.5 x AWF
M4	> 45.0	> -8.0	< 36 + 0.5 x AWF	< -14.4 + 0.5 x AWF

Table 6.1
Hearing aid and WD near-field categories as defined in draft ANSI PC63.19. During testing, the hearing aid must maintain an input-referenced interference level of less than 55 dB and a gain compression of less than 6 dB.

II. ARTICULATION WEIGHTING FACTOR (AWF)

Standard	Technology	Articulation Weighing Factor (AWF)
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	0
IS-95	CDMA	0
iDEN™	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	0
J-STD-007	GSM (217 Hz)	-5

Table 6.2
AWF has been developed from information presented to the committee regarding the interference potential of the various modulation types according to ANSI PC63.19

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5. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

ER3DV6 E-Field Probe Description

Construction:	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration:	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)
Frequency:	100 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to > 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

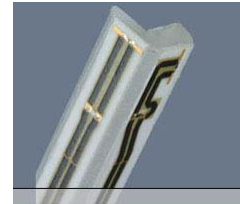


Figure 4
E-field Free-space
Probe

H3DV6 H-Field Probe Description

Construction:	Three concentric loop sensors with 3.8 mm loop diameters Resistively loaded detector diodes for linear response Built-in shielding against static charges
Frequency:	200 MHz to 3 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$); Output linearized
Directivity:	± 0.25 dB (spherical isotropy error)
Dynamic Range:	10 mA/m to 2 A/m at 1 GHz (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 40 mm) Tip diameter: 6 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm
E-Field Interference:	$< 10\%$ at 3 GHz (for plane wave)

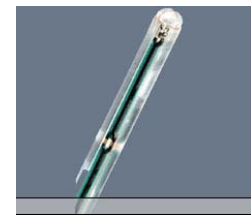


Figure 5
H-Field Free-space
Probe

Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

Magnetic field sensors are measuring the integral of the H-field across their sensor area surrounded by the loop. They are calibrated in a precise, homogeneous field. When measuring a gradient field, the result will be very close to the field in the center of the loop which is equivalent to the value of a homogeneous field equivalent to the center value. But it will be different from the field at the border of the loop.

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Consequently, two sensors with different loop diameters - both calibrated ideally - would give different results when measuring from the edge of the probe sensor elements. The behavior for electrically small E-field sensors is equivalent. See below for distance plots from a WD which show the conservative nature of field readings at the probe element center vs. measurements at the sensor end:

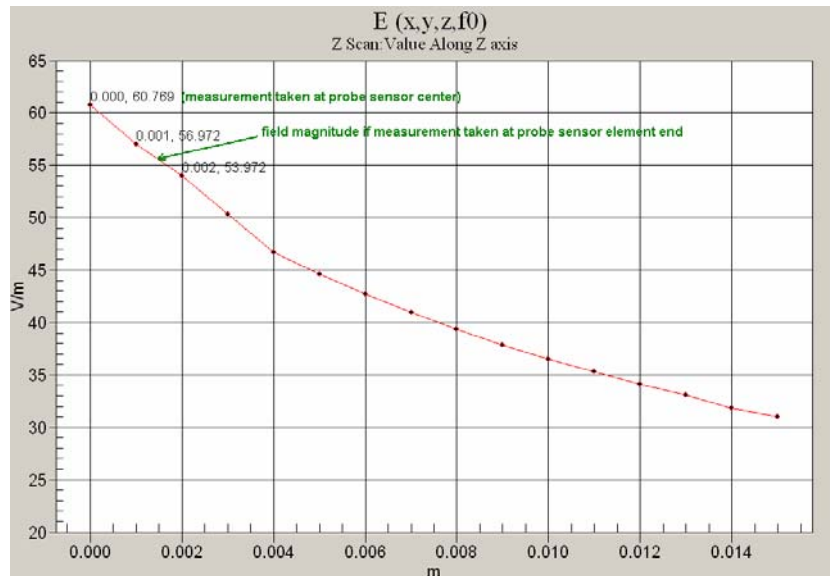


Figure 6 Z-axis scan at maximum point above a typical wireless device for E-field

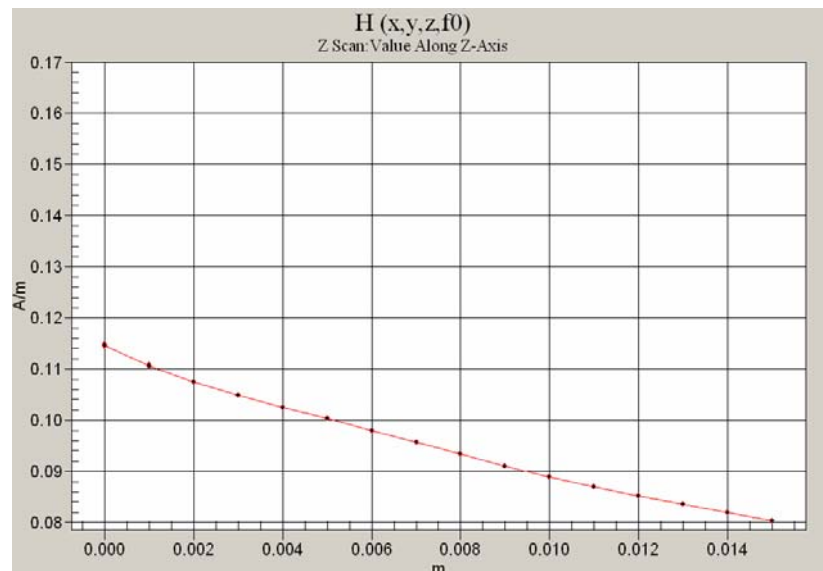


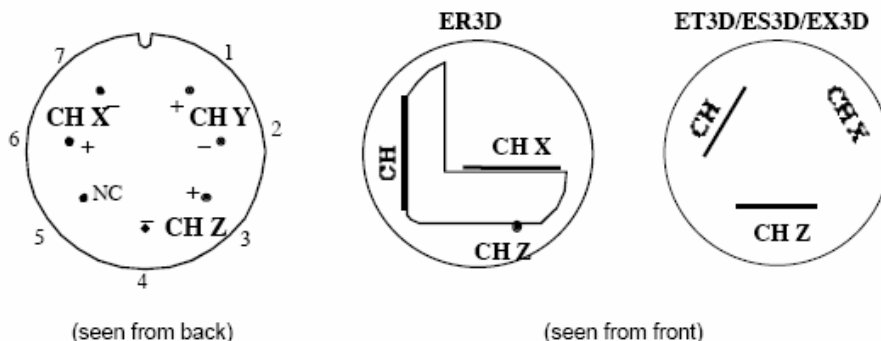
Figure 7 Z-Axis Scan at maximum point above a typical wireless device for H-field

The magnetic field loops of the H3D probes are concentric, with the center 3mm from the tip for H3DV6. Their radius is 1.9mm.

The electric field probes have a more irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement"). Their geometric center is at 2.5mm from the tip, and the element ends are 1.1mm closer to the tip.

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Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

It is recommended to connect the probes with the amplifier using a short and well shielded cable and to connect the cable shielding with the connector case.

Instrumentation Chain

Equation 1

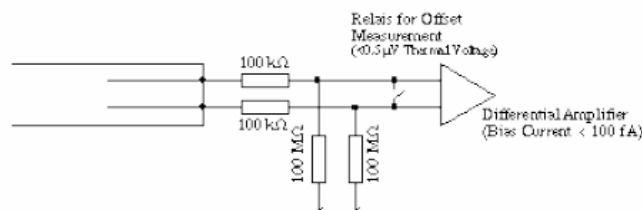
Conversion of Connector Voltage u_i to E-Field E_i

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF) / (DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

whereby

E_i : electric field in V/m
 u_i : voltage of channel i at the connector in μV
 $Norm_i$: sensitivity of channel i in $\mu V/(V/m)^2$
 $ConvF$: enhancement factor in liquid ($ConvF=1$ for Air)
 DCP : diode compression point in μV
 CF : signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

Conditions of Calibration



Please note:

- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors $Norm_i$ and DCP
- larger bias currents will cause higher offset

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Probe Response to Frequency

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below).

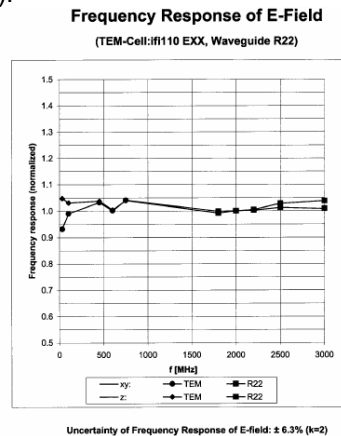


Figure 8 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

H-field sensors have a frequency dependent sensitivity which is evaluated for a series of frequencies also visible in the probe calibration certificate. The calibration factors result from a fitting algorithm. The proper conversion is calculated by the DASY4 software depending on the frequency setting in the procedure. See below for H-field frequency response:

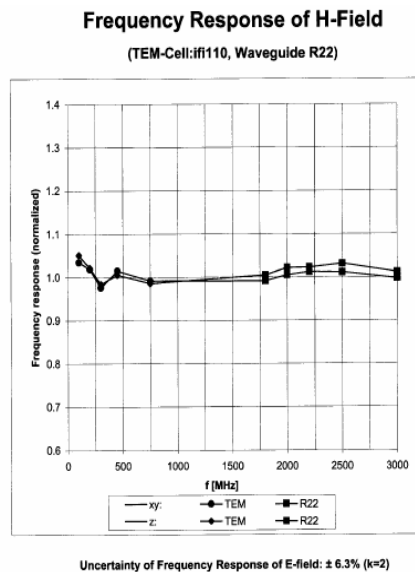


Figure 9 H-Field Probe Frequency Response

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Conversion to Peak

Peak is defined as Peak Envelope Power. All raw measurements from the HAC measurement system are RMS values. The DASY4 system incorporates the crest factor of the signal in the computation of the RMS values (See Equation 1). Although the software also has capability to estimate the peak field by applying a square root of crest factor value to the readings, the probe modulation factor was applied manually instead per PC63.19 in the measurement tables in this report. The equation to convert the raw measurements in the data tables are:

$$\text{Peak Field} = 20 \cdot \log (\text{Raw} \cdot \text{PMF})$$

Where:

Peak Field = Peak field (in dBV/m or dBA/m)

Raw = Raw field measurement from the measurement system (in V/m or A/m).

PMF = Probe Modulation Factor (in linear units).

SPEAG Robotic System

E-field and H-field measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



Figure 10
SPEAG Robotic System



Figure 11
PCTEST Lab Acoustics Facility

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and RF Measurement Software DASY4 v4.5 (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler

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(EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

System Electronics

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

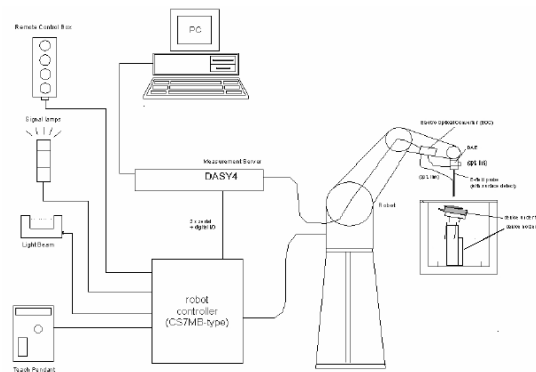


Figure 12
SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

DASY4 Instrumentation Chain

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U_i	= input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf	= crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcp_i	= diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E - fieldprobes :} \quad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H - fieldprobes :} \quad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500 ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500 ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY4 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

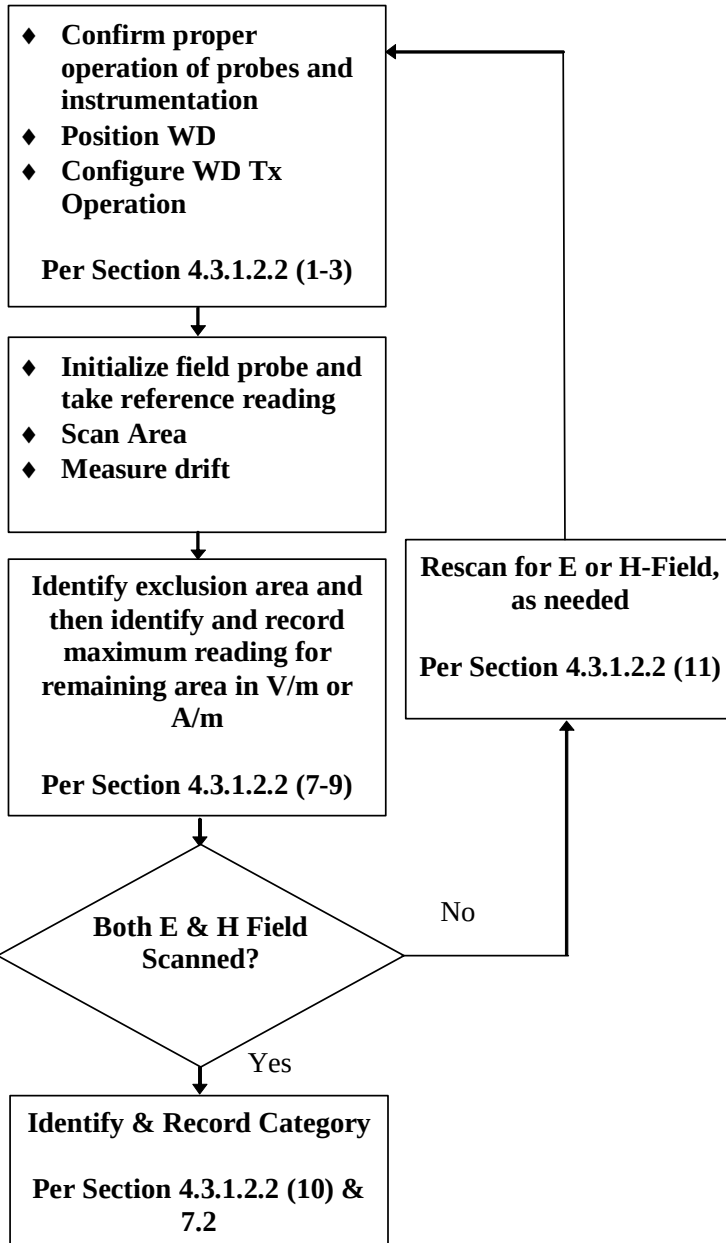
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6. TEST PROCEDURE

I. RF EMISSIONS

Per PC63.19-2005:

Test Instructions



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Test Setup

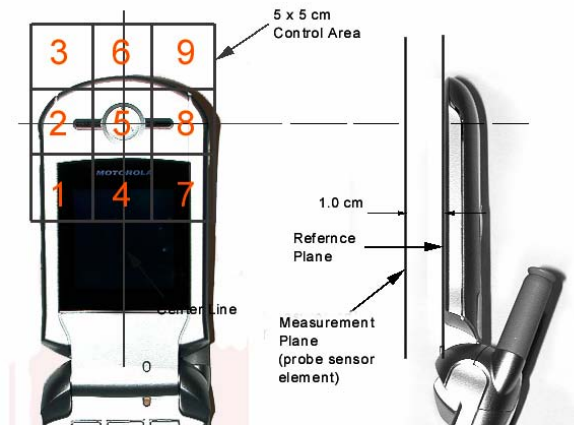


Figure 13
E/H-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram

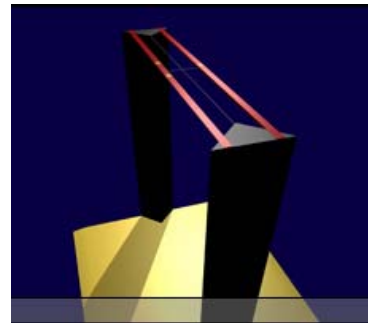


Figure 14
HAC Phantom

RF Emissions Test Procedure:

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
7. Measurements at 2mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed and recorded. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location.
9. Steps 1-8 were done for both the E and H-Field measurements.

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7. SYSTEM CHECK

I. System Check Parameters

The input signal was an unmodulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power $P = 100\text{mW RMS}$ (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 1 cm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is shown in the following diagram:

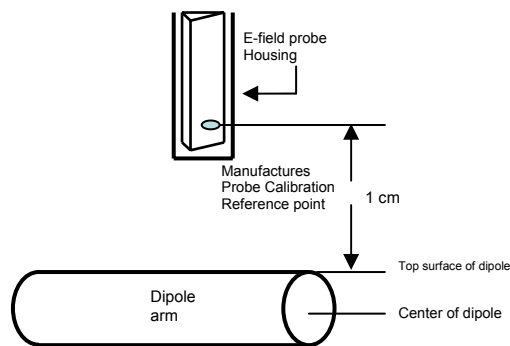


Figure 15
Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device (e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (i.e. - 20dBm) RMS after adjustment for any mismatch.

II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in PC63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

The length of the dipole was scanned with both E-field and H-field probes and the maximum values for each were recorded.

Measurement of CW

Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (

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see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2. Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.

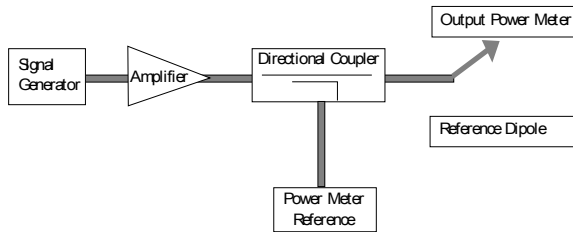


Figure 16
Setup for Desired Output Power to Dipole

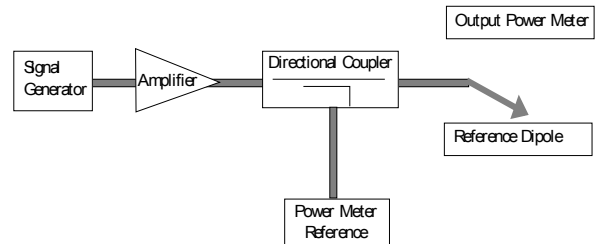


Figure 17
Setup to Dipole

Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 17.

The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:

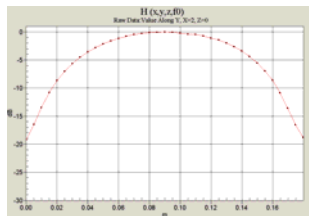


Figure 18
2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis

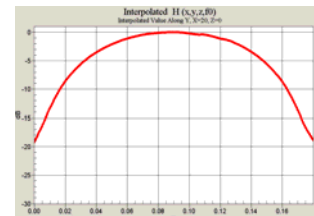


Figure 19
2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis

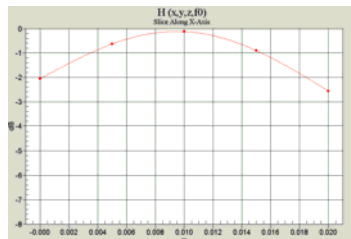


Figure 20
2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis

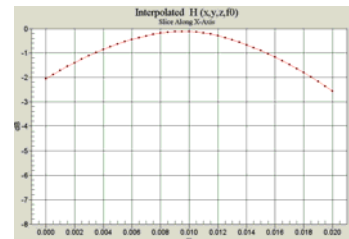


Figure 21
2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

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III. System Check Results

Validation Results

Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Input Power (dBm)	Peak Input Power (dBm)	E-field Result (V/m)	Target Field (V/m)	% Deviation
835	20.0	20.0	179.2	185.1	-3.2%
1880	20.0	20.0	145.8	145.8	0.0%
Frequency (MHz)	Peak Input Power (dBm)	Peak Input Power (dBm)	H-field Result (A/m)	Target Field (A/m)	% Deviation
835	20.0	20.0	0.503	0.470	7.0%
1880	20.0	20.0	0.448	0.450	-0.4%

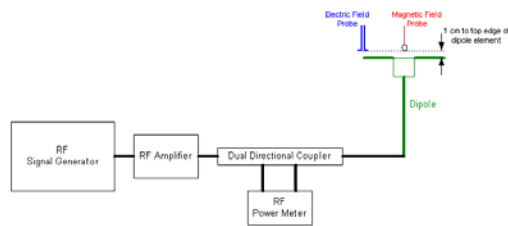


Figure 22
System Check Setup

80% AM Expected Value Estimation:

(From PC63.19 §14.1.1)

(Eq I.3) Calculation of AM Peak-to-Average Ratio (PAR)

$$PAR_{dB} = 10\log(m + 1)^2$$

Peak to Average Ratio of 80%AM signal ($m=0.8$) = 5.1 dB $\equiv$ 1.8 (linear units).

Crest Factor = PAR = 1.8.

$$\text{Modulation factor} = \sqrt{cf} = 1.34$$

$$80\%AM \text{ Expected Value} \equiv \frac{U_{CW-target}}{mf} \equiv \frac{U_{CW-target}}{\sqrt{cf}}$$

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8. MODULATION FACTOR

A calibration was made of the modulation response of the probe and its instrumentation chain. This calibration was performed with the field probe, attached to its instrumentation. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude to that of a CW signal. The field level of the test signals are ensured to be more than 10 dB above the ambient level and the noise floor of the instrumentation being used. The ratio of the CW reading to that taken with a modulated reading was applied to the DUT measurements (See Conversion to Peak section in S chapter).

This was done using the following procedure:

1. The probe was illuminated with a CW signal at the intended measurement frequency.
2. The probe was positioned at the field maxima over the dipole antenna (determined after an area scan over the dipole), as illustrated in Figure 26.
3. The reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal at the maximum point was recorded.
4. Using a Spectrum Analyzer, the modulated signal adjusted with the same peak level of the CW signal was determined.
5. The probe measurement system reading was recorded with the modulated signal.
6. The ratio of the CW reading to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor (PMF) for the modulation and field probe combination.
7. Steps 1-6 were repeated at all frequency bands and for both E and H field probes.

The modulation factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device, in order to obtain an accurate peak field reading using the formula:

$$\text{Peak} = 20 \cdot \log(\text{Raw} \cdot \text{PMF})$$

This method correlates well with the modulation using the DUT in the alternative substitution method. See below for correlation of signal:

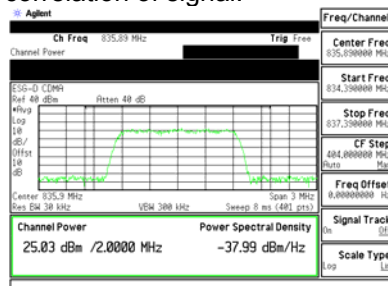


Figure 23
Signal Generator Modulated Signal

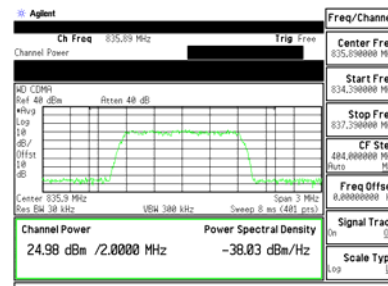


Figure 24
Wireless Device Modulated Signal

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Modulation Factors:

f (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	H-Field (A/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	25.0	AM	225.2	0.6909	1.42	1.32
835	25.0	CDMA	334.9	1.122	0.96	0.81
835	25.0	CW	320.3	0.91		
1880	25.0	AM	154.3	0.6349	1.45	1.23
1880	25.0	CDMA	226.5	1.161	0.98	0.67
1880	25.0	CW	223	0.7781		

Figure 25
Modulation Factors

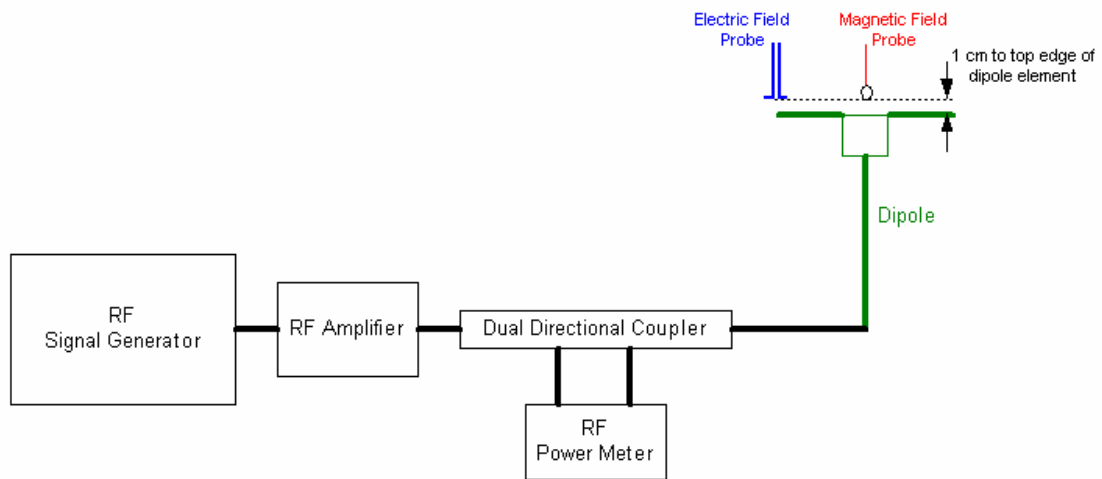


Figure 26
Determining Modulation Factor Probe Setup

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9. OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

FCC ID:	IHDT56ET1
Model:	V260
S/N:	32EE2EABFEJ

I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 1
HAC Data Summary for E-field

Mode	Channel	Backlight	Antenna	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Measured Drift (%)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT
E-field Emissions										
CDMA	1013	off	In	25.09	2.1%	72.0	36.8	41.0	-4.24	M3
CDMA	384	off	In	25.20	0.2%	68.5	36.3	41.0	-4.67	M3
CDMA	777	off	In	25.08	-0.9%	70.2	36.5	41.0	-4.46	M3
PCS	25	off	In	25.33	5.6%	42.6	32.5	41.0	-8.55	M4
PCS	600	off	In	25.01	-4.9%	40.9	32.1	41.0	-8.90	M4
PCS	1175	off	In	24.98	-1.2%	38.3	31.5	41.0	-9.47	M4
CDMA	1013	off	Out	25.09	-1.4%	65.5	35.9	41.0	-5.06	M4
CDMA	384	off	Out	25.20	-0.1%	64.2	35.8	41.0	-5.24	M4
CDMA	777	off	Out	25.08	-0.4%	57.3	34.8	41.0	-6.22	M4
PCS	25	off	Out	25.33	3.9%	42.9	32.5	41.0	-8.49	M4
PCS	600	off	Out	25.01	0.9%	43.2	32.6	41.0	-8.43	M4
PCS	1175	off	Out	24.98	-1.2%	45.3	33.0	41.0	-8.01	M4
CDMA	1013	on	In	25.09	1.5%	68.0	36.3	41.0	-4.74	M3



Figure 27
Sample E-field Scan Overlay

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FCC ID:	IHDT56ET1
Model:	V260
S/N:	32EE2EABFEJ

II. H-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 2
HAC Data Summary for H-field

Mode	Channel	Backlight	Antenna	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Measured Drift (%)	Time Avg. Field (A/m)	Peak Field (dBA/m)	FCC Limit (dBA/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT
H-field Emissions										
CDMA	1013	off	In	25.09	2.2%	0.144	-18.7	-9.4	-9.25	M4
CDMA	384	off	In	25.20	-3.4%	0.144	-18.7	-9.4	-9.25	M4
CDMA	777	off	In	25.08	-8.1%	0.150	-18.3	-9.4	-8.90	M4
PCS	25	off	In	25.33	3.5%	0.122	-21.7	-9.4	-12.35	M4
PCS	600	off	In	25.01	-2.4%	0.116	-22.2	-9.4	-12.79	M4
PCS	1175	off	In	24.98	-9.7%	0.126	-21.5	-9.4	-12.07	M4
CDMA	1013	off	Out	25.09	-1.9%	0.135	-19.2	-9.4	-9.81	M4
CDMA	384	off	Out	25.20	2.8%	0.157	-17.9	-9.4	-8.50	M4
CDMA	777	off	Out	25.08	-0.6%	0.148	-18.4	-9.4	-9.01	M4
PCS	25	off	Out	25.33	-1.4%	0.088	-24.6	-9.4	-15.19	M4
PCS	600	off	Out	25.01	-5.1%	0.090	-24.4	-9.4	-14.99	M4
PCS	1175	off	Out	24.98	-1.5%	0.103	-23.2	-9.4	-13.82	M4



Figure 28
Sample H-field Scan Overlay

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FCC ID:	IHDT56ET1
Model:	V260
S/N:	32EE2EABFEJ

III. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 3
Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Mode	Channel	Backlight	Antenna	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Measured Drift (%)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT
Probe Rotation at Worst-Case										
CDMA	1013	off	In	25.09	2.1%	74.5	37.1	41.0	-3.95	M3

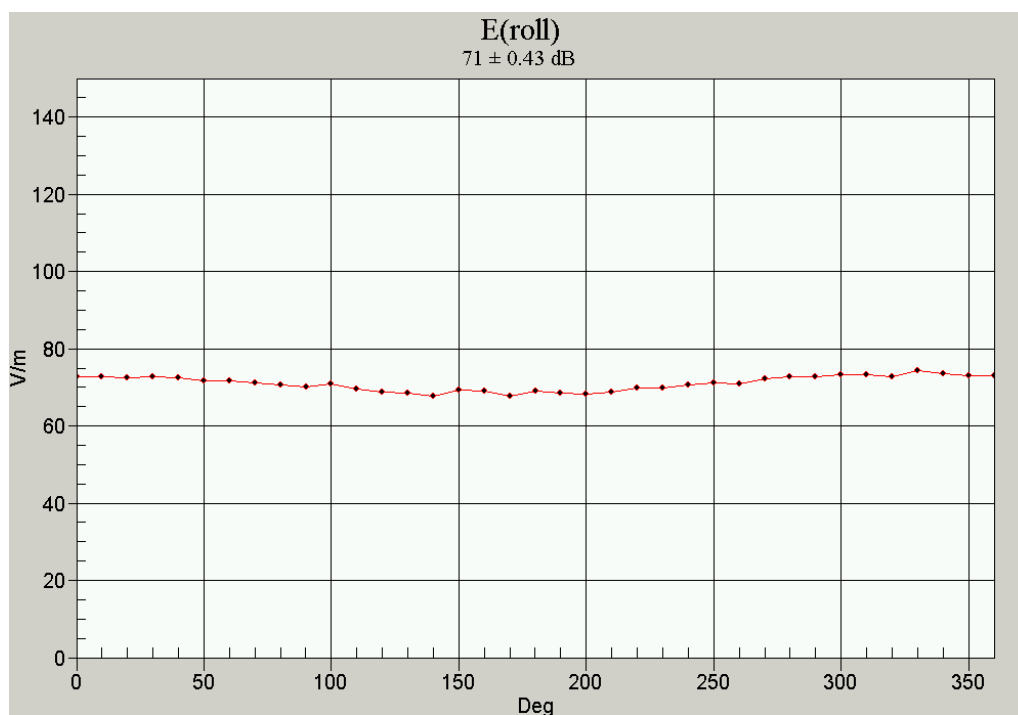


Figure 29
Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

* Note: Location of probe rotation is shown in Figure 27 or Figure 28

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10. EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Make / Equipment	Calibration Due	Asset No.
HP	437B Power Meter	May 2006	3125U24437
Amplifier Research	5S1G4 (5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz)	January 2006	22322
Gigatronics	80701A (0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	April 2006	1833460
HP	8482H (30mW-3W) Power Sensor	February 2006	2237A02084
HP	8594A Spectrum Analyzer	February 2006	3051A00187
Gigatronics	8657A Universal Power Meter	April 2006	1835256
HP	8753E (30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	February 2006	JP38020182
Agilent	8960 Base Station Simulator	January 2006	PCT080
Agilent	Base Station Simulator	May 2006	661
Rohde & Schwarz	CMD80 Base Station Simulator	June 2006	830805/005
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200 Base Station Simulator	November 2005	650378
Agilent	ESG-D Signal Generator	October 2005	PCT800
Optix	Fiber-Optic Line	N/A	
SPEAG	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	February 2007	1002
SPEAG	Freespace 1900 MHz Dipole	February 2007	1002
SPEAG	Freespace 2450 MHz Dipole	February 2007	1004
SPEAG	Freespace H-field Probe	October 2005	6180
SPEAG	Freespace E-field Probe	January 2006	2332
Bruel & Kjaer	HATS System	December 2005	687
Hosa	High Precision TRS Cable	N/A	
EMCO	Model 3115 (1-18GHz) Horn Antenna	October 2006	9203-2178
EMCO	Model 3115 (1-18GHz) Horn Antenna	October 2006	9704-5182
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS Power Meter	June 2006	
RF Lindgren Model 26-2/2-0	Shielded Screen Room	N/A	6710 (PCT270)
MicroCoax	(1.0-26.5GHz) Microwave Cables	N/A	N/A
HP	8648D (9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	October 2005	3613A00315
Rohde & Schwarz	(0.1-1000MHz) Signal Generator	September 2005	894215/012
Ray Proof Model S81	Shielded Semi-Anechoic Chamber	N/A	R2437 (PCT278)
Narda	3020A (50-1000MHz) Bi-Directional Coax Coupler	January 2006	
HP	8901A Modulation Analyzer	January 2006	2432A03467
HP	8903B Audio Analyzer	January 2006	3011A09025

Table 4
Equipment List

*Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

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11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Wireless Communications Device Near-Field Measurement						
Uncertainty Estimation						
Uncertainty Component	Data (dB)	Data Type	Prob. Dist.	Divisor	Unc. (dB)	Notes/Comments
Measurement System						
RF System Reflections	0.50	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.30	* Refl. < -20 dB
RF Ambient Conditions	0.20	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.12	
Field Probe Conversion Factor	0.42	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.25	
Field Probe Isotropy	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.06	
Field Probe Frequency Response	0.135	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.08	
Field Probe Linearity	0.025	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.01	
Boundary Effects	0.105	Accuracy	R	1.73	0.06	
Sensor Displacement	0.66	Accuracy	R	1.73	0.39	*
Probe Positioning Accuracy	0.20	Accuracy	R	1.73	0.12	*
Probe Positioner	0.050	Accuracy	R	1.73	0.03	*
Extrapolation/Interpolation	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.03	*
System Detection Limit	0.05	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.03	*
Readout Electronics	0.015	Tolerance	N	1.00	0.02	*
Integration Time	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.06	*
Response Time	0.033	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.02	*
Phantom Thickness	0.10	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.06	*
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning Vertical	0.4	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.24	*
Device Positioning Lateral	0.045	Tolerance	N	1	0.05	*
Device Holder and Phantom	0.1	Tolerance	R	1.73	0.06	*
Power Drift	0.21	Tolerance	N	1	0.21	
<i>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</i>					0.65	16.1%
<i>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) [95% confidence]</i>					1.30	32.3%

Table 5
Uncertainty Estimation Table

Notes:

1. Test equipment are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All equipment have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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12. TEST DATA

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

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Date: 8/31/2005



PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatability Facility

DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz

Type: CD835V3

Serial: 1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

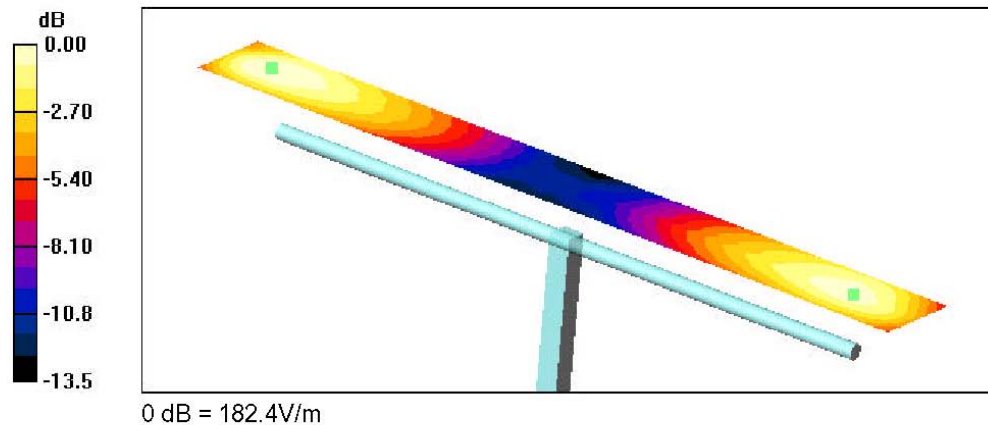
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2332; Calibrated: 1/31/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19;

835MHz, 100mW/20dBm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x901x1): Measurement grid:

dx=2mm, dy=2mm

Average value of E_tot (interpolated) = 179.2 V/m



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Date: 8/31/2005



PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatability Facility

DUT: HAC Dipole 1900 MHz

Type: CD1880V3

Serial: 1002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

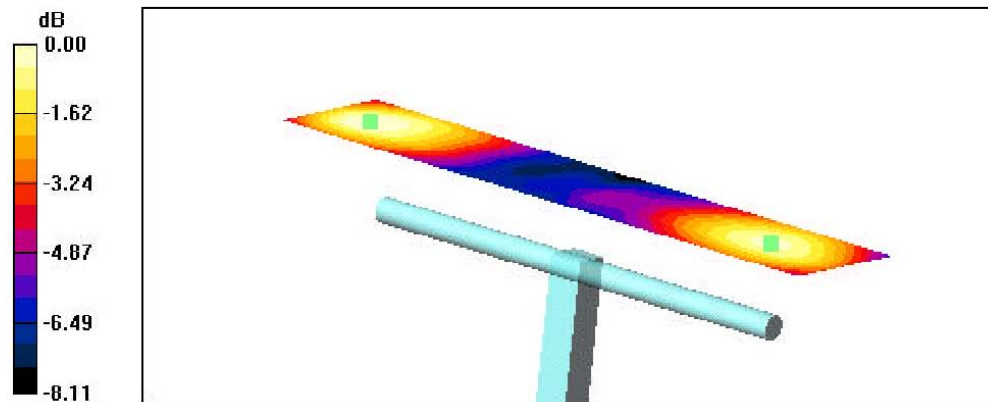
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2332; Calibrated: 1/31/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19;

1880MHz, 100mW/20dBm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x451x1): Measurement

grid: dx=2mm, dy=2mm

Average value of E_tot (interpolated) = 145.8 V/m



0 dB = 148.7V/m

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Date: 8/31/2005



PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatability Facility

DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz

Type: CD835V3

Serial: 1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

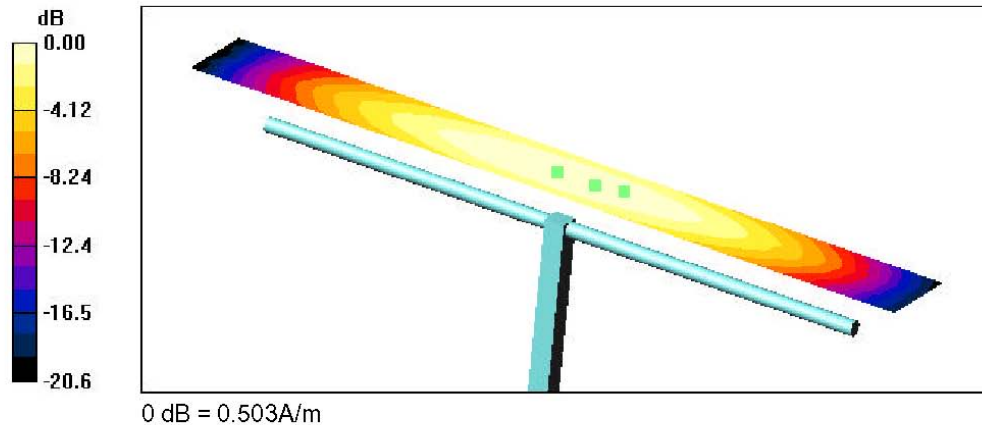
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6180; Calibrated: 10/6/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19;

835MHz, 100mW/20dBm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x901x1): Measurement grid:

dx=2mm, dy=2mm

Maximum value of H_tot (interpolated) = 0.503 A/m



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PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
HAC Filename: HAC.0508110570.IHD	Test Dates: August 29 - 31, 2005	EUT Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone	FCC ID: IHDT56ET1	Page 29 of 69

Date: 8/31/2005



PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatability Facility

DUT: HAC Dipole 1900 MHz

Type: CD1880V3

Serial: 1002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

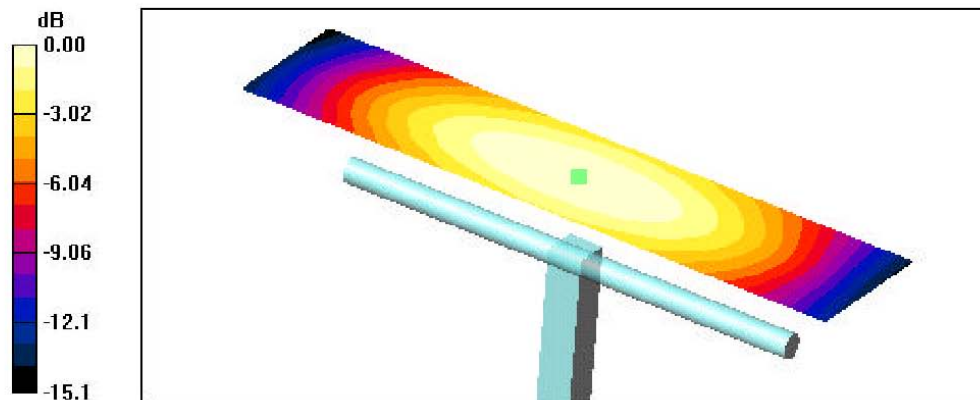
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6180; Calibrated: 10/6/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19;

1880MHz, 100mW/20dBm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x451x1): Measurement

grid: dx=2mm, dy=2mm

Maximum value of H_tot (interpolated) = 0.448 A/m



0 dB = 0.448A/m

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PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatibility Facility

DUT: V260

Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone

Serial: 32EE2EABFEJ

Backlight off

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2332; Calibrated: 1/31/2005
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19;

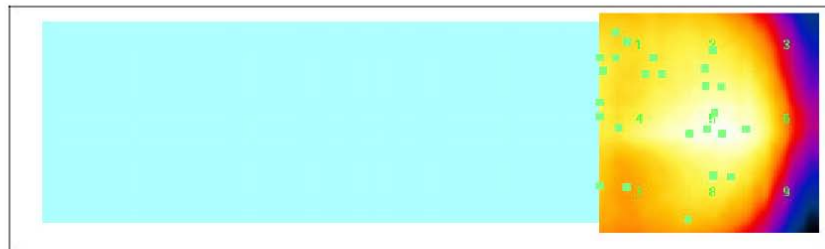
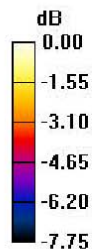
Ch.1013, Ant In/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (251x251x1): Measurement grid: dx=2mm, dy=2mm

Maximum value of Total field (slot averaged) = 72.0 V/m

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

E in V/m (Time averaged) E in V/m (Slot averaged)

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3	Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
61.9	65.1	63.3	61.9	65.1	63.3
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6	Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
67.9	72.0	69.8	67.9	72.0	69.8
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9	Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
60.6	65.3	62.8	60.6	65.3	62.8



0 dB = 72.0V/m

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PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatability Facility

DUT: V260

Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone

Serial: 32EE2EABFEJ

*Backlight off**Duty Cycle: 1:1*

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DAS4 (High Precision Assessment)

DAS4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2332; Calibrated: 1/31/2005
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DAS4, V4.5 Build 19;

Ch.1175, Ant Out/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (251x251x1): Measurement grid:

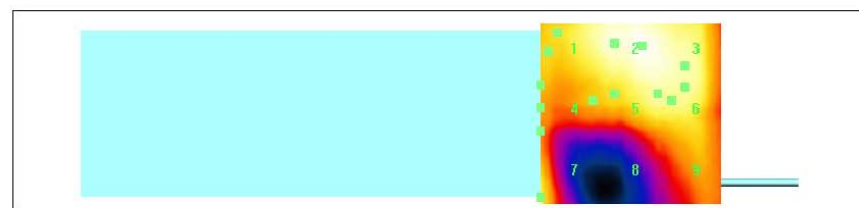
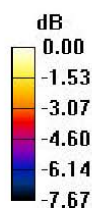
dx=2mm, dy=2mm

Maximum value of Total field (slot averaged) = 45.3 V/m

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: **M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

E in V/m (Time averaged) E in V/m (Slot averaged)

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3	Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
42.3	45.3	43.8	42.3	45.3	43.8
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6	Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
36.9	42.4	42.0	36.9	42.4	42.0
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9	Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
39.2	31.1	35.7	39.2	31.1	35.7



0 dB = 45.3V/m

PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Date: 8/31/2005



PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatability Facility

DUT: V260

Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone

Serial: 32EE2EABFEJ

Backlight off

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASy4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASy4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6180; Calibrated: 10/6/2004
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASy4, V4.5 Build 19;

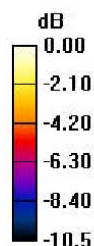
Ch.0777, Ant In/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (251x251x1): Measurement grid: dx=2mm,
dy=2mm

Maximum value of Total field (slot averaged) = 0.150 A/m

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

H in A/m (Time averaged) H in A/m (Slot averaged)

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3	Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.150	0.114	0.078	0.150	0.114	0.078
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6	Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.144	0.106	0.074	0.144	0.106	0.074
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9	Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.133	0.095	0.064	0.133	0.095	0.064



0 dB = 0.150A/m

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PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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PCTEST Hearing-Aid Compatibility Facility

DUT: V260

Type: Dual-Band CDMA Phone

Serial: 32EE2EABFEJ

Backlight off

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DAS4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6180; Calibrated: 10/6/2004
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 6/28/2005
- Phantom: HAC Main; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19;

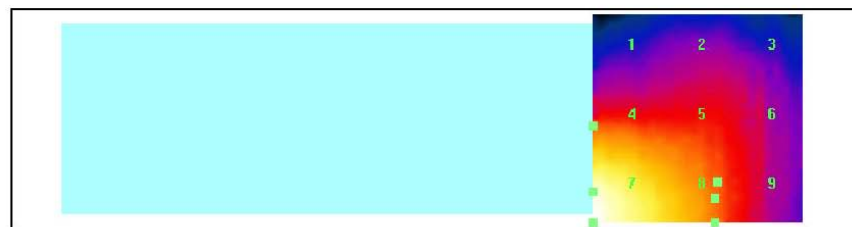
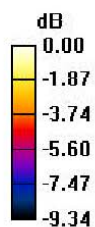
Ch.1175, Ant In/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (251x251x1): Measurement grid: dx=2mm,
dy=2mm

Maximum value of Total field (slot averaged) = 0.126 A/m

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

H in A/m (Time averaged) H in A/m (Slot averaged)

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3	Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.066	0.069	0.068	0.066	0.069	0.068
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6	Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.096	0.084	0.075	0.096	0.084	0.075
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9	Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.126	0.098	0.077	0.126	0.098	0.077



0 dB = 0.126A/m

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PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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13. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC test**

Certificate No. **ER3-2332_Jan05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ER3DV6 - SN:2332**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-02.v4**
 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

Calibration date: **January 31, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	6-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2328_Oct04)	Oct-05
DAE4	SN: 617	19-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Jan05)	Jan-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: February 19, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2332_Jan05

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

NORM_{x,y,z} sensitivity in free space
DCP diode compression point
Polarization ϕ ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-1996, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", 1996.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- **DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2332_Jan05

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PCTEST™ HAC REPORT	FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT			Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Probe ER3DV6

SN:2332

Manufactured: September 9, 2003
Calibrated: January 31, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 SN:2332

Sensitivity in Free Space [$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$]		Diode Compression ^A	
NormX	1.34 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP X	95 mV
NormY	1.47 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP Y	95 mV
NormZ	1.64 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP Z	97 mV

Frequency Correction

X	0.0
Y	0.0
Z	0.0

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	2.5 mm
Y	2.5 mm
Z	2.5 mm

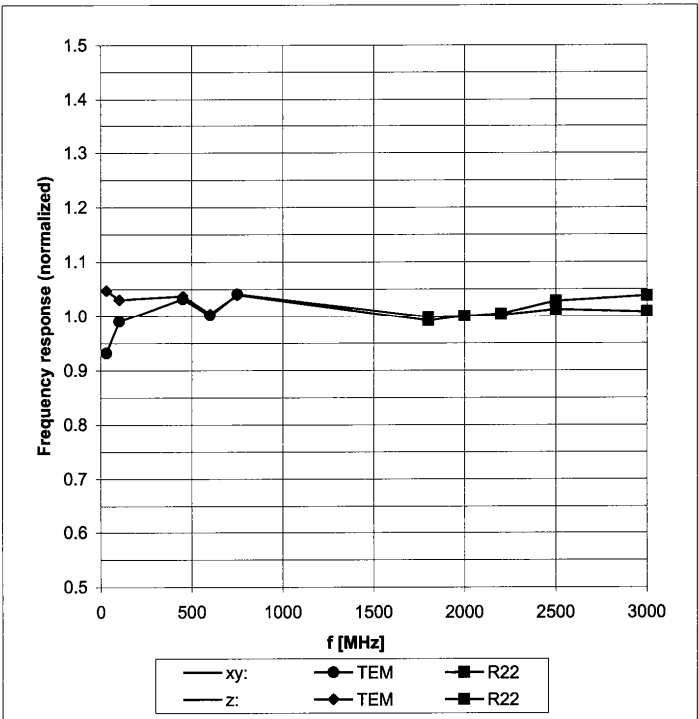
Connector Angle **139 °**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

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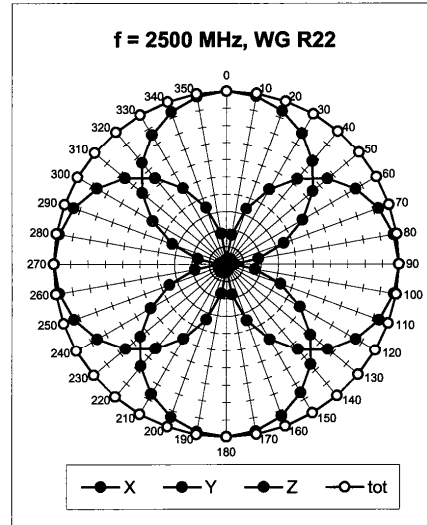
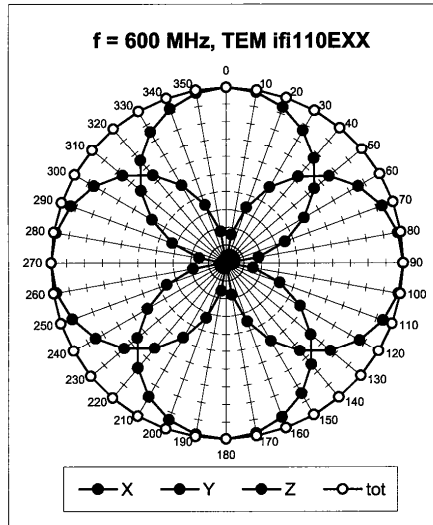
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



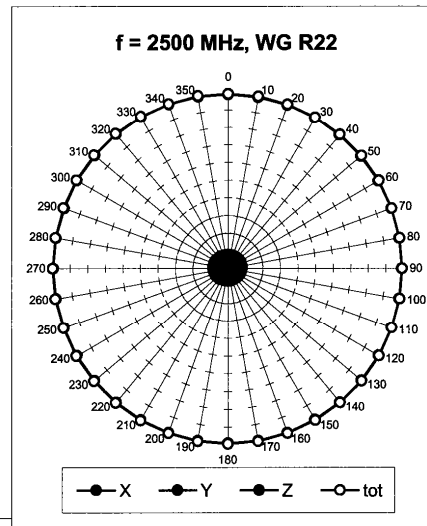
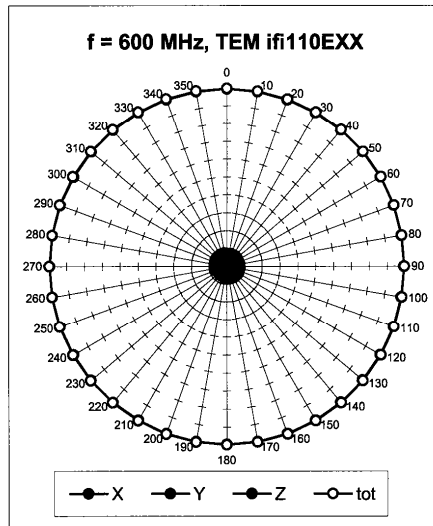
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

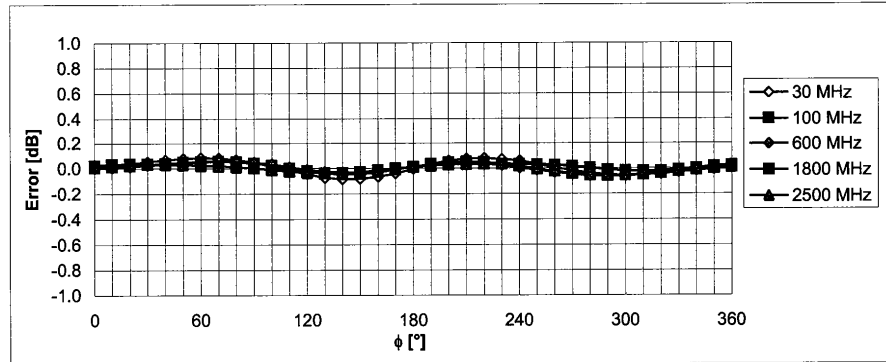


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



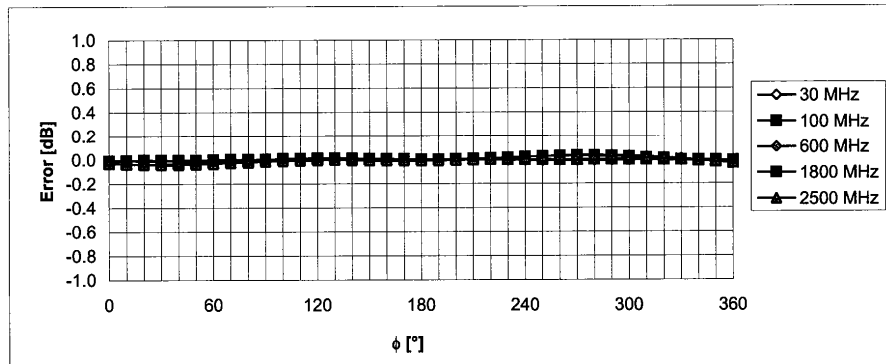
PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

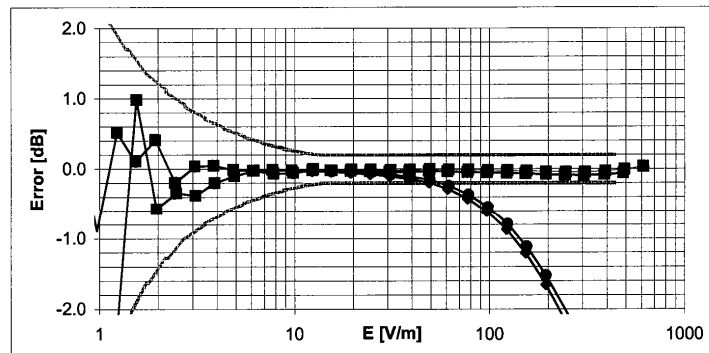
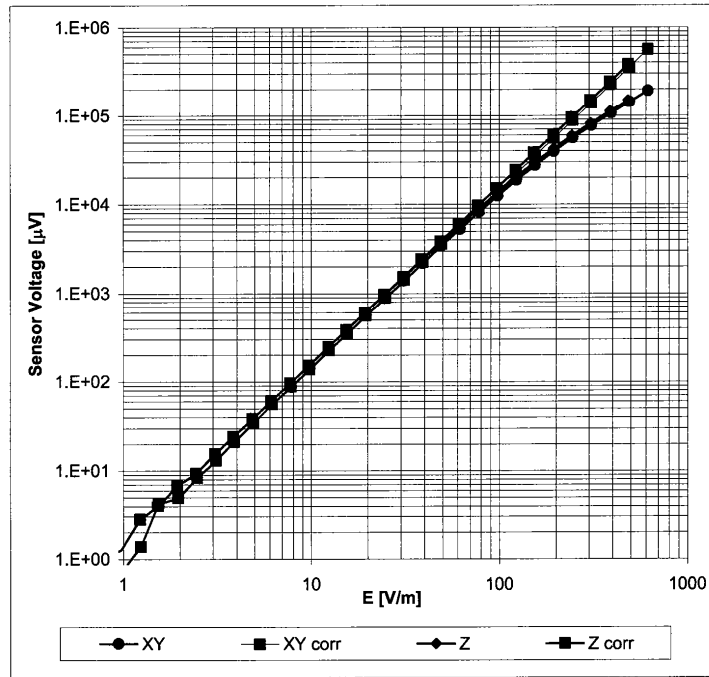


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Dynamic Range f(E-field)

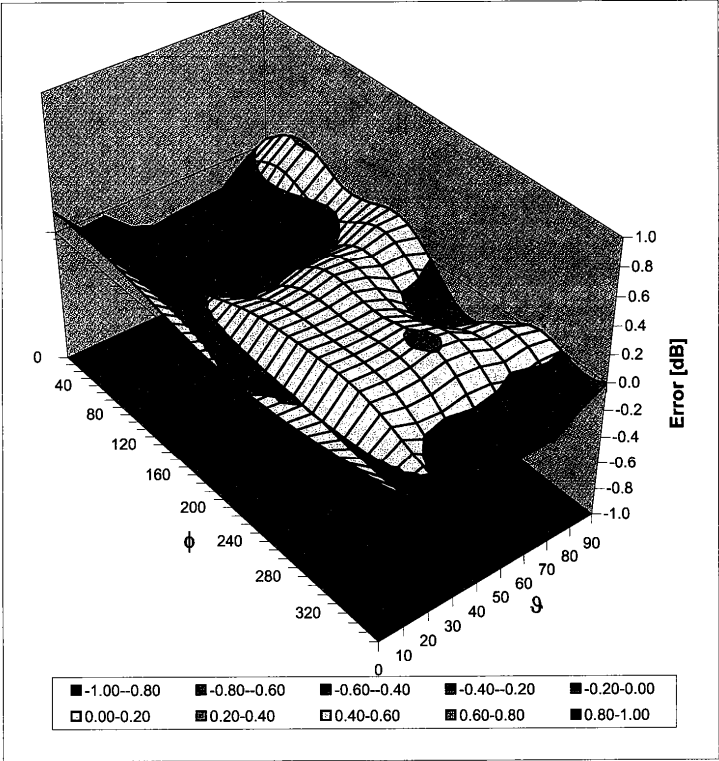
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

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Deviation from Isotropy in Air
Error (ϕ , θ) , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

PCTEST™ HAC REPORT		FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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