Portable Cellular Phone SAR Test Report

Test Report #:	18893-2F
Date of Report:	August 8, 2006
Date of Test:	August 4, 2006 – August 7, 2006
FCC ID #:	**IHDT56GT1**
Laboratory:	Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory 600 N. US Highway 45 Libertyville, Illinois 60048
Report Author:	Katerina Royzen Engineer

Accreditation:

This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:

Tests:	Procedures:
Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992, 1999 (SAR) IEEE C95.3-1991 IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-1 FCC OET Bulletin 65 (*including Supplements A, B, C*) Australian Communications Authority Radio Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human Exposure) Standard 2003 CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)
Simulated Tissue Preparation	WI-0247
RF Power Measurement	WI-1847

On the following products or types of products:
Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Statement of Compliance:

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that the portable cellular telephone model to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093) as well as with CENELEC en50360:2001 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with CENELEC en50361:2001, IEEE 1528, as well as other appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of the portable cellular phone covered by this test report. The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with [1], [4] and [5]. The SAR values measured for the portable cellular phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg in a 1g average set in [3] and 2.0W/kg in a 10g average set in [2].

2. Description of the Device Under Test

2.1 Antenna description

Type	Internal	
Location	Bottom of Phone	
Dimensions	Length	37 mm
	Width	7.5 mm
Configuration	FJA Antenna	

2.2 Device description

FCC ID Number	**IHDT56GT1**											
Serial number(s)	TA9580004L											
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 850	GSM 900	GSM 1800	GSM 1900	GPRS 850	GPRS 900	GPRS 1800	GPRS 1900	EDGE 850	EDGE 900	EDGE 1800	EDGE 1900
Modulation Mode(s)	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	8PSK	8PSK	8PSK	8PSK
Maximum Output Power Setting	33.00 dBm	33.00 dBm	30.50 dBm	30.50 dBm	33.00 dBm	33.00 dBm	30.50 dBm	30.50 dBm	27.50 dBm	27.50 dBm	26.50 dBm	26.50 dBm
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:8	1:8	1:8	4:8	4:8	4:8	4:8	4:8	4:8	4:8	4:8
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	824.2-848.8 MHz	880.2-914.8 MHz	1710.2-1784.8 MHz	1850.2 – 1909.8 Mhz	824.2-848.8 MHz	880.2-914.8 MHz	1710.2-1784.8 MHz	1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz	824.2-848.8 MHz	880.2-914.8 MHz	1710.2-1784.8 MHz	1850.2-1909.8 MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2..908)	Identical Prototype											
Device Category	Portable											
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled											

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.6) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall 10g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±10.8% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±21.6% (K=2). The overall 1g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±11.1% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±22.2% (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4W/kg to 10W/kg.

The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in the following table.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY4™ DAE V1	SN 376	Sept/05/2006
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	SN 3037	Nov/17/2006
Dipole Validation Kit, DV900V2	96	May/22/2007
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800/900MHz	TP - 1131	
Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2	272tr	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900/2450MHz	TP - 1250	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	33847A04633	7/7/2007
Power Meter E4419B	GB39511087	7/5/2007
Power Sensor #1 – E9301A	MY41495336	6/28/2007
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39210915	11/3/2006
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39171846	8/22/2006
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070C	US99360070	

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ε_r, and the conductivity, σ, of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with a HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit These values, along with the temperature of the simulated tissue are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity are also shown. A mass density of ρ=1g/cm3 was entered into the system in all the cases. It can be seen that the measured parameters are within tolerance of the recommended limits specified in [1] and [5].

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ε_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
835	Head	**Measured,** Aug/04/2006	41	0.91	19.6
		Recommended Limits	41.5 ±5%	0.90 ±5%	18-25
	Body	**Measured,** Aug/07/2006	54.6	0.98	19.9
		Recommended Limits	55.2 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25
1880	Head	**Measured,** Aug/04/2006	38.8	1.44	19.8
		Recommended Limits	40.0 ±5%	1.40 ±5%	18-25
	Body	**Measured,** Aug/05/2006	51.8	1.55	20
		Recommended Limits	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	835MHz / 900 MHz Head	835MHz / 900 MHz Body	1800MHz / 1900 MHz Head	1800 MHz / 1900 MHz Body
Sugar	57	44.9	--	--
DGBE	--	--	47	30.8
Diacetin	--	--	--	--
Water	40.45	53.06	52.62	68.8
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.38	0.4
HEC	1	1	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4™ was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to verify the measured SAR was within ±10% from the target SAR indicated in Section 8.3.7 Reference SAR Values in [5] or Appendix 7 for the 900Mhz target reference SAR value. These tests were done at 900MHz, 1800MHz. These frequencies are within ±10% of the compliance test mid-band frequency as required in [1] and [5]. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity, specified in [5], are shown in the table below. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are also displayed in the table below. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ε_r	σ (S/m)		
900	**Measured,** Aug/04/2006	11.0	40.2	0.97	20.7	20.2
	Measured, Aug/07/2006	10.9	42.1	0.99	20.5	19.8
	Recommended Limits	11.3	41.5 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25	18-25
1800	**Measured,** Aug/04/2006	38.9	39.2	1.35	20.7	19.9
	Measured, Aug/05/2006	39.5	38.8	1.38	20.5	20
	Recommended Limits	38.1	40.0 ±5%	1.4 ±5%	18-25	18-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	SN 3037	900	6.07	8 of 9
		1810	5.01	8 of 9

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated using an actual transmission through a base station simulator. The base station simulator was setup to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in [1], [4] and [5]. The phone was positioned into these configurations using the device holder supplied with the DASY4™ SAR measurement system The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the device holder is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 (± 30%) at 850MHz. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and used for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT56GT1) has the battery SNN5779B as the only battery option. This battery was used to do all of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 2 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the simulated tissue after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The left head and right head SAR contour distributions are similar. Because of this similarity, the cheek/touch and 15° tilt test conditions with the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 2. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2.

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since the same phantoms and simulated tissue were used for the system accuracy verification and the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of simulated tissue depth to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	SN 3037	900	6.07	8 of 9
		1810	5.01	8 of 9

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Cheek / Touch Position							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 850MHz	Channel 128	32.92	0.797	0.01	0.80	19.6	0.912	0.05	0.91	19.1
	Channel 190	33.00	0.923	0.01	0.92	19.8	1.04	0.00	1.04	19.6
	Channel 251	32.93	0.942	-0.01	0.94	19.6	**1.07**	**0.02**	**1.07**	**19.3**
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	30.39								
	Channel 661	30.55	0.346	-0.06	0.35	19.8	**0.599**	**-0.03**	**0.60**	**19.7**
	Channel 810	30.62								

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56GT1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	15° Tilt Position							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 850MHz	Channel 128	32.92								
	Channel 190	33.00	**0.482**	**-0.04**	**0.49**	**19.7**	0.468	0.01	0.47	19.1
	Channel 251	32.93								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	30.39								
	Channel 661	30.55	**0.182**	**-0.07**	**0.18**	**19.8**	0.105	0.03	0.11	19.8
	Channel 810	30.62								

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56GT1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the head in the 15 degrees Tilt Position.

6.2 Body Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 3 through 5 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The test conditions that produced the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 3. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories’, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. In addition to accessory testing, the cellular phone was tested with the front and back of the phone facing the phantom. For voice mode operation, the phone was placed as a distance of 15mm from the phantom. For data mode operation, the phone was placed as a distance of 25mm from the phantom. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	SN 3037	900	5.93	8 of 9
		1810	4.65	8 of 9

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn							
			Front of phone 15 mm away from phantom (GSM)				Back of phone 15 mm away from phantom (GSM)			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 850MHz	Channel 128	32.92					0.953	0.01	0.95	19.9
	Channel 190	33.00	0.68	0.01	0.68	19.9	0.963	0.00	0.96	19.9
	Channel 251	32.93					0.958	0.00	0.96	19.9
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	30.39								
	Channel 661	30.55	0.518	0.01	0.52	20	0.34	0.00	0.34	20
	Channel 810	30.62								

Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56GT1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn							
			15 mm away from phantom (GSM & Bluetooth enabled)				25 mm away from phantom (GPRS Class 12)			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 850MHz Back of Phone	Channel 128	32.92	0.983	-0.01	0.98	19.9	0.823	-0.09	0.84	19.9
	Channel 190	33.00	1.00	-0.01	1.00	19.9	0.877	-0.03	0.88	19.9
	Channel 251	32.93	**1.01**	**0.00**	**1.01**	**19.9**	0.871	0.01	0.87	19.9
Digital 1900MHz Front of Phone	Channel 512	30.39								
	Channel 661	30.55	**0.538**	**-0.02**	**0.54**	**20**	0.349	0.01	0.35	19.8
	Channel 810	30.62								

Table 4: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56GT1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn			
			25 mm away from phantom (Edge Class 12)			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 850MHz Back of Phone	Channel 128	27.38				
	Channel 190	27.45	0.264	0.04	0.26	19.9
	Channel 251	27.40				
Digital 1900MHz Front of Phone	Channel 512	26.31				
	Channel 661	26.48	0.138	0.04	0.14	19.9
	Channel 810	26.42				

Table 5: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56GT1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

References

[1] CENELEC, en50361:2001 “Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300MHz – 3GHz)”

[2] CENELEC, en50360:2001 “Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300MHz – 3GHz)”.

[3] ANSI / IEEE, C95.1 1999 Edition “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz”

[4] FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01

[5] IEEE 1528 2003 Edition “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”

[6] ICNIRP Guidelines “Guidelines for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields (up to 300 GHz)”

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Test Laboratory: Motorola

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Procedure Notes: 900MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn#096; PM1 Power =200mW; Sim.Temp@ meas = 20.2*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 20.2*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.7*C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 0.97 mho/m; ε_r = 40.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

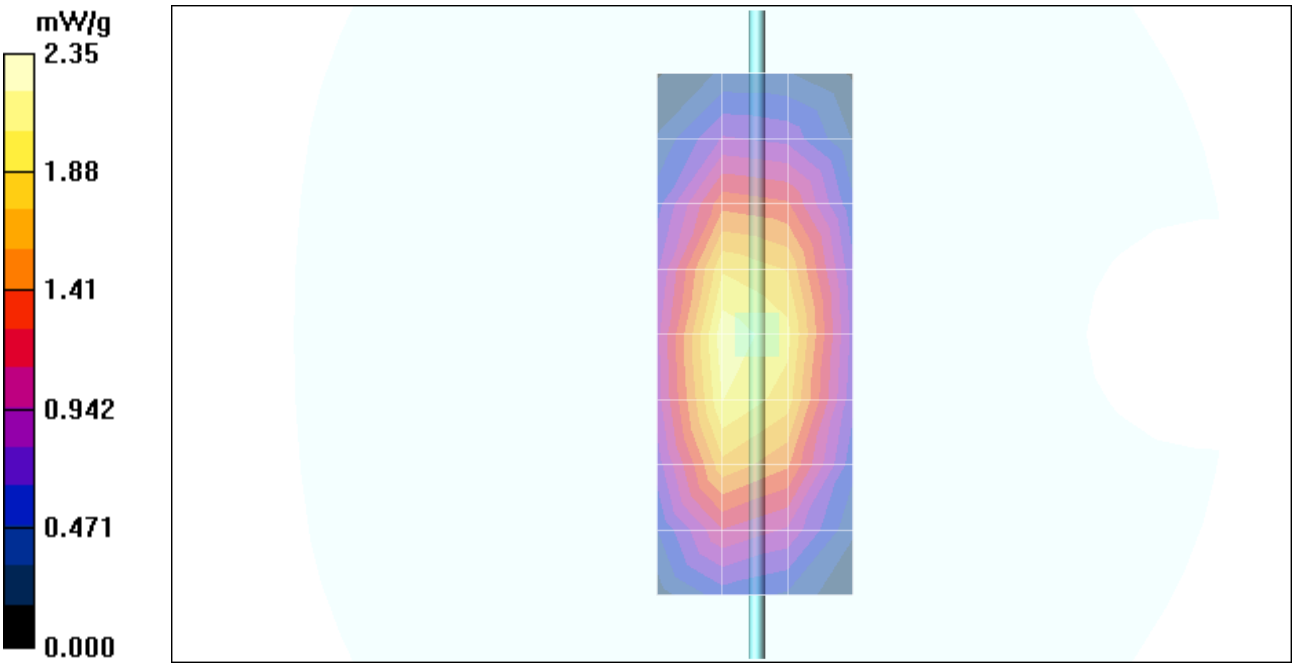
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4: Sugar Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1131;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.15 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.28 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.39 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):
Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 mW/g


mW/g
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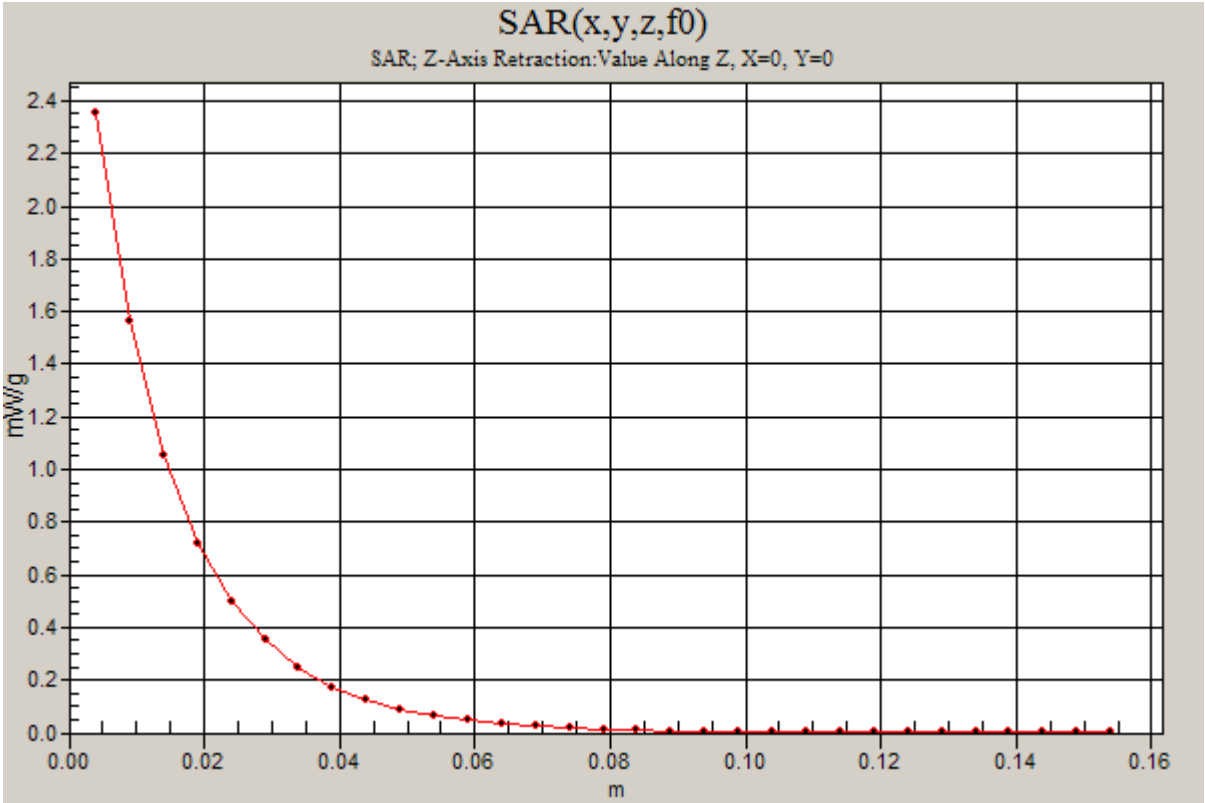
1.88
1.41
0.942
0.471
0.000


SAR(x,y,z,f0)
SAR; Z-Axis Retraction:Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0
mW/g
2.4
2.2
2.0
1.8
1.6
1.4
1.2
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
0.00
0.02
0.04
0.06
0.08
0.10
0.12
0.14
0.16
m

Date/Time: 8/7/2006 8:13:36 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Procedure Notes: 900MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn#096; PM1 Power =200mW;
Sim.Temp@ meas = 19.8*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 19.8*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.5*C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 42.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

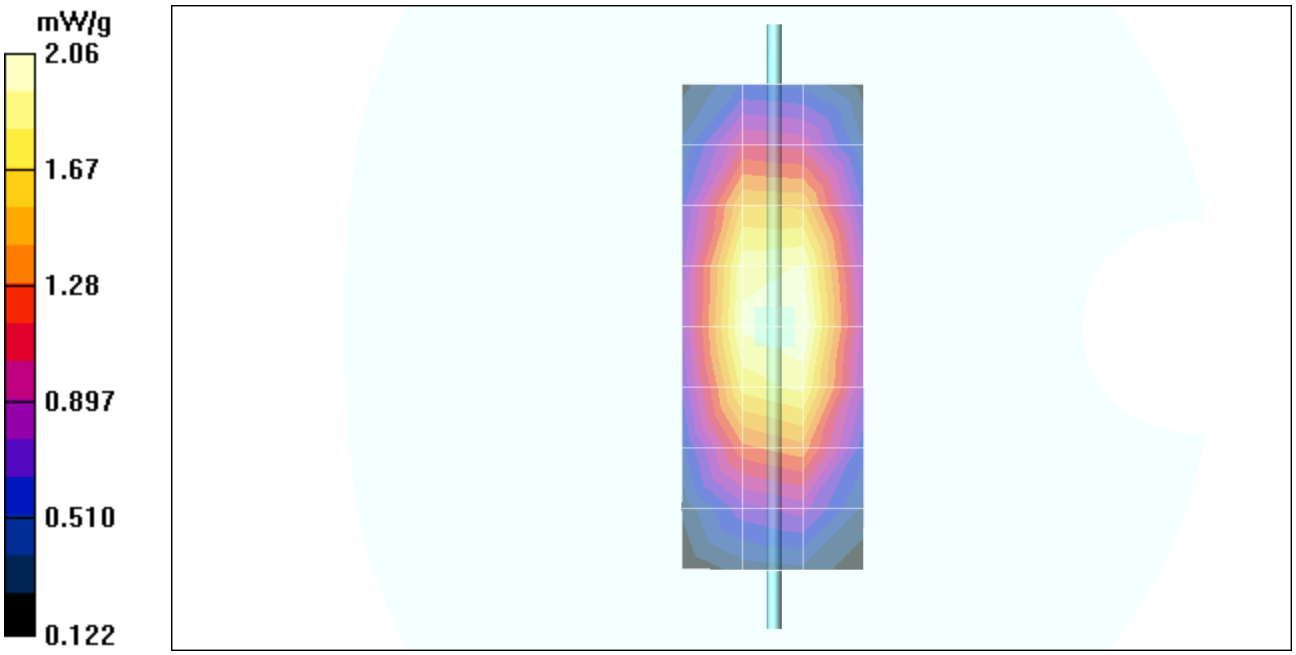
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4: Sugar Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1131;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

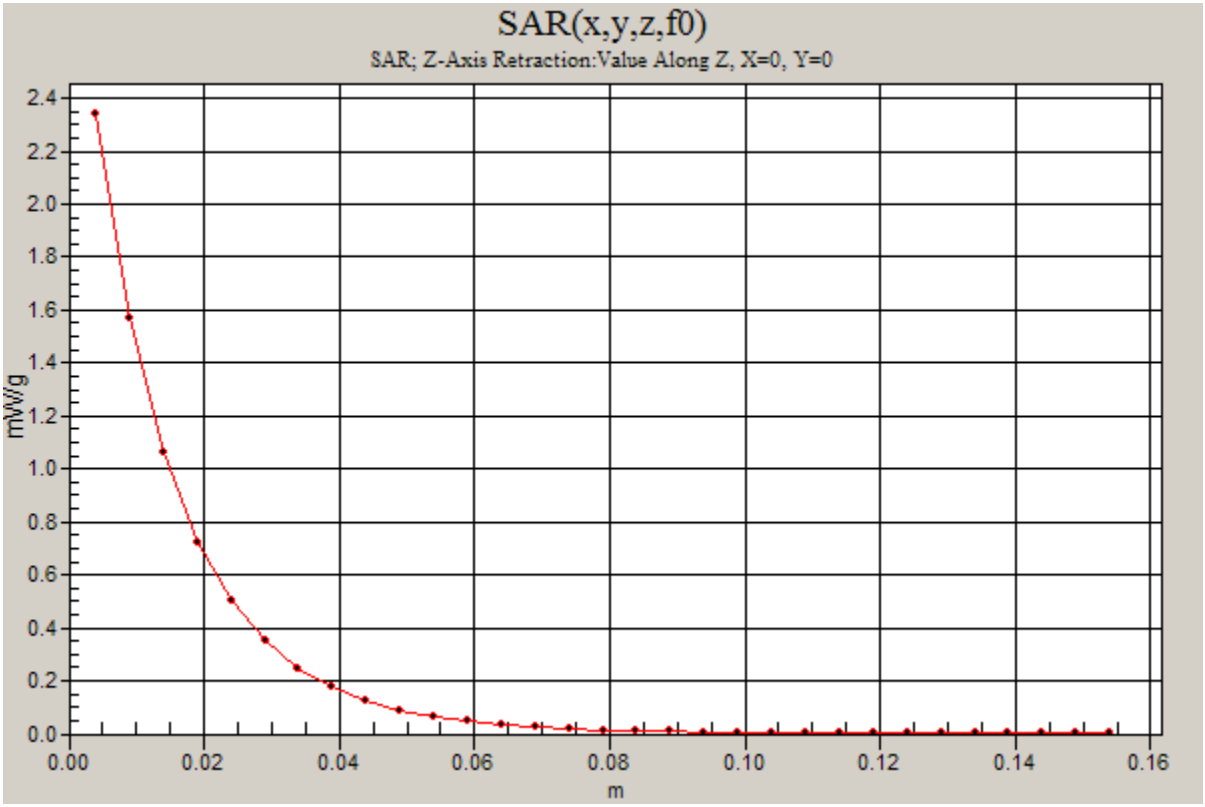
Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):
Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.34 mW/g


mW/g
2.06
1.67
1.28
0.897
0.510
0.122


SAR(x,y,z,f0)
SAR; Z-Axis Retraction:Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0
mW/g
2.4
2.2
2.0
1.8
1.6
1.4
1.2
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
0.00
0.02
0.04
0.06
0.08
0.10
0.12
0.14
0.16
m

Date/Time: 8/4/2006 7:45:13 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 272(TR); PM1 Power = 200mW; Sim.Temp@ meas = 20*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 19.9*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.7*C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 39.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

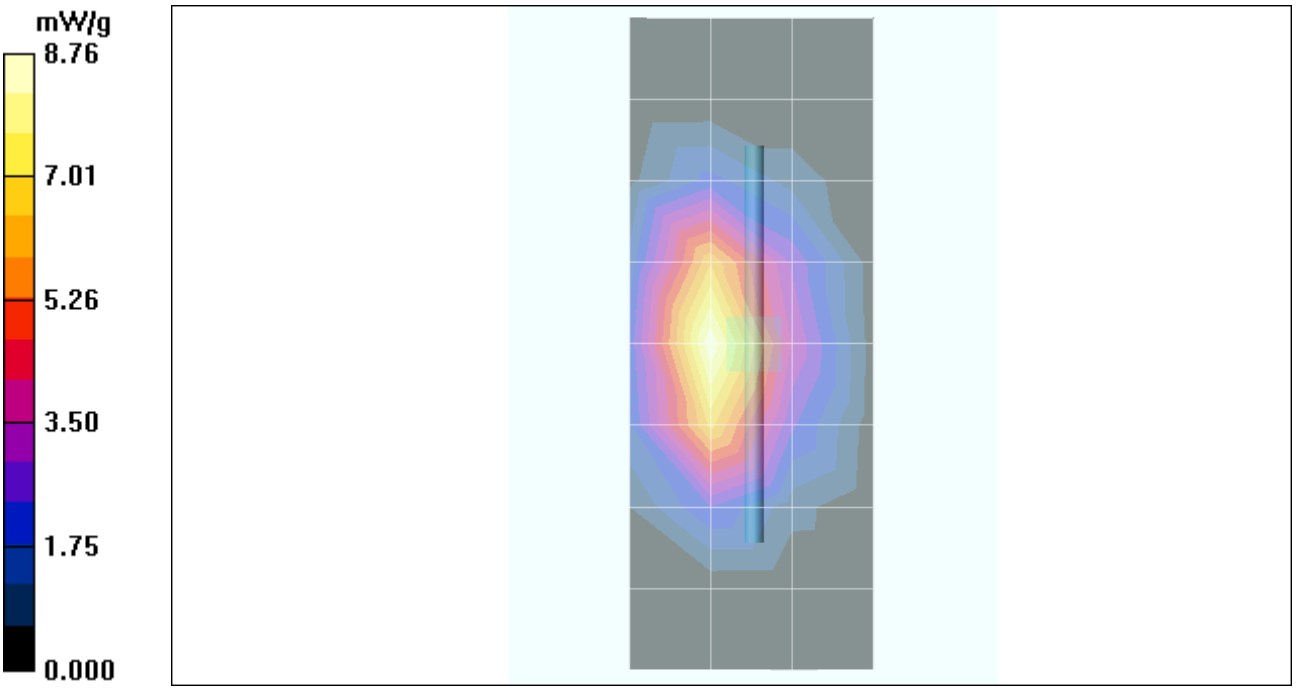
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.2, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

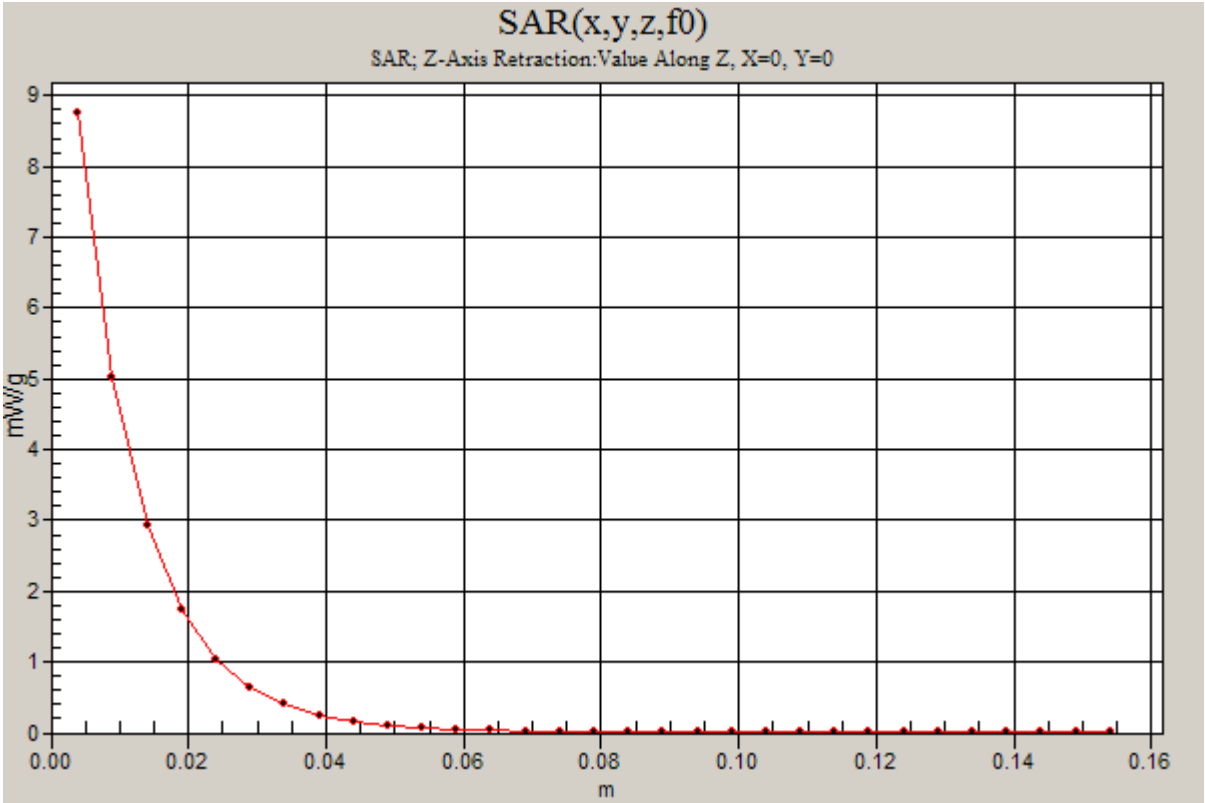
Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.65 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 74.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.15 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.47 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 74.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.19 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.64 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):
Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.76 mW/g


mW/g
8.76
7.01
5.26
3.50
1.75
0.000


SAR(x,y,z,f0)
SAR; Z-Axis Retraction:Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0
mW/g
m
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0.00
0.02
0.04
0.06
0.08
0.10
0.12
0.14
0.16

Date/Time: 8/5/2006 7:48:38 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 272tr; PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@ meas = 20.1*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 20*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.5*C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; ε_r = 38.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

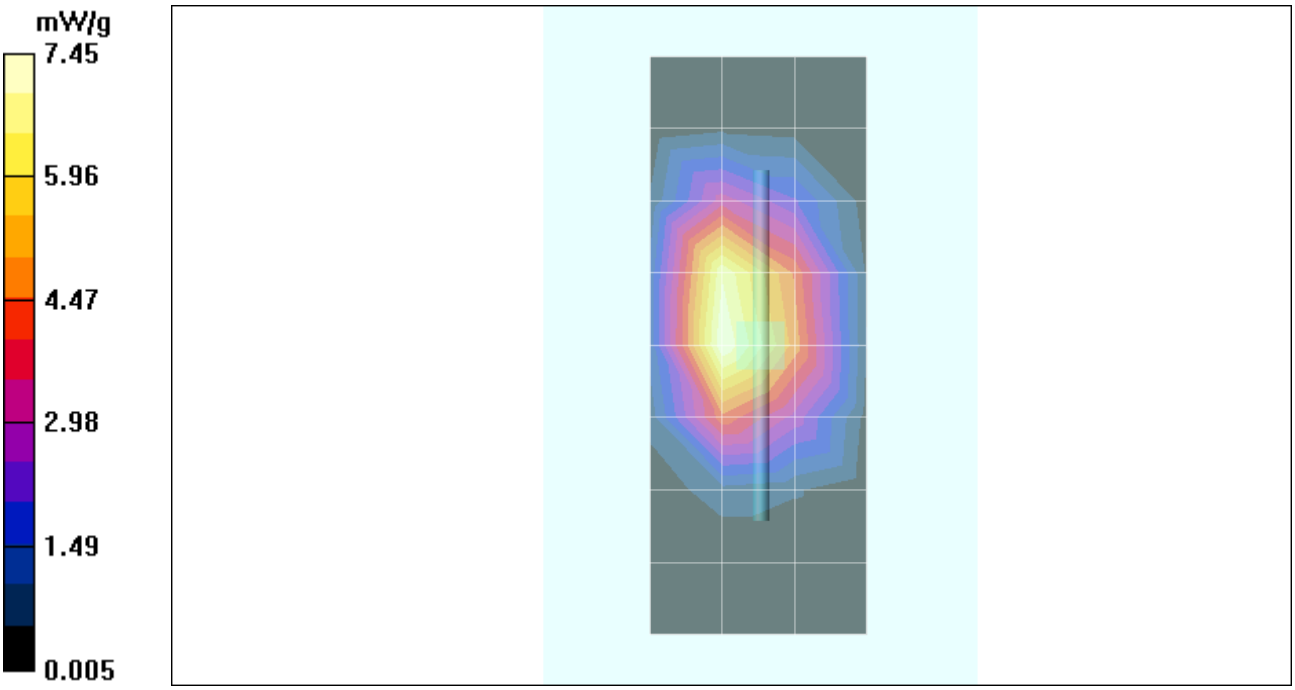
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.2, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

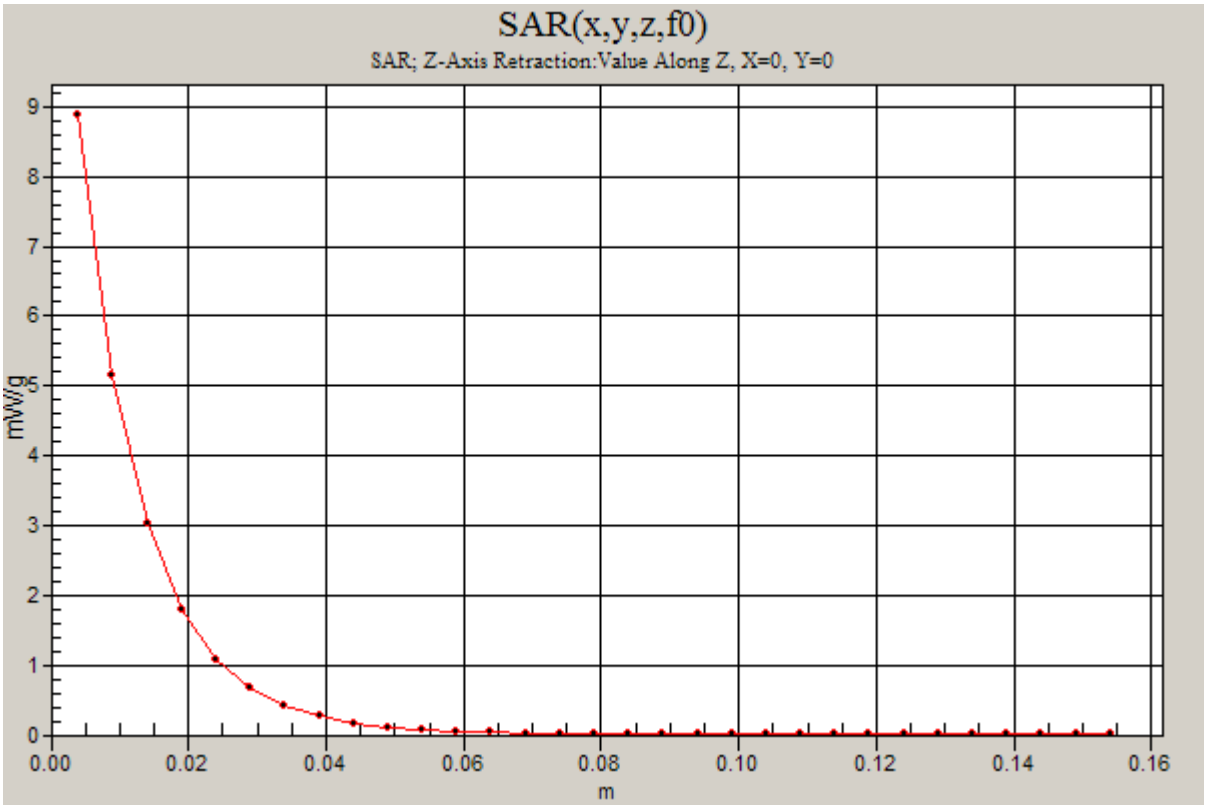
Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.45 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 78.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.22 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.90 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;
Reference Value = 78.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.8 W/kg;
SAR(1 g) = 7.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.24 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.91 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):
Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.88 mW/g


mW/g
7.45
5.96
4.47
2.98
1.49
0.005


SAR(x,y,z,f0)
SAR; Z-Axis Retraction:Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0
mW/g
m
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0.00
0.02
0.04
0.06
0.08
0.10
0.12
0.14
0.16

Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

Date/Time: 8/4/2006 10:11:08 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

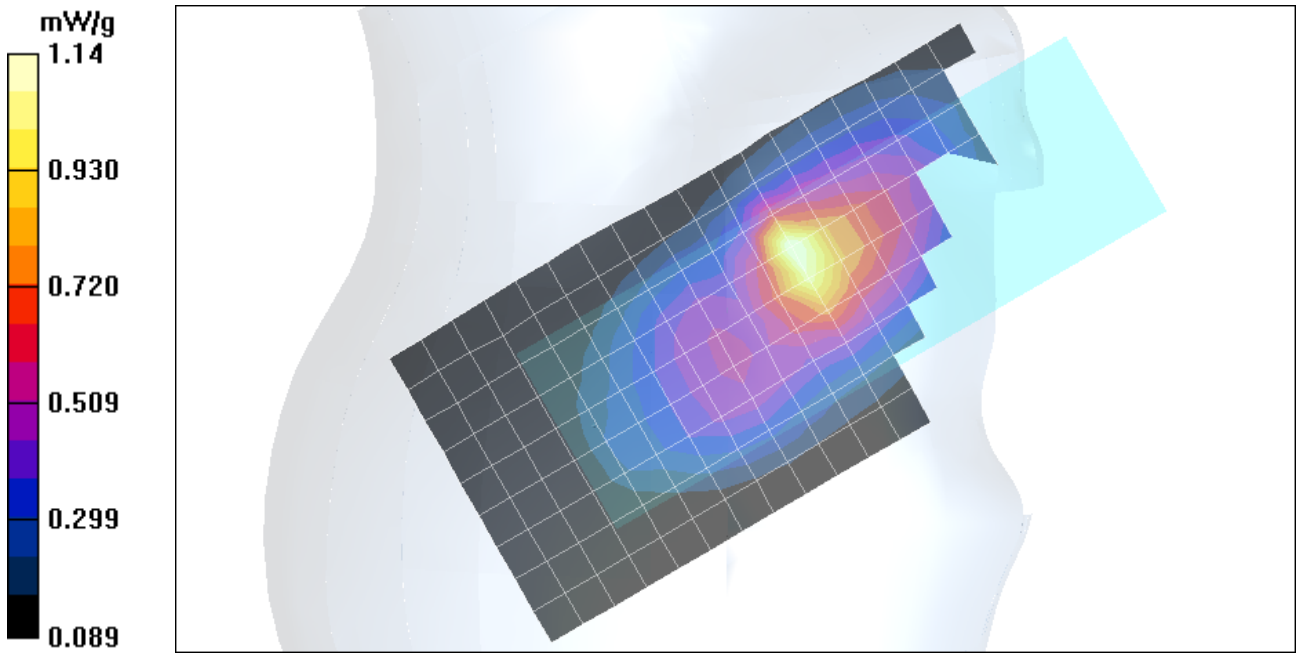
Serial: TA9580004L; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5779B; DEVICE POSITION: Cheek; Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 251; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.91 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4: Sugar Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1131;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g

Right Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 35.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.49 W/kg; **SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.630 mW/g;** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/4/2006 8:05:58 PM

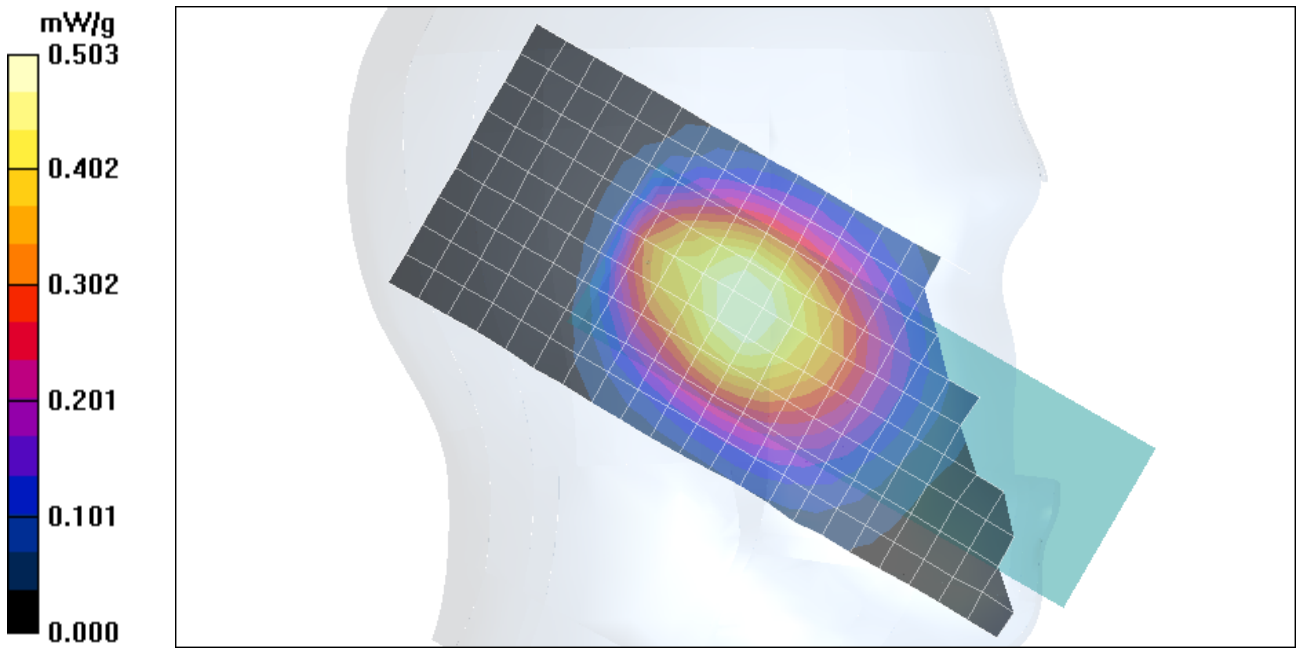
Test Laboratory: Motorola

Serial: TA9580004L; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5779B; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt; Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.91 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3 ; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4: Sugar Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1131;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 mW/g

Left Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.615 W/kg; **SAR(1 g) = 0.482 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g**
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/4/2006 2:14:40 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

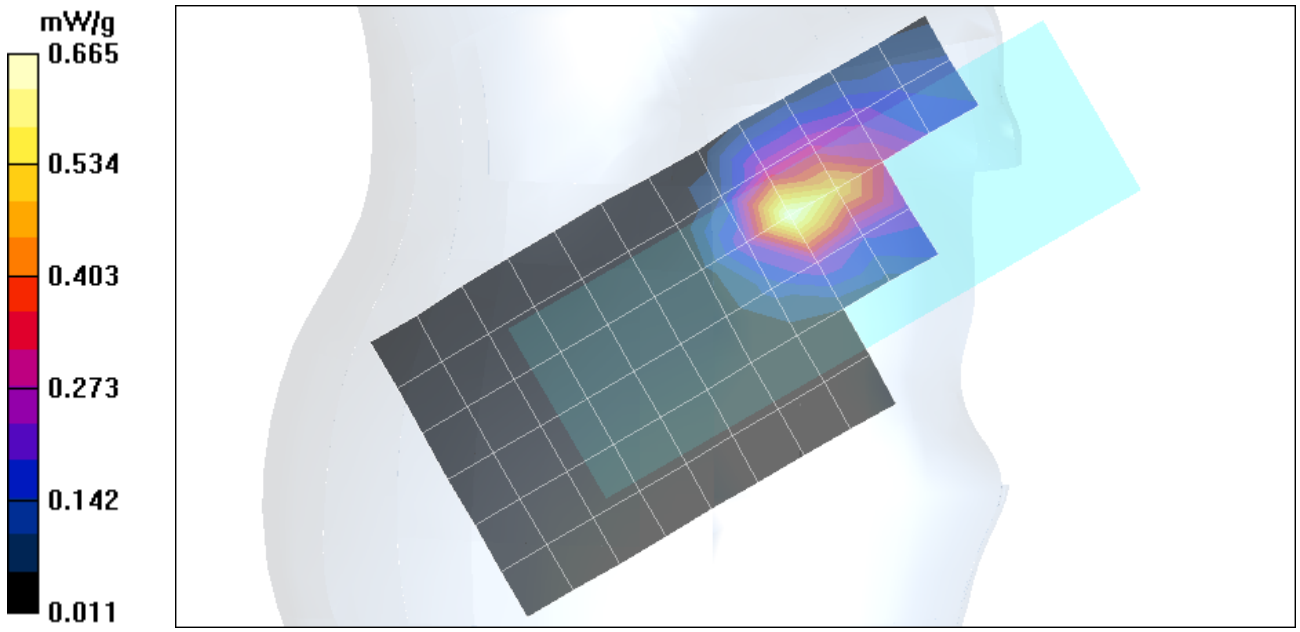
Serial: TA9580004L; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: INTERNAL; Battery Model #: SNN5779B; DEVICE POSITION: CHEEK; Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Back-Up Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 38.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1250;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.671 mW/g

Right Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 19.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg; **SAR(1 g) = 0.599 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g**
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.665 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/4/2006 3:34:05 PM

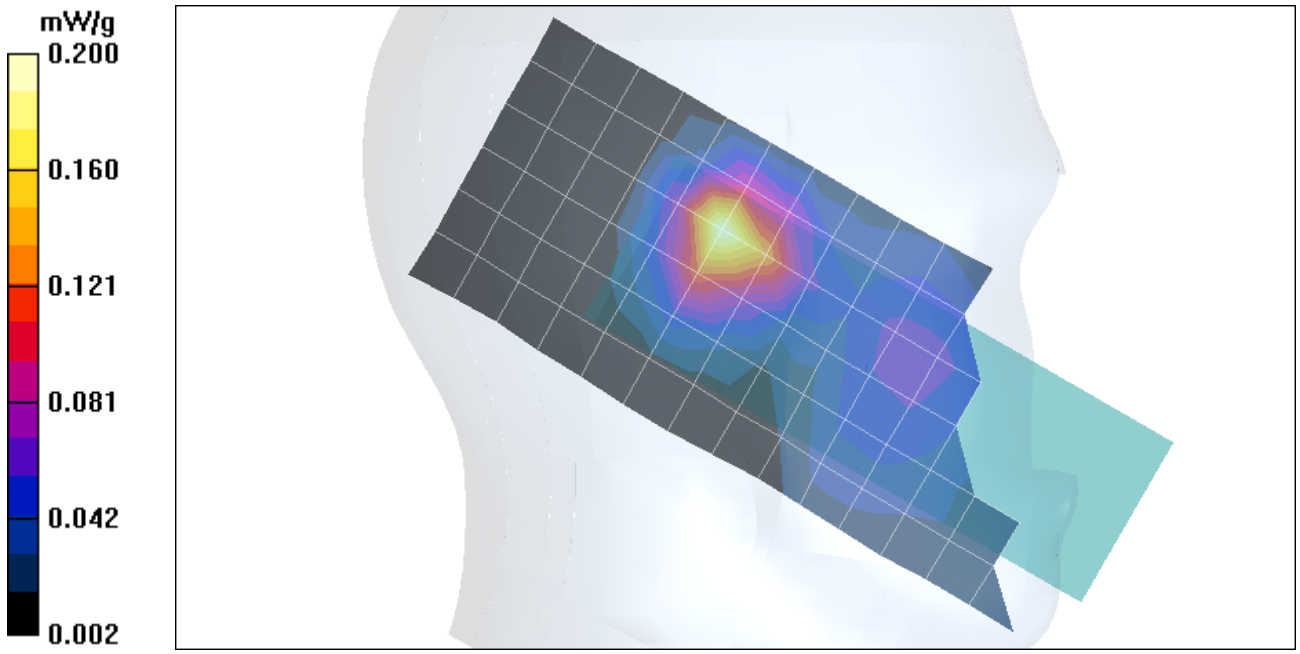
Test Laboratory: Motorola

Serial: TA9580004L; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: INTERNAL; Battery Model #: SNN5779B; DEVICE POSITION: TILT; Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Back-Up Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 38.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3 ; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1250;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 mW/g

Left Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.065 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.295 W/kg; **SAR(1 g) = 0.182 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 mW/g;**
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g



Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

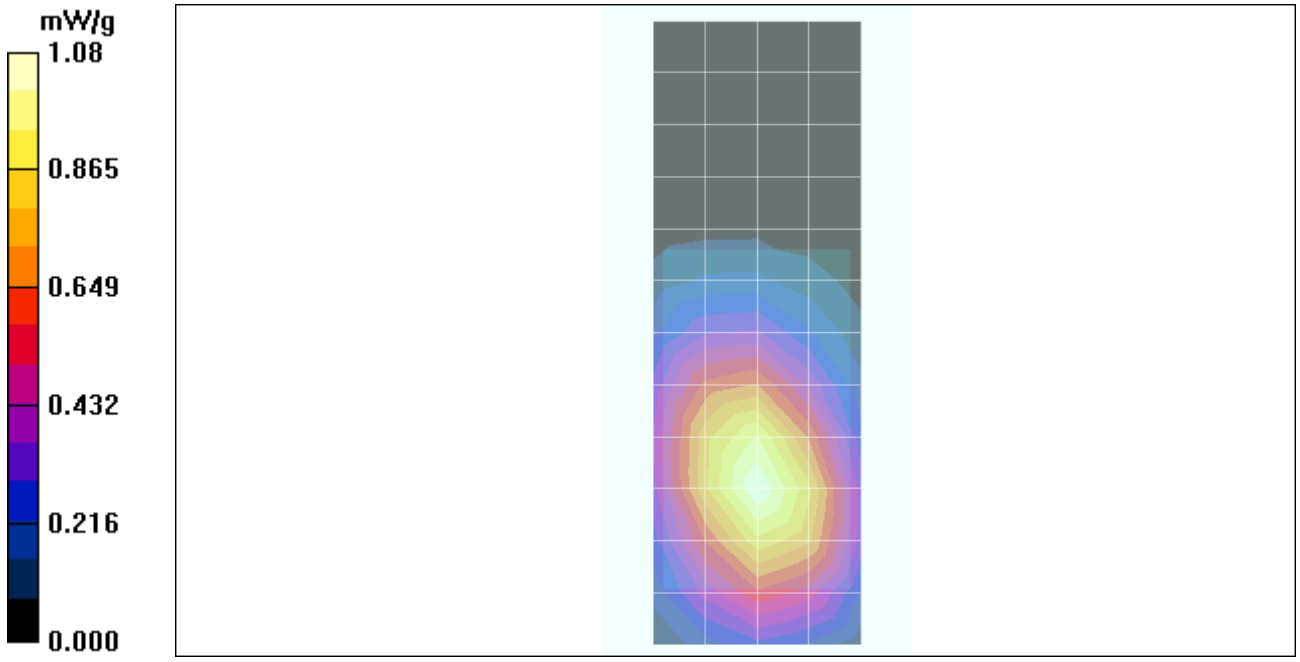
Test Laboratory: Motorola

Serial: TA9580004L; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: INTERNAL; Battery Model #: SNN5779B; DEVICE POSITION: Back of the Phone 15mm away from Phantom with bluetooth enabled; Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 251; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Low Freq Body; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.98 mho/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3 ; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.93, 5.93, 5.93); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.712 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola

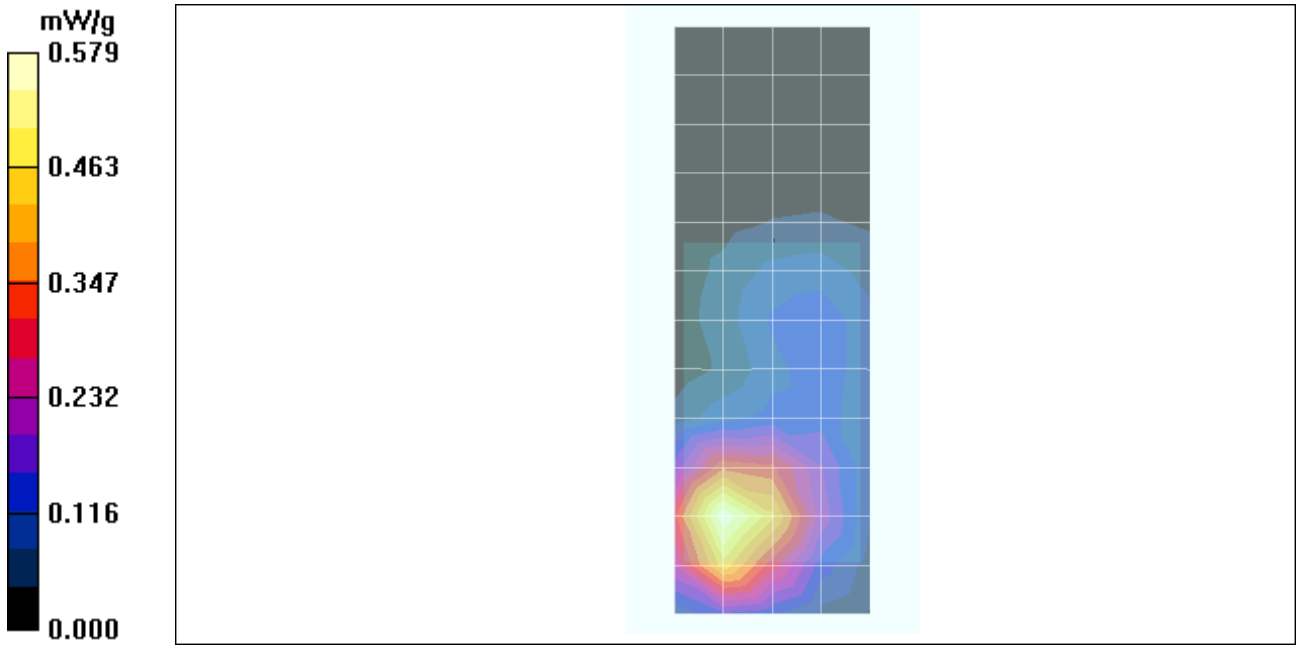
Serial: TA9580004L; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: SNN5779B; DEVICE POSITION: BodyWorn Front of the phone 15mm Away From Phantom with Bluetooth enabled; Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.55 mho/m; ε_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3 ; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 11/17/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 9/5/2005
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.2, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 17.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.832 W/kg; **SAR(1 g) = 0.538 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 mW/g;** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 mW/g



Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: ES3-3037_Nov05

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3037
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	November 17, 2005
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467)	May-06
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 654	27-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Oct05)	Oct-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 17, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3037

Manufactured:	August 21, 2003
Last calibrated:	November 25, 2005
Recalibrated:	November 17, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3037

Sensitivity in Free Space[A]

NormX	**1.15** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	**97** mV
NormY	**0.84** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	**97** mV
NormZ	**0.95** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	**97** mV

Diode Compression[B]

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.0 mm**	**4.0 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	5.1	2.3
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.1

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.0 mm**	**4.0 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.4	5.2
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.0** mm

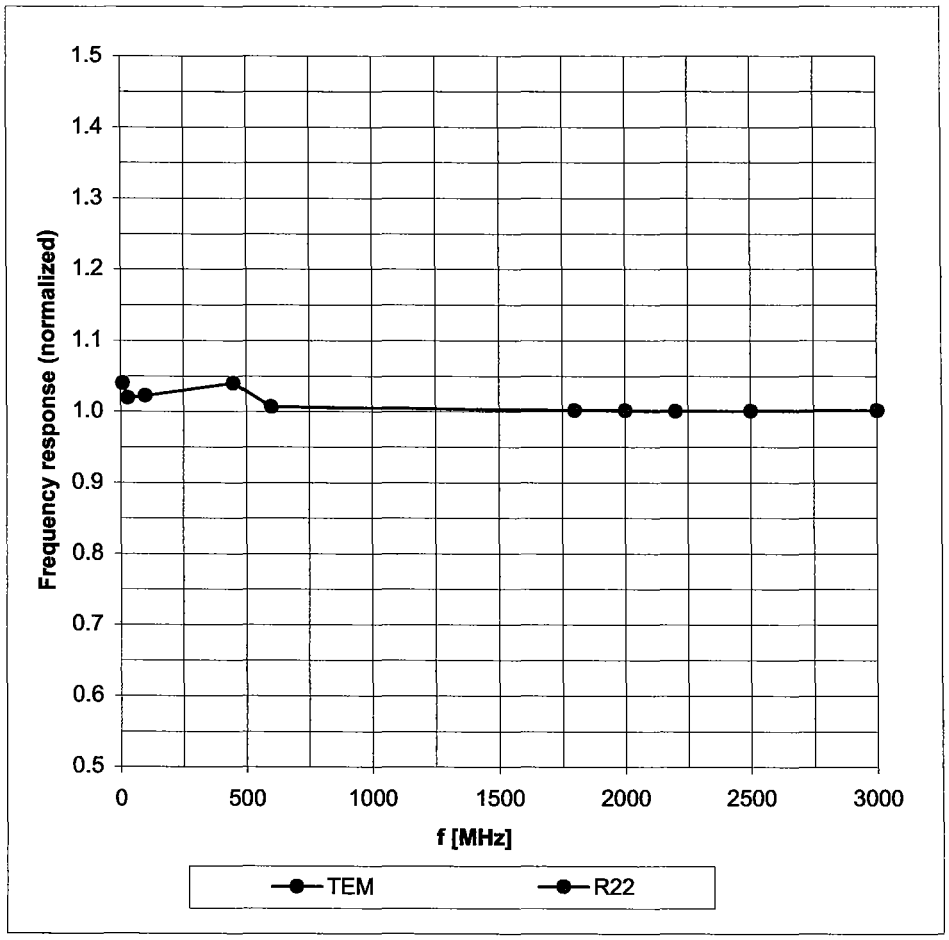
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

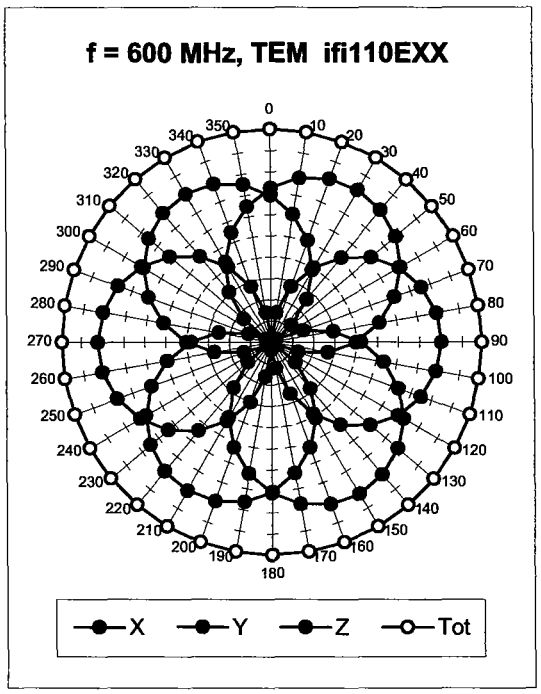
Frequency Response of E-Field

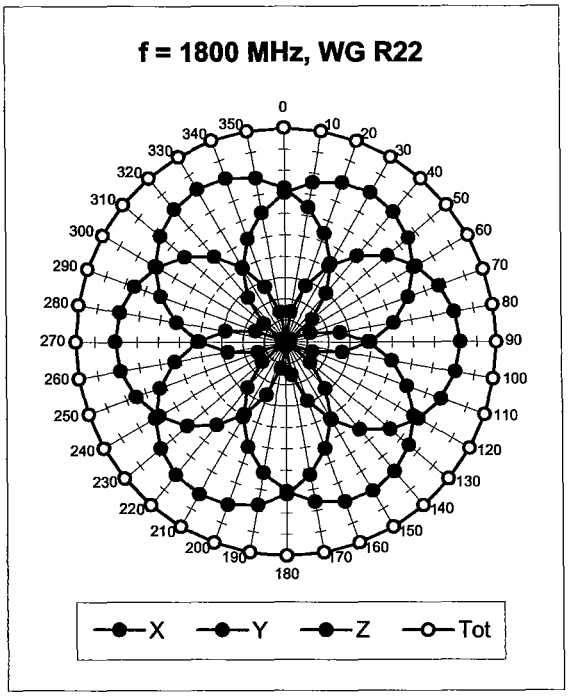
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

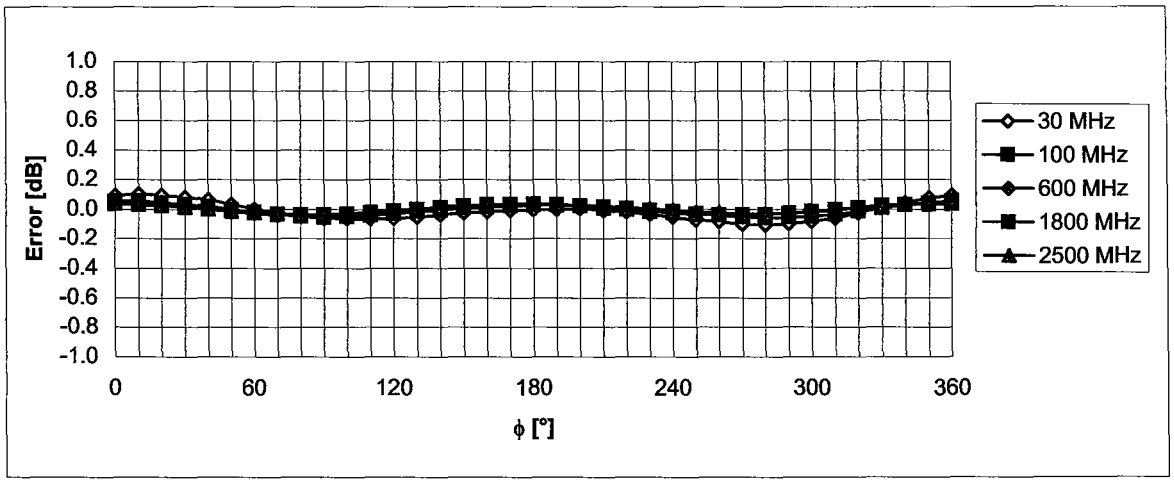


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



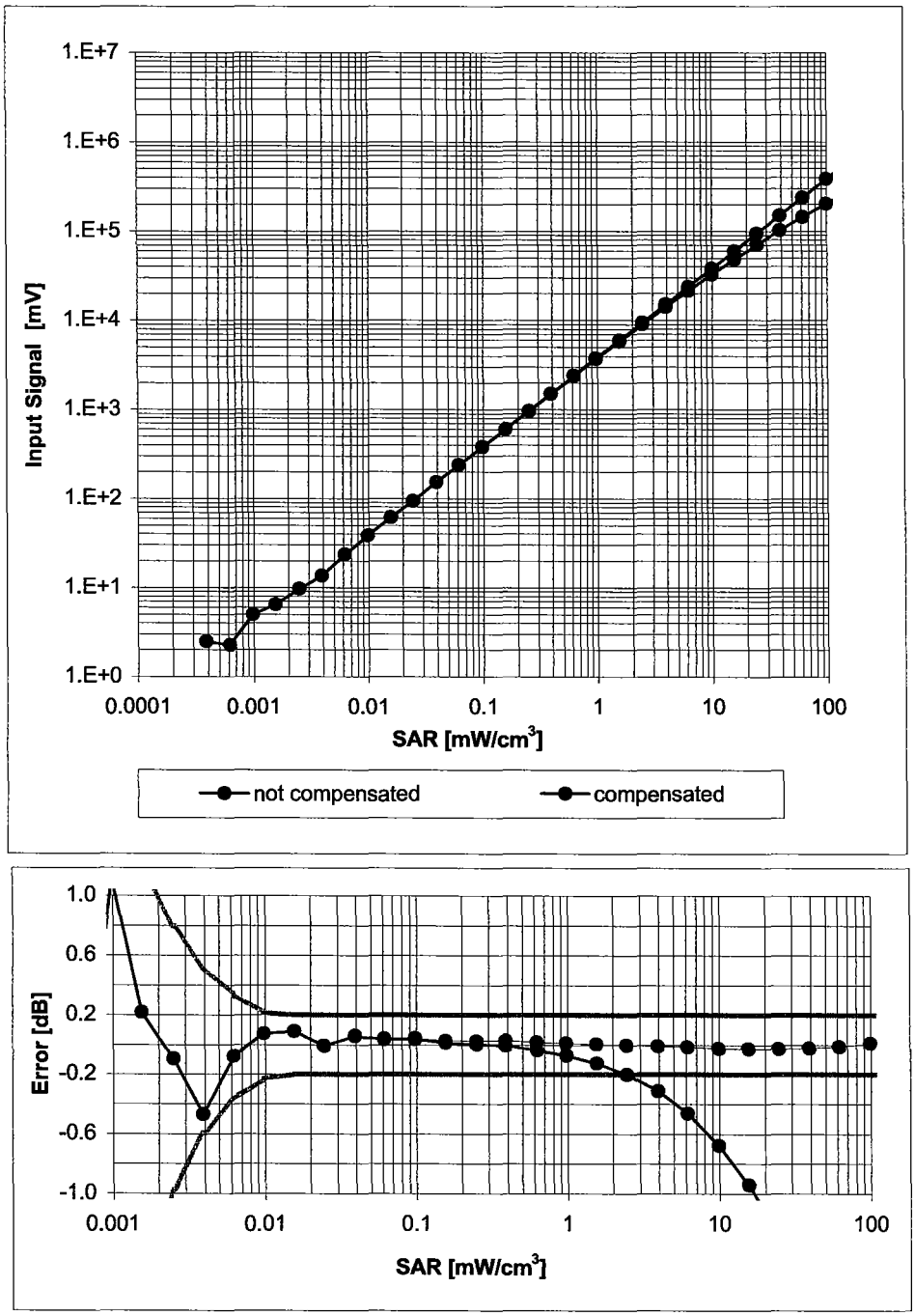




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

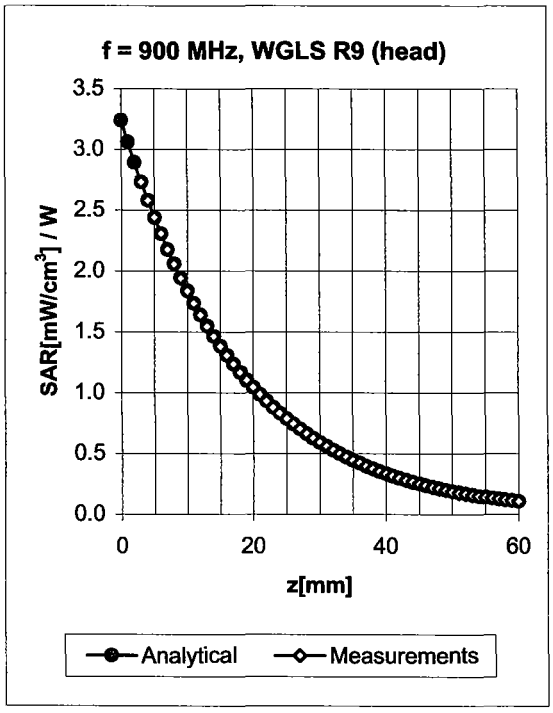
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

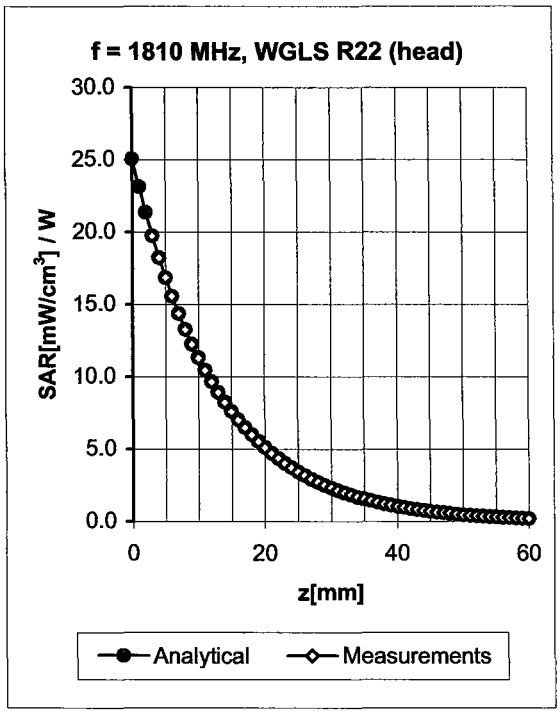
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



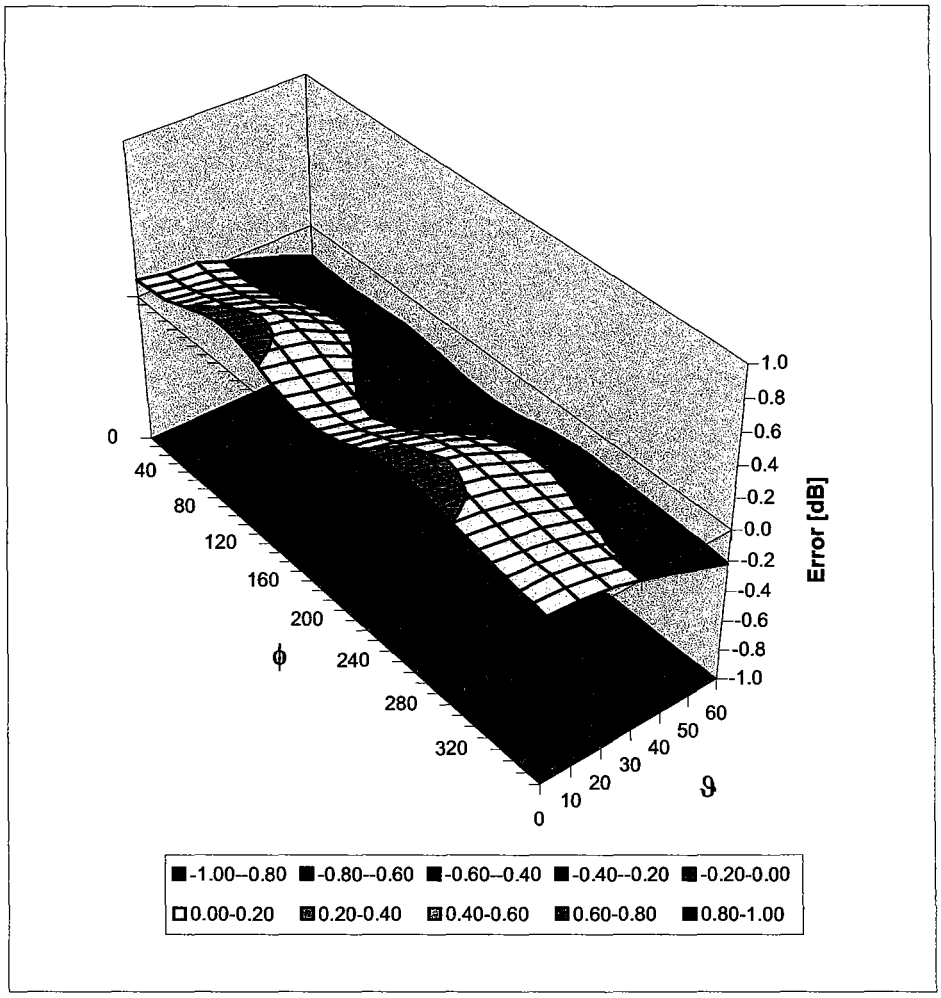


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][c]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.44	1.35	6.07 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.27	2.38	5.01 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.28	2.21	4.66 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.48	1.52	4.31 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.52	1.27	5.93 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.27	2.51	4.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.33	2.04	4.44 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.49	1.53	4.30 ± 11.8% (k=2)

[c] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Appendix 5

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	**IEEE 1528 section**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob Dist**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 g)**	**c_i (10 g)**	**1 g u_i (±%)**	**10 g u_i (±%)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.2	N	1.00	1	1	3.2	3.2	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	4.0	N	1.00	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.1	10.8	411
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				22.2	21.6	

Appendix 6

Photographs of the device under test

Figure 1. Front of Phone

Figure 2. Back of Phone

Figure 3. Front of Phone Open

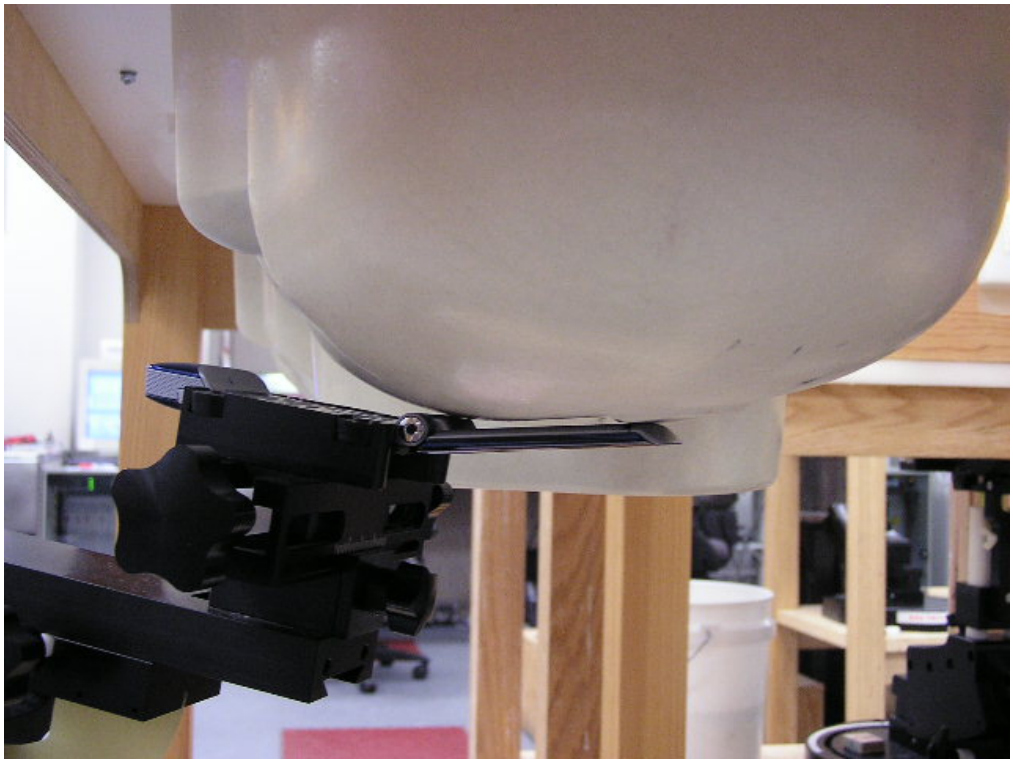


Figure 4. Phone Against the Head Phantom (Cheek Touch)

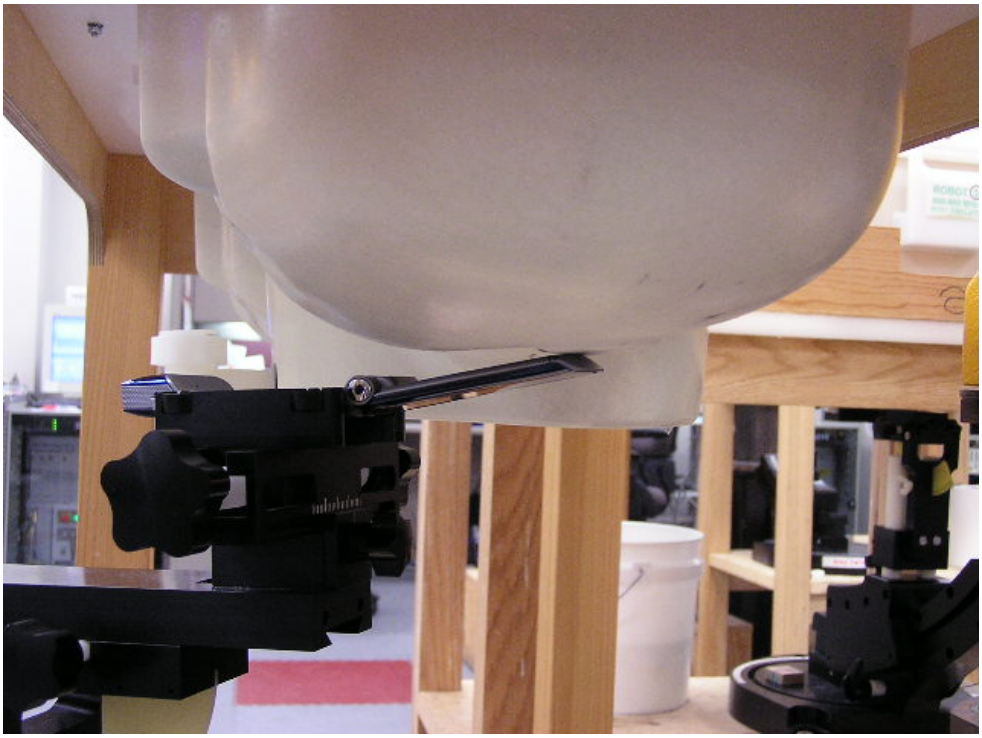


Figure 5. Phone Against the Head Phantom (15 degrees Tilt)

Figure 6. Phone Against the Flat Phantom

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Certification of System Performance Check Targets
Based on WI-0396

-Historical Data-

	900MHz	
IEEE1528 Target:	10.8	**(W/kg)**
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	9.0%	
Measurement Period:	*3-June-05 to 10-May-06*	
# of tests performed:	1571	
Grand Average:	11.3	**(W/kg)**
% Delta (Average - IEEE1528 Target)	4.3%	
Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)?	**Yes**	
Accept/Reject Average as new system performance check target?	**ACCEPT**	
	Applies to Dipole SN's: **55, 69, 77, 78, 79, 80, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97**	

-New System Performance Check Targets- per WI-0396
(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)
900MHz	**11.3**	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%

= =

-Approvals-

Submitted by:	Marge Kaunas	Date:	12-May-06
Signed:	Marge Kaunas		
Comments:	Spreadsheet detailing referenced historical measurements is available upon request.		
Approved by:	Mark Douglas	**Date:**	22-May-06
Signed:	Mark Douglas		
Comments:			

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