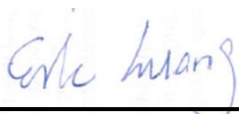


Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) RF Emissions Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility, LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola Mobility, LLC
MODEL NAME : 3606
FCC ID : IHDT56QA3
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011
HAC RATING : M4

The product was completely tested on Aug. 14, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

Appendix D. Test Setup Photos

**Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA453017A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 18, 2014
HA453017A	Rev. 02	1. Revised section 3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode, in page 7. 2. Revised section 10.0 Low power Exemption, in page 25.	Jul. 21, 2014
HA453017A	Rev. 03	1. Revised section 6.3 Verification Results, in page 14 2. Revised section 11.1 and Appendix B.	Aug. 06, 2014
HA453017A	Rev. 04	Revise section 11.1, Appendix A, Appendix B, and Appendix C	Aug. 15, 2014



1. Statement of Compliance

The HAC Rating of each air interface found during testing for the **Motorola Mobility, LLC, 3606** are follows:

Band	M Rating
GSM 850	M4
GSM 1900	M4
WCDMA Band V	M4
WCDMA Band IV	M4
WCDMA Band II	M4
CDMA2000 BC10	M4
CDMA2000 BC0	M4
CDMA2000 BC1	M4
WLAN2.4GHz	M4
WLAN5GHz	M4

They are in compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

HAC Rating = M4 (ANSI C63.19-2011)

**2. Administration Data**

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : SAR04-HY
Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States
Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States
Application Details	
Date of Start during the Test	Jun. 18, 2014
Date of End during the Test	Aug. 14, 2014



3. General Information

3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Feature & Specification	
EUT Type	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Model Name	3606
FCC ID	IHDT56QA3
IMEI Code	990004980037901
Tx Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 822.9 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1914.3 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 ~ 2687.5 WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Type	WWAN Fixed Internal Antenna WLAN Fixed Internal Antenna Bluetooth: Fixed Internal Antenna
HW Version	P2
SW Version	KXE21.116-VICTARA-SHA1
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • WCDMA • HSDPA • HSUPA • DC-HSDPA • CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR , Bluetooth v4.0-LE
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype



3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	OTT	Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
WCDMA	850	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1750			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	HSPA	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	BC1			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	BC10			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	EVDO	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
LTE	Band 2	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 41			WLAN, BT		No
WLAN	2450	VD	No ⁽²⁾	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	Yes	No
	5200			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5300			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5500			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5800			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

VO=CMRS Voice Service
DT=Digital Transport
VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport
(*)No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

Remark:

- WCDMA is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm, and is rated as M4
- WLAN is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤ 50 μ s, is ≤ 23 dBm, and is rated as M4

3.3 Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v01r01

4. HAC RF Emission

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Categories	E-field emissions	
	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

5. Measurement System Specification

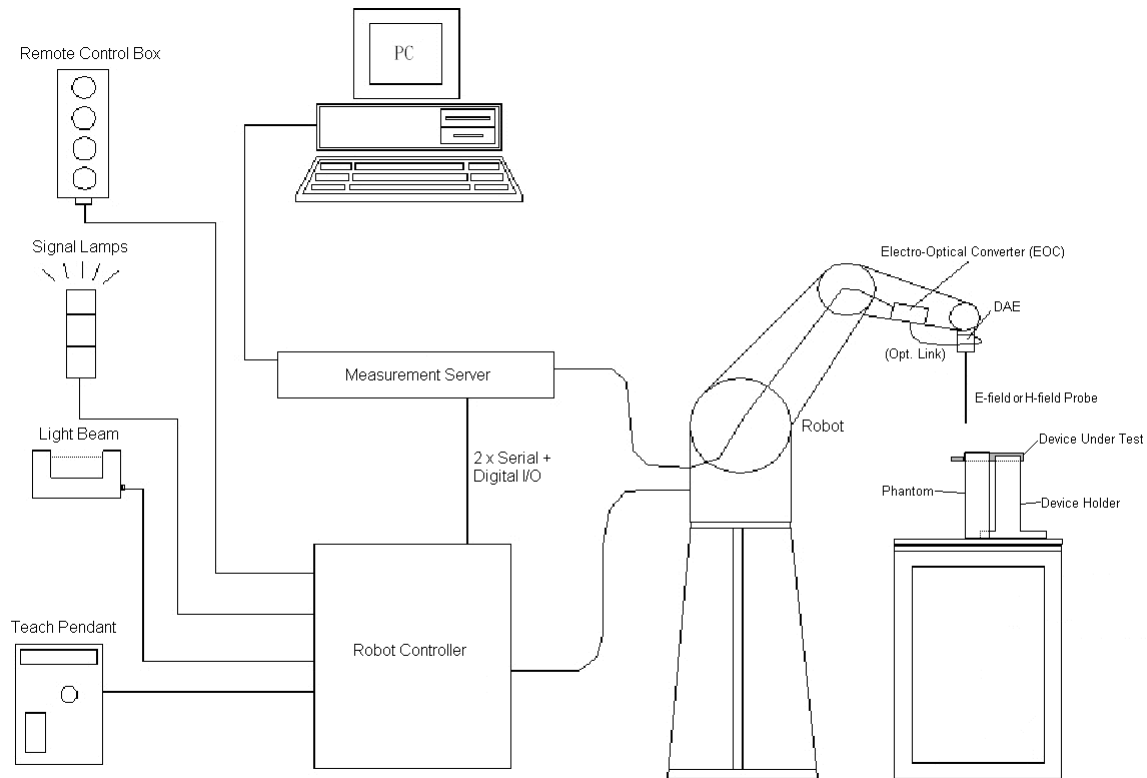


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

5.1 Test Arch Phantom

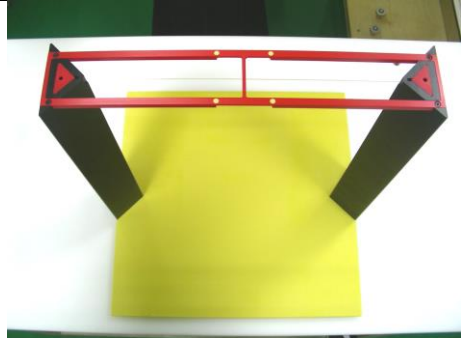
Construction :	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions :	370 370 x 370 mm	

Fig 5.8 Photo of Arch Phantom

5.2 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification

<ER3DV6>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe

Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

5.3 System Hardware

DAE
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.
Robot
The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

5.4 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), μV/(V/m)² for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

**5.5 Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1045	Jun. 14, 2012	Jun. 13, 2015
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1038	Jun. 14, 2012	Jun. 13, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1425	Mar. 03, 2014	Mar. 02, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	Nov. 05, 2013	Nov. 04, 2014
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2358	Jan. 30, 2014	Jan. 29, 2015
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM281	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1240001	Sep. 11, 2013	Sep. 10, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207349	Sep. 11, 2013	Sep. 10, 2014
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070755	Oct. 08, 2013	Oct. 07, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
R&S	Base Station(Measure)	CMU200	116457	Jun. 10, 2014	Jun. 09, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 27, 2014	May. 26, 2015
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List**Note:**

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

6. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

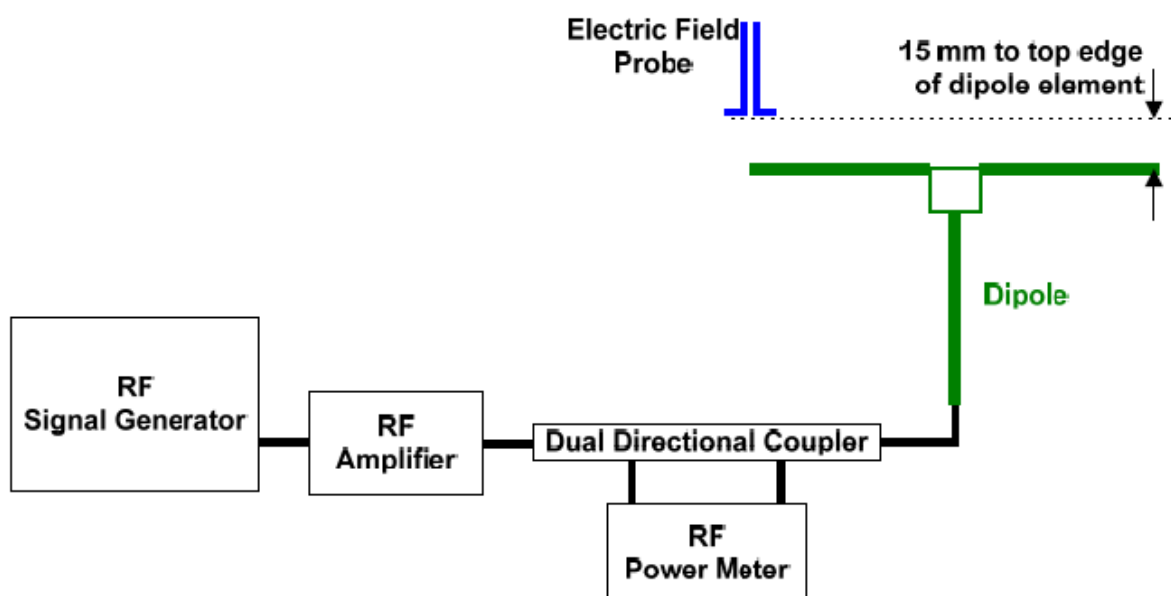


Fig. 6.1 System Validation Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

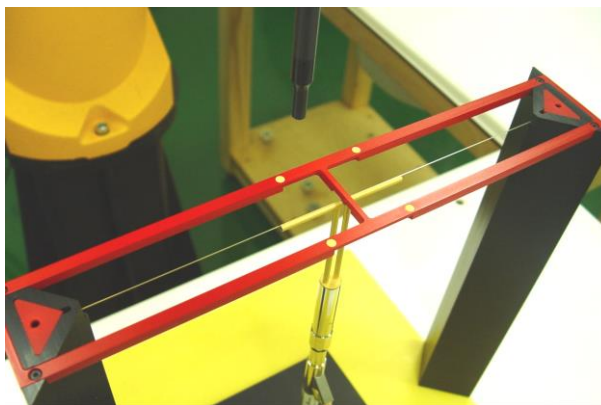


Fig 7.2 Dipole Setup

6.3 Verification Results

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	107.7	115.7	114.1	114.9	6.69	2014/6/18
835	20	107.7	107.6	103.2	105.4	-2.14	2014/8/14
1880	20	89.2	88.95	84.66	86.805	-2.68	2014/6/18
1880	20	89.2	81.64	85.73	83.69	-6.18	2014/8/14

Table 6.1 Test Results of System Validation

Note: Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) * 100%



7. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF).

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.



MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider, SPEAG, and the values are listed below

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10011	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA)	-27.23
10039	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	-19.77
10081	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.)	3.26

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

- i) 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB,
- ii) 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
- iii) 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB



8. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a) Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) *Indirect measurement method*
The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- k) For the T-Coil perpendicular measurement location is ≥ 5.0 mm from the center of the acoustic output, then two different 50 mm by 50 mm areas may need to be scanned, the first for the microphone mode assessment and the second for the T-Coil assessment.
- l) The second for the T-Coil assessment, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

Test Instructions

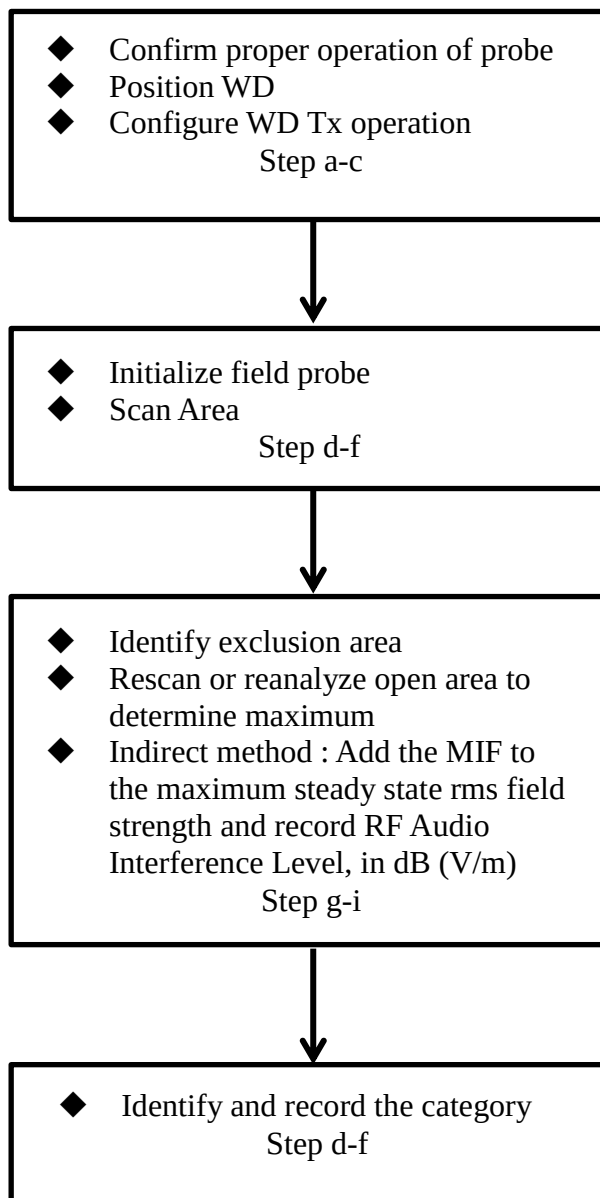


Fig 8.1 Flow Chart of HAC RF Emission



Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

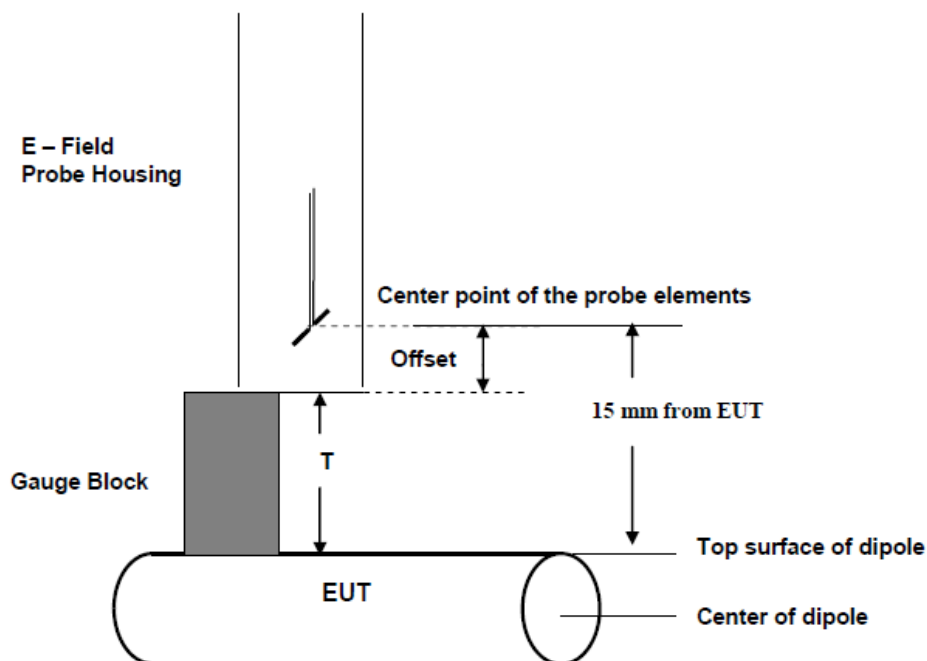


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

**9. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)**

Air Interface	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)	33.85	33.83	33.93	30.72	30.71	30.78

Air Interface	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)	23.82	23.90	23.99	23.84	23.94	23.88

Air Interface	WCDMA Band IV		
Channel	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)	23.88	23.91	23.92

Band	CDMA2000 BC0			CDMA2000 BC1		
Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880	1908.75
Average Antenna Input Power_1xRTT (dBm)	24.63	24.78	24.81	24.92	24.89	24.86
Average Antenna Input Power_1XRTT RC3 (dBm)	24.59	24.75	24.78	24.89	24.90	24.90
Average Antenna Input Power_RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate (dBm)	24.66	24.82	24.88	24.99	24.95	24.92

Band	CDMA2000 BC10		
Channel	476	580	676
Frequency (MHz)	817.9	820.5	822.9
Average Antenna Input Power_1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate (dBm)	24.68	24.60	24.62
Average Antenna Input Power_1XRTT RC3 (dBm)	24.65	24.64	24.60
Average Antenna Input Power_RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate (dBm)	24.70	24.68	24.62

<WLAN2.4GHz>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)			
			Data Rate			
			1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
802.11b	CH 1	2412	16.12	16.06	17.70	17.33
	CH 6	2437	16.33	16.24	17.89	17.48
	CH 11	2462	16.25	16.18	17.85	17.36

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)							
			Data Rate							
			6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
802.11g	CH 1	2412	14.28	14.27	14.18	14.07	14.17	14.24	14.31	14.26
	CH 6	2437	15.67	15.44	15.50	15.47	14.57	14.64	14.66	13.67
	CH 11	2462	11.67	11.62	11.66	11.54	11.72	11.62	11.67	11.65

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)							
			MCS Index							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	13.31	13.19	13.24	13.18	13.23	13.23	13.48	12.83
	CH 6	2437	15.84	15.81	15.43	14.89	14.55	14.01	13.24	12.18
	CH 11	2462	10.64	10.61	10.52	10.54	10.61	10.59	10.55	10.57

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)								
			MCS Index								
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
802.11ac-VHT20	CH 1	2412	12.52	12.44	12.21	12.17	11.04	11.06	9.04	8.89	7.98
	CH 6	2437	13.00	12.93	12.52	12.00	11.58	11.14	9.98	8.80	8.84
	CH 11	2462	10.95	10.89	10.88	10.33	10.83	10.79	9.63	8.45	8.49

**<WLAN5GHz>**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)							
			Data Rate							
			6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
802.11a	CH 36	5180	17.48	17.40	17.44	17.48	17.48	17.46	17.46	15.97
	CH 40	5200	17.29	17.25	17.21	17.20	17.15	17.13	17.10	17.10
	CH 44	5220	17.21	17.17	17.20	17.14	17.19	17.17	17.15	15.66
	CH 48	5240	17.25	17.15	17.19	17.22	17.24	17.21	17.16	15.80
	CH 52	5260	16.88	16.73	16.74	16.73	16.76	16.66	16.71	15.37
	CH 56	5280	16.85	16.83	16.84	16.83	16.86	16.76	16.81	15.47
	CH 60	5300	16.92	16.85	16.86	16.85	16.88	16.78	16.83	15.49
	CH 64	5320	16.84	16.78	16.79	16.78	16.81	16.71	16.76	15.42
	CH 100	5500	17.19	17.05	17.10	17.04	17.11	16.08	15.32	14.45
	CH 104	5520	17.15	17.08	17.13	17.07	17.14	16.11	15.35	14.48
	CH 108	5540	17.15	17.11	17.16	17.10	17.17	16.14	15.38	14.51
	CH 112	5560	17.22	17.14	17.19	17.13	17.20	16.17	15.41	14.54
	CH 116	5580	17.21	17.15	17.20	17.14	17.21	16.18	15.42	14.55
	CH 132	5660	16.92	16.78	16.83	16.77	16.84	15.81	15.05	14.18
	CH 136	5680	16.68	16.48	16.53	16.47	16.54	15.51	14.75	13.88
	CH 140	5700	14.38	14.30	14.34	14.32	14.40	14.26	14.23	14.24
	CH 149	5745	10.48	10.47	10.47	10.47	10.36	10.43	10.45	10.46
	CH 153	5765	17.03	16.98	16.94	15.92	16.88	16.73	15.65	14.77
	CH 157	5785	16.96	16.82	16.85	16.75	16.69	15.67	14.66	13.86
	CH 161	5805	17.25	17.18	16.16	17.12	16.97	15.89	15.01	14.34
	CH 165	5825	12.06	12.03	12.04	12.04	12.05	12.03	12.05	12.05



Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)							
			Data Rate							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n-HT20	CH 36	5180	17.49	17.48	17.48	17.45	17.43	17.45	16.07	13.86
	CH 40	5200	17.39	17.35	17.31	17.25	17.12	17.15	17.19	17.17
	CH 44	5220	17.31	17.29	17.33	17.26	17.23	17.30	15.94	13.87
	CH 48	5240	17.26	17.25	17.23	17.16	17.14	17.25	15.90	13.88
	CH 52	5260	16.87	16.77	16.84	16.76	16.81	16.80	15.43	13.42
	CH 56	5280	16.97	16.87	16.94	16.86	16.91	16.90	15.53	13.52
	CH 60	5300	16.73	16.60	16.67	16.59	16.64	16.63	15.26	13.25
	CH 64	5320	16.71	16.58	16.65	16.57	16.62	16.61	15.24	13.23
	CH 100	5500	16.22	16.16	16.21	16.06	16.08	15.28	14.36	13.22
	CH 104	5520	16.66	16.62	16.67	16.52	16.54	15.74	14.82	13.68
	CH 108	5540	16.87	16.83	16.85	16.73	16.75	15.95	15.03	13.89
	CH 112	5560	16.89	16.88	16.83	16.78	16.80	16.00	15.08	13.94
	CH 116	5580	17.01	16.88	16.88	16.85	15.99	15.19	14.27	13.13
	CH 132	5660	16.77	16.54	16.54	16.51	15.65	14.85	13.93	12.79
	CH 136	5680	16.47	16.24	16.24	16.21	15.35	14.55	13.63	12.49
	CH 140	5700	13.71	13.61	13.68	13.44	13.68	13.70	13.58	13.01
	CH 149	5745	10.71	10.69	10.69	10.70	10.69	10.70	10.66	10.67
	CH 153	5765	17.01	16.92	16.96	16.94	16.05	14.98	14.19	13.15
	CH 157	5785	16.93	16.91	16.91	16.90	16.01	14.96	14.12	13.13
	CH 161	5805	17.15	17.08	17.12	17.10	16.21	15.14	14.35	13.31
	CH 165	5825	12.88	12.87	12.83	12.85	12.83	12.85	12.86	12.83

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)							
			MCS Index							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n-HT40	CH 38	5190	13.87	13.81	13.82	13.86	13.85	13.71	13.85	13.73
	CH 46	5230	17.49	17.31	17.30	17.33	17.36	17.30	15.94	14.01
	CH 54	5270	16.84	16.79	16.81	16.79	16.81	16.76	15.64	13.50
	CH 62	5310	14.60	14.63	14.60	14.58	14.56	14.56	14.68	13.27
	CH 102	5510	14.65	14.65	14.63	14.66	14.70	14.64	14.77	14.64
	CH 110	5550	17.14	17.06	17.02	17.03	16.95	16.01	15.45	14.57
	CH 134	5670	17.14	17.06	17.02	17.03	16.95	16.01	15.45	14.57
	CH 151	5755	9.50	9.45	9.48	9.46	9.48	9.45	9.45	9.48
	CH 159	5795	15.92	15.89	15.87	15.90	15.90	15.05	14.21	13.10



Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)								
			MCS Index								
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
802.11ac-VHT20	CH 36	5180	17.49	17.43	17.48	17.41	17.33	17.43	16.14	15.14	13.87
	CH 40	5200	17.30	17.25	17.27	17.15	17.13	17.05	17.07	17.01	17.03
	CH 44	5220	17.23	17.18	17.20	17.22	17.12	17.21	16.13	15.04	13.84
	CH 48	5240	17.34	17.33	17.30	17.32	17.22	17.31	16.23	15.14	13.94
	CH 52	5260	16.91	16.89	16.88	16.79	16.81	16.87	15.36	14.46	13.56
	CH 56	5280	16.85	16.80	16.79	16.70	16.72	16.78	15.27	14.37	13.47
	CH 60	5300	17.00	16.99	16.96	16.91	16.93	16.99	15.48	14.58	13.68
	CH 64	5320	16.78	16.72	16.71	16.62	16.64	16.70	15.19	14.29	13.39
	CH 100	5500	17.15	17.14	17.11	17.07	16.08	15.42	14.46	13.39	12.28
	CH 104	5520	17.14	17.11	17.08	17.04	16.05	15.39	14.43	13.36	12.25
	CH 108	5540	17.14	17.08	17.05	17.01	16.02	15.36	14.40	13.33	12.22
	CH 112	5560	17.16	17.10	17.07	17.03	16.04	15.38	14.42	13.35	12.24
	CH 116	5580	17.11	17.07	17.04	17.00	16.01	15.35	14.39	13.32	12.21
	CH 132	5660	16.90	16.78	16.75	16.71	15.72	15.06	14.10	13.03	12.09
	CH 136	5680	16.50	16.38	16.35	16.31	15.32	14.66	13.70	12.63	11.69
	CH 140	5700	14.50	14.46	14.44	14.45	14.39	14.42	14.33	13.26	12.15
	CH 149	5745	10.25	10.19	10.22	10.19	10.06	10.20	10.14	10.16	10.05
	CH 153	5765	17.11	17.03	17.13	16.92	16.04	15.12	14.16	13.26	12.00
	CH 157	5785	17.10	17.03	17.06	16.95	16.00	15.10	14.20	13.26	11.97
	CH 161	5805	17.27	17.22	17.32	17.11	16.23	15.31	14.35	13.45	12.19
	CH 165	5825	13.50	13.45	13.22	13.41	13.20	13.49	13.42	13.45	12.29

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)									
			MCS Index									
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
802.11ac-VHT40	CH 38	5190	15.14	15.04	15.13	14.95	15.13	15.08	15.12	13.87	13.06	12.42
	CH 46	5230	17.15	17.12	17.13	17.09	17.14	17.06	15.11	13.69	12.74	12.14
	CH 54	5270	16.85	16.75	16.77	16.70	16.82	16.81	14.79	13.62	12.59	11.91
	CH 62	5310	14.49	14.43	14.41	14.37	14.44	14.45	14.42	13.45	12.60	11.87
	CH 102	5510	15.07	14.91	14.88	14.91	15.03	14.95	14.94	14.38	13.50	12.43
	CH 110	5550	16.98	16.92	16.81	16.91	16.94	16.35	15.68	14.67	13.64	12.65
	CH 134	5670	16.96	16.92	16.81	16.91	16.94	16.35	15.68	14.67	13.64	12.65
	CH 151	5755	9.42	9.36	9.33	9.43	9.40	9.36	9.36	9.29	9.41	9.40
	CH 159	5795	16.37	16.12	16.33	16.12	15.89	15.27	14.32	12.90	12.31	12.23

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Input Power (dBm)									
			MCS Index									
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
802.11ac-VHT80	CH 42	5210	17.49	17.48	17.48	17.48	17.02	16.28	15.47	14.63	13.45	12.84
	CH 58	5290	14.99	14.80	14.96	14.96	14.86	14.88	14.88	13.89	12.75	12.22
	CH 106	5530	14.99	14.80	14.96	14.96	14.86	14.88	14.88	13.89	12.75	12.22
	CH 155	5775	9.35	9.33	9.19	9.10	9.31	9.28	9.03	9.14	9.29	9.33

10. Low-power Exemption

According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, an RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes.

Air Interface	Operating Mode	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	GSM	33.93	3.63	37.56	Yes
GSM1900	GSM	30.78	3.63	34.41	Yes
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.99	-27.23	-3.24	No
WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.92	-27.23	-3.31	No
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.94	-27.23	-3.29	No
CDMA2000 BC0	1xRTT RC1 SO55 Full rate	24.81	-19.77	5.04	No
	1xRTT RC3 SO55 Full rate	24.78	-19.71	5.07	No
	RC1_SO3_1/8rate	24.88	3.26	28.14	Yes
CDMA2000 BC1	1xRTT RC1 SO55 Full rate	24.92	-19.77	5.15	No
	1xRTT RC3 SO55 Full rate	24.90	-19.71	5.19	No
	RC1_SO3_1/8rate	24.99	3.26	28.25	Yes
CDMA 2000 BC10	1xRTT RC1 SO55 Full rate	24.68	-19.77	4.91	No
	1xRTT RC3 SO55 Full rate	24.65	-19.71	4.94	No
	RC1_SO3_1/8rate	24.70	3.26	27.96	Yes

Remark: According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes

Band	Mode	Antenna Input Power (dBm)	C63.19 test required
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	17.89	No
	802.11g	15.67	No
	802.11n-HT20	15.84	No
	802.11n-VHT20	13.00	No
WLAN5GHz	802.11a	17.48	No
	802.11n-HT20	17.49	No
	802.11n-HT40	17.49	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	17.49	No
	802.11ac-VHT40	17.15	No
	802.11ac-VHT80	17.49	No

Remark: According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, a device is exempt from testing when its peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤ 50 μ s is ≤ 23 dBm for any of its operating modes.

Conclusion: HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

11. HAC RF Emission Test Results

11.1 E-Field Emission

Emission Categories	E-field emissions	
	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Plot No.	Air Interface	Operating Mode	Channel	Scan center	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF audio Interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
1	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	Acoustic	33.85	3.63	38.43	6.57	M4
2	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	Acoustic	33.83	3.63	38.31	6.69	M4
3	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	Acoustic	33.93	3.63	38.67	6.33	M4
16	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	T-Coil	33.93	3.63	39.09	5.91	M4
4	GSM1900	GSM Voice	512	Acoustic	30.72	3.63	29.54	5.46	M4
5	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	Acoustic	30.71	3.63	29.78	5.22	M4
6	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	Acoustic	30.78	3.63	29.7	5.3	M4
17	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	T-Coil	30.71	3.63	28.64	6.36	M4
10	CDMA2000 BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	476	Acoustic	24.7	3.26	29.62	15.38	M4
11	CDMA2000 BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	580	Acoustic	24.68	3.26	29.68	15.32	M4
12	CDMA2000 BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	676	Acoustic	24.62	3.26	30.85	14.15	M4
18	CDMA2000 BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	676	T-Coil	24.62	3.26	31.99	13.01	M4
7	CDMA2000 BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	1013	Acoustic	24.66	3.26	30.18	14.95	M4
8	CDMA2000 BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	384	Acoustic	24.82	3.26	30.78	14.22	M4
9	CDMA2000 BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	777	Acoustic	24.88	3.26	31.99	13.01	M4
19	CDMA2000 BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	777	T-Coil	24.88	3.26	32.85	12.15	M4
13	CDMA2000 BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	25	Acoustic	24.99	3.26	24.09	10.91	M4
14	CDMA2000 BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	600	Acoustic	24.95	3.26	24.22	10.78	M4
15	CDMA2000 BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	1175	Acoustic	24.92	3.26	24.81	10.19	M4
20	CDMA2000 BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	1175	T-Coil	24.92	3.26	25.84	9.16	M4

Remark:

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
2. The uncertainty is 0.2dB of MIF ranges from -7dB to +5dB. GSM850 band with rating M4, GSM1900 band with rating M4 would not be affected considering the MIF uncertainty.
3. There is special HAC mode software on this EUT.

Test Engineer : Jack Wu.



12. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMF Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power					± 32.6 %
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field					± 16.3 %

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment
Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.



13. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011
- [2] SPEAG DASY System Handbook