MOTOROLA

Exhibit 11: SAR Test Report IHDT6FK1

Date of test: 07/22/2005 and 07/23/2005
Date of Report: 08/17/2005

Laboratory:
Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory
600 N. US Highway 45
Room: MW113
Libertyville, Illinois 60048

Test Responsible:
Albert Patapack
Senior Staff Engineer

Accreditation: This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:

Tests:	Procedures:
Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, 1999 (SAR) IEEE C95.3-1991 IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-1 FCC OET Bulletin 65 (*including Supplements A, B, C*) Australian Communications Authority Radio Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human Exposure) Standard 1999 CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)
Simulated Tissue Preparation	APP-0247
RF Power Measurement	DOI-0876, 0900, 0902, 0904, 0915

On the following products or types of products:
Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Statement of Compliance: Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093). It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

©Motorola, Inc. 2005
This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

Table of Contents

1. INTRODUCTION 3

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST 3

2.1 Antenna description 3

2.2 Device description 3

3. TEST EQUIPMENT USED 4

3.1 Dosimetric System 4

3.2 Additional Equipment 4

4. ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS OF THE TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID 4

5. SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION 5

6. TEST RESULTS 6

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results 6

6.2 Body Worn Test Results 8

APPENDIX 1: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION 10

APPENDIX 2: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS FOR PHANTOM HEAD ADJACENT USE 11

APPENDIX 3: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS FOR BODY WORN CONFIGURATION 12

APPENDIX 4: PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE 13

APPENDIX 5: MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY BUDGET 14

APPENDIX 6: PHOTOGRAPHS OF DEVICE UNDER TEST 17

1 Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT6FK1). The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01.

2 Description of the Device Under Test

2.1 Antenna description

Type	Internal Antenna	
Location	Bottom of Transceiver Housing	
Dimensions	Length	23mm
	Width	35mm
Configuration	PIFA	

2.2 Device description

FCC ID Number	**IHDT6FK1**						
Serial number	4400013660244						
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 900	GSM 1800	GSM 1900	GPRS 900	GPRS 1800	GPRS 1900	BlueTooth
Modulation Mode(s)	GSM	GSM	GSM	GSM	GSM	GSM	BlueTooth
Maximum Output Power Setting	32.20 dBm	29.00dBm	29.50dBm	32.20dBm	29.00dBm	29.50dBm	4.00dBm
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:8	1:8	2:8	2:8	2:8	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	880.2-914.8MHz	1710.2-1784.8MHz	1850.20 – 1909.80MHz	880.2-914.8MHz	1710.2-1784.8MHz	1850.20 – 1909.80MHz	2400 – 2483.5MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2..908)	Identical Prototype						
Device Category	Portable						
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled						

3 Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.5) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±11.1% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±22.2% (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY4 DAE4 V1	367	05/30/2006
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1390	04/22/2006
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	276tr	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1138	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04630	3/2/2007
Power Meter E4419B	GB43310686	3/2/2006
Power Sensor #1 - 8481A	MY41095452	3/9/2006
Power Sensor #2 - 8481A	MY41095450	3/9/2006
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39172714	3/4/2006
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070C	US99360207	

4 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ε_r, and the conductivity, σ, of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit These values, along with the temperature of the tissue simulate are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for maximum permittivity and minimum conductivity are also shown. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. It is seen that the measured parameters are satisfactory for compliance testing.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ε_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
1880	**Head**	**Measured,** 07/22/2005	40.3	1.45	21.6
		Recommended Limits	40.0 ±5%	1.40 ±5%	18-25
	Body	**Measured,** 07/22/2005	52.7	1.57	20.0
		Measured, 07/23/2005	52.7	1.57	21.2
		Recommended Limits	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	800MHz Head	800MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body
Sugar	57.0	44.9	--	--
DGBE	--	--	47.0	30.80
Water	40.45	53.06	52.8	68.91
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.2	0.29
HEC	1.0	1.0	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--

5 System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4 v4.5 was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within center section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR indicated in Section 8.3.7 Reference SAR Values in IEEE 1528. These tests were done at 900MHz and/or 1800MHz. These frequencies are within 100MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. This is within the allowable window given in Supplement C 01-01 *Appendix D System Verification* section item #5. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for maximum permittivity, minimum conductivity are shown in the table below. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table below. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ε_r	σ (S/m)		
1800	**Measured,** 07/22/2005	38.83	40.6	1.37	20.0	22.1
	Measured, 07/23/2005	38.7	40.5	1.39	21.0	20.9
	Recommended Limits	38.1	40.0 ±5%	1.4 ±5%	18-25	18-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1390	1810	5.24	8 of 9

6 Test Results

The test sample was operated in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. Motorola also followed the requirements in Supplement. C / Appendix D: SAR Measurement Procedures, section titled "*Devices Operating Next To A Person's Ear* ". These directions state "The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s)."

The DASY4 v4.5 SAR measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The phone was positioned into the measurement configurations using the positioner supplied with the DASY4 v4.5 SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the positioner is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 (± 30%) at 850MHz. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and use for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

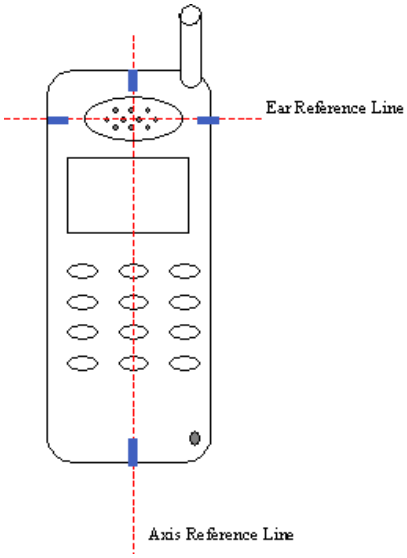
The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT6FK1) has 810mAhr SNN5766A as the only available battery option. This battery was used to do all of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

To aid in positioning repeatability, the ear reference line of the device and the axis reference line of the device have been physically added using a non-metallic marker.

- Per Figure 1, the "Ear Reference Line" is centered vertically through the center of the listening area (as defined by the speaker holes in the housing).
- The "Axis Reference Line" bisects the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges.
- The intersection of these two lines defines the location of the "Ear Reference Point".

The lines drawn on the device extended to the outside edges, as shown in blue in the figure below, & wrap around the sides of the device.



The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 4 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 2

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since same phantoms and tissue simulate are used for the system accuracy verification as the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in within Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of tissue simulate depth to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1390	1810	5.24	8 of 9

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Left Head (Cheek / Touch Position)							
			Slide up				Slide down			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	**0.235**	**0.00**	**0.24**	**21.4**	0.11	-0.15	0.11	21.6
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Right Head (Cheek / Touch Position)							
			Slide up				Slide down			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	0.202	-0.1	0.21	20.6	0.118	-0.09	0.12	20.6
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the right head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Left Head (15° Tilt Position)							
			Slide up				Slide down			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	0.179	-0.2	0.19	21.0	0.0966	0.21	0.10	21.3
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Right Head (15° Tilt Position)							
			Slide up				Slide down			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	0.224	-0.12	0.23	20.5	0.112	-0.26	0.12	20.5
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 4: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the right head in the 15° Tilt Position.

6.2 Body Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in table 5 through 7 are the maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 3. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A "flat" phantom was for the body-worn tests. This "flat" phantom is made out of 1" thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories', testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are no Body-Worn Accessories currently available for this phone. The phone was tested in a body worn configuration, per Supplement C, by using a separation distance of no more than 25mm between the phone and the phantom.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1390	1810	4.77	8 of 9

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	GSM Body Worn							
			Front 15mm from phantom				Back 15mm from phantom			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	0.0388	-0.04	0.04	21.5	0.147	-0.01	0.15	21.3
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 5: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	GSM Body Worn with Bluetooth							
			Front 15mm from phantom				Back 15mm from phantom			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	0.0531	-0.05	0.05	21.1	**0.178**	**0.02**	**0.18**	**21.2**
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 6: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	GPRS Body Worn							
			Front 25mm from phantom				Back 25mm from phantom			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 512	29.63								
	Channel 661	29.54	0.0463	-0.2	0.05	21.1	0.153	-0.04	0.15	21.2
	Channel 810	29.48								

Table 7: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT6FK1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Date/Time: 7/22/2005 3:38:53PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

20050722 1800MHz_Good+1.9%

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:276tr

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 276tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 22.C Sim.Temp@SPC = 22.1C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.37 mho/m, ε_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

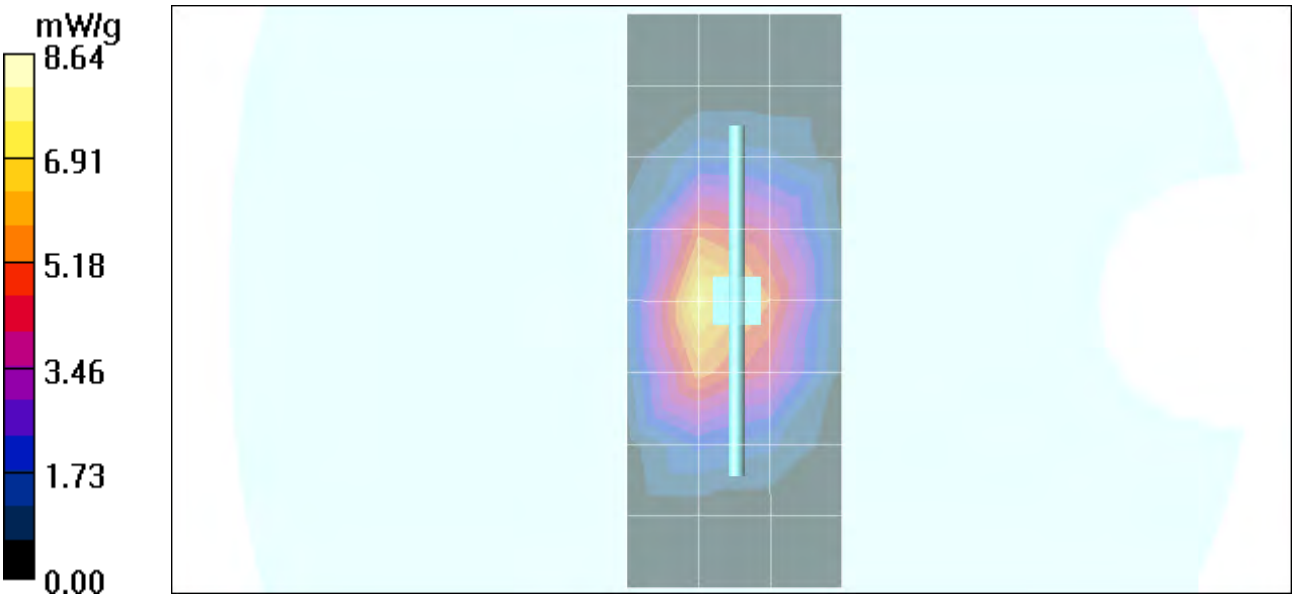
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

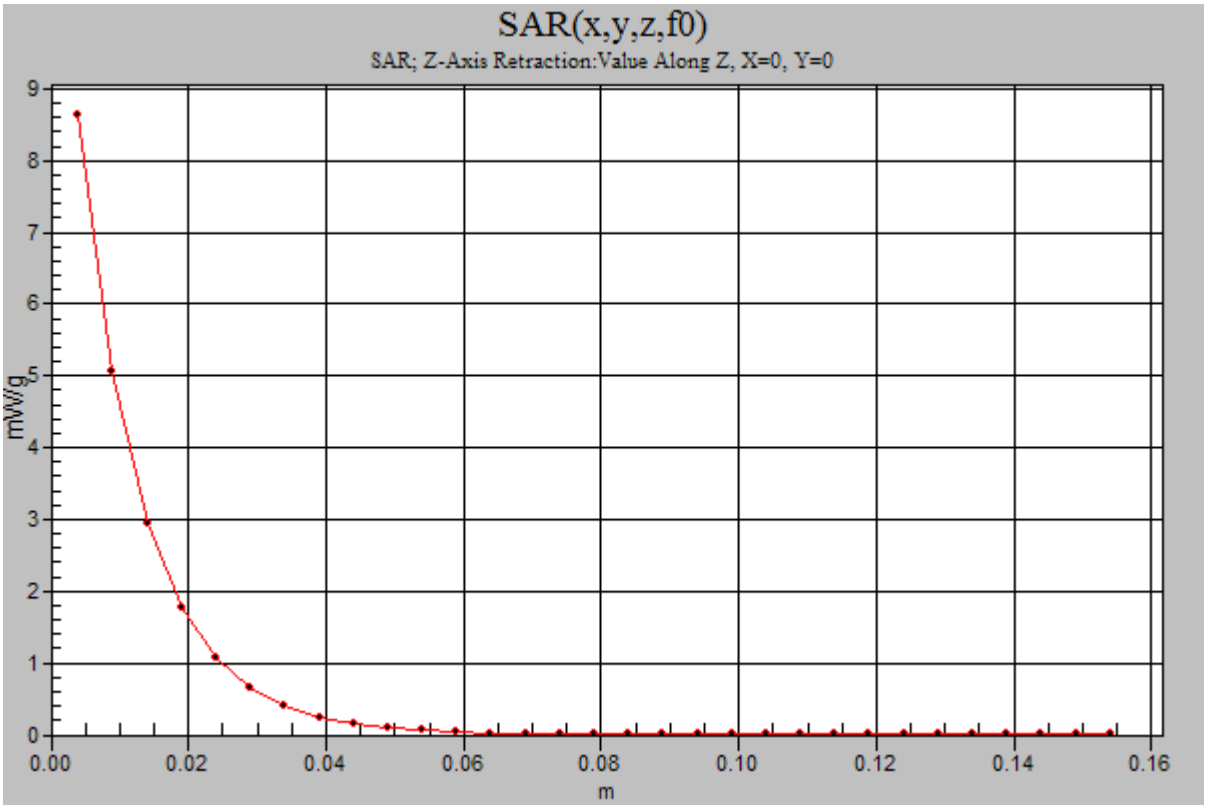
Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.16 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; **Power Drift = 0.049 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.63 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.12 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.52 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; **Power Drift = 0.049 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.25 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.81 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):
Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.64 mW/g


mW/g
8.64
6.91
5.18
3.46
1.73
0.00


SAR(x,y,z,f0)
SAR; Z-Axis Retraction:Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0
mW/g
m
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0.00
0.02
0.04
0.06
0.08
0.10
0.12
0.14
0.16

Date/Time: 7/23/2005 3:03:26PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola

20050723 1800MHz_Good+1.6%

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:276tr

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 276tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 22.15C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.9C Room Temp @ SPC = 21C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.39 mho/m, ε_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

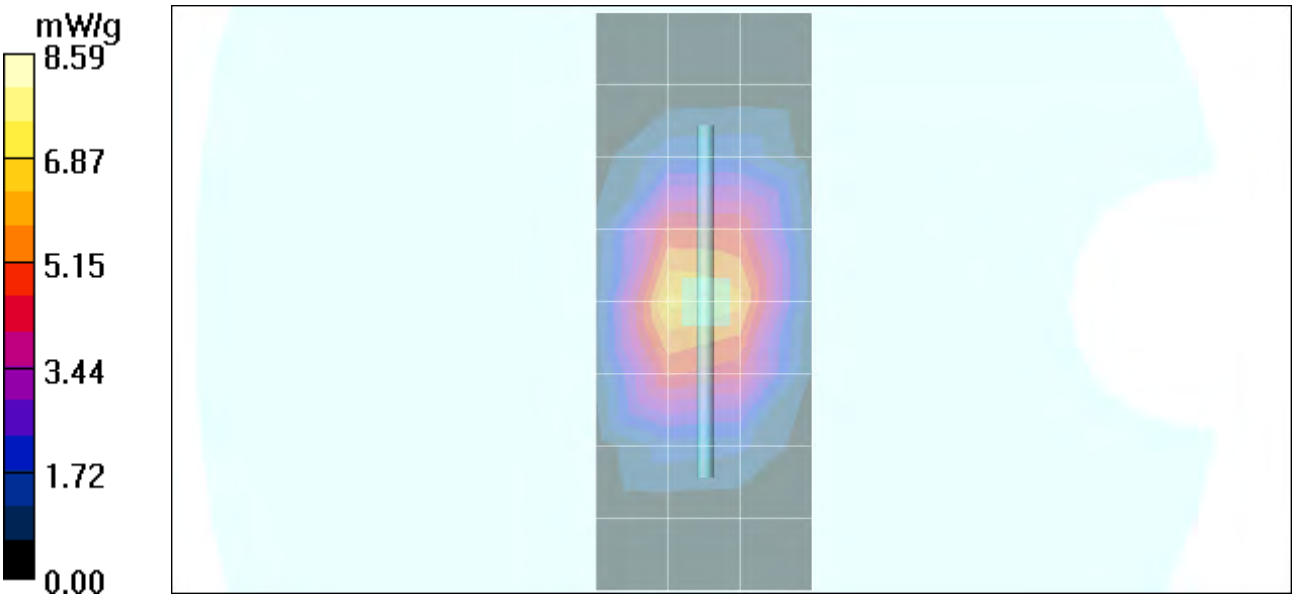
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

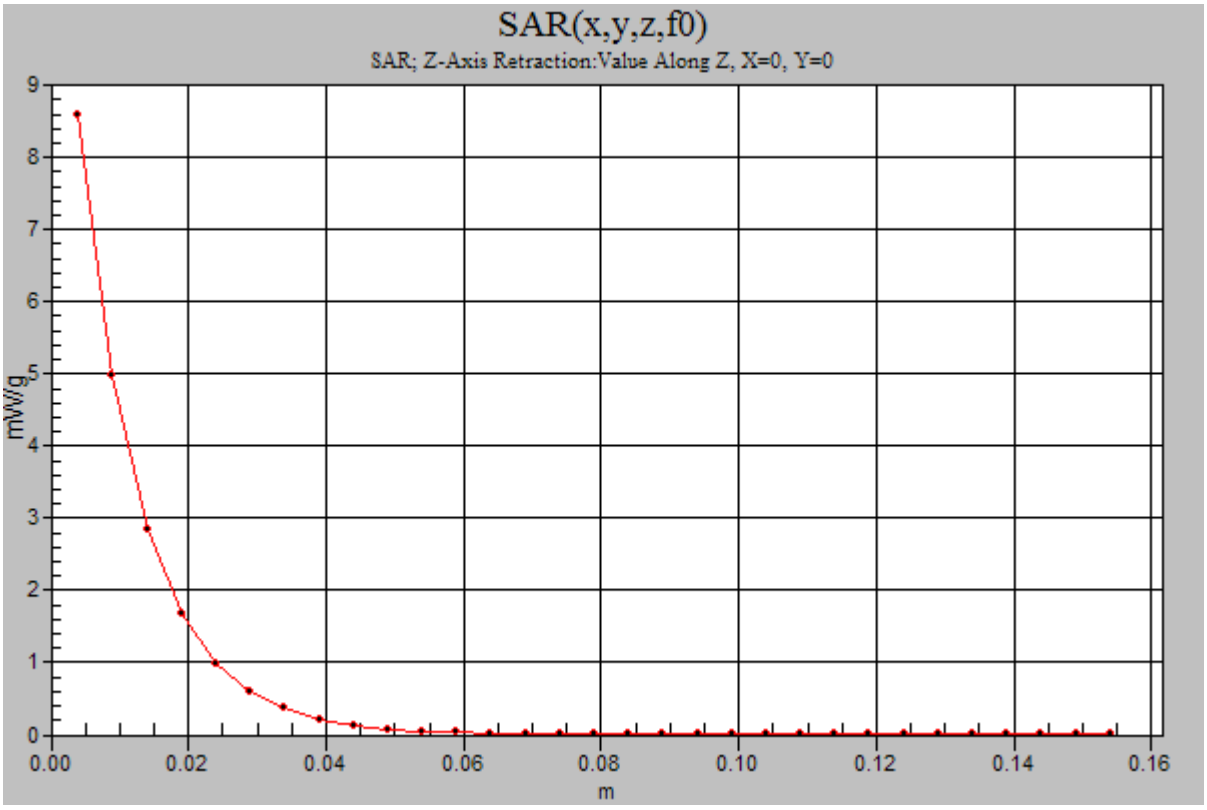
Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.49 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; **Power Drift = 0.053 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.07 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.57 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; **Power Drift = 0.053 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.21 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.82 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):
Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.59 mW/g


mW/g
8.59
6.87
5.15
3.44
1.72
0.00


SAR(x,y,z,f0)
SAR; Z-Axis Retraction:Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0
mW/g
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0.00
0.02
0.04
0.06
0.08
0.10
0.12
0.14
0.16
m

Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

Date/Time: 7/22/2005 5:41:19PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 LH Cheek ch661 slide up

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

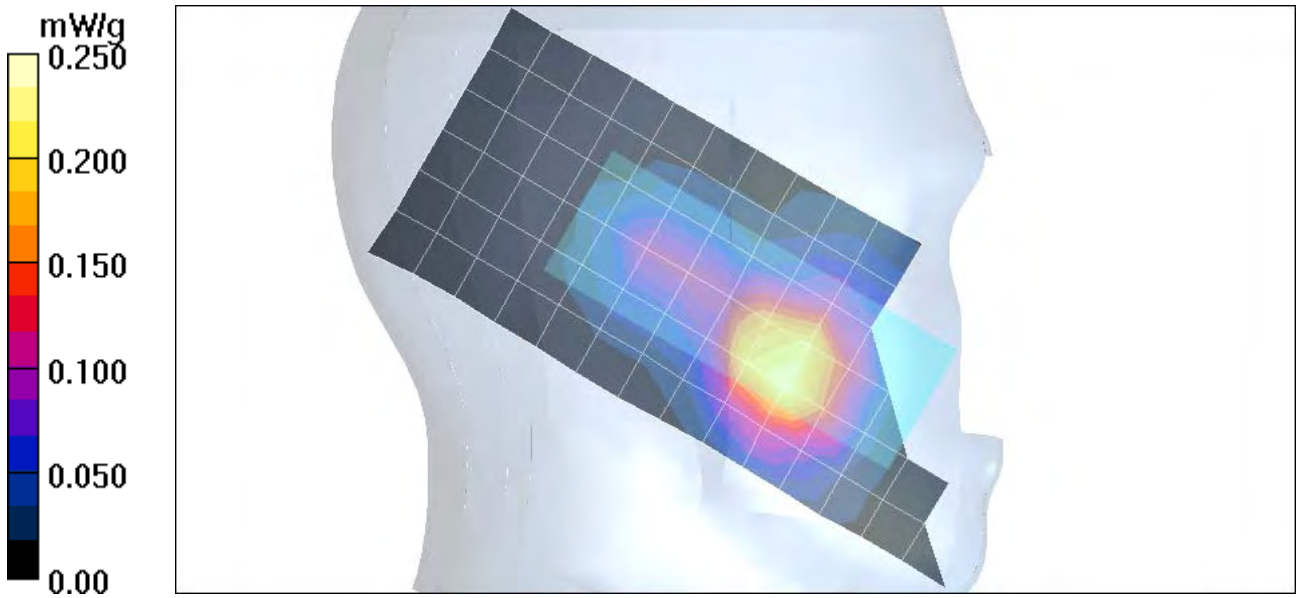
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 mW/g

Left Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.00 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.235 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 5:08:17PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 LH Cheek ch661 slide down

Serial: 4400013660244 ; DUT
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

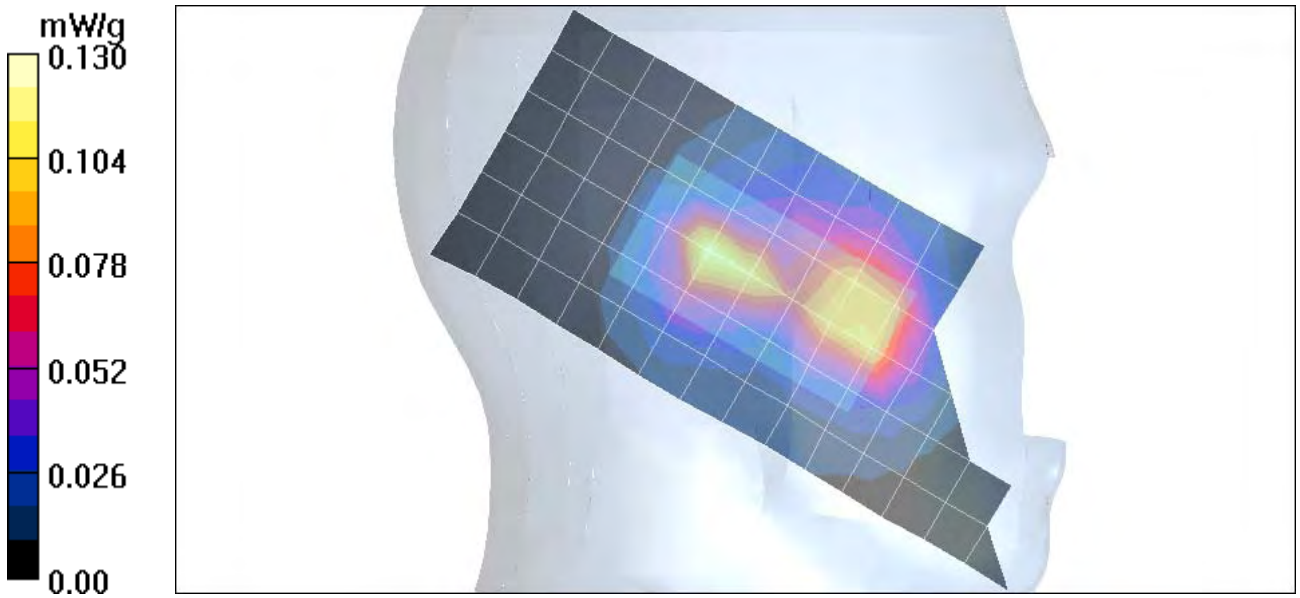
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 mW/g

Left Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.20 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.153 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.164 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 8:47:18PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 RH Cheek ch661 slide up

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

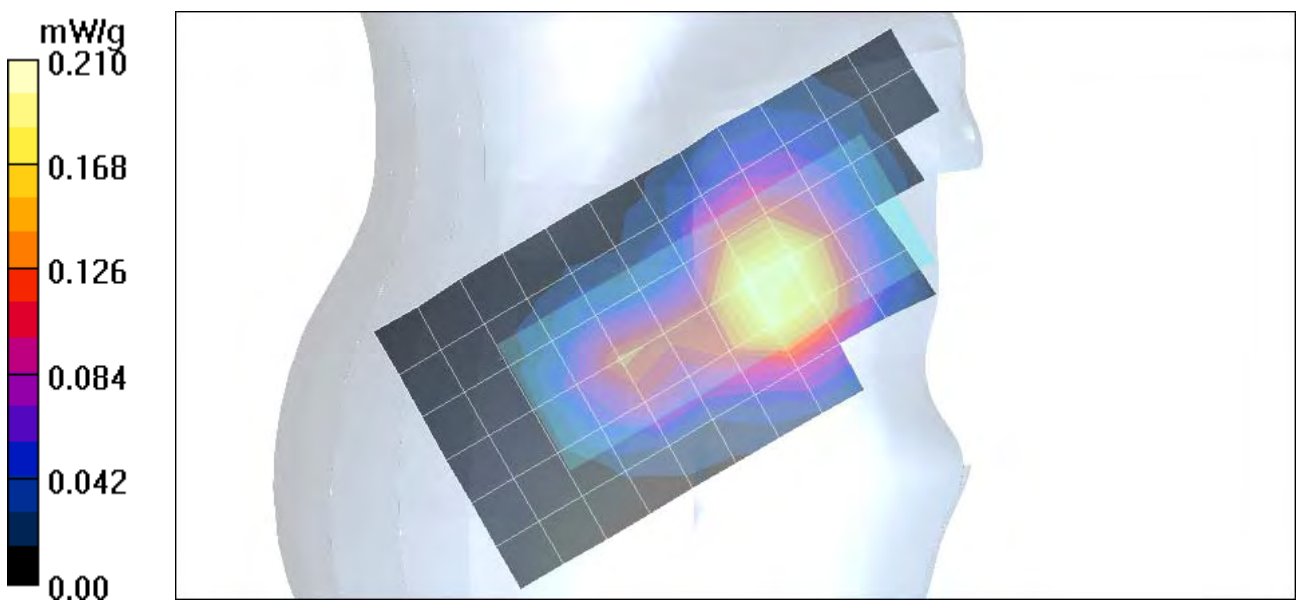
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 mW/g

Right Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.096 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.303 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 8:14:18PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 RH Cheek ch661 slide down

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

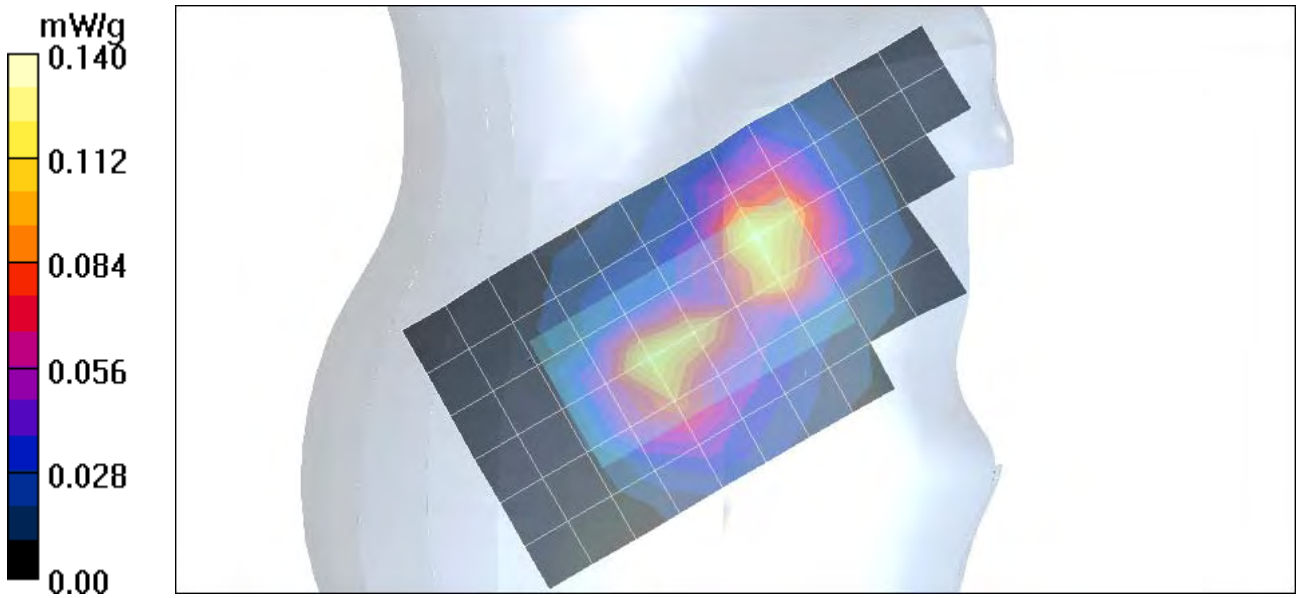
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g

Right Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.27 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.090 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.186 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.129 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 6:44:45PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 LH Tilt ch661 slide up

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rotated
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

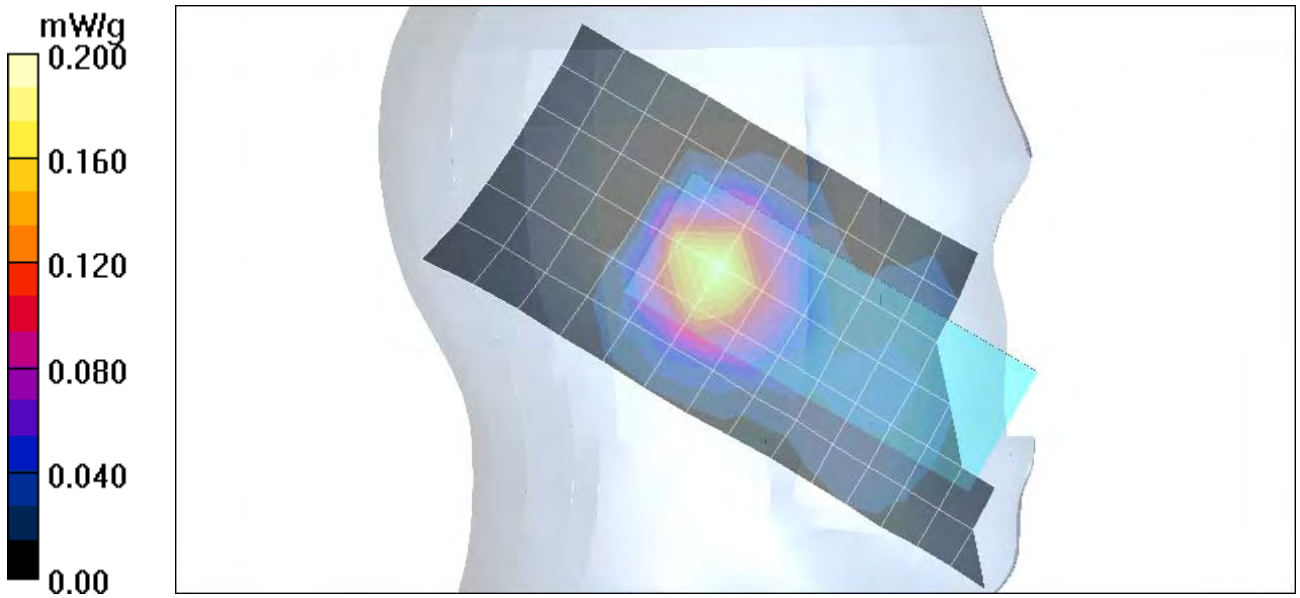
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 mW/g

Left Head Template/Zoom Scan - to correct max outside (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.202 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.258 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.179 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 6:15:08PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 LH Tilt ch661 slide down

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rotated
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

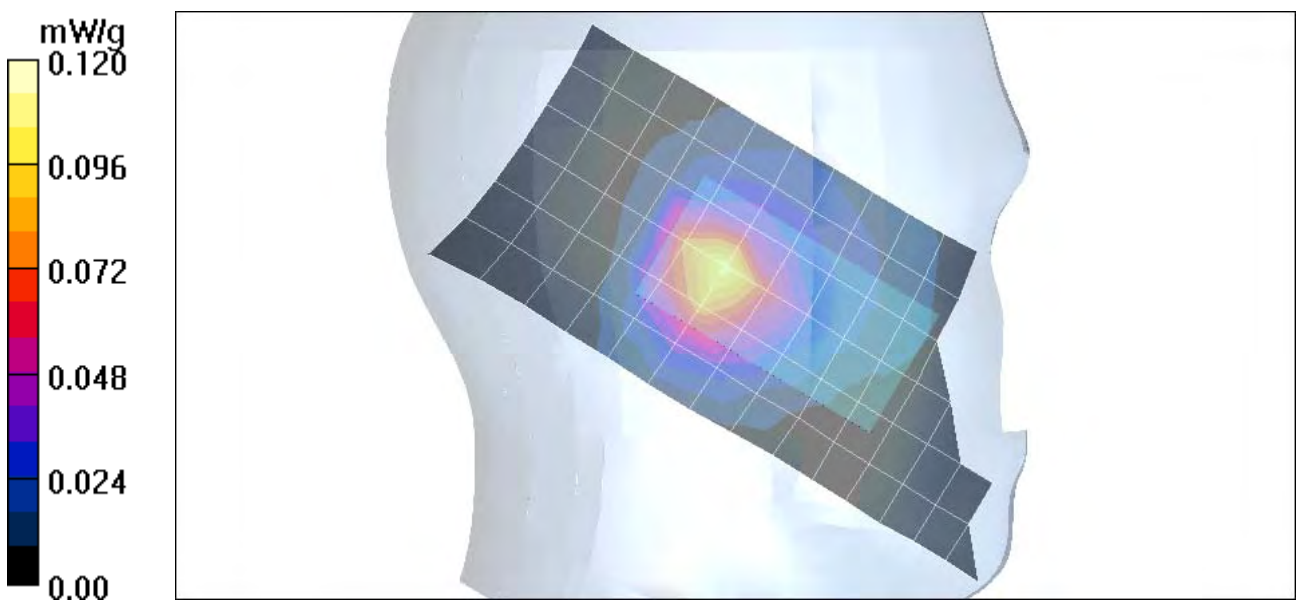
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 mW/g

Left Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.30 V/m; **Power Drift = 0.212 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.147 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.097 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 9:46:57PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 RH Tilt ch661 slide up

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rotated
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

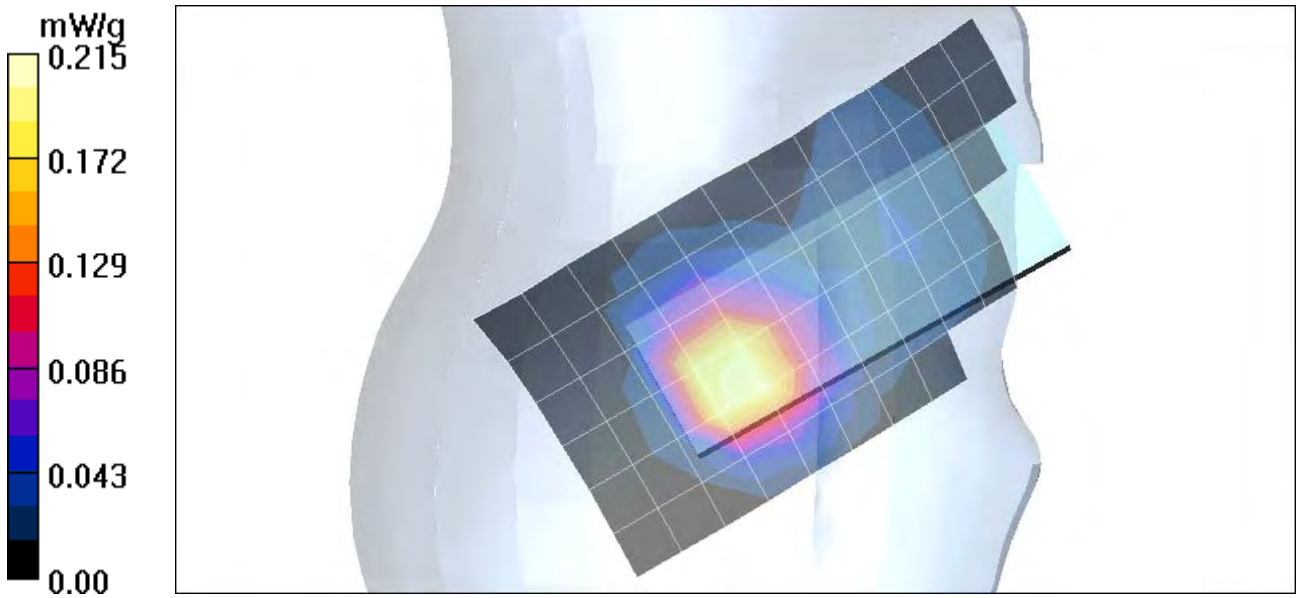
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.196 mW/g

Right Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.120 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.344 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.224 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 9:16:59PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 RH Tilt ch661 slide down

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Accessory Model #: N/A
Battery Model #: SNN5766A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rotated
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.45 mho/m, ε_r = 40.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

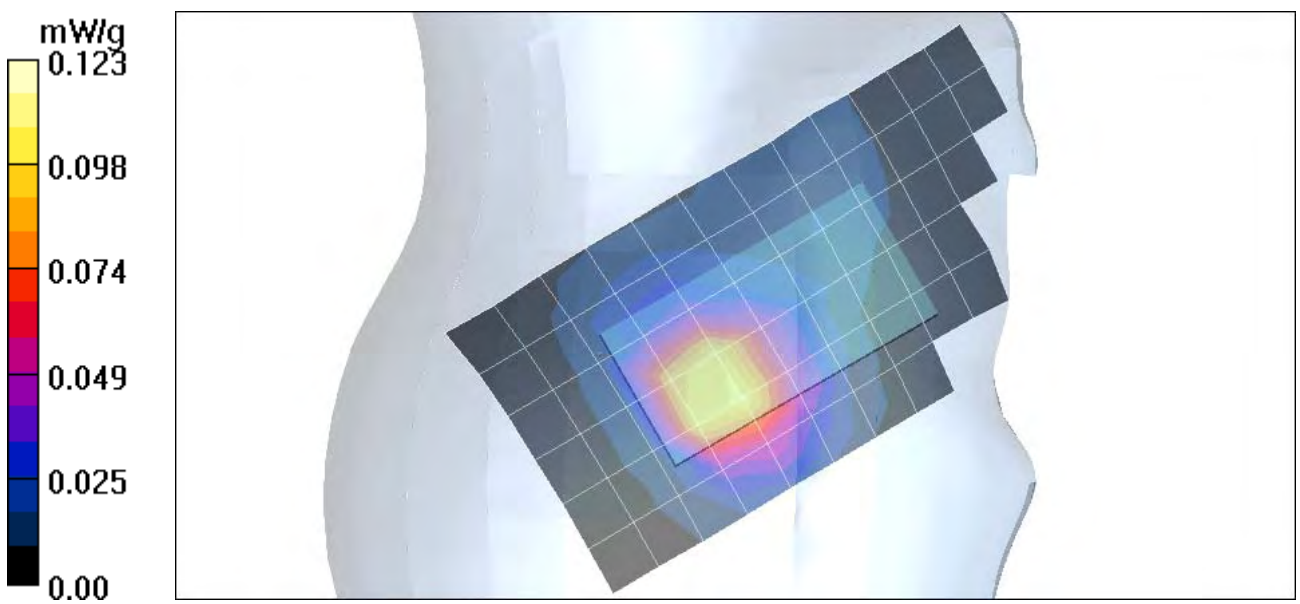
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8: Glycol Water SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1138;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g

Right Head Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.91 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.255 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.112 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

Date/Time: 7/22/2005 10:24:26PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 BW ch661 front 15mm

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model #: SNN5766A
Accessory Model # = AAYN4264A_Head set(Front 15mm)
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

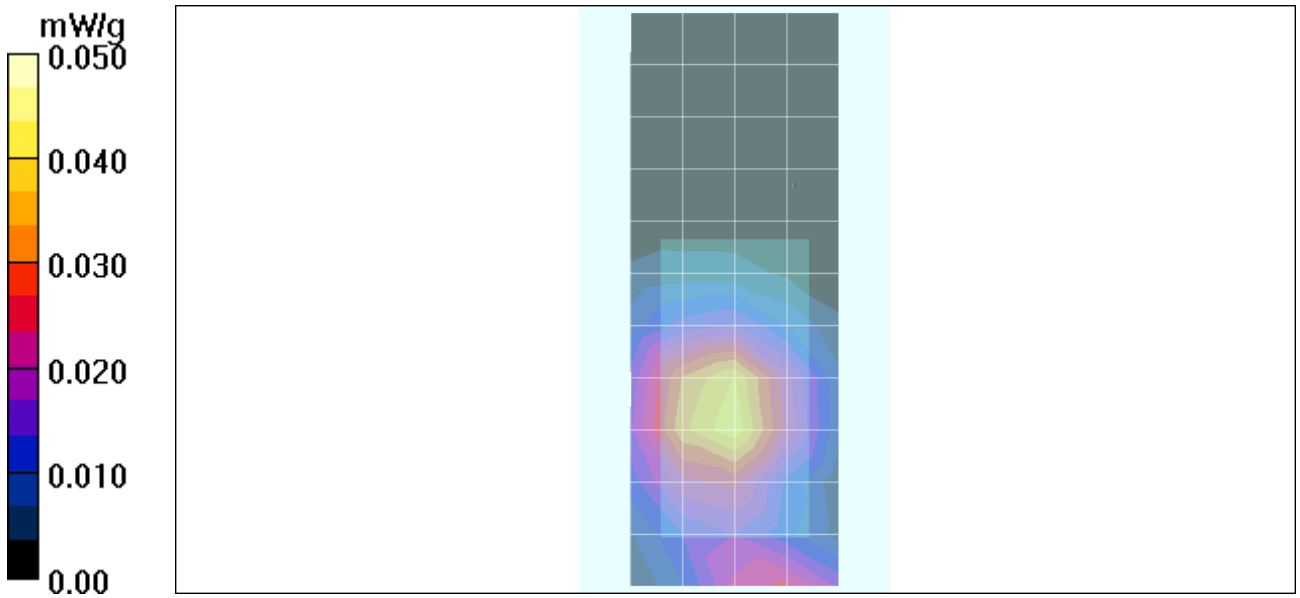
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.44 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.038 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.059 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.039 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/22/2005 10:48:42PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 BW ch661 back 15mm

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model #: SNN5766A
Accessory Model # = AAYN4264A_Head set(Back 15mm)
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

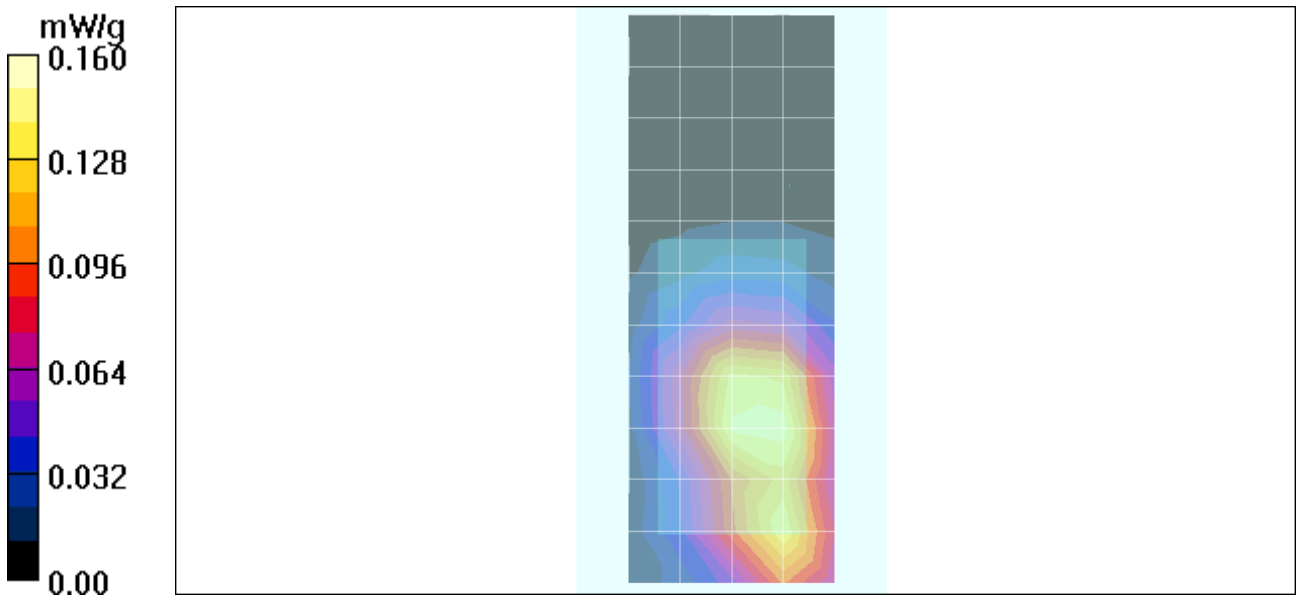
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.012 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.147 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/23/2005 6:55:02AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 BW ch661 front 15mm with Bluetooth

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 (OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model #: SNN5766A
Accessory Model # = SYN9951A_Bluetooth_15mm Front
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

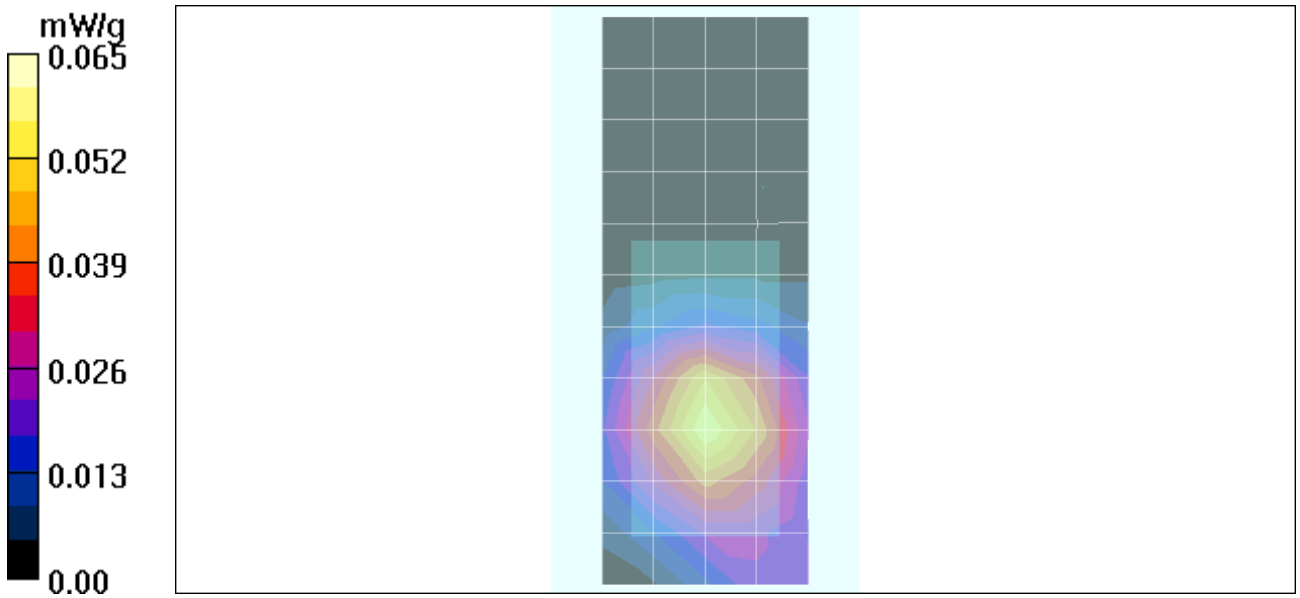
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.057 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.44 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.048 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.081 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.053 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/23/2005 7:20:01AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 BW ch661 back 15mm with Bluetooth

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 (OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model #: SNN5766A
Accessory Model # = SYN9951A_Bluetooth_15mm Back
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

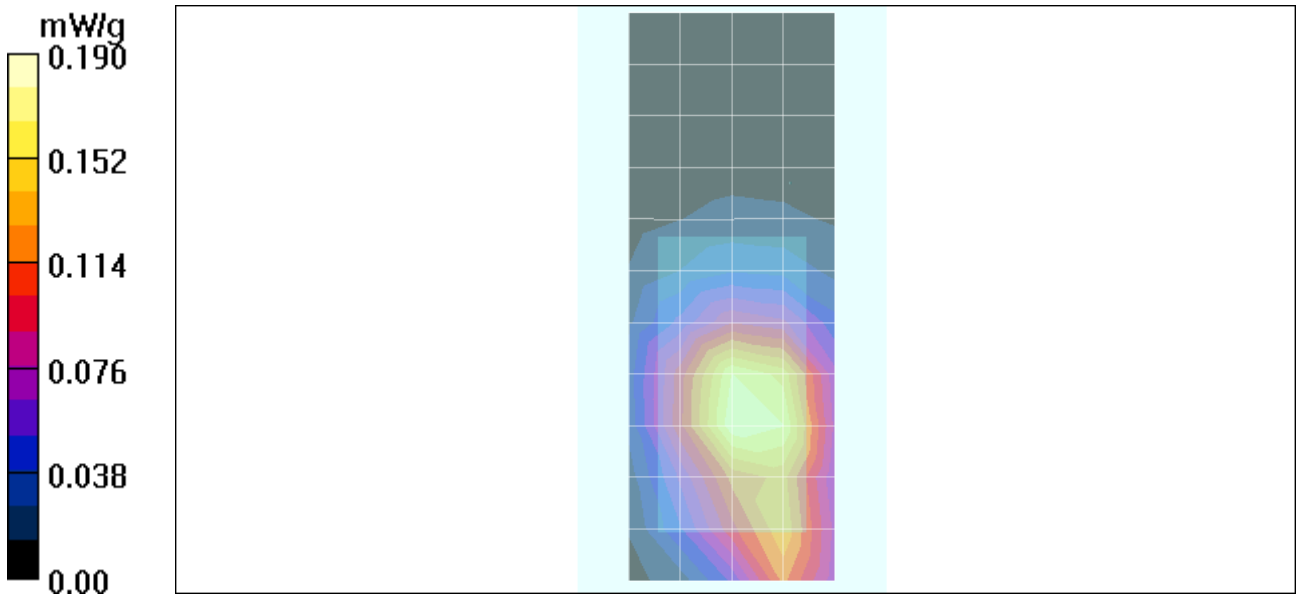
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; **Power Drift = 0.016 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.178 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/23/2005 9:43:05AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 GPRS BW ch661 front 25mm

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 (OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model #: SNN5766A
Accessory Model # = N/A_25mm_Front
Communication System: GPRS 1900-Class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

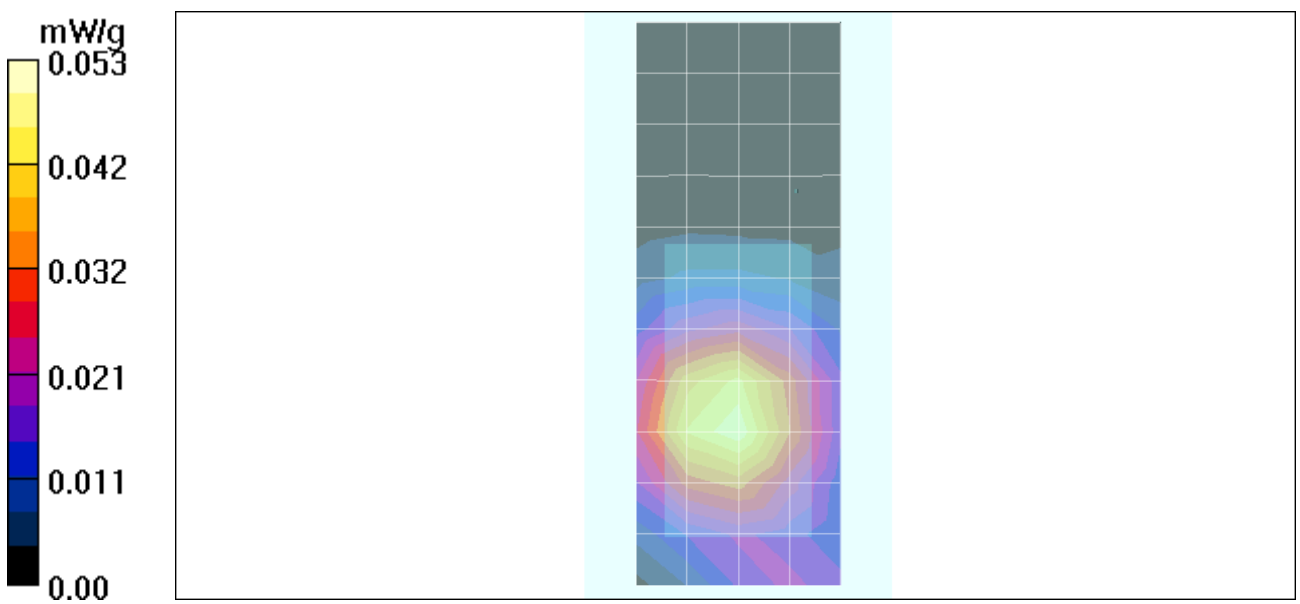
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.049 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.03 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.202 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.071 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.046 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/23/2005 10:08:56AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola 1900 GPRS BW ch661 back 25mm

Serial: 4400013660244
Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 (OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model #: SNN5766A
Accessory Model # = N/A_25mm_Back
Communication System: GPRS 1900-Class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

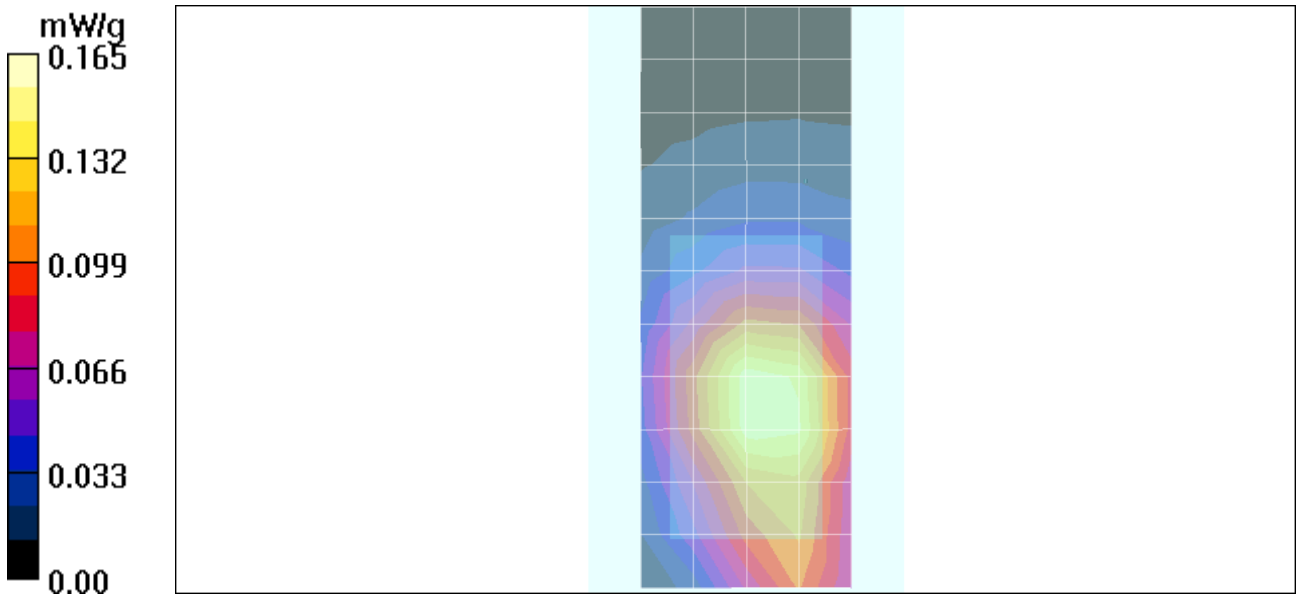
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1390; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn367; Calibrated: 5/30/2005
- Phantom: R8_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 147

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; **Power Drift = -0.039 dB** Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.228 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 mW/g



Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF PROBES IN ORGANIC SOLVENTS

Diethylene Gycol Monobuthy Ether (the basis for liquids above 1 GHz), as many other organic solvents, is a very effective softener for synthetic materials. These solvents can cause irreparable damage to certain SPEAG products, except those which are explicitly declared as compliant with organic solvents.

Compatible Probes:
- ET3DV6
- ET3DV6R
- ES3DVx
- ER3DV6
- H3DV6

Important Note for ET3DV6 Probes:
The ET3DV6 probes shall not be exposed to solvents longer than necessary for the measurements and shall be cleaned daily after use with warm water and stored dry.

s p e a g
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No: ET3-1390_Apr05

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1390
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	April 22, 2005
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 617	19-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Jan05)	Jan-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: April 25, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1390

Manufactured:	October 1, 1999
Last calibrated:	April 27, 2004
Recalibrated:	April 22, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1390

Sensitivity in Free Space[A]

NormX	**1.93** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	**91** mV
NormY	**1.75** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	**91** mV
NormZ	**1.94** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	**91** mV

Diode Compression[B]

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.2	4.3
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.2

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.9	8.8
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.5	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7** mm

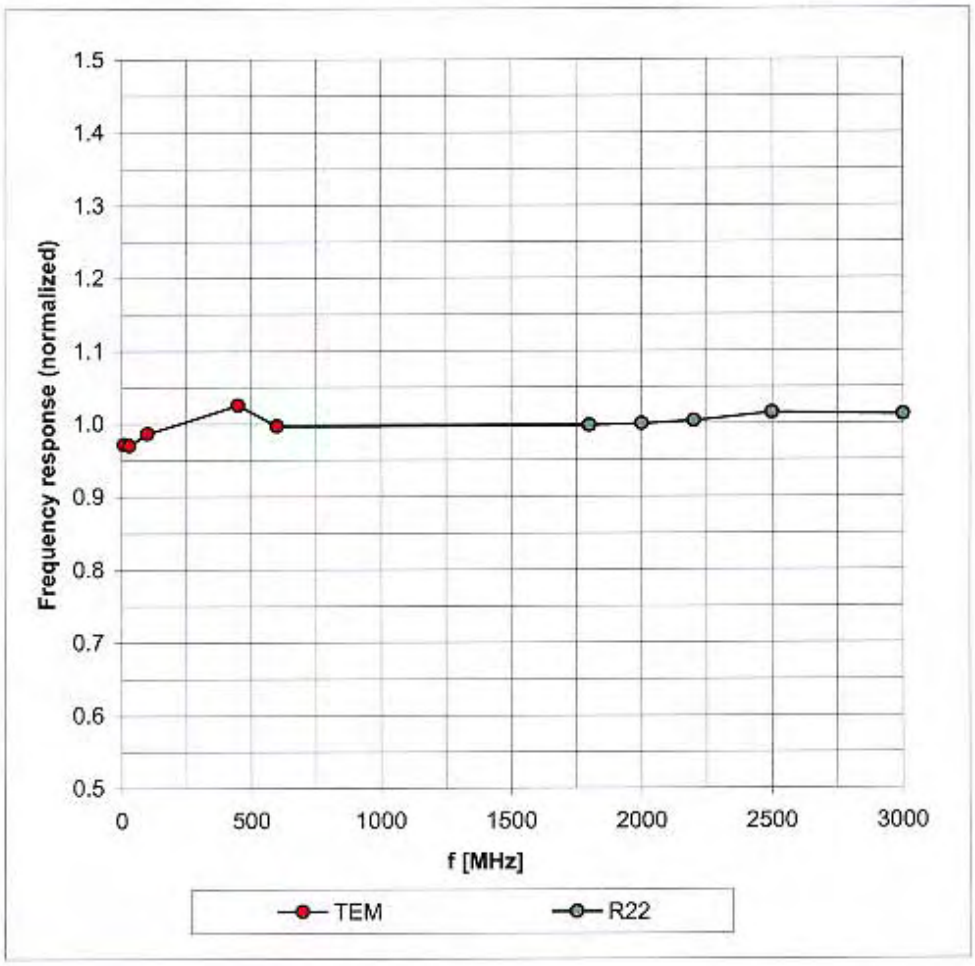
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

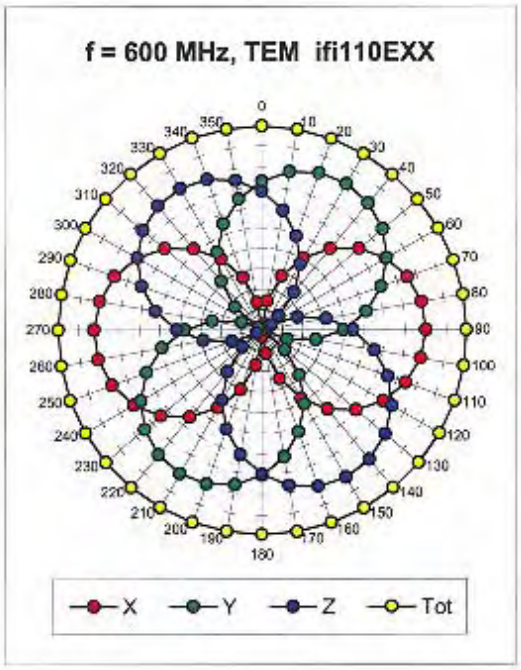
Frequency Response of E-Field

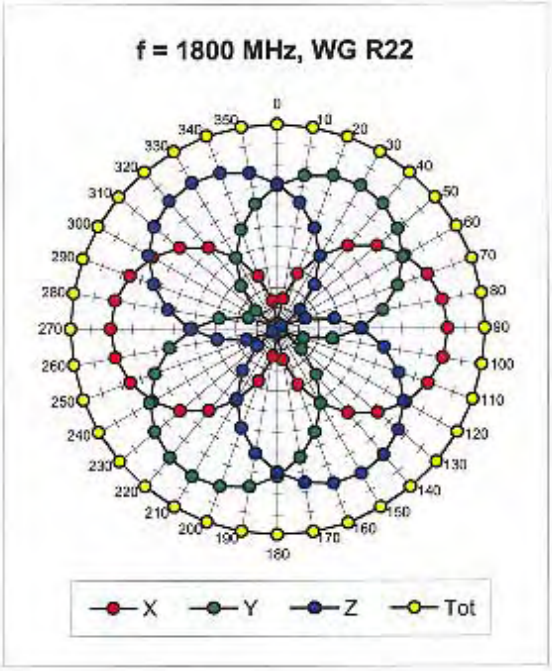
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

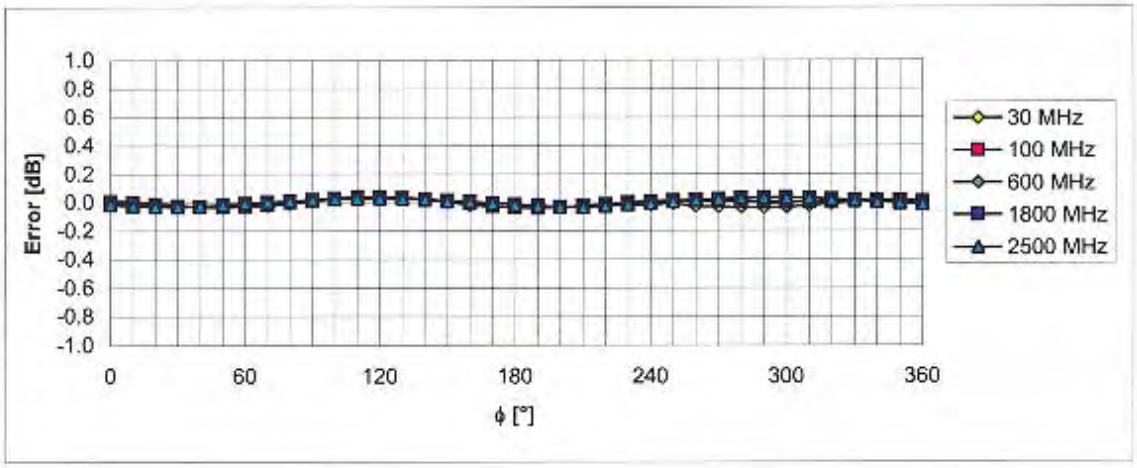


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



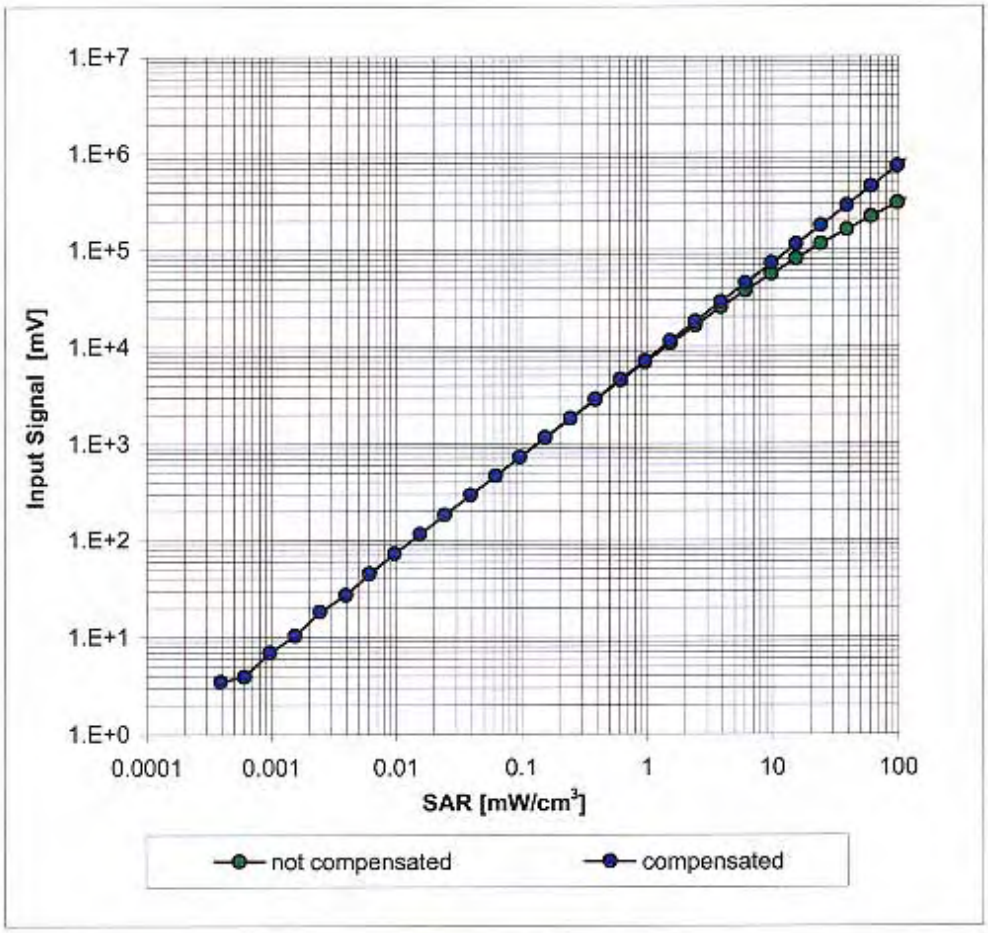


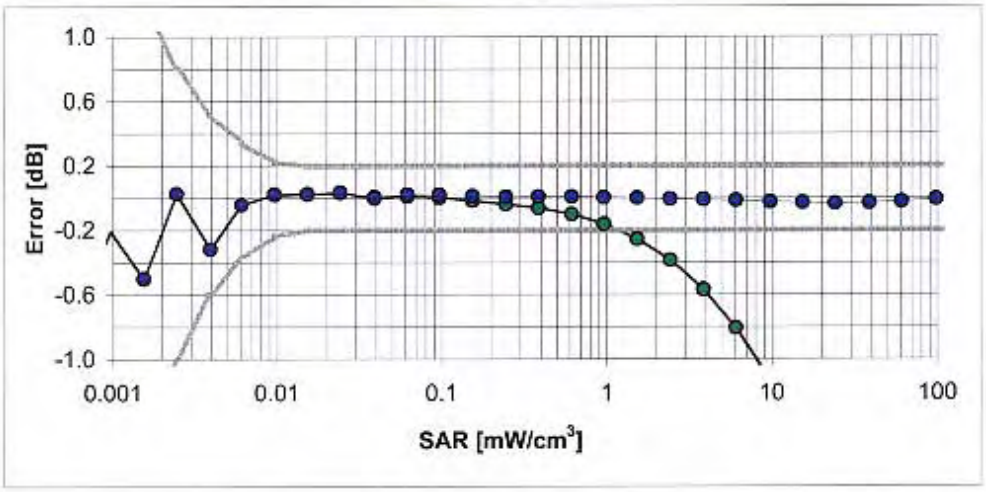


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

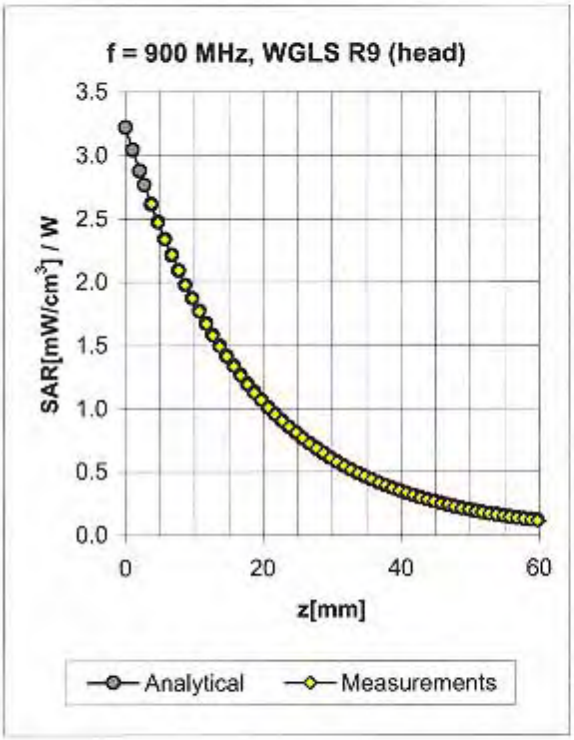
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

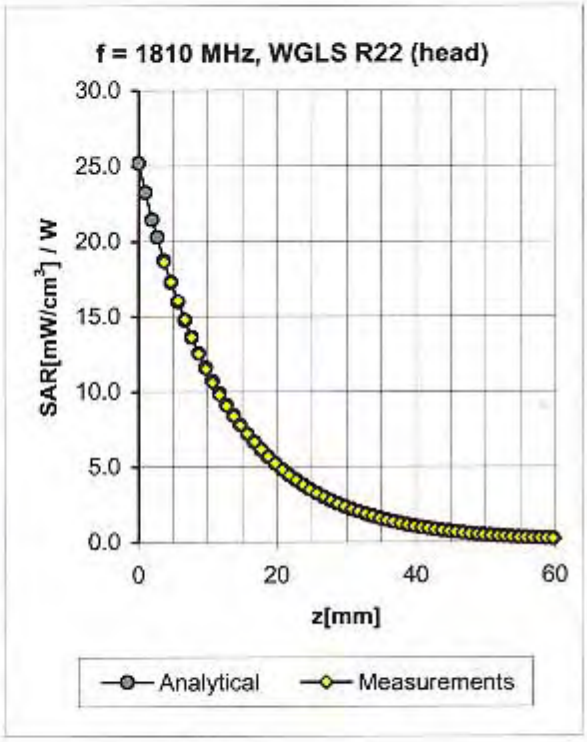




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



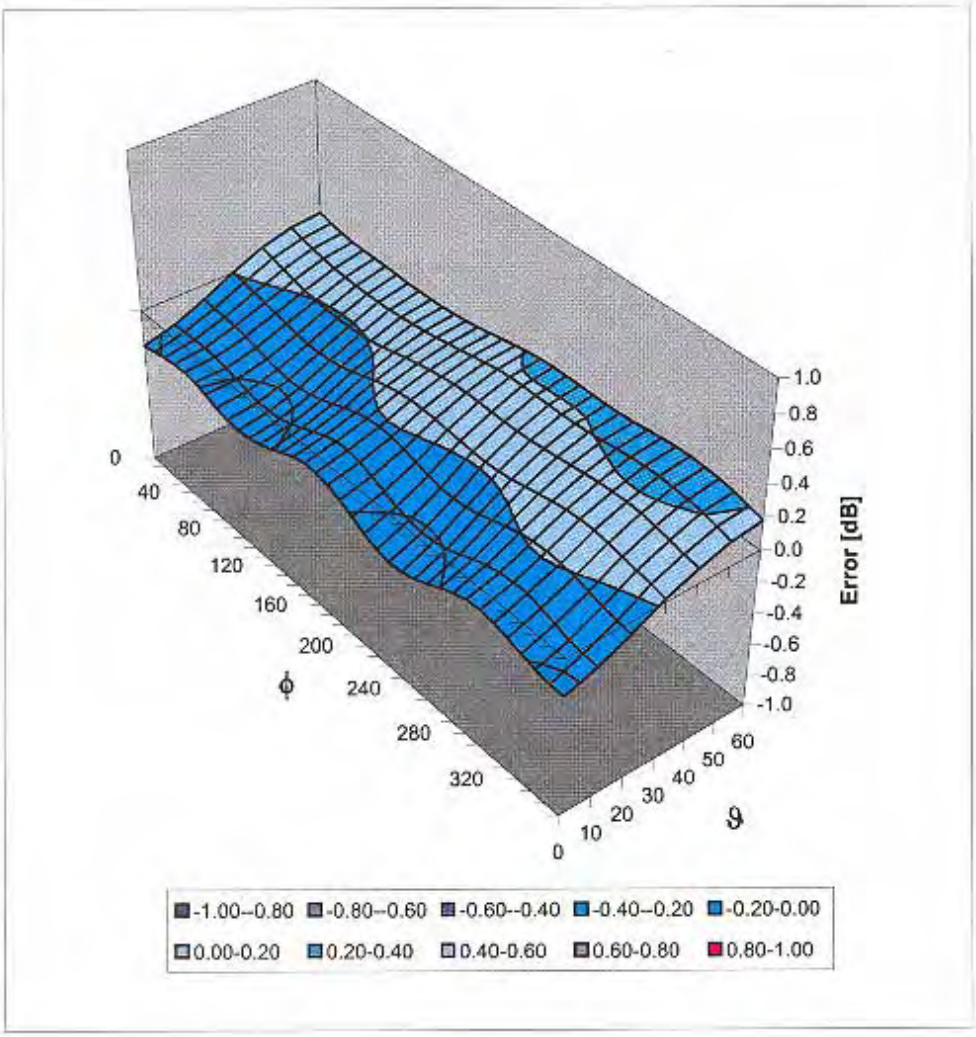


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][c]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.59	1.80	6.45 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.50	2.55	5.24 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.50	2.67	4.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.53	2.02	6.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.49	2.98	4.77 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.55	2.60	4.50 ± 11.0% (k=2)

[c] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Appendix 5

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test: 30 – 3000 MHz

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	**IEEE 1528 section**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob Dist**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 g)**	**c_i (10 g)**	**1 g u_i (±%)**	**10 g u_i (±%)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.2	N	1.00	1	1	3.2	3.2	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	4.0	N	1.00	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.1	10.8	411
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				22.2	21.6	

Uncertainty Budget for System Check: 30 – 3000 MHz

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	**IEEE 1528 section**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 g)**	**c_i (10 g)**	**1 g u_i (±%)**	**10 g u_i (±%)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t. Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	2.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.2	0.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	0.6	0.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9.0	8.8	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				17.7	17.3	

Appendix 6

Photographs of the device under test

Figure 1. Front of Phone with slide down

Figure 2. Front of Phone with slide up

Figure 3. Back of Phone with slide down

Figure 4. Back of Phone with slide up

Figure 5. Cheek/Touch Position, front view with slide down

Figure 6. Cheek/Touch Position, top view with slide down

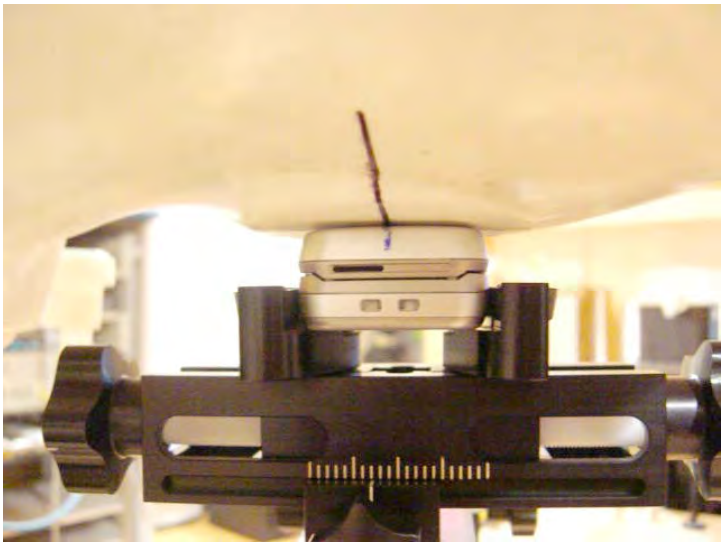


Figure 7. Cheek/Touch Position, rear view with slide down

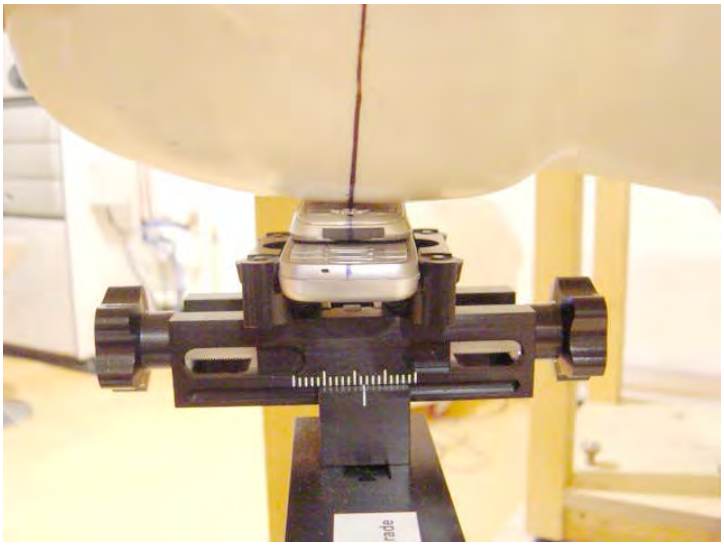


Figure 8. Cheek/Touch Position, front view with slide up

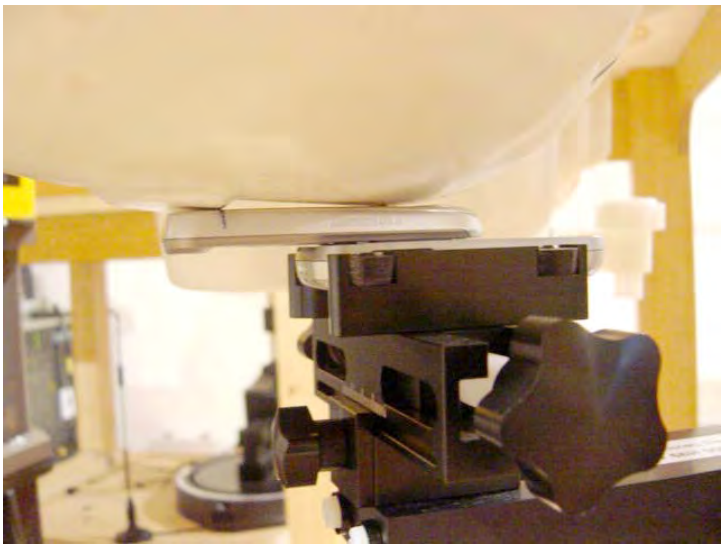


Figure 9. Cheek/Touch Position, top view with slide up

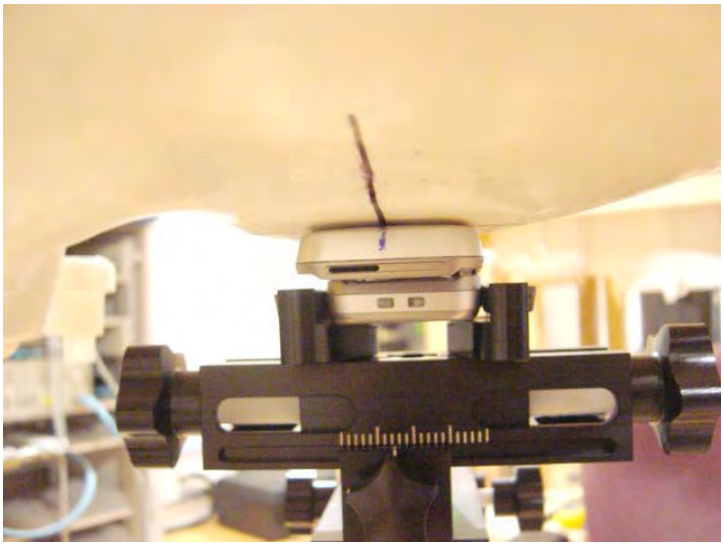


Figure 10. Cheek/Touch Position, rear view with slide up

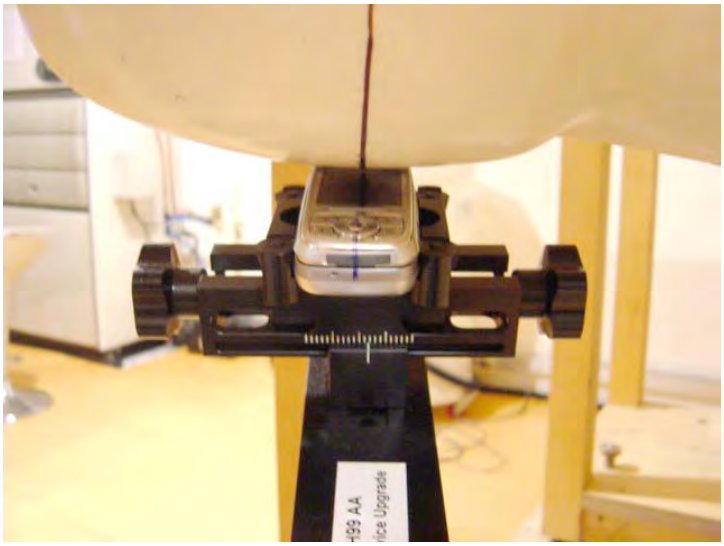


Figure 11. 15° Tilt Position, front view with slide down

Figure 12. 15° Tilt Position, top view with slide down

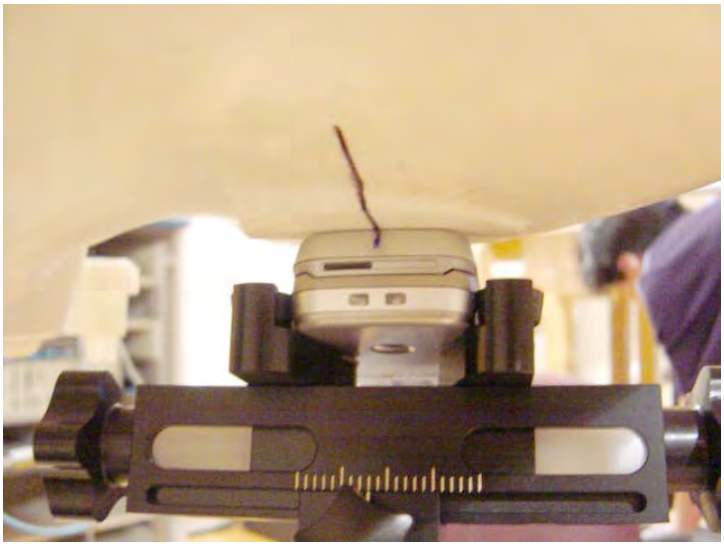


Figure 13. 15° Tilt Position, rear view with slide down

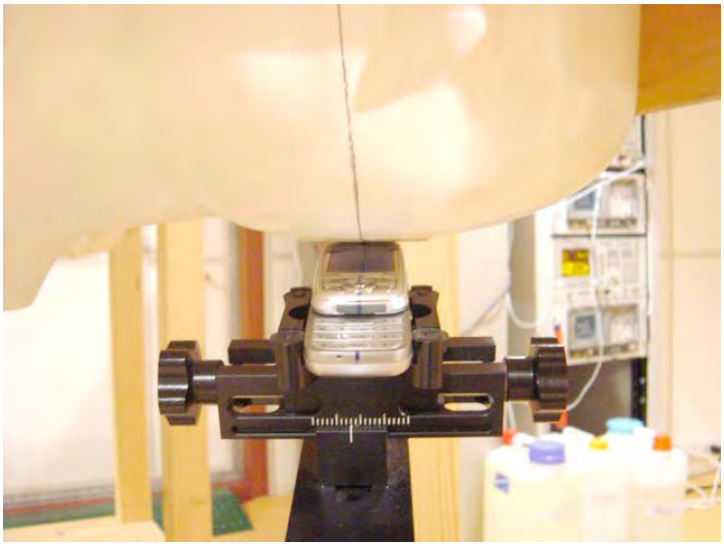


Figure 14. 15° Tilt Position, front view with slide up

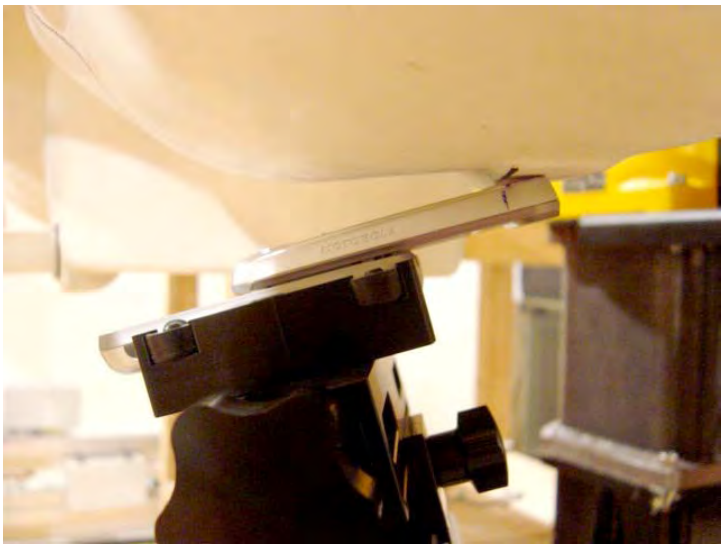


Figure 15. 15° Tilt Position, top view with slide up

Figure 16. 15° Tilt Position, rear view with slide up

Figure 17. Body Worn