

Test Report 2024-127

Version A

Issued 15 Aug 2024

Project GCL-0461

Model Identifier: A04882

Primary Test Standard(s):

FCC Part 15.225

RSS-210 Issue 11

Garmin Compliance Lab

Garmin International

1200 E 151st Street

Olathe Kansas 66062 USA

Client-supplied Information

FCC ID: IPH-04882
IC ID: 1792A-04882



See section 6 of this report regarding the presence or absence of accreditation logos or marks on this cover page.

1. Summary

The equipment or product described in section 5 of this report was tested at the Garmin Compliance Lab according to standards listed in section 6. This report focuses on the 13.56 MHz Near Field Communication (NFC) Transceiver(s). The results are as follows.

Parameter	Description	Key Performance Values	Result	Data starts at page
Radio Modulation	Summary of the kinds of communication this radio can achieve, as stated by the client. [RSS-GEN at Annex A item 10b]	Digitally modulated OOK and BPSK signaling at rates as high as 106 kbps.	Reported	NT
Transmitter intentional emissions	Emissions while transmitting must be limited according to a mask that varies across the frequency range 13.110 to 14.010 MHz.[15.225(a) through (c), RSS-210 B.6]	14.1 dB of margin to the intentional emission limit.	PASS	13
Transmitter spurious emissions	Emissions beyond the intended radio band while transmitting must be suppressed a general limit. [FCC 15.225 (d) and RSS 210 B.6]	12.1 dB of margin to the Class B limit.	PASS	18
Conducted Emissions AC Power Port	Radio emissions that this device may generate via its ac power network connections that are not necessary for its operation and that may affect radio communication. [FCC Part 15.205 and RSS-GEN 8.8]	7.81 dB of margin to the appropriate limit. Tested 150 kHz to 30 MHz applying combined Class B limits.	PASS	21
Frequency stability under extreme Conditions	The ability for the radio to accurately maintain carrier frequency stable with changes in temperature and supply voltage. [FCC 15.225 (e) and RSS 210 B.6]	The Carrier frequency was stable within 0.01% of the target frequency.	PASS with caveat	24
Other Bandwidths	Bandwidth values are presented for 99% Occupied Bandwidth	There are requirements to report these numbers, but they do not have performance limits.	Reported	27

NT (Not Tested) means the requirement may or may not be applicable, but the relevant measurement or test was not performed as part of this test project.

N/A (Not Applicable) means the lab judged that the test sample is exempt from the requirement.

Table 1: Summary of results

Report Organization

For convenience of the reader, this report is organized as follows:

1. Summary
2. Test Background
3. Report History and Approval
4. Test Sample Modifications and Special Conditions
5. Description of Equipment Tested
6. Test Standards Applied
7. Measurement Instrumentation Uncertainty
8. Selected Examples of Calculations
9. Environmental Conditions During Test
10. Immunity Performance Criteria

Annex: Test records are provided for each type of test, following the order and page numbering stated in the summary table. Concluding notes appear on the final page of this report.

Due to confidentiality, certain material (such as test setup photographs) has been removed from this report and placed in GCL Test Report 2024-135. That report is treated as a part of this document by way of this reference.

2. Test Background

2.1 The Test Lab

The testing reported here was performed at the Garmin Compliance Lab, an organization within Garmin International, located at 1200 E 151st St, Olathe Kansas, USA. The contact telephone number is +1.913.397.8200.

2.2 The Client

The testing was performed on behalf of the Garmin design group, a separate organization located at 1200 E 151st St, Olathe Kansas, USA. Witnesses from the business group included: None.

2.3 Other Information

Test Sample received: 29 May 2024

Test Start Date: 07 Jun 2024

Test End Date: 06 Aug 2024

The data in this test report apply only to the specific samples tested.

Upon receipt all test samples were believed to be properly assembled and ready for testing.

3. Report History and Approval

This report was written by Majid Farah and initially issued on 15 Aug 2024 as Version A.

Report Technical Review:

Majid Farah
Senior EMC Engineer



GCL only

Report Approval:

Shruti Kohli
Manager Test and Measurement (EMC, Reliability and Calibration)



GCL only

4. Test Sample Modifications and Special Conditions

The following special conditions or usage attributes were judged during test to be necessary to achieve compliance with one or more of the standards listed in section 6 of this report:

None

The following modifications to the test sample(s) were made, and are judged necessary to achieve compliance with one or more of the standards listed in section 6 of this report:

Modification 1

Detailed Description: A change of firmware from Version 2.09 to 2.11

Date applied: 20 Jun 2024

Reason for this modification:

This modification was performed on all samples due to a connectivity issue between EUT and companion device during BLE Receiver blocking testing. The client stated this firmware change only affects the BLE test page. Based on the client's statement GCL judged the presence of this modification has no effect on any other tests.

5. Description of the Equipment Tested

5.1 Unique Identification

Product Model A04882
Serial Numbers Tested 3475112672, 3475112584

This product tested is a mobile device for collecting and sharing data with the user and nearby electronic devices.

The client affirmed that the test samples will be representative of production in all relevant aspects.

5.2 Key Parameters

EUT Input Power: 5 Vdc
I/O Ports: USB
Radio Transceivers: Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE), ANT, NFC
Radio Receivers: GPS L1, GPS L5, Galileo E1, Galileo E5a/b, BeiDou, GLONASS
Primary Functions: Data collection and communication
Typical use: Portable in multiple orientations
Highest internal frequency: 2.484 GHz
Firmware Revision 2.11 (see also section 4 of this report)

5.3 Operating modes

During the test, the EUT was operated in one or more of the following modes.

Mode 3: M3 (BleTx). Bluetooth Low Energy radio transmitting consistently on a selected channel at 1 Mbps or 2 Mbps

Mode 4: M4 (BleLnk). Bluetooth Low Energy radio is paired to a companion device, transmitting and receiving data on various channels in accordance with the protocol, and maintaining the paired relationship.

Mode 5: M5 (AntTx). ANT radio transmitting consistently on a selected channel.

Mode 6: M6 (AntLnk). ANT radio is paired to a companion device, transmitting and receiving data in accordance with the protocol, and maintaining the paired relationship.

Mode 9: M9 (RxBtBIA). The radio was set to receive 2.4 GHz signals but not transmitted in Bluetooth, Bluetooth low energy or ANT.

Mode 11: M11 (NfcTag). The NFC radio was transmitting and actively linked to a passive NFC tag.

Mode 12: M12 (NfcLnk). The NFC radio was transmitting and actively linked to an NFC card reader.

Mode 13: M13 (GnssY). The Global Navigation Satellite System receiver is monitoring the GNSS bands, attempting to detect a constellation and determine location. Unless otherwise noted, the EUT was provided simulated GNSS signals representing one of more constellation types. In addition, the EUT may have been reporting signal levels and satellite data to an attached computer to monitor link health.

Mode 14: M14 (NfcIdle). The NFC Radio was powered, but not transmitting or linked to any devices.

Mode 15: M15 (Normal). EUT is in normal operational mode (User mode) if some Transmitters are on during normal operational mode exclude radiations on those frequency.

Mode 17: M13 (GnssN). The Global Navigation Satellite System receiver is monitoring the GNSS bands, attempting to detect a constellation and determine location. The EUT is in GNSS receiving mode but no GNSS signal provided.

Mode 19: M19 (ML1). Multiple link, combining modes M4 & M6. The EUT is actively paired to both a BLE and an ANT companion device, used for Immunity tests.

Mode 20: M20 (ML2). Multiple link, combining modes M12 & M13. The EUT is actively linked to a NFC card reader and the specified satellite system, used for immunity tests.

5.4 EUT Arrangement

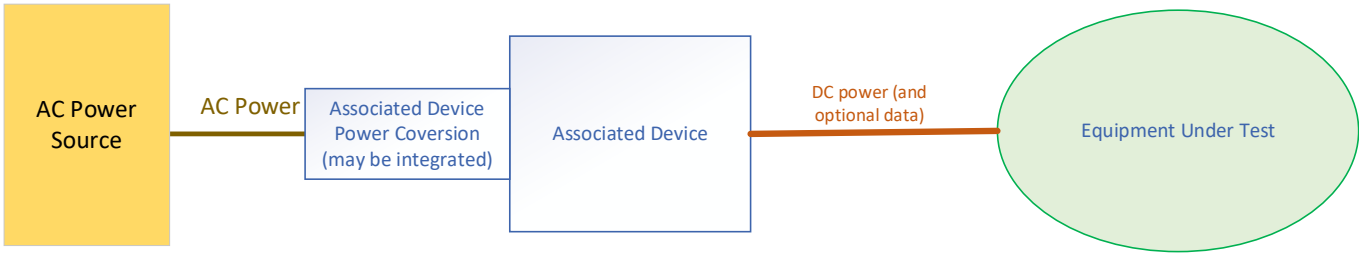
During test, the EUT components and associated support equipment were selected including the following arrangement sets.

Arrangement 1: A1 (Solo). The test sample operates from its battery and no external physical connections. No block diagram is needed for this arrangement.

Arrangement 2: A2 (Upwr). The test sample is attached to a Mains-powered device connected that provides dc power to the sample over a cable but no user data. See the block diagram in Figure 1.

Arrangement 3: A3 (Udata). The test sample is attached to a Mains-powered device connected that provides dc power to the sample and user data over a cable. See the block diagram in Figure 1.

Arrangement 4: A4 (Udc). The test sample is attached to a Mains-powered device connected that provides dc power to the sample and may or may not provide user data. This arrangement is specified in the test plan to provide staff flexibility when the presence or absence of data on the cable is not pertinent. See the block diagram in Figure 1.



*This interconnect drawing is not to scale.
It does not indicate the placement of devices.*

Figure 1: Block diagram of equipment for arrangements A2, A3, A4

Arrangement 5: A5 (NFCp) The test sample is placed near an NFC Card Reader or NFC tag. The NFC Card Reader is connected to a laptop computer. The test sample is powered by a device that does not include data over the cable, just as with A2. For clarity, test sample is NOT powered by, or connected to, the laptop computer that powers the NFC Card Reader.

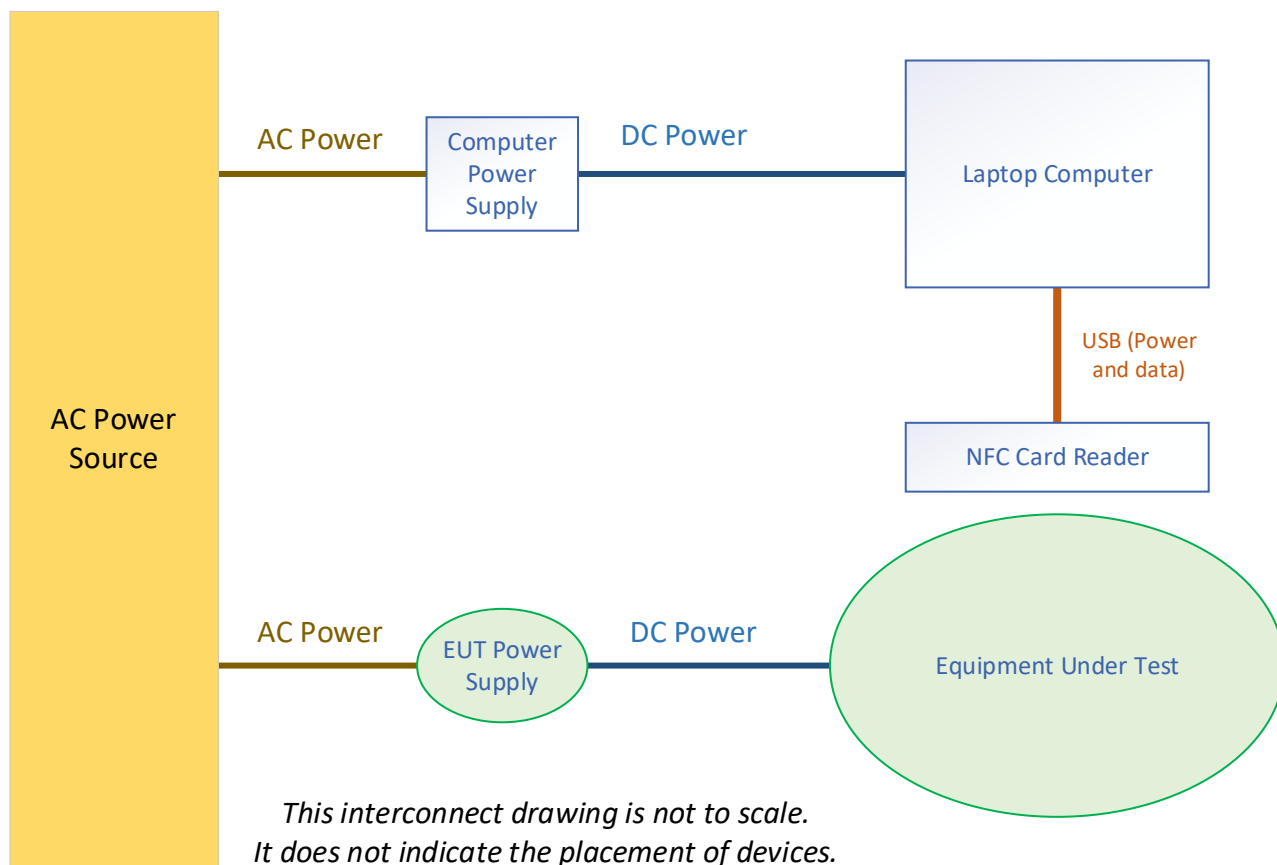


Figure 2: Block diagram of equipment arrangement A5

Arrangement 6: A6 (NFCu) The test sample is placed near an NFC Card Reader or NFC tag. The NFC Card Reader is connected to a laptop computer. The test sample is powered by its own batteries rather than an external power source. Either NFC Card reader or NFC tag can be used during test.

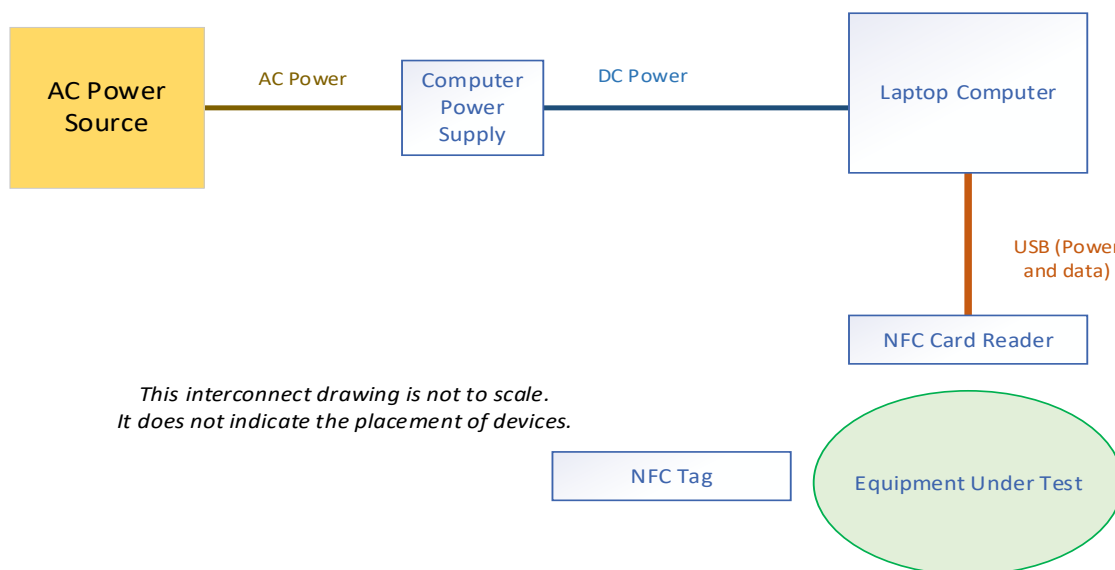


Figure 3: Block diagram of equipment arrangement A6

5.5 Associated Equipment (AE) used

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
USB C power adaptor	Phihong (Garmin)	AQ27A-59CFA	362-00118-00
Laptop	Dell	Precision 5540	3JYG33
Power Supply	Dell	HA130PM130	CN-0V363H-CH200-78G-0DC1-A01
Laptop	Dell	Latitude 5410	5VSPFB3
Power Supply	Dell	HA65NM191	CN-0H374X-CH200-0BD-7TC0-A020BD-7TC0-A02
Phone	Samsung	SM-G973U (S10)	RF8MC0W9XVR
NFC Card Reader	ACS	ACR1252U-M1	RR554-118449
NFC Tag	SANPOPO	NTAG215	PD-STICKER-B-30
Auxiliary device	Garmin	A04883	3477207518

Table 2: List of associated equipment that may have been used during test

5.6 Cables used

Description	From	To	Length	EMC Treatment
USB C to custom cable	Power and/or Data source	EUT	0.5m	None

Table 3: List of cables that may have been used during test

6 Test Standards Applied

6.1. Accredited Standards

The following test or measurement standards were applied and are within the scope of the lab's accreditation. All results in this report that cite these standards are presented as Accredited results consistent with ISO/IEC 17025.

AS/NZS 4268: 2017
CFR 47, FCC Part 15.225
ANSI C63.10: 2020 and ANSI C63.10: 2020 +Cor 1: 2023
RSS-GEN Issue 5 Amd 2
RSS-210 Issue 11

6.2. Non-accredited Standards

The following test or measurement standards were applied and are either outside the scope of the lab's accreditation, or were performed in such a way that results are not presented as being fully accredited.

None.

6.3 Variances

The following variances were applied to standards cited in this section.

Where different test standards cover the same test parameter or phenomenon, and the standards have compatible differences, the stricter of the requirements is typically applied. For example, a consolidated limit may be applied to emission tests selecting the strictest of the limits at each frequency. Likewise, if one standard requires a vertical antenna sweep with boresighting and another does not, swept motion with boresighting will typically be used as it is the more stringent requirement.

6.4 Laboratory Accreditation

The Garmin Compliance Lab, an organization within Garmin International, is registered with the US Federal Communication Commission as US1311. The lab is recognized by the Canada Department of Innovation, Science, and Economic Development (ISED) under CAB identifier US0233.

The Garmin Compliance Lab, an organization within Garmin International, is accredited by A2LA, Certificate No. 6162.01. The presence of the A2LA logo on the cover of this report indicates this is an accredited ISO/IEC 17025 test report. If the logo is absent, this report is not issued as an accredited report. Other marks and symbols adjacent to the A2LA logo are accreditation co-operations of which A2LA is a member under a mutual recognition agreement, and to which the Garmin Compliance Lab has been sublicensed.

7 Measurement Instrumentation Uncertainty

The lab has analyzed the sources of measurement instrumentation uncertainty. The analysis concludes that the actual measurement values cited in this report are accurate within the U_{LAB} intervals shown below with approximately 95% statistical confidence. Where the report shows a judgment that a test sample passes a test against a published limit based on these measured values, that judgment has a statistical confidence of 97.5% or greater. Measurement Instrumentation Uncertainty is one component of over-all measurement uncertainty, and other uncertainty components are not considered as part of this analysis.

The primary benchmark for measurement instrumentation uncertainty (MIU) in an electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) test lab is the set of U_{CISPR} values published in CISPR 16-4-2. In all cases where a U_{CISPR} value is published by CISPR, the analysis shows that U_{LAB} – this lab's estimated MIU – is better than the U_{CISPR} benchmark.

The secondary benchmark for MIU in an EMC lab performing radio transceiver tests is a set of uncertainty limit values published in various ETSI standards. In this report, U_{ETSI} is the most restrictive of the values found in the ETSI EN standards listed in section 5 of this report. The analysis principles are described in the ETSI TR documents listed there. In most cases U_{LAB} is better than the U_{ETSI} benchmark. Where U_{LAB} exceeds the U_{ETSI} benchmark cited here, that entry is preceded by an asterisk. When required by the ETSI EN standards, excess uncertainty will be added to the measurand before comparison to a limit. In an individual test report, staff may re-evaluate that excess uncertainty based on the uncertainty of the method used and the uncertainty limits of the actual ETSI EN standard being applied, and the revised uncertainty values will be shown in the test report.

Some measurement uncertainties analyzed and reported here are not addressed in CISPR 16-4-2 or the ETSI standards, as indicated by the entry 'None.'

Test Type	U_{LAB}	U_{CISPR}	U_{ETSI}
Conducted DC voltage	0.09% + 2 x LSDPV	None	1%
Conducted AC voltage below 500 Hz	1.0% + 3 x LSDPV	None	2%
Conducted Emissions, Mains Voltage	0.10% + 10 mV	None	None
Conducted Emissions, Mains Current	0.10% + 3 mA	None	None
Conducted Emissions, Mains Power	0.15% + 100 mW	None	None
Conducted Emissions, Power Mains, 9 kHz to 150 kHz	1.49 dB	3.8 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Power Mains, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	1.40 dB	3.4 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Cat 6 LCL, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	2.80dB	5 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Cat 5 LCL, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	3.21 dB	5 dB	None
Conducted Emissions, Cat 3 LCL, 150 kHz to 30 MHz	4.24 dB	5 dB	None
Radiated Emissions, below 30 MHz	0.88 dB	None	6 dB
Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz to 1000 MHz	2.77 dB	6.3 dB	6 dB
Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz to 18 GHz	2.60 dB	5.2 & 5.5 dB	6 dB
Radiated Emissions, 18 GHz to 26.5 GHz	2.73 dB	None	6 dB
*Radio Signal Frequency Accuracy	$*1.55 \times 10^{-7}$	None	1.0×10^{-7}
Radio Signal Occupied Bandwidth	0.95%	None	5%
Radio Power or Power Spectral Density	0.98 dB	None	1 dB
Temperature	0.38 °C	None	1 °C
Barometric Pressure	0.38 kPa	None	None
Relative Humidity	2.85% RH	None	±5% RH
Signal Timing	The greater of these three...	None	None
	0.01% of value		
	0.5 x LSDPV		

Note: LSDPV stands for the Least Significant Digit Place Value reported. In the value 1470 msec, the least significant digit is the 7. It has a 10 msec place value. The LSDPV is thus 10 msec and the maximum error due to roundoff would be 5 msec. If the time value were reported as 1470 msec, the underscore indicates that the 0 is a significant figure and the error due to roundoff would be 0.5 msec. All digits provided to the right of a decimal point radix are significant.

8 Selected Example Calculations

Certain regulators require samples of the calculations that lead from the raw measurement to the final result for AC Mains conducted and unintended radiated emissions. The assumption is that the lab performs raw measurements, then adds, subtracts, multiplies, or divides based on transducer factors, amplifier gains, and losses in the signal transmission path. In this lab, our CISPR 16 Receiver does not work that way. The calibration factors and losses and gains are provided to the receiver as detailed data files. These factors are applied in the RF measurement path prior to the detector. But as a step in the lab measurement process, staff frequently verify that these factors are applied correctly. They make a measurement with the factors applied inside the receiver, then they disable the factors and remeasure the result manually adding in the various relevant factors.

The transmission loss is measured including the combined losses and gains of preamplifiers, cables, and any band-selective filters. In many cases above 1 GHz it is a negative value, indicating that the preamplifier gain is greater than these other losses.

Here are examples of these calculations. The data in these examples was not taken as part of this project:

8.1 AC Mains conducted emissions at 22 MHz

(Raw measurement) + (AMN factor) + (transmission loss) = Result

(7.145 dBuV) + (9.812 dB) + (0.216 dB) = 17.173 dBuV

8.2 Radiated Emissions at 630 MHz

(Raw measurement) + (Antenna factor) + (transmission loss) = Result

(2.25 dBuV) + (27.80 dB/m) + (2.89 dB) = 32.94 dBuV/m

8.3 Radiated Emissions at 2.7 GHz

(Raw measurement) + (Antenna factor) + (transmission loss) = Result

(43.72 dBuV) + (32.22 dB/m) + (-36.09 dB) = 39.85 dBuV/m

9 Environmental Conditions During Test

Environmental conditions in the test lab were monitored during the test period. Temperature and humidity are controlled by an air handling system. As information to the reader, the conditions were observed at the values or within the ranges noted below. For any tests where environmental conditions are critical to test results and require further constraints or details, the test records in the annex may provide more specific information.

Temperature:	19.8 to 22.5 °C
Relative Humidity:	42.3% to 60% (non-condensing)
Barometric Pressure	96.7 to 110 kPa

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
Barometer	Traceable	6453	221702700	3-Aug-2022	1-Aug-2024
Barometer	Traceable	6453	240300703	9-Apr-2024	9-Apr-2027

Table 4: Environmental monitoring devices

10 Immunity Performance Criteria

If this report includes immunity tests then results have been categorized as Performance Criteria A, B, C, or D. The standards that the lab applied will define the details for A, B, and C, as well as which criterion is required for each type of test. They will also define the electrical stresses that were applied during each test. In a very general sense the observed criteria noted in this report are as follows:

Criterion A. The stress applied did not alter product operation. This criterion is generally used for ‘continuous’ stresses that can be present for a long time in the places the product will be used, or that can appear often, even though they may come and go over time.

Criterion B. The stress applied altered product operation, but the product self-recovered so that the user would not have to try to figure out how to restore it to full operation. This criterion is generally used for ‘transient’ stresses that appear briefly and occasionally, but are usually not present in the places the product will be used.

Criterion C. The stress applied altered product operation, but the user could restore it to full operation, for example by power cycling the product. This criterion is generally used for ‘transient’ stresses that appear briefly and only rarely in the places the product will be used.

Criterion D. This is not an official criterion in the standards, because it would be a failure of the requirements. This indication in a test record means the product was affected in a way that the user might not be able to correct. The effect could include some degree of hardware damage, or it could include loss of program files or data files necessary for operation.

Repeatability is an issue in all EMC immunity work. When the product operation changes unexpectedly during a test, and the change would fail the requirements of the standard, this is an anomaly. The test operator needs to determine whether the anomaly was a result of the applied electrical stress. The investigation is done by repeating the section of the test where the anomaly occurred three times. If the same or a similar anomaly occurs in any of the three repeat trials, it is confirmed as a response to the stress. If not, the anomaly is judged unreproducible and is not considered when judging the A, B, or C observed performance. Since there is usually no ability to confirm a Criterion D anomaly, these are usually treated as Criterion D upon a single occurrence.

Tests that require Criterion B performance will be judged to Pass if criteria A or B is observed. Similarly, tests that require Criterion C performance will be judged to Pass if criteria A, B, or C is observed.

ANNEX

The remainder of this report is an Annex containing individual test data records. These records are the basis for the judgments summarized in section 1 of this report. The Annex ends with a set of concluding notes regarding use of the report.

Test Record

Radiated Emission Test RE18, RE19

Project GCL0461

Test Date(s) 10 Jul 2024, 11Jul 2024
Test Personnel Jim Solum, David Kerr

Product Model A04882
Serial Number tested 3475112672

Operating Mode M12 (NfcInk)
Arrangement A6 (NFCu)
Input Power Battery

Test Standards: FCC Part 15, ANSI C63.10, RSS-210 (as noted in Section 6 of the report).

Frequency Range: 10 MHz to 30 MHz
Pass/Fail Judgment: PASS with caveat

Test record created by: Vladimir Tolstik
Date of this record: 12 Jul 2024

Original record, Version A.

Test Equipment Used

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 26 GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY59290135	27-Sep-2023	1-Oct-2024
Loop antenna, amplified	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	00174	12-Jun-2023	18-Jul-2024
SAC 3m, below 1 GHz	Frankonia	SAC3	F199004	7-Nov-2022	7-Nov-2025
Tape measure, 1" x 33'	Lufkin	PHV1410CMEN	10720	16-Jan-2023	15-Jan-2026

Table RE18.1: Test Equipment Used

Software Used

PXE Firmware version A.32.06
RE 150k to 30M Signal Maximization Tool V1 2021Mar17.xlsx
RE 9k to 30M XYZ_orientations_TemplateV7.xlsx
RE NFC 150k to 30M Data Analysis Template V21 2023Jun19.xlsx

Caveat

The NFC transceiver under test only operates when in the close vicinity of an NFC Reader. In this test, the client provided the ACR1252 manufactured by Advanced Card Systems as described in section 5.5 of the test report.

Emissions presented here show the combined signals from the NFC reader and the device under test. Signals for each were not distinguishable during the test. Per the client, the device under test matches its transmitting frequency to correspond to that of the reader device. The data presented here, and the conclusions drawn, apply to the device under test and the NFC Reader when tested together as a system.

Test Data

The radiated emission test process began with a preliminary scan at multiple turntable angles, and three antenna polarizations typically described as X, Y, and Z. Subsequent testing was done using the antenna polarization(s) producing the highest result relative to the test limit. Where the test standard requires cable manipulation, this was done at one of more likely worst-case frequencies selected by the test personnel while observing the receiver display. At each of the frequencies selected for final measurements, the turntable angle, and antenna polarization

were explored to find the worst-case settings. Final field strength measurements were taken in that set of positions. Full maximization was not performed at frequencies that are noise floor measurements included per the test standard requirements.

At azimuth angle 180° the 'front' reference mark of the turntable is pointed Southward. At -90° the reference mark points West. At 90° it points East.

The designation of the X, Y, and Z antenna polarizations are reported by use of photographs.

The table shows the selected final measurement data between 10 MHz and 30 MHz. It includes at least the six strongest emissions observed relative to the test limit, along with other data points of interest. Where a data point is highlighted in yellow, this is an aid to indicate the data point(s) with the least margin to the test limit. The dBuA/m limits and measured dBuA/m values in the chart below are obtained from the dBuV/m limits and measured dBuV/m measured values. The two values differ by 51.52 dB based on the 377 Ohm characteristic impedance of free space. A positive margin value indicates that the emission was below the test limit. The test limits are for FCC Part 15 & RSS-210.

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuA/m)	Measured (dBuV/m)	Measured (dBuA/m)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (degree)	Height (mm)	Antenna Orientation
13.348	60.5	9.0	30.2	-21.3	30.3	5	1500	X
13.458	70.5	19.0	29.4	-22.1	41.1	180	1500	X
13.560	104.0	52.5	64.2	12.7	39.8	5	1500	X
13.659	70.5	19.0	30.4	-21.1	40.1	6	1500	X
13.771	60.5	9.0	30.1	-21.4	30.4	-188	1500	X
24.000	49.5	-2.0	24.2	-27.3	25.3	-102	1500	Y

Table RE18.2: Emission summary NFC Type A

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuA/m)	Measured (dBuV/m)	Measured (dBuA/m)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (degree)	Height (mm)	Antenna Orientation
10.232	49.5	-2.0	20.6	-30.9	28.9	-115	1500	X
12.036	49.5	-2.0	20.0	-31.5	29.5	-127	1500	X
13.560	104.0	52.5	64.6	13.1	39.4	-172	1500	X
14.406	49.5	-2.0	24.0	-27.5	25.5	-94	1500	X
17.144	49.5	-2.0	22.7	-28.8	26.8	-130	1500	Y
24.000	49.5	-2.0	24.3	-27.2	25.2	-92	1500	Y
30.000	49.5	-2.0	35.4	-16.1	14.1	-178	1500	Y

Table RE18.3: Emission summary NFC Type B

The graph below shows the background spectrum observed during pre-scan, as well as the final data points from the tables above.

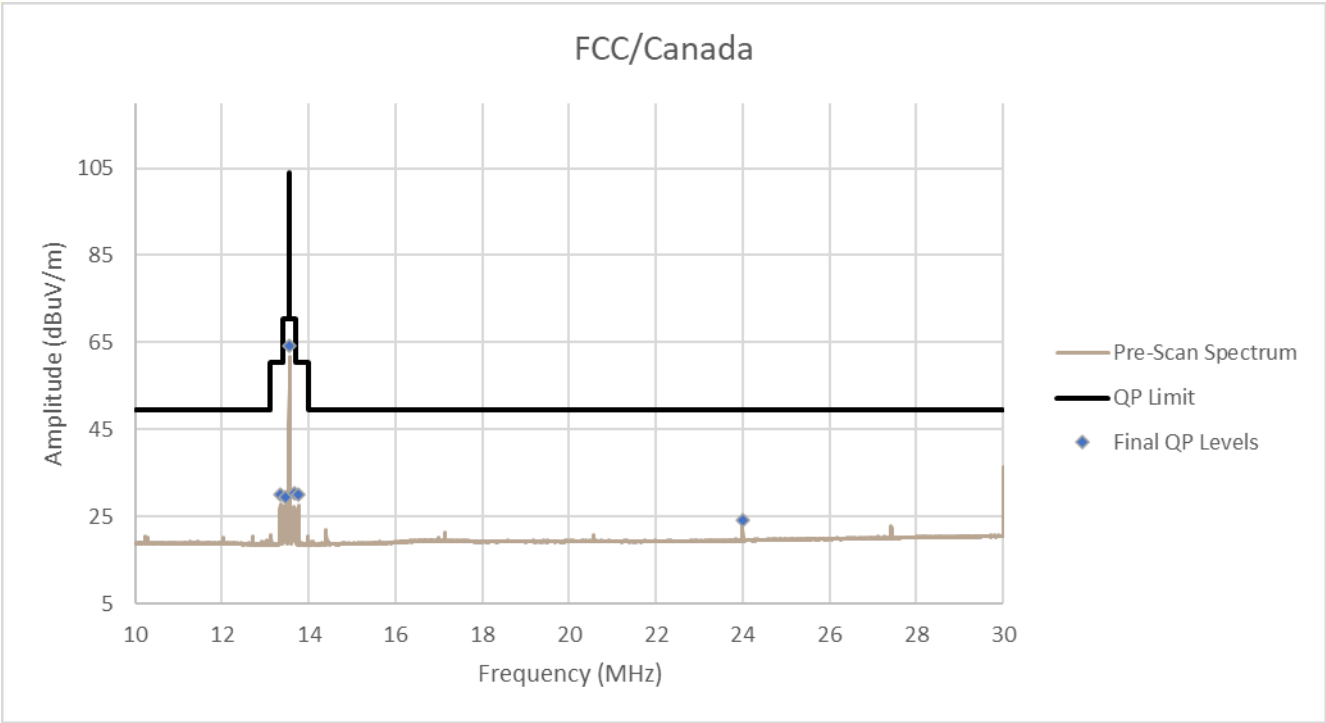


Figure RE18.1: Spectral data NFC Type A

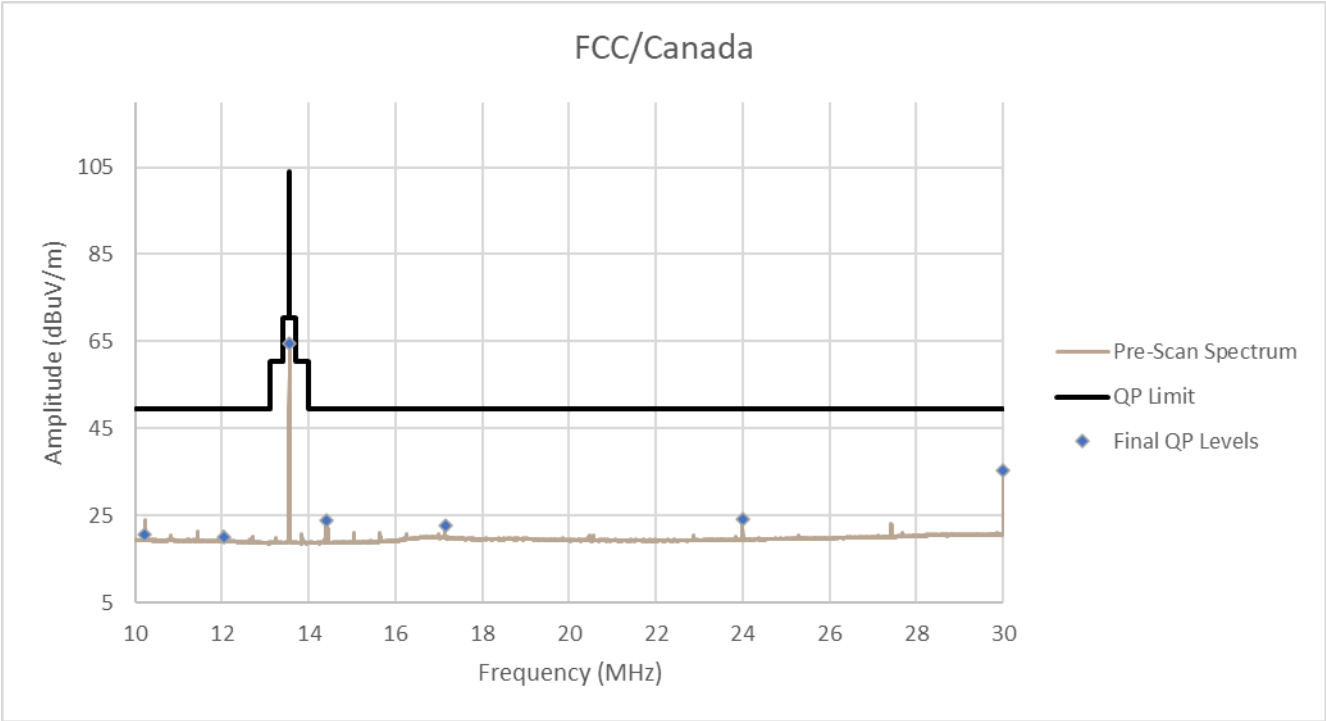


Figure RE18.2: Spectral data NFC Type B

Setup Photographs

The following photographs show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner in which it was measured.

Image removed for client confidentiality.
See section 1 of this report
to identify the report where
the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE18.3: EUT test setup, front view (Antenna X Orientation)

Image removed for client confidentiality.
See section 1 of this report
to identify the report where
the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE18.4: EUT test setup, reverse view (Antenna X Orientation)

Image removed for client confidentiality.
See section 1 of this report
to identify the report where
the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE18.5: EUT test setup, front view (Antenna Y Orientation)

Image removed for client confidentiality.
See section 1 of this report
to identify the report where
the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE18.6: EUT test setup, reverse view (Antenna Y Orientation)

This line is the end of the test record.

Test Record
Radiated Emission Test RE20
Project GCL0461

Test Date(s) 11 Jul 2024
Test Personnel David Kerr

Product Model A04882
Serial Number tested 3475112672

Operating Mode M12 (NfcLnk)
Arrangement A6 (NFCu)
Input Power Battery

Test Standards: FCC Part 15.225, ANSI C63.10, RSS-210 (as noted in Section 6 of the report).

Frequency Range: 30 MHz to 150 MHz

Pass/Fail Judgment: PASS

Test record created by: David A Kerr
Date of this record: 11 Jul 2024

Original record, Version A.

Test Equipment

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 26 GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY59290135	27-Sep-2023	1-Oct-2024
Antenna, Biconilog, 30M-6 GHz	ETS Lindgren	3142E	233204	2-Nov-2023	1-Nov-2025
SAC 3m, below 1 GHz	Frankonia	SAC3	F199004	7-Nov-2022	7-Nov-2025
Shockforce G1 Tape Measure	Crecent Lufkin	L1135CME-02	GMN0013782	26-Jun-2024	26-Jun-2027

Table RE20.1: Test Equipment Used

Software Used: Keysight PXE software A.32.06, EPX test software Version 2023.01.001

Test Data

The radiated emission test process began with a preliminary scan at multiple turntable angles, antenna heights, and both antenna polarizations. For test standards that require reorienting the test sample, further preliminary scans were taken in those alternate orientations typically described as X, Y, and Z. Subsequent testing was done using on the orientation(s) producing the highest result relative to the test limit. Where the test standard requires cable manipulation, this was done at one of more likely worst case frequencies selected by the test personnel while observing the receiver display. At each of the frequencies selected for final measurements, the turntable angle, antenna height, and antenna polarization were explored to find the worst-case settings. Final field strength measurements were taken in that set of positions. Full maximization was not performed at frequencies that are noise floor measurements included per the test standard requirements.

At azimuth angle 180° the 'front' reference mark of the turntable is pointed Southward. At 270° the reference mark points West. At 90° it points East. At 173° the turntable reference mark is pointed directly at the antenna. The designation of the X, Y, and Z orientations of the test sample are sample dependent, so these are reported by use of photographs.

The table shows the selected final measurement data between 30 MHz and 150 MHz. It includes at least the six strongest emissions observed relative to the test limit, along with other data points of interest. Where a data point is highlighted is yellow, this is an aid to indicate the data point(s) with the least margin to the test limit. A positive

margin value indicates that the emission was below the test limit. The test limit is the FCC Class B Limit at 3m. Any unintentional radio emission limits are not applied to intentional radio signals.

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Height	Angle
MHz		dB(μV)	dB(1/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB	cm	deg
		QP		QP	QP	QP		
30.870	V	5.6	22.3	27.9	40.0	12.1	112.2	333.0
34.290	V	5.2	20.4	25.6	40.0	14.4	100.0	87.0
37.710	V	5.3	18.6	23.9	40.0	16.1	112.1	87.0
52.230	V	5.3	13.9	19.2	40.0	20.8	100.0	141.0
89.130	H	3.6	14.8	18.4	43.5	25.1	209.4	133.0
99.420	H	3.7	16.1	19.8	43.5	23.7	247.6	144.0

Table RE20.2: Emission summary

The graph below shows the background spectrum observed during pre-scan, as well as the final data points from the table above.

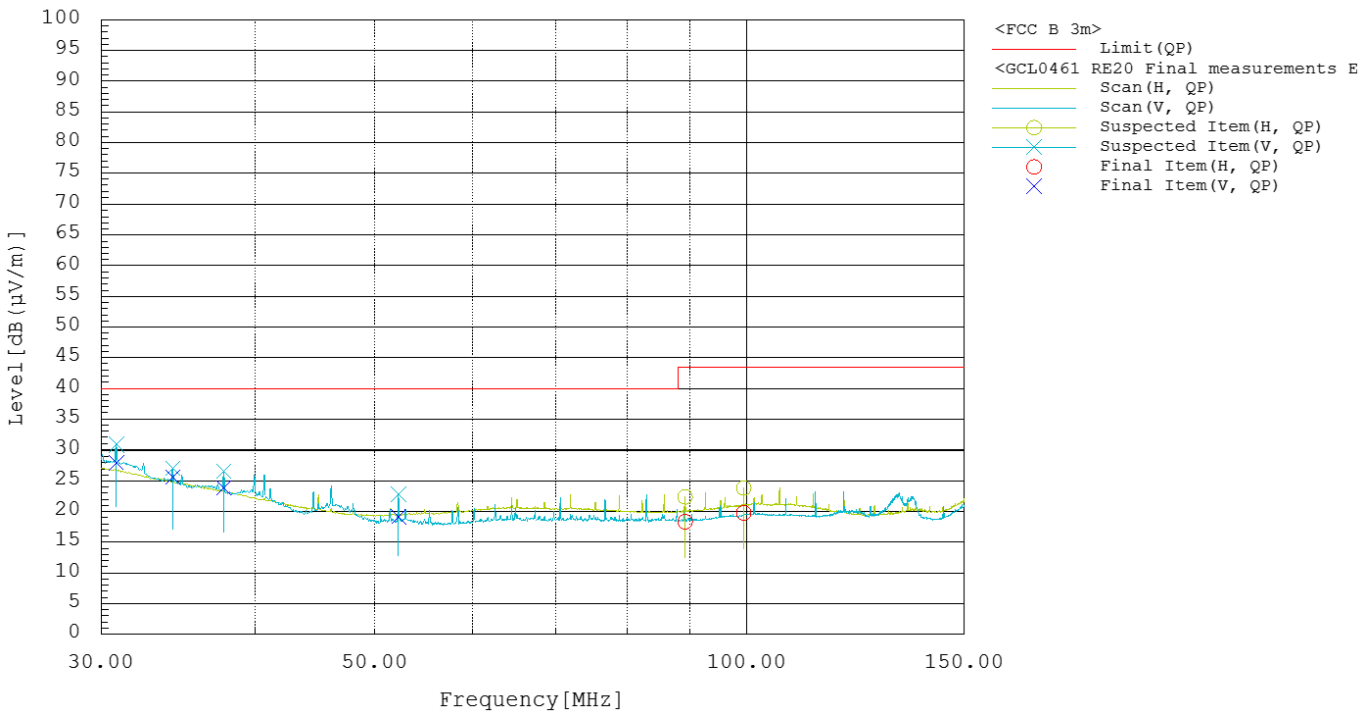


Figure RE20.1: Spectral data

Setup Photographs

The following photographs show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner in which it was measured.

Image removed for client confidentiality.
See section 1 of this report
to identify the report where
the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE20.2: EUT test setup, first view (X orientation, Type B NFC)

Image removed for client confidentiality.
See section 1 of this report
to identify the report where
the photos may be viewed.

Figure RE20.3: EUT test setup, second view (X orientation, Type B NFC)

This line is the end of the test record.

Test Record

Conducted Emissions Mains Test CE04

Project GCL0461

Test Date(s) 01 July 2024
Test Personnel David Arnett assisted by Andy Heier

Product Model A04882
Serial Number tested 3475112672

Operating Mode M12 (NFCLnk)
Arrangement A2 (Upwr)
Input Power 120 Vac 60 Hz

Test Standards: FCC Part 15, ANSI C63.10, RSS-210 (as noted in Section 6 of the report).

Frequency Range: 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Pass/Fail Judgment: PASS

Test record created by: David Arnett, Andy Heier

Date of this record: 1 July 2024

Original record, Version A.

Test Equipment

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 44GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY62220139	13-Mar-2024	15-Mar-2025
Tape measure, 1" x 33'	Lufkin	PHV1410CMEN	10721	30-Aug-2023	1-Sep-2026
LISN multiline; 20A 50uH	Com-Power	LIN-120C	20160005	3-Apr-2024	1-Apr-2027

Table CE04.1: Test Equipment Used

Software Used

Keysight PXE software A.33.03; CE Mains 150k to 30M Data Analysis V3 2024May23.xlsx

Test Data

The conducted emission test process began with a set of preliminary scans on both power conductors using both Quasi-Peak and Average detectors across the frequency range. Where the test standard requires cable manipulation, one or more likely worst case frequencies selected by the test personnel. Cables were manipulated to find the maximal signal strength while observing the receiver levels at those selected frequencies. At each of the frequencies selected for final measurements, Quasi-peak and Average detector readings were taken on each conductor.

The table shows the selected final measurement data. It includes at least the six strongest emissions observed relative to the limit lines, along with other data points of interest. The yellow highlight indicate the data points with the least margin to the quasi-peak detector limit and the average detector limit. A positive margin value indicates that the emission was below the test limit. The test limit is the Composite FCC/CISPR Class B Limit.

Frequency	QP Limit	AV Limit	L1 QP	L2 QP	L1 AV	L2 AV	QP Margin	AV Margin
(kHz)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)
150	66.00	56.00	54.04	39.95	26.91	24.23	11.96	29.09
197	63.73	53.73	40.83	54.68	23.79	26.34	9.05	27.39
341	59.17	49.17	35.85	26.89	22.50	21.78	23.32	26.67
485	56.25	46.25	41.16	26.83	22.48	21.57	15.09	23.77
3428	56.00	46.00	40.07	37.37	38.19	35.78	15.93	7.81
6857	60.00	50.00	30.74	29.78	27.25	25.64	29.26	22.75
10286	60.00	50.00	39.33	37.13	37.44	35.42	20.67	12.56
13560	N/A	N/A	42.76	43.43	40.38	40.62	N/A	N/A
13715	60.00	50.00	32.63	31.44	29.96	28.35	27.37	20.04
16989	60.00	50.00	33.40	32.63	31.07	29.81	26.60	18.93
17142	60.00	50.00	38.26	36.74	36.44	35.11	21.74	13.56
20571	60.00	50.00	33.51	32.76	31.03	30.05	26.49	18.97
24000	60.00	50.00	37.17	35.89	35.24	34.00	22.83	14.76
27429	60.00	50.00	33.83	33.05	30.83	29.54	26.17	19.17

Table CE04.2: Emission summary

The graph below shows preliminary scan data as continuous curves. Superimposed are the final measurement data points reported in the table above.

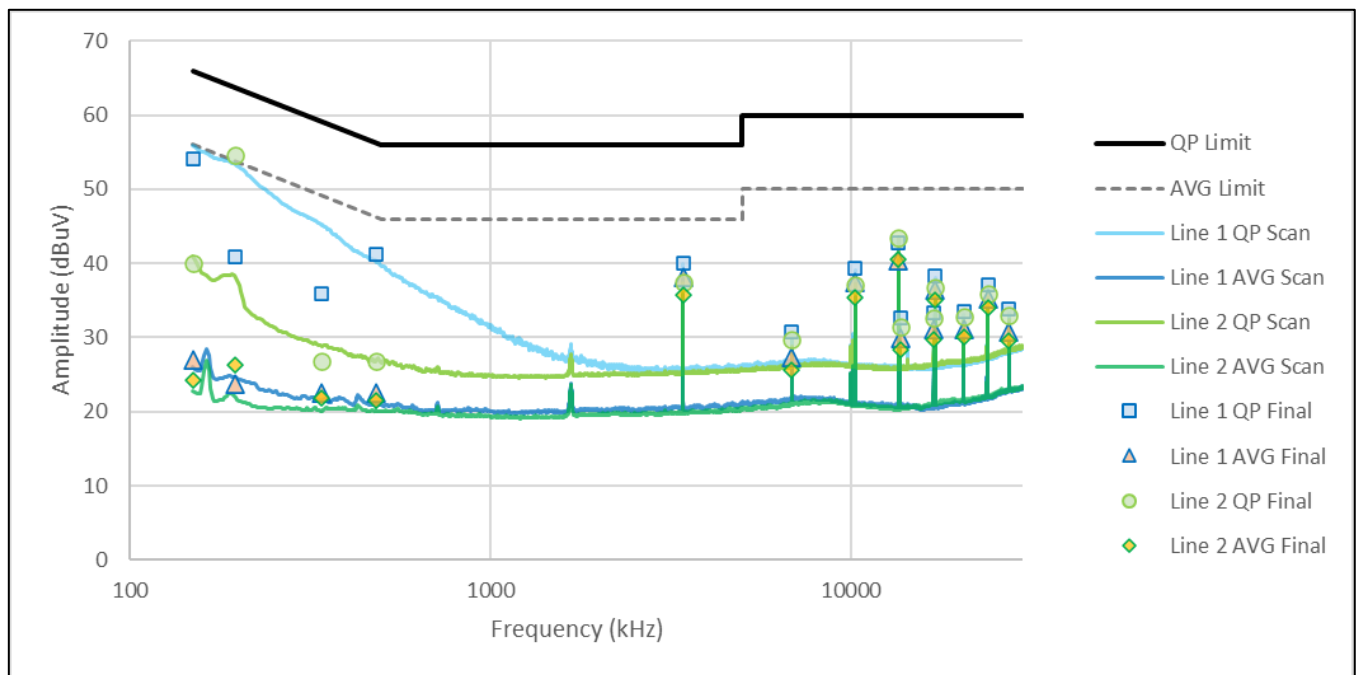


Figure CE04.1: Spectral data

Setup Photographs

The following photographs show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner in which it was measured.

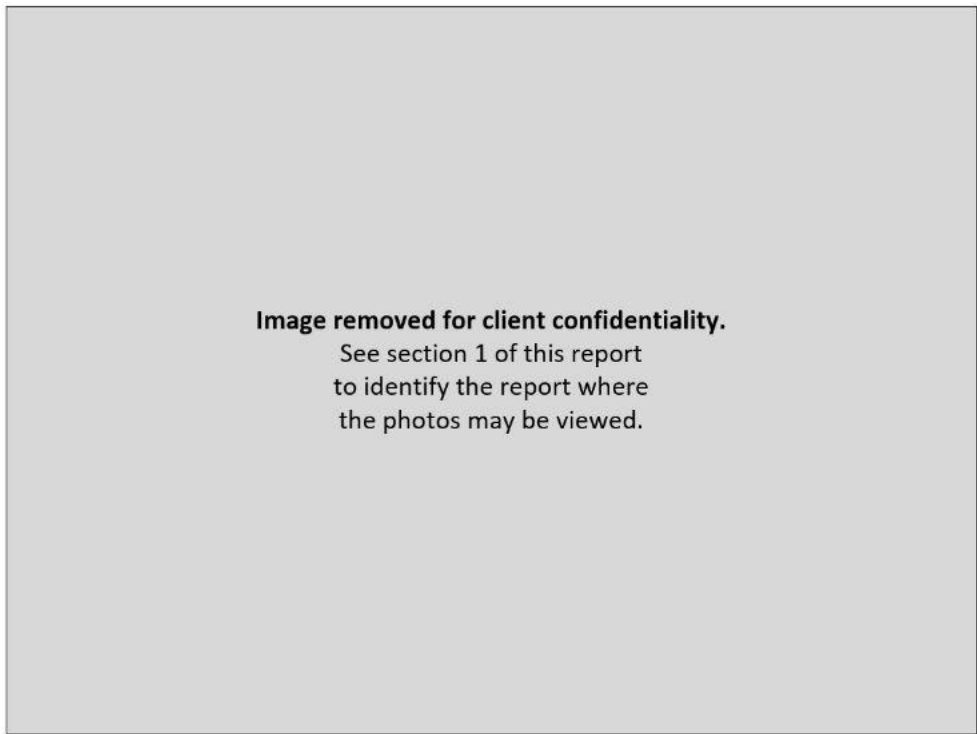


Figure CE04.2: Test setup, first view

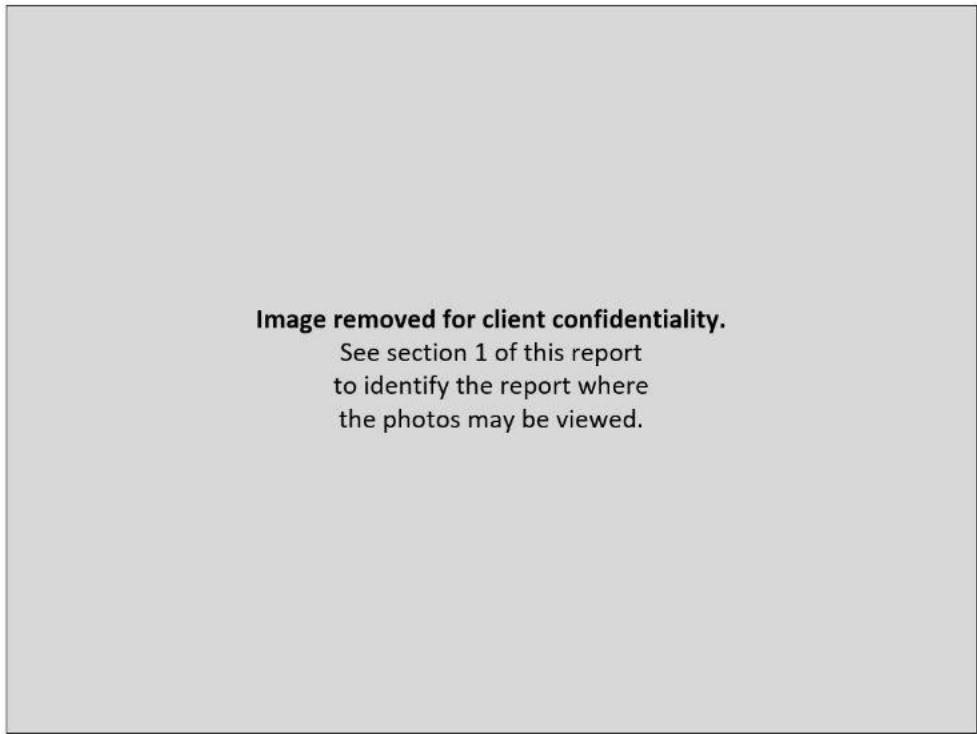


Figure CE04.3: Test setup, second view

This line is the end of the test record.

Test Record
Transmitter Stability in Extreme Conditions
Test IDs TR45
Project GCL-0461

Test Date(s) 01 Jul 2024
Test Personnel Vladimir Tolstik supervised by Majid Farah

Product Model A04882
Serial Number tested 3475112584

Operating Mode M12 (NfcLnk)
Arrangement A4 (Udc)
Nominal Input Power USB 5 Vdc

Test Standards: FCC part 15, RSS-GEN, RSS-210, ANSI C63.10 (as noted in Section 6 of the report)

Radio Protocol NFC

Pass/Fail Judgment: PASS with caveat

Test record created by: Jim Solum
Date this record: 02 Jul 2024

Original record, Version A.

Test Equipment

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
MXE Receiver 8.4 GHz	Keysight	N9038B	MY63460112	28-Feb-2024	1-Mar-2025
Thermometer	Thermco	ACCD370P	210607316	21-Sep-2023	15-Sep-2024
Thermal Chamber	Tenney	T2RC	32774-02	Calibration	Not Required
Near Field Probe Set	Com-Power	PS-400	151544	Calibration	Not Required
DMM Multimeter 87V	Fluke	87V	63490051	21-Jun-2024	21-Jun-2025

Table TR45.1: Equipment used

Software Used: MXE Software Revision A.37.02

Test Method

The standards cited require observation of the stability for transmission frequency and/or power at certain environmental extremes. The reference is performance on nominal input voltage and a temperature of 20 °C. Where the standards cited here impose different limits or conditions, the most stringent limits and conditions have been applied.

The Standard indicated carrier frequency stability shall not exceed 0.01% of operation frequency. The frequency was required to remain between the limits of 13.558644 and 13.561356 MHz.

Caveat

The NFC transceiver under test only operates when in the close vicinity of an NFC Reader. In this test, the client provided the ACR1252 manufactured by Advanced Card Systems as described in section 5.5 of the test report.

Emissions presented here show the combined signals from the NFC reader and the device under test. Signals for each were not distinguishable during the test. Per the client, the device under test matches its transmitting frequency to correspond to that of the reader device. The data presented here, and the conclusions drawn, apply to the device under test and the NFC Reader when tested together as a system.

Test Data

The test sample(s) were subjected to extreme conditions and performed as shown below. During NFC test mode, each measurement was made conducted from a near field probe located at a close distance to the sample and NFC reader. The sample needs to be attached to an NFC reader for continuous transmission.

Yellow highlights indicate the maximum and minimum measured carrier frequency. The maximum frequency measured was 13,559,939 Hz and the minimum was 13,559,796 Hz. The margin to high side of limit is 1417 Hz and margin for low side of the limit is 1152 Hz.

Tx Mode	Temp	Volts	NFC carrier frequency (Hz)			
			Time interval (minutes)			
			0	2	5	10
NFC	60	5	13,559,796	13,559,798	13,559,800	13,559,802
NFC	50	5	13,559,800	13,559,798	13,559,798	13,559,798
NFC	40	5	13,559,817	13,559,815	13,559,814	13,559,814
NFC	30	5	13,559,848	13,559,846	13,559,845	13,559,843
NFC	20	5	13,559,857	13,559,867	13,559,875	13,559,879
NFC	20	4.25	13,559,879	N/A	N/A	N/A
NFC	20	5.75	13,559,879	N/A	N/A	N/A
NFC	10	5	13,559,913	13,559,911	13,559,910	13,559,911
NFC	0	5	13,559,924	13,559,928	13,559,931	13,559,933
NFC	-10	5	13,559,938	13,559,939	13,559,938	13,559,938
NFC	-20	5	13,559,919	13,559,922	13,559,919	13,559,916

Table TR45.2: Carrier frequency measurement for NFC transmission during temperature and voltage variations

Setup Block Diagram

The following block diagrams show the EUT configured and arranged in the manner which it was measured.

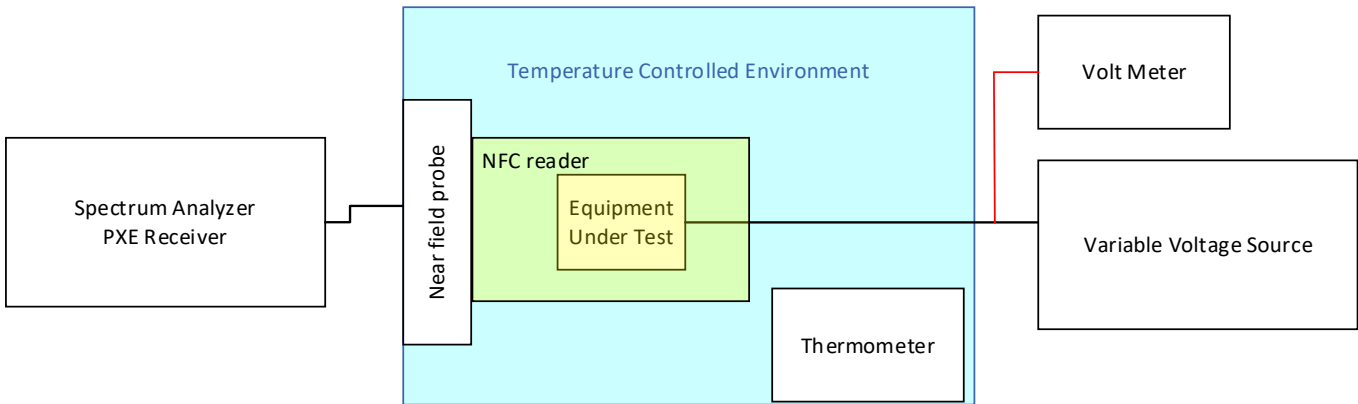


Figure TR45.1: Schematic drawing of the test equipment setup for NFC

This line is the end of the test record.

Test Record
Transmitter Bandwidth Tests
Test IDs TR13
Project GCL-0461

Test Date(s) 2 Jul 2024, 6 Aug 2024
Test Personnel Majid Farah

Product Model A04882
Serial Number tested 3475112672

Operating Mode M12 (NfcLnk)
Arrangement A4 (Udc)
Input Power USB 5 Vdc

Test Standards: FCC Part 15, ANSI C63.10, RSS-GEN (as noted in Section 6 of the report).

Radio Protocol NFC
Radio Band 13.56 MHz

Pass/Fail Judgment: PASS

Test record created by: Majid Farah
Date of this record: 06 Aug 2024

Version A was created on 8 Jul 2024. Version B on 6 August applied the 1 kHz minimum RBW principle with remeasured Type B data.

Test Equipment Used

Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Last Cal/Ver	Next Due
PXE Receiver 44GHz	Keysight	N9048B	MY62220139	13-Mar-2024	15-Mar-2025

Table TR13.1: List of test equipment used

Test Software Used: Keysight PXE firmware A.33.03

Background

There are regulatory requirements to present an additional type of bandwidth analysis: 99% Occupied Bandwidth. There are no limits or functional requirements around these data, beyond a reporting requirement. The contents of this test record are for information, and do not affect compliance of the devices that are the subject of this report.

Test Setup

This block diagram shows the test equipment setup.

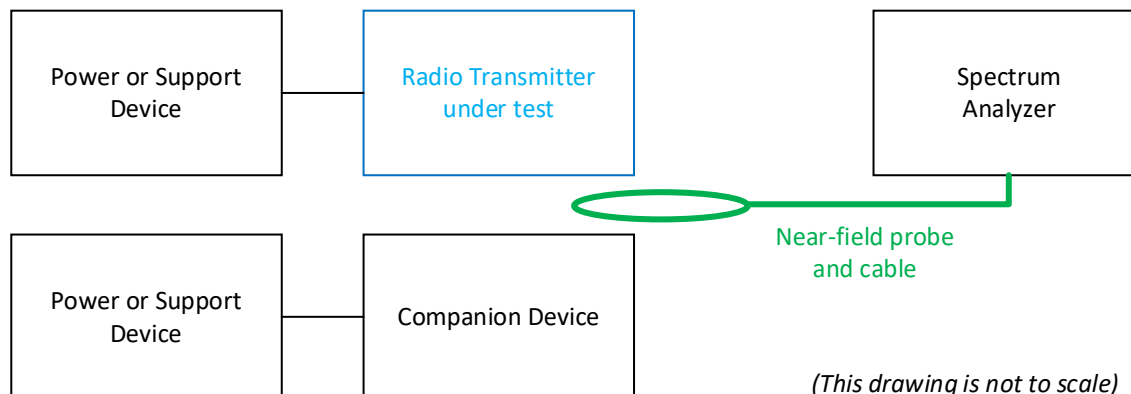


Figure TR13.1: Test setup

Caveat

The NFC transceiver under test only operates when in the close vicinity of an NFC Reader. In this test, the client provided the ACR1252 manufactured by Advanced Card Systems as described in section 5.5 of the test report.

Emissions presented here show the combined signals from the NFC reader and the device under test. Signals for each were not distinguishable during the test. Per the client, the device under test matches its transmitting frequency to correspond to that of the reader device. The data presented here, and the conclusions drawn, apply to the device under test and the NFC Reader when tested together as a system.

Occupied Bandwidth, 99% Test Method

During this test a small loop probe is placed between transmitter and the companion device because the test sample only transmits in response to a nearby NFC reader. This loop probe is then connected by cables to the spectrum analyzer. The analyzer has a built-in capability to identify the minimum bandwidth that contains a specified percentage of the total power observed. The spectrum is scanned hundreds of times so that the varied effects of modulation are appropriately assessed. Since the focus is on the relative distribution of energy across a range of frequencies, the absolute amplitudes recorded during this test are not relevant and may not include cable losses or attenuation factors.

Occupied Bandwidth, 99% Test Data

The data for each type of data transmission (A and B) is summarized below, followed by the spectral data for both types. The analysis threshold for this test was the bandwidth containing 99% of the observed power using the ANSI C63.10 method.

NFC type B transmission placed more than 99% of the energy in the carrier, so the test process was limited to the minimum 1 kHz RBW limit for this frequency band found in ANSI C63.4 section 13.7 standard.

	Bandwidth
NFC Mode	MHz
Type A	1.9839
Type B	0.0022

Table TR13.2: Summary of 99% Occupied Bandwidth Data for 13.56 MHz NFC modes

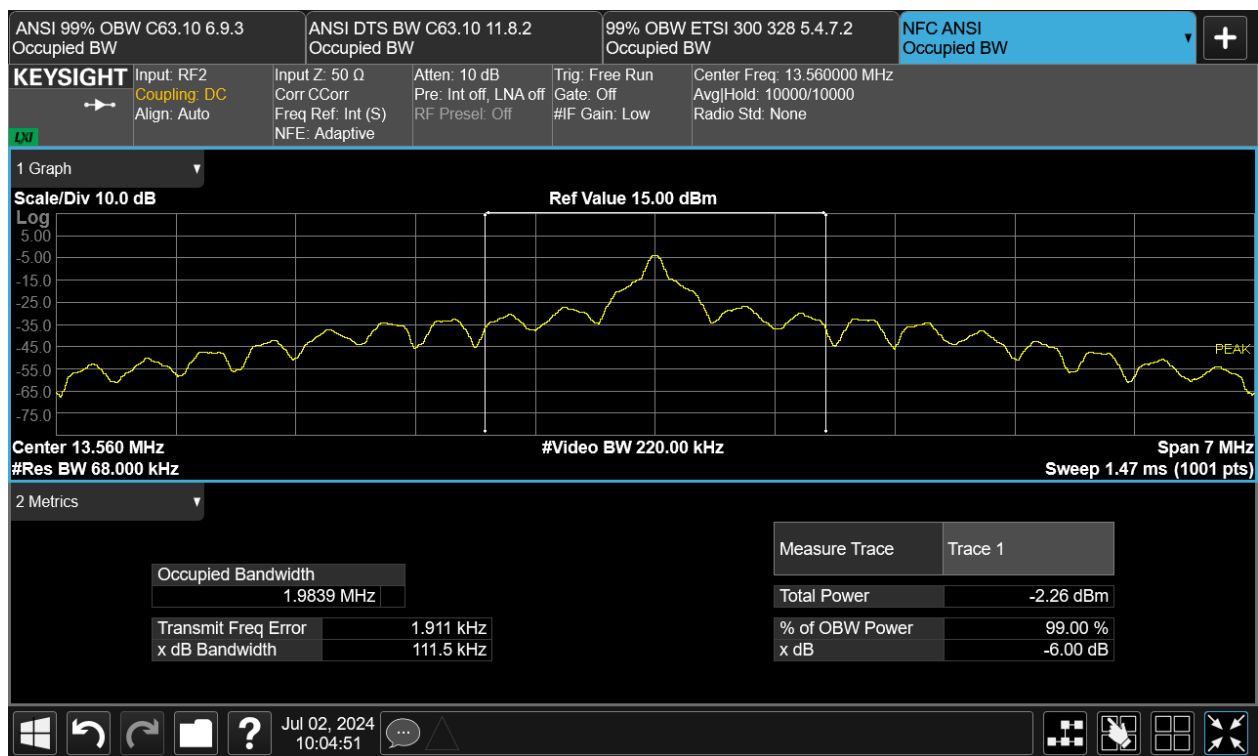


Figure TR13.1: Occupied bandwidth data for Type A transmissions

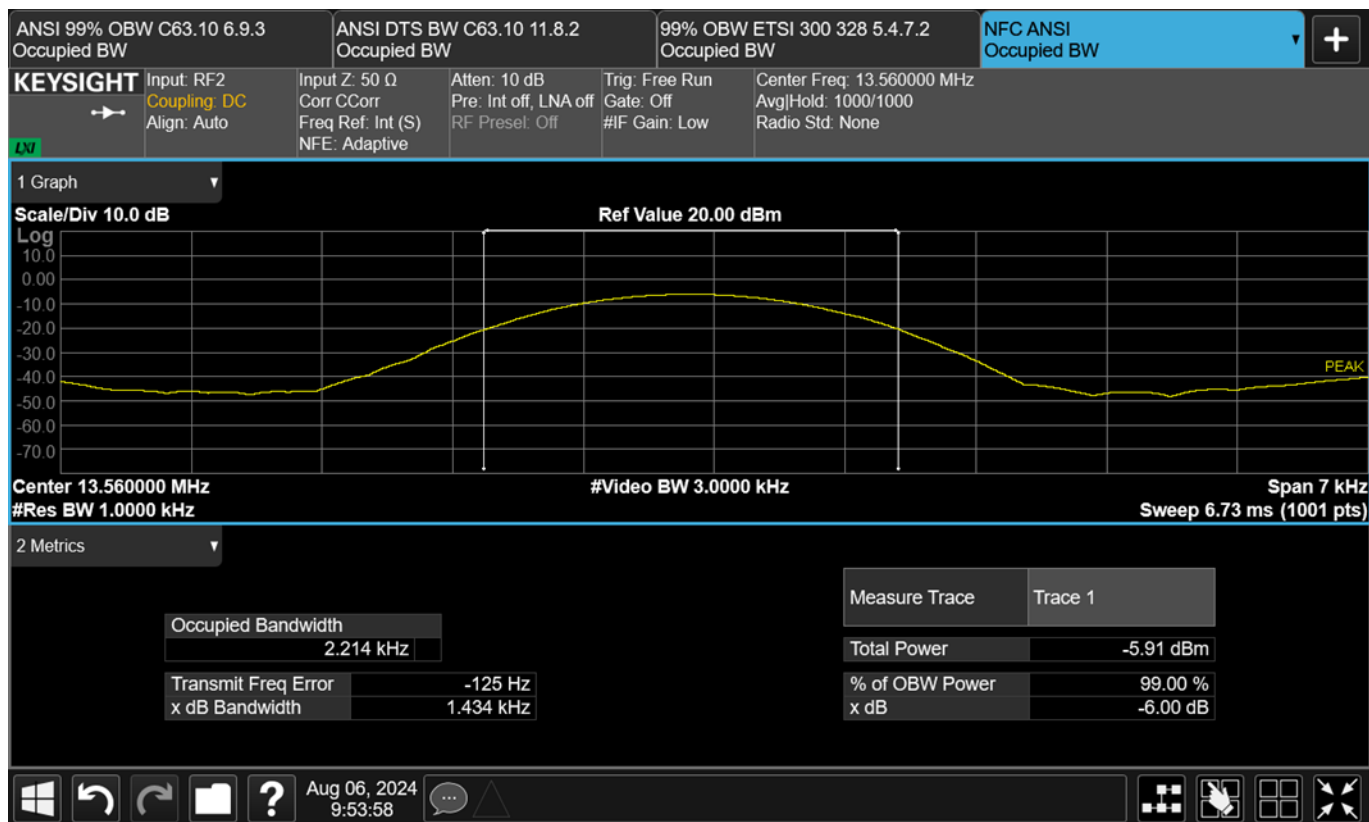


Figure TR13.2: Occupied bandwidth data for Type B transmissions

This line is the end of the test record.

Concluding Notes

This report stands as an integrated record of the tests performed and must be copied or distributed in its complete form. The reproduction of selected pages or sections separate from the complete report would require specific approval from the manager of the Garmin Compliance Lab.

This is the final page of the report.