



ROGERS

Consulting Labs, Inc.

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TYPE ACCEPTANCE APPLICATION

for

GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.
1200 East 151st Street
Olathe, KS 66062
Phone: (913) 397-8200

Van Ruggles,
Director of Quality Assurance

MODEL: VHF 720
011-00413-()
FREQUENCY: 156.025-157.425 Transmit
FCC ID: IPH-30800

Test Date: April 27, 1998

Certifying Engineer:

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading 'Scot D. Rogers', is written over a horizontal line.

Scot D. Rogers
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FORWARD:

In accordance with the Federal Communications Code of Federal Regulations, dated October 1, 1997, Part 2 Subpart J, Paragraphs 2.905, 2.911, 2.913, 2.925, 2.926, 2.981 through 2.1005, and Part 80, Subchapter E, Paragraphs 80.201 through 80.227 the following is submitted:

List of Test Equipment

A Hewlett Packard 8591EM and or 8562A Spectrum Analyzer was used as the measuring device for the emissions testing. The analyzer settings used are described in the following table. Refer to Appendix for a complete list of Test Equipment.

HP 8591EM SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETTINGS		
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS:		
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION
9 kHz	30 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak
RADIATED EMISSIONS (30 - 1000 MHz):		
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION
120 kHz	300 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak
HP 8562A SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETTINGS		
RADIATED EMISSIONS (1 - 40 GHz):		
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION
1 MHz	1 MHz	Peak/Average
ANTENNA CONDUCTED EMISSIONS:		
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION
100 kHz	300 kHz	Peak

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GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.
MODEL: VHF 720 011-00413-() SN: ENG-FCC1
Test #: 980421 FCC ID#: IPH-30800
Test to: FCC Parts 2

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WORD\GARVH720.TYP 4/29/98

2.983 Application for Type Acceptance

- a. Manufacturer: GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.
1200 East 151st Street
Olathe, KS 66062
- b. Identification: Model: VHF 720
FCC I.D.: IPH-30800

Refer to attached Product Description Sheet.

- c. Plan to produce quantity production.
- d. (1) Emission Type: 16KOF3E
- (2) Frequency Range: 156.025-157.425 MHz, Marine
Channels 1A-88A, WX1-WX10. NOTE:
Channels 2,4,60 and 62 are not
accessible for U.S. mode of
operation.
- (3) Operating Power Level:
Variable: LOW = 1.0 Watts; HIGH = 3.0 Watts
- (4) Max P_o: 3.0 Watts
- (5) Power into final amplifier: 68 Watts (8.0 V @ .860A).
- (6) Function of Each Semiconductor Device in Transmitter:

<u>Reference Designator</u>	<u>Function</u>
D300	Attenuates LO drive to transmitter in Receiver mode.
Q311	Attenuates LO drive to transmitter in Receive mode.
Q307, Q310	Apply battery voltage to ALC circuit and pre-driver stage.
Q305	Transmitter pre-driver stage. Output power is approximately +20 dBm.
Q304	Applies bias voltage to transmitter driver stage.

Q302	Transmitter driver stage. Output power is approximately +27 dBm.
D306, I301-A I301-D	Part of the ALC circuit. Provides transmit output power feedback to microcontroller.
Q301	Transmitter final output stage. Output power is approximately +35 dBm.

(7) Circuit Diagrams:

Circuit diagram attached.

(8) Instruction Book:

Draft instruction manual attached.

(9) Tune Up Procedure for Output Power:

The VHF 720 has two manual adjustments. Other adjustments are made in software using a test monitor program.

Transmit frequency is set by adjusting the variable capacitor C111. Next the transmitter is adjusted for maximum power output by adjusting variable capacitor C319.

The test monitor program is used to adjust high and lower power settings from the microcontroller and these values are stored in memory. Next, a standard modulating signal is applied to the external microphone input and digital potentiometer I205-A is adjusted to limit maximum modulation capability to <5 kHz deviation. This setting is also stored in memory.

(10) Frequency Stabilizing:

Frequency stability is accomplished by using a seven parts per million crystal feeding the synthesizer.

(11) Spurious and Limiting Circuits:

A harmonic filter is employed between the transmitter final output amplifier and the antenna for the suppression of spurious radiation. This circuit consists of L304, L305, L306, C305, C306, C307, and C308. Modulation limiting is accomplished by the microphone audio amplifier and filter circuitry consisting of I201-A through I201-D, and associated components. The limiting is set by a digital potentiometer I205 during unit alignment. A power limiting circuit is employed to limit output power to the antenna. This circuit consists of D306, C329, I301-A and associated components. Output power from the final amplifier is filtered compared to the desired output level as determined by the microcontroller, and a level control signal is in turn feedback to the final amplifier input.

(12) Digital Modulation:

N/A.

2.985 RF Power Output

Measurements Required:

Measurements shall be made to establish the radio frequency power delivered by the transmitter into the standard output termination. The power output shall be monitored and recorded and no adjustment shall be made to the transmitter after the test has begun, except as noted below:

If the power output is adjustable, measurements shall be made for the highest and lowest power levels.

Test Arrangement:



The r.f. power output was measured at the antenna terminals by replacing the antenna with a spectrum analyzer and cable (with .1 dB loss in the cable).

The spectrum analyzer had an impedance of 50Ω to match the impedance of the standard antenna. An HP 8591EM Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure the r.f. power at the antenna port. The data was taken in dBm and converted to watts as shown in the following Table. Refer to Figures 1 through 6 showing the output power of the transmitter. Data taken per Paragraph 2.985(a) and applicable parts of Part 22.

$$P_{\text{dBm}} = \text{power in dB above 1 milliwatt.}$$

$$\text{Milliwatts} = 10^{(P_{\text{dBm}}/10)}$$

$$\text{Watts} = (\text{Milliwatts}) (0.001) (\text{W/mW})$$

$$29.07 \text{ dBm} = 10^{(29.07/10)}$$

$$= 807.2 \text{ mW}$$

$$= 0.81 \text{ Watts}$$

Results:

LOW POWER

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY	P _{dBm}	P _{mW}	P _w
1A	156.050	29.07	807.2	0.81
25	157.250	28.9	783.4	0.78
88A	157.425	28.9	783.4	0.78

HIGH POWER

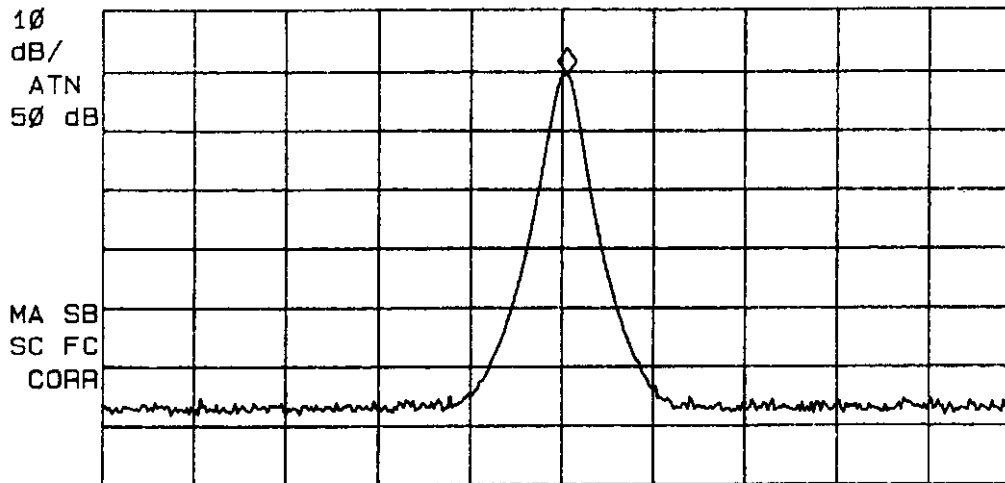
CHANNEL	FREQUENCY	P _{dBm}	P _{mW}	P _w
1A	156.050	34.0	2511.9	2.5
25	157.250	34.3	2666.8	2.7
88A	157.425	34.2	2648.5	2.6

The specifications of Paragraph 2.985(a) and applicable Parts of 22 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

MARKER
156.075 MHz
29.07 dBm

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP
MKR 156.075 MHz
29.07 dBm

LOG REF 40.0 dBm



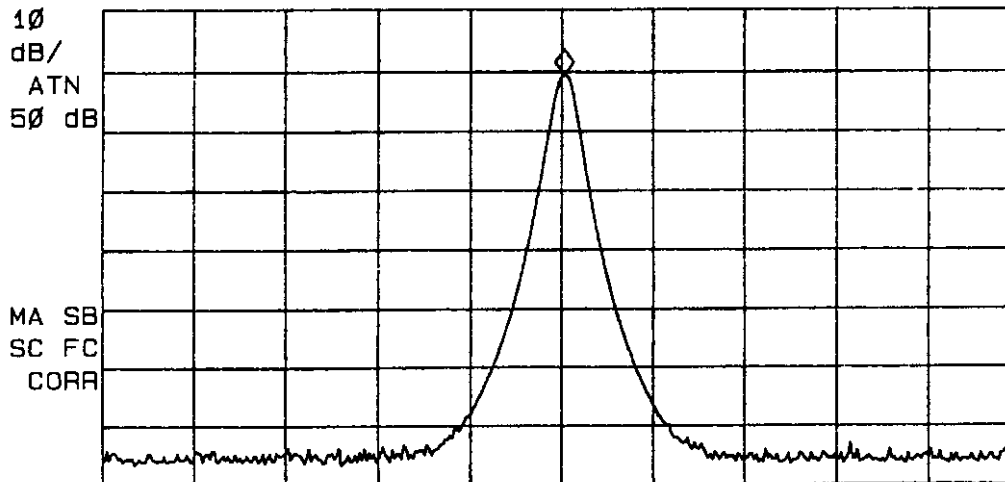
CENTER 156.050 MHz SPAN 5.000 MHz
#IF BW 120 kHz AVG BW 300 kHz SWP 20.0 msec

Figure 1: Low Power Output Channel 1A

CENTER
157.250 MHz

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP
MKR 157.263 MHz
28.94 dBm

LOG REF 40.0 dBm



CENTER 157.250 MHz SPAN 5.000 MHz
#IF BW 120 kHz AVG BW 300 kHz SWP 20.0 msec

Figure 2: Low Power Output Channel 25

MARKER
157.450 MHz
28.94 dBm

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP
MKR 157.450 MHz
28.94 dBm

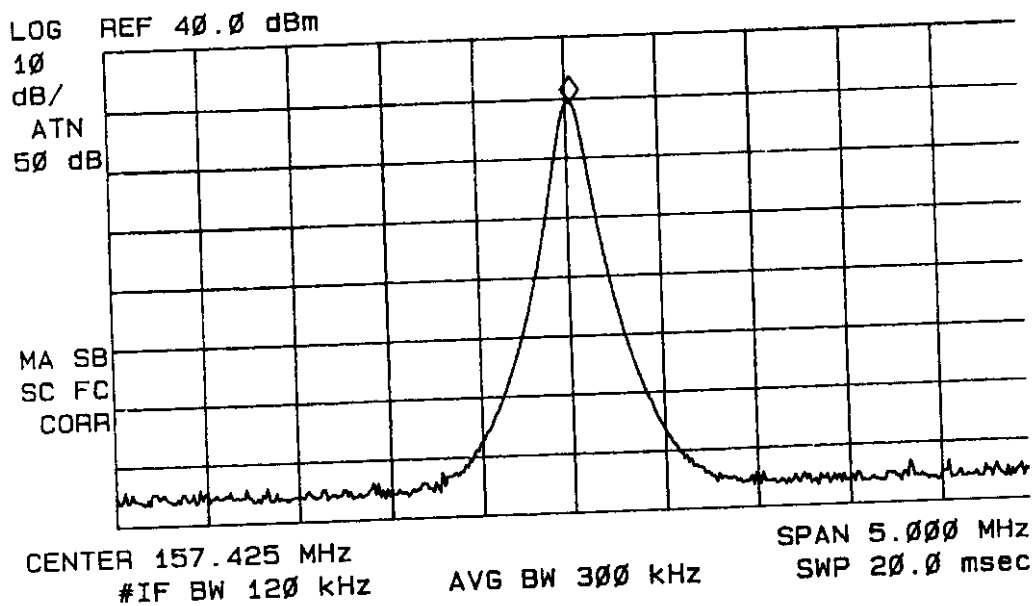


Figure 3: Low Power Output Channel 88A

MARKER
156.063 MHz
34.00 dBm

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP
MKR 156.063 MHz
34.00 dBm

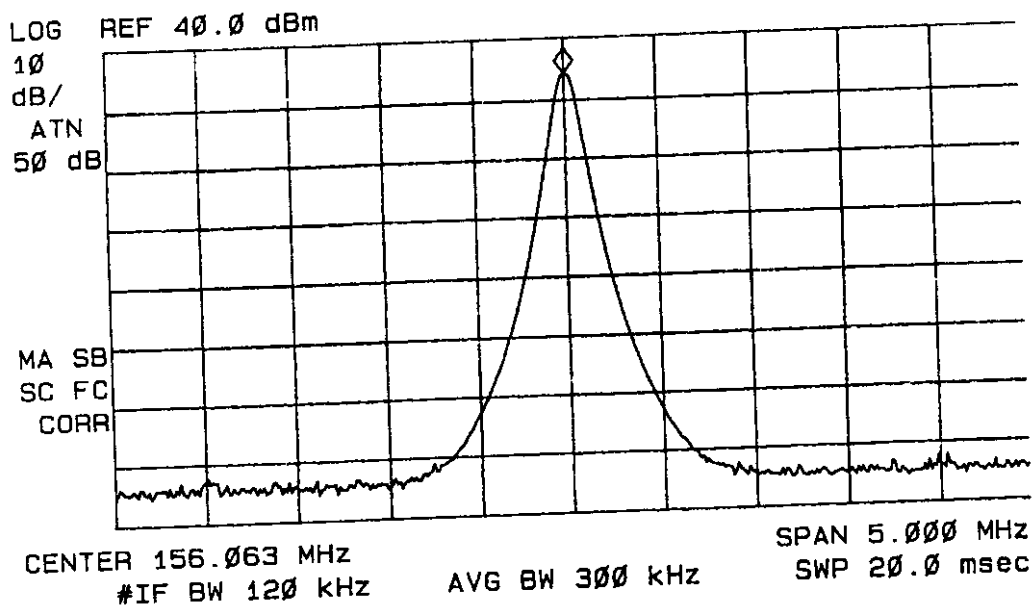


Figure 4: High Power Output Channel 1A

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MODEL: VHF 720 011-00413-() SN: ENG-FCC1
Test #: 980421 FCC ID#: IPH-30800
Test to: FCC Parts 2

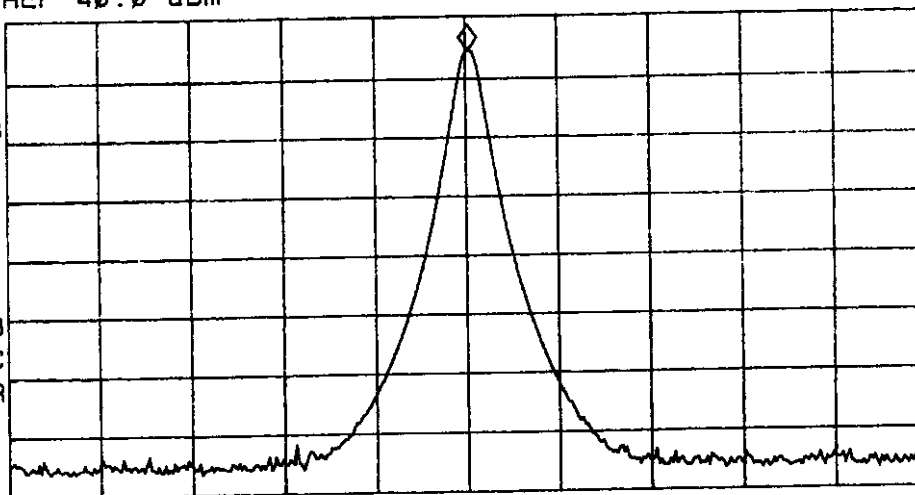
MARKER
157.263 MHz
34.26 dBm

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP
MKR 157.263 MHz
34.26 dBm

LOG REF 40.0 dBm

10
dB/
ATN
50 dB

MA SB
SC FC
CORR



CENTER 157.250 MHz
#IF BW 120 kHz

AVG BW 300 kHz

SPAN 5.000 MHz
SWP 20.0 msec

Figure 5: High Power Output Channel 25

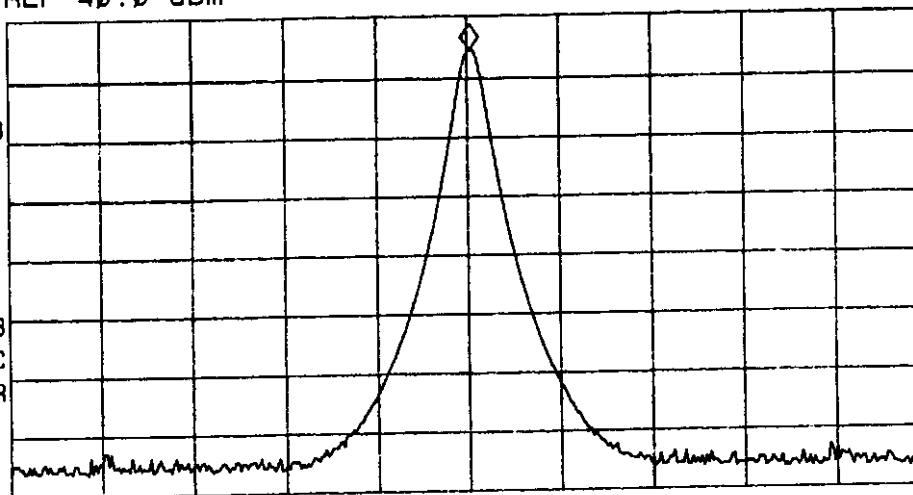
MARKER
157.438 MHz
34.23 dBm

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP
MKR 157.438 MHz
34.23 dBm

LOG REF 40.0 dBm

10
dB/
ATN
50 dB

MA SB
SC FC
CORR



CENTER 157.425 MHz
#IF BW 120 kHz

AVG BW 300 kHz

SPAN 5.000 MHz
SWP 20.0 msec

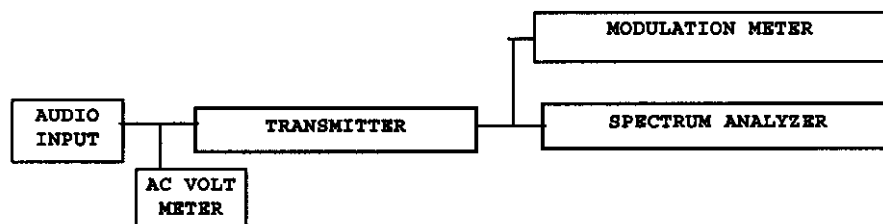
Figure 6: High Power Output Channel 88A

2.987 Modulation Characteristics

Measurements Required:

A curve or equivalent data which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules under which the equipment is to be licensed shall be submitted.

Test Arrangement:



The r.f. output was coupled to a HP Spectrum Analyzer and a modulation meter. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the r.f. spectrum with the transmitter operating in its various modes. The modulation meter was used to measure the frequency deviation.

Results:

Figure 7 displays the graph made showing the audio frequency response of the modulator. The frequency generator was set to 1 kHz and injected into the audio input port of the EUT. The amplitude was adjusted such that the modulation meter read 1.5 kHz deviation frequency. The frequency of the generator was then varied and the output level recorded while holding the 1.5 kHz deviation constant.

Figure 8 shows the modulation level versus the microphone audio input. The frequency is held constant the input voltage is varied and the frequency deviation is read from the modulation meter. The specifications of Paragraph 2.987(b) and 80.213(a)(2) are met.

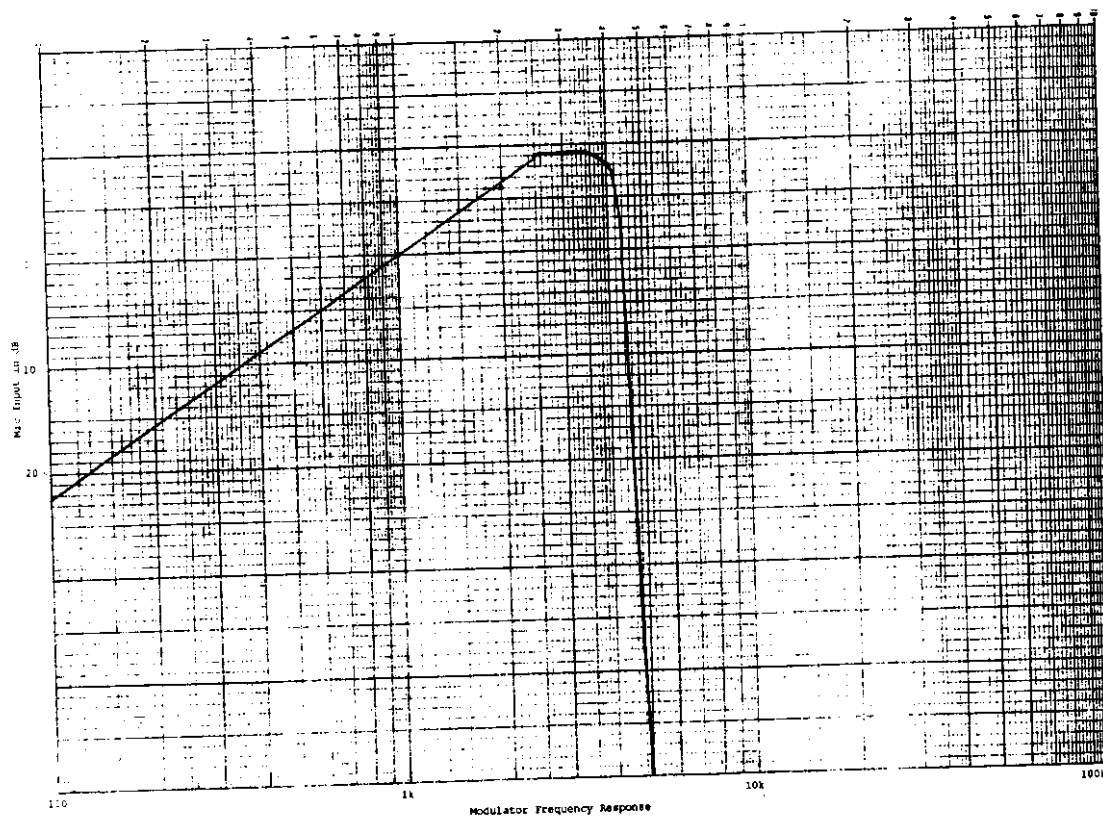


Figure 7: Modulation Characteristics.

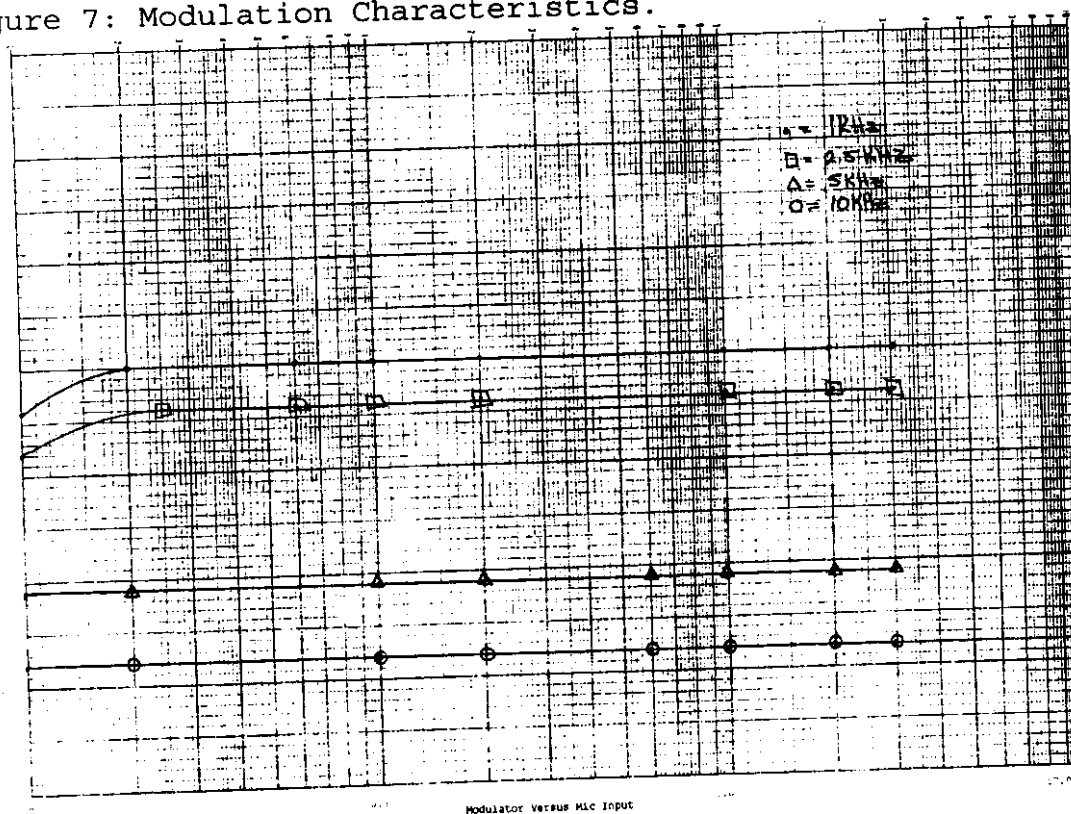


Figure 8: Modulation Characteristics.

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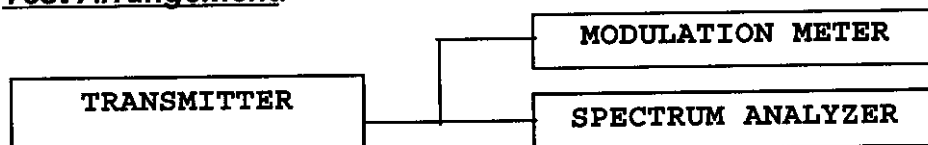
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2.989 Occupied Bandwidth

Measurements Required:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

Test Arrangement:



Results:

POWER	f_c	O.B. kHz
LOW	157.25	10.38
HIGH	157.25	10.38

REFER TO FIGURES 9 and 10.

A spectrum analyzer was used to observe the R.F. spectrum with the transmitter operating in a normal mode, modulated by a frequency of 2500 Hz at a level 16 dB above 50% modulation. The power ratio in dB representing 99% of the total mean power was recorded from the spectrum analyzer.

Requirements of 2.989(c)(1) and 80.213(a)(2) are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

MARKER Δ
10.38 kHz
2.35 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG
MKR 10.38 kHz
2.35 dB

LOG REF 20.0 dBm

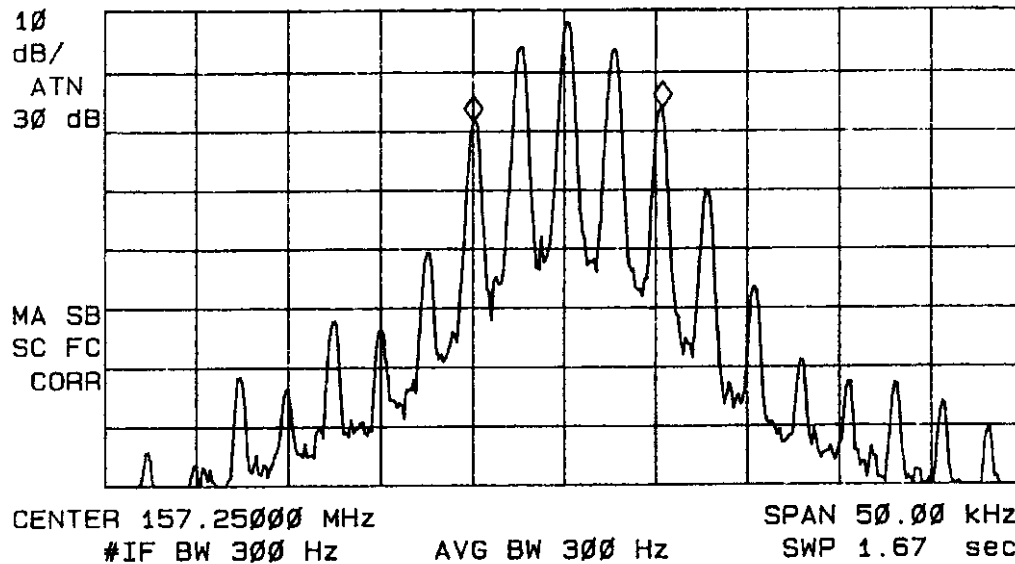


Figure 9: Occupied Band Width Channel 25 Low Power.

MARKER Δ
10.38 kHz
1.82 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG
MKR 10.38 kHz
1.82 dB

LOG REF 30.0 dBm

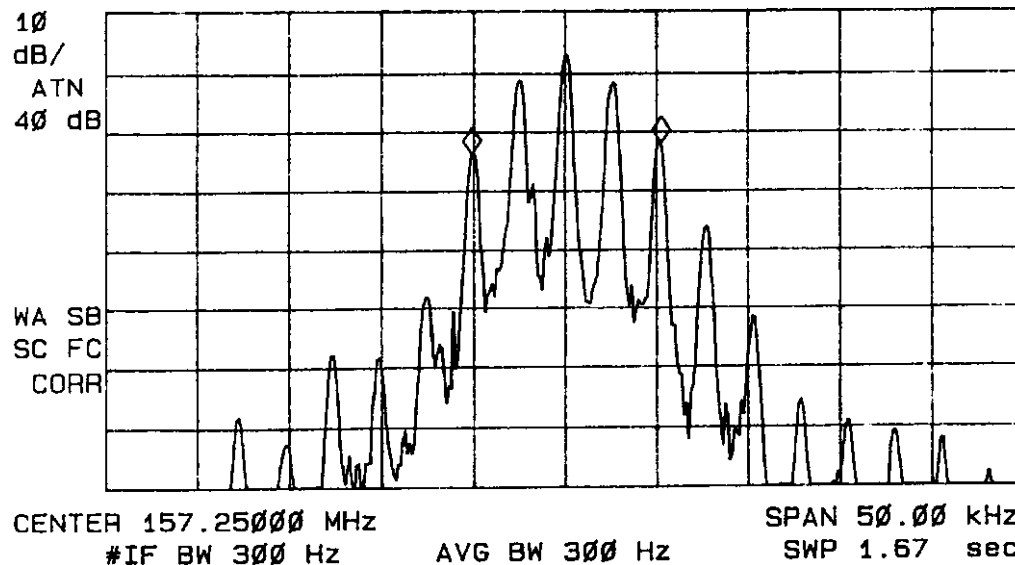


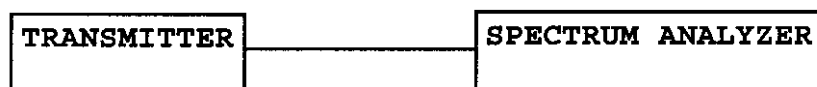
Figure 10: Occupied Band Width Channel 25 High Power.

2.991 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Measurements Required:

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna.

Test Arrangement:



The r.f. output was coupled to an HP 8591EM Spectrum Analyzer. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the r.f. spectrum with the transmitter operated in a normal mode. The frequency spectrum from 100 MHz to 18 GHz was observed and plots produced of the frequency spectrum. Figures 11 and 12 represent data for the VHF 720. Data taken per 2.991, 2.997, 2.989(c) (1) and 80.211(f).

MARKER Δ
157 MHz
-56.00 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG
MKR 157 MHz
-56.00 dB

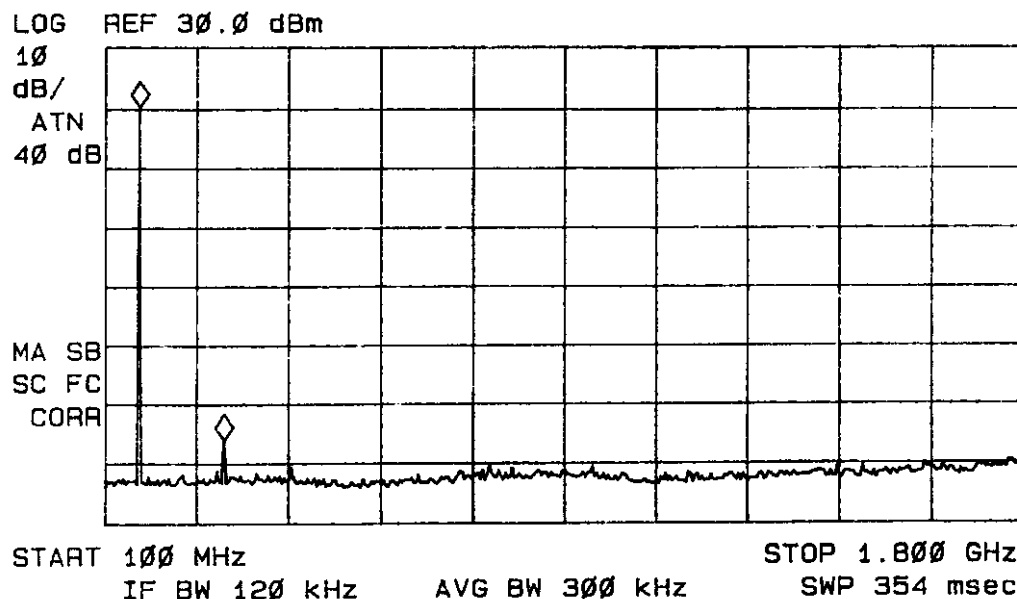


Figure 11: Emissions at Antenna Terminal.

MARKER Δ
157 MHz
-51.83 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG
MKR 157 MHz
-51.83 dB

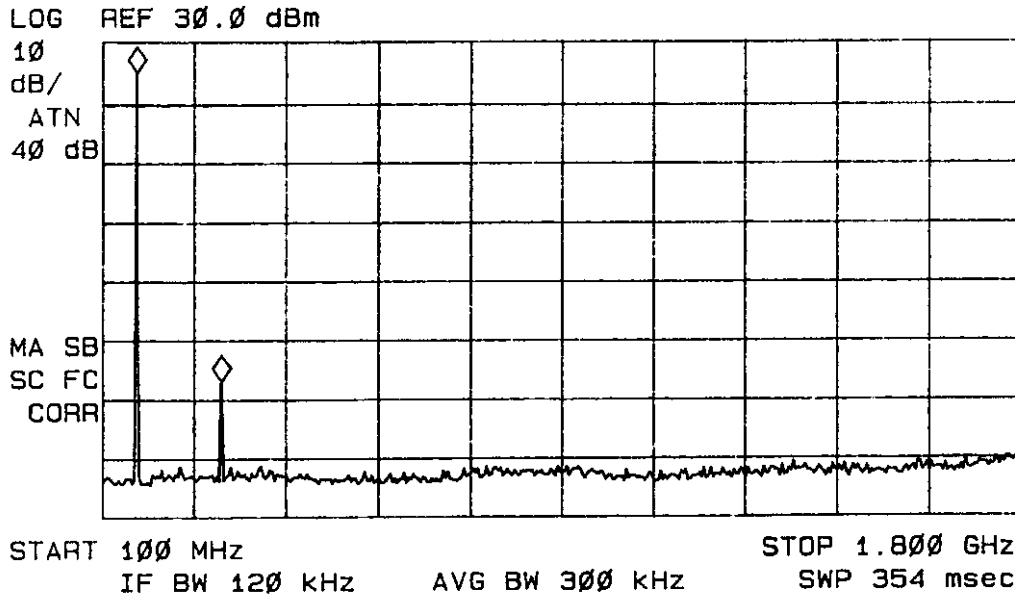


Figure 12: Emissions at Antenna Terminal.

Results:

Data taken per 2.991 and applicable paragraphs of Part 80. Specifications of Paragraphs 2.991, 2.997 and 80.211 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

FCC Limit:

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ Watt} &= 43 + 10 \text{ LOG}(P_o) \\ &= 43 + 10 \text{ LOG}(1) \\ &= 43.0 \end{aligned}$$

Low Power

FREQUENCY MHz	SPURIOUS FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL BELOW CARRIER (dB)
157.25	314.5	56.0
	471.75	61.7

FCC Limit:

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \text{ Watt} &= 43 + 10 \text{ LOG}(P_o) \\ &= 43 + 10 \text{ LOG}(3) \\ &= 47.8 \end{aligned}$$

High Power

FREQUENCY MHz	SPURIOUS FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL BELOW CARRIER (dB)
157.25	314.5	51.8
	471.75	66.0

The output of the unit was coupled to an HP Spectrum Analyzer and the frequency emissions were plotted.

2.993 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Measurements Required:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation.

Test Arrangement:



The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable 0.8 meters above the ground plane and at a distance of 3 meters from the FSM antenna. The transmitter was activated and the frequency spectrum of the fundamental was observed. The turntable was rotated through 360 degrees to locate the position registering the highest amplitude emission. The amplitude of the fundamental frequency was measured and recorded. The frequency spectrum was then searched for spurious emissions generated from the transmitter. The amplitude of each spurious emission was maximized by raising and lowering the FSM antenna and rotating the turntable before data was recorded. A log periodic antenna was used for frequencies of 200 MHz to 5 GHz and pyramidal horn antennas were used for frequencies of 5 GHz to 40 GHz. Emission levels were measured and recorded from the spectrum analyzer in dBμV. This level was then added

to the antenna factor to calculate the field strength at 3 meters. Data was taken at the ROGERS CONSULTING LABS, INC. 3 meters open area test site (OATS) located in Paola, KS. A description of the test facility is on file with the FCC, Reference: 31040/SIT, 1300F2, dated October 15, 1996. The testing procedures used conforms to the procedures stated in the ANSI 63.4-1992 document.

Calculations made are as follows:

CFS = Calculated Field Strength
FSM = Field Strength Measurement
CFS = FSM + Antenna Factor
CFS = 111.6 + 10.4
CFS = 122.0

The limit for emissions are defined by the following equations:

Limit = Amplitude of spurious emission must be attenuated by this amount below the level of the fundamental.

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: at least $43 + 10 \log (P_o)$ dB.

Attenuation = $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P_w)$
= $43 + 10 \log_{10}(1.0)$
= 43.0 dB

Low Power Limit = $122.0 - 43.0$
= 79.0

High Power Limit = $128.8 - 48.0$
= 80.8

Results:

Channel 1A Low Power

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz. (dB μ V)	FSM Vert. (dB μ V)	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	CFS Horz. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	CFS Vert. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Limit
156.1	111.6	118.1	10.4	0	122.0	128.5	--
312.1	50.2	55.1	15.3	0	65.5	70.4	79.0
468.2	47.0	58.1	17.0	0	64.0	75.1	79.0
624.2	56.9	58.1	20.0	0	76.9	78.1	79.0
780.3	35.7	42.1	23.8	0	77.8	65.9	79.0
936.3	35.7	42.1	23.8	0	59.5	65.9	79.0

Channel 1A High Power

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz. (dB μ V)	FSM Vert. (dB μ V)	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	CFS Horz. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	CFS Vert. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Limit
156.1	119.1	124.7	10.4	0	129.5	135.1	--
312.1	59.7	58.3	15.3	0	75.0	73.6	80.8
468.2	54.5	61.7	17.0	0	71.5	78.7	80.8
624.2	34.2	59.2	20.0	0	54.2	79.2	80.8
780.3	58.1	59.0	21.6	0	79.7	80.6	80.8
936.3	45.7	50.6	23.8	0	69.5	74.4	80.8

Channel 25 Low Power

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz. (dB μ V)	FSM Vert. (dB μ V)	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	CFS Horz. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	CFS Vert. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Limit
157.3	111.8	116.8	10.4	0	122.2	127.2	--
314.5	61.4	53.0	15.3	0	76.7	68.3	79.0
471.8	51.7	58.6	17.0	0	68.7	75.6	79.0
629.0	54.1	58.9	20.0	0	74.1	78.9	79.0
786.3	54.0	57.3	21.6	0	75.6	78.9	79.0
943.5	38.5	45.3	23.4	0	61.9	68.7	79.0

Channel 25 High Power

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz. (dB μ V)	FSM Vert. (dB μ V)	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	CFS Horz. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	CFS Vert. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Limit
157.3	118.5	125.6	10.4	0	128.9	136.0	--
314.5	60.4	56.8	15.3	0	75.7	72.1	80.8
471.8	54.8	59.3	17.0	0	71.8	76.3	80.8
629.0	47.0	57.5	20.0	0	67.0	77.5	80.8
786.3	56.4	56.0	21.6	0	78.0	77.6	80.8
943.5	46.7	48.8	23.4	0	70.1	72.2	80.8

Channel 88A Low Power

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz. (dB μ V)	FSM Vert. (dB μ V)	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	CFS Horz. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	CFS Vert. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Limit
157.4	111.6	117.4	10.4	0	122.0	127.8	--
314.9	53.0	52.9	15.3	0	68.3	68.2	79.0
472.3	48.0	58.0	17.0	0	65.0	75.0	79.0
629.7	56.1	59.0	20.0	0	76.1	79.0	79.0
787.1	52.1	55.4	21.6	0	73.7	77.0	79.0
944.6	39.5	41.8	23.4	0	62.9	65.2	79.0

Channel 88A High Power

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz. (dB μ V)	FSM Vert. (dB μ V)	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	CFS Horz. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	CFS Vert. @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Limit
157.4	118.4	125.5	10.4	0	128.8	135.9	--
314.9	58.7	58.0	15.3	0	74.0	73.3	80.8
472.3	55.1	58.3	17.0	0	72.1	75.3	80.8
629.7	48.0	54.0	20.0	0	68.0	74.0	80.8
787.1	57.7	57.7	21.6	0	79.3	79.3	80.8
944.6	45.1	49.4	23.4	0	68.5	72.8	80.8

Specifications of Paragraph 2.993, 2.997 and 80.211 are met.
There are no deviations to the specifications.

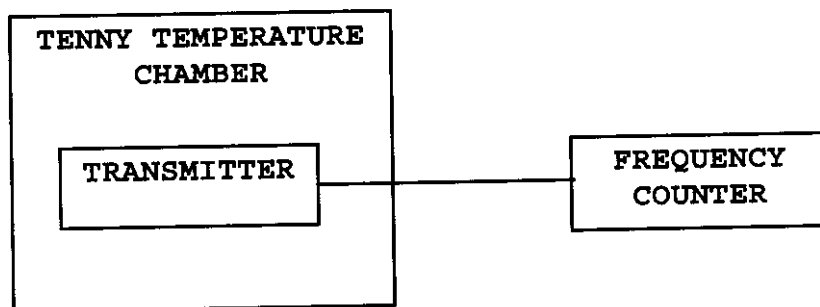
2.995 Frequency Stability

Measurements Required:

The frequency stability shall be measured with variations of ambient temperature from -30° to $+50^{\circ}$ centigrade. Measurements shall be made at the extremes of the temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. In addition to temperature stability the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

- (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
- (2) For hand carried, batteries powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
- (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided.

Test Arrangement:



The measurement procedure outlined below shall be followed:

Step 1: The transmitter shall be installed in an environmental test chamber whose temperature is controllable. Provision shall be made to measure the frequency of the transmitter.

Step 2: With the transmitter inoperative (power switched "OFF"), the temperature of the test chamber shall be adjusted to +25°C. After a temperature stabilization period of one hour at +25°C, the transmitter shall be switched "ON" with standard test voltage applied.

Step 3: The carrier shall be keyed "ON", and the transmitter shall be operated unmodulated at full r.f. power output at the duty cycle for which it is rated, for a duration of at least 5 minutes. The r.f. carrier frequency shall be monitored and measurements shall be recorded.

Step 4: The test procedures outlined in Steps 2 and 3, shall be repeated after stabilizing the transmitter at the environmental temperatures specified, -30°C to 50°C in 10 degree increments.

The frequency stability was measured with variations in the power supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value and at the battery end point. An Sorenson DC Power Supply was used to vary the dc voltage for the power input from 6.8 Vdc to 9.2 Vdc. The frequency was measured and the variation in parts per million was calculated. Data was taken per Paragraphs 2.995 and 80.209.

Results:

FREQ. (MHz)	FREQUENCY STABILITY VS TEMPERATURE IN PARTS PER MILLION (PPM)								
	Temperature in °C								
	-30	-20	-10	0	+10	+20	+30	+40	+50
156.800	3.7	3.7	3.1	3.1	2.5	2.5	0	-2.5	-3.7

FREQUENCY IN MHz	STABILITY VS VOLTAGE VARIATION (±15%) IN PPM INPUT VOLTAGE		
	6.8 V _{dc}	8.0 V _{dc}	9.2 V _{dc}
156.800	0	0	0

Specifications of Paragraphs 2.995 and applicable parts of 80 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

APPENDIX

Model: VHF 720

1. Photos of Radiated Emissions Test Set Up
2. Photos Case Front and Back.
3. Photos RF PC Board.
4. Photo FCC ID Label
5. Test Equipment List.
6. Rogers Qualifications.
7. FCC Site Approval Letter.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST FOR ROGERS CONSULTING LABS, INC.

The equipment is used daily and kept in good calibration and operating condition. Calibration of critical items are checked for accuracy each time used.

Calibration Date:List of Test Equipment:

Scope: Tektronix 2230	2/98
Wattmeter: Bird 43 with Load Bird 8085	2/98
Power Supplies: Sorensen SRL 20-25, DCR 150, DCR 140	2/98
H/V Power Supply: Fluke Model: 408B (SN:573)	2/98
R.F. Generator: Boonton 102F	2/98
R.F. Generator: HP 606A	2/98
R.F. Generator: HP 8614A	2/98
R.F. Generator: HP 8640B	2/98
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8562A,	
Mixers: 11517A, 11980A & 11980K	
HP Adapters: 11518, 11519, 11520	6/97
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8591 EM	2/98
Frequency Counter: Weston 1255	2/98
Frequency Counter: Leader LDC 825	9/97
Antenna: EMCO Log Periodic	9/97
Antenna: BCD 235/BNC Antenna Research	2/98
Antenna: EMCO Dipole Set 3121C	2/98
Antenna: C.D. B-100	2/98
Antenna: Solar 9229-1 & 9230-1	2/98
Antenna: EMCO 6509	2/98
Microline Freq. Meter: Model 27B	2/98
Dana Modulation Meter: Model 9008	2/98
Audio Oscillator: H.P. 200CD	9/97
R.F. Power Amp 65W Model: 470-A-1000	9/97
R.F. Power Amp 50W M185- 10-500	9/97
R.F. PreAmp CPPA-102	
Shielded Room 5 M x 3 M x 2.5 M (100 dB Integrity)	9/97
LISN 50 μ Hy/50 ohm/0.1 μ f	2/98
LISN Compliance Eng. 240/20	2/98
SCS Power Amp Model: 2350A	2/98
Power Amp A.R. Model: 10W 1000M7	2/98
Linear Amp Mini Circuits: ZHL-1A (2 Units)	2/98
Combiner Unit Mini Circuits: ZSC-2-1 (2 Units)	2/98
ELGAR Model: 1751	2/98
ELGAR Model: TG 704A-3D	2/98
ELGAR Model: 400SD (PB)	10/95
ESD Test Set 2000i	10/95
Fast Transient Burst Generator Model: EFT/B-100	8/97
Current Probe: Singer CP-105	8/97
Current Probe: Solar 9108-1N	10/95
Field Intensity Meter: EFM-018	

02/01/98

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GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.
MODEL: VHF 720 011-00413-() SN: ENG-FCC1
Test #: 980421 FCC ID#: IPH-30800
Test to: FCC Parts 2

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