

Tire Pressure Generation TIS-10DL

Wheel Unit

Type

ASK/FSK 315 MHz

1. SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The tire pressure monitoring system (referred as TG for Tire Guard) consists of the following units:

- Tire guard wheel unit type TIS-10DL which includes an integrated pressure, temperature and acceleration sensor and a RF transmitter.
- LF unit which includes a LF receiver (not described in this document)

The TG monitors a vehicle's tire pressure whilst driving or stationary. An electronic unit (wheel unit) inside each tire, mounted to the valve stem, periodically measures the actual tire pressure. By means of RF communication, this pressure information is transmitted to the RF receiver.

2. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Carrier frequency:	315 MHz
Number of channels:	1
Type of modulation:	Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK)
Baud rate:	9600bps
Rated Output Power:	< 10mW
Antenna:	Internal
Voltage supply range:	2.1 up to 3.2V
Temperature range:	-40 up to +120°C

3. TYPICAL USAGE PATTERN

3.1 AVERAGE FACTOR CALCULATION (Standard 47 CFR Part 15C (periodic intentional transmitter))

Maximum transmitting duration in whatever 100ms windows: 10.31ms

$$\Rightarrow \text{Averaging factor} = 20 \times \log(10.31/100) = \underline{\underline{-19.73\text{dB}}}$$

Baudrate := 9600bps ToleranceBaudrate := 1%

Framebyte := 12byte + 2bit

Framebits := Framebyte

Framebits = 98

$$t_{\text{bit}} := \frac{1}{\text{Baudrate} \cdot (1 - \text{ToleranceBaudrate})}$$

$$t_{\text{bit}} = 0.10522\text{ms}$$

tFramebits := tbit · Framebits

tFramebits = 10.31145ms

tFrameFSKbits := tFramebits · 1 due to FSK 100%

$$\text{AveragingFactor_tFrame} := \left| 20 \log \left(\frac{t_{\text{FrameFSKbits}}}{100\text{ms}} \right) \right|$$

Averaging Factor_tFrame = -19.8dB

ASK WUP: 320 bits
Baudrate= 9600bps/s (+/-1%)
ASK: 50% duty cycle

Max WUP duration = 16.83ms

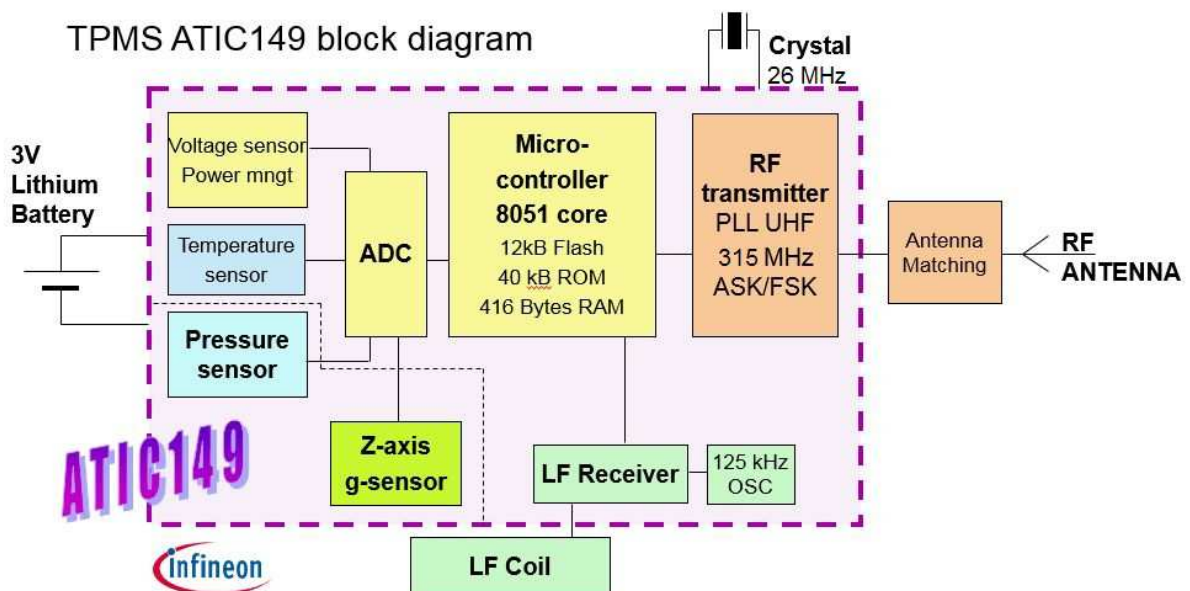
$$\text{AveragingFactor_tWUP} := \left\lceil 20 \log \left(\frac{\text{tWUPFrameASKbit}}{100\text{ms}} \right) \right\rceil$$

Averaging Factor_tWUP = -15.5dB

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

The block diagram below shows the main electronic units of the wheel unit:

1.1 block diagram



26MHz Xtal (Quartz): NDK2016A or KSS CX2016DB



5. PICTURE



6. LABEL

6.1USA

Continental
TIS-10DL
FCC ID: KR5TIS-10DL

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



6.2 CANADA

Continental
Model: TIS-10DL
IC: 7812D-TIS10DL

Canada, Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED) Notices

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Avis du Canada, Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada (ISED)

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- (1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

CAUTION:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.