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March 12, 2014

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Prüfbericht / Test Report

Nr. / No. 708432-35364-1e (Edition 4)

Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia Pty. Ltd
Type of equipment: Hyundai Remote Control Transmitter
Type designation: 315 MHz
Order No.: 4500452091
Test standards: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,
CFR 47, Part 15,
Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.231

Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications
RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.4 and
RSS-210 Issue 8, Section A1.1 (Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

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1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General data of EUT

Type designation ¹ :	315 MHz
Parts ² :	
Serial number(s):	--
Manufacturer:	Robert Bosch Australia Pty. Ltd
Type of equipment:	Hyundai Remote Control Transmitter
Version:	
FCC ID:	LXP-RKE225
Industry Canada ID:	2298A-RKE225
Additional parts/accessories:	

Technical data of EUT

Application frequency range:	315 MHz
Frequency range:	315 MHz
Operating frequency:	315 MHz
Type of modulation:	ASK
Pulse train:	
Pulse width:	
Number of RF-channels:	1
Channel spacing:	--
Designation of emissions ³ :	
Type of antenna:	Integrated
Size/length of antenna:	--
Connection of antenna:	☐ detachable ☒ not detachable
Type of power supply:	Battery supply
Specifications for power supply:	nominal voltage: 3 V V

¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

² Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.

³ Also known as "Class of Emission".

2 Administrative Data

Application details

Applicant (full address):	Robert Bosch Australia Pty. Ltd Cnr Centre & McNaughton Roads Clayton Vic 3168, Australia
Contact person:	Mrs. Yasmeen de La Croix
Order number:	4500452091
Receipt of EUT:	2014-01-27
Date(s) of test:	2014-01-27 to 2014-02-04
Note(s):	--

Report details

Report number:	708432-35364-1e
Edition:	4
Issue date:	March 12, 2014

3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name:	TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany
Laboratory accreditation:	DAkkS Registration No. D-PL-11321-11-01
FCC test site registration number	90926
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-2
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt
	Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99

4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.231(a)-(d)
of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications
RSS-Gen Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.4 and
RSS-210 Issue 8, Sections A1.1.1 to A1.1.4 (Category I Equipment)

of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report

Laboratory Manager:



Mr. Johann Roidt

Responsible for testing:



Mr. Martin Steindl

Responsible for test report:

Mr. Martin Steindl

5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode(s)

Transmitting mode

Configuration(s) of EUT

The measurements were performed in three orthogonal positions (X – Y – Z) of EUT

List of ports and cables

Port	Description	Classification ⁴	Cable type	Cable length
1	--			

List of devices connected to EUT

Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	Fixture for pressing button	--	--	--

List of support devices

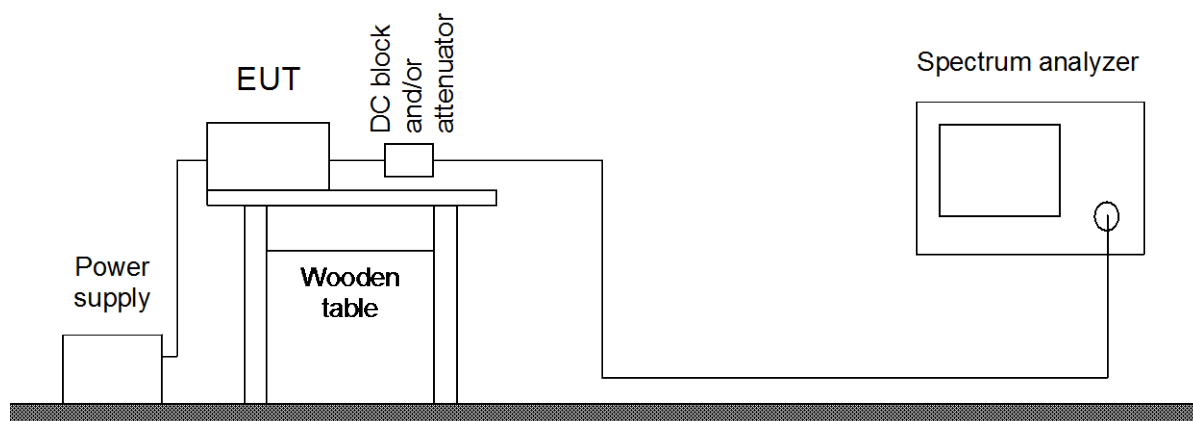
Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	--			

⁴ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port

6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below ☒ Radiated: Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.5)
If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable. If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range. The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).	

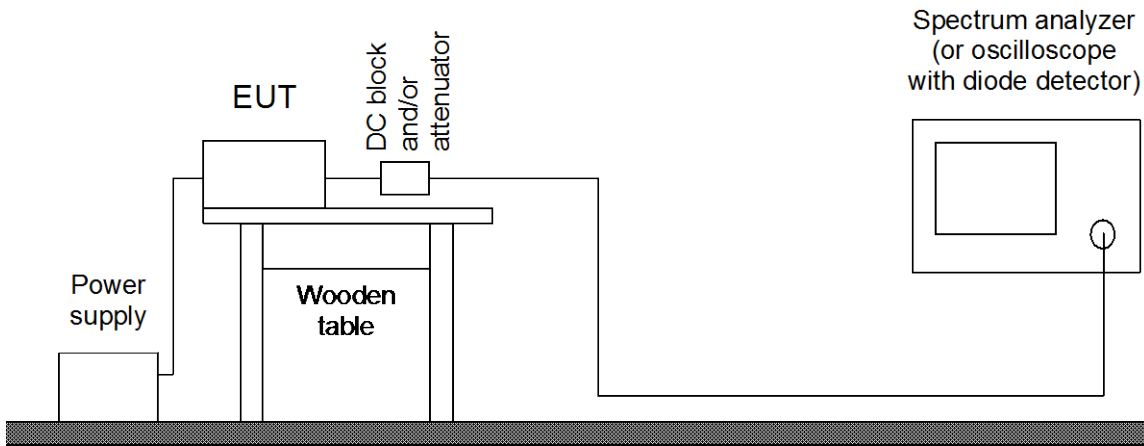


Test instruments used for conducted measurements:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Power meter	NRVS	1264	836856/015	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Peak power sensor	NRV-Z31	1701	8579604.03	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Power sensor	NRV-Z52	1499	837901/030	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Power sensor	NRV-Z4	1034	863828/015	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
☐ Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
☐ Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda

6.2 Pulse Train Measurement

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.35(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.5
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below (direct connection or via test fixture) ☒ Radiated: Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.5)
If antenna is detachable pulse train measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement). The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer or to a diode detector in combination with an oscilloscope. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable. If antenna is not detachable a test fixture may be used instead of direct connection to RF output terminals. If radiated measurements are performed similar test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range. However, the spectrum analyzer may be replaced by a diode detector connected to an oscilloscope.	



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Diode detector negative	8473D	1581	01492	Hewlett Packard
☐ Oscilloscope	54602B	1535	US35060304	Hewlett Packard
☐ Digital oscilloscope	Wave Surfer 452	1796	LCRY0301J11938	LeCroy
☐ Test probe	TP 01	1628	001	TÜV SÜD PS
☐ DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
☐ Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
☐ Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda

6.3 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207
 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.4

Guide: ANSI C63.4 (CISPR 22)

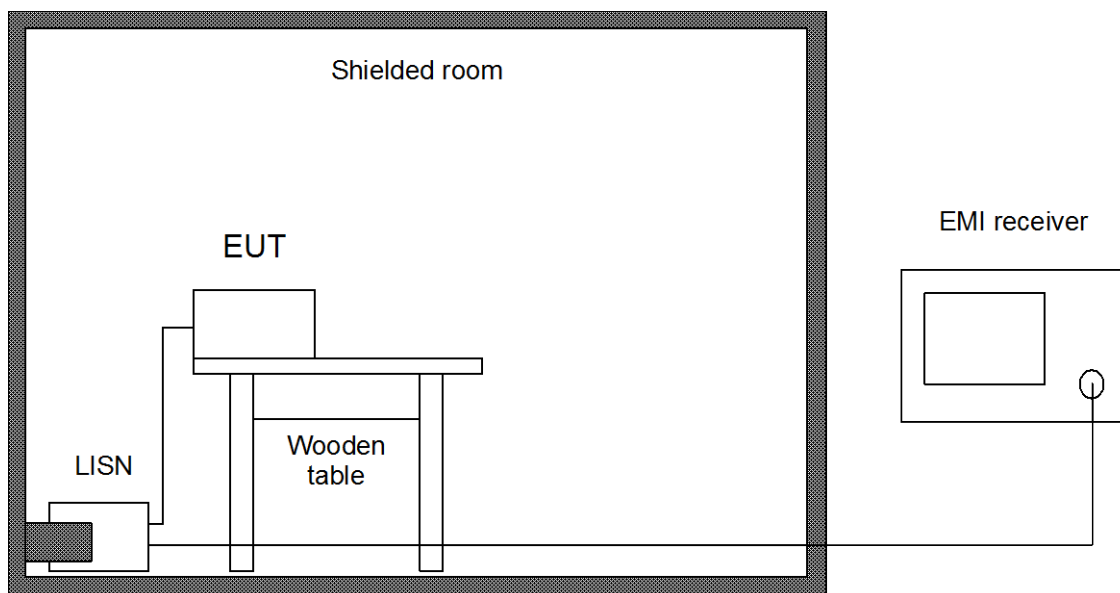
Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.

If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.

Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN. Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☐ Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1059	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1218	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	1536	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Shielded room	No. 1	1451	---	Albatross
☐ Shielded room	No. 4	1454	3FD 100 544	Euroshield

6.4 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.215(b) and 15.231(b)(3)
 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.2(b)

Guide: ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

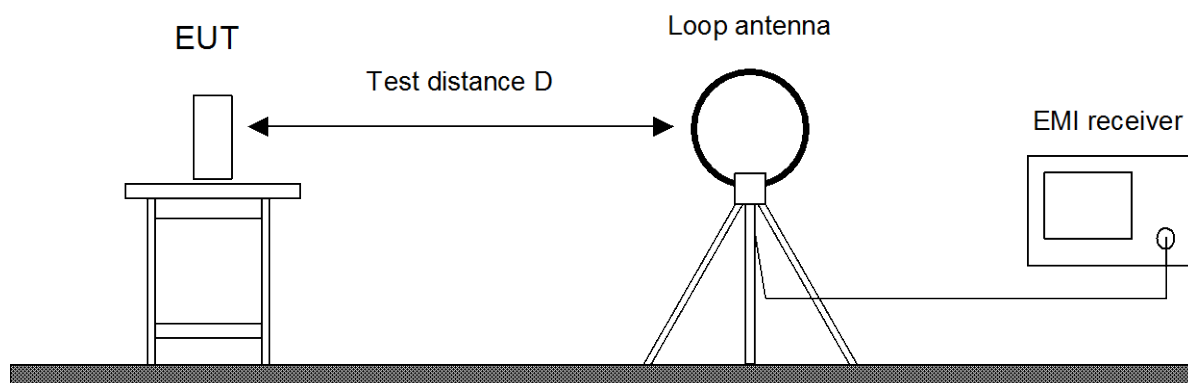
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

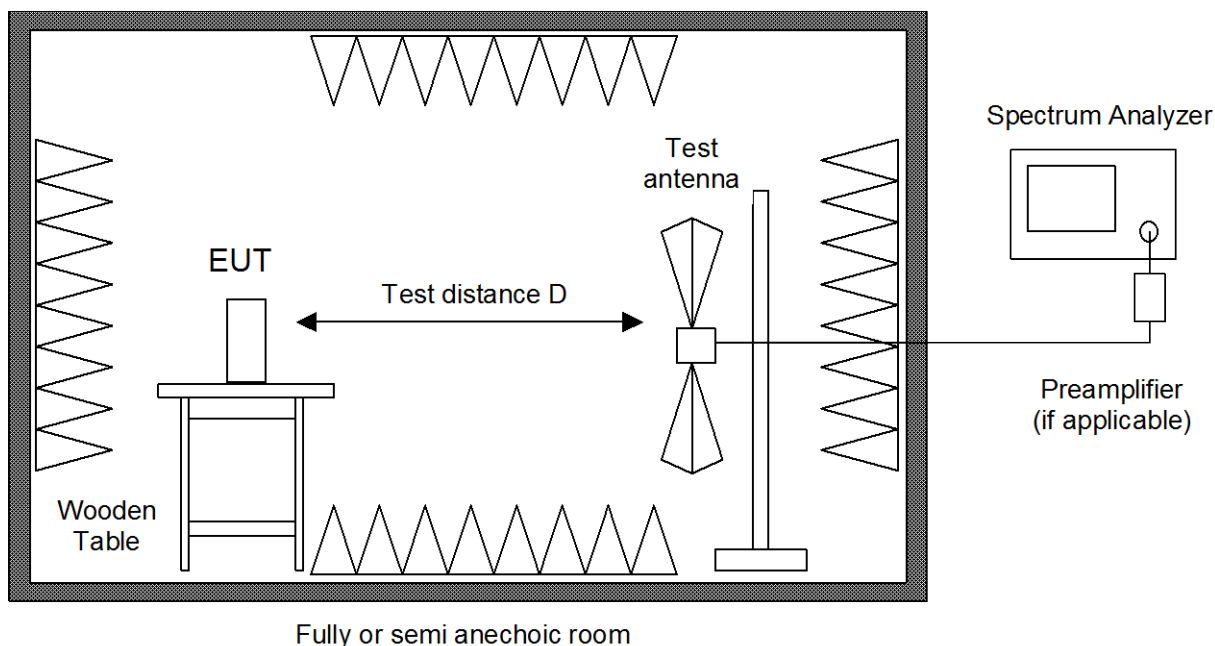


Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒	Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☒	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	1016	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐	Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☒	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.5 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.215(b) and 15.231 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.2
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33. Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz). Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used. All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary. If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value. Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing. During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions. For final testing below 1 GHz a semi anechoic room complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites is used (see 6.6). If prescans are recorded in fully anechoic room they are indicated appropriately.	

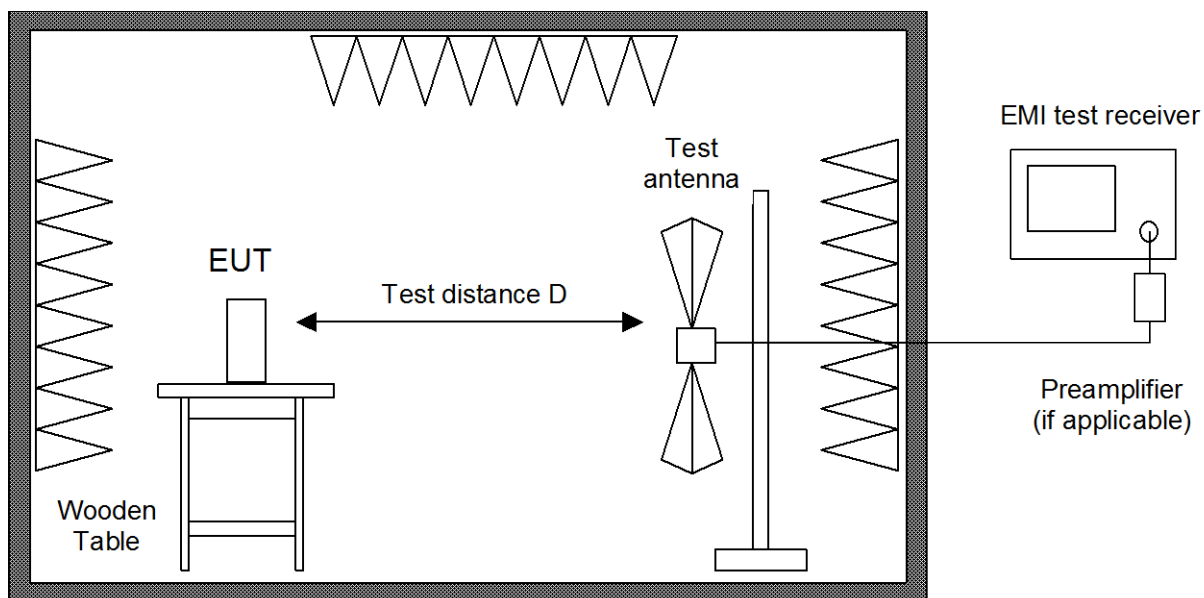


Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒	Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	Cabin no. 3 ESPI7	2010	101018	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☐	Preamplifier	R14601	1142	13120026	Advantest
☒	Preamplifier (1 - 8 GHz)	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	1684	847743	Miteq
☐	Preamplifier (0.5 - 8 GHz)	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	1685	860149	Miteq
☐	Preamplifier (8 - 18 GHz)	ACO/180-3530	1484	32641	CTT
☐	External Mixer	WM782A	1576	845881/005	Tektronix
☐	Harmonic Mixer Accessories	FS-Z30	1577	624413/003	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 2 VULB 9163	1802	9163-214	Schwarzbeck
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 3 VULB 9163	1722	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☒	Horn antenna	3115	1516	9508-4553	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-03	1010	9112-1003	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-04	1011	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-05	1012	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-06	1013	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-07	1014	9112-1008	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-08	1015	9112-1002	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-09	1265	9403-1025	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-10	1575	399185	EMCO
☒	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐	Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☐	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.6 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.215(b) and 15.231 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.2
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected. If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value. Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room. If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels. Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following. With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions. In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is discharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions. For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.	



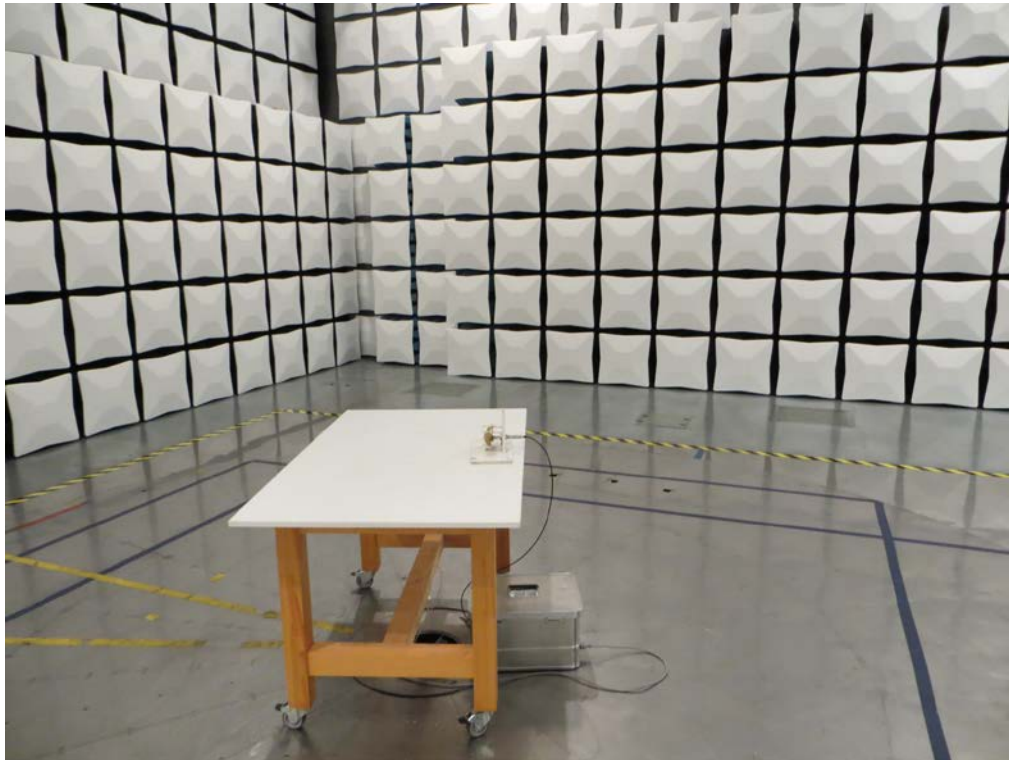
Alternate test site (semi anechoic room)

Test instruments used:

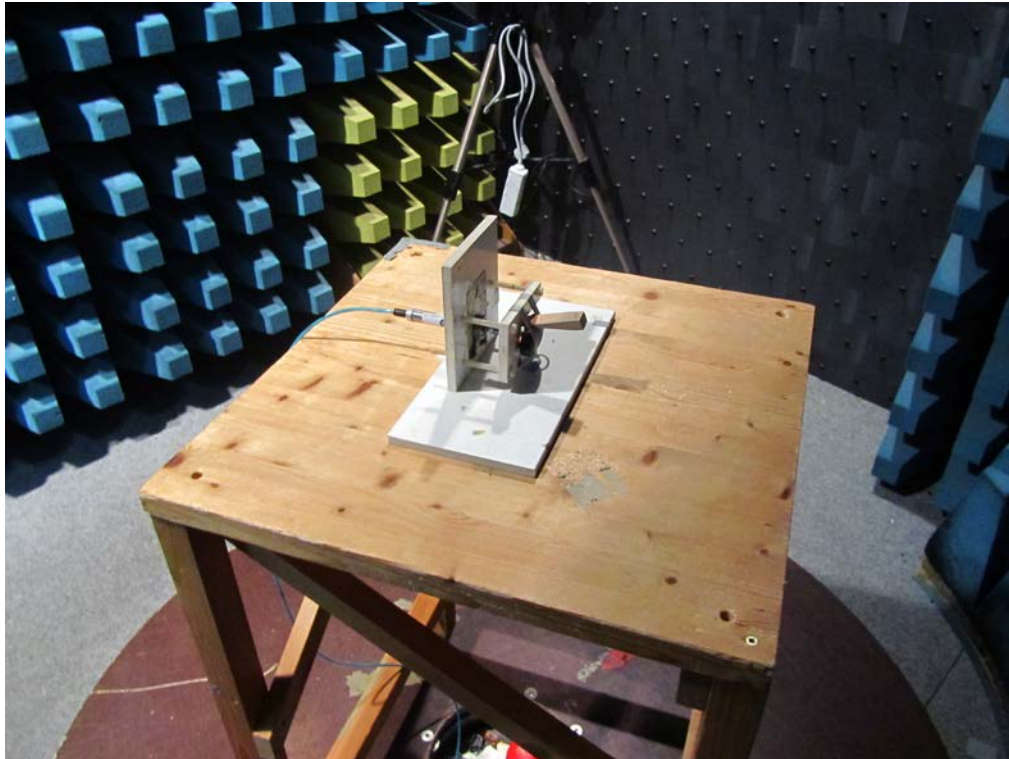
Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☒	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

7 Photographs Taken During Testing

Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room)





Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site)



Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power	---	Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	27	Recorded
15.215(c) 15.231(c)	Bandwidth of the emission	31	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	34	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation	35	Recorded
15.205(a)	Restricted bands of operation	38	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	---	Not applicable
15.231(a)	Periodic operation requirements	39	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.231(b)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	40	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.215(b) 15.231(b)	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 3.2 GHz	41	Test passed
15.231(d)	Carrier frequency stability	---	Not applicable

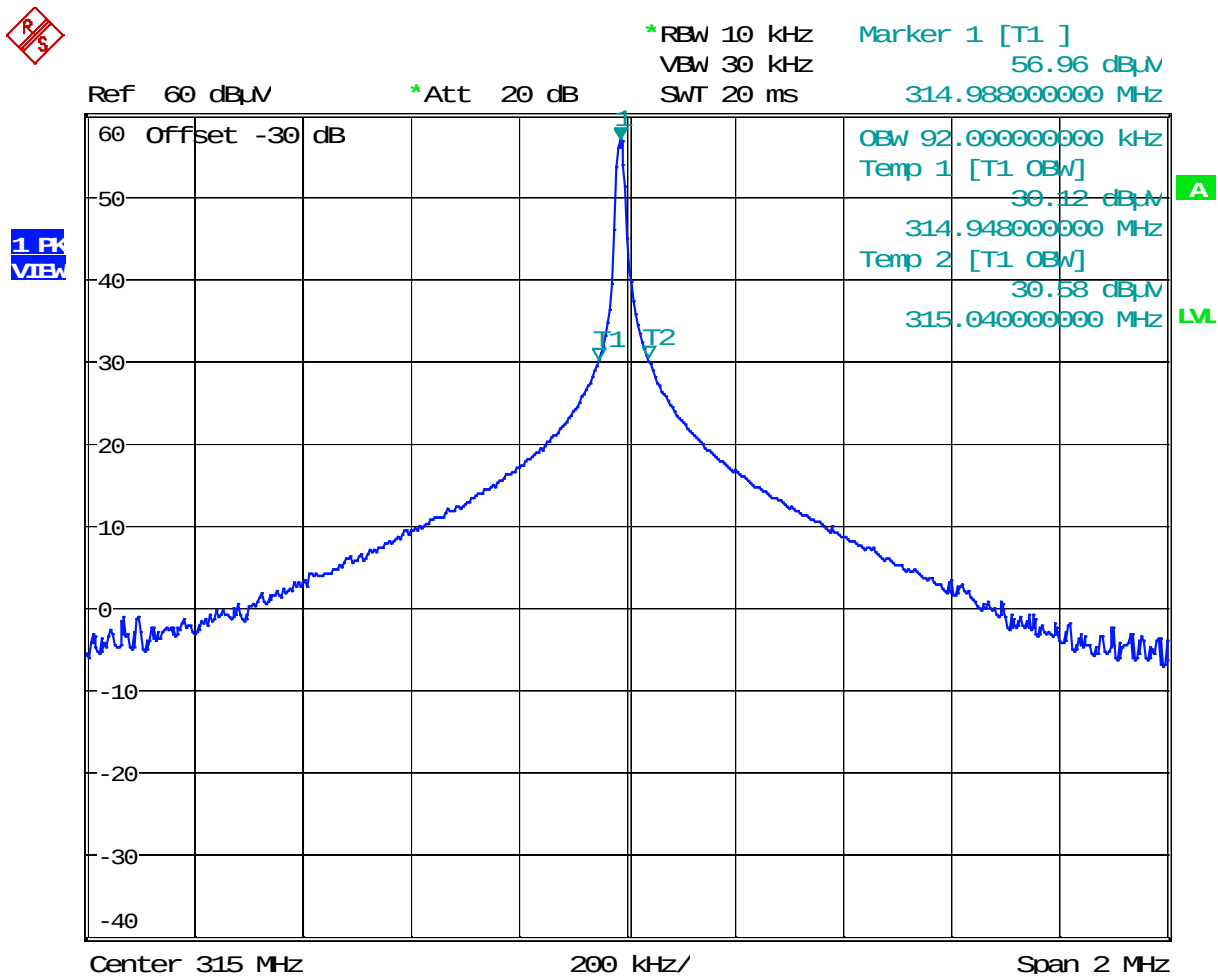
IC RSS-Gen Issue 3			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
4.8	Transmitter output power (conducted)	---	Not applicable
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	27	Recorded
8	Designation of emissions	34	Calculated
4.5	Pulsed operation	35	Recorded
7.2.4	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	---	Not applicable
7.2.2(a)	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	38	Test passed
7.2.2(b)(c), 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	40	Test passed
7.2.2(b)(c), 7.2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 3.2 GHz	41	Test passed
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	43	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

IC RSS-210 Issue 8			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
A1.1.1	Requirements for momentarily operated devices	39	Test passed
A1.1.2	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	40	Test passed
A1.1.2	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 3.2 GHz	41	Test passed
A1.1.3	Bandwidth of momentary signals	33	Test passed
A1.1.4	Carrier frequency stability	---	Not applicable

7.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission. The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	
Comment:	--	
Date of test:	2014-01-27	
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



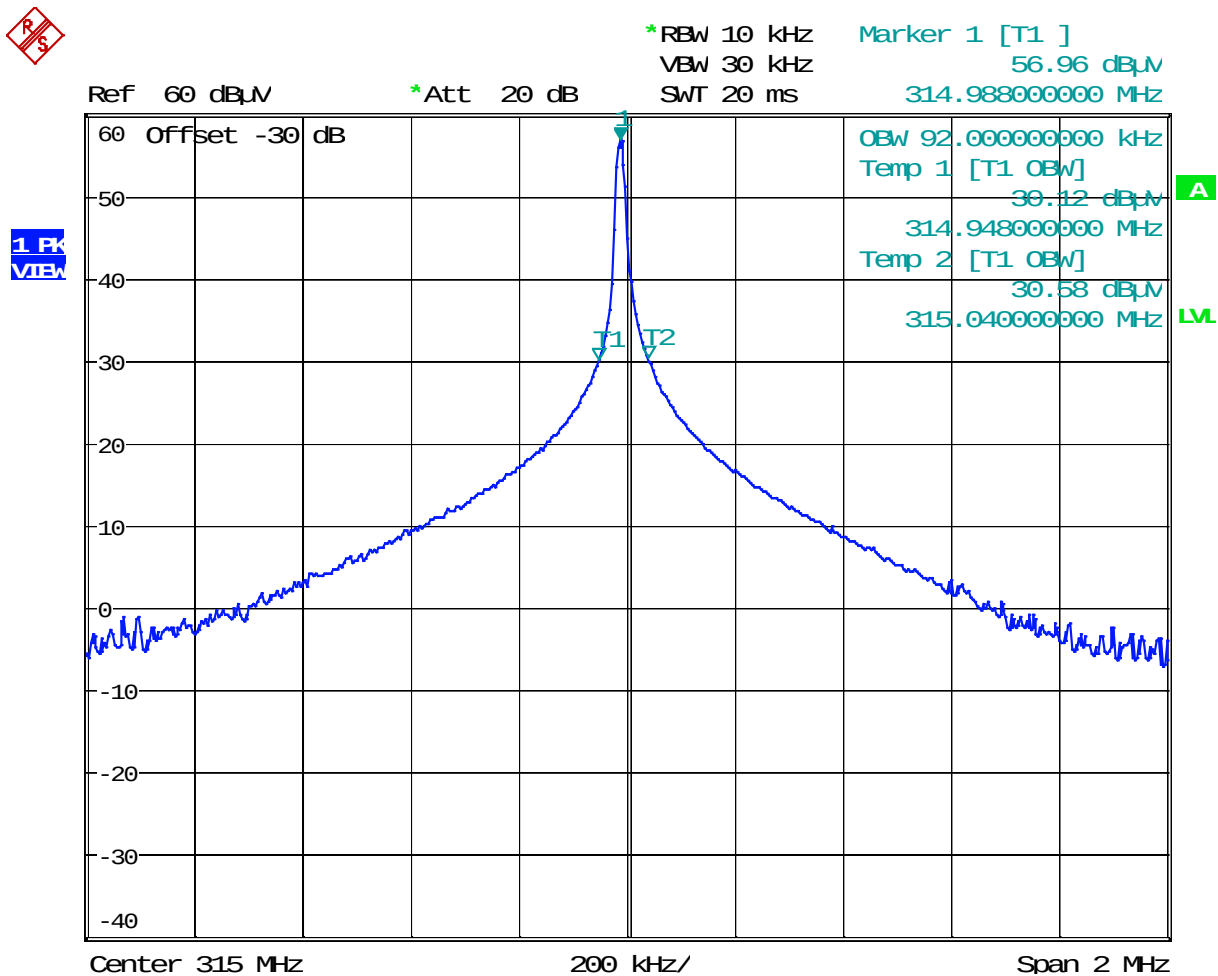
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):	92 kHz
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Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	--
Date of test:	2014-01-27
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

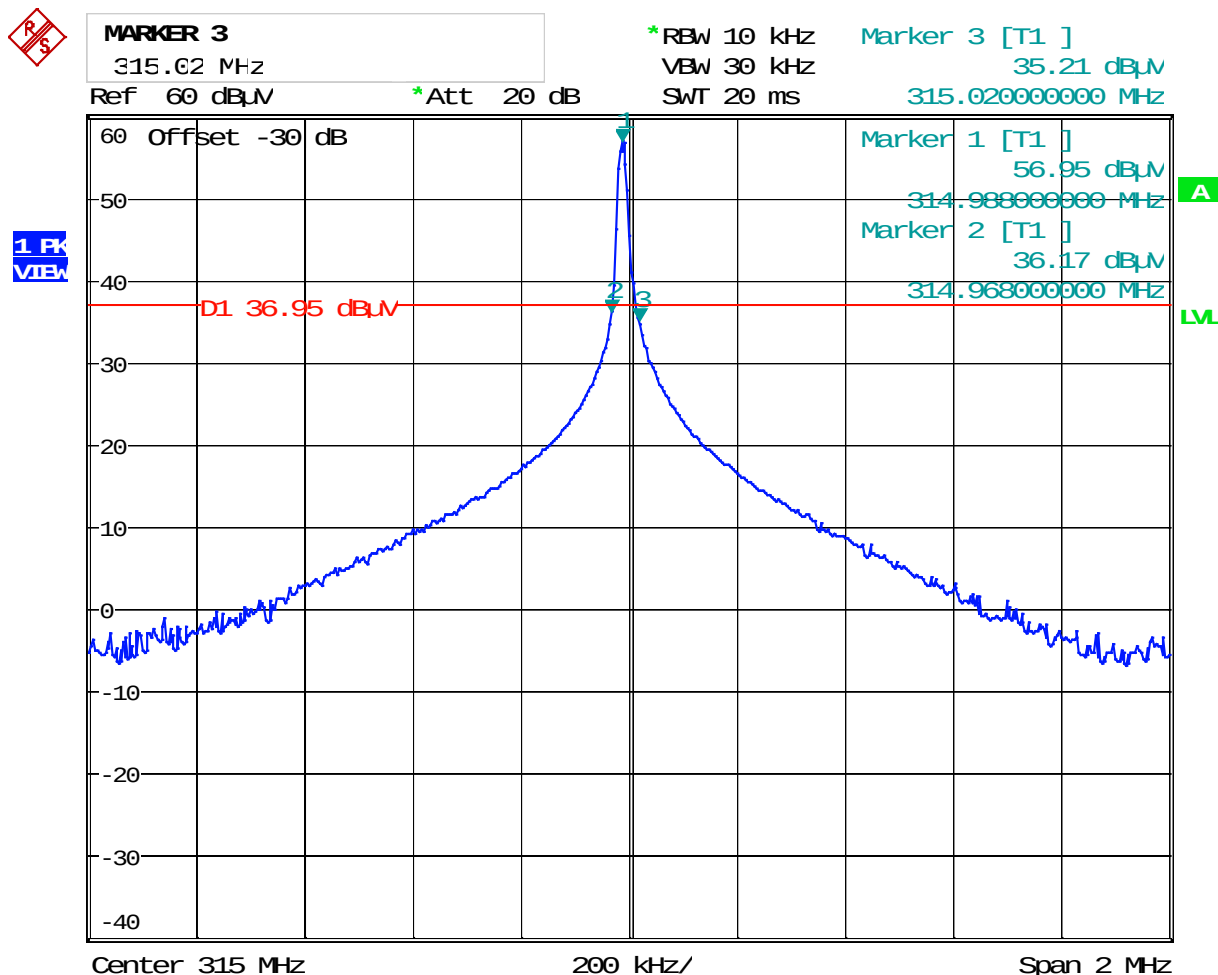
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):	92 kHz
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7.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c)	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	
Comment:	--	
Date of test:	2014-01-27	
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	



Permitted frequency band:	315 MHz	
20 dB bandwidth:	20 kHz	
Carrier frequency stability:	☐ specified	☒ not specified
Maximum frequency tolerances:	+..... kHz - kHz	
Bandwidth of the emission:	20 kHz	within permitted frequency band ⁵ : ☒ yes ☐ no

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

⁵ If a frequency stability is not specified, it is recommended that the fundamental emission is kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

7.3 Bandwidth of Momentary Signals

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.3
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Limit:	For the purpose of Section A1.1, the 99% bandwidth shall be no wider than 0.25% of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the centre frequency.

Operating frequency:	315 MHz
Bandwidth limit:	787.5 kHz
Occupied bandwidth:	92 kHz
Emission bandwidth within bandwidth limit:	☒ yes ☐ no

Test Result:	Test passed
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7.4 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 8
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
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B_n = Necessary Bandwidth	$B_n = 2BK$
B = Modulation rate	$B = 10 \text{ kHz}$
K = Overall numerical factor	$K = 1$
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (10 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 20 \text{ kHz}$

Designation of Emissions:	20K0A1D
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7.5 Pulse Train Measurement

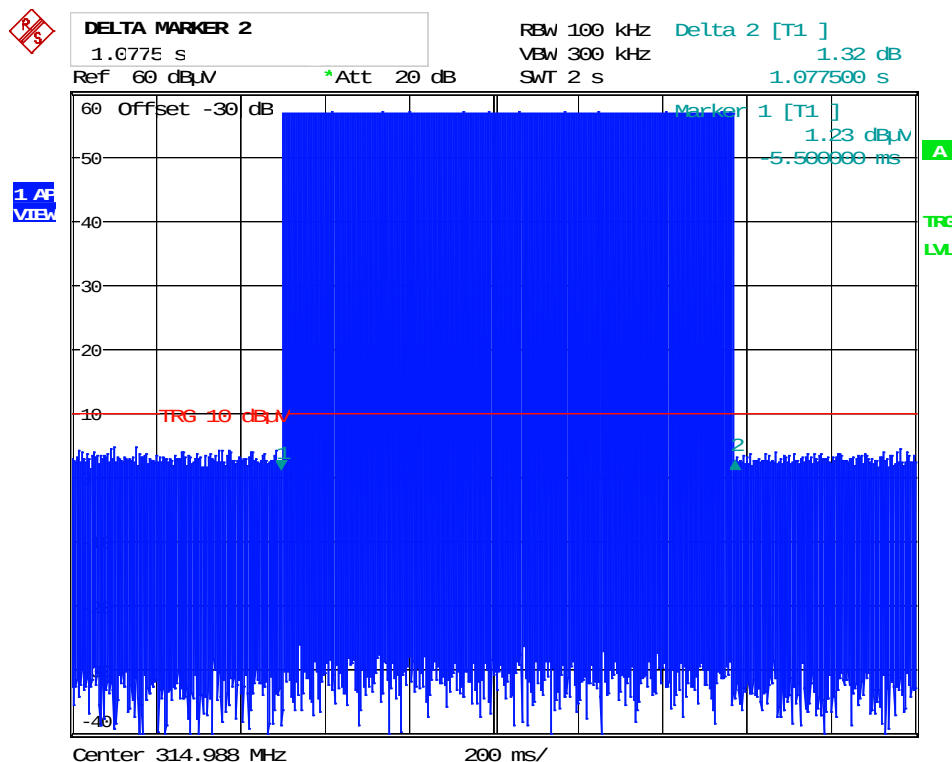
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.35(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.5
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Measurement procedure:	Pulse Train Measurement (6.2)

Comment:	--
Date of test:	2014-01-27
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

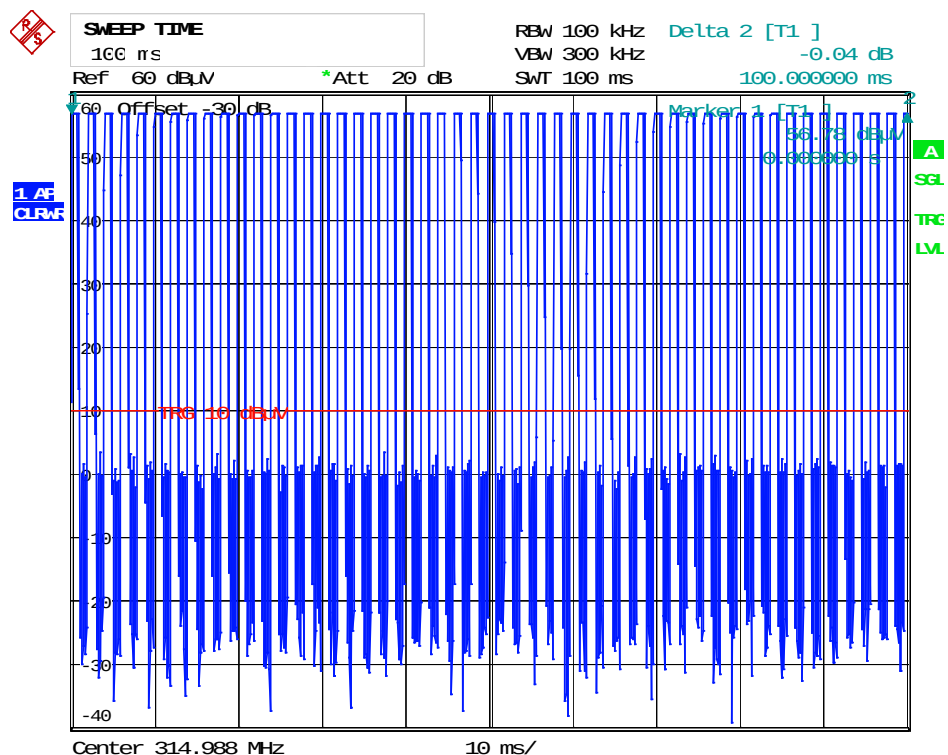
Calculation of pulse train correction:

Total Pulse Train:	TTotal	~ 1077 ms
Pulse Train Time:	T _{pt}	= ~ 200 ms
Period Time:	T _{period}	= 100 ms
No. of TX-ON Pulses		= 51 Pulse pairs with either 1 ms or 1.5 ms forming a rolling code data telegram
TX-On-Time (worst case):	T _{on}	= 59.16 ms
Pulse Train Correction:	C _{pt}	= 20 · Log(T _{on} / T _{period}) dB = -4.6 dB
Note:	This transmitter uses a rolling code to prevent replay attacks in keyless entry applications. Therefore, the following plots had to be taken from different transmissions and can not be identical. However, the calculation of the pulse train correction is based on a worst-case scenario.	

Total Pulse Train :



Worst case 0.1 second interval:





DELTA MARKER 2

1.16 ms

Ref 60 dB μ V

*Att 20 dB

RBW 100 kHz

VBW 300 kHz

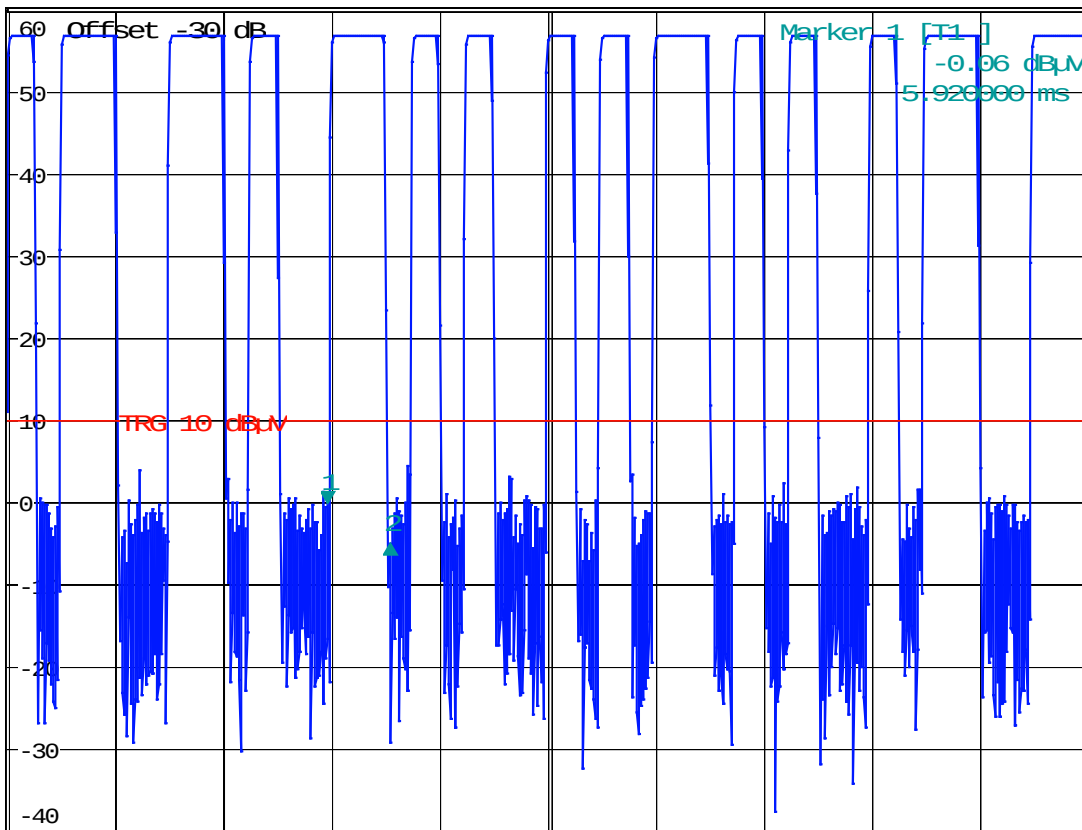
SWT 20 ms

Delta 2 [T1]

-4.85 dB

1.160000 ms

1 AF
VIEW



A

TRG

LM

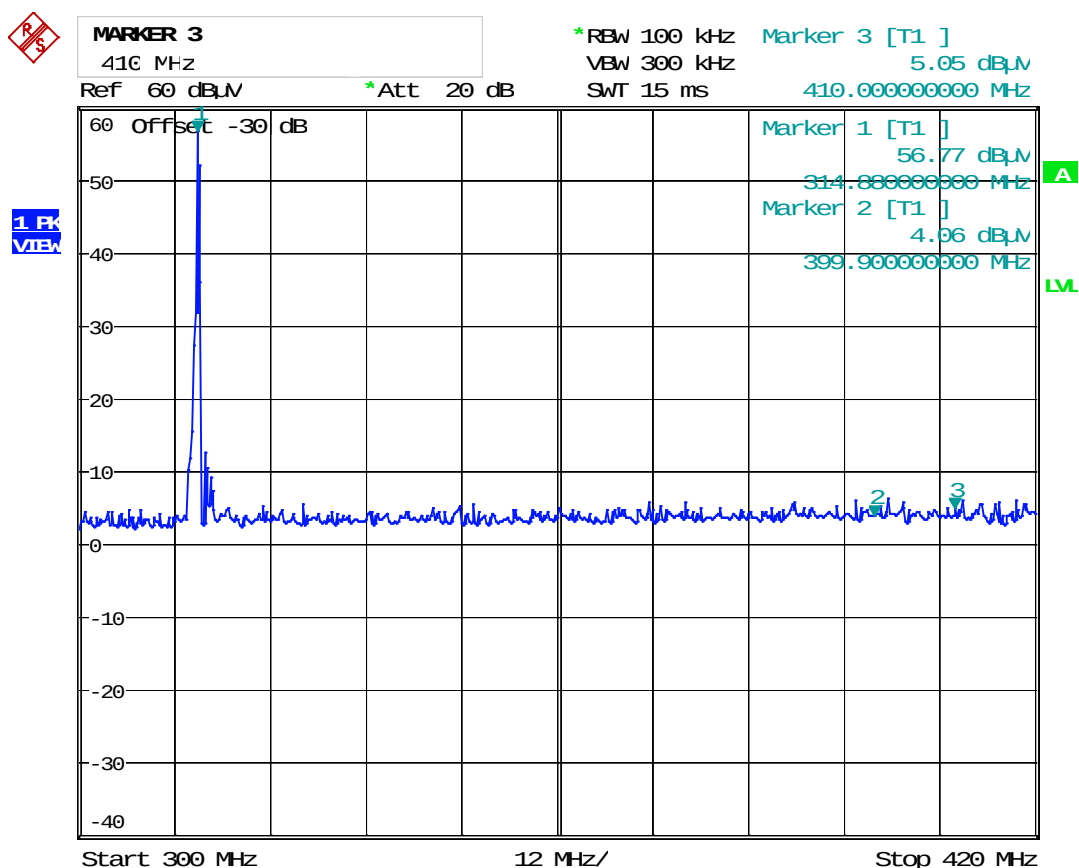
Center 314.988 MHz

2 ms/

7.6 Restricted Bands of Operation

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section 7.2.2(a)
Guide :	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed in CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) or IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.2(a).
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.5)

Comment:	--
Date of test:	2014-01-27
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters



Test Result:	Test passed
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7.7 Periodic Operation Requirements

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.231(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.1
Guide:	---

Periodic operation requirements	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Test performed	Passed
The transmitter is used for				
☐ security or safety applications ☒ other applications		☒		
The transmitter is operated				
☒ manually ☐ automatically		☒		
Periodic operation according to				
☒ CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.231(a) / IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.1				
Only control signals are sent and there is no continuous transmission	☒	☒	☐	☒
A manually operated transmitter employs a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released	☒	☒	☐	☒
A transmitter activated automatically ceases transmission within 5 seconds after activation	☐	☐	☐	☐
Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are ☐ not performed ☐ performed with total transmission time of two seconds per hour or less (for polling or supervision transmissions to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications)	☐	☐	☐	☐
☐ CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.231(e) / IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.5				
The device is provided with a means for automatically limiting operation so that the duration of each transmission is not greater than one second and the silent period between transmissions is at least 30 times the duration of the transmission but in no case less than 10 seconds.	☐	☐	☐	☐

Note: Result may be based on the appropriate declaration of the applicant (i.e. no test is performed). However, in this case there is no verification by the test laboratory.

7.8 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.215(b) and 15.231(b)(3) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.2(b)			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 – 20 · log(F(kHz))	300
	0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 – 20 · log(F(kHz))	30
	1.705 – 30.000	30	29.5	30
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.				
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.4)			

Comment:	--
Date of test:	2014-01-27
Test site:	Fully anechoic chamber

Test Result:	Test passed
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No Results

Extrapolation factor: -40 dB/decade										
Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Distance d1 (m)	Distance d (m)	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Extrapolation Factor (dB)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
0,45540	Peak	3	300	36,3	20,0	-80,0		-23,7	14,4	38,1
0,52770	Peak	3	30	34,5	20,0	-40,0		14,5	33,2	18,7

Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} = (\text{Log}(d) - \text{Log}(d_1)) \cdot \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)}$$

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} = \text{Reading Value } d_1 \text{ (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

7.9 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 3.2 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.215(b) and 15.231(b) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.2				
Guide :	ANSI C63.4				
Limit:	In addition to the provisions of section 15.205, the field strength shall not exceed the levels as listed in the table below or the general limits shown in section 15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength. In no case shall the level of the unwanted emissions exceed the field strength of the fundamental emission.				
	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength of Fundamental ($\mu\text{V/m}$) (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)		Field Strength of Spurious Emissions ($\mu\text{V/m}$) (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)	
	40.66 – 40.70	2,250	67.0	225 **	47.0
	70 – 130	1,250	61.9	125	41.9
	130 – 174	1,250 to 3,750 *	61.9 to 71.5	125 to 375 *	41.9 to 51.5
	174 – 260	3,750	71.5	375	51.5
	260 – 470	3,750 to 12,500 *	71.5 to 81.9	375 to 1,250 *	51.5 to 61.9
	Above 470	12,500	81.9	1,250	61.9
* linear interpolations ** for harmonics only					
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.5) Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site (6.6)				

Comment:	The final measurement in cabin no. 8 was carried out in worst case scenario from the Pre-scan from cabin no. 2.
Date of test:	2014-01-27
Test site:	Frequencies $\leq$ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies $>$ 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
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Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
315,000	vertical	Peak	58,3	15,2	-4,6	68,9	75,6	6,7
630,000	horizontal	Peak	15,3	21,4	-4,6	32,1	55,6	23,5
946,000	horizontal	Peak	12,4	25,1	-4,6	32,9	55,6	22,7
1259,600	horizontal	Peak	14,9	28,8	-4,6	39,1	54,0	14,9
1576,400	horizontal	Peak	19,4	30,1	-4,6	44,8	54,0	9,2
1888,800	vertical	Peak	15,4	31,7	-4,6	42,5	55,6	13,2
1972,400	horizontal	Peak	14,0	32,1		46,1	55,6	9,5
2205,600	vertical	Peak	13,5	32,9	-4,6	41,7	54,0	12,3
2522,400	vertical	Peak	16,4	33,7	-4,6	45,5	55,6	10,1
2839,200	vertical	Peak	12,0	35,2	-4,6	42,7	54,0	11,3

Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

8 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

☒	CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2013
☒	CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2013
☒	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
☐	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	June 7, 2009 (published on September 15, 2009)
☒	RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 3 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 8 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☐	RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 3 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	March 2010, footnote 13 updated December 2010
☐	ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 5 (Information Technology Equipment (ITE) – Limits and methods of measurement), published by Industry Canada	August 2012
☒	CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997

☐	CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2010
☒	TRC-43	Designation of Emissions, Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	November 2012

9 Test Equipment List with Calibration Data

Type	Inv.-No.	Type Designation	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Organization	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
EMI test receiver	2044	ESU8	100232	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	09/2012	03/2014
Spectrum analyser	1666	FSP30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
Preamplifier	1684	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	847743	MITEQ	TÜV SÜD PS-EMC-STR	10/2013	04/2015
Preamplifier	1685	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	860149	MITEQ	TÜV SÜD PS-EMC-STR	08/2013	11/2015
Preamplifier	1716	CPA9231A	3557	Schaffner EMC Systems	TÜV SÜD PS-EMC-STR	09/2012	03/2014
Double ridged waveguide horn antenna	1516	3115	9508-4553	EMCO Elektronik	Seibersdorf Laboratories	11/2012	11/2014
Loop antenna	1016	HFH2-Z2	882964/0001	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	2058	VULB 9163	9163-408	Schwarzbeck	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014

Note 1: No calibration required.

Note 2: Not calibrated separately but with the whole test system when recording calibration data.

Note 3: No calibration required. Devices are checked before use.

Note 4: No calibration required. Devices are checked by calibrated equipment during test.

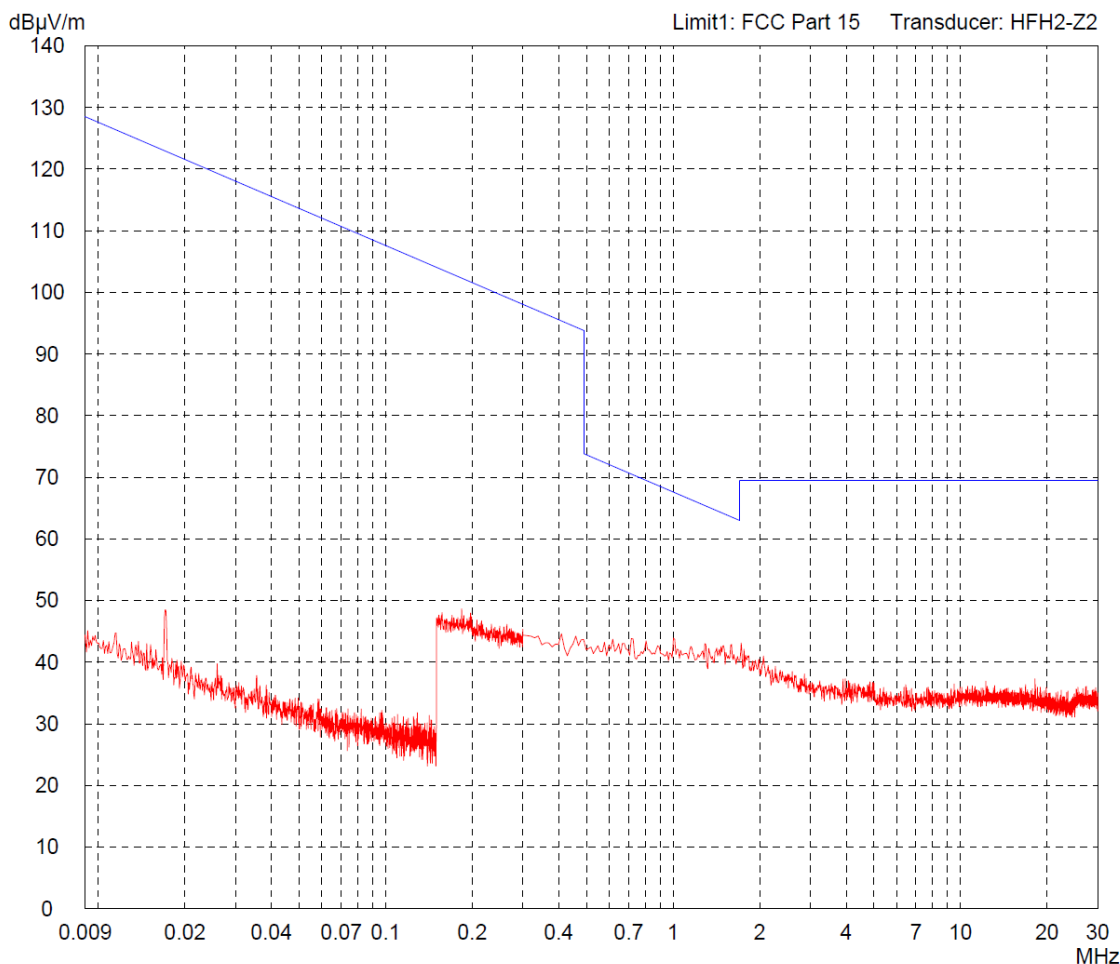
10 Revision History

Revision History			
<i>Edition</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
1	2014-02-05	M. Biberger (gz)	First Edition
2	2014-03-12	J. Roidt	Page 35: Pluse train correction factor calculation updated
3	2014-04-03	J. Roidt	Page 35: Note added, explaining rolling code
4	2014-04-08	J. Roidt	Page 42: Detector function corrected to Peak

Annex A Charts taken during testing

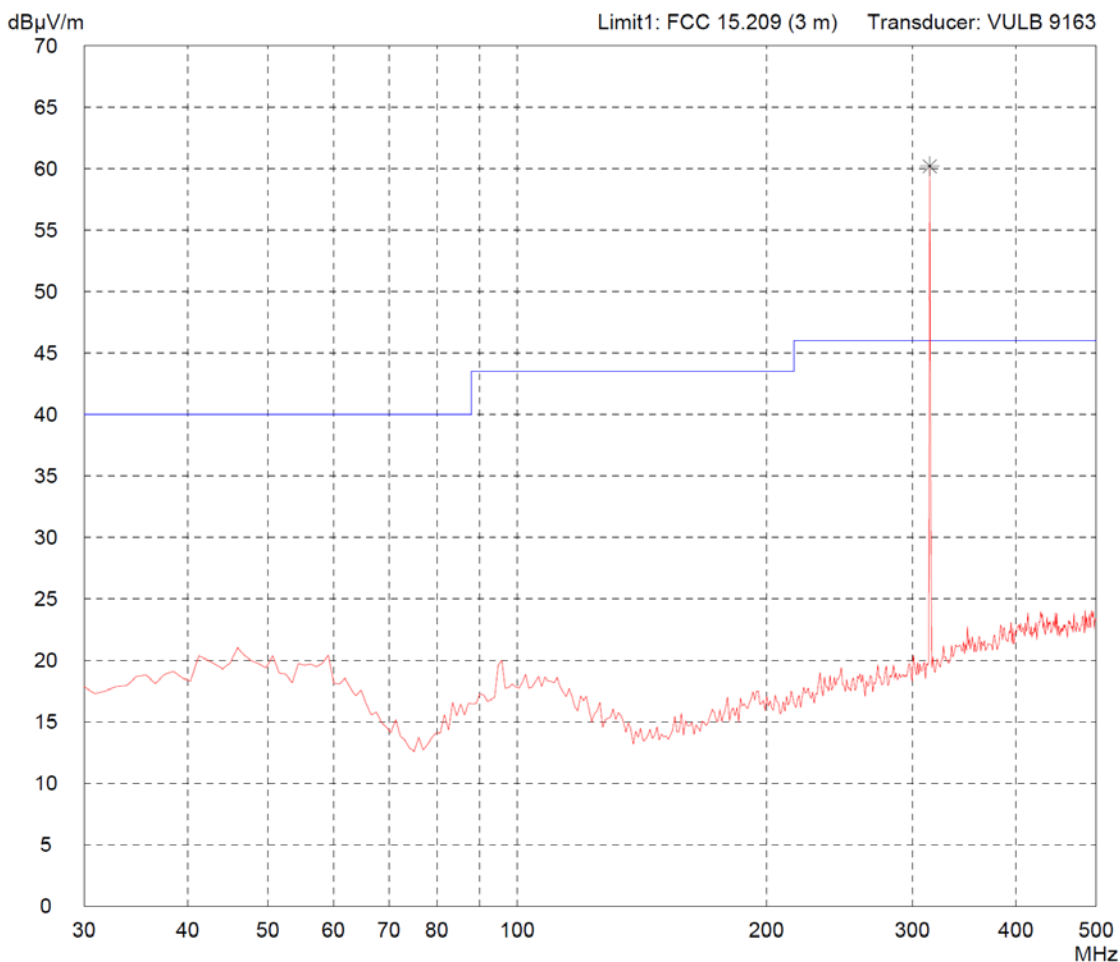
Radiated Emission Test 9 kHz - 30 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: by hand File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



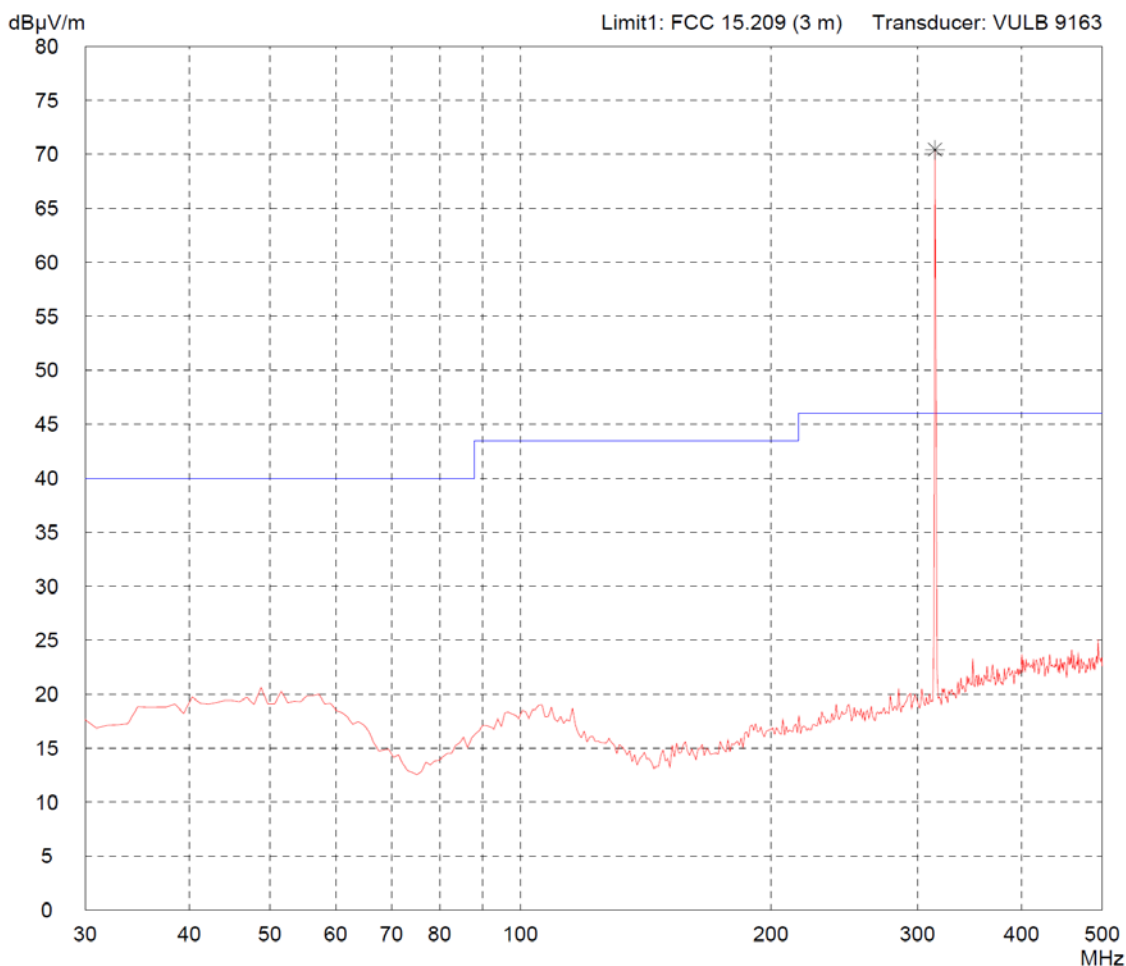
Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 500 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



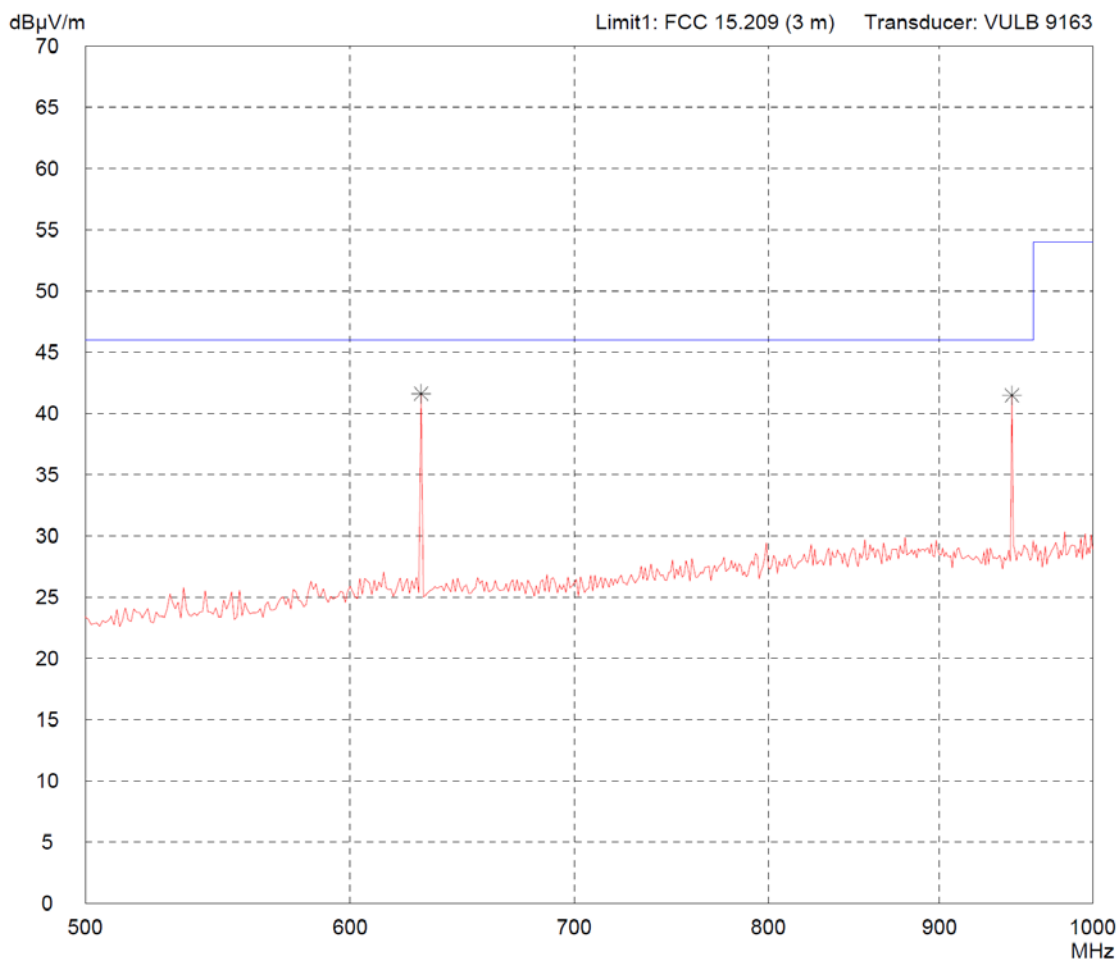
Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 500 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



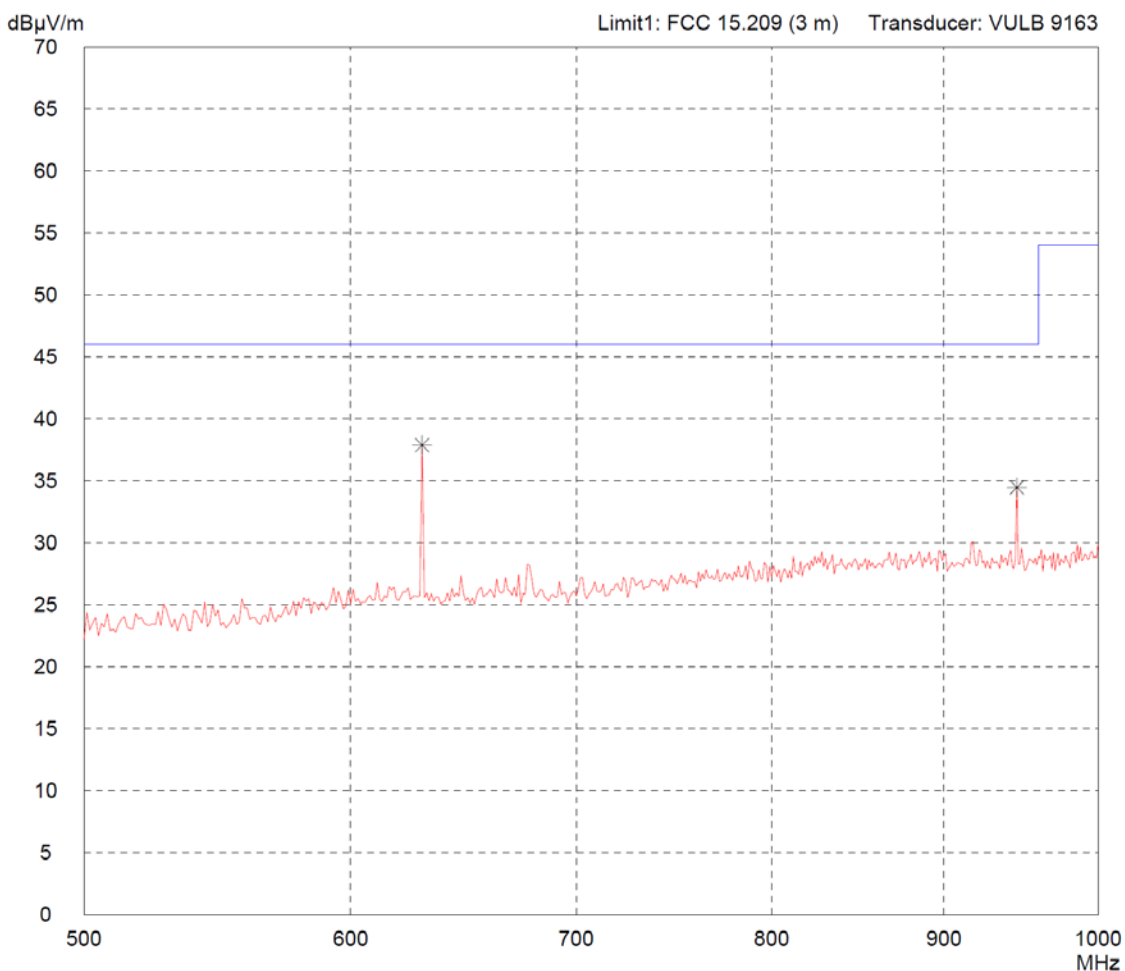
Radiated Emission Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



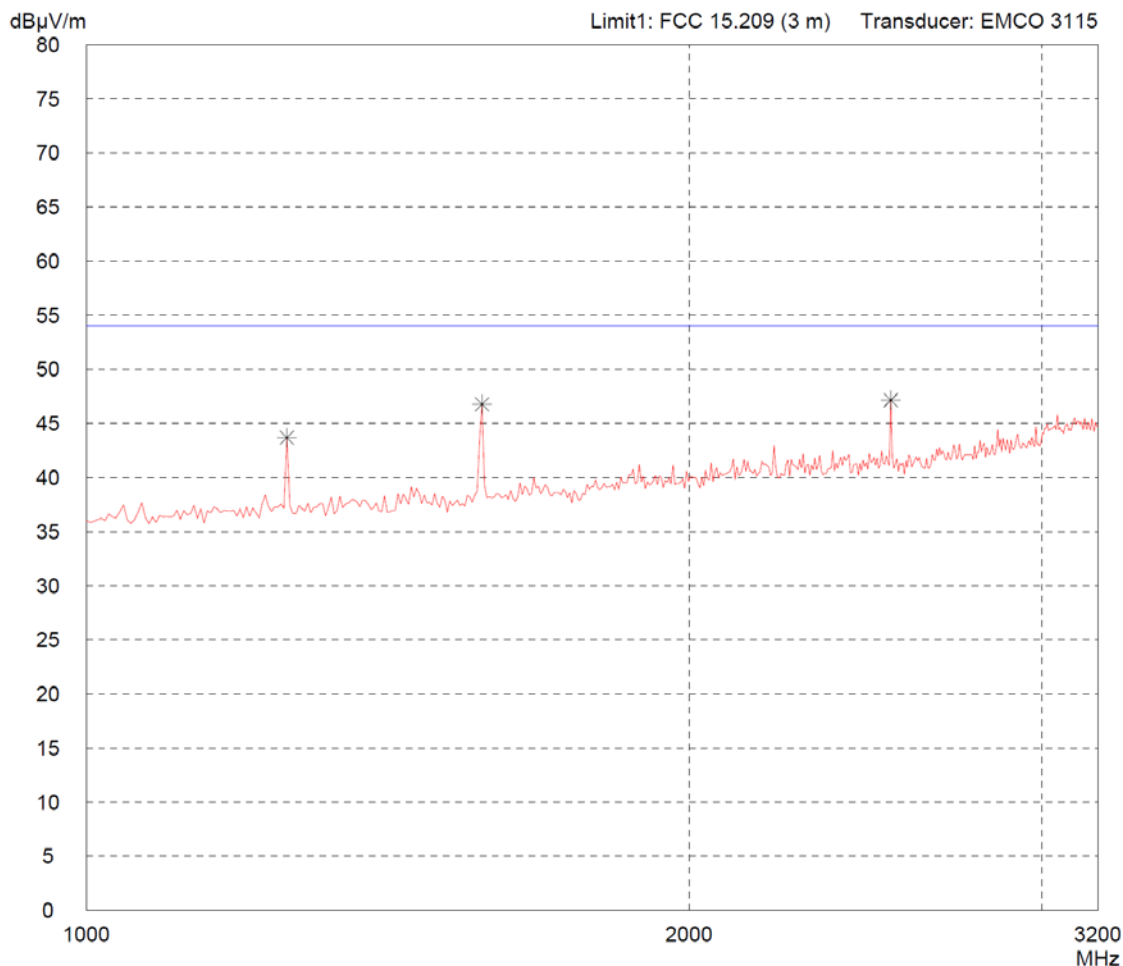
Radiated Emission Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand



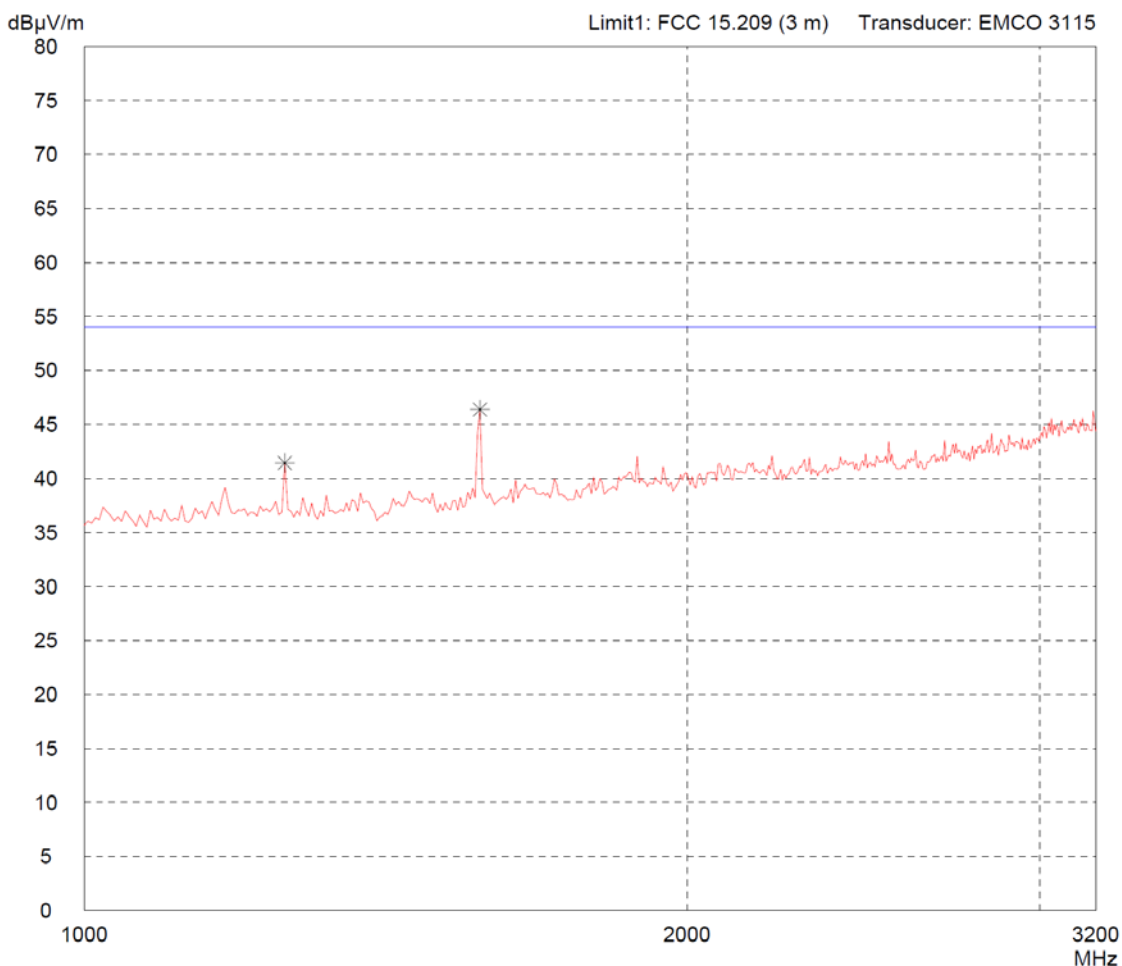
Radiated Emission Test 1 GHz - 3.2 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand



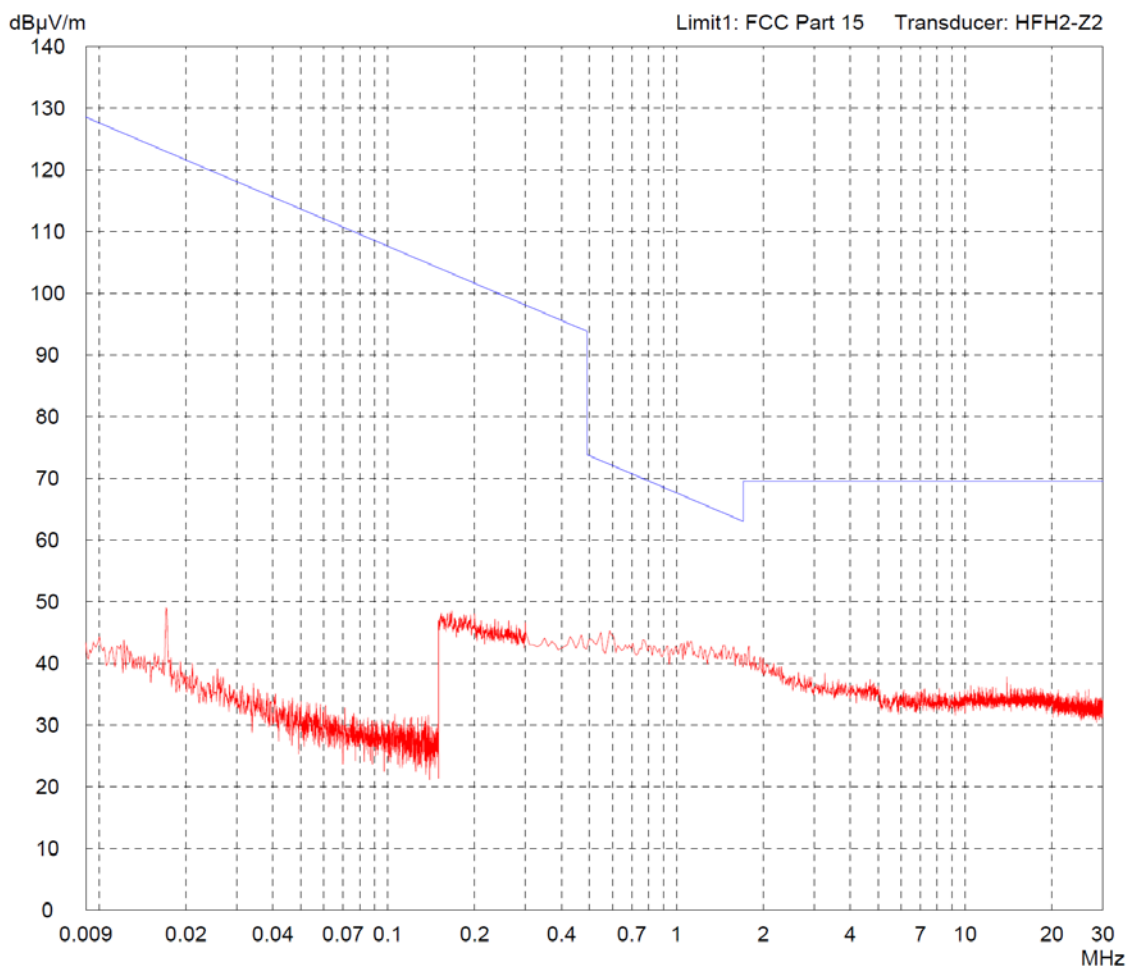
Radiated Emission Test 1 GHz - 3.2 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT on long side
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand



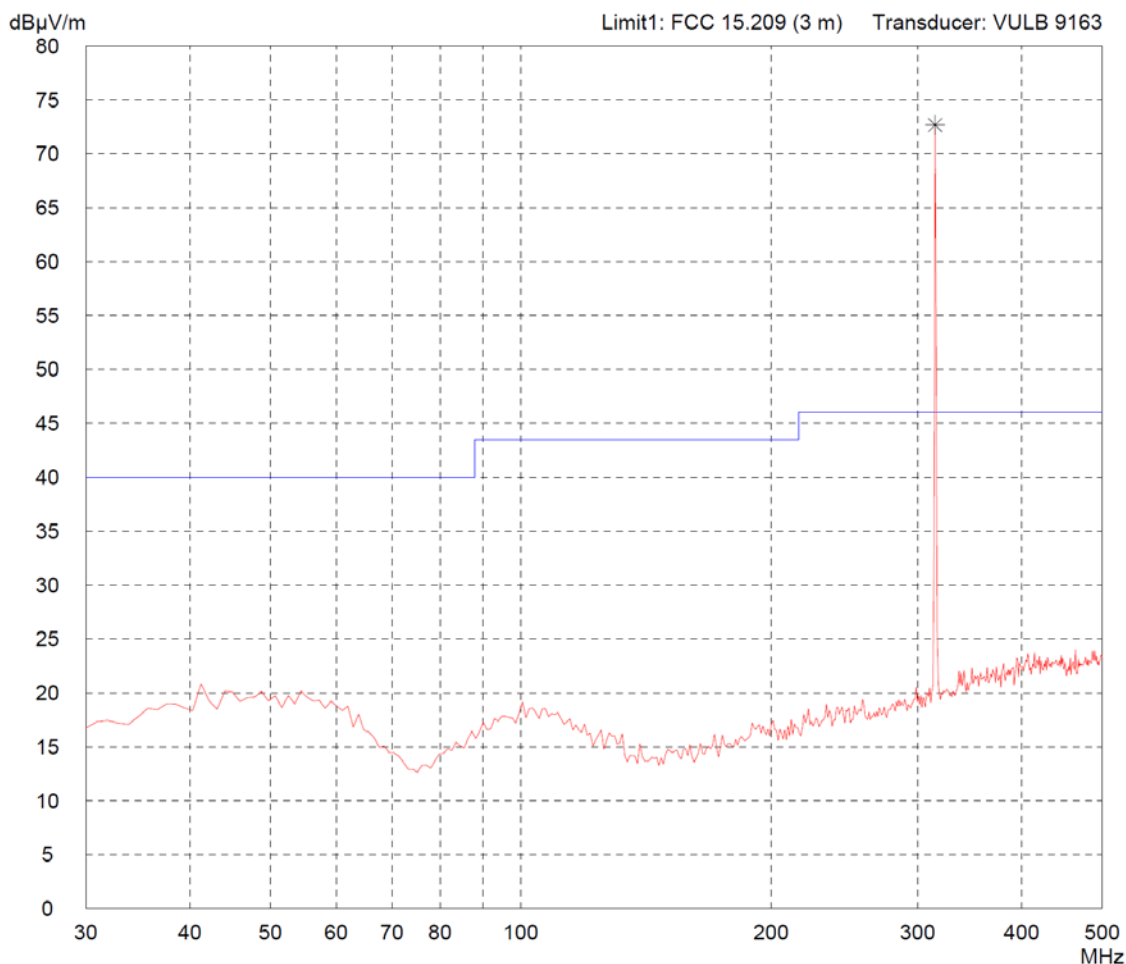
Radiated Emission Test 9 kHz - 30 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: by hand File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



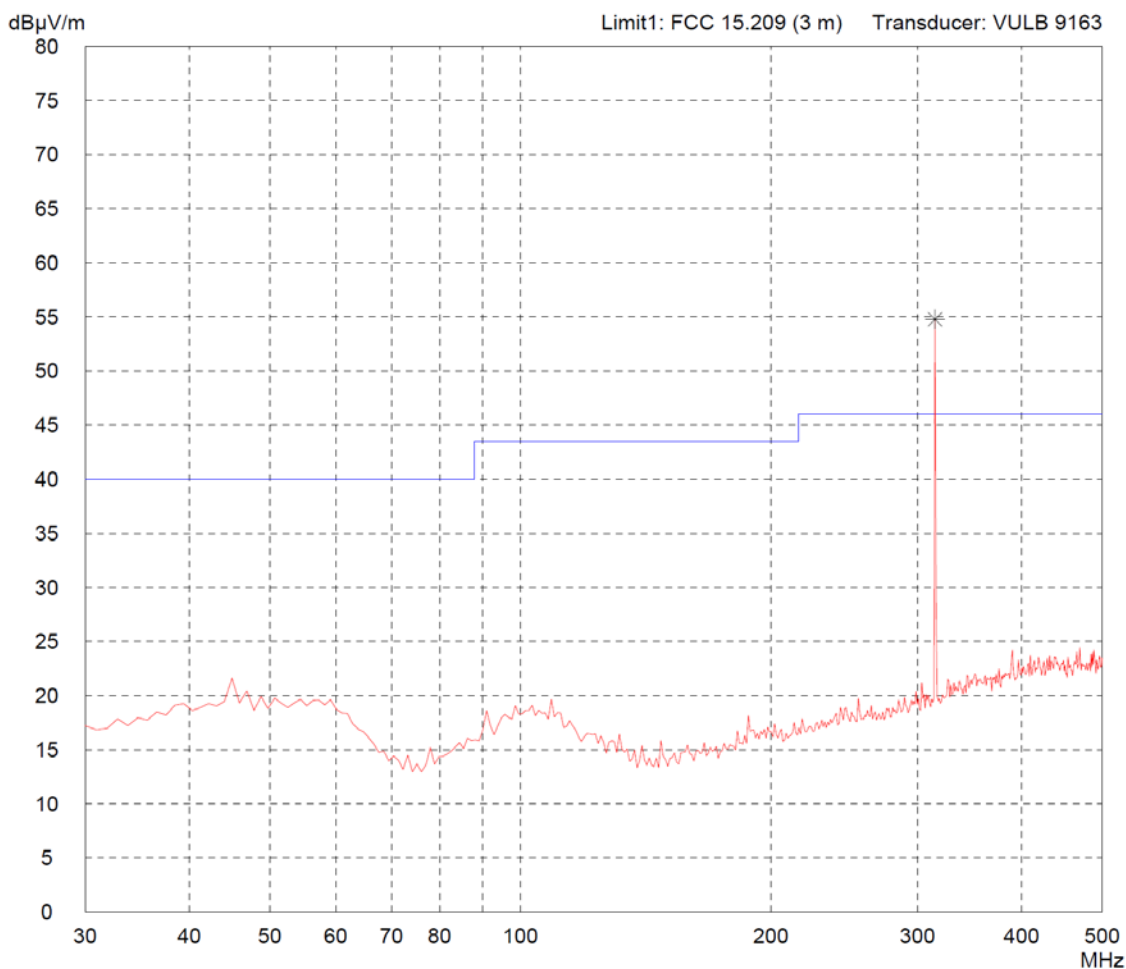
Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 500 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



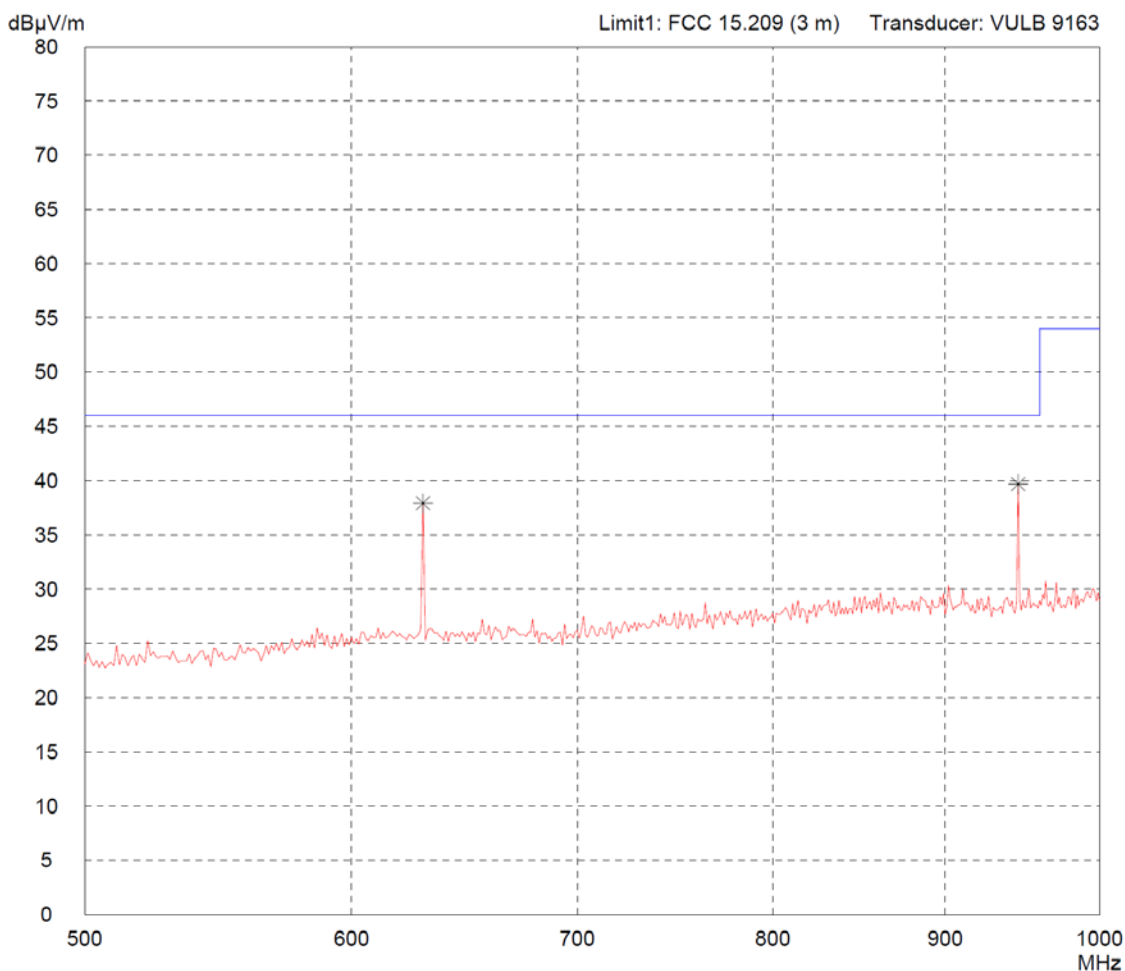
Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 500 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



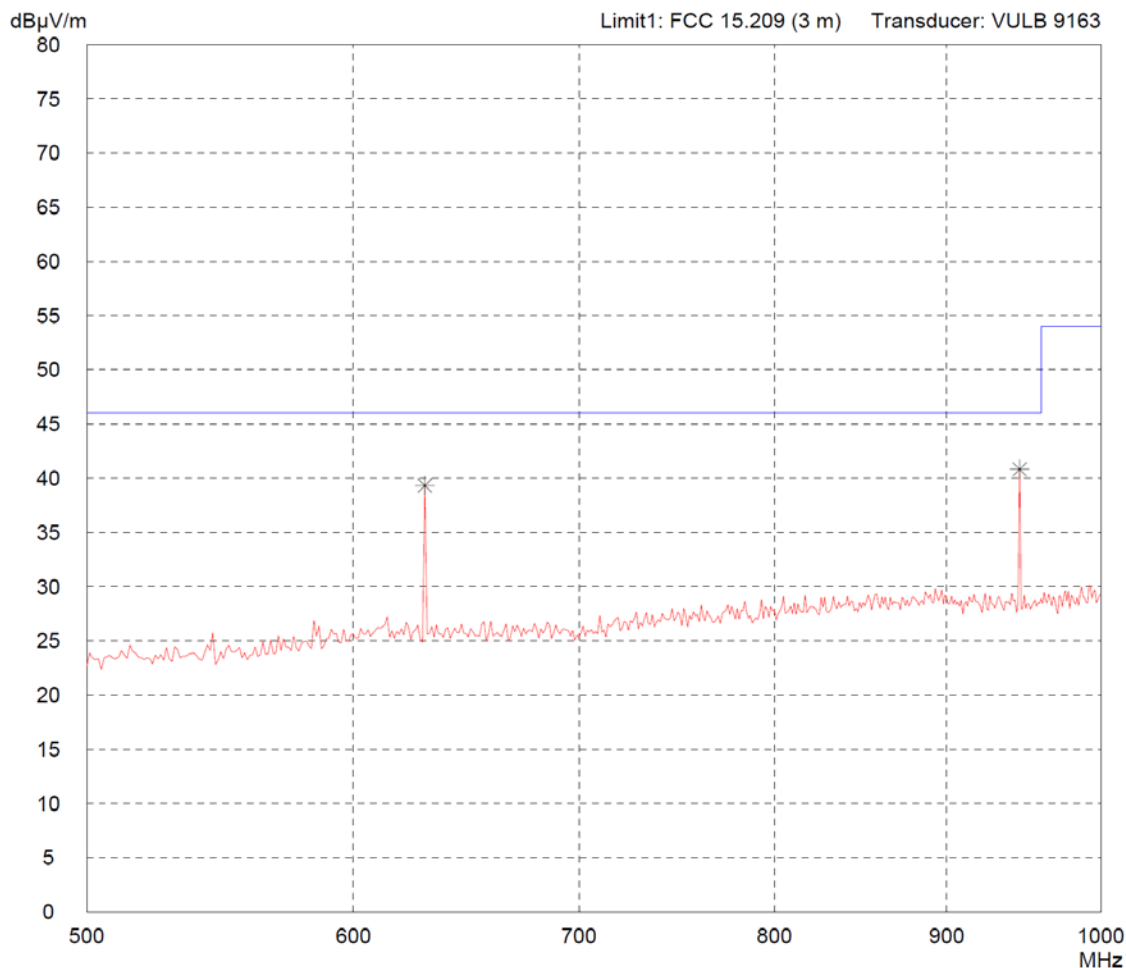
Radiated Emission Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



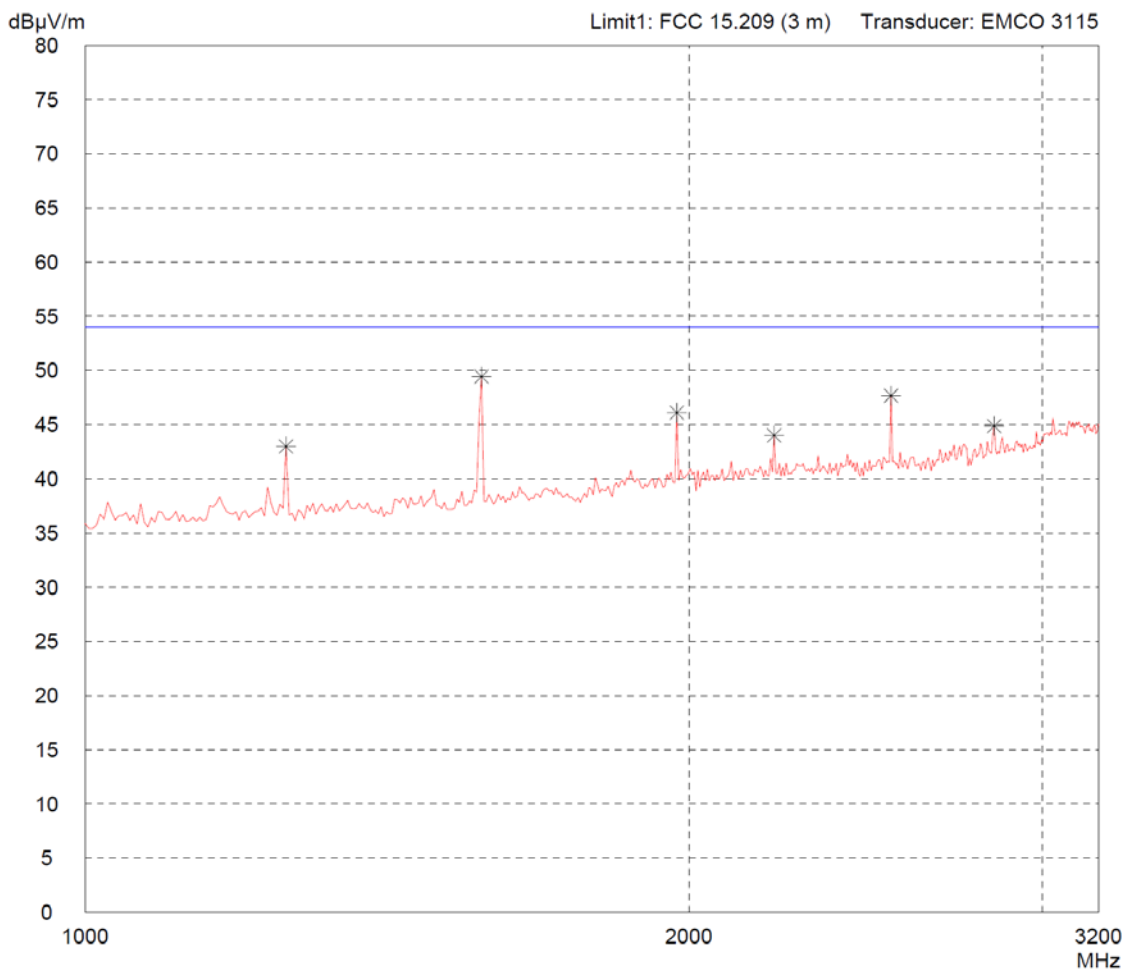
Radiated Emission Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



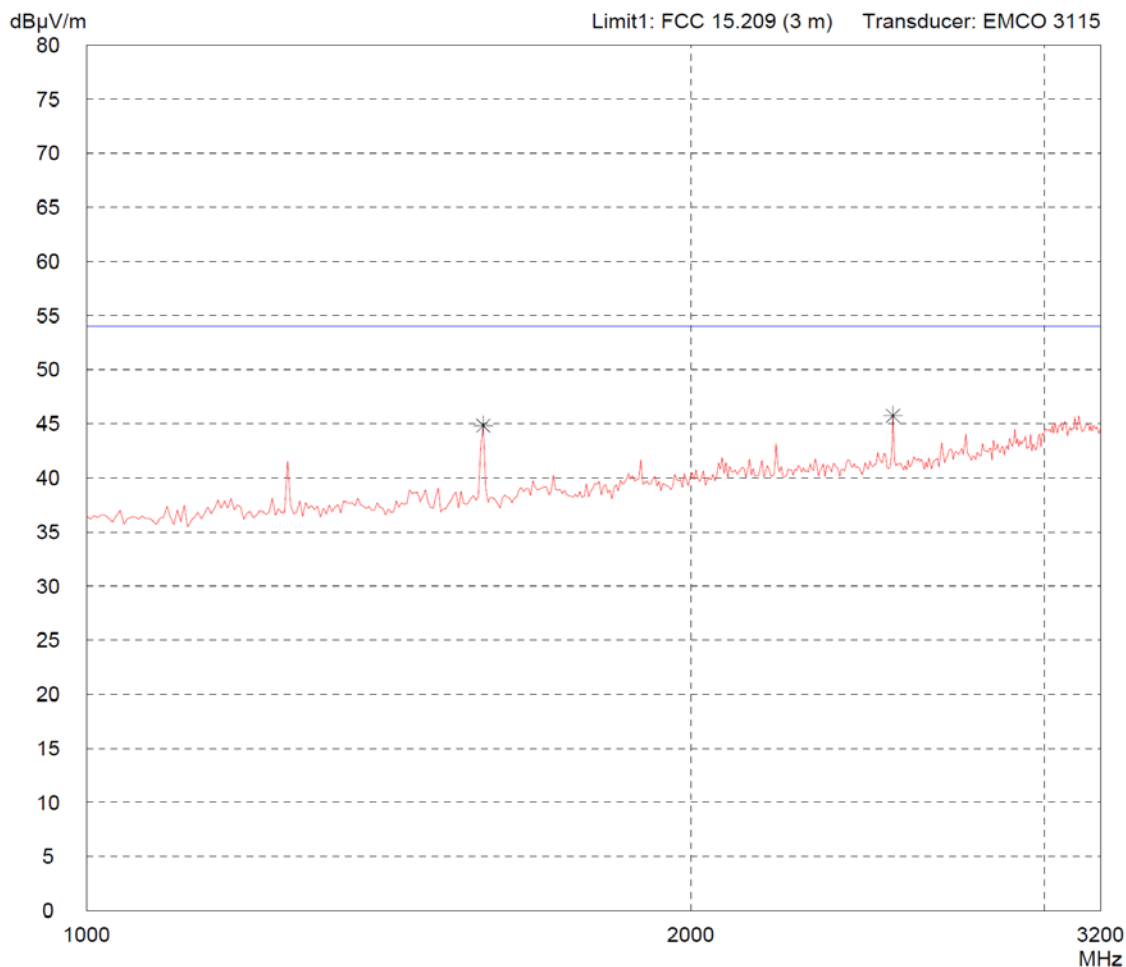
Radiated Emission Test 1 GHz - 3.2 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand



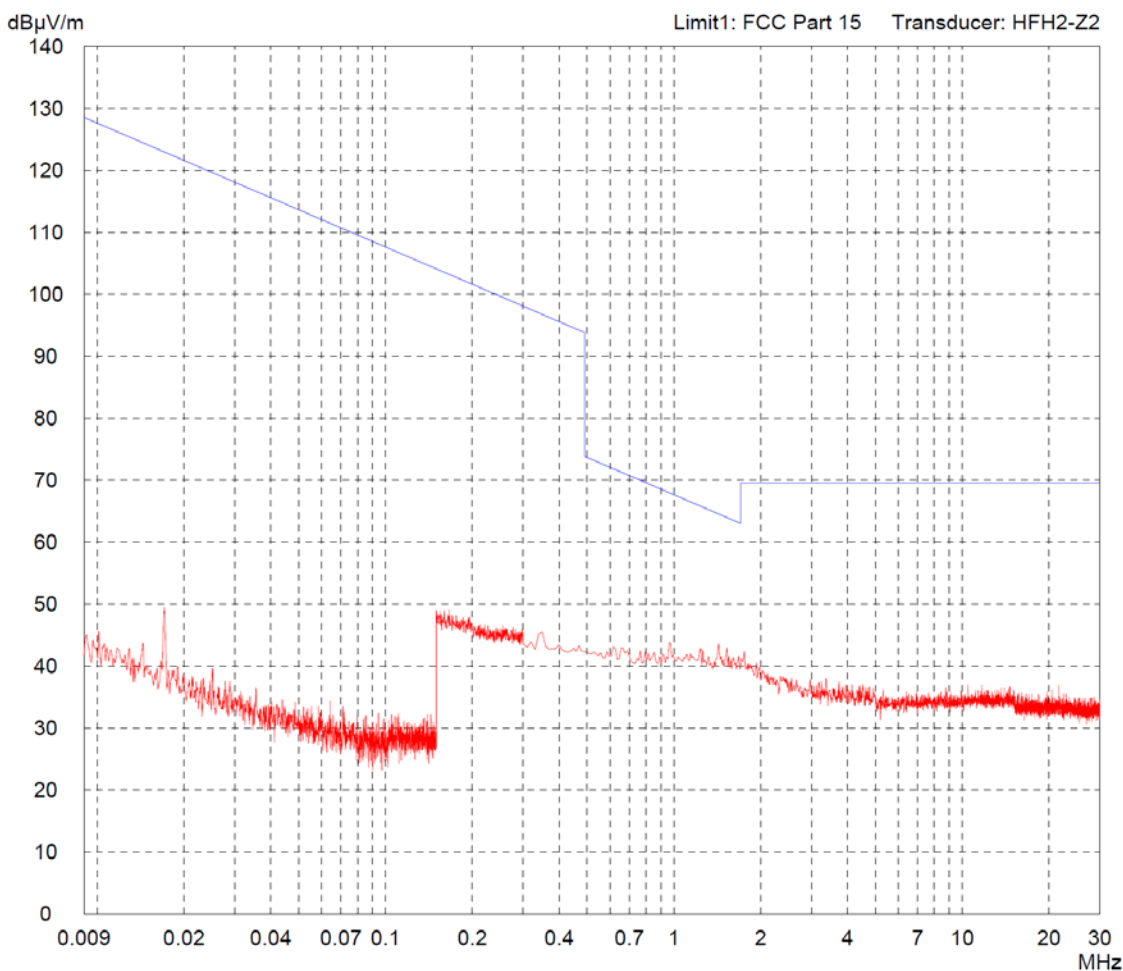
Radiated Emission Test 1 GHz - 3.2 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT flat on table
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand



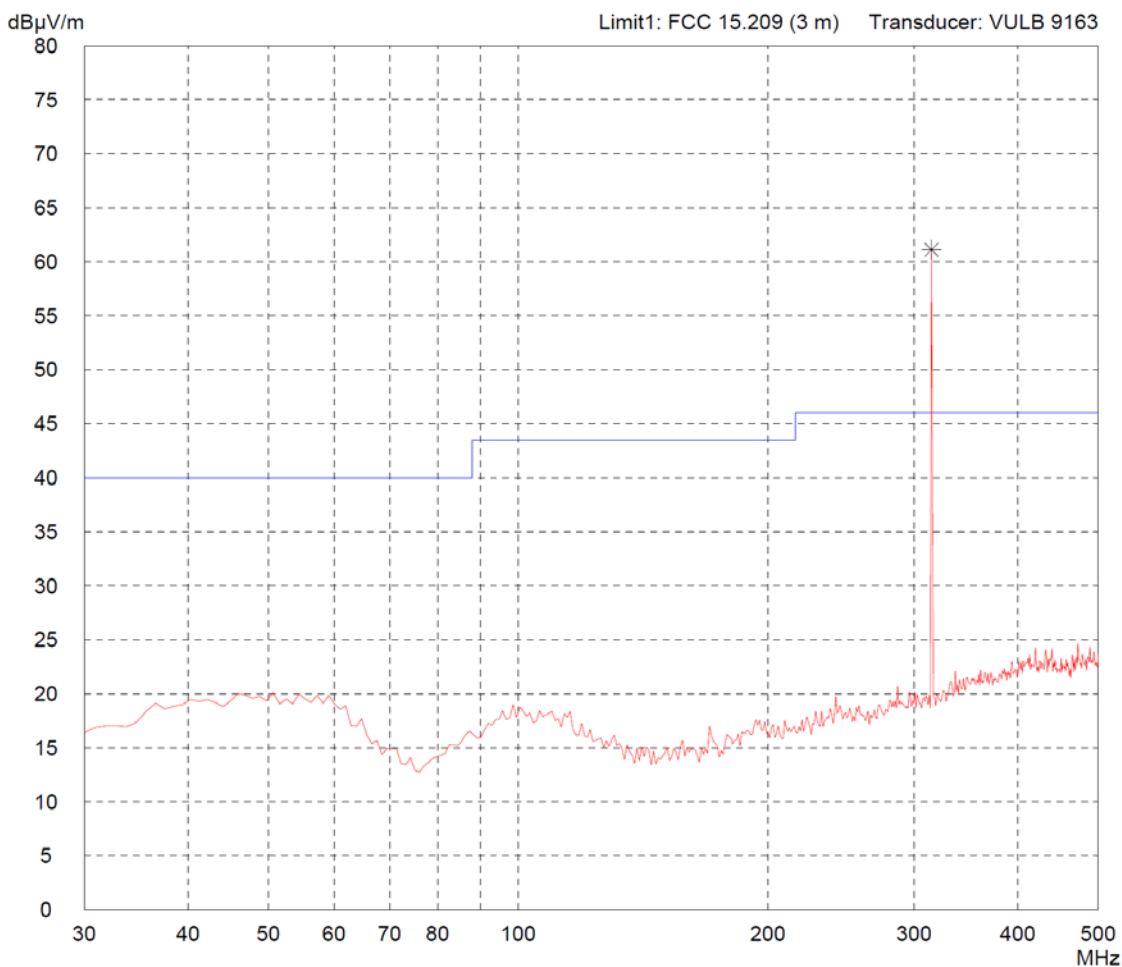
Radiated Emission Test 9 kHz - 30 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: by hand File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



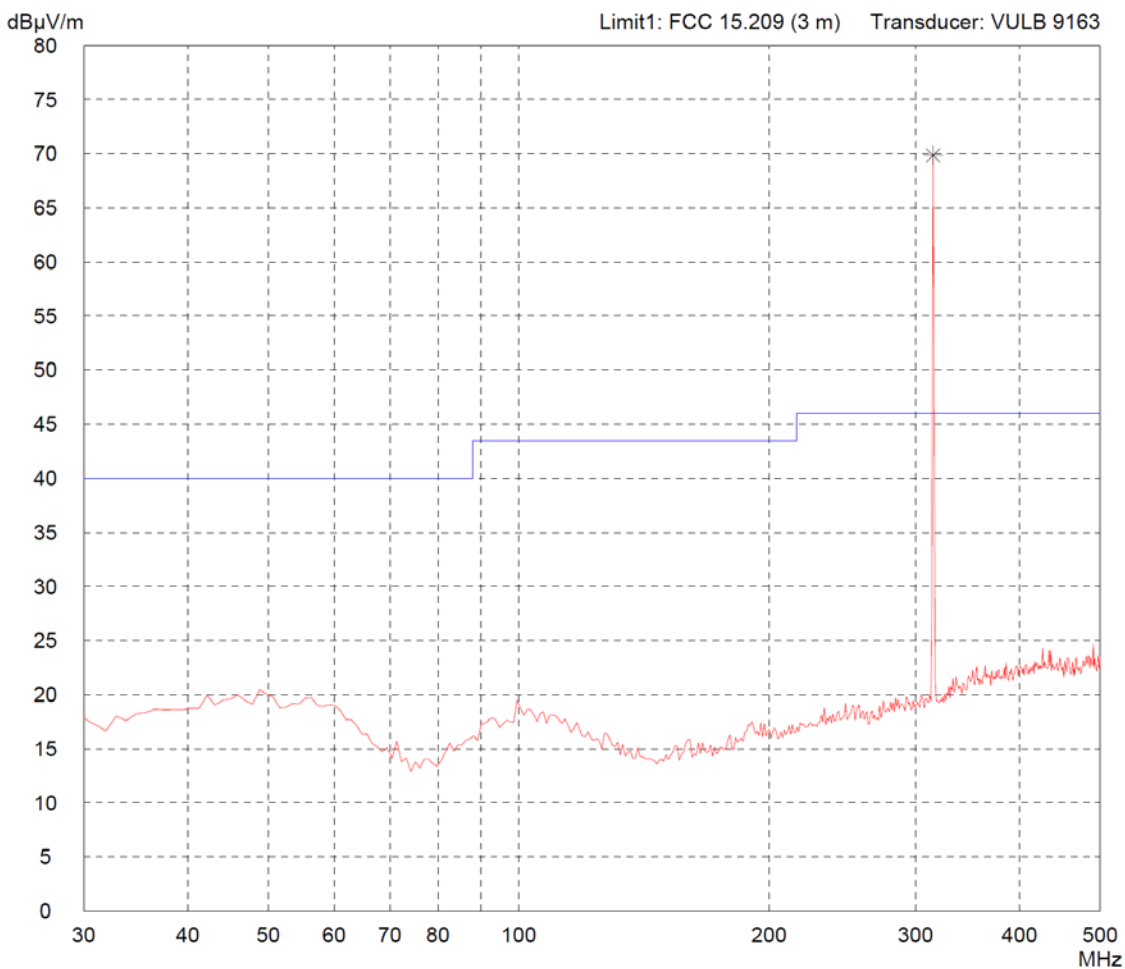
Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 500 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Serial no.: #1	
Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L	
Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	
Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization	
Date of test: 01/27/2014	Operator: M. Steindl
Test performed: automatically	File name: default.emi
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



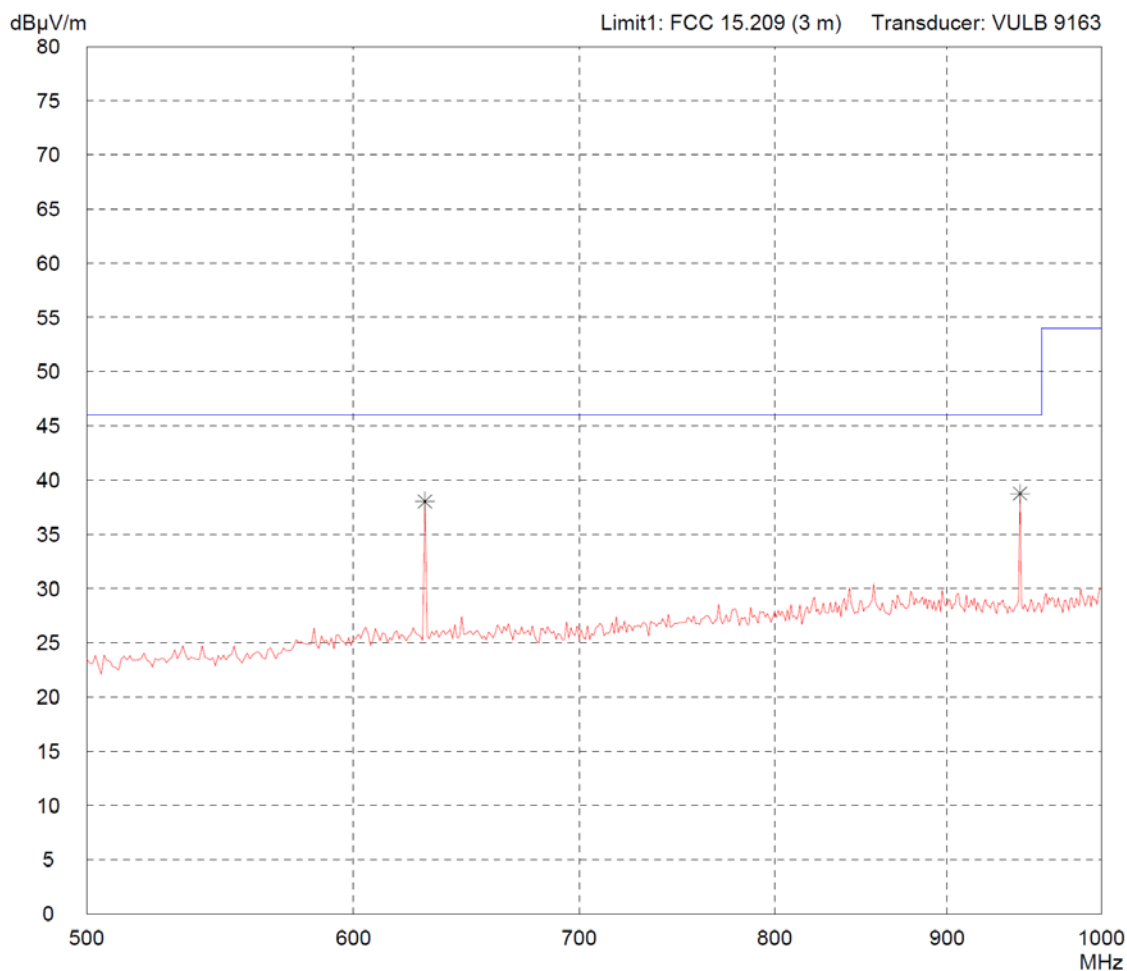
Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 500 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



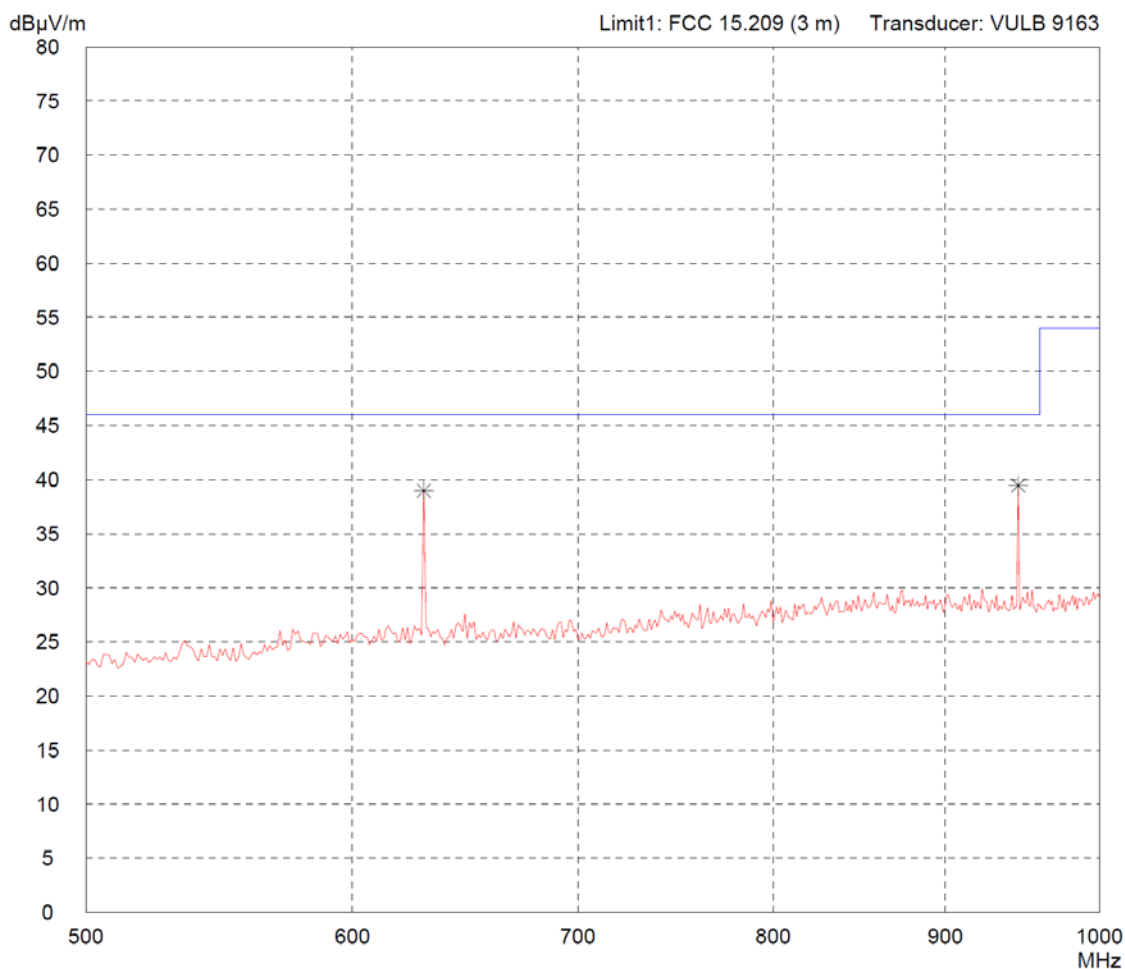
Radiated Emission Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



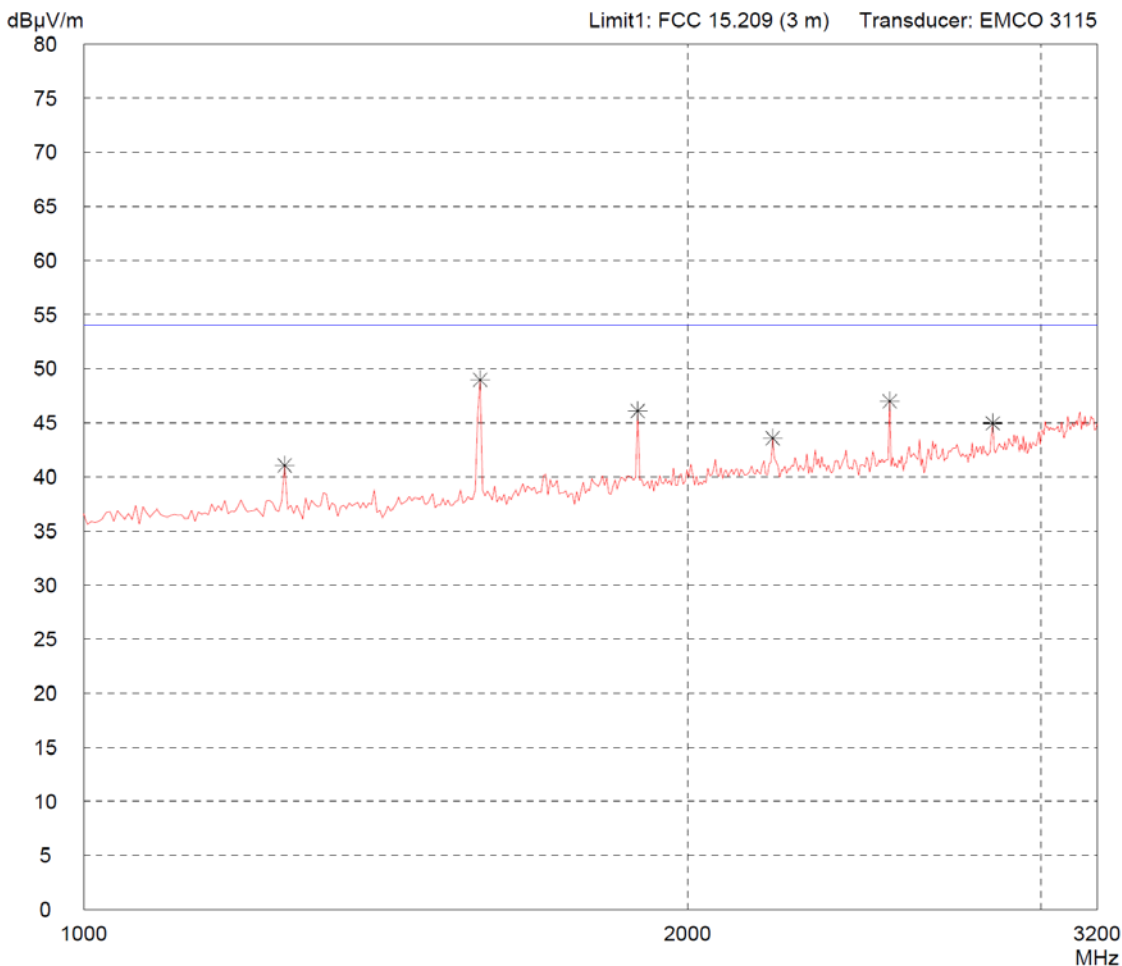
Radiated Emission Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges



Radiated Emission Test 1 GHz - 3.2 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand



Radiated Emission Test 1 GHz - 3.2 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

Model: RKE225 Serial no.: #1 Applicant: Robert Bosch Australia P/L Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2 Tested on: Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization Date of test: 01/27/2014 Operator: M. Steindl Test performed: automatically File name: default.emi	Comment: - 3 V battery supply - Transmitting continuously - EUT in upright position
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand

