

EMI – TEST REPORT

- FCC Part 15.407, 5250-5350 MHz, RSS247 -

Type / Model Name : SCALANCE W700 / MSN

Product Description : Industrial WLAN access point

Applicant : Siemens AG, Industrial Automation Division

Address : Gleiwitzer Strasse 555

90475 NUERNBERG, GERMANY

Manufacturer : Siemens AG, Sensors & Communication

Address : Oestliche Rheinbrueckenstrasse 50

76187 KARLSRUHE, GERMANY

Licence holder : Siemens AG, Industrial Automation Division

Address : Gleiwitzer Strasse 555

90475 NUERNBERG, GERMANY

Test Result according to the standards
listed in clause 1 test standards:

POSITIVE

Test Report No. : **T40580-02-02HS**

18. May 2016

Date of issue



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12030-01-01
D-PL-12030-01-02

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test results
without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Contents

1	<u>TEST STANDARDS</u>	3
2	<u>EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST</u>	4
2.2	General remarks:	4
3	<u>TEST RESULT SUMMARY</u>	9
4	<u>TEST ENVIRONMENT</u>	11
4.1	Address of the test laboratory	11
4.2	Environmental conditions	11
4.3	Statement of the measurement uncertainty	11
4.1	Measurement protocol for FCC and ISED	12
5	<u>TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS</u>	13
5.1	AC power line conducted emissions	13
5.2	EBW and OBW	14
5.3	Maximum conducted output power	19
5.4	Maximum power spectral density	35
5.5	Defacto limit	39
5.6	Unwanted emissions in restricted bands, conducted	39
5.7	Frequency stability	39
5.8	Antenna application	40
6	<u>USED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES</u>	41

ATTACHMENT A as separate supplement

1 TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart A - General (September 2015)

Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.31 Measurement standards

Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.33 Frequency range of radiated measurements

Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.35 Measurement detector functions and bandwidths

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart C - Intentional Radiators (September 2015)

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.203 Antenna requirement

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.204 External radio frequency power amplifiers and antenna modifications

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.207 Conducted limits

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.212 Modular transmitters

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart E – Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices (December 2015)

Part 15, Subpart E, Section 15.407 Operation within the bands 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, 5.25 - 5.35 GHz, 5.47 - 5.725 GHz and 5.725 - 5.85 GHz

ANSI C63.10: 2013 Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

ETSI TR 100 028 V1.3.1: 2001-03 Electromagnetic Compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the Measurement of Mobile Radio Equipment Characteristics—Part 1 and Part 2

KDB 789033 D02 v01r02 Guidance for compliance Testing of U-NII devices, April 8, 2016.

KDB 662911 D01 v02r01 Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same Band, October 31, 2013

2 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

2.1 Photo documentation of the EUT – Detailed photos see ATTACHMENT A

2.2 General remarks:

The EUT is fully tested and approved according the “old Rules”. This test report shall show the further compliance to the “new Rules” under the premise that no operating parameter of the EUT are changed. Therefore the output power and the PSD are re-measured under the “new rules”. Spurious emissions stay the same as under the “old Rules” and are already documented with the test report T36325-00-14HS by mikes testing partners.

2.3 Equipment category

WLAN - AP

2.4 Short description of the equipment under test (EUT)

The EUT is a 2-Port WLAN-access point. The firmware does not support ad-hoc modes. The possibility to choose the channel for data transmission or power setting in relation to the used antenna with antenna cable makes a professional installation necessary. The AP is compatible with 802.11h, 802.11n Standard. It supports the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency band and supports no beam forming.

Number of tested samples: 1
Serial number: VPF8196398
Firmware version: V05.01.01

EUT configuration:

(The CDF filled by the applicant can be viewed at the test laboratory.)

2.5 Variants of the EUT

Variant	Device-Name	WLAN-Interfaces	LAN connector	Antenna Ports	Order numbers
V01	MSN-W1-RJ-E2	1	RJ45	2	6GK5734-1FX00-xxxx
V02	MSN-W1-M12-E2	1	M12	2	6GK5774-1FY00-xxxx

2.6 Operation frequency and channel plan

The operating frequency is 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz.

Channel plan:

HT20 mode:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52	5260
56	5280
60	5300
64	5320

HT40 mode:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52up	5270	40down	5190
60up	5310	48down	5230

Note: The marked frequencies are determined for final testing.

2.7 Transmit operating modes

The module use OFDM modulation and is capable to provide following data rates:

- 802.11h 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps
- 802.11n HT20, MCS 0 - 15
- 802.11n HT40, MCS 0 - 15

HT20

MCS parameters for mandatory 20 MHz, NSS = 1, NES = 1

MCS Index	Modulation	R	$N_{BPSCS(i_{SS})}$	N_{SD}	N_{SP}	N_{CBPS}	N_{DBPS}	Data rate (Mb/s)	
								800 ns GI	400 ns GI (see NOTE)
0	BPSK	1/2	1	52	4	52	26	6.5	7.2
1	QPSK	1/2	2	52	4	104	52	13.0	14.4
2	QPSK	3/4	2	52	4	104	78	19.5	21.7
3	16-QAM	1/2	4	52	4	208	104	26.0	28.9
4	16-QAM	3/4	4	52	4	208	156	39.0	43.3
5	64-QAM	2/3	6	52	4	312	208	52.0	57.8
6	64-QAM	3/4	6	52	4	312	234	58.5	65.0
7	64-QAM	5/6	6	52	4	312	260	65.0	72.2

NOTE—Support of 400 ns GI is optional on transmit and receive.

MCS parameters for optional 20 MHz, NSS = 2, NES = 1, EQM

MCS Index	Modulation	R	$N_{BPSCS(i_{SS})}$	N_{SD}	N_{SP}	N_{CBPS}	N_{DBPS}	Data rate (Mb/s)	
								800 ns GI	400 ns GI (see NOTE)
8	BPSK	1/2	1	52	4	104	52	13.0	14.4
9	QPSK	1/2	2	52	4	208	104	26.0	28.9
10	QPSK	3/4	2	52	4	208	156	39.0	43.3
11	16-QAM	1/2	4	52	4	416	208	52.0	57.8
12	16-QAM	3/4	4	52	4	416	312	78.0	86.7
13	64-QAM	2/3	6	52	4	624	416	104.0	115.6
14	64-QAM	3/4	6	52	4	624	468	117.0	130.0
15	64-QAM	5/6	6	52	4	624	520	130.0	144.4

NOTE—The 400 ns GI rate values are rounded to 1 decimal place.

HT40
MCS parameters for optional 40 MHz, NSS = 1, NES = 1

MCS Index	Modulation	R	$N_{BPSCS}(i_{SS})$	N_{SD}	N_{SP}	N_{CBPS}	N_{DBPS}	Data rate (Mb/s)	
								800 ns GI	400 ns GI
0	BPSK	1/2	1	108	6	108	54	13.5	15.0
1	QPSK	1/2	2	108	6	216	108	27.0	30.0
2	QPSK	3/4	2	108	6	216	162	40.5	45.0
3	16-QAM	1/2	4	108	6	432	216	54.0	60.0
4	16-QAM	3/4	4	108	6	432	324	81.0	90.0
5	64-QAM	2/3	6	108	6	648	432	108.0	120.0
6	64-QAM	3/4	6	108	6	648	486	121.5	135.0
7	64-QAM	5/6	6	108	6	648	540	135.0	150.0

MCS parameters for optional 40 MHz, NSS = 2, NES = 1, EQM

MCS Index	Modulation	R	$N_{BPSCS}(i_{SS})$	N_{SD}	N_{SP}	N_{CBPS}	N_{DBPS}	Data rate (Mb/s)	
								800 ns GI	400 ns GI
8	BPSK	1/2	1	108	6	216	108	27.0	30.0
9	QPSK	1/2	2	108	6	432	216	54.0	60.0
10	QPSK	3/4	2	108	6	432	324	81.0	90.0
11	16-QAM	1/2	4	108	6	864	432	108.0	120.0
12	16-QAM	3/4	4	108	6	864	648	162.0	180.0
13	64-QAM	2/3	6	108	6	1296	864	216.0	240.0
14	64-QAM	3/4	6	108	6	1296	972	243.0	270.0
15	64-QAM	5/6	6	108	6	1296	1080	270.0	300.0

Symbol	Explanation
N_{SS}	Number of spatial streams
R	Coding rate
N_{BPSC}	Number of coded bits per single carrier (total across spatial streams)
$N_{BPSCS}(i_{SS})$	Number of coded bits per single carrier for each spatial stream, $i_{SS} = 1, \dots, N_{SS}$
N_{SD}	Number of complex data numbers per spatial stream per OFDM symbol
N_{SP}	Number of pilot values per OFDM symbol
N_{CBPS}	Number of coded bits per OFDM symbol
N_{DBPS}	Number of data bits per OFDM symbol
N_{ES}	Number of BCC encoders for the DATA field
N_{TBPS}	Total bits per subcarrier

2.8 Antenna

Antennas intended for use are classified into 3 gain groups:

- Antenna gain group 1: Antennas 0 to 6 dBi
- Antenna gain group 2: Antennas 6 to 9 dBi
- Antenna gain group 3: Antennas 9 to 14 dBi

Number	Manufacturer Number	Characteristic	Model number	Connector	Frequency (GHz)	Gain 5GHz	Cable loss (dB)	effective Gain 5 GHz (dBi)	Group
1	6GK5793-8DK00-0AA0	Directed	ANT 793-8DK	2x N-	5 GHz	23	8.8	14.2	9-14 dBi
2	6GK5793-8DJ00-0AA0	Directed	ANT 793-8DJ	2x N-	5 GHz	18	4.4	13.6	9-14 dBi
3	6GK5793-8DL00-0AA0	Directed	ANT793-8DL	2x N-	2.4 + 5	14	0	14	9-14 dBi
4	6GK5793-8DP00-0AA0	Directed	ANT793-8DP	N-female	5 GHz	13.5	0	13.5	9-14 dBi
5	6GK5795-6DC00-0AA0	Wide angle	ANT 795-6DC	N-female	2.4 + 5 GHz	9	0	9	6-9 dBi
6	6GK5793-6DG00-0AA0	Wide angle	ANT793-6DG	2x N-	5 GHz	9	0	9	6-9 dBi
7	6GK5795-6MN10-0AA6	Omni	ANT 795-6MN	N-female	2.4 + 5 GHz	8	0	8	6-9 dBi
8	6GK5795-6MP00-0AA0	Omni	ANT795-6MP	N-female	2.4 + 5 GHz	7	0	7	6-9 dBi
9	6GK5896-6MM00-0AA0	Omni	ANT896-6MM	QMA-female	2.4 + 5 GHz	7	0	7	6-9 dBi
10	6GK5 793-4MN00-0AA6	Omni	ANT 793-4MN	N-female	5 GHz	6	0	6	0-6 dBi
11	6GK5795-4MD00-0AA3	Omni	ANT795-4MD	N-male	2.4 + 5 GHz	5	0	5	0-6 dBi
12	6GK5795-4MC00-0AA3	Omni	ANT795-4MC	N-male	2.4 + 5 GHz	5	0	5	0-6 dBi
13	6GK5795-4MA00-0AA3	Omni	ANT 795-4MA	R-SMA	2.4 + 5 GHz	5	0	5	0-6 dBi
14	6GK5793-6MN00-0AA6	Omni	ANT 793-6MN	N-female	5 GHz	5	0	5	0-6 dBi
15	6GK5795-4MX00-0AA0	Omni	ANT795-4MX	N-male	2.4 + 5 GHz	2	0	2	0-6 dBi
16	6XV1875-2D	Omni	IWLAN Rcoax 1/2"	N-female	5 GHz	0	0	0	0-6 dBi

Note: The directed antenna number 2 may be used only with minimum 5 m antenna cable, Type 6XV 1875-5CH50 with cable loss 4.4 dB at 5.7 GHz.
The directed antenna number 1 may be used only with minimum 10 m antenna cable, Type 6XV 1875-5CN10 with cable loss 8.8 dB at 5.7 GHz.

2.9 Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage, V_{nom} : 100 - 120 VAC

2.10 Peripheral devices and interface cables

The following peripheral devices and interface cables are connected during the measurements:

- LAN cable, 3m Model : CAT5
- Power supply cable, 1m Model : Self-made
- Model : -

2.11 Determination of worst case conditions for final measurement

Measurements are made in all three orthogonal axes and the settings of the EUT are changed to locate at which position and at what setting of the EUT produce the maximum of the emissions.

The tests are carried out in the following frequency band:

5250 - 5350 MHz

Preliminary tests are performed to find the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and data rates. The maximum output power depends on used data rate. The EUT is controlled for several tests with special test software used for testing only where continuous signals are needed. For the tests a max possible duty cycle (x) is set.

Following channels and test modes were selected for the final test as listed below:

WLAN	Available channel	Tested channels	Power setting	Modulation	Modulation type	Data rate
802.11h	52 to 64	52, 56, 64	P17, P14, P11	OFDM	BPSK	6 Mbps
802.11n; HT20	52 to 64	52, 56, 64	P17, P14, P11	OFDM	BPSK	MCS0 (BW=20 MHz)
802.11n; HT40	52up to 60up	52up, 60up	P17, P14, P11	OFDM	BPSK	MCS8 (BW=40 MHz)

- TX continuous mode, 802.11h
One port mode, 2 port mode,
- TX continuous mode, 802.11n
One port mode, 2 port mode,

2.11.1 Test jig

No test jig is used.

2.11.2 Test software

Test software is used to set TX continuous in device service mode. Power, channel and modulation (data rate) setting is done via network interface which is available for professional settings.

3 TEST RESULT SUMMARY

UNII device using the operating band 5250 MHz - 5350 MHz:

FCC Rule Part (new rules)	FCC Rule Part (old rules)	Description	Result
15.407(b)(6)	15.207(a)	AC power line conducted emissions	Not tested
15.407(a)(5)	15.407(a)	EBW 26 dB	passed
15.407(a)(1)	15.407(a)	Maximum conducted output power	passed
15.407(a)(1)	15.407(a)	Maximum conducted PSD	passed
15.407(b)(1)	15.407(b)	Undesirable emissions	Not tested
15.407(b)(7)	15.205(a)	Emissions in restricted bands	Not tested
15.407(a)	15.407(a)	Antenna requirement	passed
15.407(g)	15.407(g)	Frequency stability	Not tested

RSS Rule Part (new rules)	RSS Rule Part (old rules)	Description	Result
RSS-Gen, 8.8	RSS Gen, 7.2.4.	AC power line conducted emissions	Not tested
RSS247, 6.2.1(1)	RSS210, A9.2	Maximum conducted output power	passed
RSS247, 6.2.1(2)	RSS210, A9.2	Unwanted emission, radiated	Not tested
RSS-Gen, 8.9	RSS-Gen, 7.2.2	Unwanted emissions in restricted bands	Not tested
RSS247, 6.2.1(1)	RSS210, A9.2	Maximum power spectral density	passed
RSS-Gen, 6.10	RSS-Gen, 4.5	Pulsed operation	Not tested
RSS-Gen, 6.6	RSS-Gen, 7.1.2	Antenna requirement	passed
RSS-Gen, 6.11	RSS-Gen, 7.2.6	Transmitter frequency stability	Not tested
RSS-Gen, 6.6	RSS210, A9.2	99 % Bandwidth	passed
RSS 102, 2.5.2	RSS 102, 2.5.2	MPE	Not tested

The mentioned new RSS Rule Parts in the above table are related to:

RSS Gen, Issue 4, November 2014

RSS 247, Issue 1, May 2015

RSS 102, Issue 4, March 2015

The mentioned old RSS Rule Parts in the above table are related to:

RSS Gen, Issue 3, December 2010

RSS 210, Issue 8, December 2010

RSS 102, Issue 4, March 2010

3.1 Final assessment

The equipment under test fulfills the EMI requirements cited in clause 1 test standards.

Date of receipt of test sample : acc. to storage records

Testing commenced on : 19 April 2016

Testing concluded on : 04 May 2016

Checked by:



Klaus Gegenfurtner
I confirm the correctness
and integrity of this
document
2016.05.18 11:36:24
+02'00'

Klaus Gegenfurtner
Teamleader Radio

Tested by:



Hermann Smetana
I am the author of
this document
2016.05.18
11:32:59 +02'00'

Hermann Smetana
Radio Team

4 TEST ENVIRONMENT

4.1 Address of the test laboratory

**CSA Group Bayern GmbH
Ohmstrasse 1-4
94342 STRASSKIRCHEN
GERMANY**

4.2 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature: 15-35 °C

Humidity: 30-60 %

Atmospheric pressure: 86-106 kPa

4.3 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. It is noted that the expanded measurement uncertainty corresponds to the measurement results from the standard measurement uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor $k = 2$. The true value is located in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16-4-2 / 11.2003 „Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling – Uncertainty in EMC measurements“ and is documented in the quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. For all measurements shown in this report, the measurement uncertainty of the test laboratory, CSA Group Bayern GmbH, is below the measurement uncertainty as defined by CISPR. Therefore, no special measures must be taken into consideration with regard to the limits according to CISPR. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Measurement uncertainty table	
Measurement output power, conducted	±1.5 dB
Measurement PSD, conducted	±1.5 dB
Measurement spurious emissions, conducted	±3.0 dB
Measurement spurious emissions, radiated	±6.0 dB
Measurement frequency	±1 x 10 ⁻⁶

4.1 Measurement protocol for FCC and ISED

4.1.1 General information

4.1.1.1 Test methodology

Conducted and radiated disturbance testing is performed according to the procedures set out by the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) Publication 22, European Standard EN 55022 as shown under section 1 of this report.

The Open Area test site is a listed Open Site under the Canadian Test-Sites File-No:

IC 3009A

In compliance with RSS 247 testing for RSS compliance may be achieved by following the procedures set out in ANSI C63.10 and applying the CISPR 22 limits.

4.1.1.2 Justification

The equipment under test (EUT) is configured in a typical user arrangement in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A cable is connected to each available port and either terminated with a peripheral using the appropriate impedance characteristic or left without termination. Where appropriate, cables are manually manipulated with respect to each other thus obtaining maximum disturbances from the unit.

4.1.1.3 Details of test procedures

The test methods used comply with CISPR Publication 22, EN 55022 - "Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement" and with ANSI C63.10 - "American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices". In compliance with 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart A, Section 15.38 testing for FCC compliance may be achieved by following the procedures set out in ANSI C63.10 and applying the CISPR 22 limits.

5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1 AC power line conducted emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part A 4.

5.1.1 Description of the test location

Test location: NONE

Remarks: This measurement is already documented in the test report T36325-00-14HS.

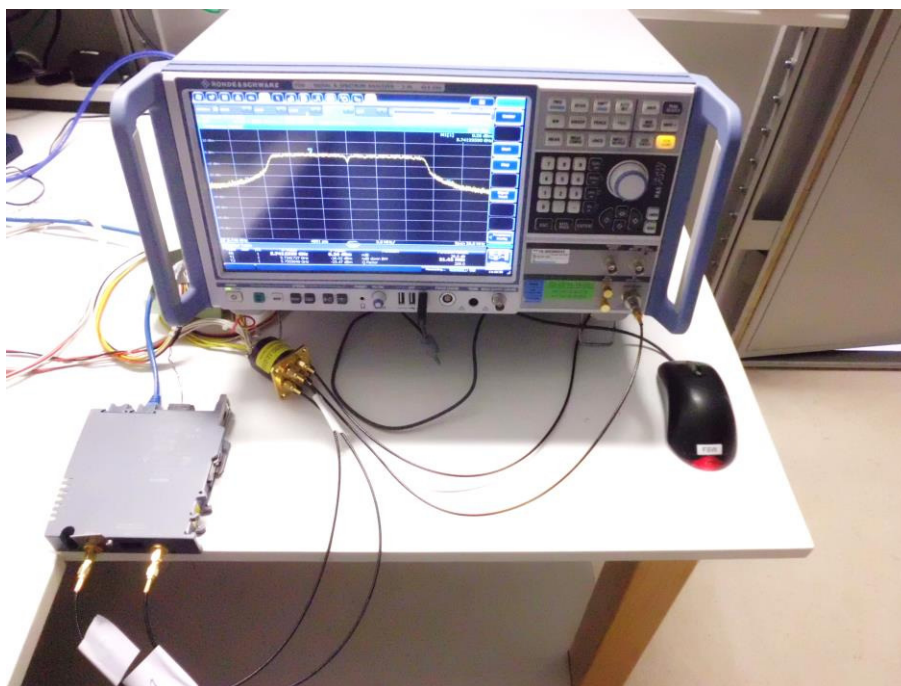
5.2 EBW and OBW

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: NONE

5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.2.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15E, Section 15.407(a)(5):

The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less.

5.2.4 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth is measured conducted using a spectrum analyser and following the procedures according the OET 789033, item C. The spectrum analyser function “n-dB-down” is used to determine the bandwidth. For the OBW the analyser function “OBW” is used to determine the bandwidth. The procedures according the OET 789033, item D are followed in this case.

Spectrum analyser settings occupied bandwidth:

For 20 MHz channels:

RBW: 300 kHz, VBW: 1 MHz, Detector: Peak, Trace mode: max hold;

For 40 MHz channels:

RBW: 500 kHz, VBW: 2 MHz, Detector: Peak, Trace mode: max hold;

5.2.5 Test result
802.11h mode, Port1:

Channel	Centre frequency	26 dB bandwidth	99% OBW
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
CH52	5260	21.840	16.415
CH56	5280	21.830	16.425
CH64	5320	22.640	16.425

802.11n mode, HT 20, Port1:

Channel	Centre frequency	26 dB bandwidth	99% OBW
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
CH52	5260	23.130	17.665
CH56	5280	22.630	17.660
CH64	5320	24.330	17.670

802.11n mode, HT 40, Port1:

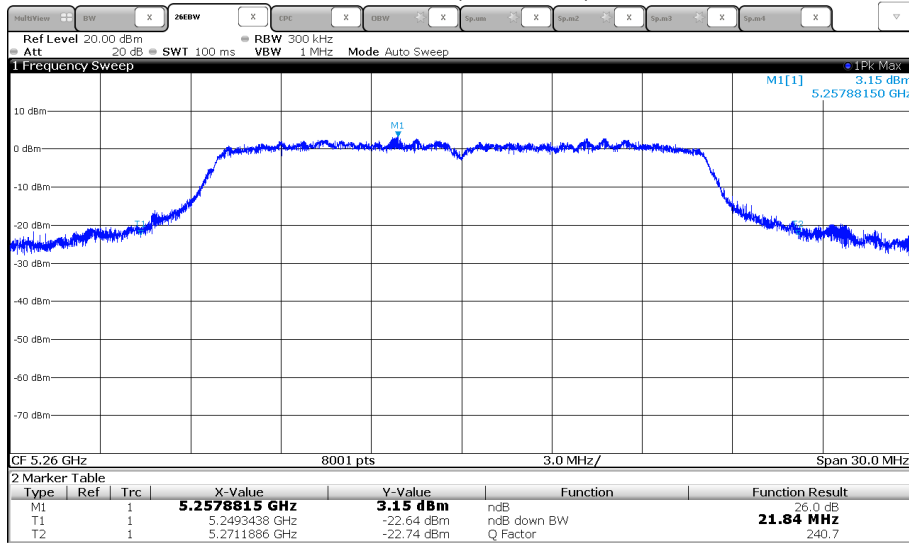
Channel	Centre frequency	26 dB bandwidth	99% OBW
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
CH52up	5270	45.680	36.180
CH60up	5310	48.290	36.260

Remarks: For detailed test results please see the following test protocols. No limit is defined for EBW and OBW.

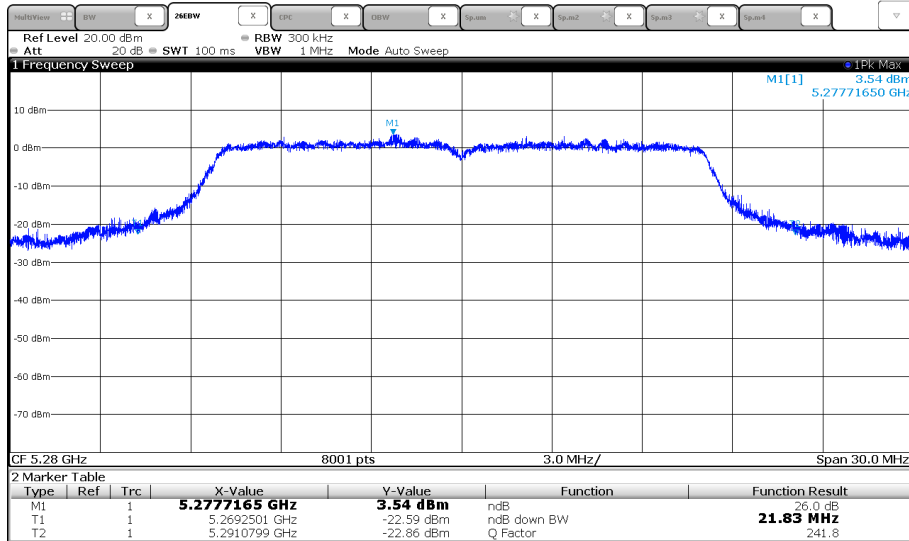
5.2.6 Test protocol 26dB bandwidth measurement

802.11h, Port1

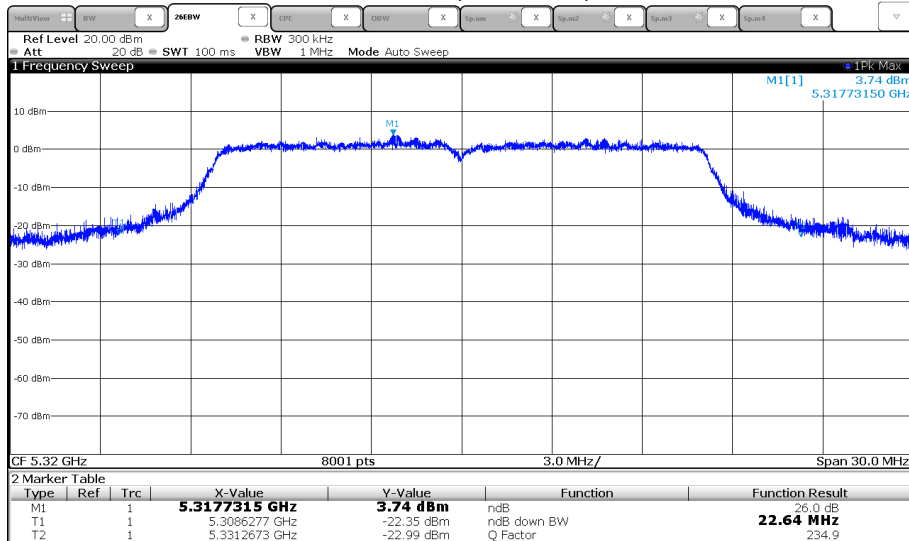
Channel 52 (5260 MHz)



Channel 56 (5280 MHz)

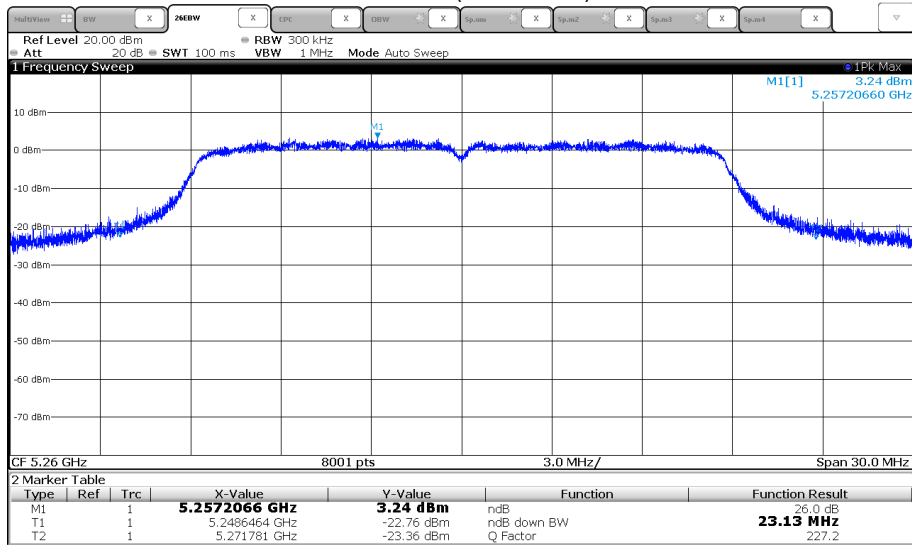


Channel 64 (5320 MHz)

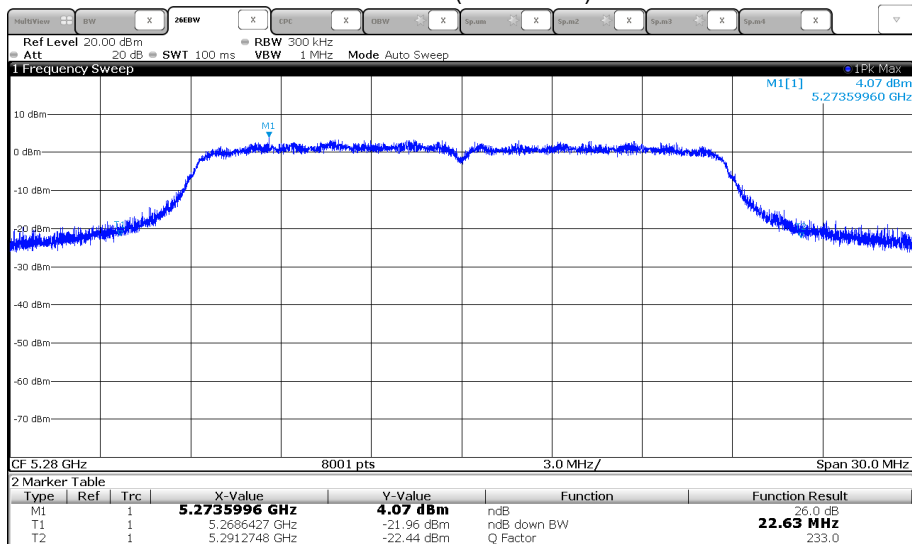


HT20, Port1

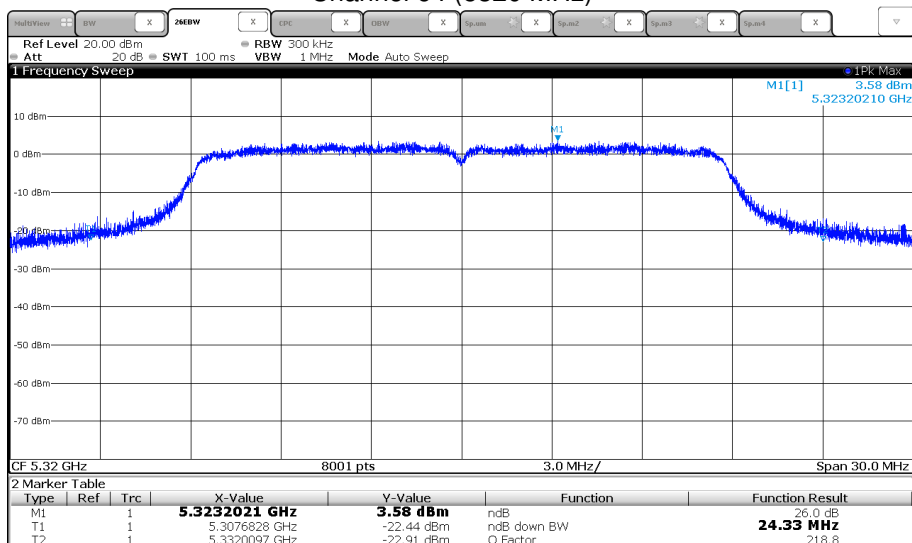
Channel 52 (5260 MHz)



Channel 56 (5280 MHz)



Channel 64 (5320 MHz)

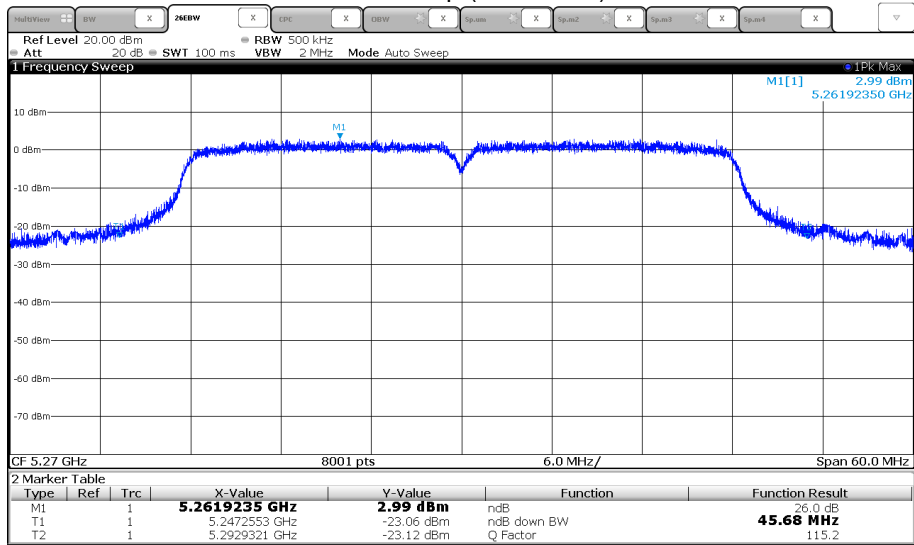


FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

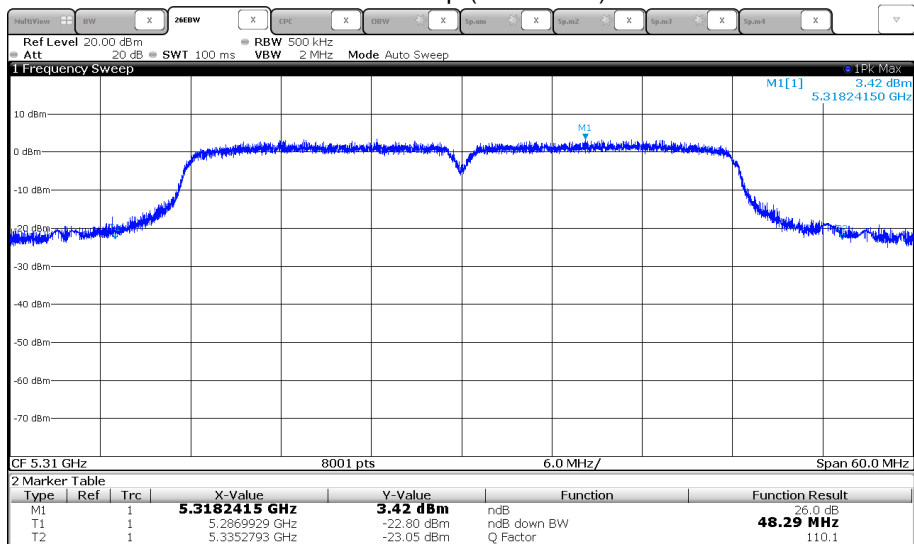
IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

HT40, Port1

Channel 52up (5270 MHz)



Channel 60up (5310 MHz)



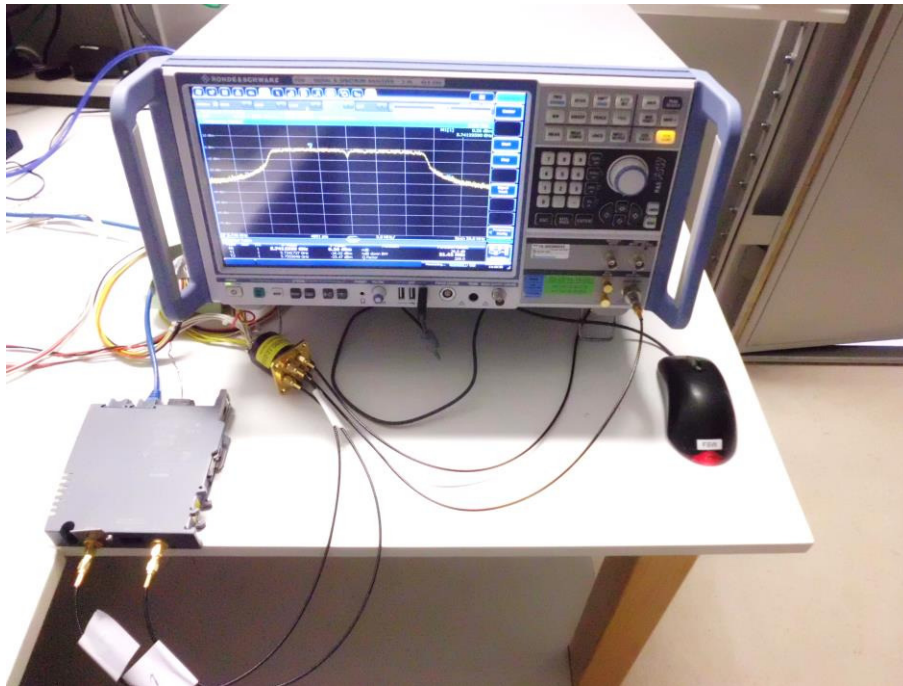
5.3 Maximum conducted output power

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPC 3**.

5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.3.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15E, Section 15.407(a)(2):

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.3.4 Description of Measurement

The maximum conducted output power is measured using a spectrum analyser with the function “integrated band power measurement” following the procedure set out in KDB 789033 D02, item C f) Method SA-3. The EUT is set in TX continuous mode while measuring. The EUT is measured following the procedure set out in KDB 662911 for MIMO devices. The output power is measured separate at chain 1, and 2. The measurement values are converted into linear values, summed and converted back into log values. The resulting values are listed in the following tables. The insertion loss of measurement cable is taken into account with 3.9 dB at 5.3 GHz.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 1 MHz,	VBW: 3 MHz,	Detector: RMS (power averaging),	Trace mode: max hold;
Number of points: 6401,	Sweep time: see table,	Band power function;	

Modulation	Burst time T (ms)	Sweep points	Max sweep time analyser (s)
802.11a	2.069	6401	13.2
802.11n, HT20	0.893	6401	5.7
802.11n, HT40	0.321	6401	2.1

5.3.5 Test result

1 Port mode (only one port is active and port 2 is internally terminated):

Raw data as representative for all one Port measurements, used for 802.11a:

A1 [P11] (dBm)	A1 [P14] (dBm)	A1 [P17] (dBm)
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

CH52	4.02	6.52	8.32
------	------	------	------

CH56	3.75	6.25	8.28
------	------	------	------

CH64	4.17	6.67	8.52
------	------	------	------

Calculation of the total output power:

802.11h, 6 Mbps, 1TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1		A [P11] (dBm)	A [P14] (dBm)	A [P17] (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Min Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	7.9	10.4	12.2	23.2	-10.9
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	7.7	10.2	12.2	23.2	-11.0
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.1	10.6	12.4	23.2	-10.7

Note. An insertion loss of 3.9 dB at 5300 MHz for measurement cable and switch is taken into account.

HT20, MCS0, 1TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1		A [P11] (dBm)	A [P14] (dBm)	A [P17] (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Min Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	9.7	12.2	14.4	23.5	-9.1
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	9.6	12.1	14.2	23.5	-9.2
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	10.0	12.5	14.4	23.5	-9.1

HT40, MCS8, 1TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1		A [P11] (dBm)	A [P14] (dBm)	A [P17] (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Min Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.5	11.0	13.0	24.0	-11.0
Highest frequency: CH60up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.5	11.0	12.9	24.0	-11.1

2 Port mode (all two ports are active):

Raw data as representative for all 2 Port measurements, used for 802.11h:

	A1 [P11] (dBm)	A2 [P11] (dBm)	A1 [P14] (dBm)	A2 [P14] (dBm)	A1 [P17] (dBm)	A2 [P17] (dBm)
CH52	1.27	1.51	3.77	4.01	6.55	7.29
CH56	1.39	1.24	3.89	3.74	6.45	6.71
CH64	1.68	0.94	4.18	3.44	6.81	6.55

Calculation of the total output power:

802.11h, 6 Mbps, 2TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1+2		A [P11] (dBm)	A [P14] (dBm)	A [P17] (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Min Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.3	10.8	13.8	23.2	-9.3
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.2	10.7	13.5	23.2	-9.7
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.2	10.7	13.6	23.2	-9.6

Note. An insertion loss of 3.9 dB at 5300 MHz for measurement cable and switch is taken into account.

HT20, MCS0, 2TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1+2		A [P11] (dBm)	A [P14] (dBm)	A [P17] (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Min Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.4	12.6	15.6	23.5	-7.9
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.2	12.4	15.3	23.5	-8.1
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.5	12.7	15.6	23.5	-7.9

HT40, MCS8, 2TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1+2		A [P11] (dBm)	A [P14] (dBm)	A [P17] (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Min Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.6	11.6	14.5	24.0	-9.5
Highest frequency: CH60up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	8.3	11.3	14.1	24.0	-9.9

Maximum conducted power limit according to FCC Part 15E, Section 15.407(a)(2):

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted power limit		
		(dBm)	(dBm)
5250-5350	Legacy, $11 + 10\log(B)$	24.4	24.0
	HT20, $11 + 10\log(B)$	24.6	24.0
	HT40, $11 + 10\log(B)$	27.6	24.0

Note. The lower limit value applies. B is the 26 dB EBW.

Maximum conducted power limit according to RSS247 6.2.2(1):

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less.

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted power limit		
		(dBm)	(dBm)
5250-5350	Legacy, $11 + 10 \log(B)$	23.2	24.0
	HT20, $11 + 10 \log(B)$	23.5	24.0
	HT40, $11 + 10 \log(B)$	26.6	24.0

Note. The lower limit value applies. B is the OBW.

5.3.6 Calculation of the EIRP

1 Port mode

Calculation of maximum EIRP						
Port 1	P set	Ant gain	Amax	EIRPmax	Limit	Margin
802.11h		(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Antenna group 1	P17	6	12.4	18.4	23.0	-4.6
Antenna group 2	P14	9	10.6	19.6	23.0	-3.4
Antenna group 3	P11	14.2	8.1	22.3	23.0	-0.7

Calculation of maximum EIRP						
Port 1	P set	Ant gain	Amax	EIRPmax	Limit	Margin
802.11n, HT20		(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Antenna group 1	P17	6	12.4	18.4	23.0	-4.6
Antenna group 2	P14	9	10.6	19.6	23.0	-3.4
Antenna group 3	P11	14.2	8.1	22.3	23.0	-0.7

Calculation of maximum EIRP						
Port 1	P set	Ant gain	Amax	EIRPmax	Limit	Margin
802.11n, HT40		(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Antenna group 1	P17	6	12.4	18.4	23.0	-4.6
Antenna group 2	P14	9	10.6	19.6	23.0	-3.4
Antenna group 3	P11	14.2	8.1	22.3	23.0	-0.7

2 Port mode

Calculation of maximum EIRP						
Port 1+2	P set	Ant gain	Amax	EIRPmax	Limit	Margin
802.11h		(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Antenna group 1	P17	6	13.8	19.8	23.0	-3.2
Antenna group 2	P14	9	10.8	19.8	23.0	-3.2
Antenna group 3	P11	14.2	8.3	22.5	23.0	-0.5

Calculation of maximum EIRP						
Port 1+2	P set	Ant gain	Amax	EIRPmax	Limit	Margin
802.11n, HT20		(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Antenna group 1	P17	6	15.6	21.6	23.0	-1.4
Antenna group 2	P14	9	12.7	21.7	23.0	-1.3
Antenna group 3	P11	14.2	8.5	22.7	23.0	-0.3

Calculation of maximum EIRP						
Port 1+2	P set	Ant gain	Amax	EIRPmax	Limit	Margin
802.11n, HT40		(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Antenna group 1	P17	6	14.5	20.5	23.0	-2.5
Antenna group 2	P14	9	11.6	20.6	23.0	-2.4
Antenna group 3	P11	14.2	8.6	22.8	23.0	-0.2

Additional requirements according to RSS247, 6.2.2(3):

In addition to the above requirements, devices operating in the band 5250-5350 MHz with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with the following e.i.r.p. at different elevations, where θ is the angle above the local horizontal plane (of the Earth) as shown below:

- (i) -13 dBW/MHz for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 8^\circ$
- (ii) $-13 - 0.716 (\theta - 8)$ dBW/MHz for $8^\circ \leq \theta < 40^\circ$
- (iii) $-35.9 - 1.22 (\theta - 40)$ dBW/MHz for $40^\circ \leq \theta \leq 45^\circ$
- (iv) -42 dBW/MHz for $\theta > 45^\circ$

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum EIRP power limit at any elevation	
	(dBm)	(mW)
5250 - 5350	23	200

The maximum EIRP in the main beam direction is lower than 200 mW. No additional measurement in the elevation is needed.

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

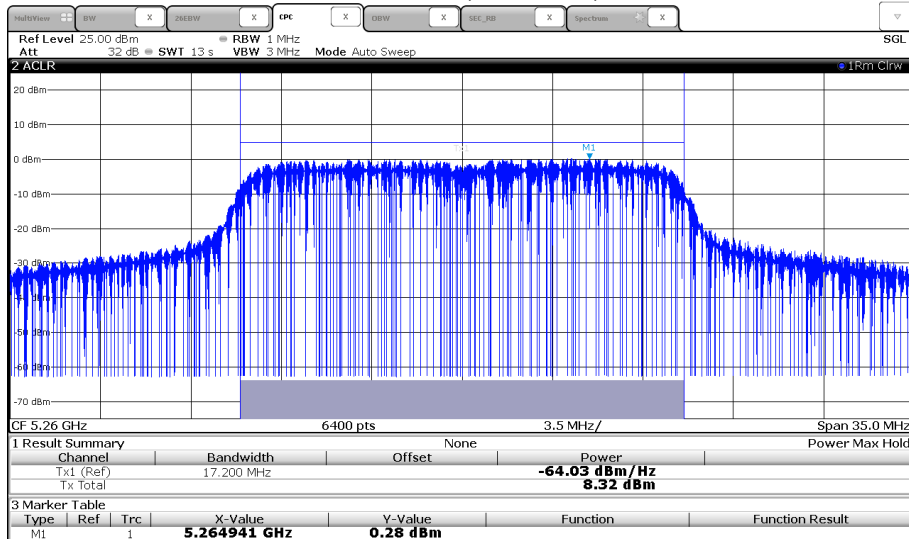
Remarks:

5.3.7 Test protocol maximum conducted output power

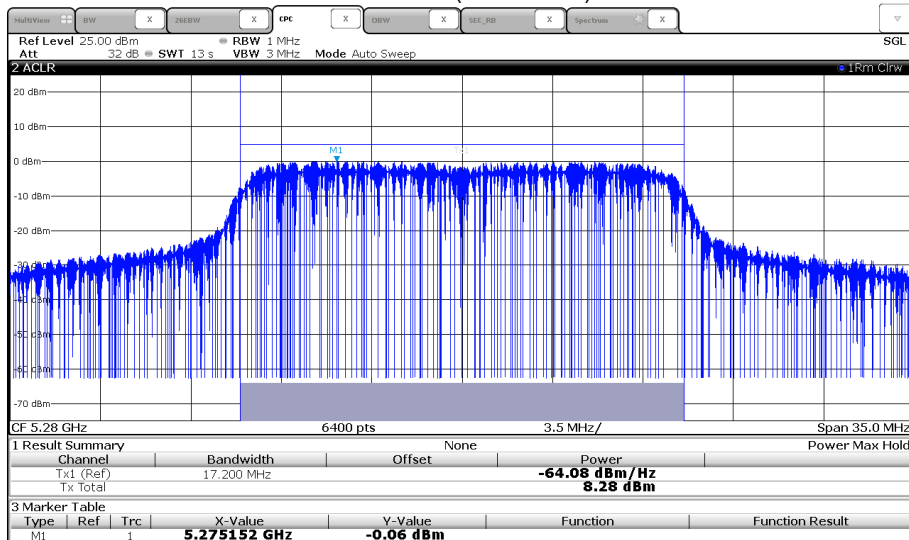
1 Port mode (only one port1 is active and port2 is internally terminated):

801.11a, P17:

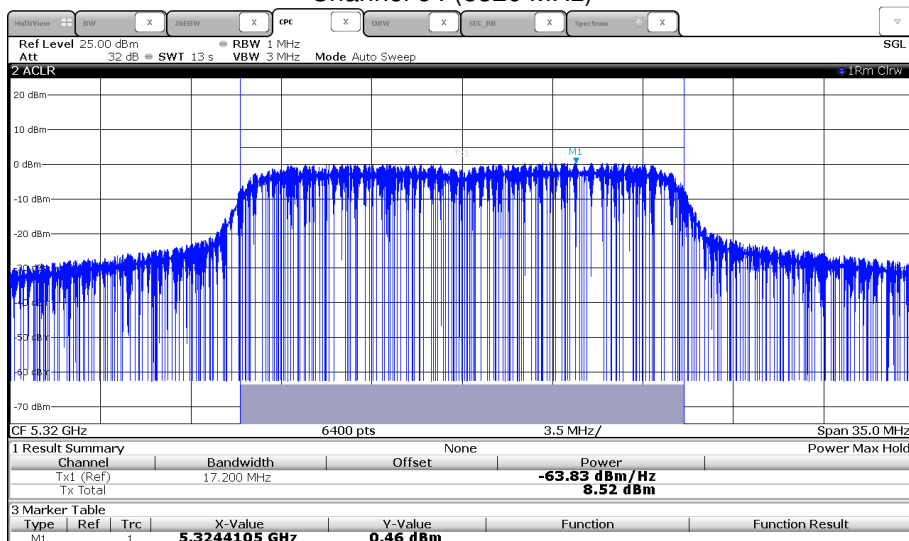
Channel 52 (5260 MHz)



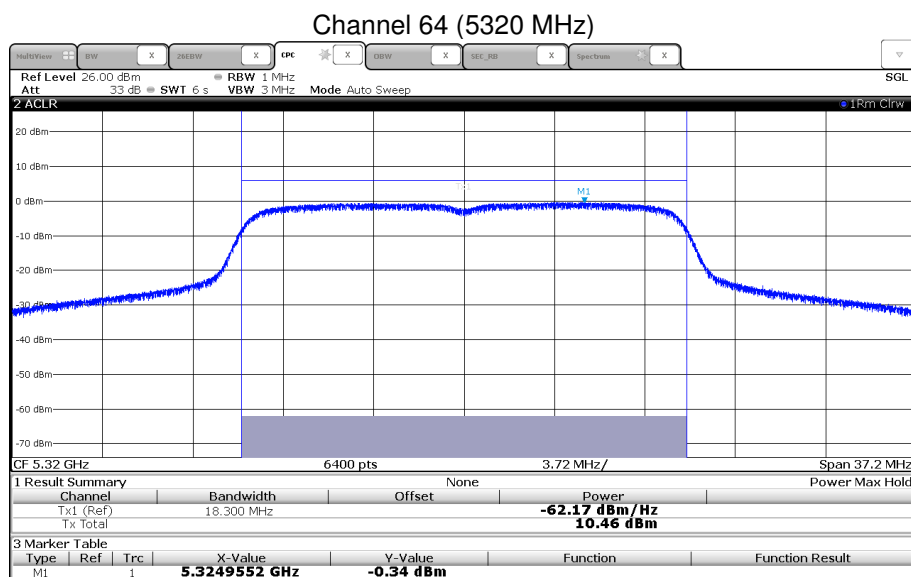
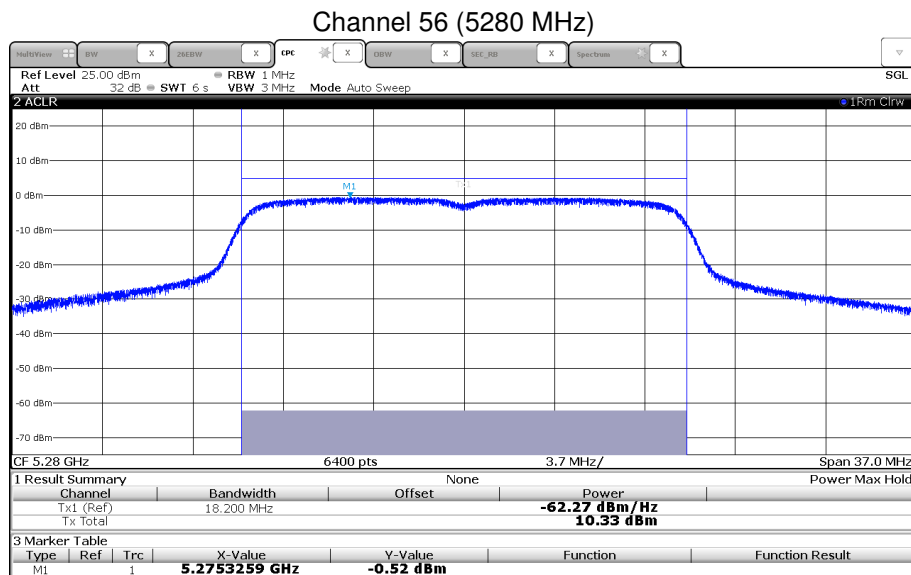
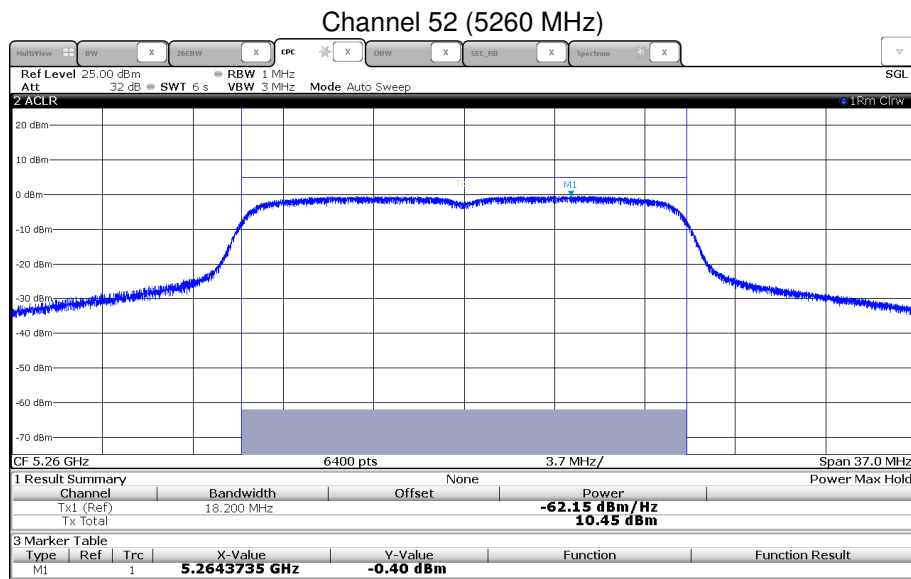
Channel 56 (5280 MHz)



Channel 64 (5320 MHz)



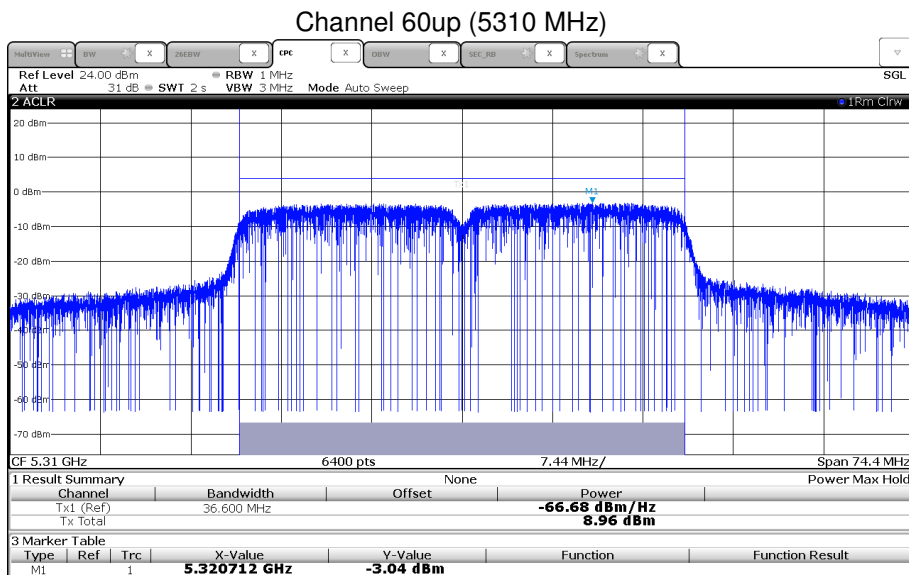
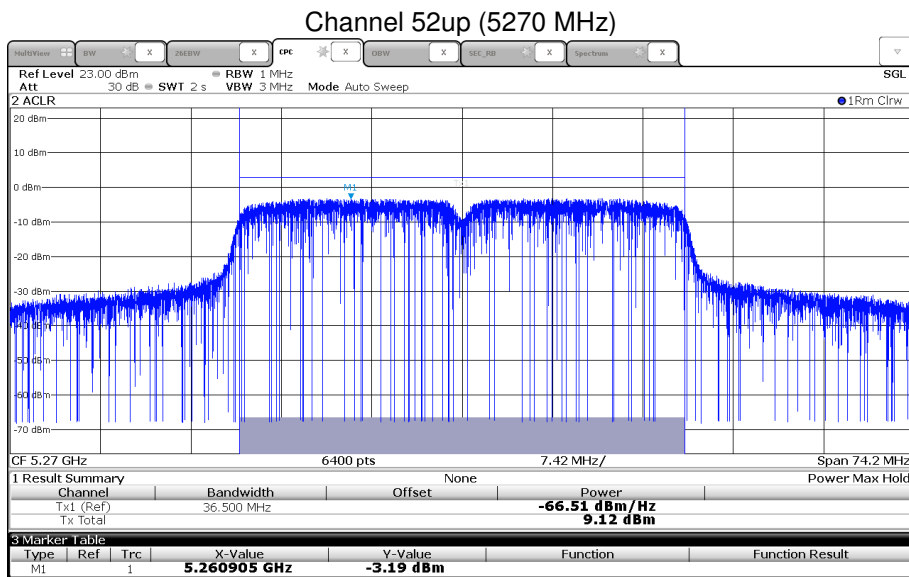
HT20, P17:



FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

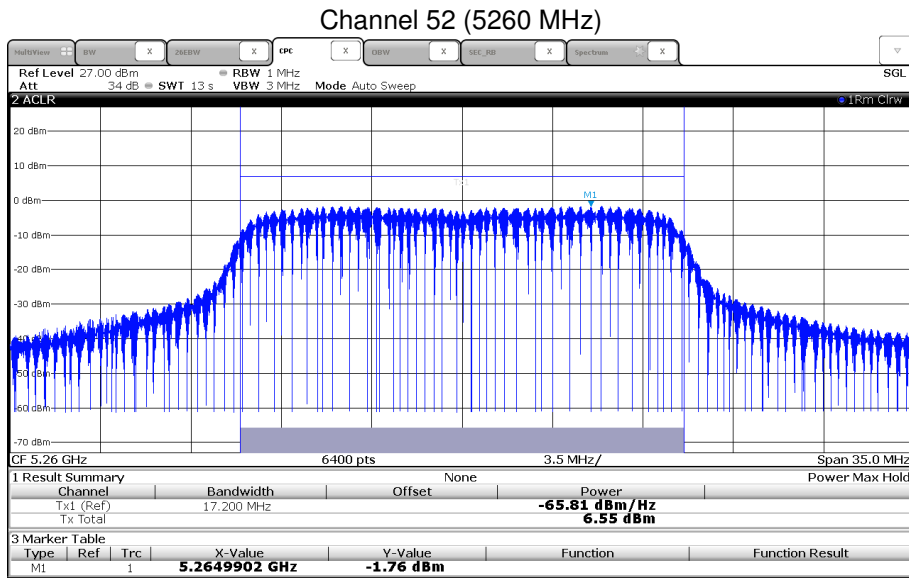
HT40, P17:



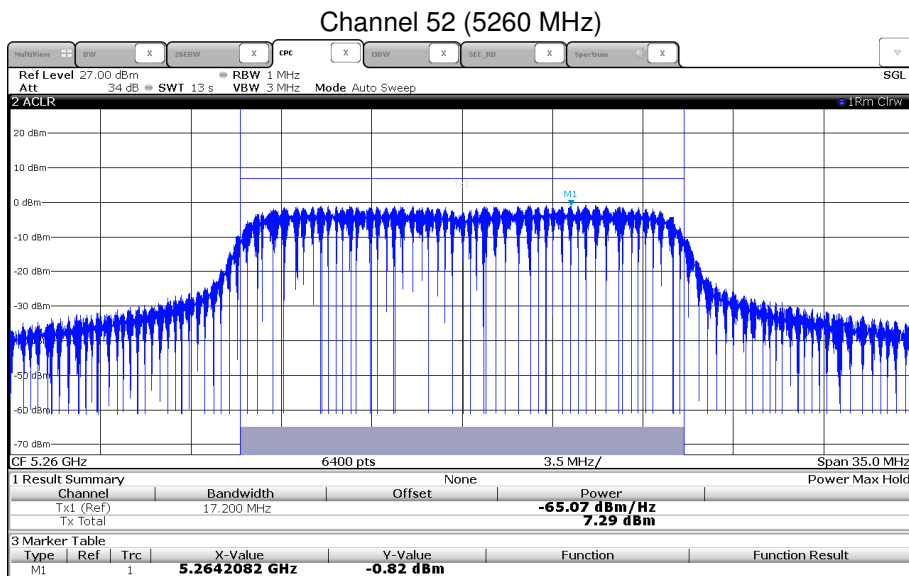
FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

2 Port mode (all two ports are active):
801.11a, P17:



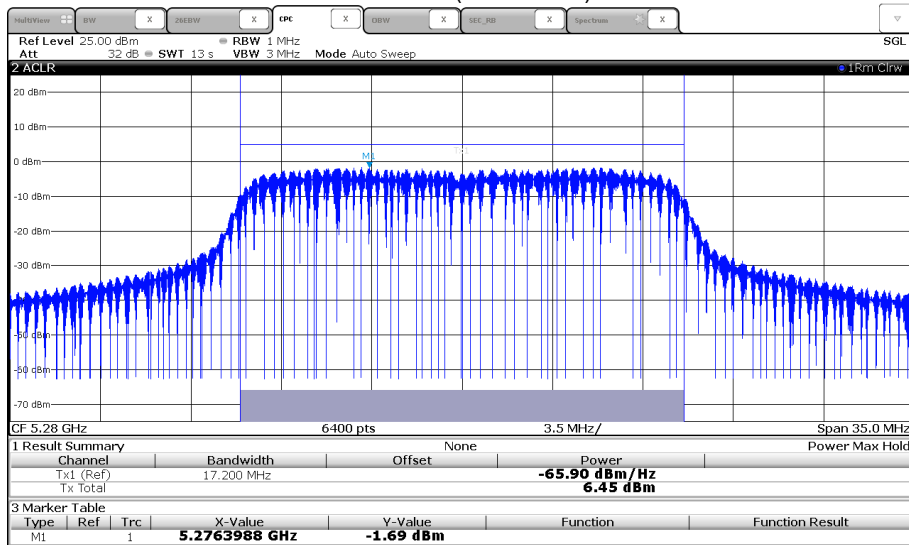
Port2



FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

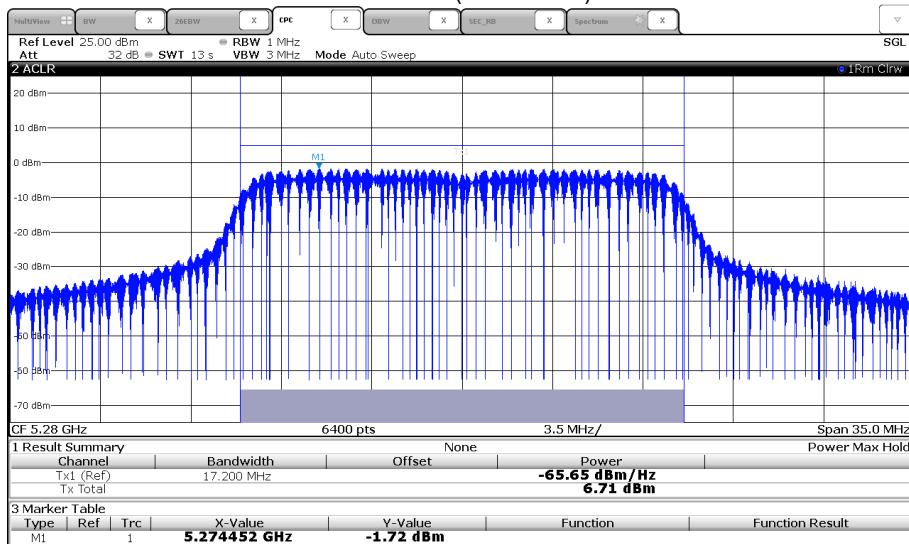
IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

Channel 56 (5280 MHz)



Port2

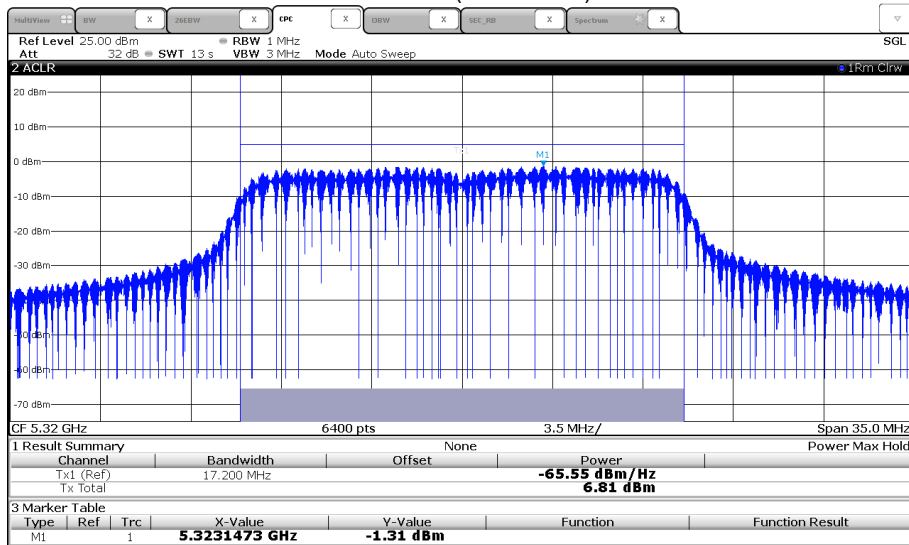
Channel 56 (5280 MHz)



FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

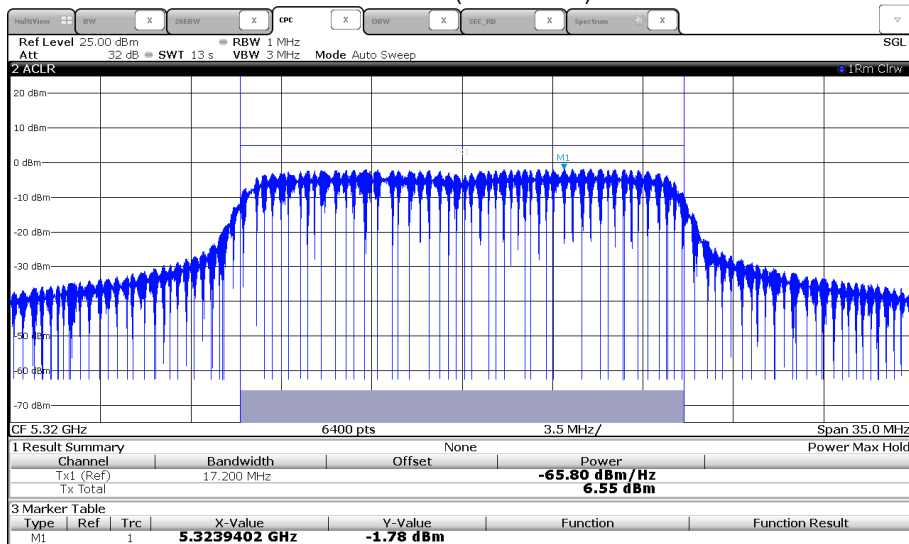
IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

Channel 64 (5320 MHz)



Port2

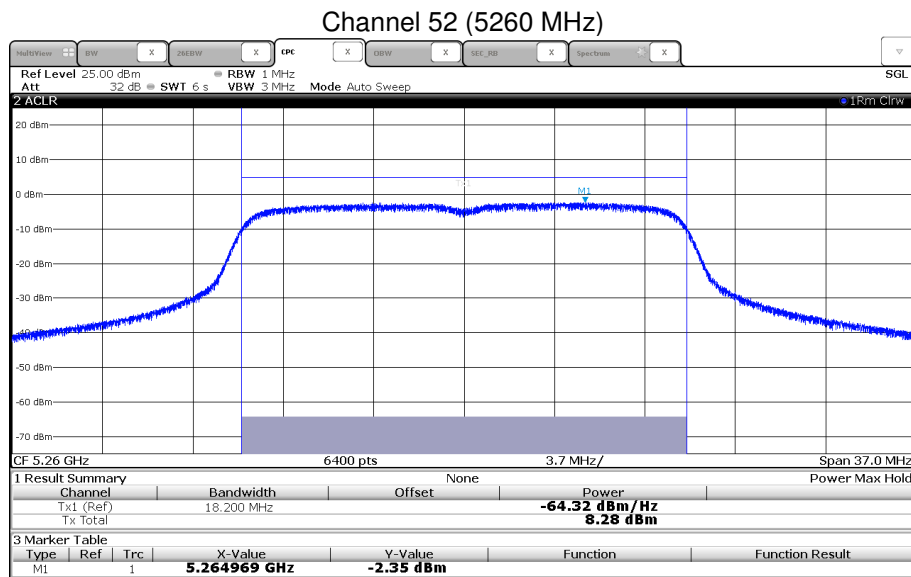
Channel 64 (5320 MHz)



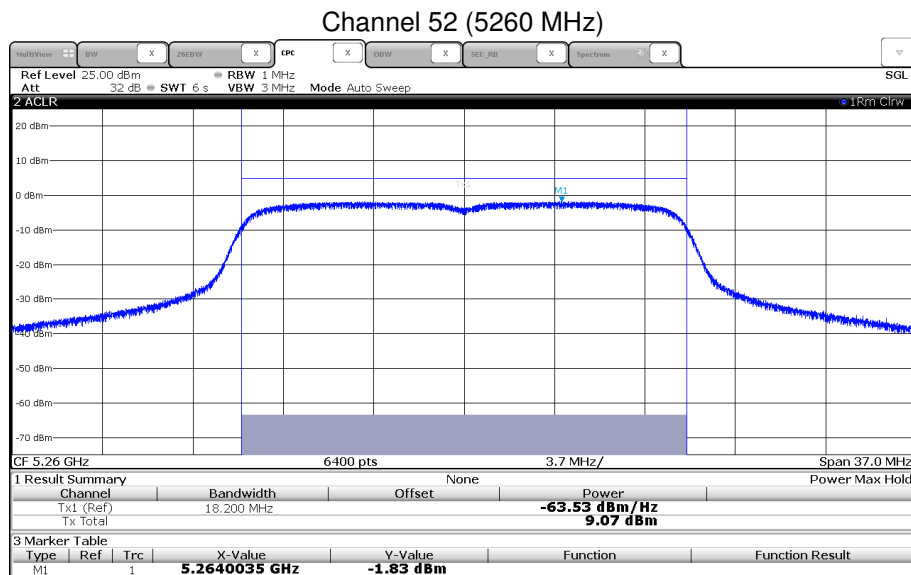
FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

HT20, P17:



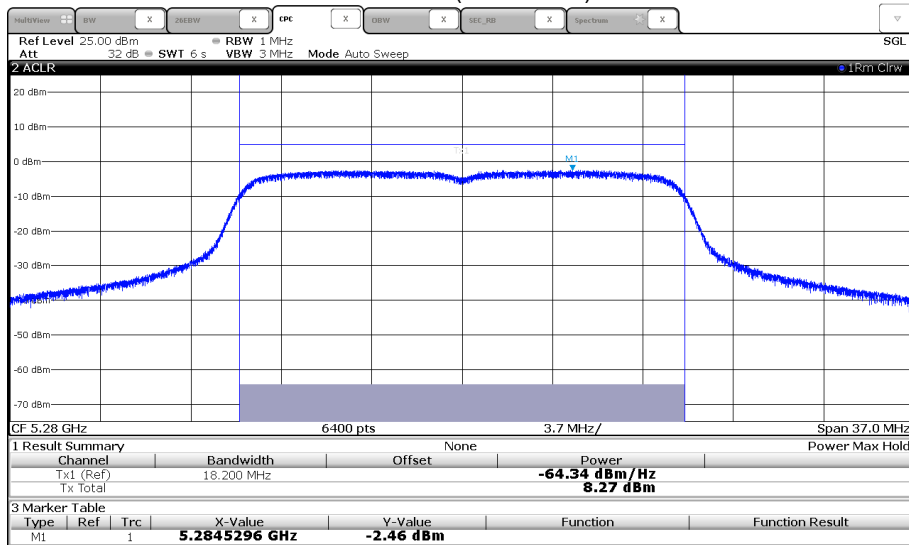
Port2



FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

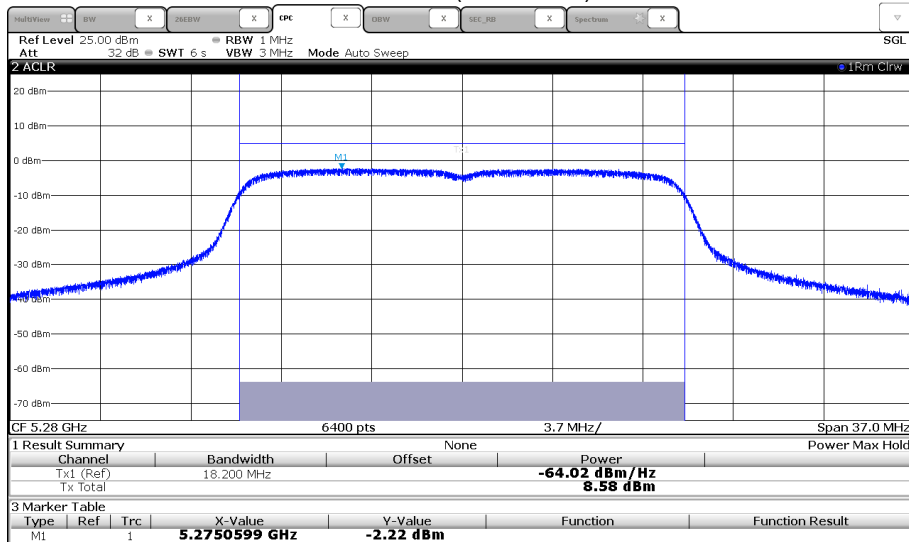
IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

Channel 56 (5280 MHz)



Port2

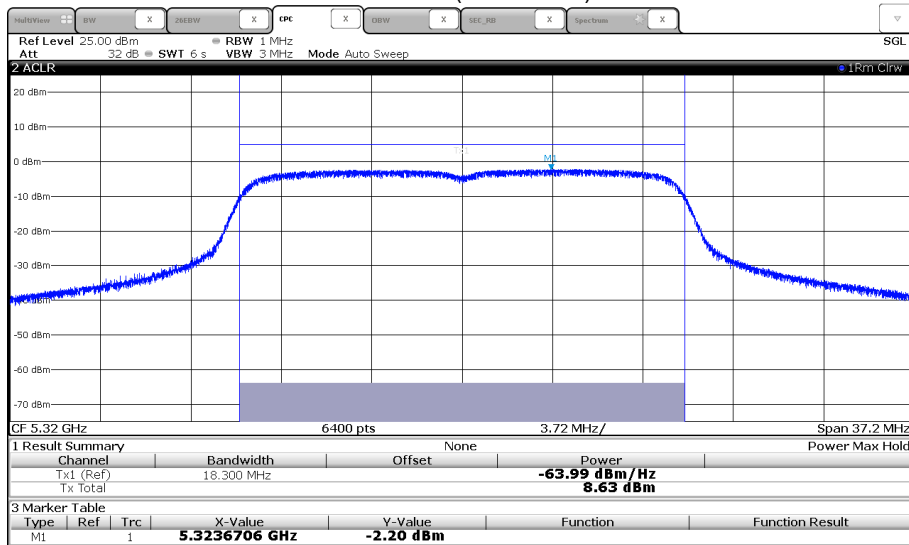
Channel 56 (5280 MHz)



FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

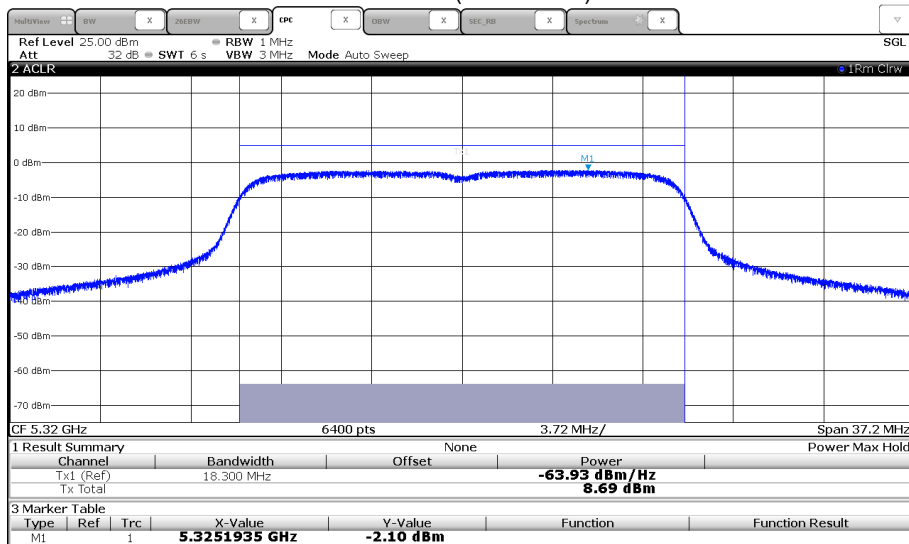
IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

Channel 64 (5320 MHz)



Port2

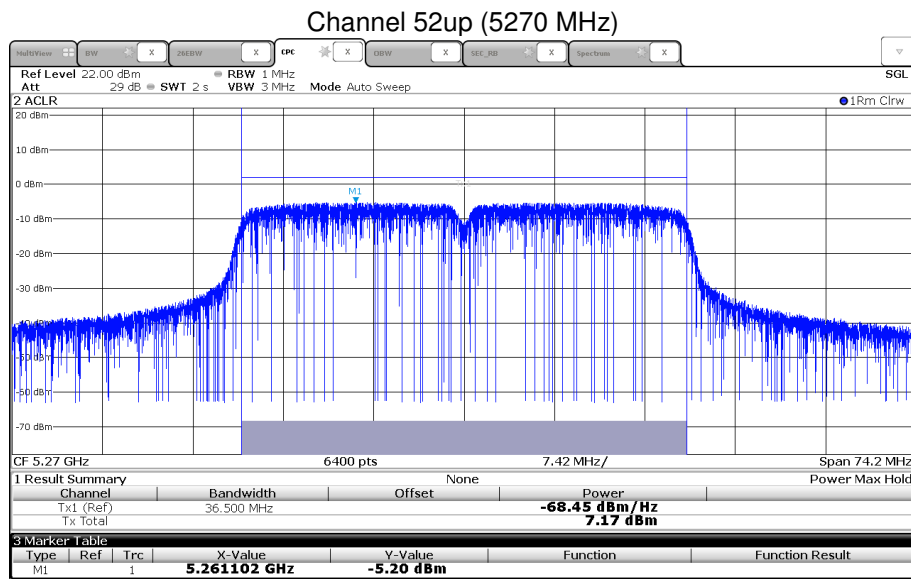
Channel 64 (5320 MHz)



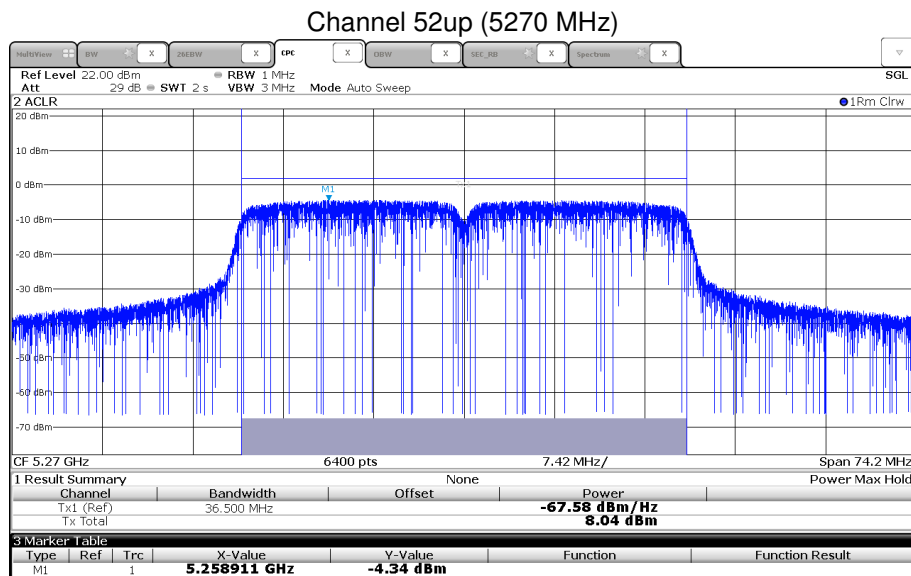
FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

HT40, P17:



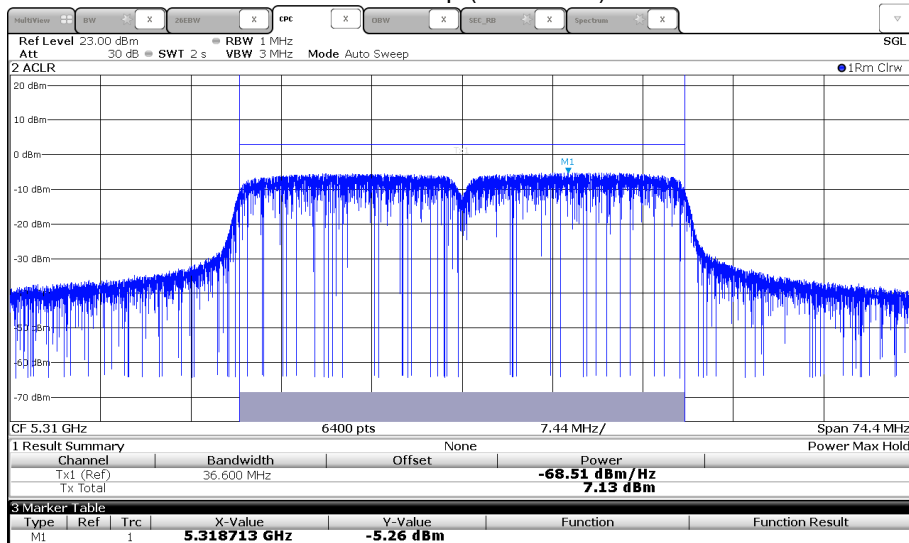
Port2



FCC ID: LYHMSN1V1

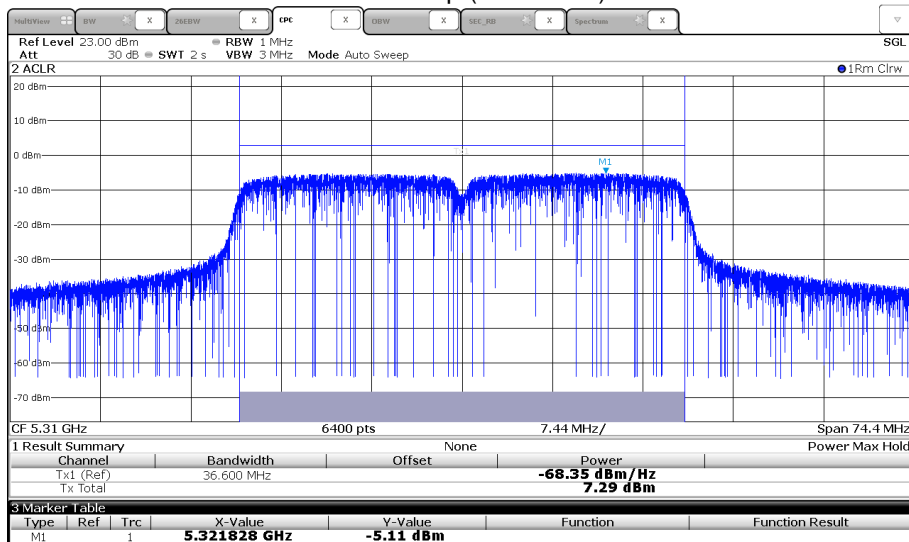
IC: 267AA-MSN1V1

Channel 60up (5310 MHz)



Port2

Channel 60up (5310 MHz)



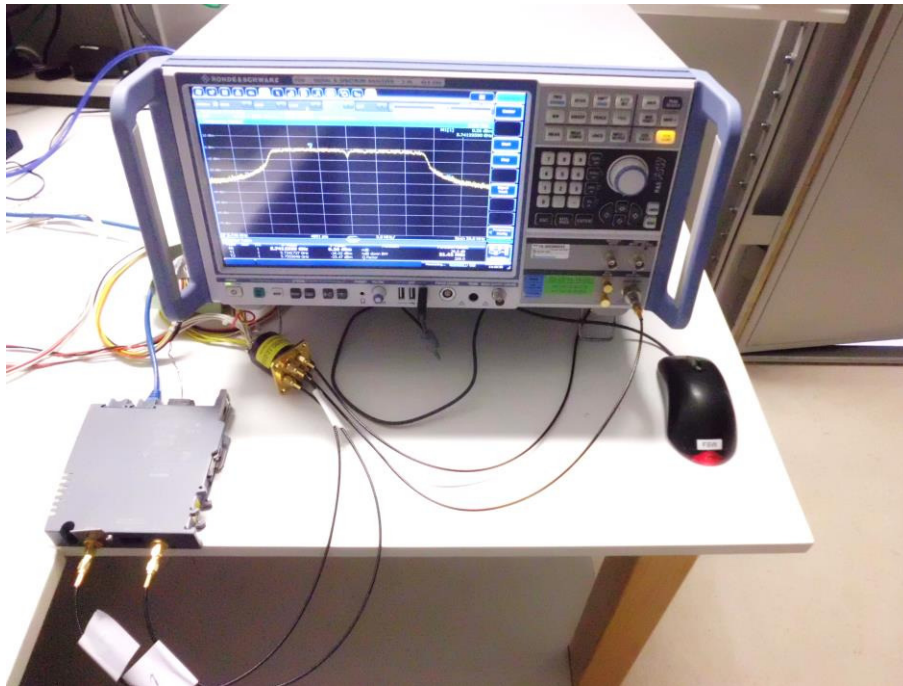
5.4 Maximum power spectral density

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPC 3**.

5.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15E, Section 15.407(a)(2):

In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to ISED RSS247 6.2.2 (1):

The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

5.4.4 Description of Measurement

The maximum conducted PSD is measured using a spectrum analyser with the function “integrated band power measurement” following the procedure set out in KDB 789033 D02, item F. Therefore, the PSD is measured the same way. The “integrated band power measurement” is related to PSD (dBm/Hz). The EUT is set in TX continuous mode while measuring. The values are corrected with the conversion factor Hz to 1 MHz, 60.0 dB. The resulting values are listed in the following tables. The insertion loss of measurement cable is taken into account with 3.9 dB at 5.3 GHz.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 3 MHz, Detector: RMS (power averaging), Trace mode: max hold;
Number of points: 6401, Sweep time: see table, Band power function;

Modulation	Burst time T (ms)	Sweep points	Max sweep time analyser (s)
802.11a	2.069	6401	13.2
802.11n, HT20	0.893	6401	5.7
802.11n, HT40	0.321	6401	2.1

5.4.5 Test result

1 Port mode (only one port is active and port 2 is internally terminated):

Raw data as representative for all one Port measurements, used for 802.11h:

	PD1 [P11] (dBm/Hz)	PD1 [P14] (dBm/Hz)	PD1 [P17] (dBm/Hz)
CH52	-68.34	-65.84	-64.03
CH56	-68.61	-66.11	-64.08
CH64	-68.18	-65.68	-63.83

Calculation of the total PSD:

802.11h, 6 Mbps, 1TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1		PD [P11] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P14] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P17] (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-4.4	-1.9	-0.1	11.0	-11.1
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-4.7	-2.2	-0.2	11.0	-11.2
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-4.3	-1.8	0.1	11.0	-10.9

Note. An insertion loss of 3.9 dB at 5300 MHz for measurement cable and switch is taken into account.

HT20, MCS0, 1TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1		PD [P11] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P14] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P17] (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-2.9	-0.4	1.8	11.0	-9.3
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-3.0	-0.5	1.6	11.0	-9.4
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-2.7	-0.2	1.7	11.0	-9.3

HT40, MCS8, 1TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1		PD [P11] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P14] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P17] (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-7.1	-4.6	-2.6	11.0	-13.6
Middle frequency: CH60up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-7.1	-4.6	-2.8	11.0	-13.8

2 Port mode (all two ports are active):

Raw data as representative for all one Port measurements, used for 802.11h:

	PD1 [P11] (dBm/Hz)	PD2 [P11] (dBm/Hz)	PD1 [P14] (dBm/Hz)	PD2 [P14] (dBm/Hz)	PD1 [P17] (dBm/Hz)	PD2 [P17] (dBm/Hz)
CH52	-71.09	-70.85	-68.59	-68.35	-65.81	-65.07
CH56	-70.97	-71.11	-68.47	-68.61	-65.90	-65.65
CH64	-70.67	-71.42	-68.17	-68.92	-65.55	-65.80

Calculation of the total PSD:

802.11h, 6 Mbps, 2TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1+2		PD [P11] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P14] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P17] (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-4.0	-2.6	-1.5	11.0	-12.5
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-4.0	-2.6	-1.5	11.0	-12.5
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-4.0	-2.5	-1.5	11.0	-12.5

Note. An insertion loss of 3.9 dB at 5300 MHz for measurement cable and switch is taken into account.

HT20, MCS0, 2TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1+2		PD [P11] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P14] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P17] (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-2.4	-1.0	0.1	11.0	-10.9
Middle frequency: CH56						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-2.6	-1.1	-0.1	11.0	-11.1
Highest frequency: CH64						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-2.3	-0.8	0.2	11.0	-10.8

HT40, MCS8, 2TX		Test results conducted				
Port 1+2		PD [P11] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P14] (dBm/MHz)	PD [P17] (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
Lowest frequency: CH52up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-6.4	-5.1	-3.9	11.0	-14.9
Middle frequency: CH60up						
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	-6.8	-5.3	-4.3	11.0	-15.3

Maximum power spectral density limit according to FCC Part 15E, Section 15.407(a)(2):

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum power spectral density limit (dBm/MHz)
5250 - 5350	11.0

Maximum power spectral density limit according to RSS247, 6.2.1(1):
The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum power spectral density limit (dBm/MHz)
5250 - 5350	11.0

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks: For detailed test results, please see to test protocols under 5.3.7.

5.5 Defacto limit

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPC 3**.

5.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location: NONE

Remarks: This measurement is already documented in the test report T36325-00-14HS.

5.6 Unwanted emissions in restricted bands, conducted

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **SEC 1, 2** and **SEC 3**.

5.6.1 Description of the test location

Test location: NONE

Remarks: This measurement is already documented in the test report T36325-00-14HS.

5.7 Frequency stability

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

5.7.1 Description of the test location

Test location: NONE

Remarks: This measurement is already documented in the test report T36325-00-14HS.

5.8 Antenna application

5.8.1 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15C, Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit that broken antennas can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack is prohibited.

The EUT use the listed antennas for MIMO technique. The equipment connector is SMA-R.

Remarks:

6 USED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES

All test instruments used are calibrated and verified regularly. The calibration history is available on request.

Test ID	Model Type	Equipment No.	Next Calib.	Last Calib.	Next Verif.	Last Verif.
CPC 3	FSW43	02-02/11-15-001	05/08/2016	05/08/2015		
	DC-40 GHz - D/C9914	02-02/50-12-010				
MB	FSW43	02-02/11-15-001	05/08/2016	05/08/2015		
	DC-40 GHz - D/C9914	02-02/50-12-010				