

**CETECOM™****CETECOM ICT Services**
consulting - testing - certification >>>

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-9906/15-01-03-A

Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12076-01-00

Testing laboratory

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Internet: <http://www.cetecom.com>e-mail: ict@cetecom.com**Accredited Testing Laboratory:**

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-00

Applicant

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Manufacturer

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Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15

Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 1

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSS) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Touch trigger probe**Model name:** RWR95.50**FCC ID:** MFFRWR9550**IC:** 5782A-RWR9550G1

Frequency: 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Technology tested: IEEE 802.15.4

Antenna: Integrated antenna

Power supply: 24 V DC by external power supply

Temperature range: +5°C to +50°C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

Marco Bertolino
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Test performed:

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-9906/15-01-03 and dated 2016-02-16

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2015-12-10
Date of receipt of test item:	2016-01-18
Start of test:	2016-01-18
End of test:	2016-01-22
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15	-/-	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 1	May 2015	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
Guidance	Version	Description
DTS: KDB 558074 D01	v03r04	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T _{nom} T _{max} T _{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests -/- °C during high temperature tests -/- °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		not relevant for this kind of testing
Power supply	:	V _{nom} V _{max} V _{min}	24.0 V DC by external power supply -/- V -/- V

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Touch trigger probe
Type identification	:	RWR95.50
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	RWP95.50
HVIN	:	RWP95.50
FVIN	:	01.00
S/N serial number	:	Rad. #1011 Cond. N/A
HW hardware status	:	HW02
SW software status	:	0100
Frequency band	:	2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz (lowest channel 11 – 2405 MHz; highest channel 26 – 2480 MHz)
Type of radio transmission	:	DSSS
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	O-QPSK
Number of channels	:	16
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	24 V (12 V to 32 V) DC by external power supply
Temperature range	:	+5°C to +50°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report:

1-9906/15-01-09_AnnexA
1-9906/15-01-09_AnnexB
1-9906/15-01-09_AnnexD

6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

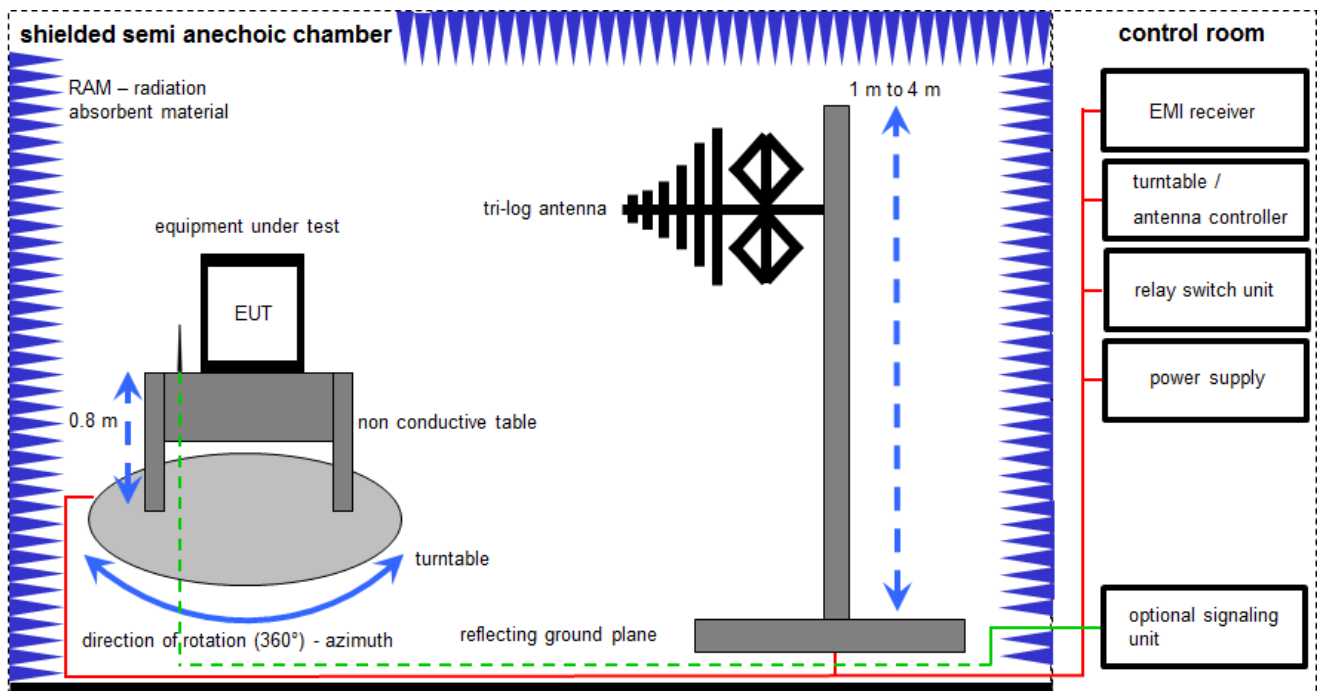
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
v/k!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are confirmed with specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

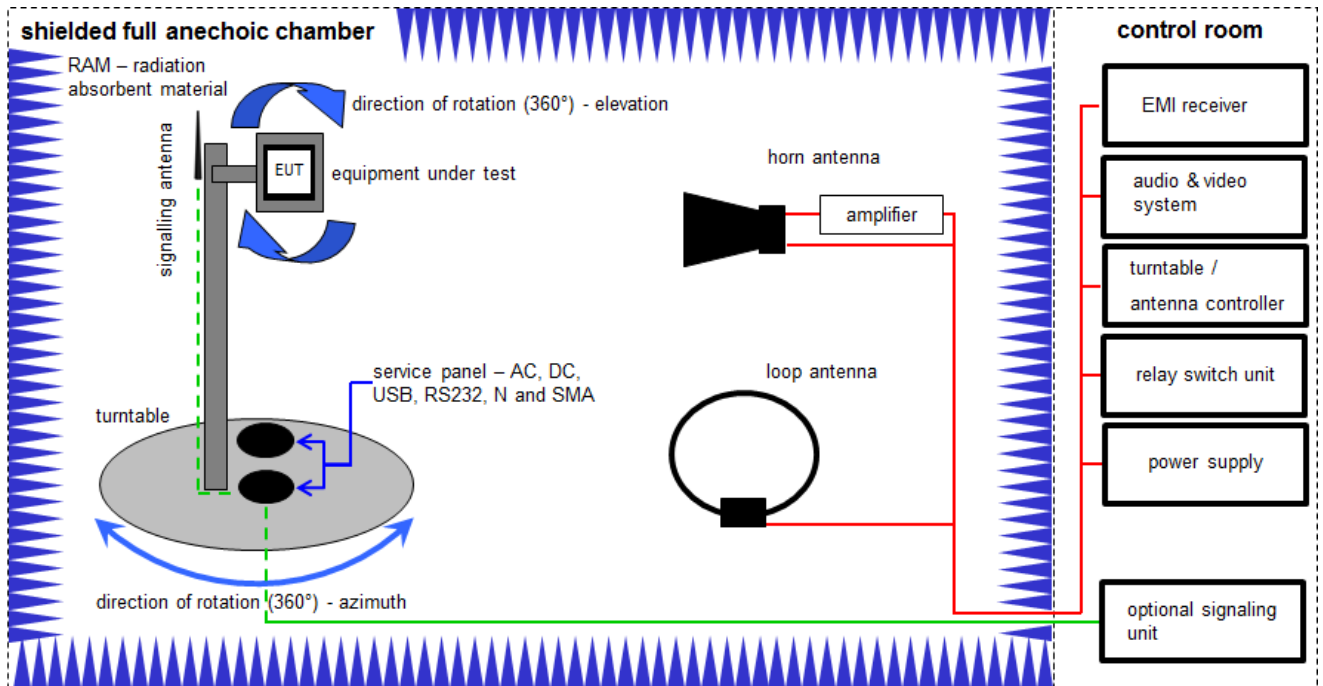
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] \quad (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev		
2	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	26.01.2015	26.01.2016
3	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw		
4	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw		
5	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw		
6	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	22.04.2014	22.04.2016

7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

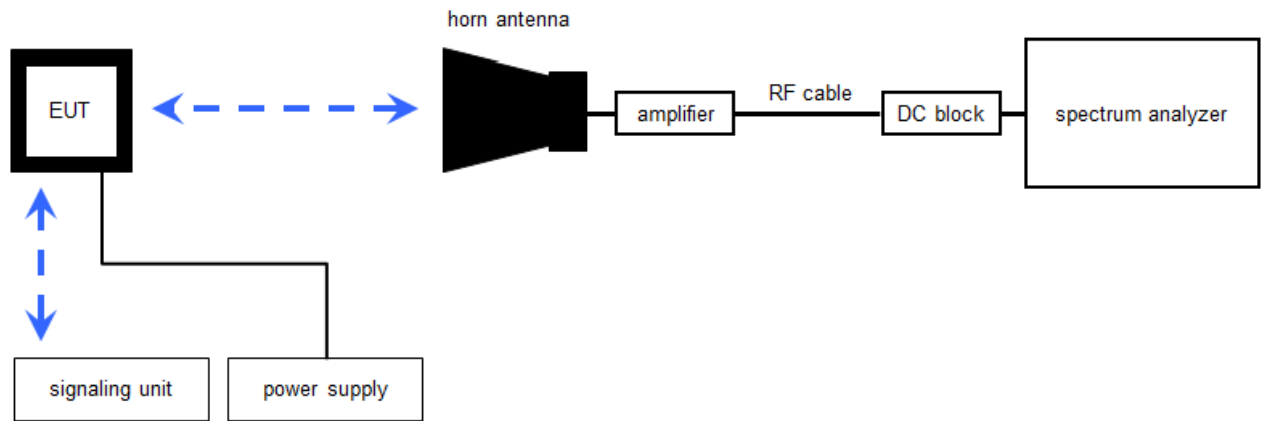
$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dB\mu V/m] (71.61 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKII	20.05.2015	20.05.2017
2	A, B	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev		
3	A, B	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne		
4	B	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO/2	8905-2342	300000256	k	24.06.2015	24.06.2017
5	A, B	Amplifier	js42-00502650-28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne		
6	A, B	Band Reject filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	11	300003351	ev		
7	A, B	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne		
8	A, B	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	k	04.09.2015	04.09.2016
9	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	318	300003696	k	22.04.2014	22.04.2017

7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz

Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

$$FS = U_R + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; U_R -voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

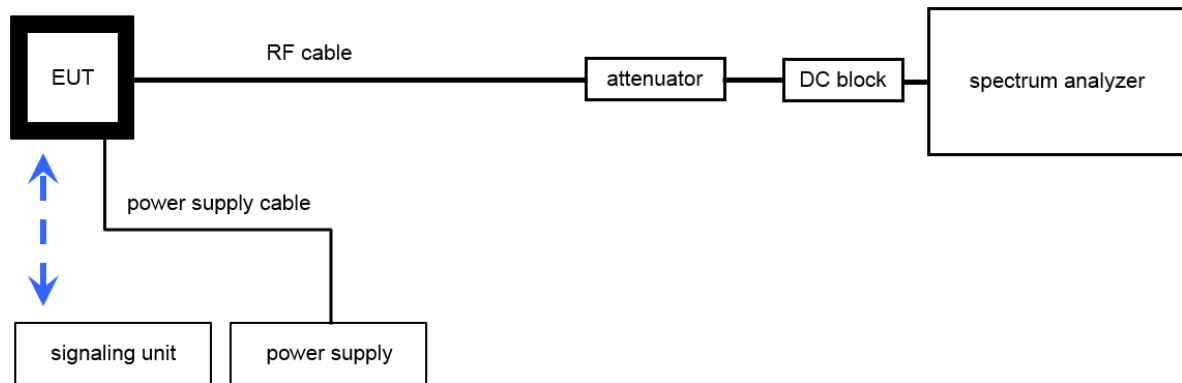
$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-60.1) \text{ [dB]} + 36.74 \text{ [dB/m]} = 16.64 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (6.79 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev		
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	8205	300002442	NK!	19.07.2013	
3	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	22.01.2015	22.01.2016
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev		
5	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev		
6	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet		400001185	ev		

7.4 Conducted measurements

Conducted measurements normal conditions



$$OP = AV + CA$$

(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

$$OP \text{ [dBm]} = 6.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 11.7 \text{ [dB]} = 17.7 \text{ [dBm]} \text{ (58.88 mW)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP		300000929	ne		
2	A	Labormessplatzrechner 19" Servergehäuse	Intel Core i3 3225/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	HP	35230157A0370	300004646	ne		
3	A	System DC Power Supply	N5767A	Agilent Technologies	US14J1569P	300004851	vIKII	04.09.2014	04.09.2016
4	A	USB-GPIB-Interface	82357B	Agilent Technologies	US14J1569P	300004852	ne		
5	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101353	300004819	k	24.08.2015	24.08.2016
6	A	DC-Blocker	8143	Inmet Corp.	none	300002842	ne		
7	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM/72	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 605505	400001187	ev		
8	A	RF-Cable	Sucoflex 104	Huber & Suhner	147636/4	400001188	ev		
9	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 699866	400001189	ev		

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Power spectral density	± 1.5 dB
DTS bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)
Maximum output power	± 1.5 dB
Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	± 1.5 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB

10 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 1	See table!	2016-02-23	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Guideline	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (4)	Antenna gain	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(e) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (2)	Power spectral density	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 10.6	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(2) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (1)	DTS bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.1	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 4.6.1	Occupied bandwidth	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(b)(3) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (4)	Maximum output power	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 9.1.1	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 13.3.2	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	TX spurious emissions conducted	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 11.1 & 11.2 11.3	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	-/-	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☐	☐	☒	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

11 Additional comments

Reference documents: None

Special test descriptions: Additional radiated measurements with second housing.
(Different arrangement of the wiring)

Configuration descriptions: None

Test mode: ☐ No test mode available.
Iperf was used to ping another device with the largest support packet size

☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit
operating modes:

☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)

- Equipment with 1 antenna,
- Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
- Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)

☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)

- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.

☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)

- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

12 Measurement results

12.1 Antenna gain

Measurement:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For normal WLAN devices, the DSSS mode is used.

Measurement parameters:

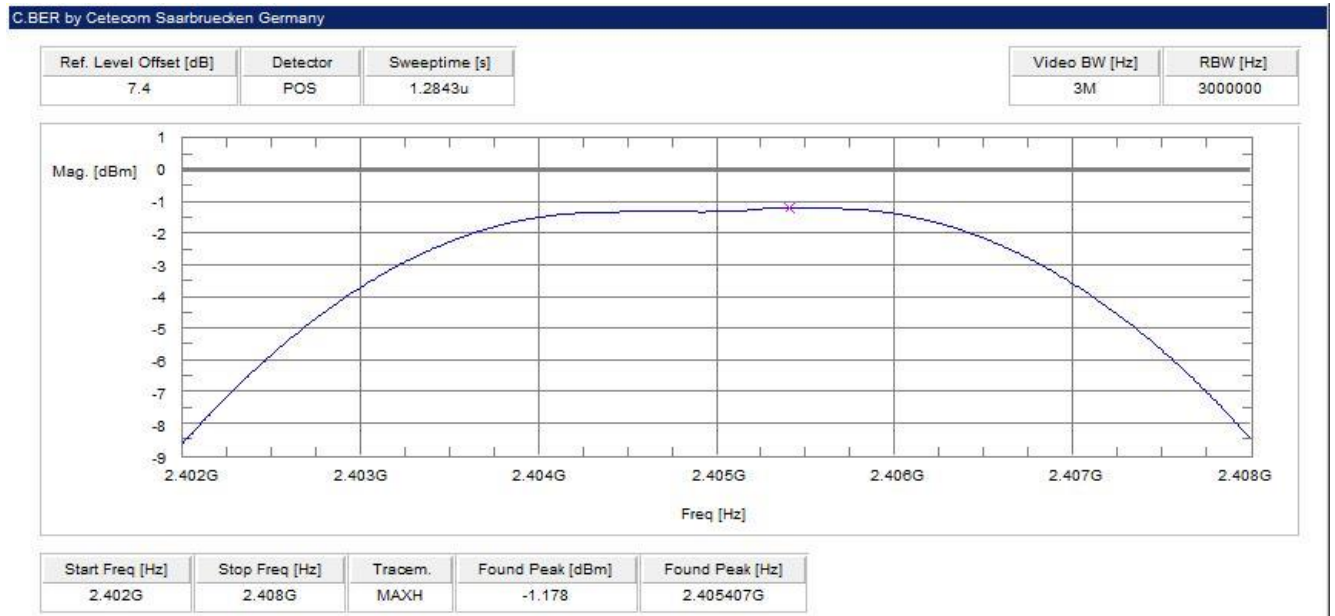
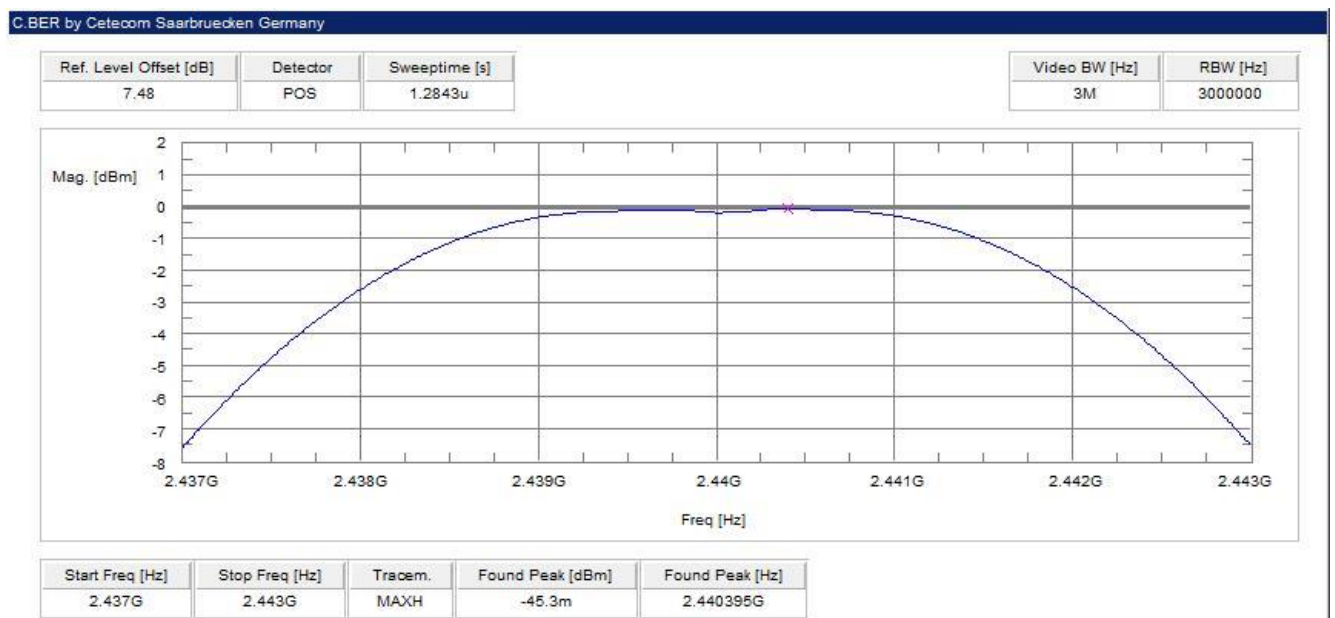
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	3 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace mode:	Max hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 A / 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

FCC	IC
6 dBi	

Results:

T _{nom}	V _{nom}	lowest channel 2405 MHz	middle channel 2440 MHz	highest channel 2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm]		-1.18	-0.45	0.43
Radiated power [dBm]		0.34	2.18	2.68
Gain [dBi] Calculated		-1.52	-2.63	-2.25

Plots:**Plot 1: TX mode, lowest channel****Plot 2: TX mode, middle channel**

Plot 3: TX mode, highest channel



12.2 Timing of the transmitter

All information provided by the customer!

Transmit time (Tx on) = 352 μ s (Plot 1)

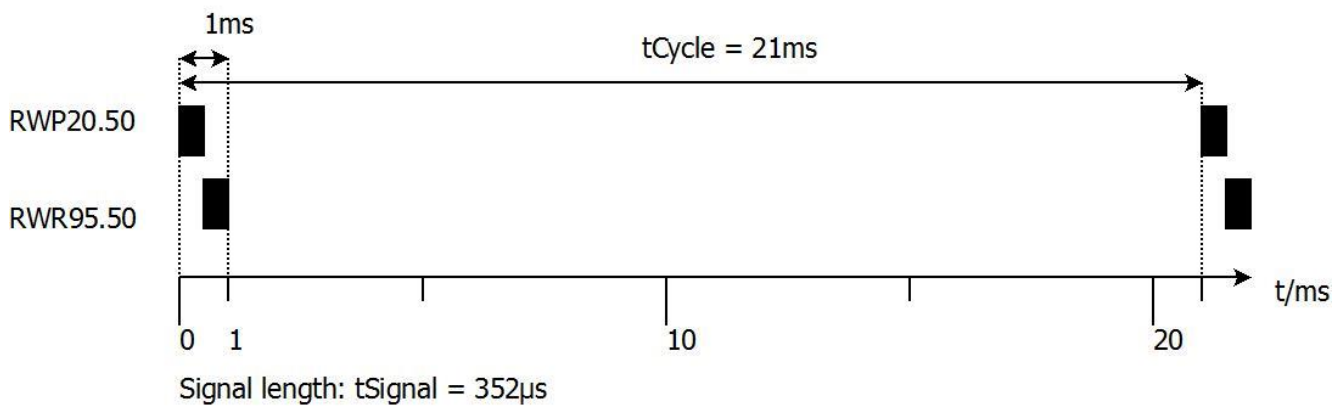
Tx on + Tx off = 21 ms (Plot 1)

Number of transmissions during 100 ms = 5

The peak-to-average correction factor is calculated with $20\text{Log} [\text{Tx on} * 5 / 100\text{ms}]$.
Hereby the peak-to-average correction factor is **-35.1 dB**.

Plot 1: Timing of the transmitter

Dutty Cycle in normal operation



12.3 Maximum output power

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted and radiated. The measurements are performed using the data rate producing the highest conducted output power.

Measurement:

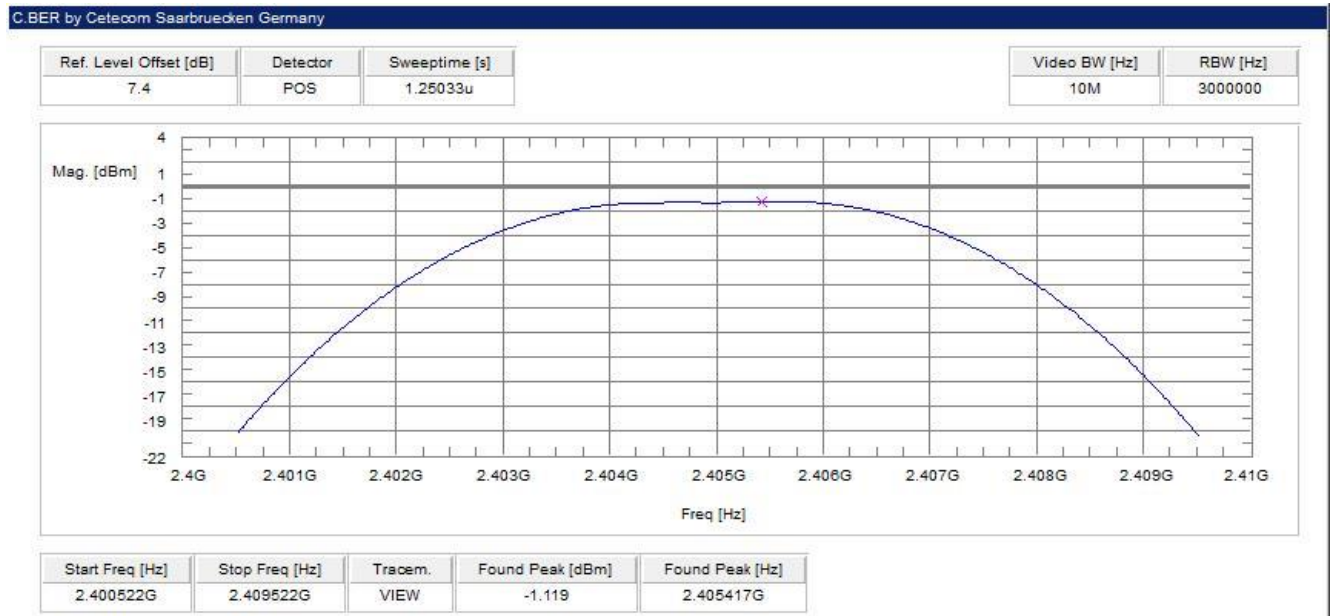
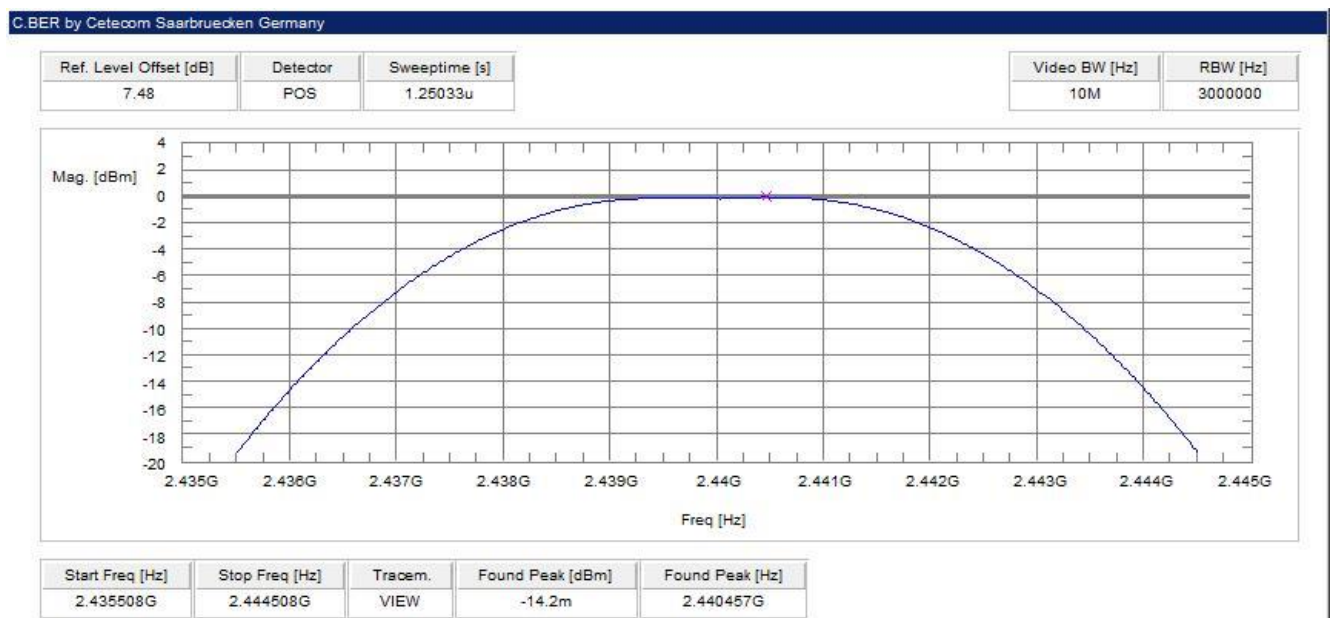
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	10 MHz
Span	10 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

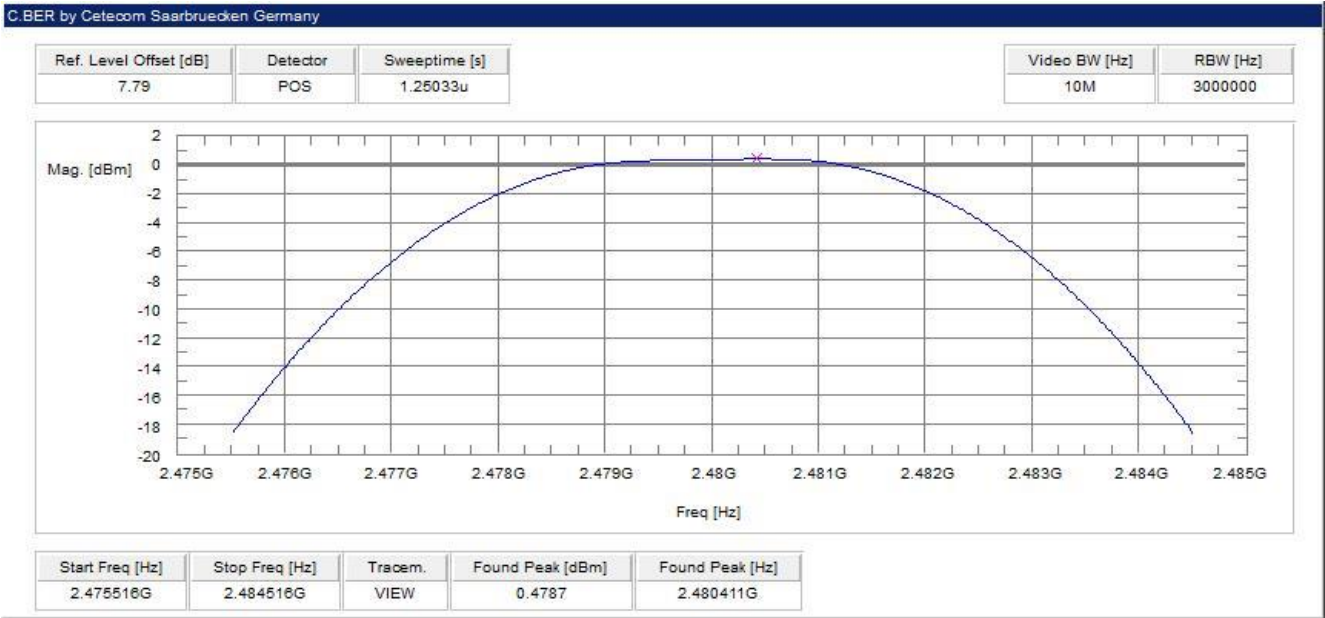
FCC	IC
Conducted: 1.0 W – Antenna gain max. 6 dBi	

Results:

Frequency	Maximum Output Power [dBm]		
	2405 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
	-1.12	-0.14	0.48

Plots:**Plot 1: lowest channel****Plot 2: middle channel**

Plot 3: highest channel



12.4 Power spectral density**Description:**

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated for both modulations at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 kHz
Video bandwidth	10 kHz
Span	≥ EBW
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

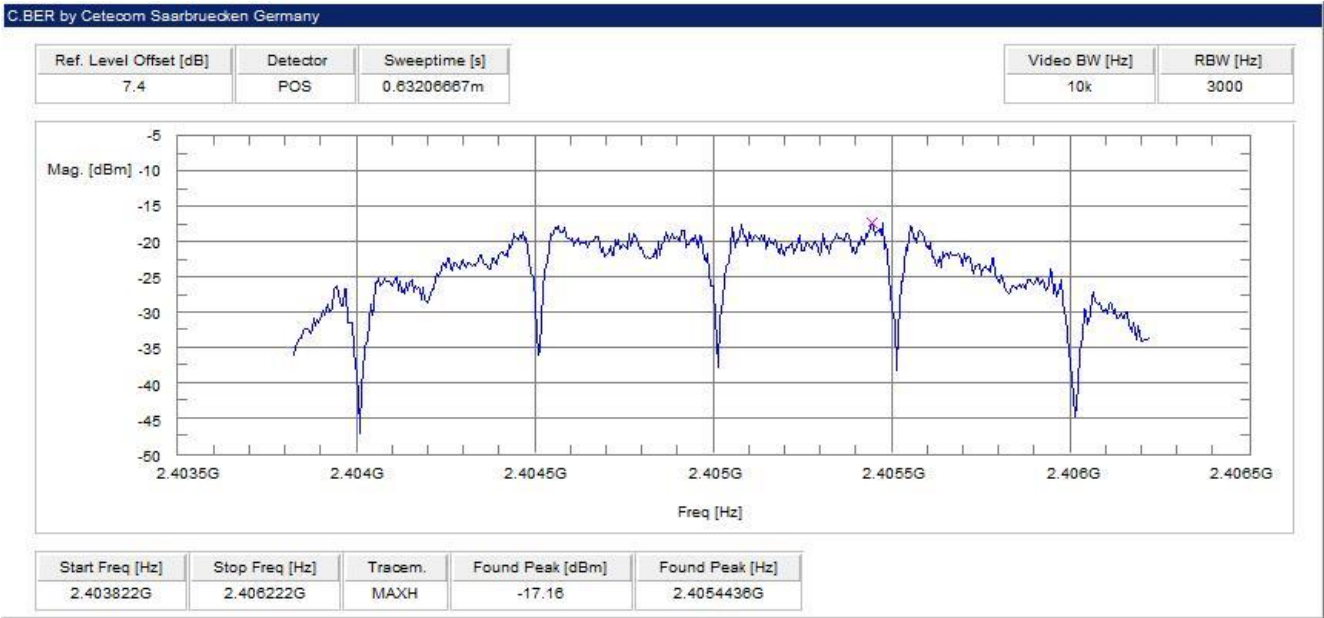
FCC	IC
8 dBm / 3kHz (conducted)	

Results:

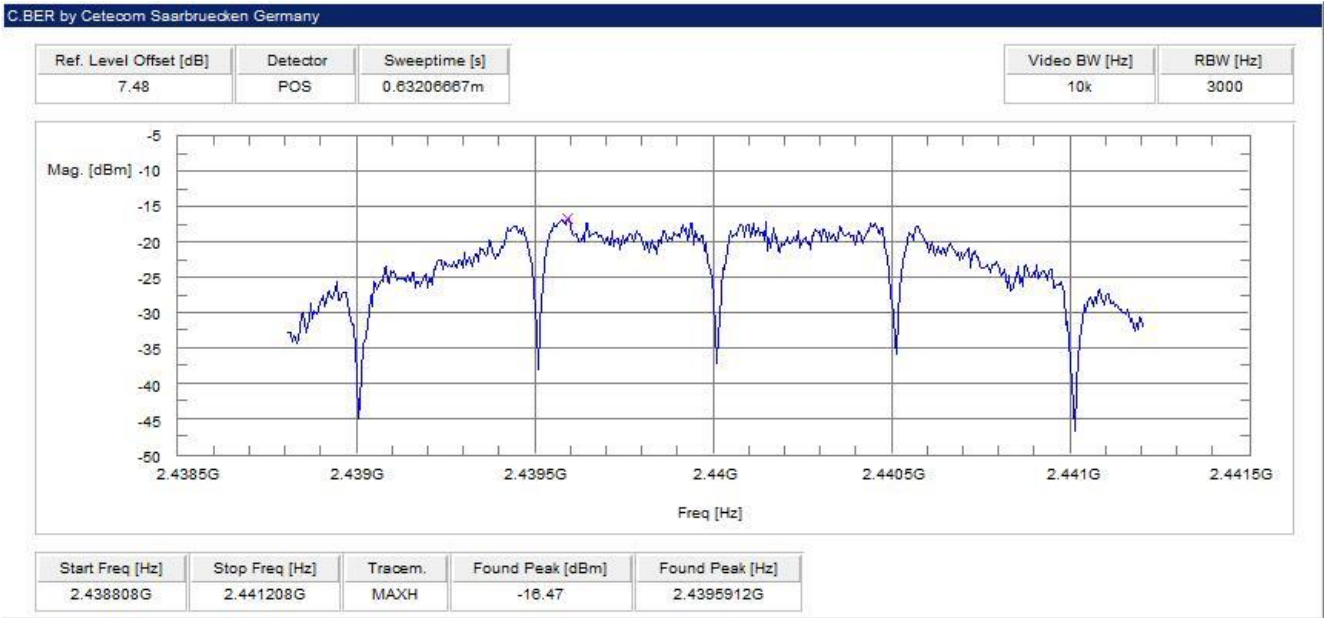
Modulation	Power Spectral density [dBm]		
Frequency	2405 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
	-17.16	-16.47	-14.89

Plots:

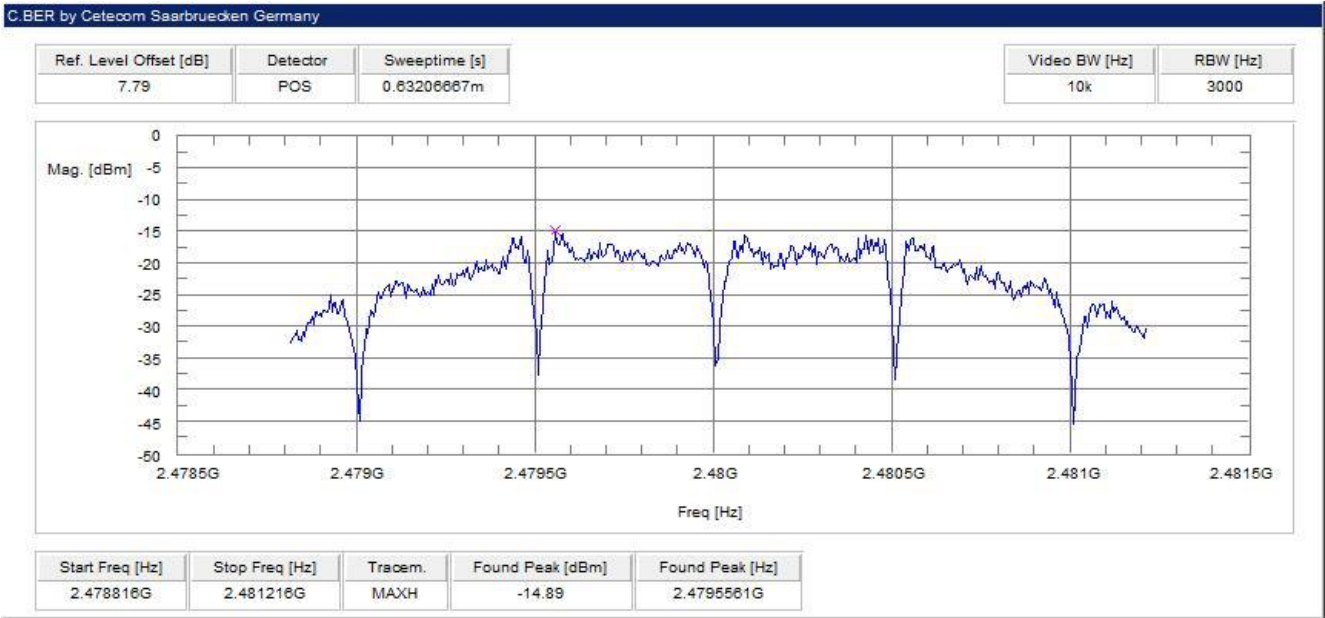
Plot 1: TX mode, lowest channel



Plot 2: TX mode, middle channel



Plot 3: TX mode, highest channel



12.5 DTS bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

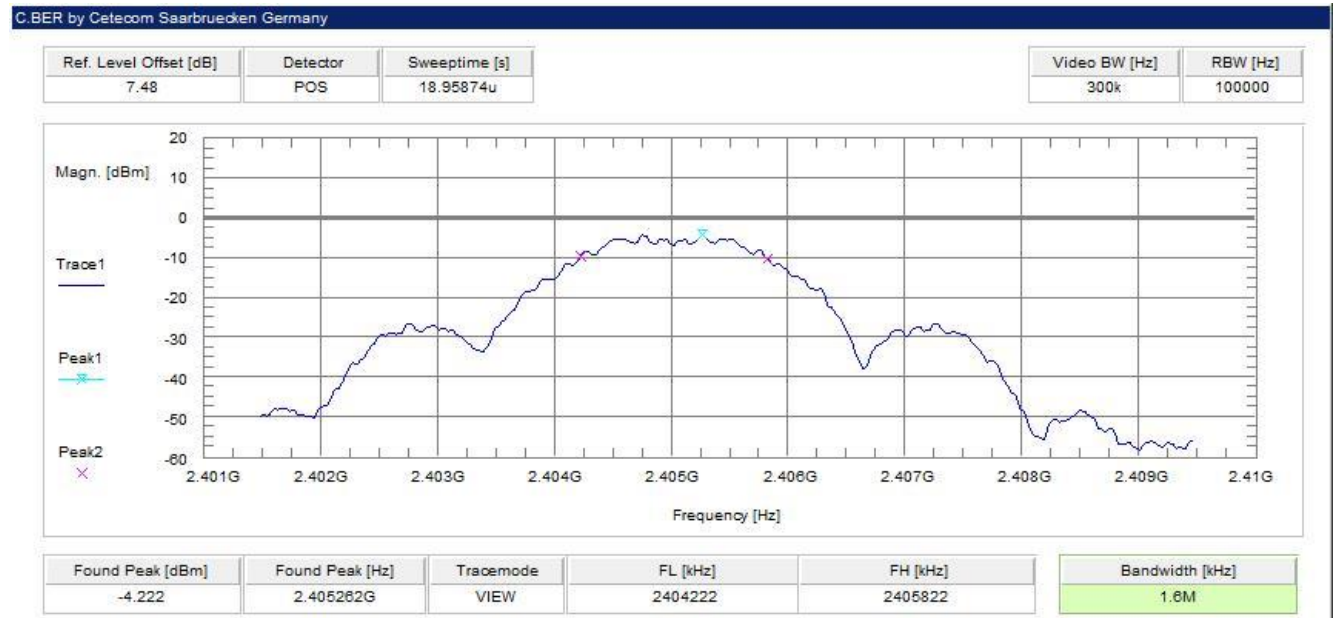
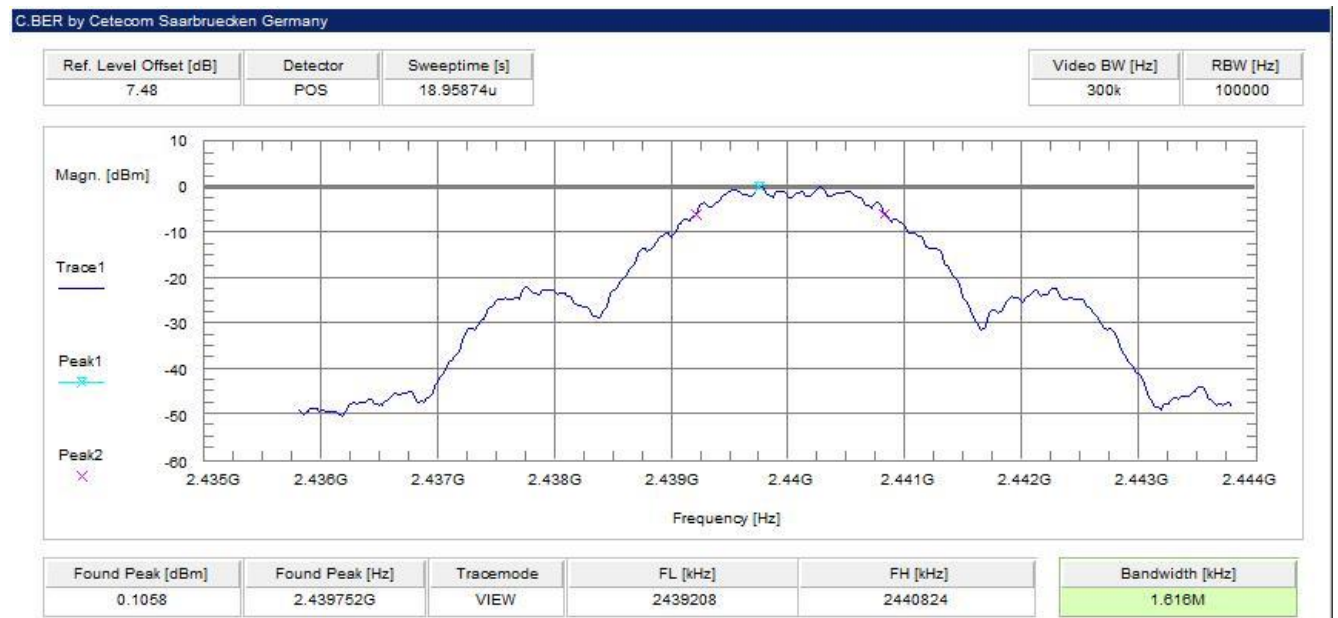
Measurement parameters	
According to DTS clause: 8.1	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	5 MHz
Measurement procedure	Using 3 marker (max + 2x-6dB)
Trace mode	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
Test setup	See sub clause 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

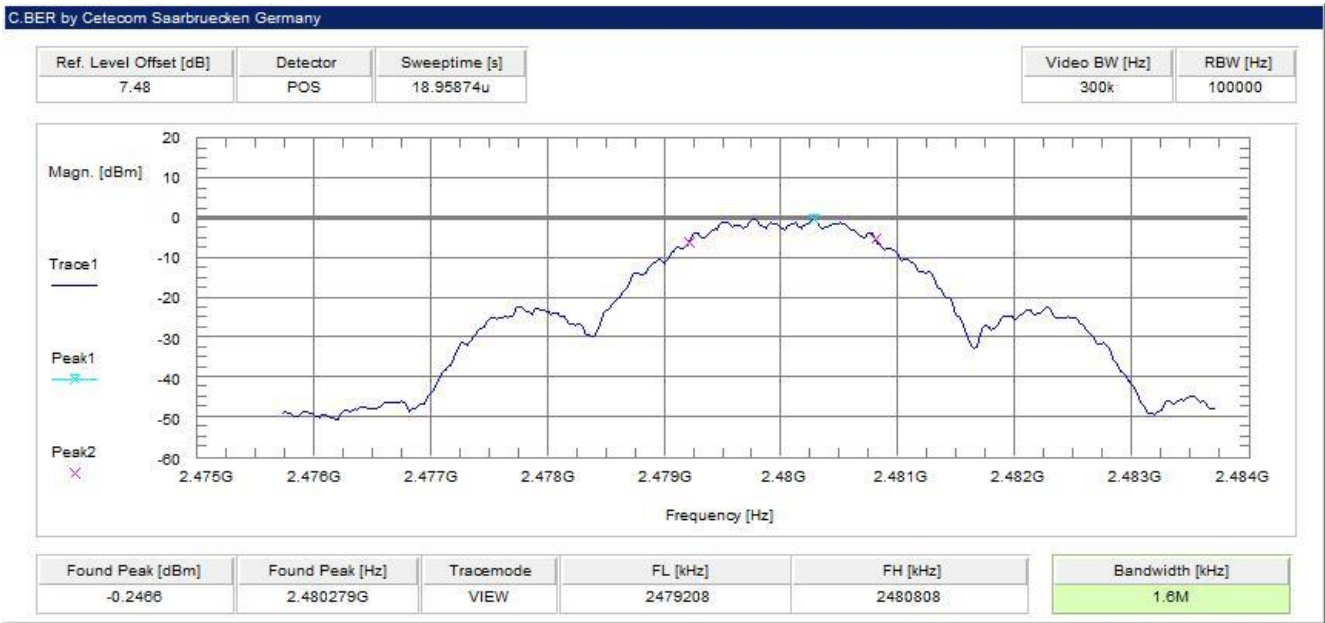
FCC	IC
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

Frequency	6 dB bandwidth [kHz]		
	2405 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
	1600	1616	1600

Plots:**Plot 1: TX mode, lowest channel****Plot 2: TX mode, middle channel**

Plot 3: TX mode, highest channel



12.6 Occupied bandwidth – 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	30 kHz
Video bandwidth	100 kHz
Span	5 MHz
Measurement procedure	Measurement of the 99% bandwidth using the integration function of the analyzer
Trace mode	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
Test setup	See sub clause 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Usage:

-/-	IC
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results:

Modulation Frequency	99% bandwidth [kHz]		
	2405 MHz	2440 MHz	2480 MHz
	2604	2594	2594

Plots:**Plot 1: TX mode, lowest channel****Plot 2: TX mode, middle channel**

Plot 3: TX mode, highest channel



12.7 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in both modes.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Span:	Lower Band Edge: 2300 – 2425 MHz Upper Band Edge: 2450 – 2550 MHz
Trace mode:	Max hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.	

Results:

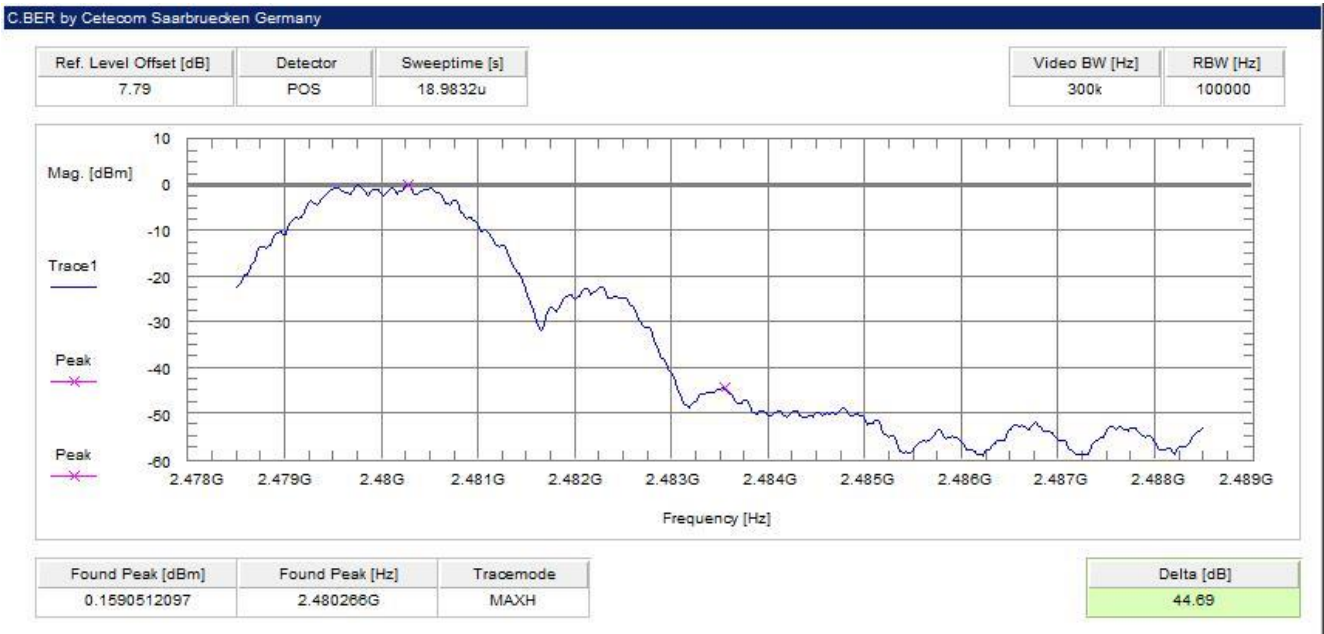
Scenario	Compliance conducted [dB]
Lower band edge	> 30 dB
Upper band edge	> 30 dB

Plots:

Plot 1: TX mode, lower band edge



Plot 2: TX mode, upper band edge



12.8 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to channel 1 for the lower restricted band and to channel 11 for the upper restricted band. The measurement is repeated for all modulations. Measurement distance is 3 m.

Measurement:

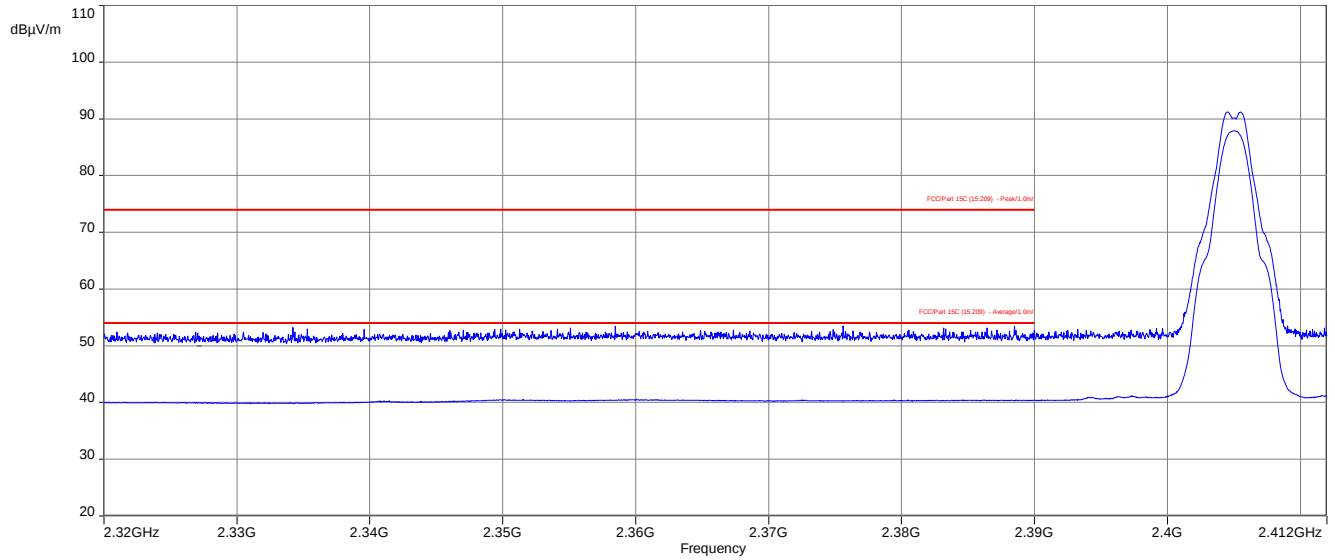
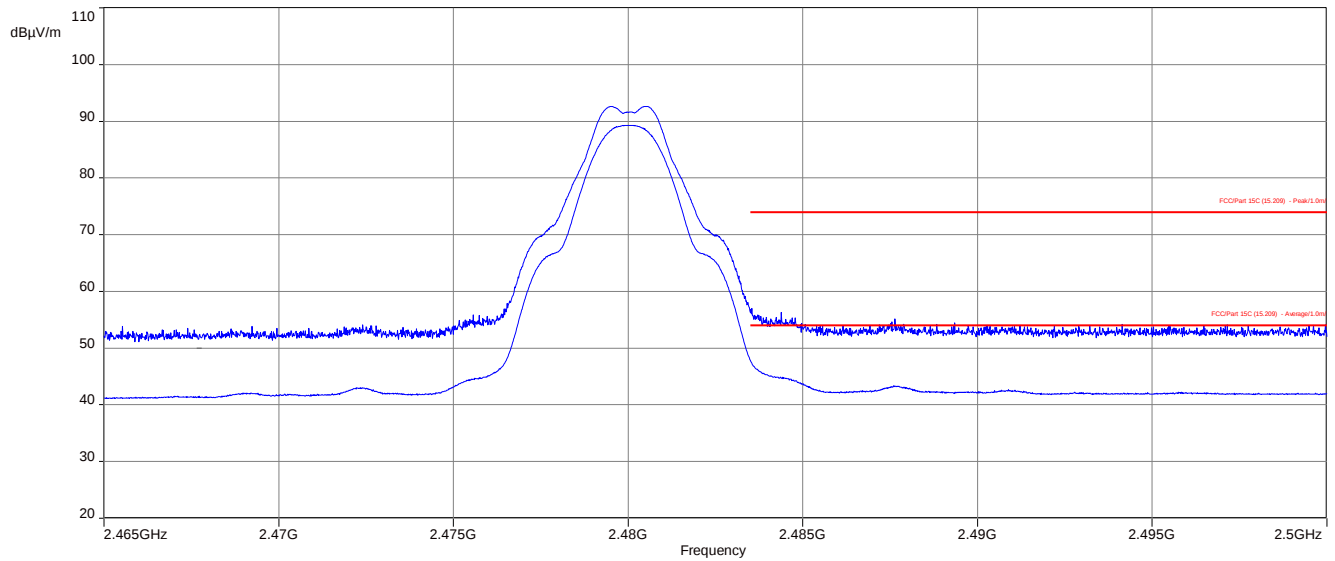
Measurement parameter for peak measurements	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz
Span:	See plot!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).	
74 dBμV/m Peak 54 dBμV/m AVG	

Results:

Scenario	Band edge compliance radiated [dB]
Lower band edge	> 20 dB (Peak) > 15 dB (AVG)
Upper band edge	> 20 dB (Peak) > 15 dB (AVG)

Plots:**Plot 1:** TX mode, lower band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 2:** TX mode, upper band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization

12.9 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at channel 1, 6 and 11. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

Measurement:

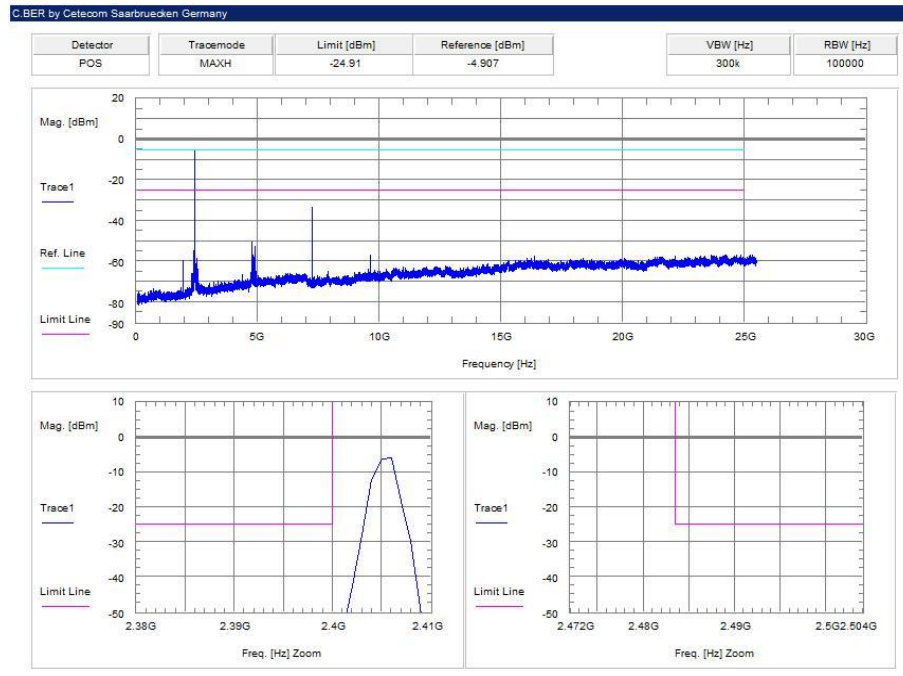
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 25 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

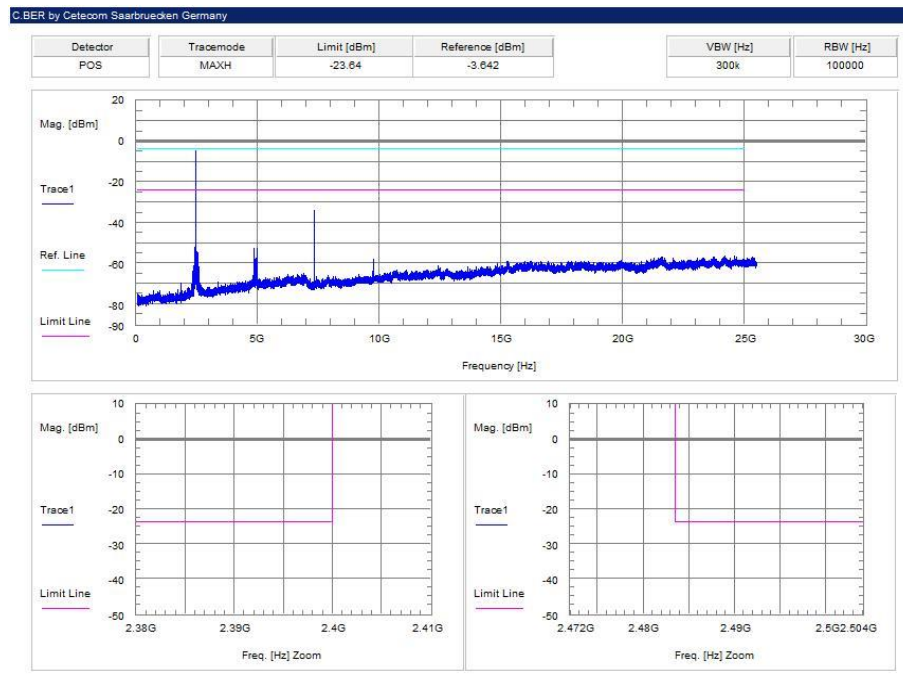
FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Results:

TX Spurious Emissions Conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
2405		-4.91	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected. All detected emissions are below the -30 dBc criteria.			-20 dBc (peak) -30 dBc (average)		complies
2440		-3.64	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected. All detected emissions are below the -30 dBc criteria.			-20 dBc (peak) -30 dBc (average)		complies
2480		-3.78	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected. All detected emissions are below the -30 dBc criteria.			-20 dBc (peak) -30 dBc (average)		complies
Measurement uncertainty		± 3 dB			

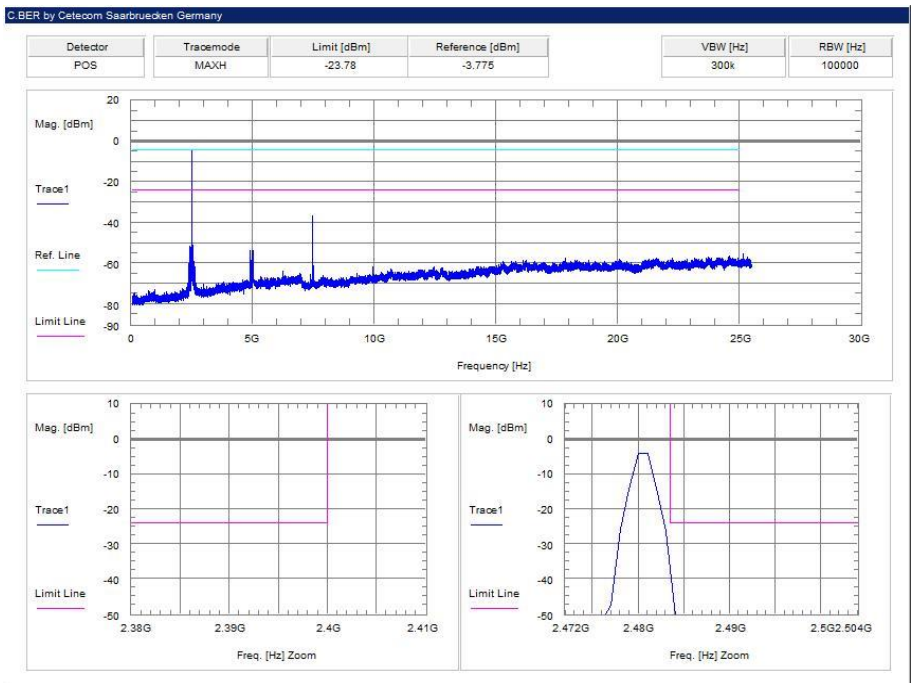
Plots:**Plot 1: TX mode, lowest channel, up to 25 GHz**

The peak at the beginning of the plot is the LO from the SA.

Plot 2: TX mode, middle channel, up to 25 GHz

The peak at the beginning of the plot is the LO from the SA.

Plot 3: TX mode, highest channel, up to 25 GHz



The peak at the beginning of the plot is the LO from the SA.

12.10 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to channel 6. This measurement is representative for all channels and modes. If peaks are found channel 1 and channel 11 will be measured too. The measurement is performed with the data rate producing the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

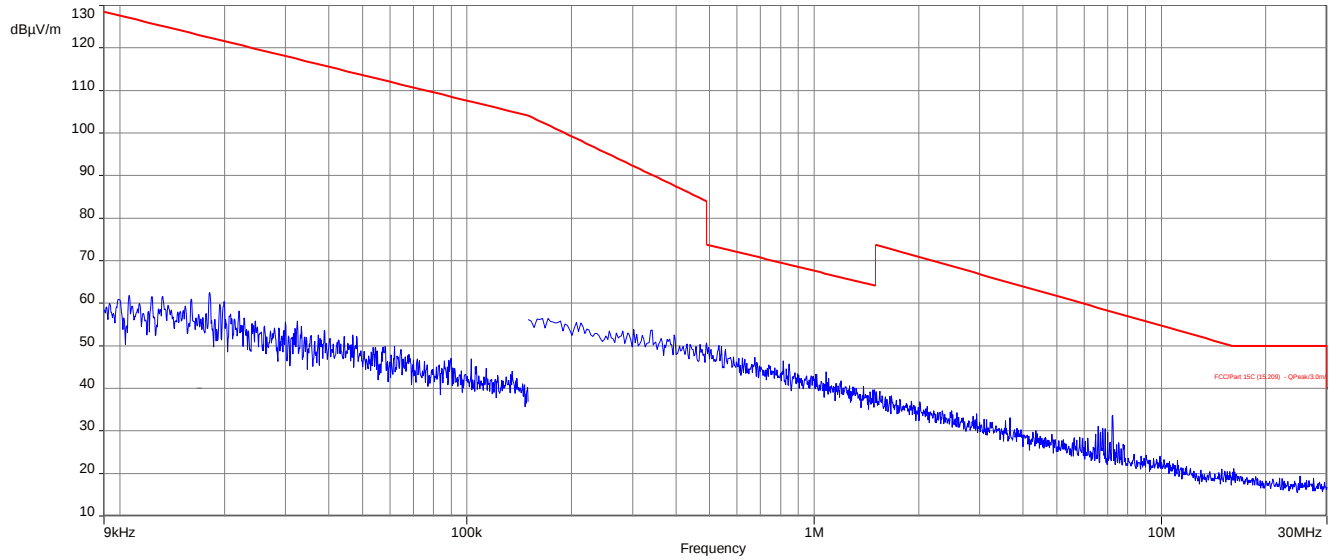
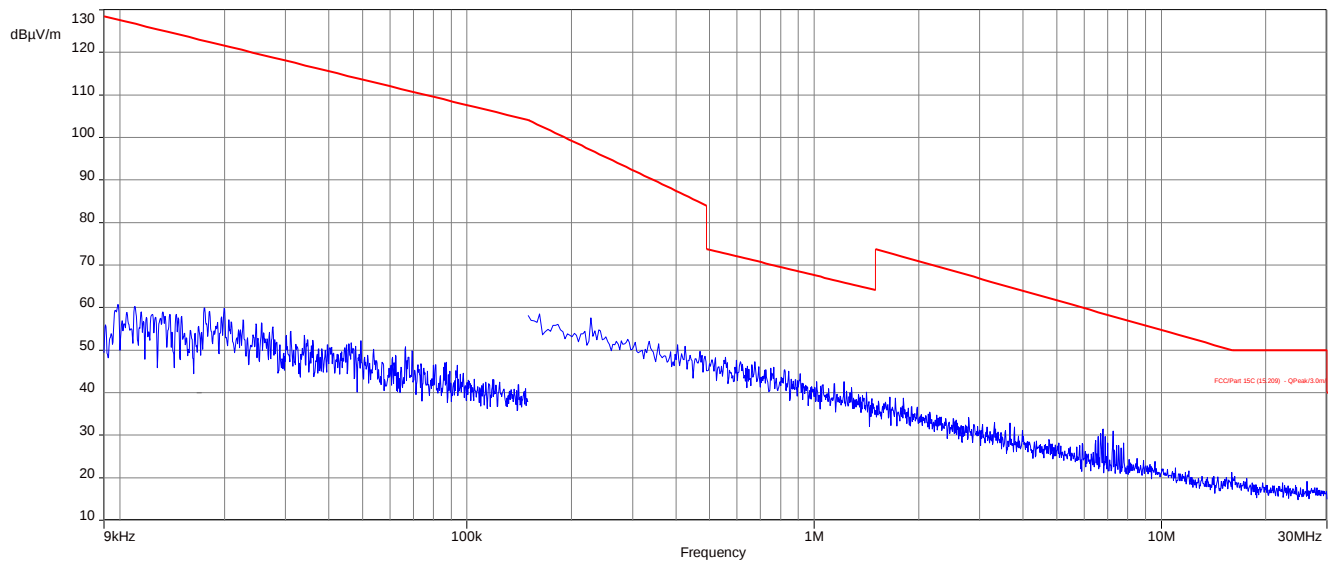
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 B
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

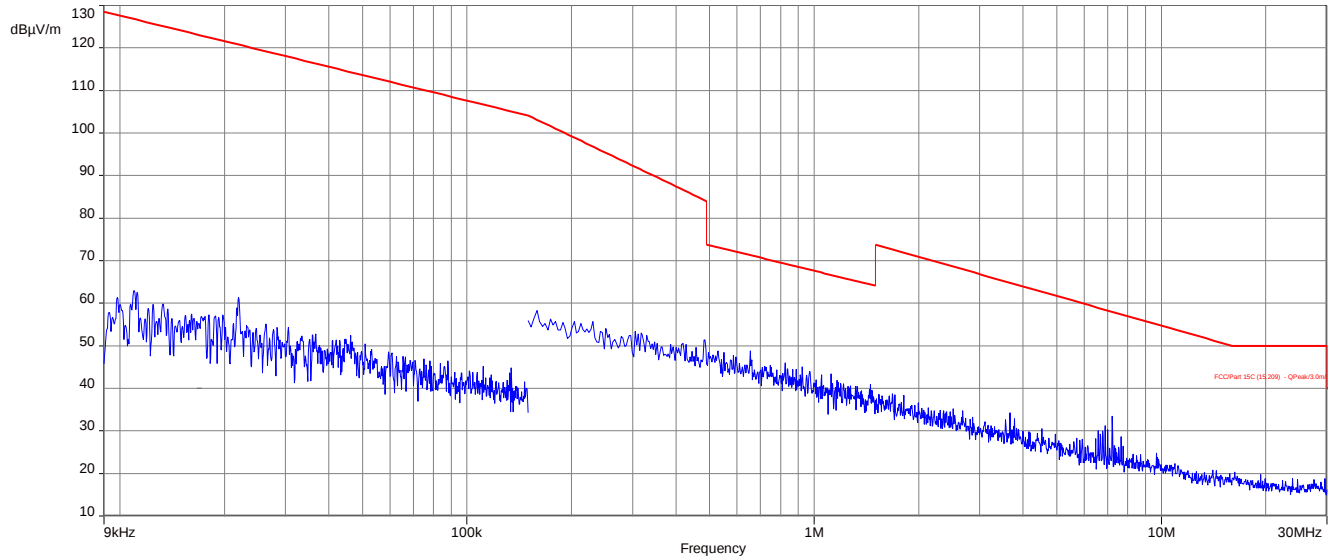
FCC		IC
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected peaks are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:**Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, low channel****Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, mid channel**

Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, high channel



12.11 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

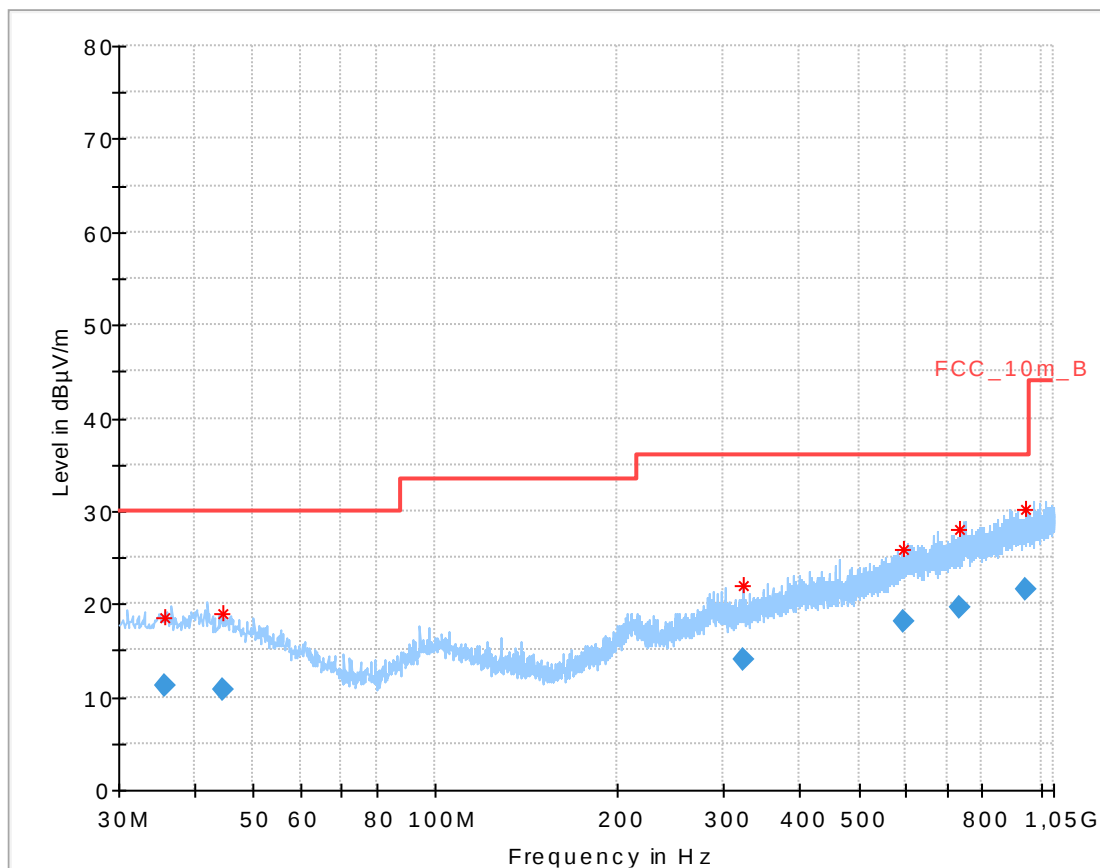
Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	120 kHz
Video bandwidth:	3 x RBW
Span:	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

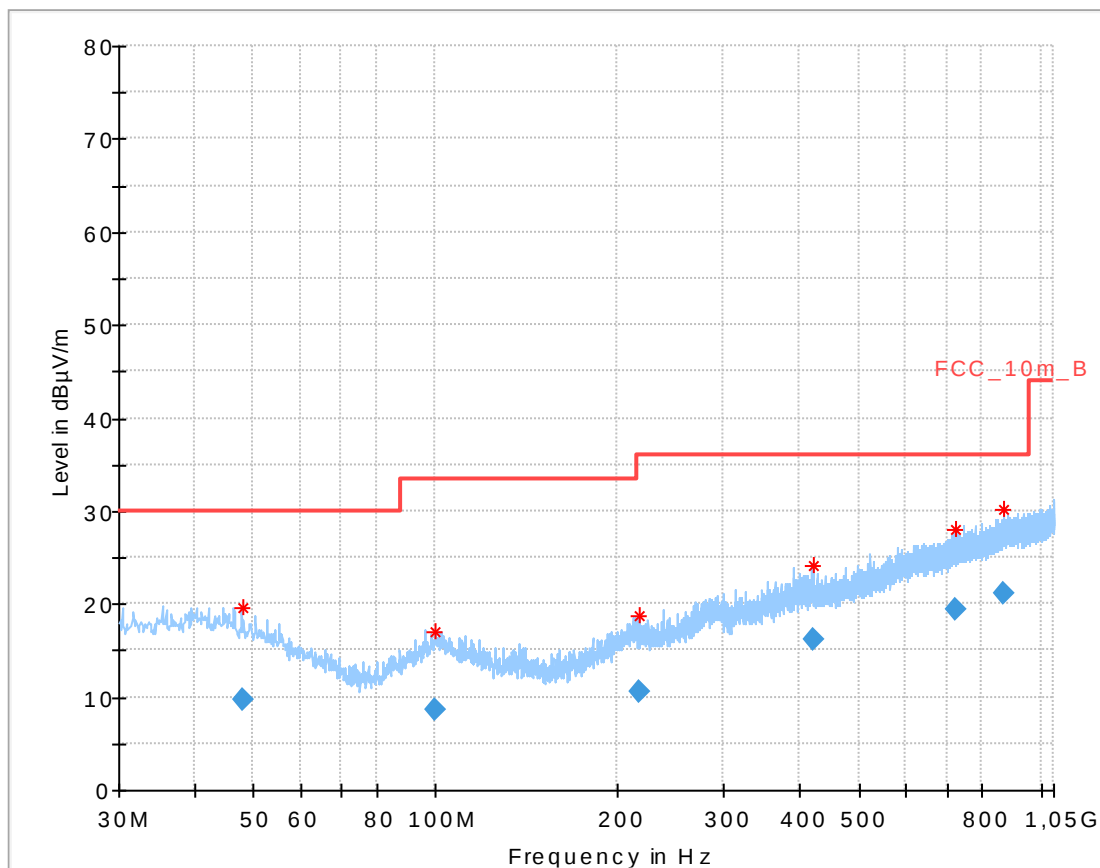
The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

FCC		IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10

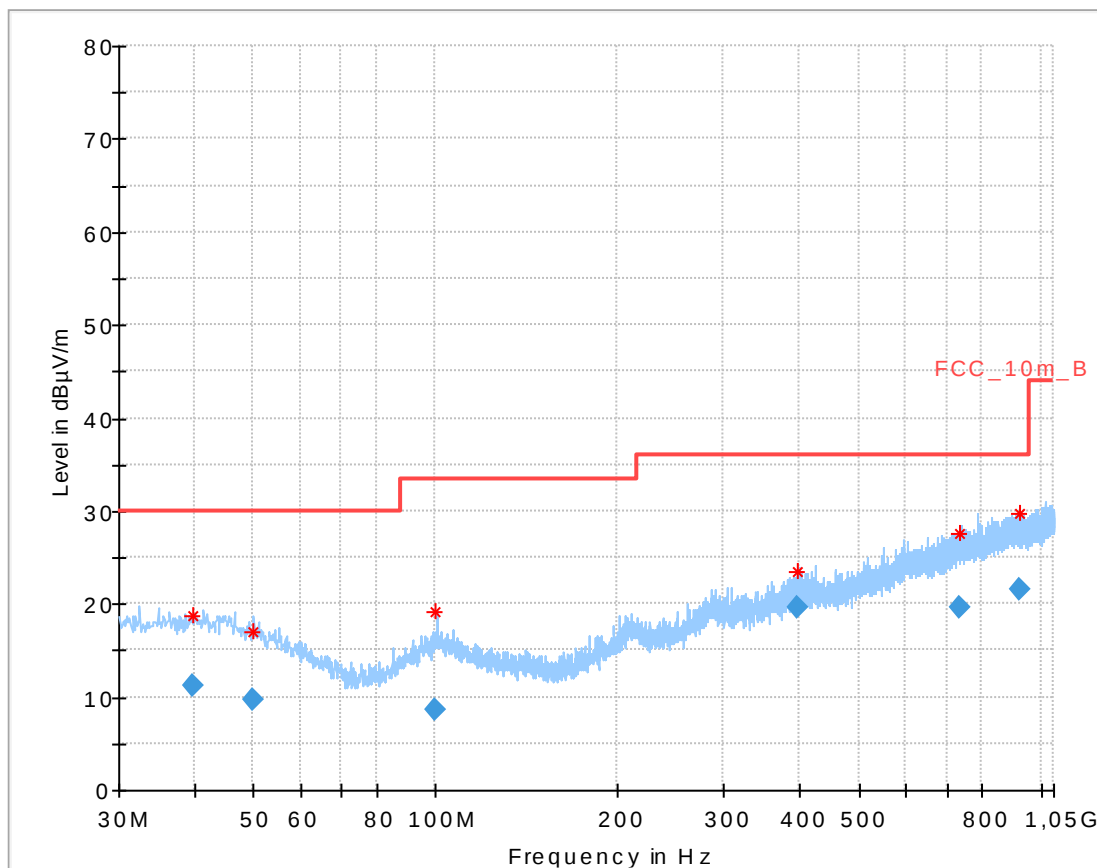
Plot:**Plot 1:** 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, low channel**Final_Result:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
35.861700	11.30	30.00	18.70	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	336.0	13.8
44.539200	10.84	30.00	19.16	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	7.0	13.9
322.995900	13.96	36.00	22.04	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	353.0	15.2
595.323300	18.06	36.00	17.94	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	149.0	20.6
732.406650	19.63	36.00	16.37	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	102.0	22.3
942.552900	21.62	36.00	14.38	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	336.0	24.2

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, mid channel

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
47.944350	9.76	30.00	20.24	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	168.0	13.1
100.142400	8.62	33.50	24.88	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	183.0	12.2
216.885150	10.57	36.00	25.43	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	67.0	12.3
420.234750	16.22	36.00	19.78	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	211.0	17.2
721.035450	19.42	36.00	16.58	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	51.0	22.0
864.980250	21.20	36.00	14.80	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	335.0	23.7

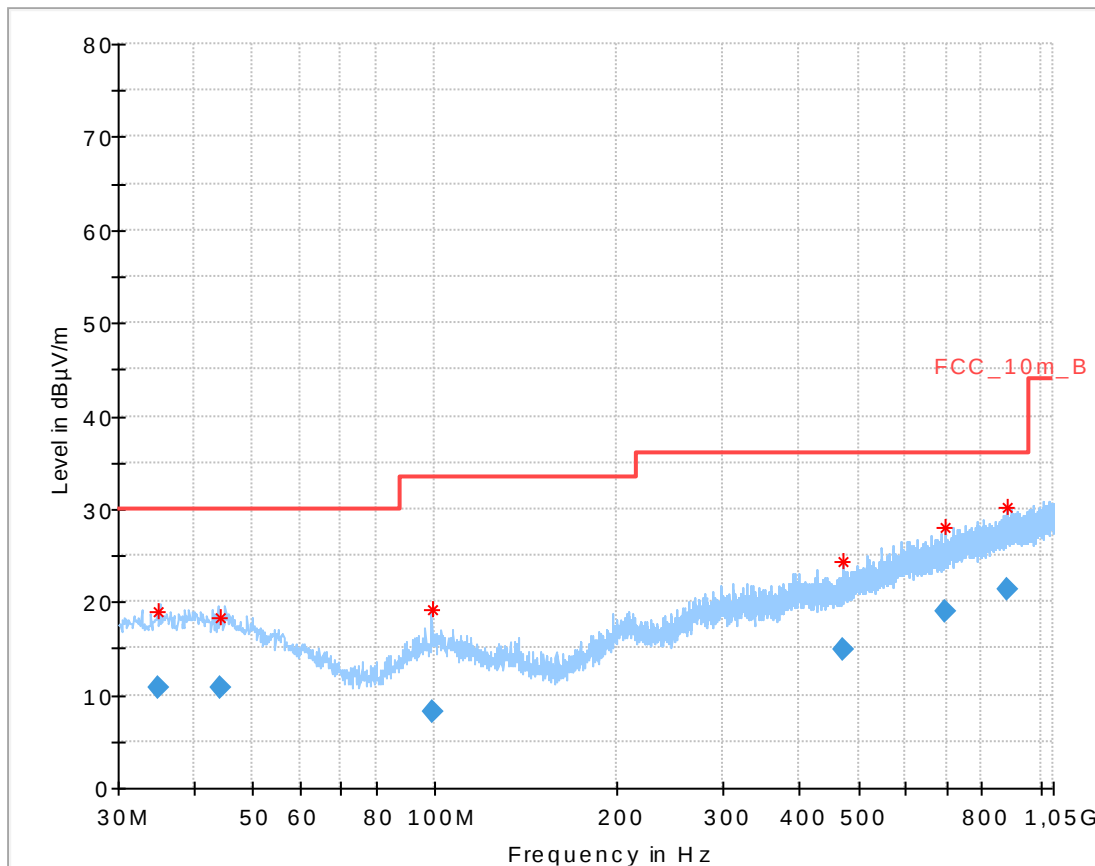
Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, high channel

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
39.705300	11.26	30.00	18.74	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	329.0	14.0
49.810350	9.76	30.00	20.24	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	329.0	12.7
99.946650	8.61	33.50	24.89	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	329.0	12.2
395.400150	19.56	36.00	16.44	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	347.0	16.8
731.745300	19.67	36.00	16.33	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	6.0	22.3
921.872550	21.50	36.00	14.50	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	231.0	24.2

Plot: RX / Idle mode

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
34.802100	10.87	30.00	19.13	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	51.0	13.8
44.308950	10.84	30.00	19.16	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	96.0	13.9
99.225450	8.25	33.50	25.25	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	134.0	12.1
471.469950	14.97	36.00	21.03	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	173.0	18.1
697.130250	18.99	36.00	17.01	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	226.0	21.5
878.162100	21.36	36.00	14.64	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	313.0	23.8

12.12 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz in transmit mode and receiver / idle mode.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 x RBW
Span:	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 A / 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 9

Limits:

FCC		IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3

Results:

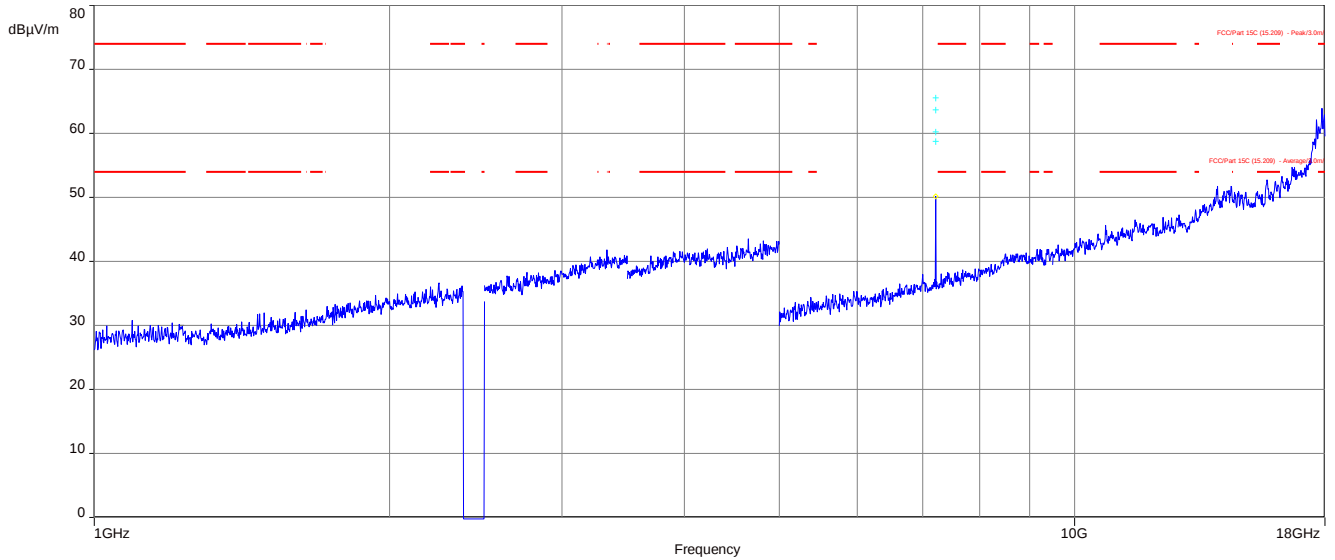
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m]								
2405 MHz			2440 MHz			2480 MHz		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	7303	Peak	68.83	7441	Peak	69.77
	AVG	-/-		AVG	33.73		AVG	34.67
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

Results (second housing):

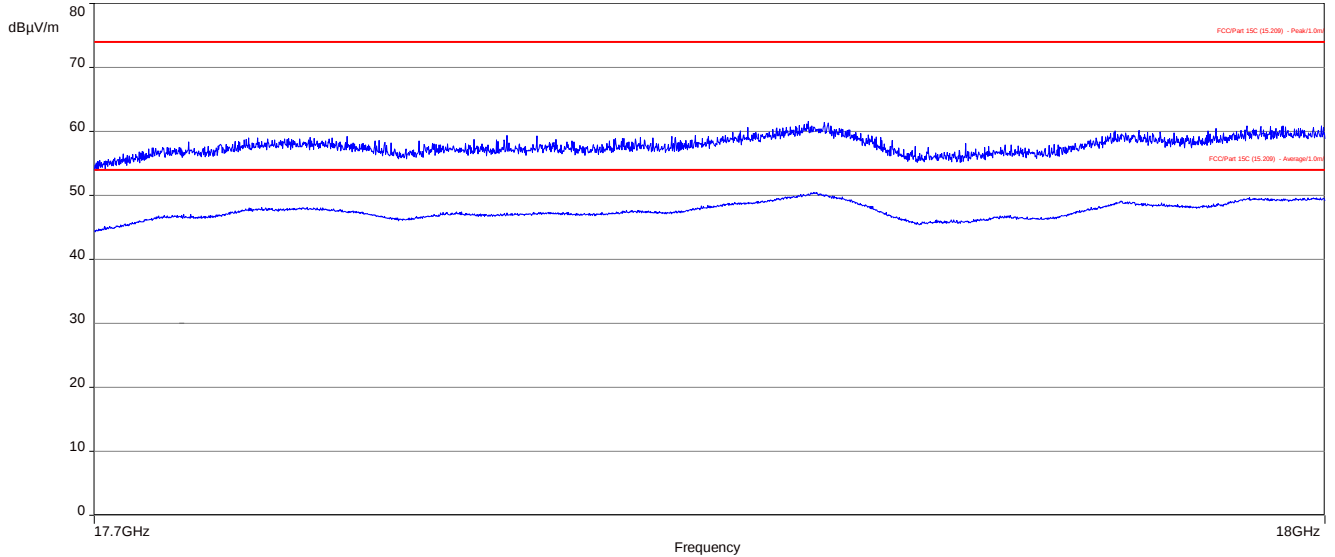
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m]								
-/-			-/-			2480 MHz		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	7438	Peak	72.49
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	37.39
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

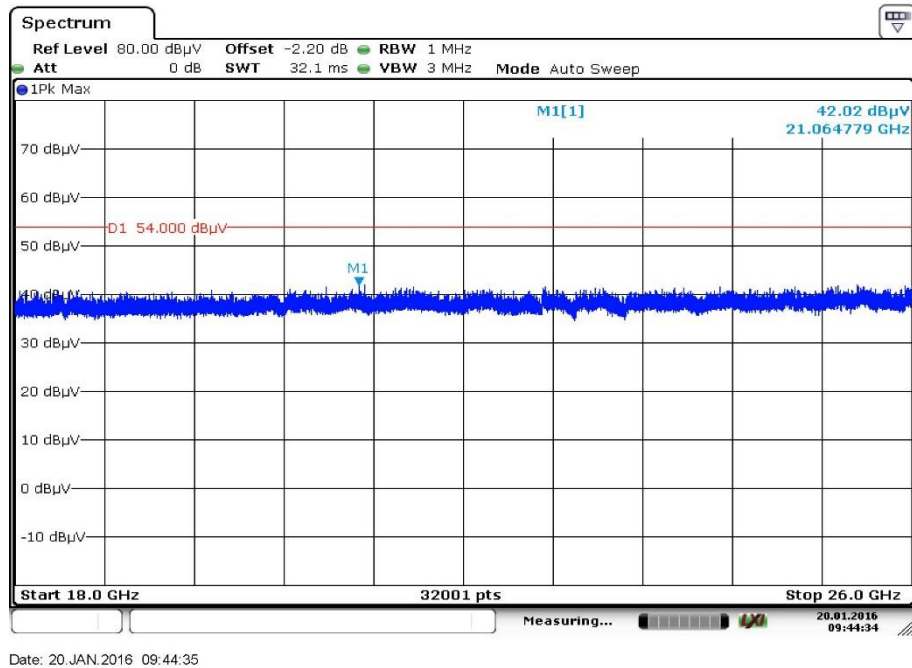
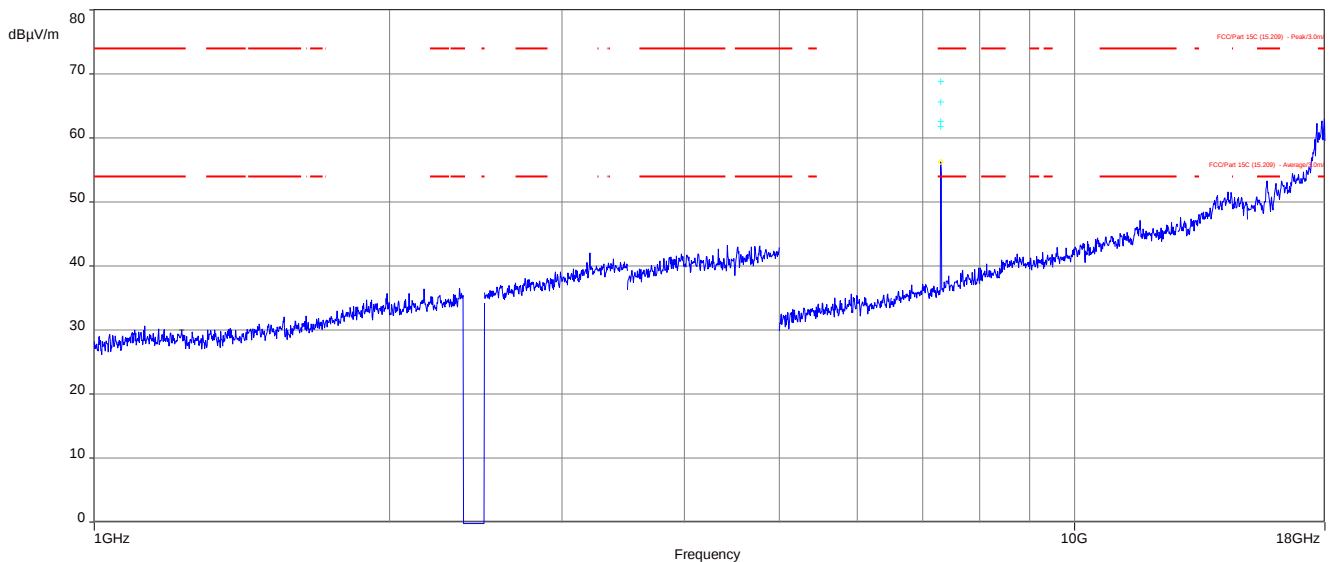
Results: RX / idle – mode

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected emissions are more than 10 dB below the limit.		
	Peak	
	AVG	
	Peak	
	AVG	

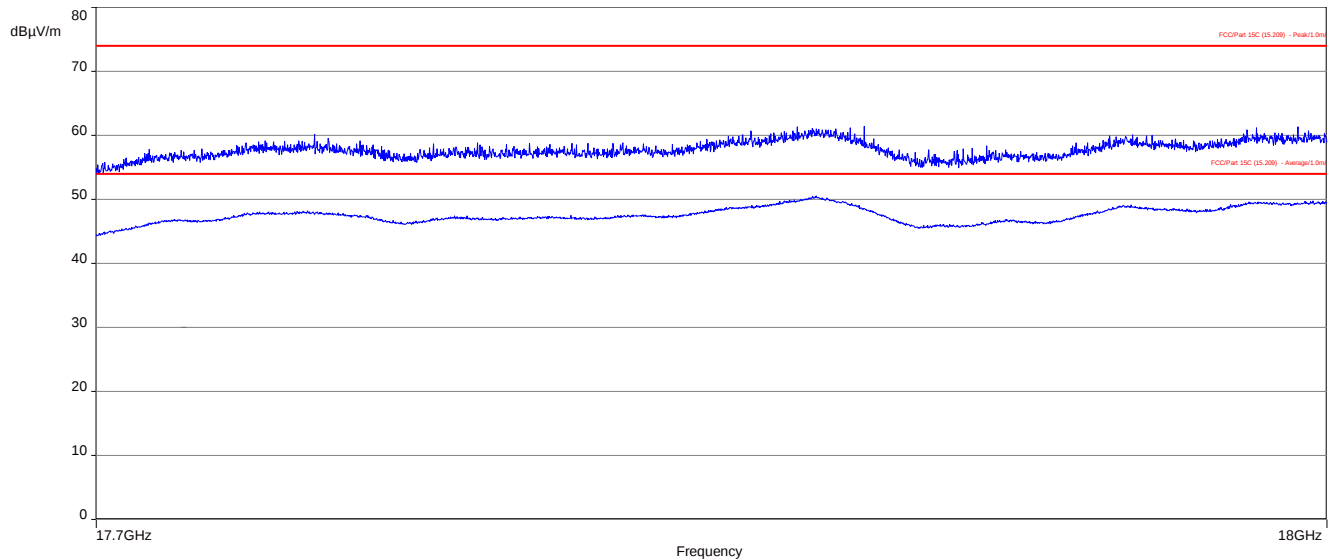
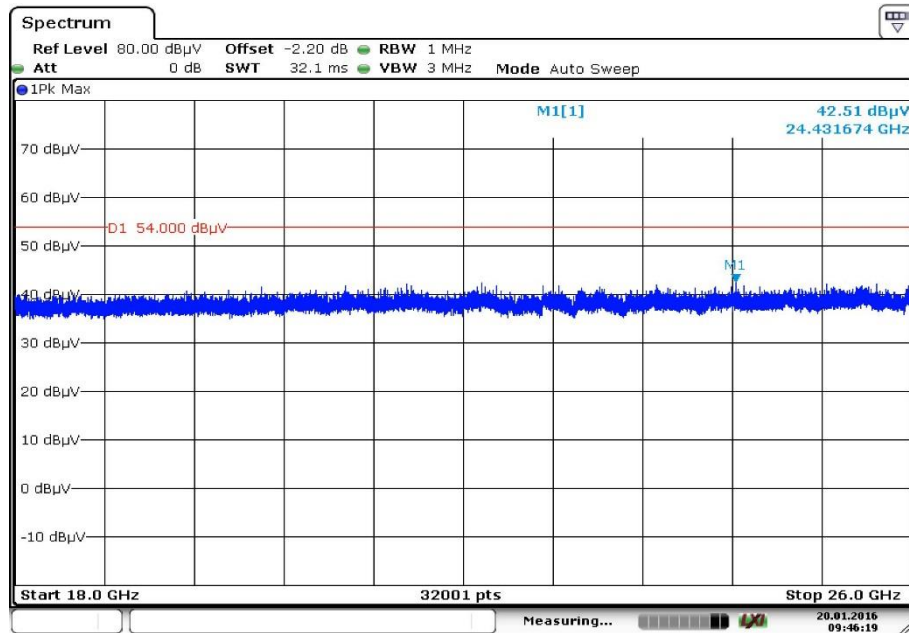
Plots:**Plot 1:** Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

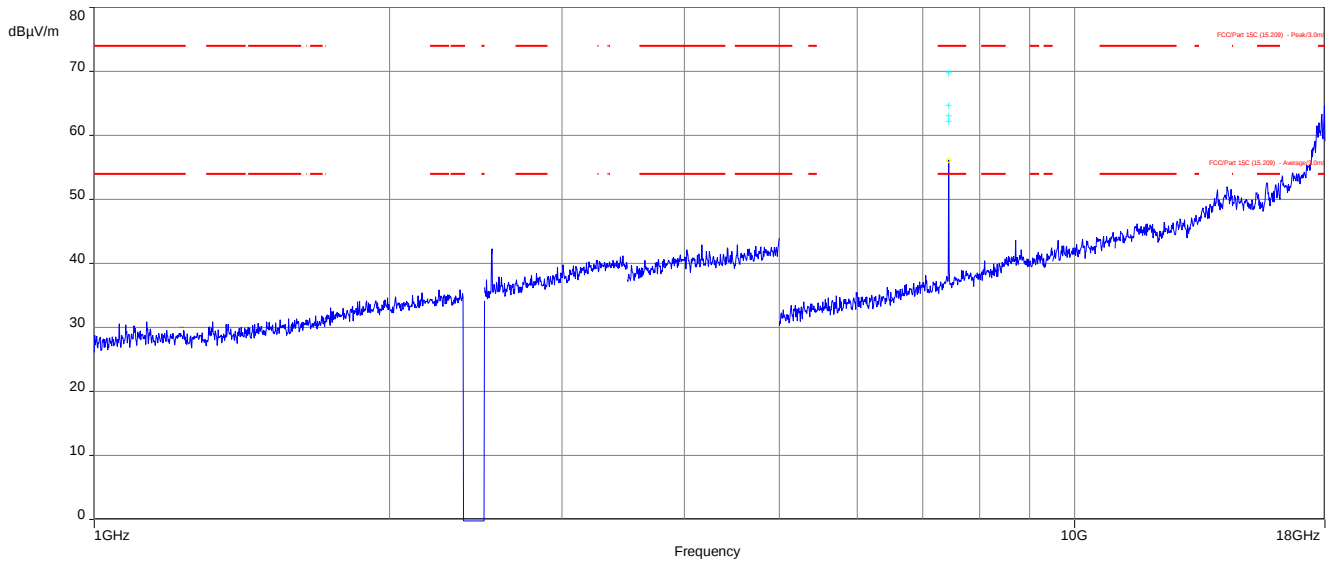
Plot 2: Lowest channel, 17.7 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, peak & average

Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 4:** Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

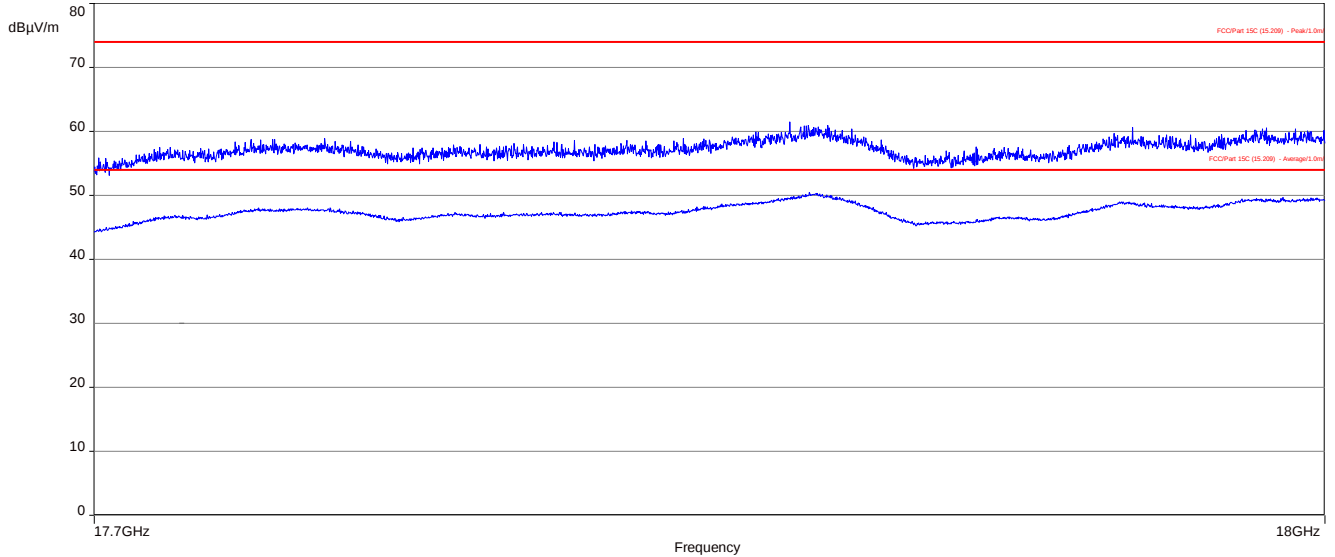
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

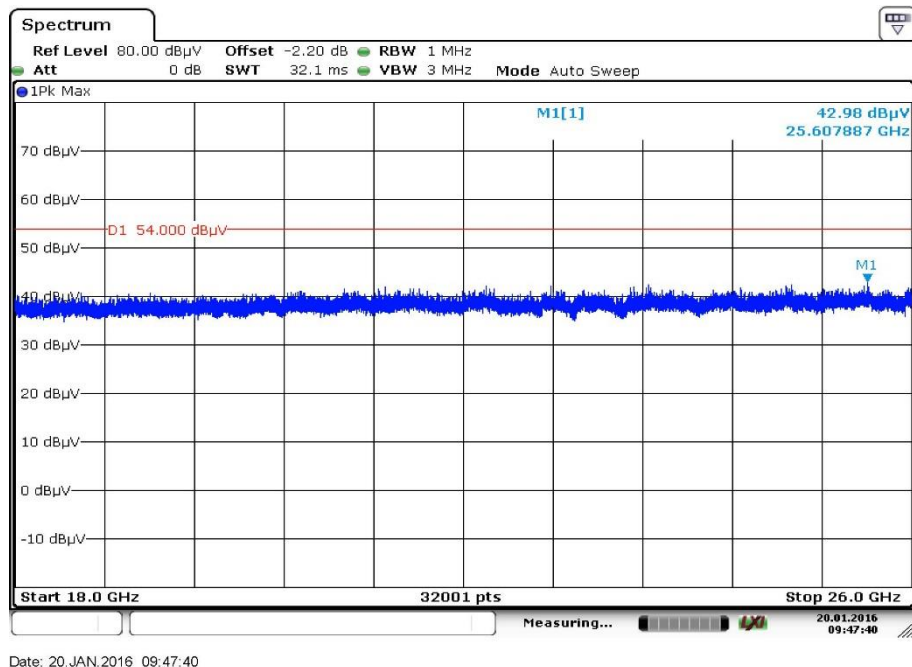
Plot 5: Middle channel, 17.7 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 6:** Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

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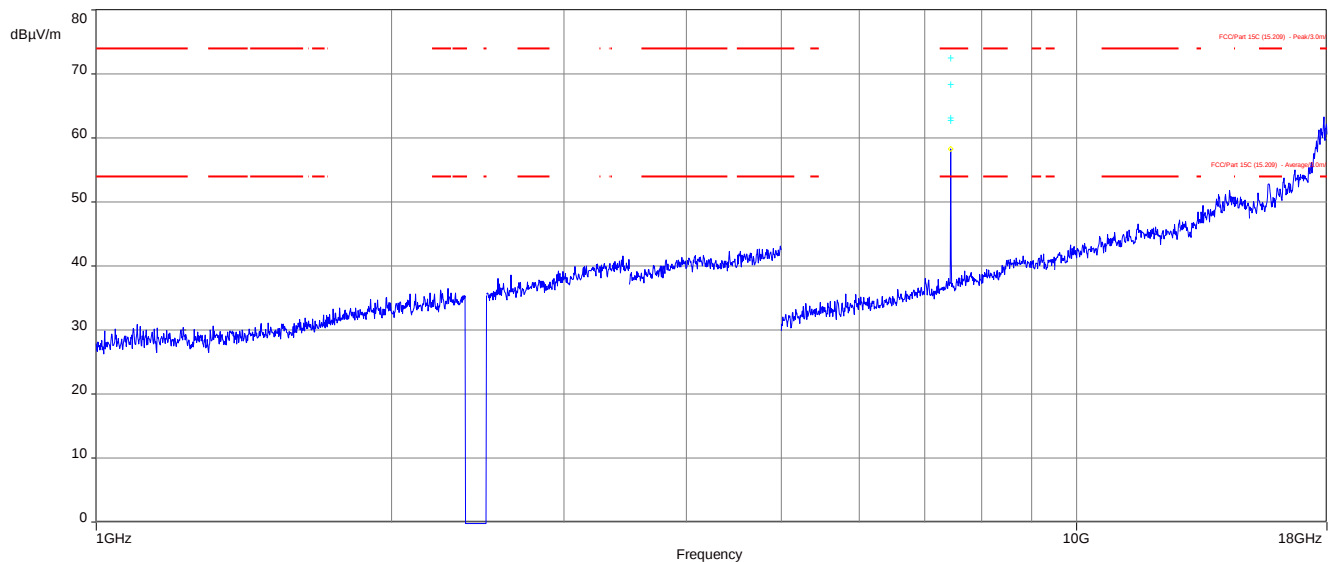
Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

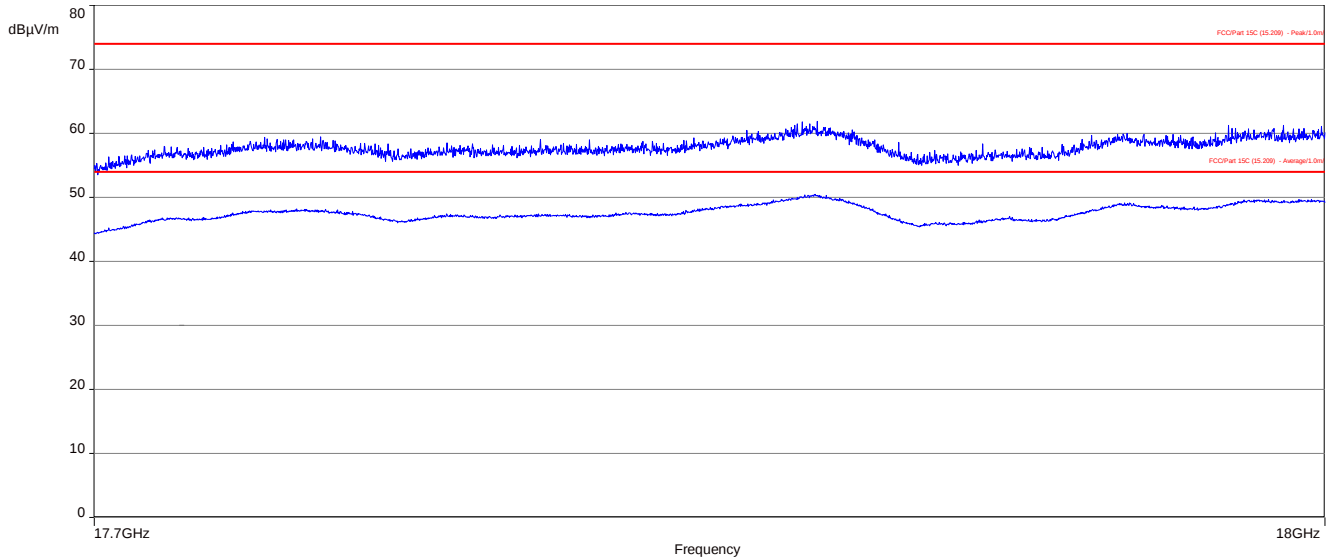
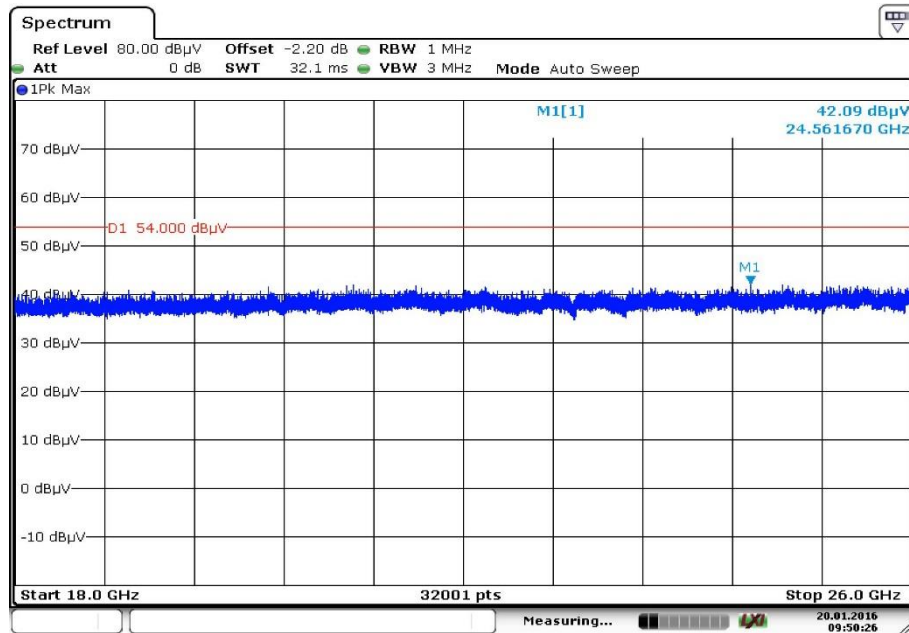
Plot 8: Highest channel, 17.7 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

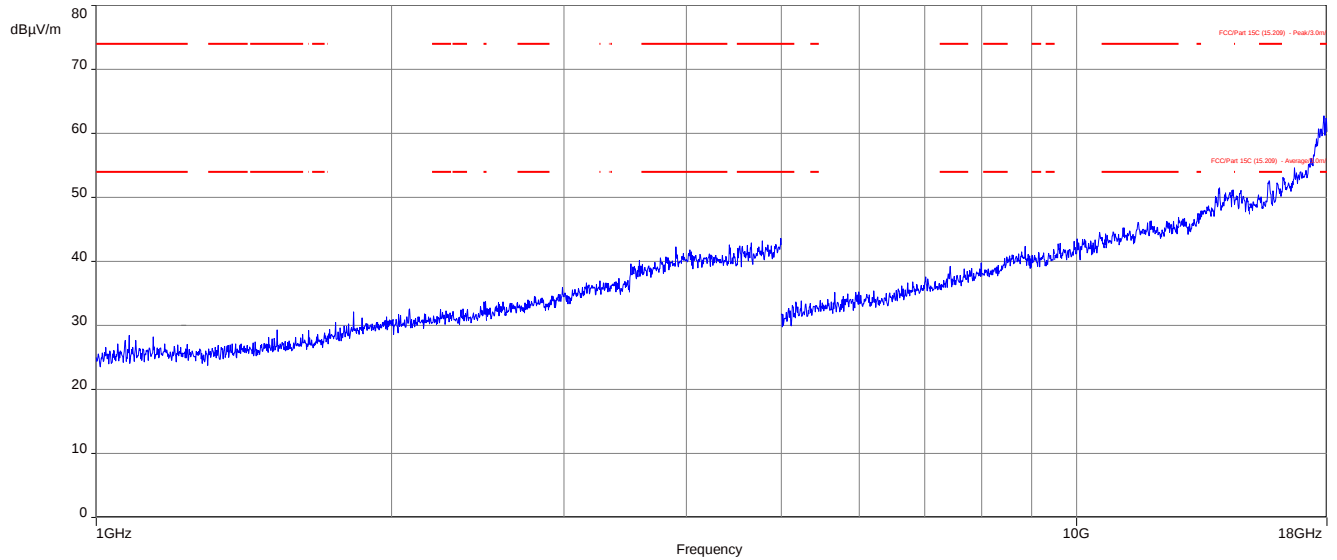
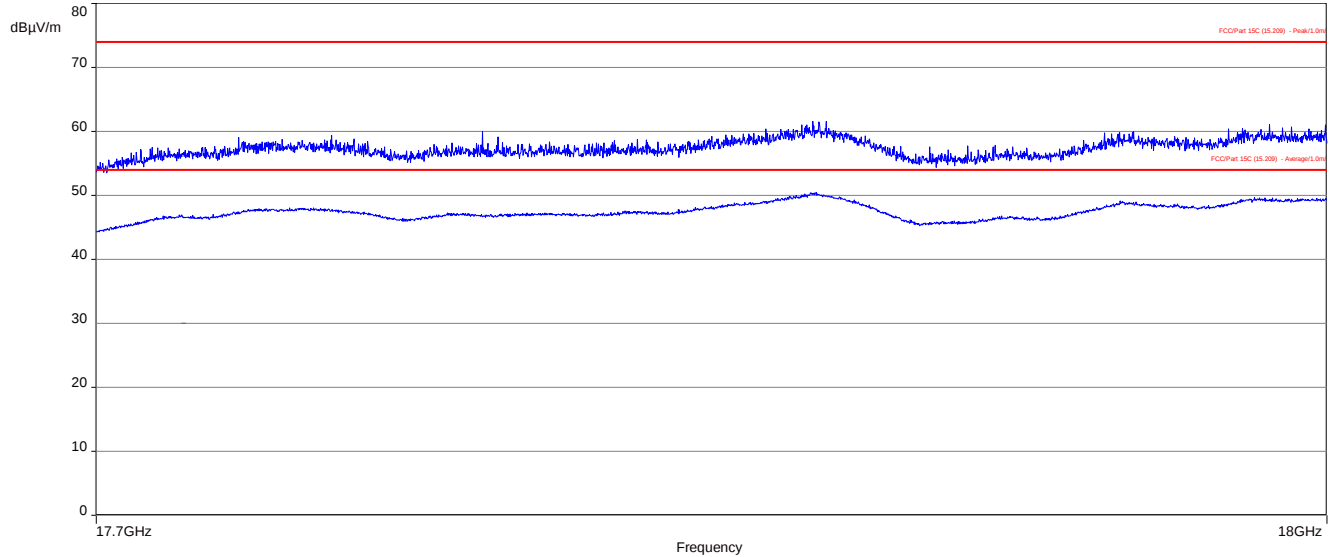
Date: 20. JAN. 2016 09:47:40

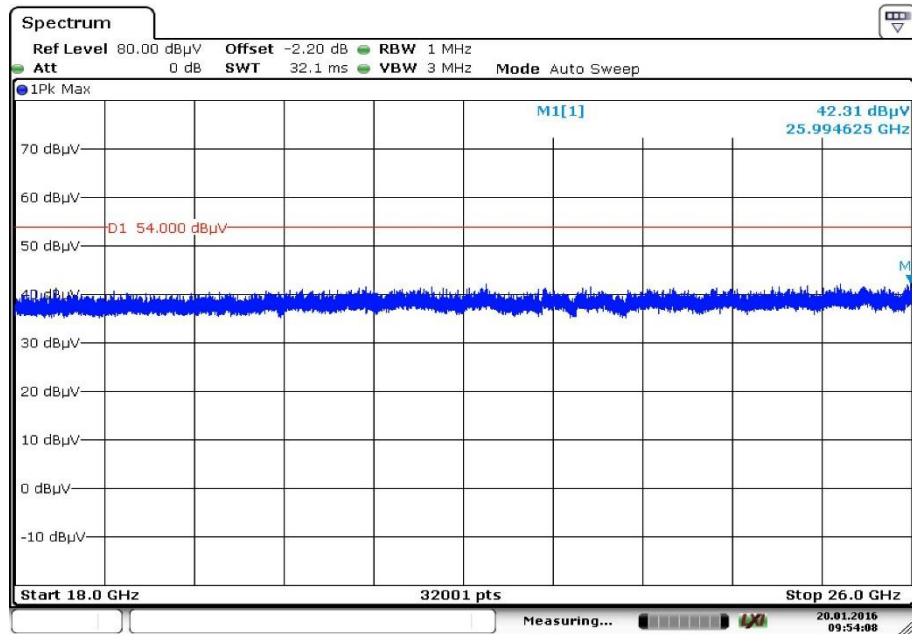
Plot 10: second housing, Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 11: second housing, Highest channel, 17.7 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 12:** second housing, Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

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Plots: RX / idle mode**Plot 1:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 2:** Highest channel, 17.7 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 3: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

Date: 20. JAN. 2016 09:54:09

13 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2016-02-16
A	Editorial changes	2016-02-23

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software
PMN		Product marketing name
HMN		Host marketing name
HVIN		Hardware version identification number
FVIN		Firmware version identification number

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

Front side of certificate

Back side of certificate



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Bellehene gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV
Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen
von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung



Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
Unterrückheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Drahtgebundene Kommunikation einschließlich xDSL
VoIP und DECT
Akustik
Funk einschließlich WLAN
Short Range Devices (SRD)
RFID
WiMax und Richtfunk
Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS, Over the Air (OTA) Performance)
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) einschließlich Automotive
Produktsicherheit
SAR and Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC)
Umweltsimulation
Smart Card Terminals
Bluetooth
Wi-Fi Services

Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 07.03.2014 mit der
Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gültig 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der
Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 77 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-00

Frankfurt am Main, 07.03.2014

Zehn Minuten auf der Rückseite

Im Auftrag D-PL-12076-01-00
Hilfsglied

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Standort Berlin
Spittelmarkt 10
10117 Berlin

Standort Frankfurt am Main
Gartenstraße 6
60591 Frankfurt am Main

Standort Braunschweig
Bundesallee 100
38115 Braunschweig

Die auszugsweise Veröffentlichung der Akkreditierungsurkunde bedarf der vorherigen schriftlichen
Zustimmung der Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS). Ausgenommen davon ist die separate
Weiterverbreitung des Deckblattes durch die uneingeschränkte Konformitätsbewertungsstelle in
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die über den durch die DAKKS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen.

Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstellen (AkkStelleG) vom
31. Juli 2009 (BGBl. I S. 2675) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europäischen Parlaments
und des Rates vom 9. Juli 2008 über die Vorschriften für die Akkreditierung und Marktüberwachung
im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abt. L 218 vom 9. Juli 2008, S. 30).
Die DAKKS ist Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der
European Cooperation for Accreditation (EA), des International Accreditation Forum (IAF) und
der International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen
erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseitig an.

Der aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnommen werden:
EA: www.european-accreditation.org
ILAC: www.ilac.org
IAF: www.iaf.eu