

A. DEVICE UNDER TEST

The device is a low power data transceiver operating under the provisions of Part 15.249 of the FCC rules. The transmit and receive frequencies are the same, operating in simplex mode at 916.5MHz. nominal. The modulation mode is on/off keying at rates up to 14400 baud.

The receiver section is a TRF type using sequentially tuned amplifier stages that are clocked at a nominal 245kHz. No signals relating to the receiver clock frequency were detectable as radiated emissions.

B. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE: RADIATED EMISSIONS

Transmitter field strength measurements were conducted according to the procedures set forth in ANSI C63.4 (1992). The device under test was placed on a rotating turntable 0.8 meters high, centered at 3 meters distant from the measurement antenna. The device was placed in the center of the turntable and tested in the position as shown in the photograph. This housing is designed to sit flat as shown and has no provisions for mounting in any other position.

The device is powered from an external 12VDC plug-in wall and is internally regulated at 5V. The test was conducted with the supply transformer plugged into a standard 115VAC wall outlet built into the base of the turntable and connected to the mains through slip rings mounted under the turntable base. For the purposes of testing, the device was locked in a constant transmit mode (CW) by tying the data input line to the positive rail.

The field strength measurements were taken using an HP8596E spectrum analyzer, EMC0 3121C dipole set, an EMC0 3115 double ridge guide horn and an Avantek UJ210 preamp. The device was scanned from 30MHz. to 9.2GHz. and all emissions were noted. In this case the only emissions detected were those harmonically related to the fundamental transmit frequency.

At each detected frequency of emission, the device was measured by rotating the turntable and adjusting the antenna height over a range of 1 to 4 meters to obtain the maximum output level. This procedure was performed with both horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations with the device in the positions described above. The peak reading for each frequency was recorded in the second

column on the data sheet. Scanning for emissions above the 4th harmonic was performed by reducing the distance from the measurement antenna to 1 meter. Harmonics above the 4th were not detectable.

The calculations for this device were made without factoring in a duty cycle correction factor. Although the transmission mode is on/off keying and yields a correction factor of approximately -8dB., all emissions were sufficiently below the applicable limits to ignore the offset.