

Certification Test Report

**FCC ID: N6SLFSQR
IC: 827B-LFSQR**

**FCC Rule Part: 15.209
IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210**

ACS Report Number: 13-0072.W06.1A

**Manufacturer: Gilbarco Inc.
Model: LFSQR**

**Test Begin Date: December 18, 2014
Test End Date: April 3, 2015**

Report Issue Date: May 13, 2015



FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

Reviewed by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kirby Munroe", is positioned above the printed name.

**Kirby Munroe
Director, Wireless Certifications
ACS, Inc.**

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This report contains 16 pages

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	GENERAL	3
1.1	PURPOSE.....	3
1.2	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	3
1.3	TEST METHODOLOGY AND CONSIDERATIONS	3
2	TEST FACILITIES.....	4
2.1	LOCATION	4
2.2	LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS/RECOGNITIONS/CERTIFICATIONS	4
2.3	RADIATED EMISSIONS TEST SITE DESCRIPTION	5
2.3.1	<i>Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site.....</i>	<i>5</i>
2.3.2	<i>Open Area Tests Site (OATS)</i>	<i>6</i>
2.4	CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST SITE DESCRIPTION	7
3	APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES.....	7
4	LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT.....	8
5	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.....	9
6	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM	9
7	SUMMARY OF TESTS.....	10
7.1	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT – FCC: SECTION 15.203	10
7.2	POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS – FCC: SECTION 15.207 IC: RSS-GEN 7.2.4.....	10
7.2.1	<i>Measurement Procedure.....</i>	<i>10</i>
7.2.2	<i>Measurement Results</i>	<i>10</i>
7.3	RADIATED EMISSIONS – FCC CFR 47 PART 15.209 / RSS-210 SECTION 2.5.....	11
7.3.1	<i>Measurement Procedure.....</i>	<i>11</i>
7.3.2	<i>Distance Correction for Measurements Below 30 MHz – Part 15.31</i>	<i>12</i>
7.3.3	<i>Measurement Results</i>	<i>12</i>
7.3.4	<i>Sample Calculation.....</i>	<i>13</i>
7.4	20dB / 99% BANDWIDTH – FCC: SECTION 15.215, IC: RSS-GEN 4.6.1	14
7.4.1	<i>Measurement Procedure.....</i>	<i>14</i>
7.4.2	<i>Measurement Results</i>	<i>14</i>
8	CONCLUSION	16

1 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 for modular approval certification.

1.2 Product description

The TRIND™ is a Radio Frequency Identification Device (RFID) which is designed for use in conjunction with passive transponders (not requiring a battery), Texas Instruments Part # RI-TRP-Series.

Technical Information:

Band of Operation: 134 kHz

Number of Channels: 1

Modulation Format: FSK

Antenna Type: Integral Loop

Operating Voltage: 24 VDC (Host)

Manufacturer Information:

Gilbarco Inc.

7300 West Friendly Ave.

Greensboro, NC 27420

Test Sample Serial Number(s): 56027302

Test Sample Condition: The test samples were provided in good working order with no visible defects.

1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations

The EUT was tested in an orientation of typical installation. A tag was presented to the EUT (i.e. tag reader) to provide continuous transmit functionality for test purposes.

2 TEST FACILITIES

2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive
Buford, GA 30518
Phone: (770) 831-8048
Fax: (770) 831-8598

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

ACS is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), Lab Code 200612-0. Unless otherwise specified, all tests methods described within this report are covered under the ISO/IEC 17025 scope of accreditation.

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment.

FCC Registration Number: 511277

Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175A

VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

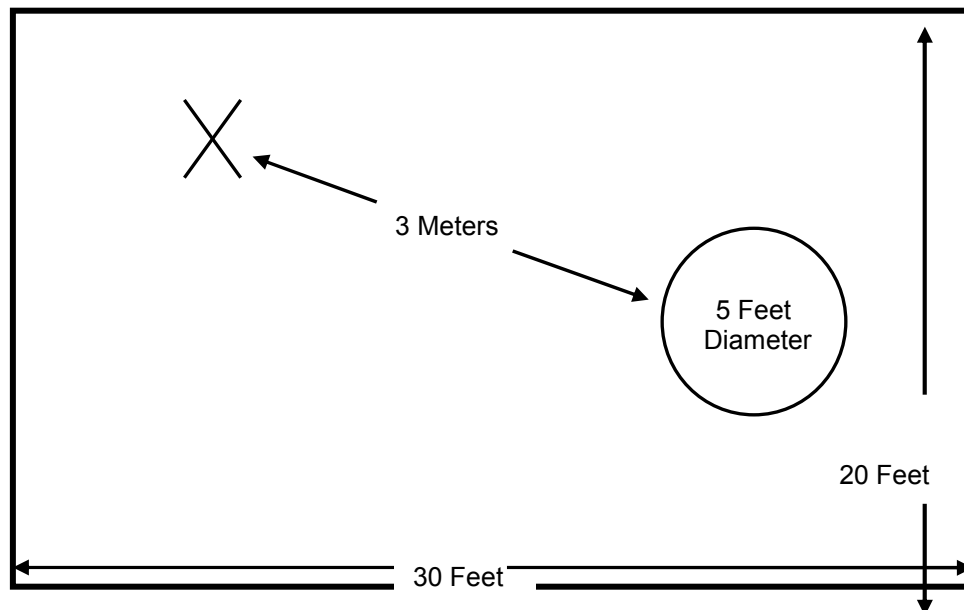


Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

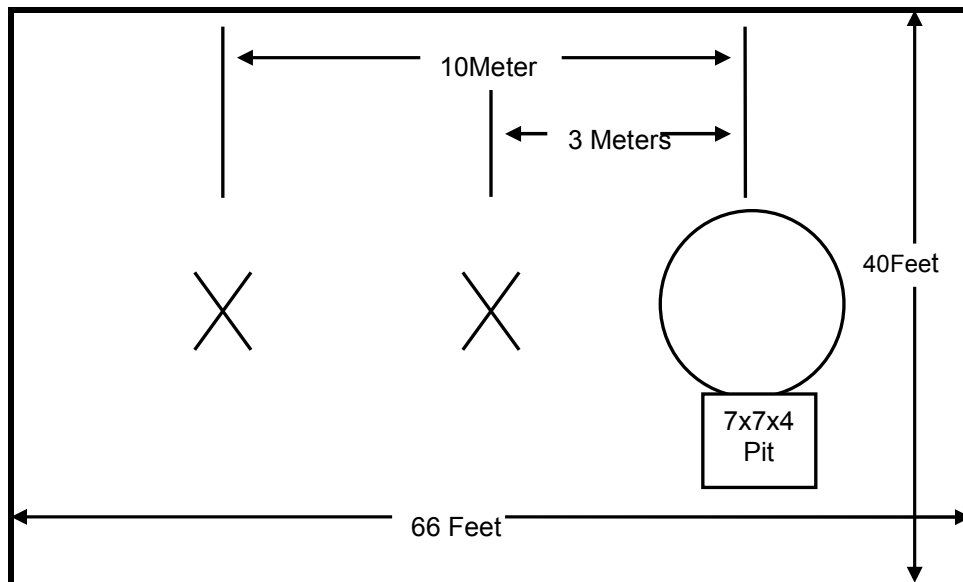


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal ground reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the room is shown below in figure 4.1.3-1:

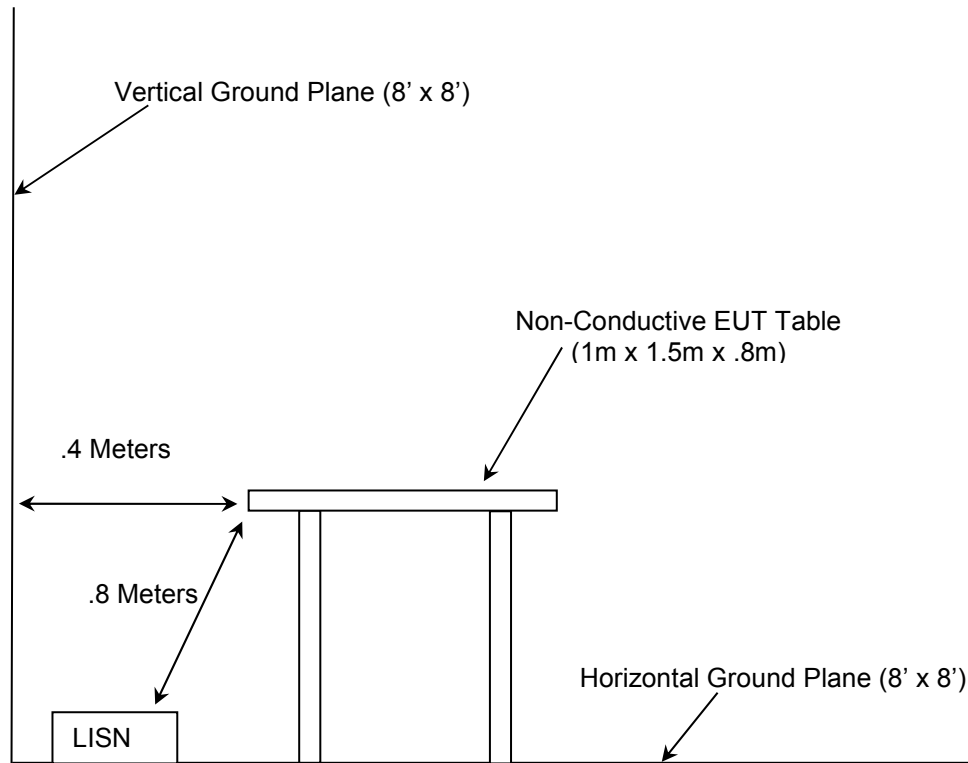


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

3 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ❖ ANSI C63.10-2013: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (Only applies to Industry Canada)
- ❖ ANSI C63.10-2009: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2015
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2013
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210 - Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, Issue 8, Dec 2010
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-GEN – General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, Issue 4, Nov 2014.

4 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

Table 4-1: Test Equipment

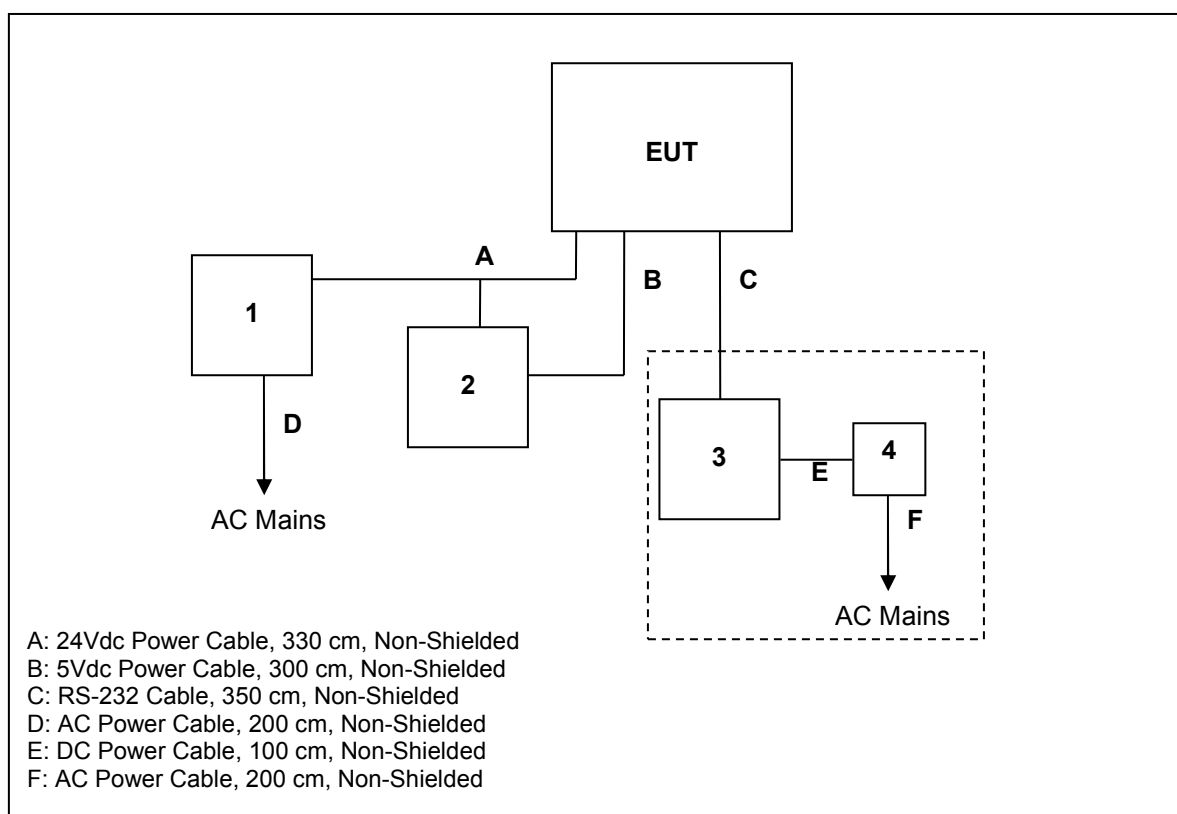
AssetID	Manufacturer	Model #	Equipment Type	Serial #	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI - Display	Spectrum Analyzers	833771/007	7/11/2014	7/11/2015
2	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI-Receiver	Spectrum Analyzers	839587/003	7/11/2014	7/11/2015
40	EMCO	3104	Antennas	3211	2/14/2013	2/14/2015
40	EMCO	3104	Antennas	3211	2/10/2015	2/10/2017
73	Agilent	8447D	Amplifiers	2727A05624	7/15/2014	7/15/2015
152	EMCO	3825/2	LISN	9111-1905	7/12/2014	7/12/2016
167	ACS	Cable Set	Cable Set	167	10/28/2014	10/28/2015
168	Hewlett Packard	11947A	Attenuators	44829	1/19/2015	1/19/2016
168	Hewlett Packard	11947A	Attenuators	44829	1/27/2014	1/27/2015
316	Rohde Schwarz	ESH3-Z5	LISN	861189-010	10/30/2014	10/30/2015
324	ACS	Belden	Cables	8214	5/5/2015	5/5/2016
324	ACS	Belden	Cables	8214	6/4/2014	6/4/2015
412	Electro Metrics	LPA-25	Antennas	1241	7/24/2014	7/24/2016
622	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	Analyzers	101338	7/12/2014	7/12/2015
628	EMCO	6502	Antennas	9407-2877	2/7/2014	2/7/2016
RE361	Agilent	AT/E7405A	Analyzers	MY42000089	5/30/2014	5/30/2015

5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

Item	Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
1	Power Supply	Phoenix Contact	MINI-PS-100-240AC/24DC/4	50013173
2	Power Distribution Board	Gilbarco	M09112A001	91210424
3	Laptop	Dell	PP18L	CN-0TD761-12961-68G-3200
4	Power Supply	Dell	PA-1650-05D2	CN-0F7970-71615-55M-6BF4

6 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM



7 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

7.1 Antenna Requirement – FCC: Section 15.203

The antenna is a loop antenna which is non-detachable and integral in design.

7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions – FCC: Section 15.207 IC: RSS-Gen 8.8

7.2.1 Measurement Procedure

ANSI C63.4 sections 6 and 7 were the guiding documents for this evaluation. Conducted emissions were performed from 150kHz to 30MHz with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 9kHz and the video bandwidth set to 30kHz. The calculation for the conducted emissions is as follows:

Corrected Reading = Analyzer Reading + LISN Loss + Cable Loss

Margin = Applicable Limit - Corrected Reading

7.2.2 Measurement Results

Table 7.2.2-1: Conducted EMI Results – Line 1

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Reading		Total Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Level		Limit		Margin (dB)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average		Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
3.31	30.1	29.25	10.37	40.47	39.62	56.00	46.00	15.5	6.4
3.26	29.77	28.87	10.37	40.14	39.24	56.00	46.00	15.9	6.8
3.22	28.12	26.15	10.37	38.49	36.52	56.00	46.00	17.5	9.5
3	29.75	28.87	10.37	40.12	39.24	56.00	46.00	15.9	6.8
2.6	28.42	27.35	10.31	38.73	37.66	56.00	46.00	17.3	8.3
2.2	28.53	21.75	10.31	38.84	32.06	56.00	46.00	17.2	13.9

Table 7.2.2-2: Conducted EMI Results – Line 2

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Reading		Total Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Level		Limit		Margin (dB)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average		Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
3.31	29.79	28.98	10.36	40.15	39.34	56.00	46.00	15.9	6.7
2.95	29.1	28.36	10.31	39.41	38.67	56.00	46.00	16.6	7.3
2.91	28.12	27.37	10.31	38.43	37.68	56.00	46.00	17.6	8.3
2.25	31.5	29.48	10.31	41.81	39.79	56.00	46.00	14.2	6.2
2.2	30.7	28.25	10.31	41.01	38.56	56.00	46.00	15.0	7.4
0.176819	37.552	31.502	10.22	47.772	41.722	65.234	55.234	17.462	13.512

7.3 Radiated Emissions – FCC CFR 47 Part 15.209 / RSS-210 2.2, RSS-Gen 8.9/8.10**7.3.1 Measurement Procedure**

Section 15.33(a)(4) specifies, if the intentional radiator contains a digital device, regardless of whether this digital device controls the functions of the intentional radiator or the digital device is used for additional control or function purposes other than to enable the operation of the intentional radiator, the frequency range shall be investigated up to frequency specified in 15.33(b)(1) for unintentional radiators. The upper frequency range for the digital device is 1000MHz which greater than the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The upper frequency range measured was 1000MHz.

Measurements below 30MHz were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber with a 3 meter separation distance between the EUT and measurement antenna. The EUT was rotated 360° and the loop antenna rotated about the vertical axis to maximize each emission. The magnetic loop receiving antenna was positioned with its center 1 meter above the ground.

The spectrum analyzer's resolution and video bandwidth was set to 200 Hz and 1 kHz respectively for frequencies below 150 kHz and 9 kHz and 30 kHz respectively for frequencies above 150 kHz and below 30 MHz. For measurements in the frequency bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz, an average detector was used. When average measurements are specified, the peak emissions were also compared to a limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit according to Part 15.35. All other emissions were measured using a Quasi-peak detector.

Measurements above 30 MHz were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber with a 3 meter separation distance between the EUT and measurement antenna. The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000 MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth (RBW) of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth (VBW) of 300 kHz.

For measurements of fundamental emissions where average measurements are specified, the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) was adjusted equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth (EBW).

7.3.2 Distance Correction for Measurements Below 30 MHz – Part 15.31

Radiated measurements were performed at a distance closer than 300 meters and 30m as required, according to Part 15.209. Therefore a correction factor was applied to account for propagation loss at the specified distance. The propagation loss was determined by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40dB/decade) according to 15.31. A sample calculation of the distance correction factor is shown below for limits expressed at a 300m measurement distance and a 30m measurement distance.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Distance correction factor (300m Specified Test Distance)} &= 40 \cdot \log(\text{Test Distance}/300) \\ &= 40 \cdot \log(3/300) \\ &= -80 \text{ dB}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Distance correction factor (30m Specified Test Distance)} &= 40 \cdot \log(\text{Test Distance}/30) \\ &= 40 \cdot \log(3/30) \\ &= -40 \text{ dB}\end{aligned}$$

7.3.3 Measurement Results

Table 7.3.3-1: Fundamental Field Strength

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
0.1342	85.57	85.52	H	10.63	96.20	96.15	125.0	105.0	28.8	8.9

Note: RBW set to 9kHz (RBW>>EBW).

Table 7.3.3-2: Radiated Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
0.4026	58.03	58.03	H	10.61	68.64	68.64	115.5	95.5	46.9	26.9
0.671		48.74	H	10.80	-----	59.54	-----	71.1	-----	11.5
0.9394		42.98	H	11.20	-----	54.18	-----	68.1	-----	14.0
1.2078		39.12	H	11.46	-----	50.58	-----	66.0	-----	15.4
1.4762		35.89	H	11.40	-----	47.29	-----	64.2	-----	16.9
1.7446		33.33	H	11.35	-----	44.68	-----	69.5	-----	24.8
2.013		30.74	H	11.30	-----	42.04	-----	69.5	-----	27.50
2.2814		29.19	H	11.24	-----	40.43	-----	69.5	-----	29.10
2.5498		27.41	H	11.19	-----	38.60	-----	69.5	-----	30.90
30.72		43.24	V	-13.36	-----	29.88	-----	40.0	-----	10.10
35.67		49.36	V	-14.35	-----	35.01	-----	40.0	-----	5.00
39.82		43.83	V	-14.69	-----	29.14	-----	40.0	-----	10.90
77.54		49.97	V	-18.60	-----	31.37	-----	40.0	-----	8.60
89.79		46.34	H	-13.97	-----	32.37	-----	43.5	-----	11.10
118.21		45.60	H	-10.12	-----	35.48	-----	43.5	-----	8.00

7.3.4 Sample Calculation**Example Calculation – Average/Quasi-Peak Limit < 30MHz**

Measurement Distance 300m @ 134 kHz

*Limit (dBuV/m) = 20*Log(2400/F(kHz)) - Distance Correction Factor (Section 7.3.2)*

*Limit (dBuV/m) = 20*Log(2400/134) + 80*

Limit (dBuV/m) = 105.06

Example Calculation - 134 kHz (See Table 7.3.3-1)

$$R_C = R_U + CF_T$$

Where:

CF_T = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)

R_U = Uncorrected Reading

R_C = Corrected Level

AF = Antenna Factor

CA = Cable Attenuation

AG = Amplifier Gain

Peak:

Corrected Level: 85.57 + 10.63 = 96.20dBuV

Margin: 125.06dBuV – 96.20dBuV = 28.8 dB

Average:

Corrected Level: 85.52 + 10.63 = 96.15dBuV

Margin: 105.06dBuV – 96.15dBuV = 8.9 dB

7.4 20dB / 99% Bandwidth – FCC: Section 15.215, IC: RSS-Gen 8.2

7.4.1 Measurement Procedure

The span of the spectrum analyzer display was set between two times and five times the occupied bandwidth (OBW) of the emission. The RBW of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100Hz. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. The Delta function of the analyzer was utilized to determine the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

The occupied bandwidth measurement function of the analyzer was used for the 99% bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth was set to 100Hz. The video bandwidth was set to > 3 times the resolution bandwidth. A peak detector was used.

7.4.2 Measurement Results

Table 7.4.2-1: 20dB / 99% Bandwidth

Frequency [kHz]	20dB Bandwidth [kHz]	99% Bandwidth [kHz]
134	1.72	3.15

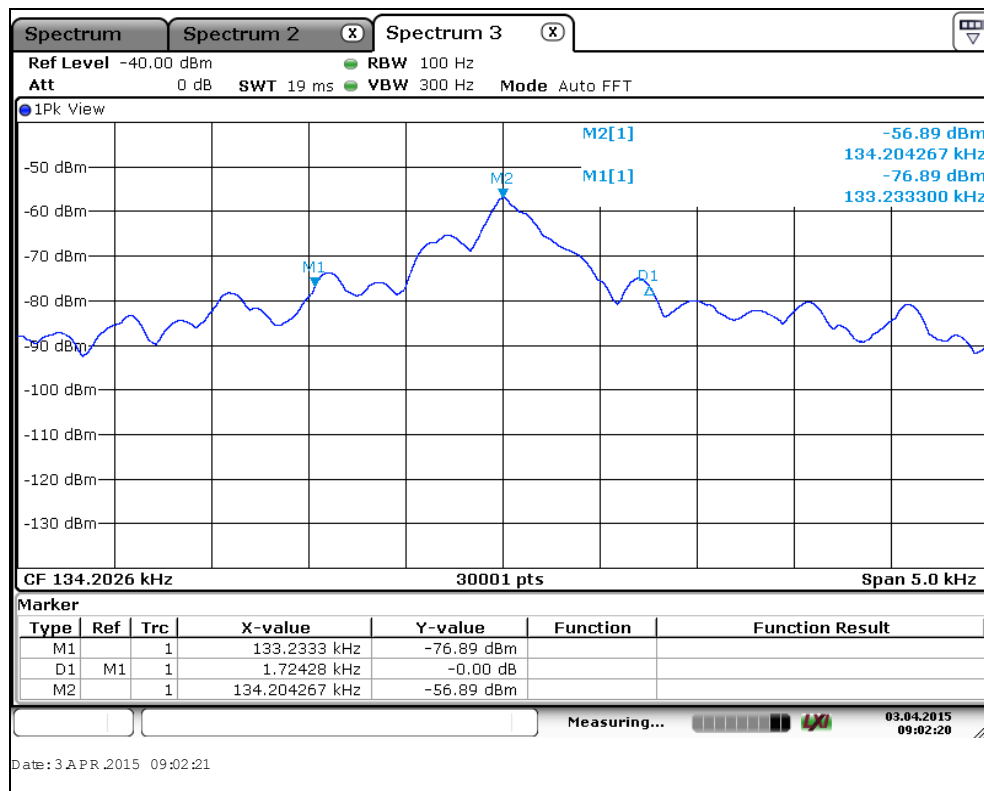
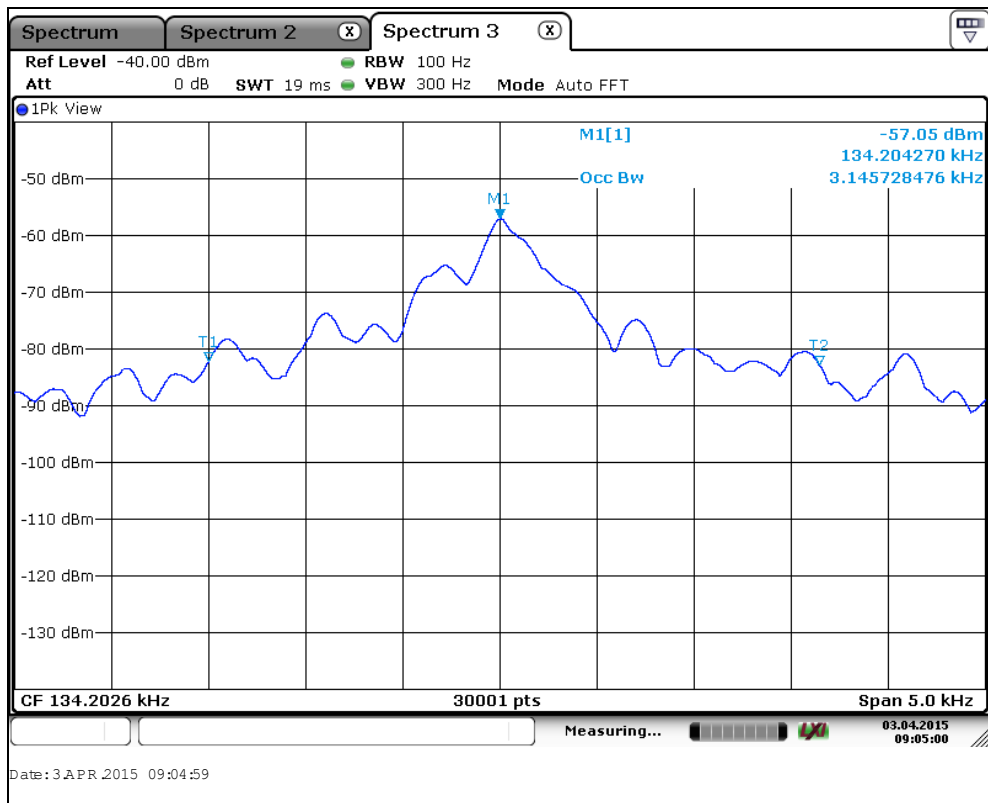


Figure 7.4.2-1: 20dB Bandwidth Plot



8 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc., the LFSQR, manufactured by Gilbarco Inc. meet the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210.

END REPORT