Product Compliance
SAR Test Report

Product :	Senao International Co., Ltd.
Model :	SN-920 ULTRA
FCC ID :	NI3-SN-920U
Reference no.:	10046

3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.
for NEAR FIELD MEASUREMENTS

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AREA SCAN CONTOUR PLOT ..... __
3D PLOT OF ABSORBED ENERGY ..... __

SIMULATED TISSUE ..... __
SIMULATED TISSUE TEST REPORT ..... __

SAR Test Report

To: Senao International Co., Ltd.

Date: 12/22/99

Re: 10046

Radio Information

Radio Type	:	Cordless telephone
Model Number	:	SN-920 ULTRA
Serial Number	:	N/A
Frequency Band(MHz)		915
Frequency Tested(MHz)		902
Nominal Output Power:(W)		0.5 peek
Antenna Type	:	Monopole
Antenna Position	:	IN
Signal Type	:	Spread Spectrum
Duty Cycle	:	-

Simulated Tissue

Type of Tissue	:	Brain
Measured Dielectric Constant:		47.3
Measured Conductivity	:	0.78

Conditions

Robot	:	6 Axis
Scan Type	:	SAR
Measured Field	:	E
Measured Power(W):		0.079
Phantom Type	:	Head – Left Ear
Phantom Position:		Horizontal
Room Temperature °C:		24.0
Distance Antenna-Shell:		20 mm

Probe

Probe Name	:	EI3
Probe Orientation:		-
Probe Offset(mm):		3.0
Sensor Factor	:	10.8
Conversion Factor:		0.75
Calibration Date	:	08/13/99

Results

Maximum Fields Location: X : 10 Y : -45

SAR (averaged over 1 gram of tissue) W/kg : 0.12

Comments

Retractable Antenna

@ 902 MHz, 0.079 W – 0.12 W/Kg (Antenna IN) 0.12 W/Kg (Antenna OUT)

@ 915 MHz, 0.084 W – 0.09 W/Kg (Antenna IN) 0.10 W/Kg (Antenna OUT)

@ 927 MHz, 0.096 W – 0.08 W/Kg (Antenna IN) 0.11 W/Kg (Antenna OUT)

(Continue)

Fixed Antenna

@ 902 MHz, 0.079 W – 0.01 W/Kg

@ 915 MHz, 0.084 W – 0.01 W/Kg

@ 927 MHz, 0.096 W – 0.02 W/Kg

(Note)

Insertion loss of adapter cable : 0.4 dB @ 915 MHz (Measured by manufacturer)

All the power values listed above are already compensated with the proper insertion loss

All the power values listed above are RMS power if it is not notified

Product Compliance Test Report

Re: 10046

Manufacturer	:	Senao International Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Taiwan
Product Description:		SST Cordless Telephone
Product Classification:		**Uncontrol**

Based on the above information and the test results shown in attached test report, of the aforementioned product, the undersigned states that ;

> *Tests were performed to establish the maximum value of the **SAR** (Specific Absorption Rate) in a person holding the product as specified in the user's manual. The **D.U.T.** was tested to be in compliance with the suggested procedures described in **IEEE C95.1-1991**, **OET Bulletin 65 (Supplement C)**, **RSS-102(Issue 1)**.*

Name : Oscar Garay

Signed : Self Date : 12/22/99

2 Applicable Documents

2.1 Guidelines

The Guidelines of the following documents were considered in the performance of this test :

1) NCRP report 1986,
2) ANSI C95.1 - 1982,
3) IEEE C95.1 - 1991,
4) FCC rules 96 - 326
5) OET Bulletin 65

Location of test

All tests were performed at the **3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.** for Near Field Measurements located on 5440 NW, 33rd Avenue, Suite 109, Fort-Lauderdale, Florida, 33309.

2.2 Measurement System Specifications

Positioner	**Probe**
Type : 3D Near Field Scanner Location Repeatability : 0.1mm Speed 180°/sec AC motors	Sensor : E-Field Spatial Resolution : 0.1 cm^3 Isotropic Response : ± 0.25 dB Dynamic Range : 2 µW/g to 100 mW/g
Computer	**Phantom**
Type : 166 MHz Pentium Memory : 32 Meg. RAM Operating System : Windows NT Monitor : 17” SVGA	Tissue : Simulated Tissue with electrical characteristics similar to those of the human at normal body temperature. Shell : Fiberglass human shell shaped (1.5 mm thick)

2.3 Test Description

In the SAR measurement, the positioning of the probes must be performed with sufficient accuracy to obtain repeatable measurements in the presence of rapid spatial attenuation phenomena. The accurate positioning of the E-field probe is accomplished by using a high precision robot. The robot can be taught to position the probe sensor following a specific pattern of points. In a first sweep, the sensor is positioned as close as possible to the interface, with the sensor enclosure touching the inside of the fiberglass shell . The SAR is measured on a grid of points which covers the curved surface of the phantom in an area larger than the size of the DUT. After the initial scan, a high resolution grid is used to locate the absolute maximum measured energy point. At this location, an attenuation versus depth scan will be accomplished by the measurement system to calculate the SAR value.

2.4 Phantom

The phantom used in the evaluation of the RF exposure of the user of the wireless device is a clear fiberglass enclosure 1.5 mm thick, shaped like a human head or body and filled with a mixture simulating the dielectric characteristics of the brain, muscle or other types of human tissue. The maximum width of the cranial model is 17 cm, the cephalic index is 0.7 and the crown circumference of the cranial model is 61 cm. The ear is 6 mm above the outer surface of the shell.

2.5 Simulated Tissue

1) Simulated Tissue : Suggested in a paper by George Hartsgrove and colleagues in University of Ottawa Ref.: Bioelectromagnetics 8:29-36 (1987)

Ingredient	Quantity
Water	40.4 %
Sugar	56.0 %
Salt	2.5 %
HEC	1.0 %
Bactericide	0.1 %

- Table. Example of composition of simulated tissue.

This simulated tissue is mainly composed of water, sugar and salt. At higher frequencies, in order to achieve the proper conductivity, the solution does not contains salt. Also, at these frequencies, D.I. water and alcohol is preferred.

2) Tissue Density : Approximately 1.25 g/cm^3

Preparation

We determine the volume needs and carefully measure all components. A clean container is used were the ingredients will be mixed. A stirring paddle and a hand drill is used to stir the mixture. First we heat the DI water to about 40 ^{o}C to help the ingredients to dissolve and then we pour the salt and the bactericide. We stir until all the ingredients are completely dissolved. We continue stirring slowly while adding the sugar. We avoid high RPM from the mixing device to prevent air bubbles in the mixture. Later on, we add the HEC to maintain the solution homogeneous. Mixing time is approximately 30 to 40 min.

2.6 Measurement of Electrical Characteristics of Simulated Tissue

1) Network Analyzer HP8753C or others

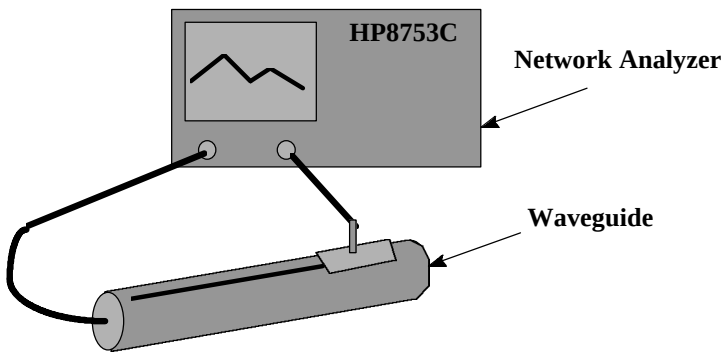
2) Slotted Coaxial Waveguide

Description of the slotted coaxial waveguide

The cylindrical waveguide is constructed with copper tube of about 30 to 40 cm of length, generally 12.5 mm diameter, with connectors at both ends. Inside of this tube, a conductive rod about 6.3 mm is coaxial supported by the two ends connectors (radiator). A slot 3 mm wide start at the beginning of the tube to almost the two third of the tube length. The outer edge of the slotted tube is marked in centimeters (10 to 12) every 1 centimeter, 0.5 if higher frequencies. A saddle piece containing the sampling probe is inserted in the slot so the tip of the probe is close but not in contact with the inner conductor (radiator).

To measure the electrical characteristics of the liquid simulated tissue, we fill the coaxial waveguide, select CW frequency and measure amplitude and phase with the Network Analyzer for every point in the slot (typically 11). An effort is made to keep the results dielectric constant and conductivity within 5 % of published data.

Electrical Characteristics
Measurement Setup



$$c = 3 \cdot 10^8 \ \mathrm{m/s}$$

$$A = \frac{\Delta A}{20} \ln_{10} \frac{1}{m}$$

$$q = \frac{\Delta q \cdot 2p}{360}$$

$$l = \frac{c}{f} \cdot \frac{100}{2.54} \text{inches}$$

$$e_{re} = \frac{(A^2 + q^2) \cdot l^2}{4p^2}$$

$$q' = \left| \frac{|A| \cdot l}{4p\sqrt{e_{re}}} \right|$$

$$S = \tan(2q')$$

$$e_r = \frac{e_{re}}{\sqrt{(1+S^2)}}$$

$$s = S \cdot 2p \cdot f \cdot 8.854 \cdot 10^{12} \cdot e_r \ (\mathrm{S/m})$$

where;

ΔA is the amplitude attenuation in dB

$\Delta\theta$ is the phase change in degrees for 5 cm of wave propagation in the slotted line

f is the frequency of interest in Hz

2.7 System Description

The measurement system consists of an E-field probe, instrumentation amplifiers, RF transparent cable connecting the amplifiers to the computer, the robotics arm with its extension and proximity sensors, a phantom with simulated tissue and a radio holder to support the device under test. The E-field probe is a three channel device used to measure RF electric fields in the near vicinity of the source. The three sensors are mutually orthogonal positioned dipoles, and are constructed over a quartz substrate. Located in the center of the dipole is a Schottky diode. High impedance lines are connecting the sensor to the amplifier and then optically linked to the computer. The probe has an isotropic response and is transparent to the RF fields.

Calibration is performed by two steps :

1) Determination of free space E-field from amplified probe outputs in a test RF field. This calibration is performed in a TEM cell when the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or some other methodologies above 1 GHz. For the free space calibration, we place the probe in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. This reading equate to 1mW/cm^2 if that power density is available in the correspondent cavity.

2) Correlation of the measured free space E-field, to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a planar phantom filled with the appropriate simulated tissue.

For temperature correlation calibration, a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe. First, the location of the maximum E-field close to the phantom's inner surface is determined as a function of power into the RF source; in this case, a dipole. Then, the E-field probe is moved sideways so that the temperature probe, while affixed to the E-field probe is placed at the previous location of the E-field probe. Finally, temperature changes for 30 seconds exposure at the same RF power levels used for the E-field measurement are recorded. The following equation relates SAR to initial temperature slope :

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$ where :

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

The heat capacity used for brain simulated tissue is 2.7 joules/^{0}C/g and 3.0 joules/^{0}C/g for muscle.

SAR is proportional to ΔT / Δt, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now, it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot s}{r} \qquad \text{where;}$$

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm^3 for simulated tissue)

2.8 Data Extrapolation (Curve Fitting)

There is a distance from the center of the sensor (diode) to the end of the protective tube called 'probe offset'. To compensate we use an exponential curve fitting method to obtain the peak surface value from the voltages measured at the distance from the inner surface of the phantom. At the point where the highest voltage was recorded, the field is measured as close as possible to the phantom's surface and every 1 mm along the ` Z ` axis for a distance of 50 mm. The appropriate exponential curve is obtained from all the points measured and used to define an exponential decay of the energy density versus depth.

$$E(z) = E_0 \cdot e^{-z/d} \text{ (mV)}$$

2.9 Interpolation and Gram Averaging

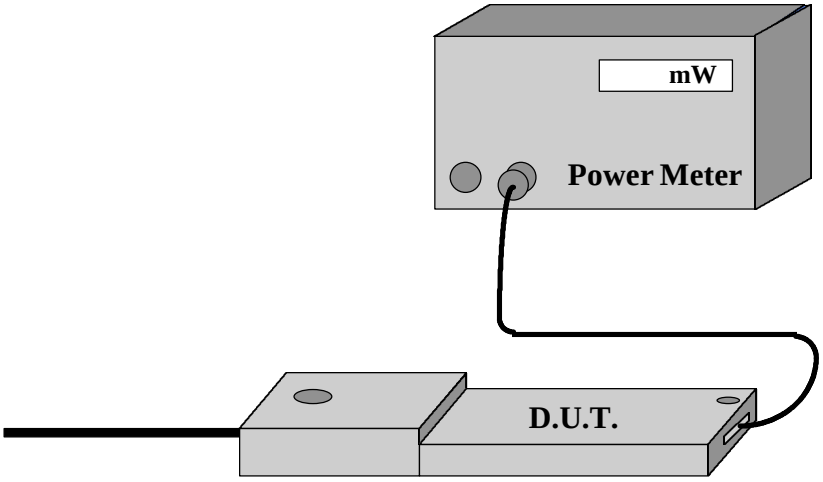
The voltage, (1 cm) above the phantoms surface (E_{tot} 1 cm), is needed to calculate the exposure over one gram of tissue. This SAR value that estimates the average over 1 gram of tissue, is obtained by taking the integral over 1 cm^2 surface of the measured field along the exponential decay curve of the energy density with depth.

$$SAR(mW/g) = \int_{v=1g} SAR(\bullet)dv = \int_{s=1cm^2} \int_0^{1cm} E(z) \cdot \frac{CF}{SensorFactor} dzds$$

2.10 Power Measurement

When ever possible, a conducted power measurement is performed. To accomplish this, we utilize a fully charged battery, a calibrated power meter and a cable adapter provided by the manufacturer. The data of the cable and related circuits losses are also provided by the manufacturer. The power measurement is then performed across the operational band and the channel with the highest output power is recorded.

Power measurement is performed before and after the SAR to verify if the battery was delivering full power for the time of test. A difference in output power would determinate a need for battery replacement and repetition the SAR test.



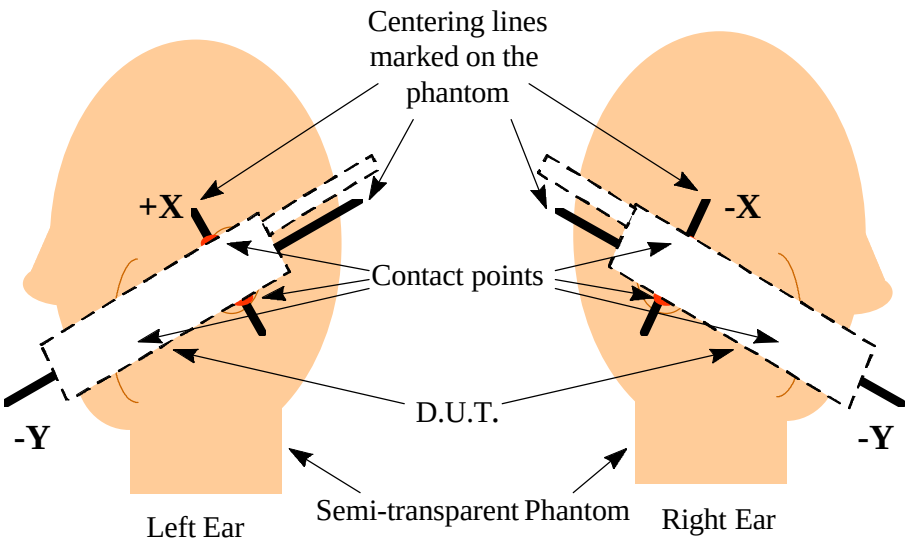
Measured Power ≈ Measured Power + Cable and Switching Mechanism Loss

2.11 Positioning of D.U.T.

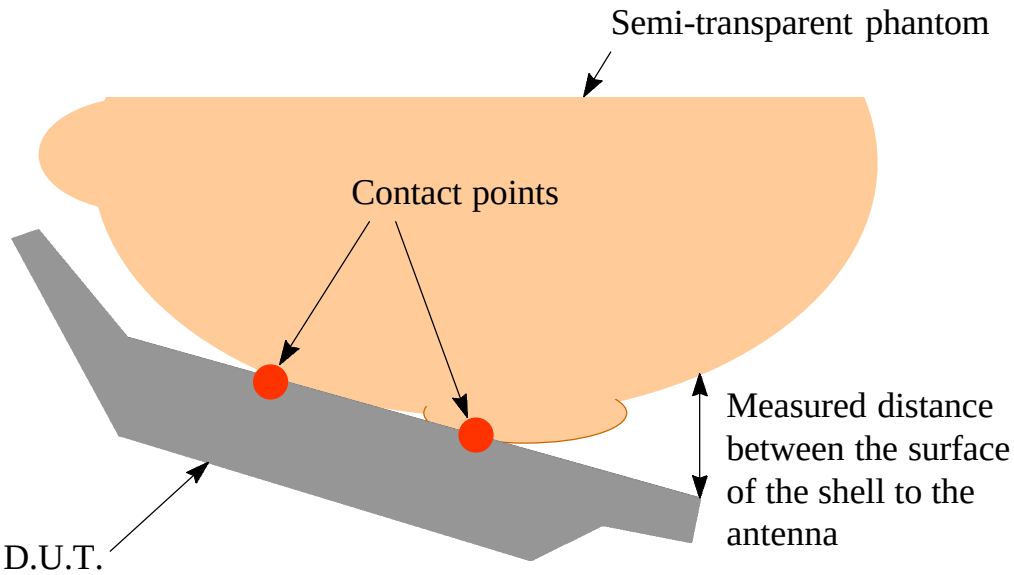
The clear fiberglass phantom shell have been previously marked with a highly visible line, so can easily be seen through the liquid simulated tissue. In the case of testing a cellular phone, this line is connecting the ear channel with the corner of the lips. The D.U.T. is then placed by centering the speaker with the ear channel and the center of the radio width with the corner of the mouth. At the same time the surface of the D.U.T. is always in contact with the phantoms shell. Three points contact; two in the ear region and one on the chin in addition to the previously describe alignment will assure repeatability of the test.

For HAND HELD devices (push-to-talk), or any other type of wireless transmitters, the D.U.T. will be positioned as suggested by manufacturer operational manuals.

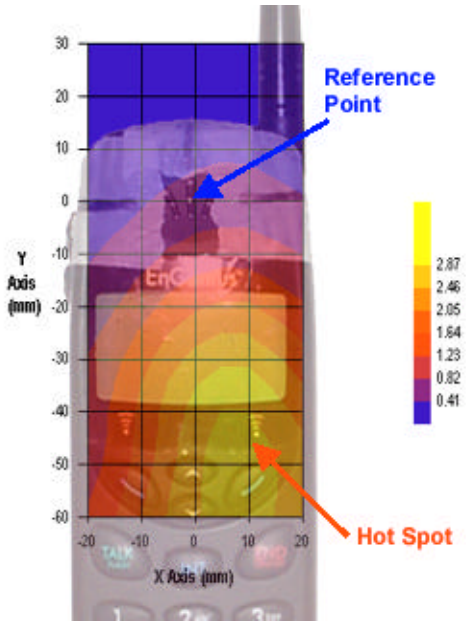
Positioning of the D.U.T.



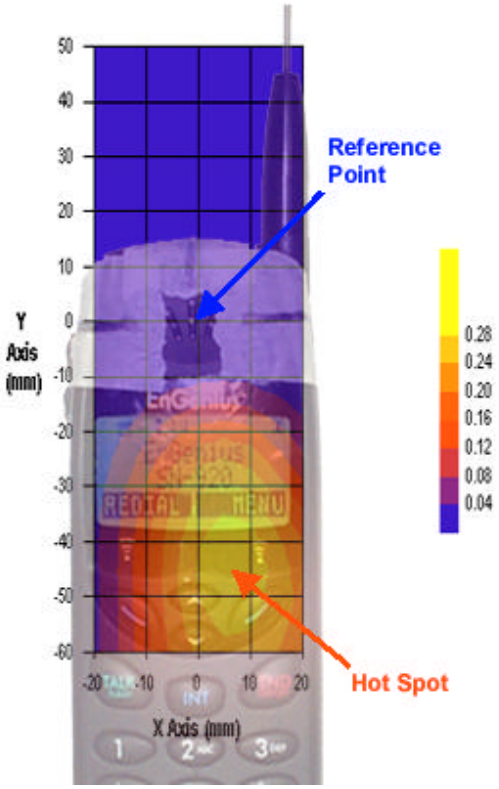
Side View



Retractable Antenna



Fixed Antenna



Index of the measurements

The following results of measurement are ordered as listed below.

Test Transmitter Mode

Retractable Antenna IN

@ low frequency	(SAR:0.12)
@ middle frequency	(0.09)
@ high frequency	(0.08)

Retractable Antenna OUT

@ low frequency	(0.12)
@ middle frequency	(0.10)
@ high frequency	(0.11)

Fixed Antenna

@ low frequency	(0.01)
@ middle frequency	(0.01)
@ high frequency	(0.02)

Electrical characteristic of Simulated tissue

Brain tissue @ 915 MHz

Test Information

Date : 12/22/99
Time : 10:49:01 AM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 902
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: IN
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.072
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.079

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

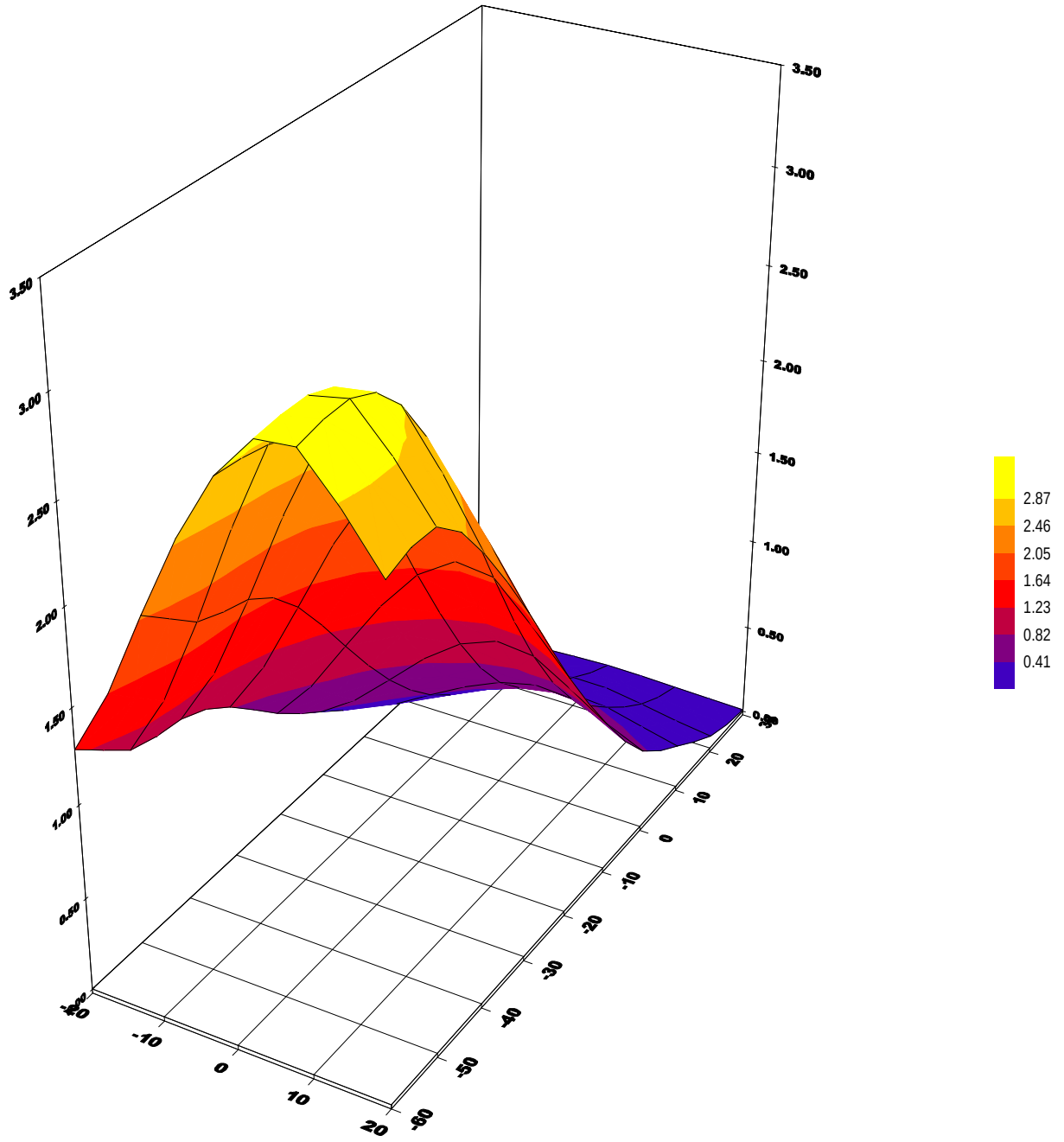
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 10 Y = -45

Measured Values (mV) :

2.99	2.65	2.41	2.22	2.05	1.91
1.79	1.69	1.57	1.46	1.37	

Peak Voltage (mV) : 3.61 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 1.69 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.12



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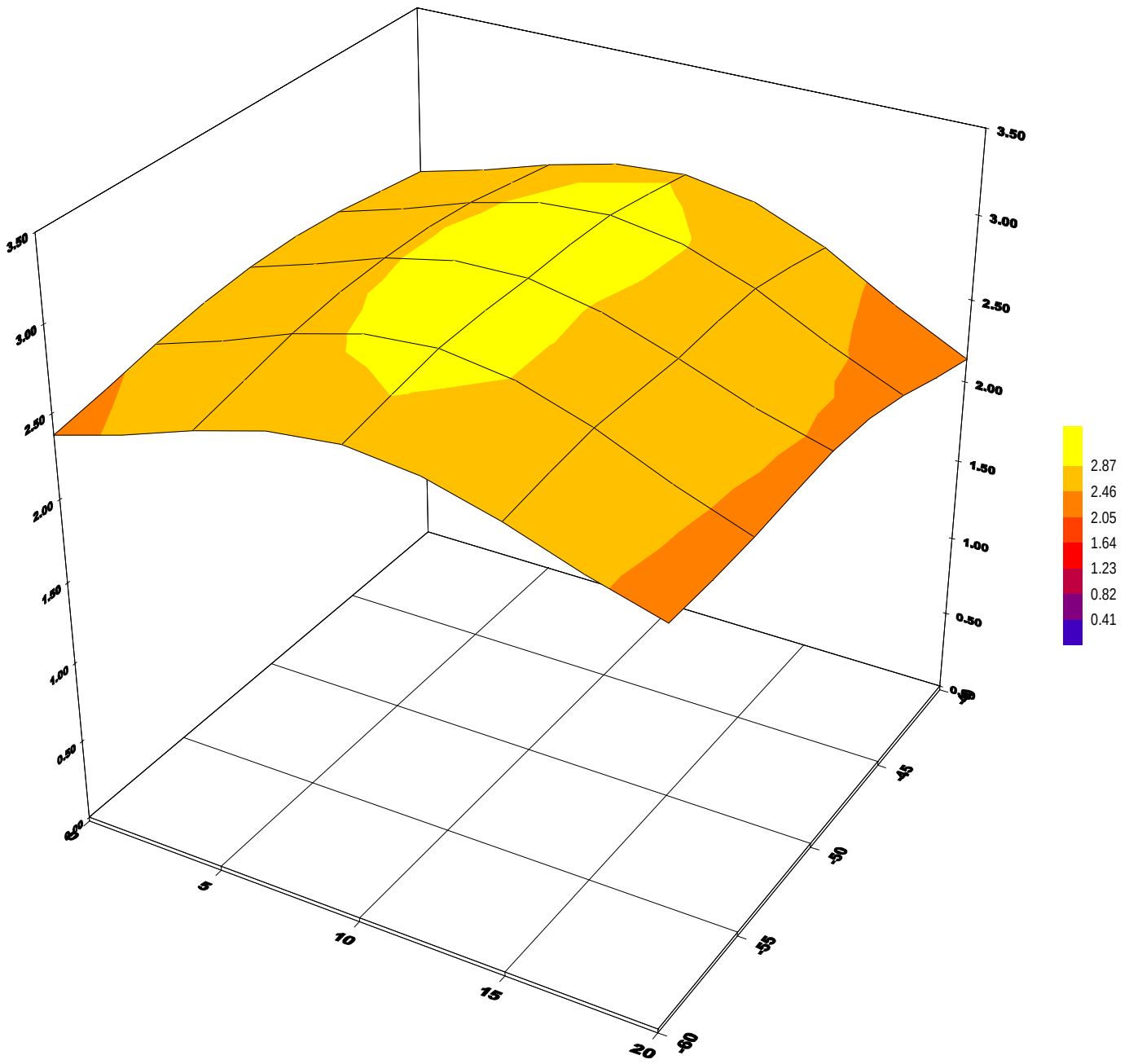

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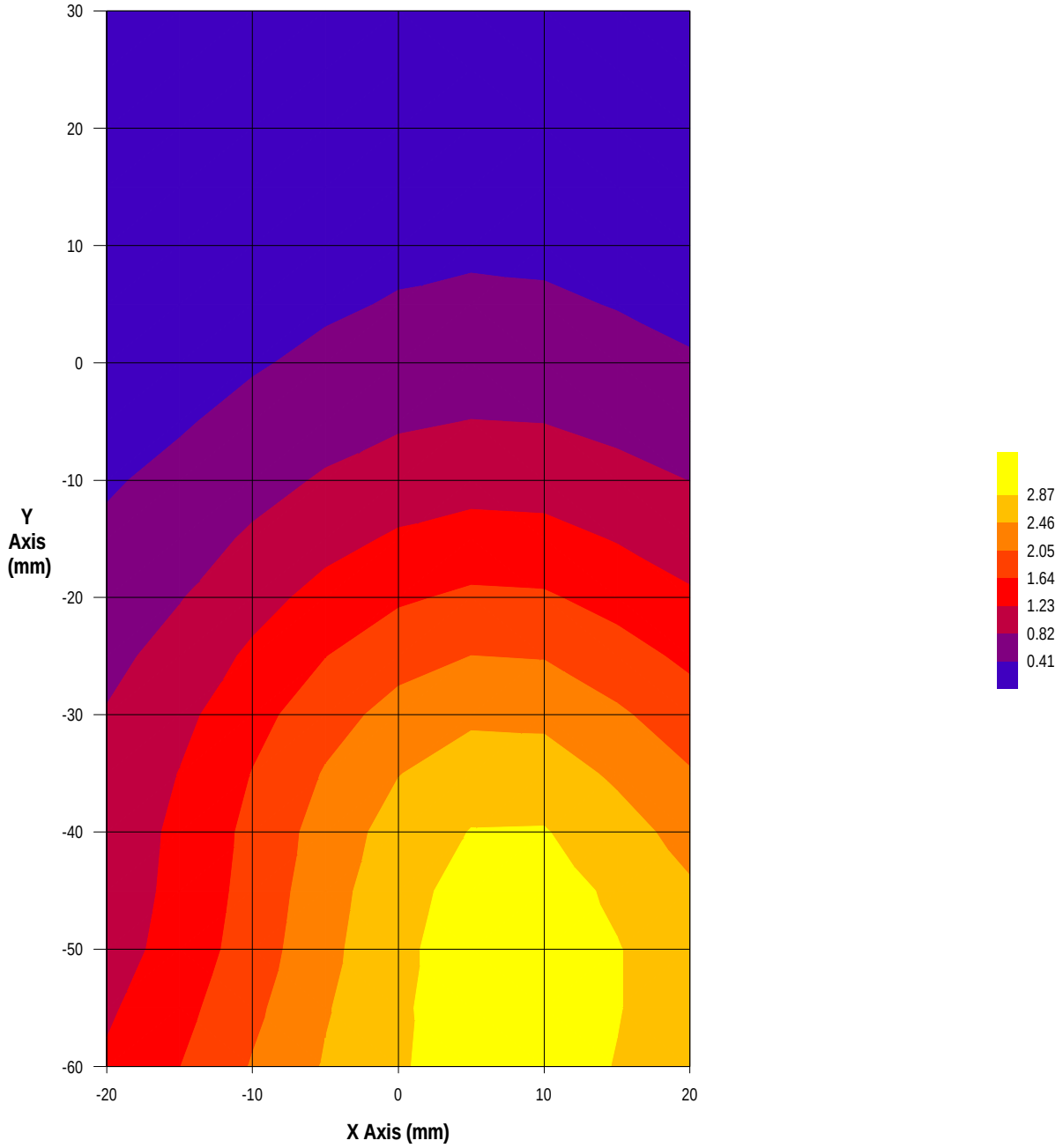

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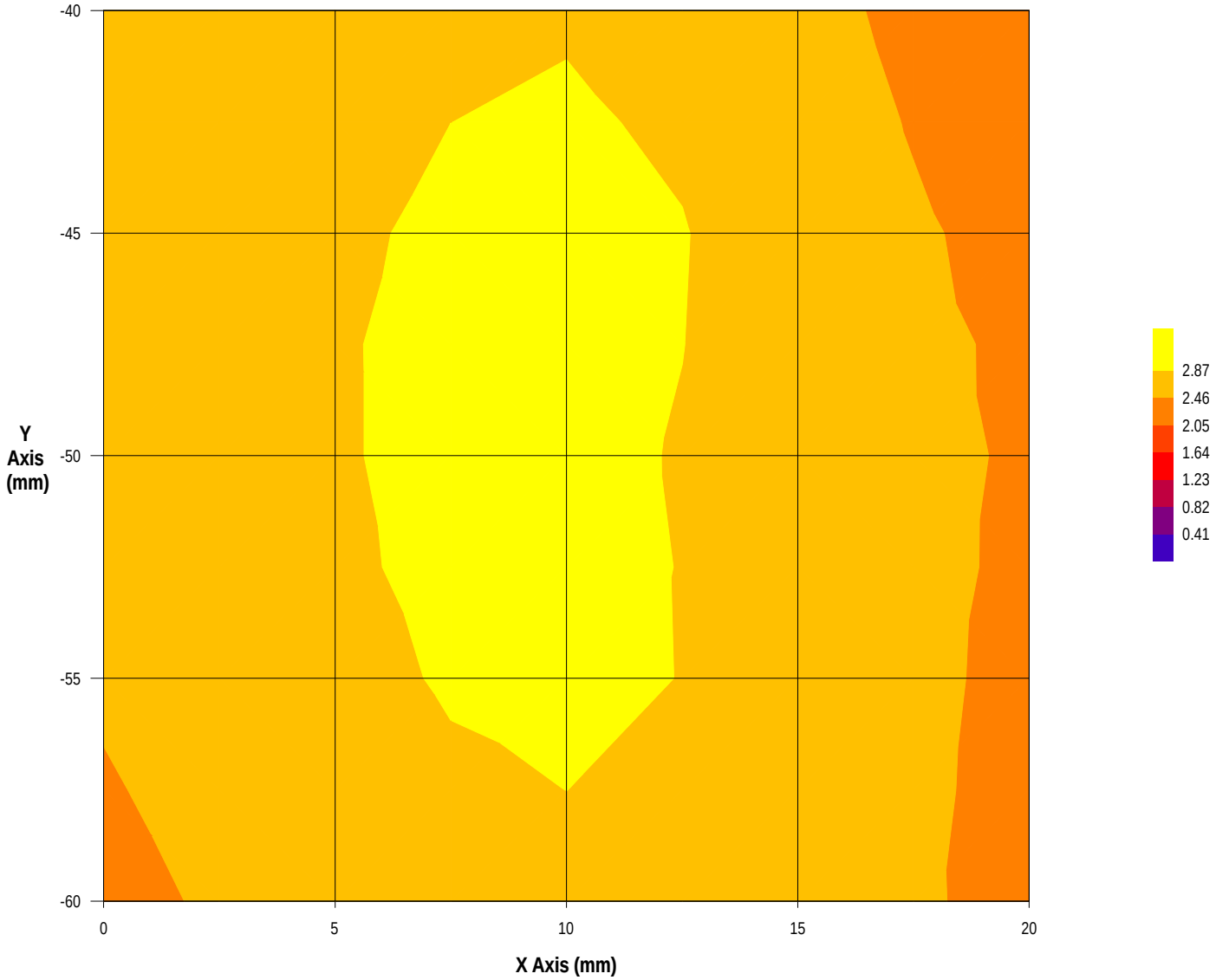

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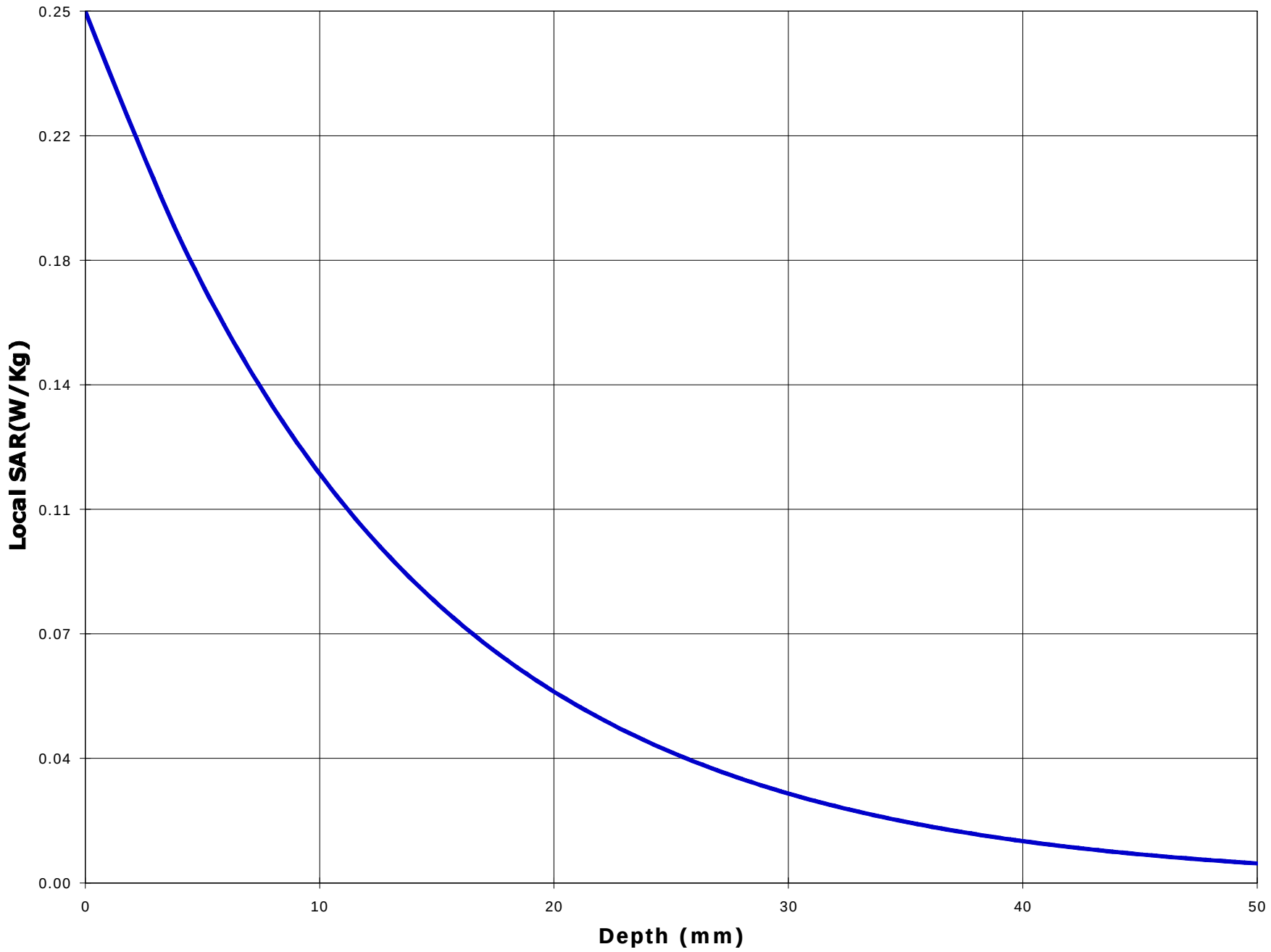

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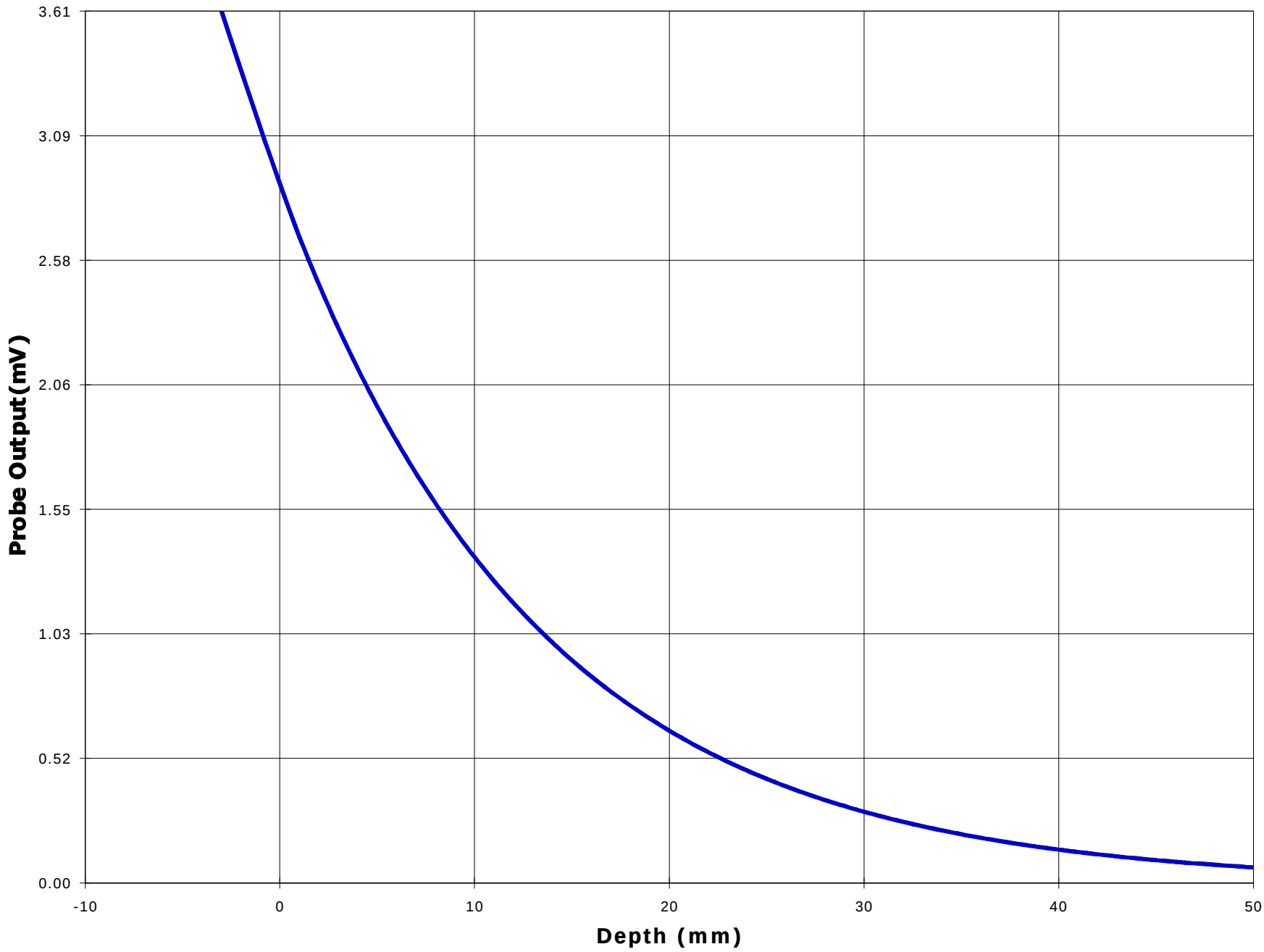


3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/22/99
Time : 11:00:36 AM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 915
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: IN
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.077
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.084

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

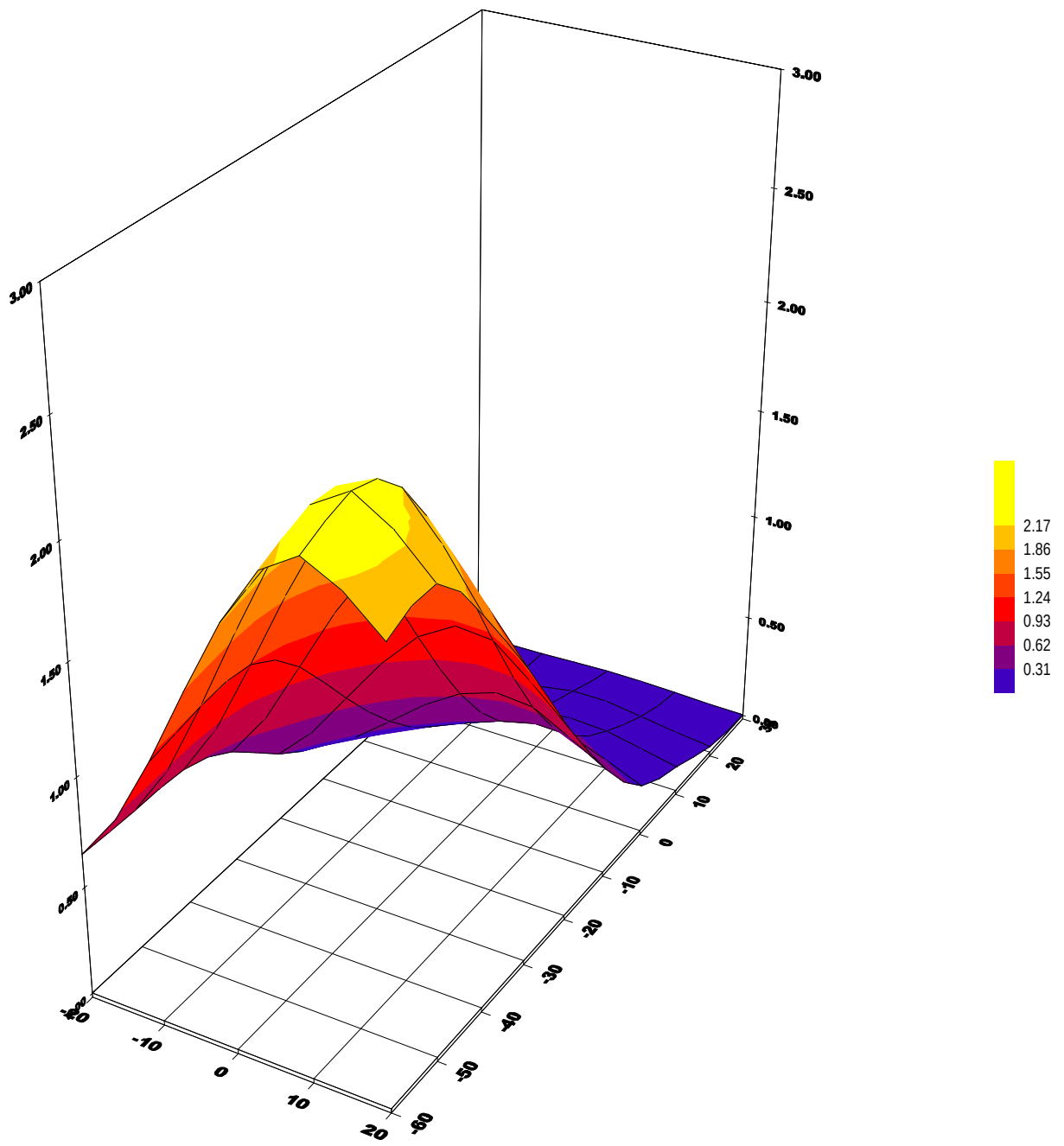
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 10 Y = -45

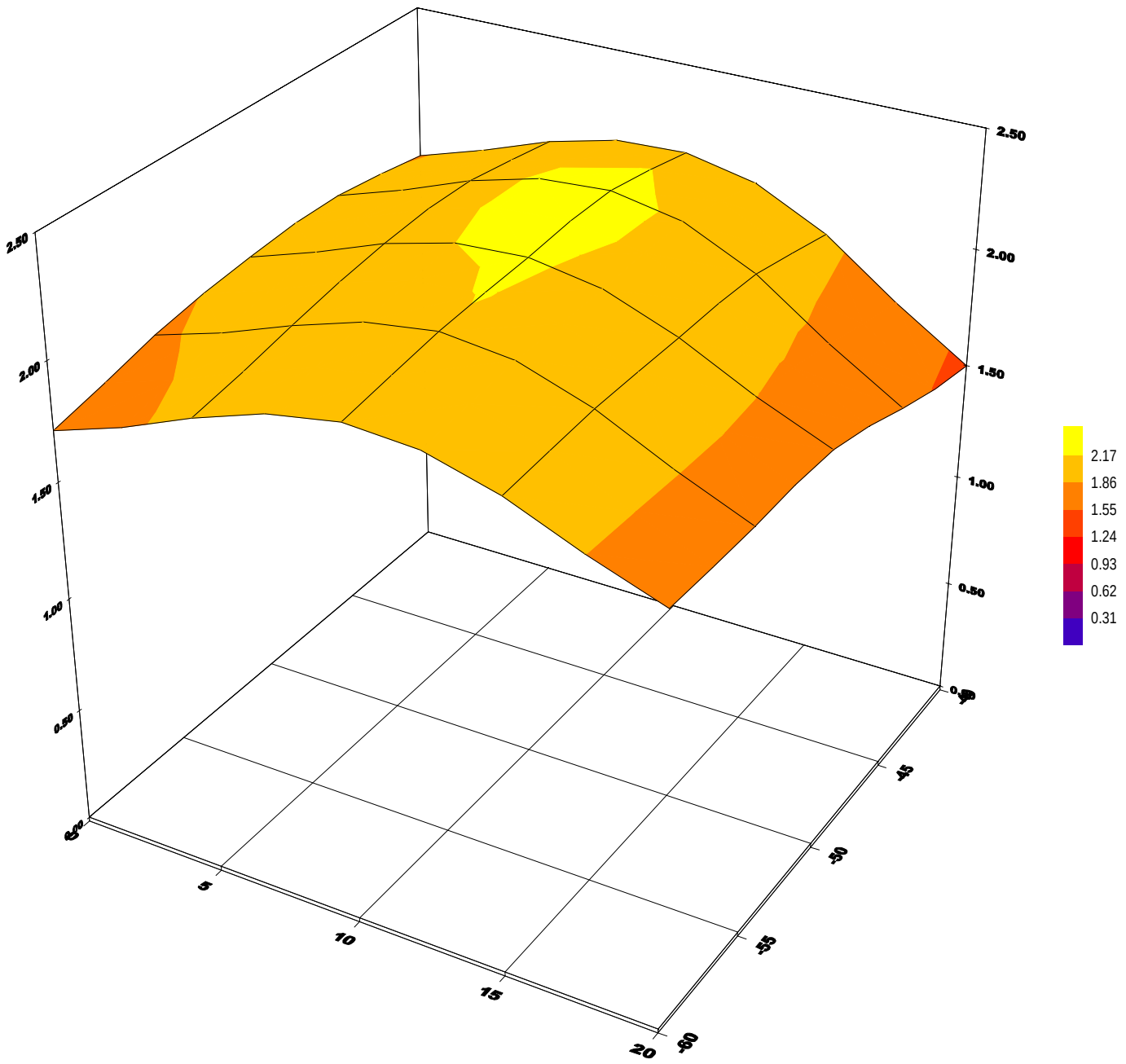
Measured Values (mV) :

2.26	2.01	1.79	1.65	1.51	1.40
1.30	1.21	1.12	1.04	0.98	

Peak Voltage (mV) : 2.84 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 1.21 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.09



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



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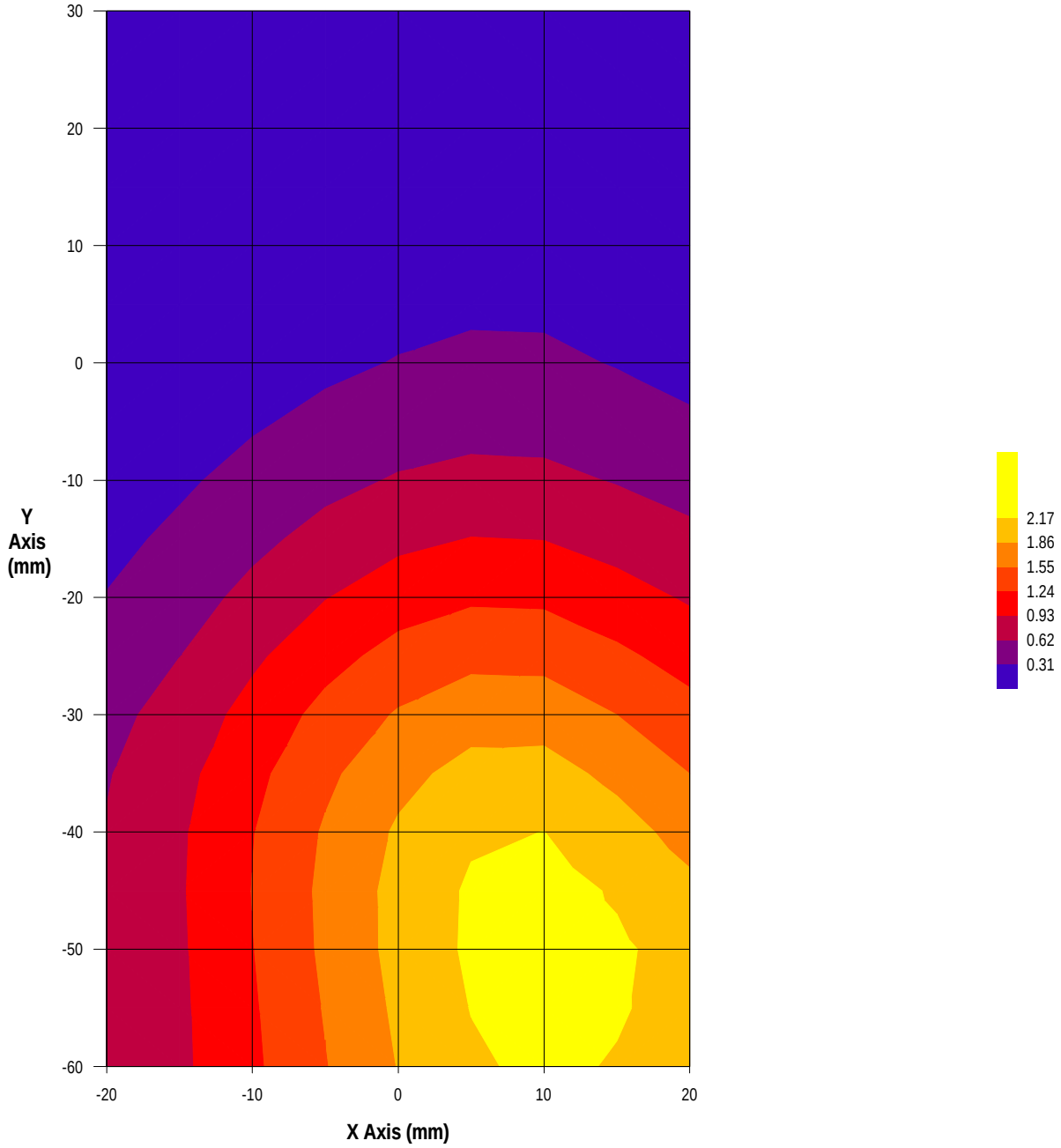
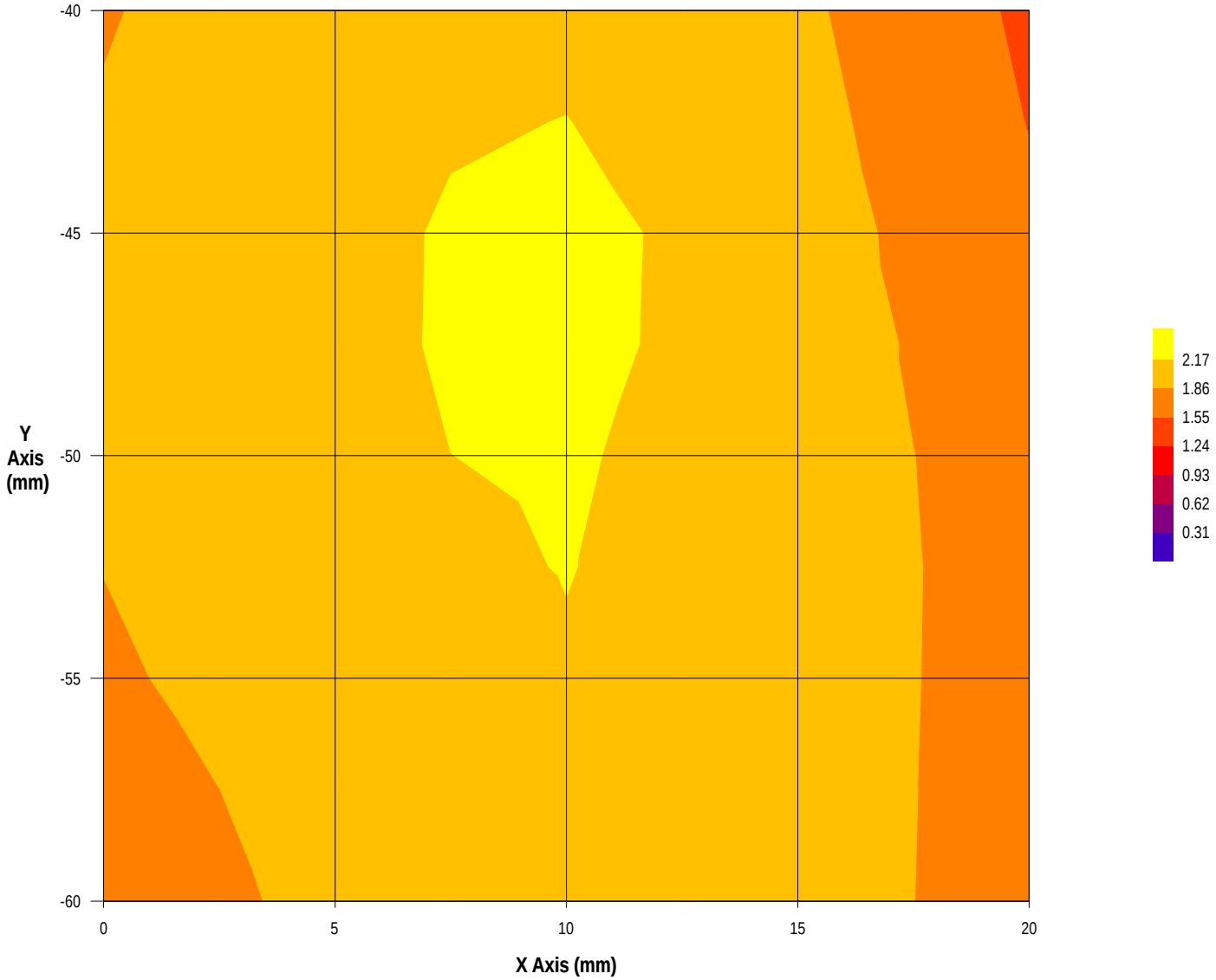
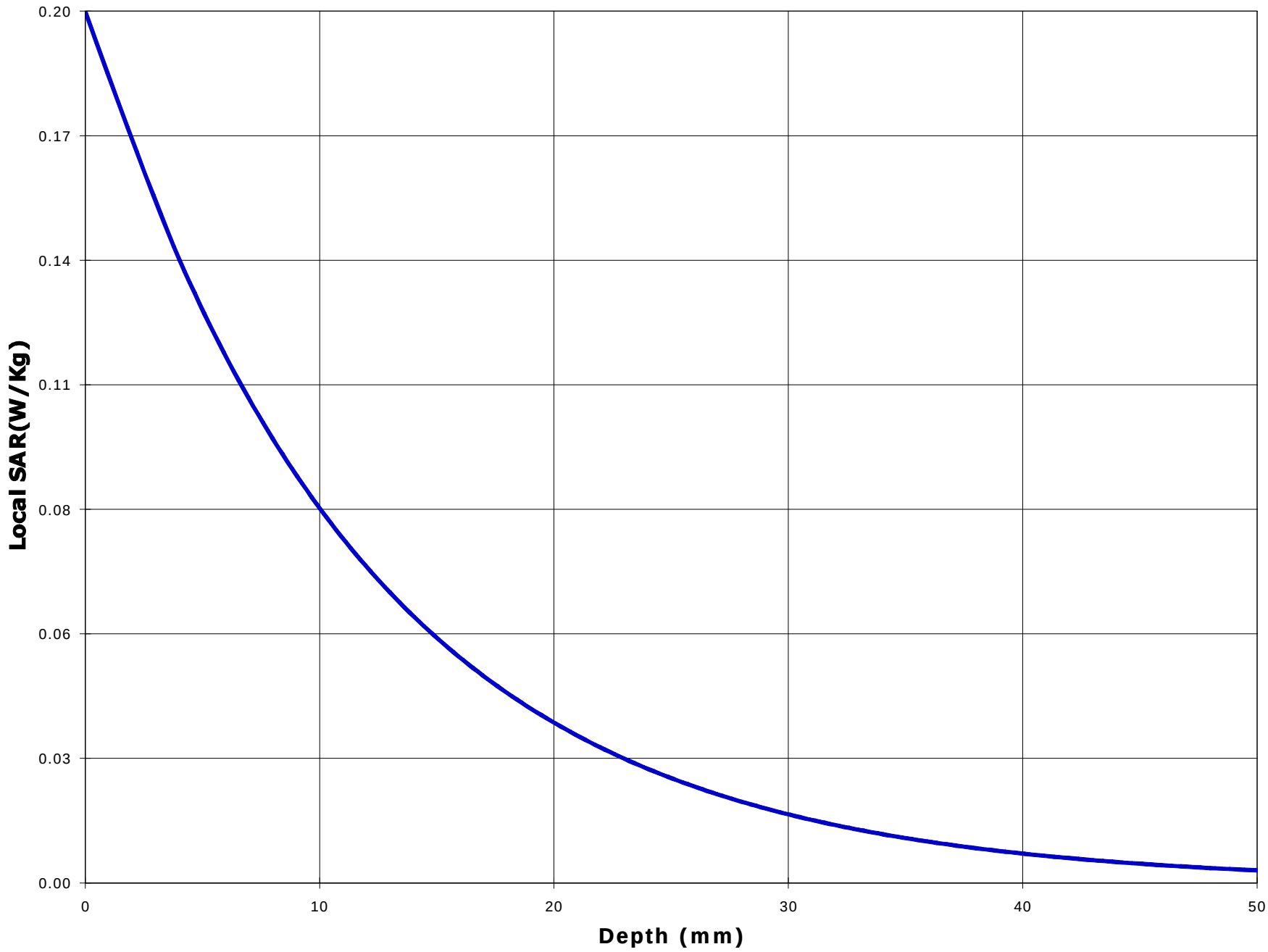


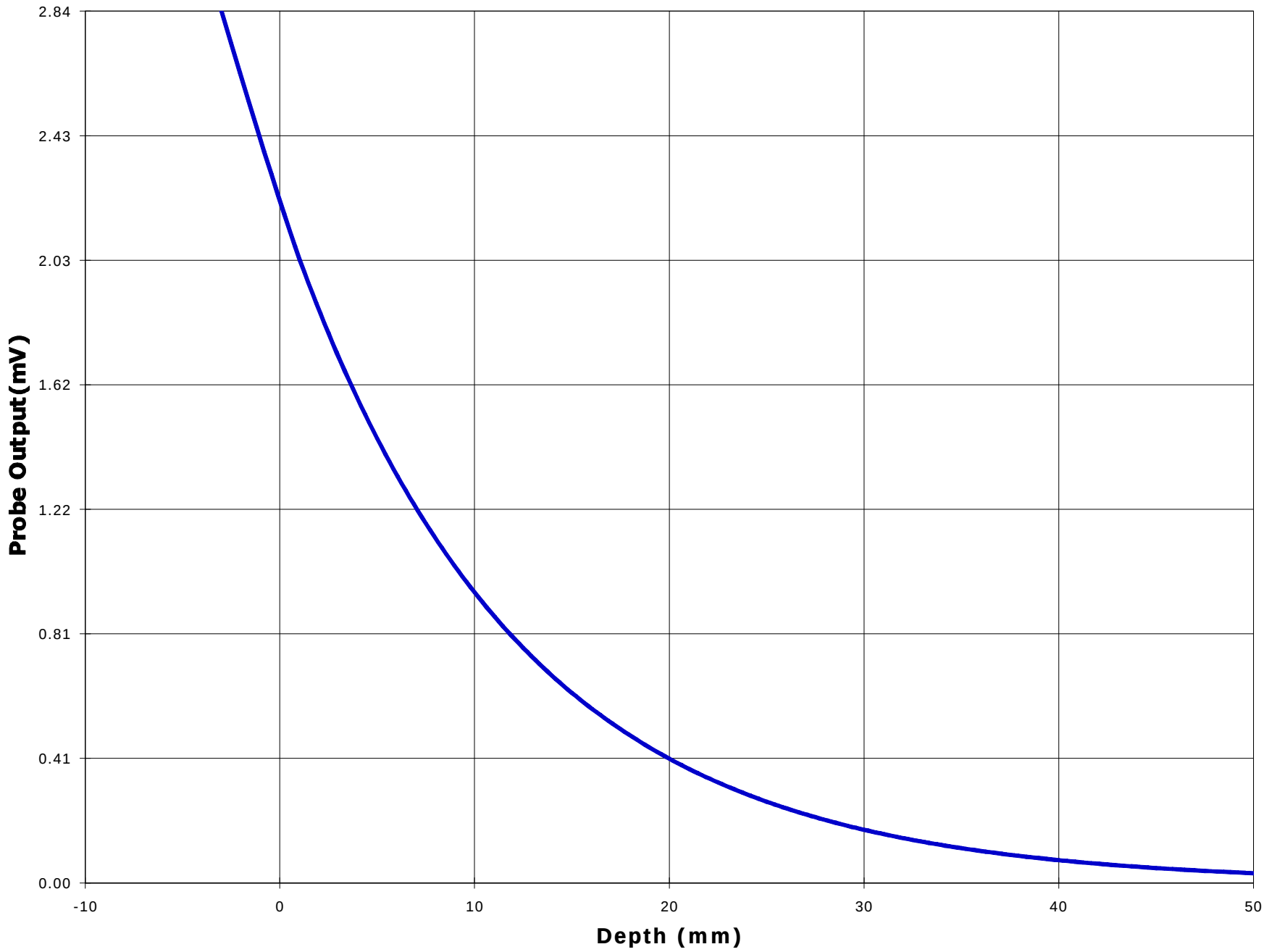
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/22/99
Time : 11:24:11 AM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 927
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: IN
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.088
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.096

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

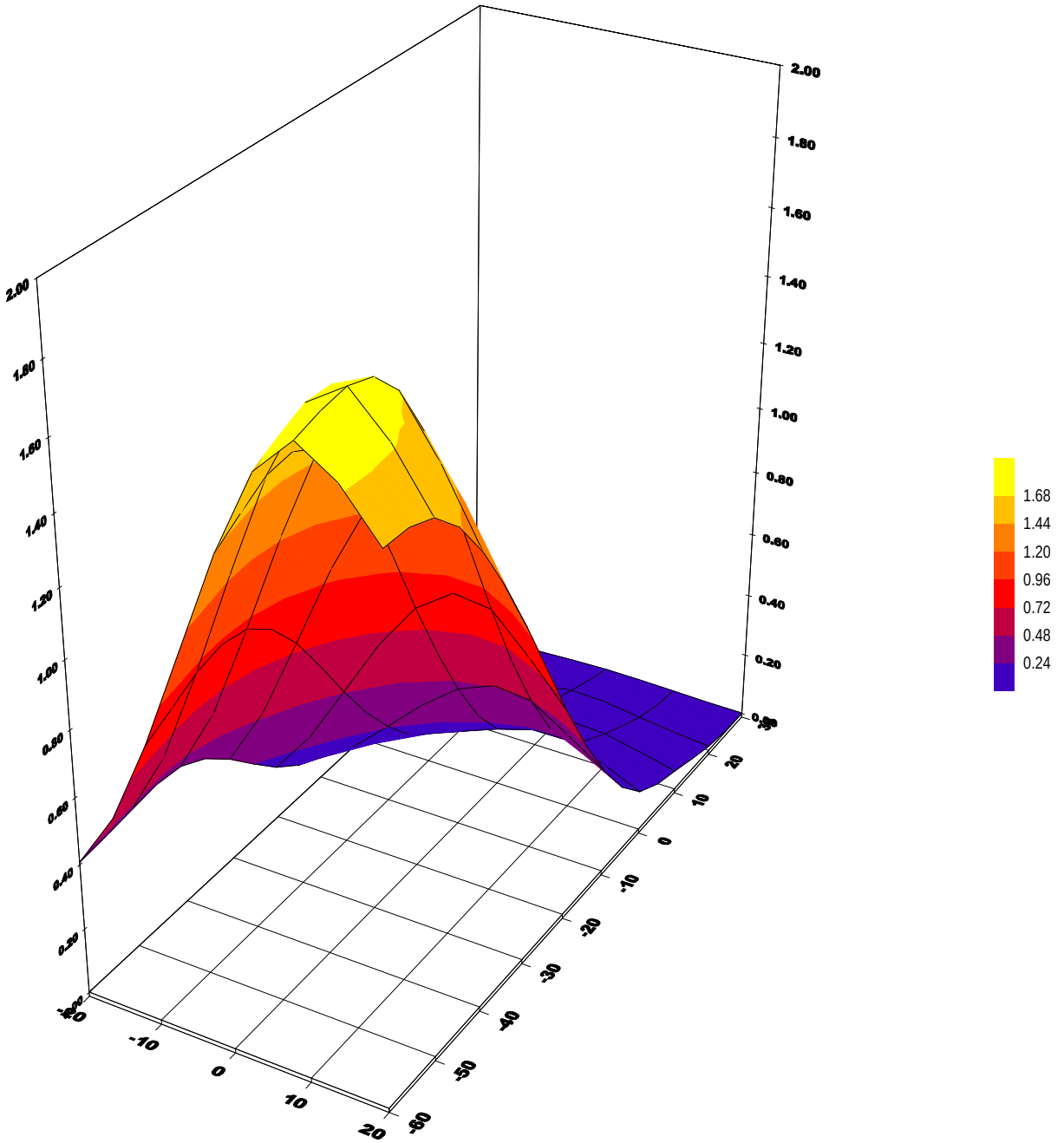
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 10 Y = -45

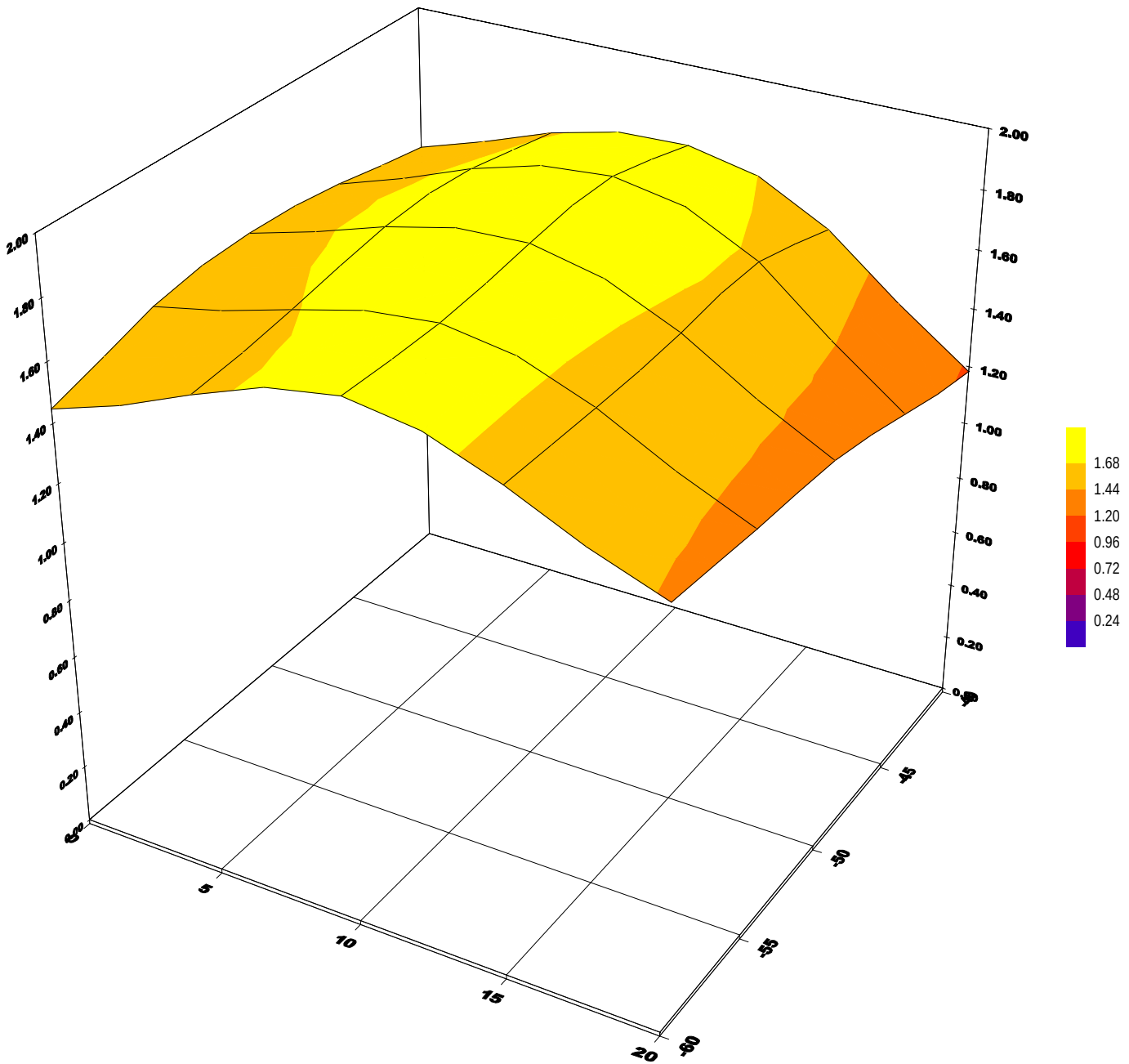
Measured Values (mV) :

1.89	1.67	1.50	1.35	1.23	1.14
1.05	0.97	0.91	0.84	0.77	

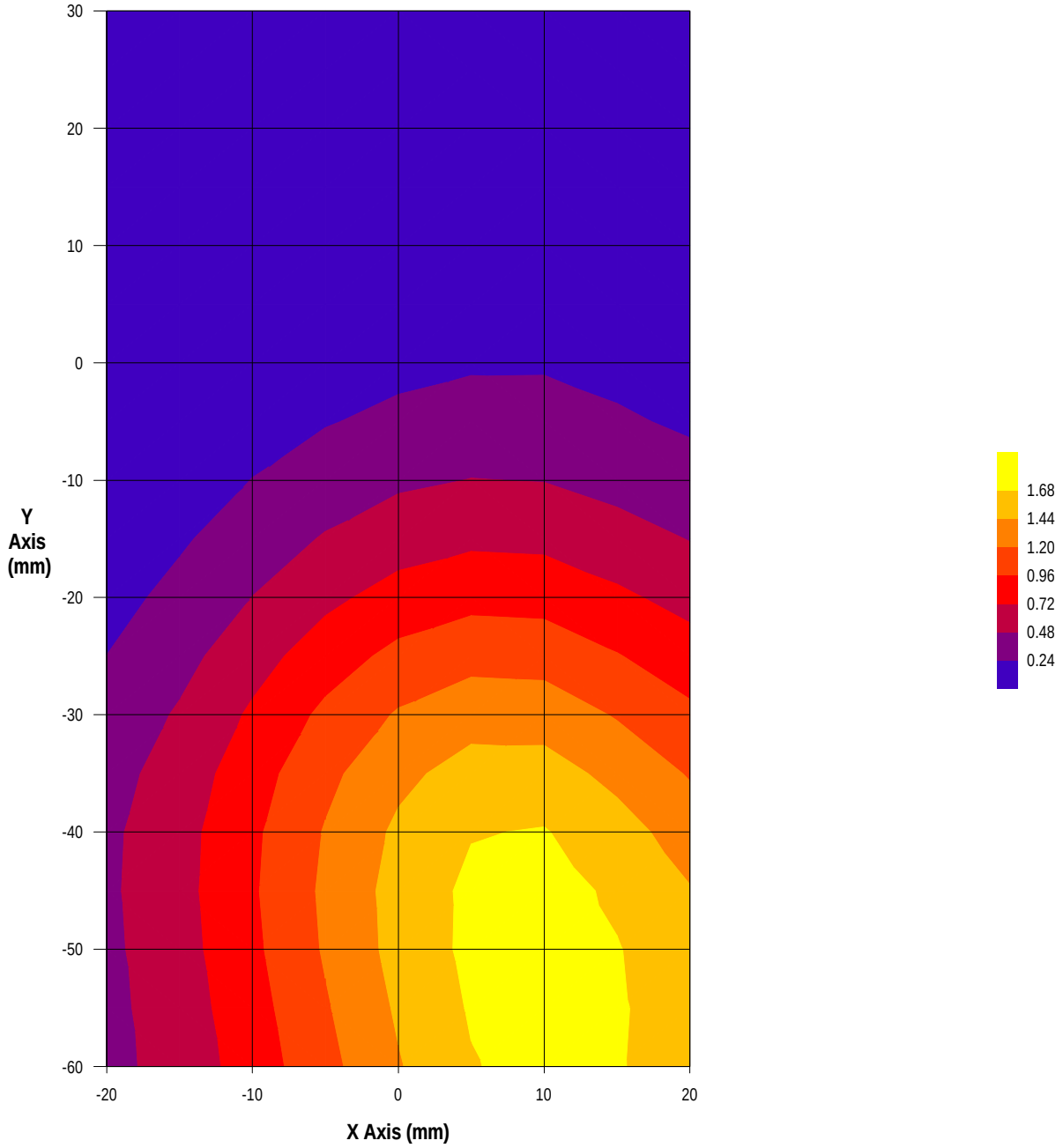
Peak Voltage (mV) : 2.53 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 0.97 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.08



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



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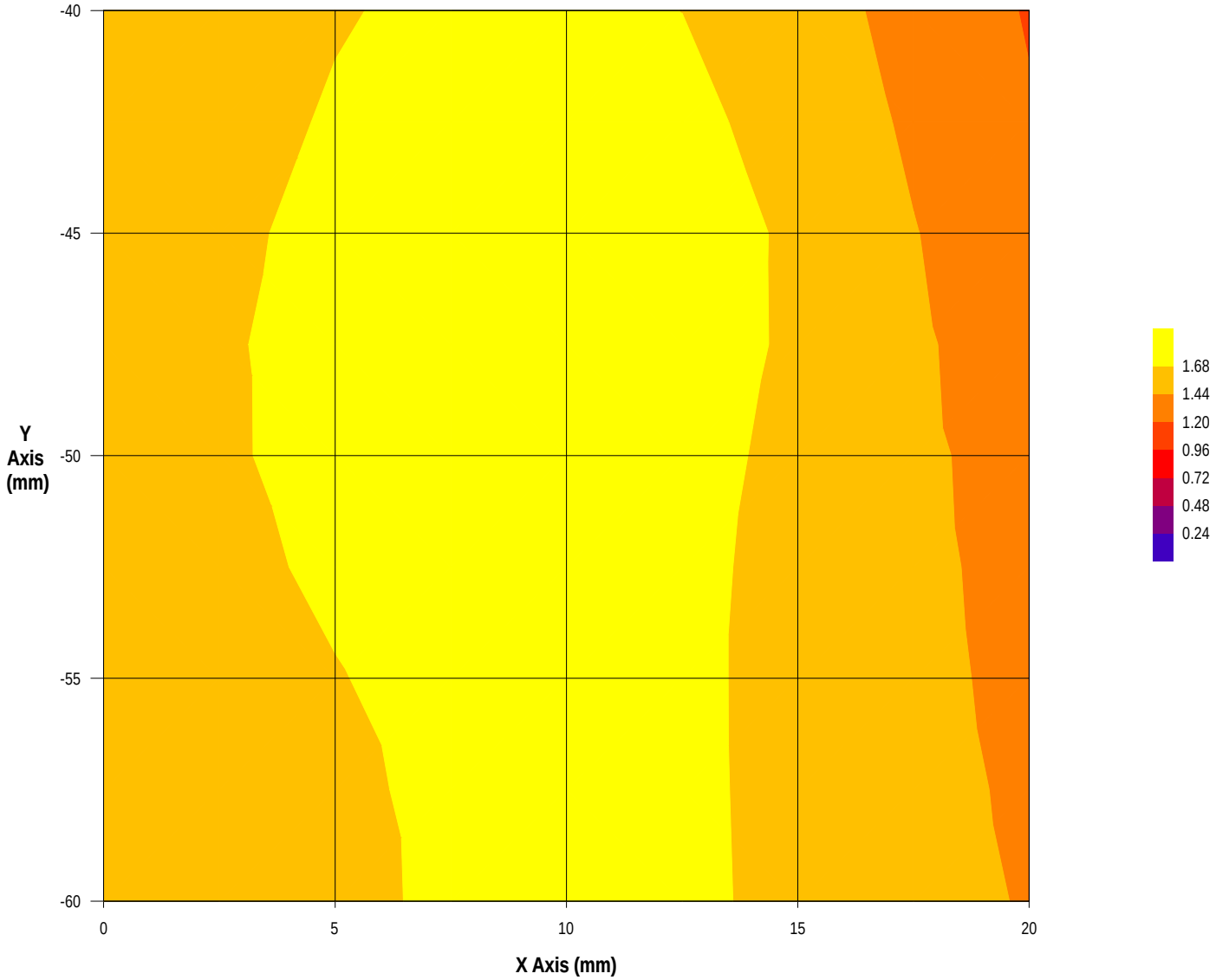

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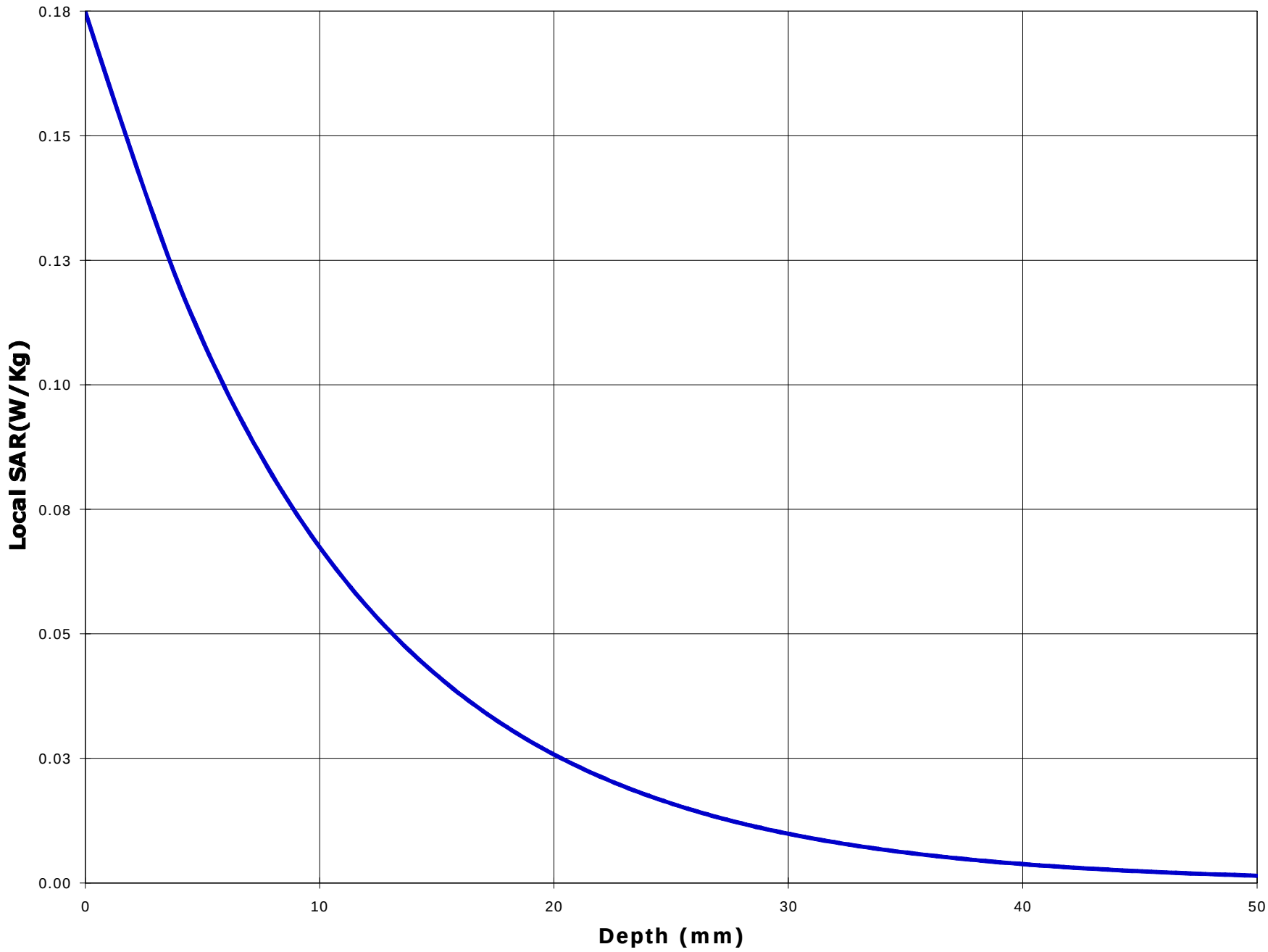
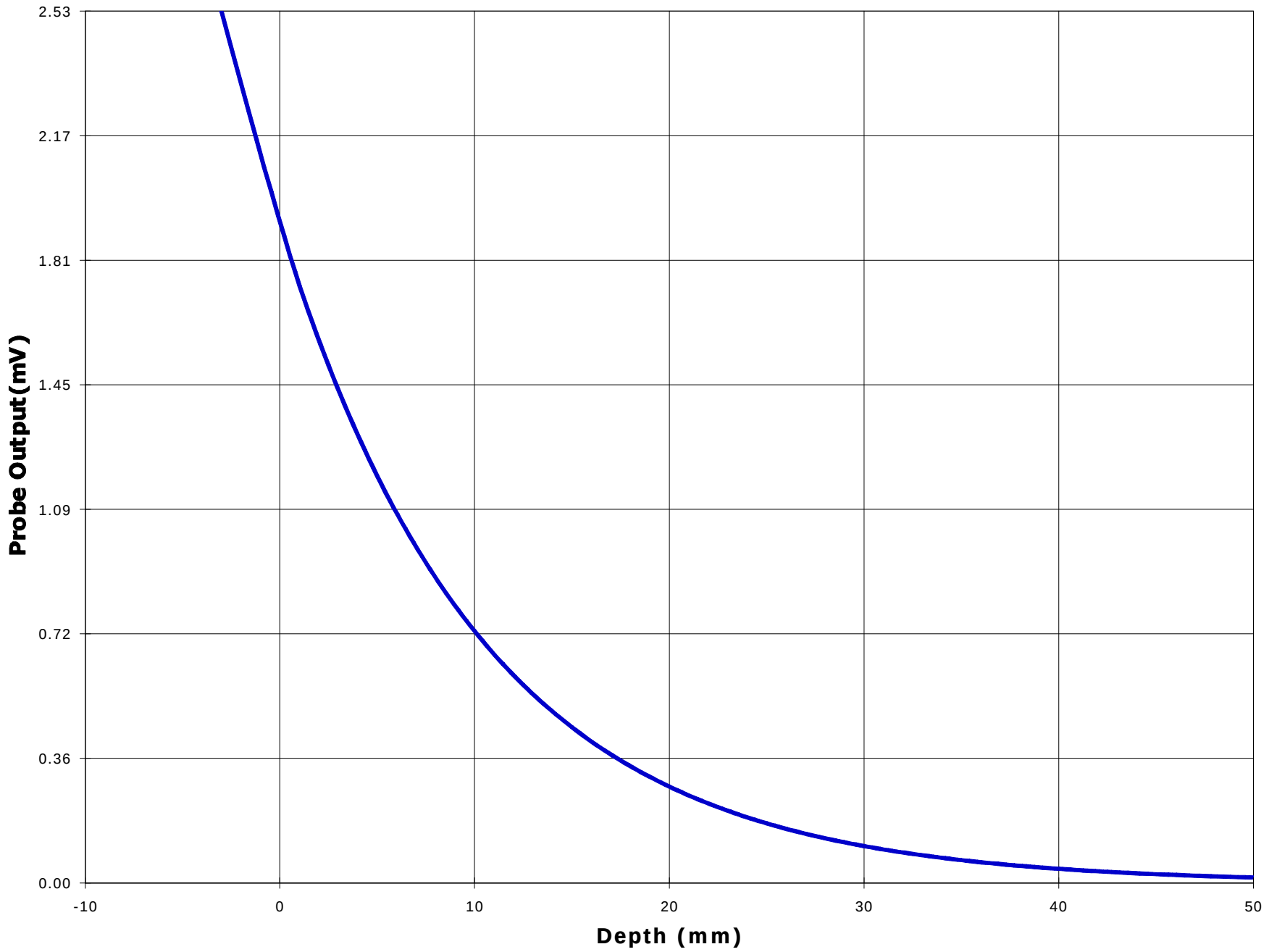


3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/22/99
Time : 11:37:29 AM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 902
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: OUT
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.072
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.079

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

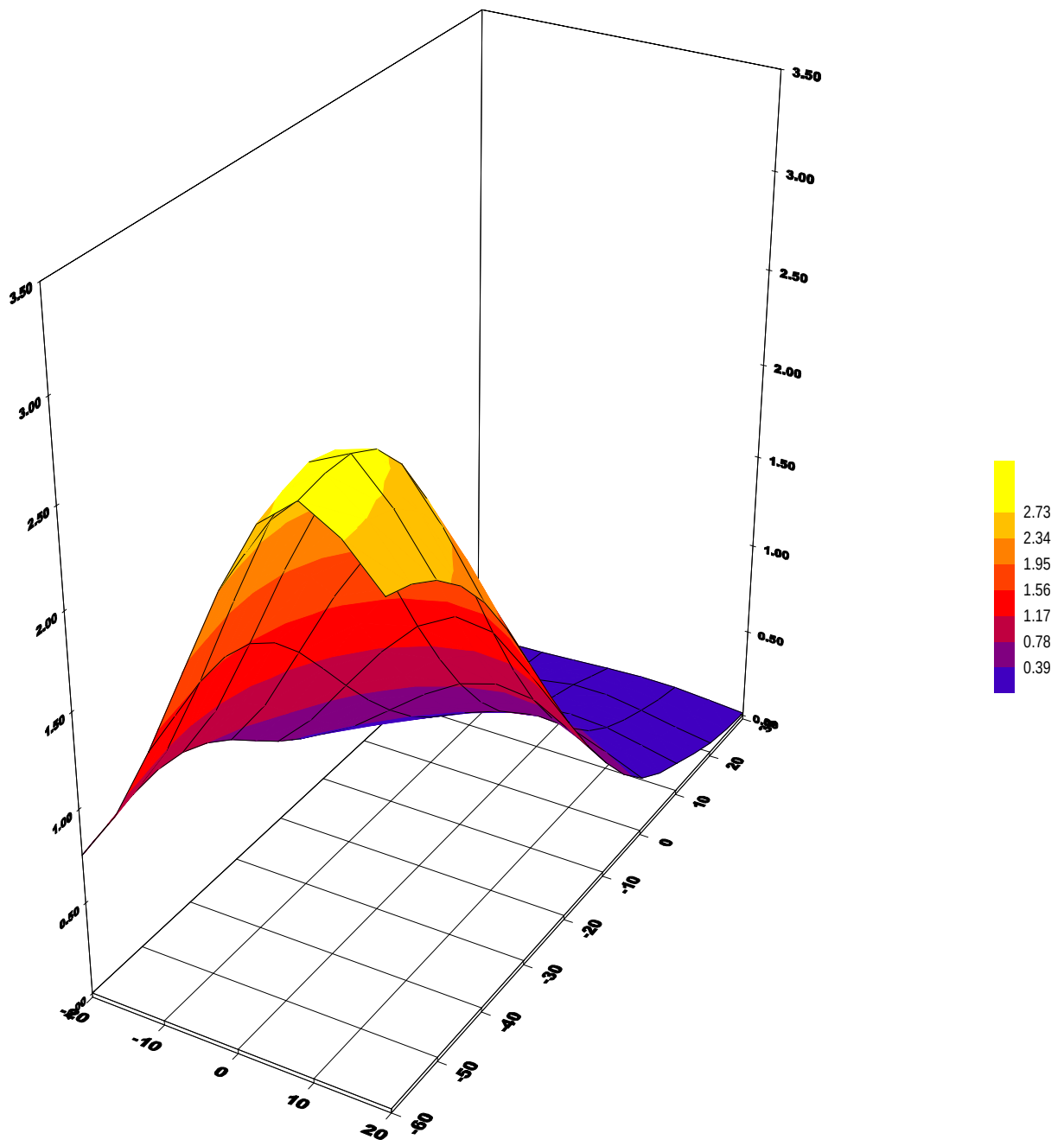
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 10 Y = -50

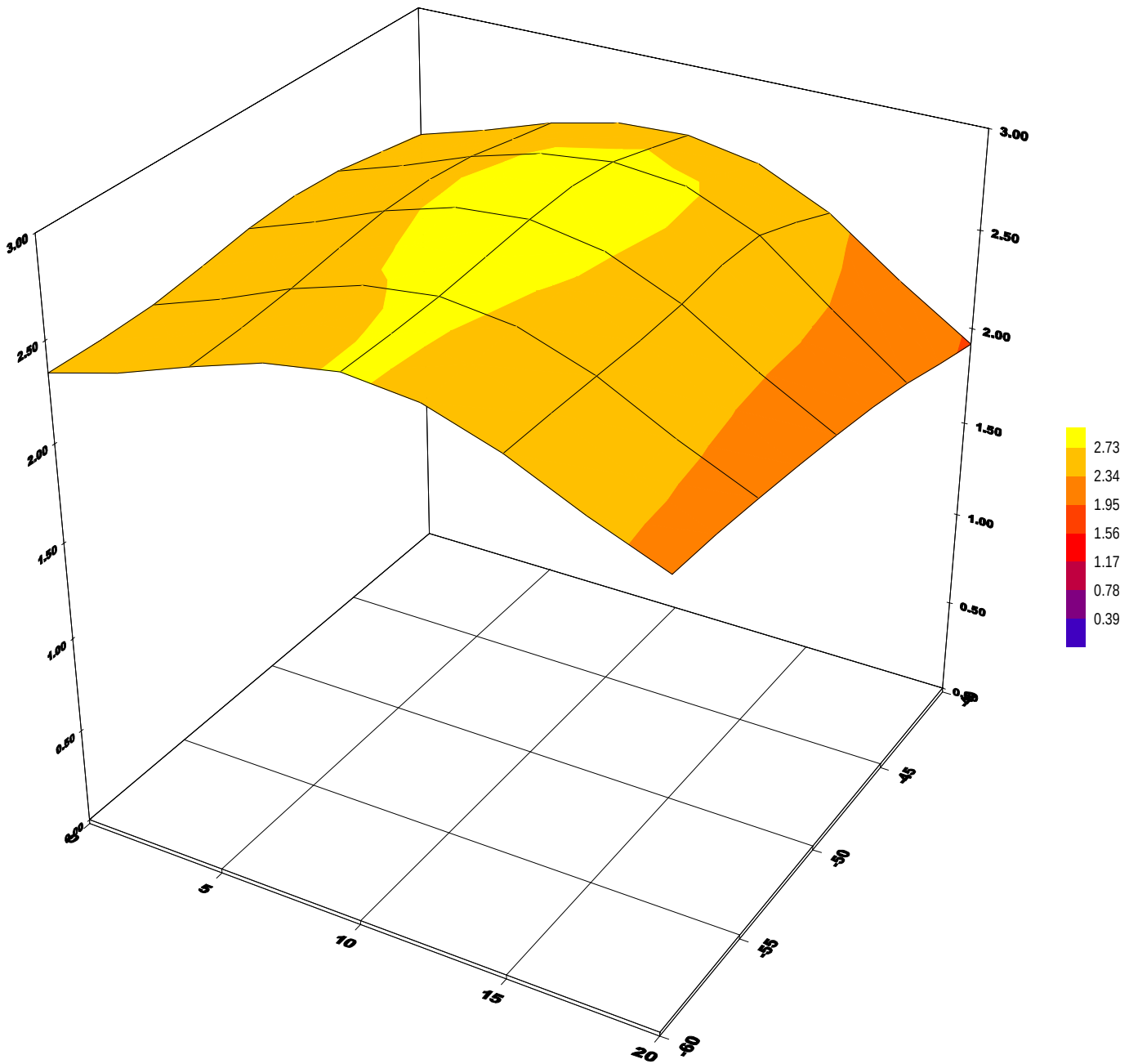
Measured Values (mV) :

2.79	2.50	2.29	2.11	1.96	1.84
1.72	1.61	1.51	1.40	1.31	

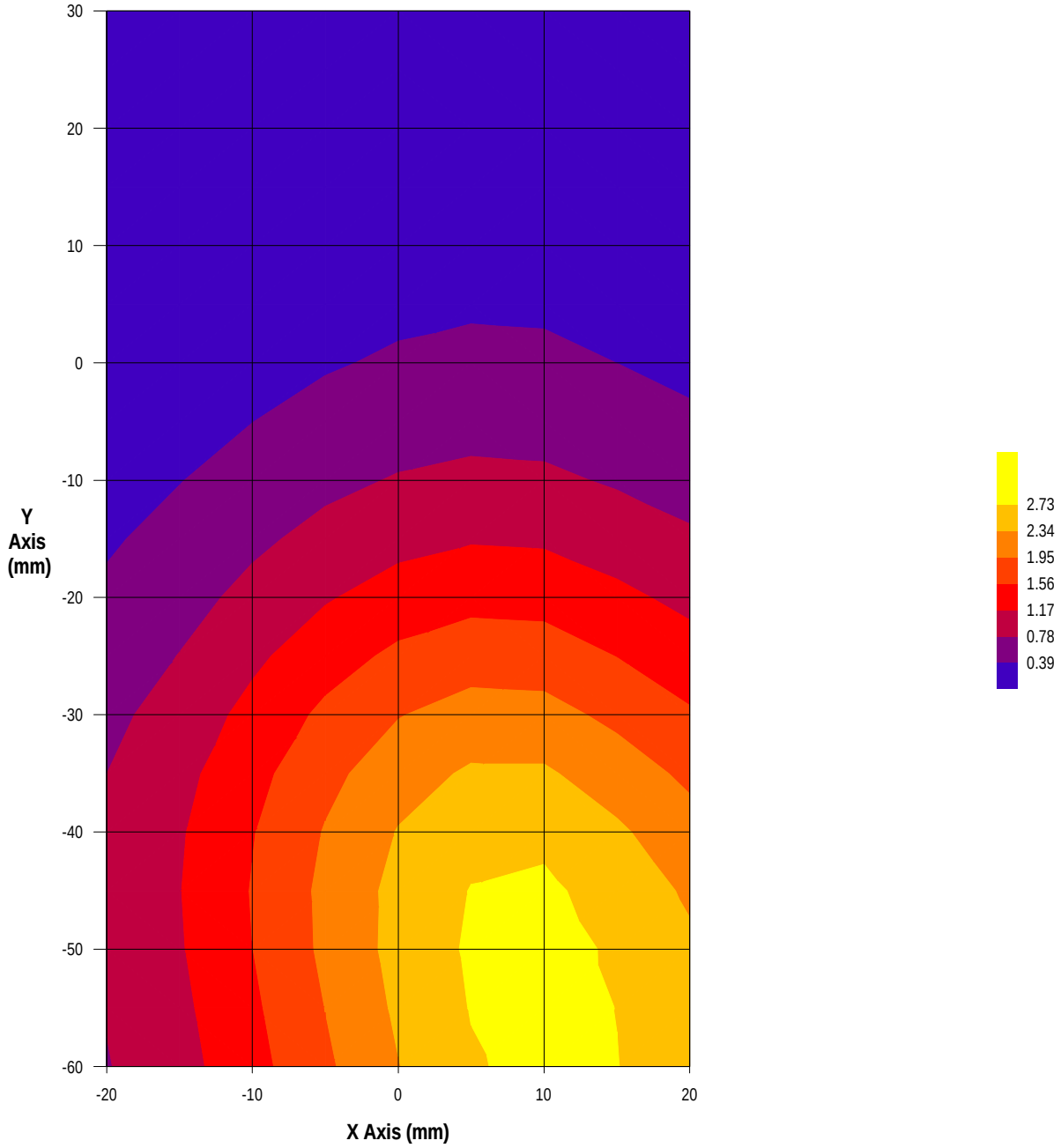
Peak Voltage (mV) : 3.36 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 1.61 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.12



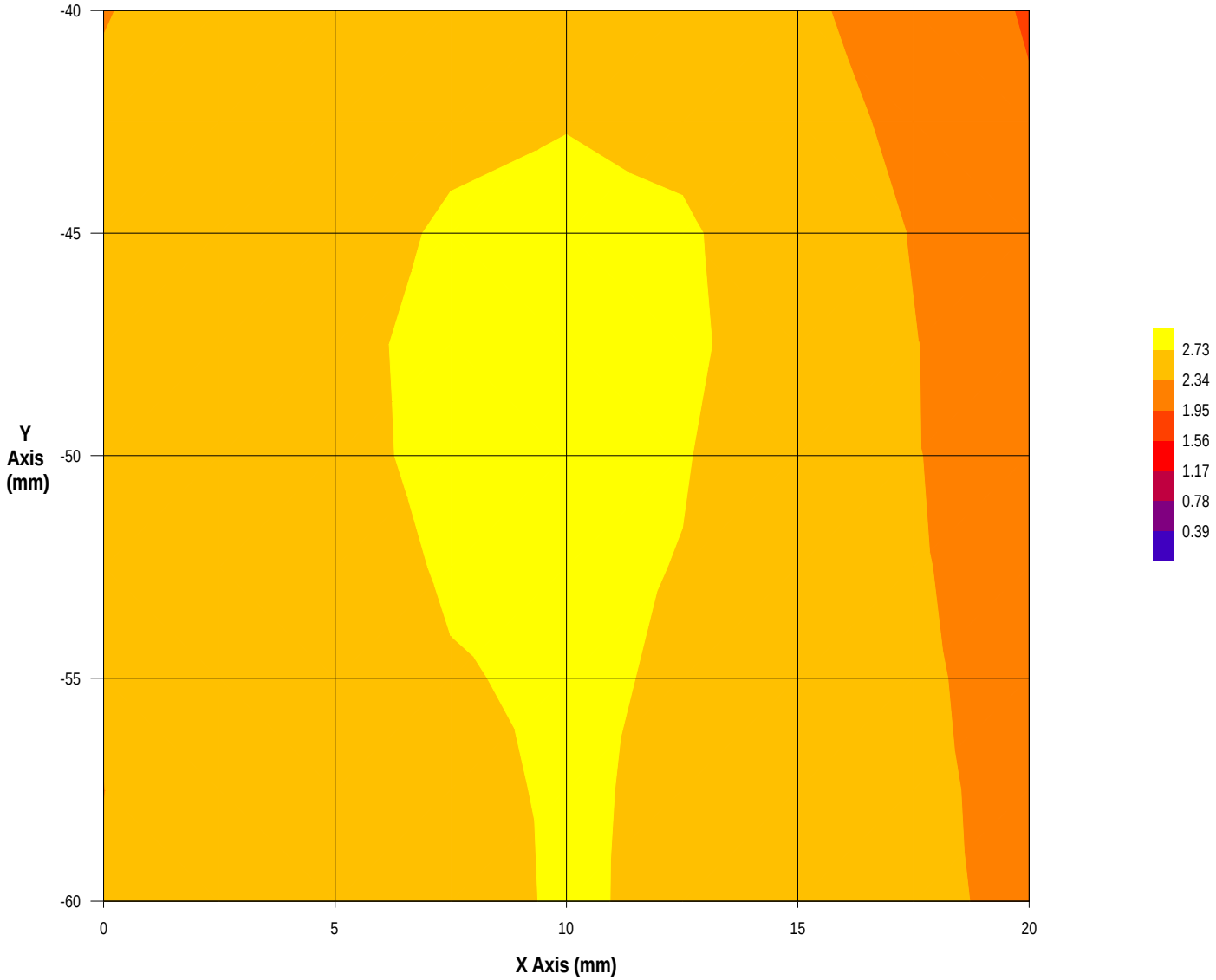
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



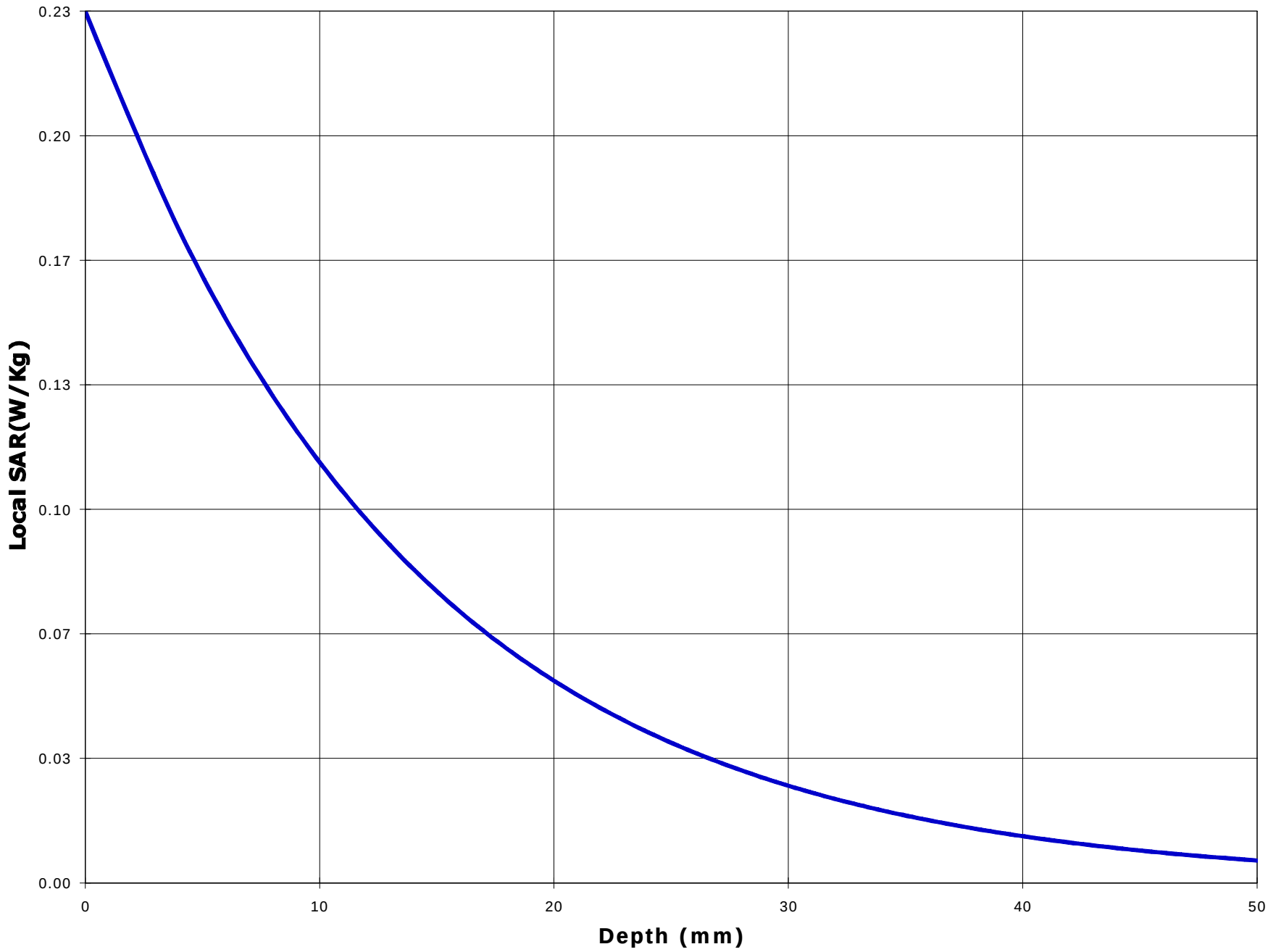
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



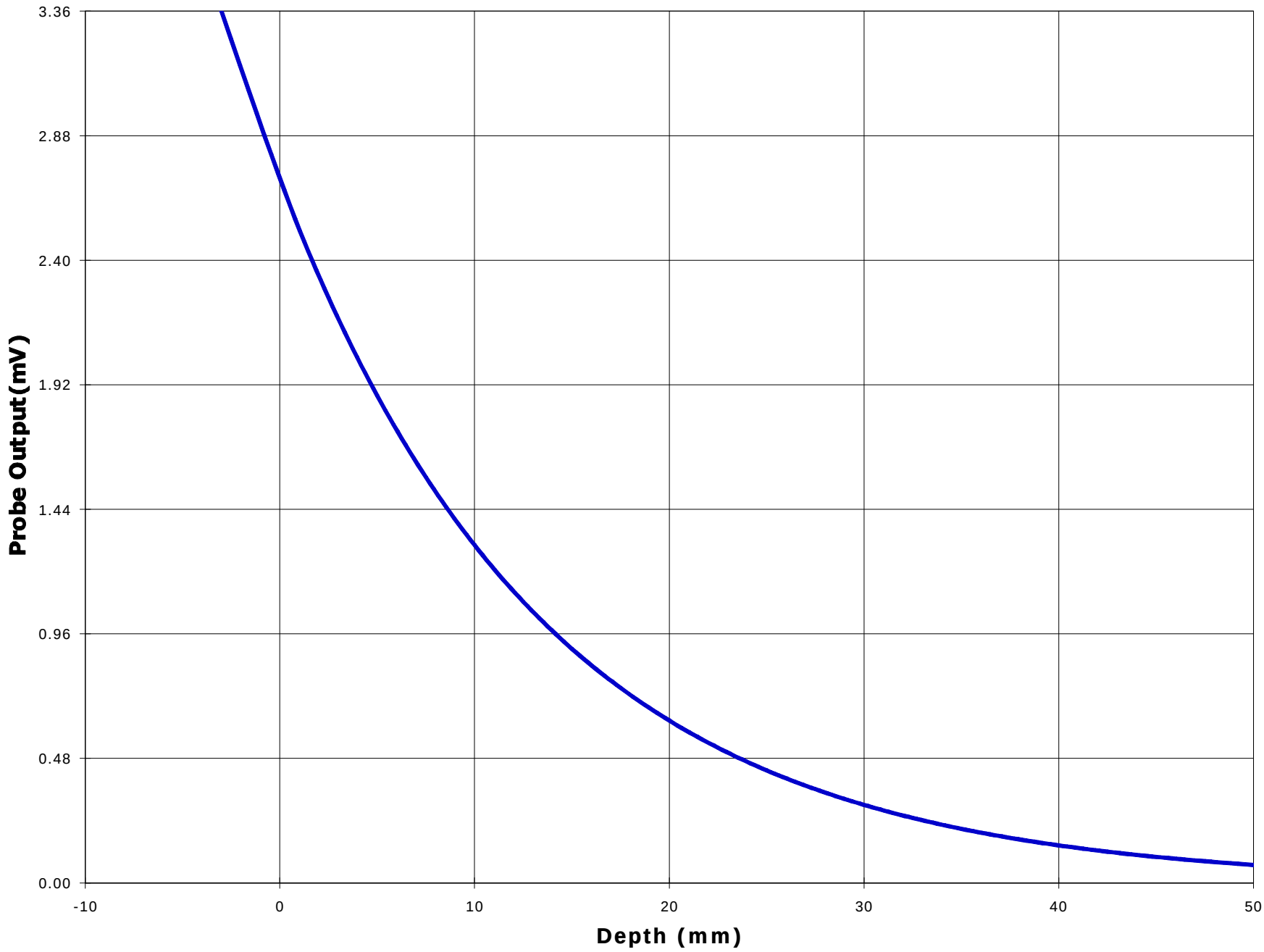
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/22/99
Time : 1:47:20 PM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 915
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: OUT
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.077
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.084

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

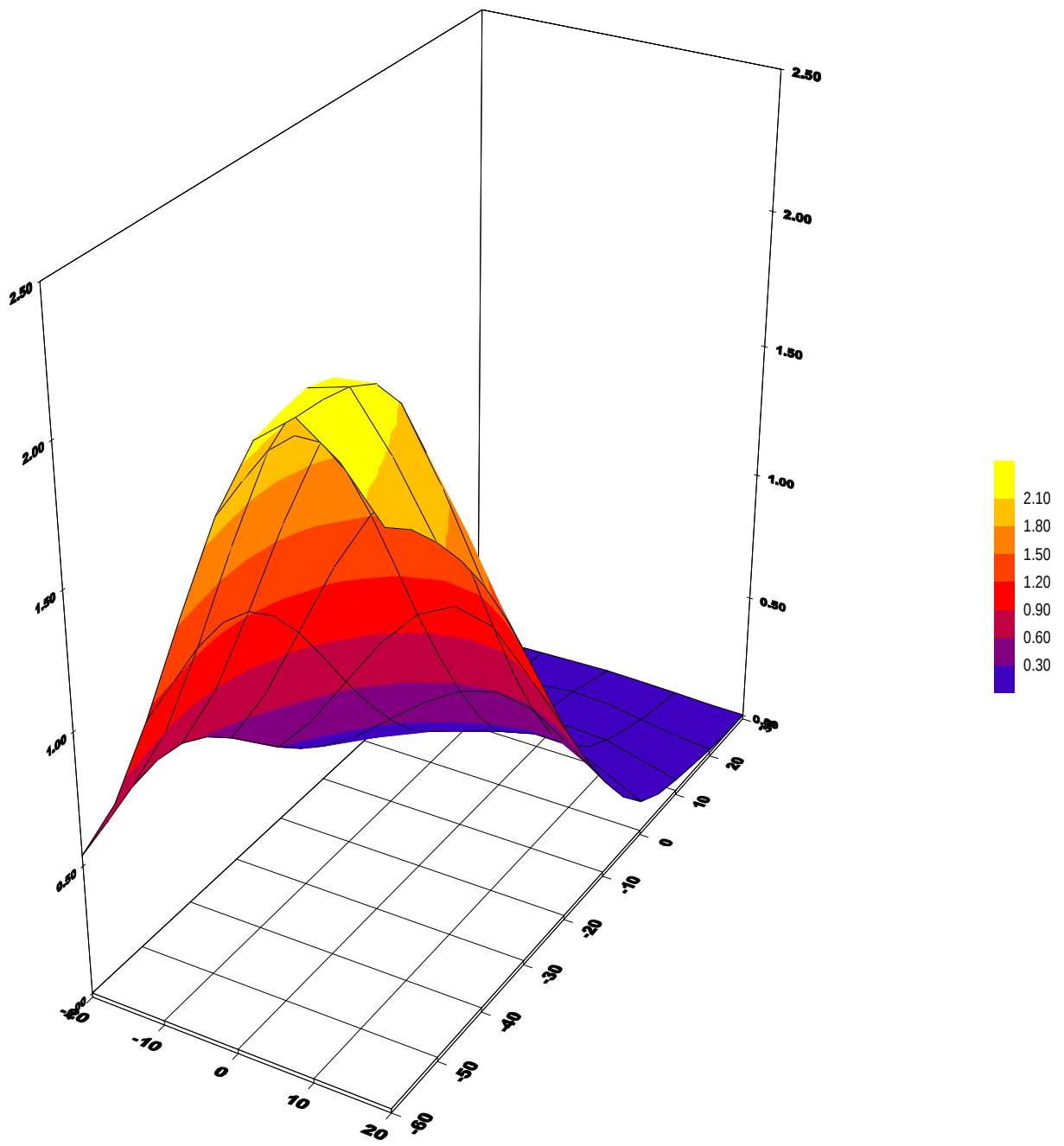
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 10 Y = -50

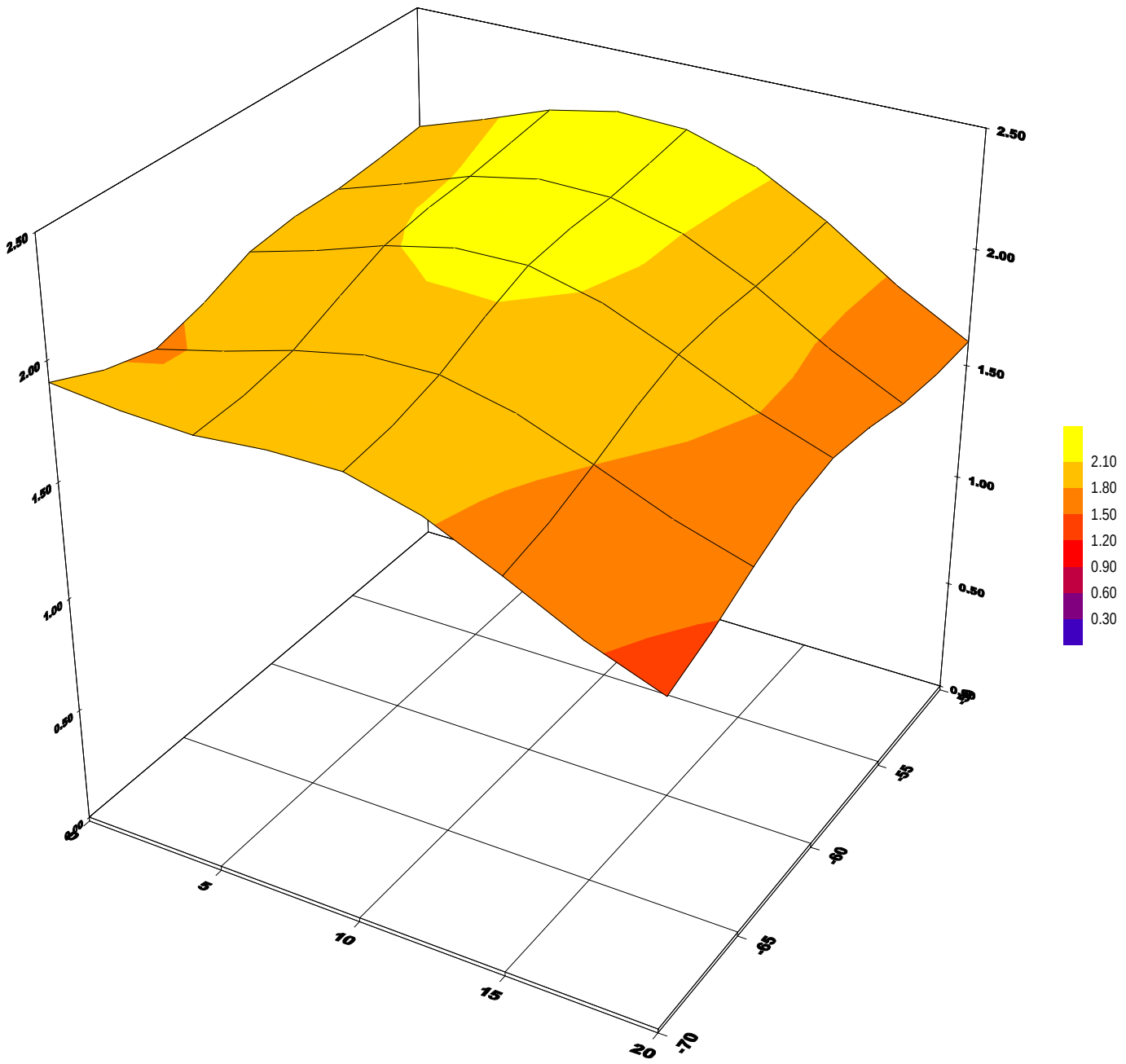
Measured Values (mV) :

2.30	2.04	1.87	1.73	1.60	1.47
1.38	1.29	1.19	1.09	1.01	

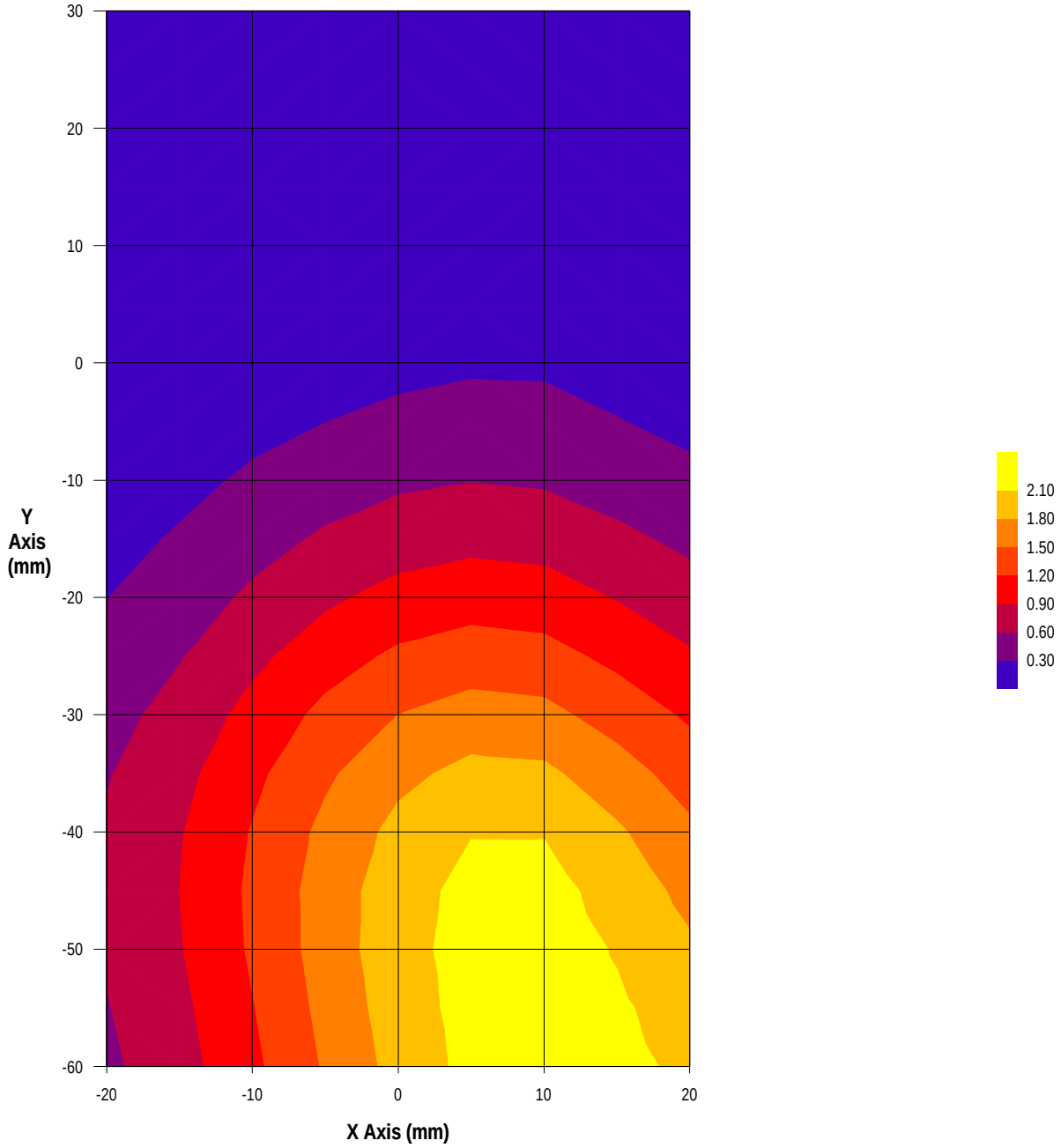
Peak Voltage (mV) : 2.88 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 1.28 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.10



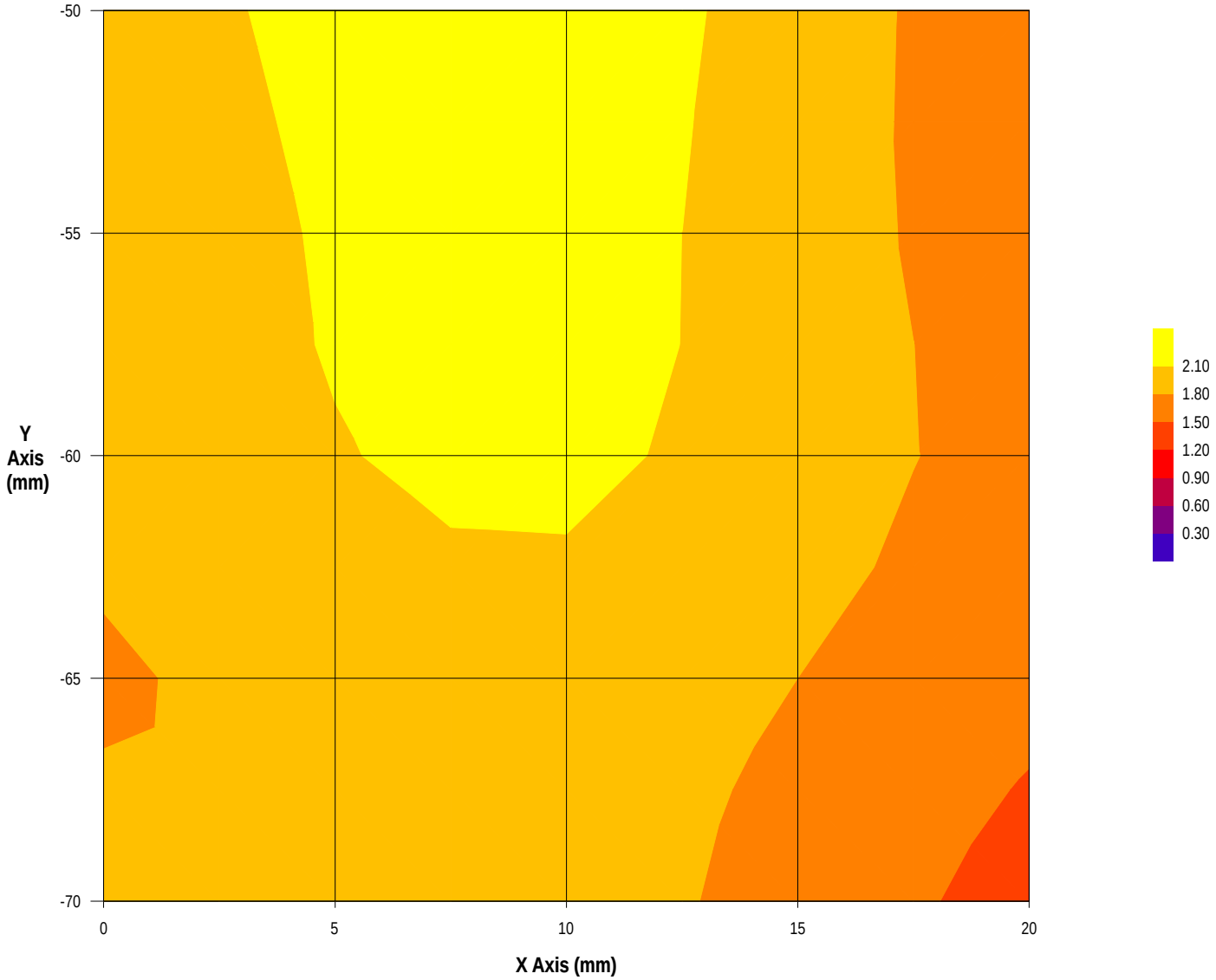
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



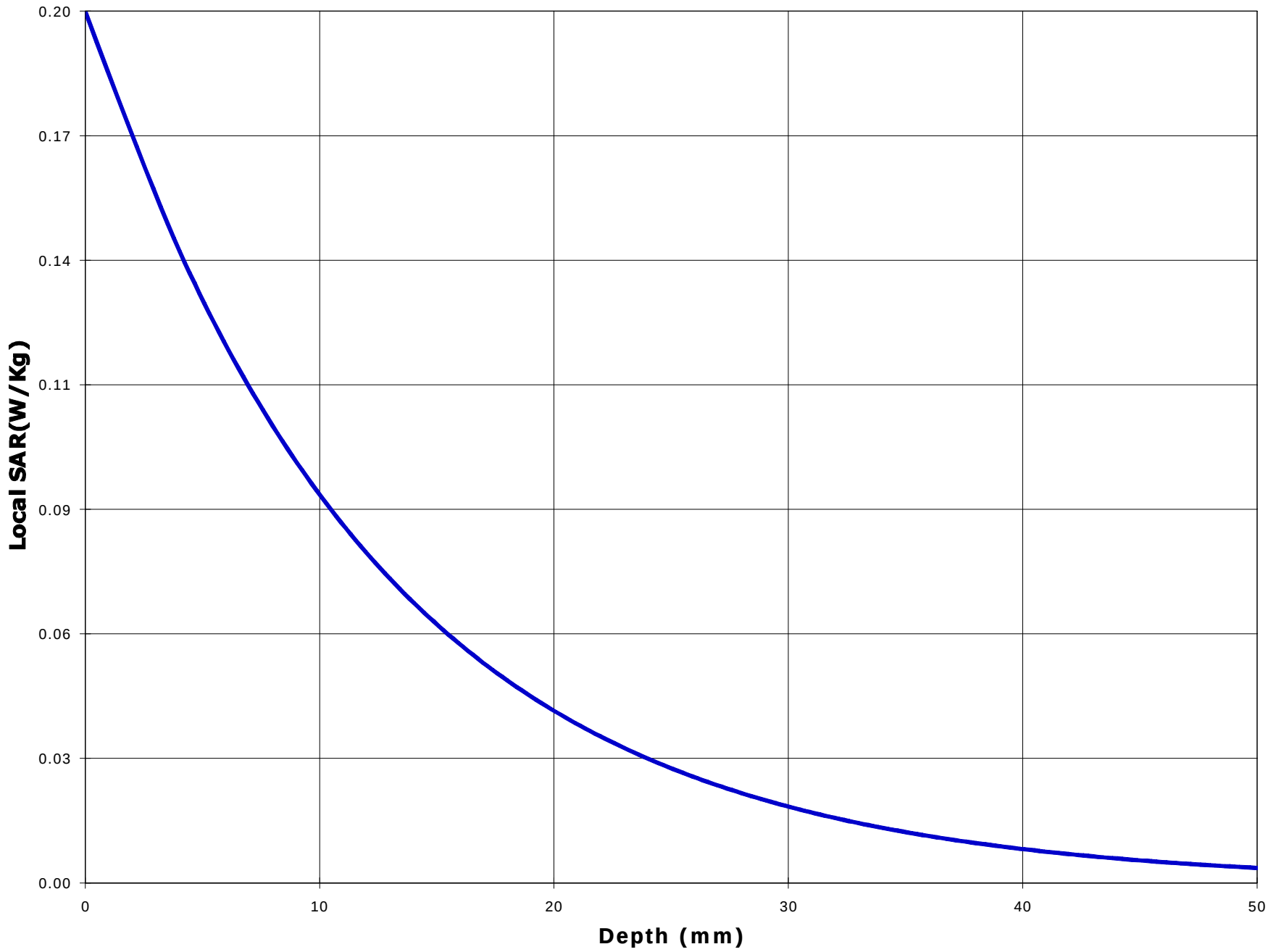
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



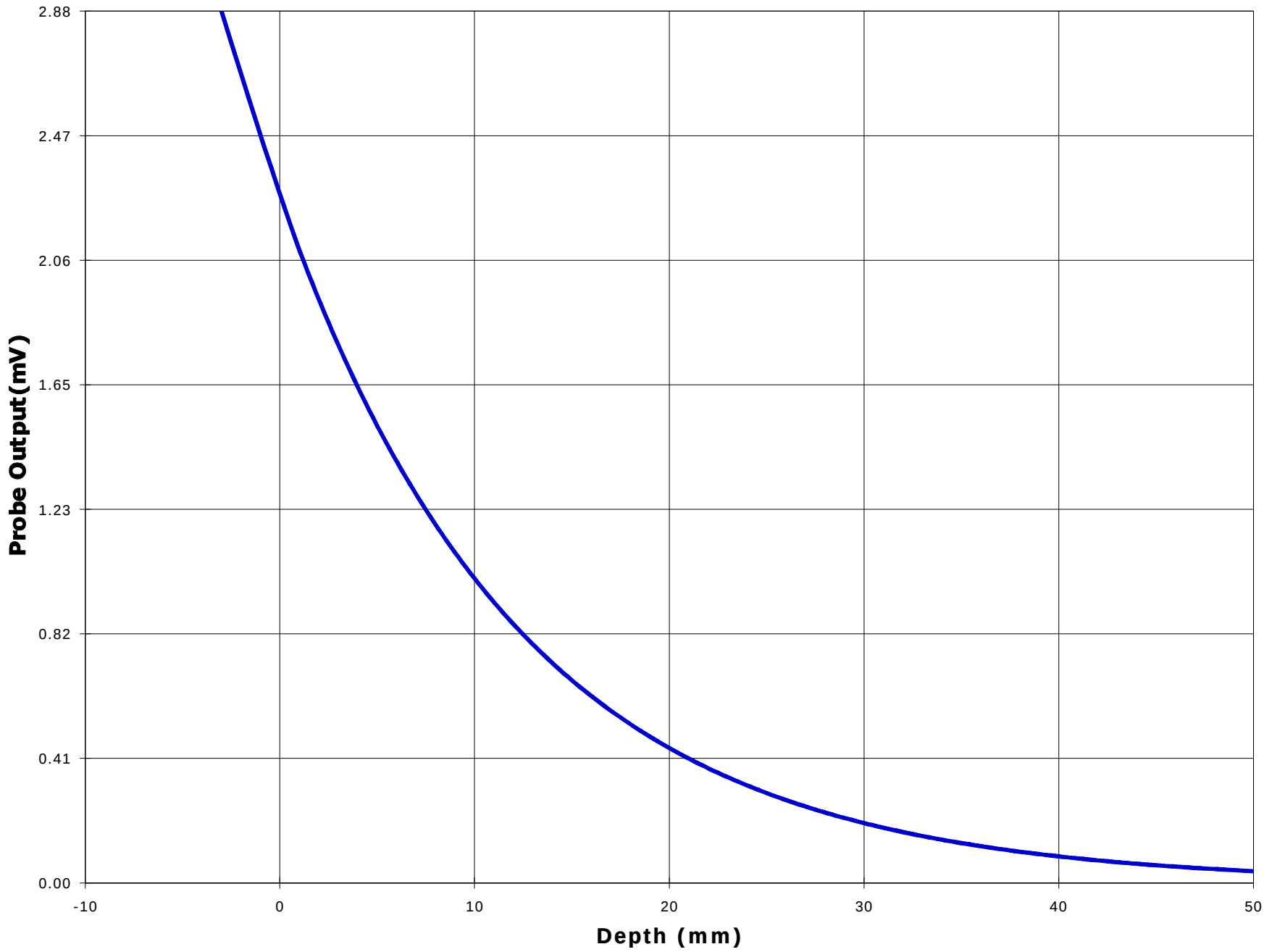
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/22/99
Time : 2:01:56 PM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 927
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: OUT
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.088
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.096

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

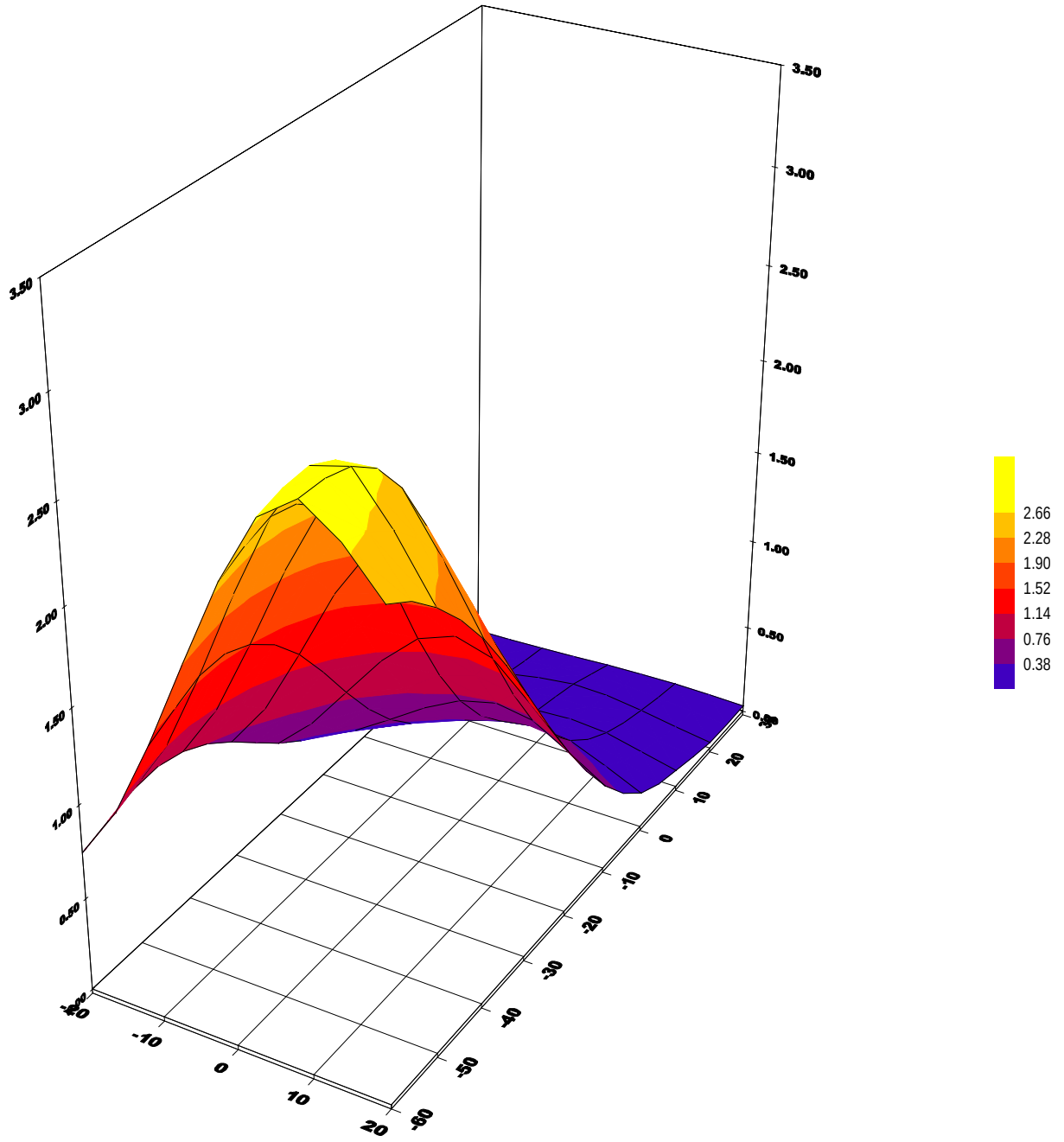
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 10 Y = -60

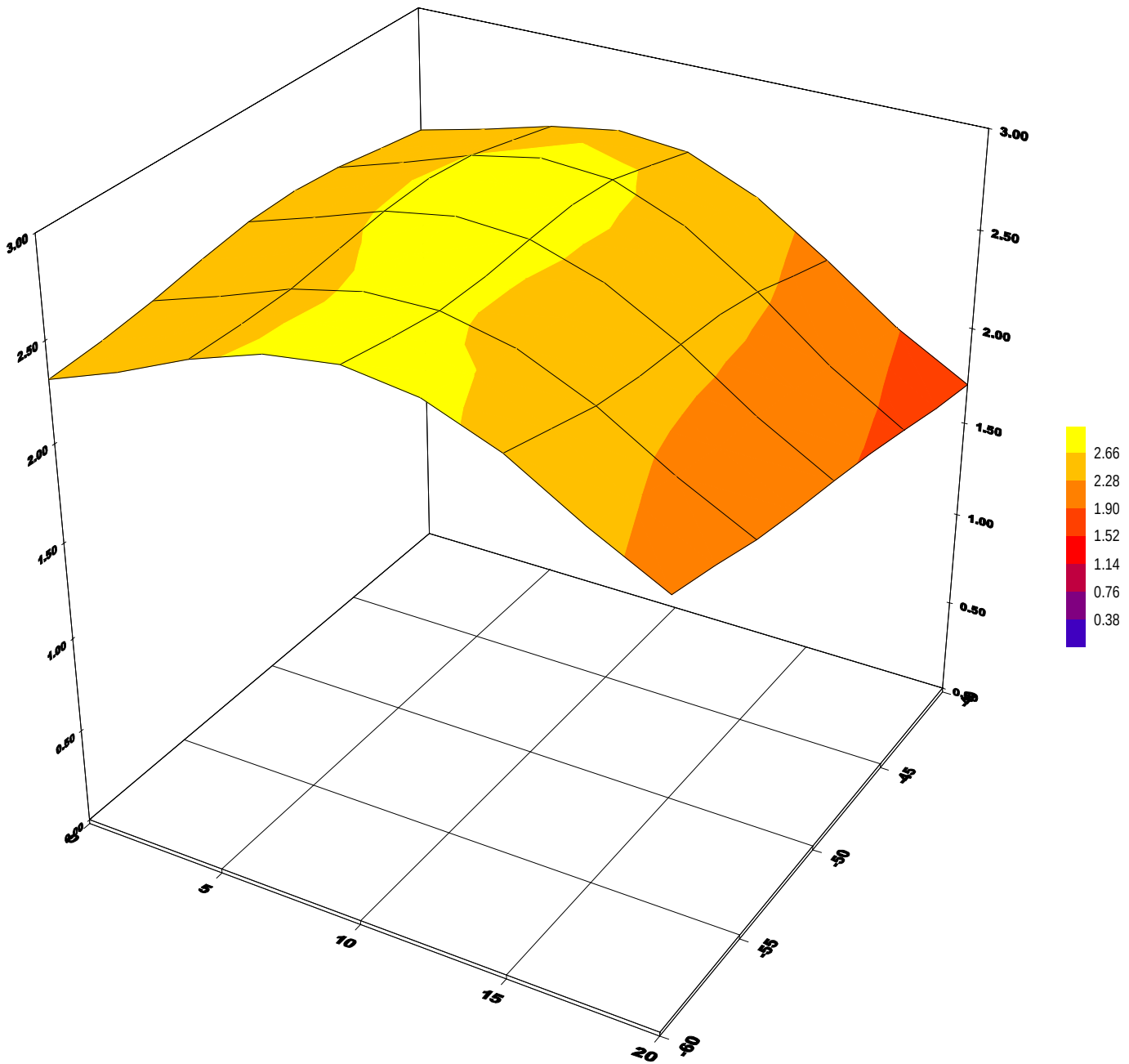
Measured Values (mV) :

2.79	2.51	2.22	2.04	1.88	1.74
1.62	1.51	1.40	1.30	1.22	

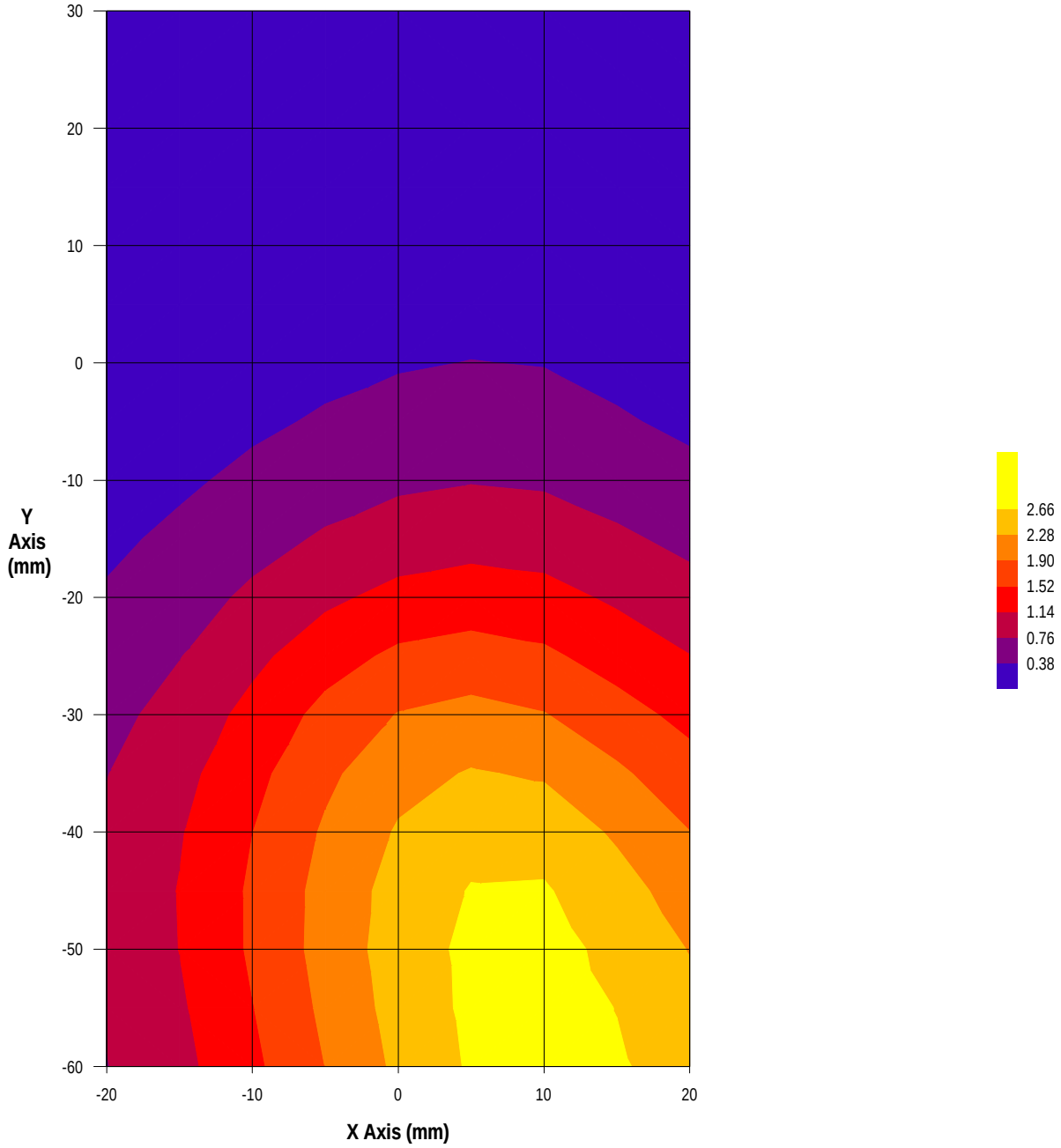
Peak Voltage (mV) : 3.37 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 1.53 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.11



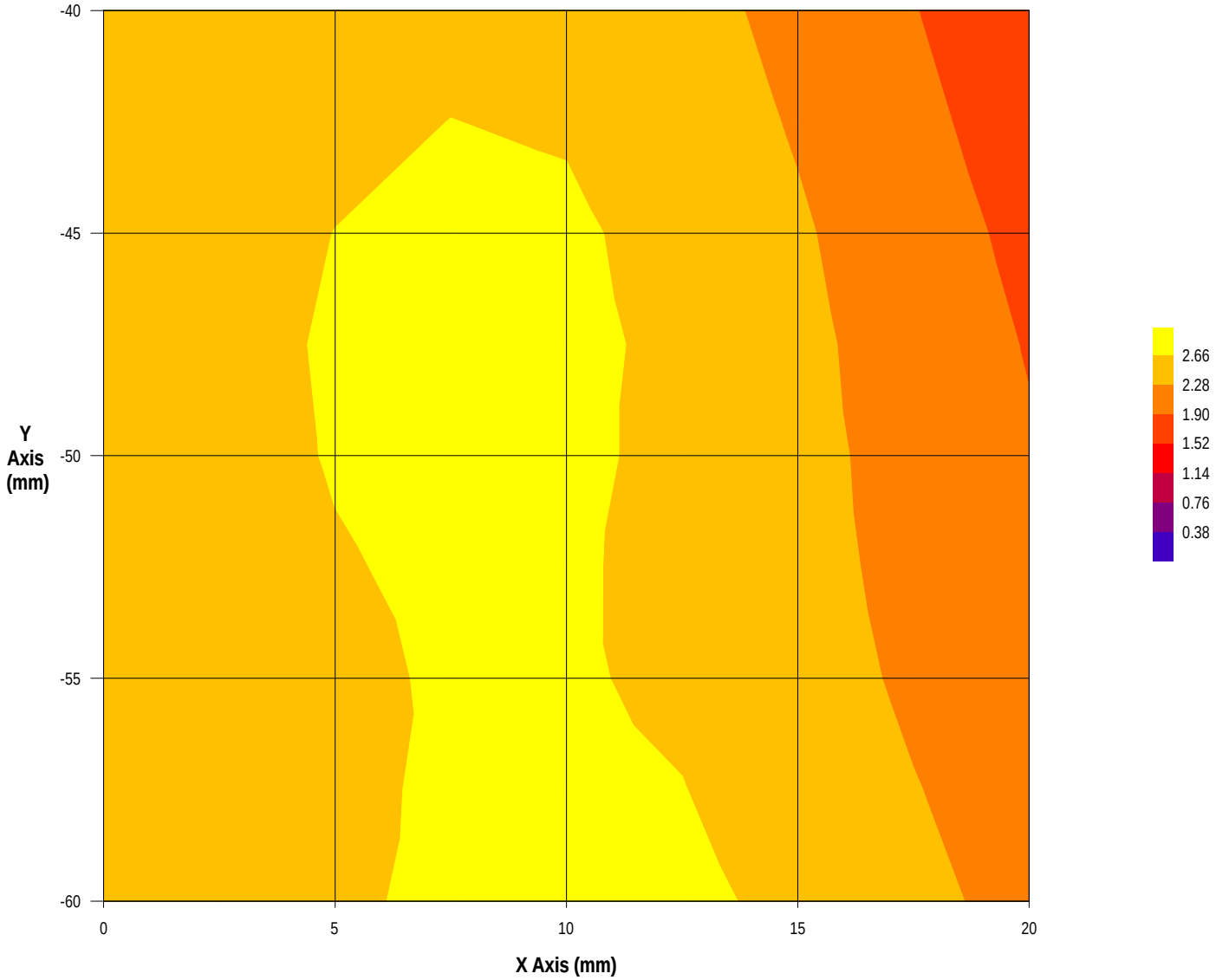
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



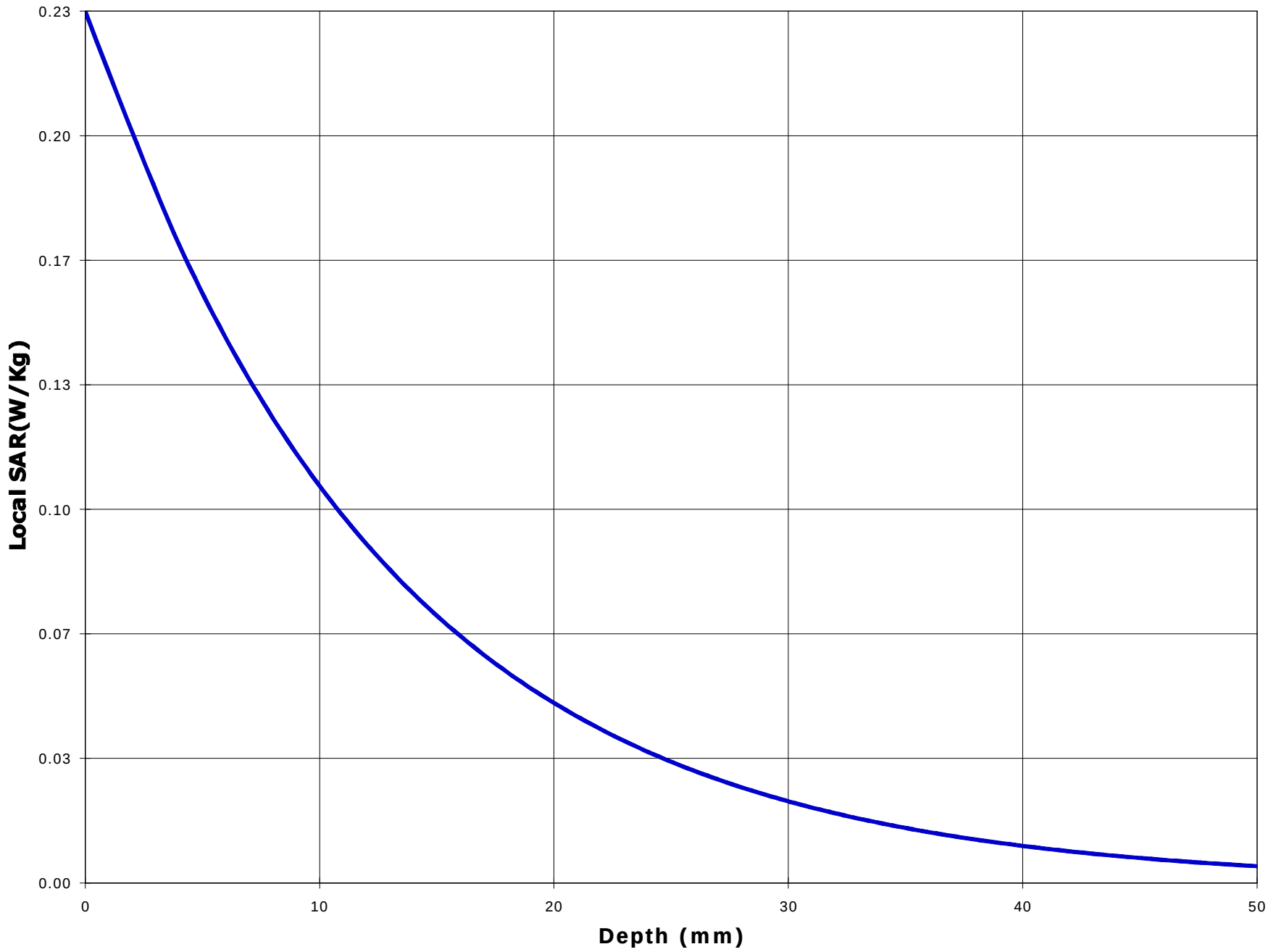
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



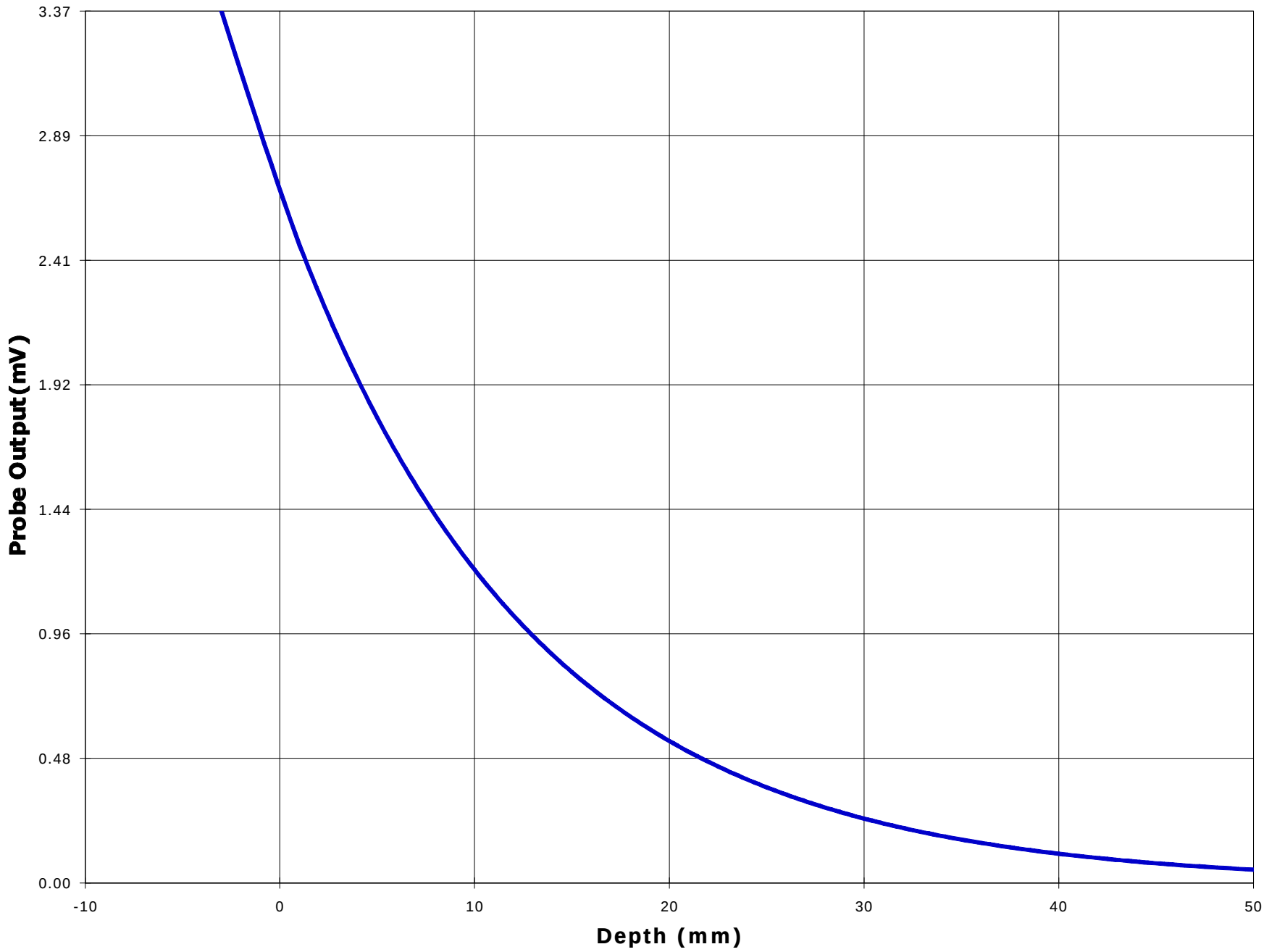
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/23/99
Time : 12:50:39 PM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 902
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: FIXED
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.072
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.079

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

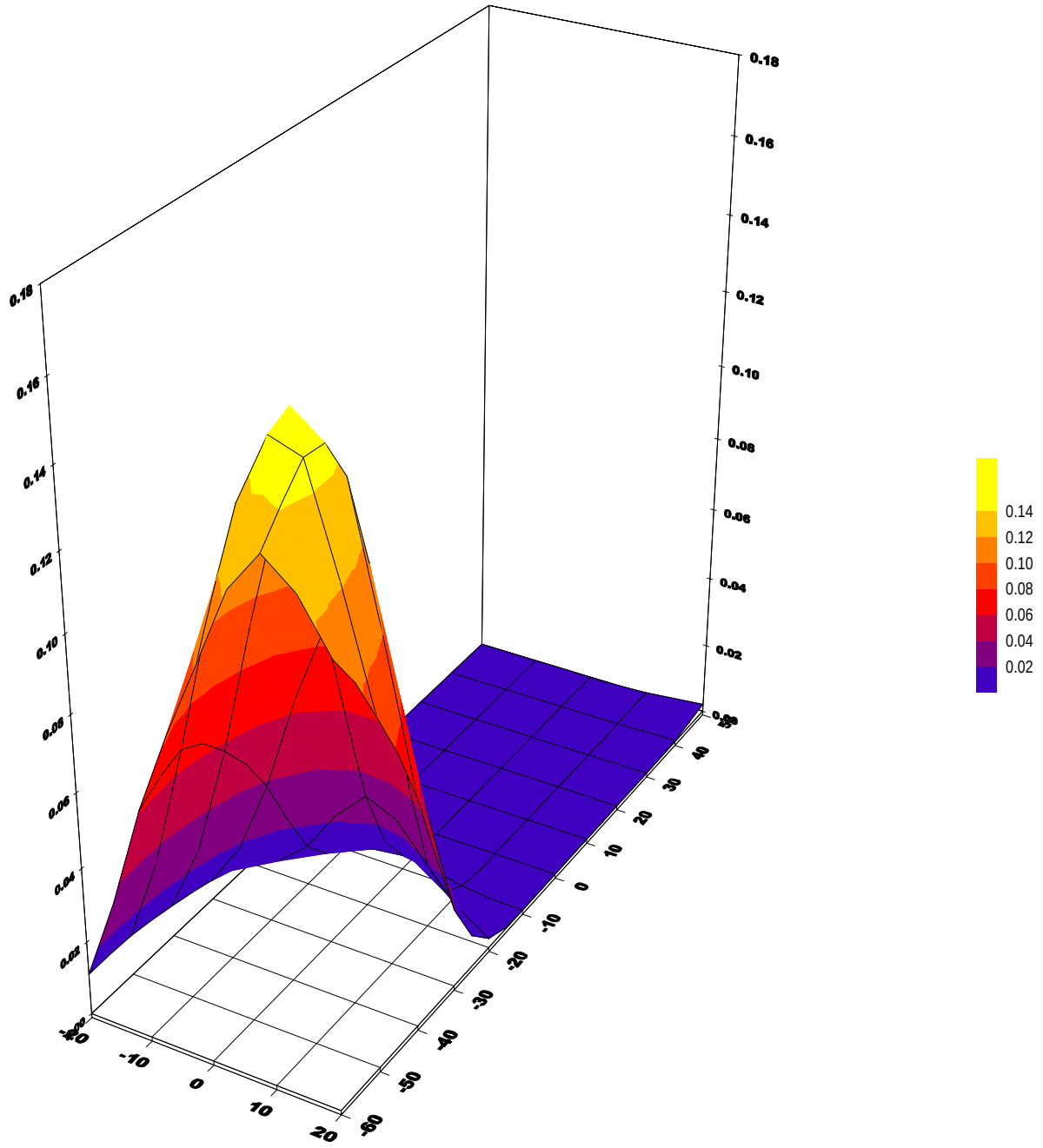
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 5 Y = -45

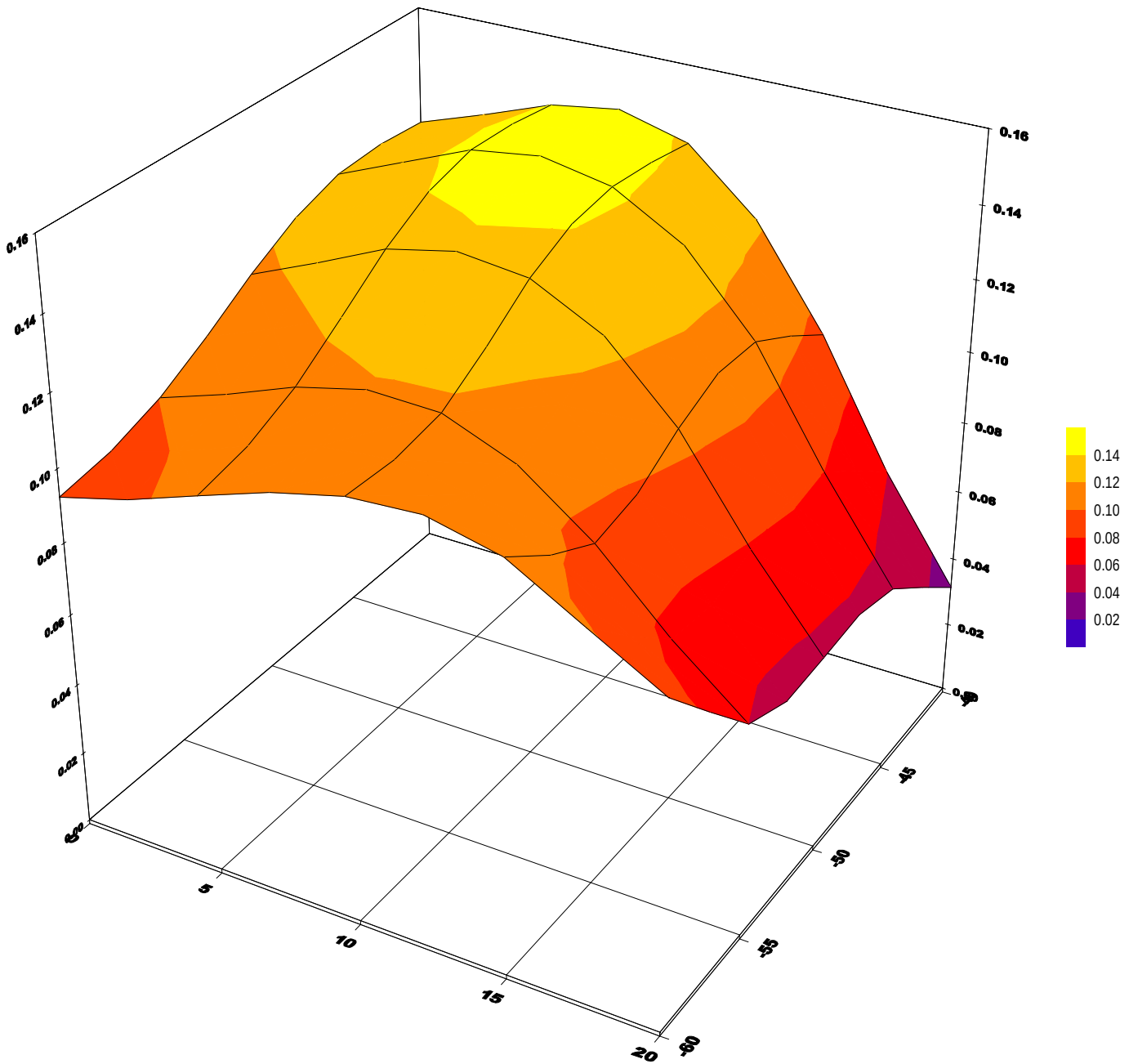
Measured Values (mV) :

0.15	0.12	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.04
0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	

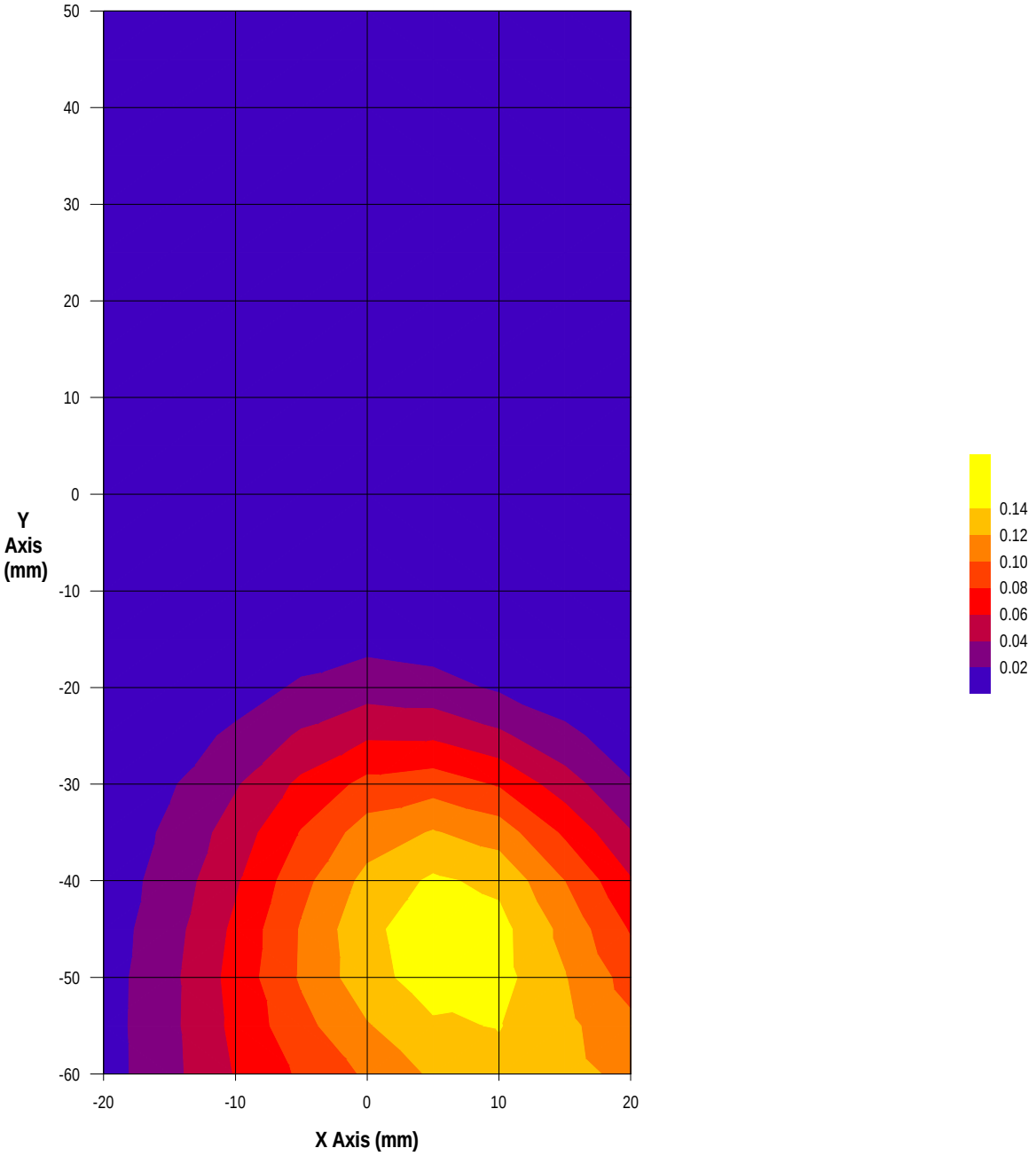
Peak Voltage (mV) : 0.72 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 0.01 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.01



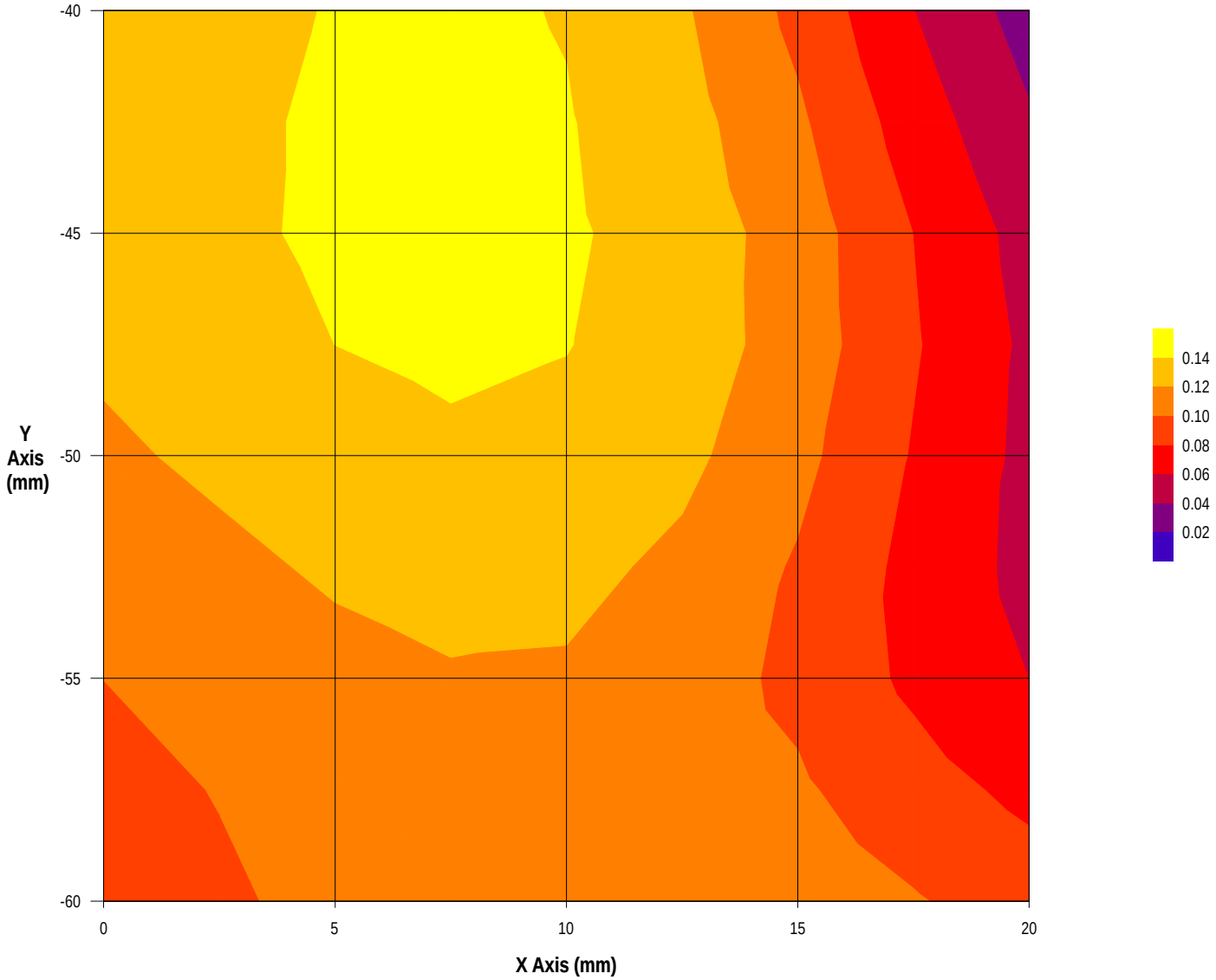
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



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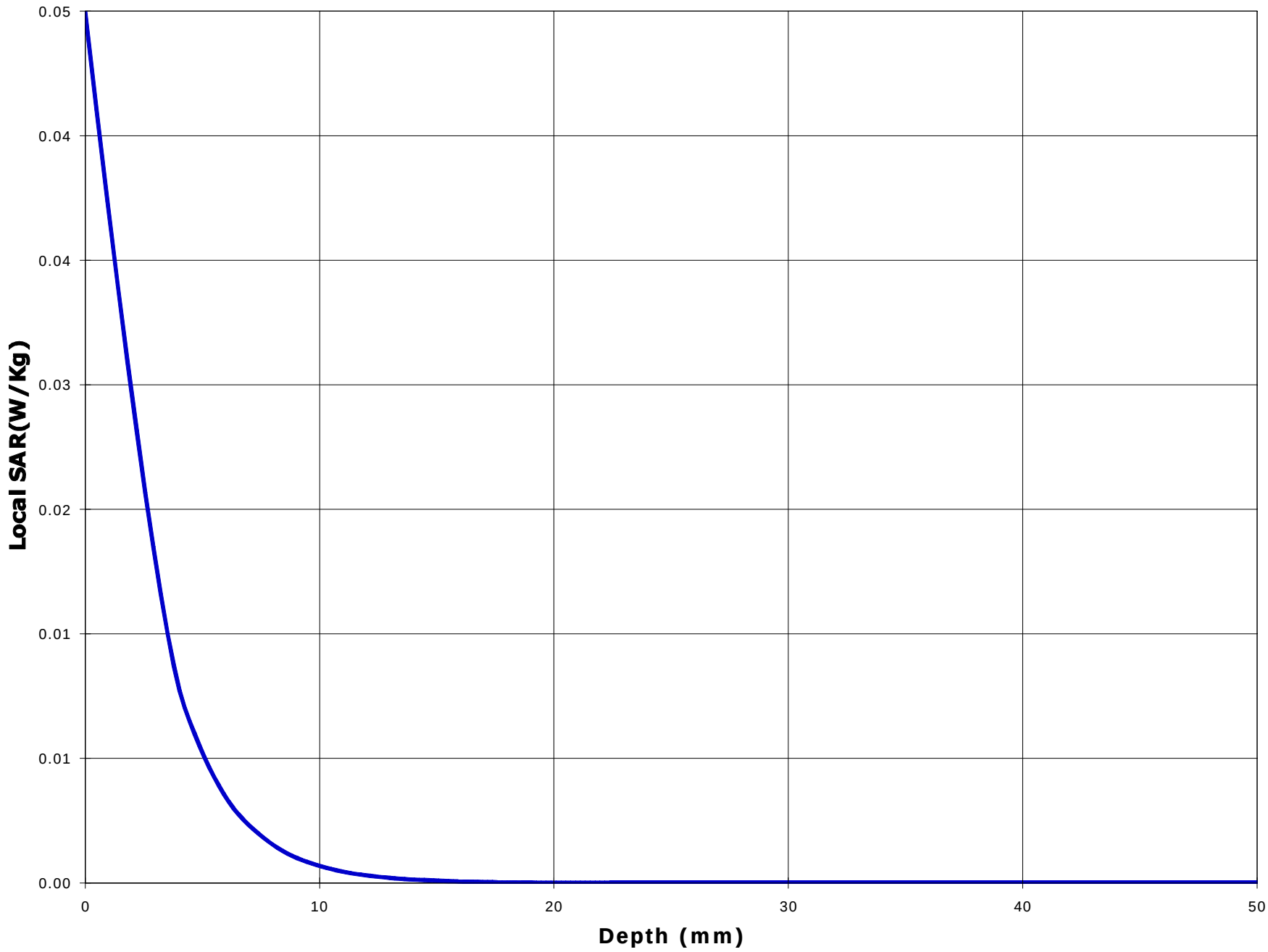
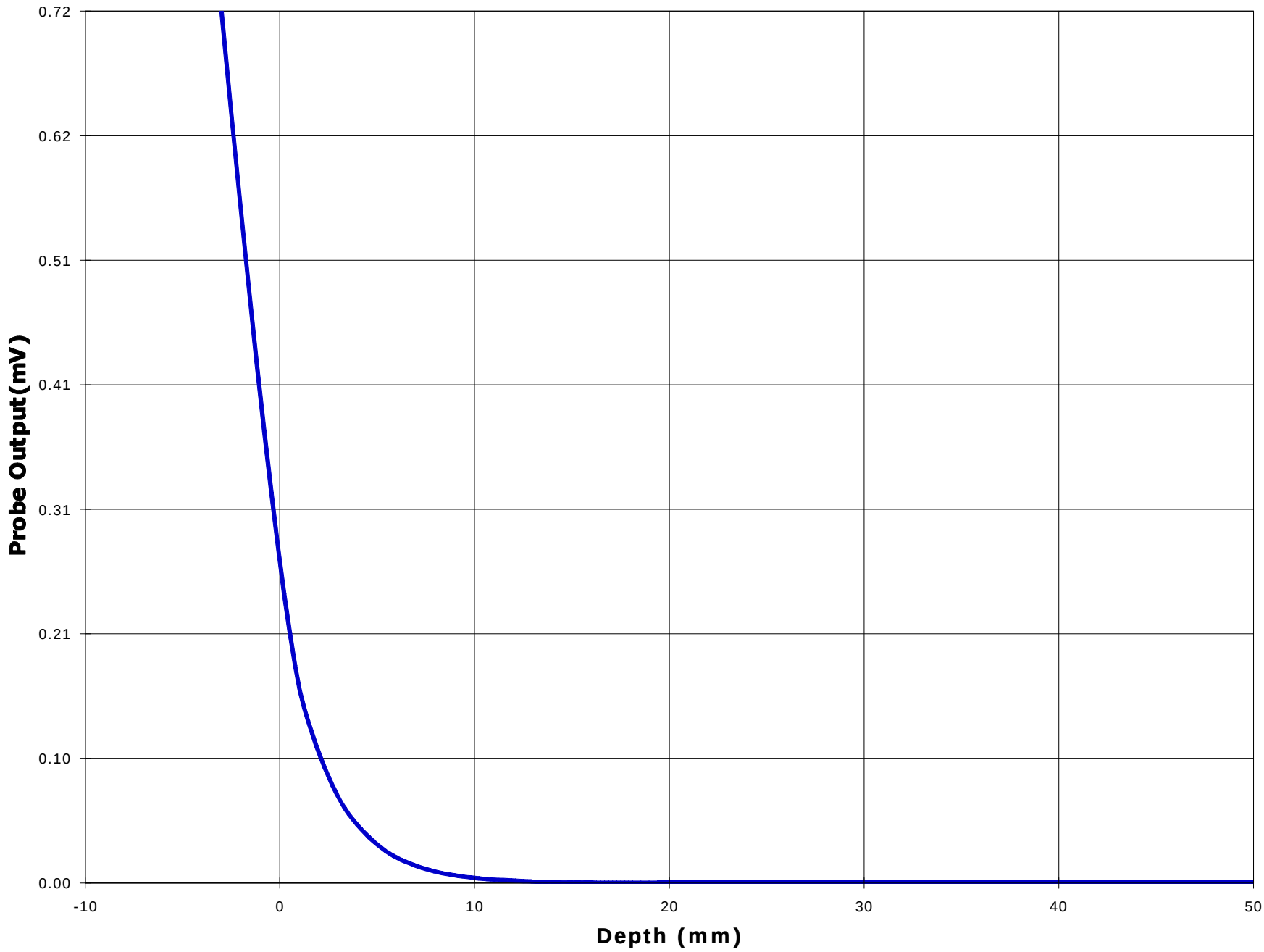


3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/23/99
Time : 11:48:07 AM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 915
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: FIXED
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.077
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.084

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

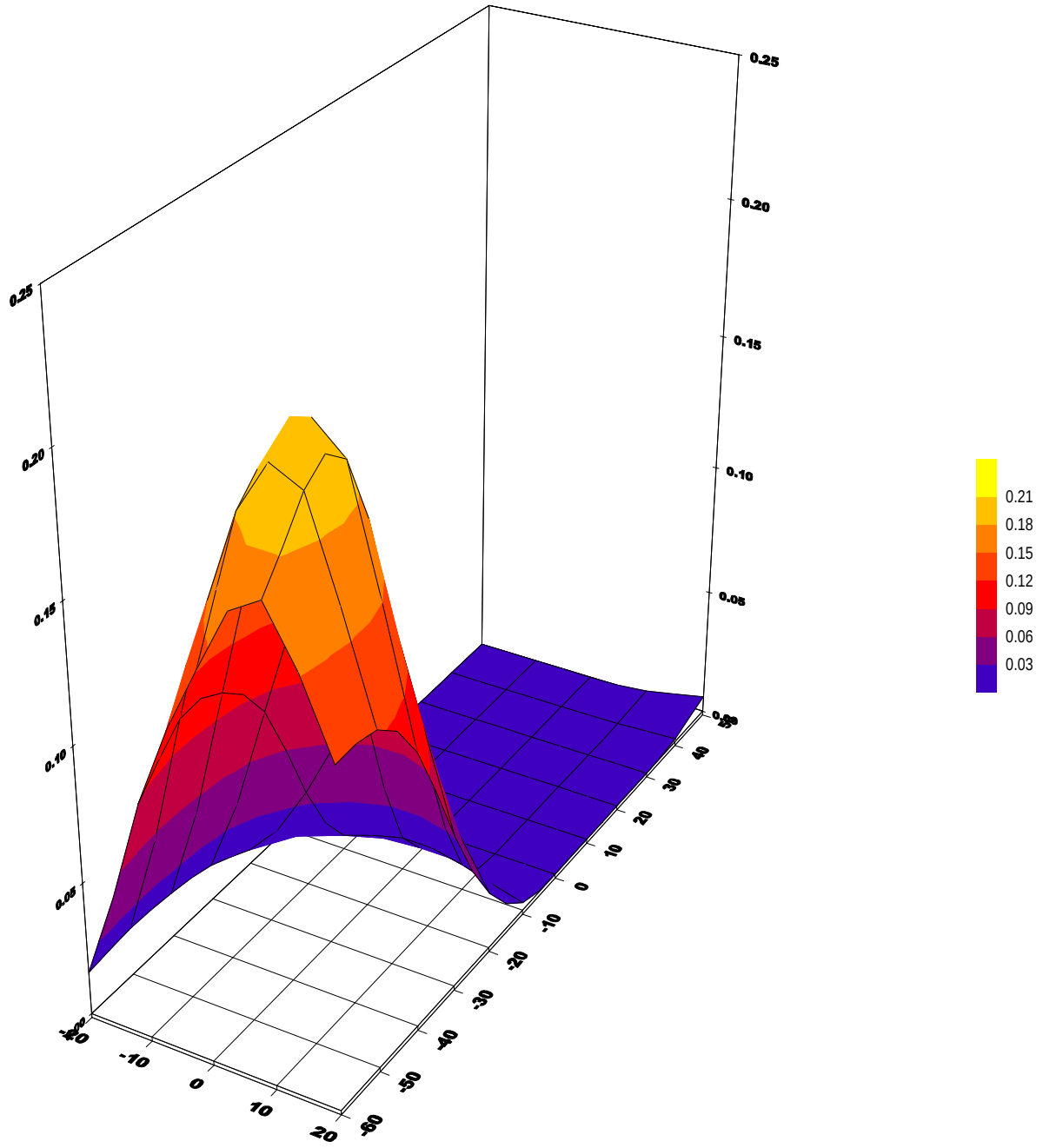
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 5 Y = -45

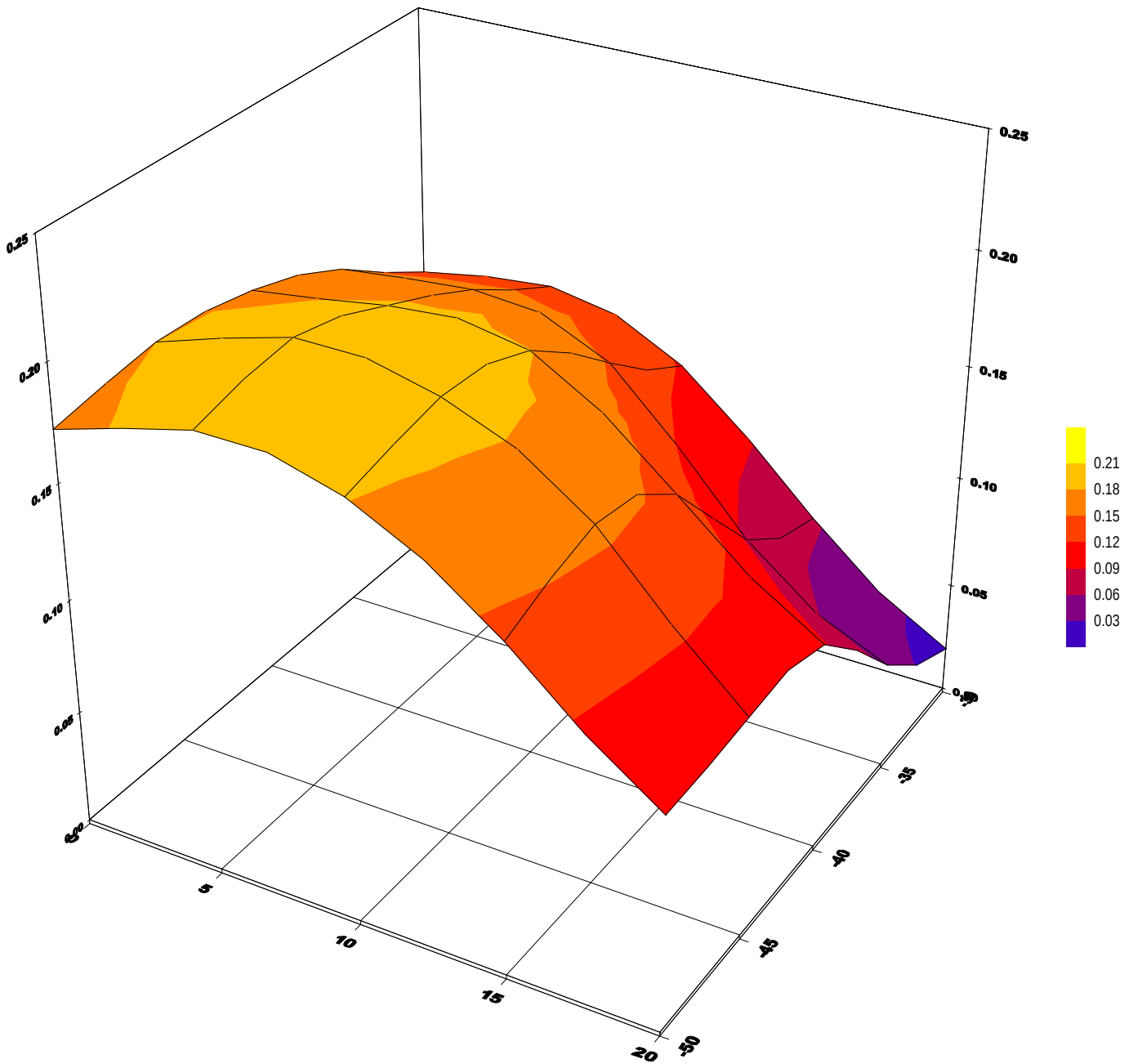
Measured Values (mV) :

0.20	0.16	0.13	0.10	0.09	0.07
0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.00	

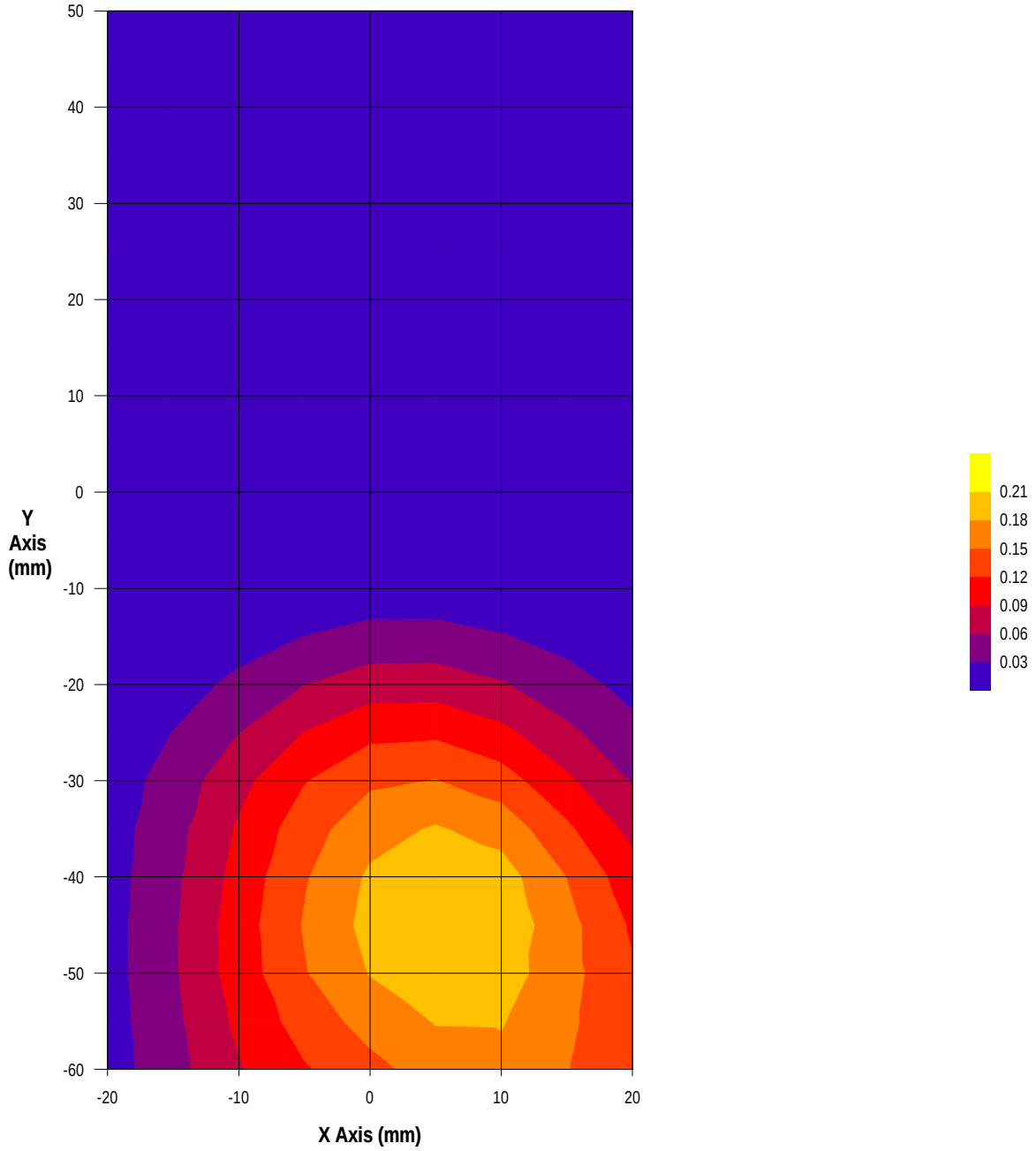
Peak Voltage (mV) : 0.48 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 0.04 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.01



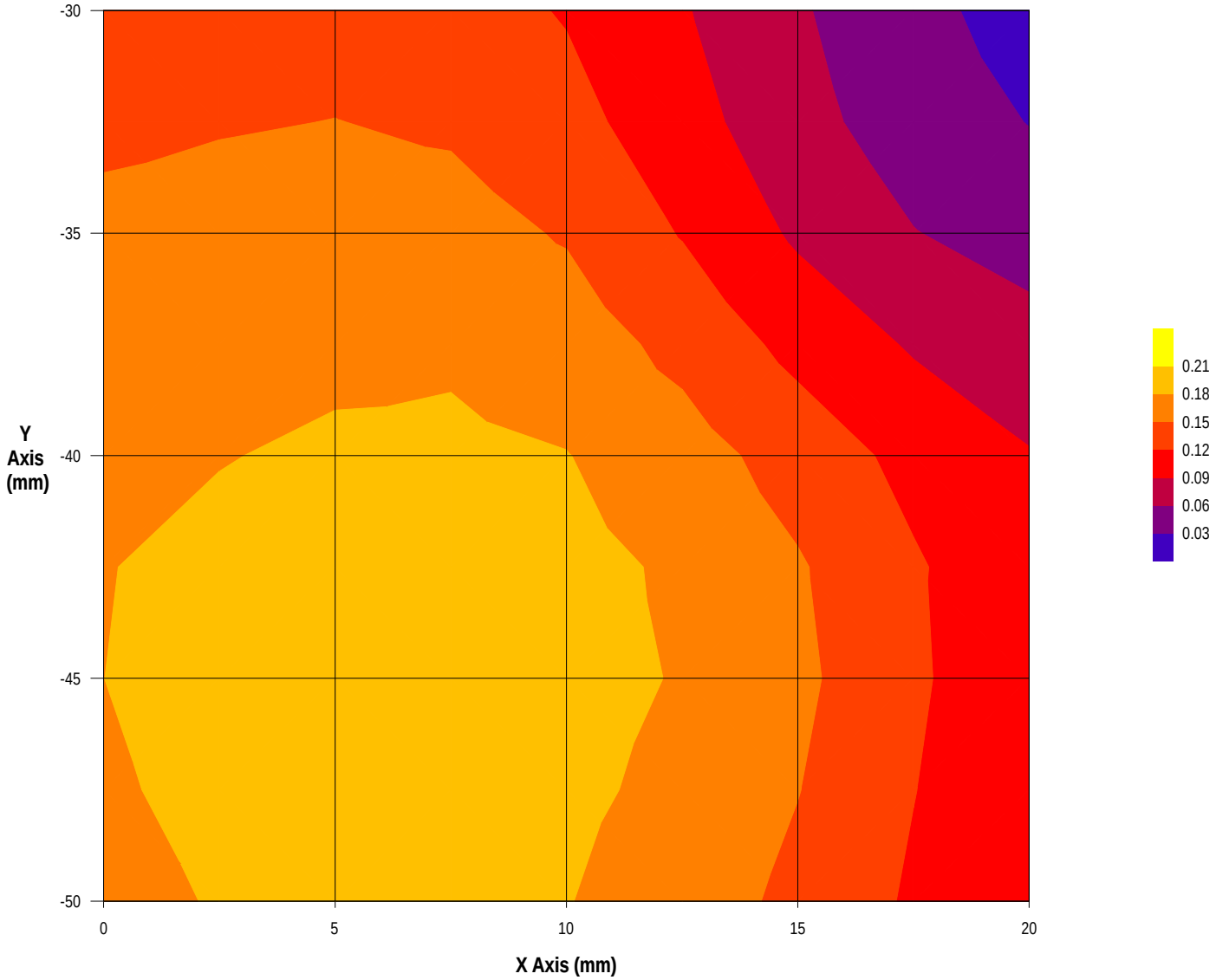
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



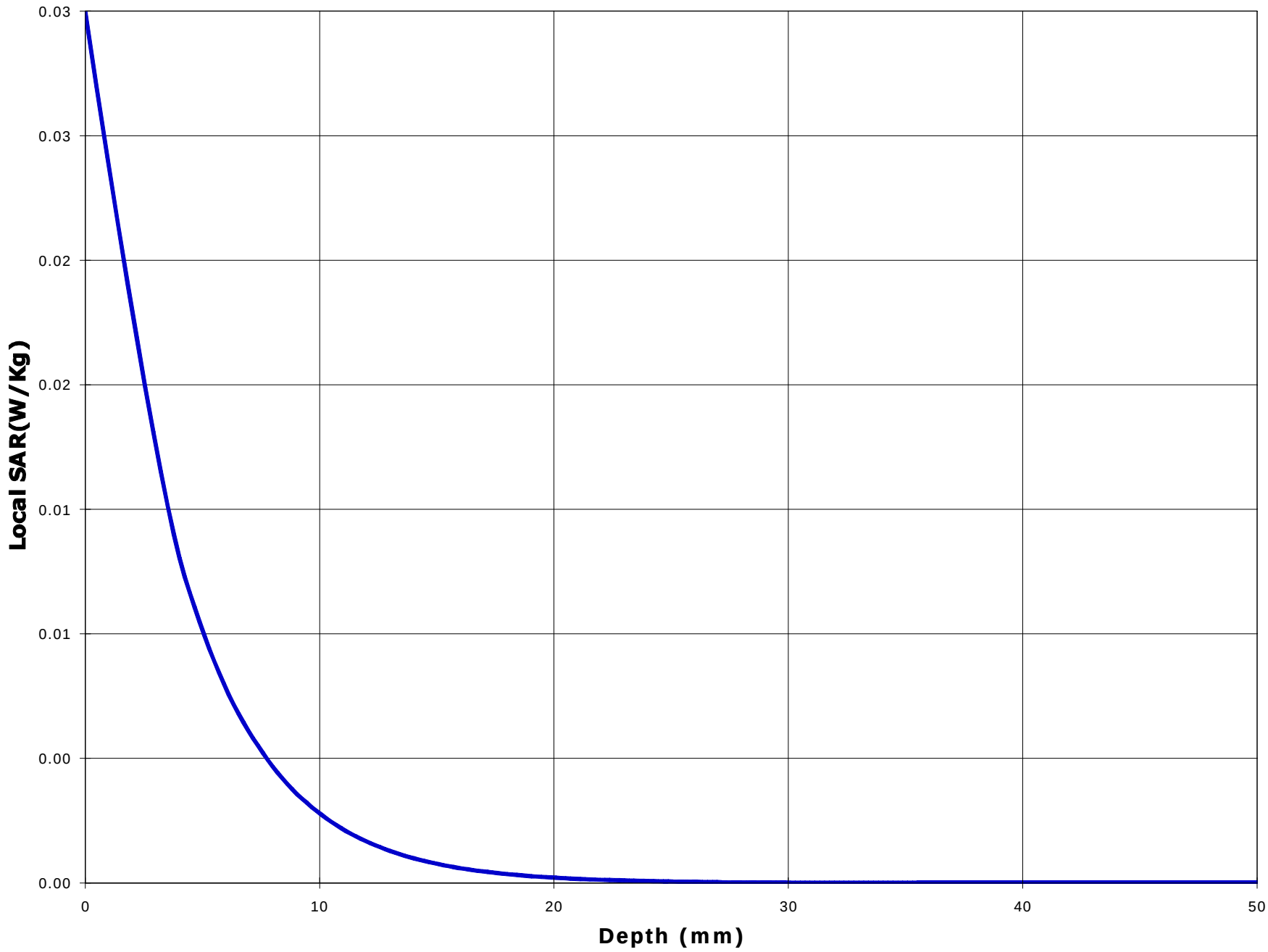
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



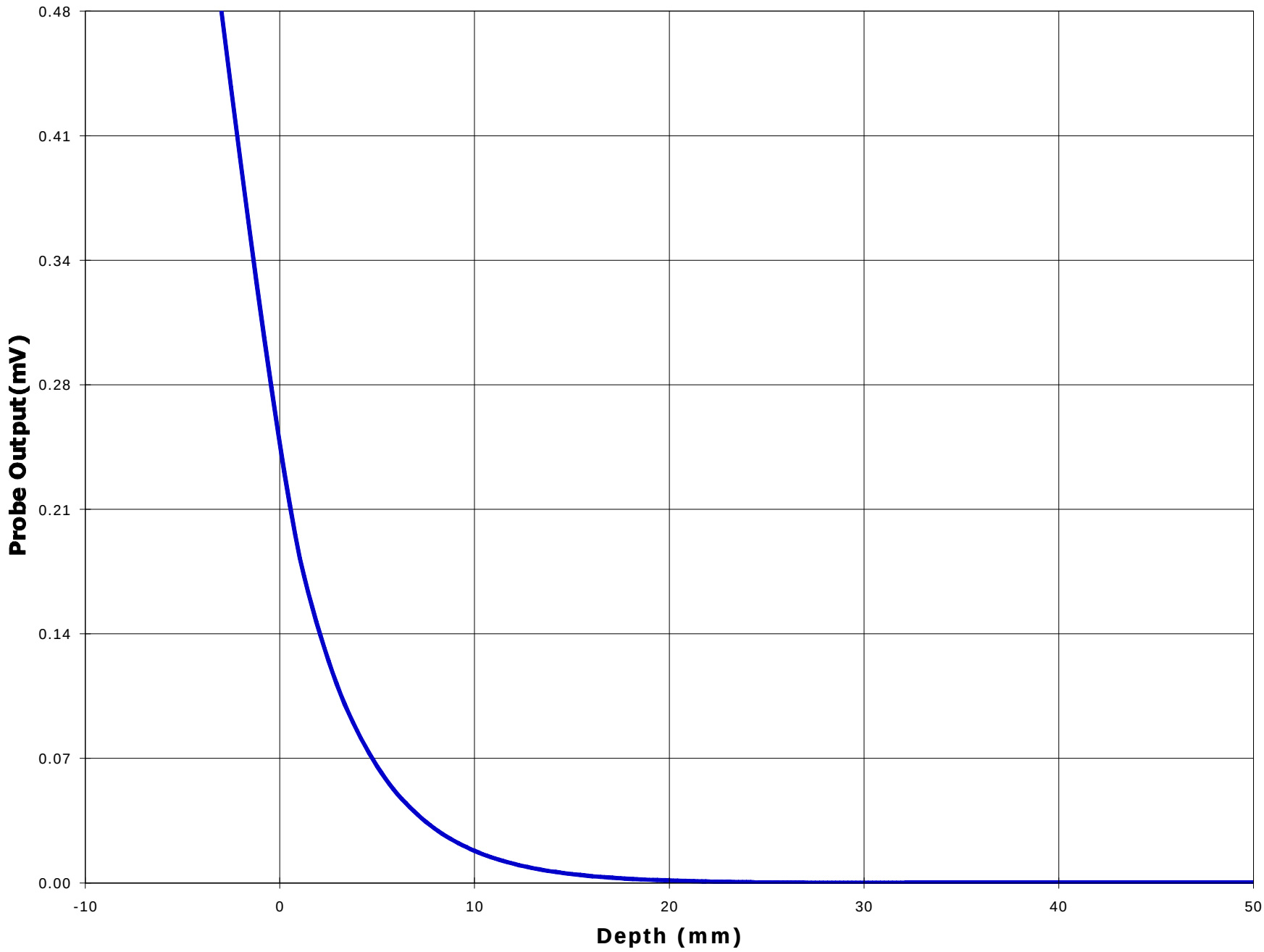
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

Test Information

Date : 12/23/99
Time : 11:15:53 AM

Product	: SST Cordless Telephone	**Test**	: SAR
Manufacturer	: Senao International	**Frequency (MHz)**	: 927
Model Number	: SN-920 ULTRA	**Nominal Output Power (W)**	: 0.5
Serial Number	: N/A	**Antenna Type**	: Monopole
FCC ID Number	: NI3-SN-920U	**Signal**	: Spread Spectrum

Phantom	: Head - Left Ear	**Dielectric Constant**	: 47.3
Simulated Tissue	: Brain	**Conductivity**	: 0.78

Probe	: EI3	**Antenna Position**	: FIXED
Probe Offset (mm)	: 3.0	**Measured Power (W) (conducted)**	: 0.088
Sensor Factor (mV)	: 10.8		
Conversion Factor	: 0.75	**Cable Insertion Loss (dB)**	: 0.4
Calibrated Date	: 8/13/99	**Compensated Power (W)**	: 0.096

Amplifier Setting :

Channel 1 : .00409 Channel 2 : .00381 Channel 3 : .00300

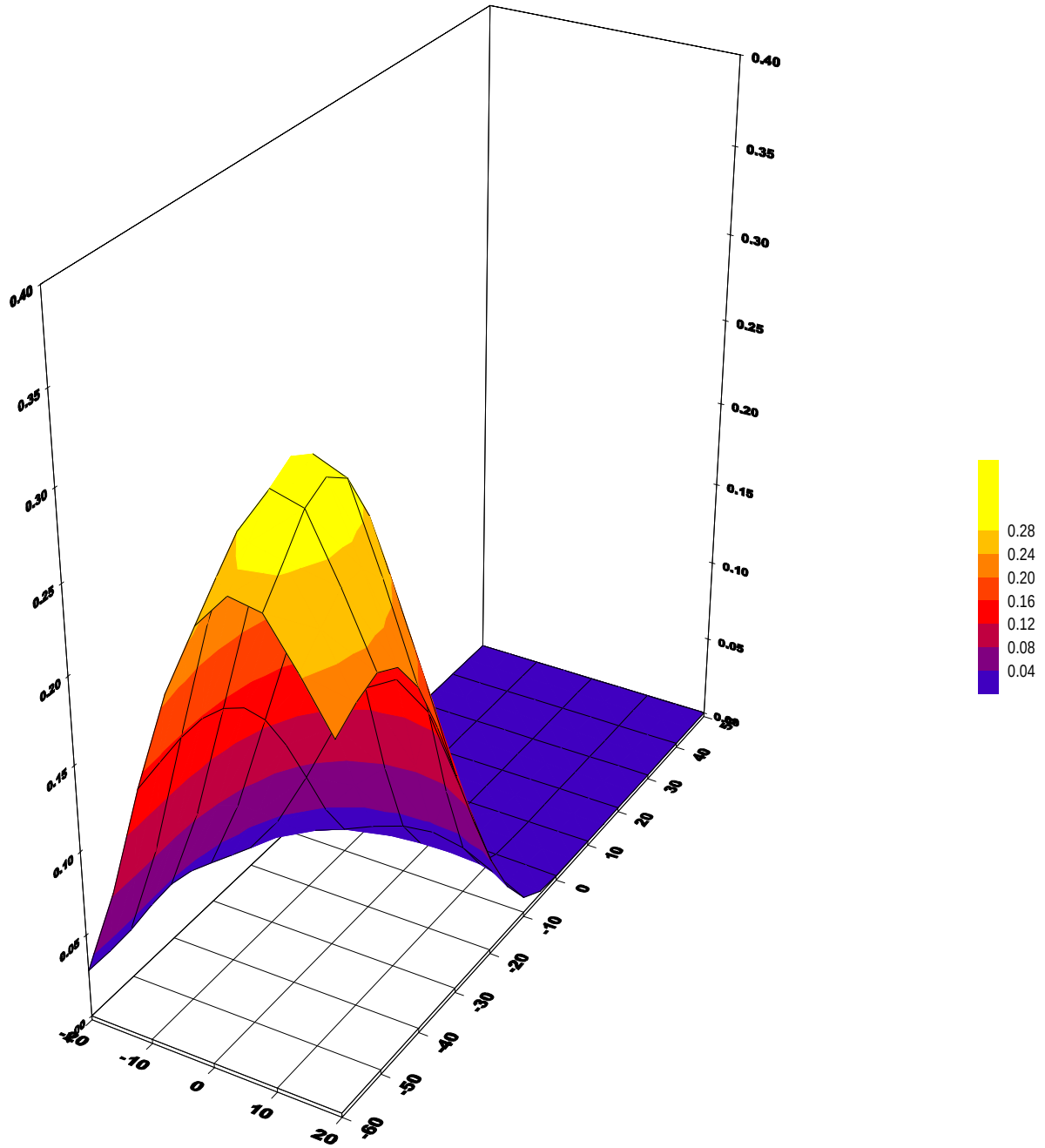
Location of Maximum Field :

X = 5 Y = -45

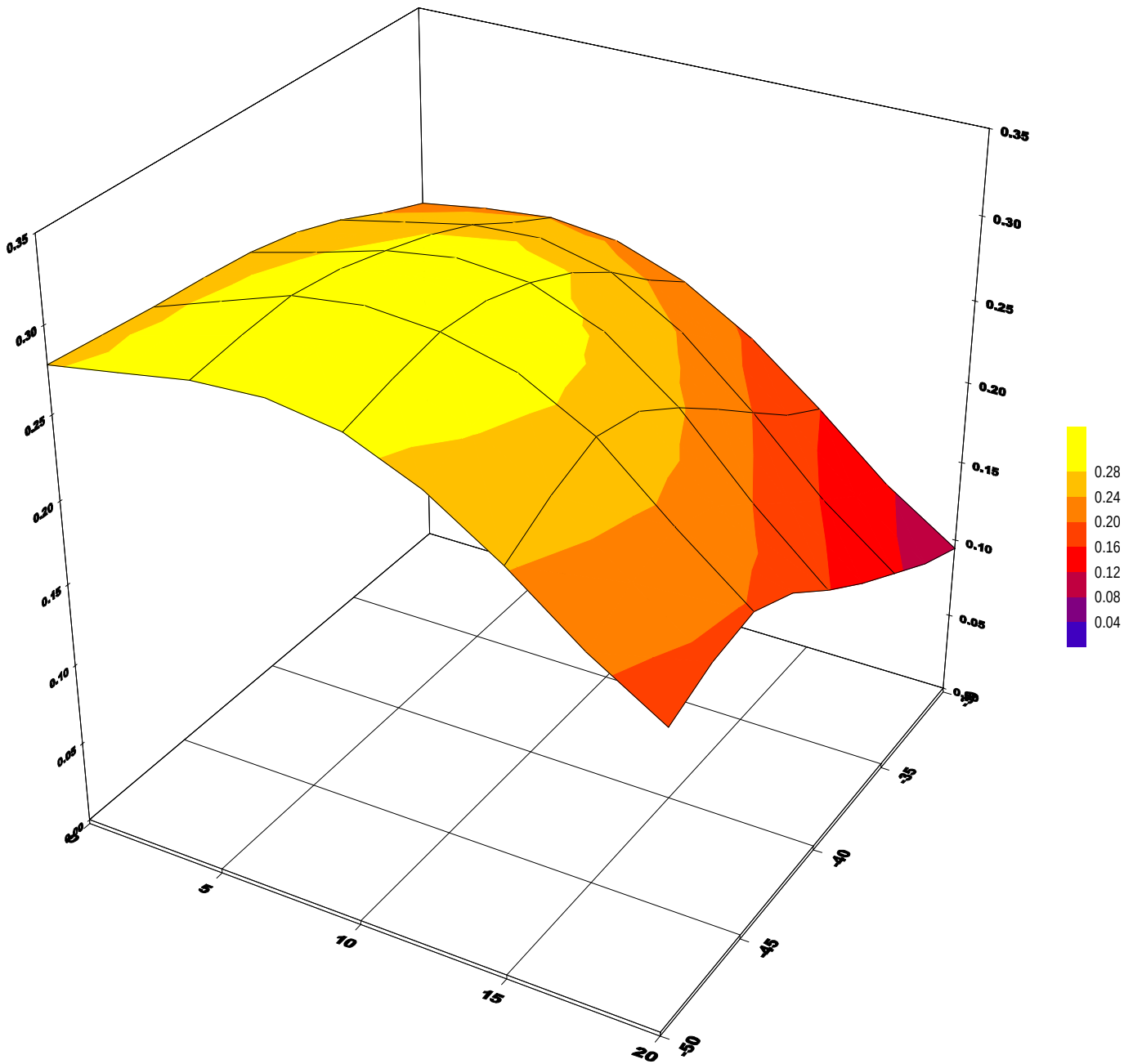
Measured Values (mV) :

0.30	0.26	0.22	0.19	0.16	0.14
0.13	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.05	

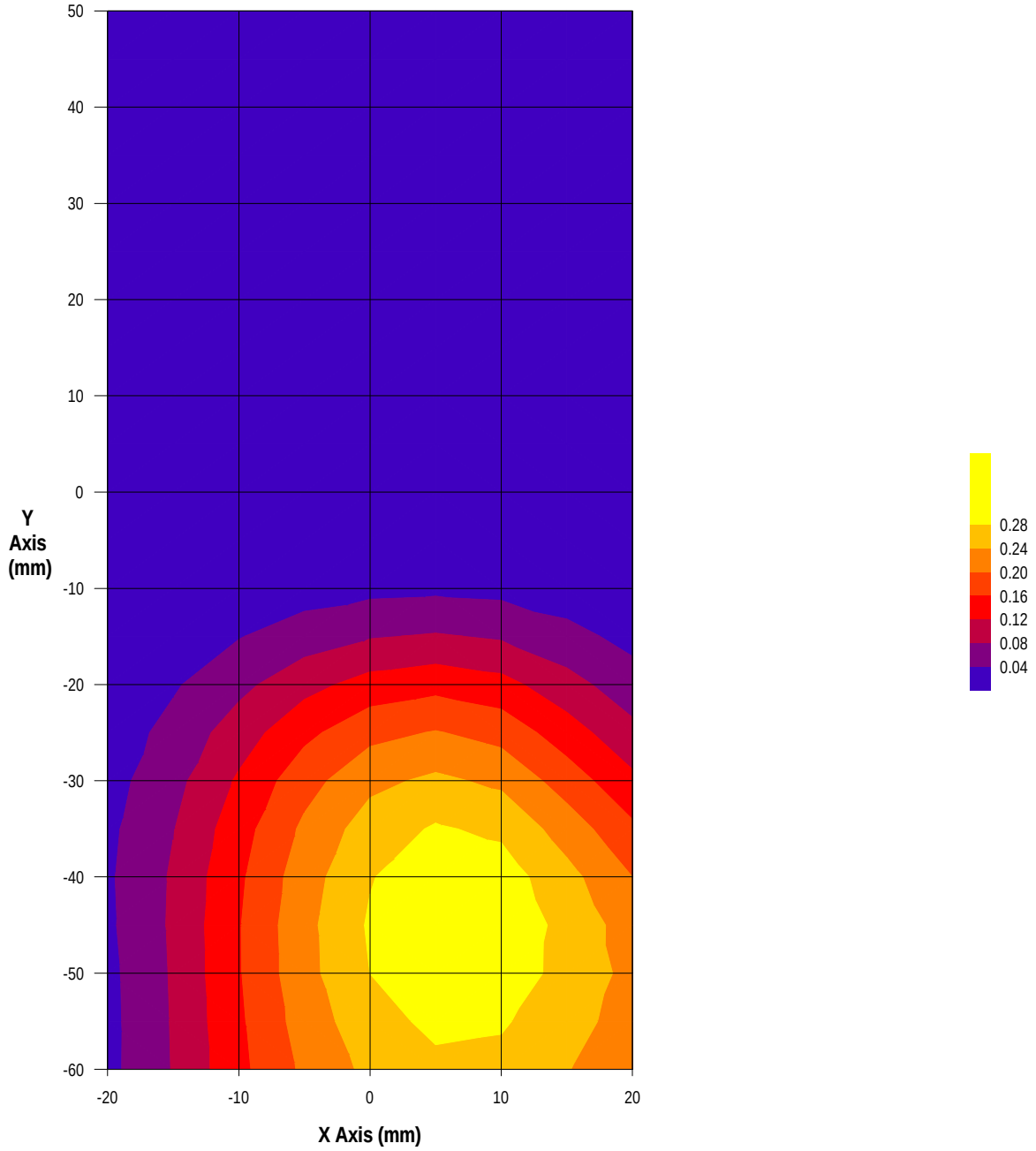
Peak Voltage (mV) : 0.93 **1 Cm Voltage (mV)** : 0.08 **SAR (W/Kg)** : 0.02



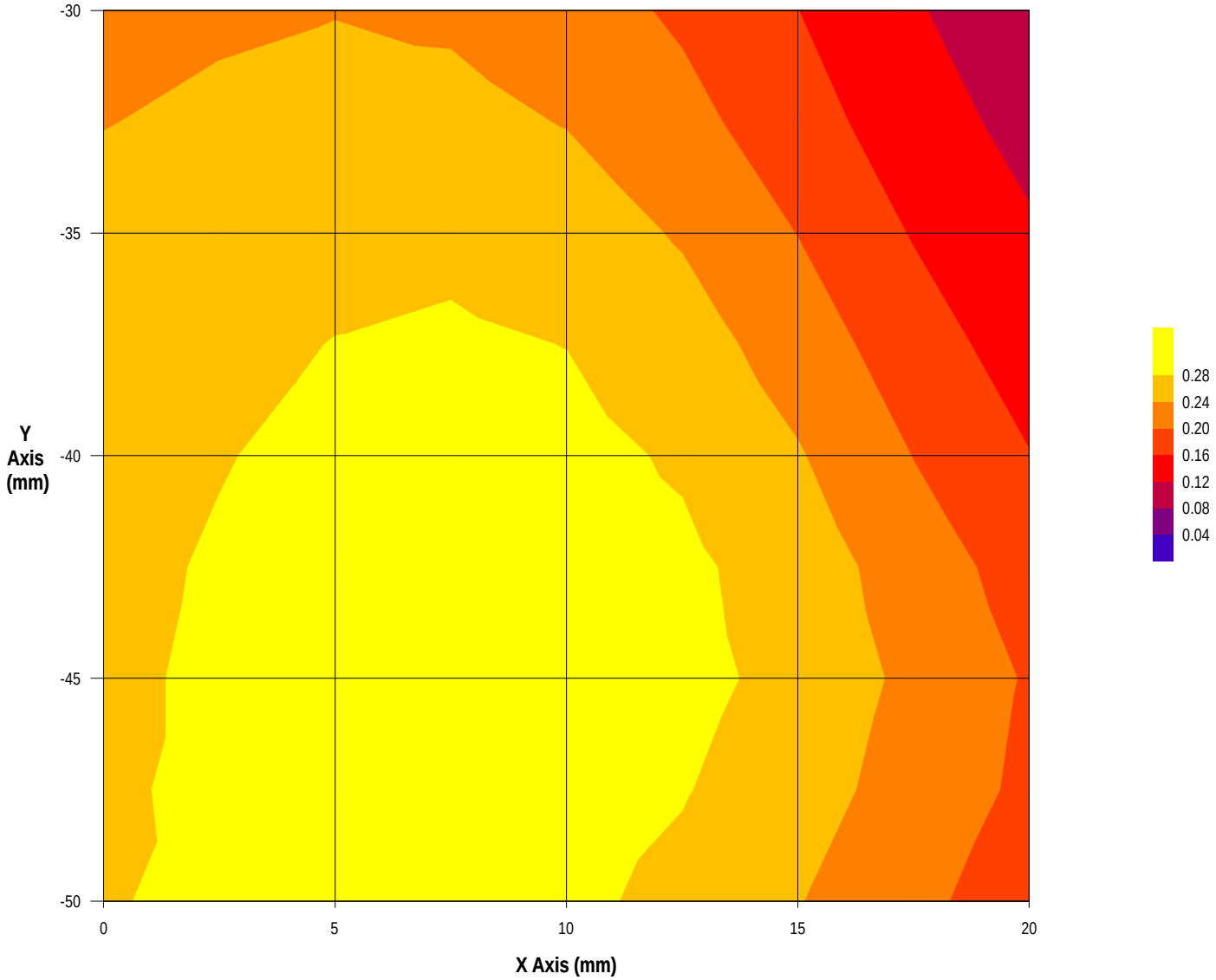
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



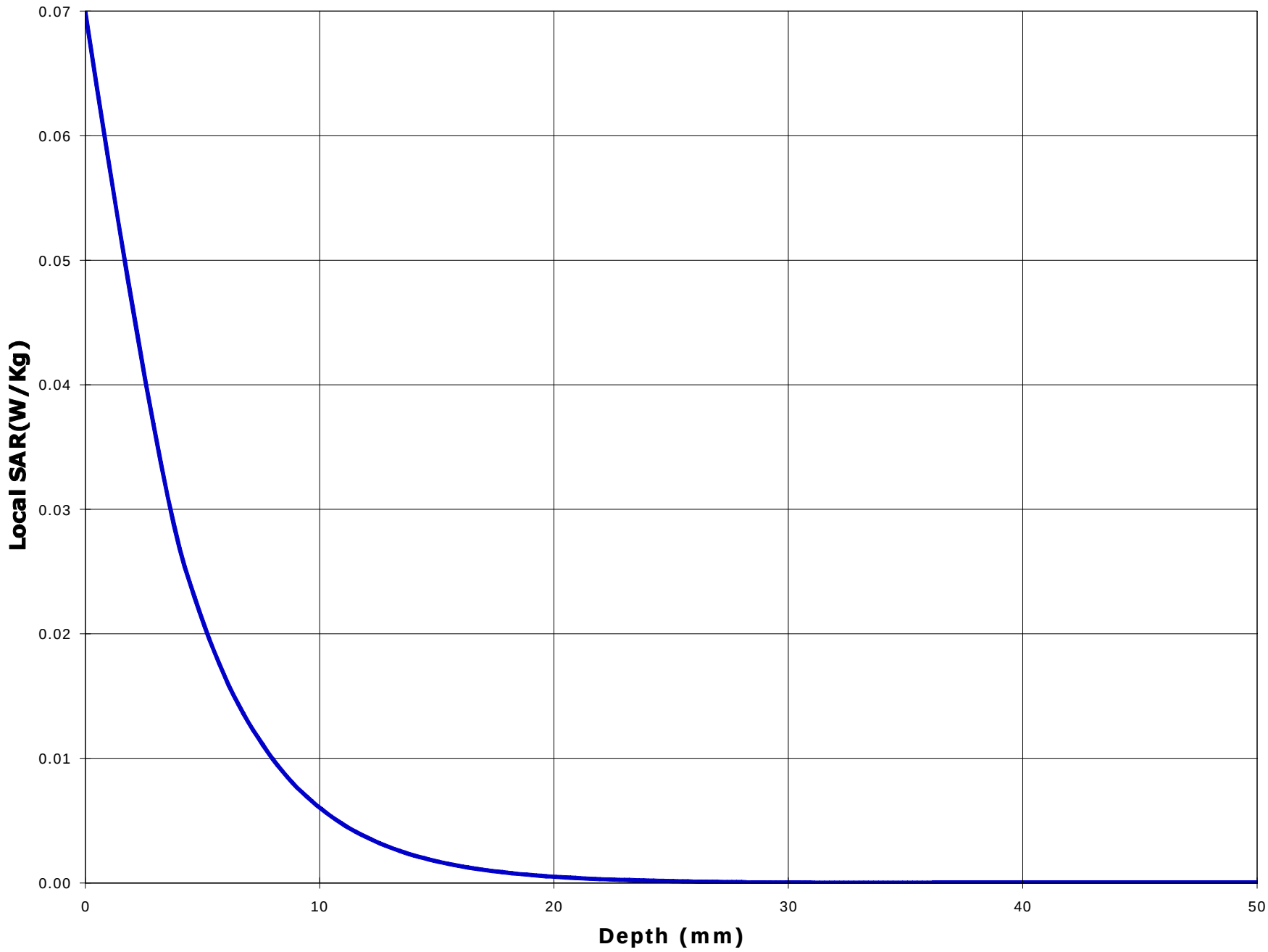
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



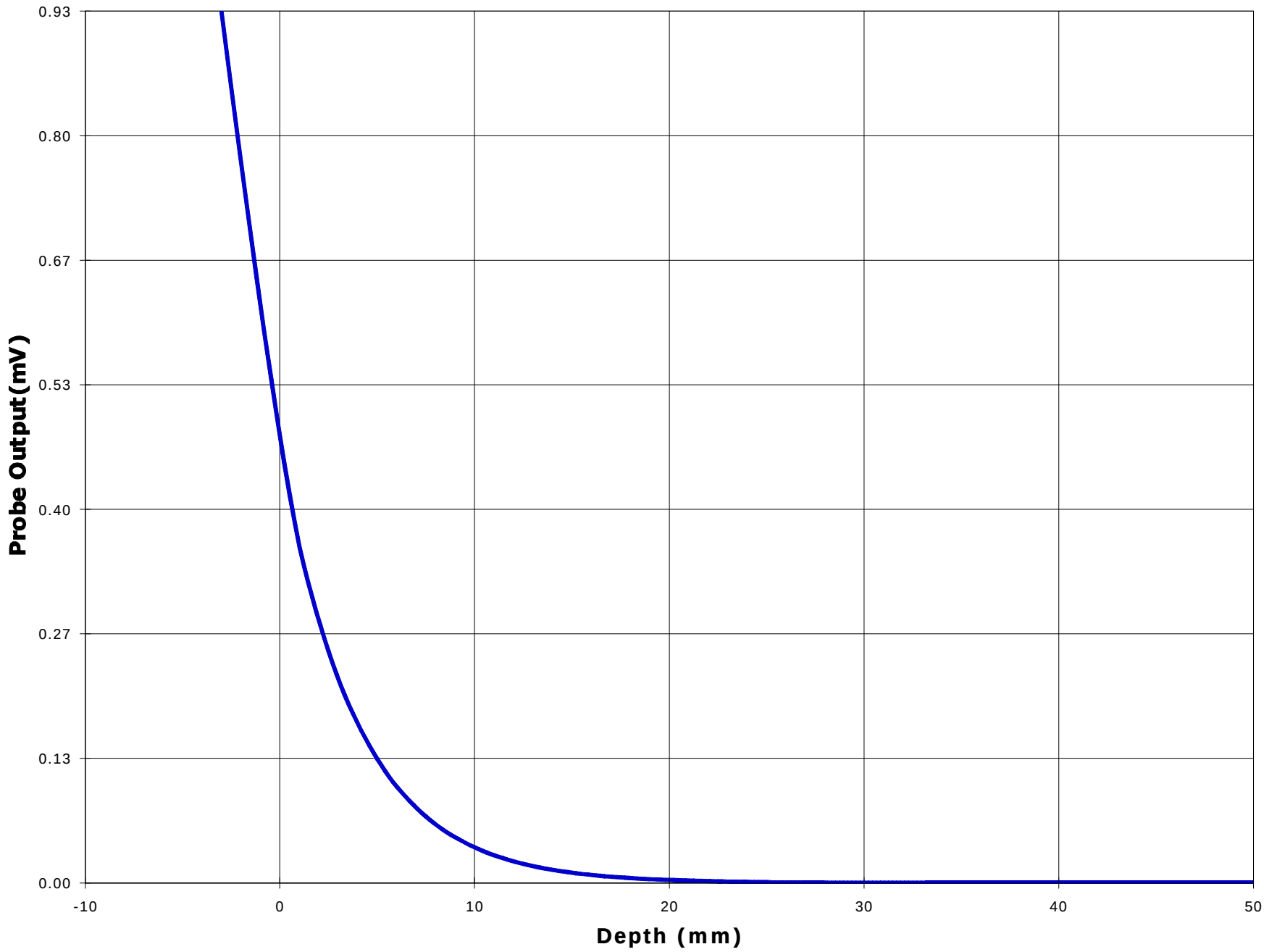
3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.



3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.

3D-EMC Laboratory, Inc.
5440 NW 33rd Ave- Suite 109 Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33309

Date: 12/21/99, 10:54

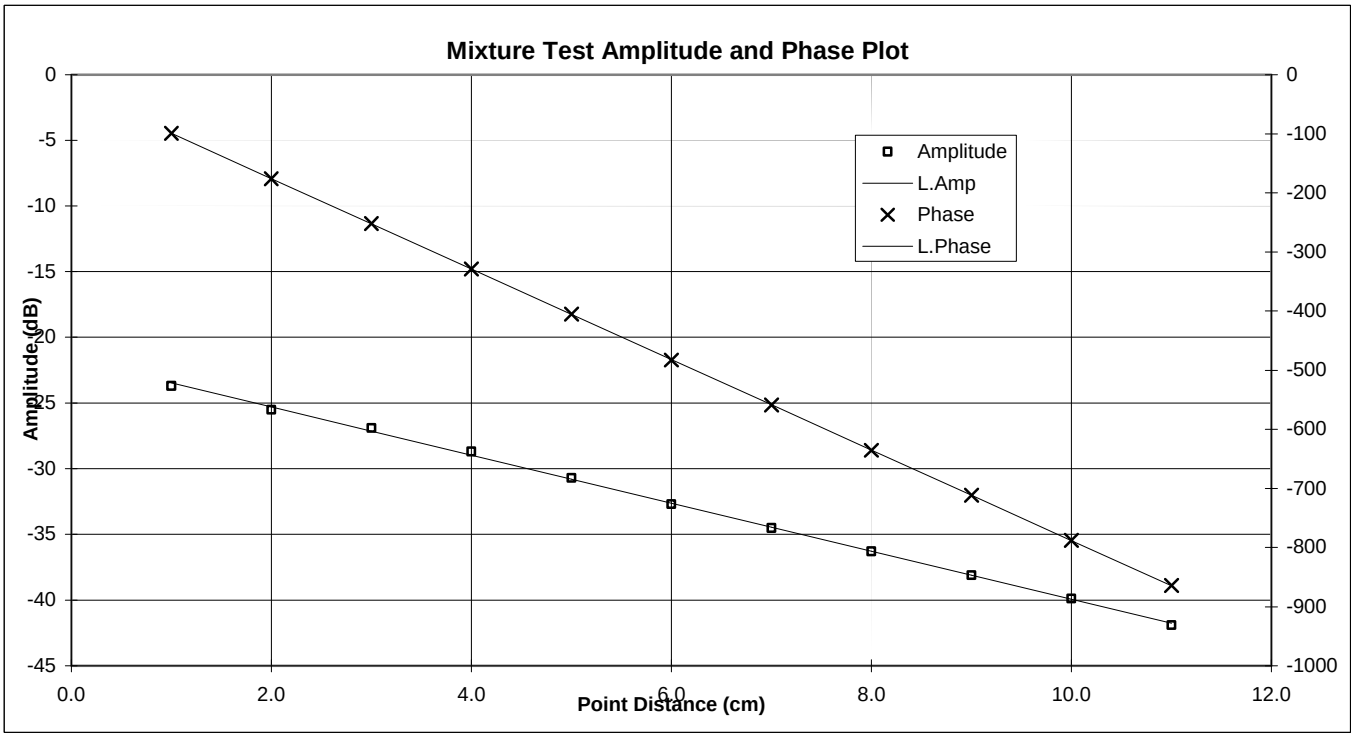
Frequency: 915 MHz **Comments:** ETC

Mixture: Brain ('Brain' or 'Muscle')

# of Points: 11 **Point Dist:** 1 cm. Room Temp.: 24

Point	Amplitude	Phase
1	-23.70	-99.10
2	-25.50	-176.00
3	-26.90	108.10
4	-28.70	31.50
5	-30.70	-45.30
6	-32.70	-123.10
7	-34.50	161.20
8	-36.30	84.30
9	-38.10	8.50
10	-39.90	-67.60
11	-41.90	-144.00

-49.9	
-51.6	
-53.5	-1.829090909
-55.3	-21.65272727
-56.9	-76.52363636
	-22.81272727

Omega:	5749114556	rad/sec
Epsilon 0:	8.85E-14	F/m
mu:	1.26E-08	H/m
alpha avg:	-0.210581873	Np/cm
beta avg:	-1.33558941	rad/cm

Results:		Target	Low Limit	High Limit	% Off Target
D. Const:	**47.3**	45.7	43.415	47.985	3.44
Cond:	**0.78**	0.77	0.7315	0.8085	1.11