

2400 –2483.5 MHz Single Band Antenna

(802.11 b/g, includes frequencies of Bluetooth, ZigBee, and Wi-Fi products)

Part Number: 1513504-1

Product Facts

- Wide bandwidth and high gain in a compact size.
- Enhanced hemispherical pattern improves RF link reliability of portable devices.
- Available in tape & reel.
- RoHS compliant

Recommendations

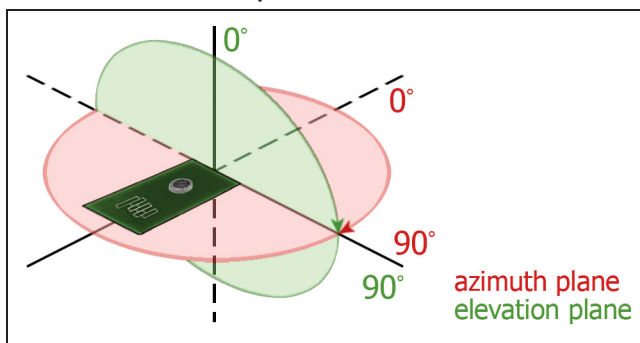
- Minimum or no matching circuits required.
- Bandwidth and performance is dependent on ground plane size. Suggested minimum ground plane length from the antenna feed is 30 mm.
- PCB ground is to be on top layer.



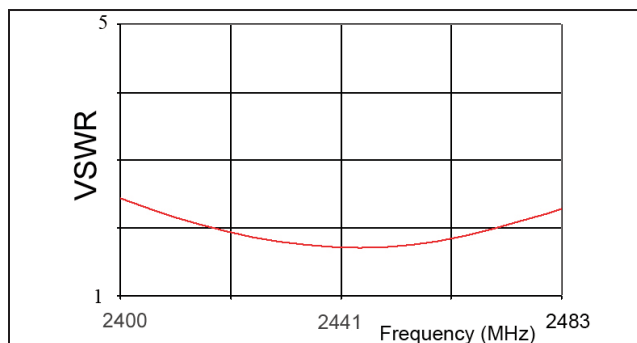
Specifications

Frequency Range (MHz)	2400 –2483.5
Peak Gain	+ 2 dBi
VSWR	< 2.5:1
Reflow Temperature	275°C maximum
Polarization	Linear
Power Handling	10 Watt cw
Feed Point Impedance	50 Ohms unbalanced
Size	16.00 mm dia. x 6.05 mm
Weight	< 1 g.
Mounting	Surface-mount technology. See page 2
Keep Out Area	See diagram on page 2

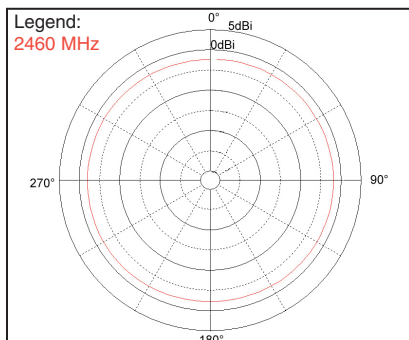
Test Orientation in Free Space



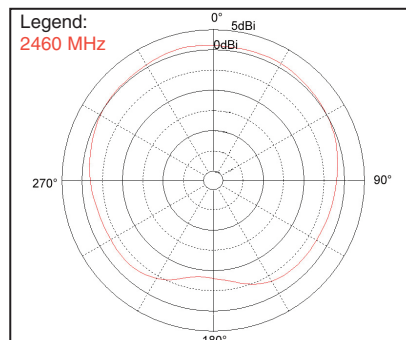
VSWR



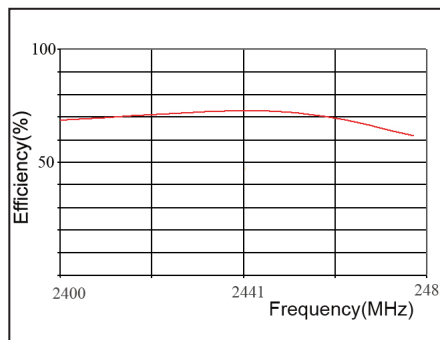
Azimuth



Elevation



Efficiency

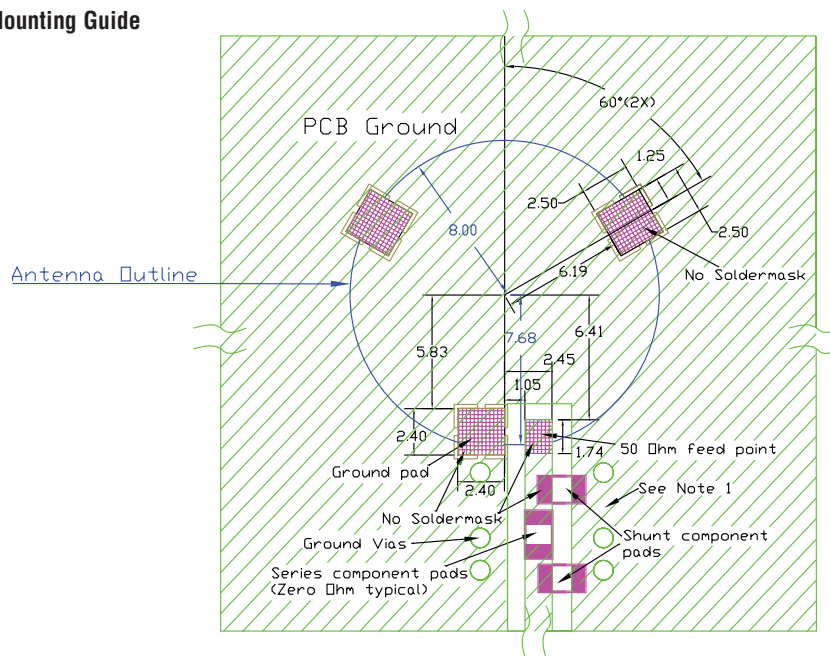


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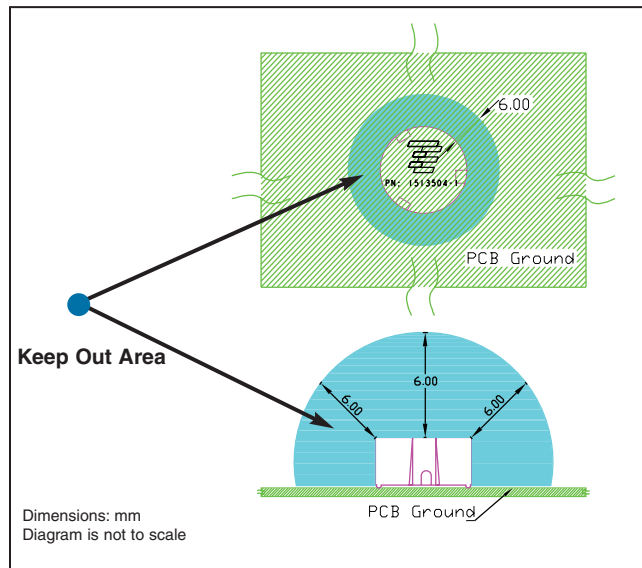
Mounting Guide



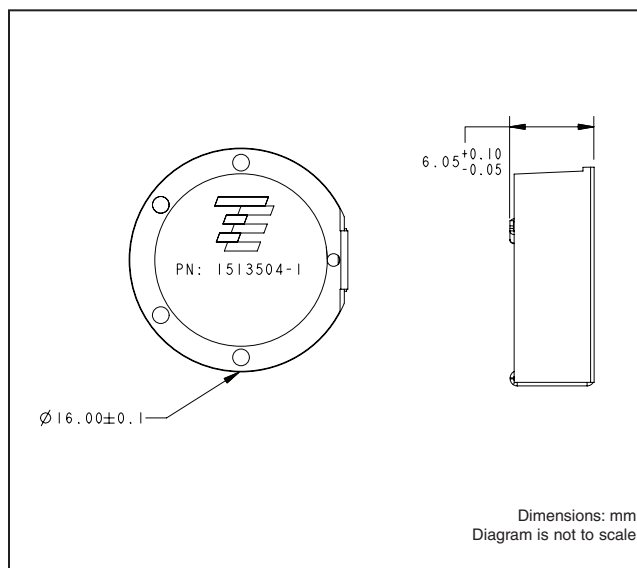
NOTES: 1. Suggested matching component pads.
2. For more information please call TE.

Dimensions: mm
Diagram is not to scale

Keep Out Area



Approx. Dimensions



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4-1773459-1-CIS-PDF-03-11

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Consult TE for the latest dimensions and design specifications.

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Product Description

The RCS Series is ideally suited for products requiring an attractive, yet compact, ¼-wave antenna in a right-angle form factor. The antennas attach via a standard SMA or Part 15 compliant RP-SMA connector.

Features

- Reduced height helical whip
- Right-angle mount
- Excellent performance
- Omni-directional pattern
- Fully weatherized
- SMA or Part 15 compliant RP-SMA connector
- Use with plastic* or metal enclosures

* Requires proximity ground plane

Electrical Specifications

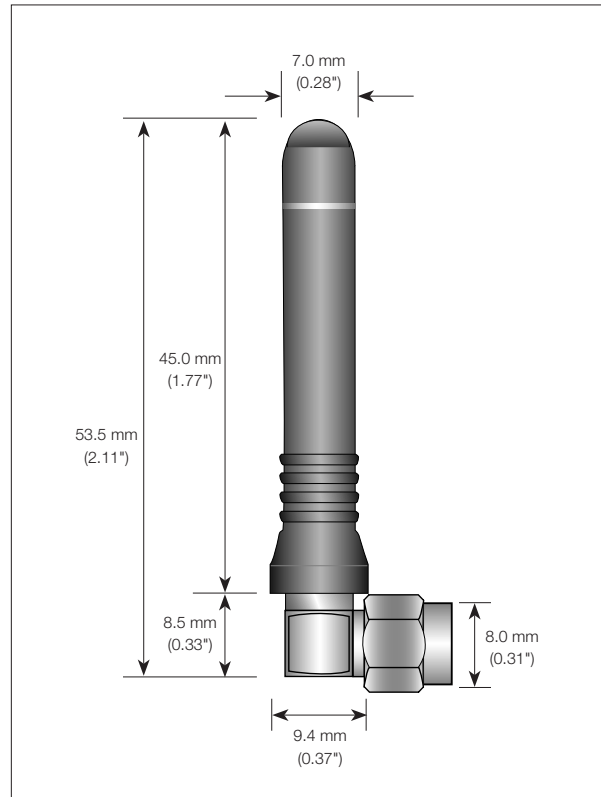
Center Frequency:	2.45GHz
Recom. Freq. Range:	2.35–2.50GHz
Wavelength:	¼-wave
VSWR:	< 1.9 typical at center
Peak Gain:	–0.2dBi
Impedance:	50-ohms
Oper. Temp. Range:	–20°C to +85°C
Connector:	SMA or RP-SMA

Electrical specifications and plots measured on 10.16 cm x 10.16 cm (4.00" x 4.00") reference ground plane

Ordering Information

ANT-2.4-CW-RCS (with RP-SMA connector)

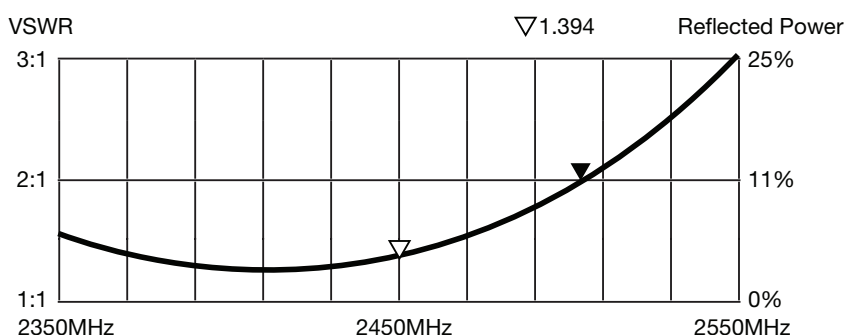
ANT-2.4-CW-RCS-SMA (with SMA connector)



Counterpoise

Quarter-wave or monopole antennas require an associated ground plane counterpoise for proper operation. The size and location of the ground plane relative to the antenna will affect the overall performance of the antenna in the final design. When used in conjunction with a ground plane smaller than that used to tune the antenna, the center frequency typically will shift higher in frequency and the bandwidth will decrease. The proximity of other circuit elements and packaging near the antenna will also affect the final performance. For further discussion and guidance on the importance of the ground plane counterpoise, please refer to Linx Application Note AN-00501: Understanding Antenna Specifications and Operation.

VSWR Graph



What is VSWR?

The Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) is a measurement of how well an antenna is matched to a source impedance, typically 50-ohms. It is calculated by measuring the voltage wave that is headed toward the load versus the voltage wave that is reflected back from the load. A perfect match will have a VSWR of 1:1. The higher the first number, the worse the match, and the more inefficient the system. Since a perfect match cannot ever be obtained, some benchmark for performance needs to be set. In the case of antenna VSWR, this is usually 2:1. At this point, 88.9% of the energy sent to the antenna by the transmitter is radiated into free space and 11.1% is either reflected back into the source or lost as heat on the structure of the antenna. In the other direction, 88.9% of the energy recovered by the antenna is transferred into the receiver. As a side note, since the “:1” is always implied, many data sheets will remove it and just display the first number.

How to Read a VSWR Graph

VSWR is usually displayed graphically versus frequency. The lowest point on the graph is the antenna’s operational center frequency. In most cases, this will be different than the designed center frequency due to fabrication tolerances. The VSWR at that point denotes how close to 50-ohms the antenna gets. Linx specifies the recommended bandwidth as the range where the typical antenna VSWR is less than 2:1.