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April 23, 2013

Page 1 of 48

Prüfbericht / Test Report

Nr. / No. 69547-18069-11 (Edition 1)

Applicant: Kaba GmbH
Type of equipment: RFID Reader Module
Type designation: HID prox reader for B-eco
Order No.: E-Mail January 15, 2013
Test standards: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,
CFR 47, Part 15,
Sections 15.205, 15.207 and 15.209

Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications
RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5(Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

Table of Contents

1	Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)	3
2	Administrative Data	4
3	Identification of the Test Laboratory	5
4	Summary	6
5	Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT	7
6	Measurement Procedures	8
6.1	Bandwidth Measurements.....	8
6.2	Conducted AC Powerline Emission	9
6.3	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz.....	11
6.4	Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site	13
6.5	Carrier Frequency Stability.....	15
7	Photographs Taken During Testing.....	17
8	Test Results	22
8.1	Occupied Bandwidth	23
8.2	Bandwidth of the Emission.....	27
8.3	Designation of Emissions.....	29
8.4	Restricted Bands of Operation	30
8.5	Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz	32
8.6	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz.....	34
8.7	Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz.....	35
8.8	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	36
9	Referenced Regulations	38
10	Test Equipment List with Calibration Data.....	40
11	Revision History	43
Annex A	Charts taken during testing.....	44

1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General data of EUT

Type designation ¹ :	HID prox reader for B-eco
Parts ² :	
Serial number(s):	N/A
Manufacturer:	Kaba GmbH
Type of equipment:	RFID Reader Module
Version:	With modification acc. to documentation of applicant
FCC ID:	NVI-B-ECOH1
Industry Canada ID:	N/A
Additional parts/accessories:	

Technical data of EUT

Application frequency range:	125 kHz
Frequency range:	125 kHz
Operating frequency:	125 kHz
Type of modulation:	ASK
Pulse train:	---
Pulse width:	---
Number of RF-channels:	1
Channel spacing:	---
Designation of emissions ³ :	760HA1D
Type of antenna:	Integrated
Size/length of antenna:	35 x 55 mm
Connection of antenna:	☐ detachable ☒ not detachable
Type of power supply:	DC supply over PoE
Specifications for power supply:	nominal voltage: 48.0 V minimum voltage: 40.8 V maximum voltage: 55.2 V

¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

² Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.

³ Also known as "Class of Emission".

2 Administrative Data

Application details

Applicant (full address):	Kaba GmbH Albertstr. 3 D-78056 Villingen-Schwenningen
Contact person:	Mr. Wolfgang Schneider
Order number:	E-Mail January 15, 2013
Receipt of EUT:	January 31, 2013
Date(s) of test:	January 31, 2013 – April 19, 2013
Note(s):	Mr. Wolfgang Schneider, representing the applicant attended tests from January 31, 2013 to February 1, 2013

Report details

Report number:	69547-18069-11
Edition:	1
Issue date:	2013-04-23

3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name:	TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany
FCC test site registration number	90926
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-2
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt
	Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99

4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207 and 15.209

of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications

RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5 (Category I Equipment)

of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report

Laboratory Manager:



Mr. Johann Roidt

Responsible for testing:



Mr. Martin Steindl

Responsible for test report:

Mr. Martin Steindl

5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode(s)

Transmitting continuously, waiting for tag

Configuration(s) of EUT

The EUT was configured as standalone device, powered by an PoE-adaptor, pinged by an laptop PC.

List of ports and cables

No.	Description	Classification ⁴	Cable type	Cable length
S1	LAN	signal/control port	Shielded	> 3 m ⁵
S2	Door contact	signal/control port	Unshielded	≤ 3 m

List of devices connected to EUT

No.	Description	Type designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	PoE adapter	POE20U-560(G)-R	---	PHIHONG

List of support devices

Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	Laptop PC	DELL dimension		DELL

⁴ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port.

⁵ This test report covers tests regarding to the RFID module, only. For details regarding the EMC tests of the host device "B-eco" please refer to TÜV SÜD Product Service report No. 69547-18069-1.

6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below ☒ Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)
If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable. If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range. The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).	

6.2 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207
 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 7.2.4

Guide: ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22

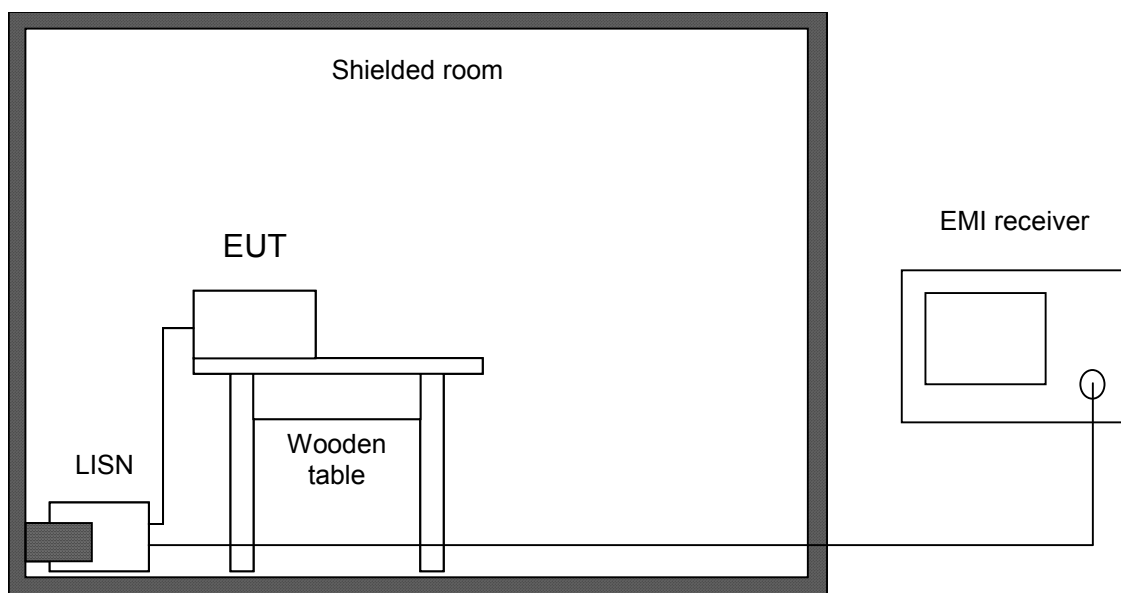
Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.

If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.

Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN. Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1059	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1218	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	1536	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Shielded room	No. 1	1451	---	Albatross
☒ Shielded room	No. 4	1454	3FD 100 544	Euroshield

6.3 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.215(b) and 15.225(a)-(d)
IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.5 and
IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6

Guide: ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

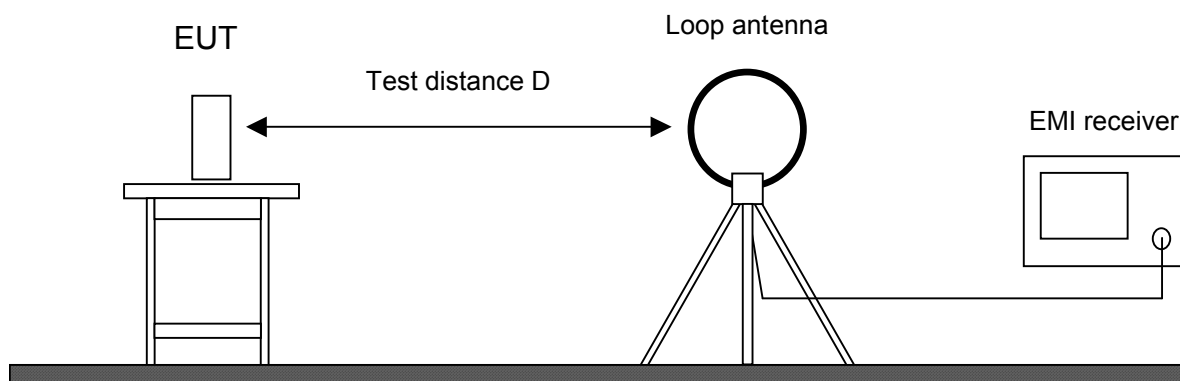
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☒ Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	1016	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐ Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☒ Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.4 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
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Guide:	ANSI C63.4
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Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room.

If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels.

Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following.

With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.

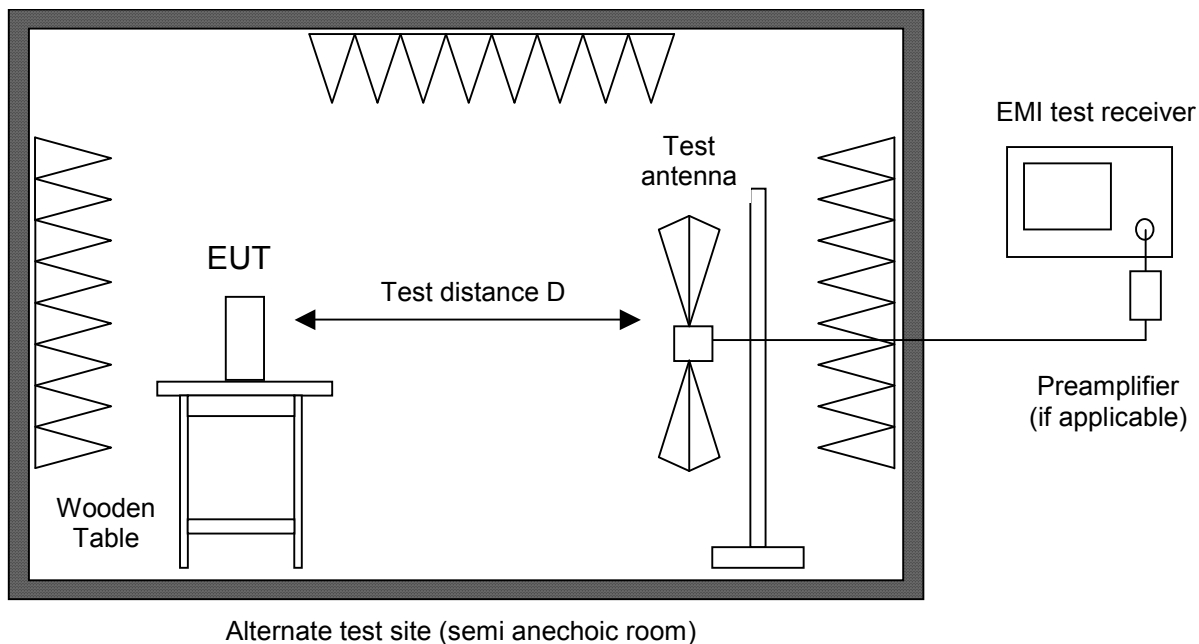
Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is discharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission.

Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected.

Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☒	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.5 Carrier Frequency Stability

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.7 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal is measured over a temperature variation of -20 °C to +50 °C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 °C.

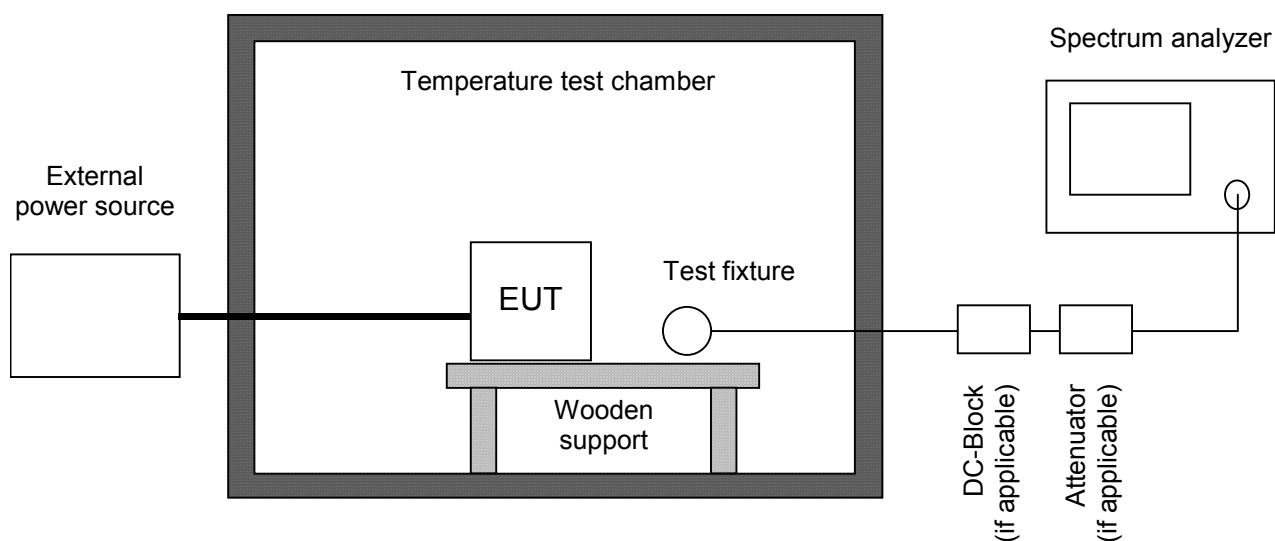
If the EUT provides an antenna connector the spectrum analyzer is connected to this port. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). In cases where the EUT does not provide an antenna connector a test fixture is used.

For battery operated equipment, the test is performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and is at least set to:

- the maximum battery voltage as delivered by a new battery or 115% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery nominal voltage
- 85% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer

The EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to the shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point on the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1% of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance allowed is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.



Test instruments used:

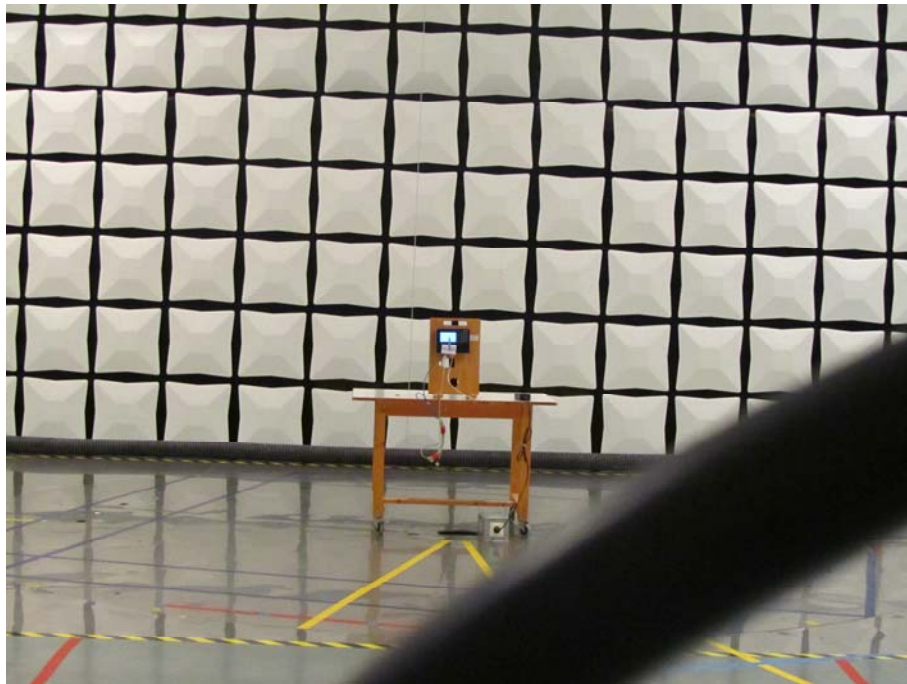
Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☐ Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
☐ Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
☐ Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda
☐ Test probe	TP 01	1628	001	TÜV SÜD PS
☒ Multimeter	21 III	1653	76530546	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	21 III	1654	76381229	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 77 III	1975	92370108	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 77 IV	1976	93090238	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 177	2025	96720024	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 177	2026	96720025	Fluke
☐ DC power supply	NGSM 32/10	1267	203	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ DC power supply	EA-PS 9080-50	1900	2005410112	EA-Elektronic-Automatik
☐ Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1127	10387	Grundig
☐ Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1128	10416	Grundig
☐ Temperature test chamber	HT 4010	1271	07065550	Heraeus

7 Photographs Taken During Testing

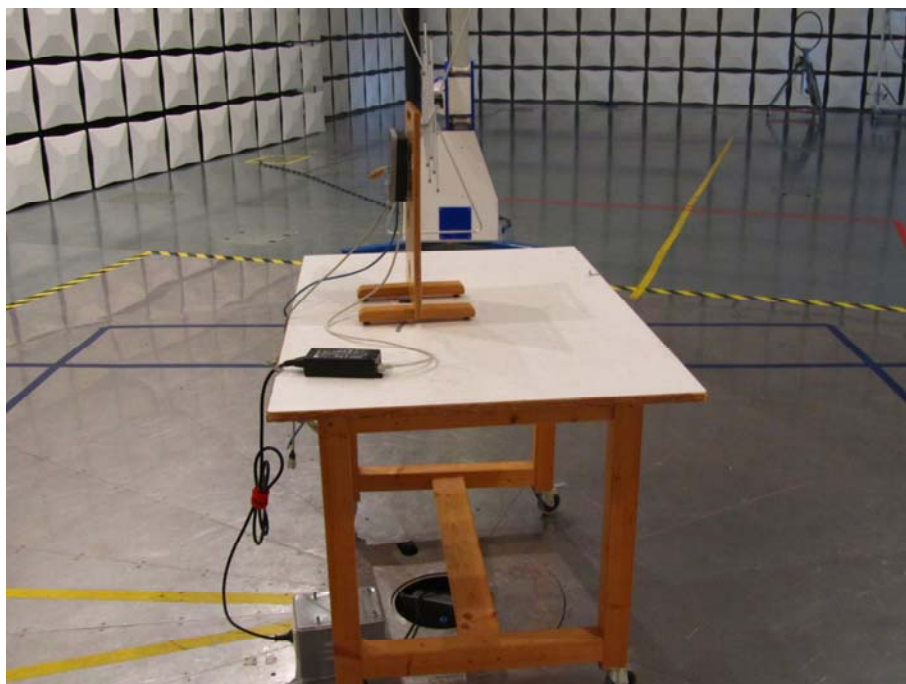
Test setup for conducted AC powerline emission measurement



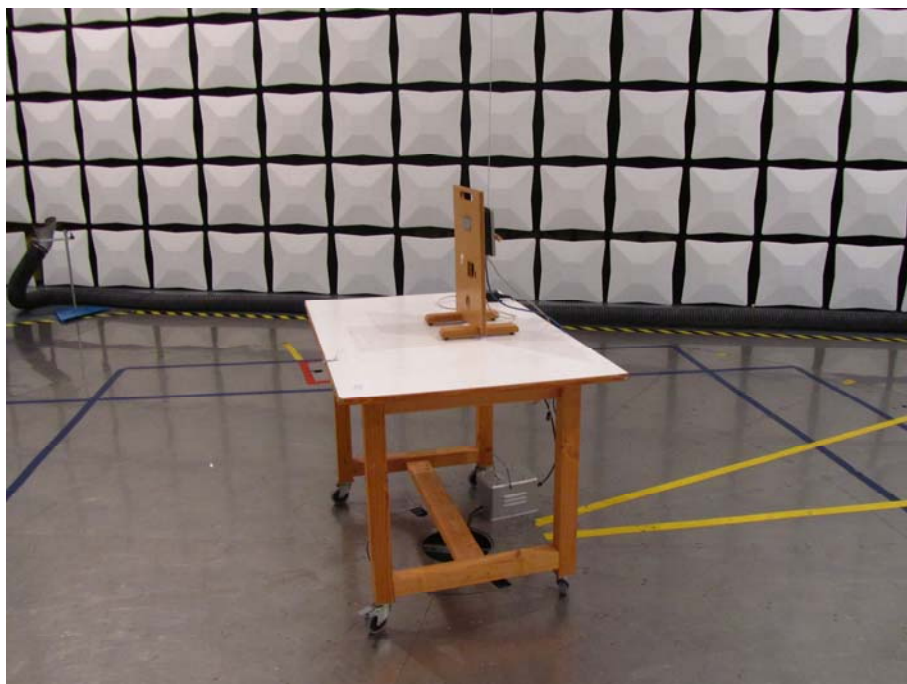
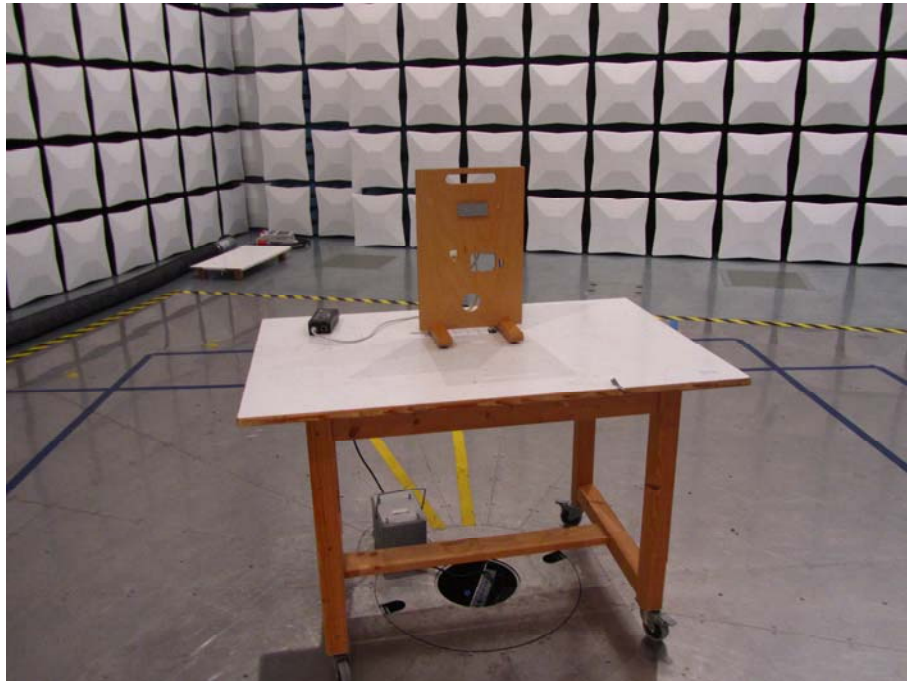
Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site)



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site) - continued -



8 Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power	---	Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	23	Recorded
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	29	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
15.205(a)	Restricted bands of operation	30	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	32	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.209	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	34	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.209	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz	35	Test passed

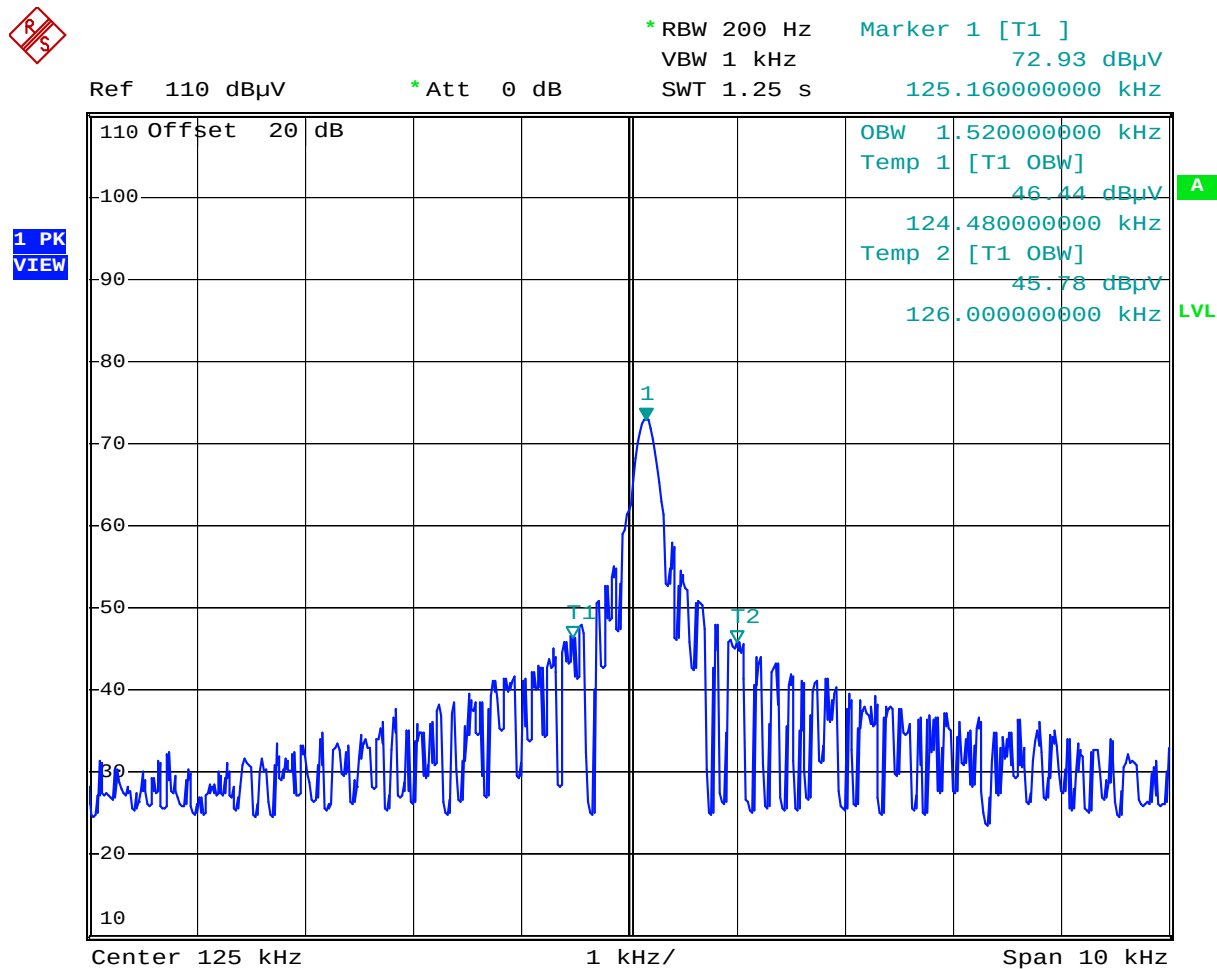
IC RSS-GEN Issue 3			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
4.8	Transmitter output power (conducted)	---	Not applicable
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	23	Recorded
8	Designation of emissions	29	Calculated
4.5	Pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
7.2.4	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	32	Test passed
7.2.2	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	30	Test passed
7.2.2(b)(c) 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	34	Test passed
7.2.2(b)(c) 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	35	Test passed
5.6	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	36	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission. The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	

Comment:	
Date of test:	February 8, 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 8.FEB.2013 09:34:34

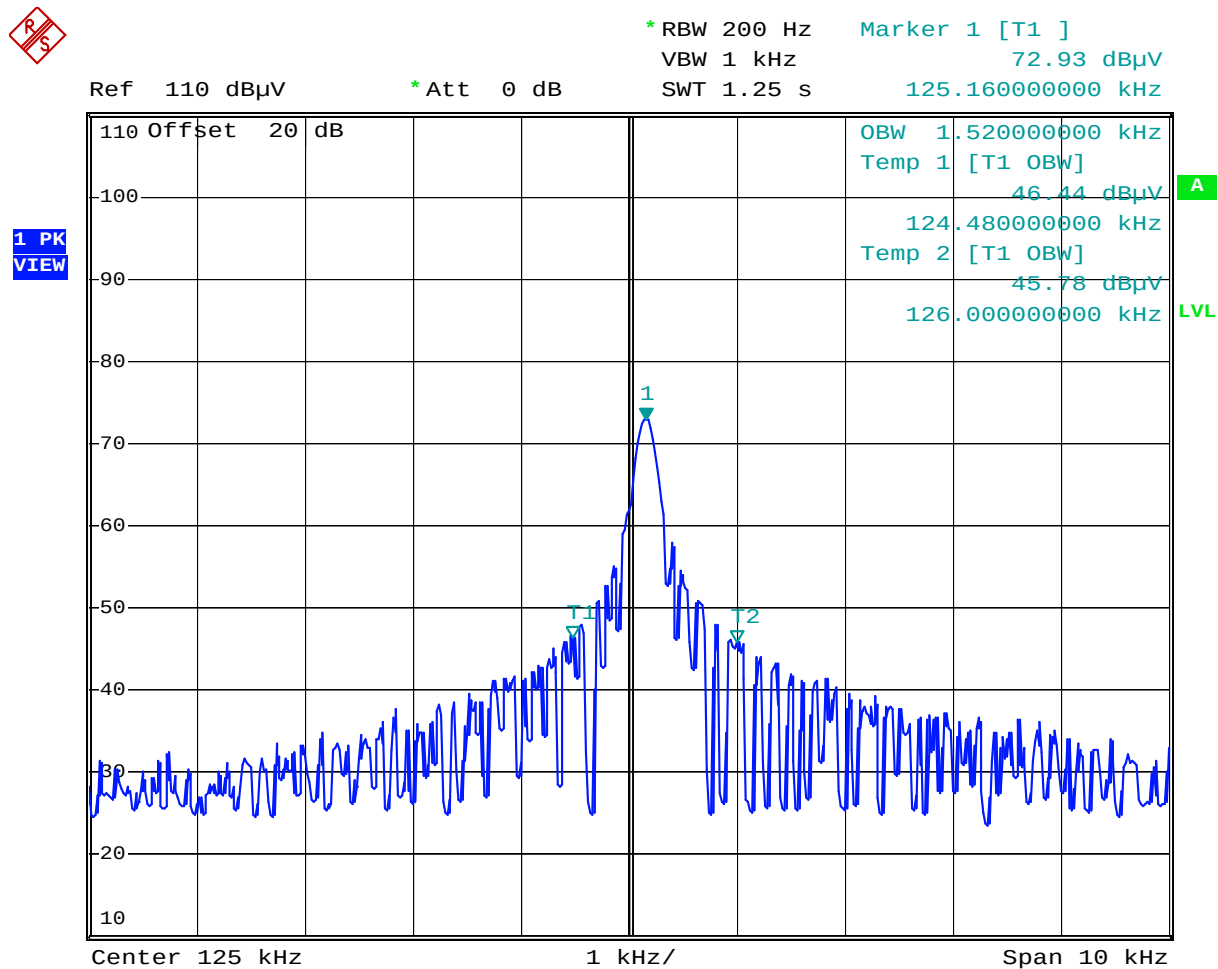
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): **1.52 kHz**

Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	
Date of test:	February 2, 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 8.FEB.2013 09:34:34

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): **1.52 kHz**

8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.5	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	
Comment:		
Date of test:	February 8, 2013	
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	



SELECT TRACE

1

Ref 110 dBµV

* Att 0 dB

* RBW 200 Hz

VBW 1 kHz

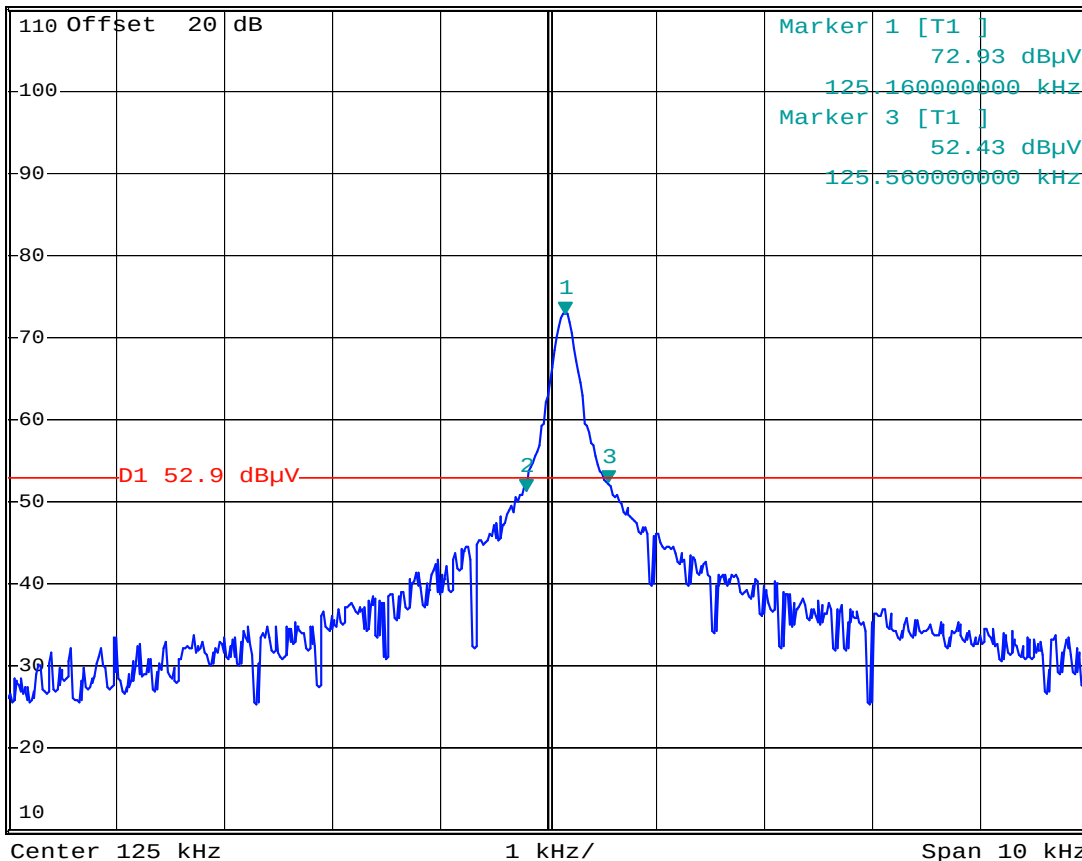
SWT 1.25 s

Marker 2 [T1]

51.23 dBµV

124.800000000 kHz

1 PK
MAXH



Date: 8.FEB.2013 09:36:37

Bandwidth of the emission:

0.76 kHz

8.3 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 8
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
---------------------	----------------------

B_n = Necessary Bandwidth	$B_n = 2BK$
B = Modulation rate	$B = 0.38 \text{ kHz}$
K = Overall numerical factor	$K = 1$
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (0.38 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 0.76 \text{ kHz}$

Designation of Emissions:	760HA1D
---------------------------	----------------

8.4 Restricted Bands of Operation

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section 7.2.2(a)
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed in CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) or IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.2(a).
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)

Comment:	
Date of test:	February 8, 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

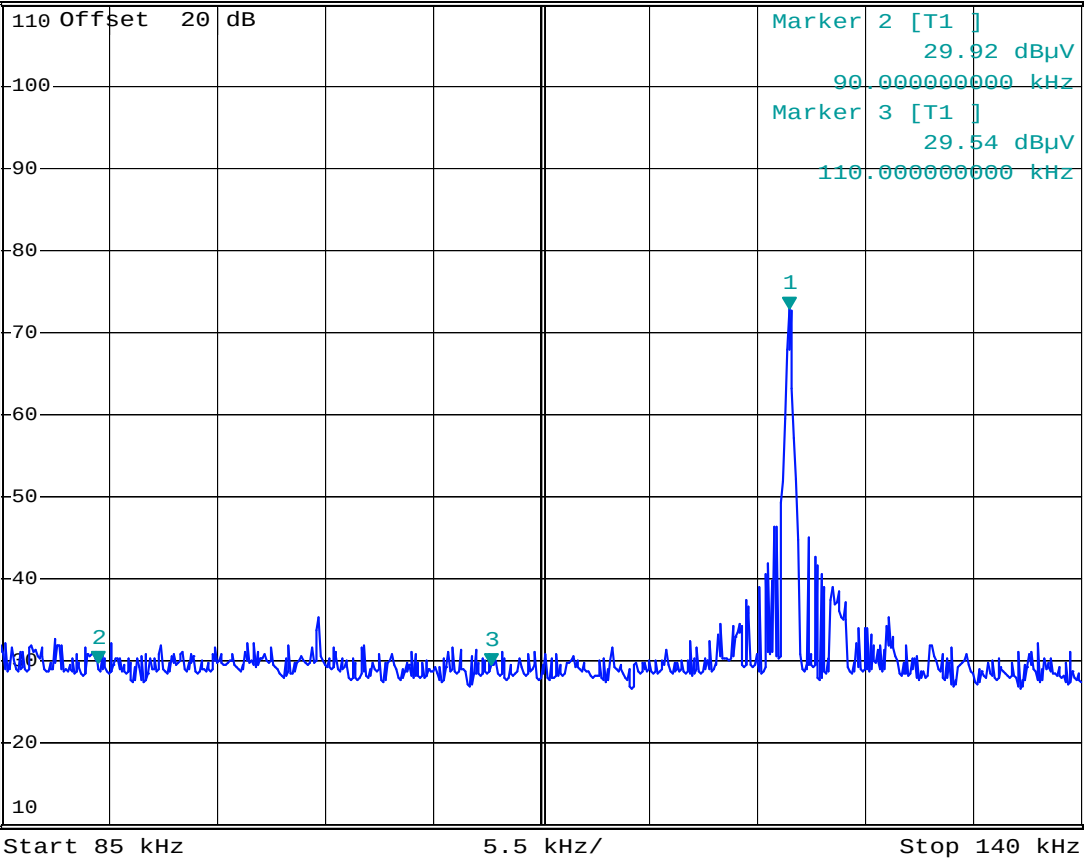


*RBW 200 Hz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 1 kHz 72.84 dBµV
*SWT 10 s 125.150000000 kHz

Ref 110 dBµV

*Att 10 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Date: 8.FEB.2013 09:42:05

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

8.5 Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.4		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
	0.5 - 5	56	46
	5 - 30	60	50
Measurement procedure:	Conducted AC Powerline Emission (6.2)		

Comment:	Tested on AC supply of PoE-adapter
Date of test:	January 31, 2013
Test site:	Shielded room, cabin no. 4

Test Result:	Test passed
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Tested on:	L1
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Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Final Value (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
0.235	Quasi-Peak	40.2	0.0	40.2	62.3	22.1
0.295	Quasi-Peak	44.9	0.0	44.9	60.4	15.5
0.355	Quasi-Peak	37.1	0.0	37.1	58.8	21.7
0.465	Average	33.1	0.0	33.1	46.6	13.5
0.470	Quasi-Peak	43.4	0.0	43.4	56.5	13.1
13.570	Average	24.7	0.0	24.7	50.0	25.3
13.585	Quasi-Peak	39.2	0.0	39.2	60.0	20.8
18.240	Average	44.6	0.0	44.6	50.0	5.4
18.300	Quasi-Peak	44.6	0.0	44.6	60.0	15.4
20.255	Quasi-Peak	49.7	0.0	49.7	60.0	10.3
20.255	Average	48.3	0.0	48.3	50.0	1.7
24.350	Average	38.6	0.0	38.6	50.0	11.4
24.530	Quasi-Peak	40.6	0.0	40.6	60.0	19.4

Tested on: N

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Final Value (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
0.230	Quasi-Peak	40.8	0.0	40.8	62.4	21.6
0.310	Quasi-Peak	39.2	0.0	39.2	60.0	20.8
0.400	Quasi-Peak	33.1	0.0	33.1	57.9	24.8
0.465	Average	32.6	0.0	32.6	46.6	14.0
0.470	Quasi-Peak	42.3	0.0	42.3	56.5	14.2
13.555	Quasi-Peak	58.7	0.0	58.7	60.0	1.3
15.615	Average	30.7	0.0	30.7	50.0	19.3
18.240	Quasi-Peak	46.9	0.0	46.9	60.0	13.1
18.240	Average	45.1	0.0	45.1	50.0	4.9
20.255	Quasi-Peak	49.9	0.0	49.9	60.0	10.1
20.255	Average	48.4	0.0	48.4	50.0	1.6
24.350	Average	37.4	0.0	37.4	50.0	12.6
24.530	Quasi-Peak	40.5	0.0	40.5	60.0	19.5

Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV)} = \text{Reading Value (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$$

8.6 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.209 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.5			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300
	0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30
	1.705 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.				
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)			

Comment:	
Date of test:	February 3, 2013
Test site:	Open field test site

Test Result:	Test passed
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Extrapolation factor: -40 dB/decade										
Frequency	Detector	Distance		Reading	Correction	Extrapolation	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
(MHz)		d1	d	Value	Factor	Factor	Correction	Value	(dBµV/m)	
		(m)	(m)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
0.12515	Quasi-Peak	10	300	31.4	20.0	-59.1		-7.7	25.7	33.3

Sample calculation of final values:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} &= (\text{Log}(d) - \text{Log}(d_1)) \cdot \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)} \\ \text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} &= \text{Reading Value } d_1 \text{ (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} \\ &\quad + \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

8.7 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.5		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)
	30 - 88	100	40.0
	88 - 216	150	43.5
	216 - 960	200	46.0
	Above 960	500	54.0
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.			
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site (6.4)		

Comment:	
Date of test:	February 5, 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
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Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
44.770	vertical	Quasi-Peak	12.7	15.9		28.6	40.0	11.4
193.360	vertical	Quasi-Peak	20.1	12.6		32.7	43.5	10.8
220.380	vertical	Quasi-Peak	23.1	12.7		35.8	46.0	10.2
274.500	vertical	Quasi-Peak	16.1	14.2		30.3	46.0	15.7
774.100	vertical	Quasi-Peak	14.5	23.2		37.7	46.0	8.3
829.400	vertical	Quasi-Peak	15.7	23.6		39.3	46.0	6.7

Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

8.8 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 5.6
Guide:	IC RSS-102 Issue 4, section 2.5

Exposure of Humans to RF Fields						Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption
The antenna is									
☐ detachable									
The conducted output power (CP in watts) is measured at the antenna connector: $CP = \dots\dots\dots W$ The effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP in watts) is calculated using ☐ the numerical antenna gain: $G = \dots\dots\dots$ $EIRP = G \cdot CP \Rightarrow EIRP = \dots\dots\dots W$ ☐ the field strength⁶ in V/m: $FS = \dots\dots\dots V/m$ $EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP = \dots\dots\dots W$ with: Distance between the antennas in m: $D = \dots\dots\dots m$								☐	
☒ not detachable									
A field strength measurement is used to determine the effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP in watts) given by⁶: $EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP = 5.8 \mu W$ with: Field strength in V/m: $FS = 4.4 mV/m$ Distance between the two antennas in m: $D = 3 m$								☒	☒
Selection of output power									
The output power TP is the higher of the conducted or effective isotropic radiated power (e.i.r.p.): $TP = 5.8 \mu W$									

⁶ The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses. If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.

9 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

☒	CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2012
☒	CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2012
☒	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
☐	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	June 7, 2009 (published on September 15, 2009)
☒	RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 3 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 8 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☐	RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 3 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	March 2010, footnote 13 updated December 2010
☐	ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
☒	CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997

☐	CAN/CSA- CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment	2002
		CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10 Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	
☐	CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2010
☒	TRC-43	Notes Regarding Designation of Emissions (Including Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	October, 2008

10 Test Equipment List with Calibration Data

Type	Inv.-No.	Type Designation	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Organization	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
EMI test receiver	1028	ESHS10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	09/2012	03/2014
EMI test receiver	1711	ESPI7	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
EMI test receiver	2044	ESU8	100232	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	07/2012	01/2014
Spectrum analyser	1666	FSP30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
V-network	1059	ESH3-Z5	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	08/2011	08/2013
Loop antenna	1016	HFH2-Z2	882964/0001	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	2058	VULB 9163	9163-408	Schwarzbeck	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
Multimeter	1653	21 III	76530546	Fluke	ZMK	11/2012	11/2014

- Note 1: No calibration required.
 Note 2: Not calibrated separately but with the whole test system when recording calibration data.
 Note 3: No calibration required. Devices are checked before use.
 Note 4: No calibration required. Devices are checked by calibrated equipment during test.

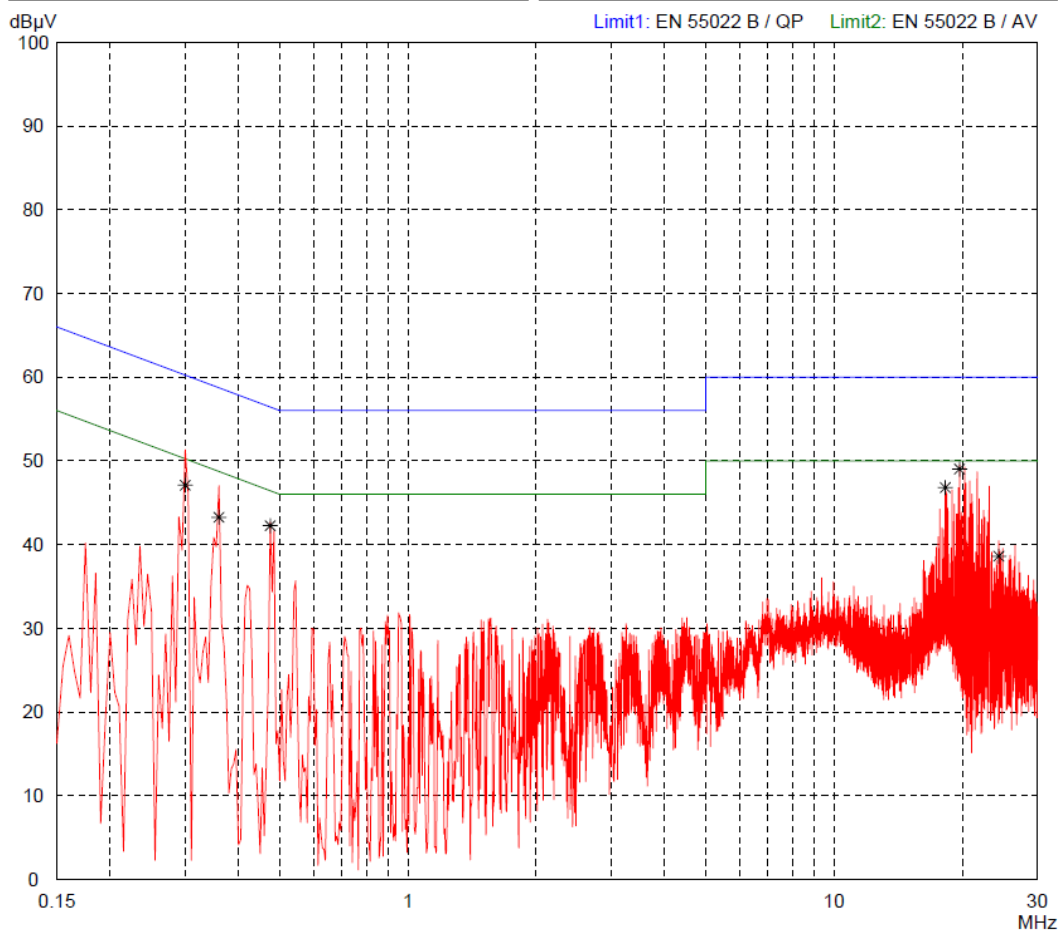
11 Revision History

Revision History			
<i>Edition</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
1	2013-04-23	Martin Steindl (gz)	First Edition

Annex A Charts taken during testing

Conducted Emission Test 150 kHz - 30 MHz according to EN 55022 Class B / CISPR 22

Model: B-eco HiD prox 125kHz	Mode: -active mode -powered via POE -120V/ 60Hz
Serial no.: ---	
Applicant: Kaba GmbH	
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4	
Tested on: Linecord Phase L1	
Date of test: 2013-01-31	Operator: C. Kiermeier
Test performed: automatically	File name:
Detector: Peak / Final Results: QP	
Final results: 20 dB Margin 25 Subranges	

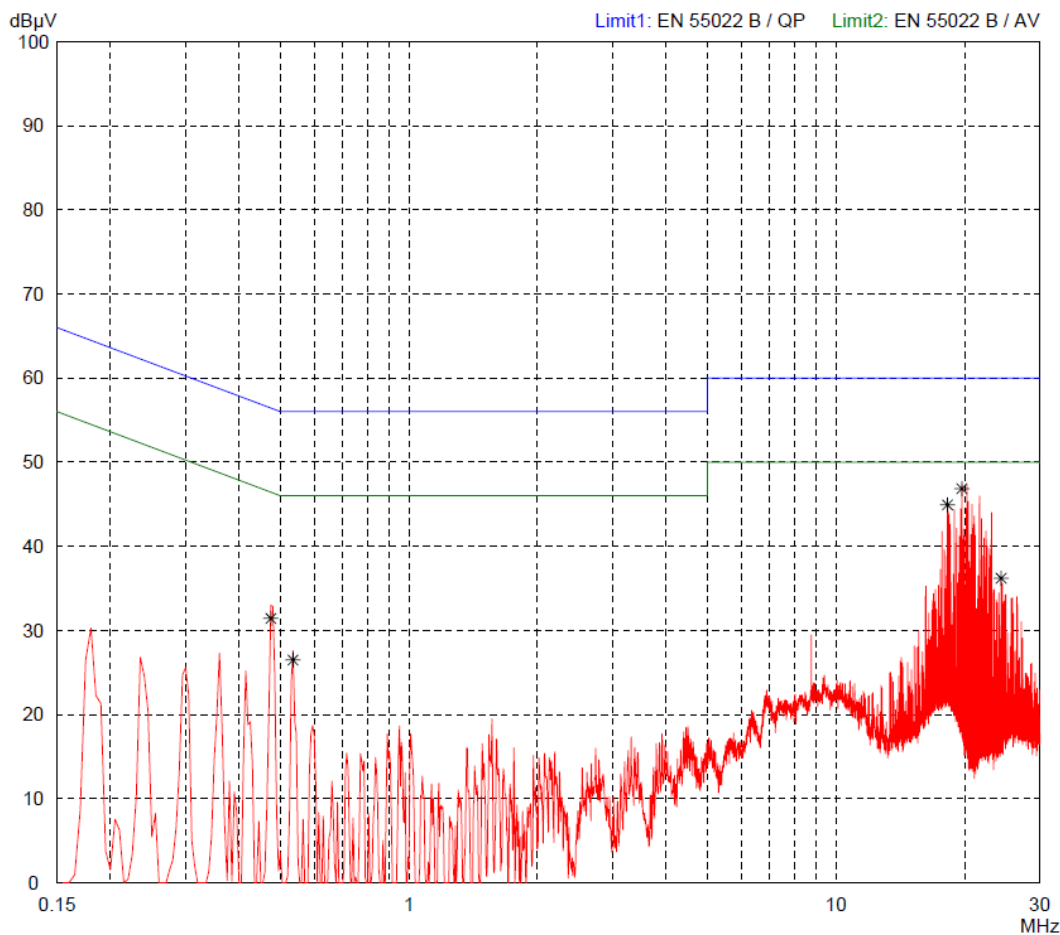


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Conducted Emission Test 150 kHz - 30 MHz according to EN 55022 Class B / CISPR 22

Model: B-eco HiD prox 125kHz	Mode: -active mode -powered via POE -120V/ 60Hz
Serial no.: ---	
Applicant: Kaba GmbH	
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4	
Tested on: Linecord Phase L1	
Date of test: 2013-01-31	Operator: C. Kiermeier
Test performed: automatically	File name:

Detector: Average / Final Results: AV	Final results: 20 dB Margin	25 Subranges
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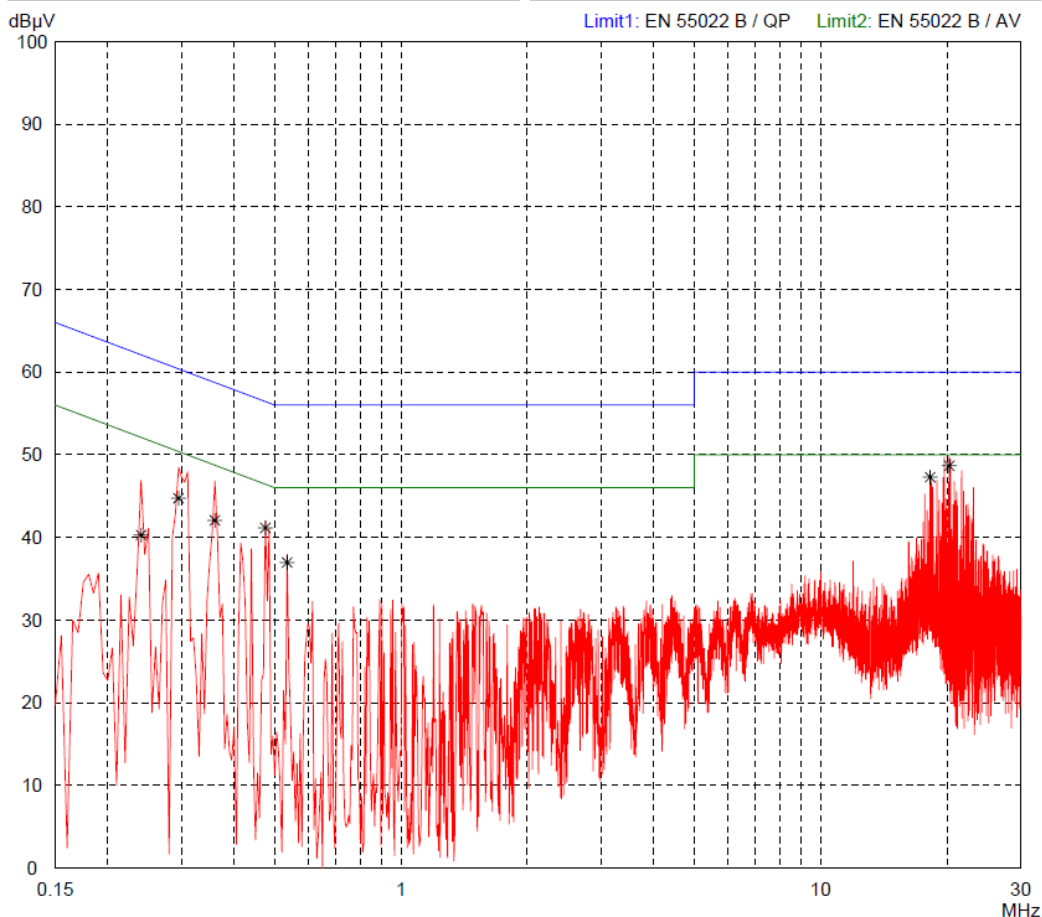


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Conducted Emission Test 150 kHz - 30 MHz according to EN 55022 Class B / CISPR 22

Model: B-eco HiD prox 125kHz	Mode: -active mode -powered via POE -120V/ 60Hz
Serial no.: ---	
Applicant: Kaba GmbH	
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4	
Tested on: Linecord Phase N	
Date of test: 2013-01-31	Operator: C. Kiermeier
Test performed: automatically	File name:

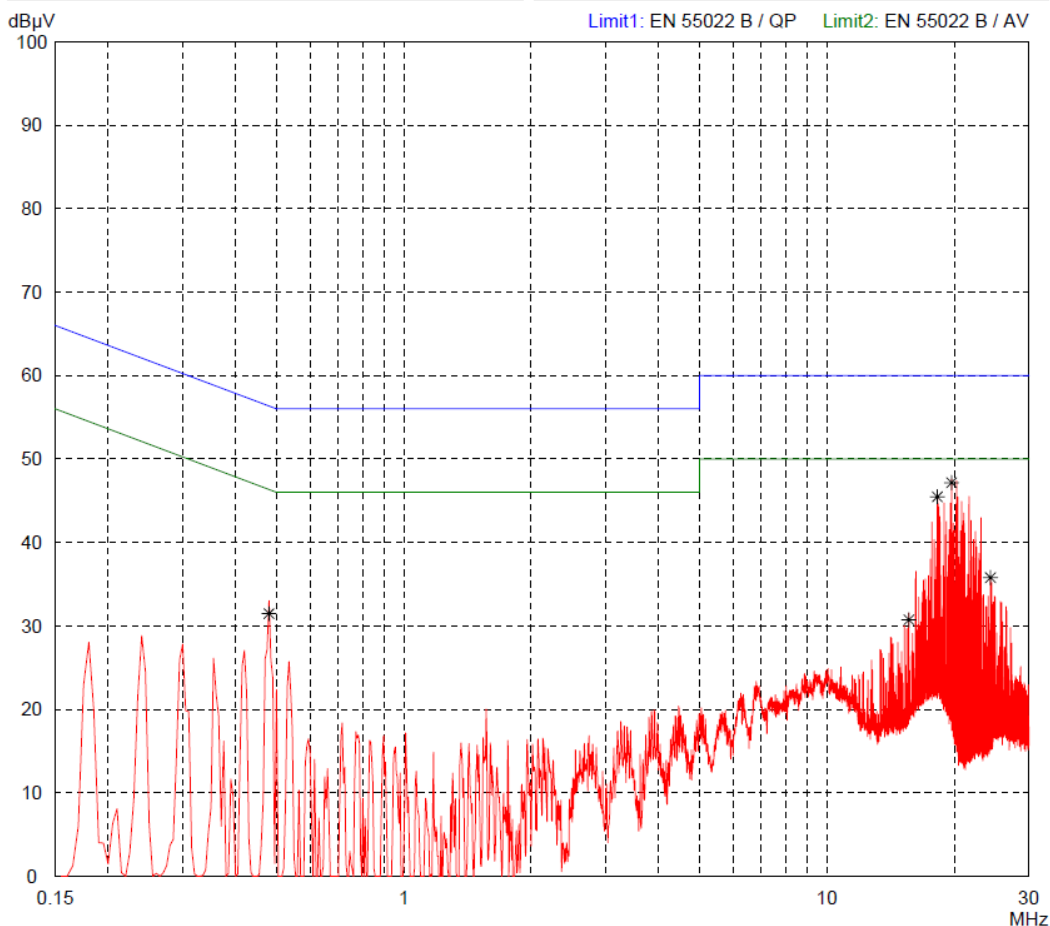
Detector: Peak / Final Results: QP	Final results: 20 dB Margin 25 Subranges
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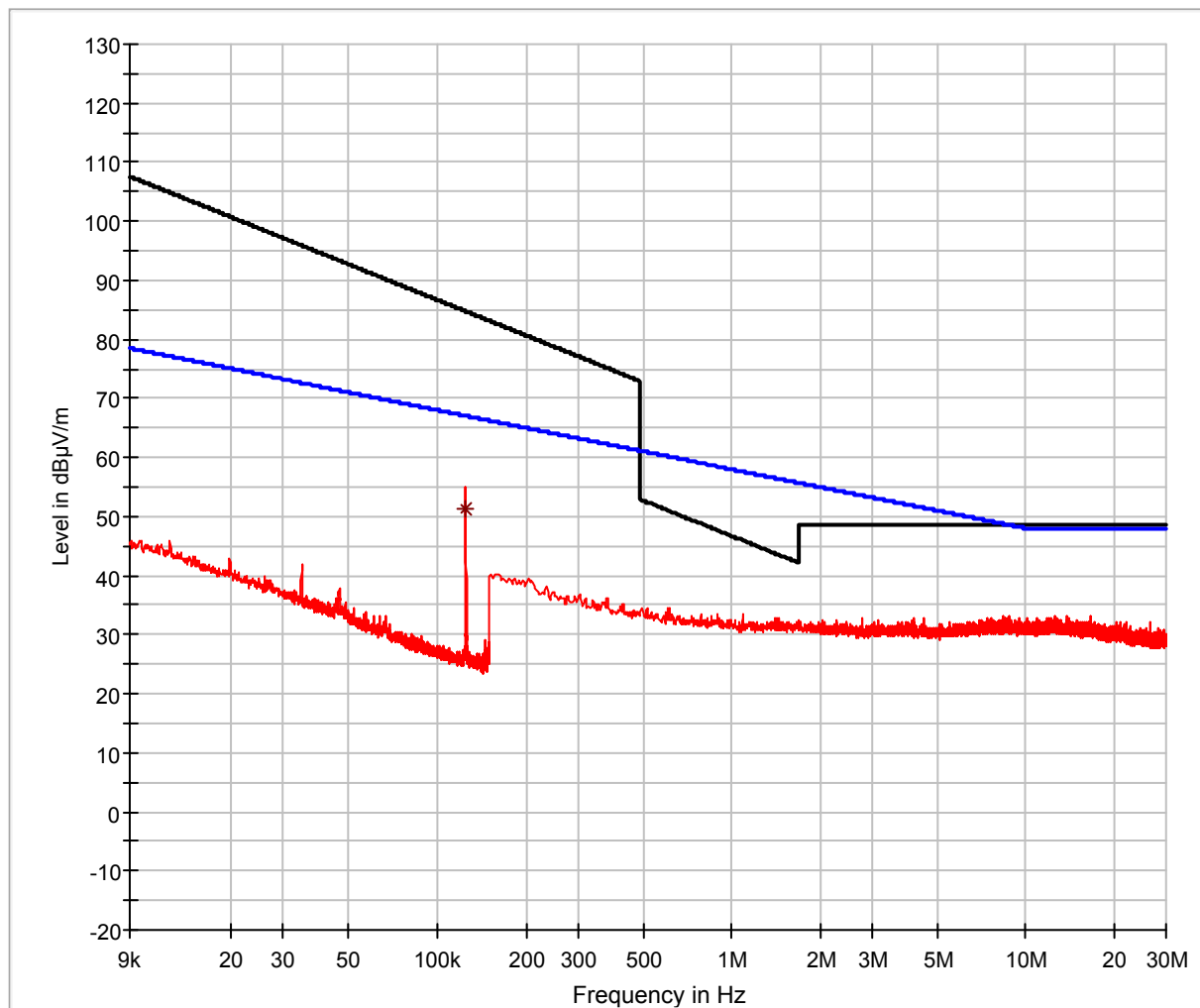
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Conducted Emission Test 150 kHz - 30 MHz according to EN 55022 Class B / CISPR 22

Model: B-eco HiD prox 125kHz	Mode: -active mode -powered via POE -120V/ 60Hz
Serial no.: ---	
Applicant: Kaba GmbH	
Test site: Shielded room, cabin no. 4	
Tested on: Linecord Phase N	
Date of test: 2013-01-31	Operator: C. Kiermeier
Test performed: automatically	File name:
Detector: Average / Final Results: AV	
Final results: 20 dB Margin 25 Subranges	

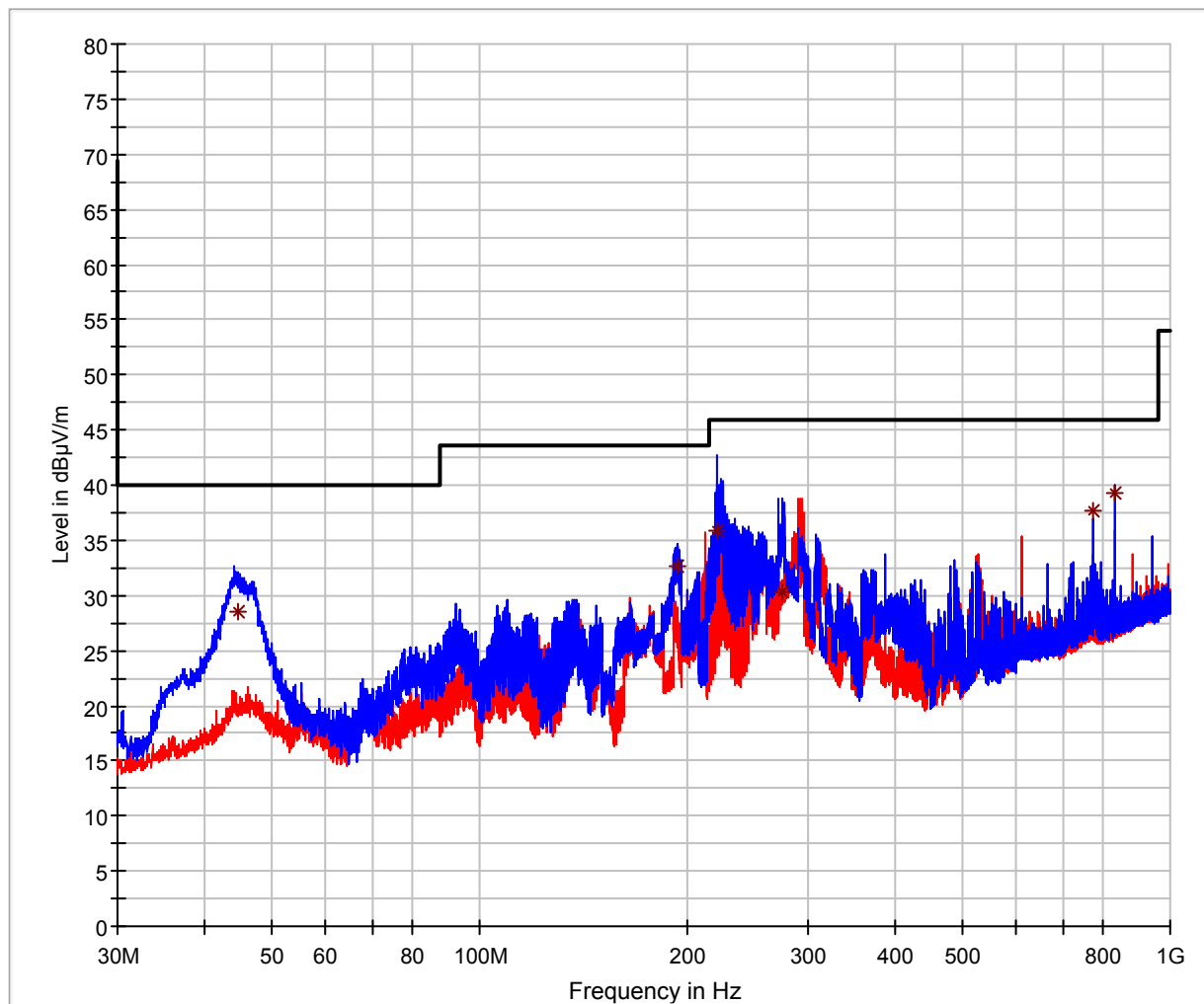


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— FCC 15.209 mag (10 m) — EN 300 330 tx mag
 — Preview Result 1-PK+ * Final Result 1-QPK

Radiated emissions 9 kHz – 30 MHz



— FCC 15.209
 — Preview Result 1V-PK+
 — Preview Result 1H-PK+
 * Final Result 1-QPK

Radiated emissions 30 MHz – 1 GHz