



**Technical Report to the FCC and ISED Regarding
Gentex Corporation - Homelink® VI**

**Model: FDMHL6B
FCC ID: NZLFDMHL6B
ISED: 4112A-FDMHL6B**

**Emission Designator: 180K3F7D
4/30/2026**

A report concerning approval for Gentex Corporation Homelink® model FDMHL6B
Please issue grant immediately upon review.

Measurements Made by:

Bolay Pacheco

Digitally signed by Bolay
Pacheco
Date: 2026.05.08 11:20:59
-04'00'

Bolay Pacheco
Laboratory Validation Engineer III
Gentex Corporation

Measurements Reviewed by:

Michael Foster

Digitally signed by Michael
Foster
Date: 2026.05.08 09:46:42
-04'00'

Michael Foster
Laboratory Regulatory Engineer I
Gentex Corporation

Report Prepared by:

**Patricia
Szeszulski**

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Szeszulski
Date: 2026.05.11 10:06:14
-04'00'

Patricia Szeszulski
Laboratory Validation Engineer I
Gentex Corporation

Report Approved by:

**Jason Vargo
Laboratory Manager I**

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Vargo Laboratory Manager I
Date: 2026.05.12 11:48:11
-04'00'

Jason Vargo
Laboratory Manager I
Gentex Corporation

Submitted by:

Brian Miller

Digitally signed by Brian Miller
Date: 2026.05.08 09:50:17 -04'00'

Brian Miller
Laboratory Group Leader – Regulatory II
Gentex Corporation

Test Report Revision

REV Number	Date	Author	Description
1.0	4/30/2026	Patricia Szeszulski	Initial Release

Results relate only to the items tested as received.

Compliance has been evaluated based on the Lab Manual section 7.6.2. The decision rule used regarding measurement uncertainty was to determine results solely on whether the measured values met the defined acceptance criteria without factoring in measurement uncertainty values.

1. General Information

1.1. Product Description

The Gentex Corporation HomeLink® HLVI Universal Garage Door Opener is a low-power transceiver OEM device that is installed into the rearview mirror of an automobile. The installation is provided by trained technicians during the course of the manufacture of the automobile. It is powered by the 12 Volt system of the automobile.

This Universal Garage Door Opener has the capability to

1. Learn the frequency and bit code format of the user's existing garage door remote control devices
2. Transmit and receive frequency hopping spread spectrum in the 902 to 928 MHz band using an internal antenna as per Federal Communications Commission "Code of Federal Regulations", Title 47, Part 15.247

The unit is designed for the periodic operation of a control signal, which typically activates a garage door opener receiver.

The unit is supplied to the automobile manufacturer without harness. For testing purposes, a typical assembly and 2-conductor cable harness were used to power the unit.

The three-button HomeLink® unit replaces up to three hand-held transmitters. In addition to the typical operation of the garage door, the unit will learn the radio frequency codes of other transmitter types to activate entry door locks, estate gates, security systems, and home or office lighting.

The antenna system is an integral part of the unit. It cannot be altered nor replaced by the user. The service of this system is only available from the Automobile Manufacturer's Dealerships and Gentex Corporation.

1.2. Related Grants

This device will have functionality that is covered under 47 CFR 15.231 and 15B. The device will have an FCC ID # of NZLFDMHL6B and an ISED ID # of 4112A-FDMHL6B under both rule parts. A separate report has been submitted for the other rule parts.

1.3. Test Methodology

Radiated Emissions testing was performed according to ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024. The power source for this product is a 12V automotive vehicle battery.

Conducted measurements were performed using a power supply.

Measurements were performed per FCC OET KDB 558074.

The unit is supplied to the automobile manufacturer without harness. For testing purposes, a 2-conductor cable harness was used to interface to the unit. The unit ground is provided through the negative terminal of the harness.

1.4. Test Facility

The 3-meter semi-anechoic chamber where these measurements were taken, is located on the grounds of Gentex Corporation's Corporate Labs, in the city of Zeeland, county of Ottawa, state of Michigan, United States of America.

For radiated measurements above 1 GHz, RF absorbing material is placed between the antenna and EUT in accordance with ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024 Section 5.5 and chamber manufacturer's instructions.

The 3m chamber has been added to our A2LA scope of accreditation on 05/20/2016 and includes accreditation to ANSI C63.4:2014, ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024. The report filed with ISED, dated February 11, 2015, was accepted via a letter dated February 11, 2015. Our 3m chamber is registered with the ISED under Site# 4112A-2 and FCC under registration number 357351.

Corporate Mailing/Shipping Address

Gentex Corporation
600 N. Centennial Street
Zeeland, MI 49464

Site Address

Gentex Corporation
380 Riley Street
Zeeland, MI 49423

1.5. Accreditation

The Gentex Corporate EMC Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Our laboratory scope and accreditation certificate #[2529.01](#) are available from their web site www.a2la.org. Our scope of accreditation covers ANSI C63.4:2014, ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024, and Radiated Emissions at 3m, FCC 47 CFR Part 15, ISED RSS-210, and ISED RSS-247.

2. Product Labeling

2.1. Identifiers

The FCC Identifier assigned is FCC ID: NZLFDMHL6B. The ISED certification number is 4112A-FDMHL6B. These identifiers will be labeled on the product housing.

The label will be placed on the exterior of the HL housing using laser etching that will permanently affix the label.

Because of the small size of the device and because the installation is inside a portion of the automobile, the following statements will appear in the user's manual. Refer to attachment "Users Manual.pdf" for the entire text of the user's manual.

"This device complies with FCC rules Part 15 and with ISED RSS-247. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference,
- (2) This device must accept any interference that may be received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

WARNING: The transmitter has been tested and complies with FCC and ISED rules. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for the compliance could void the user's authority to operate the device."

The term “ISED:” before the certification/registration number only signifies that ISED technical specifications were met.

ISED: 4112A-FDMHL6B

FCC ID: NZLFDMHL6B

MODEL: FDMHL6B

2.2. Label Drawing and Location on Product

The label drawing and location of the label on the assembly is included in the “Label Location.pdf” attachment.

3. Test Configuration

Radiated Emission measurements presented in the report were made in accordance with ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024. The EUT was placed on a 1 x 1.5m non-metallic table elevated 80cm above a conducting ground plane for measurements below 1GHz and elevated to 1.5m for measurements above 1GHz. The harness was run down the edge of the test table to a power supply beneath the turntable.

For radiated measurements above 1 GHz, RF absorbing material is placed between the antenna and EUT in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2014 Section 5.5 and chamber manufacturer’s instructions.

For conducted measurements, a non-metallic table approximately 80cm x 90cm, 85cm above the floor was used.

4. Block Diagram

For system block diagram please refer to attachment named “HLVI Block Diagram.pdf”

5. Powerline Conducted Emissions Measurements

Powerline Conducted Measurements are not required for this product as the part is powered via 12V battery.

6. Emissions Data

6.1. Date(s) Tested: 4/24/2026

6.2. Test Method Deviations: None

6.3. Temperature and Humidity conditions

	Measured Value	Unit
Temperature	21.5-21.9	°C
Humidity	49.3-51.3	%R.H.

6.4. Summary of Results (Part 15.247)

Measurement		Margin	Frequency
Worst Case Spurious Emission	70.75 dBuV/m	3.25	2744.25MHz
Maximum 20dB BW	204.95kHz	295.1kHz	-
Maximum 99% BW	180.3kHz	319.7kHz	-
Minimum Carrier Frequency Separation	499.3kHz	294.4kHz	-
Number of Hopping Frequencies	50	-	-
Peak Output Power	6.127dBm	23.9dB	914.75MHz
Time of Occupancy	4.2ms multiplied by 89= 0.375s	0.025s	-

- Band Edge Measurement Requirement:** Per section 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

- Duty Cycle Factor Corrections:** Since the frequency hopping is turned off for the radiated measurements, a duty cycle factor is used to correct the average readings based on the dwell time. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the dwell time in any 100 ms period. The duty cycle is calculated as the (dwell time/100ms) where the dwell time is limited to 100ms. The duty cycle factor is $20 \cdot \log(\text{duty cycle})$. The duty cycle factor is calculated as **-27.5dB**. ($-27.5\text{dB} = 20 \cdot \log(4.203\text{ms}/100\text{ms})$).

- Measurement Uncertainty:** The standard uncertainty of measurement has been determined in accordance with the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurements. The estimation of measurement uncertainty reported is the expanded uncertainty for a coverage factor of $k=2.26$ and confidence interval of approximately 95%.

Expanded Uncertainty $U_{(k=2.26)}$ is as follows:

- Radiated Emissions – Bicon (30-250 MHz): 4.1 dB
- Radiated Emissions – LPA (250-1000 MHz): 5.0 dB
- Radiated Emissions – DRWG (26.5 GHz): 4.2 dB
- Conducted Emissions: 1.04 dB
- Frequency: 0.007 ppm

6.5. Test Equipment Setup and Procedure

6.5.1. Sample(s) Used for Measurements

Sample ID(s):	905-7345-165403-1, 905-7345-165222-1
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6.5.2. Test Equipment Used for Conducted Measurement

Equipment Used						
ID / Serial #	Manufacturer	Description	Type	Cal / PM Due Date	last Cal Date	Interval
6595	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR26	EMI Receiver	02/20/2027	2/20/2026	1 Year
S/N: PJ2246	Lindgren	3M Chamber	Shielded Enclosure	6/30/2026	3/11/2026	Quarterly
5835	Omega	iBTHX-W Virtual	Chart Recorder	01/09/2027	1/9/2026	1 Year
H4554	Fluke	87	Multimeter	02/05/2027	2/5/2026	1 Year
SW48	Gentex	Gentex Emissions Measurement Software	Software	3/31/2027	3/31/2026	1 Year
CBL 102	Pasternack	PE341-60	Cable	4/30/2027	4/20/2026	1 Year
AT55	Pasternack	PE7094-10, 10 dB, DC to 18 GHz, 2W	Attenuator	1/31/2027	1/29/2026	1 Year

6.5.3. Test Equipment Used for Radiated Measurement Equipment

Equipment Used						
ID / Serial #	Manufacturer	Description	Type	Cal / PM Due Date	last Cal Date	Interval
6595	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR26	EMI Receiver	02/20/2027	2/20/2026	1 Year
CF GCL	Megaphase / Pasternack	CBL 94, CBL 96, CBL 158, AT26, Port N3	Cable and Feedthroughs	8/31/2026	8/31/2025	1 Year
H6192	EMCO	3148 Log Periodic RX	Antenna	05/13/2027	5/13/2024	3 years
8893	Com-Power	AHA-118 Double Ridged Waveguide Horn	Antenna	04/22/2027	4/22/2024	3 Years
Tower 2	ETS-Lindgren	2171B Boresight Tower	Antenna Positioner	VBU	VBU	N/A
S/N: PJ2246	Lindgren	3M Chamber	Shielded Enclosure	6/30/2026	3/11/2026	Quarterly
5835	Omega	iBTHX-W Virtual	Chart Recorder	01/09/2027	1/9/2026	1 Year
6539	Stanley	Tape Measure	Measurement Tool	06/19/2026	6/19/2023	3 Years
H4554	Fluke	87	Multimeter	02/05/2027	2/5/2026	1 Year
SW30	Gentex	3m Chamber Software	Software	3/31/2027	3/31/2026	1 Year
SW48	Gentex	Gentex Emissions Measurement Software	Software	3/31/2027	3/31/2026	1 Year
Absorber 1	ETS-Lindgren	EHP-12PCL	Absorber Material	VBU	VBU	N/A
H6187	EMCO	3110B Biconical RX	Antenna	05/13/2027	5/13/2024	3 Year
CBL 143	MegaPhase	GC29-N1N1-192	Cable	4/30/2027	4/20/2026	1 Year
S/N:273123	Sonoma Instrument Co.	310N, 32dB	Preamplifier	12/31/2026	12/11/2025	1 Year
7691	A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-571 Double Ridged Guide Horn	Antenna	7/5/2026	7/5/2024	3 Years
S/N:2069595	Miteq	AMF-4F-18002650-20-10P, 30 dB	Preamplifier	10/31/2026	10/14/2025	1 Year

6.5.4. Test Equipment Setup and Procedure

EMI Receiver Settings Emissions:

Detector Function	: Peak
Resolution Bandwidth	:120kHz (below 1GHz)
	:1MHz (above 1GHz)
Video Bandwidth:	:300kHz (below 1GHz)
	:3MHz (above 1GHz)

EMI Receiver (in Spectrum Analyzer mode) Settings Occupied Bandwidth:

Detector	: Peak
Resolution Bandwidth	:1 MHz (to determine peak level)
	:10 kHz (to determine occupied bandwidth)
Video Bandwidth	:3 MHz (to determine peak level)
	:30 kHz (to determine occupied bandwidth)

Spectrum Analyzer Settings for Conducted measurements:

Detector Function	: Peak
Resolution Bandwidth	:120kHz (below 1GHz)
	:1MHz (above 1GHz)
Video Bandwidth:	:300kHz (below 1GHz)
	:3MHz (above 1GHz)

For the testing, the EUT was placed at the center of a non-conducting table 80cm above the ground plane pursuant to ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024 for stand-alone equipment. The 2-conductor harness was run down the edge of the test table to a power supply underneath the turntable.

Equipment is placed in one of the three orthogonal orientations, End, Side, and Flat. These orientations are described below in Figure 6.2.3

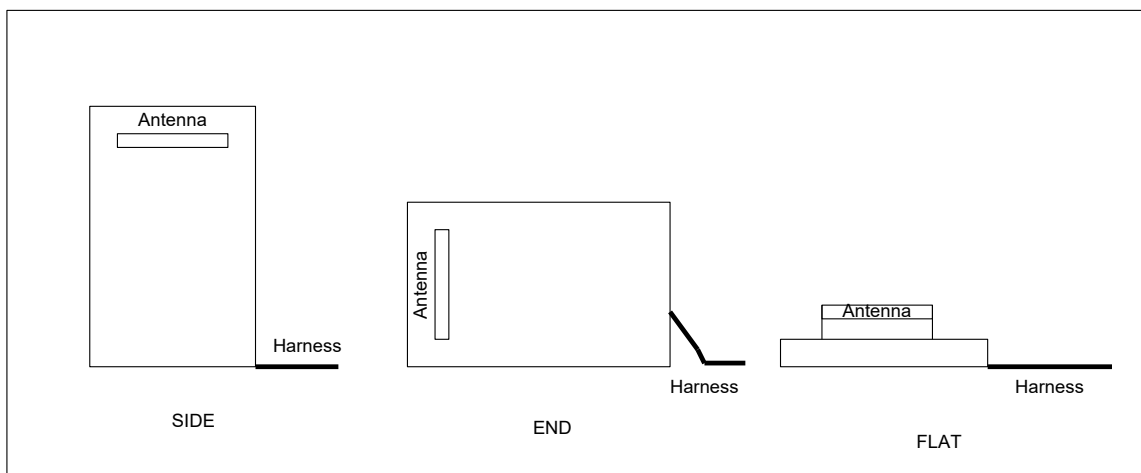


Figure 6.2.3 EUT Orthogonal Orientations

While in the prescribed orientation, the vertical antenna positioner sweeps in elevation from 1 to 4m in height until the operator finds the peak. The 3m turntable is then rotated through 360 degrees until a peak is found. The table is stopped at the peak location and the peak in elevation re-verified. Procedure is repeated for applicable orientations/measurement antenna polarizations. Radiated testing was performed in-vehicle position only.

6.6. Measured Data – See Appendix A

7. Formulas and Sample Calculations

7.1. Adjustment to account for duty cycle

To calculate the duty cycle correction factor for the average measurement, the following calculation was performed.

3.5ms while in Wireless Diagnostic mode was used for the on time, as this was the worst case.

Duty cycle Correction Factor = $20 \cdot \log(\text{On Time}(\text{ms}) / 100\text{ms})$.

$-27.5\text{dB} = 20 \cdot \log(4.203\text{ms}/100\text{ms})$

7.2. Calculation of ISED Limits from RSS-247 and 47 CFR Part 15.247

The Peak Tx Spurious Emissions limit for the fundamental is given by:

Limit dBuV/m = $1W \text{ ERP} = 127.38 \text{ dBuV/m}$, which is the fundamental limit.

The Rx Spurious Emissions limit for the fundamental is given by:

Limit dBuV/m = $20 \cdot \log(200\text{uV/m}) = 46.0\text{dBuV/m}$

The Rx Spurious Emissions limit for the harmonics is given by:

Limit dBuV/m = $20 \cdot \log(500\text{uV/m}) = 54.0\text{dBuV/m}$

8. Power Targets

Region	Frequency (MHz)	CW Target (Hex)
9	900-928 (FHSS)	7F

Appendix A

1. Radiated (Tx) Measurements

Note: The Duty Cycle Correction factors are the worst case based on a 4.203ms dwell time.

Measurement Settings:

Measurement Frequency: Below 1GHz

Span: 500kHz or greater

RBW: 100/120kHz

VBW: 300kHz or 3 x RBW

Sweep Time: 25ms

Attenuation: Auto

Measurement Frequency: Above 1GHz

Span: 500kHz or greater

RBW: 1MHz

VBW: 3MHz or 3 x RBW

Sweep Time: 25ms

Attenuation: Auto

1.1. DUT Transmitting at 902.25MHz (Fundamental) –

Peak Measurement - 902.25MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Orientation (Flat/End/Side)	Measurement Polarization (H/V)	Measurement (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
902.25	Side	H	101.8	127.3	25.50
1804.5	Side	H	71.55	81.8	10.25
2706.75	Side	H	69.65	74.0	4.35
3609	Side	H	51.13	74.0	22.87
4511.25	Side	H	50.3	74.0	23.70
5413.5	Side	H	51.23	74.0	22.77
6315.75	Side	H	54.32	81.8	27.48
7218	Side	H	57.13	74.0	16.87
8120.25	Side	V	53.51	74.0	20.49
9022.5	Side	V	56.23	74.0	17.77

Average Measurement - 902.25MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Orientation (Flat/End/Side)	Measurement Polarization (H/V)	Measurement (dBuV/m)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Average Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1804.5	Side	H	71.55	-27.5	44.0	61.8	17.79
2706.75	Side	H	69.65	-27.5	42.1	54.0	11.89
3609	Side	H	51.13	-27.5	23.6	54.0	30.41
4511.25	Side	H	50.3	-27.5	22.8	54.0	31.24
5413.5	Side	H	51.23	-27.5	23.7	54.0	30.31
6315.75	Side	H	54.32	-27.5	26.8	61.8	35.02
7218	Side	H	57.13	-27.5	29.6	54.0	24.41
8120.25	Side	V	53.51	-27.5	26.0	54.0	28.03
9022.5	Side	V	56.23	-27.5	28.7	54.0	25.31

1.2. DUT Transmitting at 914.75MHz (Fundamental) – FCC 15.247

Peak Measurement - 914.75MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Orientation (Flat/End/Side)	Measurement Polarization (H/V)	Measurement (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
914.75	Side	H	100.06	127.3	27.24
1829.5	Side	H	73.23	80.1	6.83
2744.25	Side	H	70.75	74.0	3.25
3659	Side	H	50.79	74.0	23.21
4573.75	Side	V	53.68	74.0	20.32
5488.5	Side	H	54.2	74.0	19.80
6403.25	Side	V	57.56	80.1	22.50
7318	Side	H	57.71	74.0	16.29
8232.75	Side	V	55.71	74.0	18.29
9147.5	Side	V	57.21	74.0	16.79

Average Measurement - 914.75MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Orientation (Flat/End/Side)	Measurement Polarization (H/V)	Measurement (dBuV/m)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Average Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1829.5	Side	H	73.23	-27.5	45.7	60.1	14.37
2744.25	Side	H	70.75	-27.5	43.2	54.0	10.79
3659	Side	H	50.79	-27.5	23.3	54.0	30.75
4573.75	Side	V	53.68	-27.5	26.1	54.0	27.86
5488.5	Side	H	54.2	-27.5	26.7	54.0	27.34
6403.25	Side	V	57.56	-27.5	30.0	60.1	30.04
7318	Side	H	57.71	-27.5	30.2	54.0	23.83
8232.75	Side	V	55.71	-27.5	28.2	54.0	25.83
9147.5	Side	V	57.21	-27.5	29.7	54.0	24.33

1.3. DUT Transmitting at 926.75MHz (Fundamental) – FCC 15.247

Peak Measurement - 926.75MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Orientation (Flat/End/Side)	Measurement Polarization (H/V)	Measurement (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
926.75	Side	V	99.91	127.3	27.39
1853.5	Side	H	71.34	79.9	8.57
2780.25	Side	H	69.98	74.0	4.02
3707	Side	H	49.12	74.0	24.88
4633.75	Side	H	52.52	74.0	21.48
5560.5	Side	H	53.82	74.0	20.18
6487.25	Side	H	59.01	79.9	20.90
7414	Side	H	57.24	74.0	16.76
8340.75	Side	V	55.76	74.0	18.24
9267.5	Side	V	54.6	74.0	19.40

Average Measurement - 926.75MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Orientation (Flat/End/Side)	Measurement Polarization (H/V)	Measurement (dBuV/m)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Average Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
1853.5	Side	H	71.34	-27.5	43.8	59.9	16.11
2780.25	Side	H	69.98	-27.5	42.4	54.0	11.56
3707	Side	H	49.12	-27.5	21.6	54.0	32.42
4633.75	Side	H	52.52	-27.5	25.0	54.0	29.02
5560.5	Side	H	53.82	-27.5	26.3	54.0	27.72
6487.25	Side	H	59.01	-27.5	31.5	59.9	28.44
7414	Side	H	57.24	-27.5	29.7	54.0	24.30
8340.75	Side	V	55.76	-27.5	28.2	54.0	25.78
9267.5	Side	V	54.6	-27.5	27.1	54.0	26.94

2. TX Spurious Emissions

Measurements described in this section were taken according to ANSI C63.10:2020+Cor.1-2023 and ANSI C63.10a:2024. on the Gentex Corporation 3m test table. Pre-Scan measurements were taken with the transmitter on to identify which emissions to maximize during the final measurement. Maximized data can be found in the table below. Harmonics measurement data can be found in section 1 above. No significant emissions were observed in the 1GHz to 26GHz region.

Measurement Settings:

Measurement Frequency: Below 1GHz

Span: 500kHz or greater

RBW: 100/120kHz

VBW: 300kHz or 3 x RBW

Sweep Time: 25ms

Attenuation: Auto

Measurement Frequency: Above 1GHz

Span: 500kHz or greater

RBW: 1MHz

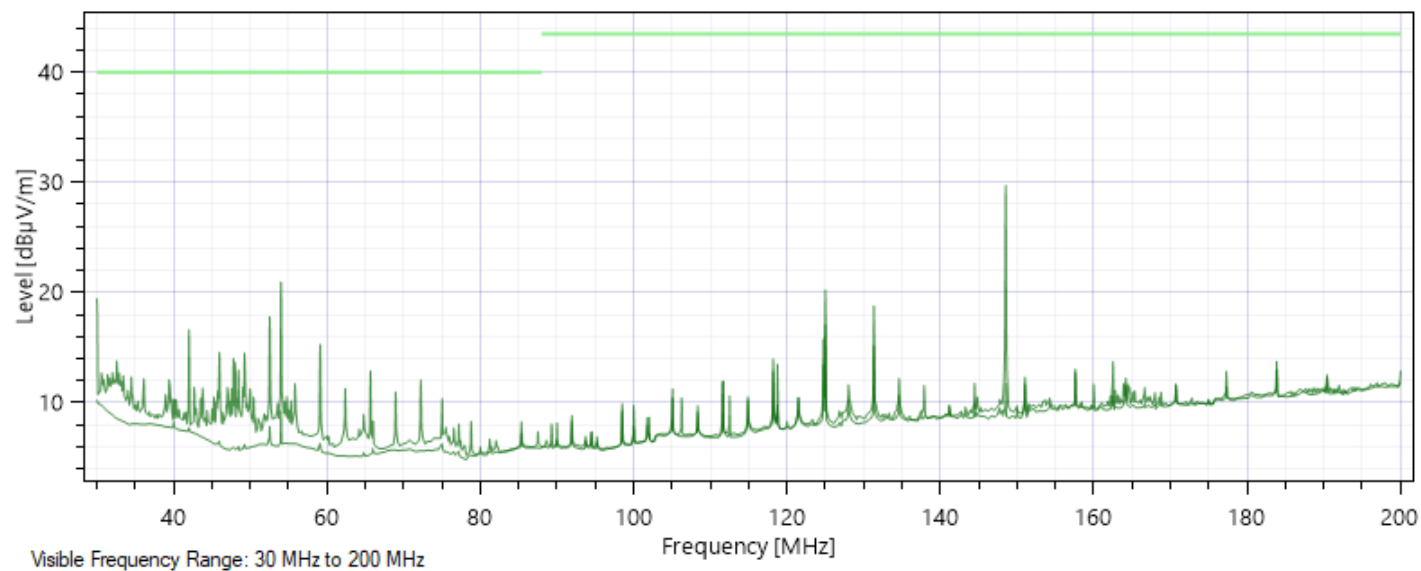
VBW: 3MHz or 3 x RBW

Sweep Time: 25ms

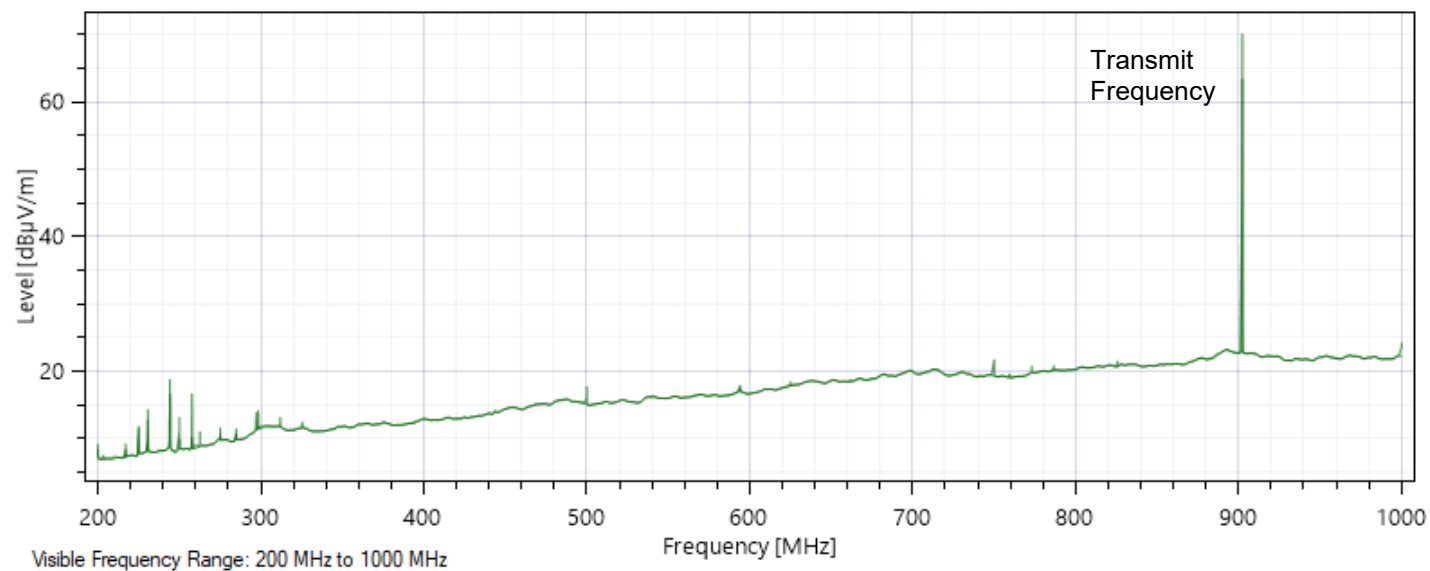
Test Mode	Detector	Frequency (MHz)		Worst-Case Orientation	Antenna Polarization	Frequencies (MHz)	Emission (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
		Start	Stop						
TX	Quasi-Peak	30	88	Side	V	52.53	20.89	40	-19.11
TX	Quasi-Peak	30	88	Side	V	59.09	19.44	40	-20.56
TX	Quasi-Peak	30	88	Side	V	65.67	18.34	40	-21.66
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	H	98.5	17.01	43.5	-26.49
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	H	105	18.45	43.5	-25.05
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	H	111	19.59	43.5	-23.91
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	H	118	20.27	43.5	-23.23
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	H	131	23.38	43.5	-20.12
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	V	151	19.5	43.5	-24
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	V	157	19.94	43.5	-23.56
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	V	177	19.94	43.5	-23.56
TX	Quasi-Peak	88	216	Side	V	183	19.94	43.5	-23.56
TX	Quasi-Peak	216	1000	Side	H	244	18.32	46	-27.68
TX	Quasi-Peak	216	1000	Side	H	300	21.17	46	-24.83
TX	Quasi-Peak	216	1000	Side	V	500	31.99	46	-14.01
TX	Quasi-Peak	216	1000	Side	H	656	29.21	46	-16.79

* Measurements include Cable corrections and Antenna Factors

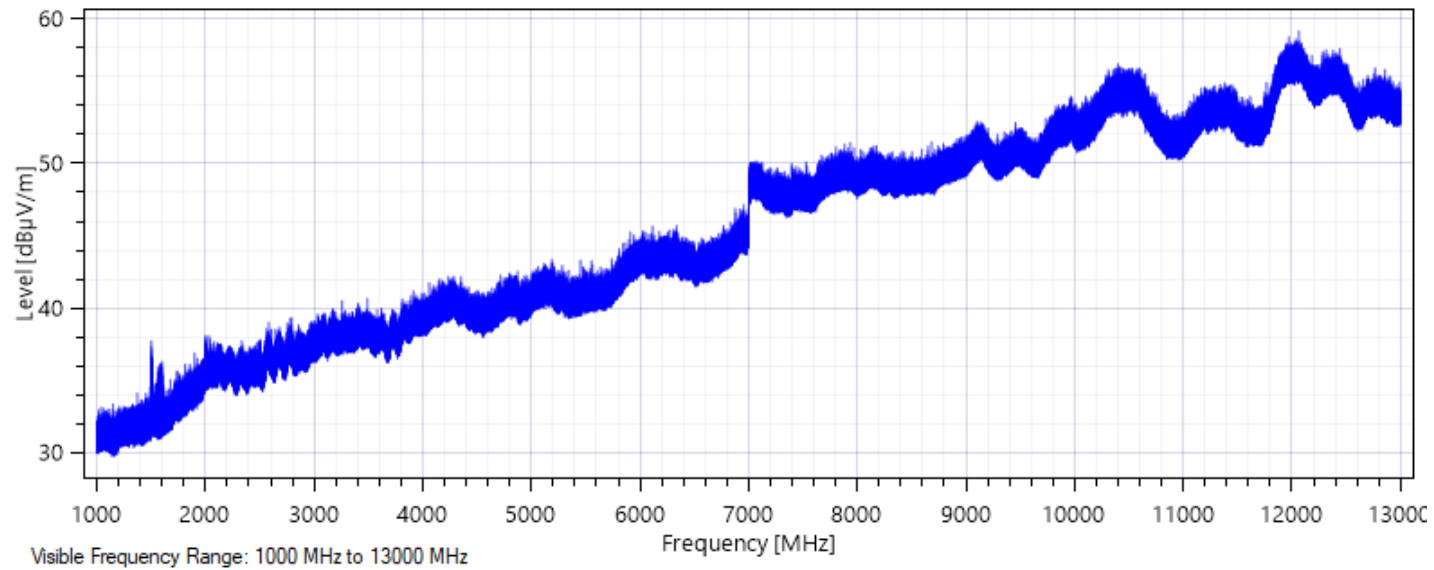
Frequency Sweeps from 30MHz to 200MHz



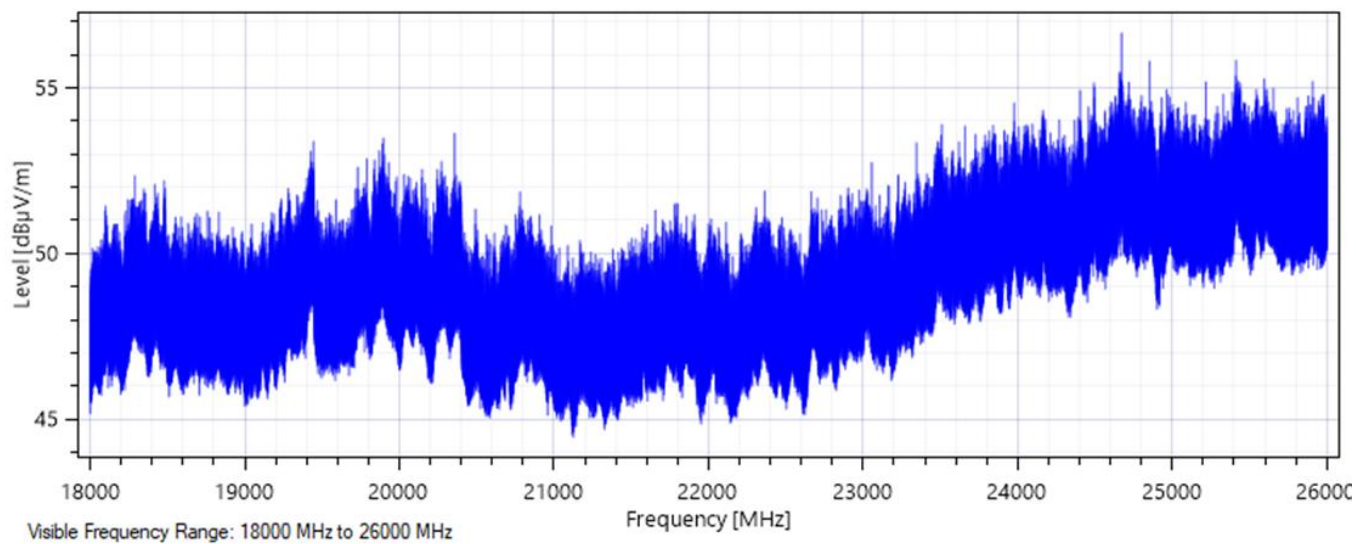
Frequency Sweeps from 200MHz to 1000MHz



Frequency Sweeps from 1GHz to 18GHz



Frequency Sweeps from 18GHz to 26GHz



3. Conducted Measurements

3.1. Occupied Bandwidth Measurement (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Frequency Span: 2 to 5 times the Occupied Bandwidth or OBW. 500kHz is typical.

RBW: 1 to 5% of the OBW without going below 1kHz.

VBW: 3 times RBW.

Detector: Peak

Trace: Max Hold

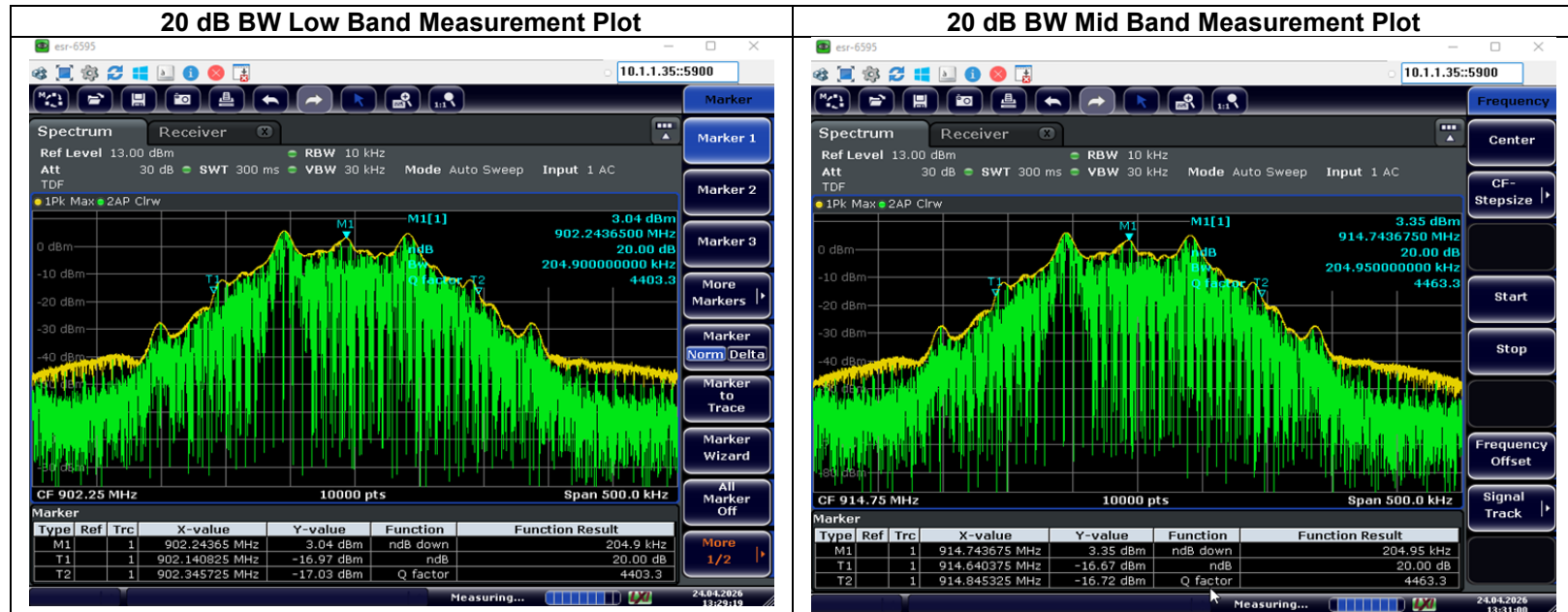
20dB Bandwidth Requirement: Per 15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Per section 15.247(a)(1)(i), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band, the 20dB bandwidth shall be measured for determination of the carrier frequency separation limits and must not exceed 500 kHz. In this design, the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250kHz, so the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels.

This measurement is a conducted measurement. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into hopping mode via a communications board attached to the EUT.

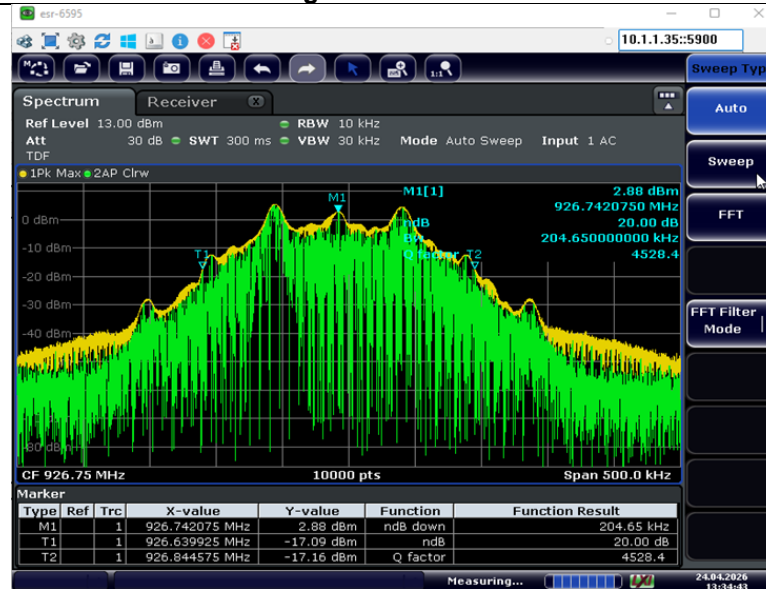
In measurement of the 20dB bandwidth, the transmit frequency was set to low, middle, and high hopping channels. The resolution band width (RBW) was set to > than 1% of the 20dB bandwidth. The span was set to 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth.

20dB BW Results

Channel	20dB BW (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin
Low	204.9	500	295.1
Mid	204.95		295.1
High	204.65		295.4



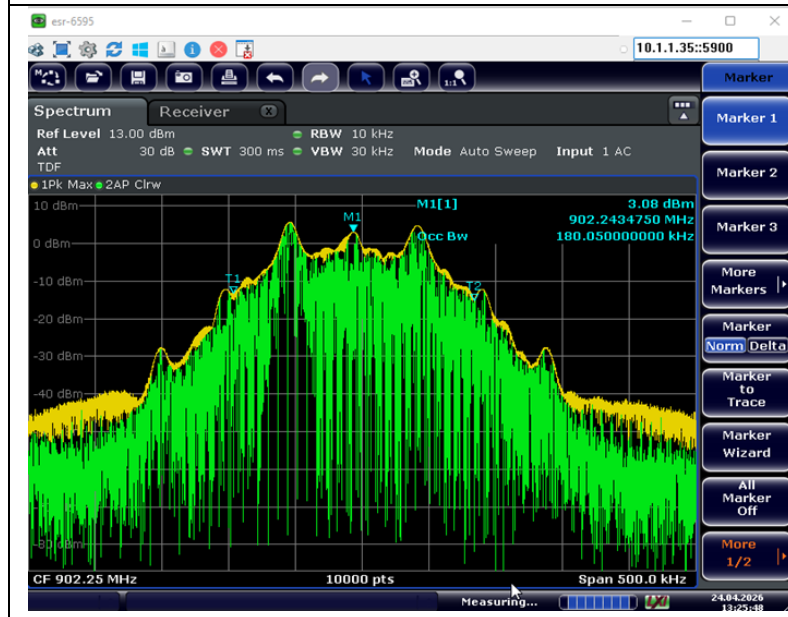
20 dB BW High Band Measurement Plot



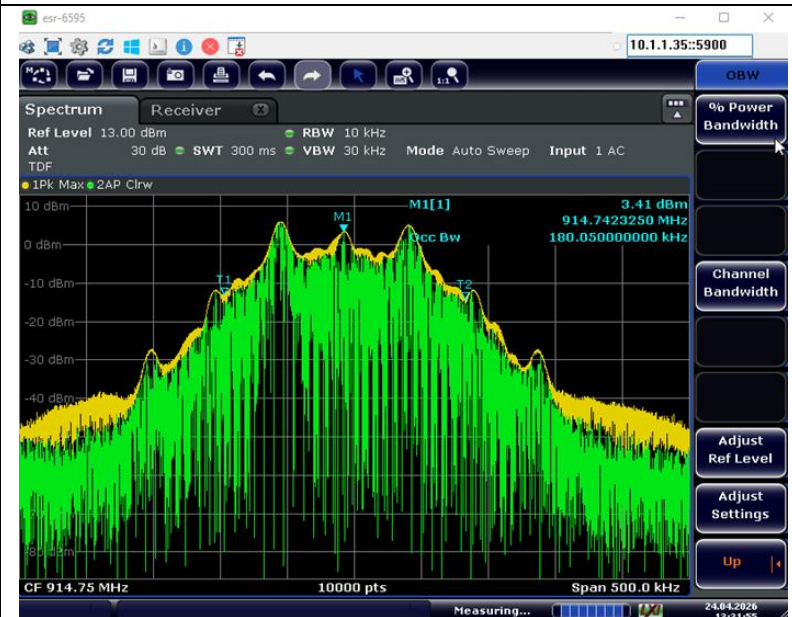
99% BW Results

Channel	99% BW (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin
Low	180.05	500	320.0
Mid	180.05		320.0
High	180.3		319.7

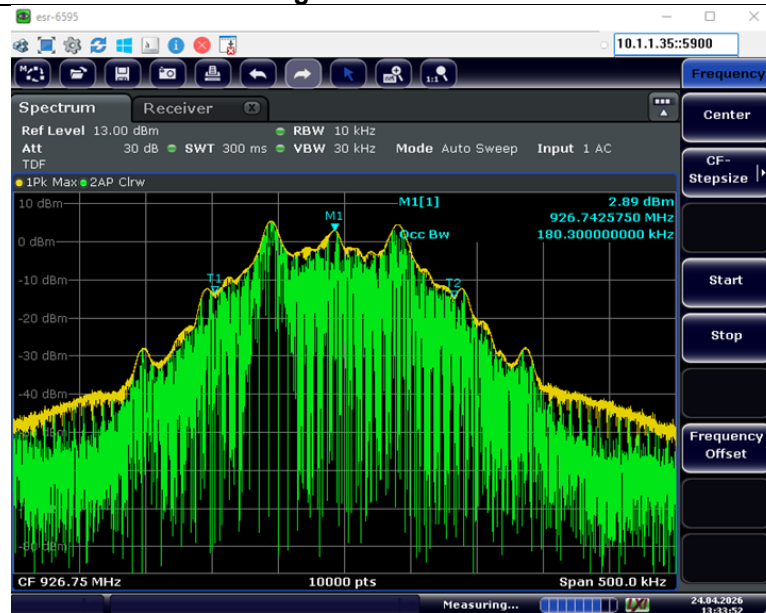
99% BW Low Band Measurement Plot



99% BW Mid Band Measurement Plot



99% BW High Band Measurement Plot



3.2. Carrier Frequency Separation Measurement (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Frequency Span: Wide enough to capture 2 channels. 1.5MHz is typical.

RBW: 30% of the channel spacing. 100kHz is typical.

VBW: equal or greater than 1/10th the RBW

Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time

Detector: Peak

Trace: Max hold

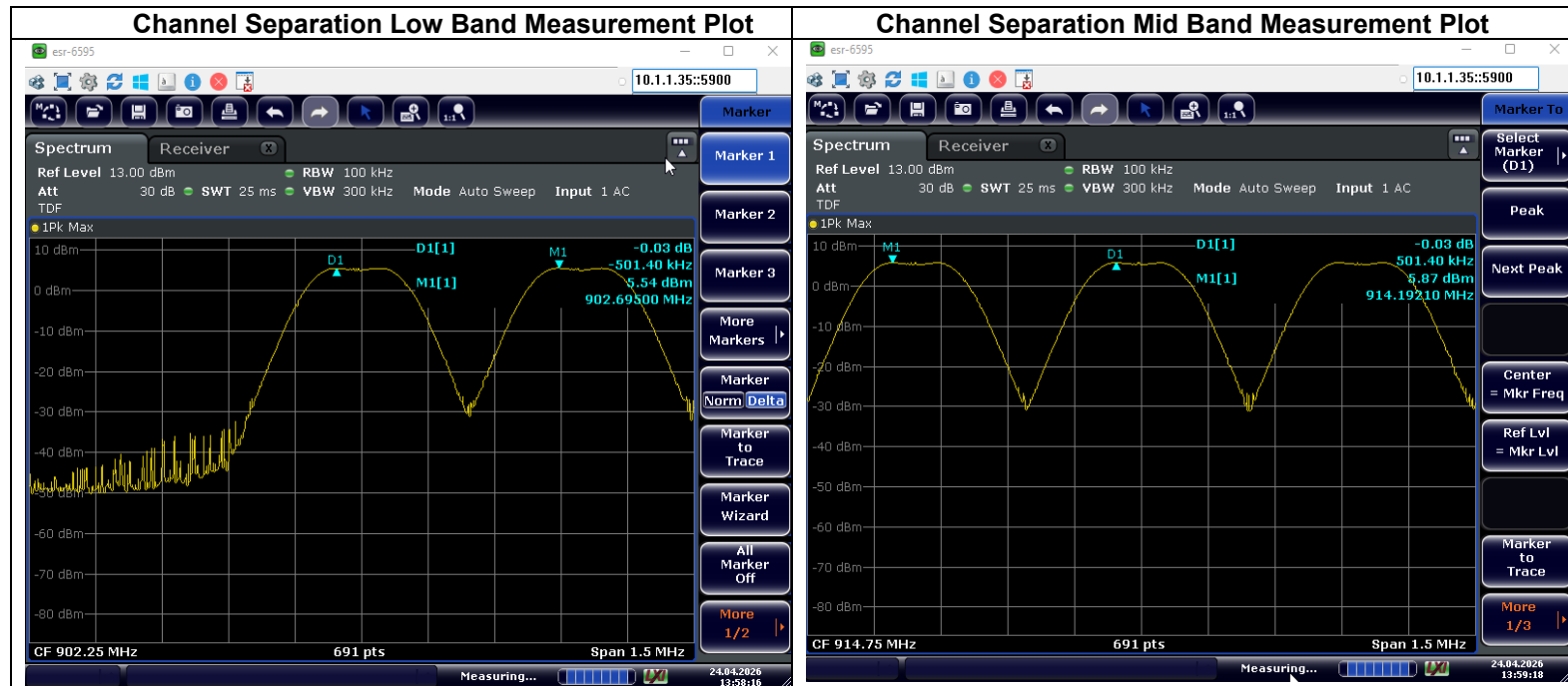
Carrier Frequency Separation Requirement: Per 15.247(a)(1), Frequency Hopping Systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

This measurement is a conducted measurement. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into hopping mode via a communications board attached to the EUT.

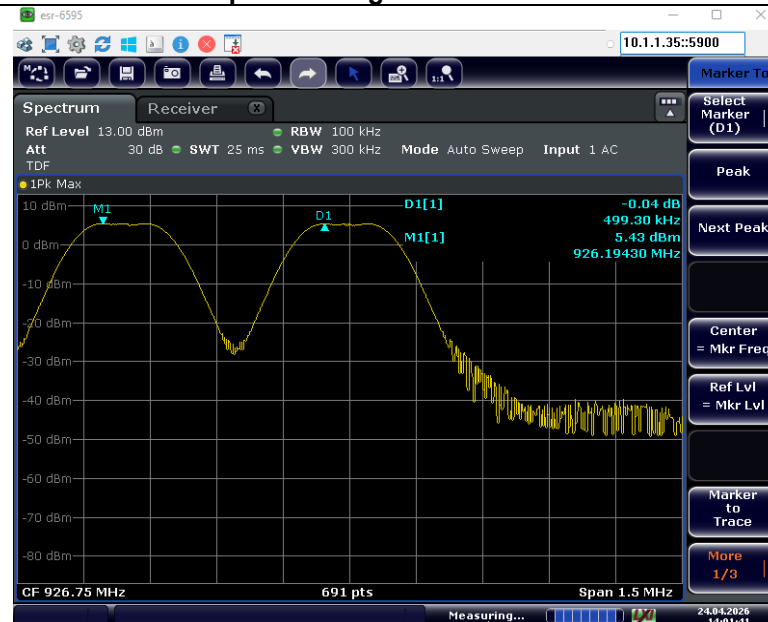
In measurement of the Carrier Frequency Separation, the RBW was set to > than 1% of the span. The peak detector and 'Max-Hold' function were engaged. The span was set wide enough to capture the peaks of at least two adjacent channels. When the trace stabilizes after multiple scans, the marker-delta function is used to determine the separation between the adjacent channels. Measurements were made for low, mid, and high channels.

The plot shows that the minimum carrier frequency separation is measured as **499.3kHz**, which is greater than the 20dB bandwidth measurement (**204.95kHz**).

Channel	Carrier Frequency Separation (kHz)	Minimum Requirement (kHz)	Margin
Low	501.4	204.95	296.5
Mid	501.4		296.5
High	499.3		294.4



Channel Separation High Band Measurement Plot



3.3. Number of Hopping Frequencies Measurement (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Frequency Span: 902-928MHz

RBW: Set to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20dB OBW. 100kHz is typical.

VBW: equal or greater than 1/10th the RBW

Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time

Detector: Peak

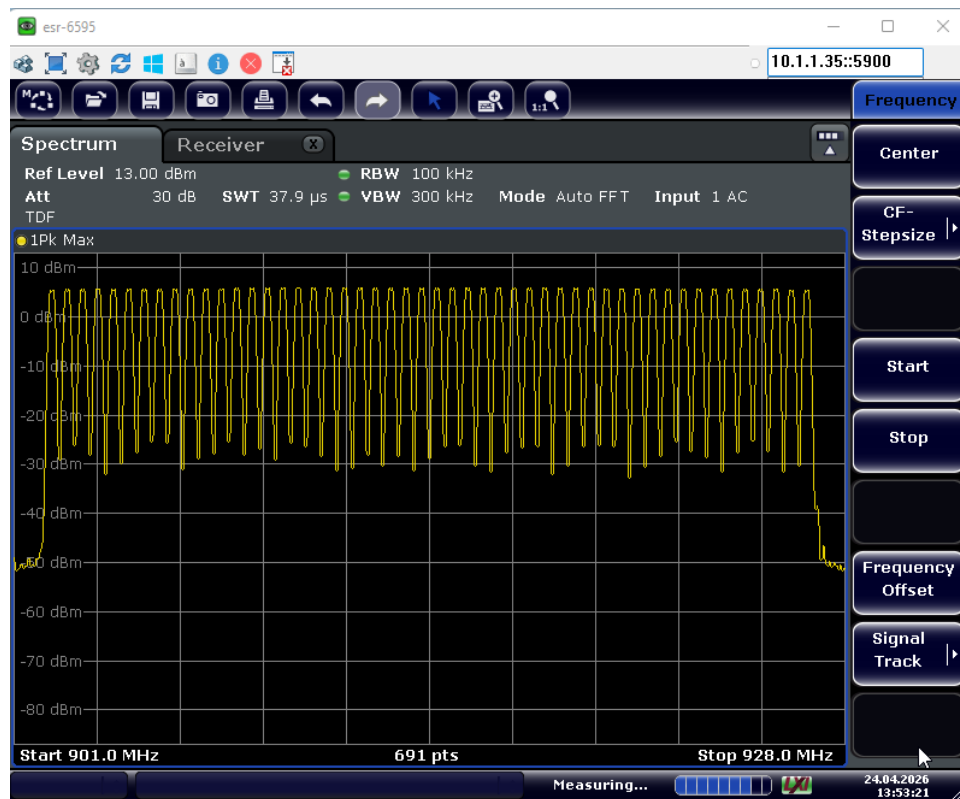
Trace: Max Hold

Number of Hopping Frequencies Requirement: Per section 15.247(a)(1)(i), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band, the 20dB bandwidth shall be measured for determination of the carrier frequency separation limits and must not exceed 500 kHz. In this design, the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250kHz, so the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels.

This measurement is a conducted measurement. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into hopping mode via a communications board attached to the EUT.

In measurement of the number of hopping frequencies, the DUT was allowed to continuously transmit. The RBW was set to < than 1% of the span. The peak detector and 'Max-Hold' function were engaged. The span was set wide enough to capture the entire frequency band of operation. When the trace stabilizes after multiple scans, the number of hopping frequencies is counted.

The plot shows the number of hopping frequencies equals 50, which meets the requirements.



3.4. Band Edge Measurement (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Frequency Span: 3MHz

RBW: 100kHz is typical

VBW: 3x RBW, 300kHz is typical

Sweep time: No faster than coupled (auto) time

Detector: Peak

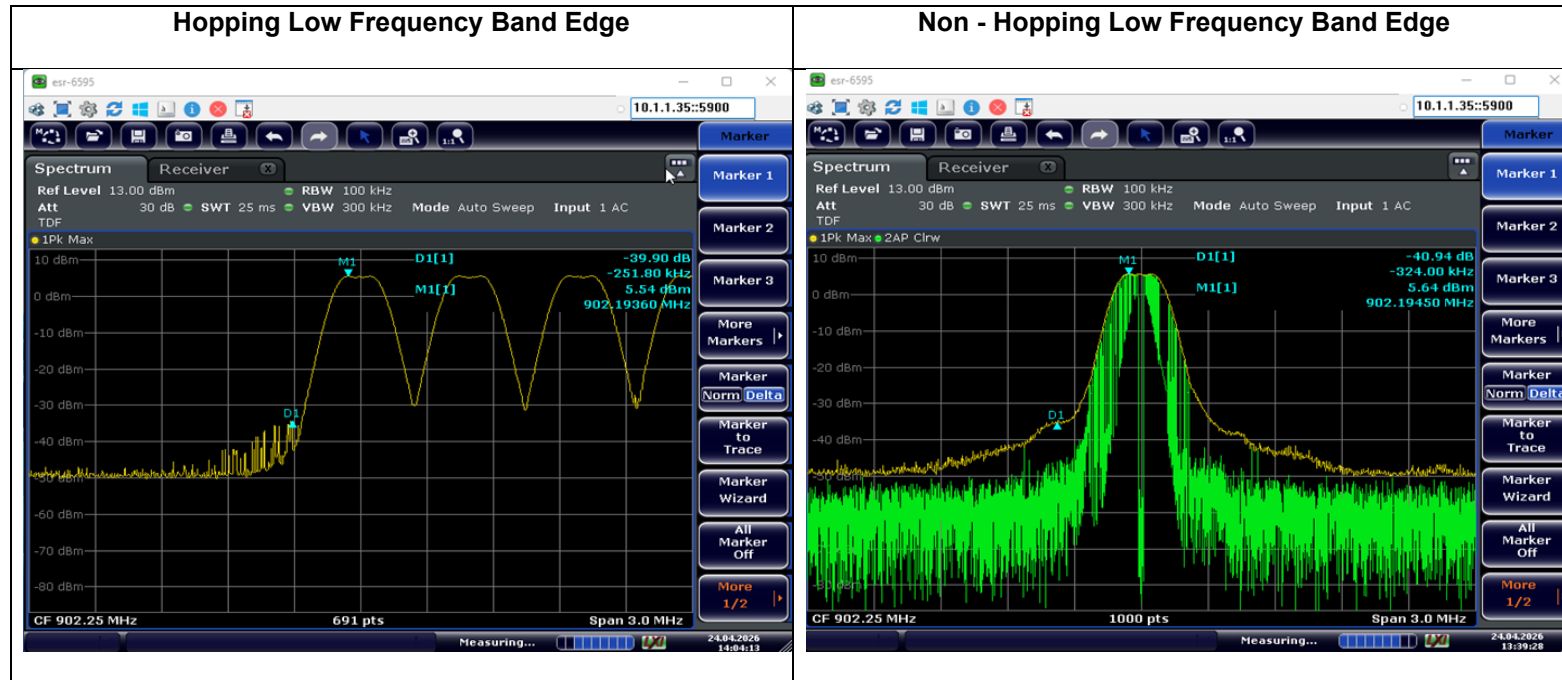
Trace: Max Hold

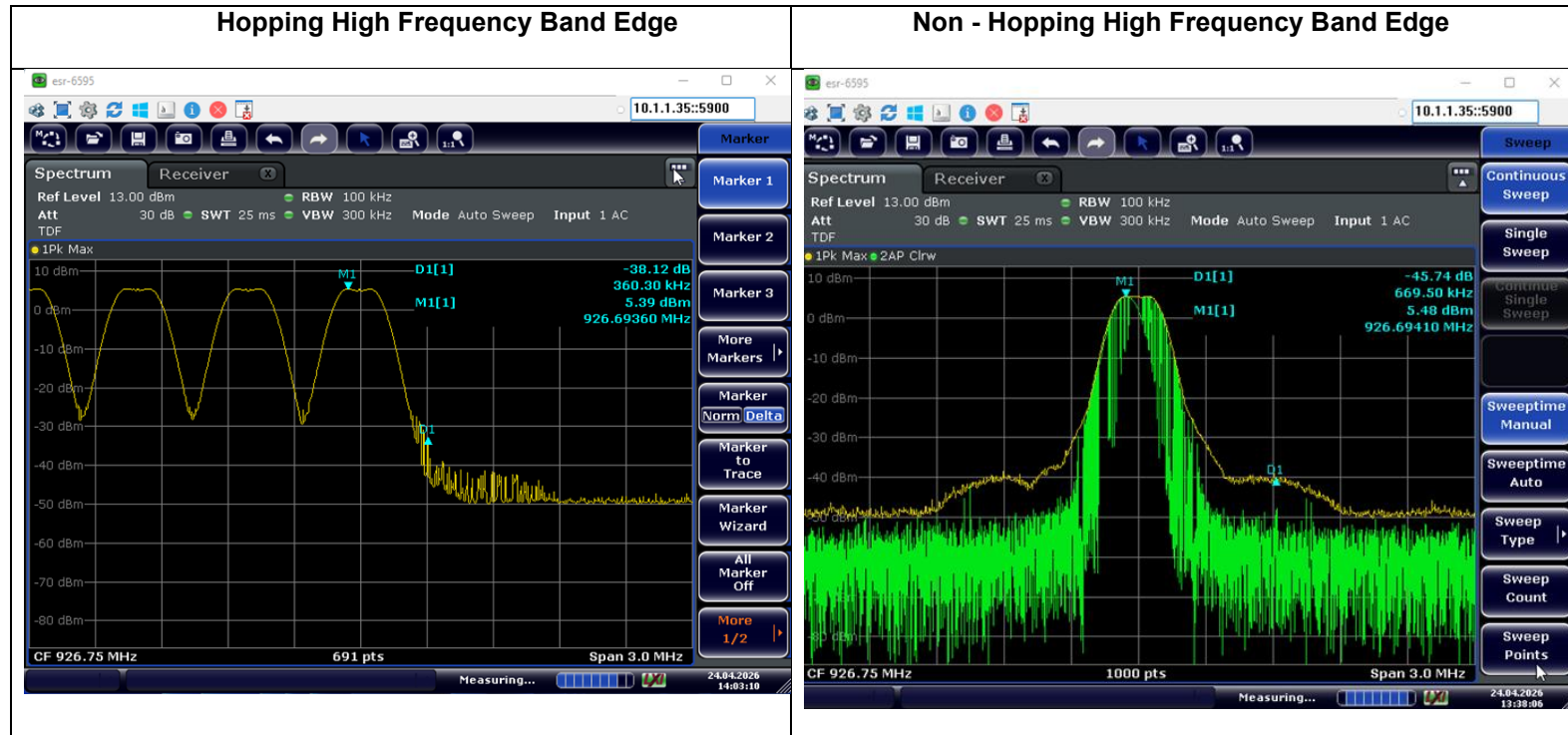
Per section 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

This measurement is a conducted measurement. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into hopping mode via a communications board attached to the EUT. The measurements are also performed without hopping on multiple channels.

Band Edge frequencies were all at least 20dB below the fundamental emissions for hopping and for non-hopping as shown in the plots below.

Band Edge	Mode	Worst Case OOB Spur Delta from Peak Fundamental (dB)	Minimum Requirement (dB)	Margin
Low	Hopping	39.92	20	19.92
Low	Non-Hopping	40.94	20	20.94
High	Hopping	38.12	20	18.12
High	Non-Hopping	45.74	20	25.74





3.5. Peak Power (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Sweep 1: Peak - 1000 kHz

Segment: 1

Start Frequency: 900 MHz

End Frequency: 904 MHz

Band: PK Power - Low

Detector: Peak

Sweep Mode: Stepped

Attenuator: AUTO

Pre-Amp: Off

Max Hold Trace Mode: Off

Bandwidth Filter: EMI (6dB)

RBW: 1000 kHz

Step Size: 50 kHz

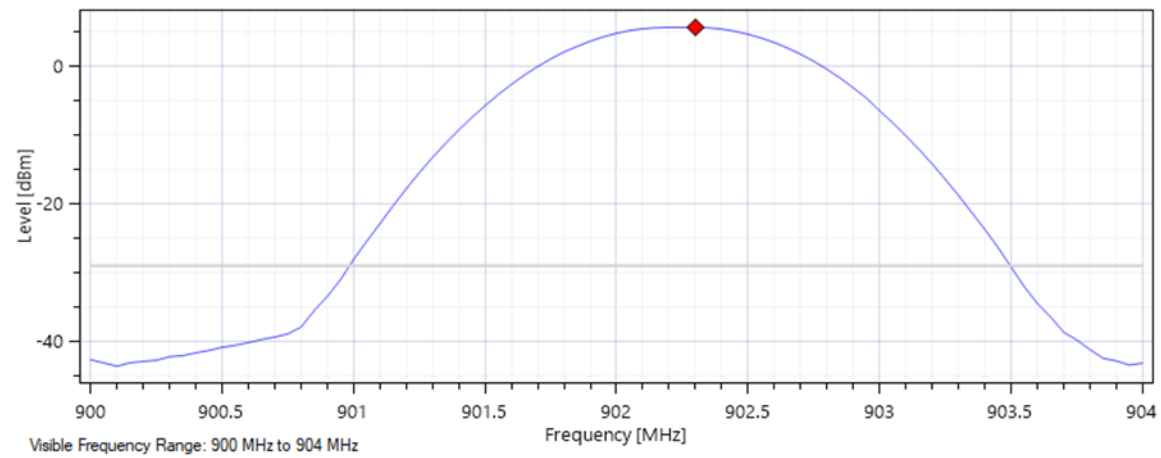
Dwell Time: 5ms

Per section 15.247(b)(2), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band and employing at least 50 hopping channels, the maximum peak output power shall not be greater than 1W (30dBm).

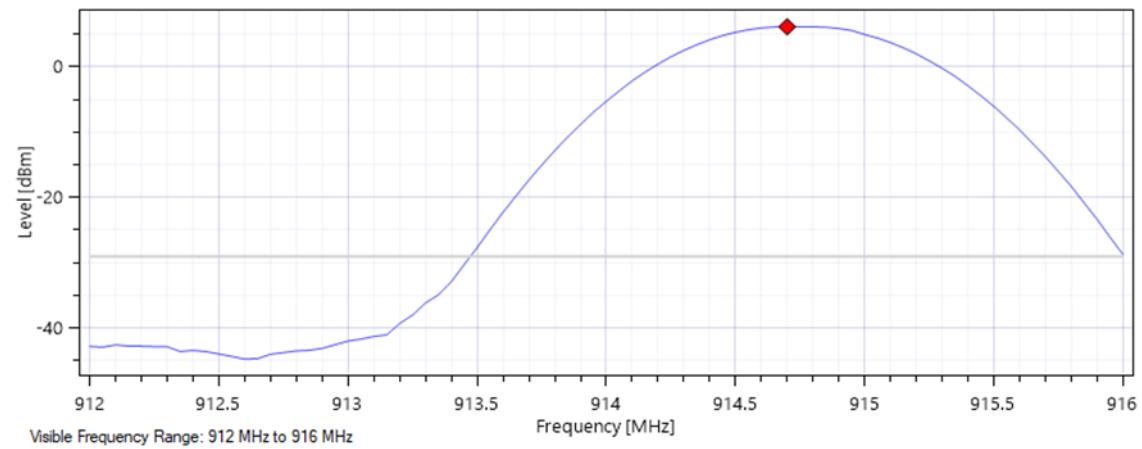
This measurement is a conducted measurement performed with a receiver per test method ANSI C63.10 section 7.8.5. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into hopping mode via a communications board attached to the EUT.

Peak power was measured with the transmitter set separately at 902.25MHz, 914.75MHz, and 926.75MHz. For each of the frequencies, the peak power was less than 30dBm.

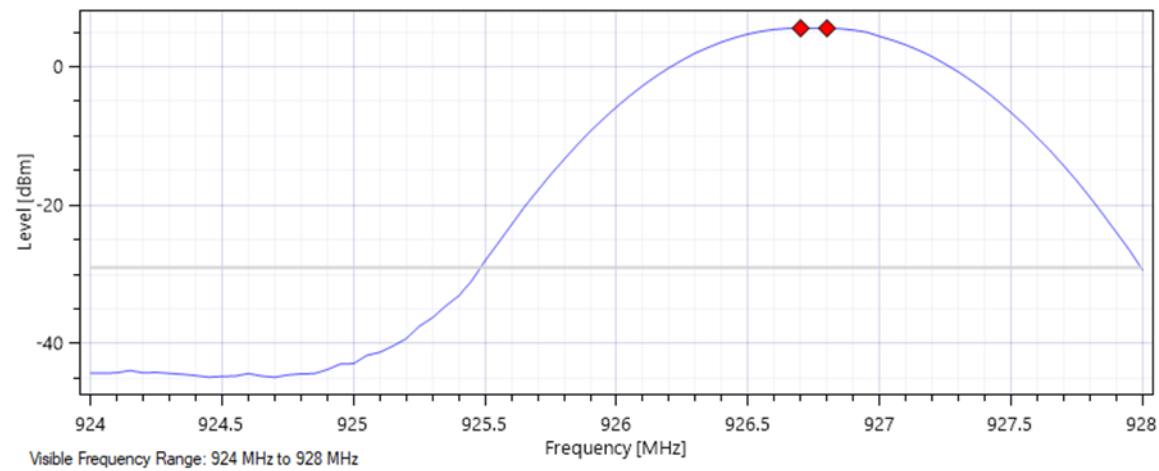
Channel	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit	Margin
Low	5.718	30	24.3
Mid	6.127		23.9
High	5.615		24.4



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)
902.250000	5.718



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)
914.700000	6.127



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)
926.700000	5.615

3.6. Time of Occupancy (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Frequency Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW: Shall be less than or equal to channel spacing (500kHz), and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1/T$ where T is the expected transmission time per hop. 100kHz is typical.

Sweep time: 10s

Detector: Peak

Trace: Clear-write, single sweep

Per section 15.247(a)(1)(i), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band, if the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period.

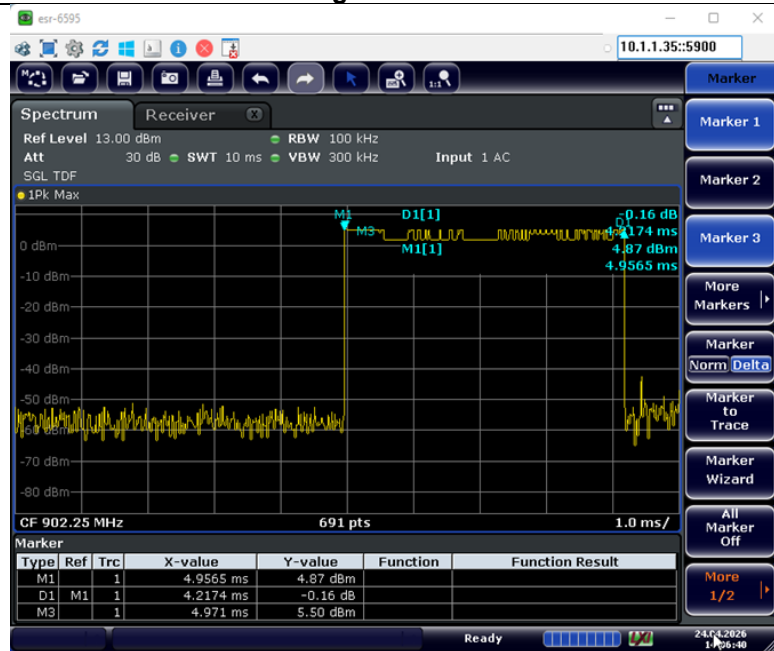
This measurement is a conducted measurement. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into hopping mode via a communications board attached to the EUT. The part was placed in Wireless Diagnostics mode with the "Hop" message as it produced the worst-case total dwell times. Within Wireless diagnostic mode, the "Info" message produced longer individual on times but did not have as many transmissions in a 20sec period.

In measurement of the time of occupancy, the RBW was set to 1MHz. The peak detector and 'Max-Hold' function were engaged. With the span set to 0Hz, the sweep time was adjusted to capture a single event to measure the dwell time per hop.

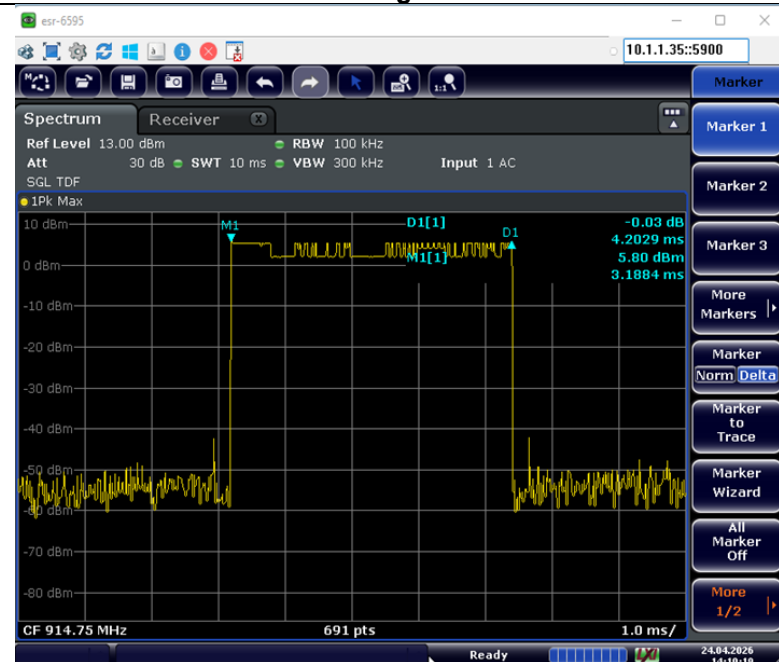
The figures below show the hop dwell time for each band

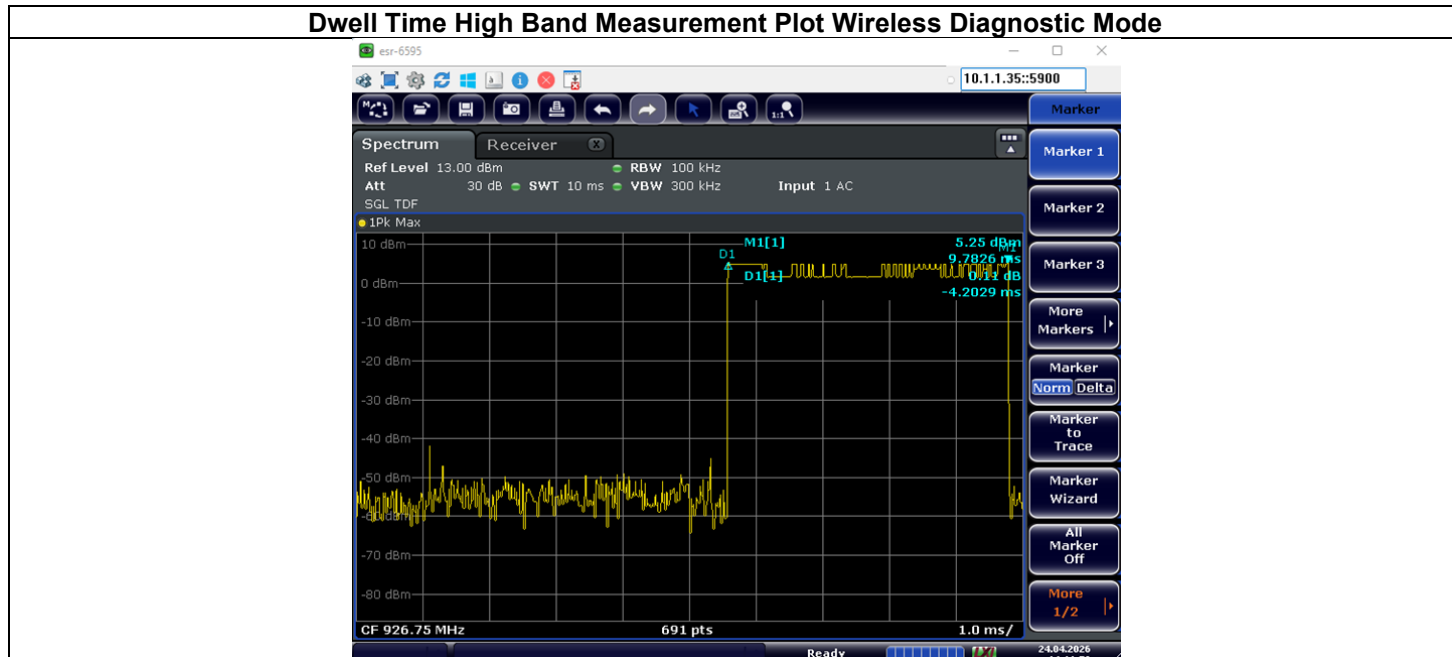
Channel	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of Occupancy (s)	Limit (s)	Margin
Low	4.2174	0.375	0.4	0.025
Mid	4.2029	0.374		0.026
High	4.2029	0.374		0.026

Dwell Time Low Band Measurement Plot for Wireless Diagnostics Mode

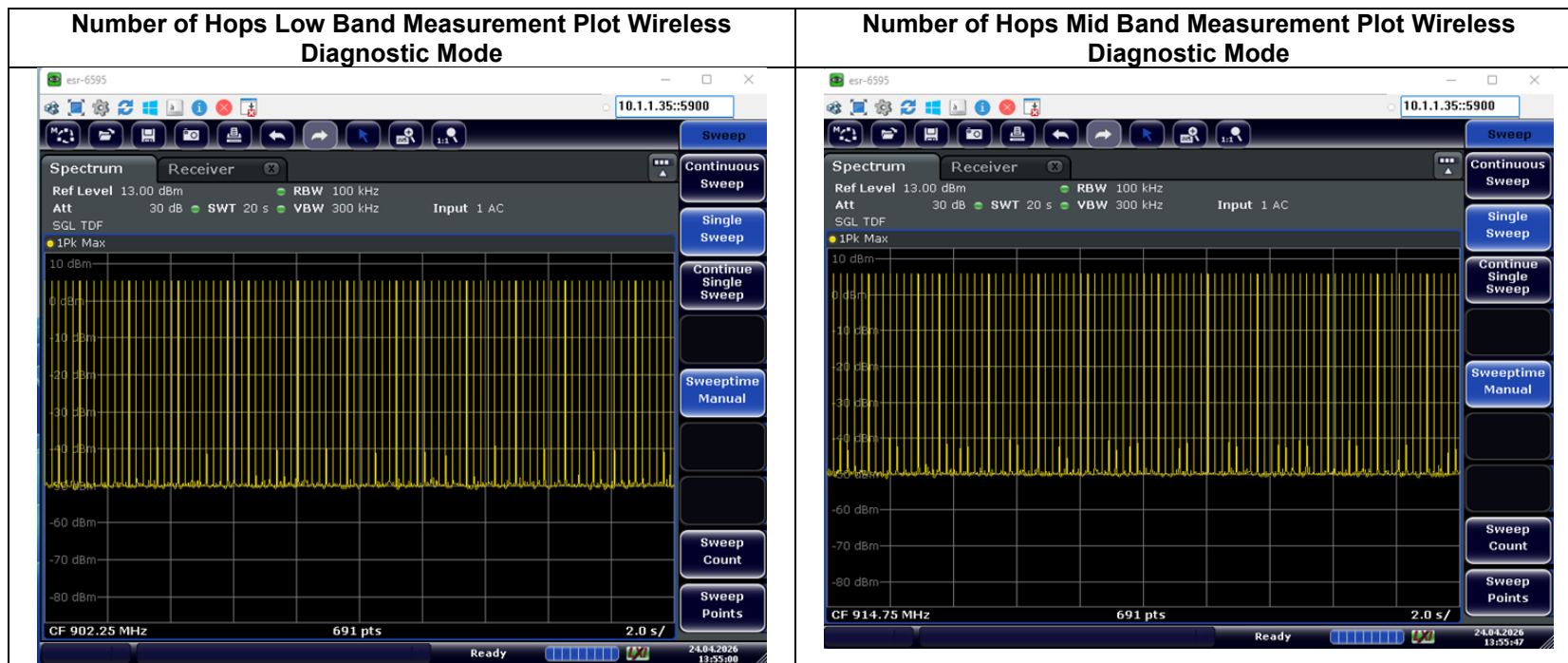


Dwell Time Mid Band Measurement Plot Wireless Diagnostic Mode

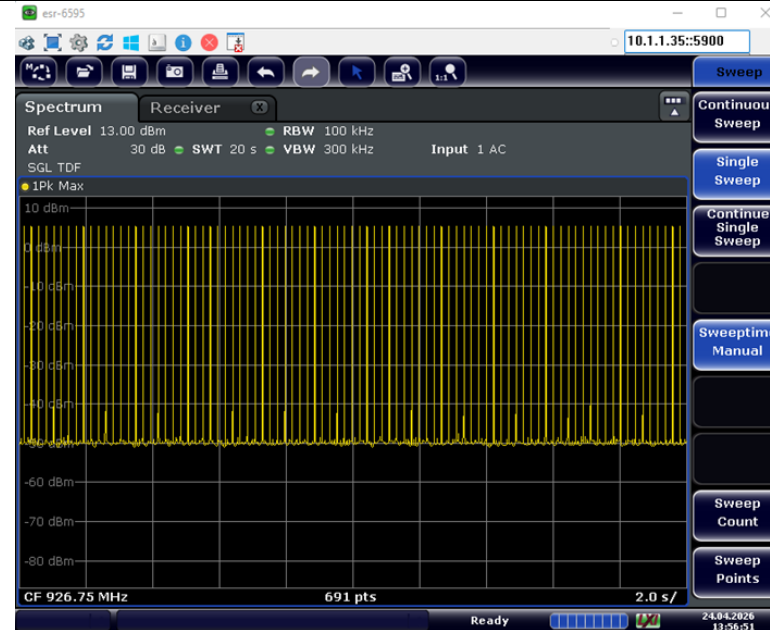




Then the sweep time was expanded to 20 seconds to capture the number of hops in the appropriate sweep time. A single sweep is made for each band, shown in the plots below. The most hops measured in 20sec was found to be 89



Number of Hops High Band Measurement Plot Wireless Diagnostic mode



Multiplying the number of hops in 20s by the dwell time of each hop gives us $4.2174 \times 89 = 375\text{ms}$ or 0.375s with a limit of 0.4s giving us a margin of 0.025s .

3.7. Duty Cycle Correction Measurements (FCC Part 15.247)

Measurement Settings:

Frequency Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel

Attenuation: Auto

RBW: 100/120kHz

VBW: 3x RBW, 300kHz is typical

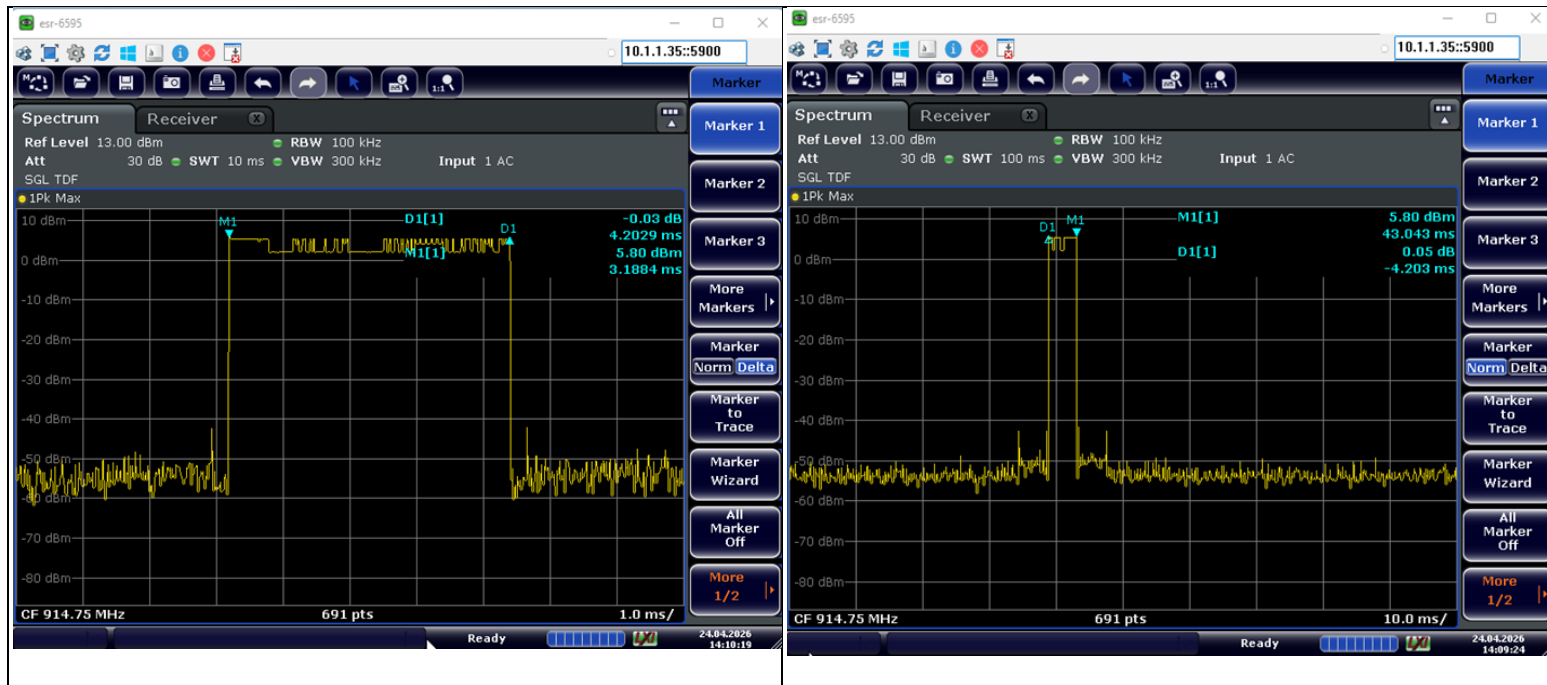
Sweep time: 20s

Detector: Peak

Trace: Clear-write, single sweep

Channel	Sweep Time (ms)		Duty Cycle Correction (100ms)
	10ms	100ms	
Low	4.2174	4.203	-27.5
Mid	4.203	4.203	-27.5
High	4.203	4.203	-27.5







3.8. Conducted Emissions Sweep – 30MHz to 10GHz

Measurement Settings:

Sweep 1: Peak - 100 kHz
Segment: 1
Start Frequency: 30 MHz
End Frequency: 10000 MHz
Band: Band 5
Detector: Peak
Sweep Mode: FFT

Attenuator: AUTO
Pre-Amp: Off
Max Hold Trace Mode: Off
Bandwidth Filter: EMI (6dB)
RBW: 100 kHz
Step Size: AUTO (25 kHz)
Dwell Time: 5ms

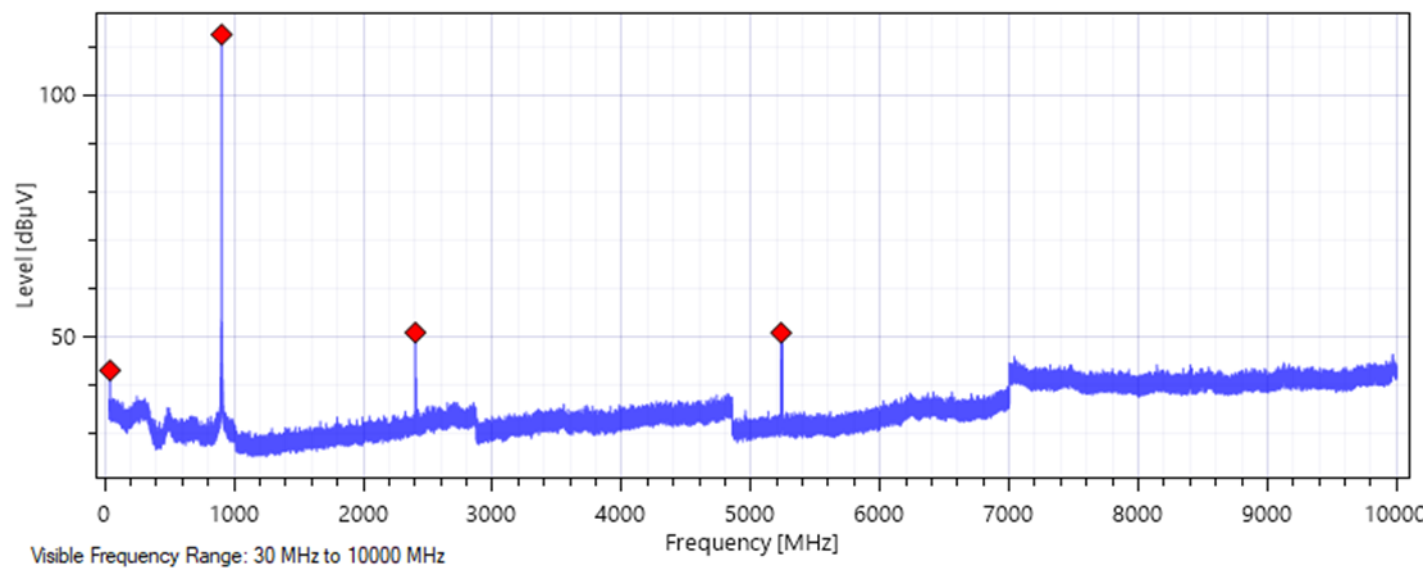
Per section 15.247(d), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band and employing at least 50 hopping channels, the emissions in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum is operating shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band containing the highest level of the desired power.

This measurement is a conducted measurement performed with a receiver per test method ANSI C63.10 section 7.8.7. Prior to the measurement the EUT is placed into single channel (low, mid, or high) operation via communications attached to the EUT.

The emissions sweep was performed with the transmitter set separately at 902.25MHz, 914.75MHz, and 926.75MHz. For each of the sweeps, the emissions were below the limit.

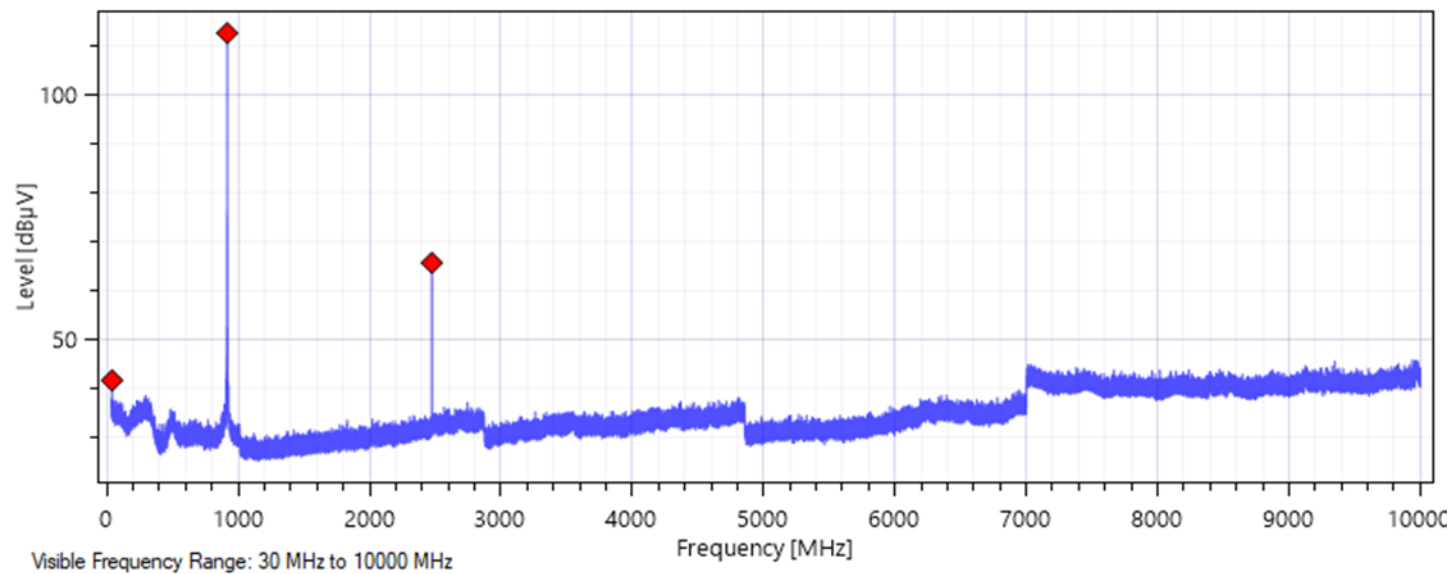
Channel	Worse-Case Delta - (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin
Low	61.523	20	41.5
Mid	46.948		26.9
High	69.144		49.1

Peak – 902.25MHz

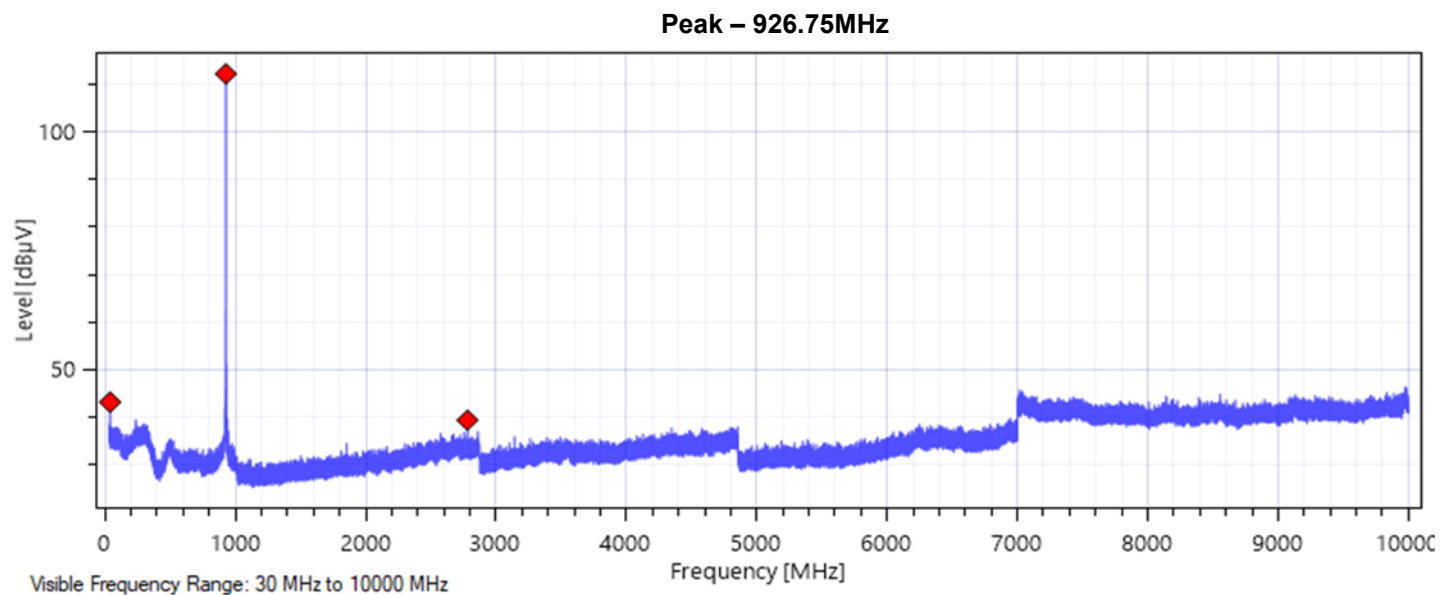


Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)
38.400000	43.128
902.200000	112.475
2,402.200000	50.952
5,233.750000	50.916

Peak – 914.75MHz



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)
38.375000	41.794
914.700000	112.734
2,473.000000	65.786



Trace: High Channel, Band: Band 5 (Peak Detector)

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)
38.325000	43.186
926.700000	112.33
2,780.075000	39.379