SAR Evaluation Report
for
IEEE Std1528-2013, FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02 and 47CFR § 2.1093

Report No.:SEF1410151

Client	:	ILIFE TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED
Product	:	MID
Model	:	M725
FCC ID	:	OI2M725
Manufacturer/ supplier	:	ILIFE TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED
test complete Date	:	June 10,2014
Date of issue	:	June 13,2014
Test Result	:	■Compliance ☐Not Compliance

Statement of Compliance:

The SAR values measured for the test sample are below the maximum recommended level of 1.6 W/kg averaged over any 1g tissue according to FCC KDBs and IEEE Std.1528-2013.

This is a duplicate report and based on SAR Report of Cerpass No: SESF1406033. The product MID has no change in hardware and software, and only update the model number from M723C to M725.

The test result only corresponds to the tested sample. It is not permitted to copy this report, in part or in full, without the permission of the test laboratory.

Total number of pages of this test report: 138pages

The testing described in this report has been carried out to the best of our knowledge and ability, and our responsibility is limited to the exercise of reasonable care. This certification is not intended to believe the sellers from their legal and/or contractual obligations.

Test Engineer: Approved by:

Leo Chen Miro Chueh

Applicant Information

Client	:	ILIFE TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED
Address	:	3rd Floor, Bld.3, LiJinCheng Industrial Park, The East of Gong Ye Road, Longhua, Shenzhen, China, 518109
Manufacturer	:	ILIFE TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED
Address	:	3rd Floor, Bld.3, LiJinCheng Industrial Park, The East of Gong Ye Road, Longhua, Shenzhen, China, 518109
EUT	:	MID
Model No.	:	M725
Standard Applied	:	IEEE Std1528-2013 and 47CFR § 2.1093 FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03 FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02 FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r01
Laboratory	:	CERPASS TECHNOLOGY CORP. No.66,Tangzhuang Road, Suzhou Industrial Park, Jiangsu 215006, China.
Max. Average Output Power	:	GSM850: 32.19dBm GSM1900: 29.39dBm WCDMA Band II:21.26dBm WCDMA Band V: 21.77dBm
Max. Reported SAR Value	:	Head GSM850: 0.036W/kg(1g) PCS1900: 0.026 W/kg(1g) WCDMA Band II:0.113 W/kg(1g) WCDMA Band V: 0.023 W/kg(1g) Body GSM850: 0.041W/kg(1g) PCS1900: 0.799 W/kg(1g) WCDMA Band II: 0.784 W/kg(1g) WCDMA Band V: 0.776 W/kg(1g)
Max. Simultaneous SAR Value	:	Head WCDMA Band II+802.11b: 0.51 W/kg(1g) Body GPRS1900+802.11b: 1.19 W/kg(1g)

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1. General Information

1.1. Executive Summary

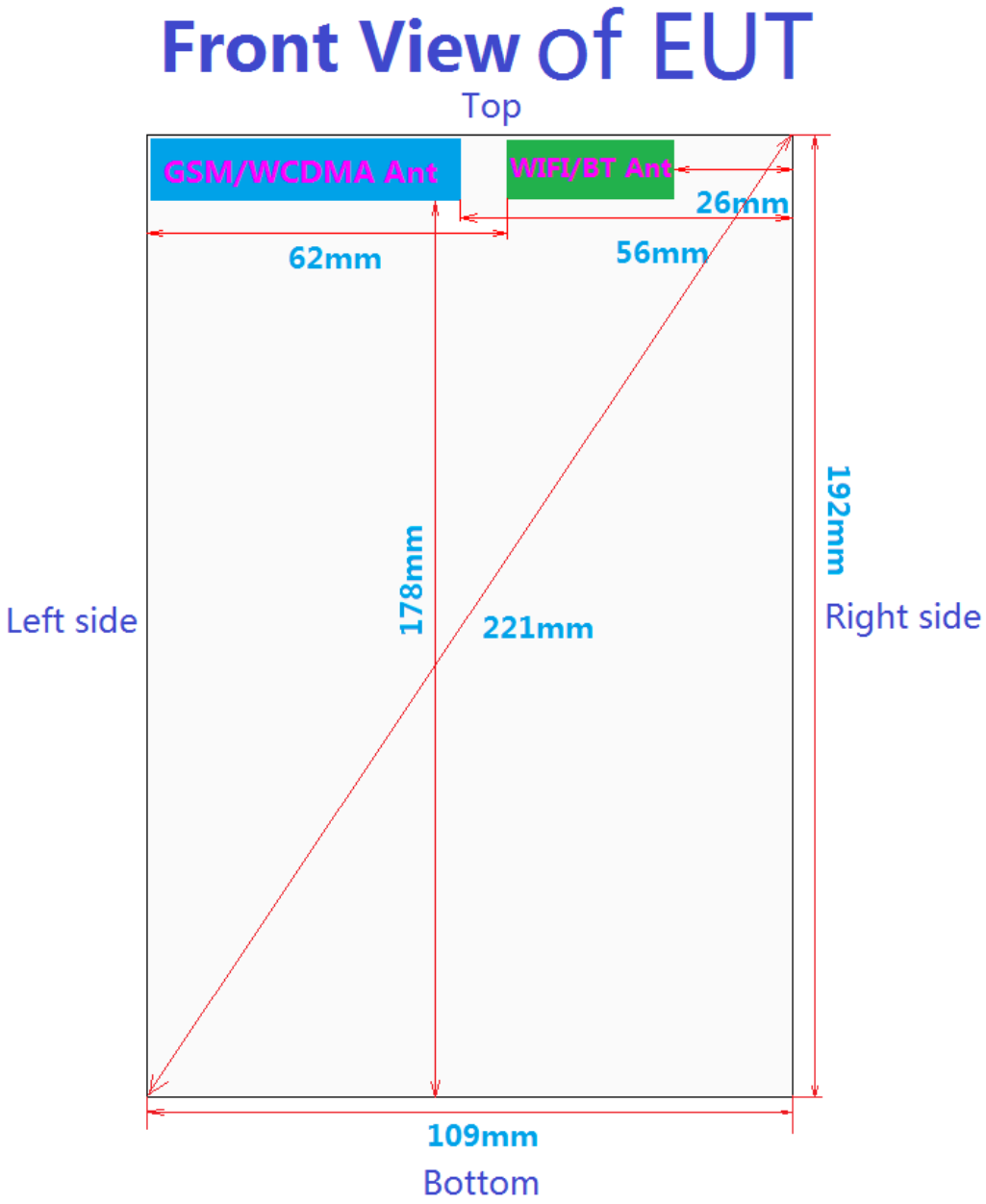
The EUT is a Phablet with operations in 850MHz, 1900MHz and 2450MHz frequency ranges, and over diagonal dimension of the device is > 20.0 cm. It contains GSM/GPRS, WCDMA band II, WCDMA band V, 802.11b/g/n and BT functions for SAR testing. The measurement was conducted by CERPASS, carried out with the dosimetric assessment system under DASY5. And it conducts according to the IEEE Std.1528-2013 and FCC KDBs for SAR evaluating compliance.

1.2. Description of Equipment under Test

Product Name	MID
Model No.	M725
IMEI	690990850328850
Hardware Version	ES702_V1.0
Software Version	ALPS.JB5.TABLET.MP.V1.19
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	PIFA
2G	
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	Class 12
Uplink	GSM 850: 824~849MHz PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink	GSM 850: 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; 8PSK for EDGE
Antenna Gain	GSM 850: 1.4dBi PCS1900: 2.3dBi

3G	
Support Band	WCDMA Band II/WCDMA Band V
Uplink	WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz
Downlink	WCDMA Band II: 1930~1990MHz WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz
Release Version	Rel-6
Type of modulation	QPSK
Antenna Gain	WCDMA Band II: 2.3dBi WCDMA Band V: 1.4dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version	V4.0
Type of modulation	FHSS
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK)
Antenna Gain	1.45dBi
Wi-Fi	
Hotspots Function	YES
Wi-Fi Frequency	802.11b/g/n(20MHz): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n(40MHz):2422~2452 MHz
Type of modulation	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n: OFDM
Data Rate	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps
	802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps
	802.11n: up to 150 Mbps
Antenna Gain	1.45dBi

1.3. Antenna Location



1.4. Simultaneous Transmission Configurations

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS850	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
GPRS1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WCDMA Band II	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WCDMA Band V	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Simultaneous Transmission Condition

RF Exposure Condition	Capable Transmit Configurations
Head	1. GSM 850/1900 (GPRS/EDGE) + WiFi 2.4GHz 2. WCDMA Band II/V (RMC)+ WiFi 2.4GHz
Body-worn Accessory	1. GSM 850/1900 Voice +BT 2. GSM 850/1900(GPRS/EDGE) + BT 3. WCDMA Band II/V (Voice)+ BT 4. WCDMA Band II/V (RMC) + BT 5. GSM 850/1900(GPRS/EDGE) + WiFi 2.4GHz 6. WCDMA Band II/V (RMC)+ WiFi 2.4GHz
Wireless Router (Hotspot)	1. GSM 850/1900 (GPRS/EDGE) + WiFi 2.4GHz 2. WCDMA Band II/V + WiFi 2.4GHz

Notes:

1. GPRS/EDGE and WCDMA support Hotspot.
2. By reason of their independent modules and antennas, when GSM/GPRS or WCDMA is on, BT function also can be at work.
3. WiFi 2.4GHz Radio cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.
4. According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 section5.3, transmitter are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneously transmission analysis.

1.5. SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Wi-Fi/Bluetooth

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances<50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ \ Channel(mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Distance(mm)} \times \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power and the antenna to use separation distance, Max. averaged output power 802.11b and Bluetooth are lower the P_{re}, therefore WIFI/BT SAR is not required;

[(9.48mW/5) √2.412] = 2.95<3.0, WIFI for Body, Head;*

[(0.447mW/5) √2.441] = 0.14<3.0, Bluetooth for Body, Head;*

Note: *9.48*mW comes from 9.77dBm; 0.447mW comes from -3.50dBm

Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is capable of QPSK HSUPA/HSDPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA/HSDPA in KDB 941225 D01v02.

When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.

1.6. Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.7. Environment Condition

Item	Target	Measured
Ambient Temperature(℃)	18~25	21.5±2
Temperature of Simulant(℃)	20~22	21±2
Relative Humidity(%RH)	30~70	52

1.8. Test Standards

1. IEEE Std.1528-2013
2. FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
3. FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
4. FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
5. FCC KDB Publication 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02
6. FCC KDB Publication 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
7. FCC KDB Publication 941225 D04 SAR for GSM EGPRS Dual Xfer Mode v01
8. FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01
9. FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02
10. FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 SAR measurement for 802 11 a b g v01r02
11. FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01

1.9. RF Exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Basic restrictions for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields. (Unit in mW/g or W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR[1] (Head and Body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR[2] (Whole Body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR[3] (Arms and Legs)	4.00

Notes:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over appropriate averaging time.

2. The SAR Measurement Procedure

2.1. System Performance Check

2.1.1 Purpose

1. To verify the simulating liquids are valid for testing.
2. To verify the performance of testing system is valid for testing.

2.1.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ε_r	σ (S/m)	ε_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
850	**41.5**	**0.92**	**55.2**	**0.99**
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	**40.0**	**1.40**	**53.3**	**1.52**
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

2.1.3 Tissue Calibration Result

- The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Assessment Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C.

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ε_r	σ [s/m]	
850 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	41.50 39.43 to 43.58	0.92 0.87 to 0.97	N/A
	10-06-2014	40.79	0.91	21.0
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	40.0 38.00 to 42.00	1.40 1.33 to 1.47	N/A
	10-06-2014	39.61	1.43	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ε_r	σ [s/m]	
850 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.99 0.94 to 1.04	N/A
	10-06-2014	40.79	0.91	21.0
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	N/A
	10-06-2014	51.16	1.55	21.0

- Refer to KDB 865664 D01 v01r01, The depth of body tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm with ≤ ± 0.5 cm variation for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm with ≤ ± 0.5 cm variation for measurements > 3 GHz.

2.1.4 System Performance Check Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and the system performance check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks, so the finished system performance check must be saved under a different name. The system performance check document requires the SAM Twin Phantom or ELI4 Phantom, so the phantom must be properly installed in your system. (User defined measurement procedures can be created by opening a new document or editing an existing document file). Before you start the system performance check, you need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) you are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters.

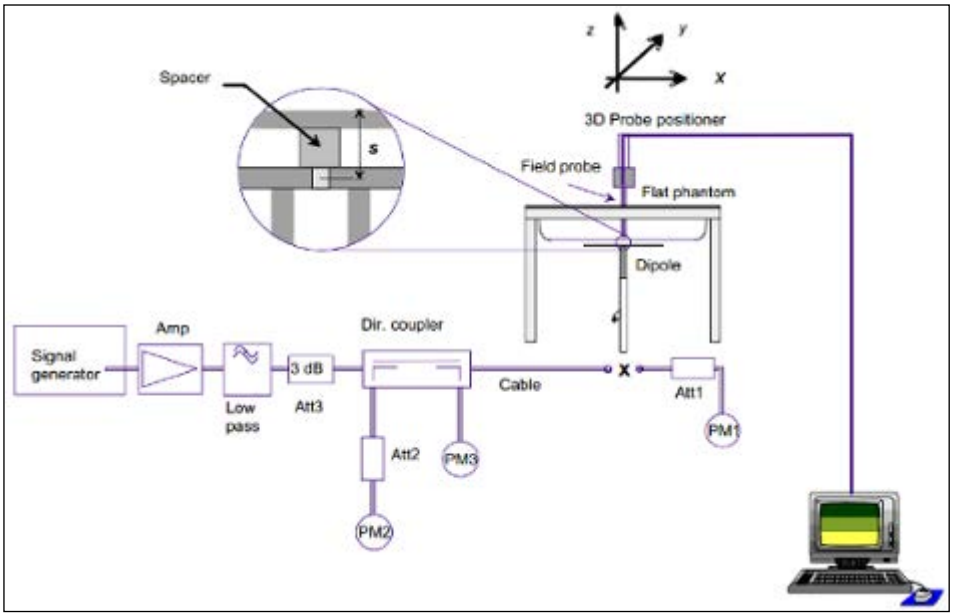
• **The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement** jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the Dipole output power. If it is too high (above ±0.2 dB), the system performance check should be repeated;

• **The Surface Check** job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ±0.1mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid;

• **The Area Scan** job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable;

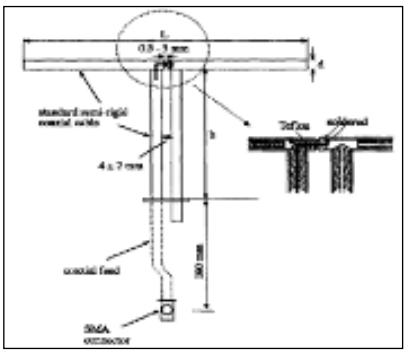
• **The Zoom Scan j**ob measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous Area Scan job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation). If the system performance check gives reasonable results. The dipole input power(forward power) was 250mW, 1 g and 10 g spatial average SAR values normalized to 1W dipole input power give reference data for comparisons and it's equal to 10x(dipole forward power). The next sections analyze the expected uncertainties of these values, as well as additional checks for further information or troubleshooting.

2.1.5 System Performance Check Setup



2.1.6 Validation Dipoles

The dipoles use is based on the IEEE Std.1528-2013 and FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both EN62209-1 and EN62209-2. The table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.



Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
850MHz	158	88	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6

2.1.7 Result of System Performance Check: Valid Result

System Performance Check at 850MHz, 1900MHz for Head.

Validation Kit: D850V2-SN: 1008

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
850 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.83 8.85 to 10.81	6.37 5.73 to 7.01	N/A
	10-06-2014	9.96	6.6	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN: 5d174

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.9 35.91 to 43.89	20.9 18.81 to 22.99	N/A
	10-06-2014	37.52	19.56	21.0

System Performance Check at 850MHz, 1900MHz for Body.

Validation Kit: D850V2-SN: 1008

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
850 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.62 8.66 to 10.58	6.27 5.64 to 6.90	N/A
	10-06-2014	10.08	6.64	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN: 5d174

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	40.4 36.36 to 44.44	21.5 19.35 to 23.65	N/A
	10-06-2014	42.0	22.4	21.0

2.2. Test Procedures

Step 1 Setup a Connection

First, engineer should record the conducted power before the test. Then establish a call in handset at the maximum power level with a base station simulator via air interface, or make the EUT estimate by itself in testing band. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must export SAR test data by SEMCAD. Then writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report, also the SAR values tested.

Step 2 Power Reference Measurements

To measure the local E-field value at a fixed location which value will be taken as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

Step 3 Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01v01r03

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 4 Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r01

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 5 Power Drift Measurements

Repetition of the E-field measurement at the fixed location mentioned in Step 1 to make sure the two results differ by less than ± 0.2 dB.

2.3. SAR testing Notes

1. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
2. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
3. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.
4. Per FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r01 page2, regardless of device dimensions, when next to the ear voice calls are supported the smart phone and phablets procedures in KDB 648474 must be applied; also, according to phablet procedures of FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets are normally required, including hotspot mode, must be applied; and the normal tablet procedures in KDB 616217 are required when the over diagonal dimension of the device is > 20.0 cm.

2.4. Test Channel Choosing

1. Per FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01, when the 1-g SAR is ≤0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
2. Per FCC KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02, body SAR is not required for handsets with HSUPA/HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit.
   Here are HSDPA/HSUPA sub-test setups as show blow, per FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02.

Sub-Test 1 Setup for Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	CM (dB)(2)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	12/15(3)	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ = 30/15 ⇔ β_{hs}= 30/15 *β_c
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.
Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM(2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG(4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}: 47/15 β_{ed2}: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ = 30/15 ⇔ β_{hs}= 30/15 *β_c.
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3. DASY5 Measurement System

DASY5 Measurement System

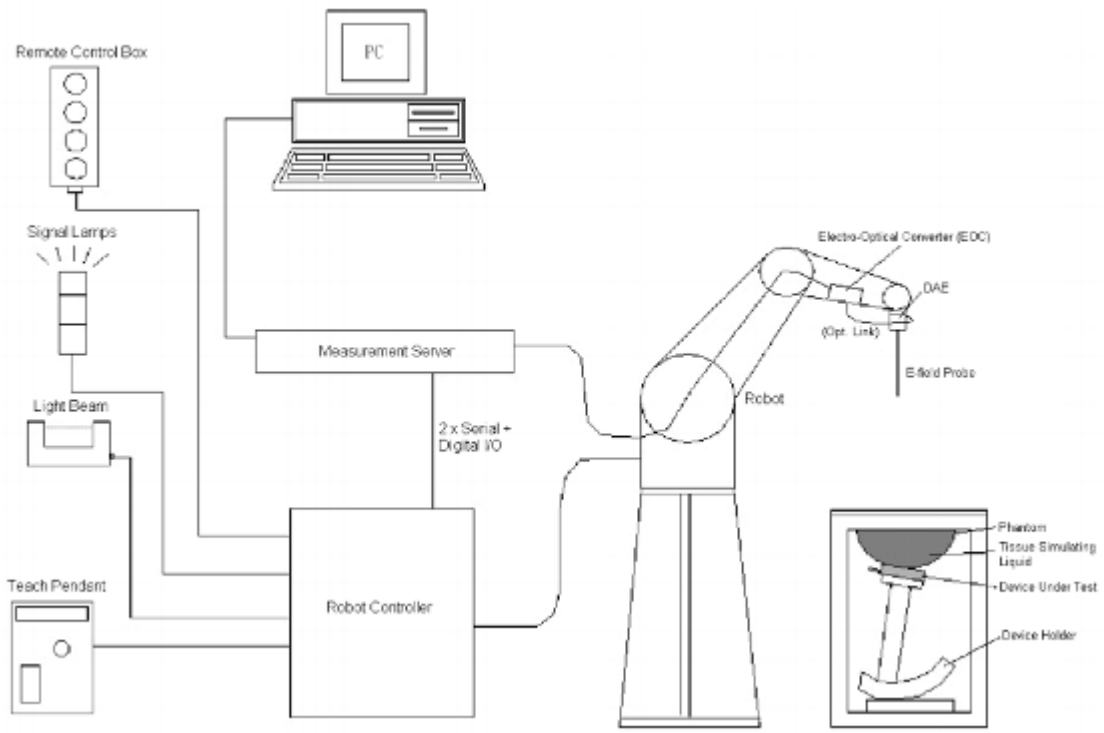


Figure 2.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic(DAE)attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter(ECO)performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows 7
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

3.1. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528.The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2+y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2+x'^2}\left(3-e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4}+x'^2+y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}+\frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

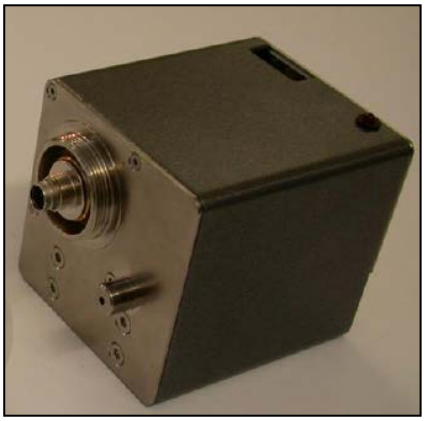
3.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D**.**

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

3.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)



The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

3.4. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

3.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

3.6. Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

3.7. SAM Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

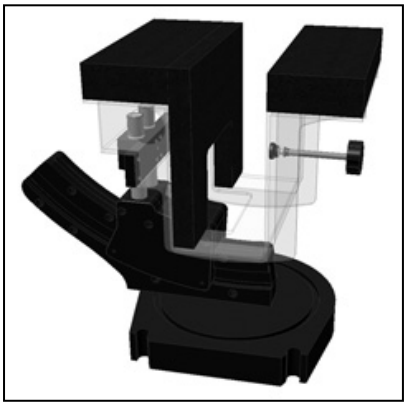
The ELI4 Phantom also is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness. It has 30 liters filling volume, and with a dimension of 600mm for major ellipse axis , 400mm for minor axis. It is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in frequency range of 30 MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

3.8. Device Holder

- The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity εr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

- The laptop extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



3.9. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	5P6VA1/A/01	only once
Robot Controller	Stäubli	CS8C	5P6VA1/C/01	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D850V2	1008	2015.06.12
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d174	2015.06.09
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	1767	N/A
SAM ELI Phantom	Speag	SAM	1211	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Laptop Holder	Speag	SM LH1 001CD	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1327	2015.05.05
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3844	2015.05.19
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183W-S+	MN136701248	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MY52180185	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	108823	2015.01.08
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY4631693	2015.01.15
Signal Generator	R&S	SML	103287	2015.03.09
Power Meter	BONN	BLWA0830-160/100/40D	76659	2014.11.10
AUG Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z91	100384	2015.03.09

4. Results

4.1. Summary of Test Results

No deviations form the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed	■
The deviations as specified in this chapter were ascertained in the course of the tests Performed.	□

4.2. Description for EUT test position

The following procedure had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

- The client supplied a special driver to program the EUT, allowing it to continually transmit the specified maximum power and change the channel frequency.
- The output power(dBm) we measured before SAR test in different channel
- Performing the highest output power channel first
- SAR test Tip edge and Bottom Flat mode.

4.3. Conducted power (Average)

- **GSM/GPRS/EDGE**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Frame Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
GSM850	824.2	32.17	-9	23.17	32.5	1.08
	836.6	32.19	-9	23.19	32.5	1.07
	848.8	32.07	-9	23.07	32.5	1.10
GPRS850(1Slot)	824.2	32.17	-9	23.17	32.5	1.08
	836.6	32.18	-9	23.18	32.5	1.08
	848.8	32.06	-9	23.06	32.5	1.11
GPRS850(2Slot)	824.2	31.24	-6	25.24	31.5	1.06
	836.6	31.25	-6	25.25	31.5	1.06
	848.8	31.20	-6	25.20	31.5	1.07
GPRS850(3Slot)	824.2	29.35	-4.25	25.10	30.0	1.16
	836.6	29.38	-4.25	25.13	30.0	1.15
	848.8	29.30	-4.25	25.05	30.0	1.17
GPRS850(4Slot)	**824.2**	**28.24**	**-3**	**25.24**	**28.5**	**1.06**
	836.6	**28.32**	**-3**	**25.32**	**28.5**	**1.04**
	848.8	**28.27**	**-3**	**25.27**	**28.5**	**1.05**
Edge 850(1Slot)	824.2	26.53	-9	17.53	27.0	1.11
	836.6	26.58	-9	17.58	27.0	1.10
	848.8	26.52	-9	17.52	27.0	1.12

Edge 850(2Slot)	824.2	26.37	-6	20.37	26.5	1.03
	836.6	26.40	-6	20.40	26.5	1.02
	848.8	26.41	-6	20.41	26.5	1.02
Edge 850(3Slot)	824.2	26.21	-4.25	21.96	26.5	1.07
	836.6	26.24	-4.25	21.99	26.5	1.06
	848.8	26.23	-4.25	21.98	26.5	1.06
Edge 850(4Slot)	824.2	26.04	-3	23.04	26.5	1.11
	836.6	26.10	-3	23.10	26.5	1.10
	848.8	26.05	-3	23.05	26.5	1.11
PCS1900	1850.2	29.37	-9	20.37	30.0	1.16
	1880.0	29.39	-9	20.39	30.0	1.15
	1909.8	29.34	-9	20.34	30.0	1.16
GPRS1900(1Slot)	1850.2	29.36	-9	20.36	30.0	1.16
	1880.0	29.39	-9	20.39	30.0	1.15
	1909.8	29.33	-9	20.33	30.0	1.17
GPRS1900(2Slot)	**1850.2**	**28.74**	**-6**	**22.74**	**29.0**	**1.06**
	1880.0	**28.74**	**-6**	**22.74**	**29.0**	**1.06**
	1909.8	**28.65**	**-6**	**22.65**	**29.0**	**1.08**
GPRS1900(3Slot)	1850.2	26.75	-4.25	22.50	27.0	1.06
	1880.0	26.72	-4.25	22.47	27.0	1.07
	1909.8	26.61	-4.25	22.36	27.0	1.09
GPRS1900(4Slot)	1850.2	25.70	-3	22.70	26.0	1.07
	1880.0	25.62	-3	22.62	26.0	1.09
	1909.8	25.40	-3	22.40	26.0	1.15
EDGE1900(1Slot)	1850.2	25.22	-9	16.22	25.5	1.07
	1880.0	25.19	-9	16.19	25.5	1.07
	1909.8	25.01	-9	16.01	25.5	1.12
EDGE1900(2Slot)	1850.2	25.11	-6	19.11	25.5	1.09
	1880.0	25.04	-6	19.04	25.5	1.11
	1909.8	24.87	-6	18.87	25.5	1.16
EDGE1900(3Slot)	1850.2	25.31	-4.25	21.06	25.5	1.04
	1880.0	25.10	-4.25	20.85	25.5	1.10
	1909.8	24.87	-4.25	20.62	25.5	1.16

EDGE1900(4Slot)	1850.2	24.96	-3	21.96	25.5	1.13
	1880.0	24.94	-3	21.94	25.5	1.14
	1909.8	24.70	-3	21.70	25.5	1.20

Note：1. Scaling Factor = Max. Power (mW) / Avg. Burst Power (mW); Max. Power is the tune-up power.

2. This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

3. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged powers were calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

4. The bolded GPRS modes were selected for SAR testing according to the highest frame-averaged output power table per KDB 941225 D03v01.

- **WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA**

Mode	3GPP Subtest	Conducted Power (dBm)						MPR
		Band II (1900MHz) Channel			Band V (850MHz) Channel			
		9262	9400	9538	4132	4183	4233	
WCDMA R99	**1**	**21.07**	**21.25**	**21.19**	**21.66**	**21.39**	**21.74**	**N/A**
Rel5 HSDPA	**1**	**21.01**	**21.26**	**21.15**	**21.69**	**21.35**	**21.77**	**0**
	2	21.00	21.16	21.14	21.65	21.34	21.74	**0**
	3	20.54	20.75	20.60	21.14	20.88	21.25	**0.5**
	4	20.50	20.74	20.58	21.12	20.85	21.15	**0.5**
Rel6 HSUPA	**1**	**21.07**	**21.25**	**21.19**	**21.66**	**21.37**	**21.74**	**0.0**
	2	19.02	19.26	19.17	19.65	19.35	19.72	**2.0**
	3	20.03	20.23	20.16	20.67	20.33	20.75	**1.0**
	4	19.00	19.14	19.15	19.67	19.34	19.73	**2.0**
	5	21.02	21.26	21.19	21.63	21.32	21.72	**0.0**

Mode	Band II (1900MHz) Channel	Normal Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
WCDMA R99	9262	21.07	22.0	1.24
	9400	21.25	22.0	1.19
	9538	21.19	22.0	1.21
Rel5 HSDPA	9262	21.01	22.0	1.26
	9400	21.26	22.0	1.19
	9538	21.15	22.0	1.22
Rel6 HSUPA	9262	21.07	22.0	1.24
	9400	21.25	22.0	1.19
	9538	21.19	22.0	1.21
Mode	Band V (850MHz) Channel	Normal Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
WCDMA R99	4132	21.66	22.0	1.08
	4183	21.39	22.0	1.15
	4233	21.74	22.0	1.06
Rel5 HSDPA	4132	21.69	22.0	1.07
	4183	21.35	22.0	1.16
	4233	21.77	22.0	1.05
Rel6 HSUPA	4132	21.66	22.0	1.08
	4183	21.37	22.0	1.16
	4233	21.74	22.0	1.06

Note: UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

- **WLAN**

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	01	2412	9.77
	06	2437	9.64
	11	2462	9.07
802.11g	01	2412	9.44
	06	2437	8.82
	11	2462	8.44
802.11n (20MHz)	01	2412	9.57
	06	2437	9.11
	11	2462	8.42
802.11n (40MHz)	03	2422	9.34
	06	2437	8.93
	09	2452	8.59

- **Bluetooth**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Output (dBm)
00	2402	-4.88
19	2441	-3.50
39	2480	-4.96

4.4. Estimated SAR

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is≤1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.2 2, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$Estimated\ SAR = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{Max.\ Power\ of\ Channel,\ mW}{Min.\ Separation\ Distance,\ mm}$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Head)	Estimated SAR (Held-to-Ear)	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
WLAN	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]	[mm]	[W/kg]
	2412	9.0	5	0.393	5	0.393

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Head)	Estimated SAR (Held-to-Ear)	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
Bluetooth	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]	[mm]	[W/kg]
	2441	-3.50	5	0.0186	5	0.0186

4.5. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ± 2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: MID									
Test Mode: GSM850									
Tune-up power: 32.5dBm									
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Avg. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	--	--	1.08	--	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	190	836.6	32.19	-0.07	0.0094	1.07	0.0101	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	32.07	--	--	1.10	--	1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	190	836.6	32.19	0.06	0.0097	1.07	0.0104	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	--	--	1.08	--	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	190	836.6	32.19	-0.01	**0.034**	1.07	**0.036**	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	32.07	--	--	1.10	--	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	190	836.6	32.19	0.02	0.025	1.07	0.027	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498;									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ± 2						Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2						Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: MID									
Test Mode: GSM850									
Tune-up power: 32.5dBm									
Test Position Body (**0mm gap**)	Antenna Position	Frequency		Avg. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Back	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	--	--	1.08	--	1.6
Back	Fixed	190	836.6	32.19	0.16	0.023	1.07	0.0245	1.6
Back	Fixed	251	848.8	32.07	--	--	1.10	--	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850-4slot									
Tune-up power: 28.5dBm									
Back	Fixed	128	824.2	28.24	--	--	1.06	--	1.6
Back	Fixed	190	836.6	28.32	0.19	**0.039**	1.04	**0.041**	1.6
Back	Fixed	251	848.8	28.27	--	--	1.05	--	1.6
Front	Fixed	190	836.6	28.32	-0.08	**0.039**	1.04	**0.041**	1.6
Body-Leftside	Fixed	190	836.6	28.32	0.07	0.020	1.04	0.021	1.6
Top	Fixed	190	836.6	28.32	-0.12	0.033	1.04	0.0343	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498; 2: According to test positions of GPRS mode, Body-Back is the worst-case configuration.									

SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 52
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15
Product: MID	
Test Mode: PCS1900	
Tune-up power: 30.0dBm	

Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Avg. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.37	--	--	1.16	--	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880	29.39	-0.11	0.00791	1.15	0.009	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.34	--	--	1.16	--	1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.39	-0.10	0.010	1.15	0.012	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.37	--	--	1.16	--	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880	29.39	-0.10	**0.023**	1.15	**0.026**	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.34	--	--	1.16	--	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.39	-0.18	0.018	1.15	0.0207	1.6

Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498;

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ± 2						Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2						Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: MID									
Test Mode: PCS1900									
Tune-up power: 30.0dBm									
Test Position Body (**0mm gap**)	Antenna Position	Frequency		Avg. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Back	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.37	--	--	1.16	--	1.6
Back	Fixed	661	1880	29.39	0.12	0.422	1.15	0.485	1.6
Back	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.34	--	--	1.16	--	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900-2slot									
Tune-up power: 29.0dBm									
Back	Fixed	512	1850.2	28.74	0.10	0.749	1.06	0.794	1.6
Back	Fixed	661	1880	28.74	0.16	**0.754**	1.06	**0.799**	1.6
Back	Fixed	810	1909.8	28.65	0.17	0.725	1.08	0.783	1.6
Front	Fixed	661	1880	28.64	0.14	0.107	1.09	0.117	1.6
Body-Leftside	Fixed	661	1880	28.64	0.12	0.040	1.09	0.044	1.6
Top	Fixed	661	1880	28.64	-0.09	0.069	1.09	0.075	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498; 2: According to test positions of GPRS mode, Body-Back is the worst-case configuration.									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: MID									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band II									
Tune-up power: 22.0dBm									
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Left-Cheek	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	-0.13	0.029	1.19	0.035	1.6
Left-Tilt	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	-0.19	0.027	1.19	0.032	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	0.19	**0.095**	1.19	**0.113**	1.6
Right-Tilt	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	0.16	0.061	1.19	0.073	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: MID									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band II									
Tune-up power:22.0dBm									
Test Position Body (**0mm gap**)	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Body-Back	Fixed	9262	1852.4	21.07	--	--	1.24	--	1.6
Body-Back	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	0.19	**0.659**	1.19	**0.784**	1.6
Body-Back	Fixed	9538	1907.6	21.19	--	--	1.21	--	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	-0.20	0.630	1.19	0.750	1.6
Body-Leftside	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	0.09	0.109	1.19	0.130	1.6
Body-bottom	Fixed	9400	1880.0	21.25	-0.10	0.483	1.19	0.575	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498;									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: MID									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V									
Tune-up power: 22.0dBm									
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Left-Cheek	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	-0.16	0.012	1.15	0.014	1.6
Left-Tilt	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	0.11	0.00852	1.15	0.010	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	0.17	**0.020**	1.15	**0.023**	1.6
Right-Tilt	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	-0.19	0.014	1.15	0.016	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498;									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: MID									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V									
Tune-up power:22.0dBm									
Test Position Body (**0mm gap**)	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Body-Back	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	0.18	**0.675**	1.15	**0.776**	1.6
Body-Front	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	-0.09	0.585	1.15	0.673	1.6
Body-Leftside	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	0.11	0.032	1.15	0.037	1.6
Body-Bottom	Fixed	4183	836.6	21.39	-0.12	0.222	1.15	0.255	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498;									

5. Simultaneous Transmission

5.1. Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is≤1.6W/kg.

5.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Wi-Fi

Configuration	Mode	Max. Scaled SAR(W/kg)	Wi-Fi SAR(W/kg)	∑ SAR(W/kg)
Head	GSM850	0.036	0.393	0.43
Head	PCS1900	0.026	0.393	0.42
Head	WCDMA Band II	0.113	0.393	**0.51**
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.023	0.393	0.42
Body	GSM850	0.041	0.393	0.43
Body	PCS1900	0.799	0.393	**1.19**
Body	WCDMA Band II	0.784	0.393	1.18
Body	WCDMA Band V	0.776	0.393	1.17

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth

Configuration	Mode	Max. Scaled SAR(W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR(W/kg)	∑ SAR(W/kg)
Head	GSM850	0.036	0.0186	0.05
Head	PCS1900	0.026	0.0186	0.04
Head	WCDMA Band II	0.113	0.0186	0.13
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.023	0.0186	0.04
Back	GSM850	0.041	0.0186	0.06
Back	PCS1900	0.799	0.0186	0.84
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.784	0.0186	0.80
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.776	0.0186	0.79

Note: WIFI/Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Wi-Fi & Bluetooth

Note: Bluetooth and WIFI cannot be transmit at same time, due to they share the same antenna.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS850 SAR(W/kg)	Wi-Fi SAR(W/kg)	∑ SAR(W/kg)
Body	Back	0.041	0.393	0.43
	Front	0.041	0.393	0.43
	Leftside	0.020	0.393	0.41
	Top	0.034	0.393	0.43
Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS1900 SAR(W/kg)	Wi-Fi SAR(W/kg)	∑ AR(W/kg)
Body	Back	0.799	0.393	**1.19**
	Front	0.117	0.393	0.51
	Leftside	0.044	0.393	0.44
	Top	0.075	0.393	0.47
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA Band II SAR(W/kg)	Wi-Fi SAR(W/kg)	∑ SAR(W/kg)
Body	Back	0.784	0.393	1.18
	Front	0.750	0.393	1.14
	Leftside	0.130	0.393	0.52
	Top	0.575	0.393	0.97
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA Band V SAR(W/kg)	Wi-Fi SAR (W/kg)	∑ SAR(W/kg)
Body	Back	0.776	0.393	1.17
	Front	0.673	0.393	1.07
	Leftside	0.037	0.393	0.43
	Top	0.255	0.393	0.65

5.3. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.

6. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget according to IEEE 1528/2011 (0.3-3GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std.Unc. (1g)	Std. nc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling[p]	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	±0%	±0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)[DAK]	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)[DAK]	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. –Conductivity[BB]	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. – Permittivity[BB]	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty(Coverage factor=2)						**±22.3%**	**±22.2%**	

7. APPENDIX A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

SystemPerformanceCheck-D850 Head

DUT: Dipole 850 MHz D850V2; Type: D850V2; Serial: D850V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 850 MHz; σ = 0.91 S/m; εr = 40.79; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) - 22℃; Input power-250mW

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

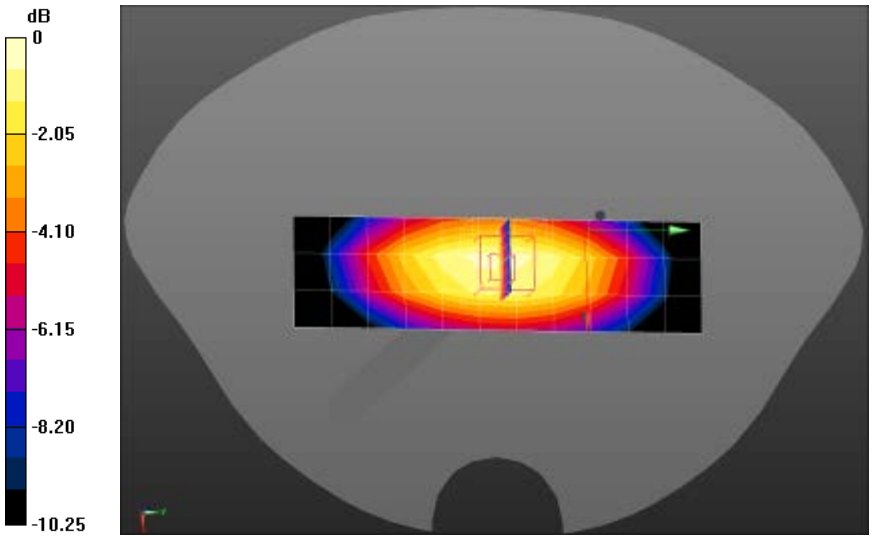
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 2.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D850 Head/Area Scan (4x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D850 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 46.055 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 W/kg



0 dB = 2.70 W/kg = 4.31 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.43 S/m; εr = 39.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) - 22℃; Input power-250mW

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

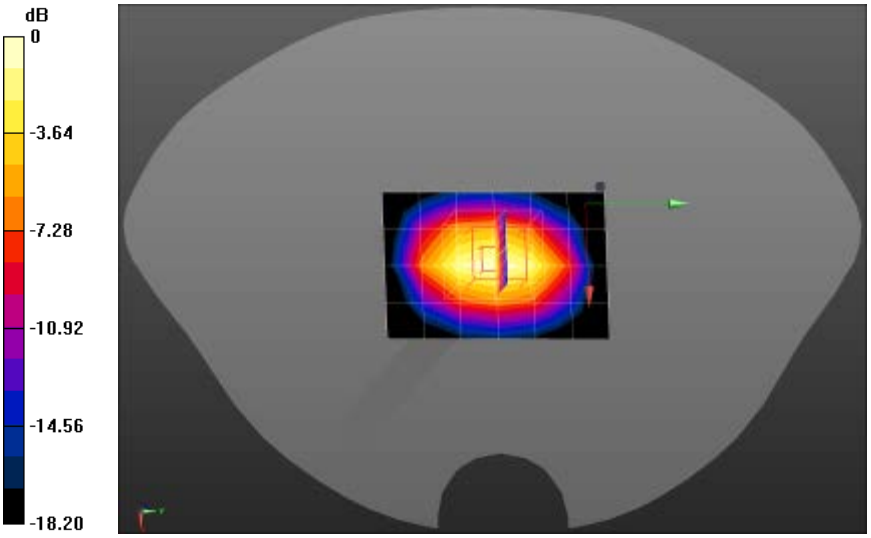
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 2.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D1900 Head/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.5 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D1900 Head/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.289 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.89 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 W/kg



0 dB = 10.6 W/kg = 10.25 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

SystemPerformanceCheck-D850

DUT: Dipole 850 MHz D850V2; Type: D850V2; Serial: D850V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 850 MHz; σ = 0.97 S/m; εr = 55.24; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) - 22℃; Input power-250mW

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

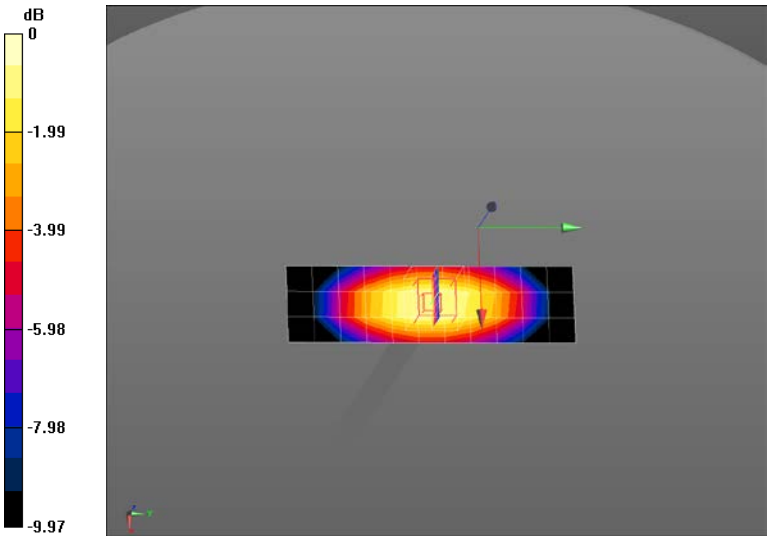
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D850 Body/Area Scan (4x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.30 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D850 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 52.440 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 W/kg



0 dB = 2.71 W/kg = 4.33 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.55 S/m; εr = 51.16; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) - 22℃; Input power-250mW

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

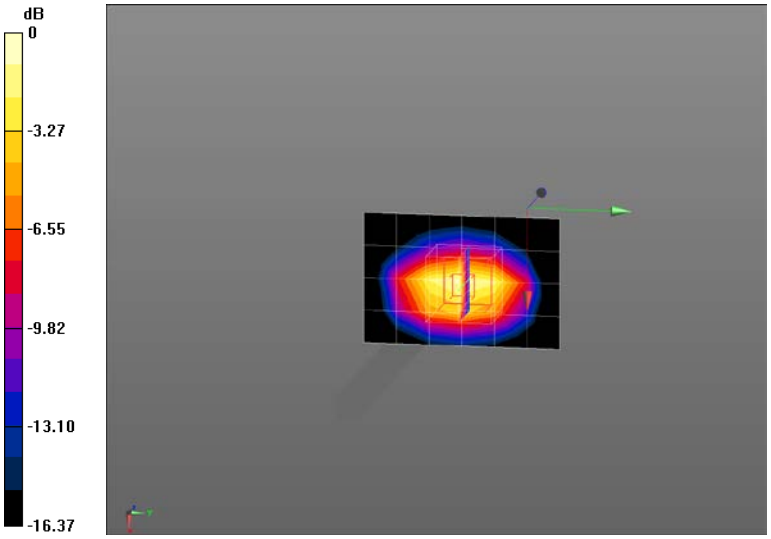
DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D1900 Body/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Systemcheck-D1900 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 93.277 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



0 dB = 14.6 W/kg = 11.64 dBW/kg

8. APPENDIX B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GSM850MHz Mid Touch-Left

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

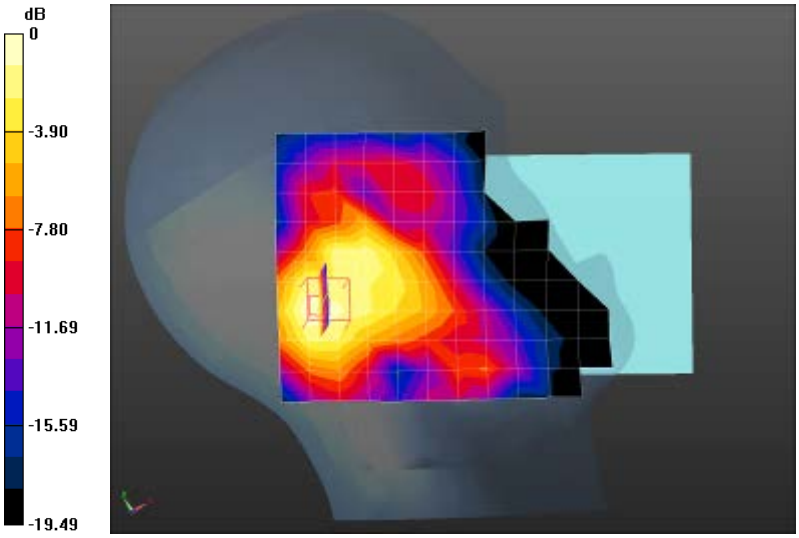
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0101 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.937 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0094 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00527 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0104 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0104 W/kg = -19.83 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GSM850MHz Mid Tilt-Left

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

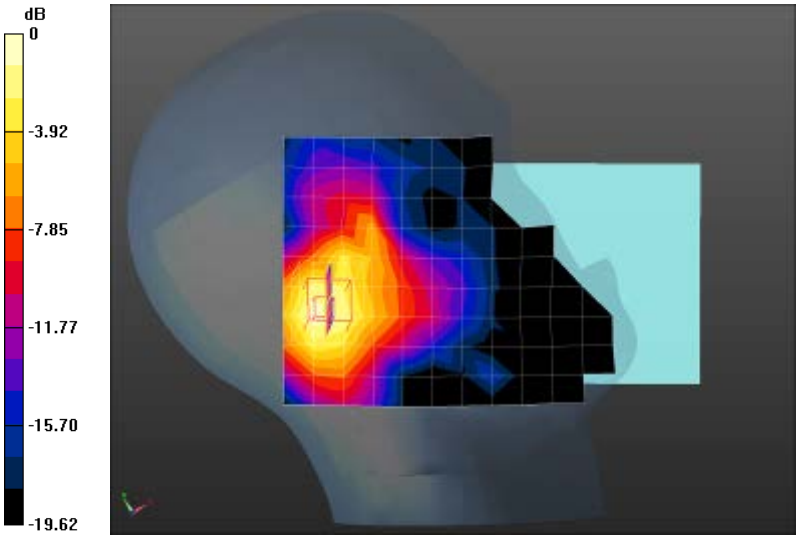
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00998 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.273 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00971 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00532 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0108 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0108 W/kg = -19.67 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GSM850MHz Mid Touch-Right

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

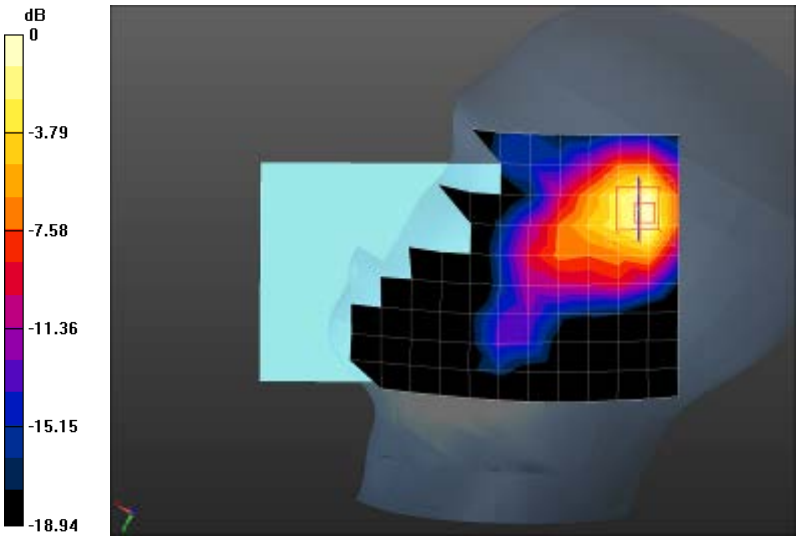
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0350 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.985 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0388 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0388 W/kg = -14.11 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GSM850MHz Mid Tilt-Right

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

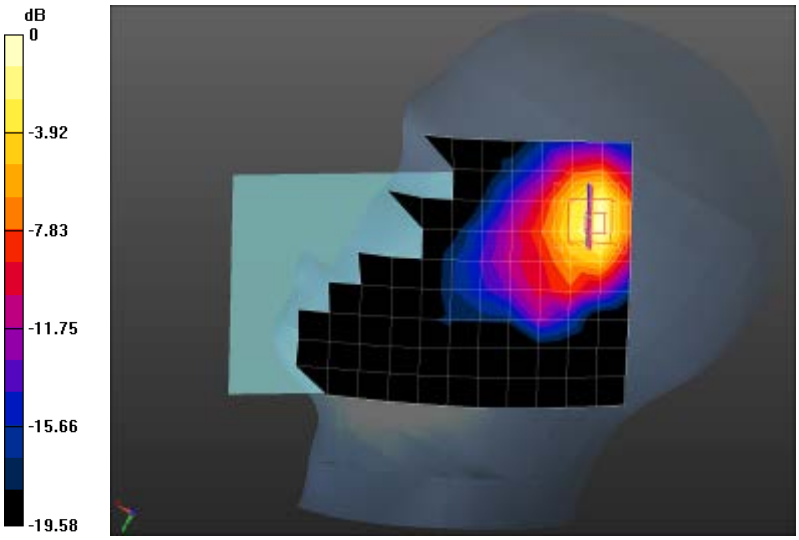
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0255 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.232 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0480 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0282 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0282 W/kg = -15.50 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GSM850MHz Mid Body-Back

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

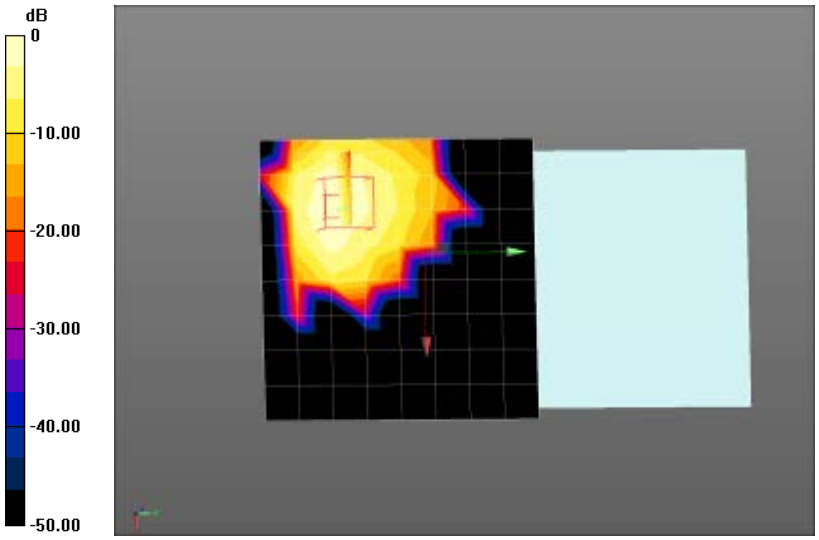
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0252 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850MHz Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.362 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0264 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0264 W/kg = -15.78 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Back(4up)

Communication System: GPRS(4up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

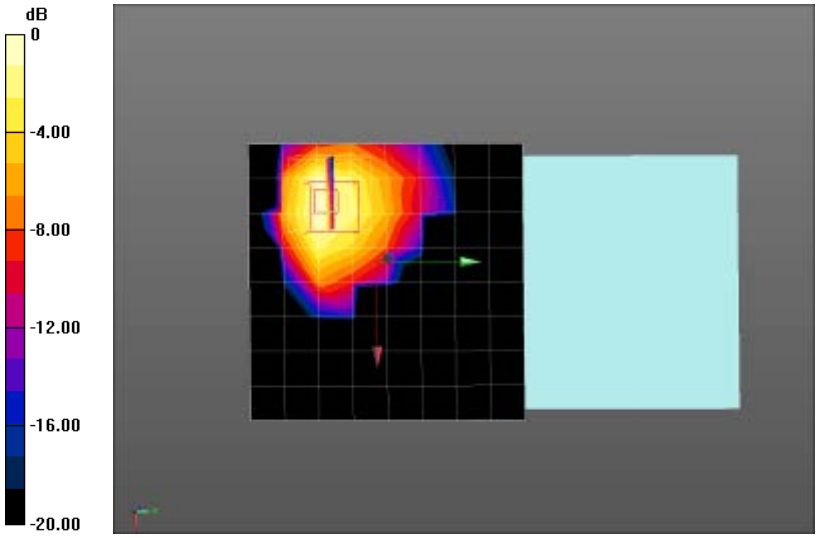
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Back(4up)/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0393 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Back(4up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.059 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

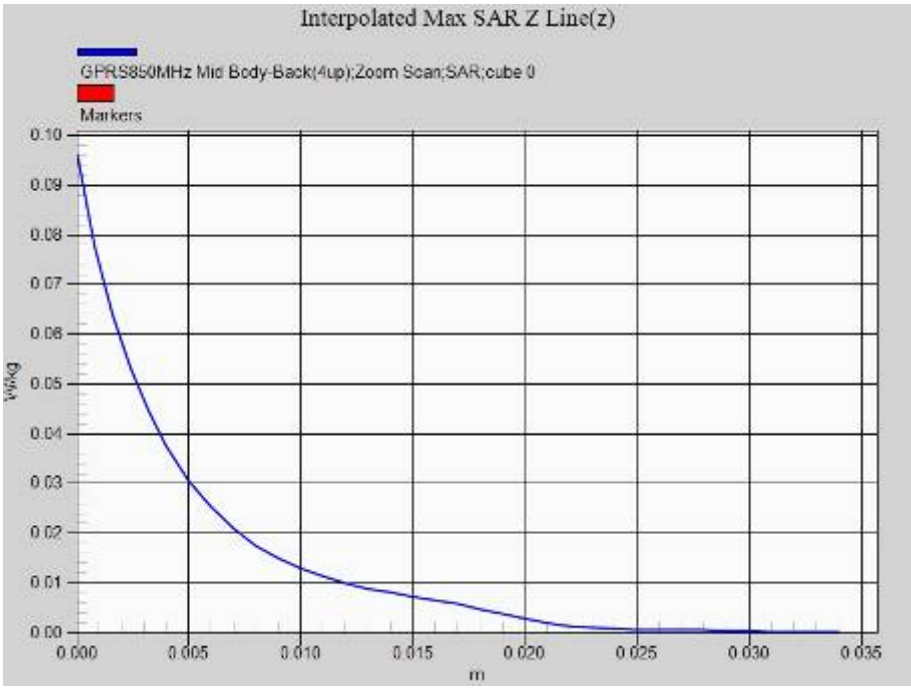
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.039 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0425 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0425 W/kg = -13.72 dBW/kg

Z-Axis Plot


Interpolated Max SAR Z Line(z)
GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Back(4up);Zoom Scan;SAR;cube 0
Markers
W/kg
0.10
0.09
0.08
0.07
0.06
0.05
0.04
0.03
0.02
0.01
0.00
0.000
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Front(4up)

Communication System: GPRS(4up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

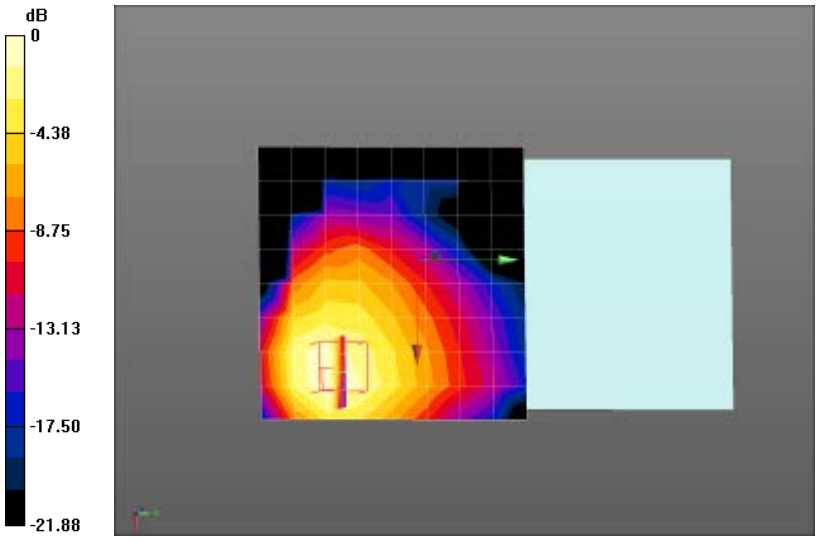
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Front(4up)/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0413 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Front(4up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.679 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0710 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.039 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0423 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0423 W/kg = -13.74 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Leftside(4up)

Communication System: GPRS(4up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

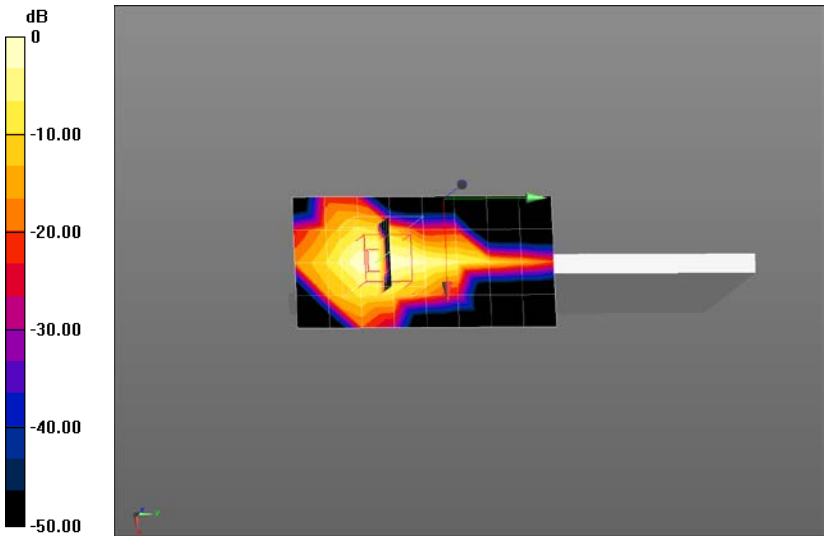
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Leftside(4up)/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0233 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Leftside(4up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.975 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0400 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00789 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0245 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0245 W/kg = -16.11 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Top(4up)

Communication System: GPRS(4up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

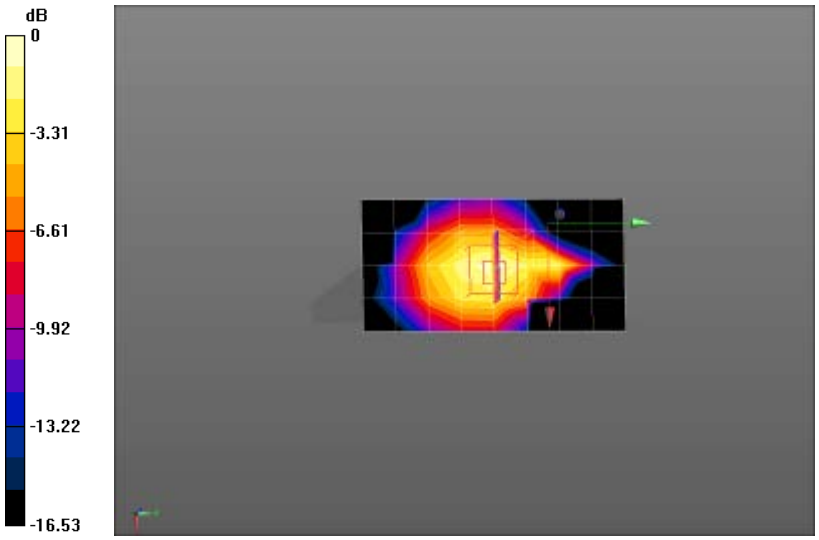
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Top(4up)/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0349 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850MHz Mid Body-Top(4up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.020 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0560 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0374 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0374 W/kg = -14.27 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: PCS1900MHz Mid Touch-Left

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

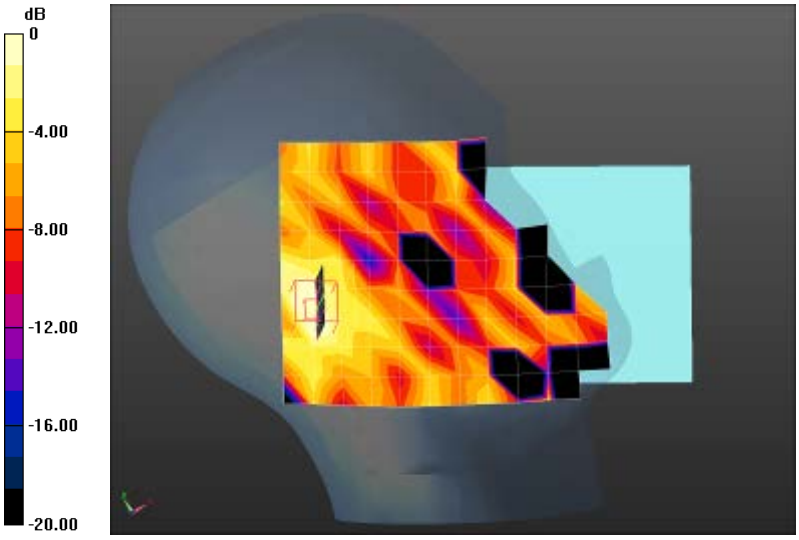
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0106 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.313 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0340 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00791 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00306 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00741 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00741 W/kg = -21.30 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: PCS1900MHz Mid Tilt-Left

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

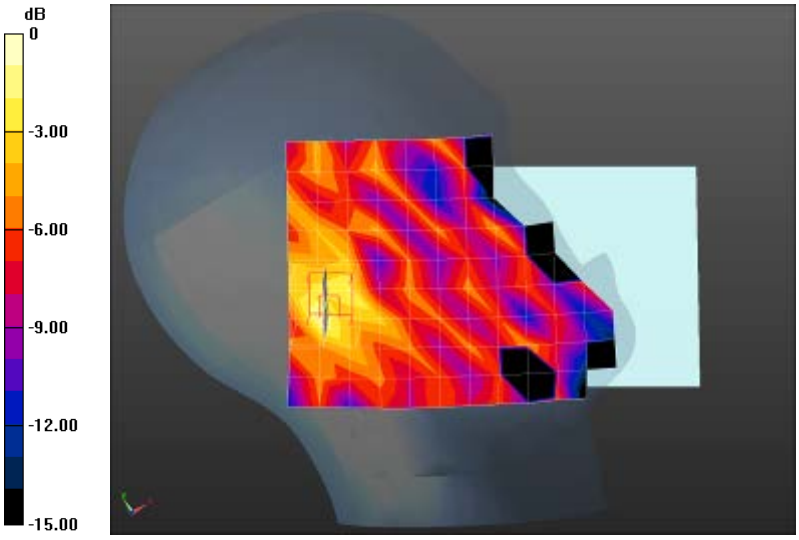
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00793 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.143 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00394 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00941 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00941 W/kg = -20.26 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: PCS1900MHz Mid Touch-Right

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

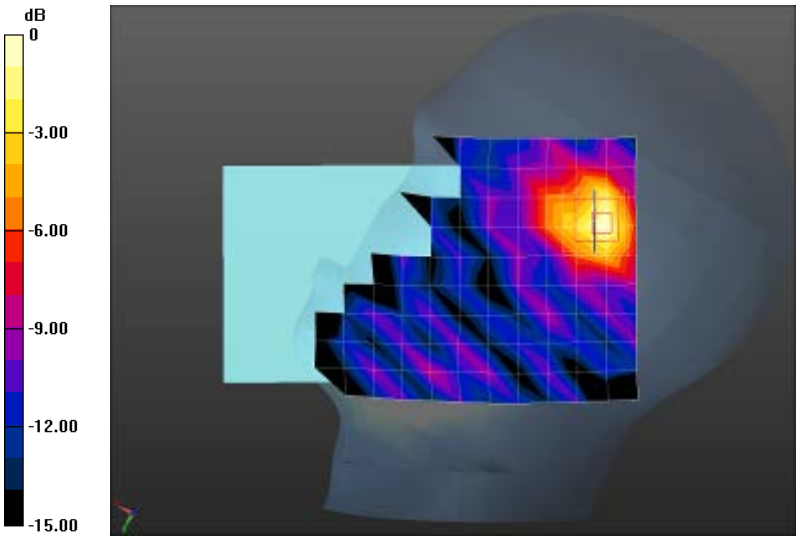
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0272 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.061 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0420 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0258 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0258 W/kg = -15.88 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725 Cerpass

Procedure Name: PCS1900MHz Mid Tilt-Right

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

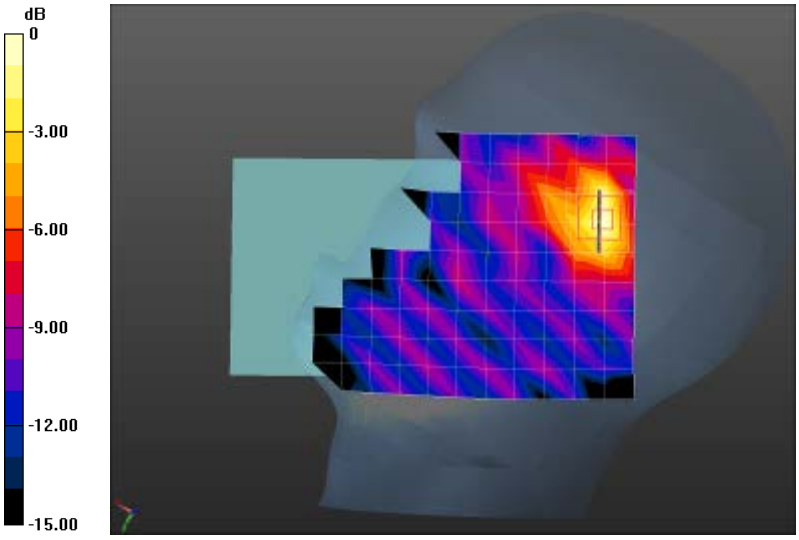
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0227 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.334 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0350 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.018 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00696 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0216 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0216 W/kg = -16.66 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: PCS1900MHz Mid Body-Back

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

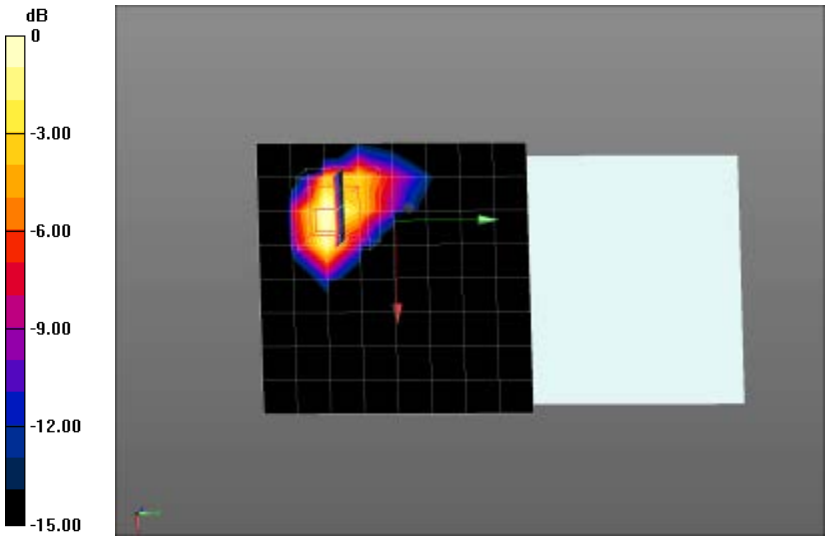
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.481 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900MHz Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.987 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.887 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 W/kg



0 dB = 0.423 W/kg = -3.74 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS1900MHz Low Body-Back(2up)

Communication System: GPRS(2up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.49 S/m; εr = 51.24; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

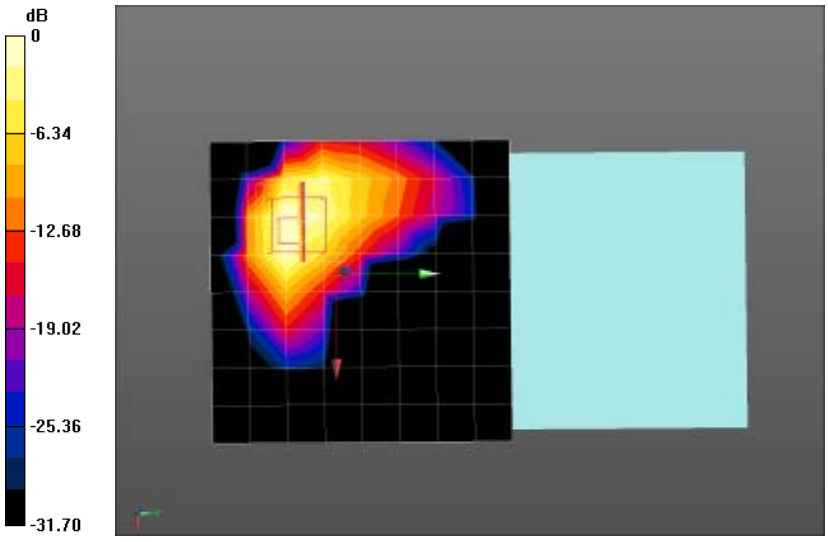
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Low Body-Back(2up)/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.812 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Low Body-Back(2up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.457 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.749 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.780 W/kg



0 dB = 0.780 W/kg = -1.08 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Back(2up)

Communication System: GPRS(2up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

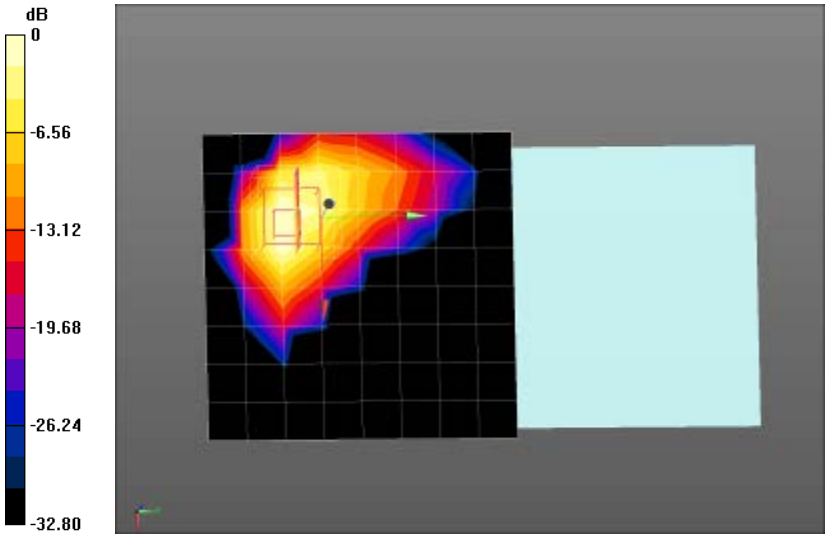
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Back(2up)/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.812 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Back(2up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.908 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

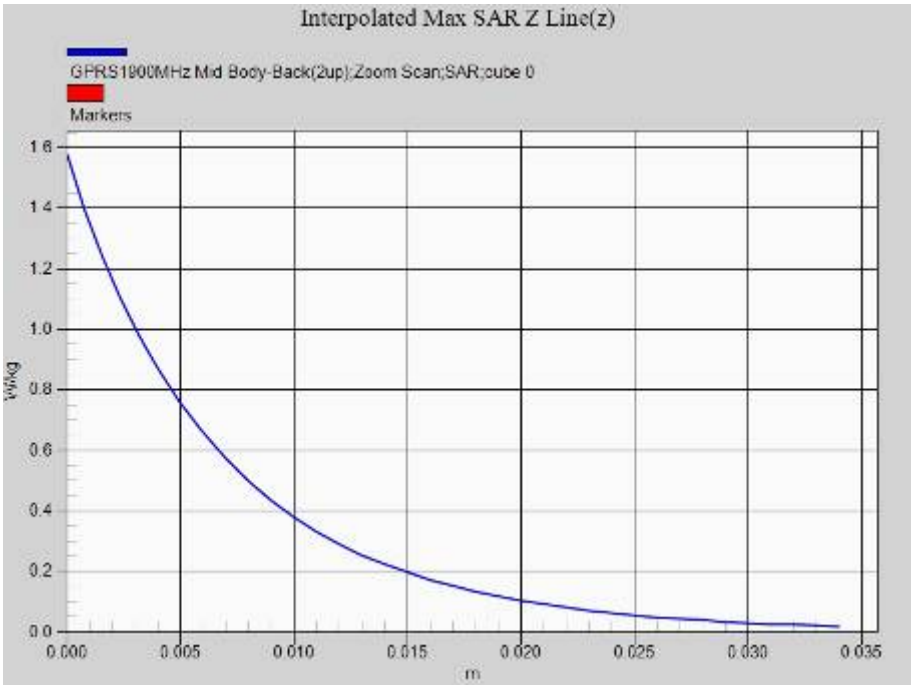
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.754 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.776 W/kg



0 dB = 0.776 W/kg = -1.10 dBW/kg

Z-Axis Plot


Interpolated Max SAR Z Line(z)
GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Back(2up);Zoom Scan;SAR;cube 0
Markers
W/kg
1.6
1.4
1.2
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
0.000
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS1900MHz High Body-Back(2up)

Communication System: GPRS(2up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.56 S/m; εr = 51.04; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

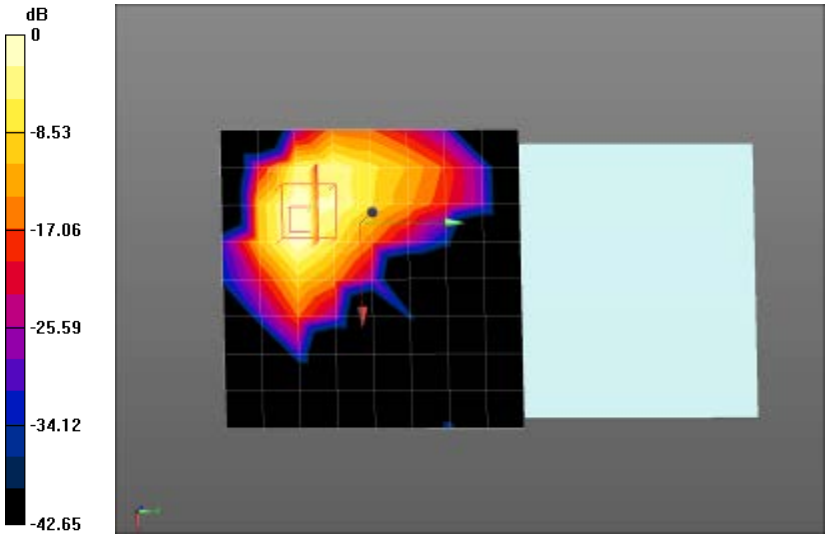
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz High Body-Back(2up)/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.778 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz High Body-Back(2up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.424 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.725 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.743 W/kg



0 dB = 0.743 W/kg = -1.29 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Front(2up)

Communication System: GPRS(2up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

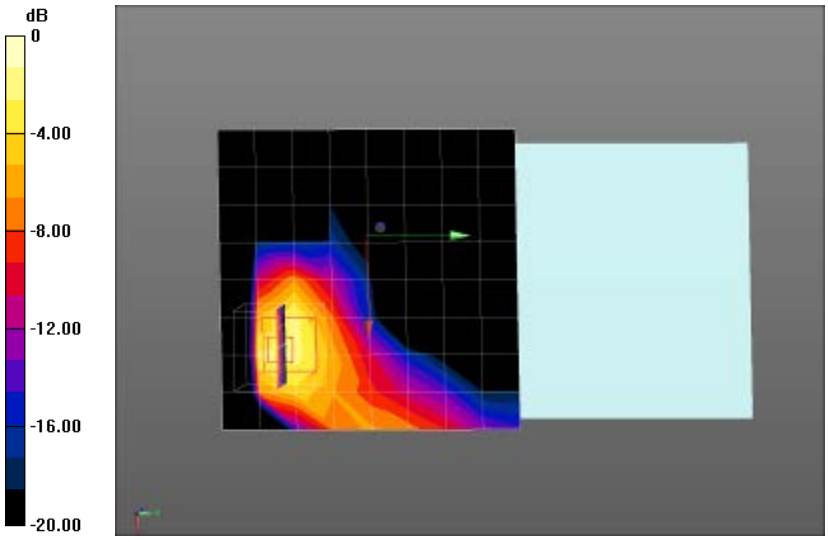
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Front(2up)/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0825 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Front(2up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.112 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.129 W/kg



0 dB = 0.129 W/kg = -8.89 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Leftside(2up)

Communication System: GPRS(2up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21 ℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

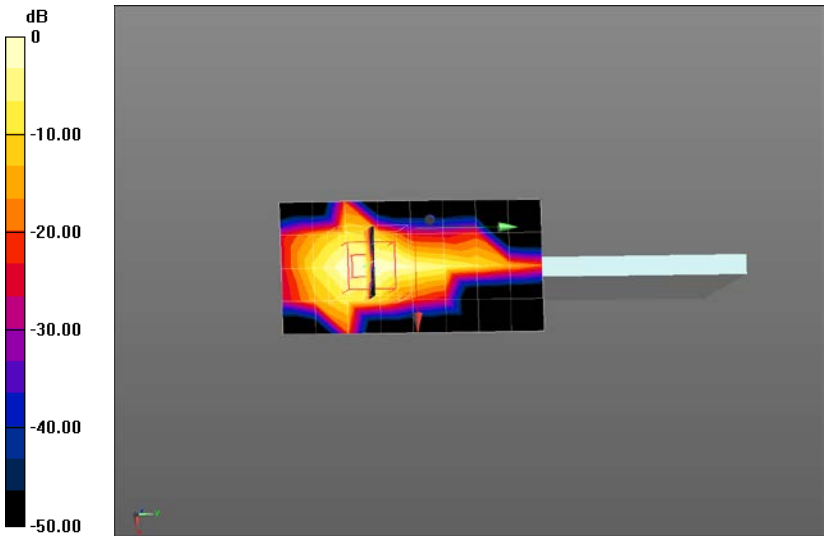
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Leftside(2up)/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0485 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Leftside(2up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.455 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0850 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0504 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0504 W/kg = -12.98 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Top(2up)

Communication System: GPRS(2up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

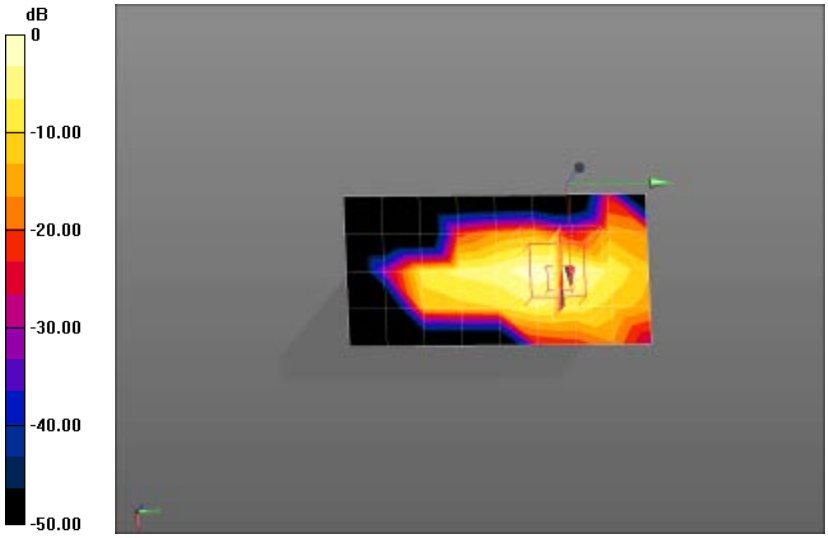
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Top(2up)/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0647 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900MHz Mid Body-Top(2up)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.507 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.143 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0846 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0846 W/kg = -10.73 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Left

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

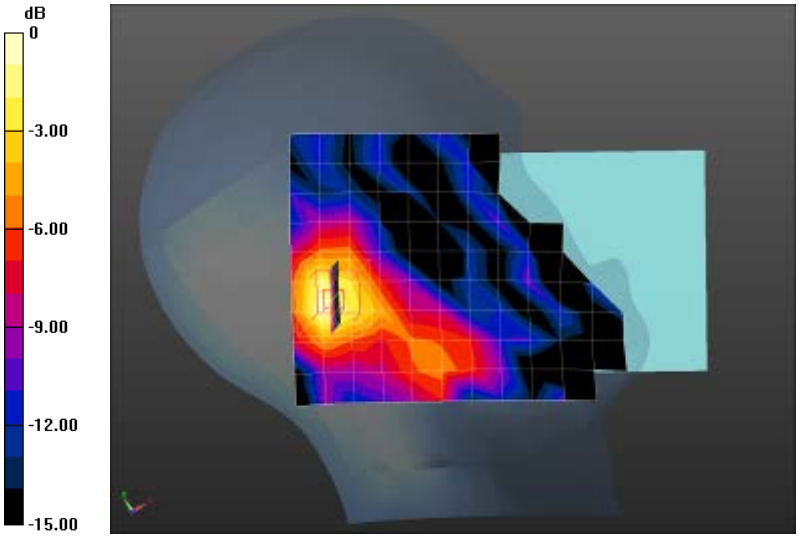
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0329 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0342 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0342 W/kg = -14.66 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Left

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

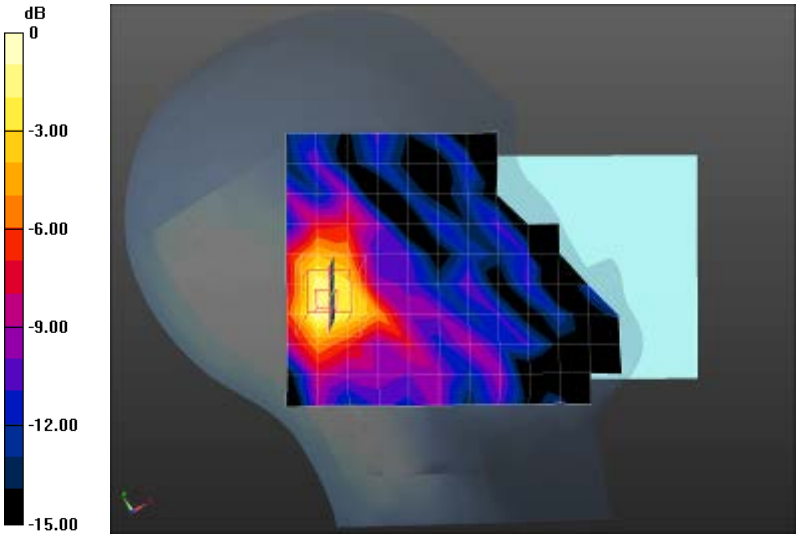
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0280 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.980 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0420 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0327 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0327 W/kg = -14.85 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Right

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

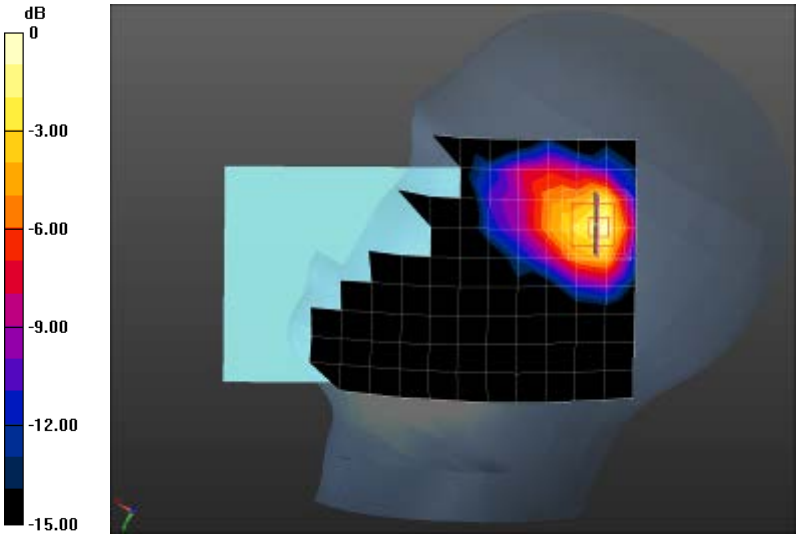
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.575 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.187 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 W/kg



0 dB = 0.111 W/kg = -9.55 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Right

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

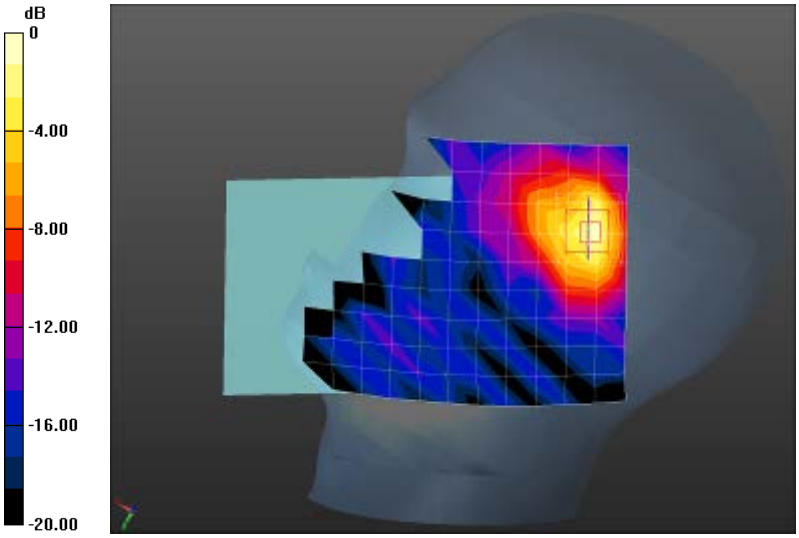
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0686 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.179 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.119 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0724 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0724 W/kg = -11.40 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

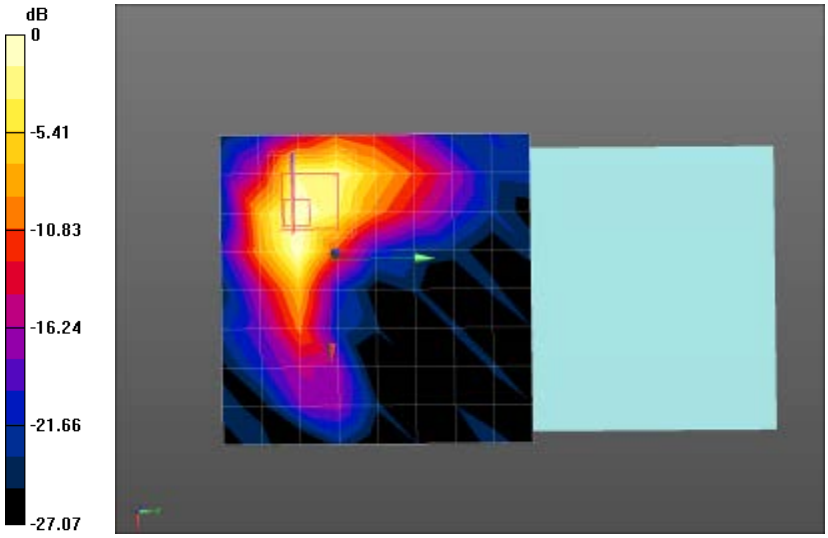
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.649 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

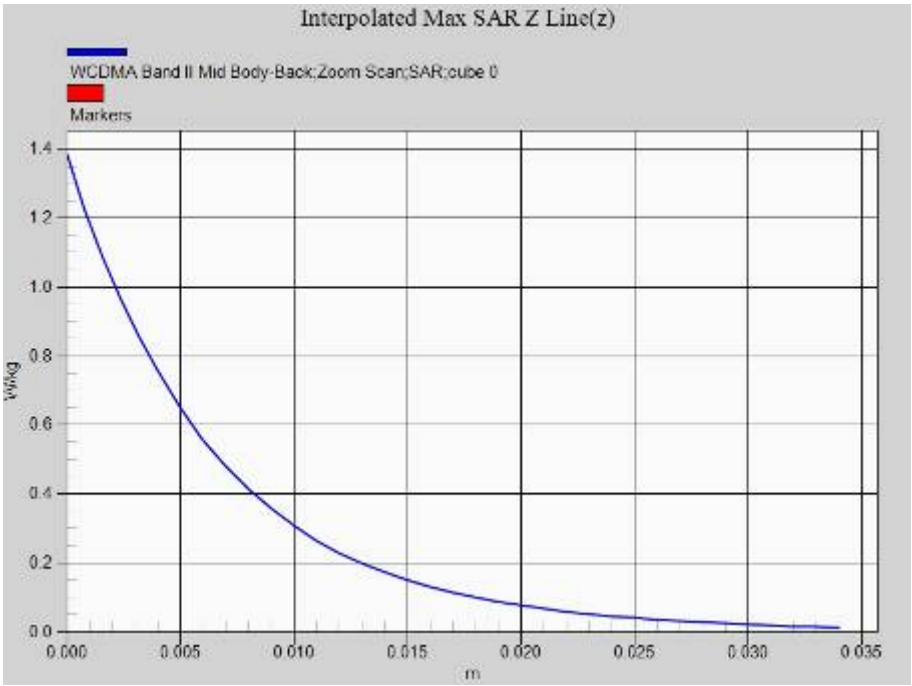
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.659 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 W/kg



0 dB = 0.737 W/kg = -1.33 dBW/kg

Z-Axis Plot


Interpolated Max SAR Z Line(z)
WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back;Zoom Scan;SAR;cube 0
Markers
W/kg
1.4
1.2
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
0.000
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Front

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

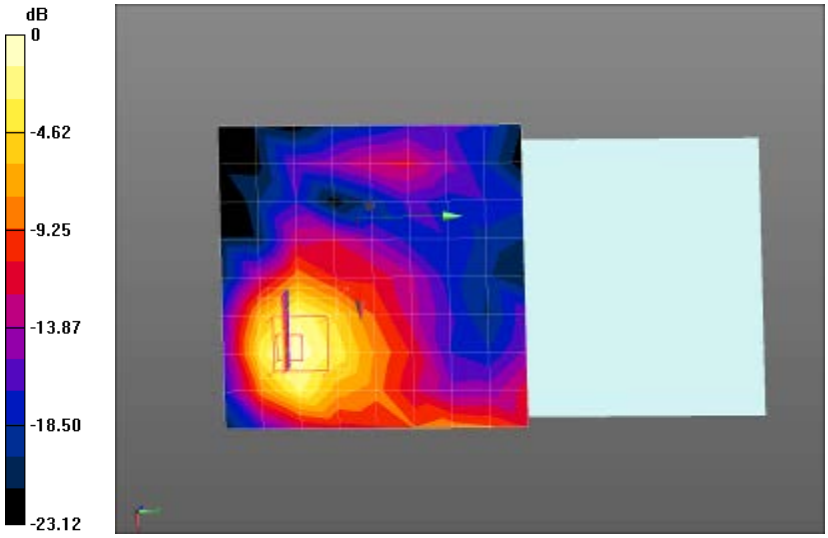
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.594 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.016 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.630 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 W/kg



0 dB = 0.662 W/kg = -1.79 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Leftside

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

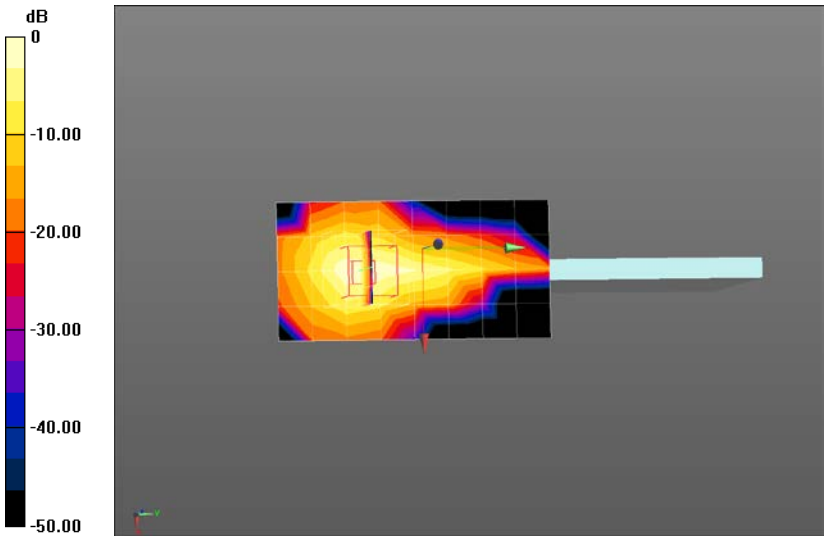
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Leftside/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Leftside/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.736 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.278 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg



0 dB = 0.130 W/kg = -8.86 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Top

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; εr = 51.14; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

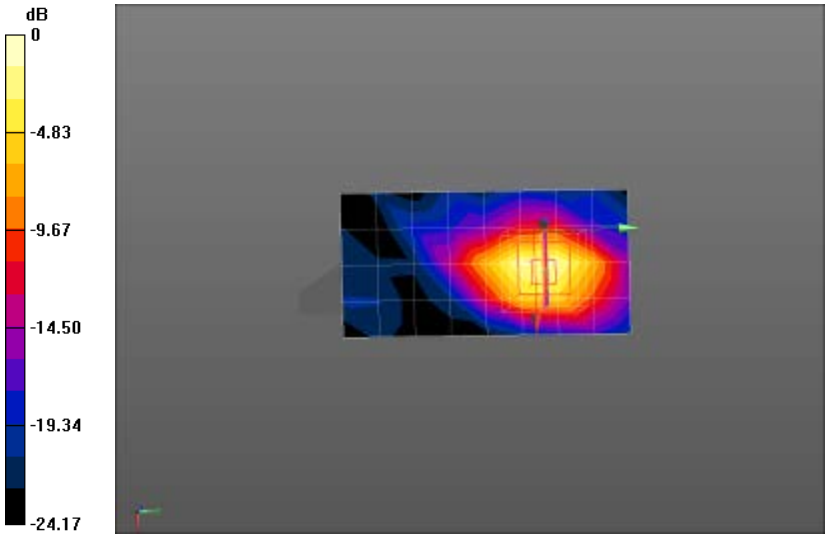
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Top/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Top/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.778 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.951 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.565 W/kg



0 dB = 0.565 W/kg = -2.48 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Left

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

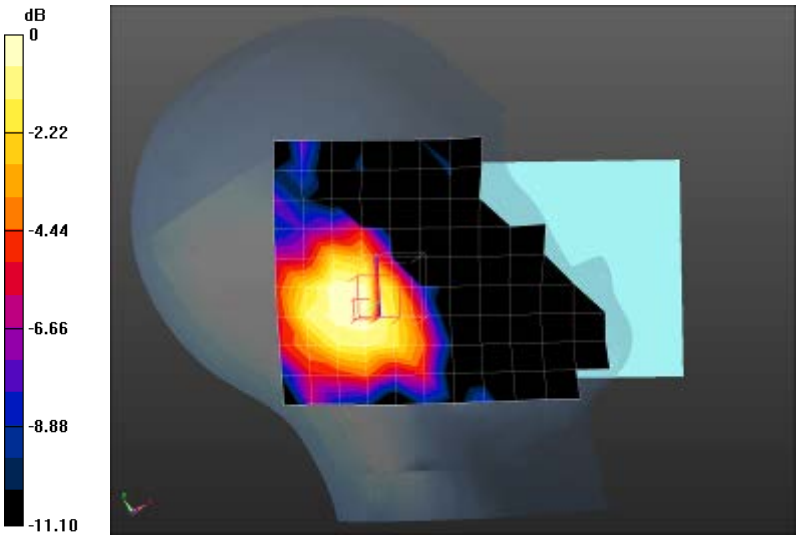
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0119 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.485 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00859 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0124 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0124 W/kg = -19.07 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Left

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Left Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

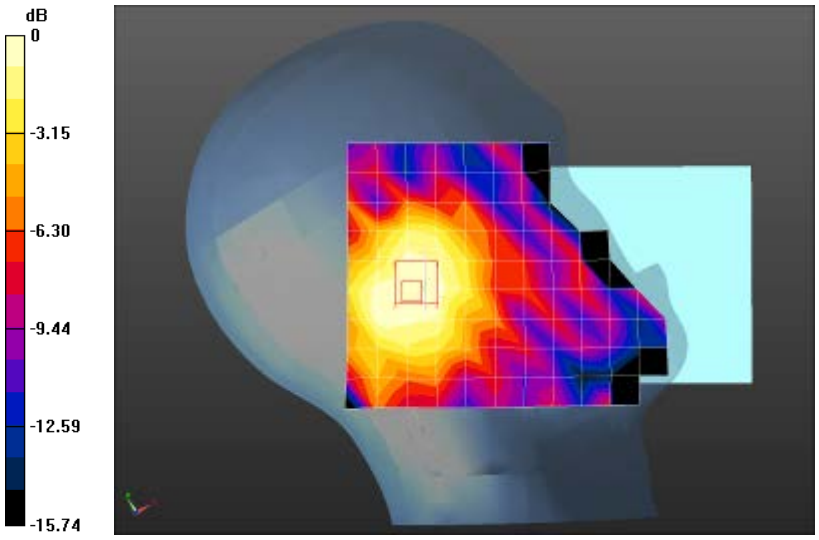
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00983 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.245 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00852 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00609 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00887 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00887 W/kg = -20.52 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab;

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Right

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

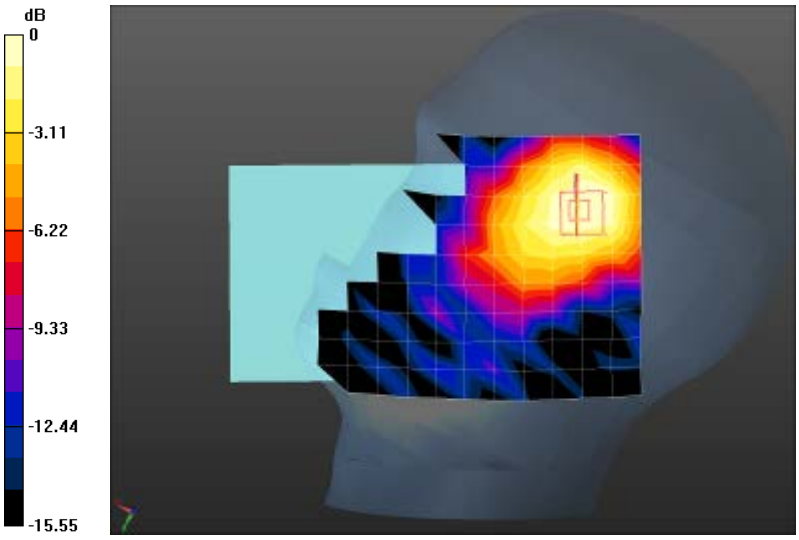
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0203 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.823 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0320 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0212 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0212 W/kg = -16.74 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Right

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; εr = 41.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

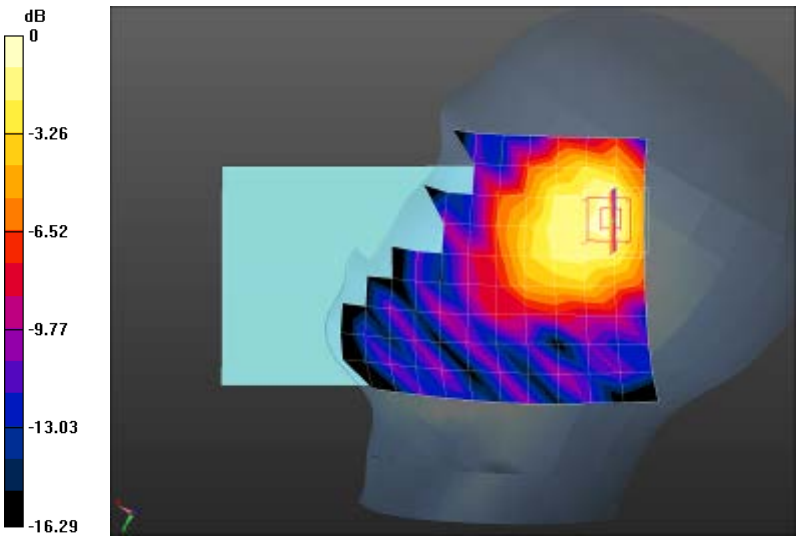
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0154 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.291 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0250 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00859 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0158 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0158 W/kg = -18.01 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

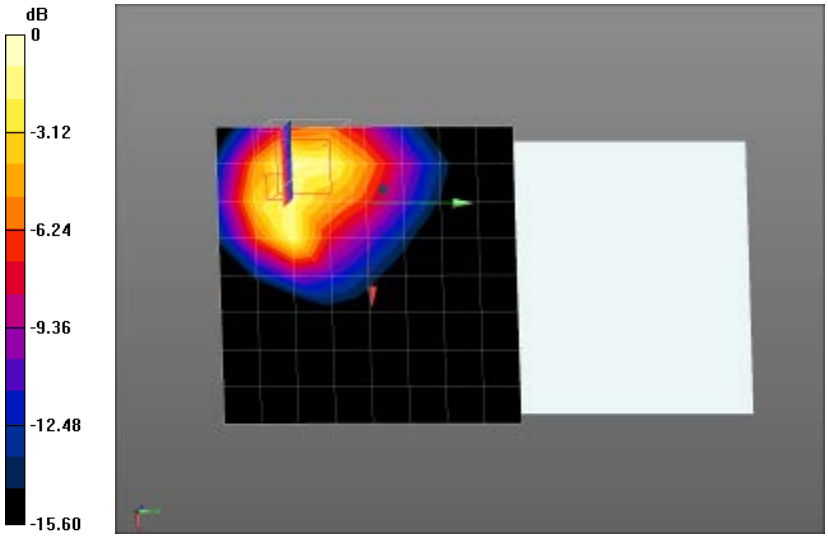
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.712 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.482 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

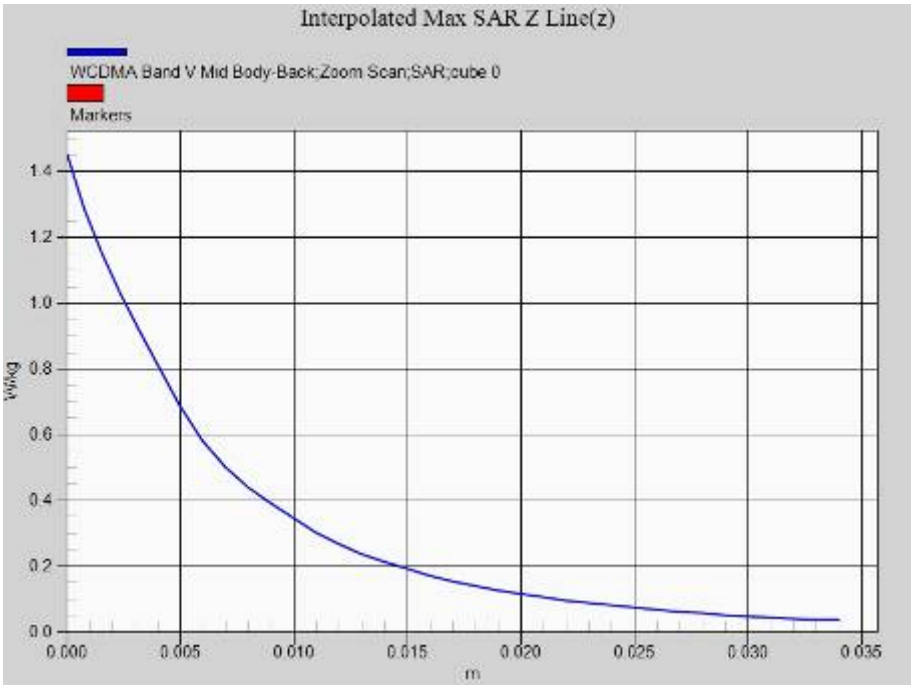
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.675 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.348 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.832 W/kg



0 dB = 0.832 W/kg = -0.80 dBW/kg

Z-Axis Plot


Interpolated Max SAR Z Line(z)
WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back;Zoom Scan;SAR;cube 0
Markers
W/kg
1.4
1.2
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
0.000
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Front

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

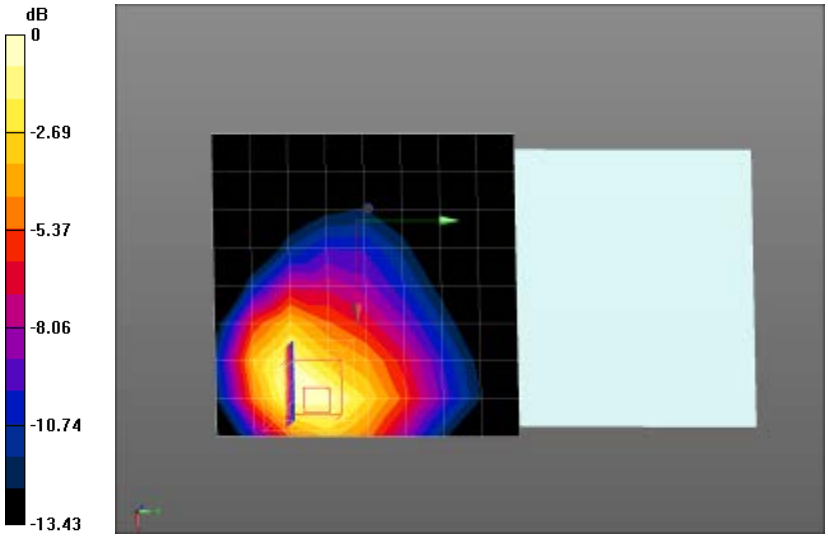
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.046 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.585 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 W/kg



0 dB = 0.649 W/kg = -1.88 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Leftside

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

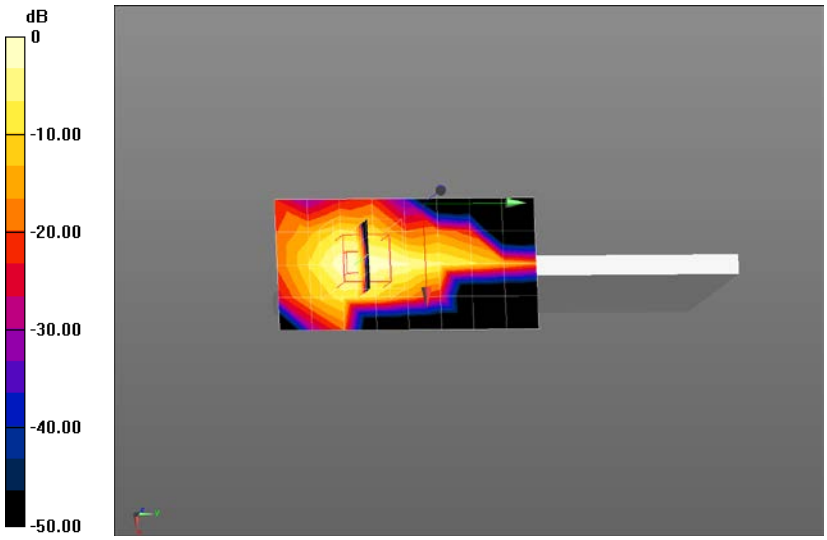
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Leftside/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0365 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Leftside/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.180 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0790 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0400 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0400 W/kg = -13.98 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 10/06/2014

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: MID; Type: M725

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Top

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; εr = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section; Tissue Temp (celsius) - 21℃

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

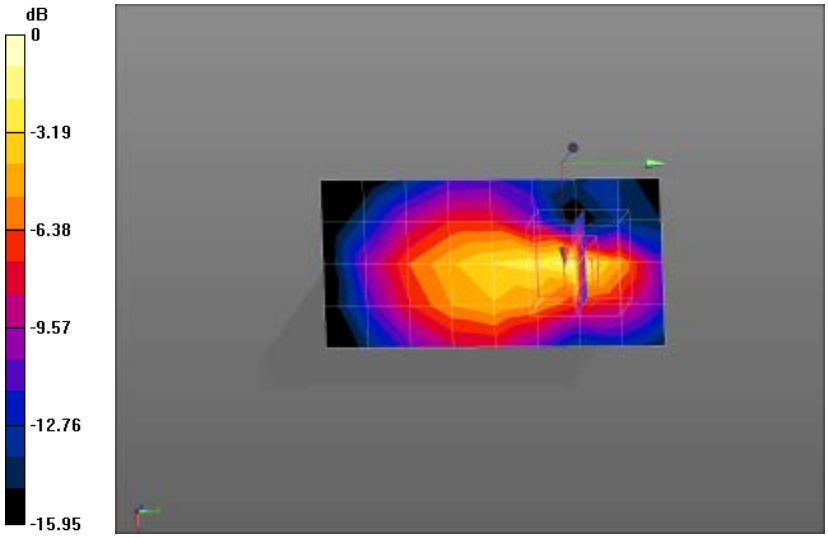
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3844; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2014/5/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2014/5/5
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Top/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.202 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Top /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 W/kg



0 dB = 0.275 W/kg = -5.61 dBW/kg

8. APPENDIX C Antenna Location, EUT and Test Setup Photographs

Note: Antenna Location, EUT and test setup photographs, see separate documents in PDF, named FCC SAR-Appendix C-Antenna internal view, outside view and Test Setup Photographs.

9. APPENDIX D. Probe Calibration Data

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Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

CNAS 校准 CNAS L0442

Client CATR(Chongqing) Certificate No: Z14-97030

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3844
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-OS-E-02-195 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes
Calibration date:	May 19, 2014

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-044)	Jun-14
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-044)	Jun-14
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-044)	Jun-14
Reference10dBAttenuator	BT0520	12-Dec-12(TMC,No.JZ12-867)	Dec-14
Reference20dBAttenuator	BT0267	12-Dec-12(TMC,No.JZ12-866)	Dec-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	03-Sep-13(SPEAG,No.EX3-3846_Sep13)	Sep-14
DAE4	SN 1331	23-Jan-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-1331_Jan14)	Jan -15
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)**	**Scheduled Calibration**
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-045)	Jun-14
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	15-Feb-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-781)	Feb-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: May 20, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z14-97030 Page 1 of 11

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E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i θ=0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:*A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):* in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset:* The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle:* The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

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E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3844

Calibrated: May 19, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z14-97030 Page 3 of 11

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY
Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

DASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3844

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(μV/(V/m)^2)[A]	0.34	0.40	0.18	±10.8%
DCP(mV)[B]	104.3	98.9	98.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	161.3	±3.9%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		177.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		103.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

DASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3844

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz][C]	Relative Permittivity[F]	Conductivity (S/m)[F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha[G]	Depth[G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	41.5	0.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.14	1.68	±12%
900	41.5	0.97	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.15	1.68	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.76	8.76	8.76	0.13	2.28	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.15	1.91	±12%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.14	2.31	±12%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.18	1.60	±12%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.16	8.16	8.16	0.44	0.84	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.44	0.85	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.45	0.85	±12%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.41	1.02	±13%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.68	5.68	5.68	0.42	1.23	±13%
5500	35.6	4.96	5.38	5.38	5.38	0.45	0.99	±13%
5800	35.3	5.27	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.51	1.30	±13%

[C] Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3844

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz][C]	Relative Permittivity[F]	Conductivity (S/m)[F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha[G]	Depth[G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	55.2	0.99	9.77	9.77	9.77	0.21	1.33	±12%
900	55.0	1.05	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.32	1.05	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.51	8.51	8.51	0.16	2.03	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.99	7.99	7.99	0.15	2.68	±12%
2000	53.3	1.52	8.33	8.33	8.33	0.15	2.96	±12%
2100	53.2	1.62	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.16	3.30	±12%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.38	1.05	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.39	1.00	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.44	0.94	±12%
3500	51.3	3.31	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.44	1.08	±13%
5200	49.0	5.30	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.35	1.29	±13%
5500	48.6	5.65	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.39	1.52	±13%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.43	1.73	±13%

[C] Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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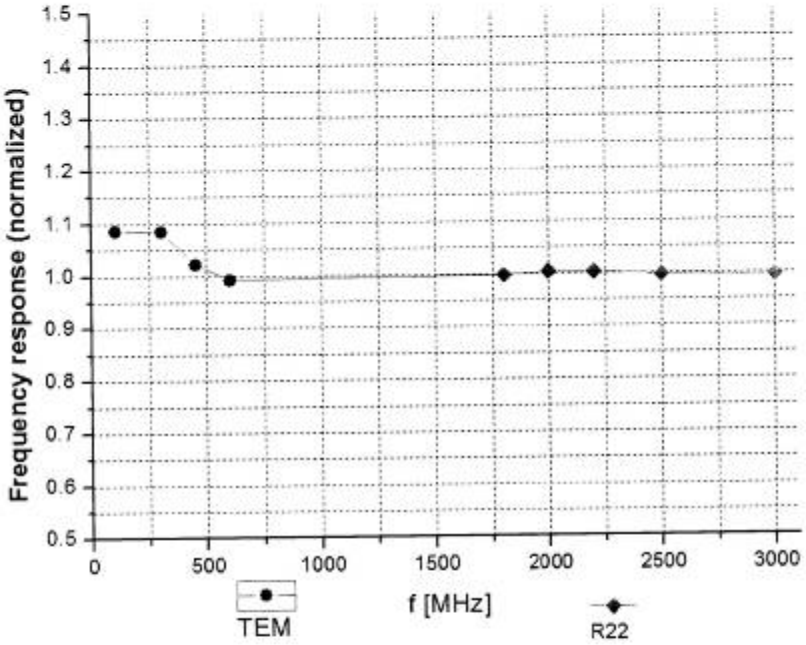
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: Z14-97030 Page 7 of 11

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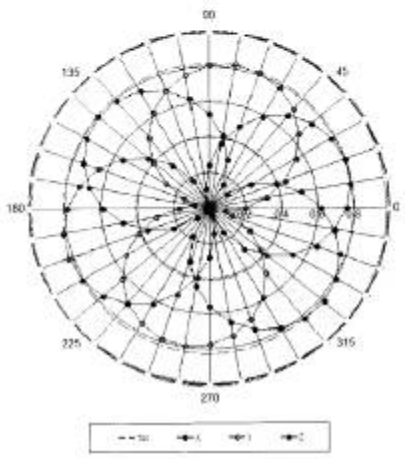
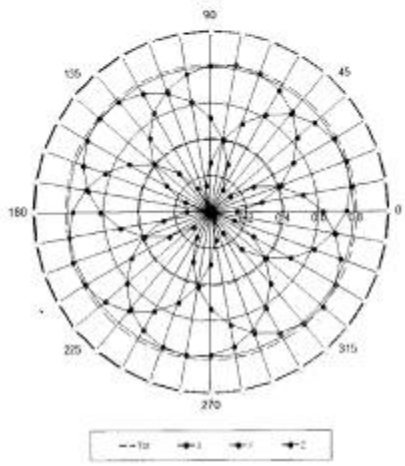
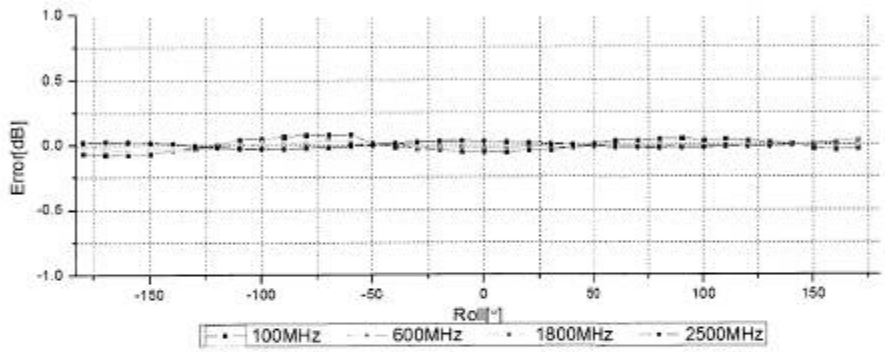
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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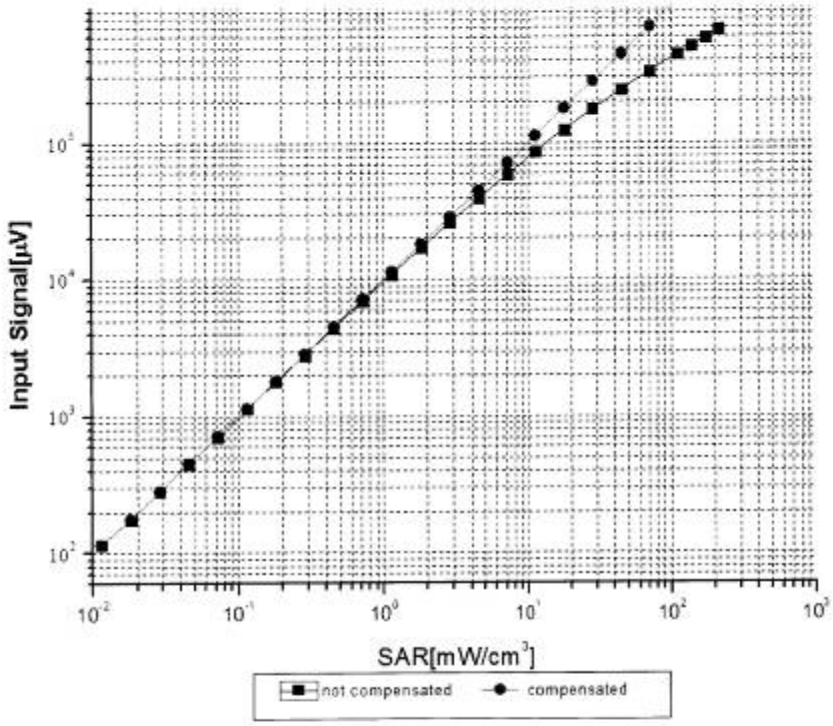
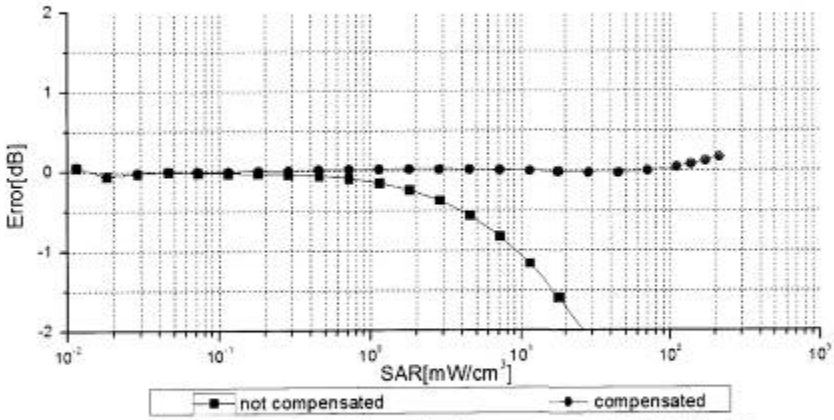
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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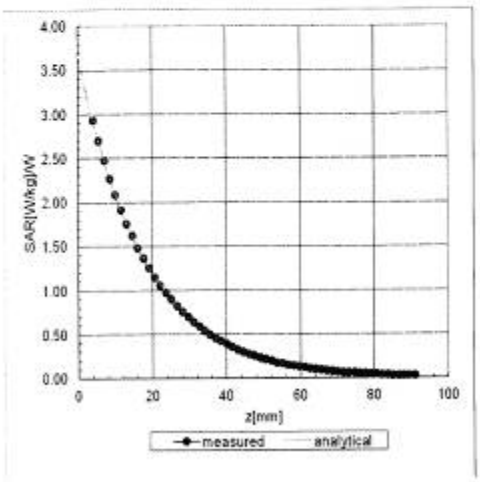
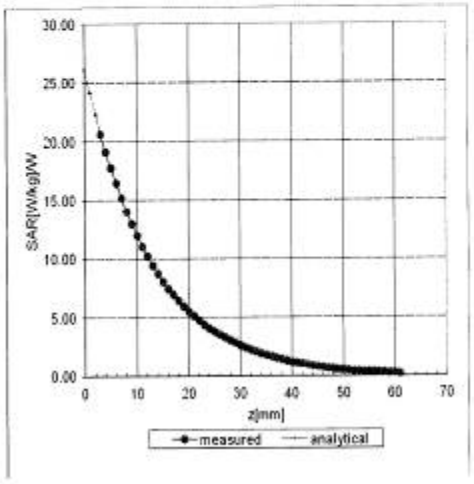
Conversion Factor Assessment

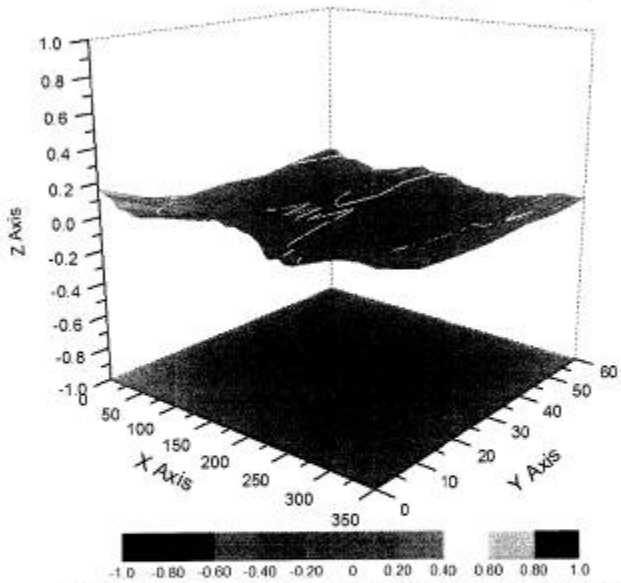
f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)



f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±2.8% (K=2)

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3844

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	23.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2mm

10. Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Cerpass (Auden)

Certificate No: D450V3-1086_Jun13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D450V3 - SN: 1086
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	June 14, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	28-Dec-12 (No. ET3-1507_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 654	10-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-654_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (In house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 14, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D450V3-1086_Jun13 Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	44.2 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**4.73 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.802 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.14 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	56.7	0.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	57.1 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**4.61 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.776 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**3.06 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 Ω - 8.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 Ω - 6.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.349 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 10, 2012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 14.06.2013

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

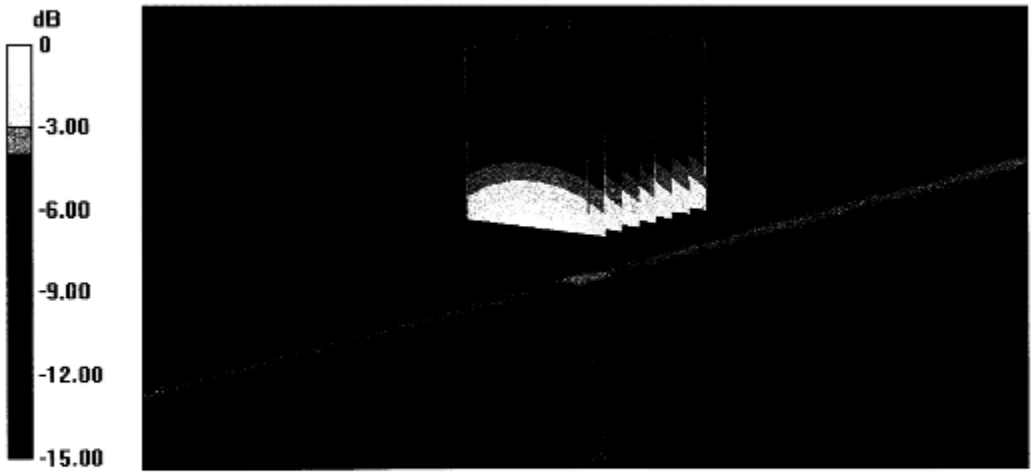
DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN: 1086

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.9 S/m; ε_r = 44.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

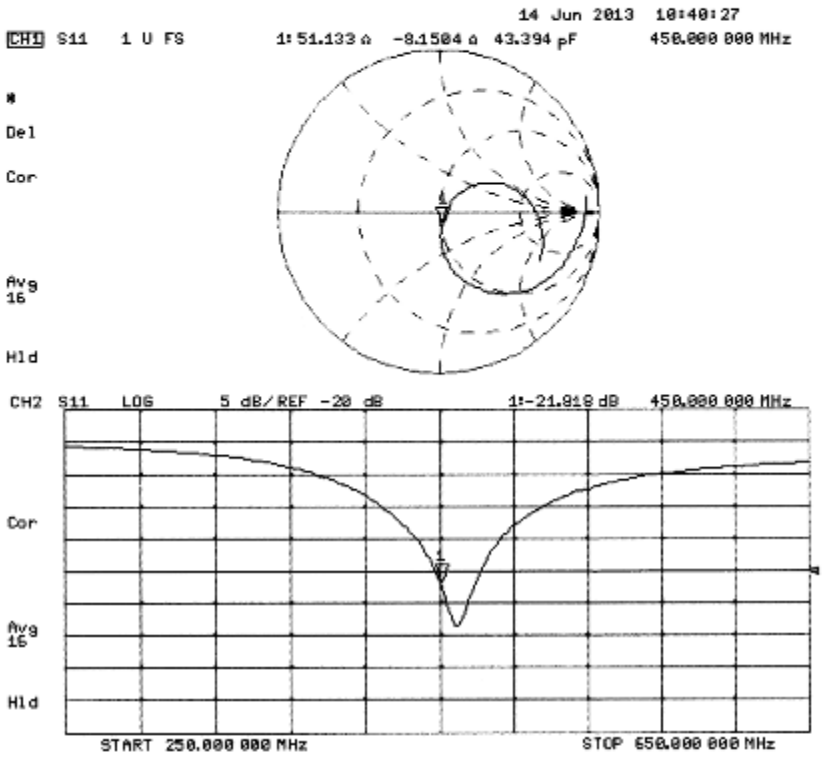
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.59, 6.59, 6.59); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 10.04.2013
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 39.197 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.802 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg



0 dB = 1.30 W/kg = 1.14 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 14.06.2013

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

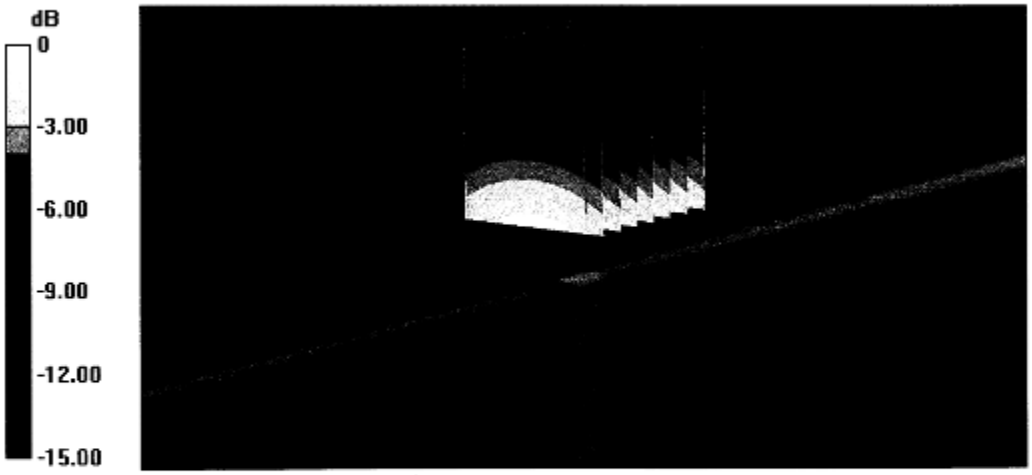
DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN: 1086

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 57.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

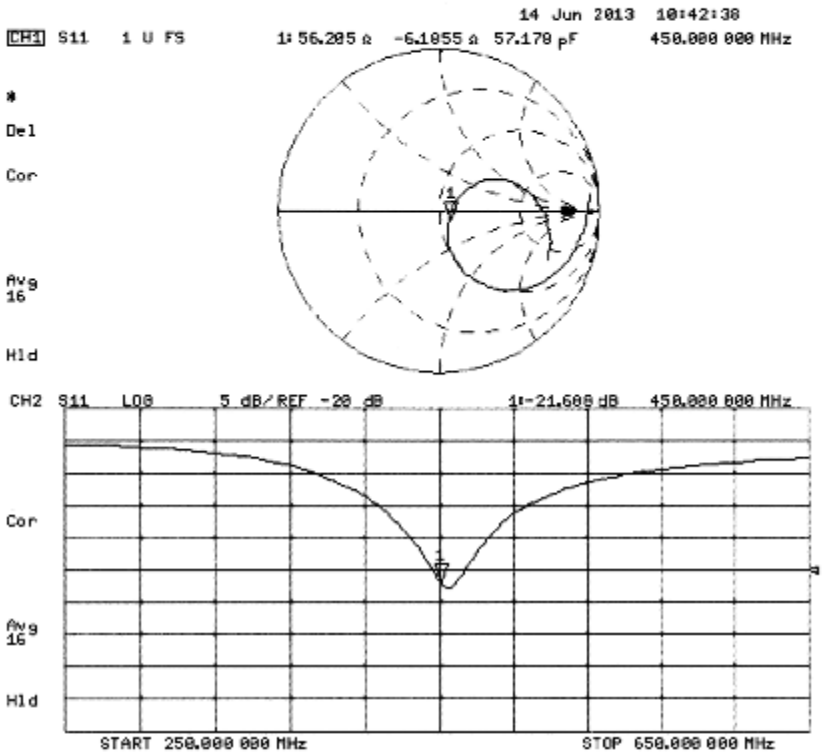
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 10.04.2013
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 39.197 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.776 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg



0 dB = 1.25 W/kg = 0.97 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Cerpass (Auden)

Certificate No: D850V2-1008_Jun13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D850V2 - SN: 1008
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	June 13, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 13, 2013

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	850 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.92 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.5 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.83 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.37 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.99 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.9 ± 6 %	1.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.49 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.62 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.27 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2 Ω - 3.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.5 Ω - 5.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.382 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 30, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 850 MHz; Type: D850V2; Serial: D850V2 - SN: 1008

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 850 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 850 MHz; σ = 0.95 S/m; ε_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

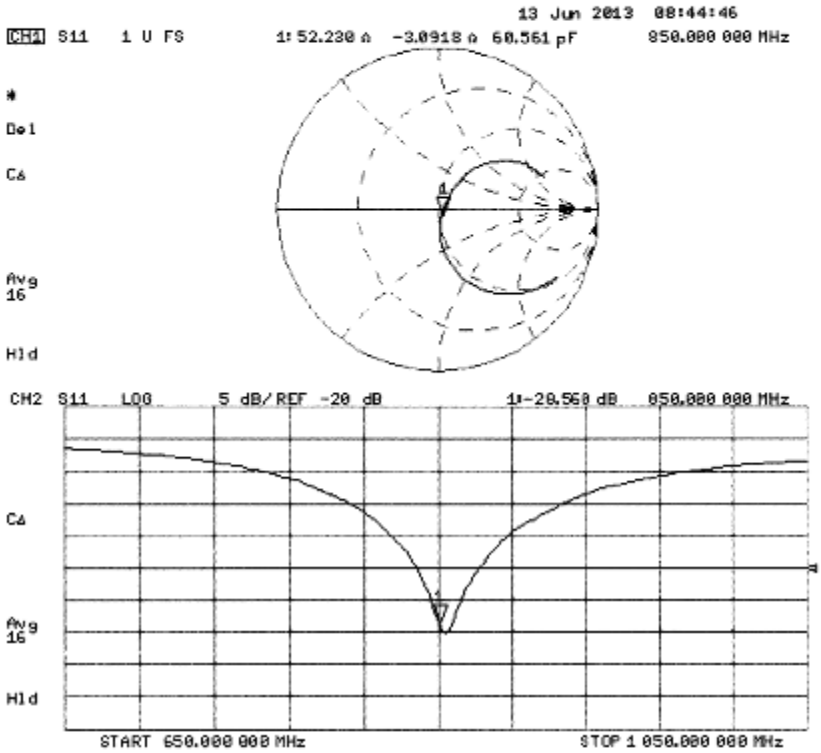
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.472 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg

0 dB = 2.96 W/kg = 4.71 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

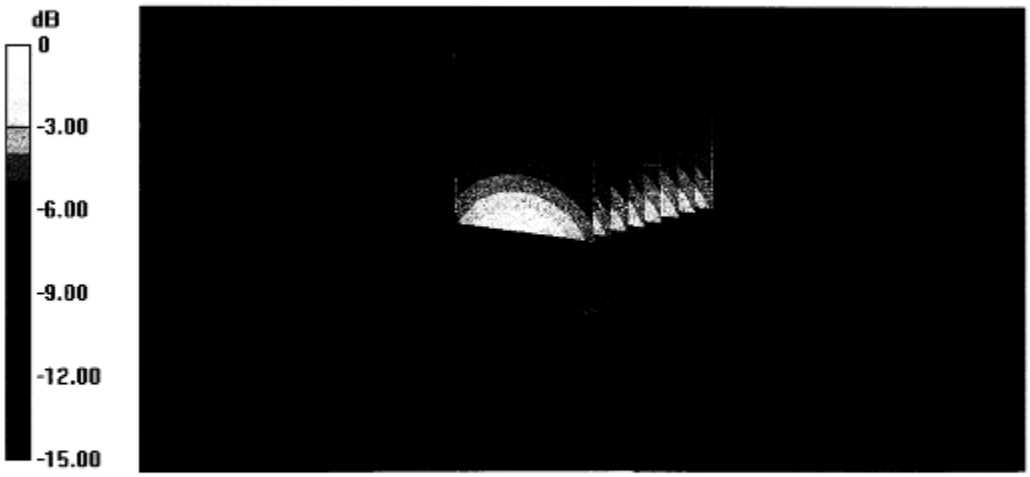
DUT: Dipole 850 MHz; Type: D850V2; Serial: D850V2 - SN: 1008

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 850 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 850 MHz; σ = 1.03 S/m; ε_r = 53.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

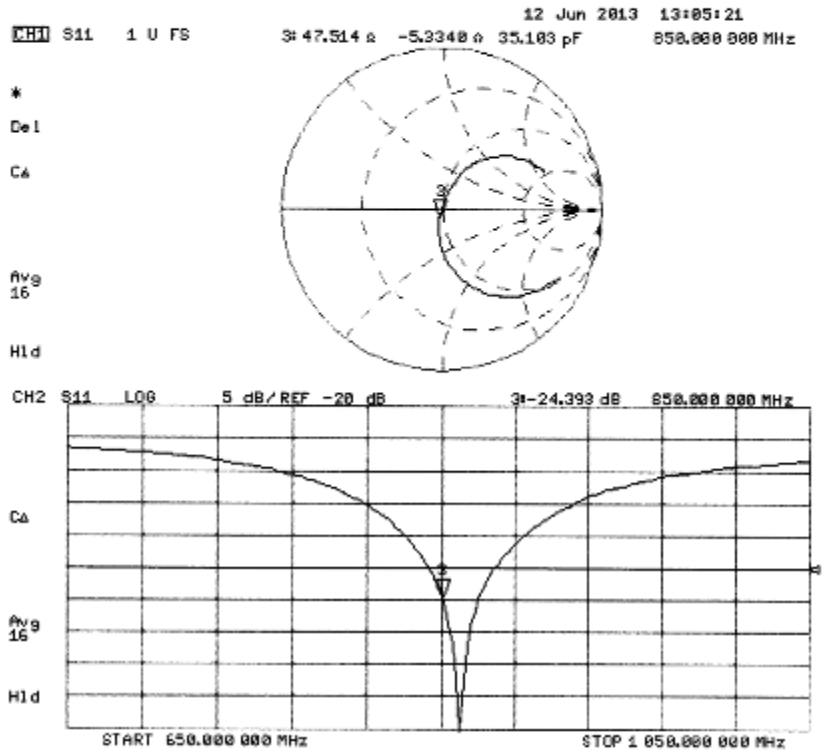
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.836 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



0 dB = 2.91 W/kg = 4.64 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Cerpass (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1750V2-1097_Jun13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1750V2 - SN: 1097
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	June 11, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 13, 2013

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.32 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**36.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**19.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**37.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω + 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 38.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6 Ω + 0.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.218 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 16, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

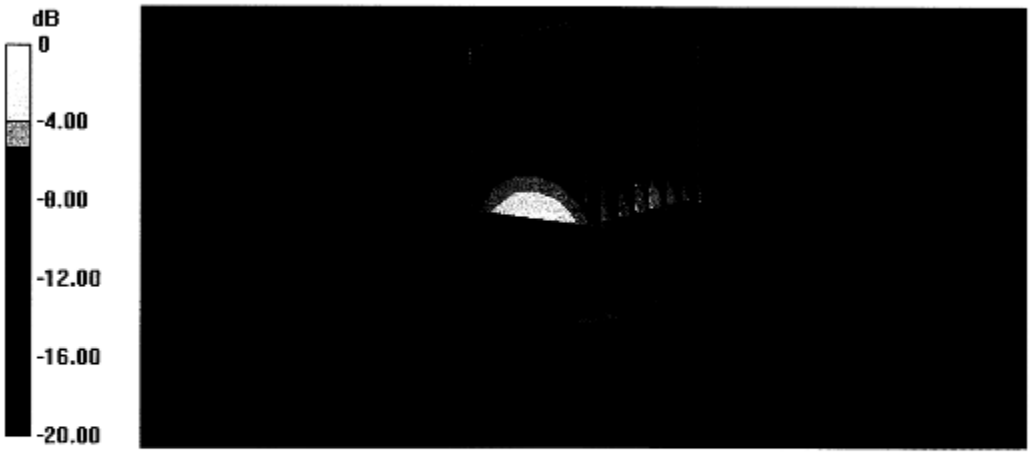
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1097

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.32 S/m; ε_r = 39.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

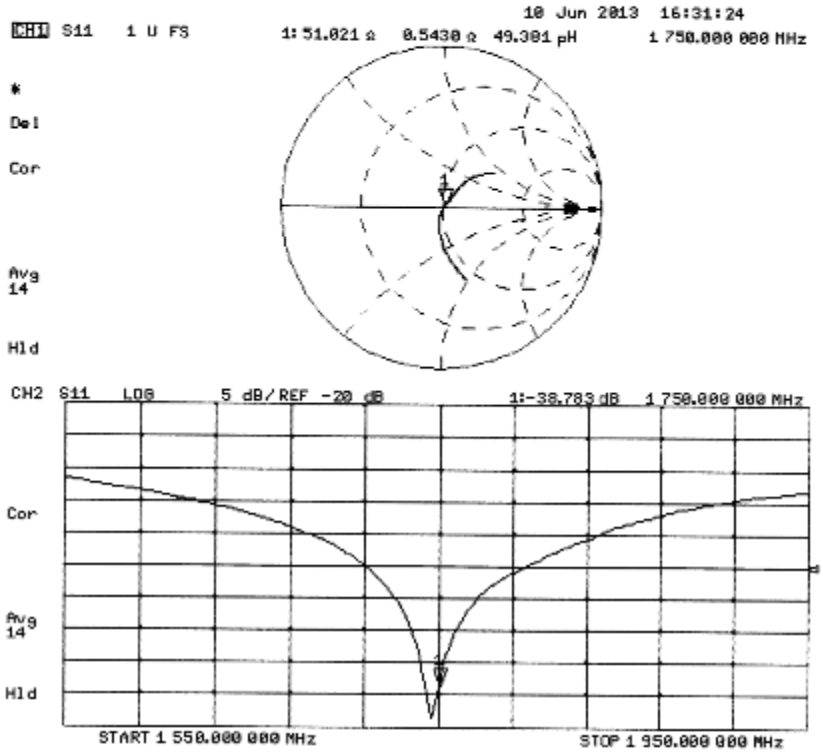
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.18, 5.18, 5.18); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.85 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 W/kg



0 dB = 11.4 W/kg = 10.57 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 11.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1097

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.51 S/m; ε_r = 51.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

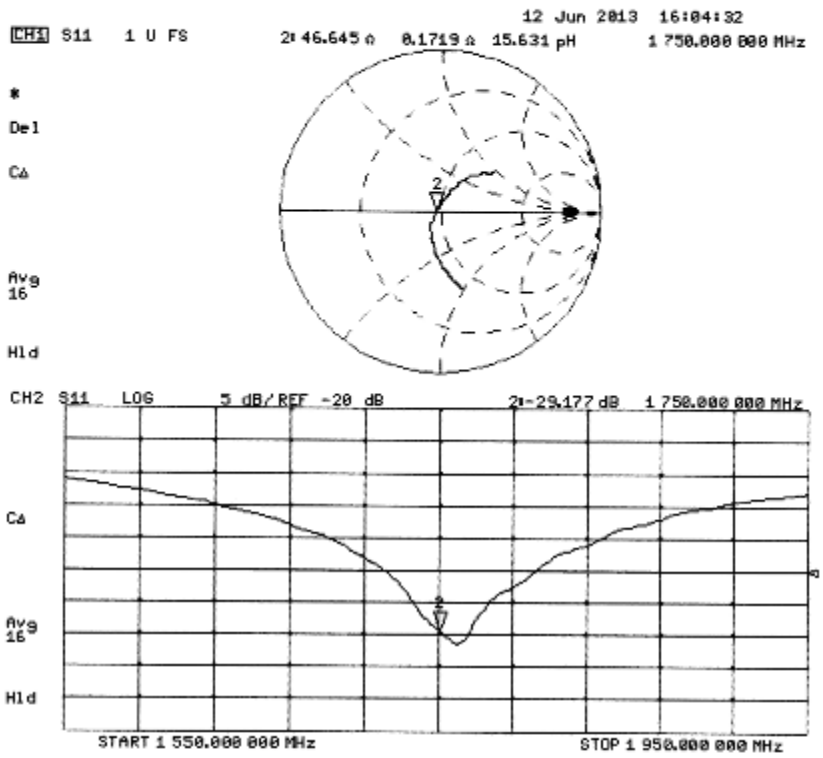
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.830 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg

0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Cerpass (Auden)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d174_Jun13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d174
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	June 10, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 11, 2013

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.3 ± 6 %	1.34 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.7 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω + 3.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω + 5.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 08, 2012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d174

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.34 S/m; ε_r = 39.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.712 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 W/kg

0 dB = 12.0 W/kg = 10.79 dBW/kg

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d174

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.5 S/m; ε_r = 53.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

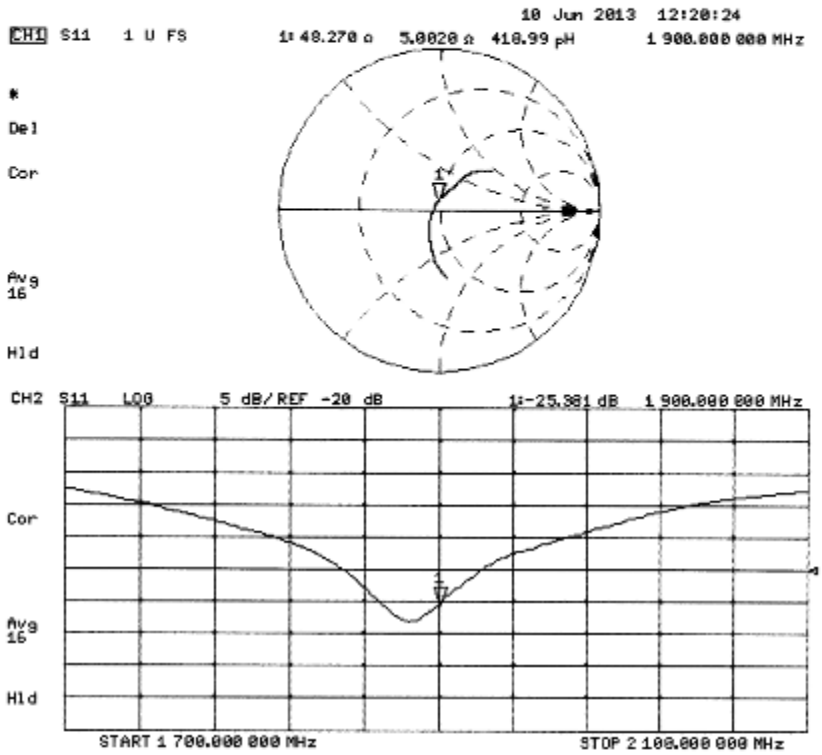
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.712 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client Cerpass (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-914_Jun13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 914
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	June 07, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 7, 2013

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**53.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.0 Ω + 1.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω + 3.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 19, 2012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 914

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; ε_r = 37.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

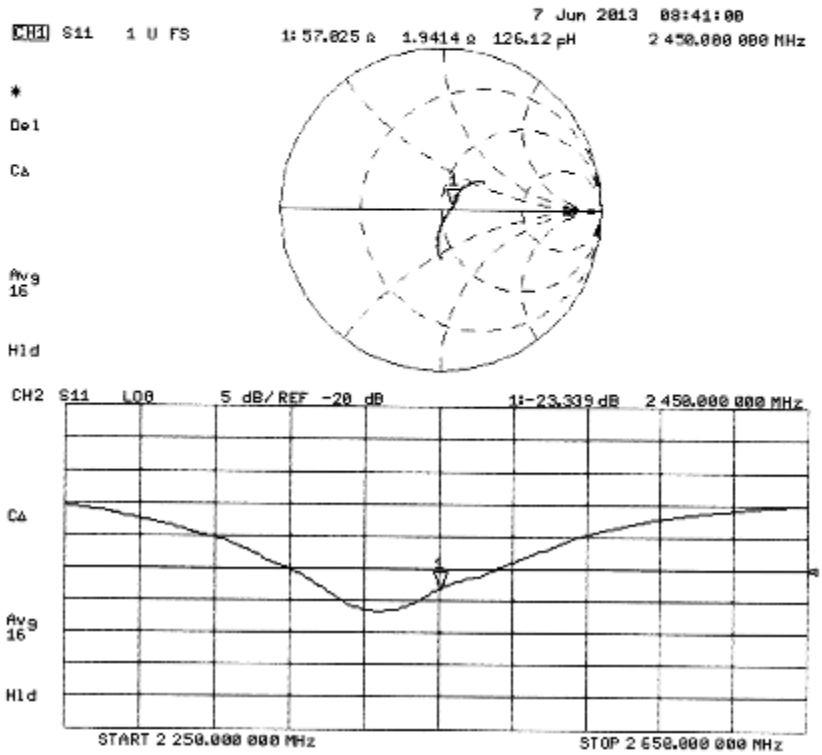
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.695 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

0 dB = 17.6 W/kg = 12.46 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 07.06.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 914

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.02 S/m; ε_r = 50.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

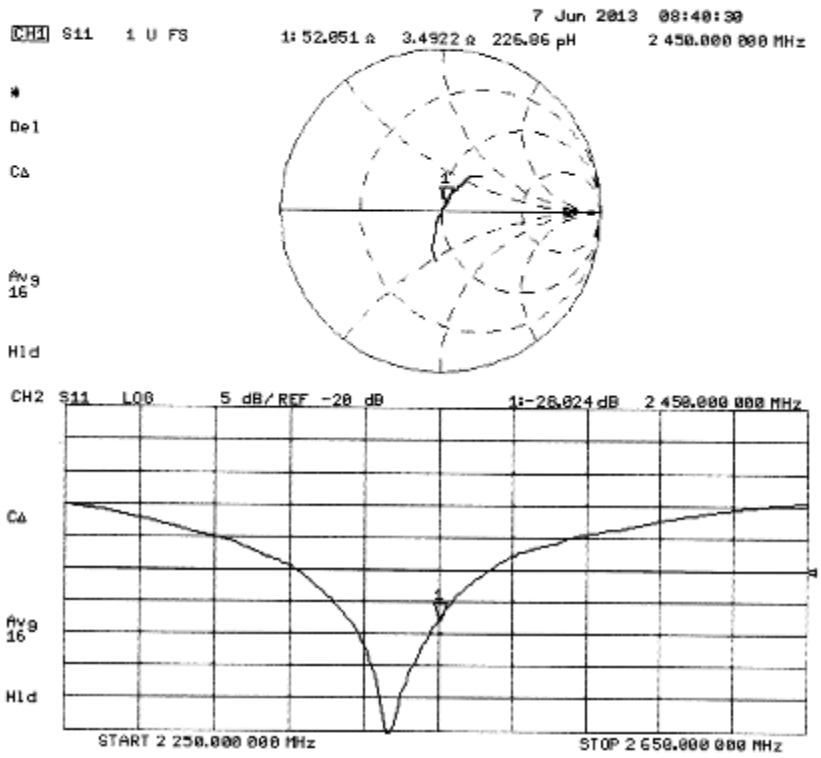
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.695 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

0 dB = 17.5 W/kg = 12.43 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



11. Appendix F. DAE Calibration Data

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Tejet (Auden)**

Certificate No: DAE4-1327_May14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 1327
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v26 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	May 05, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	R.Mayoraz	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	

Issued: May 5, 2014

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Certificate No: DAE4-1327_May14 Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.896 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.741 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.940 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99218 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99097 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99813 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	187.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200036.27	0.51	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20005.01	1.05	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20004.10	1.80	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200033.33	-2.28	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20003.31	-0.48	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20006.17	-0.06	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200033.50	-2.00	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20002.83	-0.90	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20008.51	-2.38	0.01

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.09	-0.19	-0.01
Channel X	+ Input	200.72	0.41	0.20
Channel X	- Input	-199.42	0.24	-0.12
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.87	0.57	0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	200.02	-0.13	-0.06
Channel Y	- Input	-198.35	1.42	-0.71
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.46	0.16	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199.68	-0.59	-0.29
Channel Z	- Input	-201.15	-1.34	0.67

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-1.49	-2.80
	- 200	4.58	3.19
Channel Y	200	15.02	14.91
	- 200	-16.06	-16.06
Channel Z	200	-9.51	-9.74
	- 200	8.51	8.58

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	-0.85	-2.41
Channel Y	200	6.24	-	0.57
Channel Z	200	9.93	4.38	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16000	14679
Channel Y	16291	17597
Channel Z	15620	15519

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.55	-0.77	1.82	0.52
Channel Y	0.60	-0.77	2.34	0.63
Channel Z	-0.49	-2.84	1.48	0.79

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9