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February 26, 2015

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Prüfbericht / Test Report

Nr. / No. 69583-55945-2 (Edition 1)

Applicant: Baltech AG
Type of equipment: RFID Reader
Type designation: IDE-XG
10089-1X-Y / 10089-2X-Y / 10089-3X-Y
Where "X" and "Y" may be replaced by any alphanumerical numbers
Order No.: N/A
Test standards: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,
CFR 47, Part 15,
Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.225
Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications
RSS-GEN Issue 4, Sections 8.8, 8.9 and 8.10 and
RSS-210 Issue 8, Section A2.6 (Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

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1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General data of EUT	
Type designation ¹ :	IDE-XG 10089-1X-Y / 10089-2X-Y / 10089-3X-Y Where "X" and "Y" may be replaced by any alphanumeric numbers
HW Revisions:	Functionality 13.56 MHz and 125 kHz: 10089-3X-Y, 10089-300, 10089-301, 10089-302, 10089-330, 10089-340 Functionality 13.56 MHz only: 10089-100, 10089-101, 10089-130, 10089-140, 10089-141, 10089-142 Functionality 125 kHz only: 10089-200, 10089-201
Parts ² :	--
Serial number(s):	16004511 201501
Manufacturer:	Baltech AG
Type of equipment:	RFID Reader
Version:	As received
Additional parts/accessories:	--

¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

² Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.

Technical data of EUT

Application frequency range:	125 kHz and 13.110 - 14.010 MHz
Frequency range:	125 kHz and 13.553 – 13.567 MHz
Operating frequency:	125 kHz, 13.56 MHz
Type of modulation:	A1D
Pulse train:	N/A
Pulse width:	N/A
Number of RF-channels:	1
Channel spacing:	Wideband
Designation of emissions ³ :	A1D
Type of antenna:	Integrated loop antenna
Size/length of antenna:	3 cm x 4 cm
Connection of antenna:	☐ detachable ☒ not detachable
Type of power supply:	DC supply over USB interface
Specifications for power supply:	nominal voltage: 5.0 V minimum voltage: 4.75 V maximum voltage: 5.25 V

³ Also known as "Class of Emission".

2 Administrative Data

Application details

Applicant (full address):	Baltech AG Lilienthalstrasse 27 D-85339 Hallbergmoos
Contact person:	Iftekhar Alam
Order number:	N/A
Receipt of EUT:	2015-01-22
Date(s) of test:	2015-01-30 to 2015-02-24
Note(s):	The applicant declares the conformity of the variants covered by this test report.

Report details

Report number:	69583-55945-2
Edition:	1
Issue date:	2015-02-26

3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name:	TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany
Laboratory accreditation:	DAkkS Registration No. D-PL-11321-11-01
FCC test site registration number	90926
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-2
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt
	Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99

4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.225

of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications

**RSS-GEN Issue 4, Sections 8.8, 8.9 and 8.10 and
RSS-210 Issue 8, Section , A2.6 (Category I Equipment)**

of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report

Reviewer:

.....
Mr. Markus Biberger

Responsible for testing:

.....
Mr. Martin Steindl

Responsible for test report:

Mr. Martin Steindl

5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode(s)

Continuously reading a transponder card.

Configuration(s) of EUT

The EUT was configured as USB device of a laptop PC.

List of ports and cables

Port	Description	Classification ⁴	Cable type	Cable length
1	AC port of AC/DC adapter of laptop PC	ac power	Unshielded	1 m
2	DC supply of laptop PC	dc power	Unshielded	2 m
3	USB interface of EUT	signal/control port	Shielded	2 m

List of devices connected to EUT

Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	Laptop PC	DELL dimension		DELL

List of support devices

Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	Transponder Card			LEGIC
2	AC/DC adapter of laptop PC			DELL

⁴ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port

6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 6.6 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 6.6
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below ☒ Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)
If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable. If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range. The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).	

6.2 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207
 IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 8.8

Guide: ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22

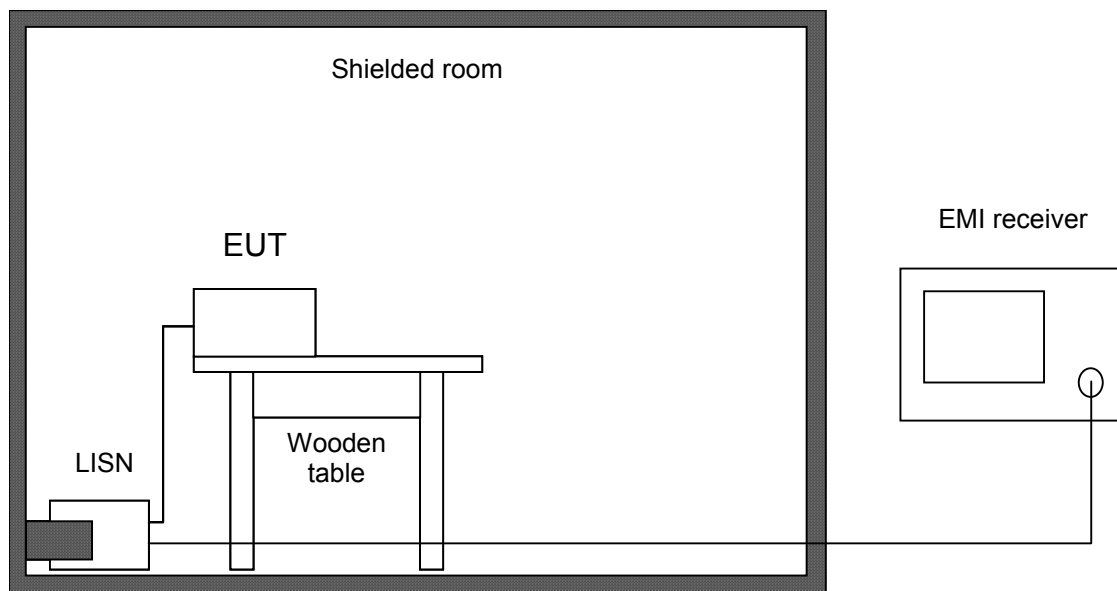
Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.

If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.

Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN. Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1059	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1218	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	1536	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Shielded room	No. 1	1451	---	Albatross
☒ Shielded room	No. 4	1454	3FD 100 544	Euroshield

6.3 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.215(b) and 15.225(a)-(d)
IC RSS-GEN Issue 4, sections 8.9 and 8.10 and
IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6

Guide: ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

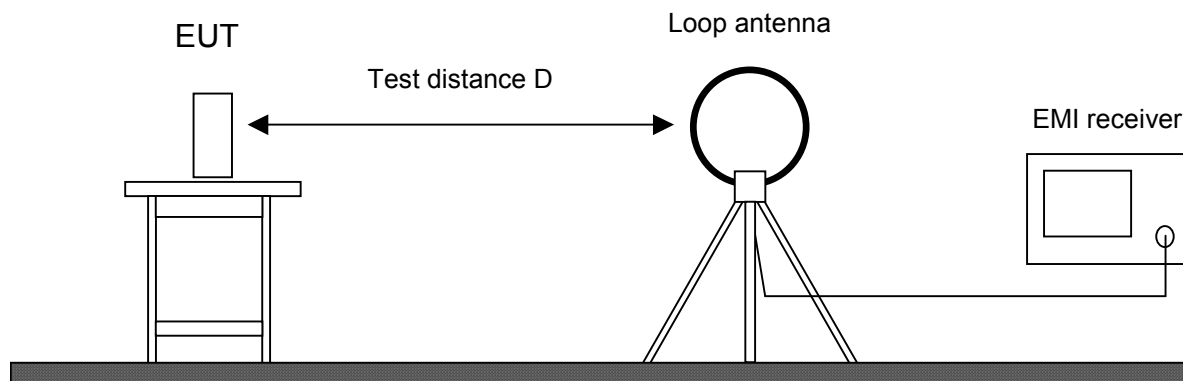
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☐ Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	1016	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐ Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☒ Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.4 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 4, sections 8.9 and 8.10(b)(c) and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
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Guide:	ANSI C63.4
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Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.

Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz).

Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.

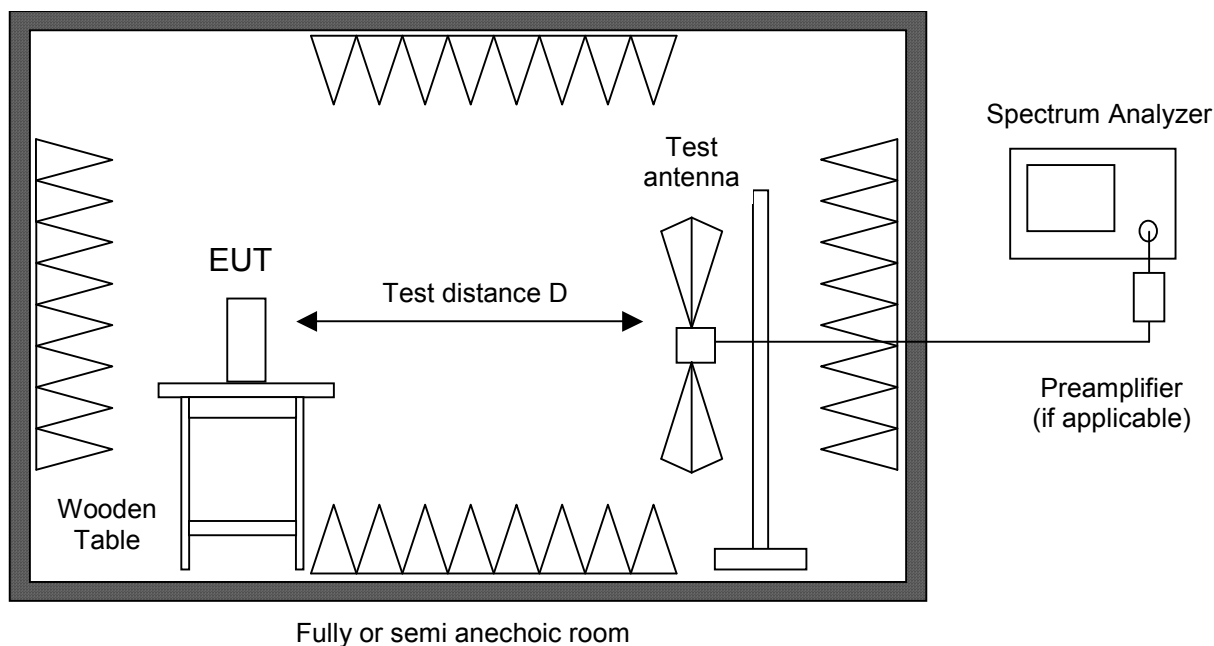
All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For final testing below 1 GHz a semi anechoic room complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites is used (see 6.5). If prescans are recorded in fully anechoic room they are indicated appropriately.



Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☐	Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	Cabin no. 3 ESPI7	2010	101018	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☐	Preamplifier	R14601	1142	13120026	Advantest
☐	Preamplifier (1 - 8 GHz)	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	1684	847743	Miteq
☐	Preamplifier (0.5 - 8 GHz)	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	1685	860149	Miteq
☐	Preamplifier (8 - 18 GHz)	ACO/180-3530	1484	32641	CTT
☐	External Mixer	WM782A	1576	845881/005	Tektronix
☐	Harmonic Mixer Accessories	FS-Z30	1577	624413/003	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 2 VULB 9163	1802	9163-214	Schwarzbeck
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 3 VULB 9163	1722	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
☒	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☐	Horn antenna	3115	1516	9508-4553	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-03	1010	9112-1003	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-04	1011	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-05	1012	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-06	1013	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-07	1014	9112-1008	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-08	1015	9112-1002	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-09	1265	9403-1025	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-10	1575	399185	EMCO
☐	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐	Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☒	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.5 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 4, sections 8.9 and 8.10(b)(c) and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
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Guide:	ANSI C63.4
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Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room.

If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels.

Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following.

With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.

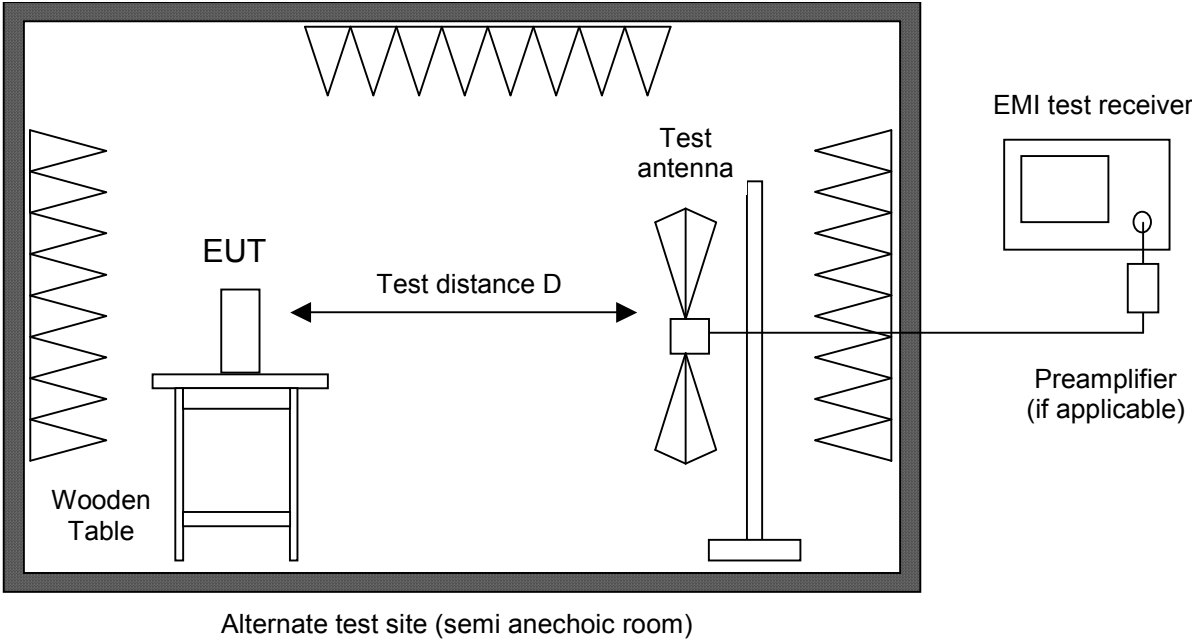
Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is discharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission.

Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected.

Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ EMI test receiver		ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8	VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☒ Semi anechoic room		No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.6 Carrier Frequency Stability

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 6.11 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal is measured over a temperature variation of -20 °C to +50 °C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 °C.

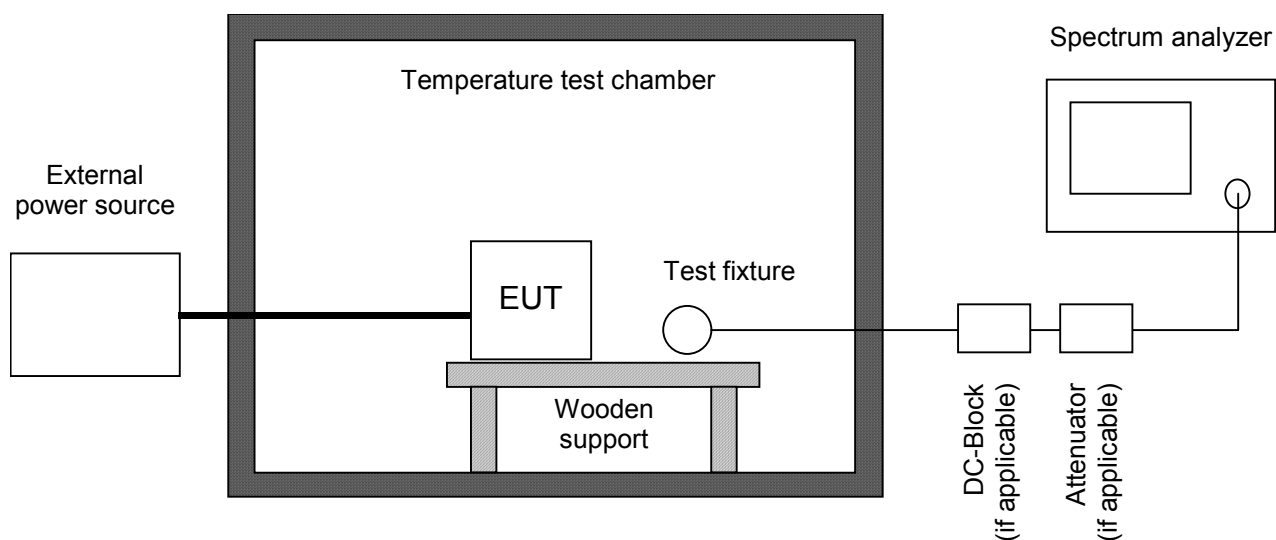
If the EUT provides an antenna connector the spectrum analyzer is connected to this port. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). In cases where the EUT does not provide an antenna connector a test fixture is used.

For battery operated equipment, the test is performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and is at least set to:

- the maximum battery voltage as delivered by a new battery or 115% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery nominal voltage
- 85% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer

The EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to the shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point on the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1% of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance allowed is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☐ Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
☐ Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
☐ Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda
☒ Test probe	TP 01	1628	001	TÜV SÜD PS
☐ Multimeter	21 III	1653	76530546	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	21 III	1654	76381229	Fluke
☒ Multimeter	Fluke 77 III	1975	92370108	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 77 IV	1976	93090238	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 177	2025	96720024	Fluke
☐ Multimeter	Fluke 177	2026	96720025	Fluke
☒ DC power supply	NGSM 32/10	1267	203	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1127	10387	Grundig
☐ Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1128	10416	Grundig
☒ Temperature test chamber	HT 4010	1271	07065550	Heraeus

7 Photographs Taken During Testing

Test setup for conducted AC powerline emission measurement



Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz



Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz - continued -



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site)



8 Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power	---	Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	27	Recorded
15.215(c)	Bandwidth of the emission	33	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	36	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
15.205(a) 15.205(d)(7)	Restricted bands of operation	--- ⁵	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
15.225(a)-(d)	Spectrum Mask	40	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.215(b) 15.225(a)(d)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	42	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.225(d)	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz	44	Test passed
15.225(e)	Carrier frequency stability	46	Test passed

⁵ See "Spectrum Mask" for the 13.36 to 13.41 MHz band. For all other restricted bands see "Radiated Emission".

IC RSS-GEN Issue 4

Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
6.12	Transmitter output power (conducted)	---	Not applicable
6.6	Occupied Bandwidth	27	Recorded
9	Designation of emissions	36	Calculated
6.10	Pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
8.10	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	--- ⁶	Test passed
6.4, 6.13, 8.9	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	42	Test passed
6.4, 6.13, 8.9	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	44	Test passed
8.8	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
3.2	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	49	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

IC RSS-210 Issue 8

Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
A2.6	Spectrum Mask	40	Test passed
A2.6	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	42	Test passed
A2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	44	Test passed
A2.6	Carrier frequency stability	46	Test passed

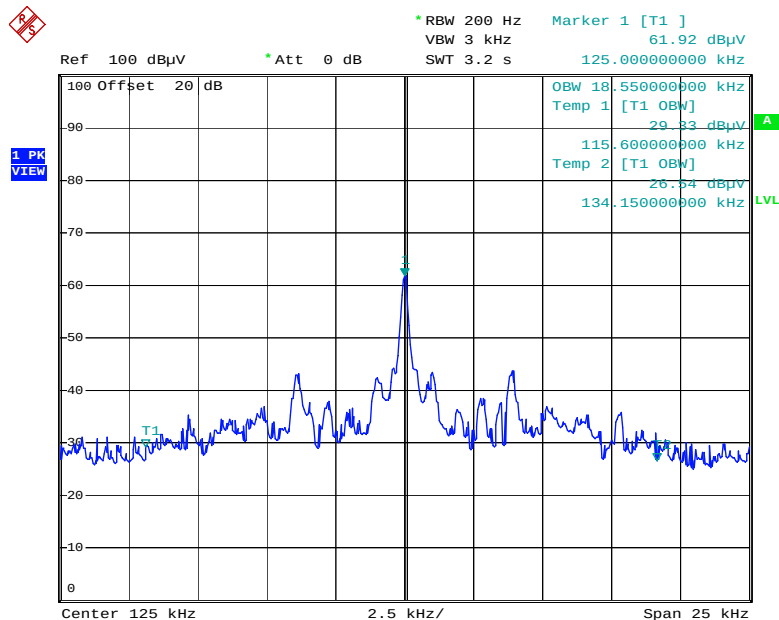
⁶ See "Spectrum Mask" and "Unwanted emissions".

8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission. The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	

Comment:	
Date of test:	2015-02-20
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

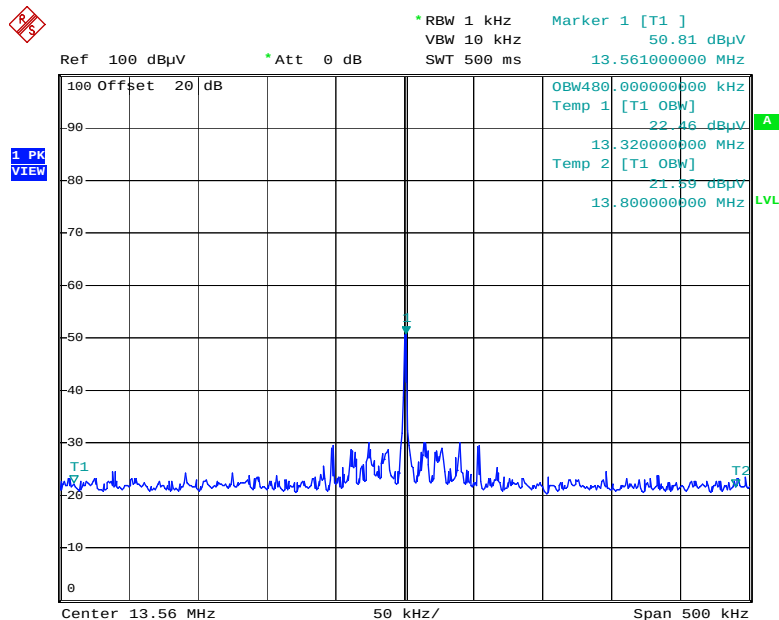
125 kHz: Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 20.FEB.2015 11:11:37

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): **18.55 kHz**

13.56 MHz: Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 20.FEB.2015 10:57:44

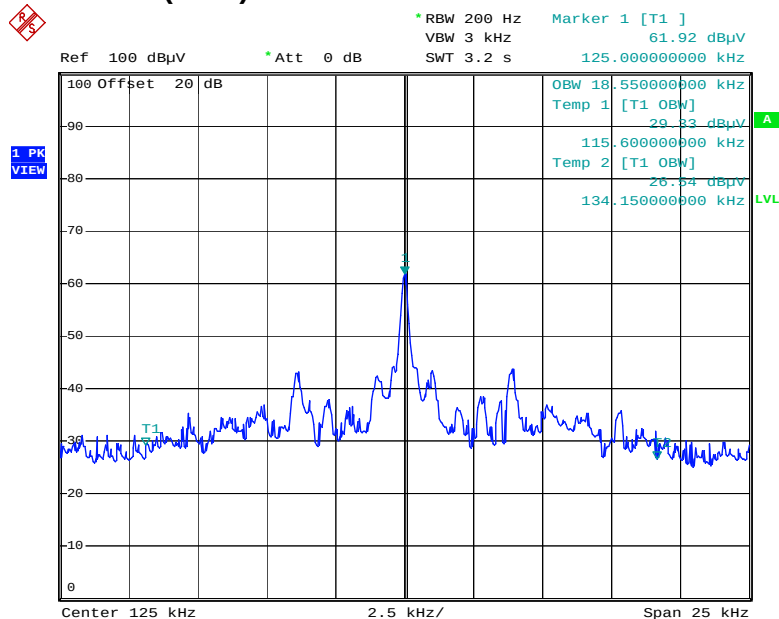
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):	480 kHz
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Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 6.6
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 6.6
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	
Date of test:	2015-02-20
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

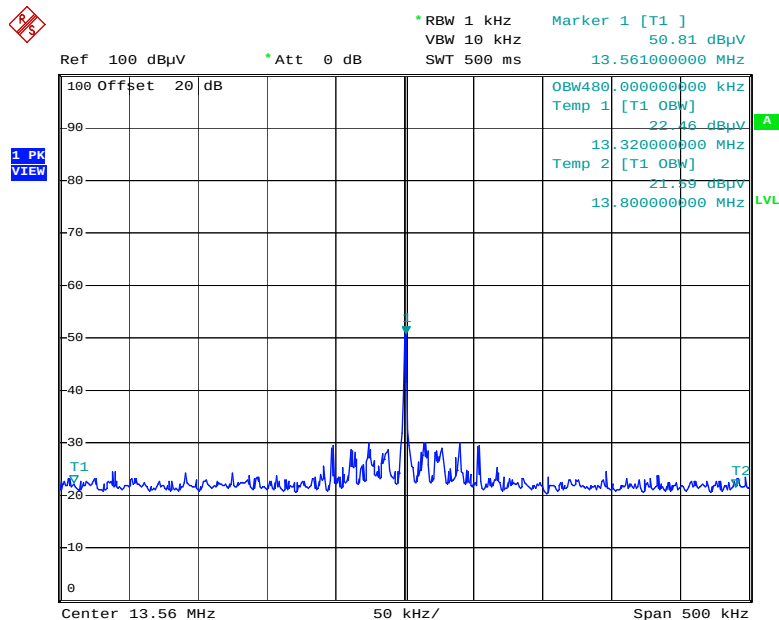
125 kHz: Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 20.FEB.2015 11:11:37

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): **18.55 kHz**

13.56 MHz: Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



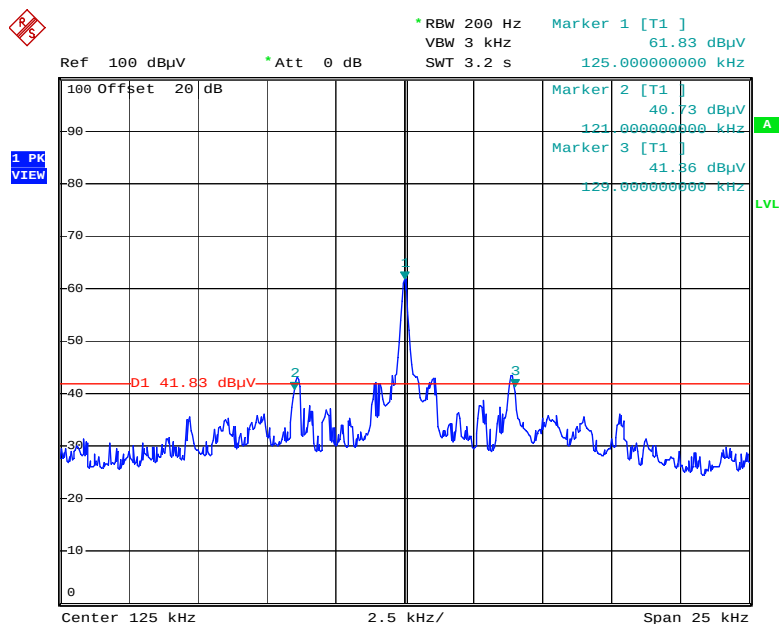
Date: 20.FEB.2015 10:57:44

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): **480 kHz**

8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c)	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	
Comment:		
Date of test:	2015-02-20	
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	

125 kHz

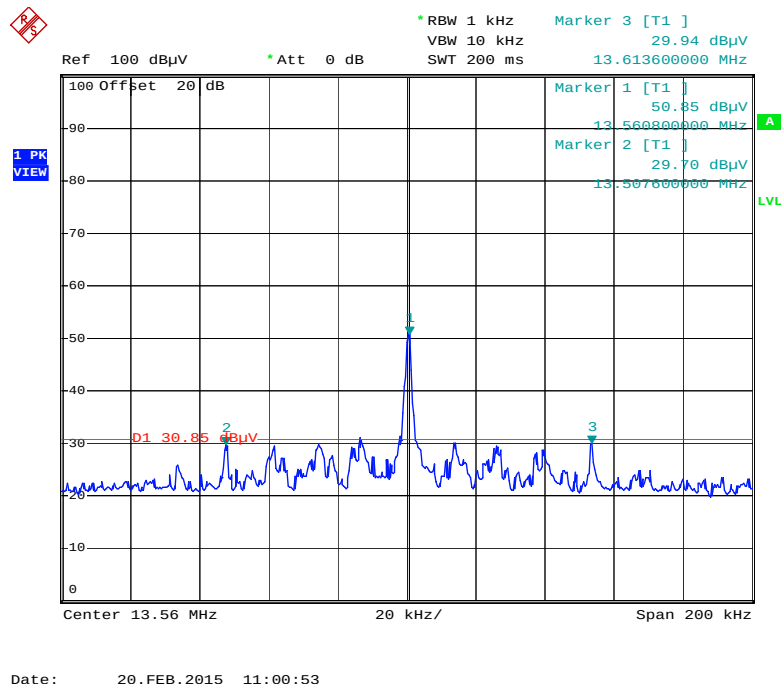


Date: 20.FEB.2015 11:07:45

Bandwidth of the emission:

8 kHz

13.56 MHz:



Permitted frequency band:	13.110 – 14.010 MHz	
20 dB bandwidth:	106 kHz	
Carrier frequency stability:	☒ specified	☐ not specified
Maximum frequency tolerances:	+0.044 kHz -0.024 kHz	
Bandwidth of the emission:	106.1 kHz	within permitted frequency band ⁷ : ☒ yes ☐ no

Test Result:	Test passed
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⁷ If a frequency stability is not specified, it is recommended that the fundamental emission is kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

8.3 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 9
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

125 kHz :

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
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B_n = Necessary Bandwidth	$B_n = 2BK$
B = Modulation rate	$B = 4 \text{ kHz}$
K = Overall numerical factor	$K = 1$
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (4 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 8 \text{ kHz}$

Designation of Emissions:	8K00A1D
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13.56 MHz :

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
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B_n = Necessary Bandwidth	$B_n = 2BK$
B = Modulation rate	$B = 53 \text{ kHz}$
K = Overall numerical factor	$K = 1$
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (53 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 106 \text{ kHz}$

Designation of Emissions:	106KA1D
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8.4 Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-GEN Issue 4, section 8.8		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
	0.5 - 5	56	46
	5 - 30	60	50
Measurement procedure:	Conducted AC Powerline Emission (6.2)		

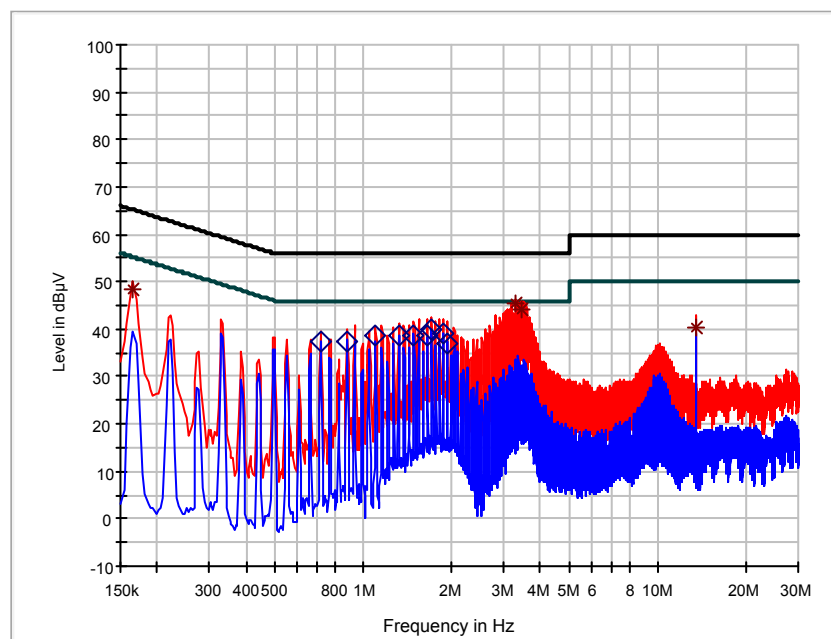
Comment:	
Date of test:	2015-02-20
Test site:	Shielded room, cabin no. 4

Test Result:	Test passed
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Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV)} = \text{Reading Value (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$$

Tested on: L1

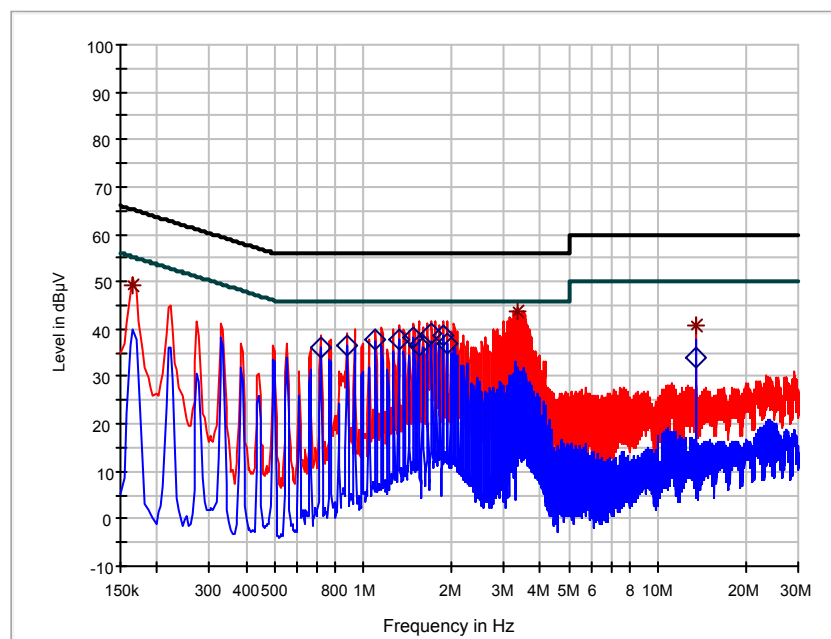


— FCC § 15.207 QP — FCC 15.207 AV — Preview Result 1-PK+
— Preview Result 2-AVG * Final Result 1-QPK ◇ Final Result 2-AVG

Frequency MHz	QuasiPeak dBµV	Meas. Time ms	Bandwidth kHz	PE	Line	Corr. dB	Margin dB	Limit dBµV
0.166000	48.4	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	16.7	65.2
3.310000	45.4	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	10.6	56.0
3.422000	44.1	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	11.9	56.0
13.558000	40.5	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.4	19.5	60.0

Frequency MHz	Average dBµV	Meas. Time ms	Bandwidth kHz	PE	Line	Corr. dB	Margin dB	Limit dBµV
0.718000	37.3	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	8.7	46.0
0.882000	37.6	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	8.4	46.0
1.102000	38.6	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.4	46.0
1.322000	38.8	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.2	46.0
1.490000	38.7	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.3	46.0
1.654000	38.7	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.3	46.0
1.710000	39.8	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	6.2	46.0
1.874000	39.2	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	6.8	46.0
1.930000	37.0	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	9.0	46.0

Tested on: N



— FCC § 15.207 QP — FCC § 15.207 AV — Preview Result 1-PK+
— Preview Result 2-AVG * Final Result 1-QPK ◇ Final Result 2-AVG

Frequency MHz	QuasiPeak dBµV	Meas. Time ms	Bandwidth kHz	PE	Line	Corr. dB	Margin dB	Limit dBµV
0.166000	49.1	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	16.0	65.2
3.366000	43.8	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	12.2	56.0
13.562000	40.9	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.4	19.1	60.0

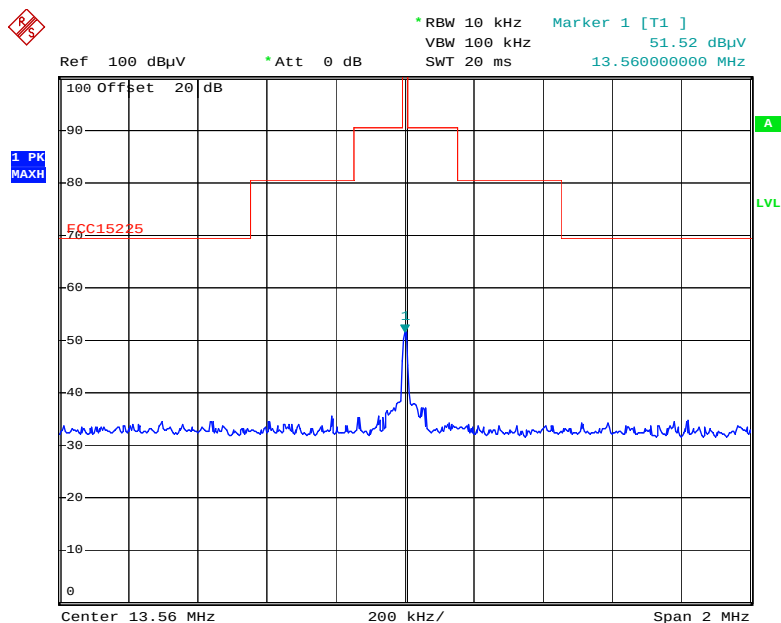
Frequency MHz	Average dBµV	Meas. Time ms	Bandwidth kHz	PE	Line	Corr. dB	Margin dB	Limit dBµV
0.718000	36.1	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	9.9	46.0
0.882000	36.5	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	9.5	46.0
1.102000	37.6	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	8.4	46.0
1.322000	37.7	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	8.3	46.0
1.490000	38.2	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.8	46.0
1.546000	36.7	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	9.3	46.0
1.710000	39.0	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.0	46.0
1.874000	38.8	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	7.2	46.0
1.930000	36.8	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.3	9.2	46.0
13.562000	34.0	1000.0	10.000	0	0	0.4	16.0	50.0

8.5 Spectrum Mask

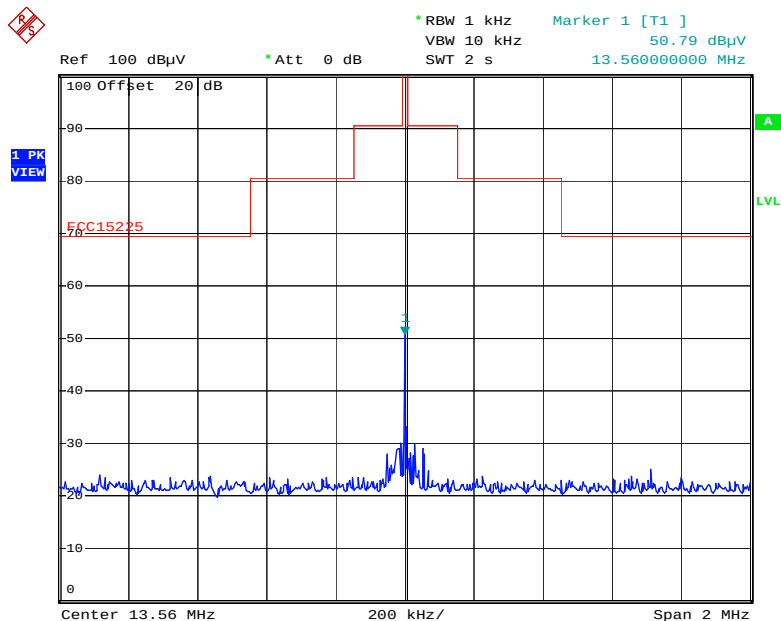
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Description:	Compliance with the spectrum mask is tested using a spectrum analyzer with resolution bandwidth set to a 1 kHz for the band 13.553 to 13.567 MHz and to 10 kHz outside this band. The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30
	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30
	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30
	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30
	13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30
	14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)			

Comment:	
Date of test:	2015-02-20
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters
Extrapolation Factor:	40 dB/decade

Test Result:	Test passed
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Date: 20.FEB.2015 10:54:16



Date: 20.FEB.2015 10:51:54

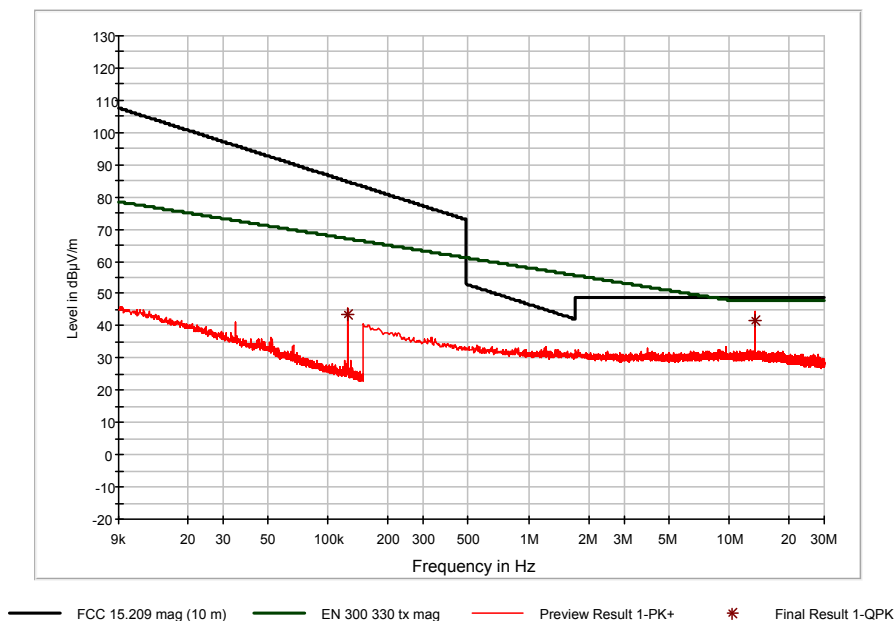
8.6 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 4, sections 8.9 and 8.10(b)(c) and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Field Strength ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300
	0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30
	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30
	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30
	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30
	13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30
	14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.				
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)			

Comment:	
Date of test:	2015-02-20
Test site:	Open field test site

Test Result:	Test passed
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K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Magnetic Field Strength 9kHz - 30 MHz



Extrapolation factor: -40 dB/decade

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Distance d1 (m)	d (m)	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Extrapolation Factor (dB)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
0.12500	Quasi-Peak	10	300	20.7	20.0	-59.1		-18.4	25.7	44.1
13.56000	Quasi-Peak	10	30	27.4	20.0	-19.1		28.3	84.0	55.7

Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} = (\text{Log}(d) - \text{Log}(d_1)) \cdot \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)}$$

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} = \text{Reading Value } d_1 \text{ (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

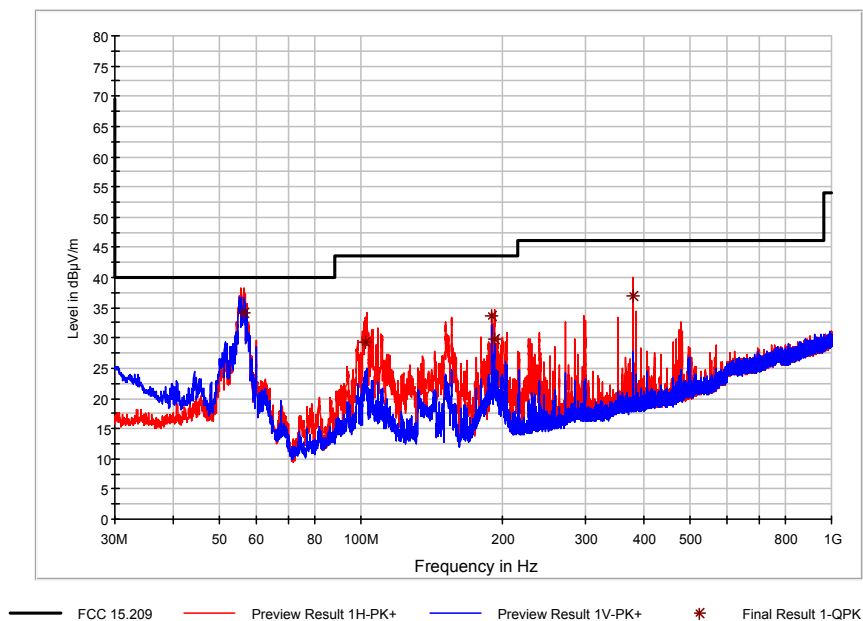
8.7 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 4, sections 8.9 and 8.10(b)(c) and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)
	30 - 88	100	40.0
	88 - 216	150	43.5
	216 - 960	200	46.0
	Above 960	500	54.0
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.			
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4) Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site (6.5)		

Comment:			
Date of test:	30 January 2015		
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2		
Test distance:	3 meters		

Test Result:	Test passed
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K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Electric Field Strength 30MHz-1GHz (3m)



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
56.280	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	18.1	16.0		34.1	40.0	5.9
102.270	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	15.4	13.8		29.2	43.5	14.3
189.810	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	21.4	12.2		33.6	43.5	9.9
191.980	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	17.6	12.3		29.9	43.5	13.6
379.680	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	20.3	16.7		37.0	46.0	9.0

Sample calculation of final values:

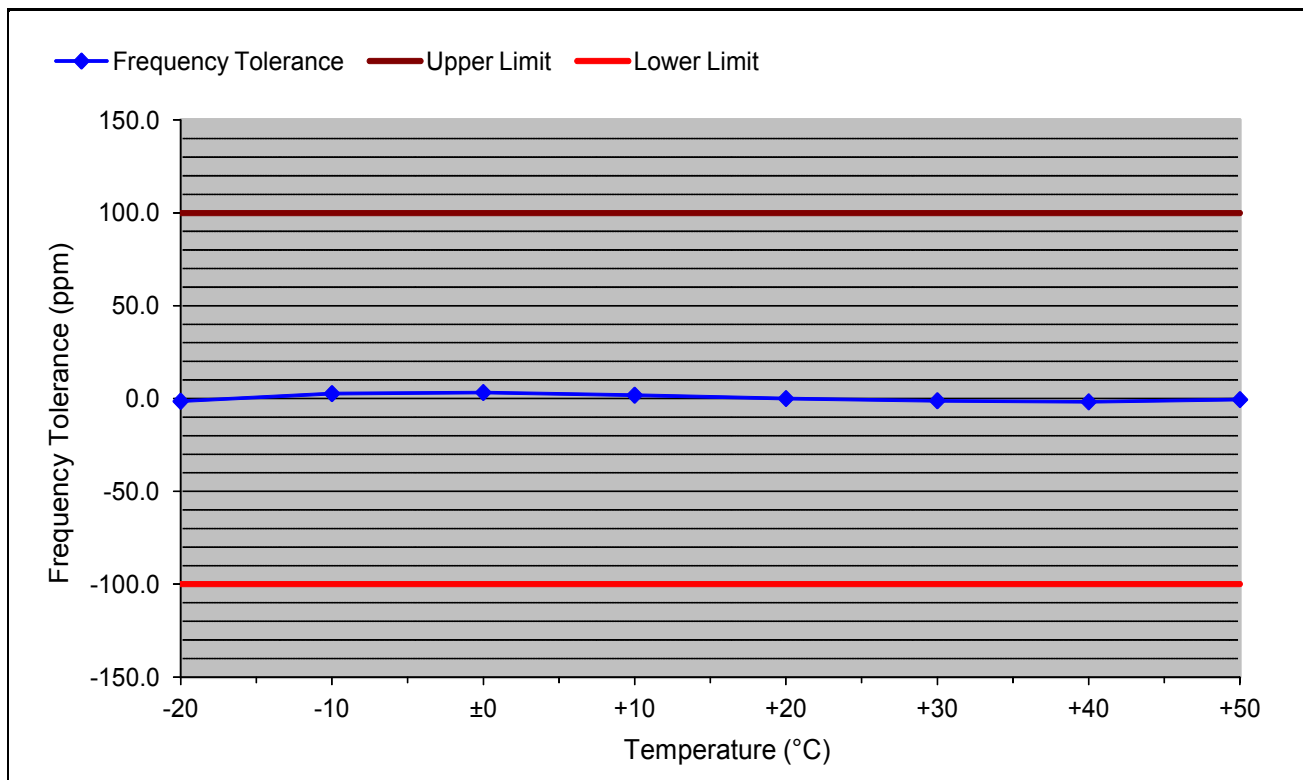
$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

8.8 Carrier Frequency Stability

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 4, section 8.11 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within ± 0.01 % (± 100 ppm) of the carrier frequency under nominal conditions.
Temperature range:	-20°C to +50°C (at normal supply voltage)
Voltage range:	85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage (at a temperature of +20°C)
Measurement procedure:	Carrier Frequency Stability (6.6)

Comment:	
Date of test:	2015-02-23

8.8.1 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Temperature



Supply voltage: 12 V

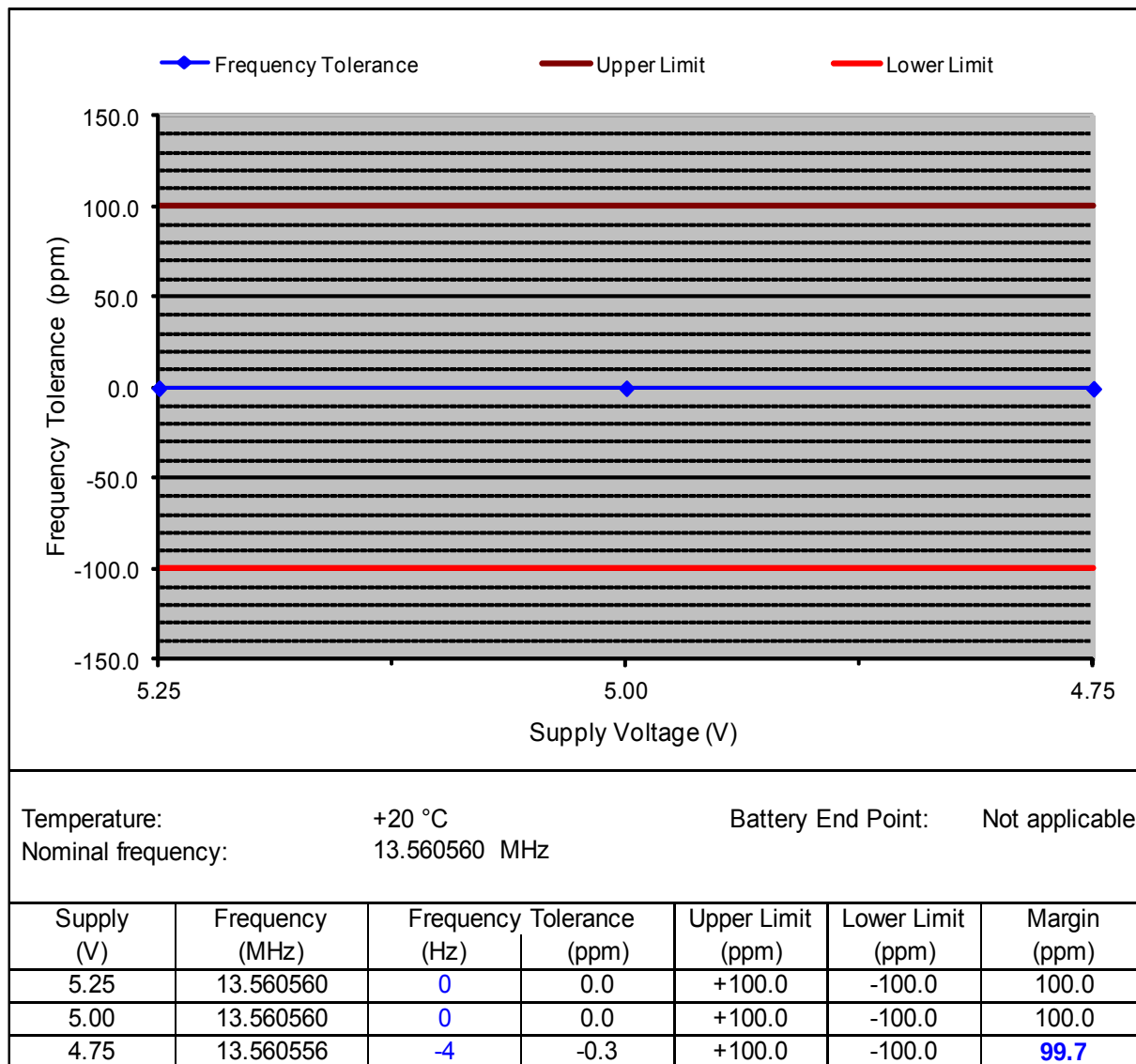
Nominal frequency: 13.560572 MHz

Temperature (°C)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
-20	13.560552	-20	-1.5	+100.0	-100.0	98.5
-10	13.560608	36	2.7	+100.0	-100.0	97.3
±0	13.560616	44	3.2	+100.0	-100.0	96.8
+10	13.560596	24	1.8	+100.0	-100.0	98.2
+20	13.560572	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
+30	13.560556	-16	-1.2	+100.0	-100.0	98.8
+40	13.560548	-24	-1.8	+100.0	-100.0	98.2
+50	13.560564	-8	-0.6	+100.0	-100.0	99.4

Test Result:

Test passed

8.8.2 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Supply Voltage



Test Result:

Test passed

9 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

☒	CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2014
☒	CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2014
☒	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
☐	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	June 7, 2009 (published on September 15, 2009)
☒	RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 4 containing General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	November 2014
☒	RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 8 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☐	RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 3 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	March 2010, footnote 13 updated December 2010
☐	ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 5 (Information Technology Equipment (ITE) - Limits and methods of measurement), published by Industry Canada	August 2012
☒	CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997

☐	CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2010
☒	TRC-43	Designation of Emissions, Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	November 2012

10 Test Equipment List with Calibration Data

Type	Inv.-No.	Type Designation	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Organization	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
EMI test receiver	1028	ESHS10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	09/2014	09/2015
EMI test receiver	1711	ESPI7	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	05/2014	05/2015
EMI test receiver	2044	ESU8	100232	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	10/2014	10/2015
Spectrum analyser	1666	FSP30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	05/2014	05/2015
V-network	1059	ESH3-Z5	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	08/2013	08/2015
Loop antenna	1016	HFH2-Z2	882964/0001	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	05/2014	05/2015
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	2256	VULB 9162	9162-048	Schwarzbeck	Schwarzbeck	09/2013	03/2015
Multimeter	1975	Fluke 77 III	92370108	Fluke	ZMK	08/2013	08/2015
Temperature test chamber	1271	HT 4010	07065550	Heraeus	TÜV SÜD PS-EMC-STR	06/2013	06/2015
DC power supply	1267	NGSM 32/10	203	Rohde & Schwarz		see note 4	

Note 1: No calibration required.

Note 2: Not calibrated separately but with the whole test system when recording calibration data.

Note 3: No calibration required. Devices are checked before use.

Note 4: No calibration required. Devices are checked by calibrated equipment during test.

11 Revision History

Revision History			
<i>Edition</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
1	2015-02-26	M. Steindl(as)	First Edition