

**Kyocera Wireless Corp.**  
**KWC S14**

**SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)**  
**REPORT**

|                                          |  |                         |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.            |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:               | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>2</b> |                             |

## CONTENT

|          |                                                       |           |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>INTRODUCTION.....</b>                              | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>2</b> | <b>SAR TEST RESULT SUMMARY .....</b>                  | <b>4</b>  |
| 2.1      | MAXIMUM RESULTS FOUND DURING SAR EVALUATION .....     | 4         |
| 2.1.1    | Head Configuration.....                               | 4         |
| <b>3</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION OF TESTED DEVICE.....</b>              | <b>5</b>  |
| <b>4</b> | <b>TEST CONDITIONS.....</b>                           | <b>7</b>  |
| 4.1      | AMBIENT CONDITIONS .....                              | 7         |
| 4.2      | RF CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST SITE.....              | 7         |
| 4.3      | TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES AND OUTPUT POWER .....       | 7         |
| <b>5</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT.....</b>         | <b>8</b>  |
| 5.1      | SYSTEM VALIDATION .....                               | 8         |
| 5.2      | TISSUE STIMULANTS .....                               | 9         |
| 5.2.1    | Head Tissue Stimulant .....                           | 9         |
| 5.2.2    | Muscle Tissue Stimulant .....                         | 10        |
| 5.3      | PHANTOMS.....                                         | 10        |
| 5.4      | ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE ET3DV6 .....                  | 11        |
| <b>6</b> | <b>DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE.....</b>         | <b>12</b> |
| 6.1      | TEST POSITIONS .....                                  | 12        |
| 6.1.1    | Against Phantom Head.....                             | 13        |
| 6.1.2    | Body Worn Configuration.....                          | 15        |
| 6.2      | SCAN PROCEDURES.....                                  | 15        |
| 6.3      | SAR AVERAGING METHODS .....                           | 15        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....</b>                  | <b>16</b> |
| <b>8</b> | <b>TEST DATA .....</b>                                | <b>17</b> |
| 8.1      | HEAD SAR TEST RESULTS.....                            | 17        |
| 8.2      | BODY WORN SAR TEST RESULT .....                       | 18        |
| <b>9</b> | <b>TEST SYSTEM PHOTOS.....</b>                        | <b>20</b> |
|          | <b>APPENDIX A: VALIDATION TEST PRINTOUT.....</b>      | <b>22</b> |
|          | <b>APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PRINTOUT.....</b>     | <b>23</b> |
|          | <b>APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE.....</b> | <b>24</b> |

|                              |                         |      |                     |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                      | Kyocera Wireless Corp.  |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>    | Issue No:               | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b> | Page Number<br><b>3</b> |      |                     |

## 1 INTRODUCTION

This test report describes an environmental evaluation measurement of specific absorption rate (SAR) distribution in simulated human head tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from a wireless portable device manufactured by Kyocera Wireless Corp. (KWC). These measurements were performed for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC). The testing was performed in January 2003 in the KWC SAR Test Facility. The wireless device is described as follows;

EUT Type: *Trimode, CDMA(PCS), CDMA and Analog (Cellular) Phone*  
 Trade Name: *Kyocera Wireless Corp.*  
 Model: *KWC-S14*  
 Tx Frequency : *824.04 – 848.97 and 1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz*  
 Modulation: *CDMA and Analog*  
 Antenna: *Retracting whip w/ helix*  
 FCC Classification: *Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Ear*  
 Application Type: *Certification*  
 Serial Number : *15907927163*  
 FCC ID: *OVFKWC-5135*  
 Place of Test: *KWC, 10300 Campus Point Drive, Lab AA-136, San Diego, CA, USA*  
 Date of Test: *January, 2003*  
 FCC Rule Part: *47 CFR 2.1093; OET Bulletin 65, Sup. C; 47 CFR 22; 47 CFR 24*

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:  
*IEEE P1528-200X Draft 6.4*

|                                          |                         |                             |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> | Document No.            |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                | Issue No:               | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             | Page Number<br><b>4</b> |                             |

## 2 SAR TEST RESULT SUMMARY

This device has been tested for localised specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1 ~ 1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE P1528-200X Draft 6.4. Normal antenna operating positions were incorporated, with the device transmitting at frequencies consistent with normal usage of the device. The device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localised specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE std. C95.1-1992. The Kyocera S14 cellular phone is in compliance with the FCC Part 2.1093 RF exposure limits.

### 2.1 Maximum Results Found during SAR Evaluation

The equipment is deemed to fulfil the requirements if the measured values are less than or equal to the limit.

#### 2.1.1 Head Configuration

| Mode/Ch/f(MHz)  | Conducted Power | Antenna Position | Device Position | Limit (mW/g) | Measured (mW/g) | Result        |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| CDMA/777/848.31 | 25.06 dBm       | Extended         | Right Cheek     | 1.6          | 1.27            | <b>PASSED</b> |

| Mode/Ch/f(MHz) | Conducted Power | Antenna Position | Device Position | Limit (mW/g) | Measured (mW/g) | Result        |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| PCS/600/1880   | 21.98 dBm       | Retracted        | Right Cheek     | 1.6          | 0.732           | <b>PASSED</b> |

#### 2.1.2 Body Worn Configuration (with KWC body worn accessories)

| Mode/Ch/f(MHz) | Conducted Power | Antenna Position | Device Position | Limit (mW/g) | Measured (mW/g) | Result        |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| FM/383/836.49  | 25.00 dBm       | Extended         | Waist level     | 1.6          | 0.593           | <b>PASSED</b> |

#### 2.1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

|                                            |                  |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Combined Uncertainty (Assessment & Source) | <b>± 10.32 %</b> |
| Extended Uncertainty (k=2)                 | <b>± 20.6 %</b>  |

|                                          |  |                         |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.            |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:               | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>5</b> |                             |

### 3 DESCRIPTION OF TESTED DEVICE

The test sample consisted of a KWC S14pre-production cellular phone. This model will operate in CDMA PCS, CDMA and analog cellular mode. The CDMA PCS mode is designed to transmit in the 1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz band. The cellular FM AMPS mode is designed to transmit in the 824.04 – 848.97 MHz. The cellular CDMA mode is designed to transmit in the 824.04 – 848.97 MHz band.

The KWC-S14 is a tri-mode and dual band cellular/PCS phone. The antenna is a standard retracting whip antenna tuned for dual frequency, with a top loaded helix antenna that is activated when the whip is retracted. See pictures below. Since either position is possible during use, both retracted and extended were tested, at the low, mid, and high frequencies of each band.



There is only one battery option available to operate KWC-S14. The battery part number is CV90-G8196, model number TXBAT10003. All measurements were done with production batteries.

|                              |                         |      |                     |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                      | Kyocera Wireless Corp.  |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>    | Issue No:               | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b> | Page Number<br><b>6</b> |      |                     |

The KWC-S14 has provision for headset to allow hands-free operation. The following body worn accessories are available for KWC-S14: Holster CV90-B1680 and Leather Case CA90-B1691M. SAR measurements for hands-free operating condition were done at the low, mid, and high frequencies of each band.



The SAR levels were also tested with 13.5mm air space in all modes for the hands-free application with other body-worn holster that contains no metal and provides at least 13.5mm separation from the closest point of the handset to the body.



13.5mm

|                                          |  |                         |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.            |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:               | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>7</b> |                             |

## 4 TEST CONDITIONS

### 4.1 Ambient Conditions

All tests were performed under the following environmental conditions:

|                                       |                  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Ambient Temperature:                  | 21 ± 1 Degrees C |
| Tissue simulating liquid temperature: | 21 ± 1 Degrees C |
| Humidity:                             | 48 %             |
| Pressure:                             | 1015 mB          |

### 4.2 RF characteristics of the test site

All KWC dosimetry equipment is operated within a shielded screen room manufactured by Lindgren RF Enclosures to provide isolation from external EM fields.

The E-field probes of the DASY 3 system are capable of detecting signals as low as 5µW/g in the liquid dielectric, and so external fields are minimised by the screen room, leaving the phone as the dominate radiation source. The floor of the screen room is reflective, so 2 two-foot square ferrite panels are placed beneath the phantom area of the DASY system to minimise reflected energy that would otherwise re-enter the phantom and combine constructively or destructively with the desired fields. These ferrite panels provide roughly 12 to 13 dB of attenuation in the frequency range of 900 MHz, and 7 to 8 dB of attenuation in the frequency range of 1.9 GHz.

### 4.3 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was controlled by using Kyocera Wireless Phone Support Toolkit, Test Code Controller.

In all operating bands, the measurements were performed on low, mid and high channels.

The phone was set to nominal maximum power level during all tests and at the beginning of the each test the battery was fully charged. Radiated power output was measured in KWC antenna range, fully an-echoic chamber from the same unit that was used in SAR testing.

|                                          |                         |                             |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> | Document No.            |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                | Issue No:               | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             | Page Number<br><b>8</b> |                             |

DASY3 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing E-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement. These records were used to monitor stability of power output.

## 5 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

The measurements were performed with an automated near-field scanning system, DASY3, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) of Zurich, Switzerland.

| Test Equipment                 | Serial Number | Due date |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| DASY3 DAE3 Version 1           | 322           | 08-27-03 |
| E-field Probe ET3DV6           | 1618          | 02-21-03 |
| Dipole Validation kit, D835V2  | 454           | 02-11-04 |
| Dipole Validation kit, D1900V2 | 5D003         | 02-20-04 |

The calibration records of E-field probe are attached in Appendix C.  
Additional equipment needed in validation

| Test Equipment                  | Due date |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Signal Generator, HP E4421B     | 04-12-03 |
| Power meter, Giga-tronics 8541C | 02-27-03 |
| Power Sensor, Giga-tronics      | 04-18-03 |
| Network Analyzer, HP 8753C      | 09-30-03 |
| HP 85070B Dielectric Probe      | --       |
| Thermometer                     | --       |

### 5.1 System Validation

The probes are calibrated annually by the manufacturer. Dielectric parameters of the stimulating liquids are measured with an automated Hewlett Packard 85070B dielectric probe in conjunction with an HP 8753C network analyser.

The SAR measurements of the device were done within 24 hours of system accuracy verification, which was done using the dipole validation kit. Power level of 20dBm was supplied to a dipole antenna placed under the flat section of SAM phantom. The validation results are in the table below and printouts of the validation test are attached in Appendix A. All the measured parameters were within the specification.

Note since the validation reference in muscle liquid is not available, the system validation with head tissues was done for the device testing in muscle. Based on OET 65 Supplement C EAB Part 22/24 SAR review Reminder Sheet 01/2002, this is a valid test.

|                                          |  |  |                         |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  |  | Document No.            |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  |  | Issue No:               | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  |  | Page Number<br><b>9</b> |                             |

| Tissue | F (MHz) | Description          | Validation SAR<br>(mW/g), 1g | Dielectric Parameters |                | Temp (°C) | Test date | Comments                              |
|--------|---------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
|        |         |                      |                              | $\epsilon_r$          | $\sigma$ (S/m) |           |           |                                       |
| Head   | 835     | Measured             | 1.05                         | 42.1                  | 0.86           | 21        | 01-08-03  | for device testing in head liquid     |
|        |         | Measured             | 1.03                         | 42.3                  | 0.89           | 21        | 01-09-03  | for continuing testing in head liquid |
|        |         | Measured             | 1.03                         | 42.5                  | 0.88           | 21        | 01-10-03  | for device testing in muscle          |
|        |         | Measured             | 1.02                         | 41.3                  | 0.85           | 21        | 01-29-03  | for device testing in muscle          |
|        |         | Measured             | 1.03                         | 41.3                  | 0.86           | 21        | 02-03-03  | head testing for missed file          |
|        |         | SPEAG Reference      | 1.04                         | 41.9                  | 0.89           | --        | 02-11-02  |                                       |
|        |         | <b>FCC Reference</b> | --                           | <b>41.5</b>           | <b>0.90</b>    | 20-26     | --        |                                       |
| Head   | 1900    | Measured             | 4.51                         | 39.2                  | 1.46           | 21        | 01-13-03  | for device testing in head liquid     |
|        |         | Measured             | 4.52                         | 40.2                  | 1.43           | 21        | 01-14-03  | for device testing in muscle          |
|        |         | Measured             | 4.51                         | 39.4                  | 1.43           | 21        | 01-29-03  | head testing for missed file          |
|        |         | SPEAG Reference      | 4.56                         | 39.1                  | 1.47           | --        | 02-20-02  |                                       |
|        |         | <b>FCC Reference</b> | --                           | <b>40.0</b>           | <b>1.40</b>    | 20-26     | --        |                                       |
| Muscle | 835     | Measured             | --                           | 54.42                 | 0.913          | 21        | 01-10-03  | for device testing in muscle          |
|        |         | Measured             | --                           | 55.37                 | 0.892          | 21        | 01-29-03  | for device testing in muscle          |
|        |         | <b>FCC Reference</b> | --                           | <b>55.2</b>           | <b>0.97</b>    | --        | --        |                                       |
| Muscle | 1900    | Measured             | --                           | 53.64                 | 1.485          | 21        | 01-14-03  | for device testing n muscle           |
|        |         | <b>FCC Reference</b> | --                           | <b>53.3</b>           | <b>1.52</b>    | 20-26     | --        |                                       |

FCC reference values are adopted from OET Bulletin 65 (97-01) Supplement C (01-01).

## 5.2 Tissue Stimulants

All dielectric parameters of tissue stimulants were measured within 24 hours of SAR measurements. The depth of the tissue stimulant in the ear reference point and flat reference point of the phantom were at least 15cm during all the tests.

### 5.2.1 Head Tissue Stimulant

The composition of the head tissue simulating liquid for 835MHz is

|        |           |
|--------|-----------|
| 51.07% | Water     |
| 0.23%  | Cellulose |
| 47.31% | Sugar     |
| 0.24%  | Preventol |
| 1.15%  | Salt      |

and for 1900MHz is

|                                          |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>10</b> |                             |

54%            Water  
44.91%       Glycol monobutyl  
0.21%       Salt

The ingredients above are adopted from Application Note: Recipes for Head Tissue Simulating Liquid by SPEAG.

#### 5.2.2 Muscle Tissue Stimulant

The composition of the muscle tissue simulating liquid for 835MHz is

65.45%       Water  
34.31%       Sugar  
0.1%        Preventol  
0.62%       Salt

and for 1900MHz is

69.91%       Water  
29.96%       Glycol monobutyl  
0.13%       Salt

The ingredients above are adopted from Application Note: Recipes for Muscle Tissue Simulating Liquid by SPEAG.

### 5.3 Phantoms

SAM v4.0 phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the measurement. It has fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell corresponds to the phantom defined by IEEE SCC34-SC2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete set-up of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

The thickness of phantom shell is 2mm except for the ear, where an integrated ear spacer provides a 6mm spacing from the tissue boundary. Manufacturer reports tolerance in shell thickness to be  $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ .

|                                          |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>11</b> |                             |

#### 5.4 Isotropic E-Field Probe ET3DV6

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Construction</b>    | Symmetrical design with triangular core<br>Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system<br>Built-in shielding against static charges<br>PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycol) |
| <b>Calibration</b>     | Calibration certificate in Appendix C                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Frequency</b>       | 10MHz to 3GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$ (30MHz to 3GHz)                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Optical Surface</b> | $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$ repeatability in air and clear liquid over diffuse reflecting                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Detection</b>       | surface                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Directivity</b>     | $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$ in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.4\text{dB}$ in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)                                                                                                  |
| <b>Dynamic Range</b>   | 5 $\mu\text{W/g}$ to $> 100 \text{ mW/g}$ ; Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Dimensions</b>      | Overall length: 330mm<br>Tip length: 16mm<br>Body diameter: 12mm<br>Tip diameter: 6.8mm<br>Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm                                                                          |
| <b>Application</b>     | General dosimetry up to 3GHz<br>Compliance tests of mobile phones<br>Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms.                                                                                                  |



|                           |                          |      |                     |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                   | Kyocera Wireless Corp.   |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b> | Issue No:                | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br>OVFKWC-5135     | Page Number<br><b>12</b> |      |                     |

## 6 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

### 6.1 Test Positions

The device was placed in the holder. The bottom of the device aligns with the bottom of the holder clamp to provide a standard positioning and ensure enough free space for antenna. See picture.



Device holder was provided by SPEAG together with DASY3.



|                                          |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>13</b> |                             |

#### 6.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made on both left hand side and right hand side of the phantom.

The device was position against phantom according to OET Bulletin 65 (97-01) Supplement C (01-01). Definitions of terms used in aligning the device to a head phantom are available in IEEE Draft Standard P1528-2001 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

##### 6.1.1.1 Initial Ear Position

The device was initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom parallel to the "Neck-Front" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane".

##### 6.1.1.2 Cheek Position

"Initial ear position" alignments are maintained and the device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting along the "Neck-Front" line until any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom or when any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.



|                              |                          |      |                     |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                      | Kyocera Wireless Corp.   |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>    | Issue No:                | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b> | Page Number<br><b>14</b> |      |                     |

#### 6.1.1.3 *Tilt Position*

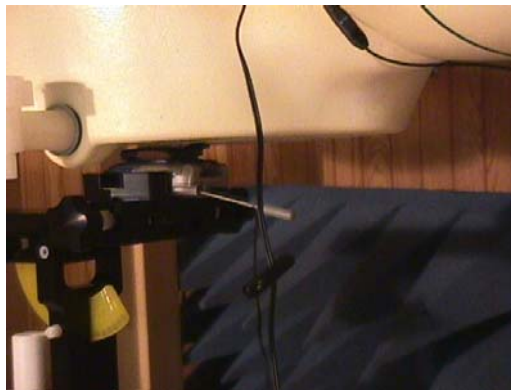
In the “cheek position”, if the earpiece of the device is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer and the peak SAR location for the “cheek position” is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device is returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer. Otherwise, the device is moved away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” for approximate 2-3cm. While it is in this position, the device is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference point” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process is repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously.



|                                       |  |                       |                          |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Company<br><br>Kyocera Wireless Corp. |  | Document No.          |                          |
| KWC-S14 SAR REPORT                    |  | Issue No:             | Date<br><br>January 2003 |
|                                       |  | Page Number<br><br>15 |                          |
| FCC ID<br>OVFKWC-5135                 |  |                       |                          |

### 6.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

KWC body worn accessories were tested for the FCC RF exposure compliance. The phone was positioned into the carrying case and placed below the flat phantom. Headset was connected during measurements.



The SAR levels were also measured with 13.5mm air space for the hands-free application, which allow user can use other body-worn holster that contains no metal and provides at least 13.5mm separation from the closest point of the handset to the body.

## 6.2 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans are used for quick determination of the field distribution. Next a cube scan, 7x7x7 points; spacing between each point 5x5x5mm, is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1g.

## 6.3 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value is average over its volume using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” –condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p. 141-150] (x, y and z – directions) [numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p 123].

The extrapolation is based on least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p. 168-180]. Through the points in the first 30mm in all z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1mm from one another.

|                                          |  |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  |  | Page Number<br><b>16</b> |                             |

## 7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Description of individual measurement uncertainty

| Uncert. description                        | Uncert. Value % | Probability distribution | Divisor    | $C_i^1$<br>1g   | Stand. Uncert (1g) % | $V_i^2$ or $V_{eff}$ |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Measurement system</b>                  |                 |                          |            |                 |                      |                      |
| Probe calibration                          | $\pm 4.4$       | normal                   | 1          | 1               | $\pm 4.4$            | $\infty$             |
| Axial isotropy of the probe                | $\pm 4.7$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | $(1-C_p)^{1/2}$ | $\pm 1.9$            | $\infty$             |
| Sph. Isotropy of the probe                 | $\pm 9.6$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | $(C_p)^{1/2}$   | $\pm 3.9$            | $\infty$             |
| Spatial resolution                         | $\pm 0.0$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 0.0$            | $\infty$             |
| Boundary effects                           | $\pm 5.5$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 3.2$            | $\infty$             |
| Probe linearity                            | $\pm 4.7$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 2.7$            | $\infty$             |
| Detection limit                            | $\pm 1.0$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 0.6$            | $\infty$             |
| Readout electronics                        | $\pm 1.0$       | normal                   | 1          | 1               | $\pm 1.0$            | $\infty$             |
| Response time                              | $\pm 0.8$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 0.5$            | $\infty$             |
| Integration time                           | $\pm 1.4$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 0.8$            | $\infty$             |
| RF ambient conditions                      | $\pm 3.0$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 1.7$            | $\infty$             |
| Mech. Constrains of robot                  | $\pm 0.4$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 0.2$            | $\infty$             |
| Probe positioning                          | $\pm 2.9$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 1.7$            | $\infty$             |
| Extrap. and integration                    | $\pm 3.9$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 2.3$            | $\infty$             |
| <b>Test Sample Related</b>                 |                 |                          |            |                 |                      |                      |
| Device positioning                         | $\pm 3.0$       | normal                   | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 1.7$            | $\infty$             |
| Power drift                                | $\pm 5.0$       | normal                   | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1               | $\pm 2.9$            | $\infty$             |
| <b>Phantom and setup</b>                   |                 |                          |            |                 |                      |                      |
| Phantom uncertainty                        | $\pm 4.0$       | rectangular              | 1          | 1               | $\pm 2.3$            | $\infty$             |
| Liquid conductivity (target)               | $\pm 5.0$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6             | $\pm 1.7$            | $\infty$             |
| Liquid conductivity (meas.)                | $\pm 10.0$      | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6             | $\pm 3.5$            | $\infty$             |
| Liquid permittivity (target)               | $\pm 5.0$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6             | $\pm 1.7$            | $\infty$             |
| Liquid permittivity (meas.)                | $\pm 5.0$       | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6             | $\pm 1.7$            | $\infty$             |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>       |                 |                          |            |                 | $\pm 10.32$          |                      |
| <b>Extended Standard Uncertainty (k=2)</b> |                 |                          |            |                 | $\pm 20.6$           |                      |

|                                          |  |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  |  | Page Number<br><b>17</b> |                             |

## 8 TEST DATA

For each mode, corresponding SAR distribution printouts of maximum results in every device position (Cheek or Tilt), every antenna position (Extended or Retracted) are shown in Appendix B. The rest of SAR distributions is substantially similar or equivalent to the plots submitted regardless of used channel.

### 8.1 Head SAR Test Results

The Appendix B includes the SAR distribution plots for all data in the following tables.

**Left Head SAR**

| Mode                             | Channel # /<br>Frequency<br>(MHz) | Conducted Power<br>(dBm) | SAR, Average over 1g (mW/g) |                     |                      |                     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|                                  |                                   |                          | Cheek Position              |                     | Tilted Position      |                     |
|                                  |                                   |                          | Antenna<br>Retracted        | Antenna<br>Extended | Antenna<br>Retracted | Antenna<br>Extended |
| <b>FM<br/>835</b>                | 991/824.04                        | 25.06                    | 0.743                       | 0.700               | 0.173                | 0.169               |
|                                  | 383/836.49                        | 25.00                    | 0.896                       | 0.917               | 0.243                | 0.225               |
|                                  | 799/848.97                        | 24.97                    | 0.955                       | 1.05                | 0.242                | 0.258               |
| <b>Cellular<br/>CDMA<br/>835</b> | 1013/824.70                       | 25.07                    | 0.698                       | 0.767               | 0.235                | 0.202               |
|                                  | 383/836.49                        | 25.03                    | 0.870                       | 0.920               | 0.277                | 0.266               |
|                                  | 777/848.31                        | 25.02                    | 0.95                        | 1.03                | 0.217                | 0.238               |
| <b>PCS<br/>CDMA<br/>1900</b>     | 25/1851.25                        | 22.01                    | 0.548                       | 0.242               | 0.228                | 0.189               |
|                                  | 600/1880                          | 22.03                    | 0.644                       | 0.217               | 0.267                | 0.176               |
|                                  | 1175/1908.75                      | 22.01                    | 0.634                       | 0.193               | 0.284                | 0.193               |

**Right Head SAR**

| Mode                             | Channel # /<br>Frequency<br>(MHz) | Conducted Power<br>(dBm) | SAR, Average over 1g (mW/g) |                     |                      |                     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|                                  |                                   |                          | Cheek Position              |                     | Tilted Position      |                     |
|                                  |                                   |                          | Antenna<br>Retracted        | Antenna<br>Extended | Antenna<br>Retracted | Antenna<br>Extended |
| <b>FM<br/>835</b>                | 991/824.04                        | 25.02                    | 1.15                        | 1.12                | 0.262                | 0.257               |
|                                  | 383/836.49                        | 25.03                    | 1.16                        | 1.14                | 0.319                | 0.310               |
|                                  | 799/848.97                        | 24.98                    | 1.21                        | 1.25                | 0.257                | 0.253               |
| <b>Cellular<br/>CDMA<br/>835</b> | 1013/824.70                       | 25.03                    | 1.13                        | 1.12                | 0.194                | 0.193               |
|                                  | 383/836.49                        | 25.06                    | 1.10                        | 1.21                | 0.265                | 0.249               |
|                                  | 777/848.31                        | 25.06                    | 1.22                        | 1.27                | 0.243                | 0.242               |
| <b>PCS<br/>CDMA<br/>1900</b>     | 25/1851.25                        | 21.96                    | 0.245                       | 0.649               | 0.232                | 0.199               |
|                                  | 600/1880                          | 21.98                    | 0.732                       | 0.198               | 0.263                | 0.172               |
|                                  | 1175/1908.75                      | 22.03                    | 0.714                       | 0.199               | 0.352                | 0.166               |

|                                          |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>18</b> |                             |

The highest measured SAR (at head) in the cellular band is 1.27mW/g. The highest measured SAR (at head) in PCS band is 0.732 mW/g.

## 8.2 Body Worn SAR Test Result

The Appendix B includes the SAR distribution plots for all data in the following tables.

### Waist Level SAR with KWC Body Worn Holster CV90-B1680

| Mode                     | Channel # / Frequency (MHz) | Conducted Power Before Test (dBm) | SAR, Average over 1g (mW/g) |                  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
|                          |                             |                                   | Antenna Retracted           | Antenna Extended |
| <b>FM 835</b>            | 991/824.04                  | 25.03                             | 0.232                       | 0.405            |
|                          | 383/836.49                  | 25.00                             | 0.294                       | 0.547            |
|                          | 799/848.97                  | 24.98                             | 0.276                       | 0.496            |
| <b>Cellular CDMA 835</b> | 1013/824.70                 | 25.12                             | 0.230                       | 0.348            |
|                          | 383/836.49                  | 25.13                             | 0.319                       | 0.593            |
|                          | 777/848.31                  | 25.18                             | 0.301                       | 0.544            |
| <b>PCS CDMA 1900</b>     | 25/1851.25                  | 21.96                             | 0.225                       | 0.096            |
|                          | 600/1880                    | 22.03                             | 0.274                       | 0.124            |
|                          | 1175/1908.75                | 22.14                             | 0.214                       | 0.082            |

### Waist Level SAR with KWC Body Worn Leather Case CA90-B1691M

| Mode                     | Channel # / Frequency (MHz) | Conducted Power Before Test (dBm) | SAR, Average over 1g (mW/g) |                  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
|                          |                             |                                   | Antenna Retracted           | Antenna Extended |
| <b>FM 835</b>            | 991/824.04                  | 25.09                             | 0.189                       | 0.326            |
|                          | 383/836.49                  | 25.03                             | 0.244                       | 0.500            |
|                          | 799/848.97                  | 24.94                             | 0.228                       | 0.378            |
| <b>Cellular CDMA 835</b> | 1013/824.70                 | 25.13                             | 0.204                       | 0.346            |
|                          | 383/836.49                  | 25.15                             | 0.237                       | 0.460            |
|                          | 777/848.31                  | 25.13                             | 0.257                       | 0.427            |
| <b>PCS CDMA 1900</b>     | 25/1851.25                  | 22.03                             | 0.175                       | 0.112            |
|                          | 600/1880                    | 22.09                             | 0.236                       | 0.123            |
|                          | 1175/1908.75                | 22.14                             | 0.235                       | 0.115            |

|                                          |  |                          |                             |
|------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Company<br><b>Kyocera Wireless Corp.</b> |  | Document No.             |                             |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b>                |  | Issue No:                | Date<br><b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br><b>OVFKWC-5135</b>             |  | Page Number<br><b>19</b> |                             |

### Waist Level SAR with 13.5mm Air Separation

| Mode                     | Channel # / Frequency (MHz) | Conducted Power Before Test (dBm) | SAR, Average over 1g (mW/g) |                  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
|                          |                             |                                   | Antenna Retracted           | Antenna Extended |
| <b>FM 835</b>            | 991/824.04                  | 25.05                             | 0.164                       | 0.256            |
|                          | 383/836.49                  | 25.03                             | 0.239                       | 0.500            |
|                          | 799/848.97                  | 24.97                             | 0.545                       | 0.490            |
| <b>Cellular CDMA 835</b> | 1013/824.70                 | 25.17                             | 0.169                       | 0.340            |
|                          | 383/836.49                  | 25.12                             | 0.253                       | 0.470            |
|                          | 777/848.31                  | 25.16                             | 0.262                       | 0.440            |
| <b>PCS CDMA 1900</b>     | 25/1851.25                  | 21.96                             | 0.223                       | 0.170            |
|                          | 600/1880                    | 22.05                             | 0.243                       | 0.145            |
|                          | 1175/1908.75                | 22.14                             | 0.268                       | 0.144            |

With KWC body worn accessories, the highest measured SAR in the cellular band is 0.593mW/g, in PCS band is 0.274 mW/g.

|                           |                        |      |                     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                   | Kyocera Wireless Corp. |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b> | Issue No:              | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br>OVFKWC-5135     | Page Number            |      | <b>20</b>           |

## 9 TEST SYSTEM PHOTOS

DASY 3 System



|                           |                        |      |                     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                   | Kyocera Wireless Corp. |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b> | Issue No:              | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br>OVFKWC-5135     | Page Number            |      | <b>21</b>           |

### SAM Phantom



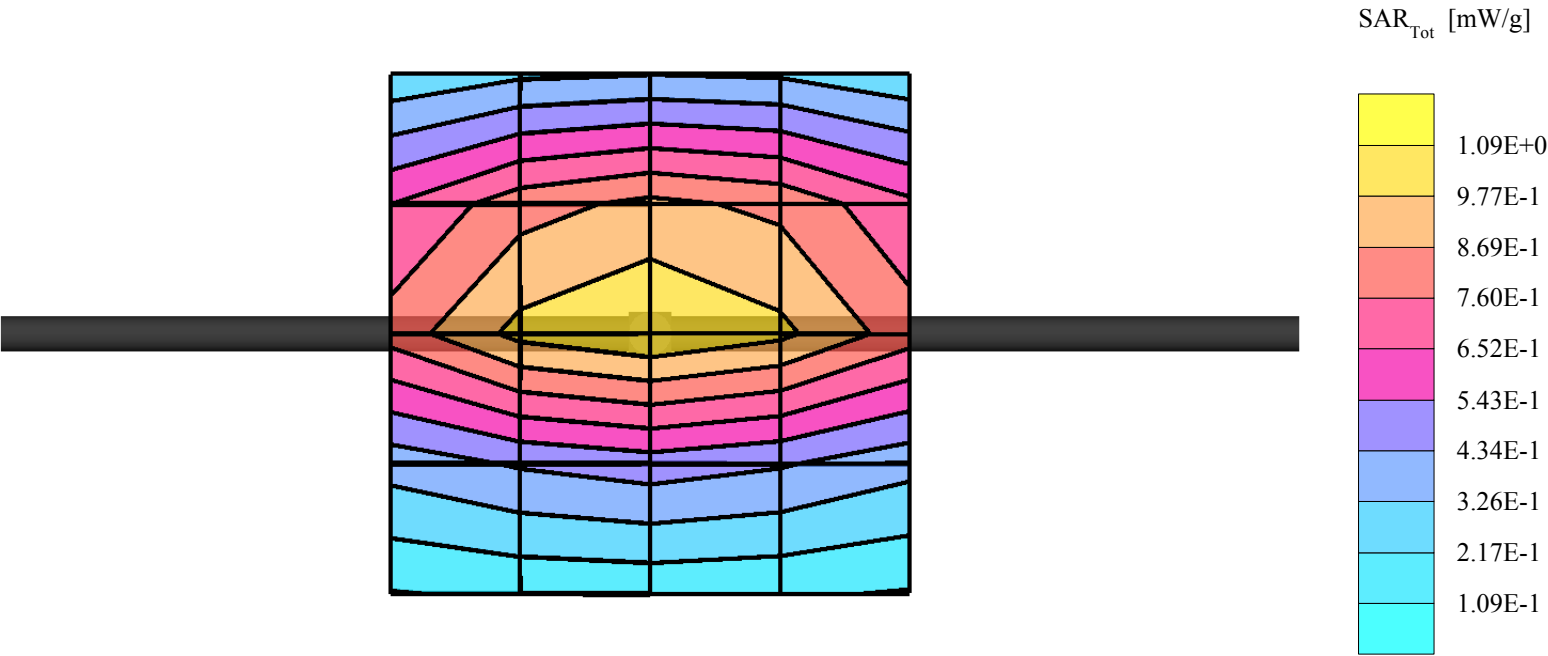
|                           |                        |      |                     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                   | Kyocera Wireless Corp. |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b> | Issue No:              | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br>OVFKWC-5135     | Page Number            |      | <b>22</b>           |

## APPENDIX A: VALIDATION TEST PRINTOUT

# Dipole 835MHz

Dipole validation:

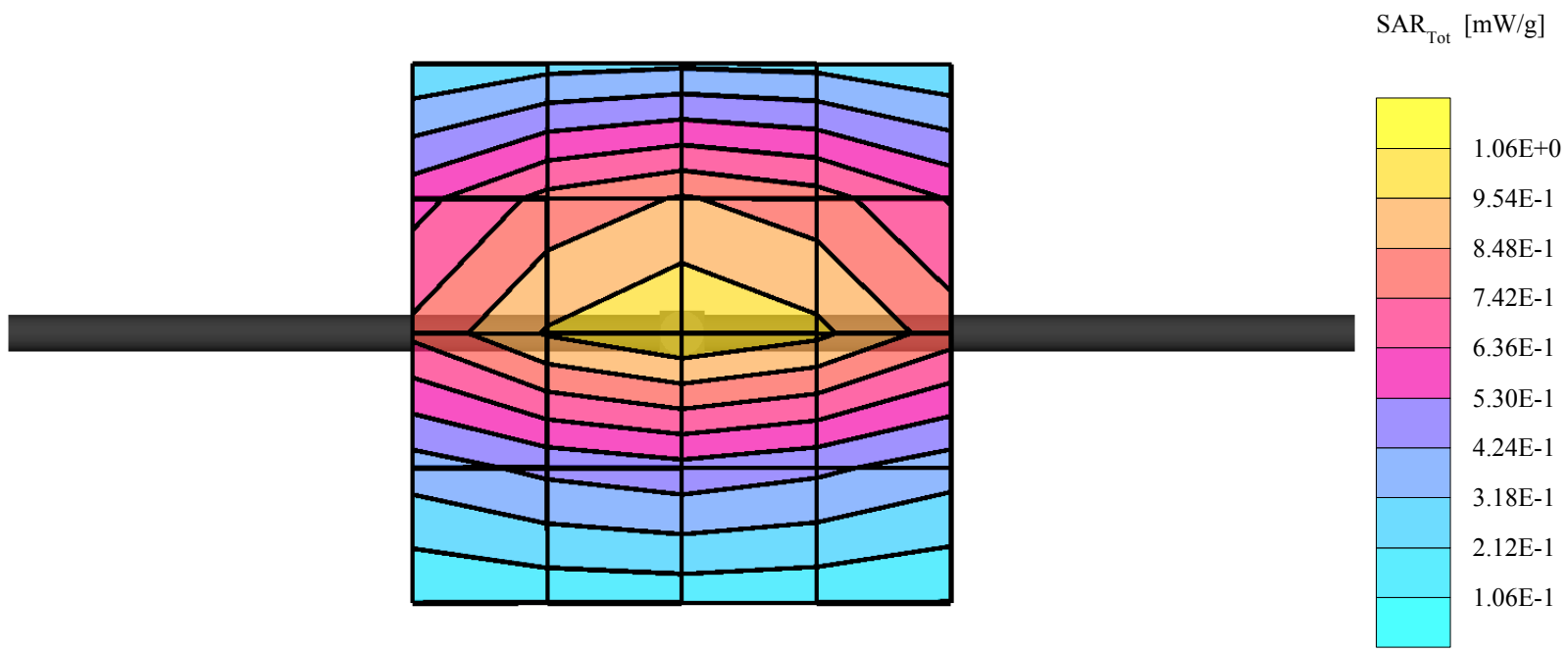
for  $f < 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 10$  mm  
for  $f > 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 15$  mm  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position:  $(90^\circ, 90^\circ)$ ; Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 1.05 mW/g  $\pm 0.02$  dB, SAR (10g): 0.674 mW/g  $\pm 0.02$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



# Dipole 835MHz

Dipole validation:

for  $f < 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 10$  mm  
for  $f > 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 15$  mm  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position:  $(90^\circ, 90^\circ)$ ; Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.88$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 42.5$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 1.03 mW/g  $\pm 0.01$  dB, SAR (10g): 0.662 mW/g  $\pm 0.01$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



# Dipole 835MHz

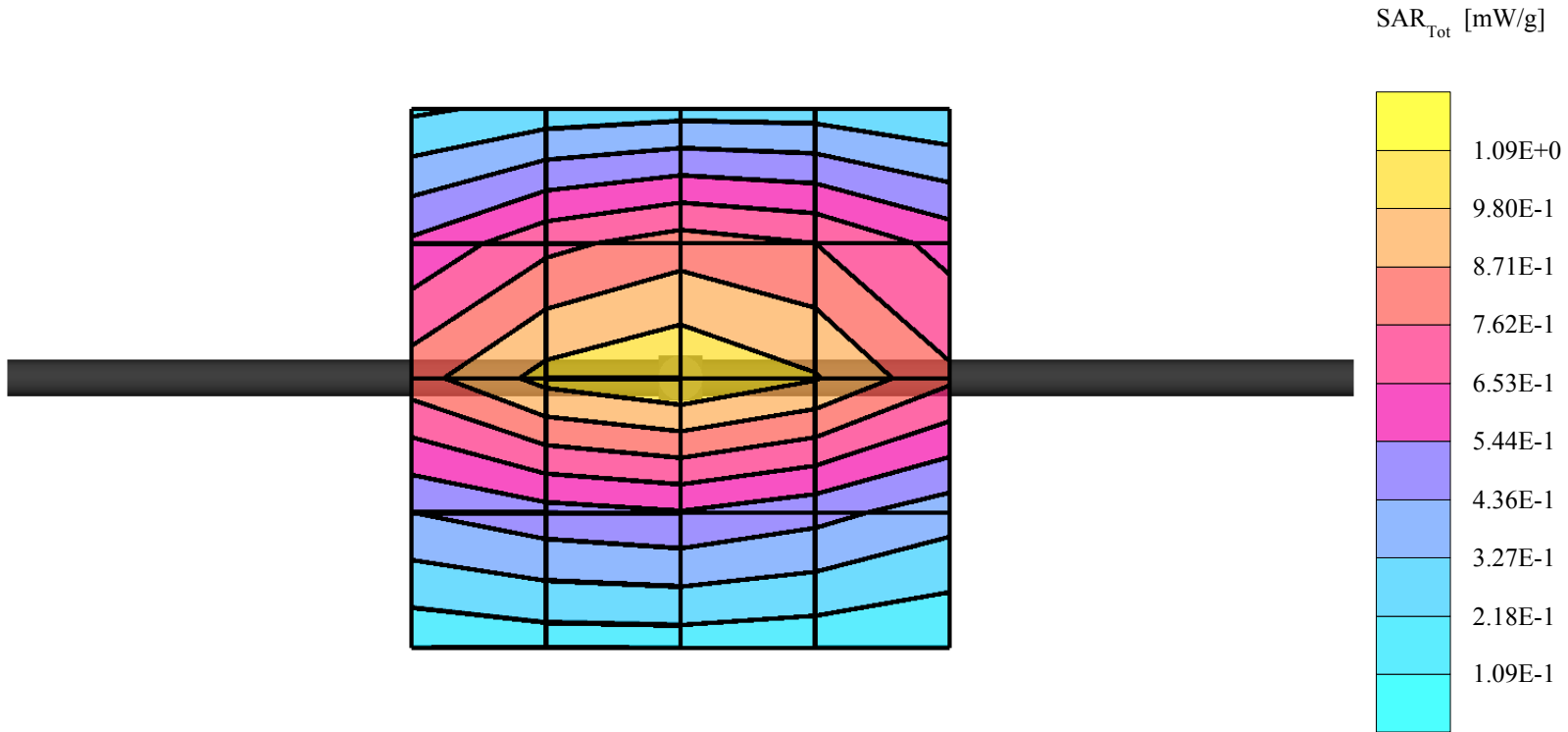
SAM; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.85 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 41.3$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cubes (2): Peak:  $1.62 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g):  $1.02 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g):  $0.650 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$ , (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.0 (10.7, 13.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.18 dB



# Dipole 835MHz

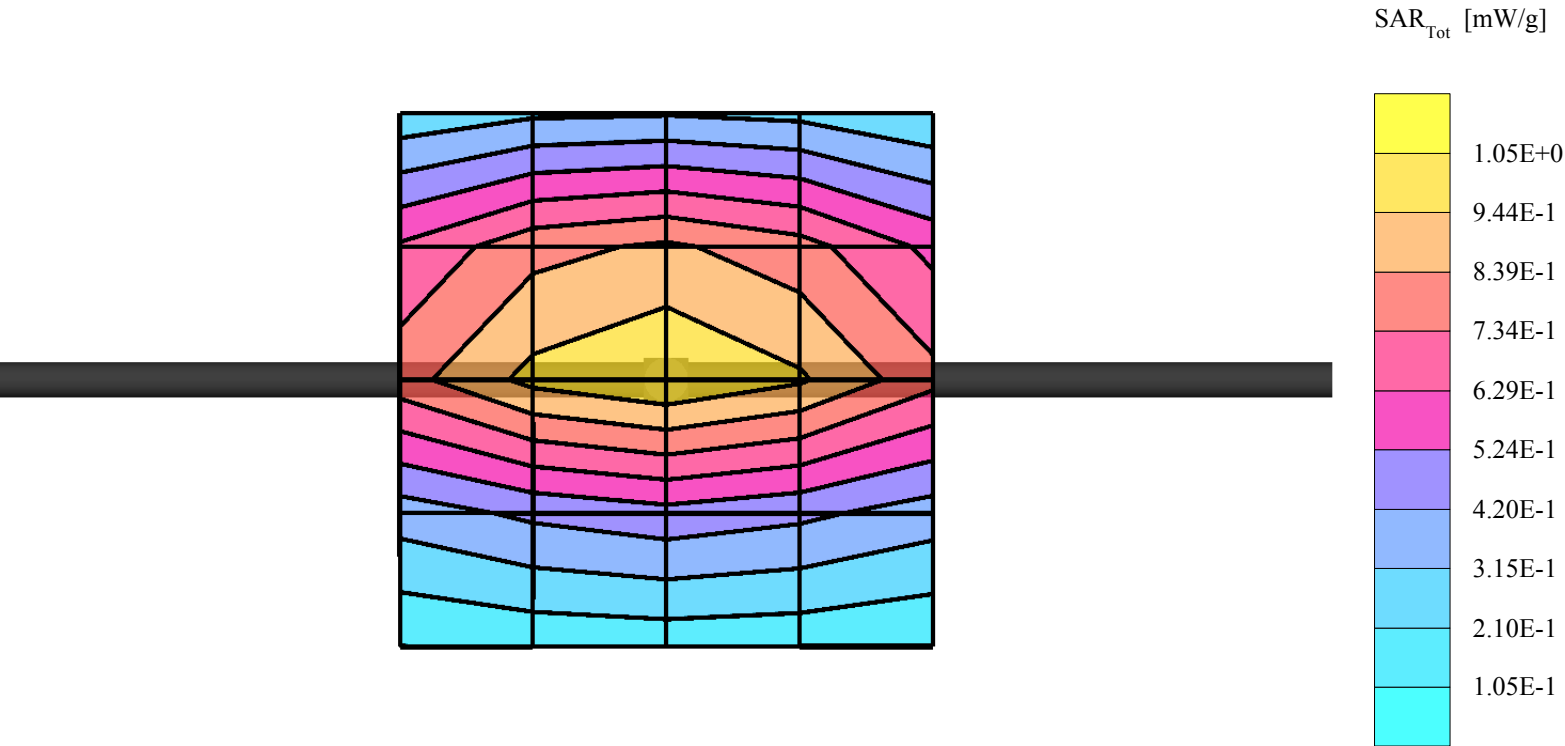
SAM; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.3$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Cubes (2): Peak: 1.64 mW/g  $\pm 0.07$  dB, SAR (1g): 1.03 mW/g  $\pm 0.04$  dB, SAR (10g): 0.663 mW/g  $\pm 0.04$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.1 (10.9, 13.7) [mm]

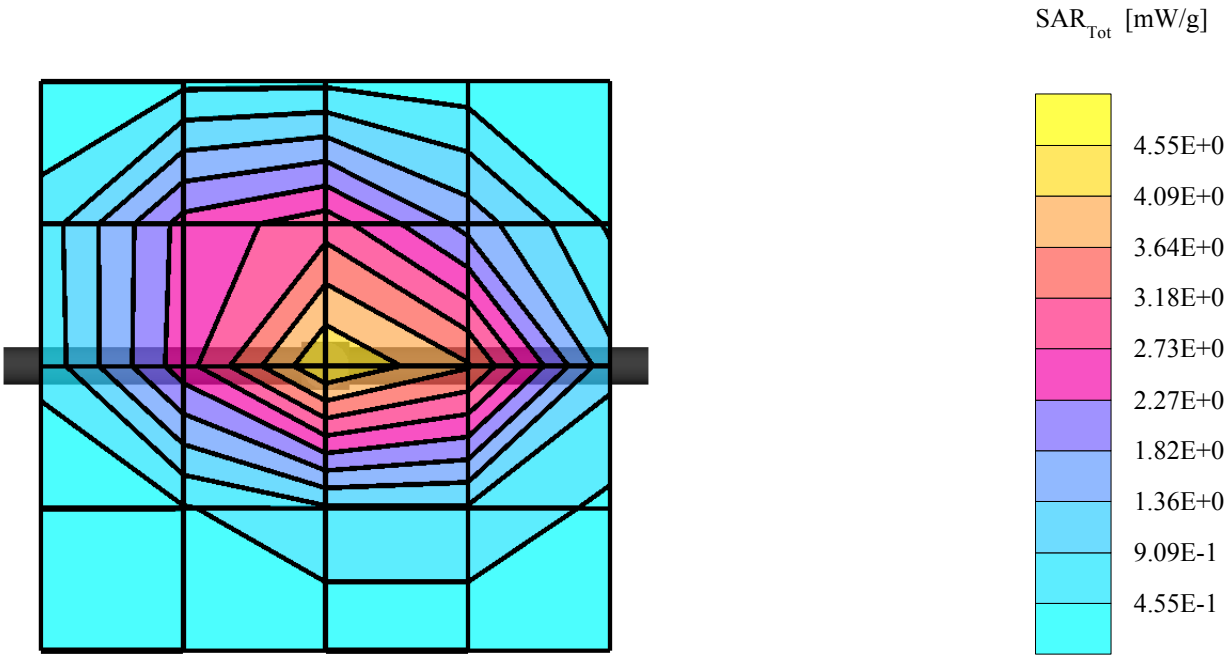
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



# Dipole 1900MHz

Dipole validation:

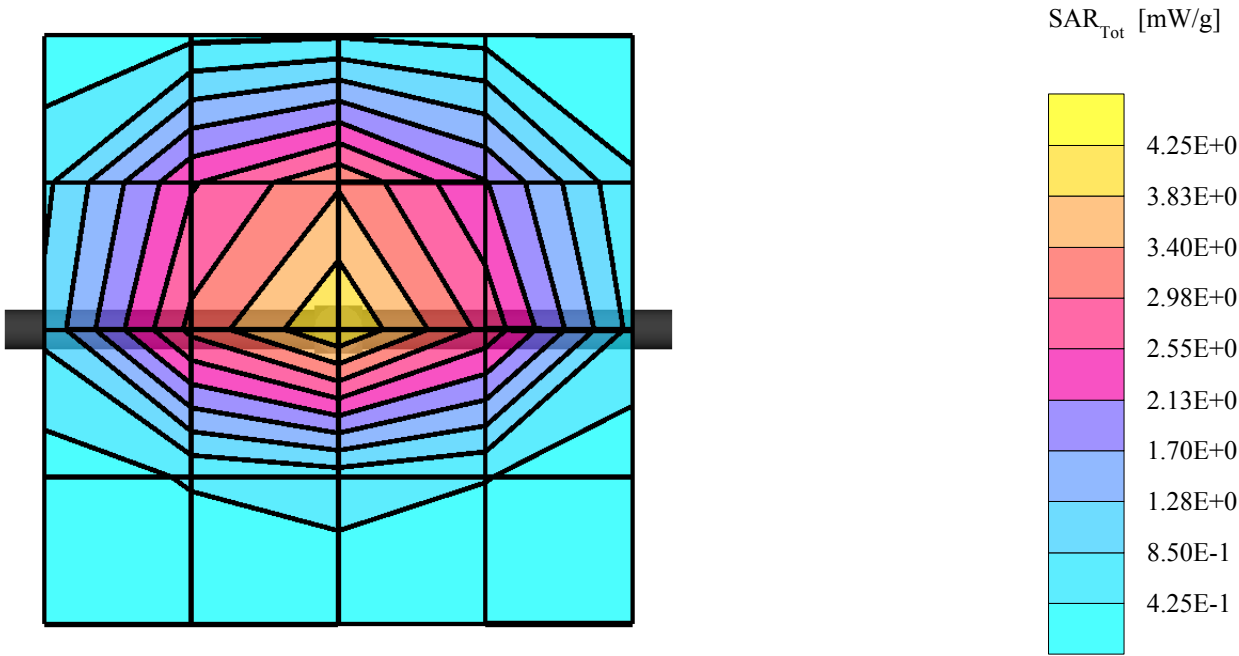
for  $f < 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 10$  mm  
for  $f > 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 15$  mm  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position:  $(90^\circ, 90^\circ)$ ; Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 4.51 mW/g  $\pm 0.01$  dB, SAR (10g): 2.32 mW/g  $\pm 0.00$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.13 dB



# Dipole 1900MHz

Dipole validation:

for  $f < 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 10$  mm  
for  $f > 1$  GHz, distance to the liquid  $d = 15$  mm  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position:  $(90^\circ, 90^\circ)$ ; Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 4.52 mW/g  $\pm 0.04$  dB, SAR (10g): 2.33 mW/g  $\pm 0.00$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.12 dB



# Dipole 1900MHz

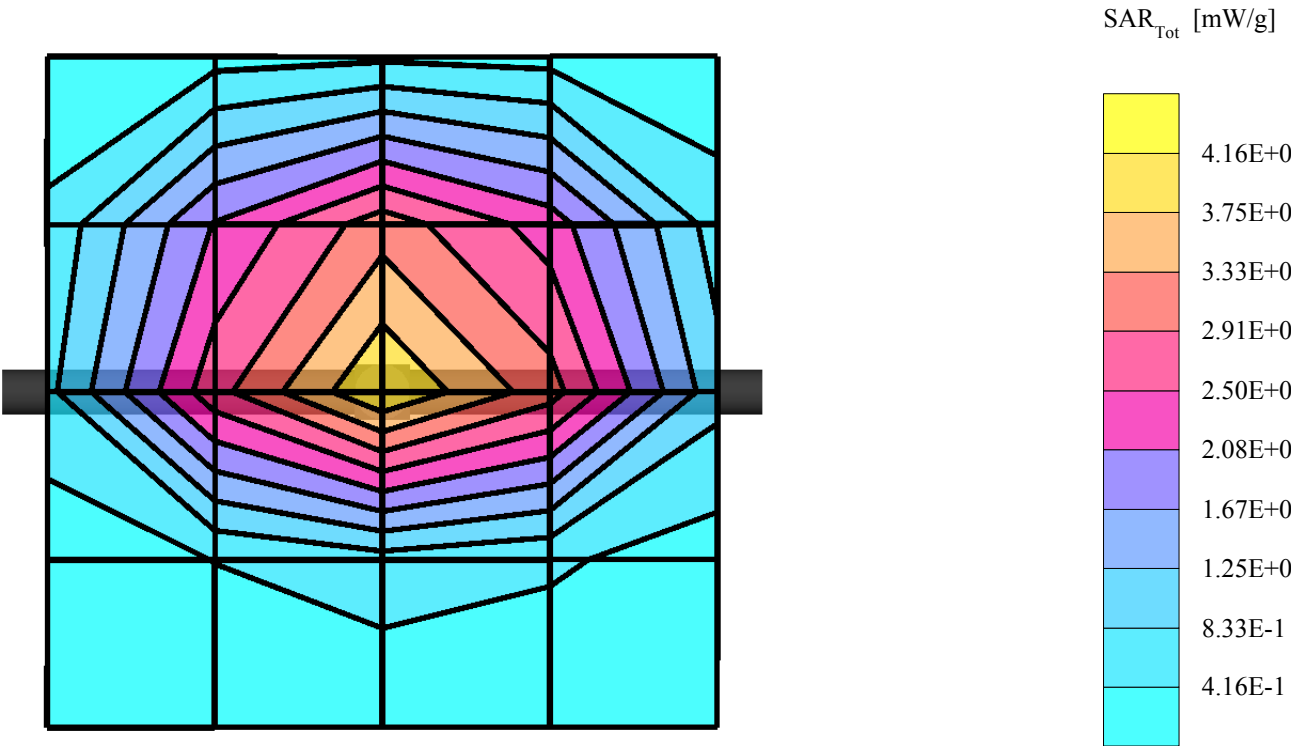
SAM; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.4$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cubes (2): Peak:  $8.65 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g):  $4.51 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g):  $2.29 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$ , (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 7.9 (7.4, 8.9) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.00 dB

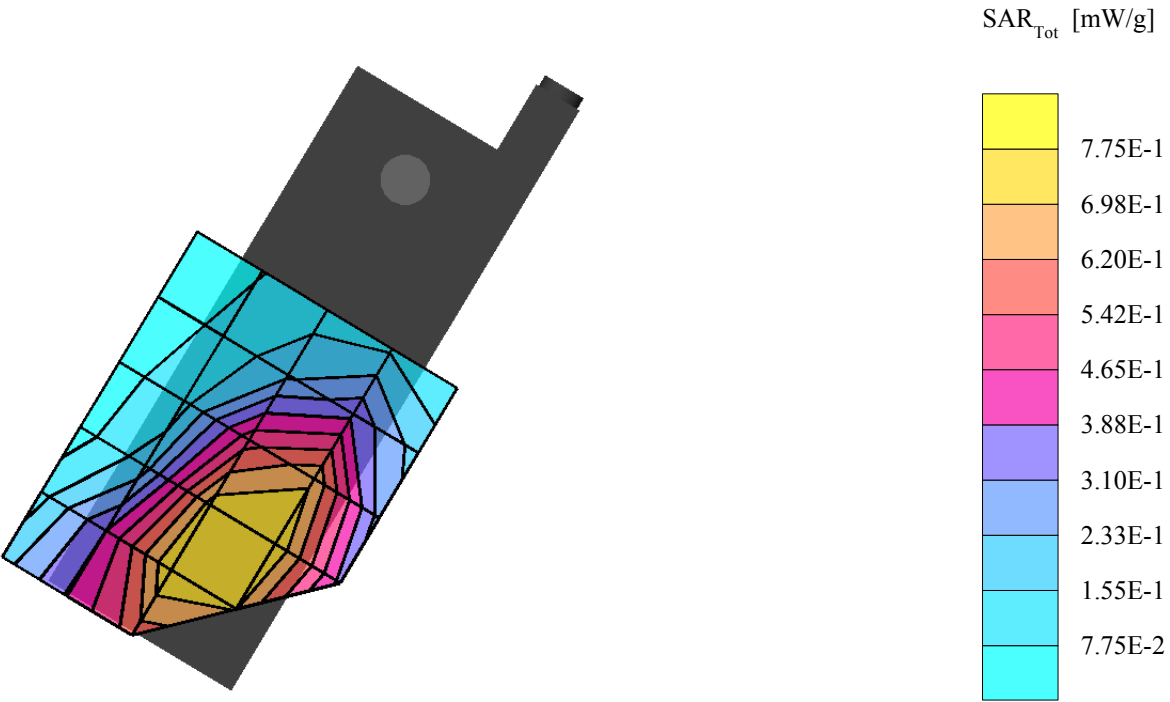


|                           |                        |      |                     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Company                   | Kyocera Wireless Corp. |      | Document No.        |
| <b>KWC-S14 SAR REPORT</b> | Issue No:              | Date | <b>January 2003</b> |
| FCC ID<br>OVFKWC-5135     | Page Number            |      | <b>23</b>           |

## APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PRINTOUT

# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch991 Left Cheek, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.743 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.544 mW/g \* Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.08 dB



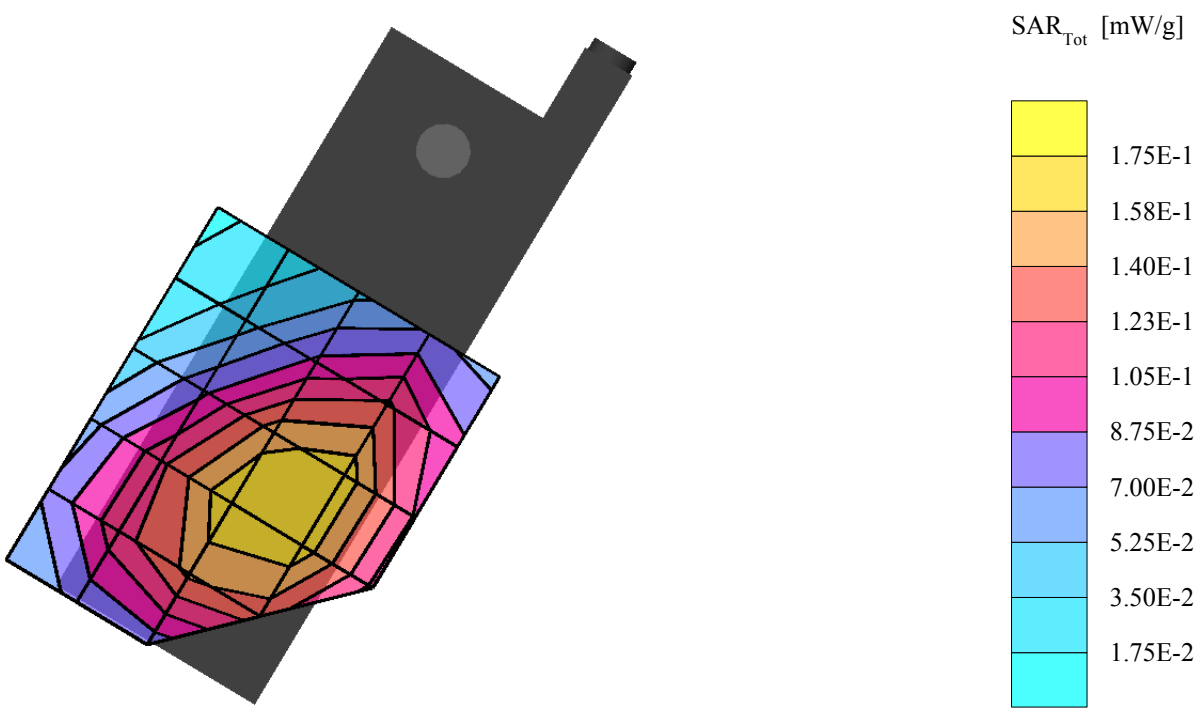
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch991 Left Cheek, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.700 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.518 mW/g \* Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 13.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.25 dB



# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch991 Left Tilt, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.173 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.126 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.15 dB



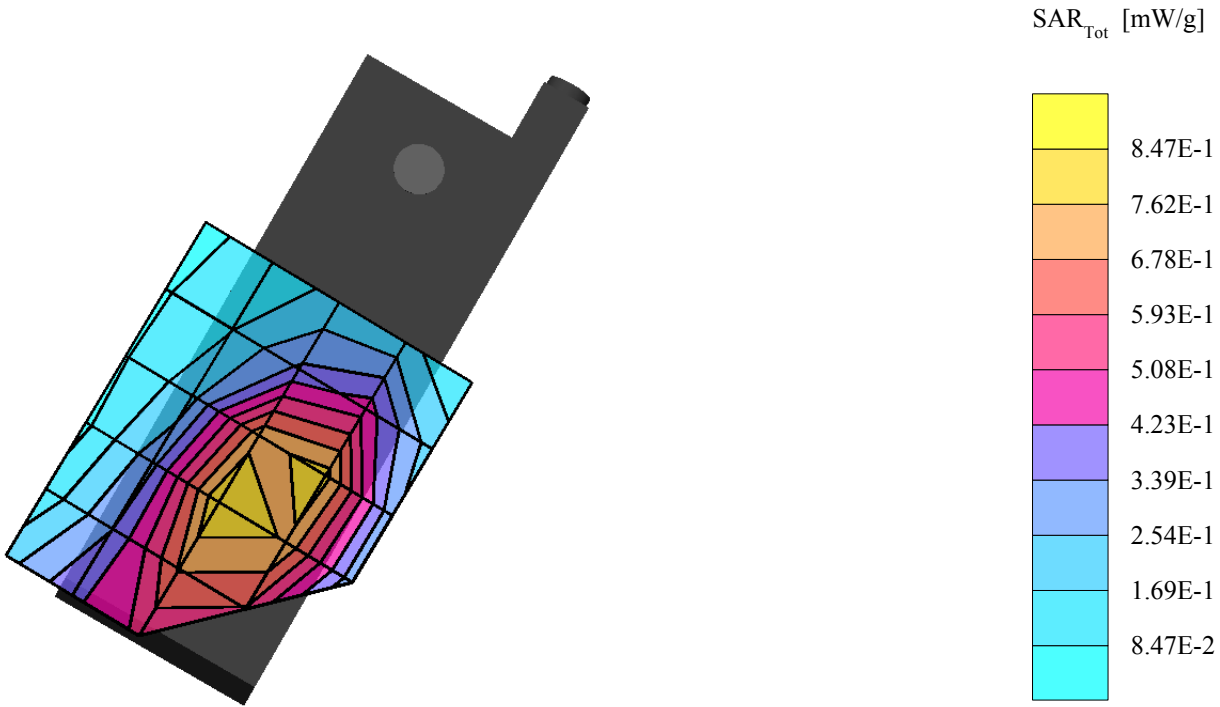
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch991 Left Tilt, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.169 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.124 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 13.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



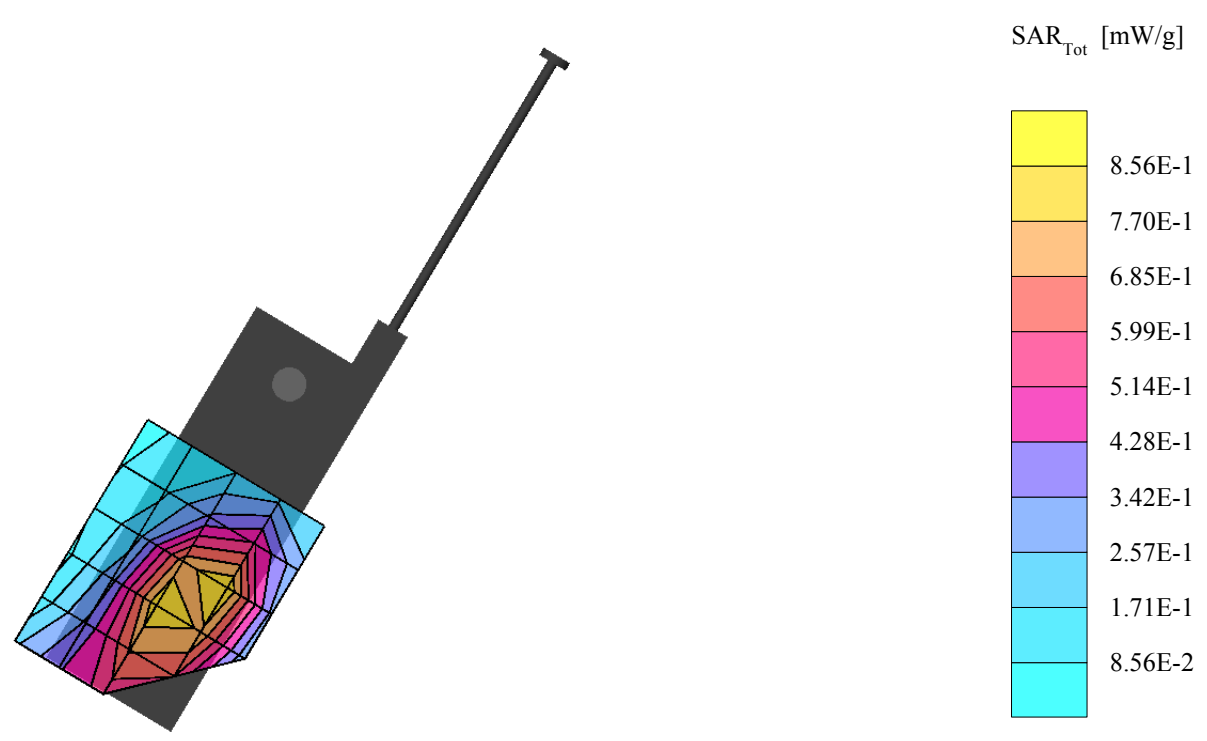
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch383 Left Cheek, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (79°,60°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.896 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.574 mW/g \* Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.21 dB



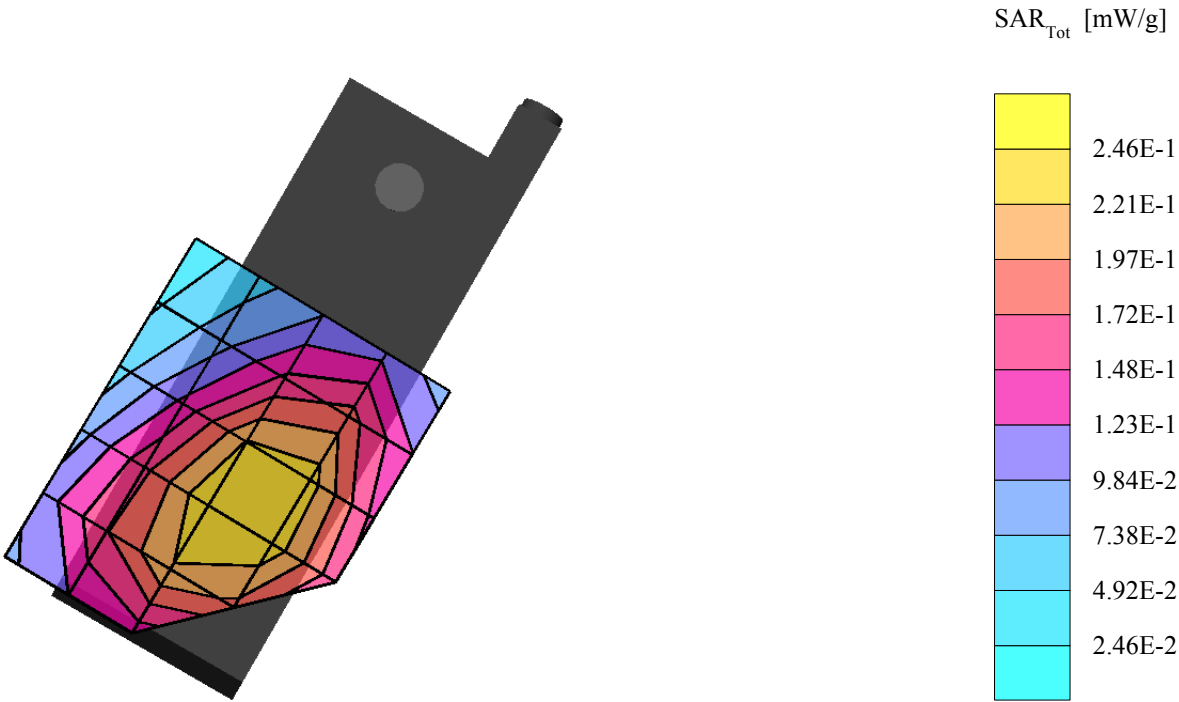
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch383 Left Cheek, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.917 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.586 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.17 dB



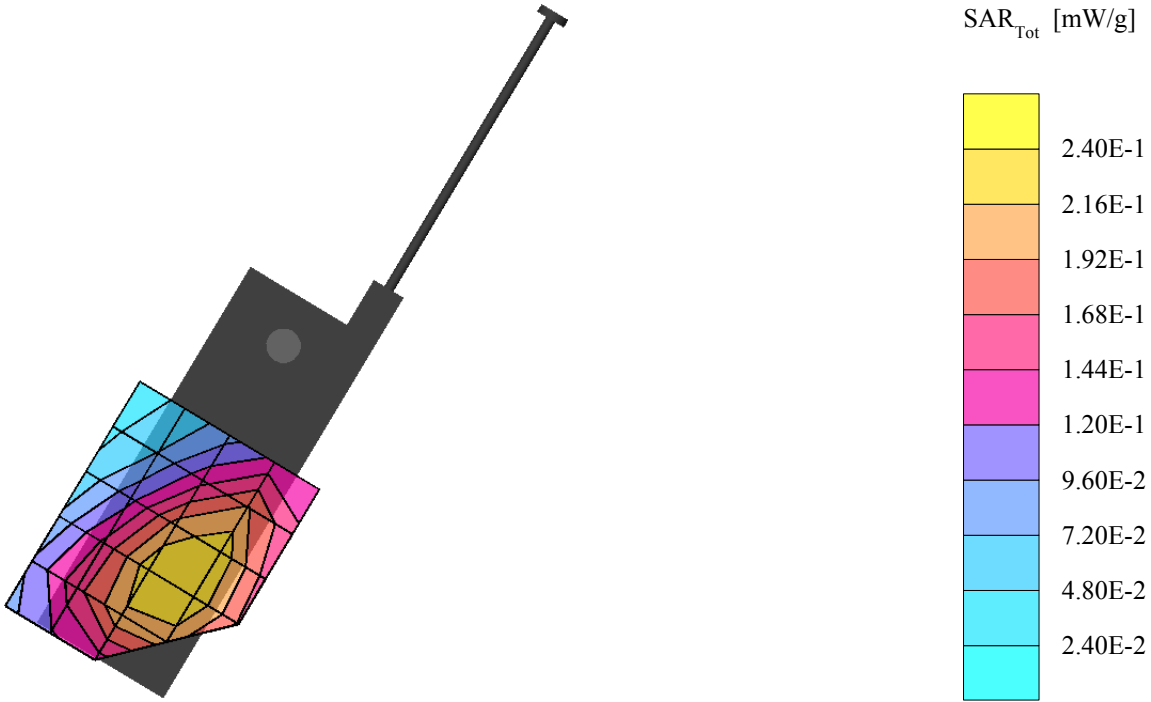
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch383 Left Tilt, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (79°,60°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.243 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.179 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.21 dB



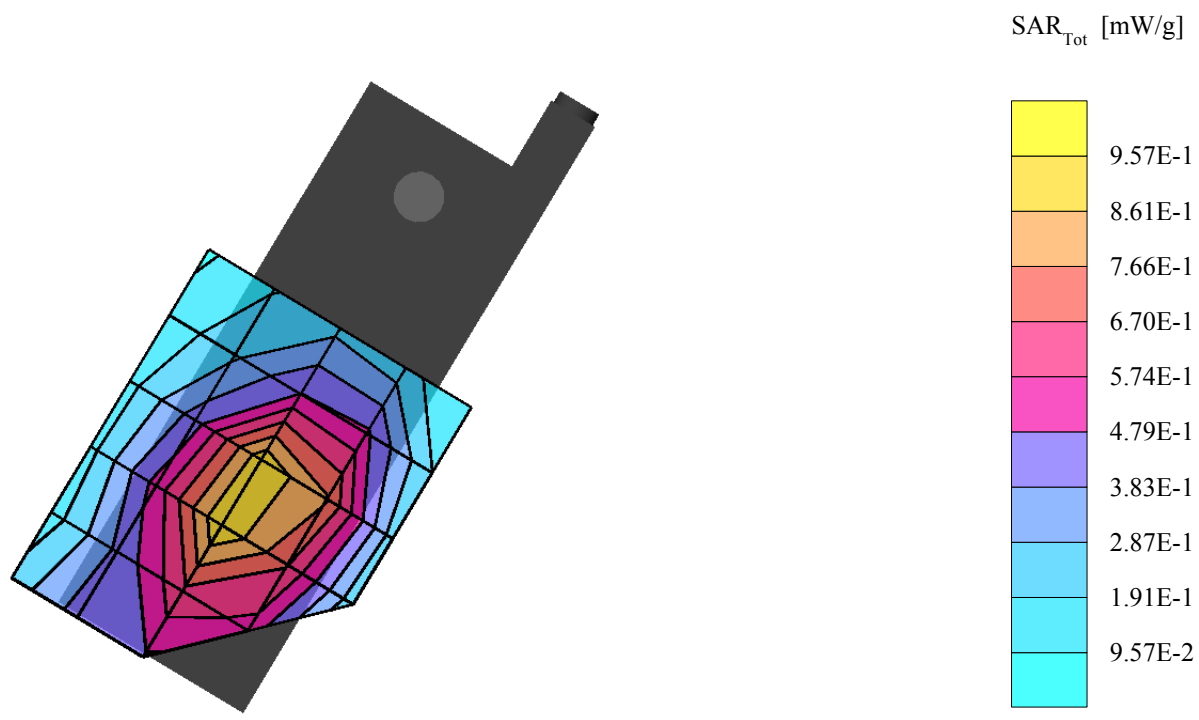
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch383 Left Tilt, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.225 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.171 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



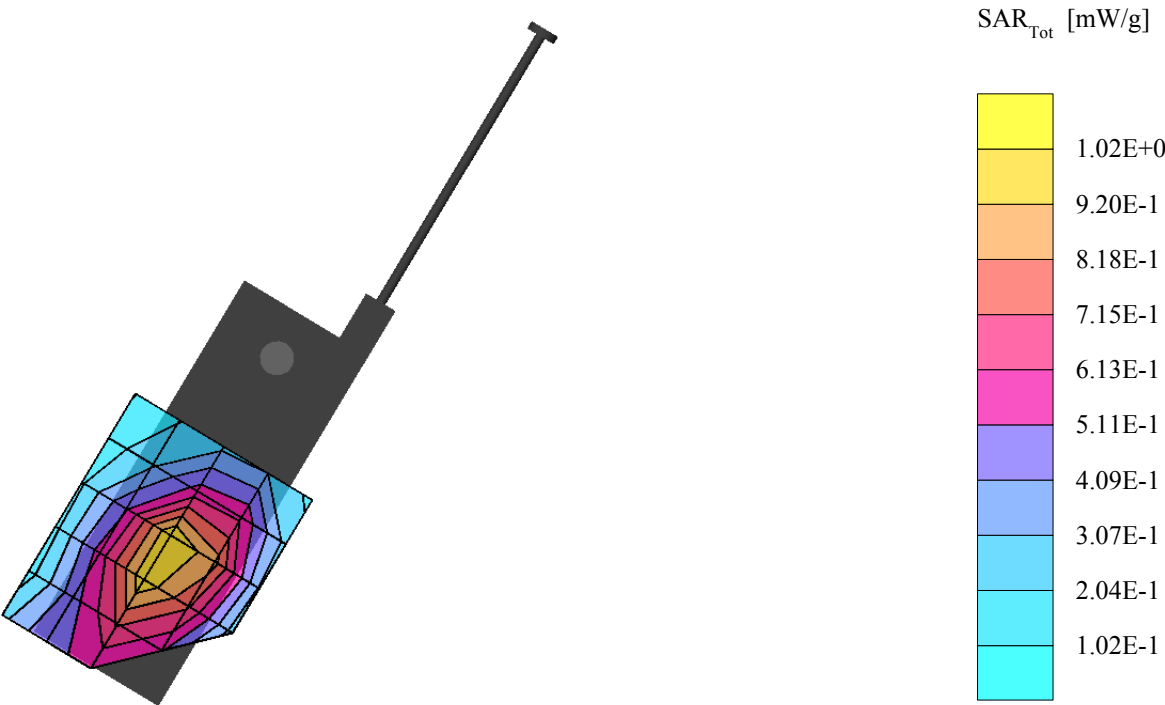
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch799 Left Cheek, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.955 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.622 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.03 dB



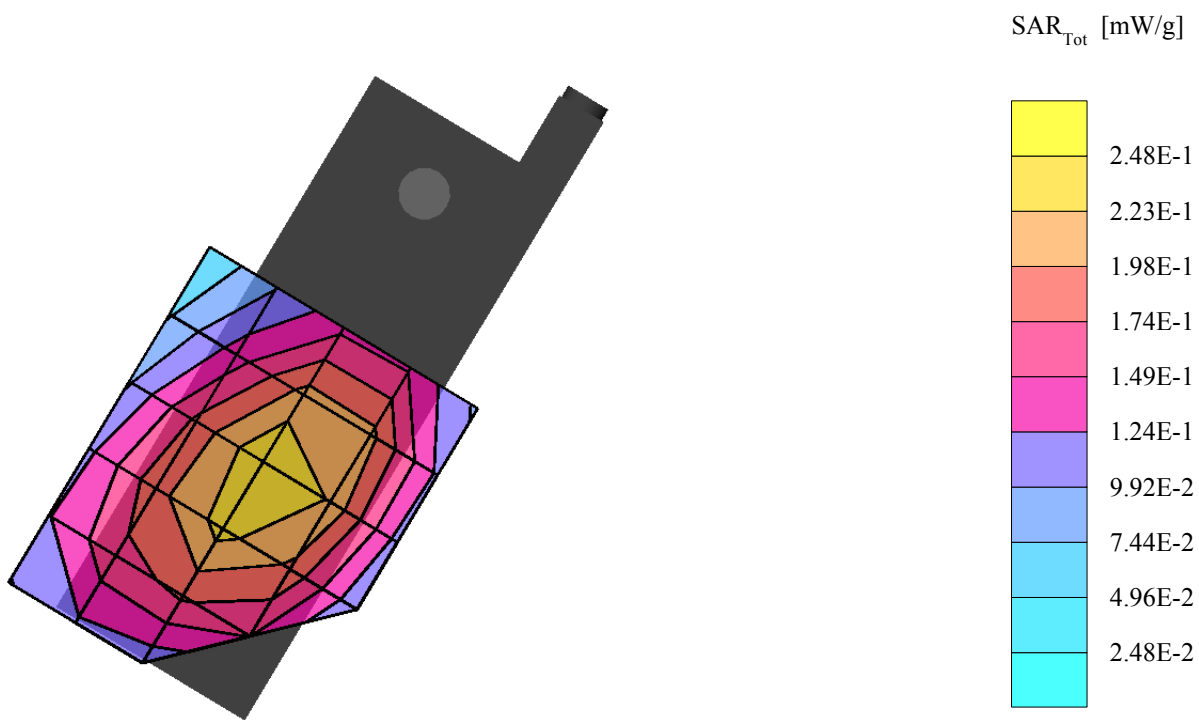
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch799 Left Cheek, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.05 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.678 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.07 dB



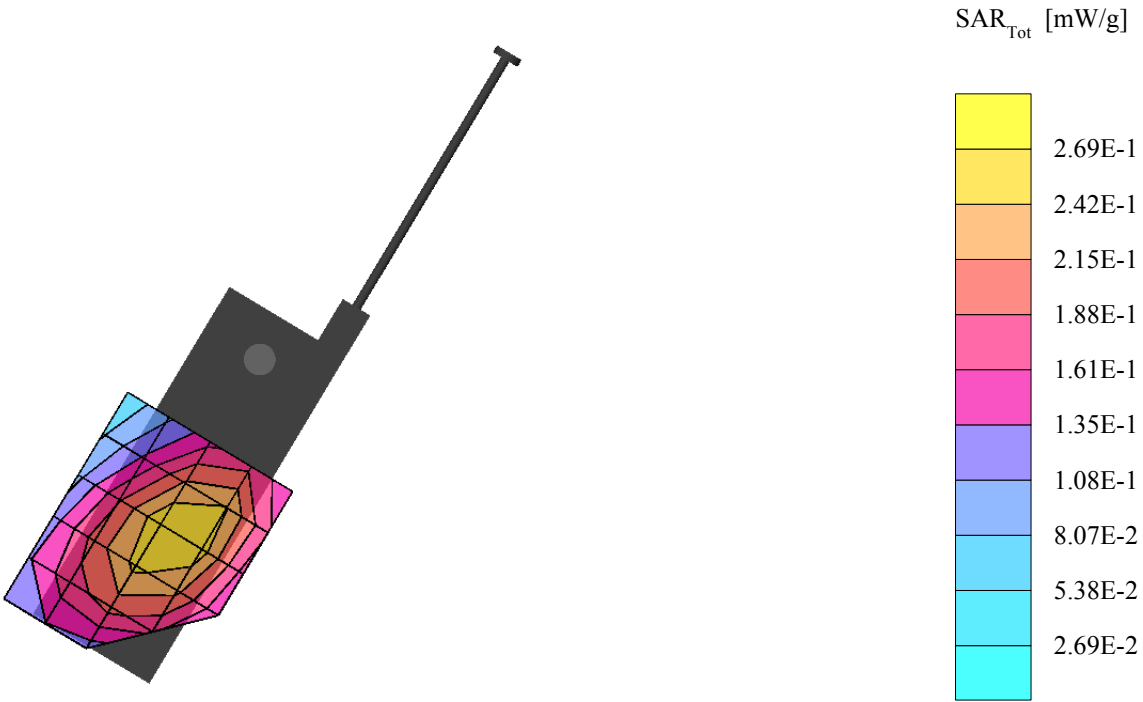
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch799 Left Tilt, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.242 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.175 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.18 dB



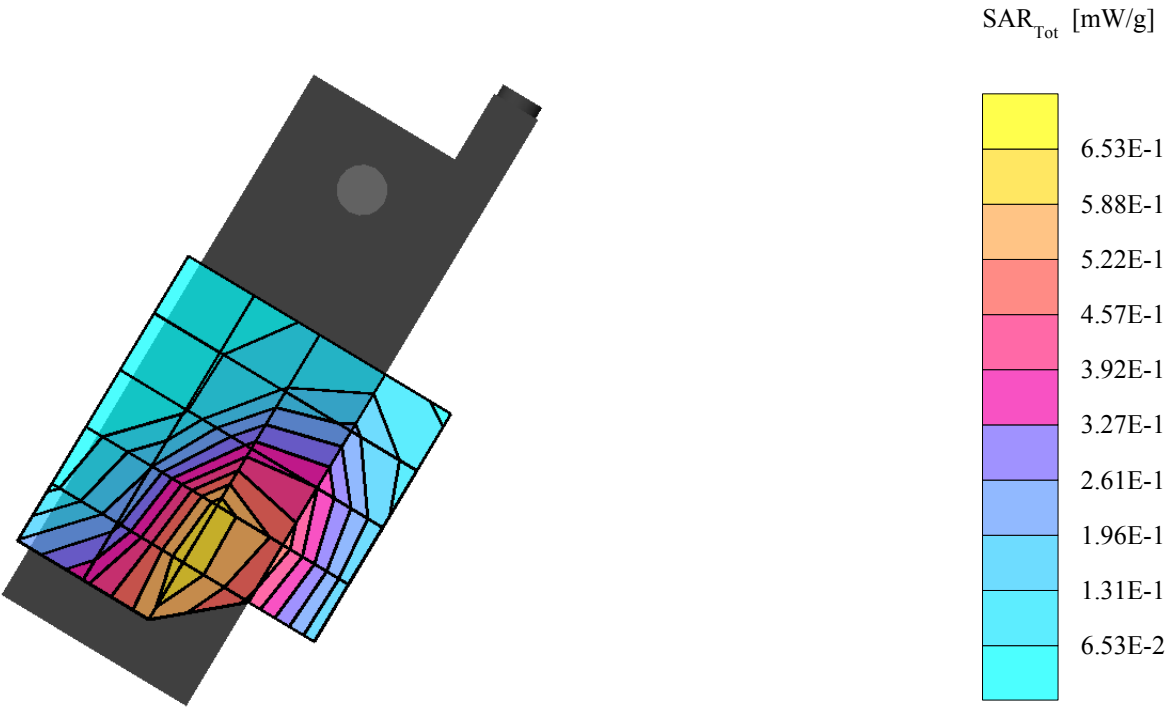
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, FM ch799 Left Tilt, 01-08-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.258 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.186 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.21 dB



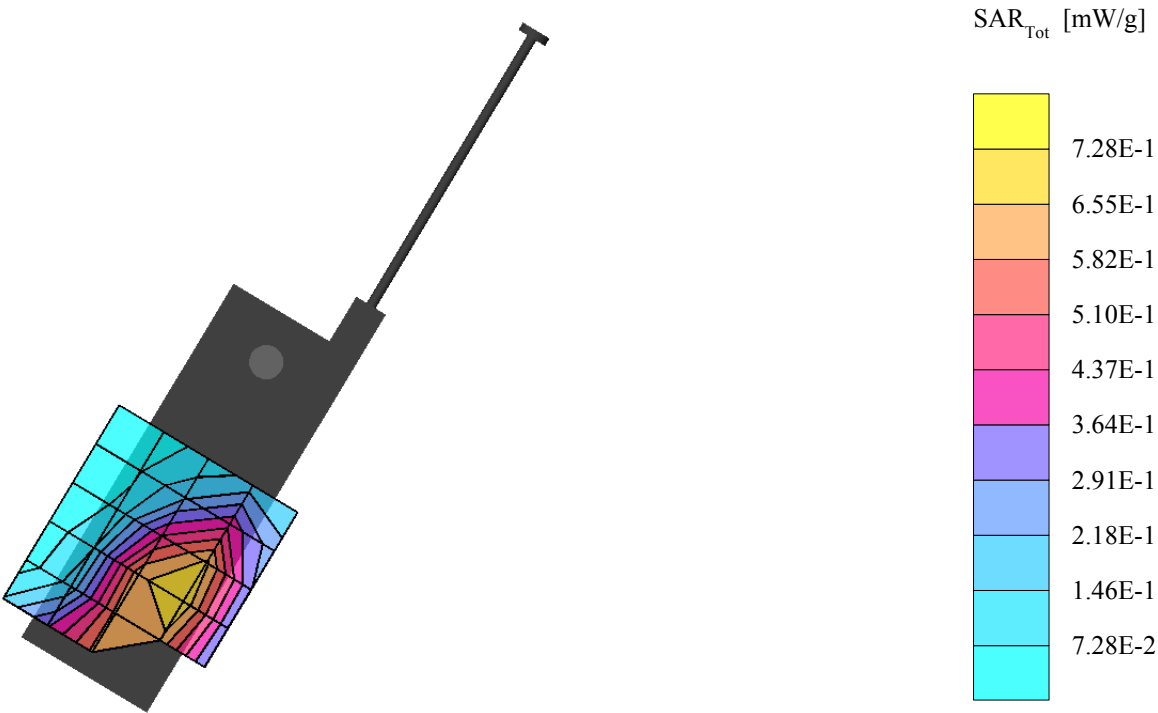
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch1013, Left Cheek, 01-29-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 37%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.85 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 41.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.698 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.435 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 13.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.00 dB



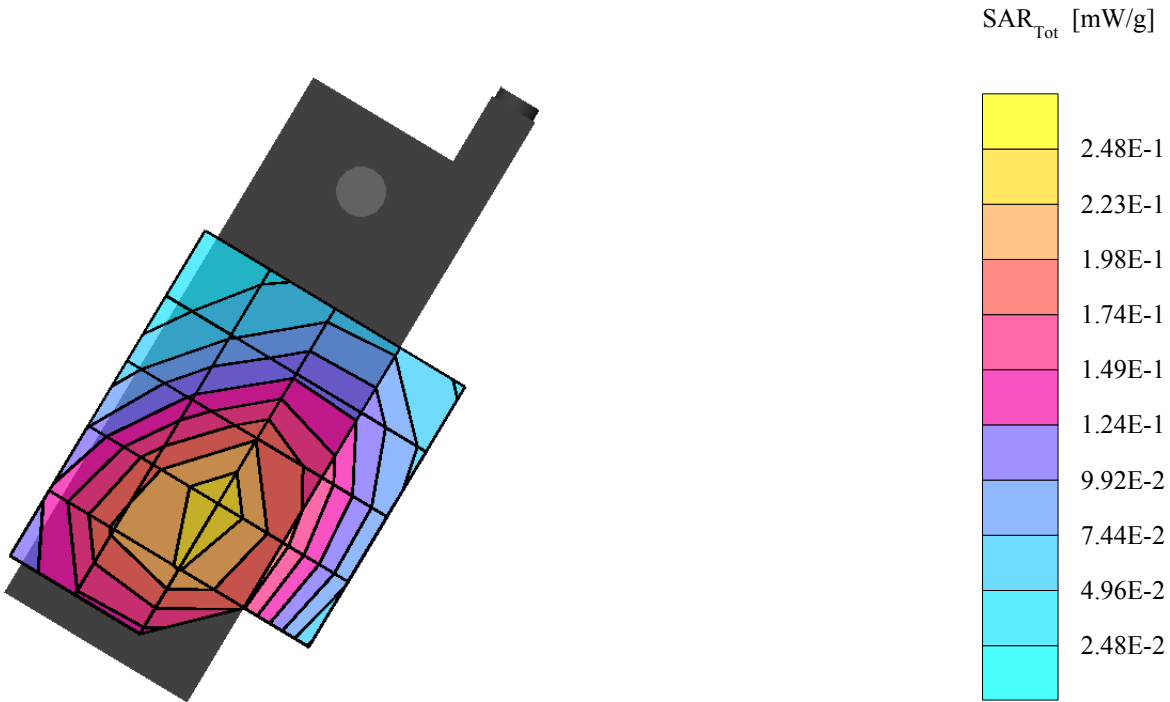
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch1013, Left Cheek, 01-29-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 37%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.85 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 41.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.767 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.508 mW/g \* Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 13.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.26 dB



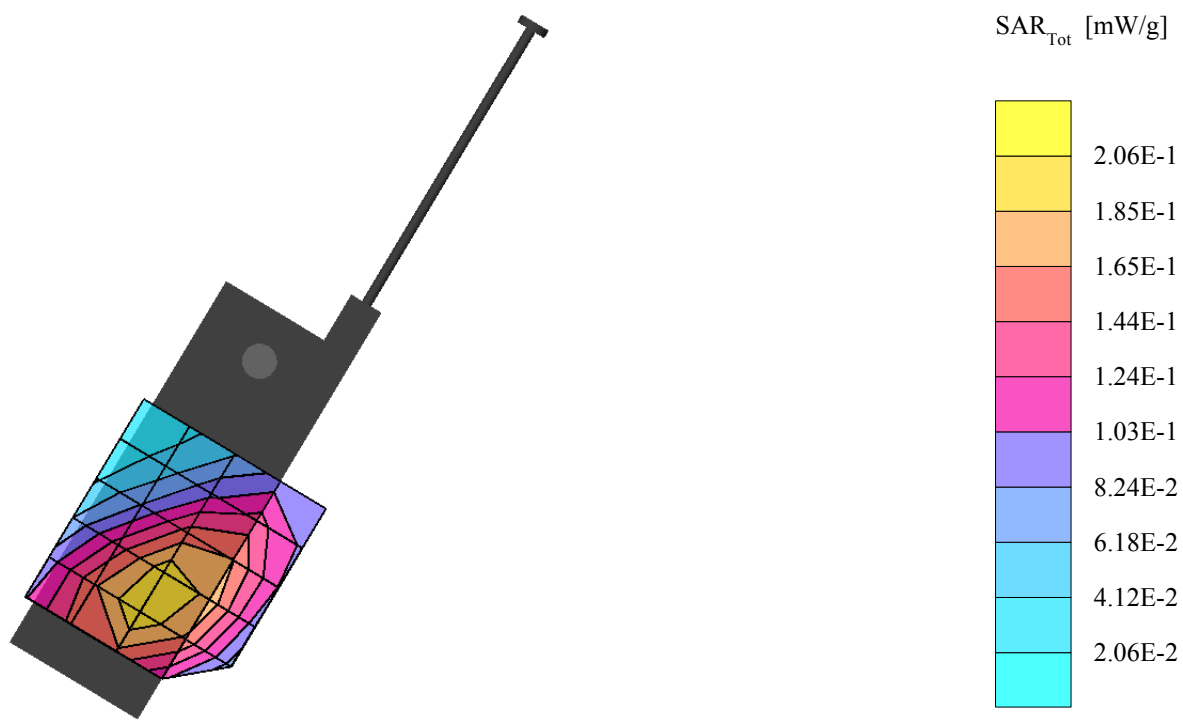
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch1013 Left Tilt, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.235 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.170 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.20 dB



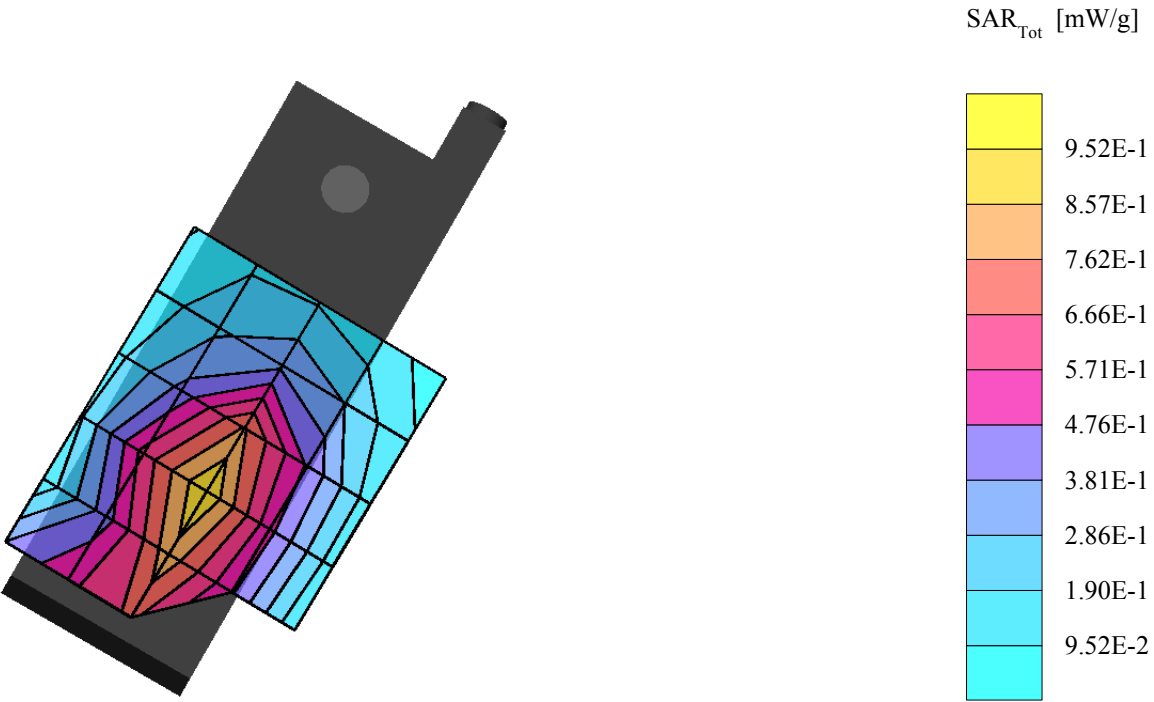
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch1013, Left Tilt, 01-29-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.85$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.8$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.202 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.147 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 13.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.00 dB



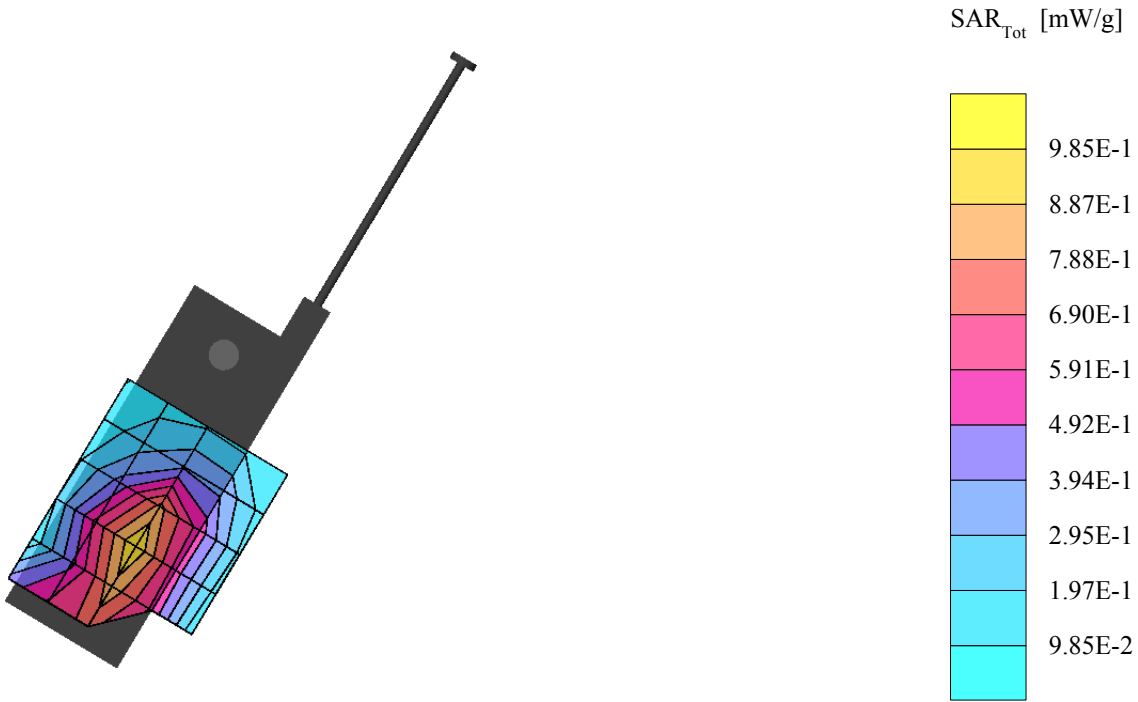
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch383, Left Cheek, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (79°,60°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.870 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.576 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.11 dB



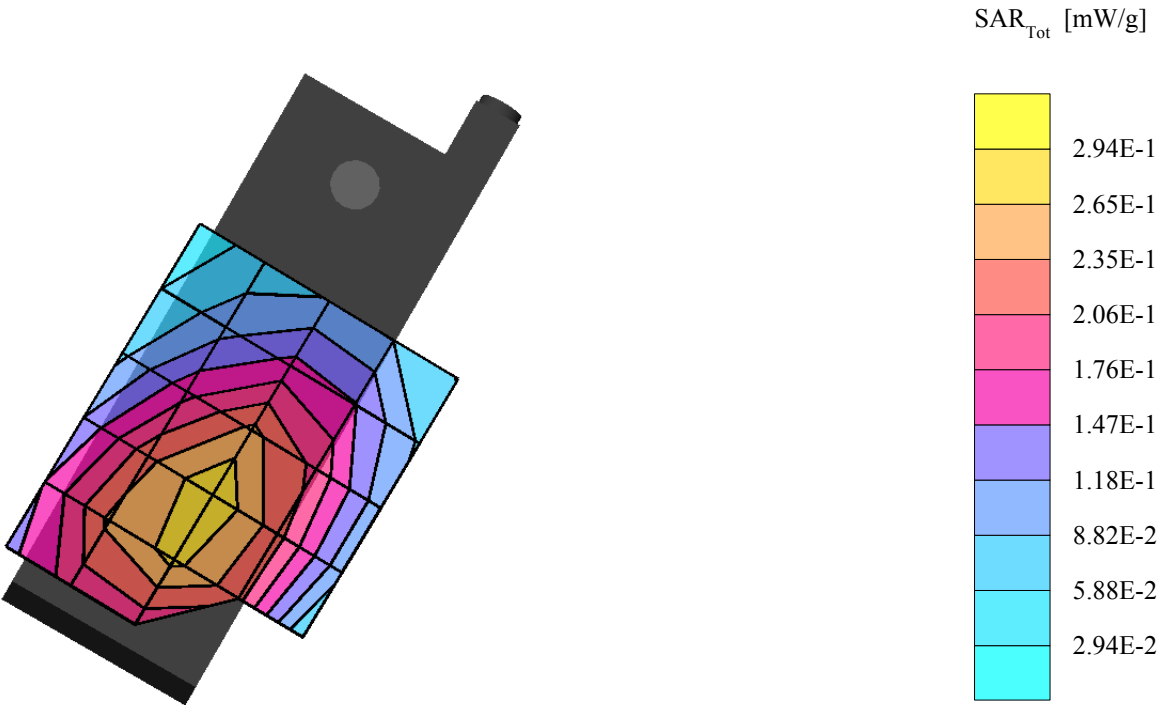
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch383, Left Cheek, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.921 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.611 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.03 dB



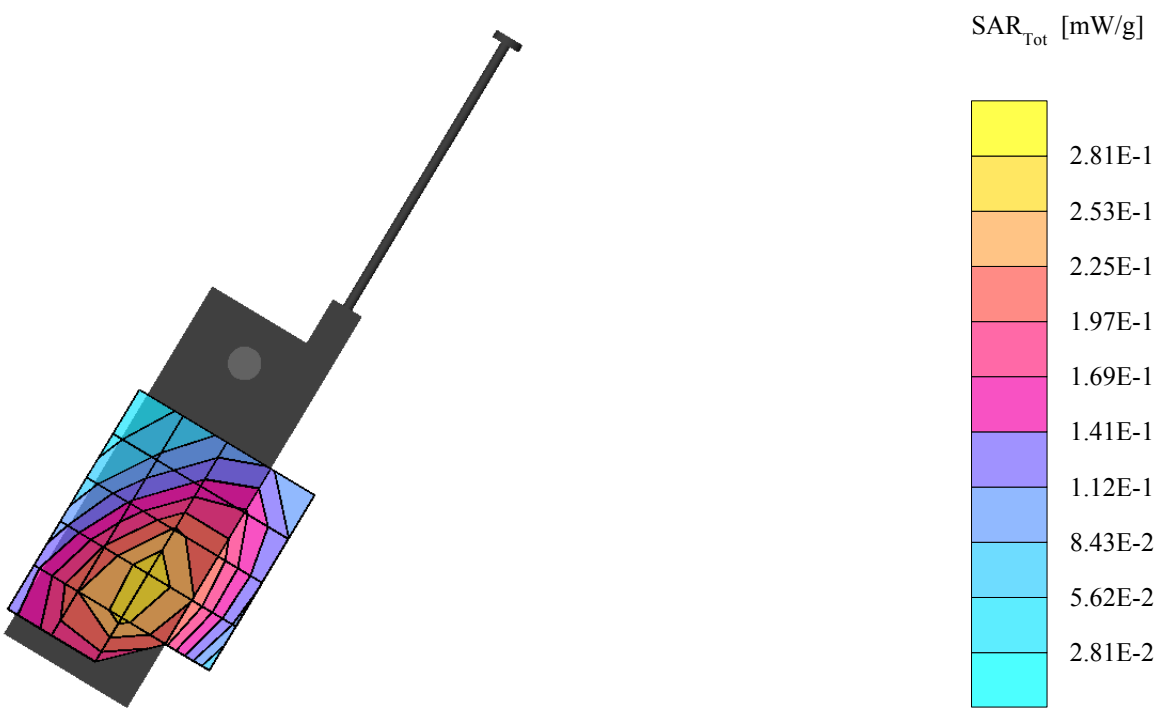
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch383 Left Tilt, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (79°,60°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.277 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.203 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.03 dB



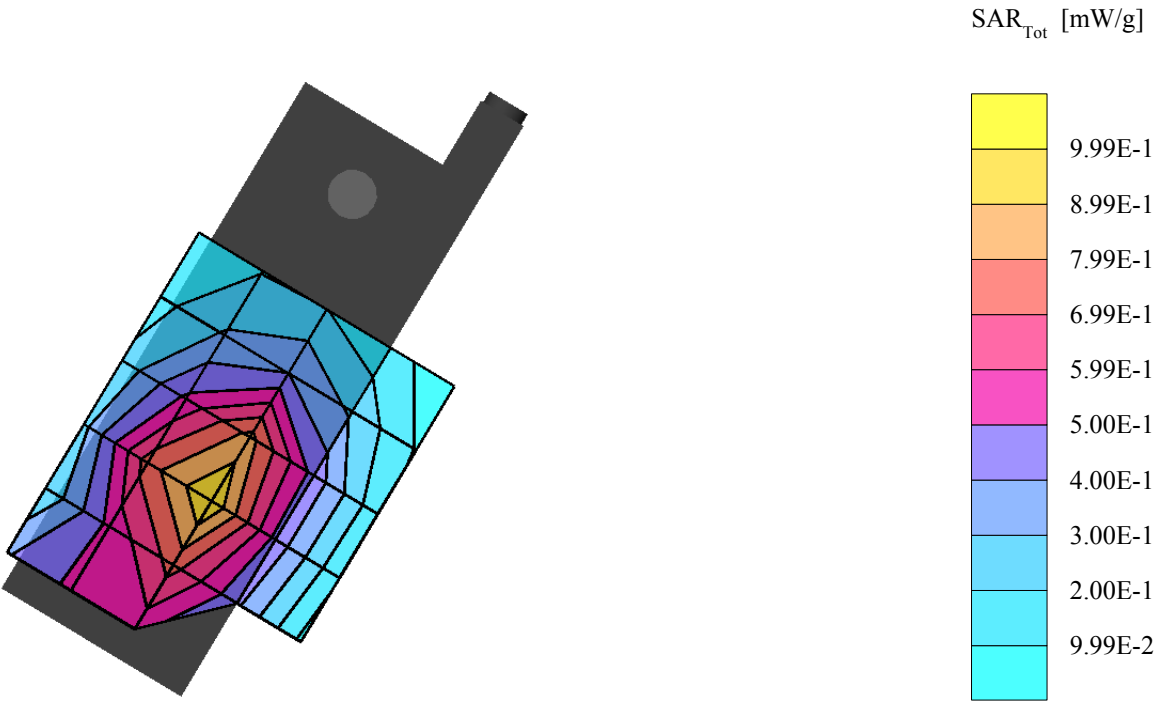
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch383 Left Tilt, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.266 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.198 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.20 dB



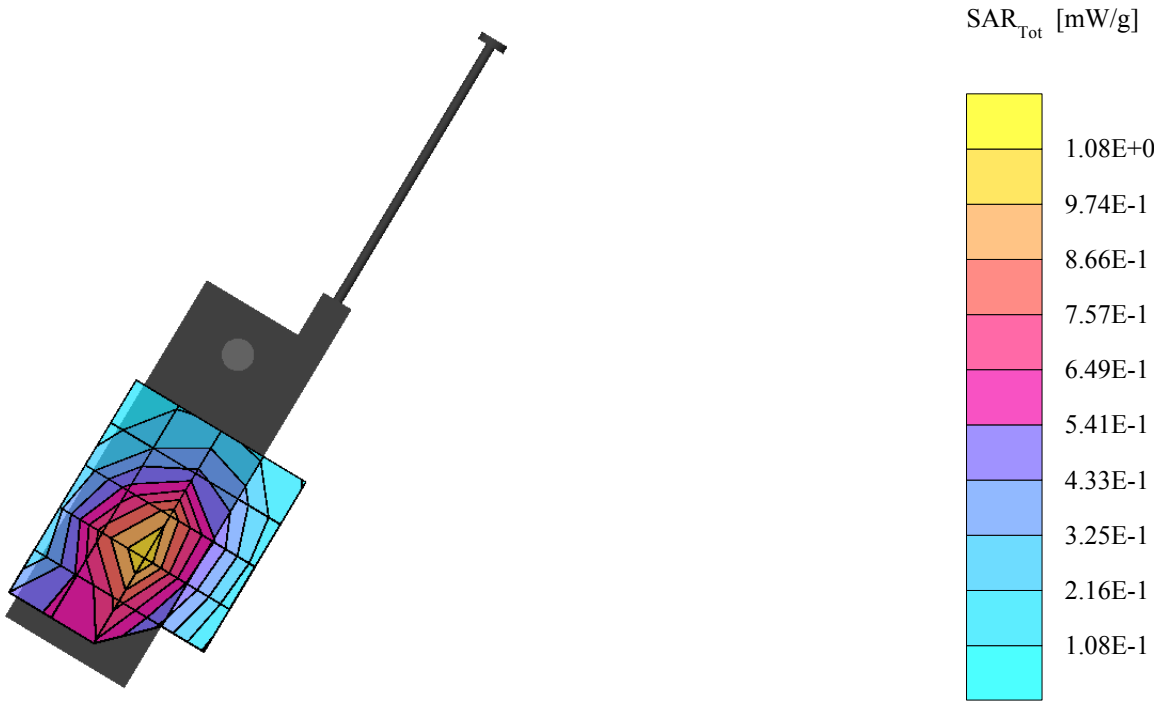
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch777, Left Cheek, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.954 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.621 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.08 dB



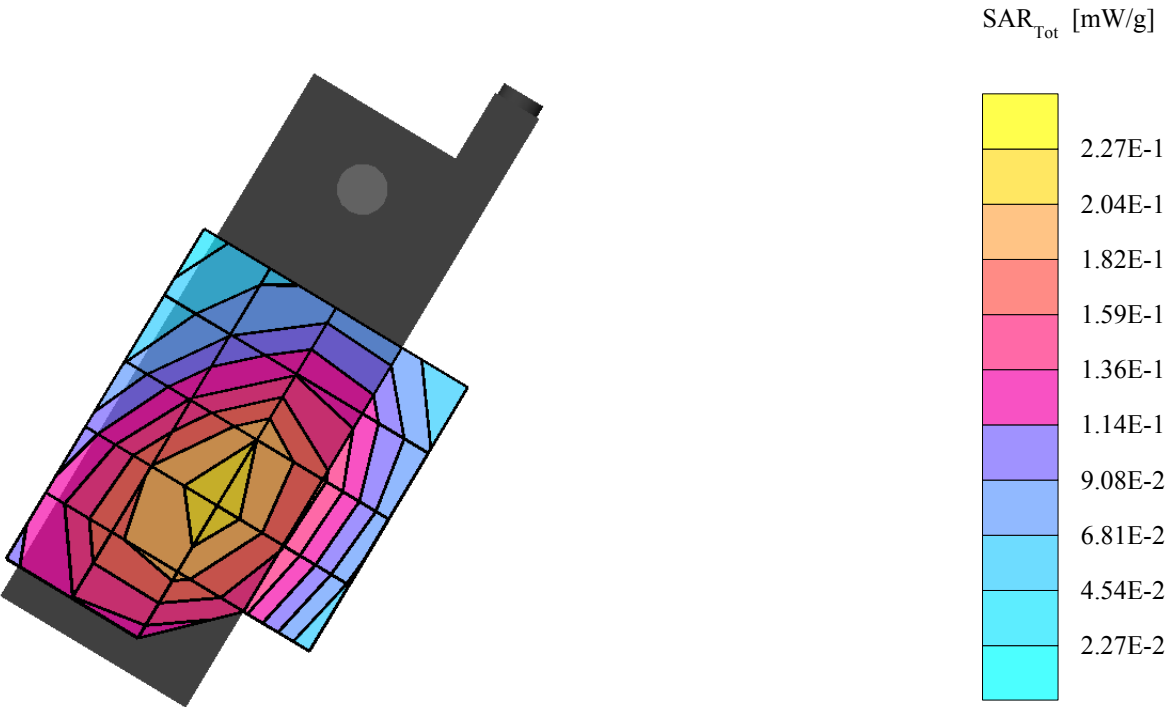
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch777, Left Cheek, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.03 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.668 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



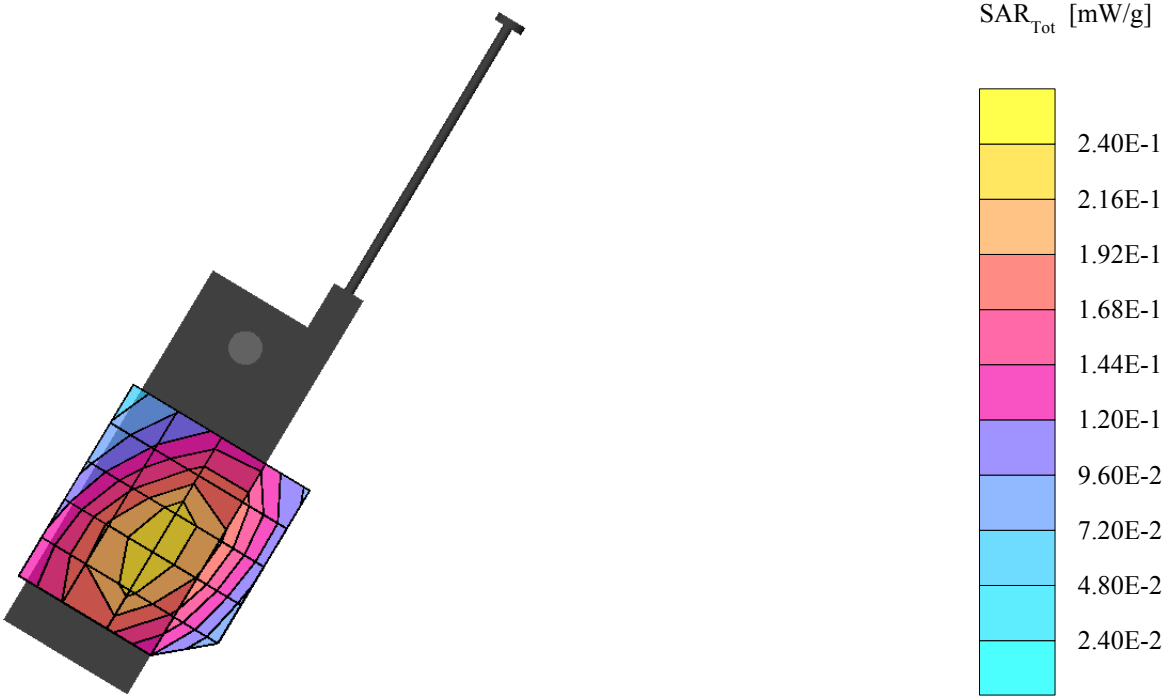
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch777 Left Tilt, 01-09-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 40.8$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.217 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.155 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.05 dB



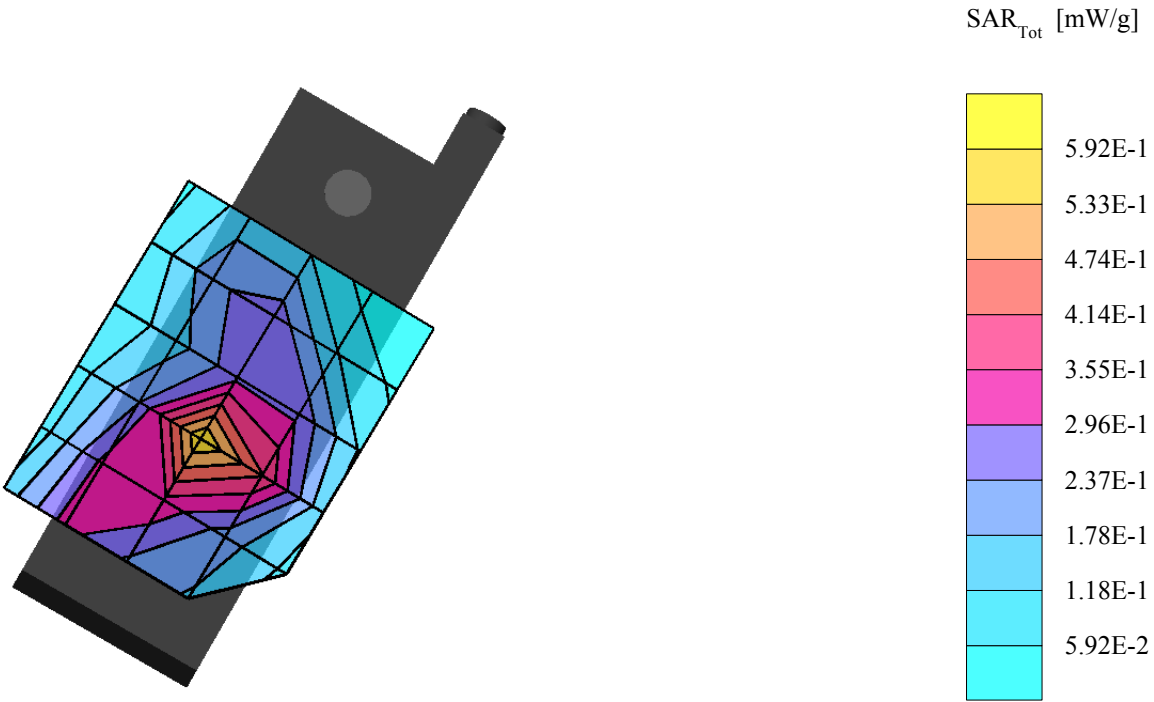
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, CDMA ch777, Left Tilt, 01-29-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 835 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(6.80,6.80,6.80); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 0.85$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 41.8$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.238 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.170 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 13.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.08 dB



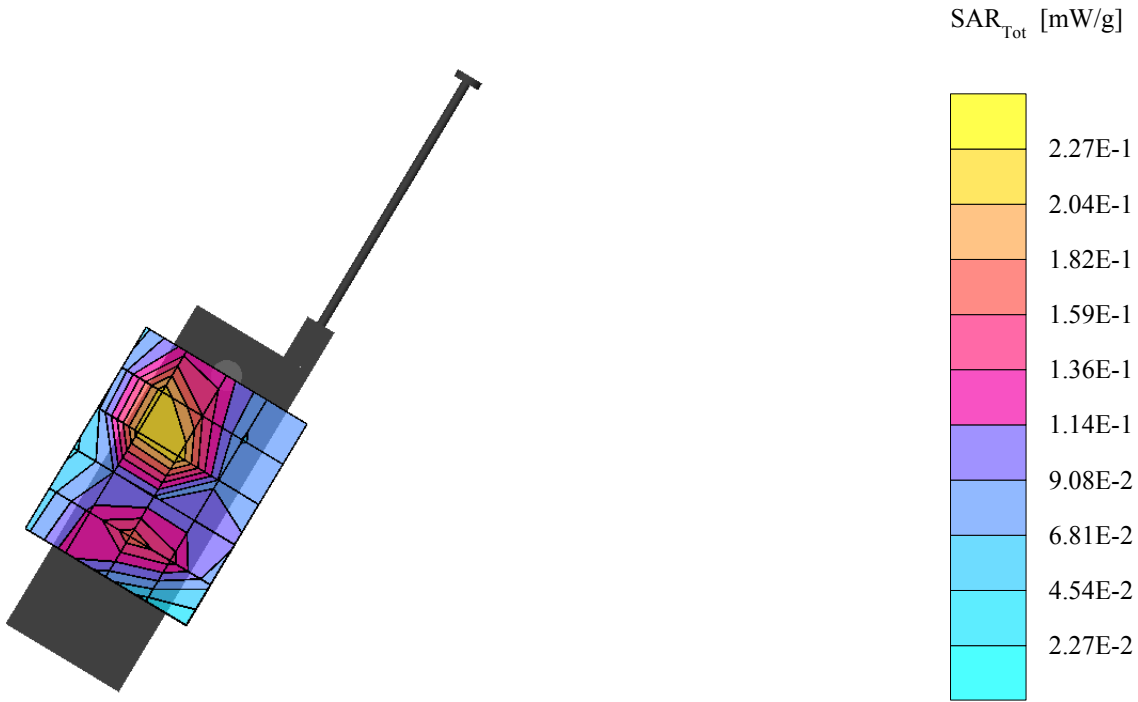
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch25, Left Cheek, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (79°,60°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.548 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.287 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



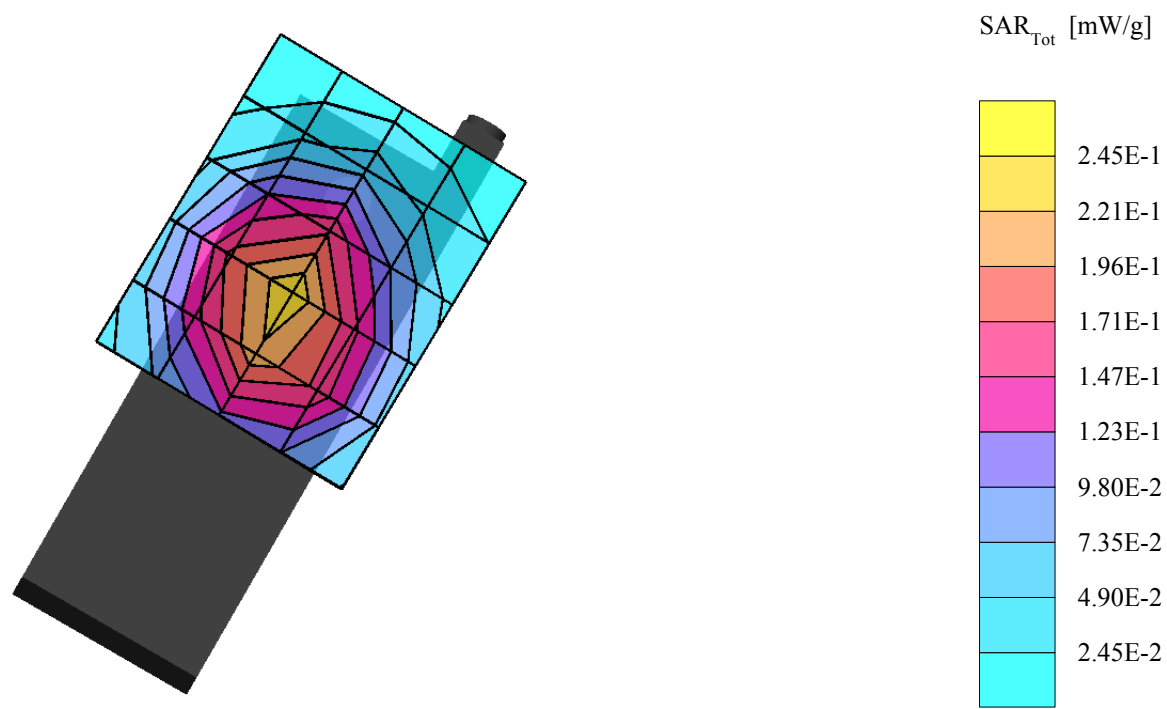
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch25, Left Cheek, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.242 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.142 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.08 dB



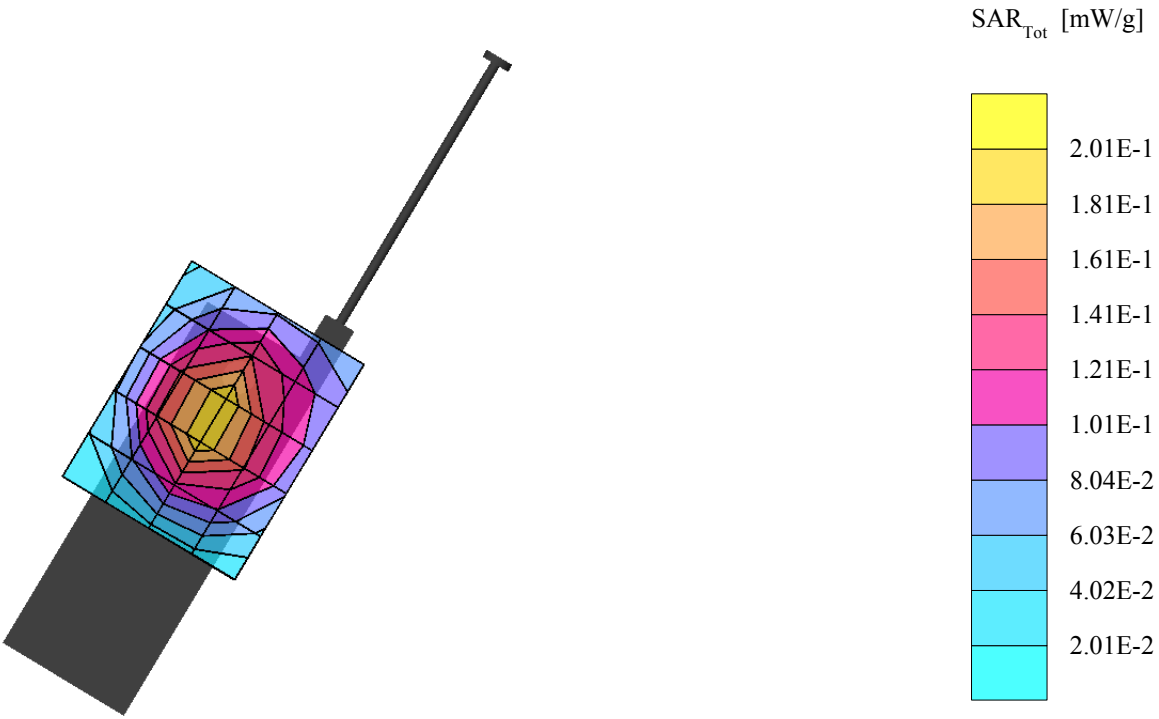
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch25, Left Tilt, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (79°,60°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.228 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.140 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.05 dB



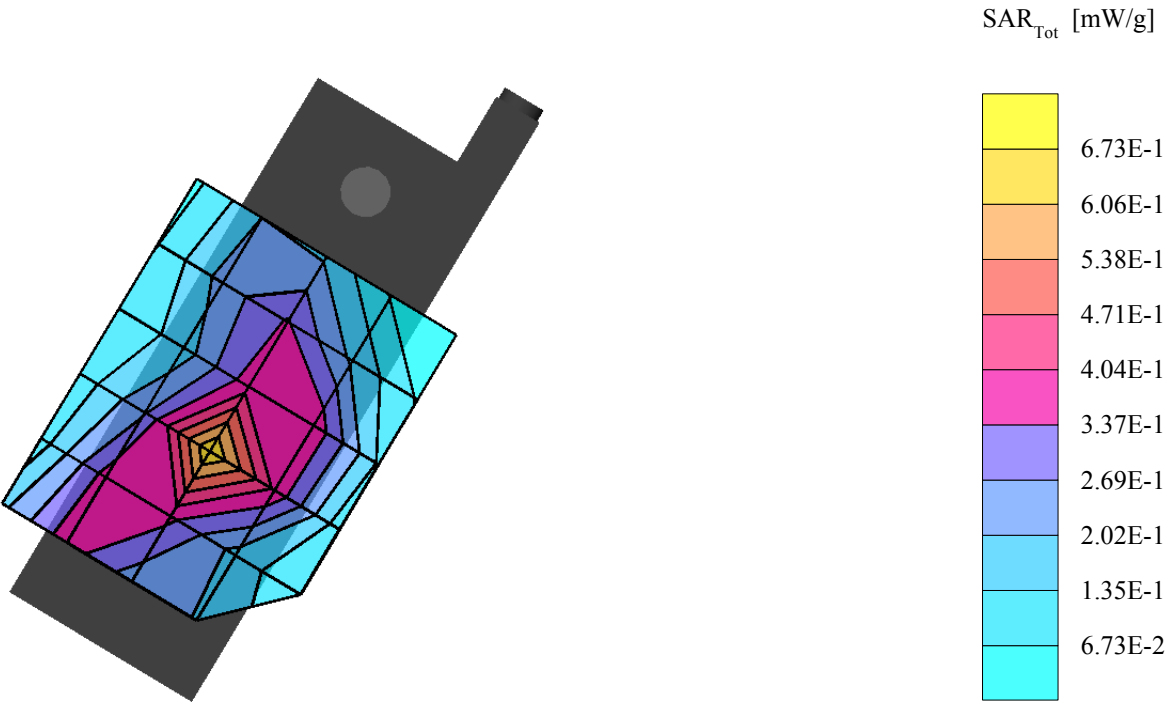
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch25, Left Tilt, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.189 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.119 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.02 dB



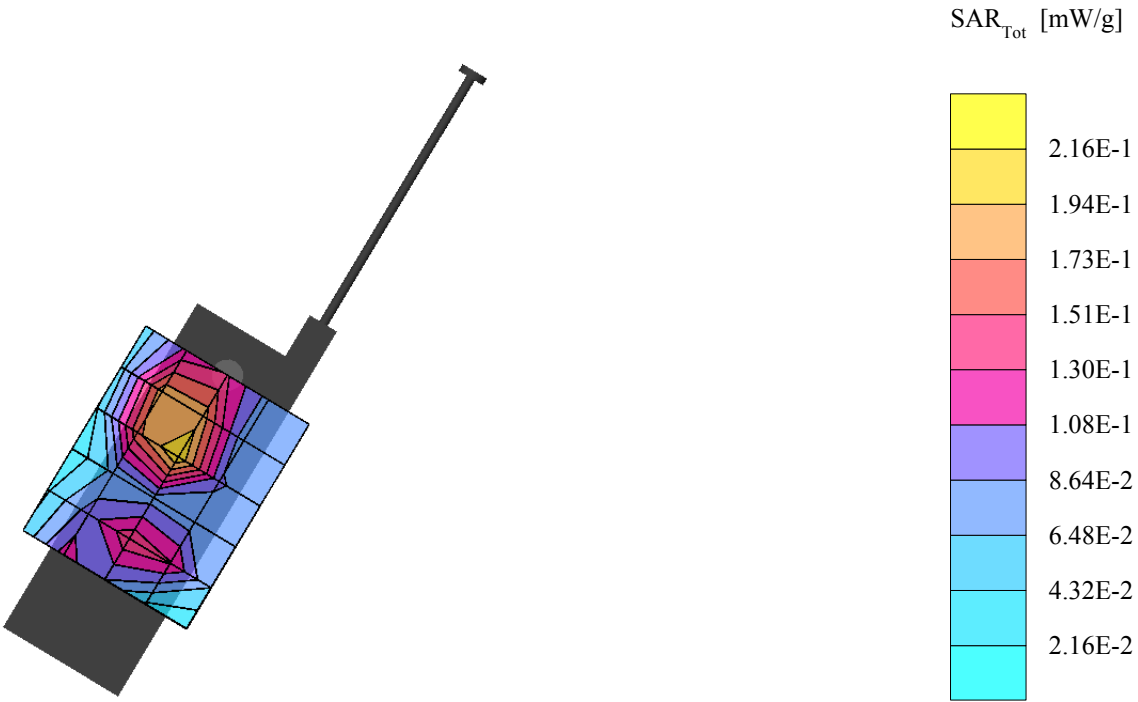
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch600 Left Cheek, 01-29-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 37%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.7$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.644 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.331 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.16 dB



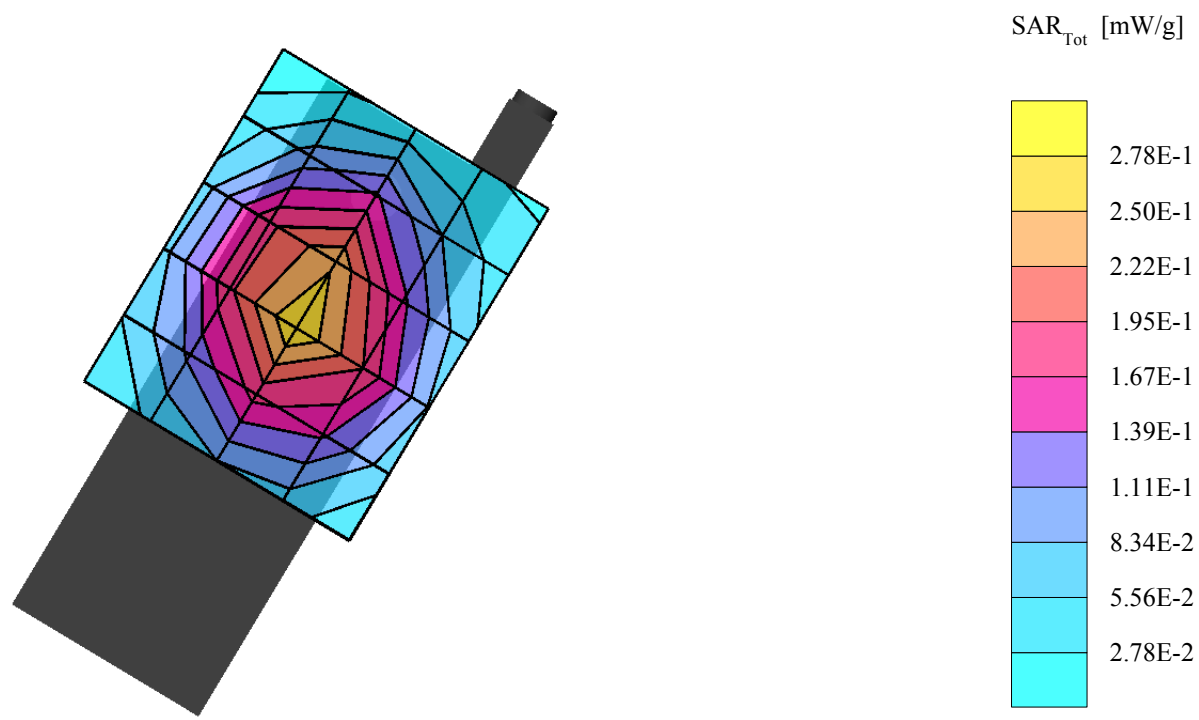
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch600, Left Cheek, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.217 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.127 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.15 dB



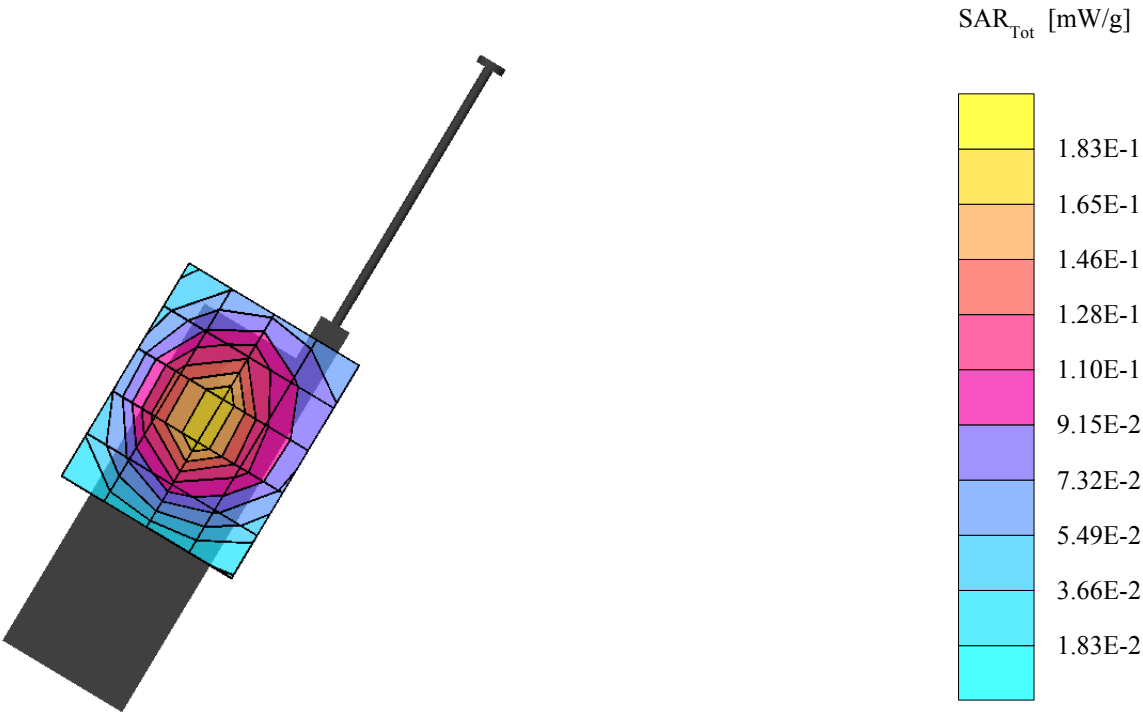
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch600, Left Tilt, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.267 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.163 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



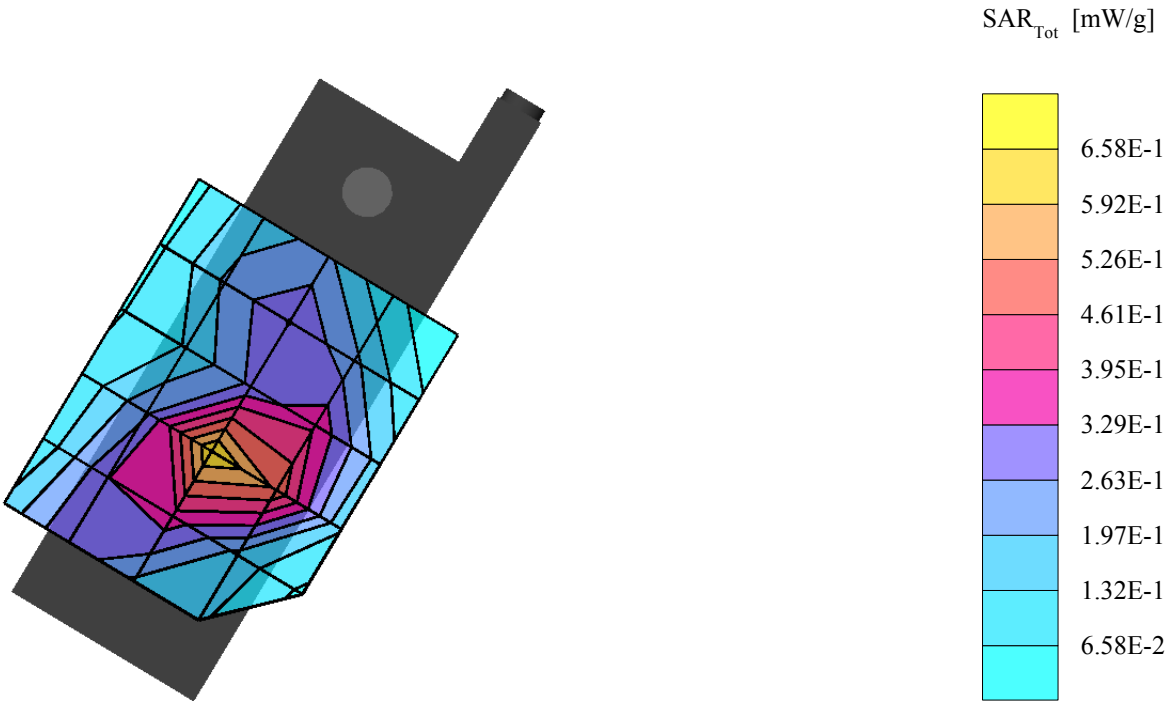
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch600, Left Tilt, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.176 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.110 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.00 dB



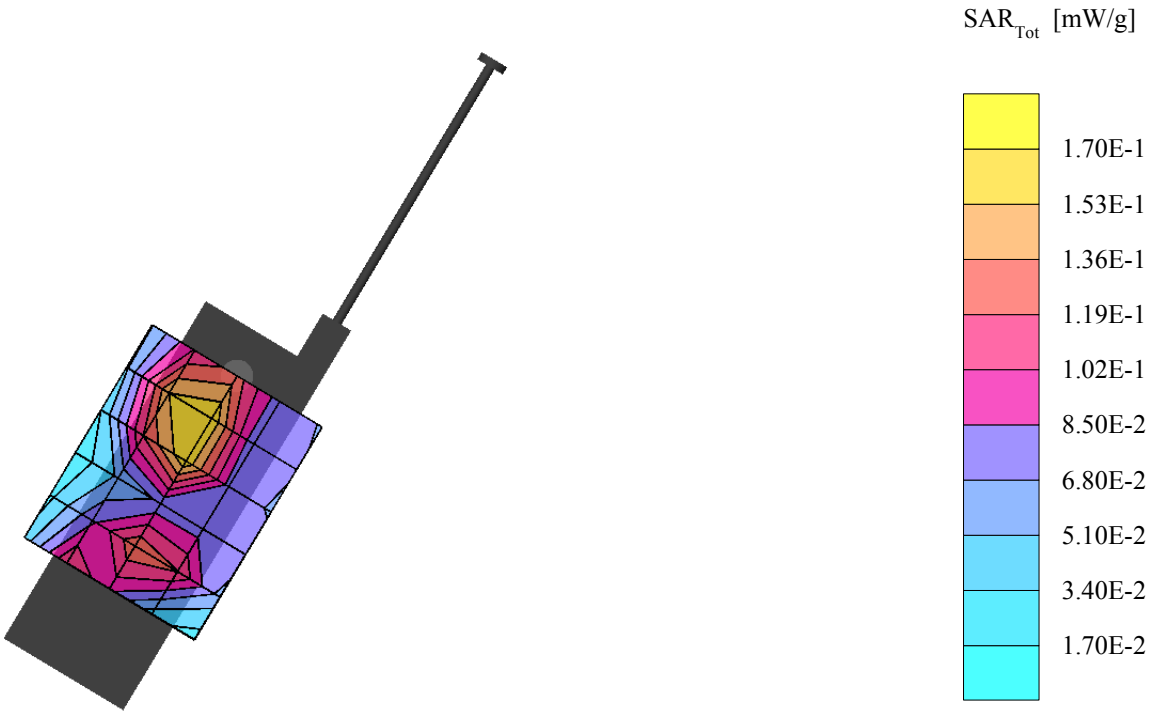
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch1175, Left Cheek, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.634 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.326 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: -0.15 dB



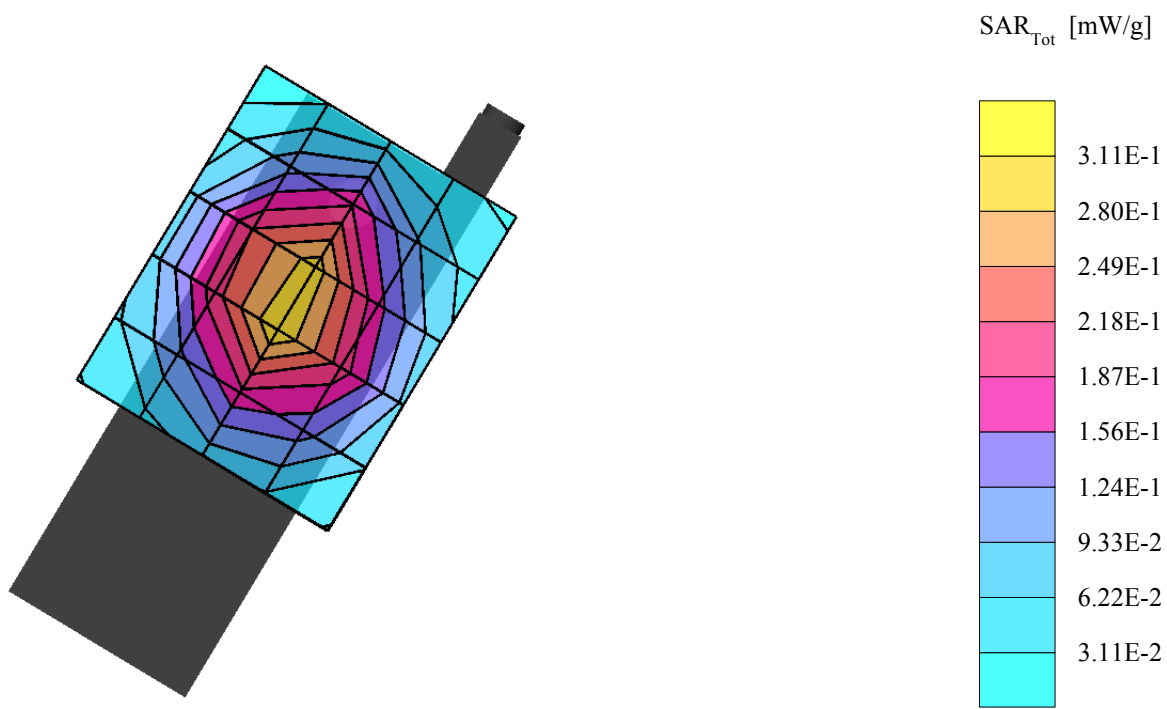
# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch1175, Left Cheek, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 38%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.193 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.114 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.32 dB



# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch1175, Left Tilt, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.284 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.171 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.13 dB



# Opal 1X

Opal 1X, FCC #R9LW, PCS ch1175, Left Tilt, 01-13-03  
Temp. 22.2C, Humidity: 36%  
SAM Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1900 MHz  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1618; ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30); Crest factor: 1.0; 1900 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.193 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.118 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.23 dB

