

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA140410C13

Applicant : MITAC International Corp.

Address : Building B, No. 209, Sec. 1, Nan Gang Rd., Nan Gang Dist., Taipei 11568, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Product : Tablet

FCC ID : P4Q-N450

Brand : Mio, Mitac

Model No. : N450

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2003
IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 / KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 / KDB 616217 D04 v01r01 / / KDB 941225 D01 v02
KDB 941225 D02 v02r02 / KDB 941225 D03 v01

Sample Received Date : Apr. 10, 2014

Date of Testing : May 15, 2014 ~ May 21, 2014

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA140410C13	Initial release	May 22, 2014

1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
PCB	GSM850	0.62
	GSM1900	0.76
	WCDMA II	1.29
	WCDMA IV	1.26
	WCDMA V	0.54
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.25
	5.8G WLAN	1.47
NII	5.2G WLAN	0.78
	5.3G WLAN	1.12
	5.6G WLAN	1.35
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A
DXX	NFC	N/A

Note:

- The SAR limit (**SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg**) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Tablet
FCC ID	P4Q-N450
Brand Name	Mio, Mitac
Model Name	N450
EUT Configuration	EUT 1: Tablet w/o Bar Code Scanner EUT 2: Tablet w/ 1D Opticon Scanner EUT 3: Tablet w/ 2D Code Scanner EUT 4: Tablet w/ 2D HoneyWell Scanner
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850 : 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900 : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II : 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band IV : 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 WCDMA Band V : 826.4 ~ 846.6 WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480 NFC : 13.56
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK NFC : ASK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850 : 32.5 GSM1900 : 29.0 WCDMA Band II : 23.0 WCDMA Band IV : 23.5 WCDMA Band V : 23.0 WLAN 2.4G : 15.5 WLAN 5.2G : 15.0 WLAN 5.3G : 16.1 WLAN 5.6G : 15.5 WLAN 5.8G : 15.0 Bluetooth : 1.0
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

- The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery 1	Brand Name	GETAC
	Model Name	BP-TKS-12/3360 SN
	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 6720mAh
	Type	Li-ion
Battery 2	Brand Name	Tian Yu
	Model Name	BK-N450X-510KNX-01
	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 510mAh
	Type	Li-ion
BCR-1 (1D)	Brand Name	Opticon
	Model Name	MDL2001
BCR-2 (2D)	Brand Name	HoneyWell
	Model Name	5680
BCR-3 (2D)	Brand Name	Code
	Model Name	CR8012

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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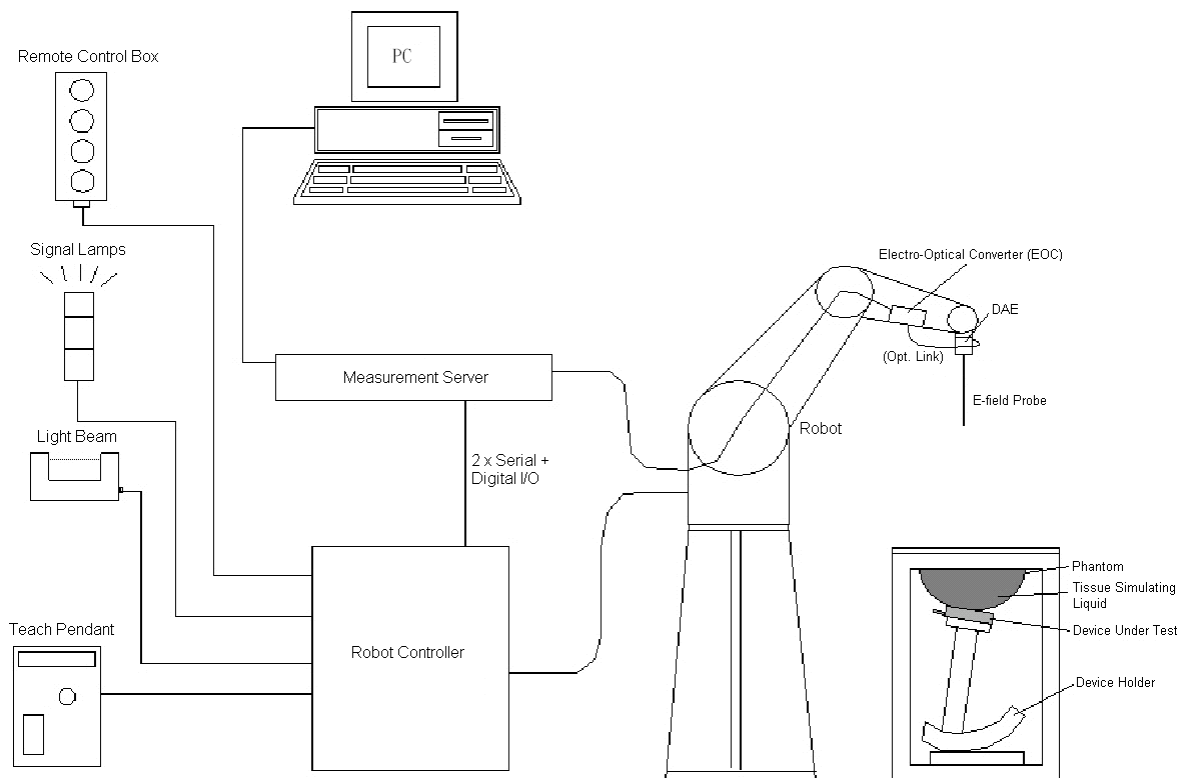


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig-3.2 DASY4



Fig-3.3 DASY5

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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5 μ V (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

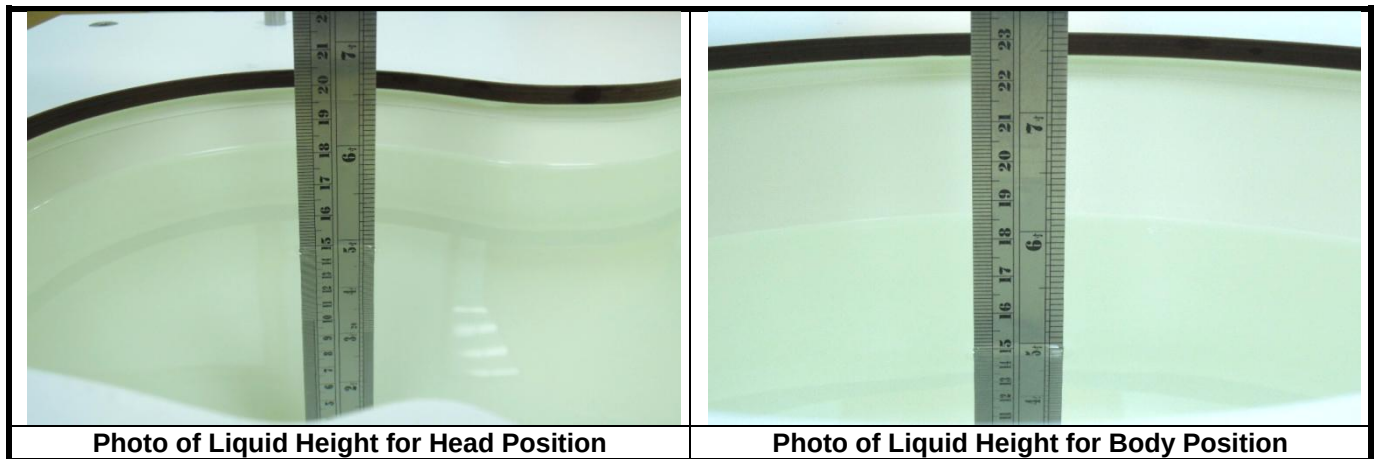
Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of $\pm 5\%$	Target Conductivity	Range of $\pm 5\%$
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

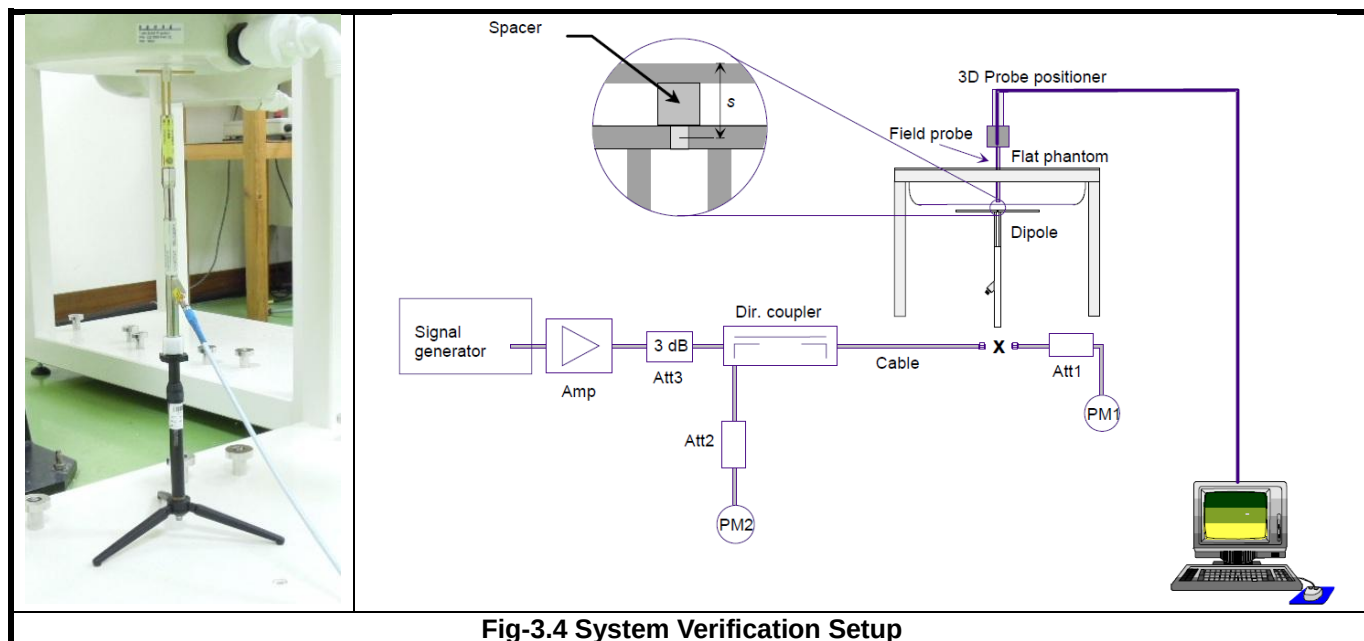
Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

This device supports WWAN, WLAN, Bluetooth capabilities. Because of the SAR issue, this device has designed with a proximity sensor which can trigger/not trigger power reduction for WCDMA II/IV on EUT Rear Face and Right Side orientations for SAR compliance. Others RF capabilities (GSM, WCDMA V, WLAN and BT) have no power reduction. The power levels for all wireless technologies and the power reduction please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report.

According to the procedures noticed in KDB 616217 D04, the proximity sensor triggering distance is 13 mm for EUT Rear Face, and 12 mm for Right Side. The separation distance of 12 mm determined by the smallest triggering distance on Right Side is used to assess the tilt angle influence and the sensor does not release during ± 45 degree. Therefore, the smallest separation distance for tilt angle influence is 12 mm. The details can be found in technical document. The conservative triggering distances based on the separation distance for the sensor triggered / not triggered as EUT with power reduction at 0 mm, and EUT without power reduction at 13 mm for EUT Rear Face, and 11 mm for Right Side is used to test SAR.

The power reduction is depends on the proximity sensor input. For a steady SAR test, the power reduction was enabled/disabled manually by engineering software during SAR testing.

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For EDGE850 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 8. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0. For EDGE1900 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 2.

For WCDMA, body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. According to KDB 248227 D01, WLAN SAR should tested at the lowest data rate, and testing at higher data rate is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. Since the WLAN power at lowest data rate has highest output power, WLAN SAR for this device was performed at the lowest data rate.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

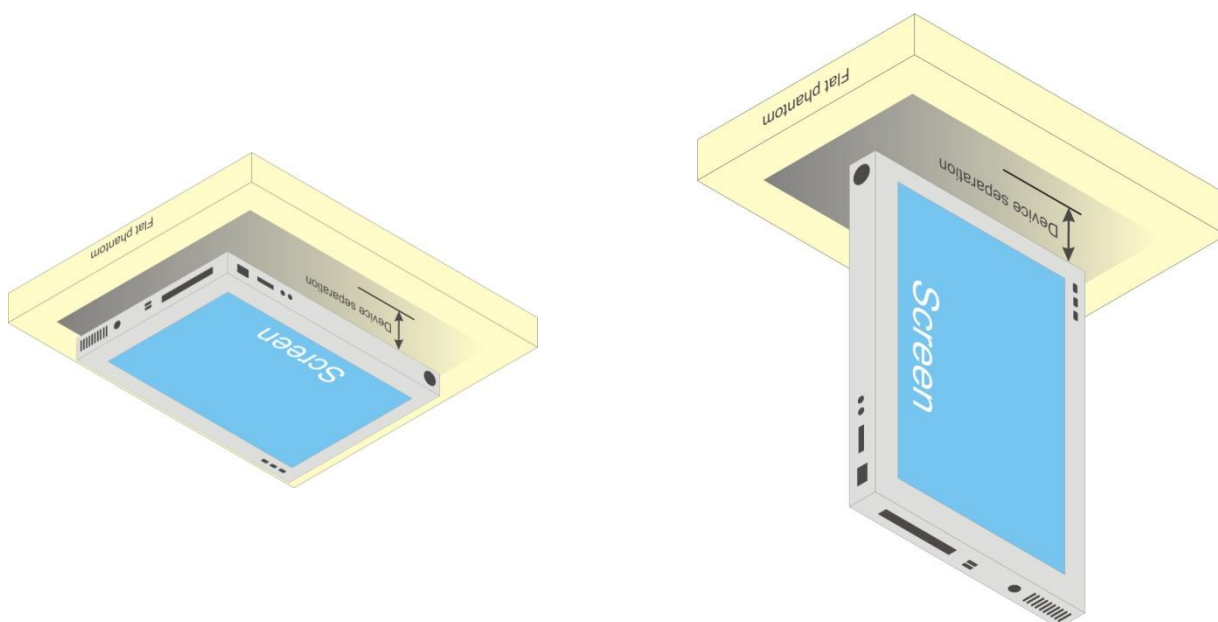


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Tablet Setup

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

- For the test separation distance ≤ 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(\text{mW})}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(\text{mm})}} \times \sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}} \leq 3.0$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times \left(\frac{f_{(\text{MHz})}}{150} \right) \right]_{(\text{mW})}$$

- For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz

$$[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times 10]_{(\text{mW})}$$

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Top Side			Bottom Side			Left Side			Right Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
GSM 850	27.5	562	5	103.6	Yes	91	395 mW	Yes	29.5	17.6	Yes	256.8	1333 mW	No	5.8	89.3	Yes
GSM 1900	23.5	224	5	61.9	Yes	91	519 mW	No	29.5	10.5	Yes	256.8	2177 mW	No	5.8	53.4	Yes
WCDMA II	23.0	200	5	55.3	Yes	91	519 mW	No	29.5	9.4	Yes	256.8	2177 mW	No	5.8	47.6	Yes
WCDMA IV	23.5	224	5	59.3	Yes	91	523 mW	No	29.5	10.1	Yes	256.8	2181 mW	No	5.8	51.1	Yes
WCDMA V	23.0	200	5	36.8	Yes	91	394 mW	No	29.5	6.2	Yes	256.8	1331 mW	No	5.8	31.7	Yes
WLAN 2.4G	15.5	35	5	11	Yes	150	1096 mW	No	28.4	1.9	No	6.5	8.4	Yes	256.6	2162 mW	No
WLAN 5.2G	15.0	32	5	14.7	Yes	135	916 mW	No	52	86 mW	No	6.5	11.3	Yes	256.6	2132 mW	No
WLAN 5.3G	16.1	40	5	18.9	Yes	135	915 mW	No	52	85 mW	No	6.5	14.2	Yes	256.6	2131 mW	No
WLAN 5.6G	15.5	35	5	16.7	Yes	135	913 mW	No	52	83 mW	No	6.5	12.9	Yes	256.6	2129 mW	No
WLAN 5.8G	15.0	32	5	15.4	Yes	135	912 mW	No	52	82 mW	No	6.5	11.9	Yes	256.6	2128 mW	No
BT	1.0	1	5	0.3	No	150	1095 mW	No	28.4	0.1	No	6.5	0.2	No	256.6	2161 mW	No

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
May 15, 2014	Body	835	21.3	0.974	55.307	0.97	55.2	0.41	0.19
May 20, 2014	Body	835	20.8	0.974	55.379	0.97	55.2	0.41	0.32
May 15, 2014	Body	1750	21.4	1.499	52.347	1.49	53.4	0.60	-1.97
May 15, 2014	Body	1900	21.4	1.557	54.485	1.52	53.3	2.43	2.22
May 21, 2014	Body	2450	21.5	1.966	51.383	1.95	52.7	0.82	-2.50
May 20, 2014	Body	5200	20.8	5.321	47.346	5.30	49.0	0.40	-3.38
May 20, 2014	Body	5300	20.8	5.454	47.175	5.42	48.9	0.63	-3.53
May 20, 2014	Body	5600	20.8	5.889	46.629	5.77	48.5	2.06	-3.86
May 20, 2014	Body	5800	20.8	6.176	46.237	6.00	48.2	2.93	-4.07

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01 v01r01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
May 15, 2014	3650	Body	835	0.974	55.307	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May 20, 2014	3590	Body	835	0.974	55.379	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
May 15, 2014	3650	Body	1750	1.499	52.347	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May 15, 2014	3650	Body	1900	1.557	54.485	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
May 21, 2014	3590	Body	2450	1.966	51.383	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 20, 2014	3590	Body	5200	5.321	47.346	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 20, 2014	3590	Body	5300	5.454	47.175	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 20, 2014	3590	Body	5600	5.889	46.629	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May 20, 2014	3590	Body	5800	6.176	46.237	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
May 15, 2014	Body	835	9.69	2.41	9.64	-0.52	4d121	3650	1277
May 20, 2014	Body	835	9.69	2.42	9.68	-0.10	4d121	3590	510
May 15, 2014	Body	1750	36.90	9.24	36.96	0.16	1055	3650	1277
May 15, 2014	Body	1900	41.00	10.60	42.40	3.41	5d036	3650	1277
May 21, 2014	Body	2450	50.00	13.10	52.40	4.80	716	3590	510
May 20, 2014	Body	5200	73.00	6.97	69.70	-4.52	1019	3590	510
May 20, 2014	Body	5300	74.60	7.29	72.90	-2.28	1019	3590	510
May 20, 2014	Body	5600	79.90	7.51	75.10	-6.01	1019	3590	510
May 20, 2014	Body	5800	73.40	6.77	67.70	-7.77	1019	3590	510

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850	GSM1900
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	29.0
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	32.5	29.0
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	31.5	27.5
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	30.5	26.5
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.5	23.0
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	26.0	23.0
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	26.0	22.0
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	25.0	21.0

Mode	WCDMA Band II (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band II (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
RMC 12.2K	23.0	21.0	2.0

Mode	WCDMA Band IV (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band IV (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
RMC 12.2K	23.5	21.0	2.5

Note: The power reduction is referring to P-sensor power reduction.

Mode	WCDMA Band V
RMC 12.2K	23.0

Mode	2.4G WLAN	5.2G WLAN	5.3G WLAN	5.6G WLAN	5.8G WLAN
802.11b	15.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	13.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	N/A	15.0	16.0	15.5	15.0
802.11n HT20	12.0	15.0	16.1	15.5	15.0
802.11n HT40	10.0	14.5	14.5	13.5	13.5

Mode	Bluetooth
All	1.0

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power						
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.27	32.29	32.24	28.53	28.61	28.21
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	32.16	32.18	32.13	28.44	28.52	28.12
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	31.49	31.50	31.46	27.32	27.50	27.27
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	30.37	30.39	30.34	26.37	26.45	26.05
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.33	26.35	26.30	22.50	22.58	22.18
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	25.92	25.94	25.89	22.46	22.54	22.14
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	25.66	25.68	25.63	21.64	21.72	21.32
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	24.47	24.49	24.44	20.58	20.66	20.26
Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power						
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	23.27	23.29	23.24	19.53	19.61	19.21
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	26.16	26.18	26.13	22.44	22.52	22.12
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	27.23	27.24	27.20	23.06	23.24	23.01
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	27.37	27.39	27.34	23.37	23.45	23.05
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	17.33	17.35	17.30	13.50	13.58	13.18
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	19.92	19.94	19.89	16.46	16.54	16.14
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	21.40	21.42	21.37	17.38	17.46	17.06
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	21.47	21.49	21.44	17.58	17.66	17.26

Note:

- SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

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Band	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV			3GPP MPR (dB)
Channel	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513	
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
EUT without Power Reduction (P-Sensor NOT Triggered)							
RMC 12.2K	22.48	22.53	22.50	23.25	23.01	22.98	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.37	22.42	22.39	23.15	22.91	22.88	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.68	21.73	21.70	22.53	22.29	22.26	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.47	21.52	21.49	22.30	22.06	22.03	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.11	21.16	21.13	21.98	21.74	21.71	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.72	21.77	21.74	22.56	22.32	22.29	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.96	20.00	19.98	20.19	19.95	19.92	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.66	20.71	20.68	21.39	21.15	21.12	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.18	20.23	20.20	20.32	20.08	20.05	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.96	22.01	21.98	22.75	22.51	22.48	0
EUT with Power Reduction (P-Sensor Triggered)							
RMC 12.2K	20.23	20.81	20.28	20.72	20.28	20.26	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.16	20.68	20.21	20.65	20.24	20.22	-
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.17	20.69	20.22	20.66	20.25	20.23	-
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.19	20.71	20.24	20.65	20.24	20.22	-
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.20	20.72	20.25	20.65	20.24	20.22	-
HSUPA Subtest-1	19.27	19.79	19.32	19.60	19.64	19.47	-
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.50	20.02	19.55	19.63	19.22	19.20	-
HSUPA Subtest-3	19.49	20.01	19.54	20.20	19.79	19.77	-
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.82	20.34	19.87	19.85	19.44	19.42	-
HSUPA Subtest-5	20.29	20.75	20.34	20.69	20.31	20.29	-

Band	WCDMA Band V			3GPP MPR (dB)
Channel	4132	4182	4233	
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	
RMC 12.2K	22.97	22.69	22.71	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.93	22.65	22.67	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.18	21.90	21.92	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.92	21.64	21.66	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.49	21.21	21.23	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.45	21.17	21.19	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.30	20.02	20.04	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.50	20.22	20.24	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.37	20.09	20.11	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.33	22.05	22.07	0

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	802.11b		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	15.36	15.19	15.48
Mode	802.11g		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	11.71	12.73	12.89
Mode	802.11n (HT20)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	11.64	11.79	11.93
Mode	802.11n (HT40)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	3 (2422)	6 (2437)	9 (2452)
Average Power	9.62	9.84	9.94

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<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	802.11a			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	14.33	14.47	14.55	14.26
Mode	802.11n (HT20)			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)
Average Power	14.71	14.60	14.58	14.67
Mode	802.11n (HT40)			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	38 (5190)		46 (5230)	
Average Power	11.72		14.13	

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	802.11a			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)
Average Power	15.54	15.57	15.64	15.66
Mode	802.11n (HT20)			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)
Average Power	16.08	15.98	16.07	16.10
Mode	802.11n (HT40)			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	54 (5270)		62 (5310)	
Average Power	14.45		14.20	

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	802.11a							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)
Average Power	15.22	15.03	15.29	15.29	15.34	15.15	15.18	15.03
Mode	802.11n (HT20)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)
Average Power	15.39	15.35	15.33	15.16	15.11	15.02	14.96	15.02
Mode	802.11n (HT40)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	102 (5510)				134 (5670)			
Average Power	13.48				12.77			

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	802.11a				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	14.63	14.67	14.41	14.42	14.12
Mode	802.11n (HT20)				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)
Average Power	14.88	14.66	14.58	14.45	14.31
Mode	802.11n (HT40)				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	151 (5755)			159 (5795)	
Average Power	13.35			13.19	

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Results for Body

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	EUT Config.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	189	w/o	1	30.5	30.39	1.03	0.03	0.602	0.62
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	0	189	w/o	1	30.5	30.39	1.03	-0.01	0.58	0.59
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	189	w/o	1	30.5	30.39	1.03	0.07	0.045	0.05
	GSM850	GPRS12	Bottom Side	0	189	w/o	1	30.5	30.39	1.03	-0.02	0.106	0.11
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	189	w/o	2	30.5	30.39	1.03	0.05	0.515	0.53
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	189	w/o	3	30.5	30.39	1.03	0.01	0.531	0.54
02	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	189	w/o	4	30.5	30.39	1.03	-0.04	0.524	0.54
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	661	w/o	1	26.5	26.45	1.01	0.06	0.483	0.49
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	0	661	w/o	1	26.5	26.45	1.01	-0.05	0.748	0.76
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Bottom Side	0	661	w/o	1	26.5	26.45	1.01	0.02	0.027	0.03
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	0	661	w/o	2	26.5	26.45	1.01	0.03	0.491	0.50
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	0	661	w/o	3	26.5	26.45	1.01	-0.05	0.567	0.57
03	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	0	661	w/o	4	26.5	26.45	1.01	0.06	0.409	0.41
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9400	w/	1	21.0	20.81	1.04	0.06	0.704	0.74
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	1.3	9400	w/o	1	23.0	22.53	1.11	0.17	0.202	0.22
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9400	w/	1	21.0	20.81	1.04	0.01	1.23	1.29
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	1.1	9400	w/o	1	23.0	22.53	1.11	0.00	0.34	0.38
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	9400	w/o	1	23.0	22.53	1.11	0.19	0.043	0.05
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9262	w/	1	21.0	20.23	1.19	-0.04	1.08	1.29
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9538	w/	1	21.0	20.28	1.18	-0.01	1.06	1.25
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9400	w/	2	21.0	20.81	1.04	0.03	1.18	1.24
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9400	w/	3	21.0	20.81	1.04	0.04	1.03	1.08
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9400	w/	4	21.0	20.81	1.04	0.12	0.984	1.03
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9262	w/	2	21.0	20.23	1.19	0.05	1.04	1.24
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9538	w/	2	21.0	20.28	1.18	-0.01	1.01	1.19
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9262	w/	3	21.0	20.23	1.19	-0.05	0.91	1.08
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9538	w/	3	21.0	20.28	1.18	0.17	0.89	1.05
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9262	w/	4	21.0	20.23	1.19	0.04	0.87	1.03
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9538	w/	4	21.0	20.28	1.18	-0.08	0.85	1.00
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9400	w/	1	21.0	20.81	1.04	-0.01	1.13	1.18

Note:

- SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	EUT Config.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	1312	w/	1	21.0	20.72	1.07	0.05	0.784	0.84
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	1.3	1312	w/o	1	23.5	23.25	1.06	0.16	0.279	0.30
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1312	w/	1	21.0	20.72	1.07	-0.09	0.981	1.05
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	1.1	1312	w/o	1	23.5	23.25	1.06	0.19	0.909	0.96
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	1312	w/o	1	23.5	23.25	1.06	0.11	0.076	0.08
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	1413	w/	1	21.0	20.28	1.18	0.00	0.793	0.94
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	1513	w/	1	21.0	20.26	1.19	-0.06	0.761	0.90
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1413	w/	1	21.0	20.28	1.18	0.02	0.967	1.14
04	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1513	w/	1	21.0	20.26	1.19	0.13	1.06	1.26
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	1.1	1413	w/o	1	23.5	23.01	1.12	-0.16	0.939	1.05
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	1.1	1513	w/o	1	23.5	22.98	1.13	-0.19	0.946	1.07
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1513	w/	2	21.0	20.26	1.19	0.04	0.842	1.00
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1513	w/	3	21.0	20.26	1.19	0.05	0.953	1.13
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1513	w/	4	21.0	20.26	1.19	0.10	0.722	0.86
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1312	w/	2	21.0	20.72	1.07	-0.02	0.791	0.84
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1413	w/	2	21.0	20.28	1.18	0.01	0.782	0.92
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1312	w/	3	21.0	20.72	1.07	0.09	0.893	0.95
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1413	w/	3	21.0	20.28	1.18	-0.03	0.883	1.04
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1312	w/	4	21.0	20.72	1.07	0.02	0.679	0.72
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1413	w/	4	21.0	20.28	1.18	-0.09	0.672	0.79
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	1513	w/	1	21.0	20.26	1.19	0.08	0.961	1.14
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4132	w/o	1	23.0	22.97	1.01	0.06	0.538	0.54
05	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4132	w/o	1	23.0	22.97	1.01	0.02	0.54	0.54
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	0	4132	w/o	1	23.0	22.97	1.01	-0.05	0.083	0.08
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4132	w/o	2	23.0	22.97	1.01	0.08	0.489	0.49
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4132	w/o	3	23.0	22.97	1.01	0.05	0.528	0.53
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4132	w/o	4	23.0	22.97	1.01	-0.02	0.467	0.47

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

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Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	EUT Config.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
06	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	1	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.00	0.247	0.25
	802.11b	Left Side	0	11	1	15.5	15.48	1.00	-0.05	0.217	0.22
	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	2	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.12	0.208	0.21
	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	3	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.09	0.165	0.17
	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	4	15.5	15.48	1.00	0.07	0.206	0.21
07	802.11a	Rear Face	0	44	1	15.0	14.55	1.11	0.05	0.706	0.78
	802.11a	Left Side	0	44	1	15.0	14.55	1.11	-0.04	0.343	0.38
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	44	2	15.0	14.55	1.11	0.00	0.535	0.59
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	44	3	15.0	14.55	1.11	0.03	0.604	0.67
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	44	4	15.0	14.55	1.11	0.00	0.446	0.49
08	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	1	16.0	15.66	1.08	0.02	1.04	1.12
	802.11a	Left Side	0	64	1	16.0	15.66	1.08	-0.02	0.262	0.28
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	56	1	16.0	15.57	1.10	0.01	0.769	0.85
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	2	16.0	15.66	1.08	0.09	0.34	0.37
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	3	16.0	15.66	1.08	0.07	0.889	0.96
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	4	16.0	15.66	1.08	0.00	0.513	0.55
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	1	16.0	15.66	1.08	0.04	0.983	1.06
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	1	16.0	15.66	1.08	0.04	0.983	1.06
09	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	1	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.00	1.3	1.35
	802.11a	Left Side	0	116	1	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.06	0.358	0.37
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	108	1	15.5	15.29	1.05	0.01	0.982	1.03
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	136	1	15.5	15.18	1.08	0.00	0.97	1.04
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	2	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.00	0.48	0.50
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	3	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.07	0.756	0.78
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	4	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.04	0.418	0.43
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	1	15.5	15.34	1.04	0.01	1.27	1.32
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	153	1	15.0	14.67	1.08	0.00	1.18	1.27
	802.11a	Left Side	0	153	1	15.0	14.67	1.08	0.05	0.339	0.37
10	802.11a	Rear Face	0	157	1	15.0	14.41	1.15	0.10	1.27	1.45
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	161	1	15.0	14.42	1.14	0.00	1.29	1.47
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	153	2	15.0	14.67	1.08	0.00	0.694	0.75
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	161	3	15.0	14.42	1.14	0.00	0.982	1.12
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	153	4	15.0	14.67	1.08	0.01	0.456	0.49
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	153	3	15.0	14.67	1.08	0.01	0.934	1.01
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	157	3	15.0	14.41	1.15	0.05	0.975	1.12
	802.11a	Rear Face	0	161	1	15.0	14.42	1.14	0.09	1.23	1.41

Note:

1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is ≤ 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.
3. SAR testing for 802.11n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11a.

4.7.2 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01 v01r01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	9400	1.23	1.13	1.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA IV	RMC12.2K	Right Side	1513	1.06	0.961	1.10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	-	Rear Face	64	1.04	0.983	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	-	Rear Face	116	1.3	1.27	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	-	Rear Face	161	1.29	1.23	1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.7.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of ≤ 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(\text{mW})}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(\text{mm})}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	1.0	Body	0	0.05

Note:

1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
1	GSM850 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.62	1.47	2.09	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0.05	0	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.11	0	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.37	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.59	0	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	GSM850 + WLAN (NII)	Body	Rear Face	0.62	1.35	1.97	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0.05	0	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.11	0	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.38	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.59	0	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	GSM850 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.62	0.05	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.05	0.05	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.11	0.05	0.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.59	0.05	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
4	GSM1900 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.49	1.47	1.96	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.03	0	0.03	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.37	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.76	0	0.76	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
5	GSM1900 + WLAN (NII)	Body	Rear Face	0.49	1.35	1.84	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.03	0	0.03	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.38	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.76	0	0.76	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	GSM1900 + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.49	0.05	0.54	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.03	0.05	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.76	0.05	0.81	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
7	WCDMA II + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.74	1.47	2.21	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.05	0	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.37	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	1.29	0	1.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	WCDMA II + WLAN (NII)	Body	Rear Face	0.74	1.35	2.09	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.05	0	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.38	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	1.29	0	1.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
9	WCDMA II + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.74	0.05	0.79	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.05	0.05	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	1.29	0.05	1.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
10	WCDMA IV + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	1.47	2.41	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.37	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	1.26	0	1.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
11	WCDMA IV + WLAN (NII)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	1.35	2.29	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.38	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	1.26	0	1.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12	WCDMA IV + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	0.05	0.99	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0.05	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	1.26	0.05	1.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
13	WCDMA V + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Rear Face	0.54	1.47	2.01	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.37	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.54	0	0.54	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
14	WCDMA V + WLAN (NII)	Body	Rear Face	0.54	1.35	1.89	Analyzed as below
			Top Side	0	0	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.38	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.54	0	0.54	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
15	WCDMA V + BT (DSS)	Body	Rear Face	0.54	0.05	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0.05	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0	0.05	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.54	0.05	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

<SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio Analysis>

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination are considered one pair at a time to determine the SPLSR. When SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the following formula.

$$\text{Peak Location Separation Distance} = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

Where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the area or zoom scans.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna. Due to curvatures on the SAM phantom, when SAR is estimated for one of the antennas in an antenna pair, the measured peak SAR location will be translated onto the test device to determine the peak location separation for the antenna pair.

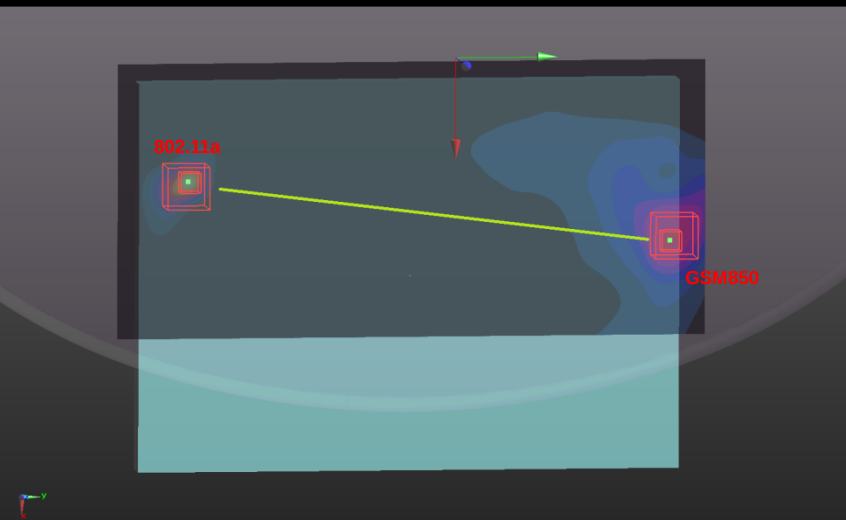
The SPLSR is determined by the following formula.

$$\text{SPLSR} = \frac{(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{R_i}$$

Where SAR_1 and SAR_2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and R_i is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When the SPLSR is ≤ 0.04 , the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. Otherwise, the enlarged zoom scan and volume scan post-processing procedures will be performed.

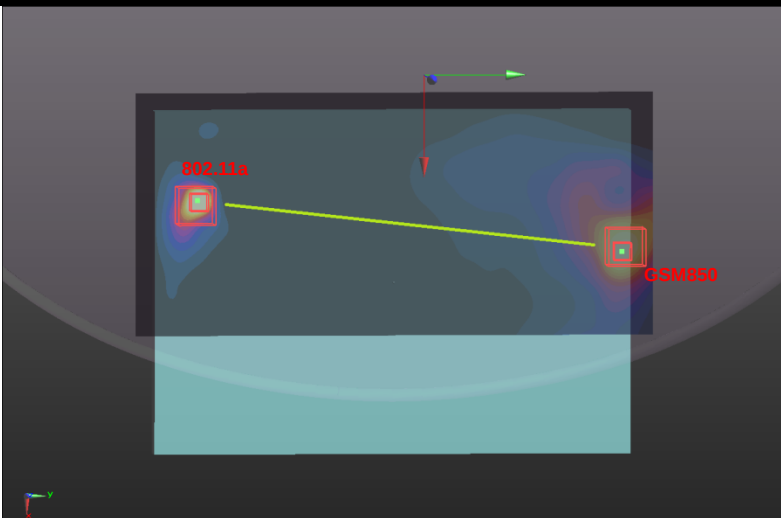
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R_i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
GSM850 Ch189	Body	Rear Face	0.62	10.88	13.52	-0.14	252	0.012	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch161			1.47	8.35	-11.55	-0.14			



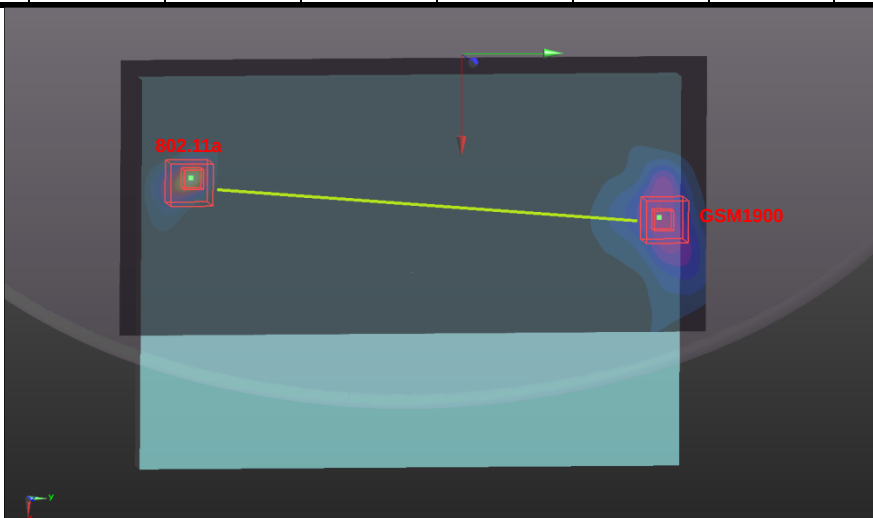
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Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
GSM850 Ch189	Body	Rear Face	0.62	10.88	13.52	-0.14	250.9	0.011	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch116			1.35	8.45	-11.45	-0.16			



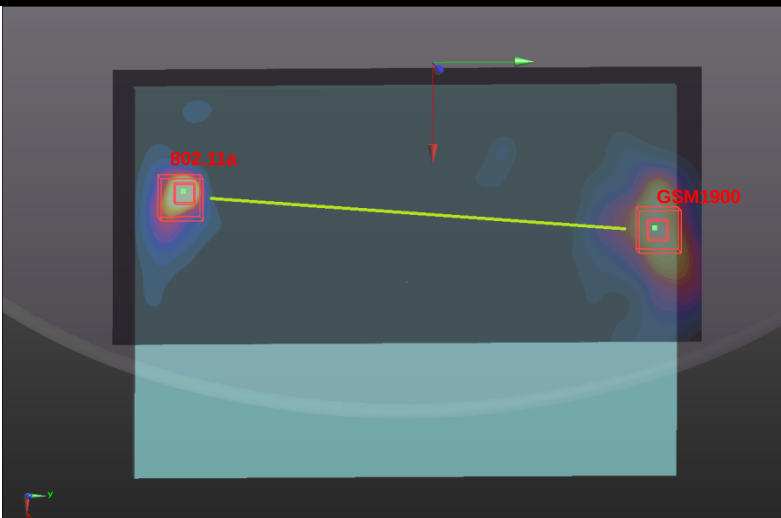
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
GSM1900 Ch661	Body	Rear Face	0.49	11	12.6	-0.06	243	0.011	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch161			1.47	8.35	-11.55	-0.14			



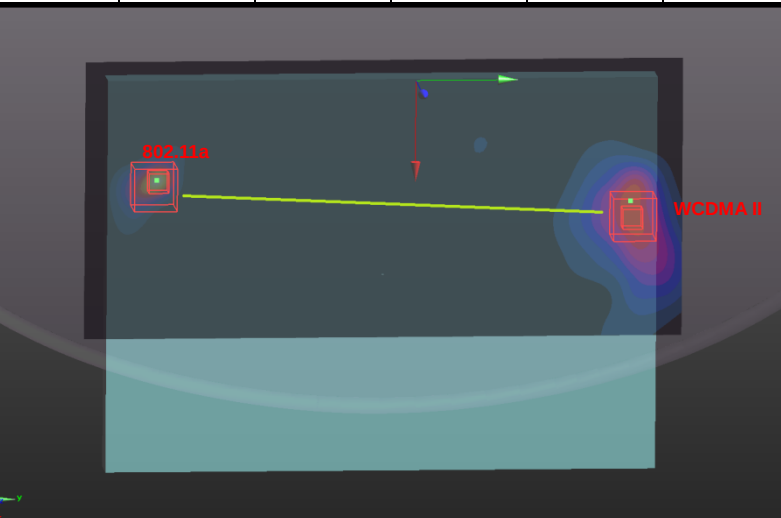
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Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
GSM1900 Ch661	Body	Rear Face	0.49	11	12.6	-0.06	241.9	0.01	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch116			1.35	8.45	-11.45	-0.16			

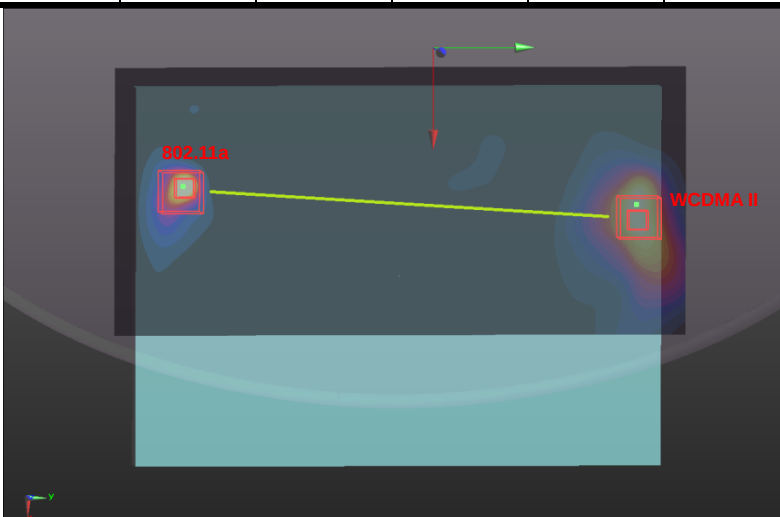


Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA II Ch9400	Body	Rear Face	0.74	10.8	12.4	-0.05	240.8	0.014	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch161			1.47	8.35	-11.55	-0.14			

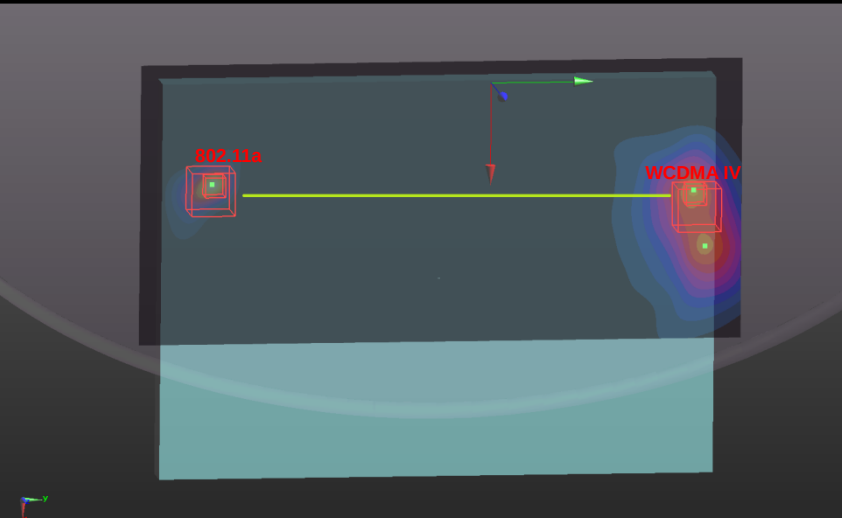


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Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA II Ch9400	Body	Rear Face	0.74	10.8	12.4	-0.05	239.7	0.013	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch116			1.35	8.45	-11.45	-0.16			
									

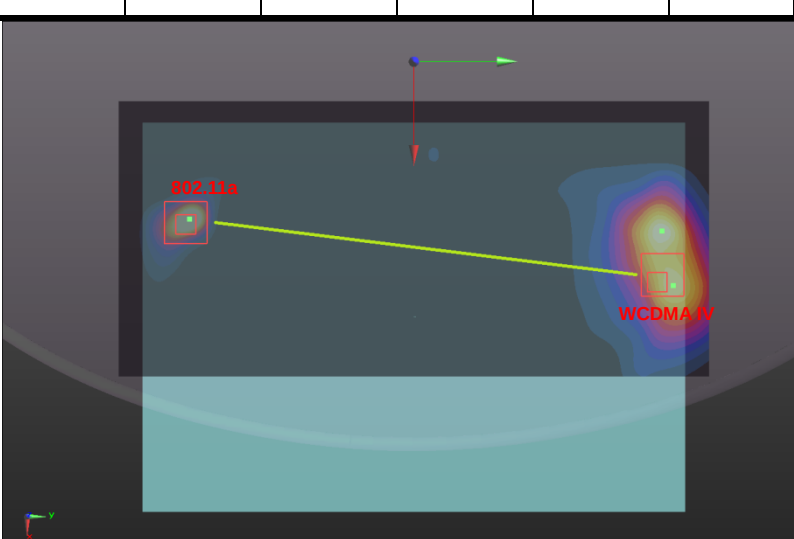
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA IV Ch1413 (Cube 0)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	7.64	12.12	-0.06	236.8	0.016	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch161			1.47	8.35	-11.55	-0.14			



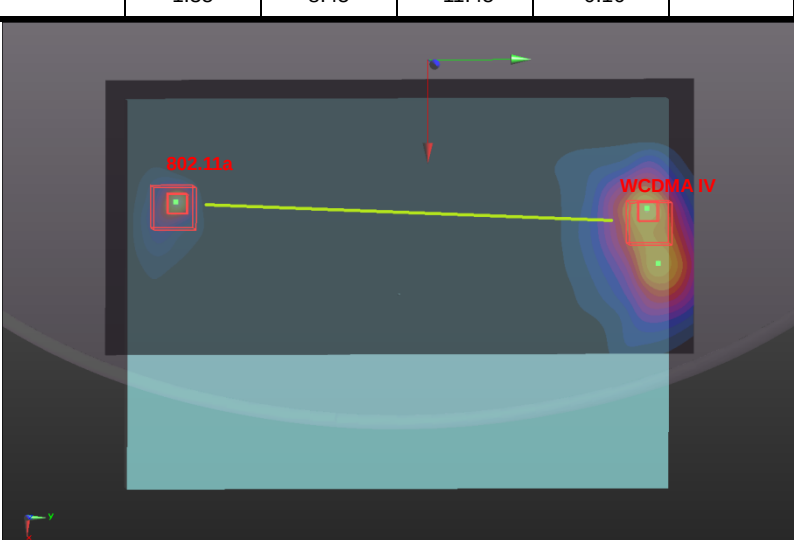
FCC SAR Test Report

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Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA IV Ch1413 (Cube 1)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	11.4	12.4	-0.05	241.4	0.015	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch161			1.47	8.35	-11.55	-0.14			



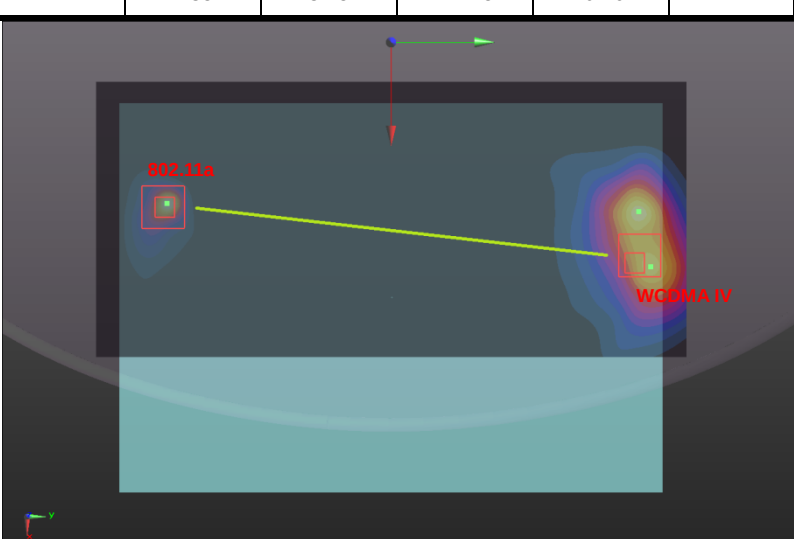
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA IV Ch1413 (Cube 0)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	7.64	12.12	-0.06	235.8	0.015	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch116			1.35	8.45	-11.45	-0.16			



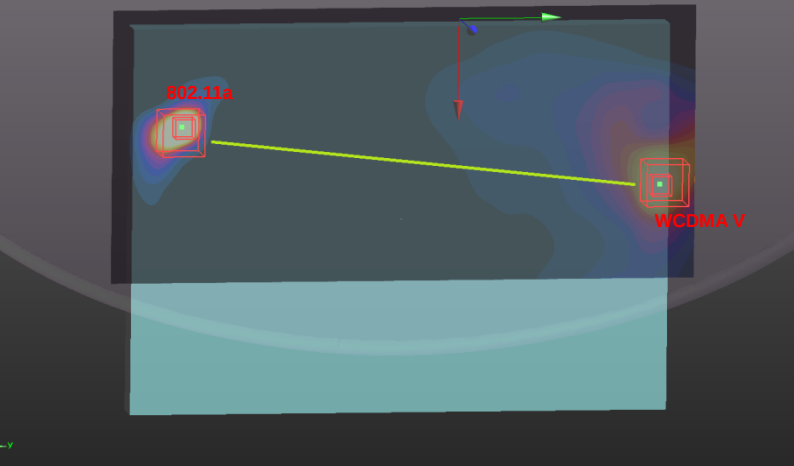
FCC SAR Test Report

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Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA IV Ch1413 (Cube 1)	Body	Rear Face	0.94	11.4	12.4	-0.05	240.3	0.014	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch116			1.35	8.45	-11.45	-0.16			



Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA V Ch4132	Body	Rear Face	0.54	10.88	13.52	-0.15	252	0.011	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch161			1.47	8.35	-11.55	-0.14			



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Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	Coordinates			Peak Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
				x	y	z			
WCDMA V Ch4132	Body	Rear Face	0.54	10.88	13.52	-0.15	250.9	0.01	SPLSR < 0.04, Not required
802.11a Ch116			1.35	8.45	-11.45	-0.16			

Test Engineer : Sam Onn, and Rory Cheng

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Apr. 25, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1055	Aug. 27, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 21, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	716	Jul. 31, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Nov. 16, 2012	2 Years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3590	Mar. 04, 2014	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3650	Apr. 24, 2014	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	510	Sep. 25, 2013	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1277	Jul. 26, 2013	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266628	Dec. 05, 2013	2 Years
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50260642	Nov. 25, 2013	2 Years
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 10, 2013	1 Year
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52100136	Jun. 26, 2013	1 Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jun. 06, 2013	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jun. 11, 2013	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jun. 11, 2013	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	110600361	Feb. 27, 2014	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.6	Normal	1	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.0 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	29
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	29
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 11.7 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 23.4 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	± 6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	30
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	30
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 13.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 26.8 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

FCC SAR Test Report

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-318-3232

Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

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Tel: 886-2-2605-2180

Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:

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Tel: 886-3-593-5343

Fax: 886-3-593-5342

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

System Check_B835_140515

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.307$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.08 W/kg

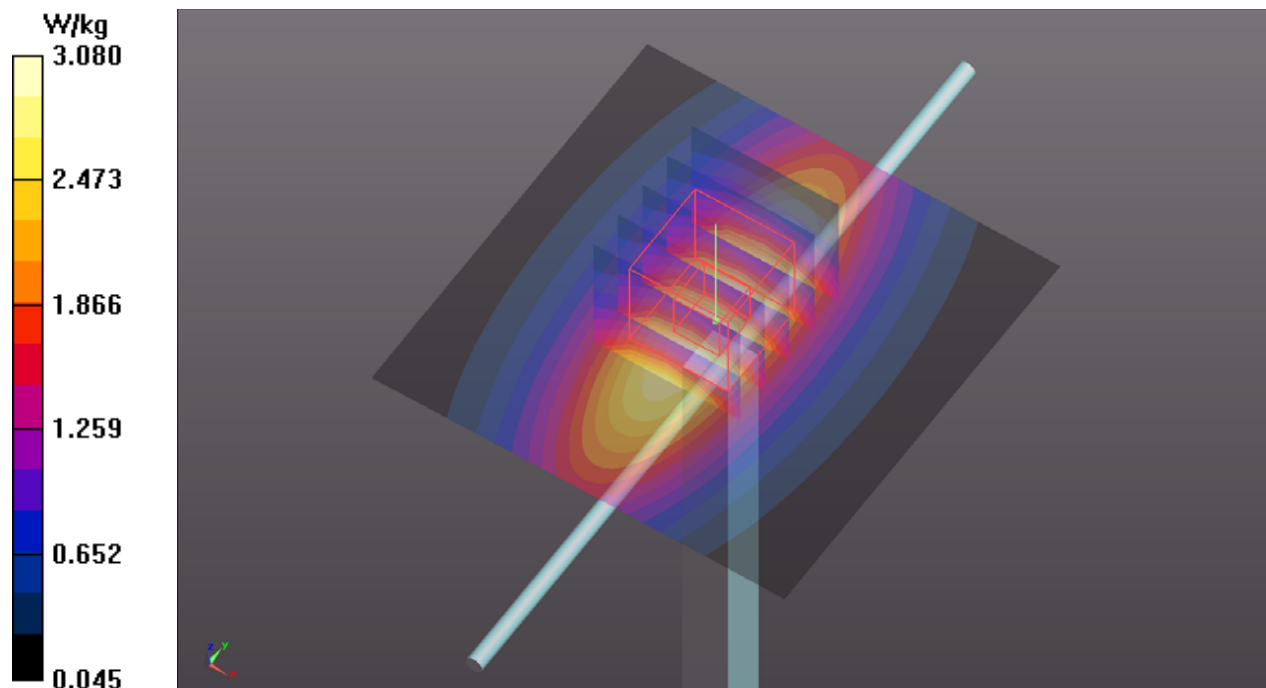
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.391 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.03 W/kg



System Check_B1750_140515

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1750_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.499$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.347$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

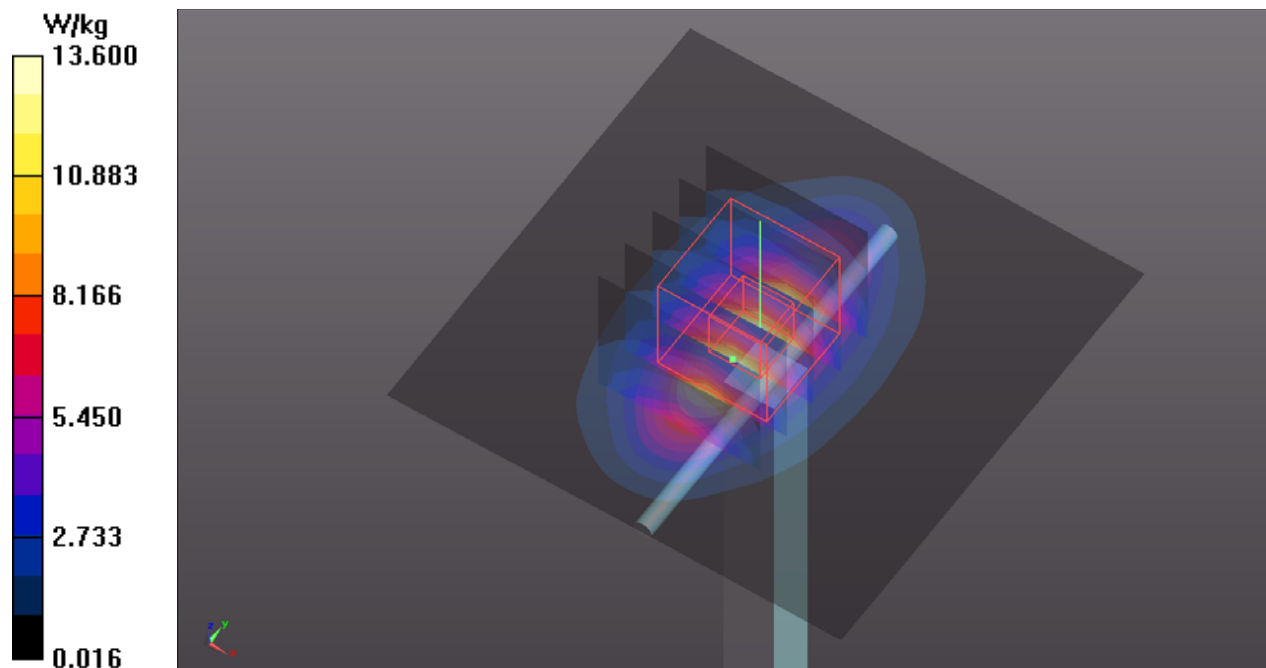
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 94.192 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



System Check_B1900_140515

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1900_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.557$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.485$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 W/kg

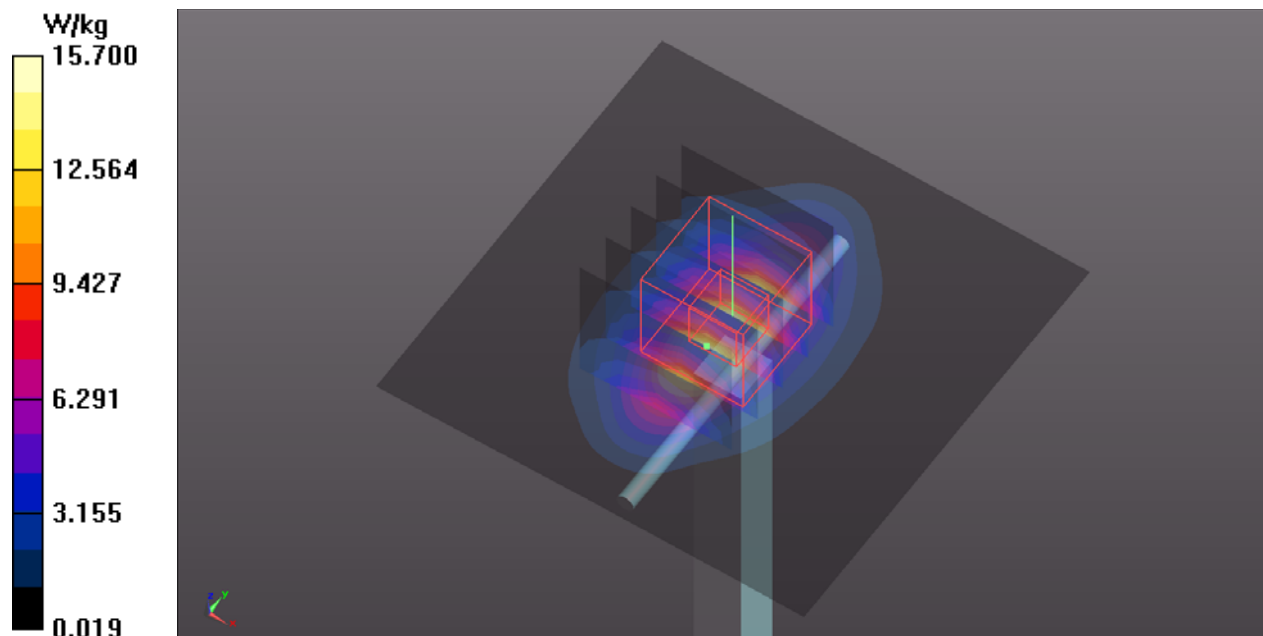
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



System Check_B2450_140521**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 716**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0521 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.966$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.383$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.9°C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v4.0_Left; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.3 W/kg

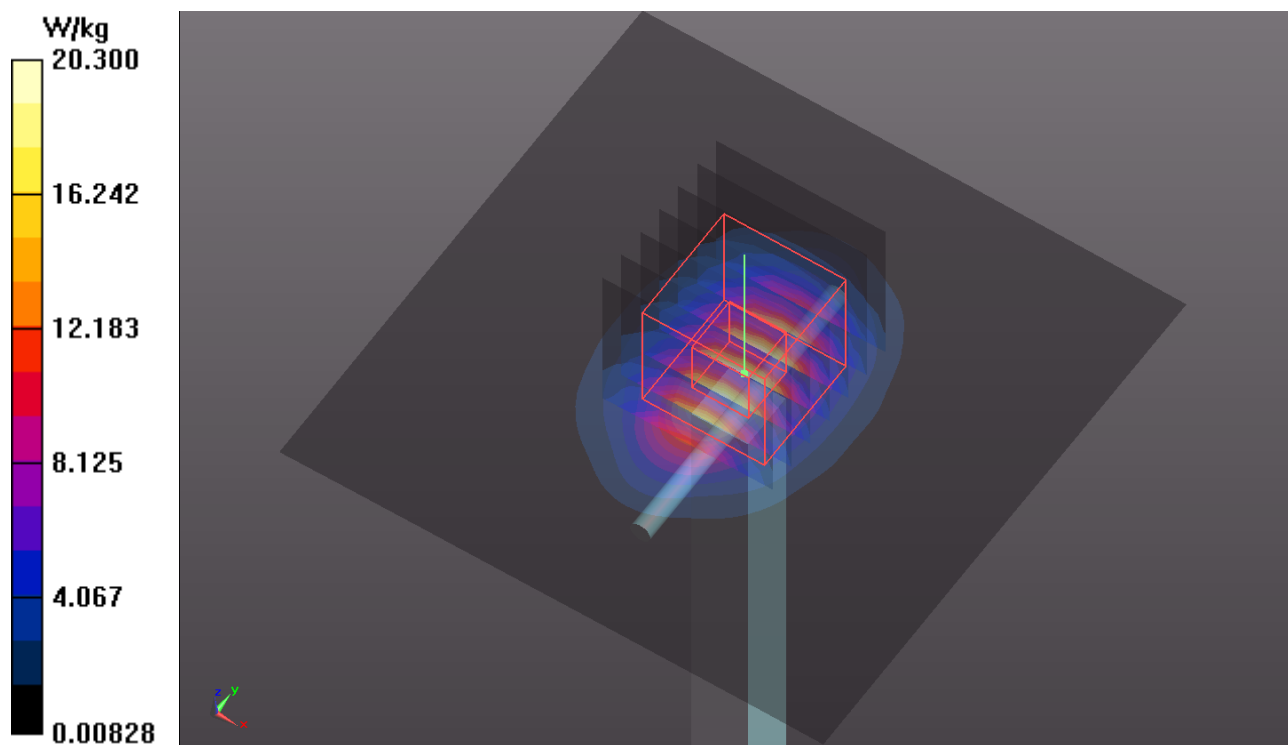
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



System Check_B5200_140520

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.321$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.346$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

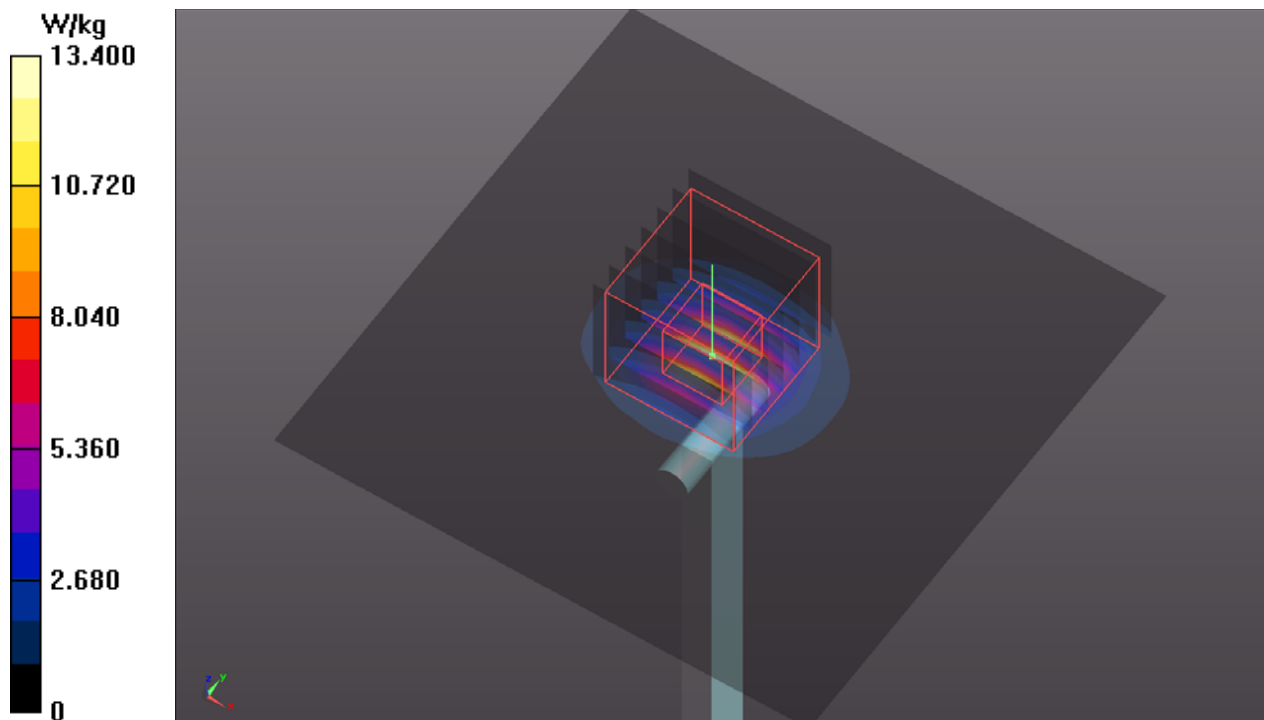
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 54.625 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.98 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



System Check_B5300_140520

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.454$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.175$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.4 W/kg

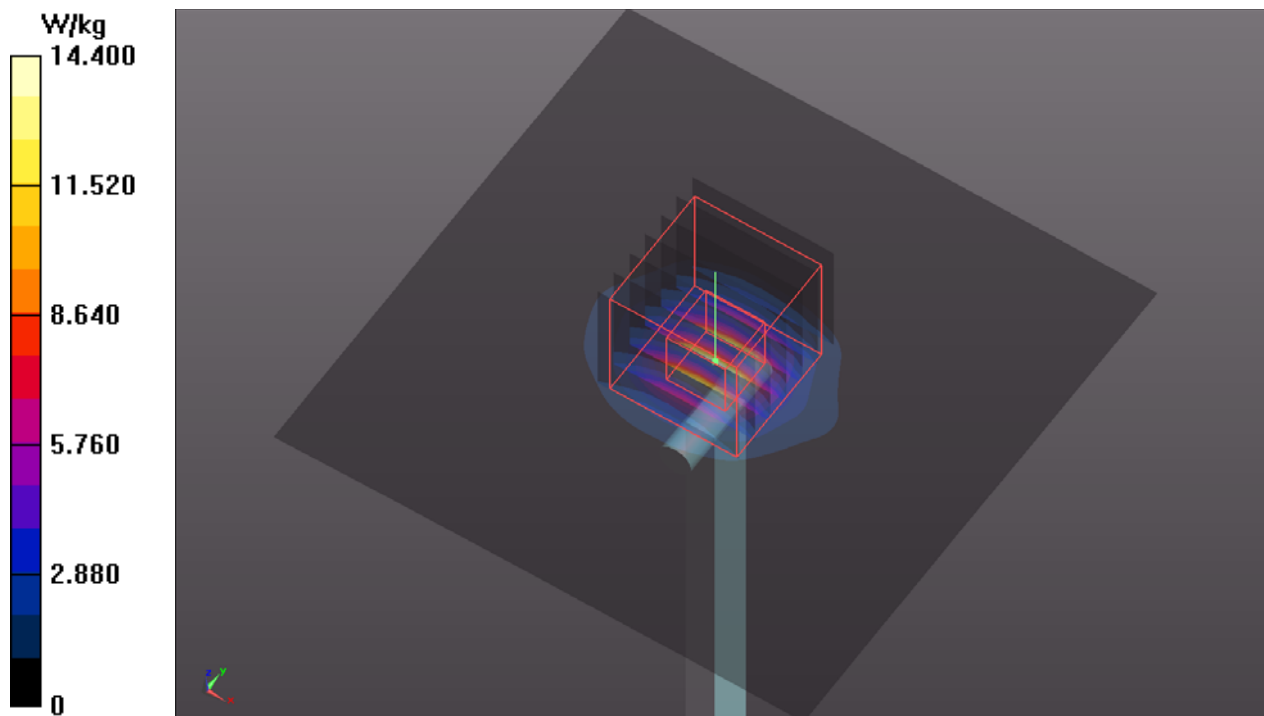
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 57.203 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



System Check_B5600_140520

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.889$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.629$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 W/kg

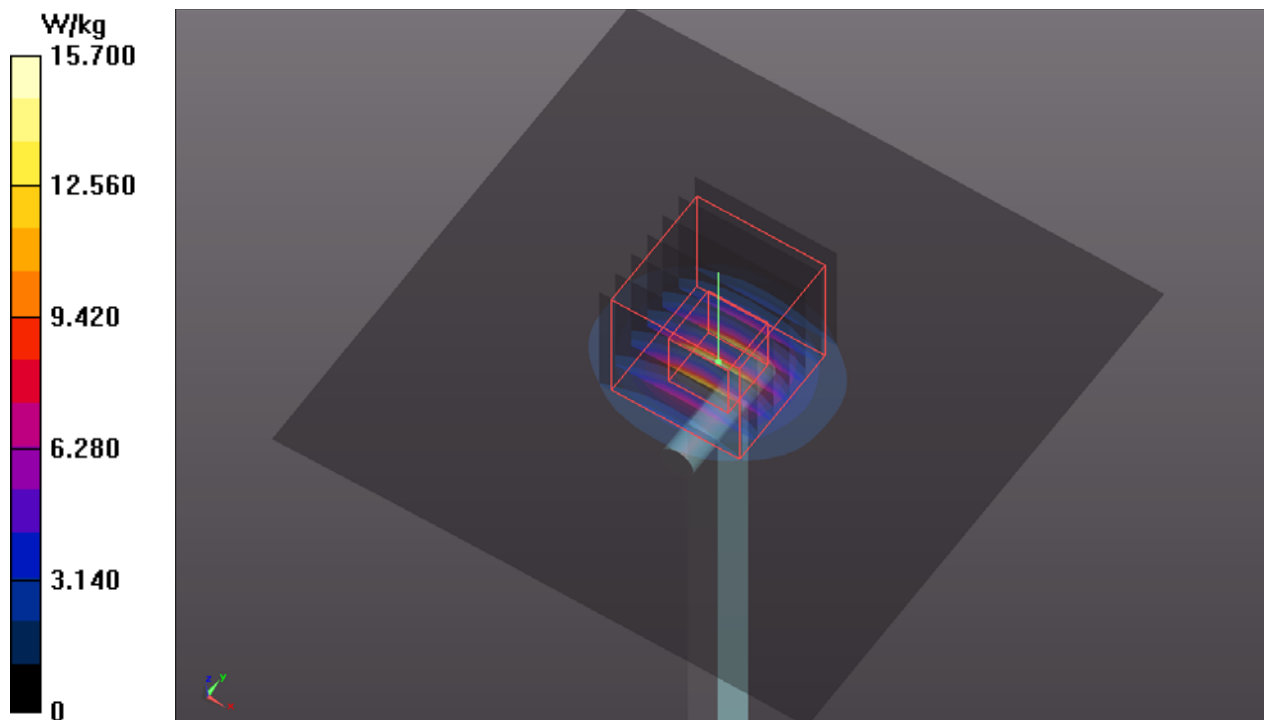
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 56.100 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg



System Check_B5800_140520

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.176$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.237$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.7 W/kg

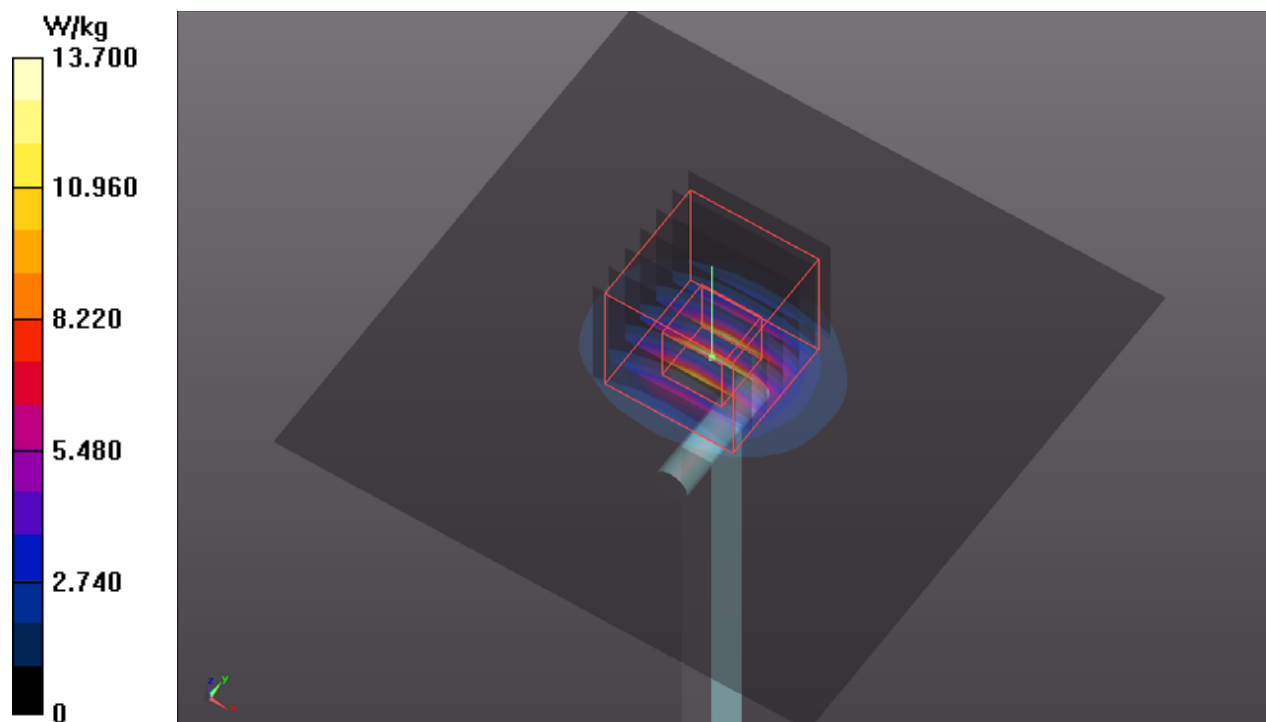
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 51.386 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

P01 GSM850_GPRS12_Rear Face_0cm_Ch189_w/o Pw Reduction_Sample1**DUT: 140410C14**

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.2

Medium: B835_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.375$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- Area Scan (91x201x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 W/kg

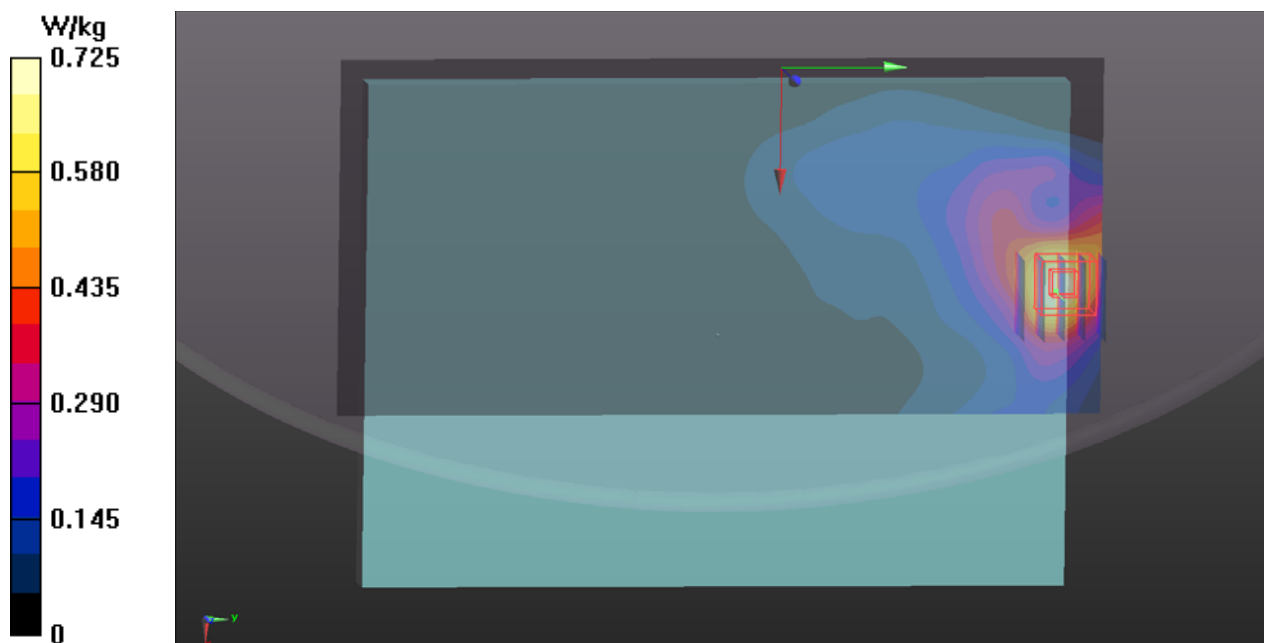
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 1.551 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.981 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.602 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.781 W/kg



P02 GSM1900_GPRS12_Right Side_0cm_Ch661_w/o Pw Reduction**DUT: 140410C13**

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: B1900_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.535$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.531$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (41x151x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.952 W/kg

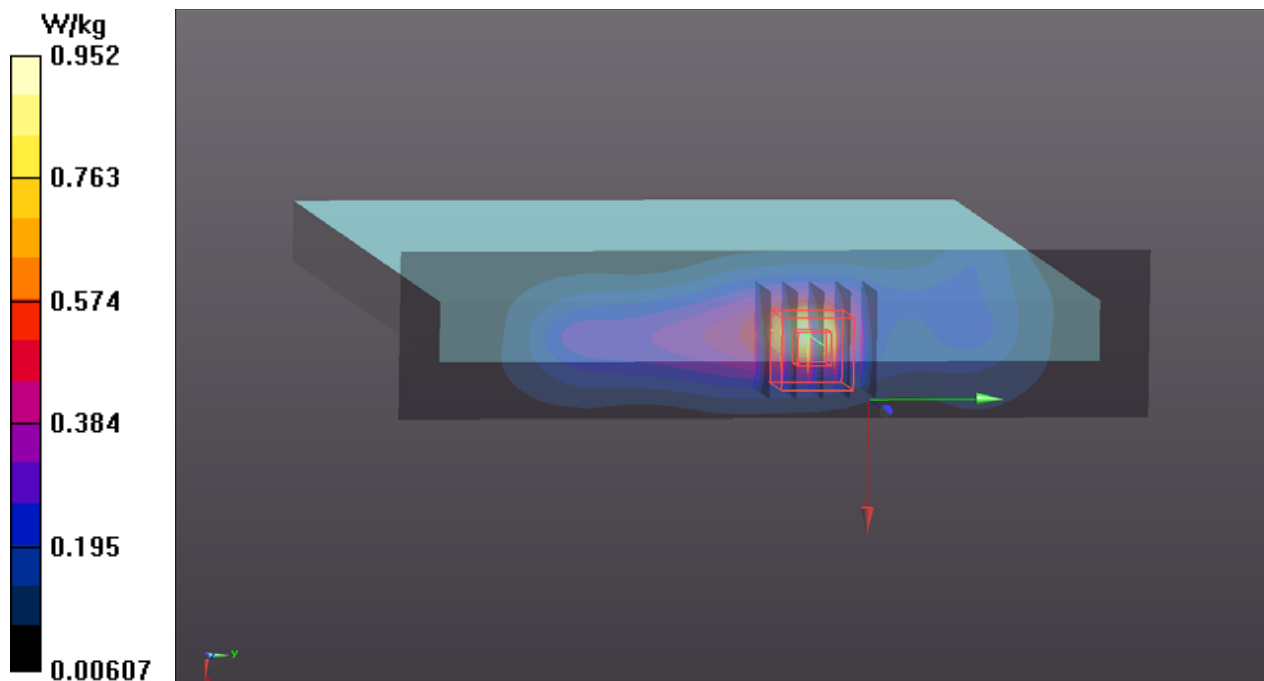
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 22.406 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.748 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.954 W/kg



P03 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Right Side_0cm_Ch9400_w/ Pw Reduction**DUT: 140410C13**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1900_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.535$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.531$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (41x151x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

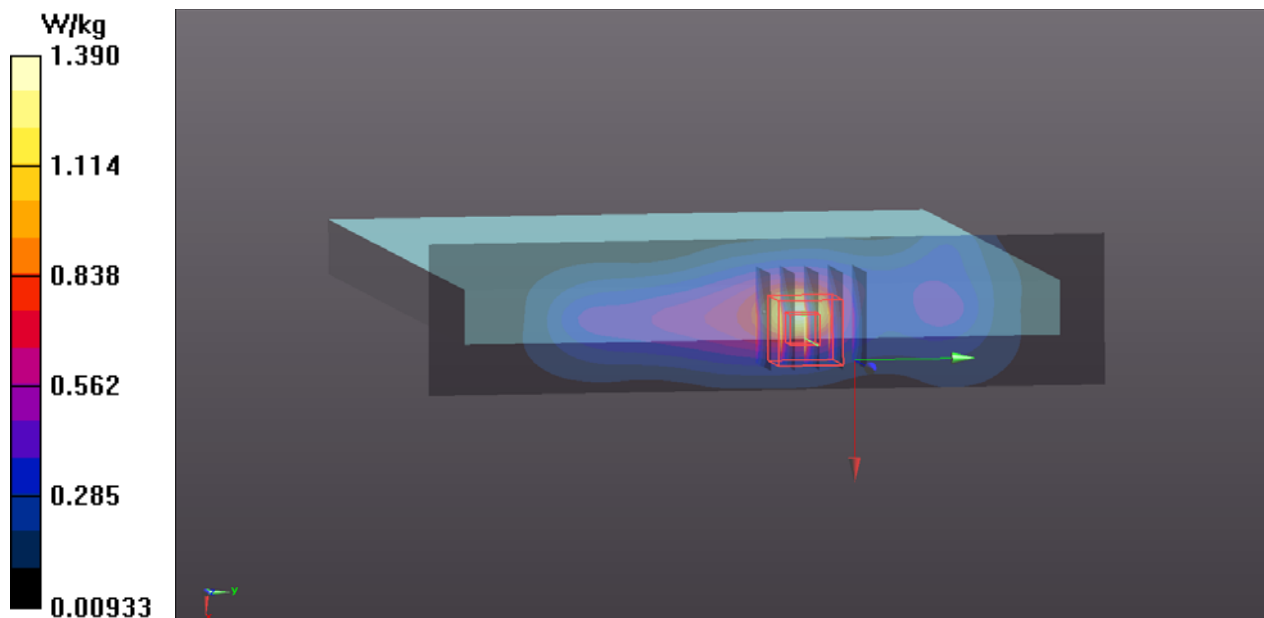
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 26.529 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.587 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.57 W/kg



P04 WCDMA IV_RMC12.2K_Right Side_0cm_Ch1513_w/ Pw Reduction**DUT: 140410C13**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1750_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 1753$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.334$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (41x151x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

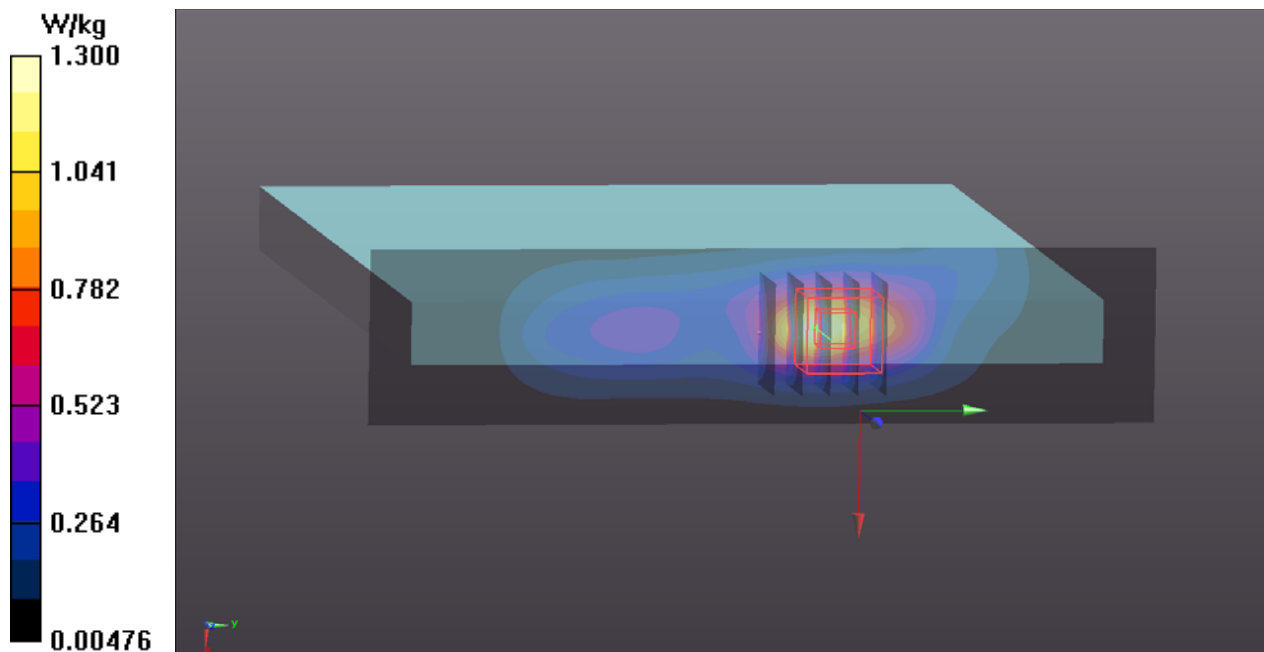
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 20.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.526 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



P05 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Right Side_0cm_Ch4132_w/o Pw Reduction**DUT: 140410C13**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835_0515 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.966$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.362$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 2014/04/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2013/07/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (41x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.858 W/kg

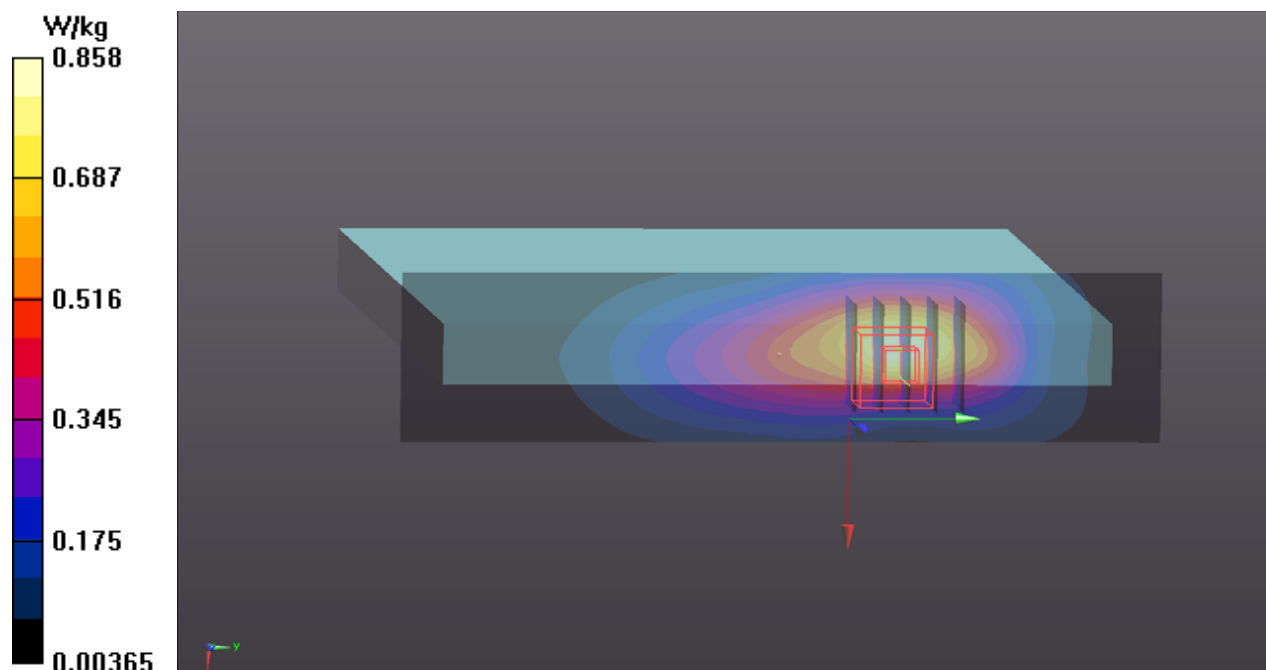
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.744 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.540 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.716 W/kg



P06 802.11b_Rear Face_0cm_Ch11_Sample1**DUT: 140410C14**

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0521 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.984$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.386$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.9°C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v4.0_Left; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (121x251x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.336 W/kg

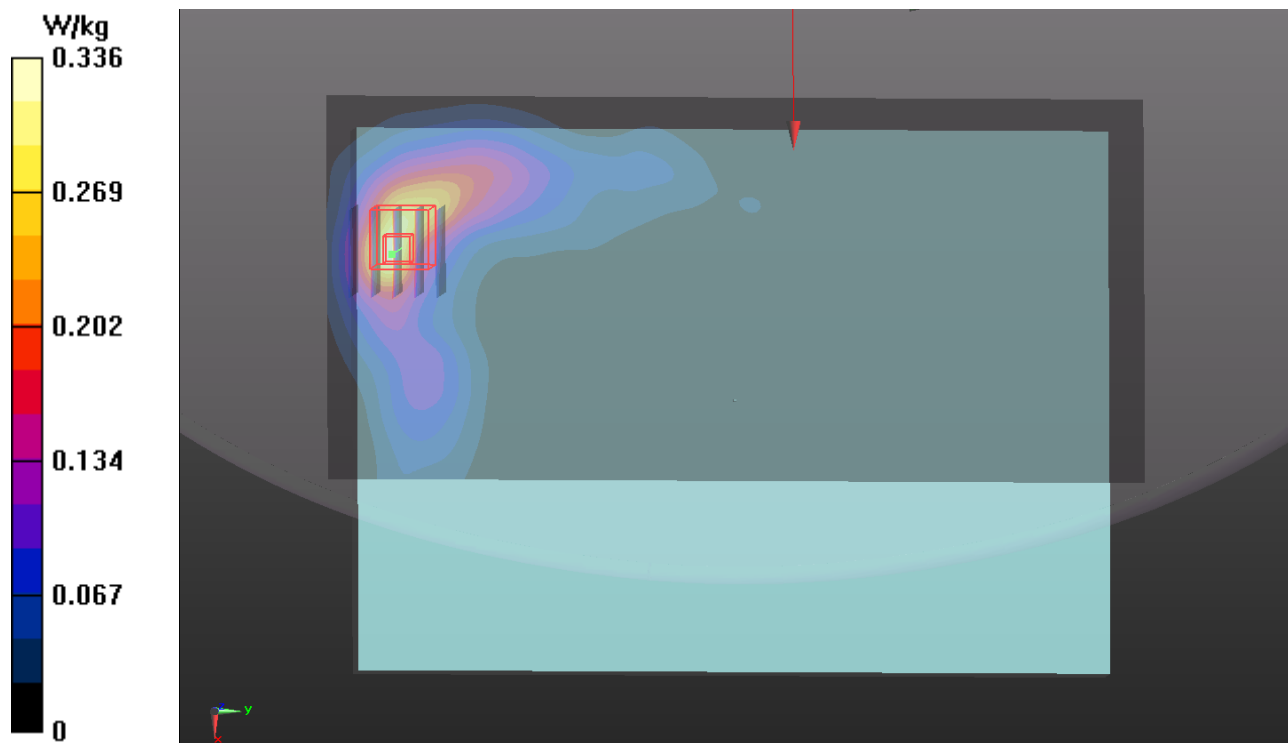
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.472 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.247 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 W/kg



P07 802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_C44_Sample1**DUT: 140410C14**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5220 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.16

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5220$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.361$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.305$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (141x301x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

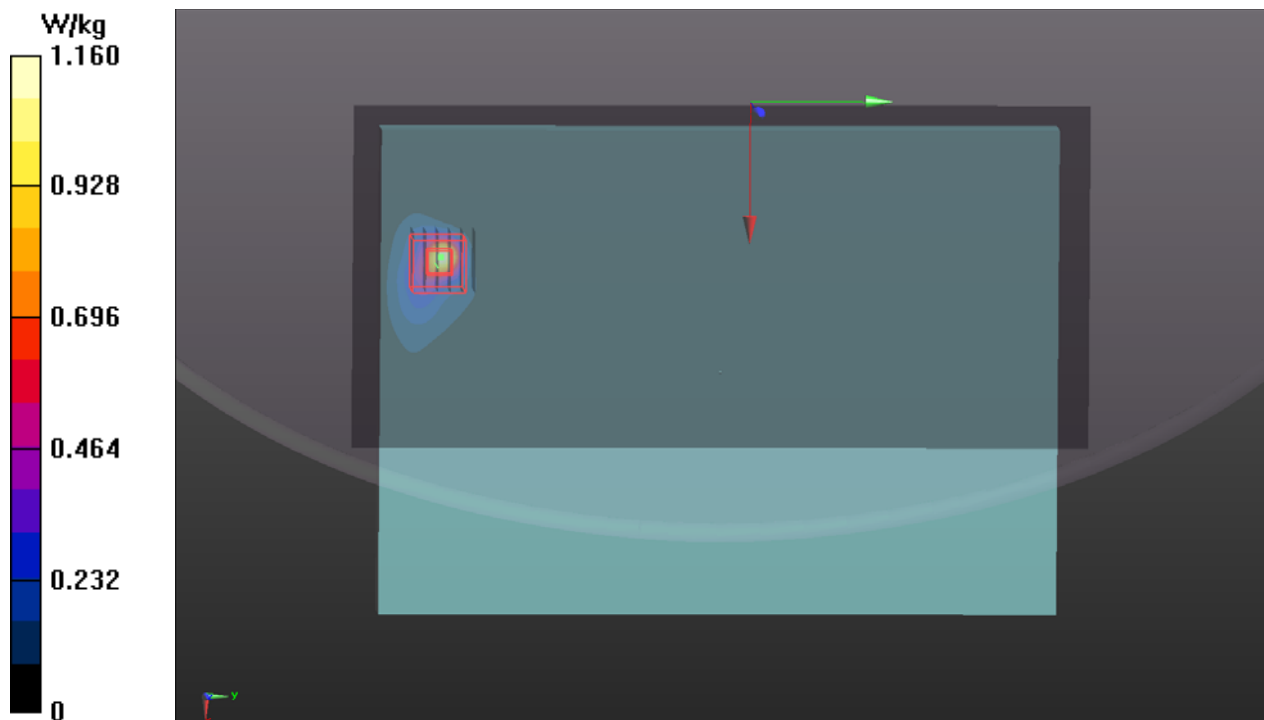
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.706 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg



P08 802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_Ch64_Sample1**DUT: 140410C14**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.16

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.494$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.096$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (141x301x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

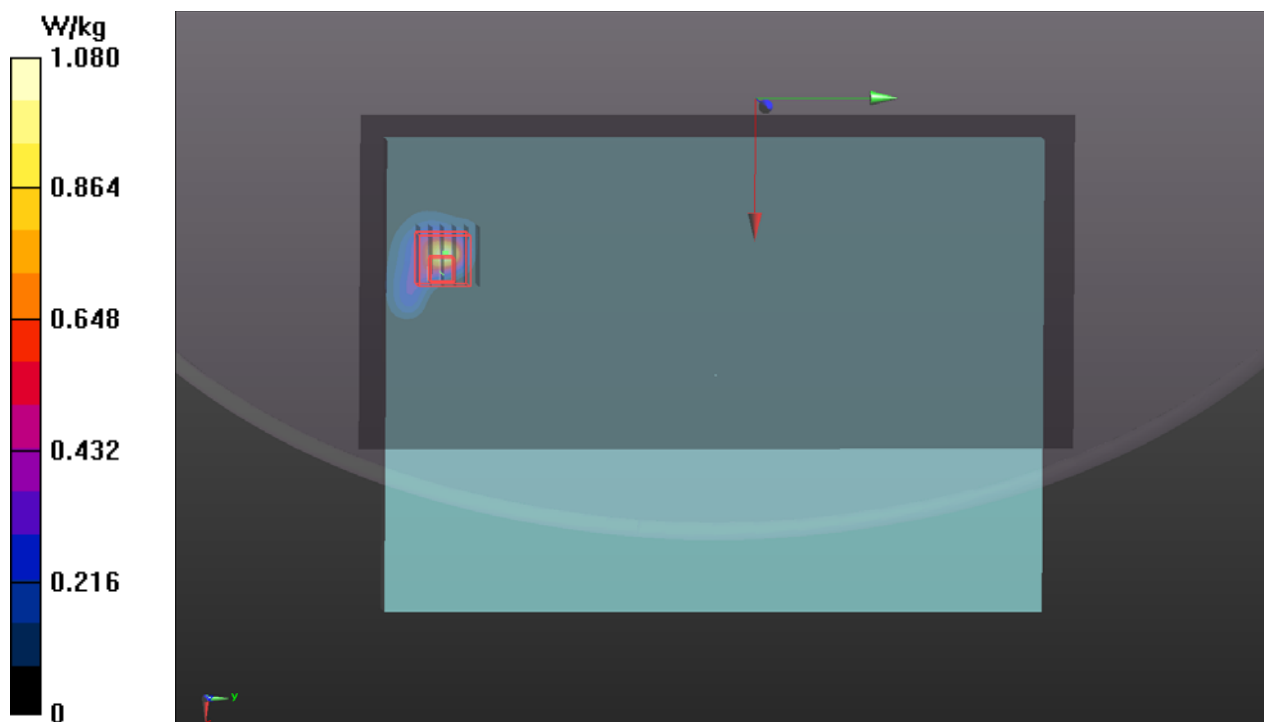
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.24 W/kg



P09 802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_Ch116_Sample1**DUT: 140410C14**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.16

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.867$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.645$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- **Area Scan (141x301x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.86 W/kg

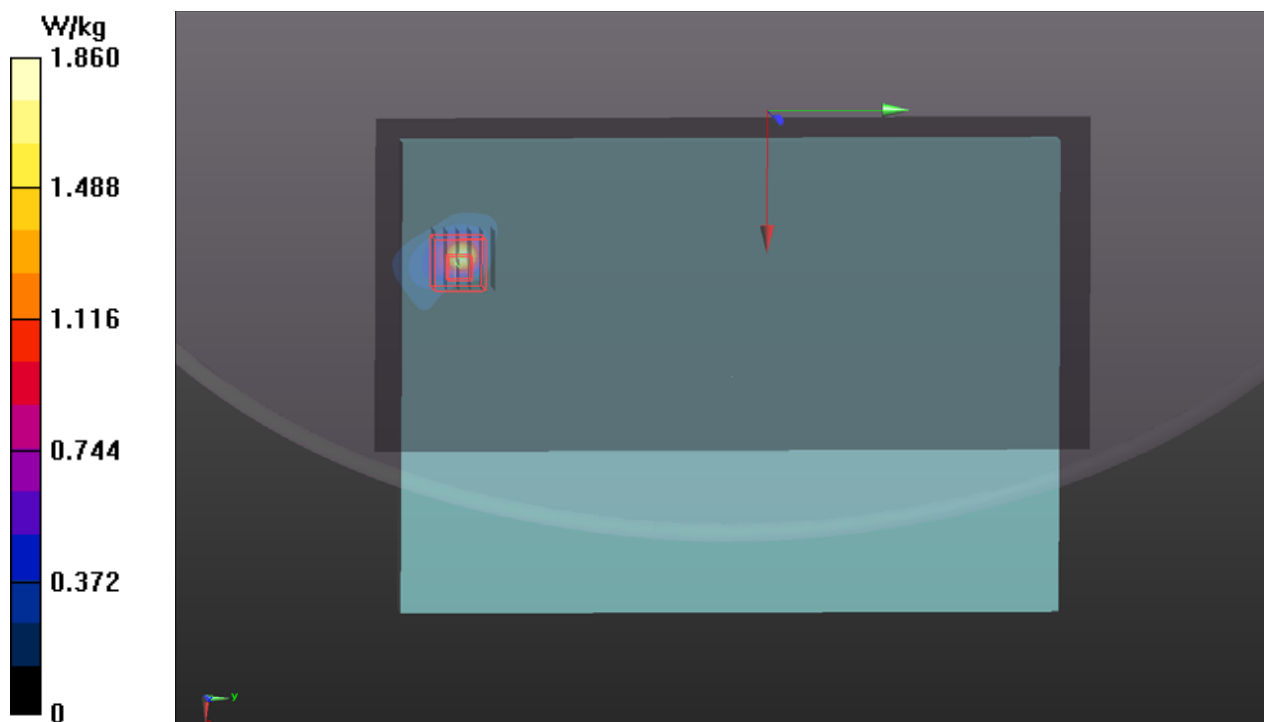
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 W/kg



P10 802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_Ch161_Sample1**DUT: 140410C14**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.16

Medium: B5G_0520 Medium parameters used: $f = 5805$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.183$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.232$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 2014/03/04;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2013/09/25
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_Right; Type: QD OVA 002 AA; Serial: SN:1245
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

- Area Scan (141x301x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.275 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 W/kg

