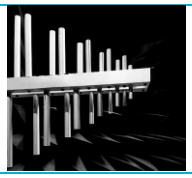
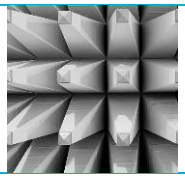

CTC advanced
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BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

TEST REPORT

Test Report No.: 1-2856/16-01-02-A

DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-12076-01-03

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Accredited Test Laboratory:
The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-03

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Manufacturer

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Test Standard/s

IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
IEEE Std. C95-3	IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item:	Range Extender for OB and SRR measurements via WLAN
Device type:	portable device
Model name:	**Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487**
S/N serial number:	DE03100103
FCC-ID:	PQC-OBTRNSBV1
Hardware status:	1642
Software status:	D.00.42
Frequency:	see technical details
Antenna:	integrated antennas
Battery option:	integrated battery
Test sample status:	identical prototype
Exposure category:	general population / uncontrolled environment

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test Report authorised:

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2016-02-19
Date of receipt of test item:	2016-02-25
Start of test:	2016-03-14
End of test:	2016-03-16
Person(s) present during the test:	

2.3 Statement of compliance

The SAR values found for the Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487 Range Extender for OB and SRR measurements via WLAN are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Health Canada's Safety Code 6 and the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure.
For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used in the standard configuration with the rear side towards the body, without a gap. Alternatively, it can be used with any accessory that positions the front side of the device a minimum of 10 mm from the body. The accessory itself must not contain any metal parts. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

2.4 Technical details

Band tested for this test report	Technology	Lowest transmit frequency/MHz	Highest transmit frequency/MHz	Lowest receive Frequency/MHz	Highest receive Frequency/MHz	Kind of modulation	Tested power control level	Test channel low	Test channel middle	Test channel high	Maximum average output power/dBm
☒	WLAN US	2412	2462	2412	2462	CCK OFDM	max	1	6	11	14.5
☒	WLAN	5180	5240	5180	5240	OFDM	max	--	--	--	14.9
☒	WLAN	5260	5320	5260	5320	OFDM	max	--	56	--	15.3
☒	WLAN	5500	5700	5500	5700	OFDM	max	--	108	--	16.0
☒	WLAN	5745	5825	5745	5825	OFDM	max	--	153	--	14.0
☐	SRR1	2405MHz … 2480MHz				DSSS	max	--	--	--	5.4
☐	SRR2	2405MHz … 2480MHz				DSSS	max	--	--	--	3.9
☐	OBR	608.375MHz … 613.625MHz				---	max	--	--	--	-6.2
☐	MBAN 1	2360MHz … 2400MHz				---	max	--	--	--	7.1
☐	MBAN 2	2360MHz … 2400MHz				---	max	--	--	--	3.9

2.5 Transmitter and Antenna Operating Configurations

Simultaneous transmission conditions		
MBAN + SRR + OBR	+	WLAN 2.4GHz
MBAN + SRR + OBR	+	WLAN 5GHz

Table 1: Simultaneous transmission conditions

3 Test standards/ procedures references

Test Standard	Version	Test Standard Description
IEEE 1528-2013	2013-06	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
IEEE Std. C95-3	2002	IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave
IEEE Std. C95-1	2005	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEC 62209-2	2010	Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices. Human models, instrumentation, and procedures. Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)

FCC KDBs:

KDB 865664D01v01	August 7, 2015	FCC OET SAR measurement requirements 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664D02v01	October 23, 2015	RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 447498D01v06	October 23, 2015	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB 648474D04v01	October 23, 2015	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
KDB 248227D01v02	October 23, 2015	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

3.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain and Trunk)	**1.60 mW/g**	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

4 Summary of Measurement Results

☒	**No deviations from the technical specifications ascertained**
☐	Deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

Maximum SAR value reported for 1g (W/kg)

		DTS	UNII	Limit
body worn front 10 mm distance		**0.177**	**0.659**	**1.6**
body worn 0 mm distance		**0.527**	**0.505**	**1.6**
collocated situations	**ΣSAR evaluation**	**0.840**		**1.6**

5 Test Environment

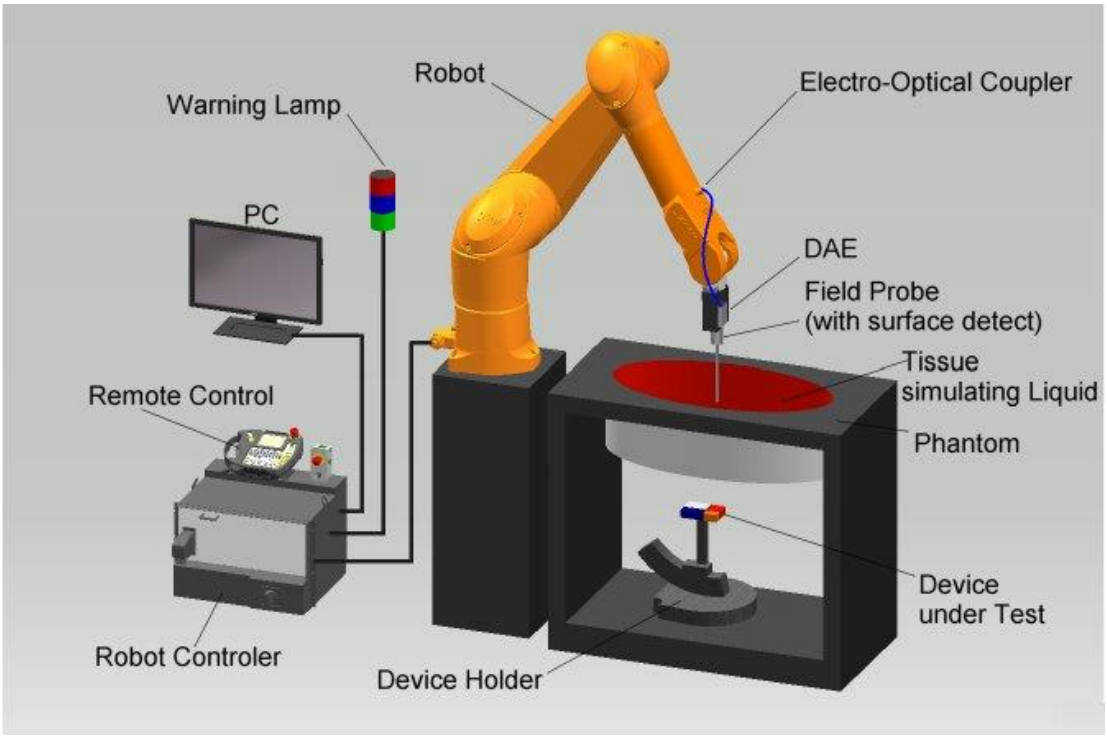
Ambient temperature:	20 – 24 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	20 – 24 °C
Relative humidity content:	40 – 50 %
Air pressure:	not relevant for this kind of testing
Power supply:	230 V / 50 Hz

Exact temperature values for each test are shown in the table(s) under 7.1 and/or on the measurement plots.

6 Test Set-up

6.1 Measurement system

6.1.1 System Description



- The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX/TX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY measurement server.
- The DASY measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The triple flat and eli phantom for the testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones and mounting device adaptor for laptops
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

6.1.2 Test environment

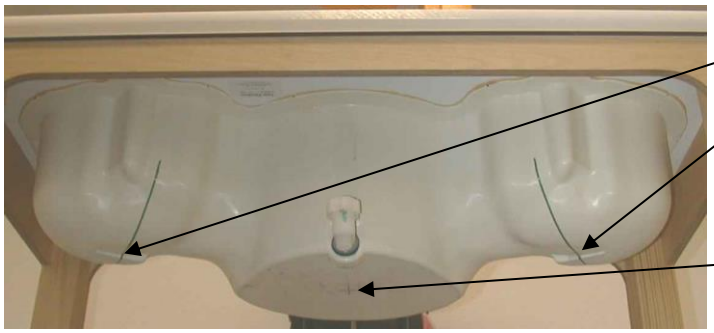
The DASY measurement system is placed in a laboratory room within an environment which avoids influence on SAR measurements by ambient electromagnetic fields and any reflection from the environment. The pictures at the beginning of the photo documentation show a complete view of the test environment. The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

6.1.3 Probe description

Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements	
Technical data according to manufacturer information	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically<1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20mm) Tip length: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

6.1.4 Phantom description

The used SAM Phantom meets the requirements specified in FCC KDB865664 D01 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements.
The phantom consists of a fibreglass shell integrated in a wooden table. It allows left-hand and right-hand head as well as body-worn measurements with a maximum liquid depth of 18 cm in head position and 22 cm in planar position (body measurements). The thickness of the Phantom shell is 2 mm +/- 0.1 mm.



Triple Modular Phantom consists of three identical modules which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. It includes three reference points for phantom installation. Covers prevent evaporation of the liquid. Phantom material is resistant to DGBE based tissue simulating liquids.

6.1.5 Device holder description

The DASY device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.

Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.
Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

6.1.6 Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The „reference“ and „drift“ measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.

- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.

- The „area scan“ measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges ≤ 2GHz is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges	
Frequency range	Grid spacing
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

- A „zoom scan” measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous „coarse“ scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x, y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges			
Frequency range	Grid spacing for	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm*	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm*	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm*	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm*	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm

* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.

6.1.7 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.

- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR - values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.

- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.

6.1.8 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4", ".DA5x". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U_i	= input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf	= crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcp_i	= diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes: $$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$$

with	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	$Norm_i$	= sensor sensitivity of channel i [mV/(V/m)^2] for E-field Probes	(i = x, y, z)
	ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution	
	a_{ij}	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes	
	f	= carrier frequency [GHz]	
	E_i	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m	
	H_i	= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_Y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with	SAR	= local specific absorption rate in mW/g
	E_{tot}	= total field strength in V/m
	σ	= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
	ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with	P_{pwe}	= equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm^2
	E_{tot}	= total electric field strength in V/m
	H_{tot}	= total magnetic field strength in A/m

6.1.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests described in section 7. are marked with ☒):

Ingredients (% of weight)	**Frequency (MHz)**								
frequency band	☐ 450	☐ 750	☐ 835	☐ 900	☐ 1450	☐ 1750	☐ 1900	☒ 2450	☒ 5000
Water	51.16	51.7	52.4	56.0	71.40	71.45	71.56	71.65	64 - 78
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	0.9	1.40	0.76	0.55	0.5	0.39	0.3	2 - 3
Sugar	46.78	47.2	45.0	41.76	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	0.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Tween 20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.95	27.95	27.95	27.95	0.0
Emulsifiers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9 - 15
Mineral Oil	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11 - 18

Table 3: Body tissue dielectric properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride
Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose
Tween 20: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate
Water: De-ionized, 16MΩ+ resistivity
HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

6.1.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Liquid MSL	Freq. (MHz)	Target body tissue		Measurement **body** tissue					Measurement date
		Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)	Permittivity	Dev.	Conductivity		Dev.	
						ε''	(S/m)		
2450	2412	52.75	1.91	51.7	-2.0%	14.39	1.93	0.9%	2016-03-15
	2437	52.72	1.94	51.6	-2.2%	14.46	1.96	1.2%	
	2450	52.70	1.95	51.6	-2.2%	14.47	1.97	1.1%	
	2462	52.68	1.97	51.6	-2.1%	14.54	1.99	1.2%	
5GHz	5200	49.01	5.30	50.5	3.0%	17.92	5.18	-2.2%	2016-03-16
	5280	48.91	5.39	50.3	2.9%	18.08	5.31	-1.5%	
	5500	48.61	5.65	50.0	2.9%	18.24	5.58	-1.2%	
	5540	48.55	5.70	49.9	2.8%	18.35	5.65	-0.7%	
	5765	48.25	5.96	49.5	2.6%	18.57	5.95	-0.1%	
	5800	48.20	6.00	49.5	2.7%	18.66	6.02	0.3%	

Table 4: Parameter of the body tissue simulating liquid

Note: The dielectric properties have been measured using the contact probe method at 22°C.

6.1.11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528/2003 and IEC 62209-1 for the 300 MHz - 3 GHz range								
Source of uncertainty	ncertainty Valu ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (1g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (10g)	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 6.0 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response time	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration time	± 2.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF ambient noise	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF ambient reflections	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Max.SAR evaluation	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device positioning	± 2.9 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	5
Power drift	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Combined Std.						± 11.1 %	± 10.8 %	387
Expanded Std.						± **22.1** %	± **21.6** %	

Table 5: Measurement uncertainties
Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528/2003.
The budget is valid for 2G and 3G communication signals and frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz.
For these conditions it represents a worst-case analysis. For specifc tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.

Relative DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests According to IEEE 1528/2013 and IEC62209/2011 for the 0.3 - 3GHz range									
Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (1g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (10g)	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 6.0 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	± 2.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response time	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration time	± 2.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF ambient noise	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF ambient reflections	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 2.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device positioning	± 2.9 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	5
Power drift	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 6.1 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 3.5 %	± 3.5 %	∞
SAR correction	± 1.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	0.84	± 1.1 %	± 0.9 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 2.3 %	± 2.0 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.26	0.26	± 0.8 %	± 0.8 %	∞
Temp. Unc. - Conductivity	± 3.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 1.5 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Temp. Unc. - Permittivity	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.23	0.26	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 11.3 %	± 11.3 %	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± **22.7** %	± **22.5** %	

Table 6: Measurement uncertainties
Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528/2013 and IEC 62209-1/2011 standards. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz -3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC 62209-2/2010 for the 300 MHz - 6 GHz range									
Source of uncertainty	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (1g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (10g)	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 6.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.6 %	± 6.6 %	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary effects	± 2.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	± 2.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response time	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration time	± 2.6 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF ambient noise	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF ambient reflections	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	∞
Probe positioning	± 6.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Post-processing	± 4.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device positioning	± 2.9 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	5
Power drift	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 7.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 4.6 %	± 4.6 %	∞
SAR correction	± 1.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	0.84	± 1.1 %	± 0.9 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 2.3 %	± 2.0 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.26	0.26	± 0.8 %	± 0.8 %	∞
Temp. Unc. - Conductivity	± 3.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 1.5 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Temp. Unc. - Permittivity	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.23	0.26	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 12.7 %	± 12.6 %	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± **25.4** %	± **25.3** %	

Table 7: Measurement uncertainties.

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to according to IEC 62209-2/2010 standard. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.

Relative DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests													
According to IEEE 1528/2003 and IEC 62209-1 for the 3 - 6 GHz range													
Error Description	Uncertainty Value			Probability Distribution	Divisor		c_i	c_i	Standard Uncertainty				v_i^2 or
							(1g)	(10g)	± %, (1g)		± %, (10g)		v_{eff}
Measurement System													
Probe calibration	±	6.6	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	6.6 %	±	6.6 %	∞
Axial isotropy	±	4.7	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.7	0.7	±	1.9 %	±	1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	±	9.6	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.7	0.7	±	3.9 %	±	3.9 %	∞
Boundary effects	±	2.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.2 %	±	1.2 %	∞
Probe linearity	±	4.7	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.7 %	±	2.7 %	∞
System detection limits	±	1.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	0.6 %	±	0.6 %	∞
Readout electronics	±	0.3	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.3 %	±	0.3 %	∞
Response time	±	0.8	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	0.5 %	±	0.5 %	∞
Integration time	±	2.6	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.5 %	±	1.5 %	∞
RF ambient noise	±	3.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.7 %	±	1.7 %	∞
RF ambient reflections	±	3.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.7 %	±	1.7 %	∞
Probe positioner	±	0.8	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	0.5 %	±	0.5 %	∞
Probe positioning	±	6.7	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	3.9 %	±	3.9 %	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	±	4.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.3 %	±	2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related													
Device positioning	±	2.9	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	2.9 %	±	2.9 %	145
Device holder uncertainty	±	3.6	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	3.6 %	±	3.6 %	5
Power drift	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.9 %	±	2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Set-up													
Phantom uncertainty	±	4.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.3 %	±	2.3 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.64	0.43	±	1.8 %	±	1.2 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.64	0.43	±	1.8 %	±	1.2 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.6	0.49	±	1.7 %	±	1.4 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.6	0.49	±	1.7 %	±	1.4 %	∞
Combined Uncertainty									±	12.1 %	±	11.9 %	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty									±	**24.3** %	±	**23.8** %	

Table 8: Measurement uncertainties

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 valid for 3G communication signals and frequency range 3 - 6 GHz. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.

Relative DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests														
According to IEEE 1528/2013 and IEC62209-1/2011 (3-6GHz range)														
Error Description	Uncertainty Value			Probability Distribution	Divisor		c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (1g)			Standard Uncertainty ± %, (10g)			v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System															
Probe calibration	±	6.6	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	6.6	%	±	6.6	%	∞
Axial isotropy	±	4.7	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.7	0.7	±	1.9	%	±	1.9	%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	±	9.6	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.7	0.7	±	3.9	%	±	3.9	%	∞
Boundary effects	±	2.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.2	%	±	1.2	%	∞
Probe linearity	±	4.7	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.7	%	±	2.7	%	∞
System detection limits	±	1.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	0.6	%	±	0.6	%	∞
Modulation Response	±	2.4	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.4	%	±	1.4	%	∞
Readout electronics	±	0.3	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	0.3	%	±	0.3	%	∞
Response time	±	0.8	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	0.5	%	±	0.5	%	∞
Integration time	±	2.6	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.5	%	±	1.5	%	∞
RF ambient noise	±	3.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.7	%	±	1.7	%	∞
RF ambient reflections	±	3.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	1.7	%	±	1.7	%	∞
Probe positioner	±	0.8	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	0.5	%	±	0.5	%	∞
Probe positioning	±	6.7	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	3.9	%	±	3.9	%	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	±	4.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.3	%	±	2.3	%	∞
Test Sample Related															
Device positioning	±	2.9	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	2.9	%	±	2.9	%	145
Device holder uncertainty	±	3.6	%	Normal		1	1	1	±	3.6	%	±	3.6	%	5
Power drift	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	2.9	%	±	2.9	%	∞
Phantom and Set-up															
Phantom uncertainty	±	6.6	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	1	±	3.8	%	±	3.8	%	∞
SAR correction	±	1.9	%	Rectangular	√	3	1	0.84	±	1.1	%	±	0.9	%	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.78	0.71	±	2.3	%	±	2.0	%	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	±	5.0	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.26	0.26	±	0.8	%	±	0.8	%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Conductivity	±	3.4	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.78	0.71	±	1.5	%	±	1.4	%	∞
Temp. Unc. - Permittivity	±	0.4	%	Rectangular	√	3	0.23	0.26	±	0.1	%	±	0.1	%	∞
Combined Uncertainty									±	12.4	%	±	12.4	%	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty									±	**24.9**	%	±	**24.8**	%	

Table 9: Measurement uncertainties
Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528/2013 and IEC 62209-1/2011 standards. The budget is valid for the frequency range 3GHz -6GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.

6.1.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for System Check

Uncertainty of a System Performance Check with DASY5 System for the 0.3 - 3 GHz range									
Source of uncertainty	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (1g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (10g)	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 6.0 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response time	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration time	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Dev. of experimental dipole	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Source to liquid distance	± 2.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Power drift	± 3.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.0 %	± 2.0 %	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
SAR correction	± 1.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	0.84	± 1.1 %	± 0.9 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	± 3.9 %	± 3.6 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Normal	1	0.26	0.26	± 1.3 %	± 1.3 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	± 1.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 0.8 %	± 0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	± 0.3 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.23	0.26	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 9.1 %	± 8.9 %	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± **18.2** %	± **17.9** %	

Table 10: Measurement uncertainties of the System Check with DASY5 (0.3-3GHz)

Uncertainty of a System Performance Check with DASY5 System for the 3 - 6 GHz range									
Source of uncertainty	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (1g)	Standard Uncertainty ± %, (10g)	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 6.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.6 %	± 6.6 %	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.7	0.7	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout electronics	± 0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response time	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration time	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.8 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	∞
Probe positioning	± 6.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Dev. of experimental dipole	± 0.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Source to liquid distance	± 2.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Power drift	± 3.4 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.0 %	± 2.0 %	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
SAR correction	± 1.9 %	Rectangular	√ 3	1	0.84	± 1.1 %	± 0.9 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	± 3.9 %	± 3.6 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 5.0 %	Normal	1	0.26	0.26	± 1.3 %	± 1.3 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	± 1.7 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.78	0.71	± 0.8 %	± 0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	± 0.3 %	Rectangular	√ 3	0.23	0.26	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 10.1 %	± 10.0 %	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± **20.2** %	± **19.9** %	

Table 11: Measurement uncertainties of the System Check with DASY5 (3-6GHz)

Note: Worst case probe calibration uncertainty has been applied for all probes used during the measurements.

6.1.13 System check

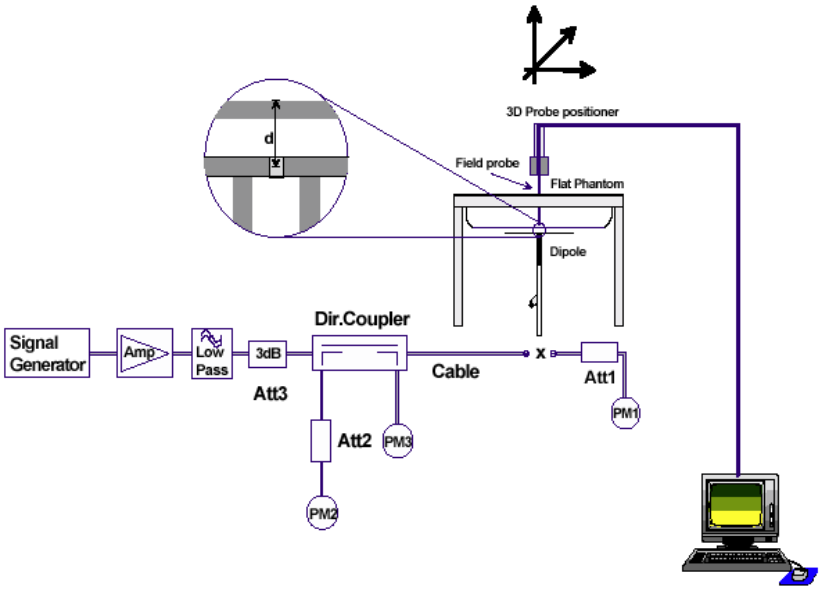
The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE 1528. The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System performence check (1000 mW)									
System validation Kit	Probe	Frequency	Target SAR1g /mW/g (+/- 10%)	Target SAR10g /mW/g (+/- 10%)	Measured SAR1g / mW/g	SAR1g dev.	Measured SAR10g / mW/g	SAR10g dev.	Measured date
D2450V2 S/N: 710	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	2450 MHz body	51.00	23.80	50.30	-1.4%	23.30	-2.1%	2016-03-15
D5GHzV2 S/N: 1055	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	5200 MHz body	76.60	21.50	71.70	-6.4%	20.60	-4.2%	2016-03-16
D5GHzV2 S/N: 1055	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	5500 MHz body	83.80	23.30	82.70	-1.3%	23.30	0.0%	2016-03-16
D5GHzV2 S/N: 1055	EX3DV4 S/N: 3944	5800 MHz body	80.30	22.20	81.30	1.2%	22.80	2.7%	2016-03-16

Table 12: Results system check

6.1.14 System check procedure

The system check is performed by using a validation dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 1000 mW for frequencies below 2 GHz or 100 mW for frequencies above 2 GHz. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).
System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



6.1.15 System validation

The system validation is performed in a similar way as a system check. It needs to be performed once a SAR measurement system has been established and allows an evaluation of the system accuracy with all components used together with the specified system. It has to be repeated at least once a year or when new system components are used (DAE, probe, phantom, dipole, liquid type).
In addition to the procedure used during system check a system validation also includes checks of probe isotropy, probe modulation factor and RF signal.

The following table lists the system validations relevant for this test report:

Frequency (MHz)	DASY SW	Dipole Type /SN	Probe Type / SN	Calibrated signal type(s)	DAE unit Type / SN	head validation	body validation
2450	V52.8.7	D2450V2 / 710	EX3DV4 / 3944	CW	DAE3/ 477	2015-11-21	2015-11-21
5200	V52.8.7	D5GHzV2 / 1055	EX3DV4 / 3944	CW	DAE3/ 477	2015-09-05	2015-09-02
5500	V52.8.7	D5GHzV2 / 1055	EX3DV4 / 3944	CW	DAE3/ 477	2015-09-08	2015-09-03
5800	V52.8.7	D5GHzV2 / 1055	EX3DV4 / 3944	CW	DAE3/ 477	2015-09-09	2015-09-03

7 Detailed Test Results

7.1 Conducted power measurements

7.1.1 Conducted power measurements WLAN 2.4 GHz

802.11b		maximum average conducted output power [dBm]			
Band	Ch	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
2450MHz	1	**14.4**	14.5	14.5	14.4
	6	14.3	14.3	14.4	14.3
	11	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7

Table 13: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11b

802.11g		maximum average conducted output power [dBm]							
Band	Ch	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
2450MHz	1	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
	6	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.5	13.5	12.9	11.2
	11	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6

Table 14: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11g

802.11n HT-20		maximum average conducted output power [dBm]							
Band	Ch	MCS-0 6.5Mbps	MCS-1 13Mbps	MCS-2 19.5Mbps	MCS-3 26Mbps	MCS-4 39Mbps	MCS-5 52Mbps	MCS-6 58.5Mbps	MCS-7 65Mbps
2450MHz	1	8.2	8.4	8.3	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.7	6.6
	6	11.0	10.9	11.0	11.2	11.1	11.4	10.5	6.5
	11	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.5	8.6	5.9

Table 15: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-20

802.11n HT-40		maximum average conducted output power [dBm]							
Band	Ch	MCS-0 13.5Mbps	MCS-1 27Mbps	MCS-2 40.5Mbps	MCS-3 54Mbps	MCS-4 81Mbps	MCS-5 108Mbps	MCS-6 121.5Mbps	MCS-7 135Mbps
2450MHz	3	9.0	8.8	8.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.5	6.1
	6	9.8	9.8	9.8	10.1	9.6	9.6	9.1	6.7
	11	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.5	5.8

Table 16: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-40

7.1.2 Conducted power measurements WLAN 5 GHz

802.11a		maximum average conducted output power [dBm]							
Band	**Ch**	**6Mbps**	**9Mbps**	**12Mbps**	**18Mbps**	**24Mbps**	**36Mbps**	**48Mbps**	**54Mbps**
5200	36	13.5	13.8	13.6	13.5	14.4	14.4	12.8	11.8
	40	14.0	14.0	13.9	14.0	14.5	14.4	12.8	11.9
	44	14.1	13.6	14.1	14.1	14.5	14.4	13.0	12.1
	48	**14.5**	14.0	14.5	14.6	14.9	14.9	13.5	12.5
5300	52	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.8	14.7	13.4	12.3
	56	**15.0**	14.9	14.9	15.0	15.0	15.3	13.8	12.9
	60	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.0	14.0	13.0	12.2
	64	14.5	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.3	14.2	13.3	12.5
5600	100	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.9	13.0	12.6	11.7
	104	15.5	15.4	15.5	15.5	15.3	13.5	13.1	12.1
	108	**16.0**	15.9	15.5	16.0	15.8	14.4	13.5	12.6
	112	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.6	13.3	13.3	12.8
	116	15.9	15.9	15.4	15.4	15.3	14.3	14.3	13.0
	120	15.0	15.1	15.0	15.5	15.4	13.5	13.9	12.6
	124	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.1	15.3	13.9	13.5	12.1
	128	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.4	14.0	13.6	12.6
	132	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.7	13.3	12.8	11.9
	136	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.8	13.5	13.0	12.0
	140	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.5	13.0	12.7	11.7
5800	149	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.4	13.7	12.7	12.2	10.4
	153	**13.6**	13.6	13.6	13.6	14.0	13.0	12.5	10.6
	157	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.5	13.8	12.8	12.3	10.5
	161	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.5	12.5	12.1	10.1
	165	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.5	13.8	12.8	12.3	10.4

Table 17: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11a

802.11n HT-20 / 802.11ac VHT-20 maximum average conducted output power [dBm]									
Band [MHz]	Ch	MCS-0 6.5Mbps	MCS-1 13Mbps	MCS-2 19.5Mbps	MCS-3 26Mbps	MCS-4 39Mbps	MCS-5 52Mbps	MCS-6 58.5Mbps	MCS-7 65Mbps
5200	36	12.9	12.7	13.0	12.8	12.7	12.2	11.2	7.8
	40	12.9	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.2	12.7	11.3	8.4
	44	13.1	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.5	11.1	8.2
	48	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.4	13.4	12.9	11.4	8.6
5300	52	13.4	13.3	13.4	13.8	13.8	12.8	11.4	8.1
	56	13.9	13.8	13.9	14.3	14.3	13.3	12.0	8.6
	60	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.5	13.5	12.5	11.1	7.8
	64	13.9	13.8	13.9	14.3	14.3	12.9	11.5	8.2
5600	100	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.9	13.0	13.1	10.7	6.8
	104	14.9	14.9	14.9	15.3	13.5	13.5	11.2	7.3
	108	15.4	15.2	15.3	15.8	14.5	14.5	11.8	7.8
	112	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.5	14.1	14.1	11.4	7.5
	116	15.3	15.2	15.3	15.8	14.3	14.3	11.5	7.6
	120	14.9	14.8	14.9	15.3	13.8	13.8	11.1	7.3
	124	14.9	14.9	14.9	15.2	13.9	13.9	11.0	7.4
	128	14.9	14.8	14.9	15.3	13.9	13.9	11.0	7.4
	132	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.6	13.3	13.2	10.4	6.8
	136	14.8	14.8	14.9	14.8	13.4	13.4	10.6	7.2
	140	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.4	13.0	13.0	10.6	6.8
5800	149	13.0	13.2	13.2	13.7	12.6	11.7	10.3	5.6
	153	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.8	12.9	11.9	10.5	5.7
	157	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.7	12.8	11.8	10.4	5.7
	161	13.0	12.9	13.0	13.4	12.5	11.5	10.1	5.2
	165	13.3	13.2	13.3	13.7	12.7	11.8	10.3	5.5

Table 18: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-20 / 802.11ac VHT-20

802.11n HT-40 / 802.11ac VHT-40 maximum average conducted output power [dBm]									
Band [MHz]	Ch	MCS-0 13.5Mbps	MCS-1 27Mbps	MCS-2 40.5Mbps	MCS-3 54Mbps	MCS-4 81Mbps	MCS-5 108Mbps	MCS-6 121.5Mbps	MCS-7 135Mbps
5200	38	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.8	10.9	10.4	9.9	8.6
	46	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.7	14.7	13.3	11.8	9.0
5300	54	13.8	13.8	13.7	14.1	14.2	13.2	12.2	9.0
	62	11.5	11.5	11.5	12.4	12.4	12.4	11.4	8.3
5600	102	14.9	14.9	14.9	15.3	13.5	13.5	11.2	7.2
	110	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.9	14.6	14.5	11.8	8.0
	118	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.7	14.4	14.3	11.5	7.8
	126	14.9	14.9	14.9	15.3	14.1	14.1	11.2	7.6
	134	14.4	14.3	14.3	14.7	13.5	13.4	10.6	7.2
5800	151	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.8	12.8	11.9	10.6	5.8
	159	12.7	12.7	12.7	13.4	12.6	11.5	10.1	5.3

Table 19: Test results conducted power measurement 802.11n HT-40 / 802.11ac VHT-40

7.1.3 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations for **body worn** position						
Communication system	freq. (MHz)	distance (mm)	P_{avg}* (dBm)	P_{avg}* (mW)	**threshold$_{1-g}$ comparison value**	SAR test exclusion
WLAN 2450	2450	10	15.0	31.6	4.9	no
WLAN 5.2 GHz	5200	10	16.0	39.8	9.1	no
WLAN 5.3 GHz	5300	10	16.0	39.8	9.2	no
WLAN 5.6 GHz	5600	10	16.0	39.8	9.4	no
WLAN 5.8 GHz	5800	10	15.0	31.6	7.6	no
MBAN 1 ID248	2400	10	7.1	5.1	0.8	yes
MBAN 2 ID251	2400	10	3.9	2.5	0.4	yes
SRR1	2450	10	3.1	2.0	0.3	yes
SRR2	2450	10	1	1.3	0.2	yes
OBR	611	10	-6.2	0.2	0.0	yes

Table 20: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations in **body position**

P_{avg}* - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

The **1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds** for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ **3.0** for 1-g SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

7.1.4 SAR measurement positions

SAR measurement positions						
mode	front	rear	left edge	right edge	top edge	bottom edge
WLAN 2450	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
WLAN 5.2GHz	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
WLAN 5.3GHz	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
WLAN 5.6GHz	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
WLAN 5.8GHz	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes

Antenna dimensions and separation distances see in the photo documentation.

7.2 SAR test results

7.2.1 General description of test procedures

- The DUT is tested using a test software to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
- Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- Required WLAN test channels were selected according to KDB 248227

7.2.2 Results overview

measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - body worn - WLAN 2450 MHz											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	test cond.	Position	cond. P_{max} (dBm)		SAR_{1g} (W/kg)		Full SAR at 100% DF	power drift (dB)	liquid (°C)	dist. (mm)
				declared*	meas.	meas.	extrap.				
1	2412	1Mbit/s	front	15.0	14.4	**0.147**	**0.169**	**0.177**	-0.06	20.9	10
6	2437	1Mbit/s	front	15.0	14.3	0.137	0.161	0.169	0.08	20.9	10
11	2462	1Mbit/s	front	15.0	13.7	0.084	0.114	0.120	-0.15	20.9	10
1	2412	1Mbit/s	rear	15.0	14.4	0.065	0.075	0.078	-0.04	20.9	0
1	2412	1Mbit/s	left edge	15.0	14.4	0.022	0.025	0.027	-0.17	20.9	0
1	2412	1Mbit/s	right edge	15.0	14.4	0.066	0.075	0.079	-0.07	20.9	0
1	2412	1Mbit/s	bottom edge	15.0	14.4	**0.437**	**0.502**	**0.527**	-0.03	20.9	0

Table 21: Test results body worn SAR WLAN 2450 MHz (see max. SAR plot in Annex B.1: WLAN 2450MHz page 38)

measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - extremity - WLAN 2450 MHz											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	test cond.	Position	cond. P_{max} (dBm)		**SAR_{10g}** (W/kg)		Full SAR at 100% DF	power drift (dB)	liquid (°C)	dist. (mm)
				declared*	meas.	meas.	extrap.				
1	2412	1Mbit/s	rear	15.0	14.4	0.037	0.042	0.045	-0.04	20.9	0

Table 22: Test results extremity SAR WLAN 2450 MHz

measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - Body worn - WLAN 5 GHz											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	test cond.	Position	cond. P_{max} (dBm)		SAR_{1g} (W/kg)		Full SAR at 100% DF	power drift (dB)	liquid (°C)	dist. (mm)
				declared*	meas.	meas.	extrap.				
56	5280	6Mbit/s	front	16.0	15.0	0.299	0.376	0.395	-0.06	20.4	10
108	5540	6Mbit/s	front	16.0	16.0	**0.537**	0.537	0.564	-0.04	20.4	10
153	5765	6Mbit/s	front	15.0	13.6	0.455	**0.628**	**0.659**	-0.13	20.4	10
56	5280	6Mbit/s	rear	16.0	15.0	0.089	0.112	0.118	-0.02	20.4	0
108	5540	6Mbit/s	rear	16.0	16.0	0.037	0.037	0.039	-0.07	20.4	0
153	5765	6Mbit/s	rear	15.0	13.6	0.022	0.030	0.032	-0.13	20.4	0
56	5280	6Mbit/s	left edge	16.0	15.0	0.109	0.137	0.144	-0.05	20.4	0
108	5540	6Mbit/s	left edge	16.0	16.0	0.211	0.211	0.222	-0.02	20.4	0
153	5765	6Mbit/s	left edge	15.0	13.6	0.145	0.200	0.210	-0.11	20.4	0
56	5280	6Mbit/s	right edge	16.0	15.0	0.184	0.232	0.243	-0.05	20.4	0
108	5540	6Mbit/s	right edge	16.0	16.0	0.120	0.120	0.126	-0.06	20.4	0
153	5765	6Mbit/s	right edge	15.0	13.6	0.084	0.116	0.122	0.02	20.4	0
56	5280	6Mbit/s	bottom edge	16.0	15.0	0.382	0.481	0.505	0.03	20.4	0
108	5540	6Mbit/s	bottom edge	16.0	16.0	0.391	0.391	0.411	-0.06	20.4	0
153	5765	6Mbit/s	bottom edge	15.0	13.6	0.324	0.447	0.470	-0.01	20.4	0

Table 23: Test results body worn SAR WLAN 5 GHz (see max. SAR plot in Annex B.2: WLAN 5GHz page 40)
* - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

measured / extrapolated SAR numbers - extremity - WLAN 5 GHz											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	test cond.	Position	cond. P_{max} (dBm)		SAR_{10g} (W/kg)		Full SAR at 100% DF	power drift (dB)	liquid (°C)	dist. (mm)
				declared**	meas.	meas.	extrap.				
56	5280	6Mbit/s	rear	16.0	15.0	0.032	0.040	**0.042**	-0.02	20.4	0
108	5540	6Mbit/s	rear	16.0	16.0	0.011	0.011	0.012	-0.07	20.4	0
153	5765	6Mbit/s	rear	15.0	13.6	0.004	0.006	0.006	-0.13	20.4	0

Table 24: Test results extremity SAR WLAN 5 GHz

Estimated stand alone SAR.					
Communication system	freq. (GHz)	distance (mm)	P_{avg} (dBm)	P_{avg} (mW)	$estimated_{1-g}$ (W/kg)
MBAN 1 ID248	2.4	10	7.1	5.1	0.106
MBAN 2 ID251	2.4	10	5.5	3.5	0.073
SRR1	2.45	10	5.4	3.5	0.072
SRR2	2.45	10	3.9	2.5	0.051
OBR	0.611	10	-6.2	0.2	0.003

Table 25: Estimated stand alone SAR_{max} for body

7.2.3 Multiple Transmitter Information

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05.

reported SAR WLAN 2.4GHz / 5GHz, MBAN, SRR and OBR, ΣSAR evaluation						
Frequency band	Position	SAR_{max} /W/kg				**ΣSAR**
		WLAN	MBAN	SRR	OBR	<1.6W/kg
WLAN2450	front	0.177	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.358
	rear	0.025	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.206
	left side	0.010	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.191
	right side	0.017	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.198
	bottom	0.098	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.279
WLAN5GHz	front	0.659	0.106	0.072	0.003	**0.840**
	rear	0.118	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.299
	left side	0.058	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.239
	right side	0.094	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.275
	bottom	0.114	0.106	0.072	0.003	0.295

Table 26: SAR_{max} **WLAN 2.4GHz / 5GHz, MBAN, SRR and OBR**, ΣSAR evaluation.

Conclusion:

ΣSAR < 1.6 W/kg, therefore simultaneous transmissions SAR measurement with the enlarged zoom scan measurement and volume scan post-processing procedures is **not** required.

8 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Frequency (months)
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	3944	August 14, 2015	12
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	710	August 11, 2014	24
5 GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV 2	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1055	August 14, 2015	24
Data acquisition electronics	DAE3V1	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	477	May 22, 2015	12
Software	DASY52 52.8.7	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	---	N/A	--
SAM Twin Phantom V5.0	QD 000 P40 C	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1813	N/A	--
Network Analyser 300 kHz to 6 GHz	8753ES	Hewlett Packard)*	US39174436	January 29, 2015	24
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	Hewlett Packard	US99360146	N/A	12
Signal Generator	8671B	Hewlett Packard	2823A00656	January 29, 2015	24
Amplifier	25S1G4 (25 Watt)	Amplifier Reasearch	20452	N/A	--
Power Meter	NRP	Rohde & Schwarz	101367	February 1, 2016	24
Power Meter Sensor	NRP Z22	Rohde & Schwarz	100227	February 1, 2016	12
Power Meter Sensor	NRP Z22	Rohde & Schwarz	100234	February 1, 2016	12
Directional Coupler	778D	Hewlett Packard	19171	February 1, 2016	12

)* : Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

9 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A: System performance check

Date/Time: 15.03.2016 09:23:00

SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 MSL 2016-03-15

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 710

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.973 S/m; ε_r = 51.561; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

HSL2450/d=10mm, Pin=1000 mW, dist=2mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 76.6 W/kg

HSL2450/d=10mm, Pin=1000 mW, dist=2mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

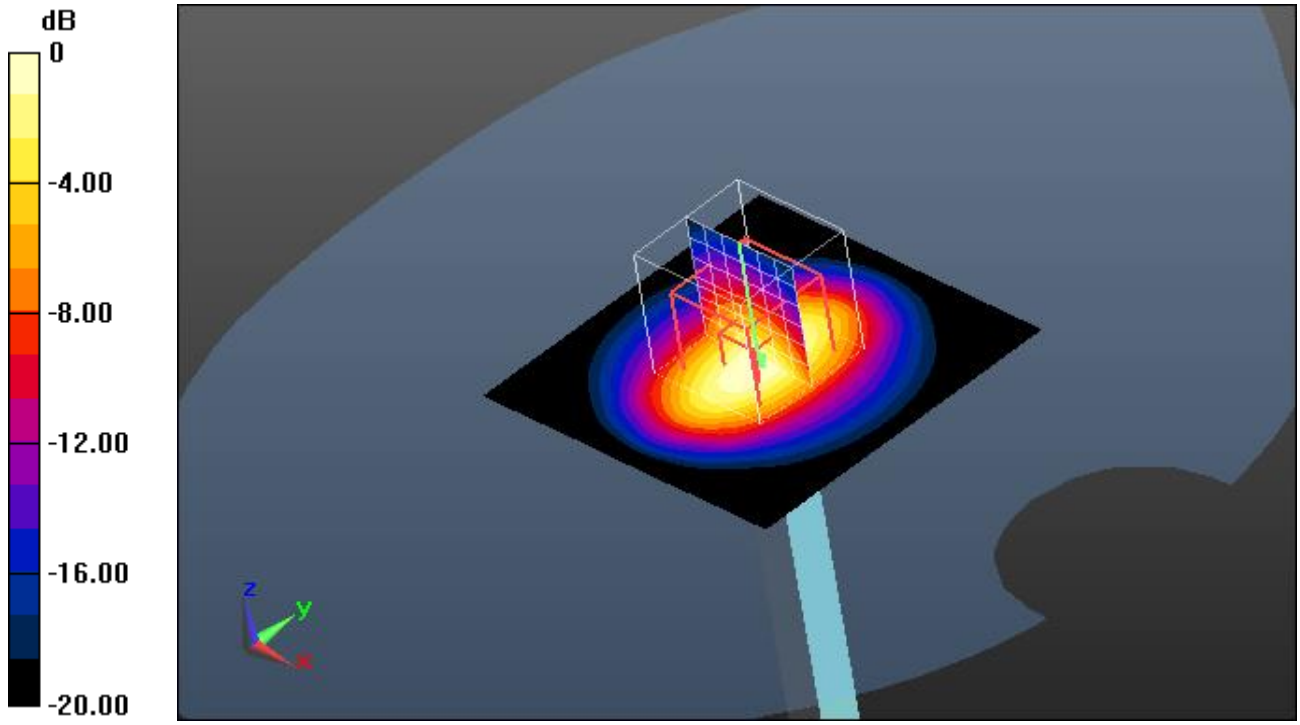
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 200.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 102 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 50.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 23.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 76.8 W/kg



0 dB = 76.8 W/kg = 18.85 dBW/kg

Additional information:

ambient temperature: 21.6°C; liquid temperature: 20.9°C

Date/Time: 16.03.2016 13:00:37

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz MSL 2016-03-16

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1055

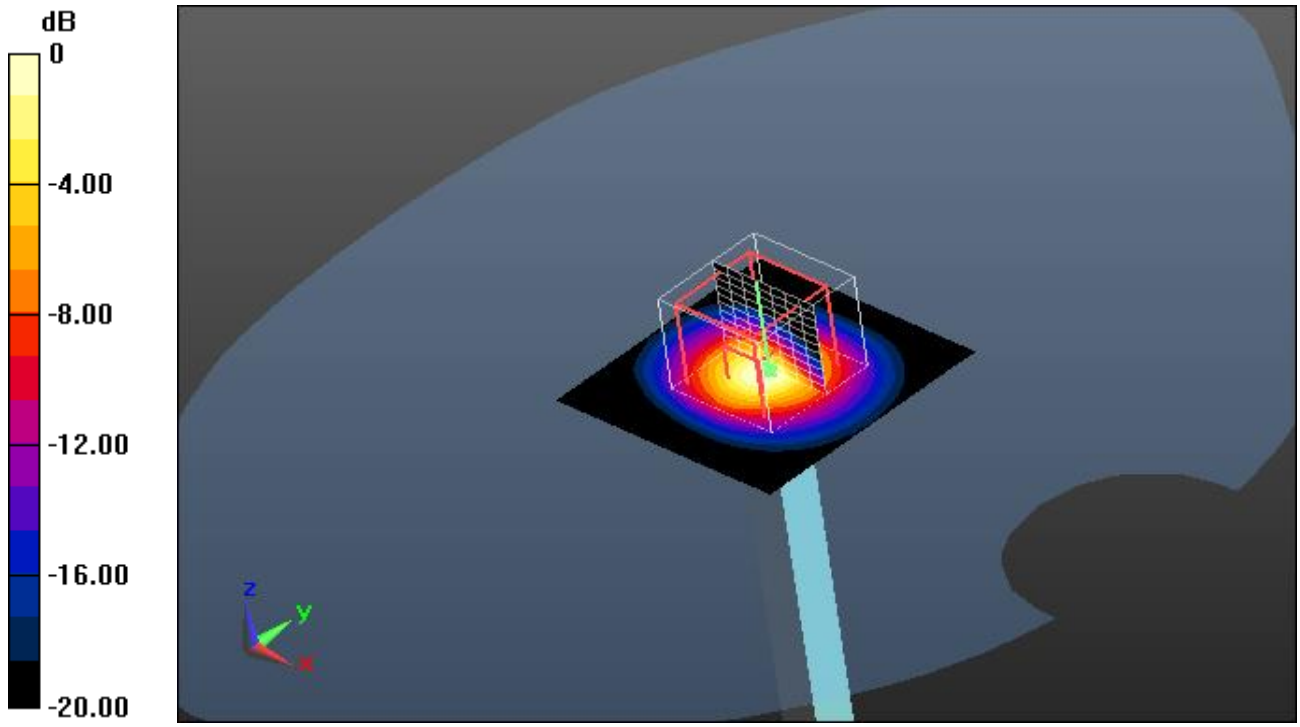
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.183 S/m; ε_r = 50.481; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL/d=10mm, Pin=1000mW 5.2GHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 143 W/kg

MSL/d=10mm, Pin=1000mW 5.2GHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 175.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 276 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 71.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.6 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 143 W/kg



0 dB = 143 W/kg = 21.55 dBW/kg

Additional information:
ambient temperature: 21.3°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Date/Time: 16.03.2016 14:38:01

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz MSL 2016-03-16

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1055

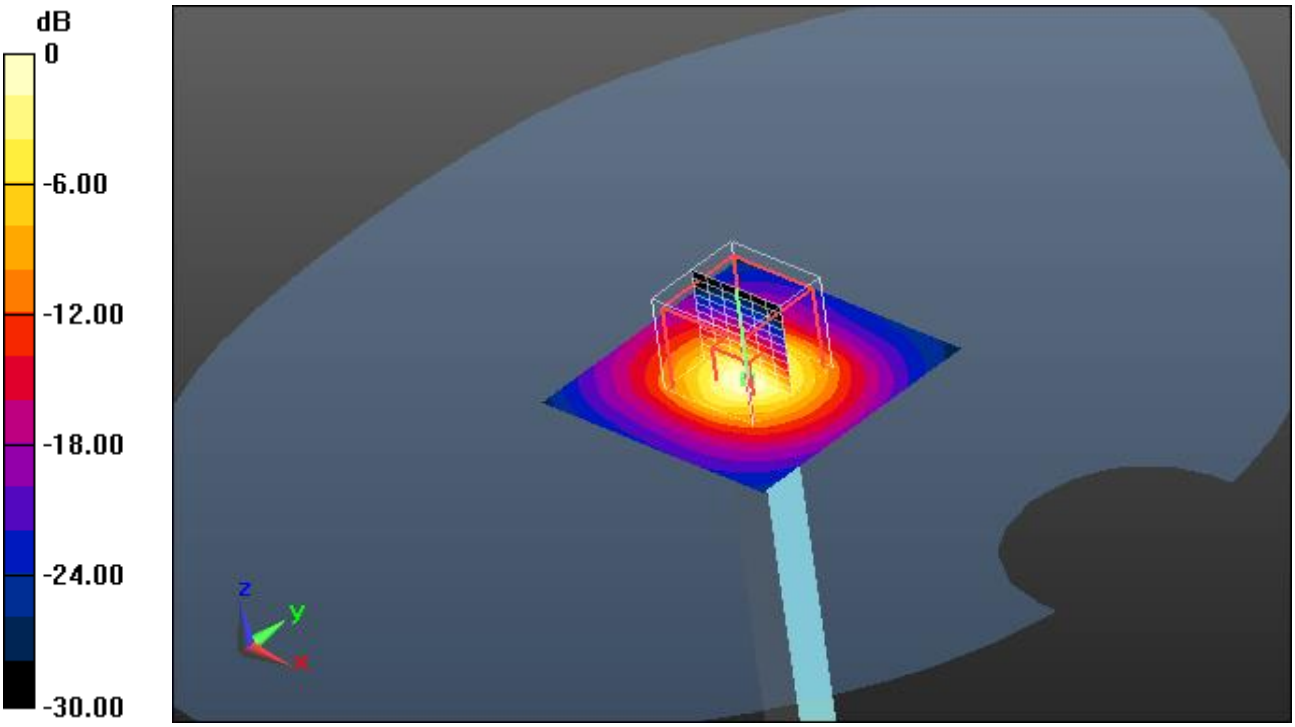
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.582 S/m; ε_r = 49.997; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 5.5GHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 174 W/kg

MSL/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 5.5GHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 195.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 319 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 82.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 23.3 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 174 W/kg



0 dB = 174 W/kg = 22.41 dBW/kg

Additional information:
ambient temperature: 21.3°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Date/Time: 16.03.2016 15:20:10

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5GHz MSL 2016-03-16

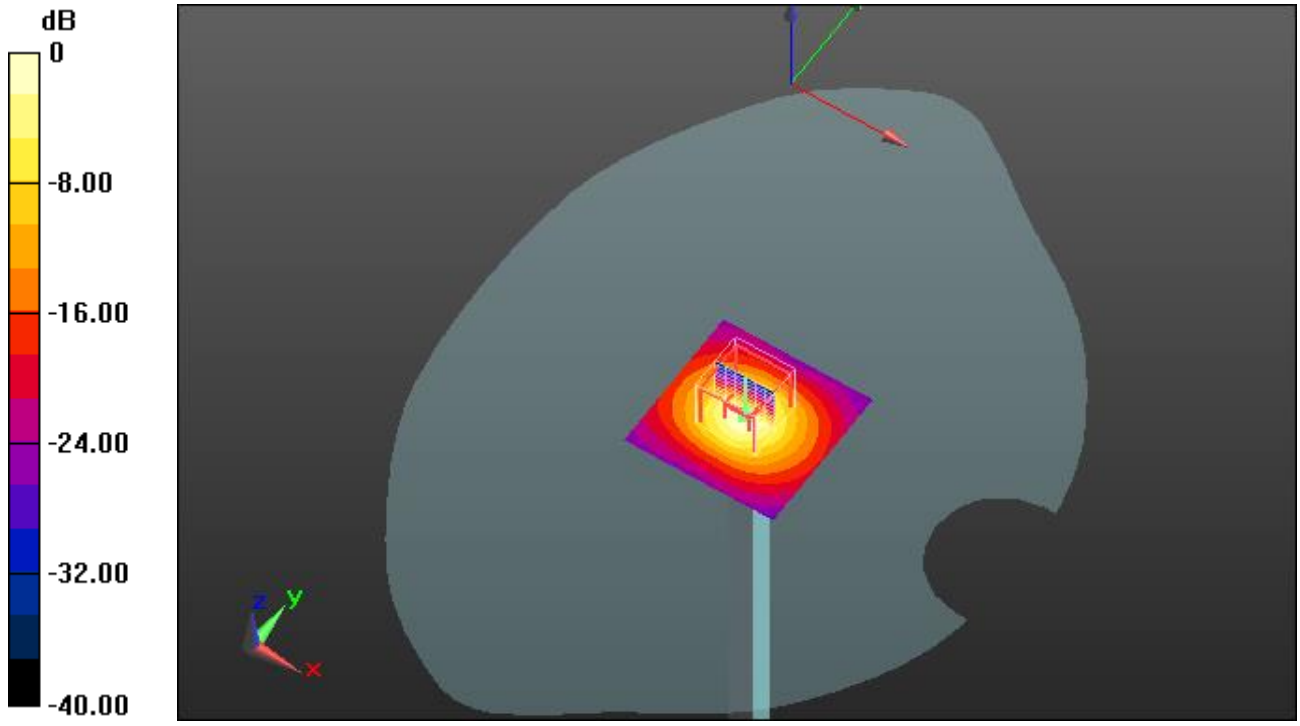
DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1055
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);
Frequency: 5800 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.02 S/m; ε_r = 49.493; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 5.8GHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 177 W/kg

MSL/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 5.8GHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 181.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 326 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 81.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 22.8 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 172 W/kg



0 dB = 172 W/kg = 22.36 dBW/kg

Additional information:
ambient temperature: 21.3°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Annex B: DASY5 measurement results

SAR plots for **the highest measured SAR** in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02

Annex B.1: WLAN 2450MHz

Date/Time: 15.03.2016 10:05:26

FCC-WLAN-2450 body worn

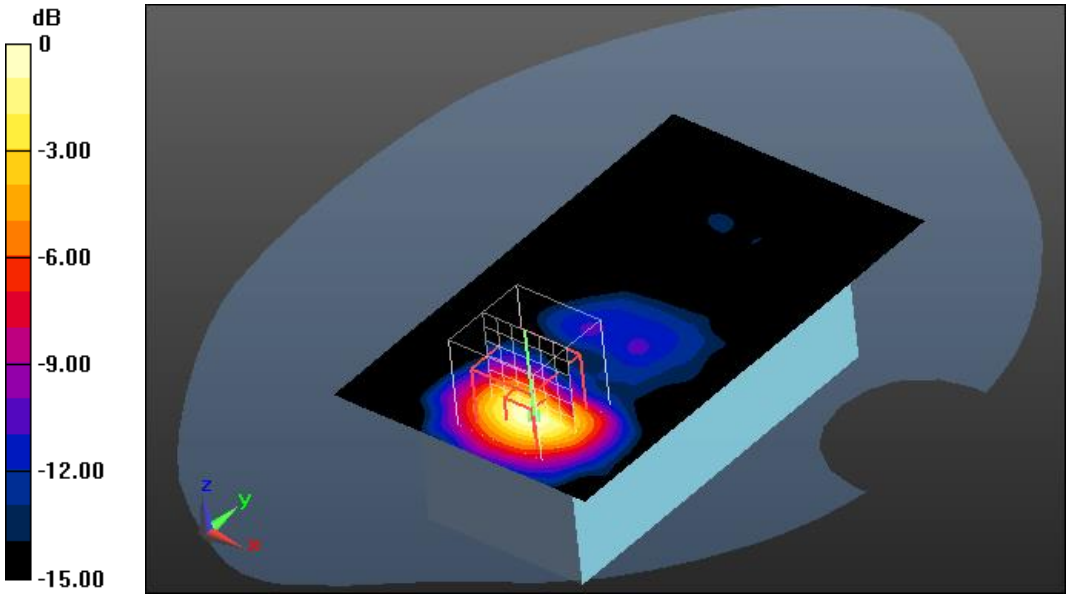
DUT: Philips; Type: Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487; Serial: DE03100103
Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2450 (0); Communication System Band: 2.4 GHz; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.931 S/m; ε_r = 51.674; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL2450 - 10 mm/Front low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.208 W/kg

MSL2450 - 10 mm/Front low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.414 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.295 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.147 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



0 dB = 0.221 W/kg = -6.56 dBW/kg

Additional information:
position or distance of DUT to SAM: 10 mm
ambient temperature: 21.6°C; liquid temperature: 20.9°C

Date/Time: 15.03.2016 10:32:50

FCC-WLAN-2450 body worn

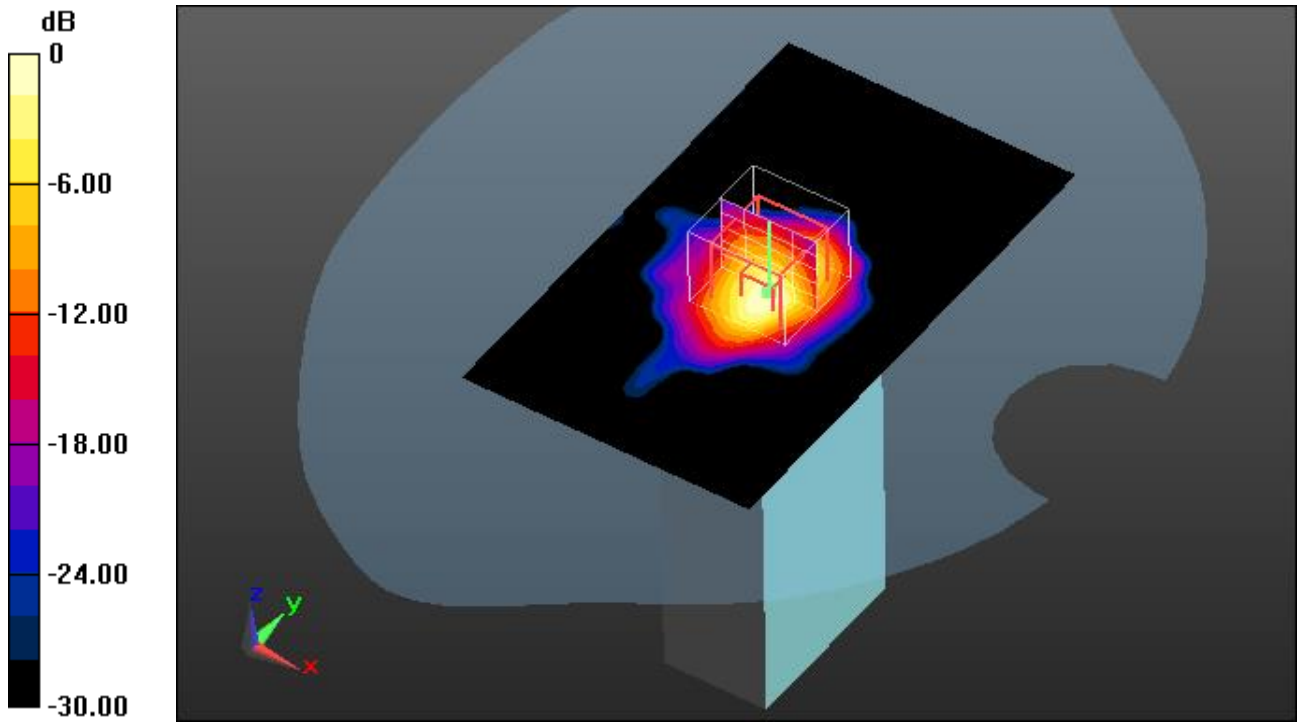
DUT: Philips; Type: Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487; Serial: DE03100103
Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2450 (0); Communication System Band: 2.4 GHz; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.931 S/m; ε_r = 51.674; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 26.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL2450 - 0 mm/Bottom low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.740 W/kg

MSL2450 - 0 mm/Bottom low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.405 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.749 W/kg



0 dB = 0.749 W/kg = -1.26 dBW/kg

Additional information:
position or distance of DUT to SAM: 0 mm
ambient temperature: 21.6°C; liquid temperature: 20.9°C

Annex B.2: WLAN 5GHz

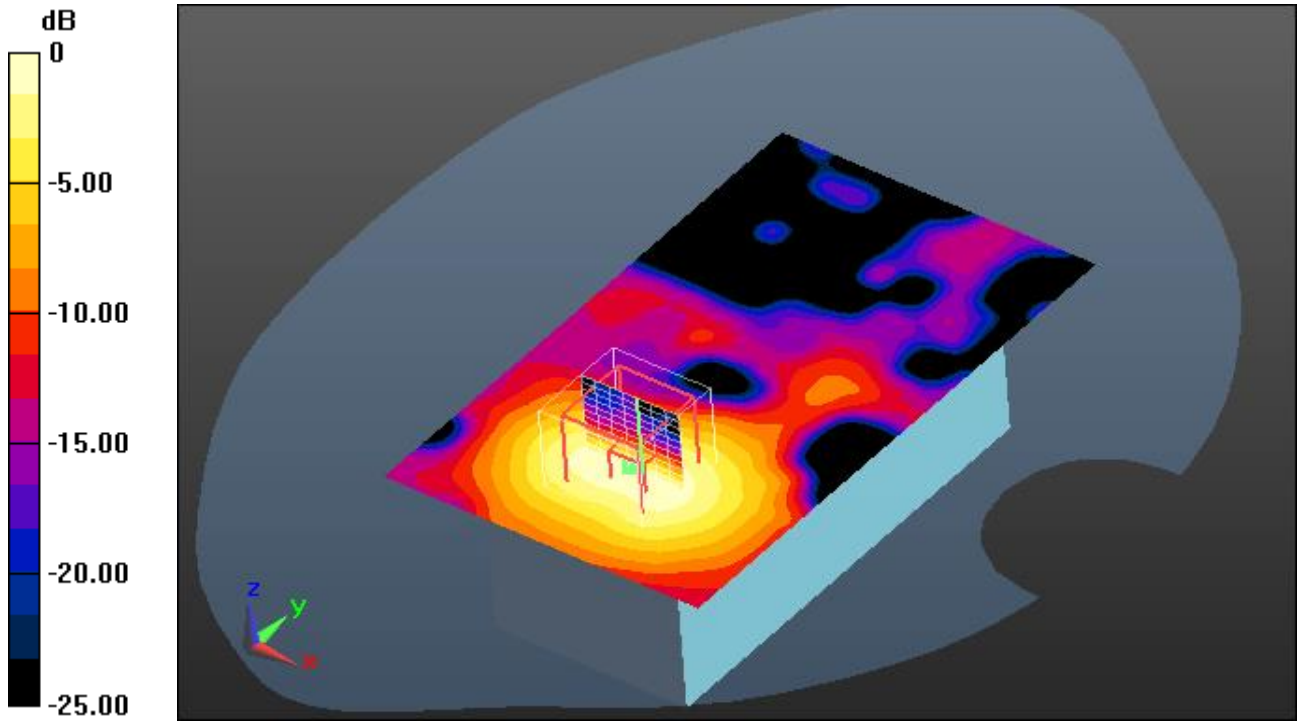
Date/Time: 16.03.2016 10:23:09

FCC-WLAN5GHz body worn

DUT: Philips; Type: Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487; Serial: DE03100103
Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5GHz (0); Communication System Band: 5 GHz Band; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; σ = 5.31 S/m; ε_r = 50.31; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL - 10 mm/Front Ch56/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.482 W/kg

MSL - 10 mm/Front Ch56/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.221 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 W/kg



0 dB = 0.520 W/kg = -2.84 dBW/kg

Additional information:
position or distance of DUT to SAM: 10 mm
ambient temperature: 21.3°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Date/Time: 16.03.2016 10:58:46

FCC-WLAN5GHz body worn

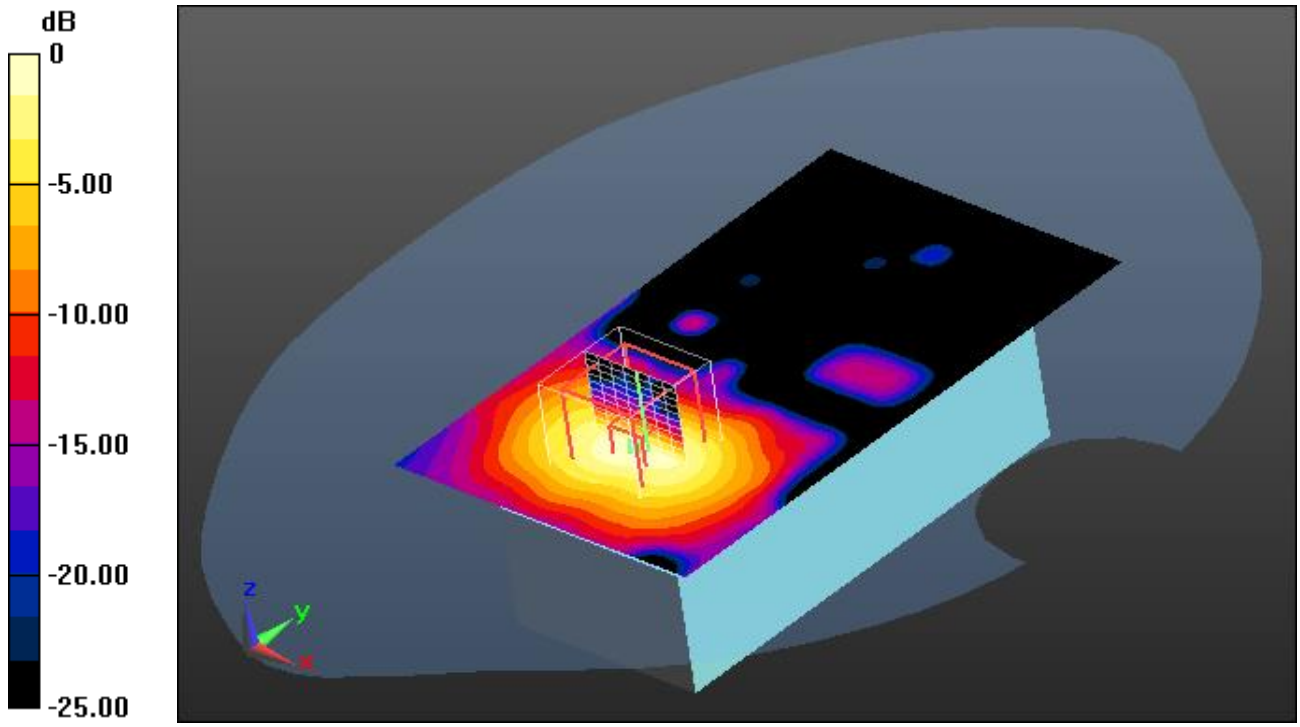
DUT: Philips; Type: Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487; Serial: DE03100103
Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5GHz (0); Communication System Band: 5 GHz Band; Frequency: 5540 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 5540 MHz; σ = 5.654 S/m; ε_r = 49.901; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL - 10 mm/Front Ch108/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.942 W/kg

MSL - 10 mm/Front Ch108/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.368 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.92 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.537 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.982 W/kg



0 dB = 0.982 W/kg = -0.08 dBW/kg

Additional information:
position or distance of DUT to SAM: 10 mm
ambient temperature: 21.3°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Date/Time: 16.03.2016 11:26:37

FCC-WLAN5GHz body worn

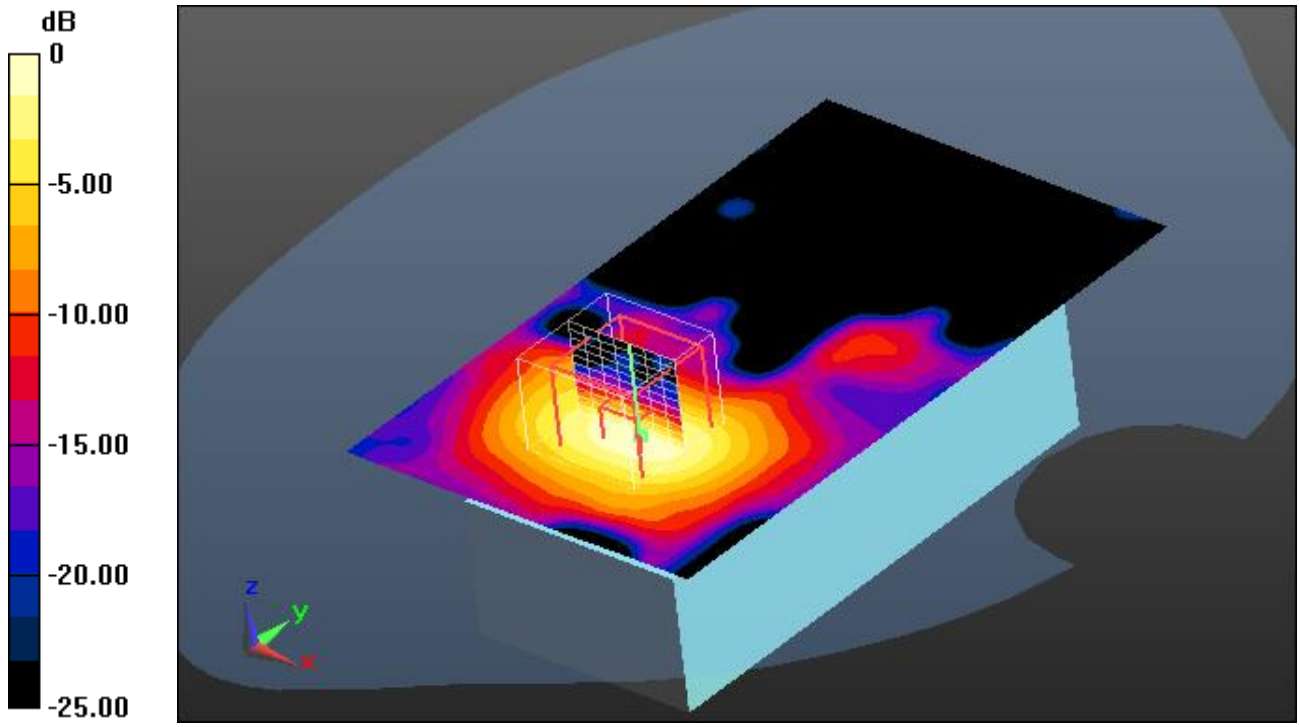
DUT: Philips; Type: Avalon CL Wide Range Pod 866487; Serial: DE03100103
Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5GHz (0); Communication System Band: 5 GHz Band; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1
Medium parameters used: f = 5765 MHz; σ = 5.954 S/m; ε_r = 49.525; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3944; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 14.08.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 22.05.2015
- Phantom: SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

MSL - 10 mm/Front Ch153/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.836 W/kg

MSL - 10 mm/Front Ch153/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.070 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.455 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.866 W/kg



0 dB = 0.866 W/kg = -0.62 dBW/kg

Additional information:
position or distance of DUT to SAM: 10 mm
ambient temperature: 21.3°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Annex B.3: Liquid depth

Photo 1: Liquid depth 2450 MHz body simulating liquid

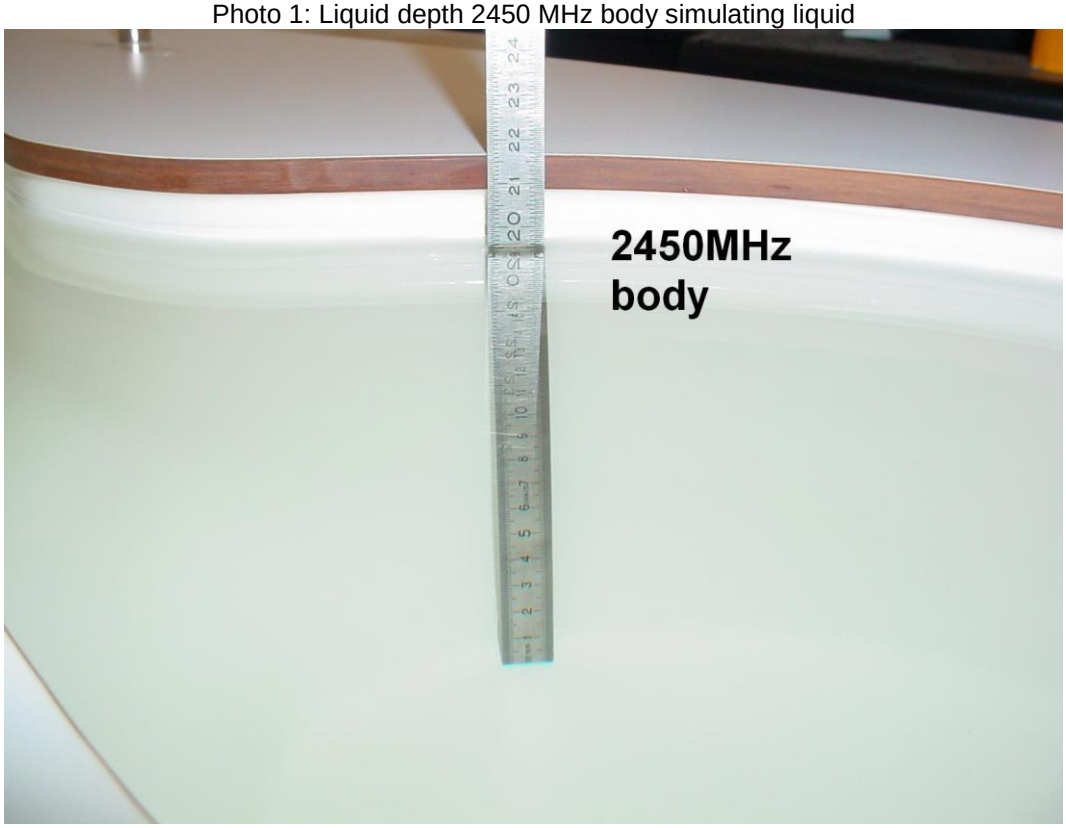


Photo 2: Liquid depth 5 GHz body simulating liquid

Annex C: Photo documentation

Photo documentation is described in the additional document:

Appendix to test report no. 1-2856/16-01-02-A Photo documentation

Annex D: Calibration parameters

Calibration parameters are described in the additional document:

Appendix to test report no. 1-2856/16-01-02-A
Calibration data, Phantom certificate
and detail information of the DASY5 System

Annex E: Document History

Version	Applied Changes	Date of Release
	Initial Release	2018-03-05
-A	Added applicant phone number page 1, corrected chapter 2.4 Technical details page 4.	2018-03-22

Annex F: Further Information

Glossary

BW	-	Bandwidth
DTS	-	Distributed Transmission System
DUT	-	Device under Test
EUT	-	Equipment under Test
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	not applicable
OET	-	Office of Engineering and Technology
SAR	-	Specific Absorption Rate
S/N	-	Serial Number
SW	-	Software
UNII	-	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure