

8.4 Results LTE – Band 7

The EUT was set to transmit the maximum power.

8.4.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	
AVG: 33 dBm	Peak: 33 dBm
Max Output Power	
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted)						
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Resource block allocation	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
5	2502.5	1 RB low	22.8	3.4	21.8	4.4
		1 RB high	22.7	3.7	21.7	4.8
		50% RB mid	21.8	4.9	20.8	5.6
		100% RB	21.8	5.2	20.7	6.1
	2535	1 RB low	22.6	4.8	21.9	4.4
		1 RB high	22.6	4.8	21.9	4.3
		50% RB mid	21.5	5.8	20.5	5.0
		100% RB	21.5	6.3	20.5	5.6
	2567.5	1 RB low	22.6	4.7	21.4	5.5
		1 RB high	22.4	4.7	21.2	5.5
		50% RB mid	21.5	5.2	20.6	6.0
		100% RB	21.5	5.8	20.6	6.6
10	2505	1 RB low	22.8	4.4	22.0	3.6
		1 RB high	22.6	5.2	21.8	4.6
		50% RB mid	21.8	5.8	20.7	4.9
		100% RB	21.7	6.1	20.7	5.1
	2535	1 RB low	22.6	4.5	21.3	5.4
		1 RB high	22.6	4.3	21.3	5.4
		50% RB mid	21.5	5.0	20.5	5.7
		100% RB	21.5	5.3	20.5	6.1
	2565	1 RB low	22.7	5.7	21.4	4.7
		1 RB high	22.5	5.7	21.2	4.7
		50% RB mid	21.6	5.9	20.6	5.0
		100% RB	21.6	6.3	20.6	5.3
15	2507.5	1 RB low	22.8	3.6	21.9	4.2
		1 RB high	22.6	4.6	21.7	5.2
		50% RB mid	21.7	5.1	20.6	5.9
		100% RB	21.6	5.5	20.7	6.4
	2535	1 RB low	22.6	5.1	21.9	4.5
		1 RB high	22.5	5.1	21.9	4.3
		50% RB mid	21.5	5.9	20.5	5.1
		100% RB	21.6	6.5	20.5	5.6
	2562.5	1 RB low	22.7	4.7	21.4	5.7
		1 RB high	22.5	4.7	21.3	5.7
		50% RB mid	21.7	5.2	20.6	6.0
		100% RB	21.7	5.9	20.5	6.4

20	2510	1 RB low	22.7	4.2	21.8	3.7
		1 RB high	22.6	5.3	21.6	4.7
		50% RB mid	21.7	6.0	20.6	5.1
		100% RB	21.7	6.3	20.6	5.2
	2535	1 RB low	22.4	4.6	21.6	5.2
		1 RB high	22.4	4.5	21.6	5.2
		50% RB mid	21.5	5.1	20.5	5.9
		100% RB	21.4	5.4	20.5	6.4
	2560	1 RB low	22.4	5.0	21.7	4.7
		1 RB high	22.4	5.0	21.7	4.8
		50% RB mid	21.6	6.1	20.7	5.2
		100% RB	21.6	6.4	20.7	5.8
Measurement uncertainty			± 0.5 dB			

The output power radiated is measured with the mode wich have the highest conducted output power.

Output Power (radiated)			
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM
5	2502.5	22.2	21.2
	2535	21.8	21.1
	2567.5	22.0	20.8
10	2505	22.2	21.4
	2535	21.8	20.5
	2565	22.1	20.8
15	2507.5	22.2	21.3
	2535	21.8	21.1
	2562.5	22.1	20.8
20	2510	22.1	21.2
	2535	21.6	20.8
	2560	21.8	21.1
Measurement uncertainty		± 3.0 dB	

Result: Passed

8.4.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMW500 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 °C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

This measurement was performed with the highest channel bandwidth supported from the EUT on the middle channel

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMW500
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

Limits:

FCC
Frequency Stability
< 2.5 ppm

Results:**FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	30	0.00000118	0.0118
3.4	37	0.00000146	0.0146
3.5	43	0.00000170	0.0170
3.6	-38	-0.00000150	-0.0150
3.7	6	0.00000024	0.0024
3.8	-36	-0.00000142	-0.0142
3.9	42	0.00000166	0.0166
4.0	11	0.00000043	0.0043
4.1	4	0.00000016	0.0016
4.2	34	0.00000134	0.0134
4.3	-1	-0.00000004	-0.0004
4.4	-5	-0.00000020	-0.0020

FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-39	-0.00000154	-0.0154
-20	19	0.00000075	0.0075
-10	-42	-0.00000166	-0.0166
± 0	10	0.00000039	0.0039
10	-5	-0.00000020	-0.0020
20	-50	-0.00000197	-0.0197
30	2	0.00000008	0.0008
40	49	0.00000193	0.0193
50	-46	-0.00000181	-0.0181
60	-19	-0.00000075	-0.0075

Result: Passed

8.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 2569.3 MHz. This was rounded up to 26 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the LTE band 7.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Radiated
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the LTE band 7. It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the LTE band 7 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel with 10 MHz bandwidth and full resource blocks. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel and all supported channel bandwidths were checked, too.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

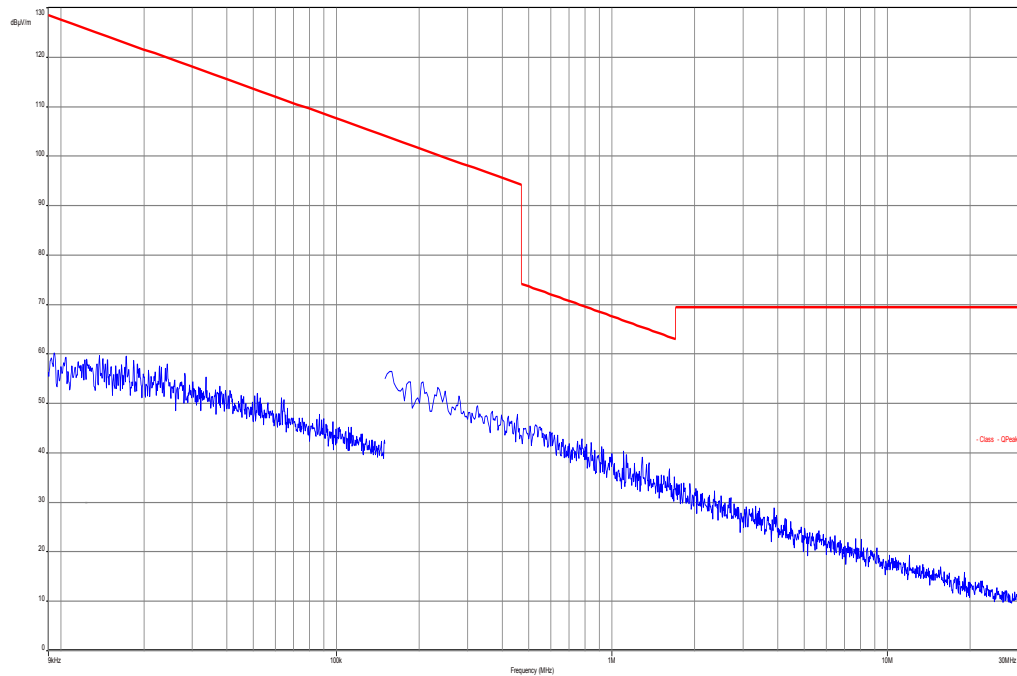
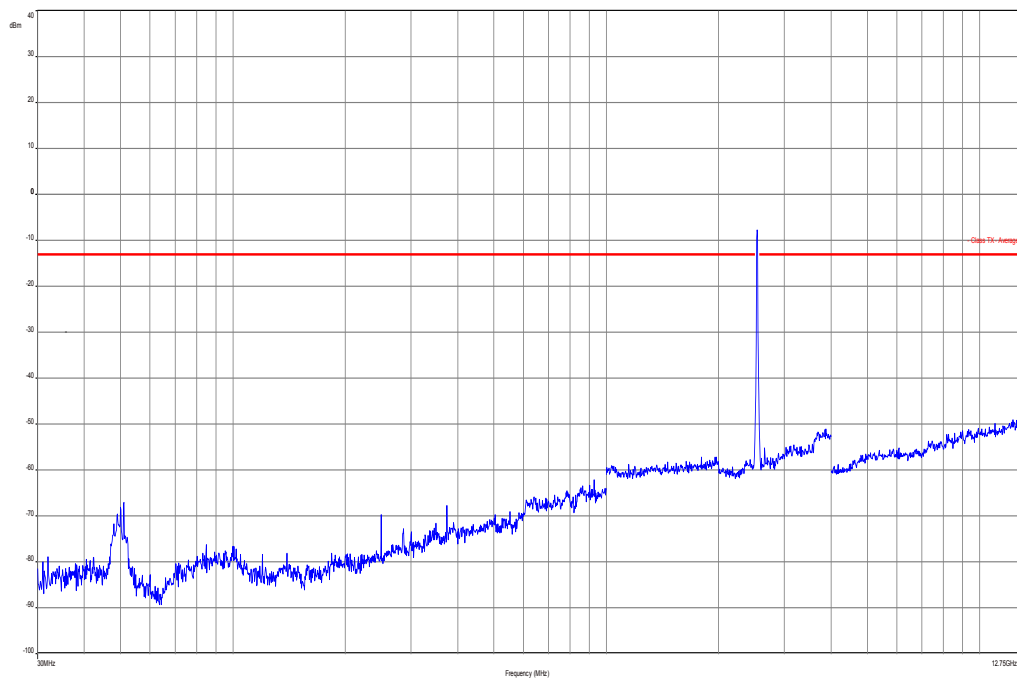
QPSK

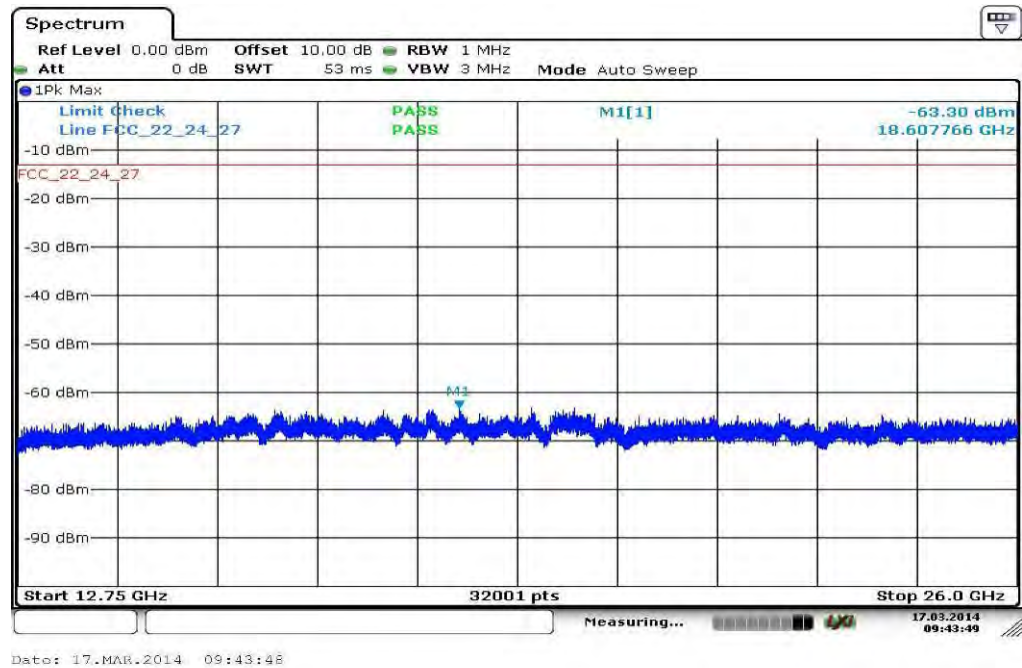
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5010.0	-	5070.0	-	5130.0	-
7515.0	-	7605.0	-	7695.0	-
10020.0	-	10140.0	-	10260.0	-
12525.0	-	12675.0	-	12825.0	-
15030.0	-	15210.0	-	15390.0	-
17535.0	-	17745.0	-	17955.0	-
20040.0	-	20280.0	-	20520.0	-
22545.0	-	22815.0	-	23085.0	-
25050.0	-	25350.0	-	25650.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

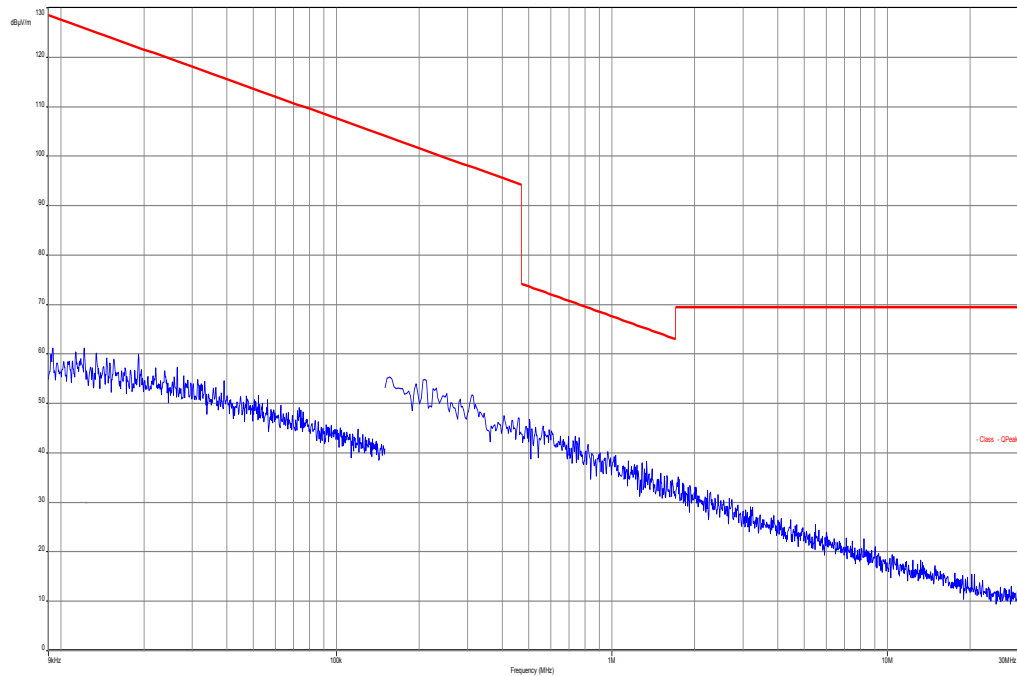
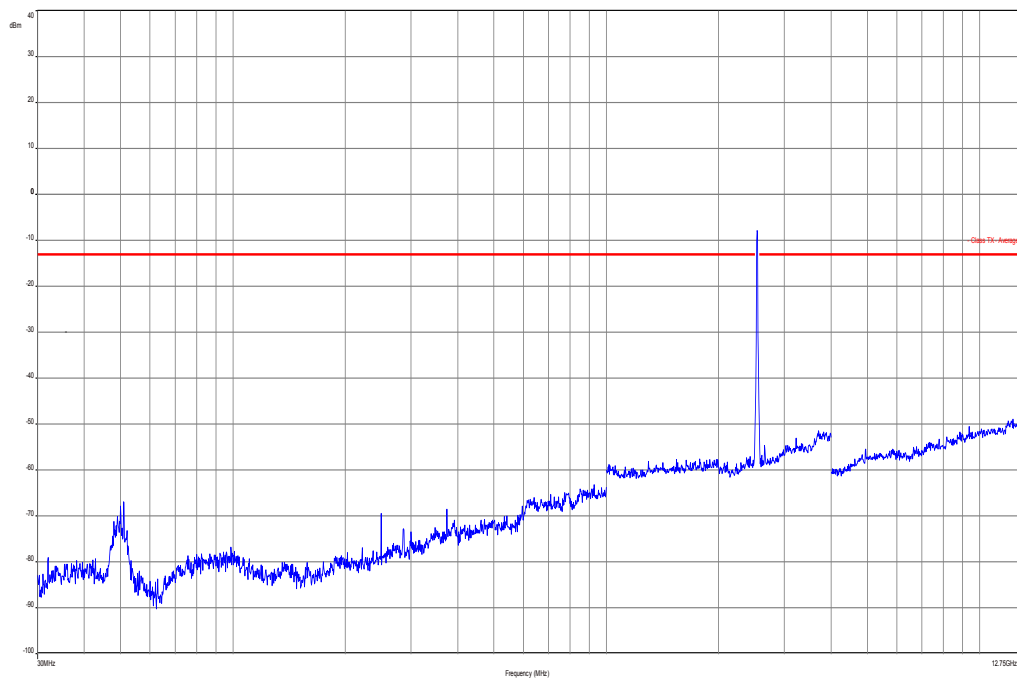
16-QAM

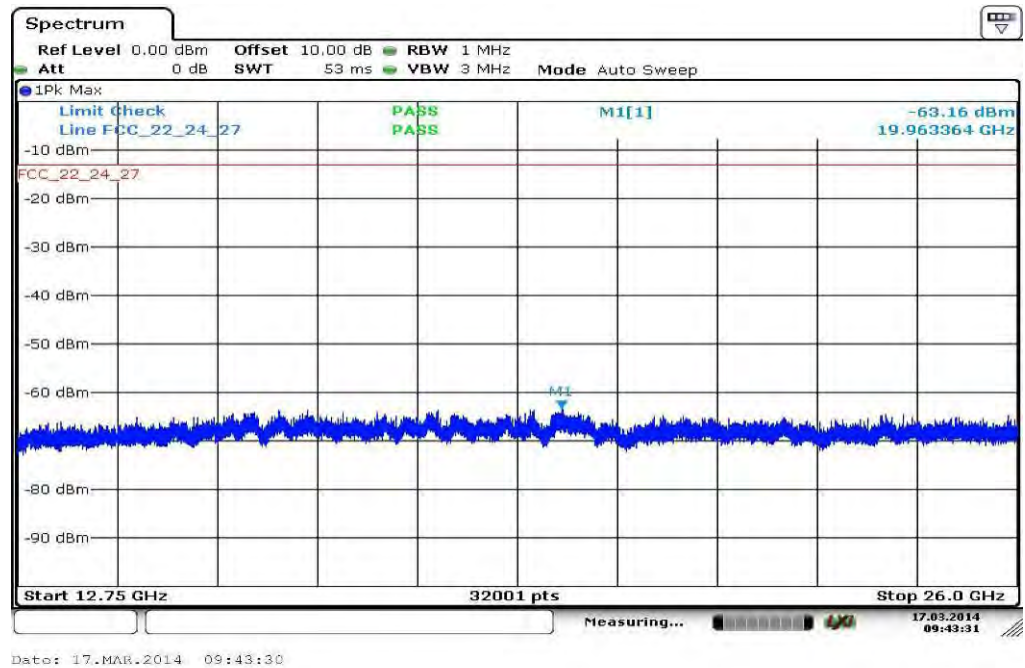
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5010.0	-	5070.0	-	5130.0	-
7515.0	-	7605.0	-	7695.0	-
10020.0	-	10140.0	-	10260.0	-
12525.0	-	12675.0	-	12825.0	-
15030.0	-	15210.0	-	15390.0	-
17535.0	-	17745.0	-	17955.0	-
20040.0	-	20280.0	-	20520.0	-
22545.0	-	22815.0	-	23085.0	-
25050.0	-	25350.0	-	25650.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: Passed

QPSK with 10 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz**

Plot 3: Middle channel, 12 GHz to 26 GHz

16-QAM with 10 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 4: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz**

Plot 6: Middle channel, 12 GHz to 26 GHz

8.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

For the measurement the lowest, middle and highest channel bandwidth was used. If spurious were found the other bandwidths were measured, too.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	10 MHz – 26 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Conducted
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm

Results: for 5 MHz channel bandwidth**QPSK**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5005.0	-	5070.0	-	5135.0	-
7507.5	-	7605.0	-	7702.5	-
10010.0	-	10140.0	-	10270.0	-
12512.5	-	12675.0	-	12837.5	-
15015.0	-	15210.0	-	15405.0	-
17517.5	-	17745.0	-	17972.5	-
20020.0	-	20280.0	-	20540.0	-
22522.5	-	22815.0	-	23107.5	-
25025.0	-	25350.0	-	25675.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

16-QAM

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5005.0	-	5070.0	-	5135.0	-
7507.5	-	7605.0	-	7702.5	-
10010.0	-	10140.0	-	10270.0	-
12512.5	-	12675.0	-	12837.5	-
15015.0	-	15210.0	-	15405.0	-
17517.5	-	17745.0	-	17972.5	-
20020.0	-	20280.0	-	20540.0	-
22522.5	-	22815.0	-	23107.5	-
25025.0	-	25350.0	-	25675.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: Passed

Results: for 10 MHz channel bandwidth

QPSK

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5130.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7695.0	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10260.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12825.0	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15390.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17955.0	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20520.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
23085.0	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25650.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

16-QAM

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5130.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7695.0	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10260.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12825.0	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15390.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17955.0	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20520.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
23085.0	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25650.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: **Passed**

Results: for 15 MHz channel bandwidth

QPSK

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5015.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7522.5	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10030.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12537.5	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15045.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17552.5	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20060.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
22567.5	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25075.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

16-QAM

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5015.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7522.5	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10030.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12537.5	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15045.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17552.5	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20060.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
22567.5	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25075.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: **Passed**

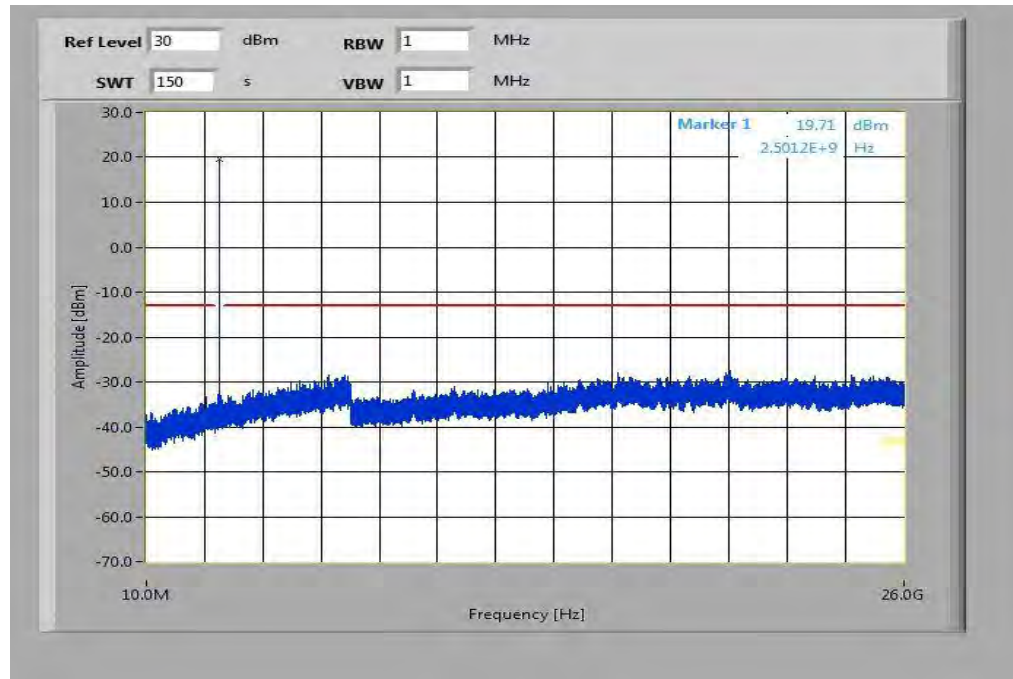
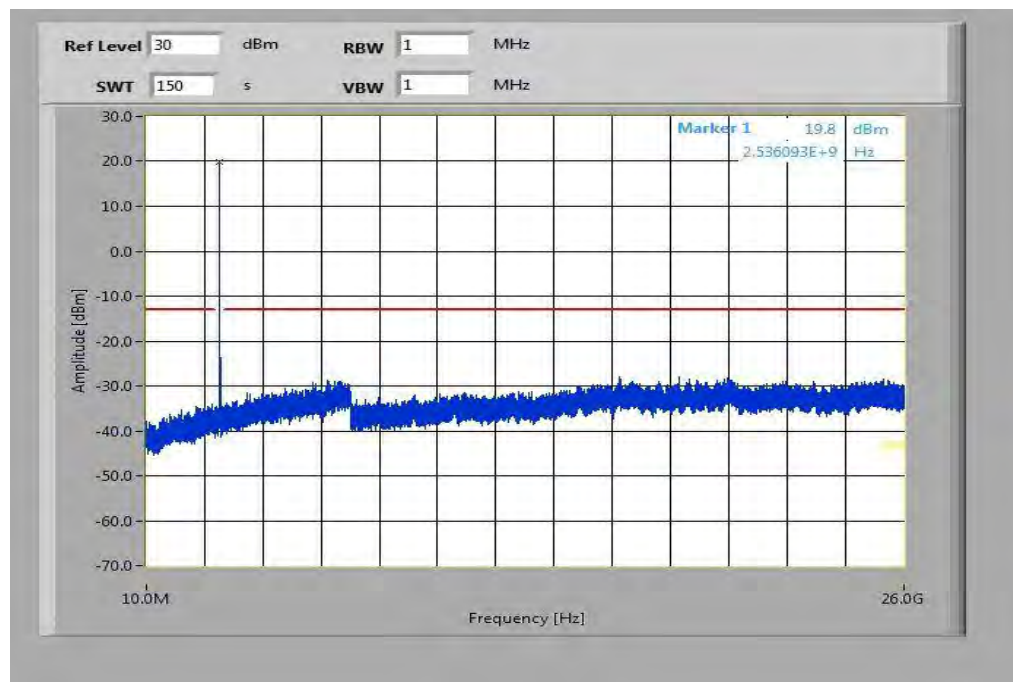
Results: for 20 MHz channel bandwidth**QPSK**

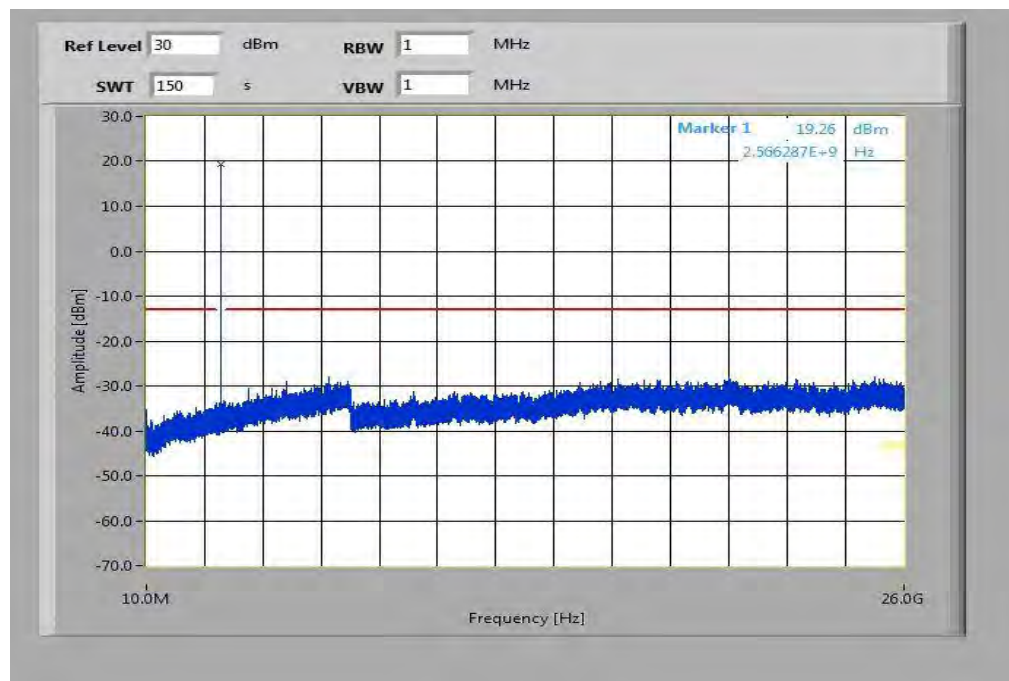
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5020.0	-	5070.0	-	5120.0	-
7530.0	-	7605.0	-	7680.0	-
10040.0	-	10140.0	-	10240.0	-
12550.0	-	12675.0	-	12800.0	-
15060.0	-	15210.0	-	15360.0	-
17570.0	-	17745.0	-	17920.0	-
20080.0	-	20280.0	-	20480.0	-
22590.0	-	22815.0	-	23040.0	-
25100.0	-	25350.0	-	25600.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

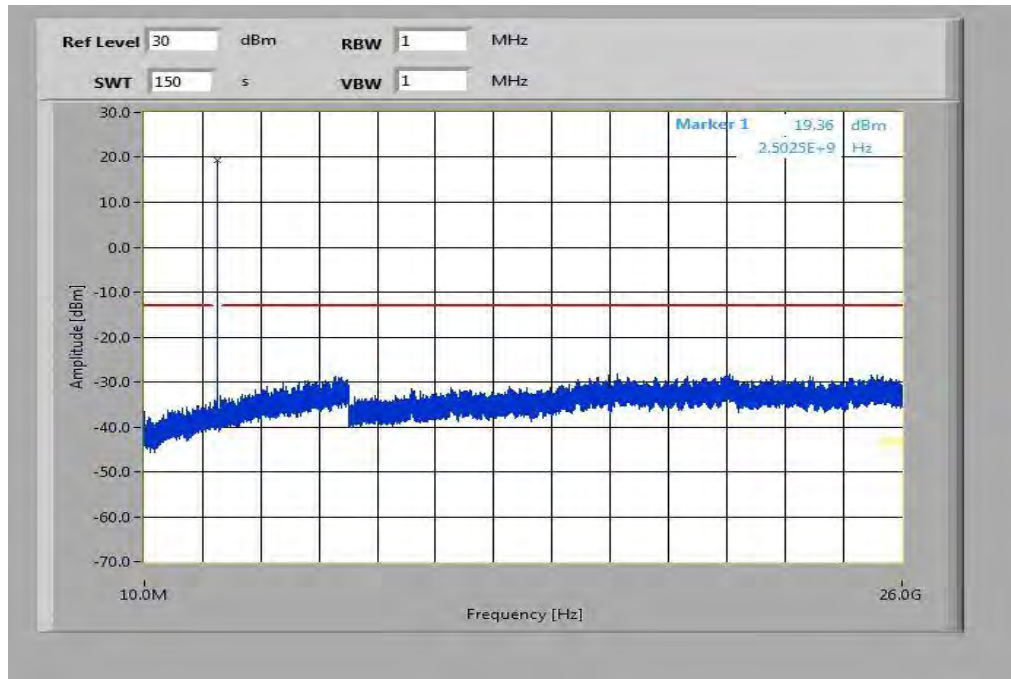
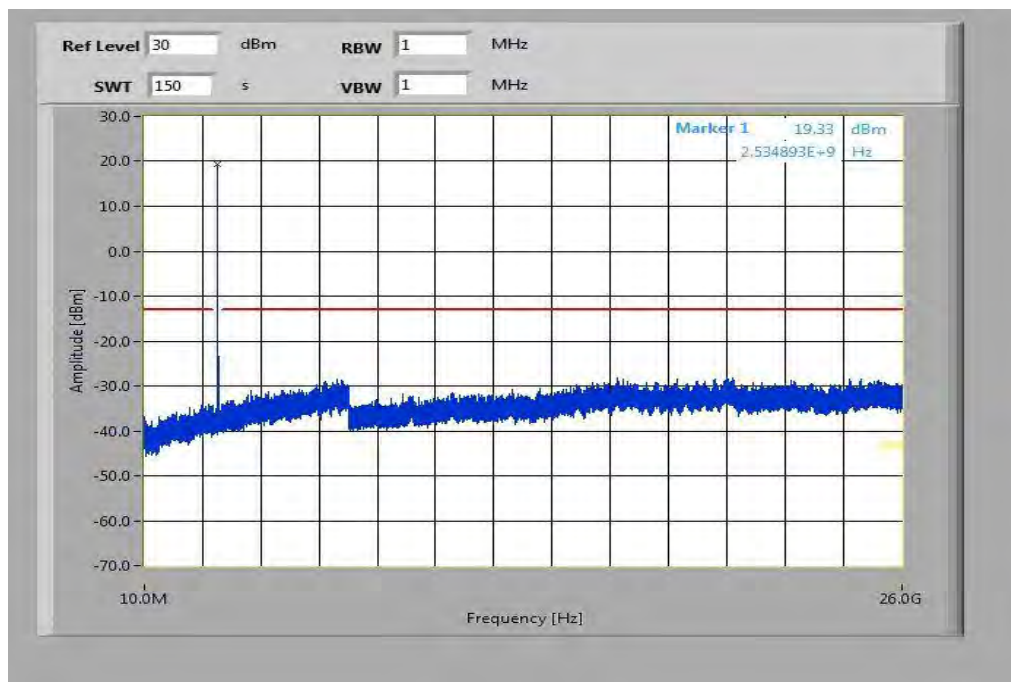
16-QAM

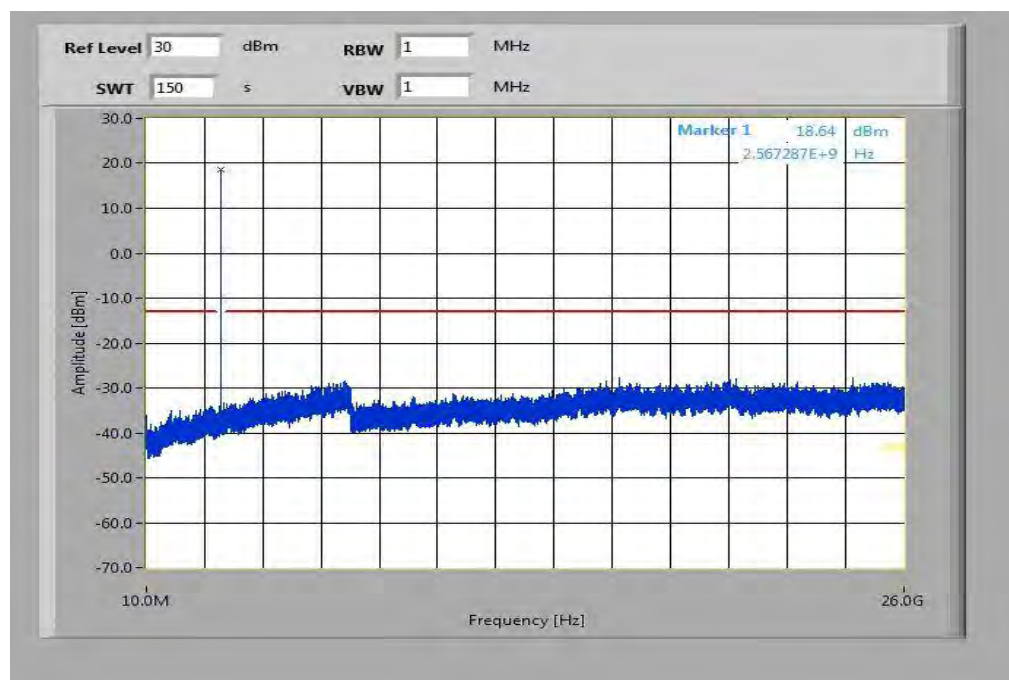
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5020.0	-	5070.0	-	5120.0	-
7530.0	-	7605.0	-	7680.0	-
10040.0	-	10140.0	-	10240.0	-
12550.0	-	12675.0	-	12800.0	-
15060.0	-	15210.0	-	15360.0	-
17570.0	-	17745.0	-	17920.0	-
20080.0	-	20280.0	-	20480.0	-
22590.0	-	22815.0	-	23040.0	-
25100.0	-	25350.0	-	25600.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

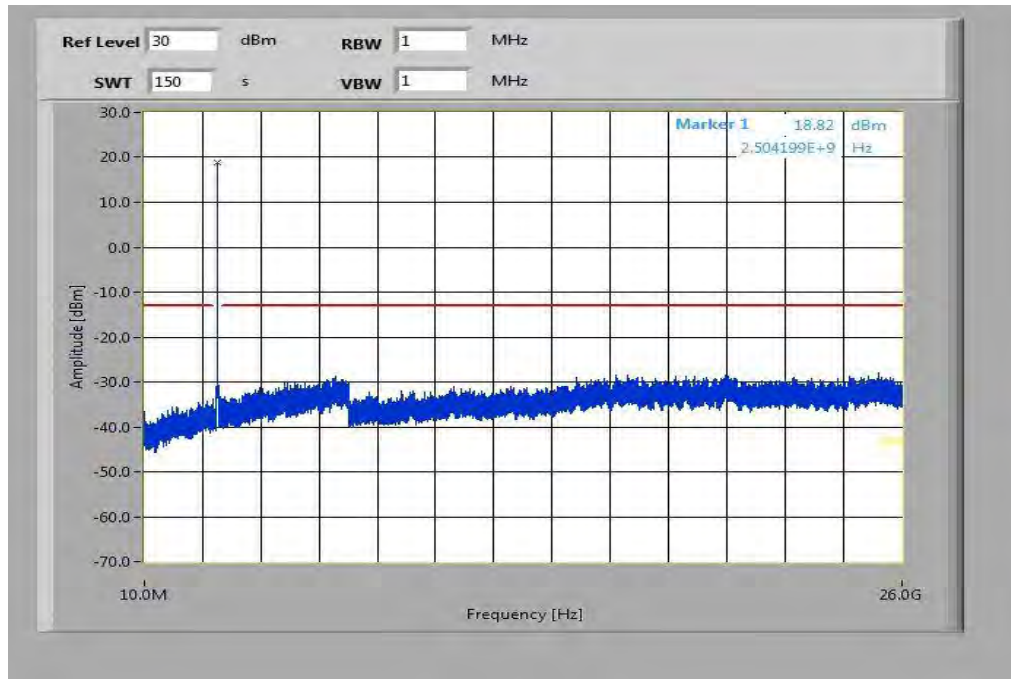
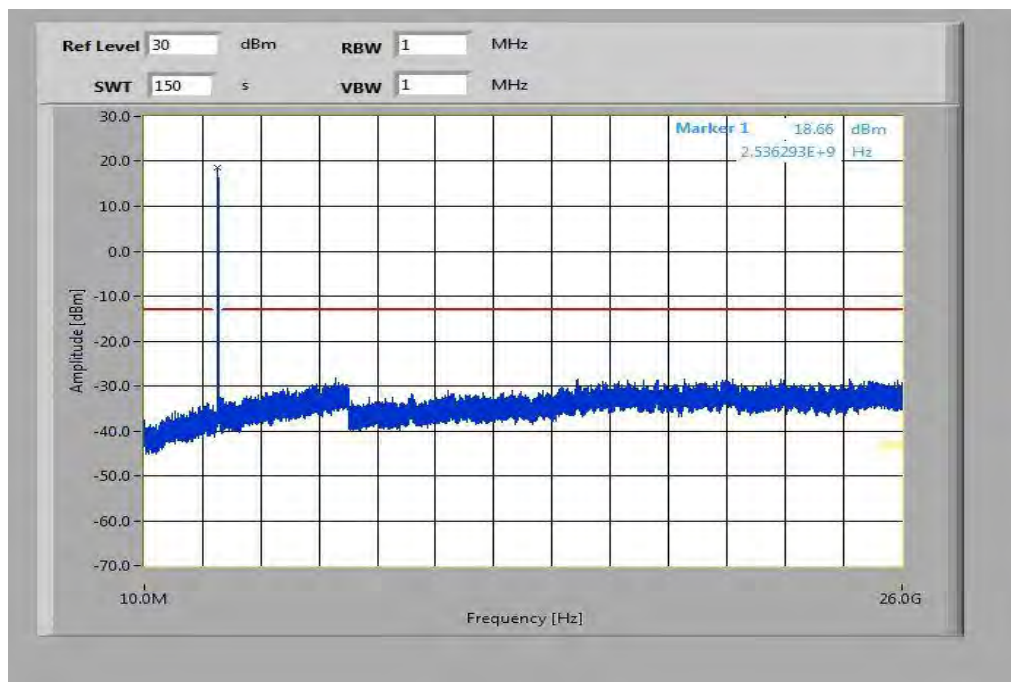
Result: Passed

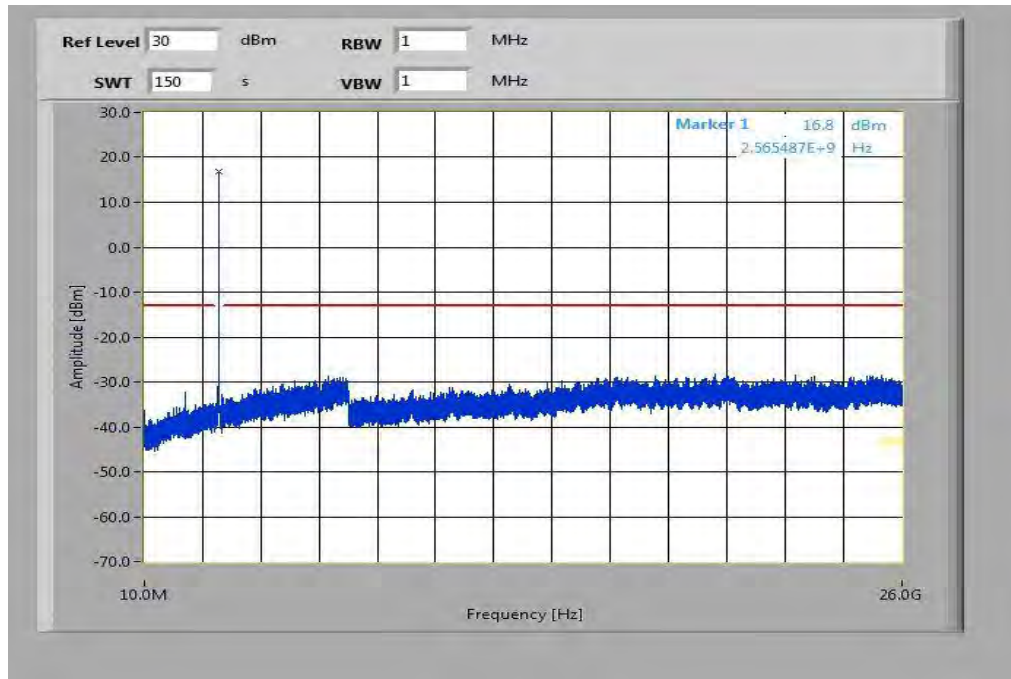
Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK**Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

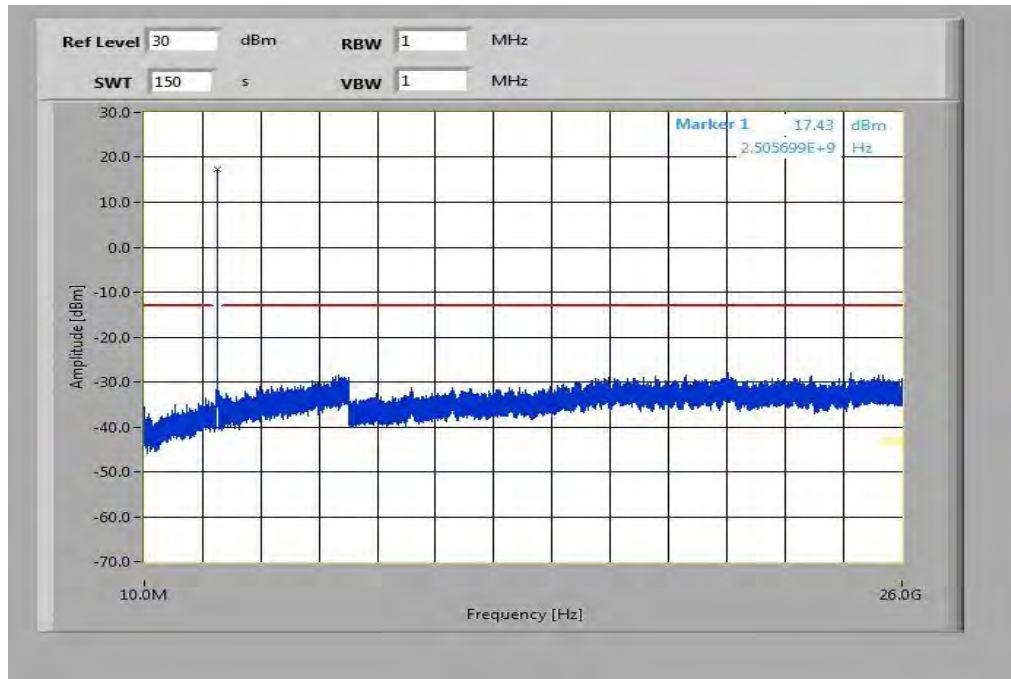
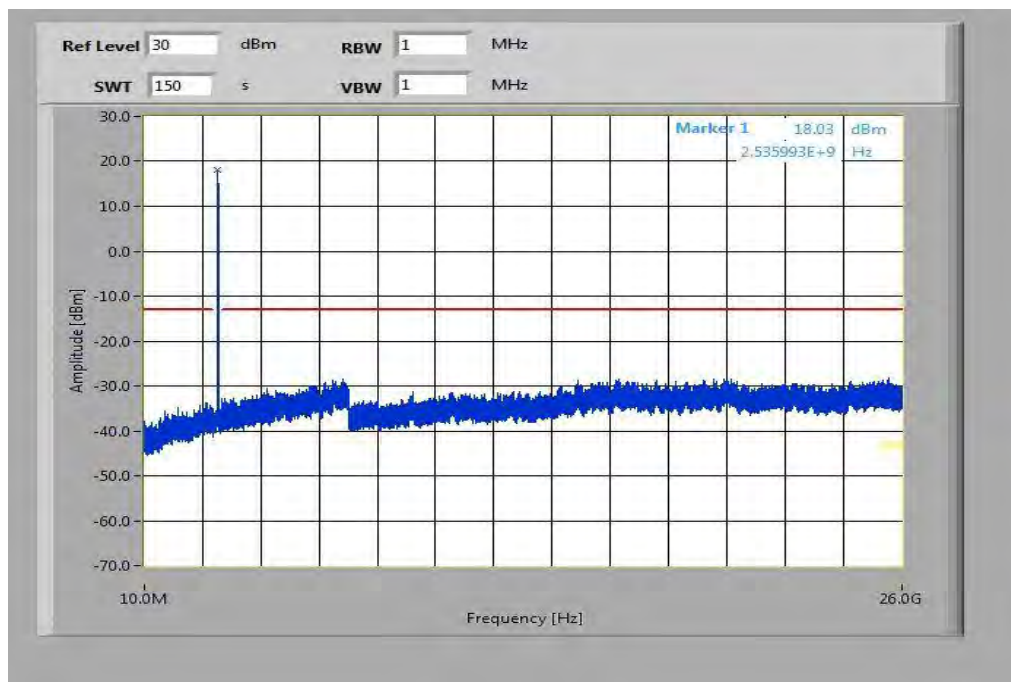
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

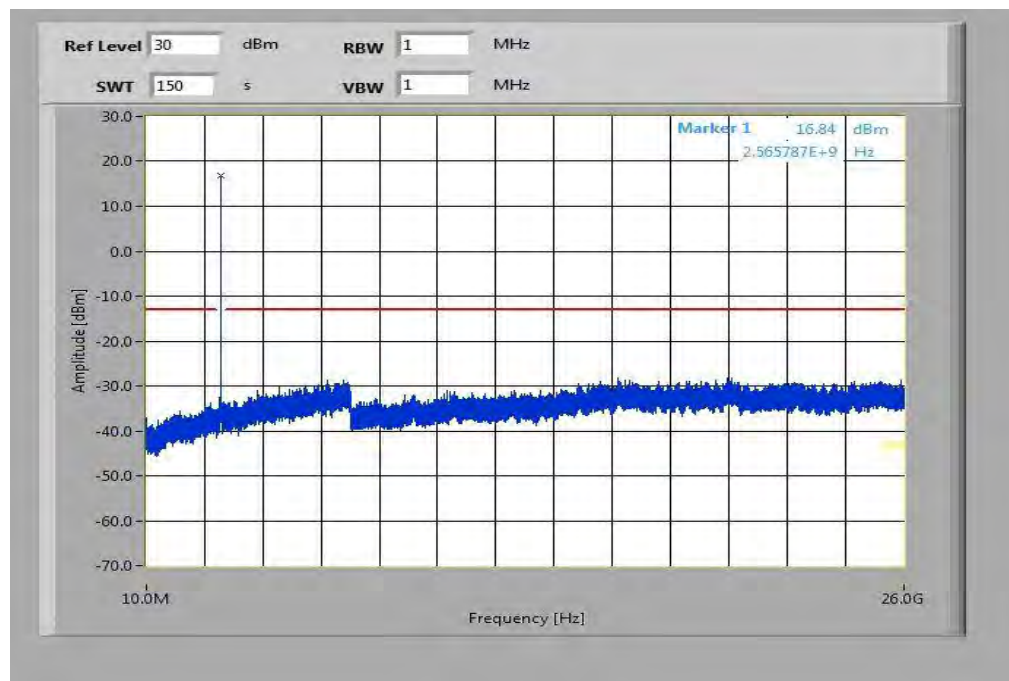
Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM**Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

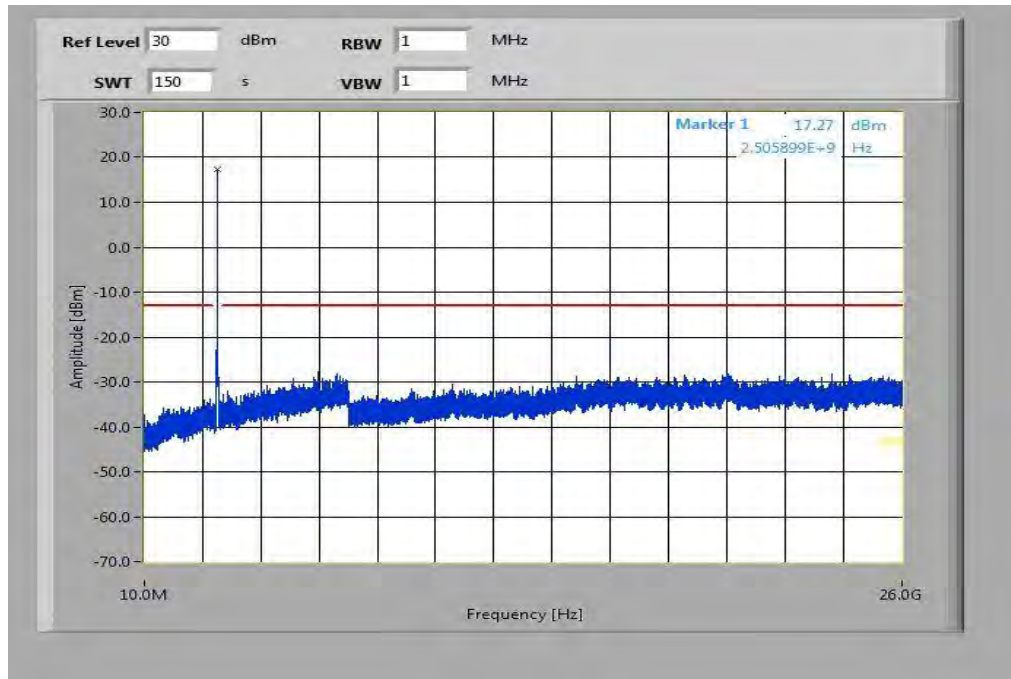
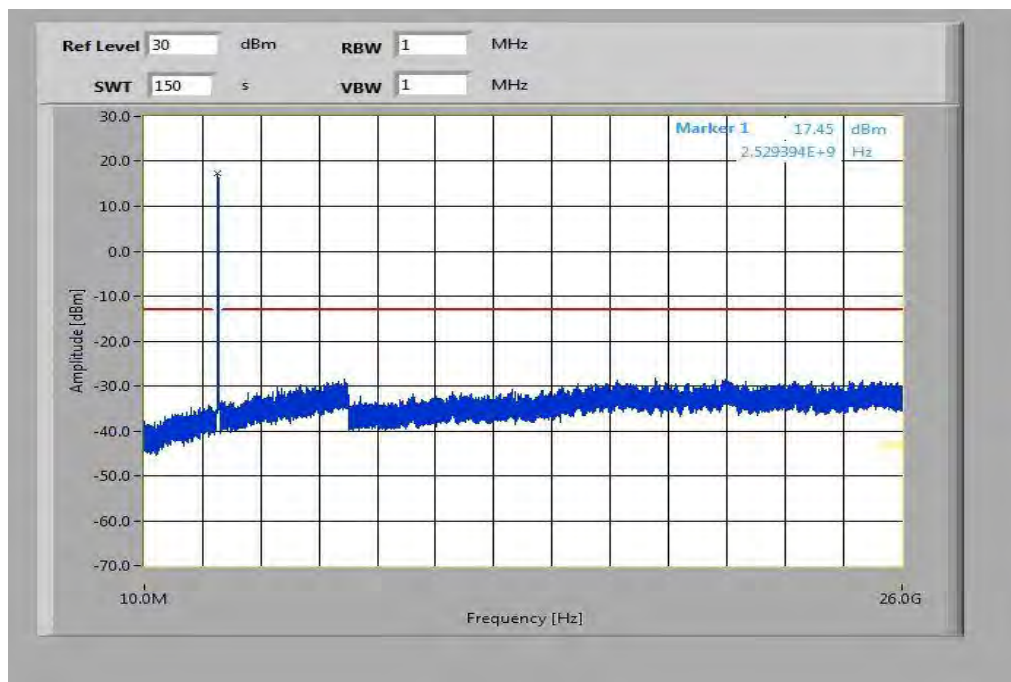
Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

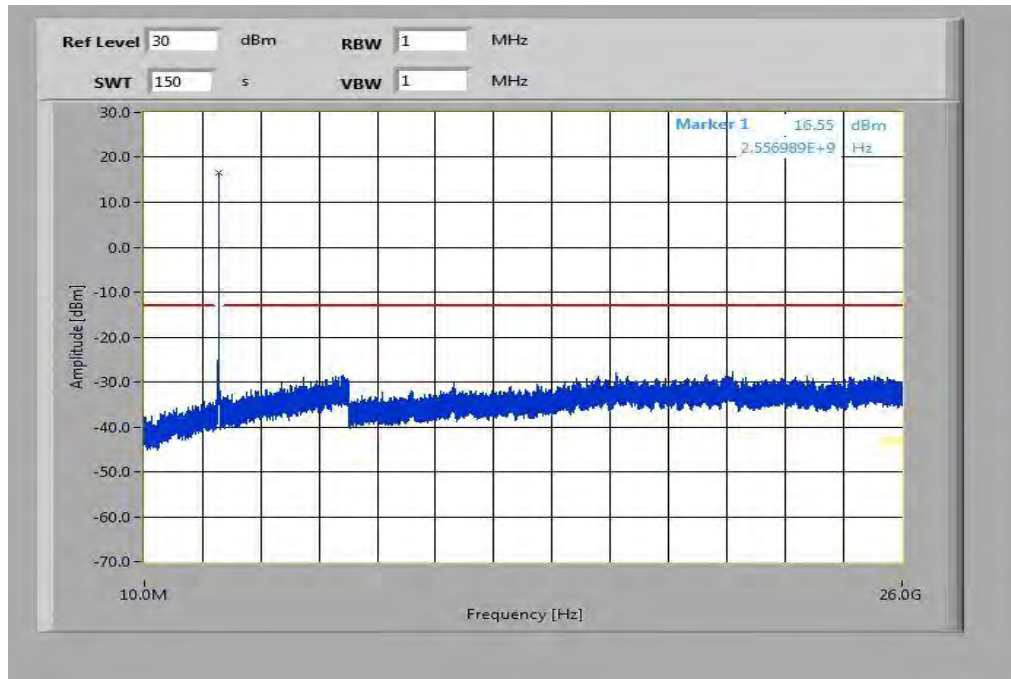
Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK**Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

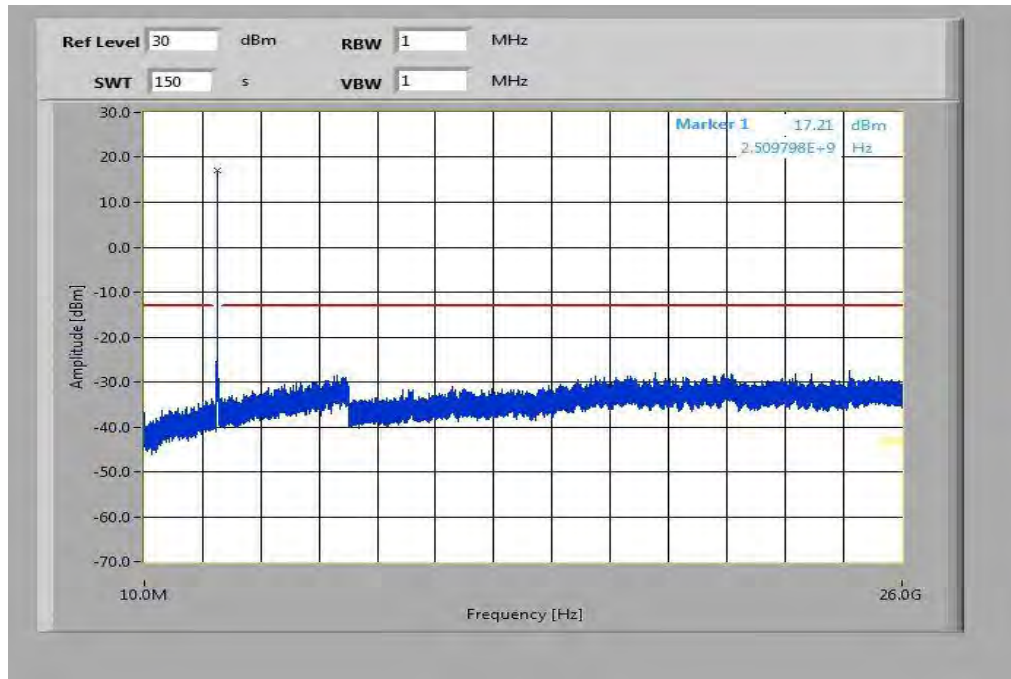
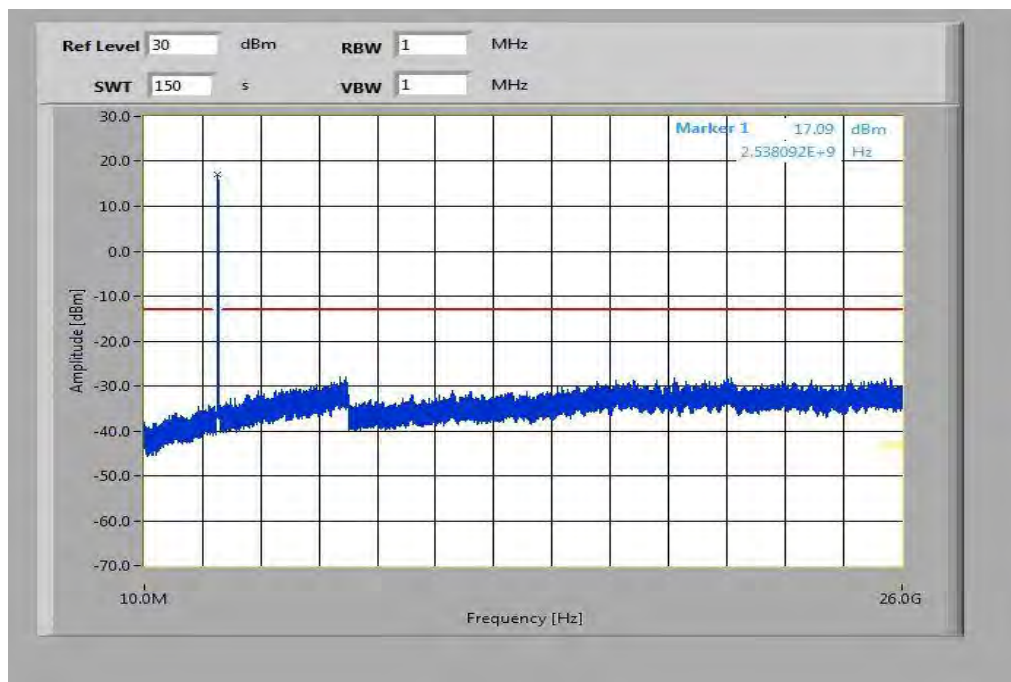
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

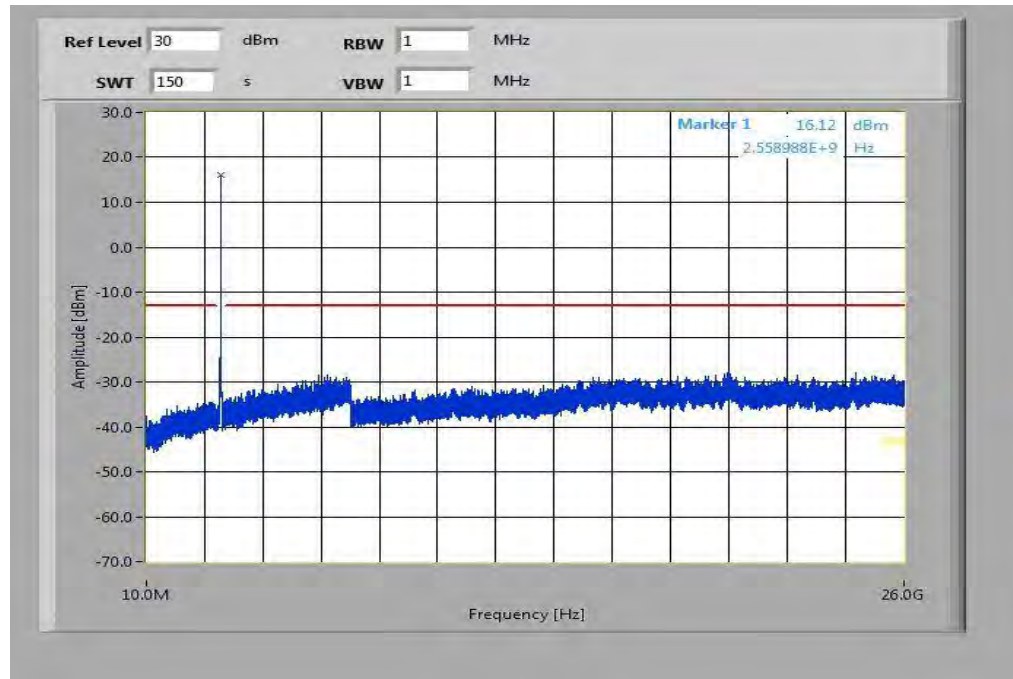
Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM**Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

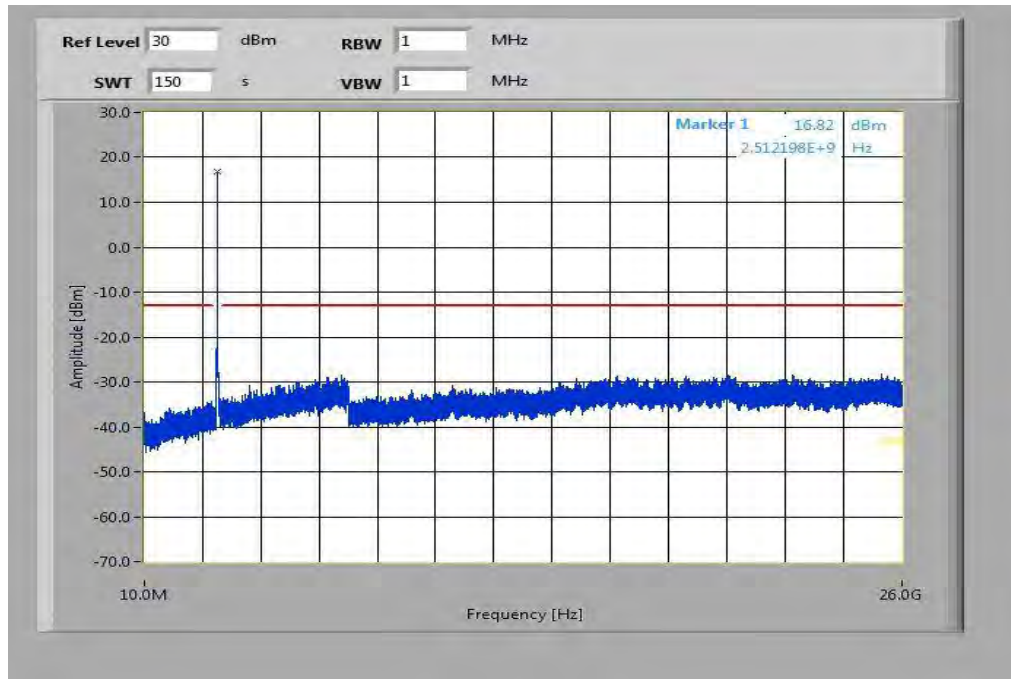
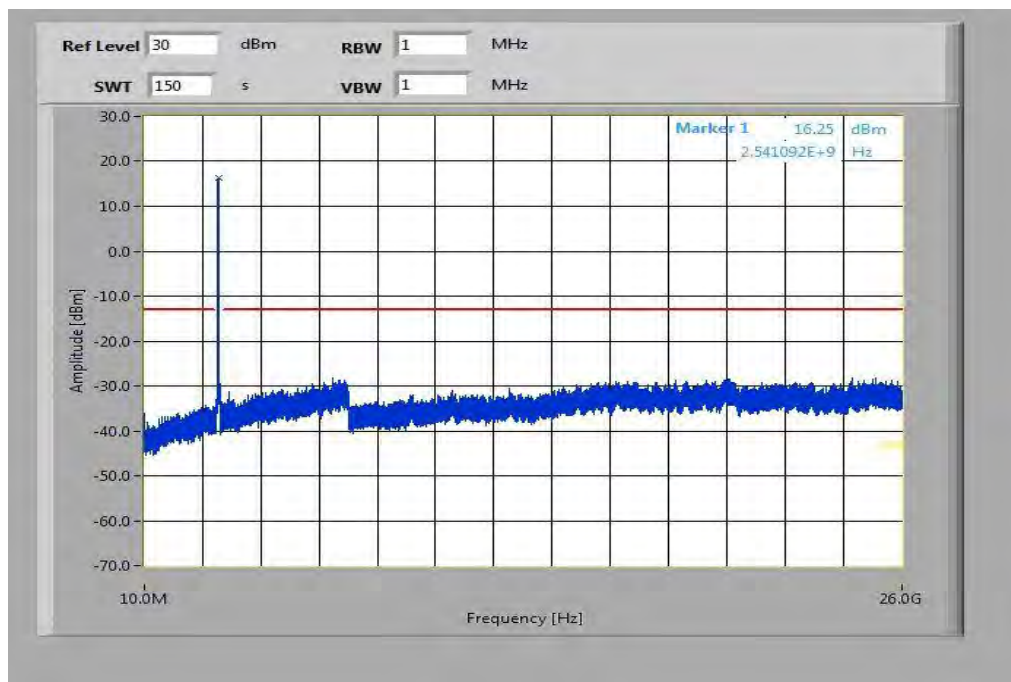
Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

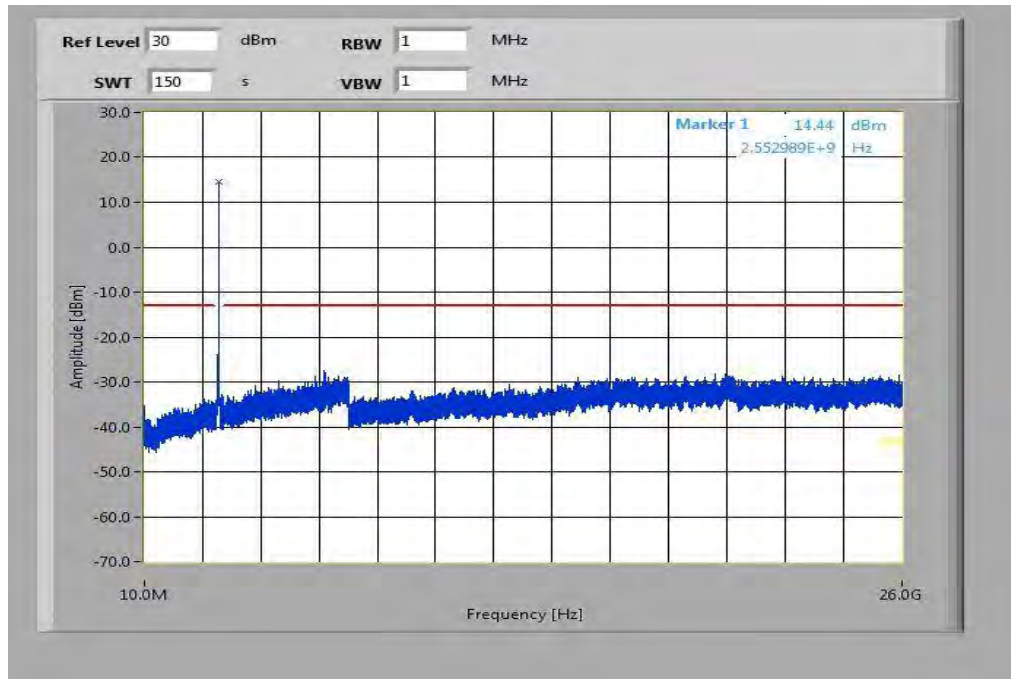
Plots for 15 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK**Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

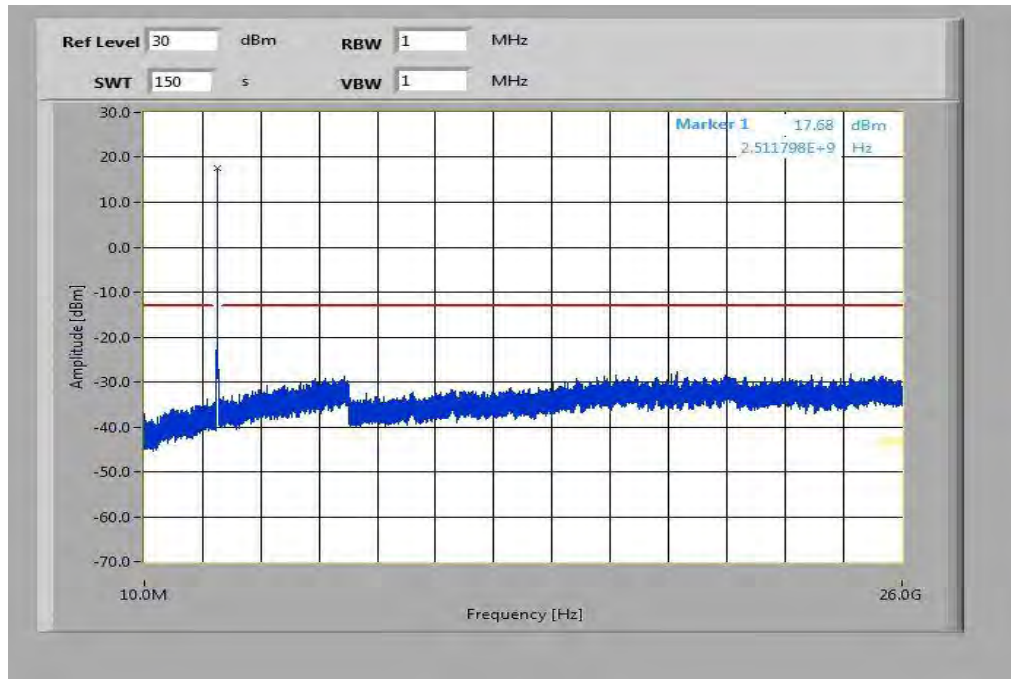
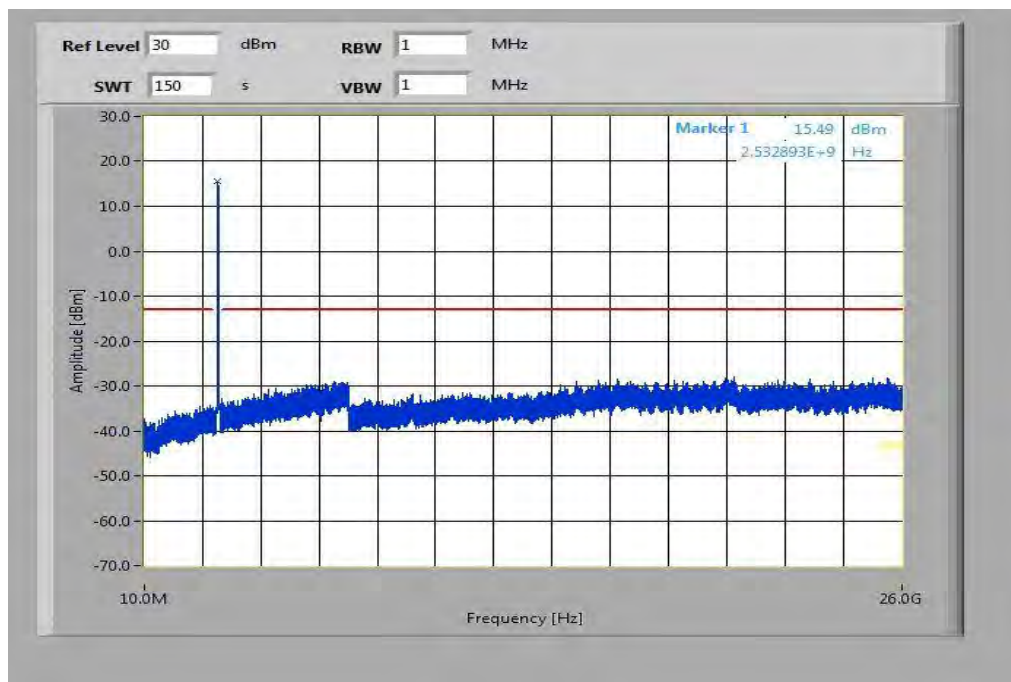
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

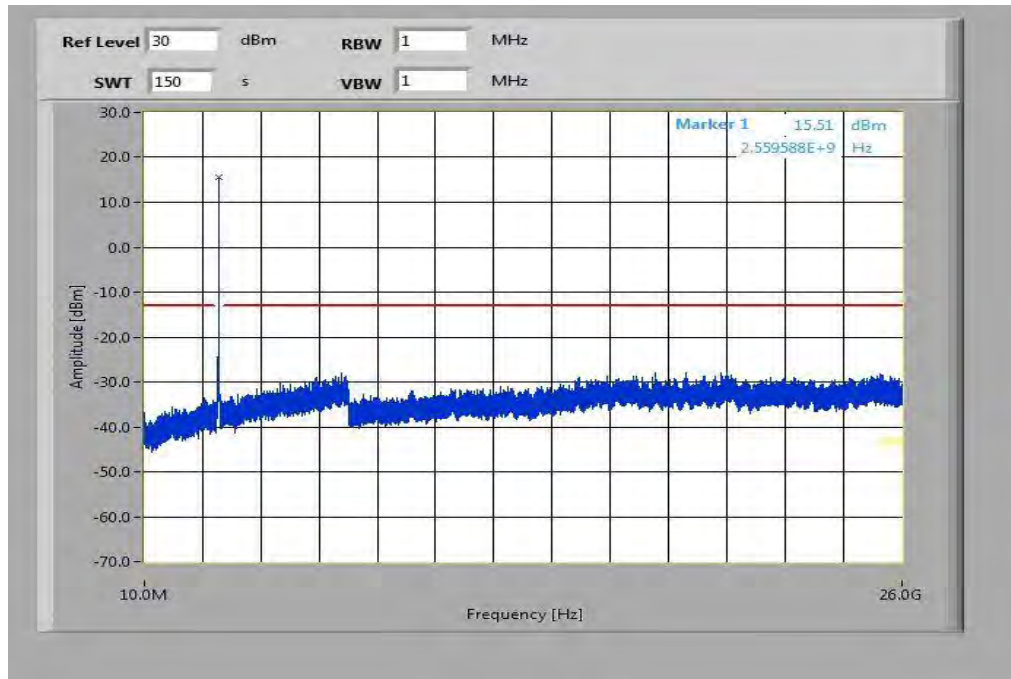
Plots for 15 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM**Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

Plots for 20 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK**Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

Plots for 20 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM**Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

8.4.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

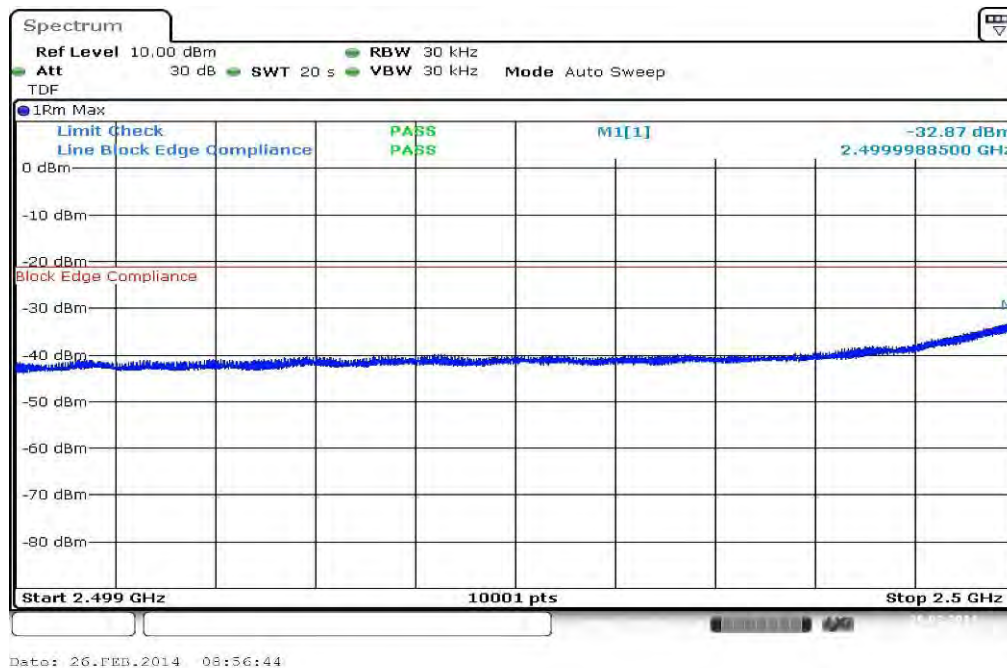
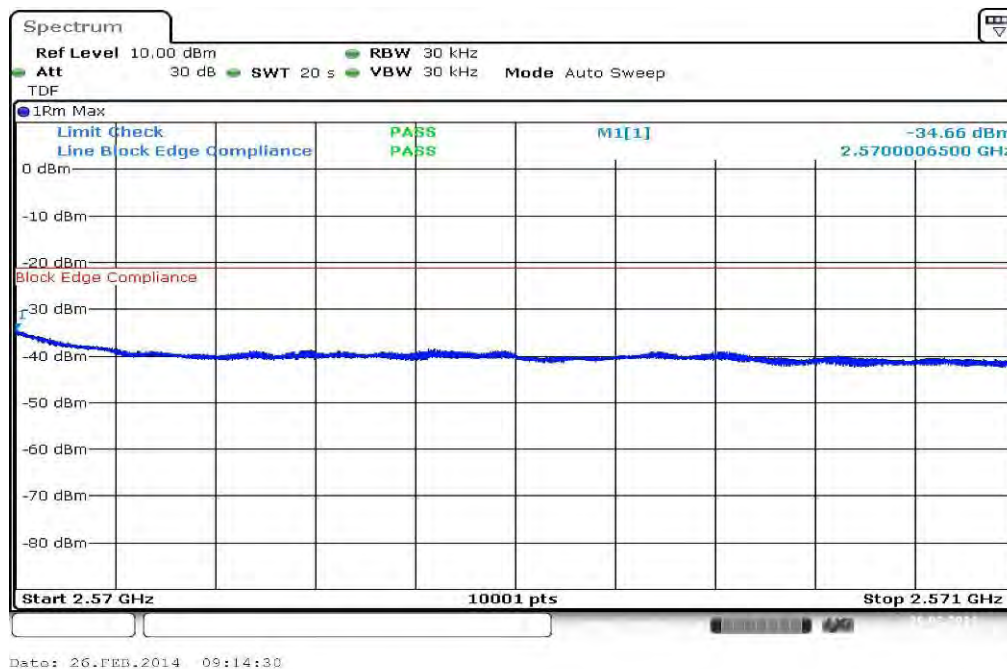
For the measurement the lowest, middle and highest channel bandwidth was used. If spurious were found the other bandwidths were measured, too.

Measurement:

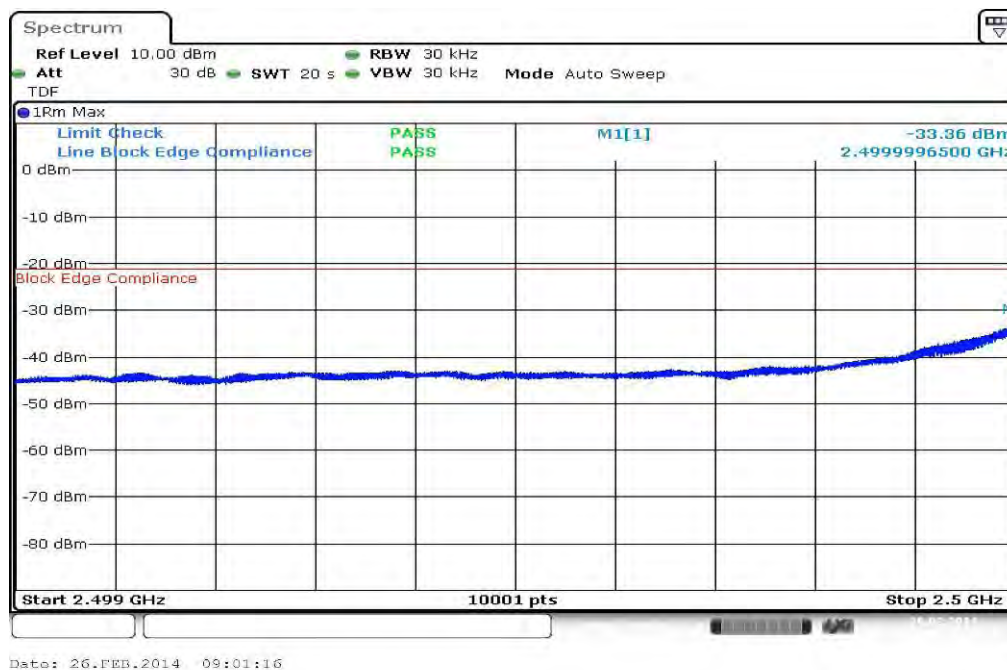
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

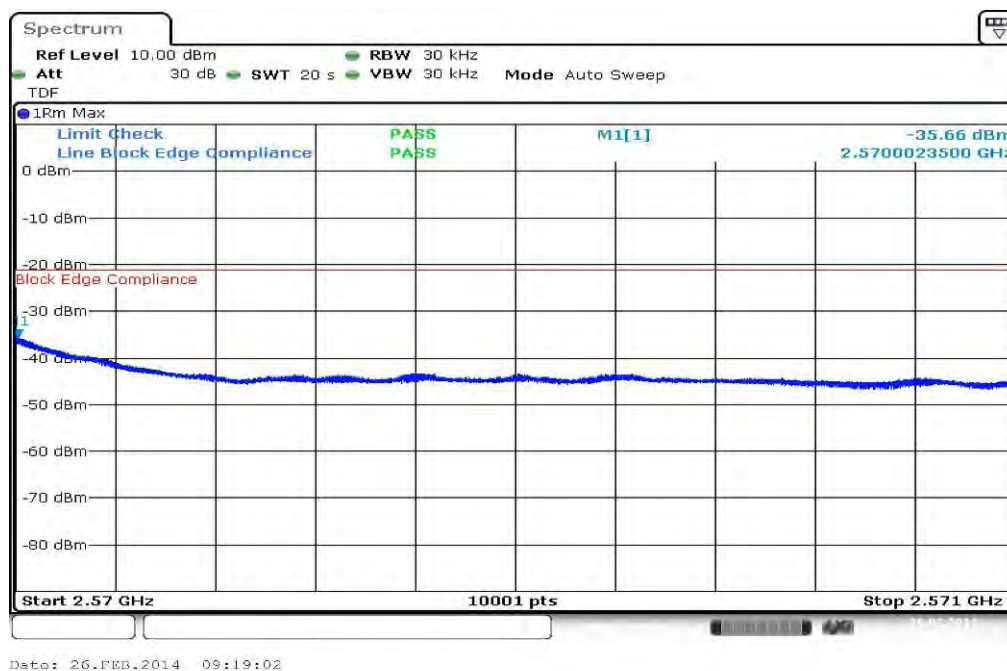
FCC
Block Edge Compliance
Part 27.53 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB." However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used: "An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of $10 \log(RBW1/RBW2)$ to the $43 + 10 \log(P)$ limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz." When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -8.239 adjustment to the limit [$10 \log(30\text{kHz}/50\text{kHz}) = -8.239$]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -21.24.
-21.24 dBm

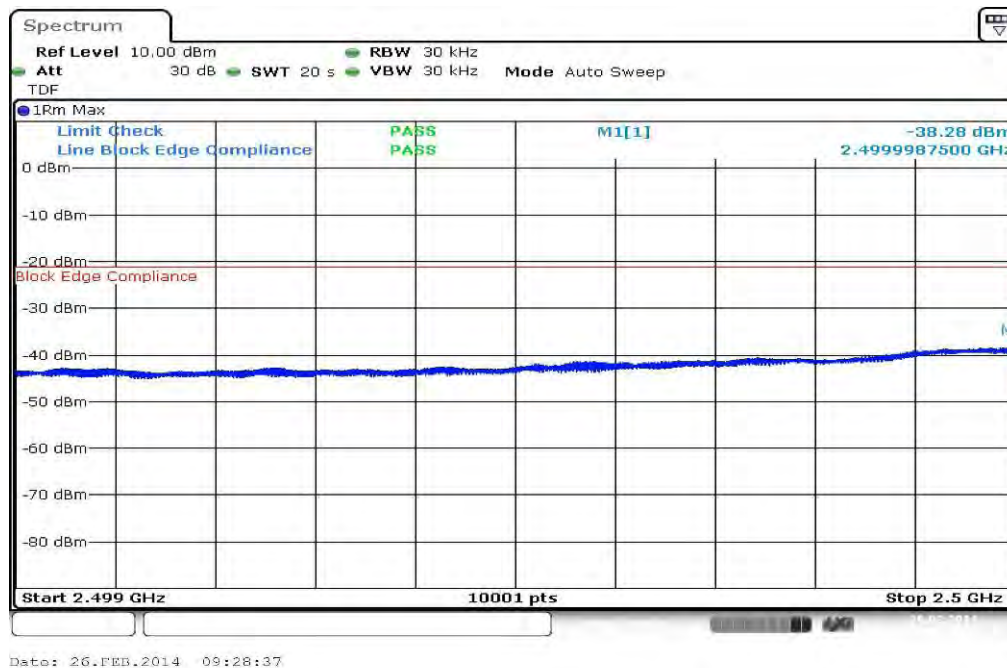
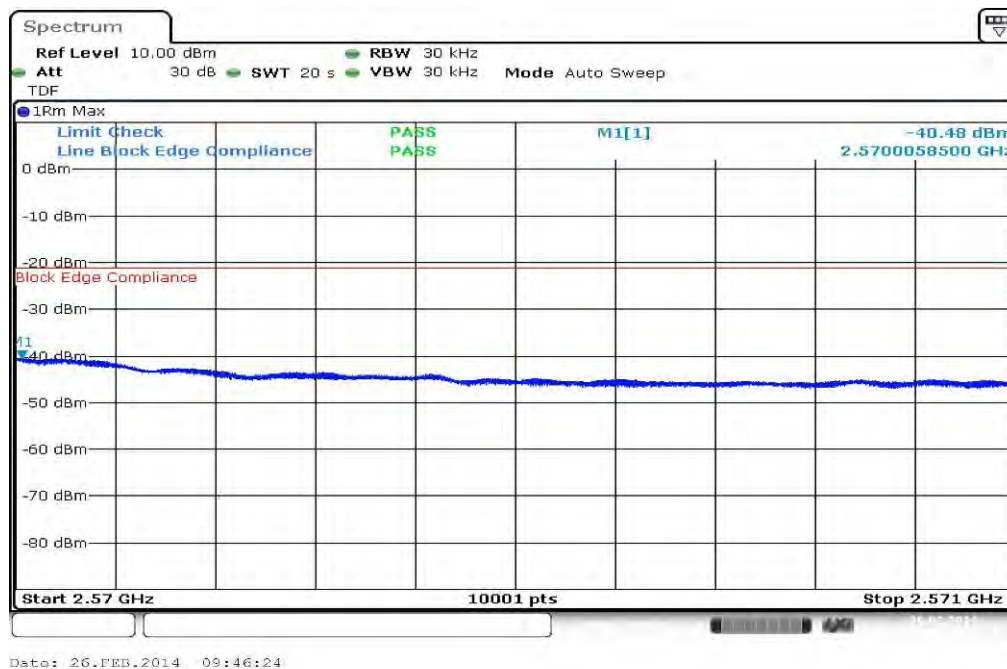
Results: 5 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation****Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation**

Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

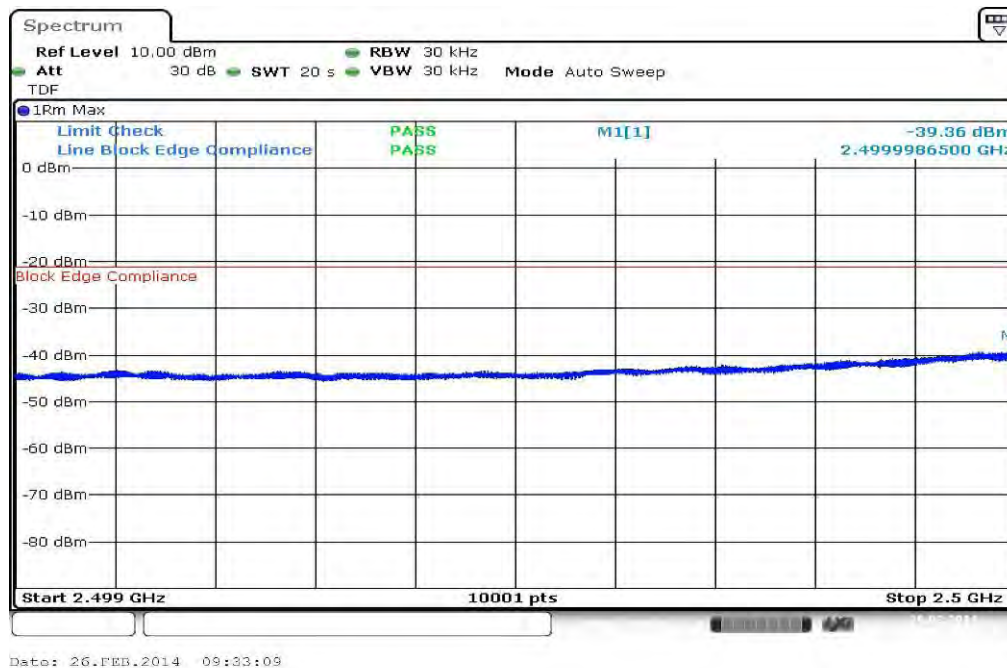


Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

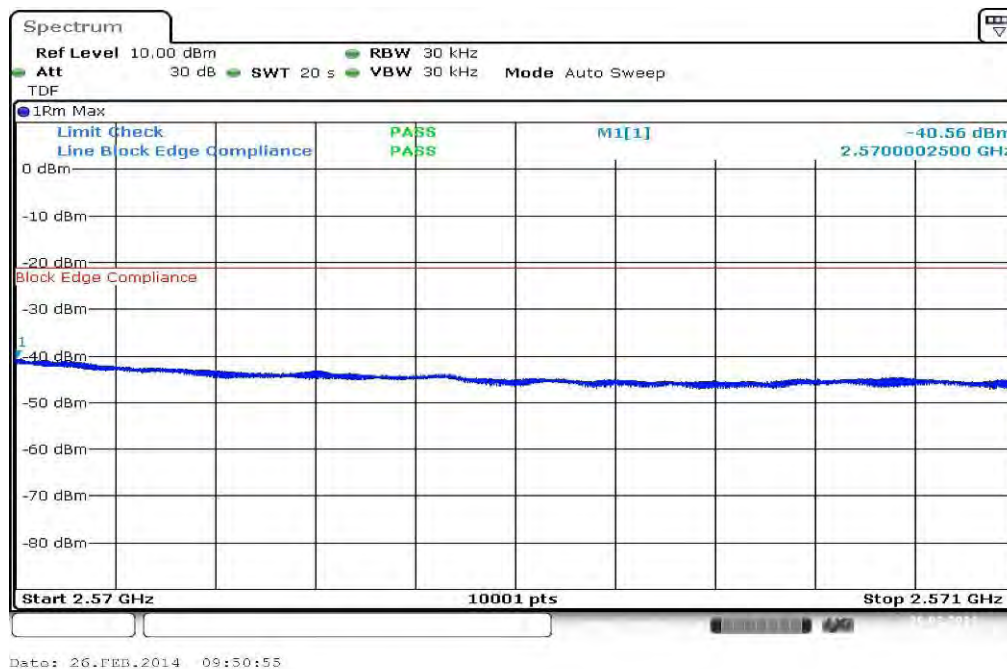


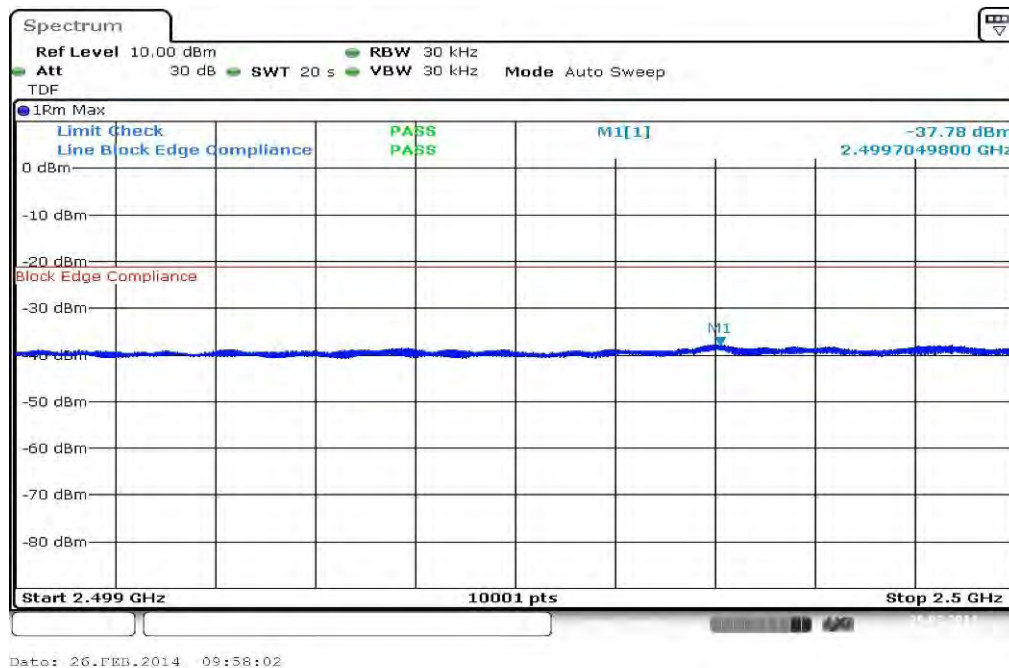
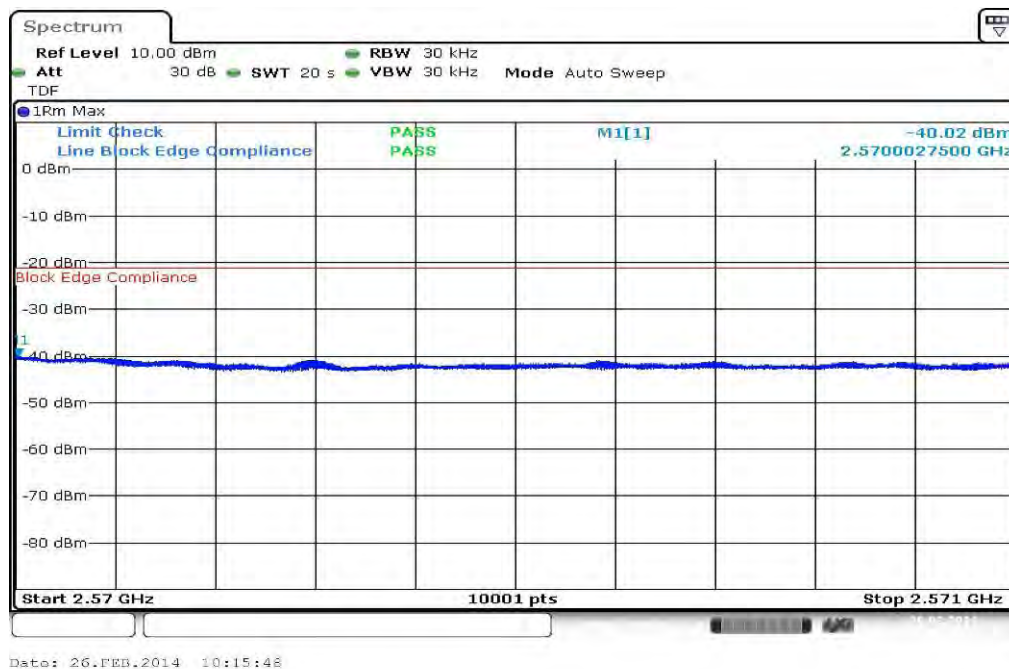
Results: 10 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation****Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation**

Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

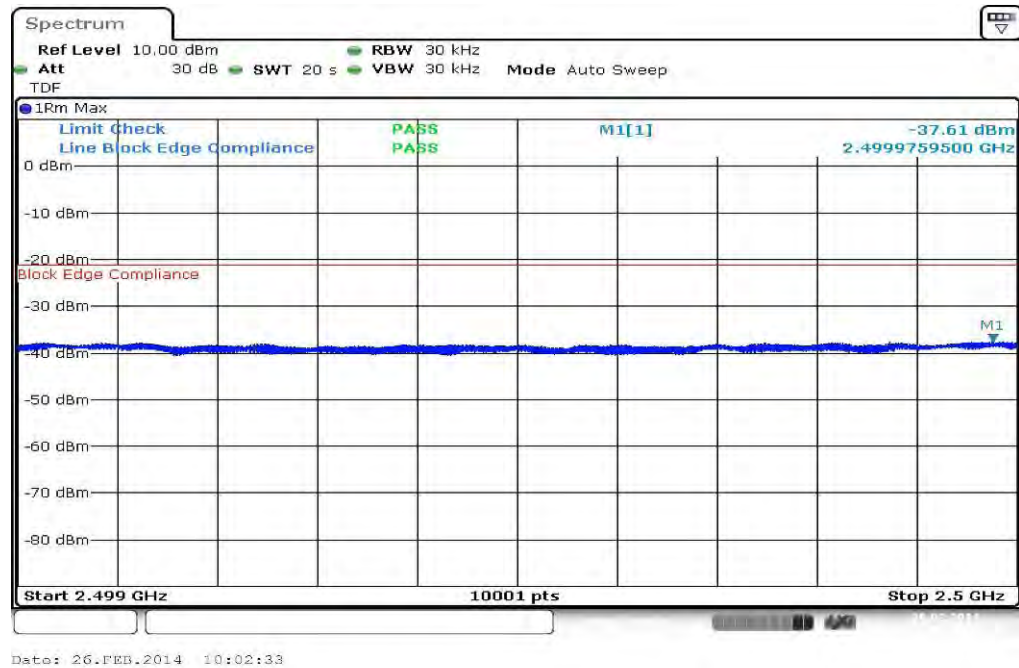


Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

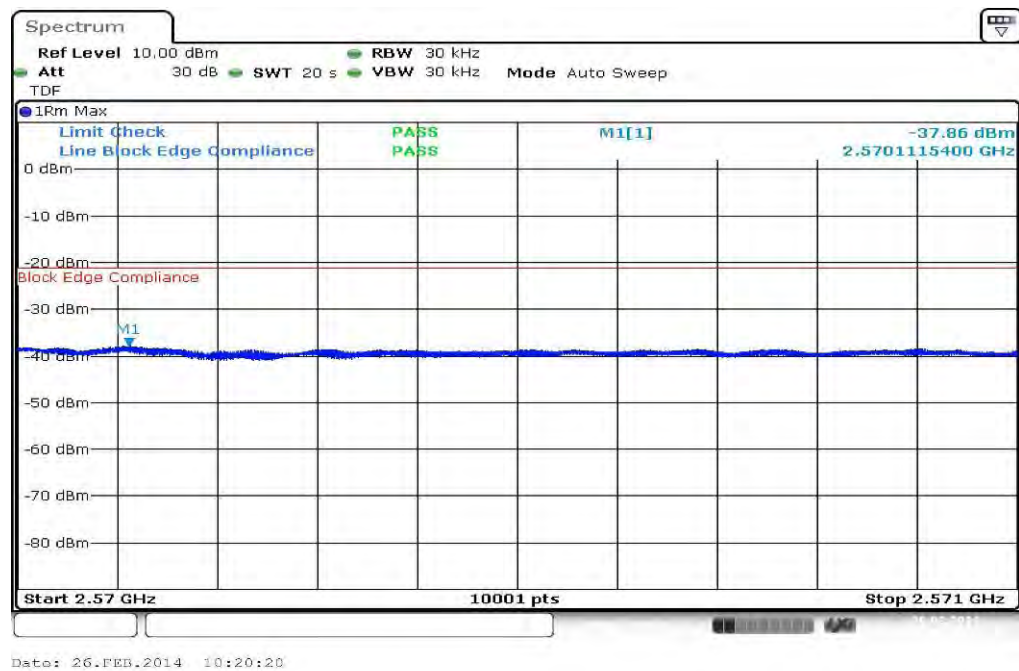


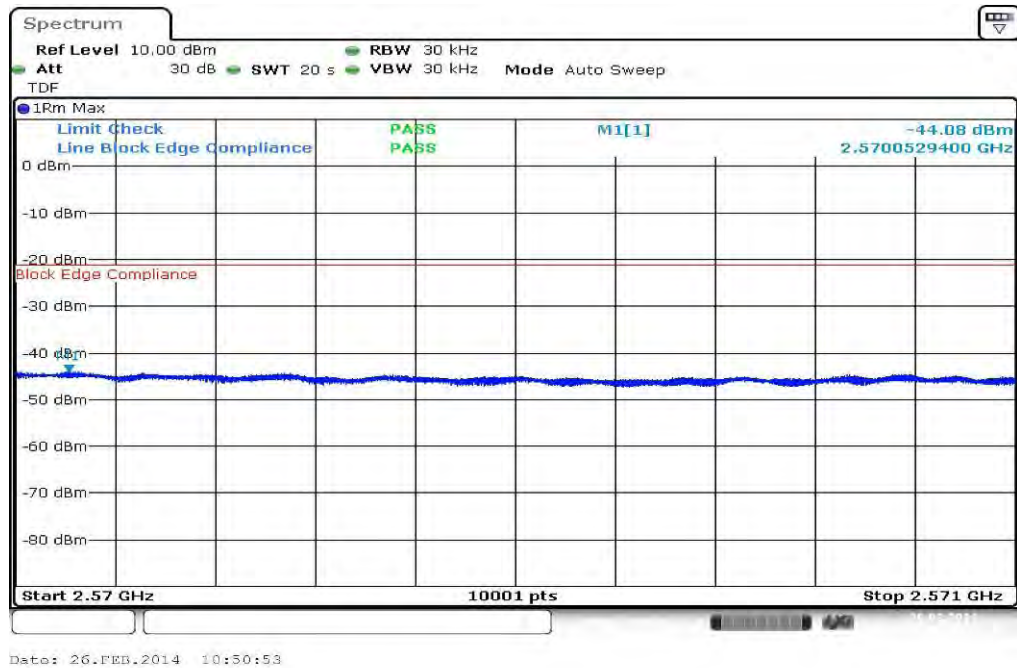
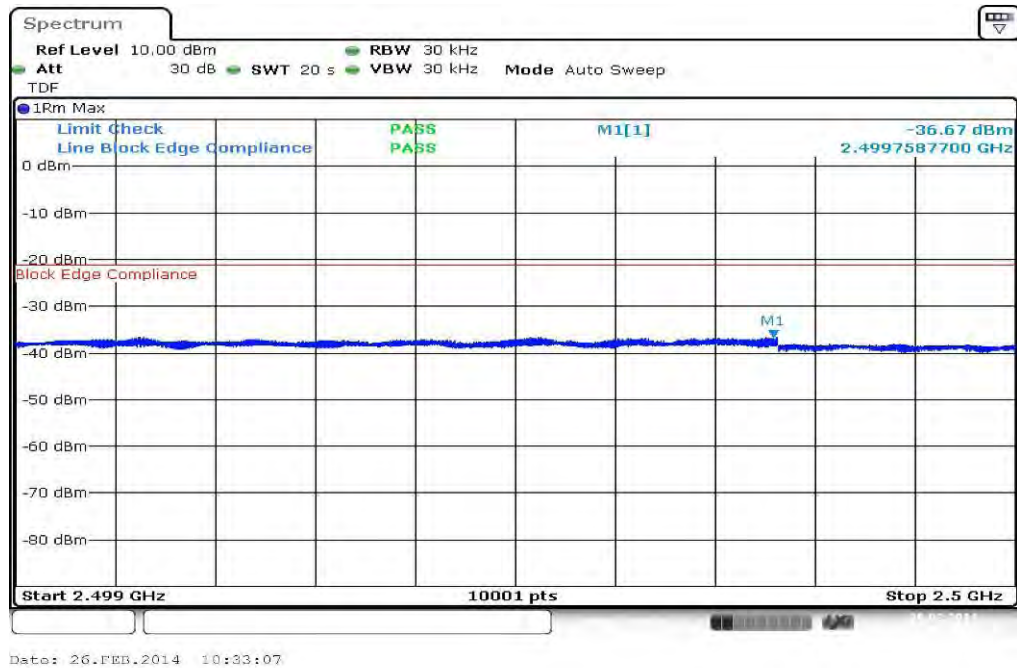
Results: 15 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation****Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation**

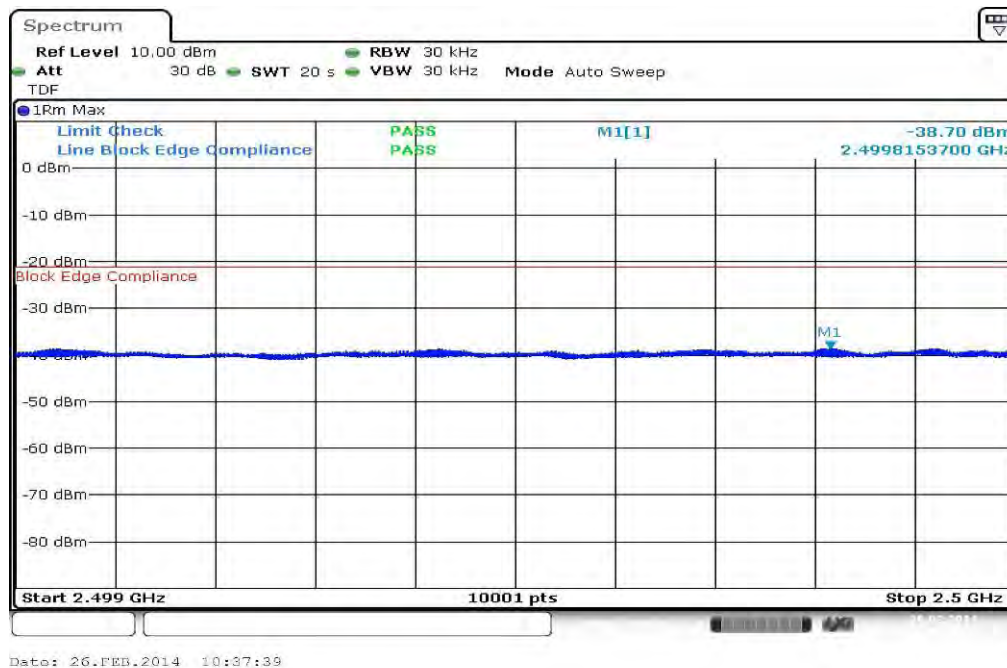
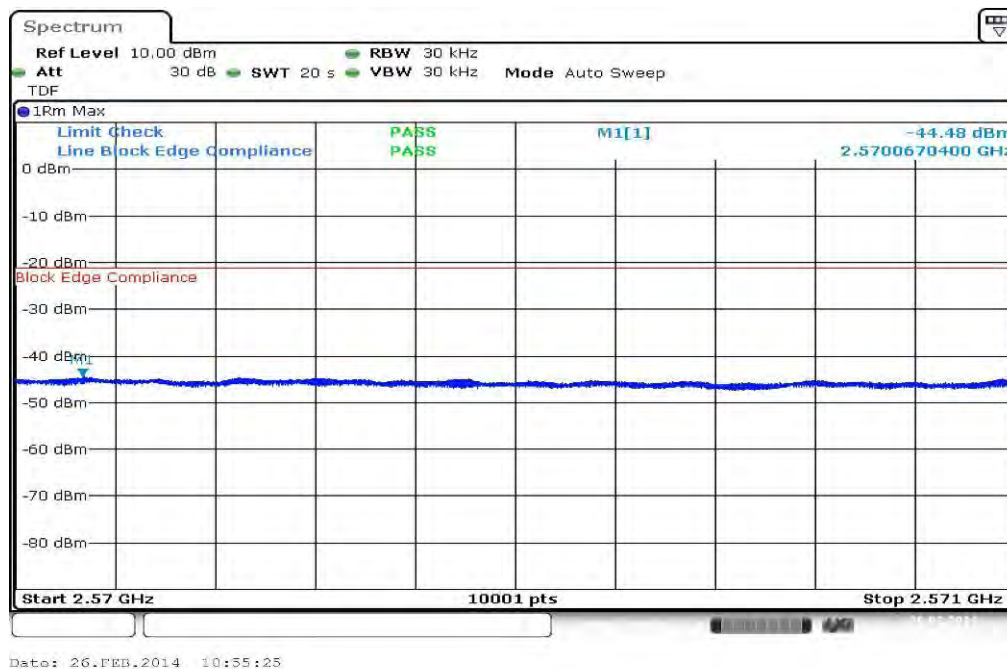
Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation





Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation**Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation****Result: Passed**

8.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the mid frequencies of the LTE band 7. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Span:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Occupied Bandwidth
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band

Results:

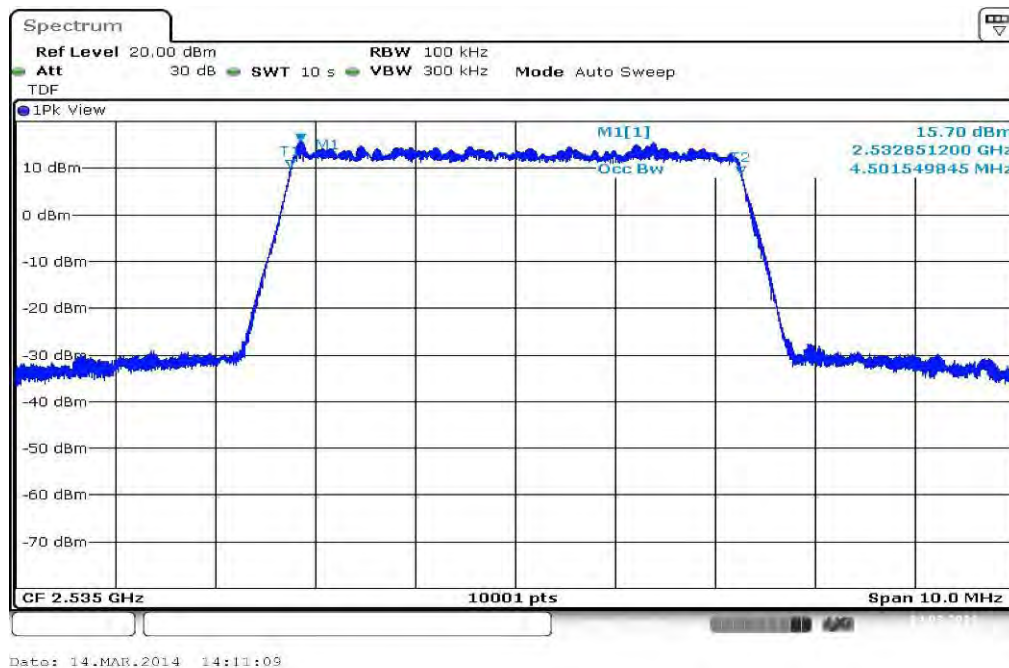
Occupied Bandwidth - QPSK		
Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
5	4502	4991
10	9065	10169
15	13436	14720
20	17946	19658
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 500 kHz depending on channel bandwidth	

Occupied Bandwidth – 16-QAM		
Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
5	4519	5042
10	9067	10083
15	13442	14723
20	17966	19738
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 500 kHz depending on channel bandwidth	

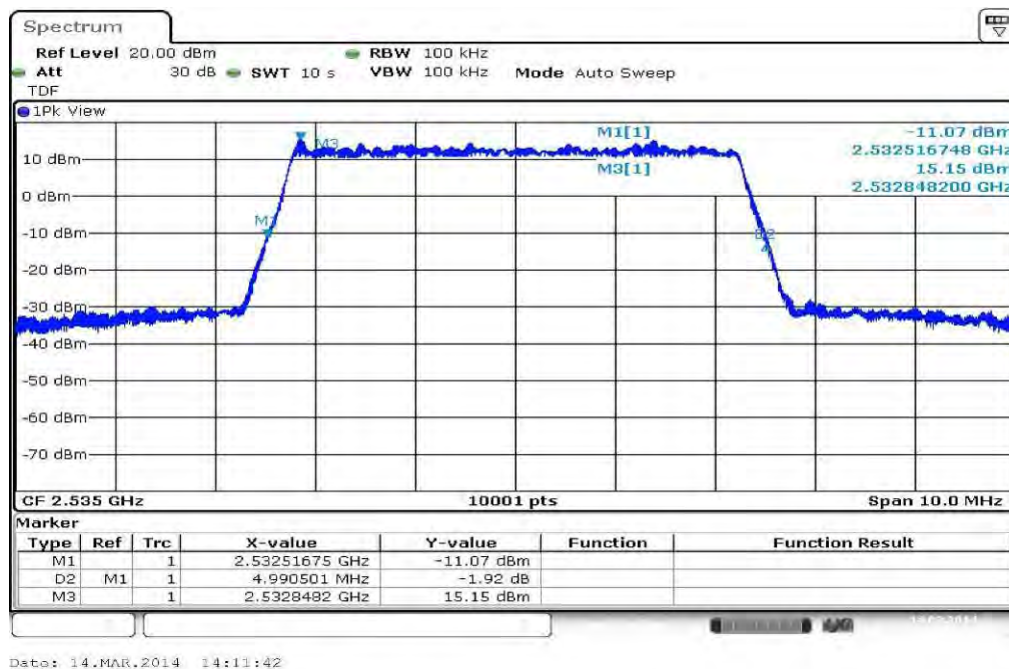
Result: Passed

Plots: QPSK

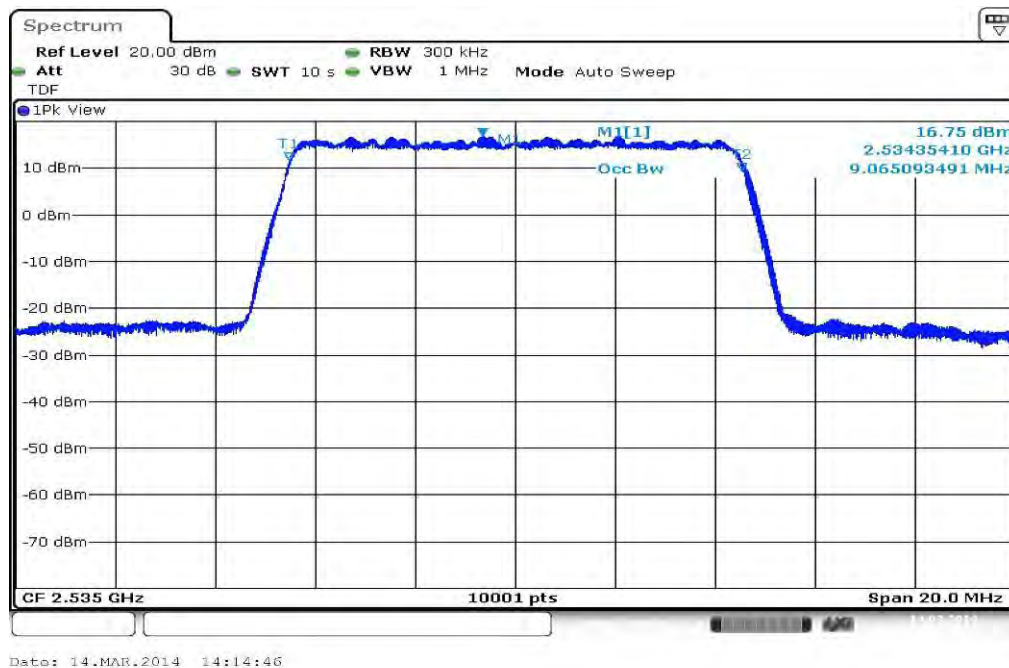
Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



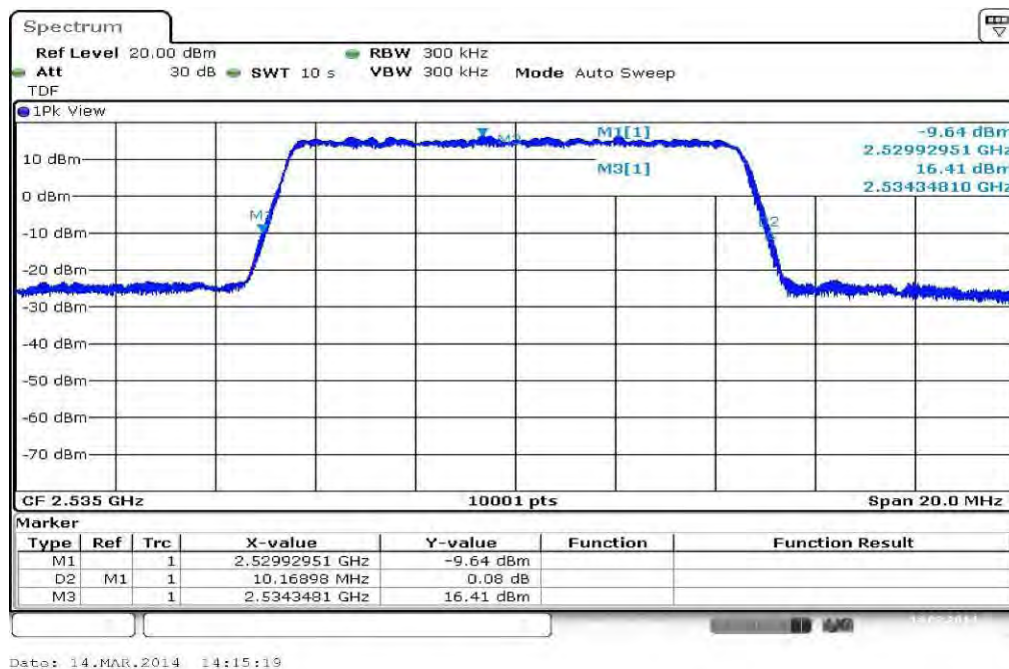
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



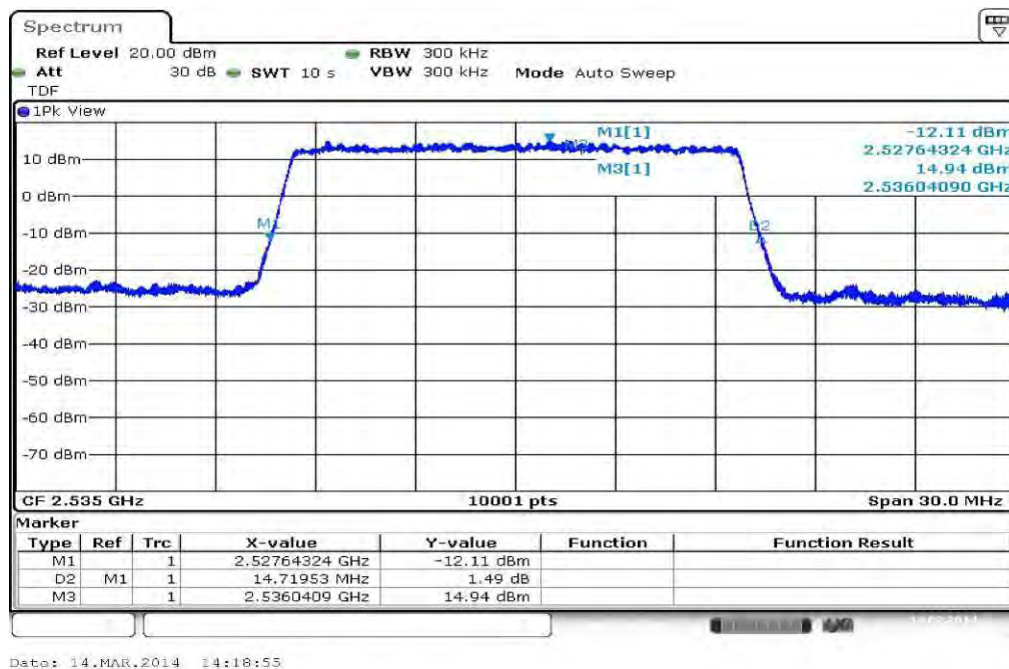
Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



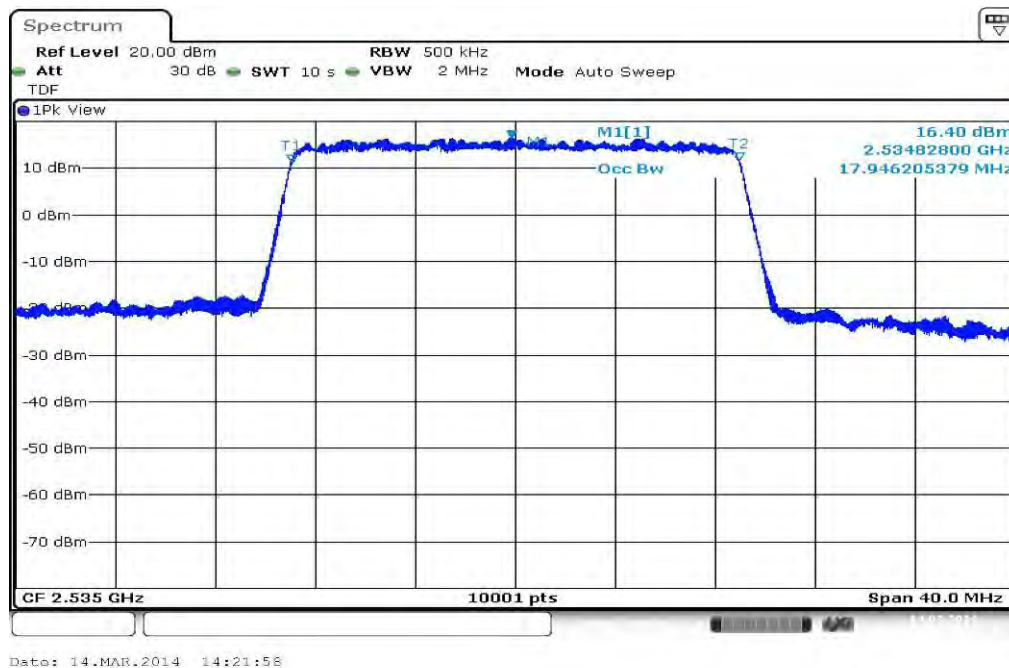
Plot 5: 15 MHz, 99% OBW



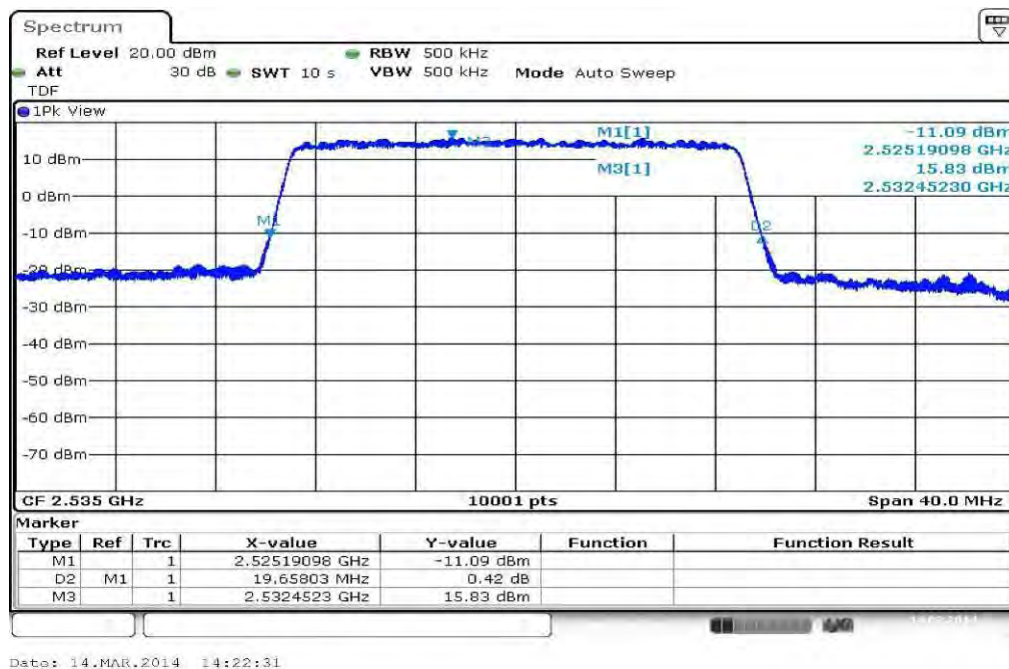
Plot 6: 15 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

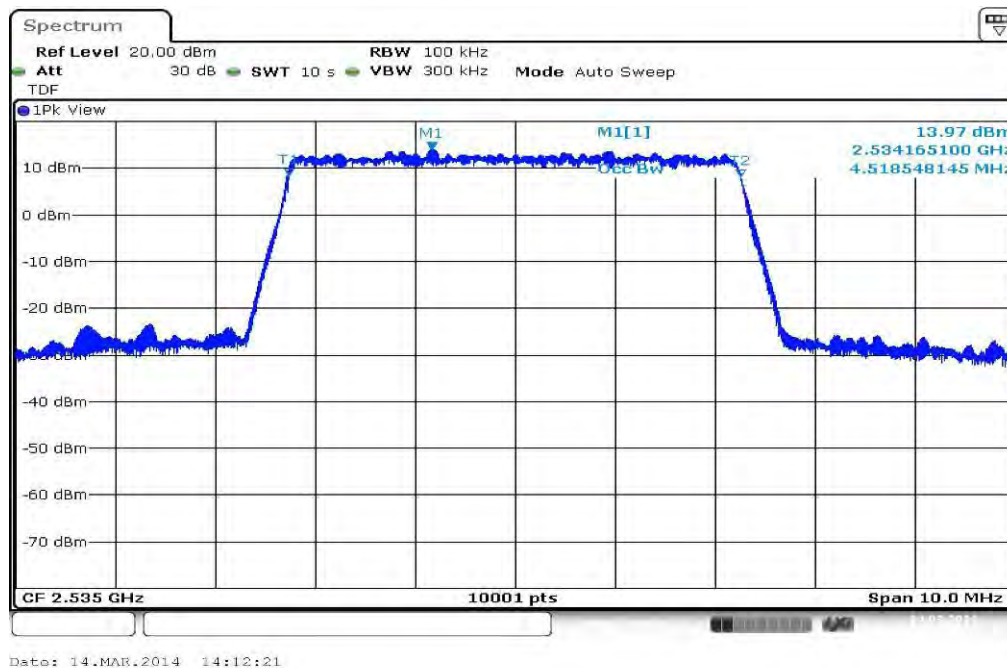
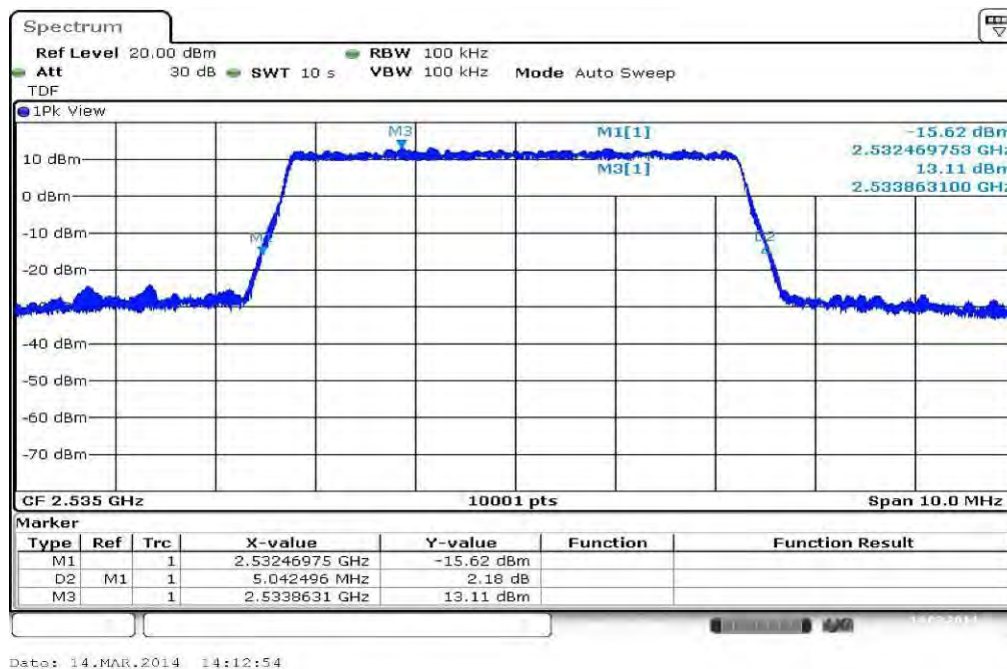


Plot 7: 20 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 8: 20 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

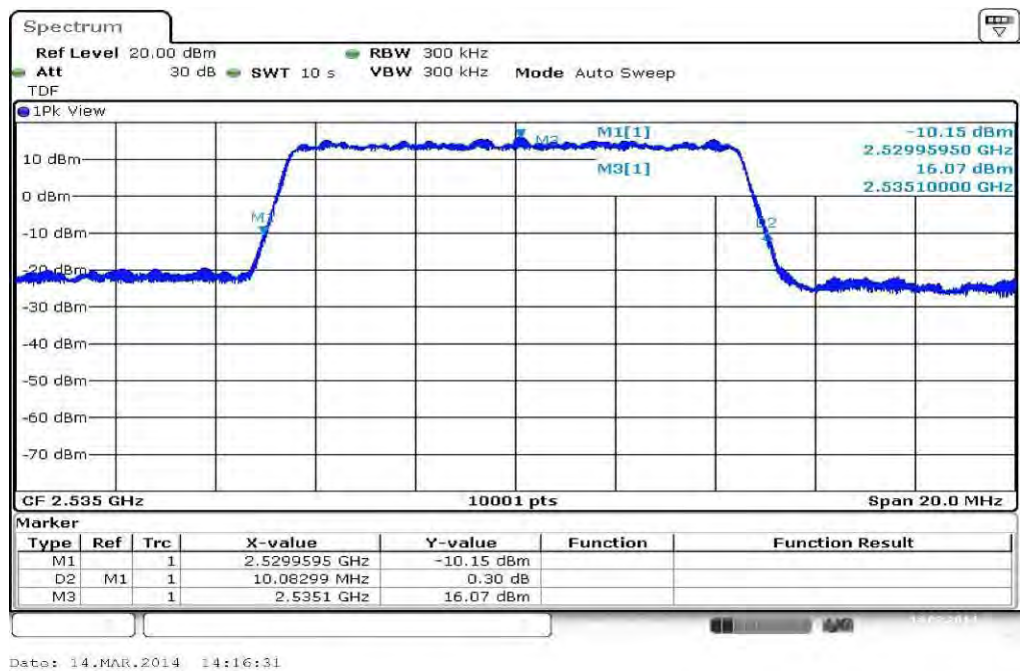


Plots: 16-QAM**Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW****Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW**

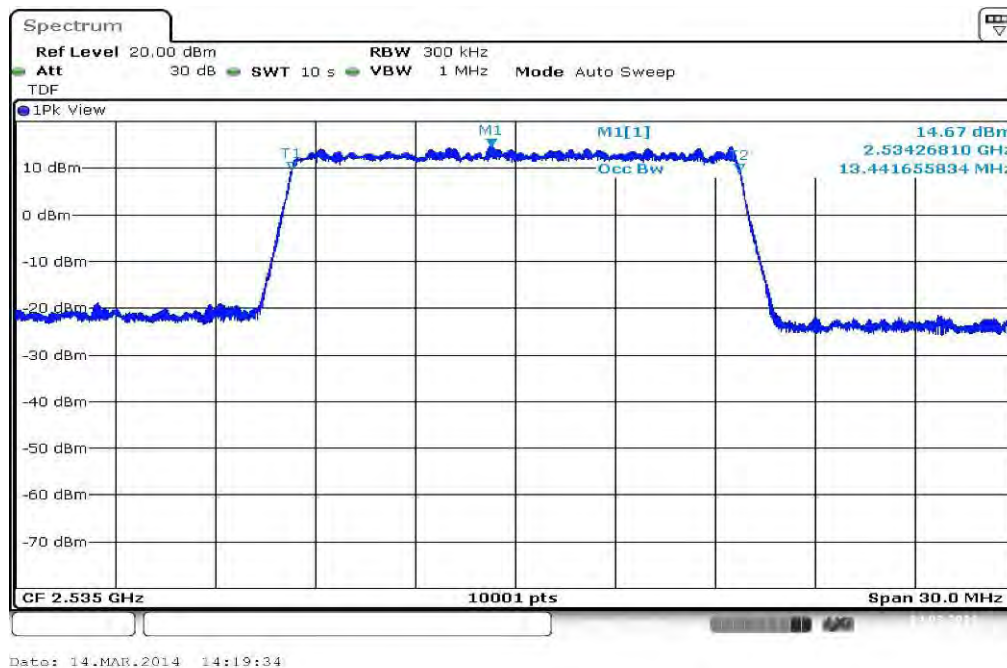
Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



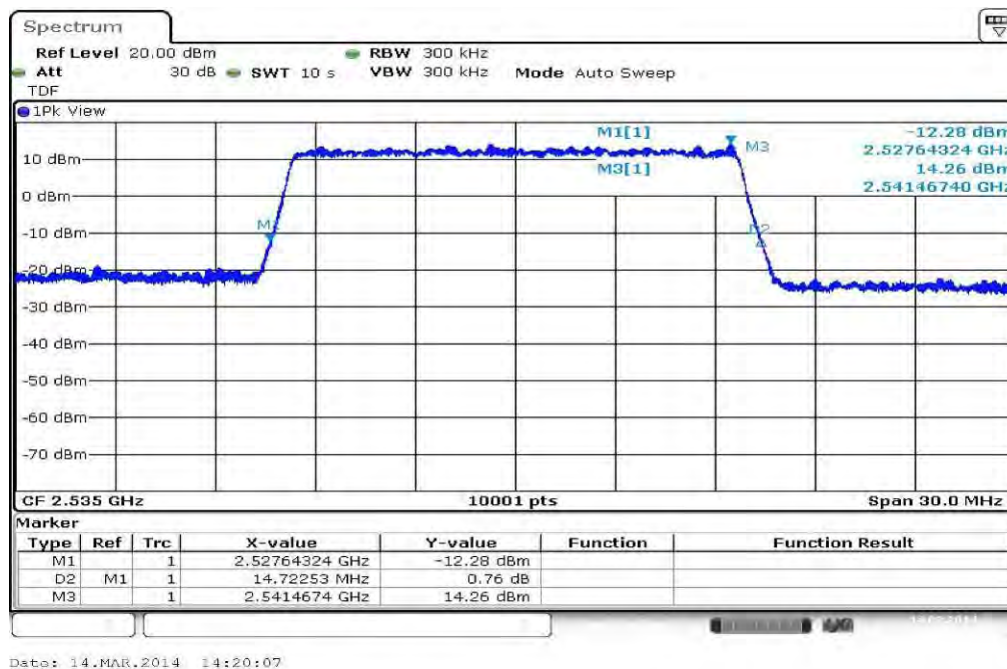
Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Plot 5: 15 MHz, 99% OBW



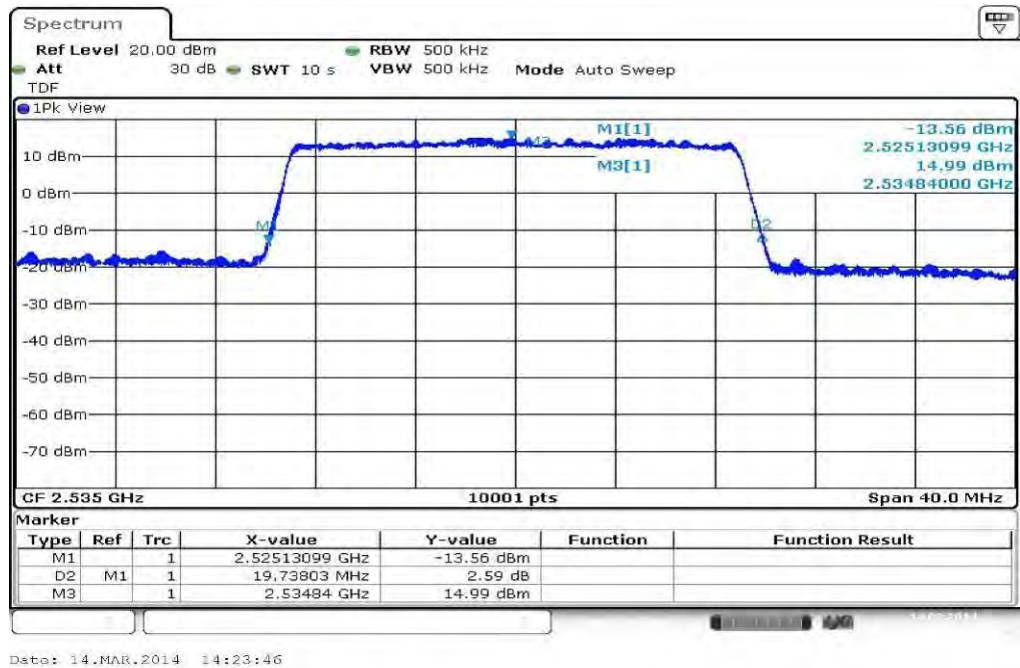
Plot 6: 15 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Plot 7: 20 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 8: 20 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



8.5 Results LTE – Band 13

The EUT was set to transmit the maximum power.

8.5.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Nominal Peak Output Power
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

Results:

Output Power (conducted)						
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Resource block allocation	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
5	779.5	1 RB low	22.7	4.7	21.7	5.5
		1 RB high	22.8	4.6	21.7	5.4
		50% RB mid	21.4	5.1	20.5	6.0
		100% RB	21.5	5.6	20.6	6.7
	782	1 RB low	22.4	5.1	21.8	4.8
		1 RB high	22.7	4.8	22.1	4.5
		50% RB mid	21.7	5.9	20.7	5.0
		100% RB	21.7	6.4	20.7	5.5
	784.5	1 RB low	22.8	4.6	21.5	5.5
		1 RB high	22.8	4.6	21.5	5.5
		50% RB mid	21.7	4.8	20.8	5.7
		100% RB	21.7	5.5	20.8	6.5
10	782.0	1 RB low	22.8	4.7	21.5	5.8
		1 RB high	22.9	4.5	21.6	5.5
		50% RB mid	21.7	5.1	20.8	5.9
		100% RB	21.6	6.0	20.7	7.0
Measurement uncertainty			± 0.5 dB			

The output power radiated is measured with the mode which have the highest conducted output power.

Output Power (radiated)			
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM
5	779.5	21.0	19.9
	782.0	21.2	20.6
	784.5	21.7	20.4
10	782.0	21.4	20.1
Measurement uncertainty		± 3.0 dB	

Result: **Passed**

8.5.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMW500 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 °C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

This measurement was performed with the highest channel bandwidth supported from the EUT on the middle channel

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMW500
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

Limits:

FCC
Frequency Stability
< 2.5 ppm

Results:**FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	10	0.00000128	0.0128
3.4	-10	-0.00000128	-0.0128
3.5	-5	-0.00000064	-0.0064
3.6	1	0.00000013	0.0013
3.7	3	0.00000038	0.0038
3.8	-8	-0.00000102	-0.0102
3.9	7	0.00000090	0.0090
4.0	-3	-0.00000038	-0.0038
4.1	-4	-0.00000051	-0.0051
4.2	-5	-0.00000064	-0.0064
4.3	8	0.00000102	0.0102
4.4	3	0.00000038	0.0038

FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-2	-0.00000026	-0.0026
-20	-7	-0.00000090	-0.0090
-10	-3	-0.00000038	-0.0038
± 0	-7	-0.00000090	-0.0090
10	2	0.00000026	0.0026
20	7	0.00000090	0.0090
30	-10	-0.00000128	-0.0128
40	-5	-0.00000064	-0.0064
50	-3	-0.00000038	-0.0038
60	5	0.00000064	0.0064

Result: Passed

8.5.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 784.5 MHz. Measurement made up to 12.75 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the LTE band 13.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 s
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Radiated
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the LTE band 13 (779.5 MHz, 782.0 MHz and 784.5 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the LTE band 13 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel 10 MHz bandwidth and full resource blocks. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel and all supported channel bandwidths were checked, too.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

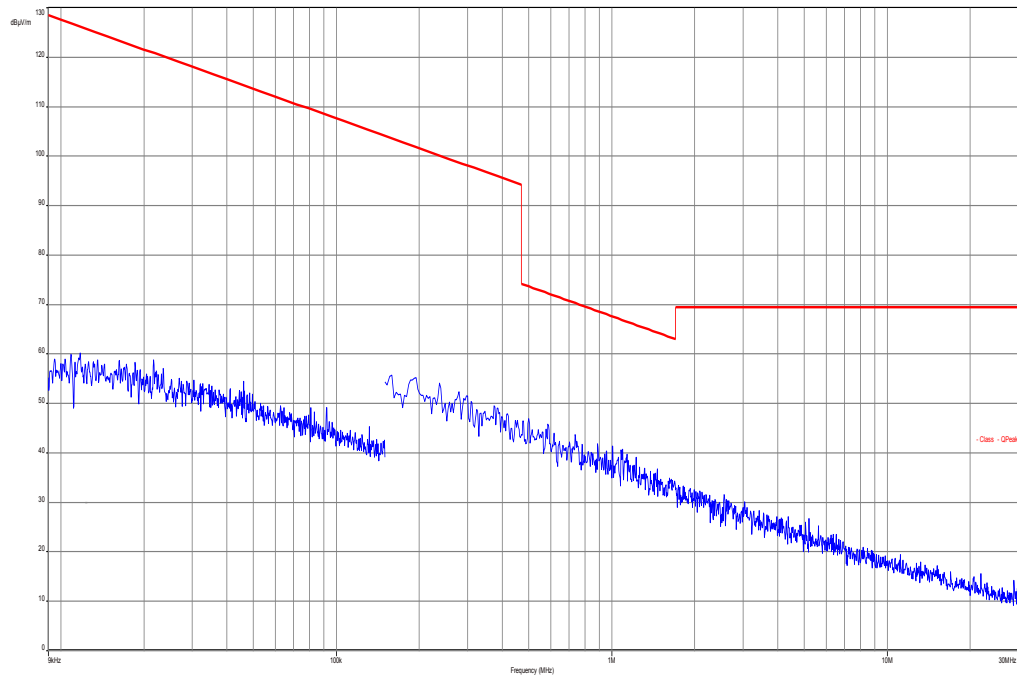
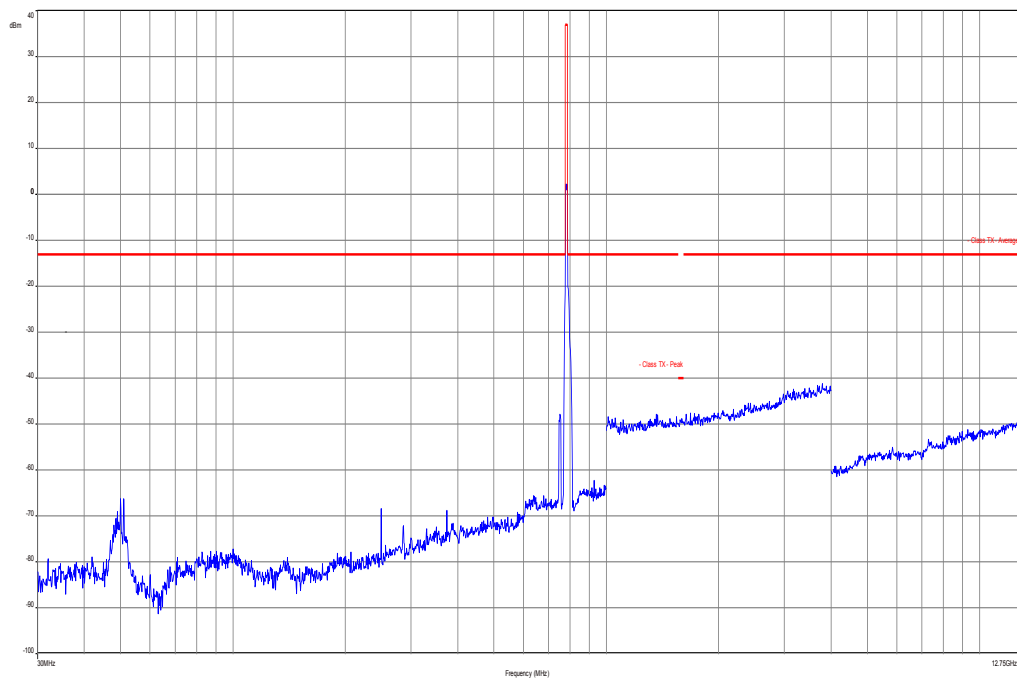
QPSK

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

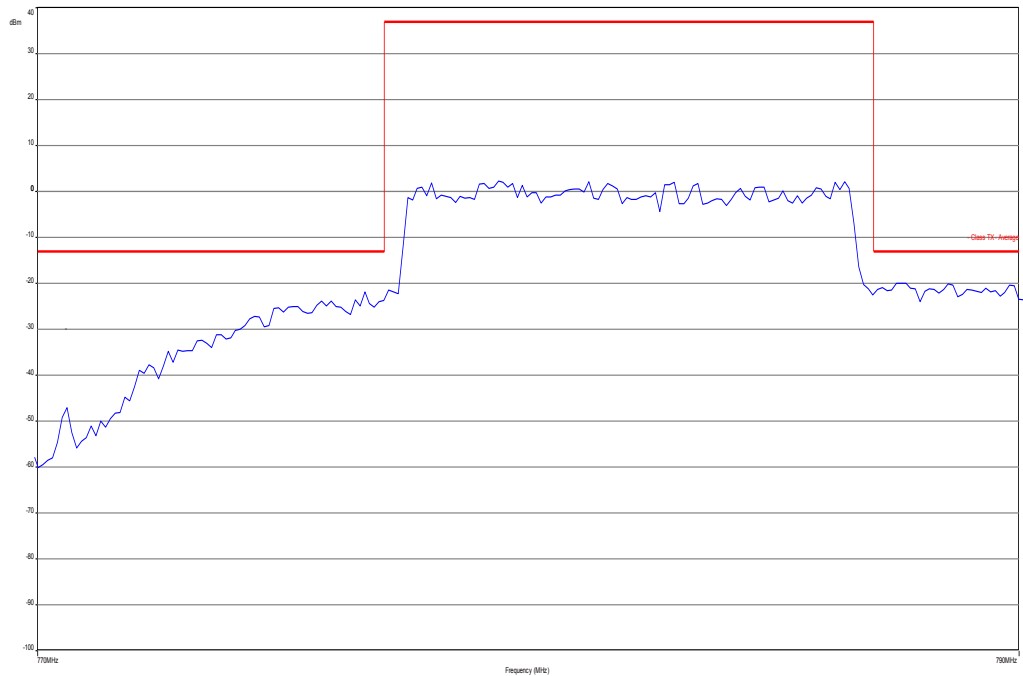
16-QAM

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

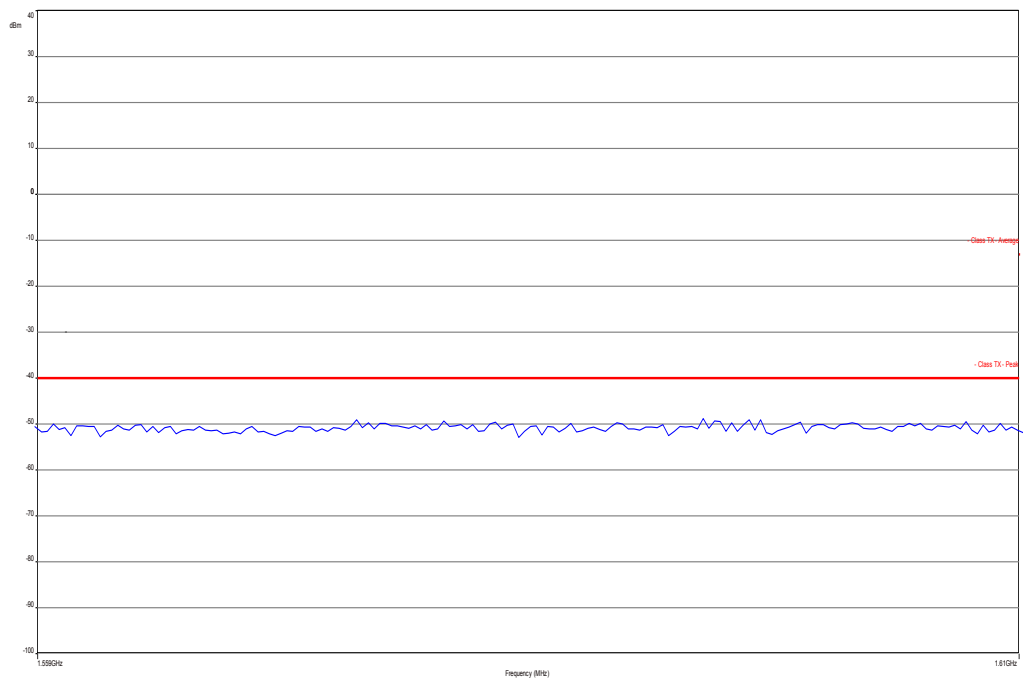
Result: Passed

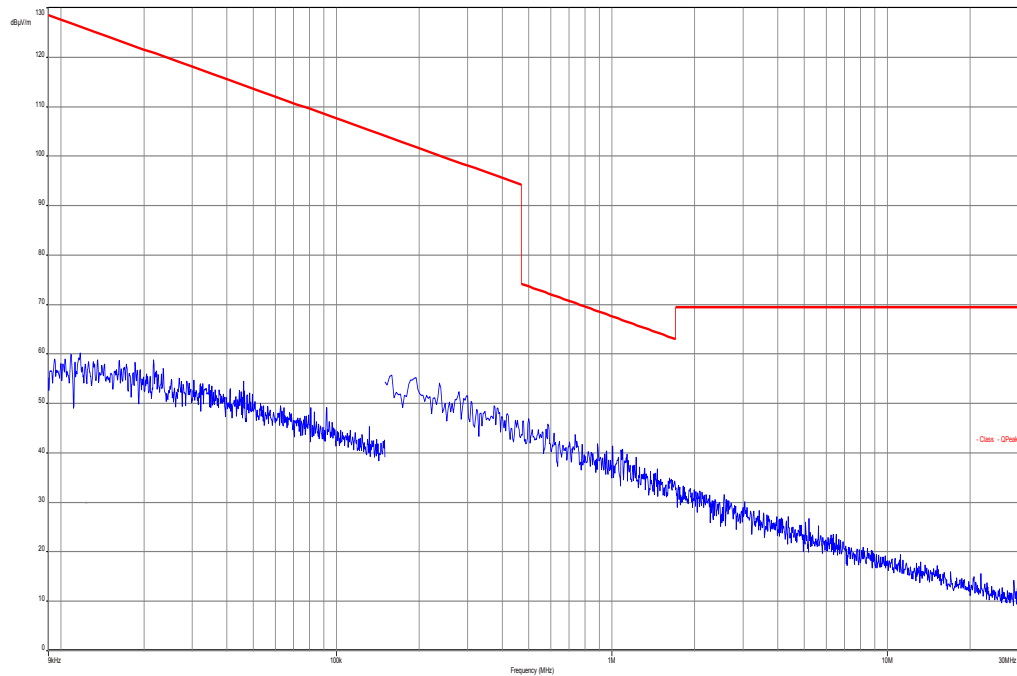
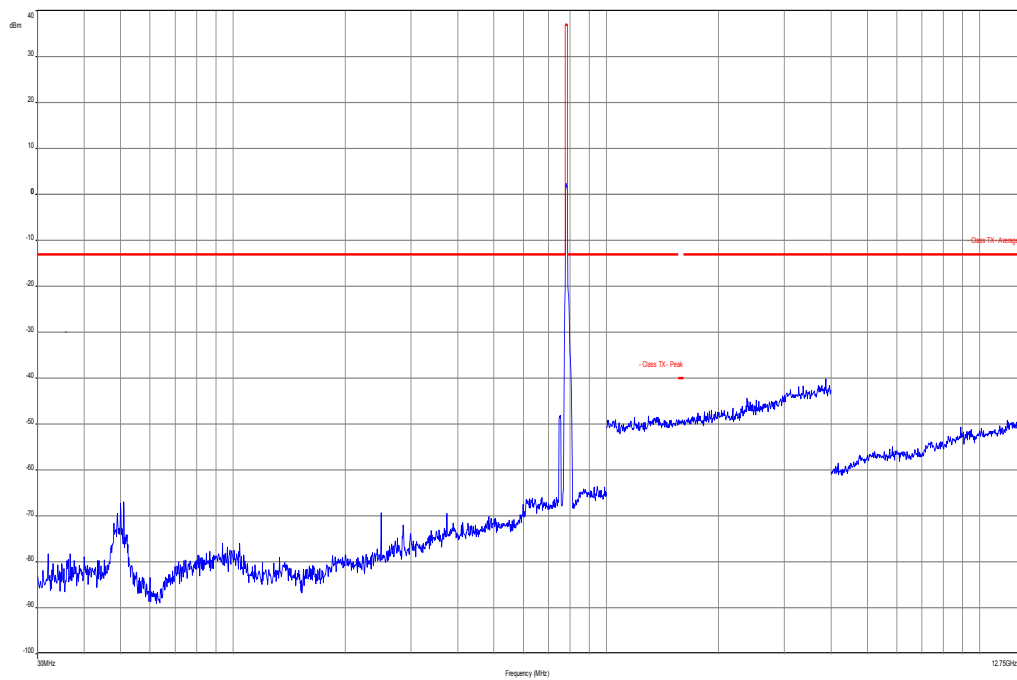
QPSK with 10 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz**

Plot 3: Middle channel, band zoom, Peak

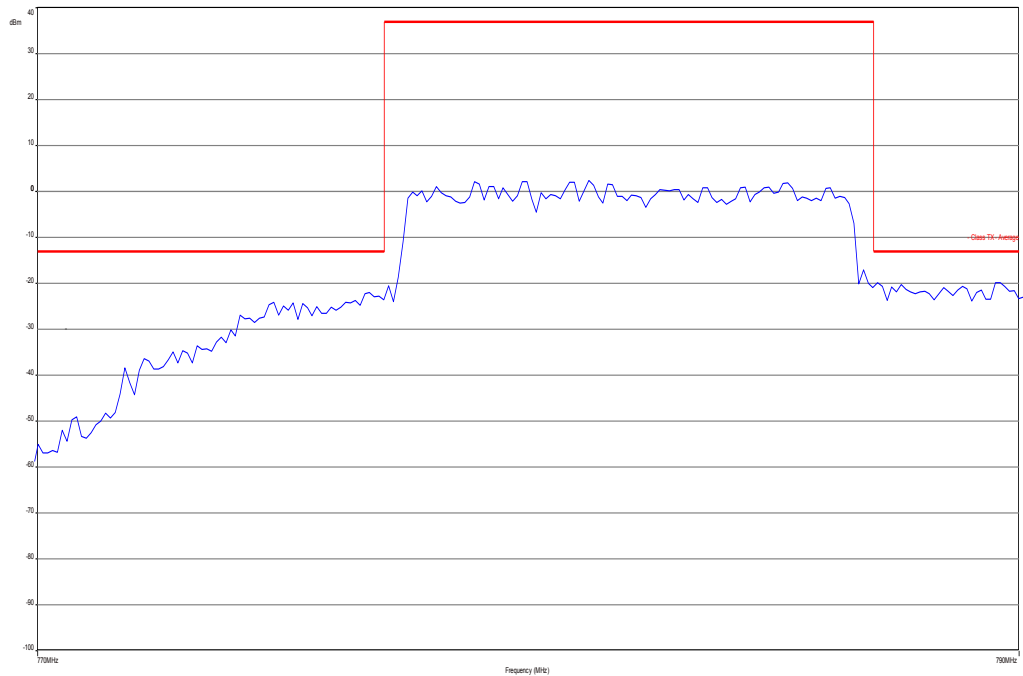


Plot 4: Middle channel, Special band: 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz

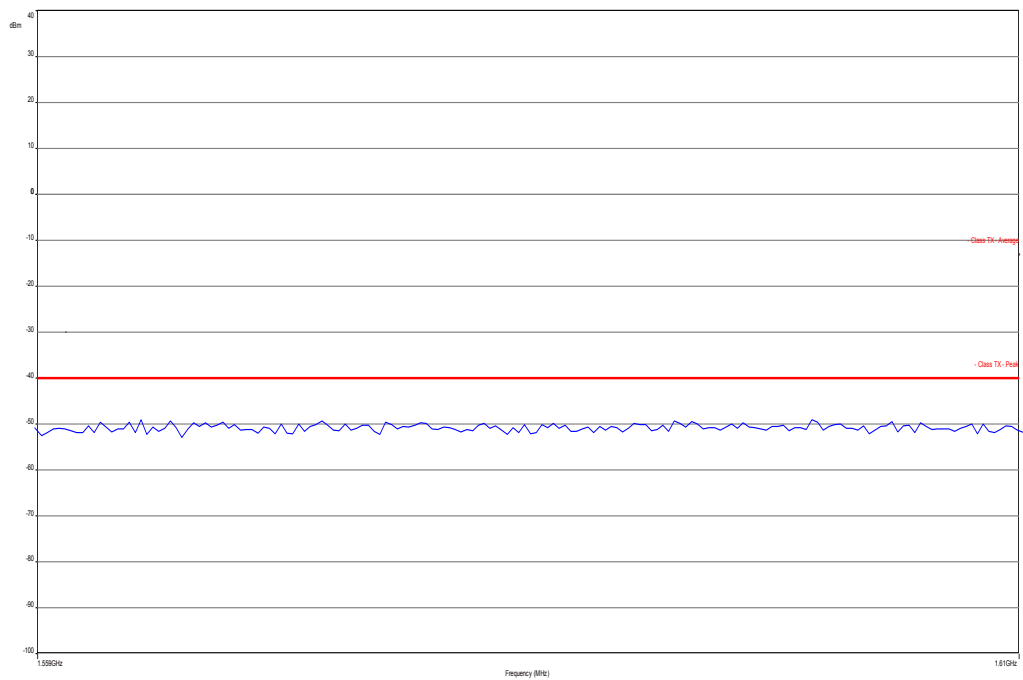


16-QAM with 10 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 5: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz****Plot 6: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz**

Plot 7: Middle channel, band zoom, Peak



Plot 8: Middle channel, Special band: 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz



8.5.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested data taken from 10 MHz to 26 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	10 MHz – 12 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Conducted
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm

Results: for 5 MHz channel bandwidth**QPSK**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1559.0	-	1564.0	-	1569.0	-
2338.5	-	2346.0	-	2353.5	-
3118.0	-	3128.0	-	3138.0	-
3897.5	-	3910.0	-	3922.5	-
4677.0	-	4692.0	-	4707.0	-
5456.5	-	5474.0	-	5491.5	-
6236.0	-	6256.0	-	6276.0	-
7015.5	-	7038.0	-	7060.5	-
7795.0	-	7820.0	-	7845.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

16-QAM

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1559.0	-	1564.0	-	1569.0	-
2338.5	-	2346.0	-	2353.5	-
3118.0	-	3128.0	-	3138.0	-
3897.5	-	3910.0	-	3922.5	-
4677.0	-	4692.0	-	4707.0	-
5456.5	-	5474.0	-	5491.5	-
6236.0	-	6256.0	-	6276.0	-
7015.5	-	7038.0	-	7060.5	-
7795.0	-	7820.0	-	7845.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: Passed

Results: for 10 MHz channel bandwidth

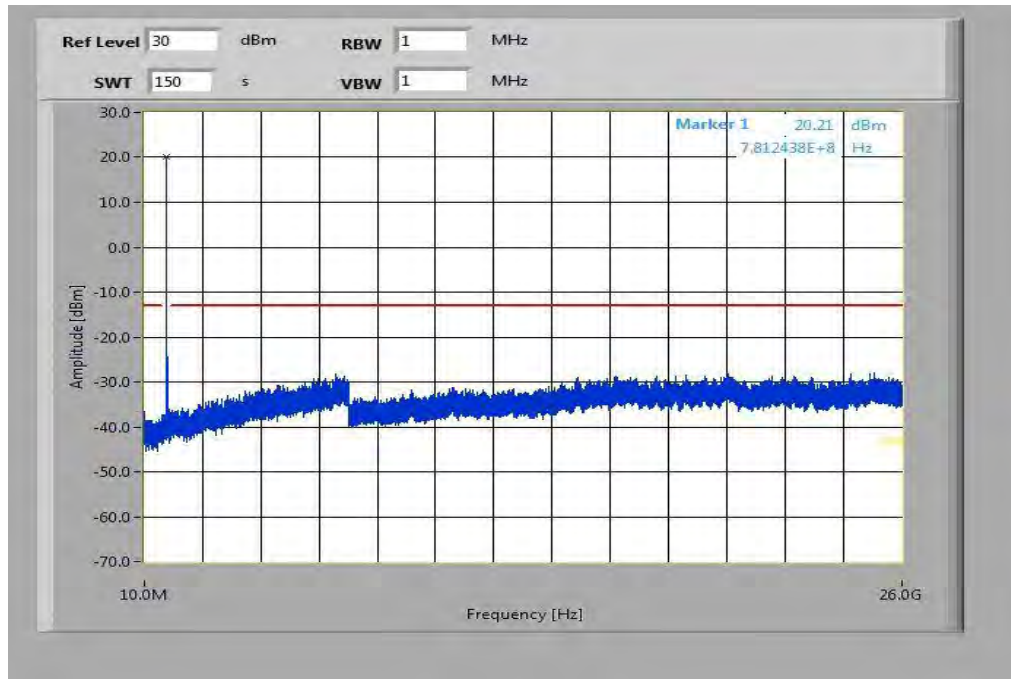
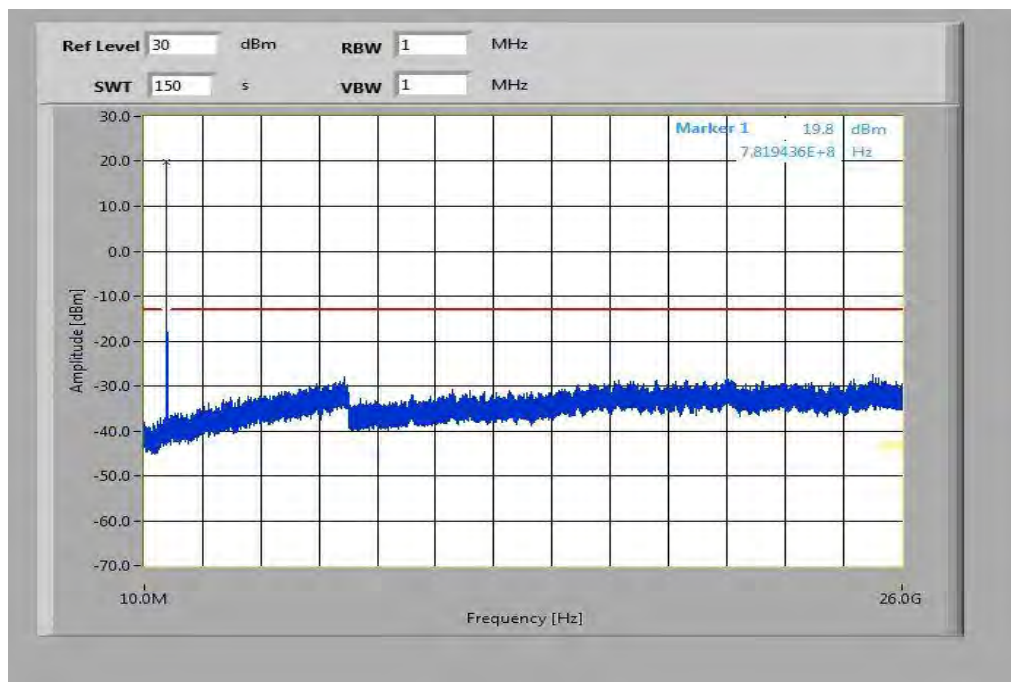
QPSK

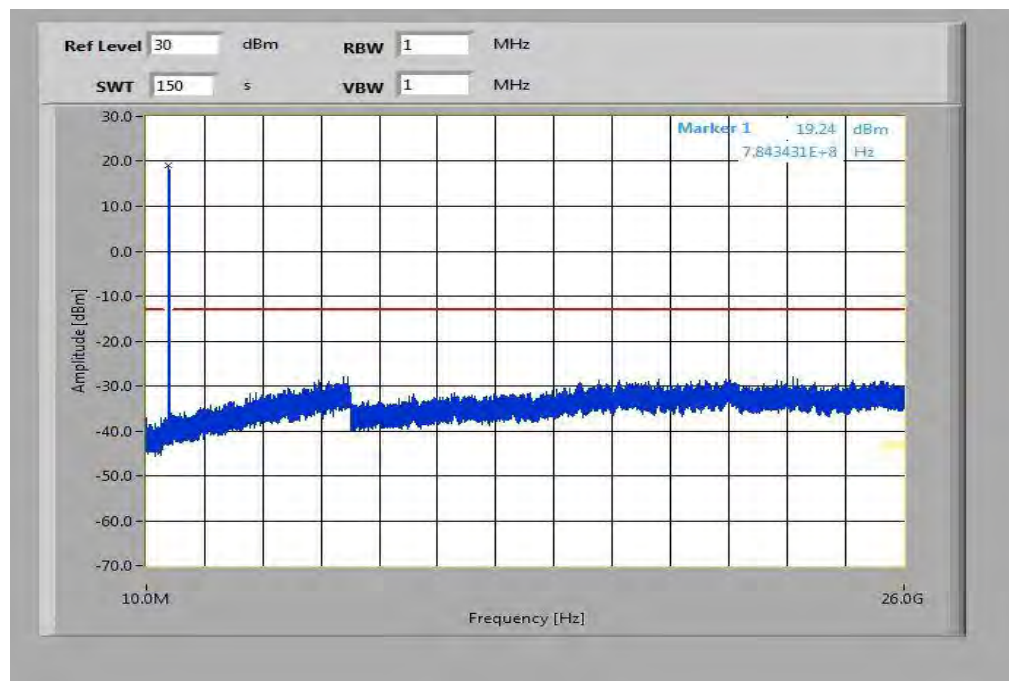
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

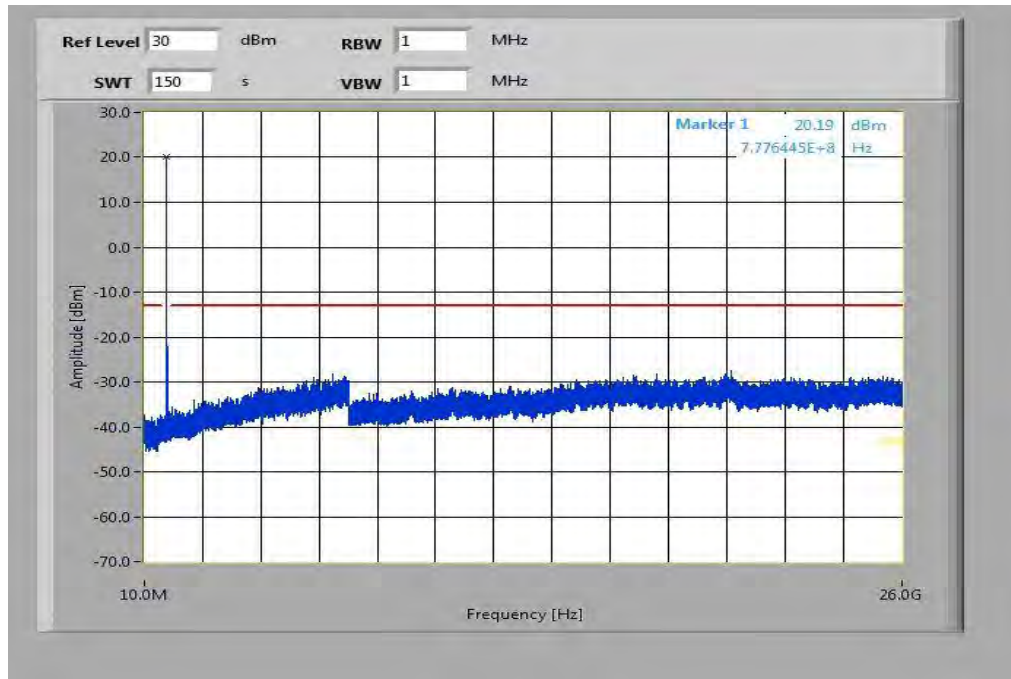
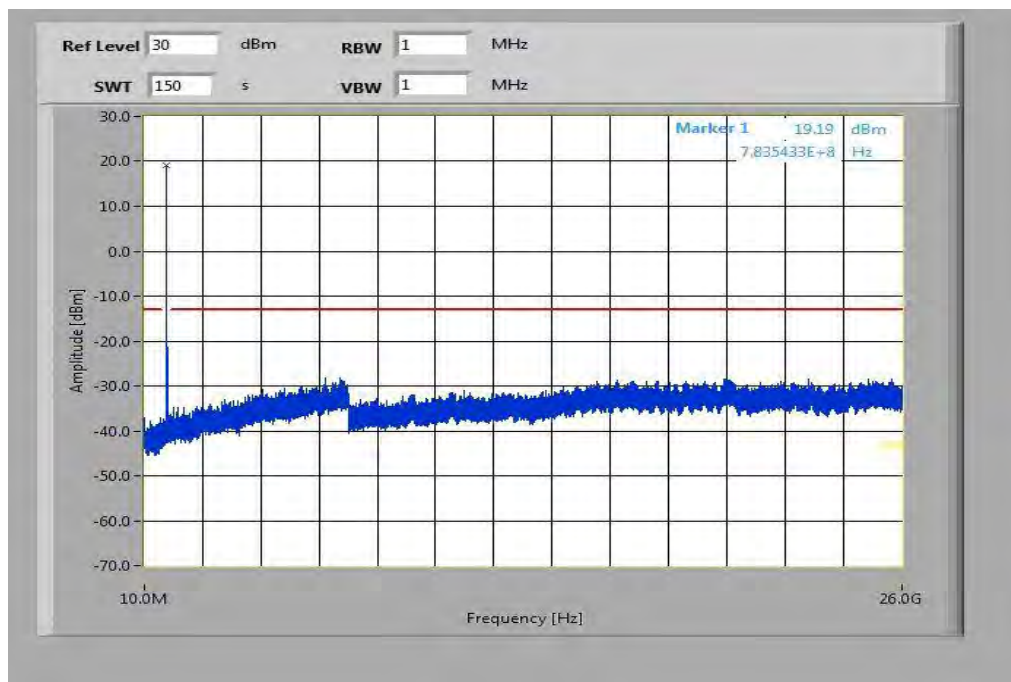
16-QAM

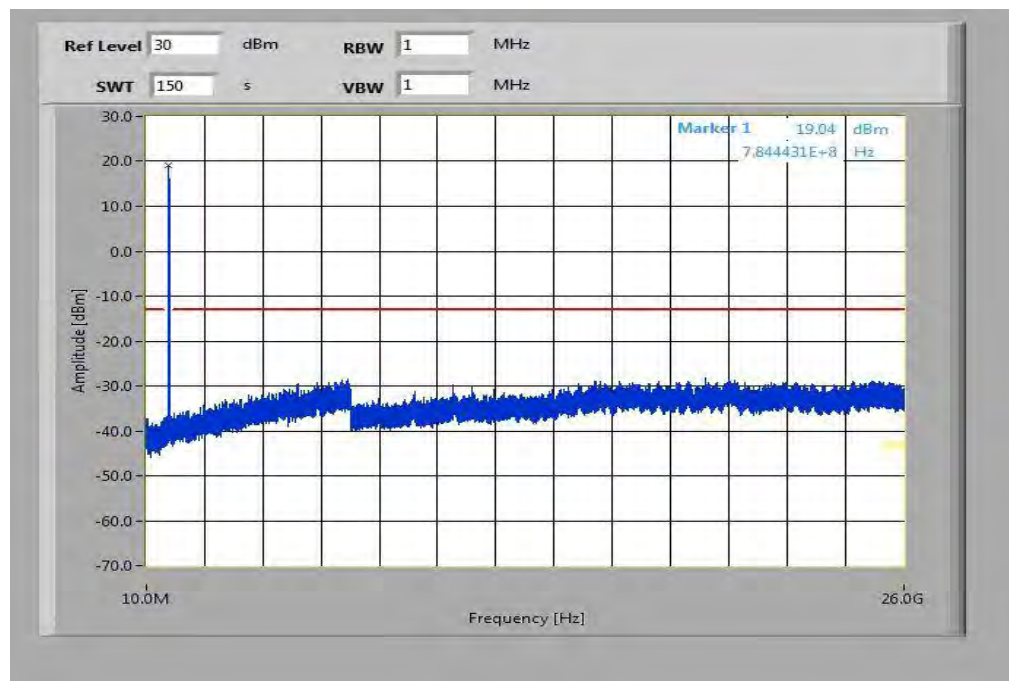
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL		MIDDLE CHANNEL		HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

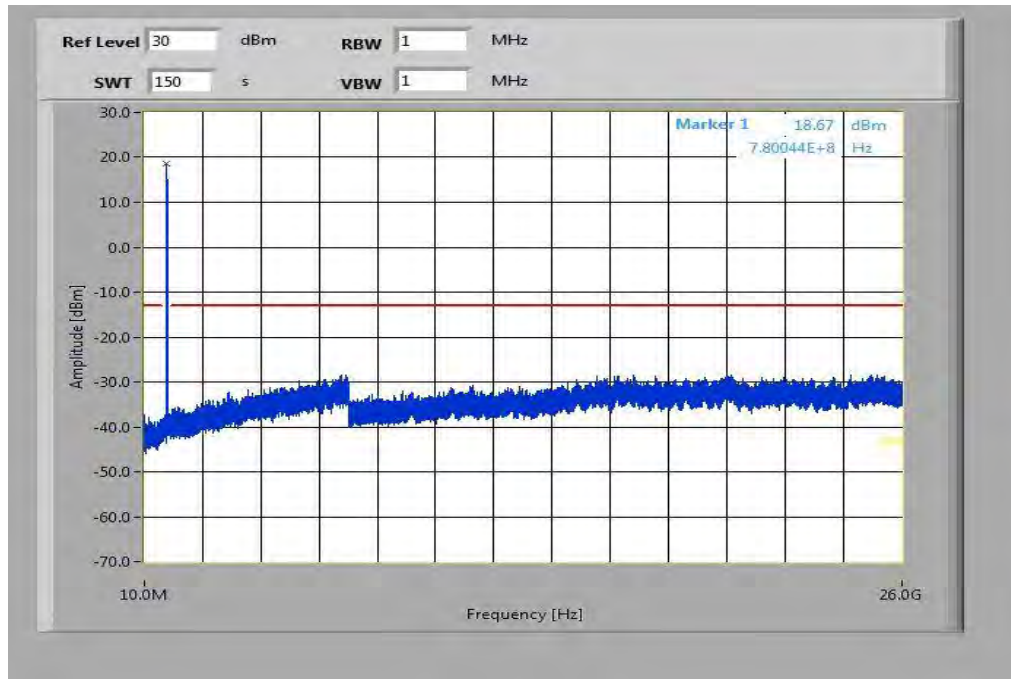
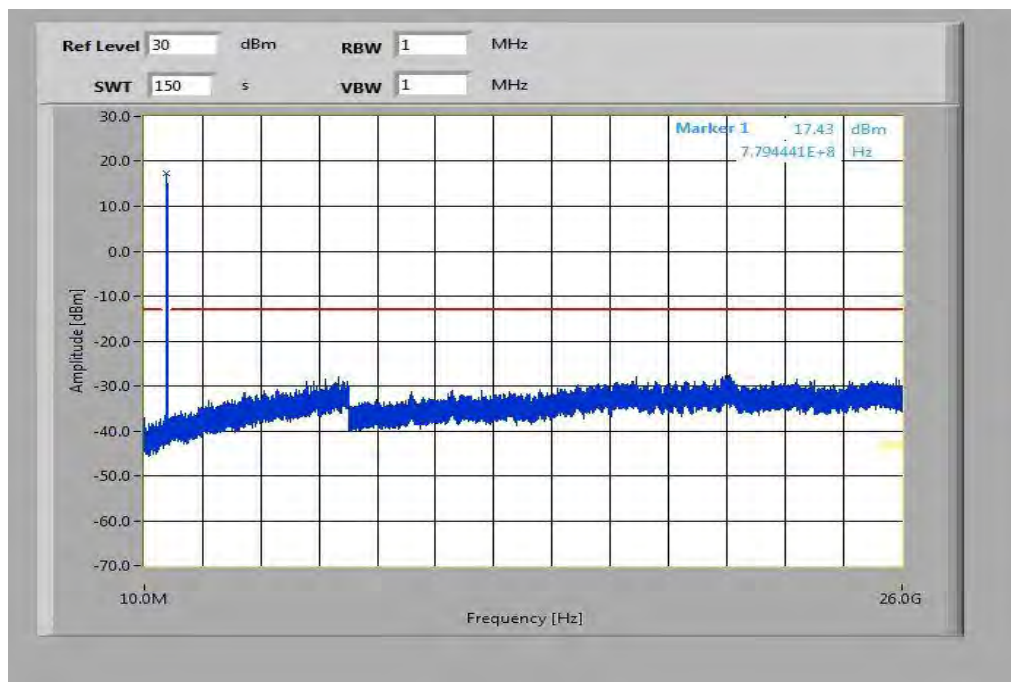
Result: **Passed**

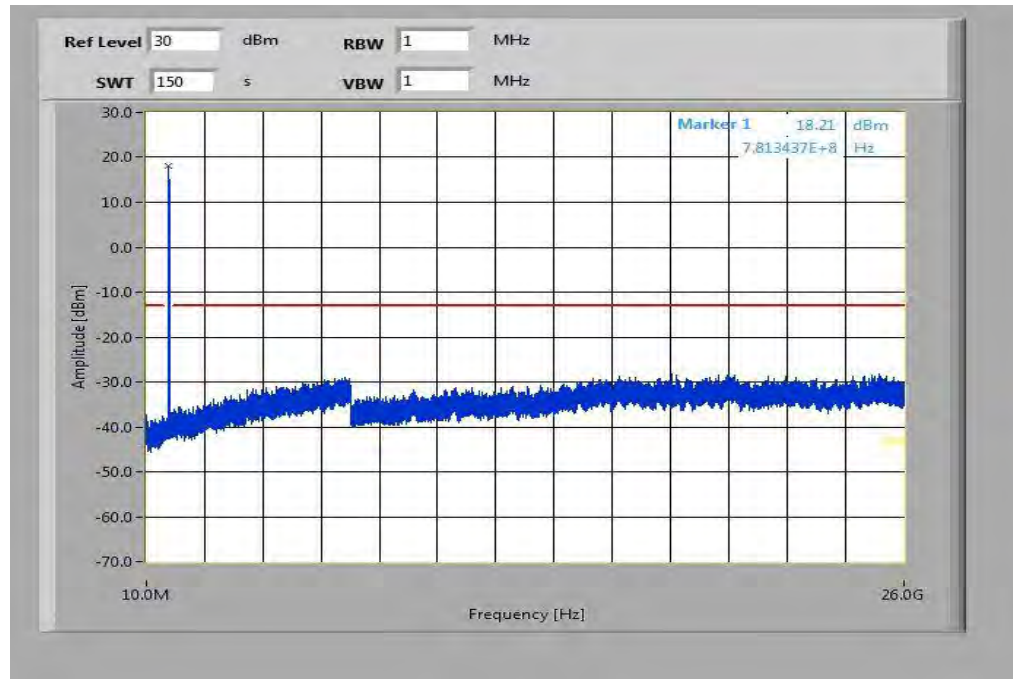
Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK**Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

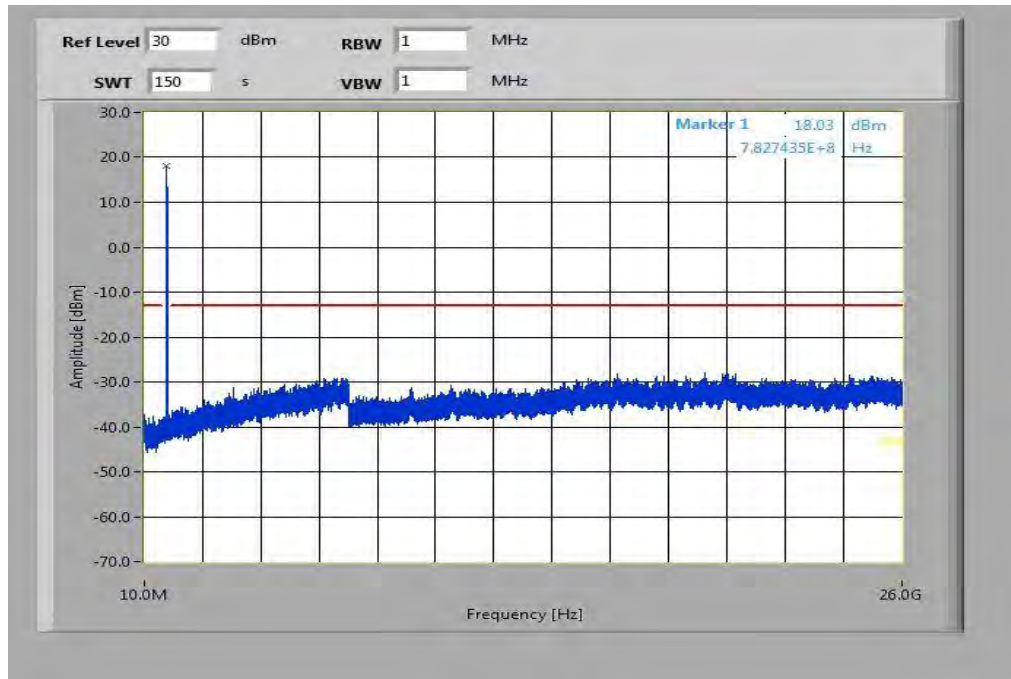
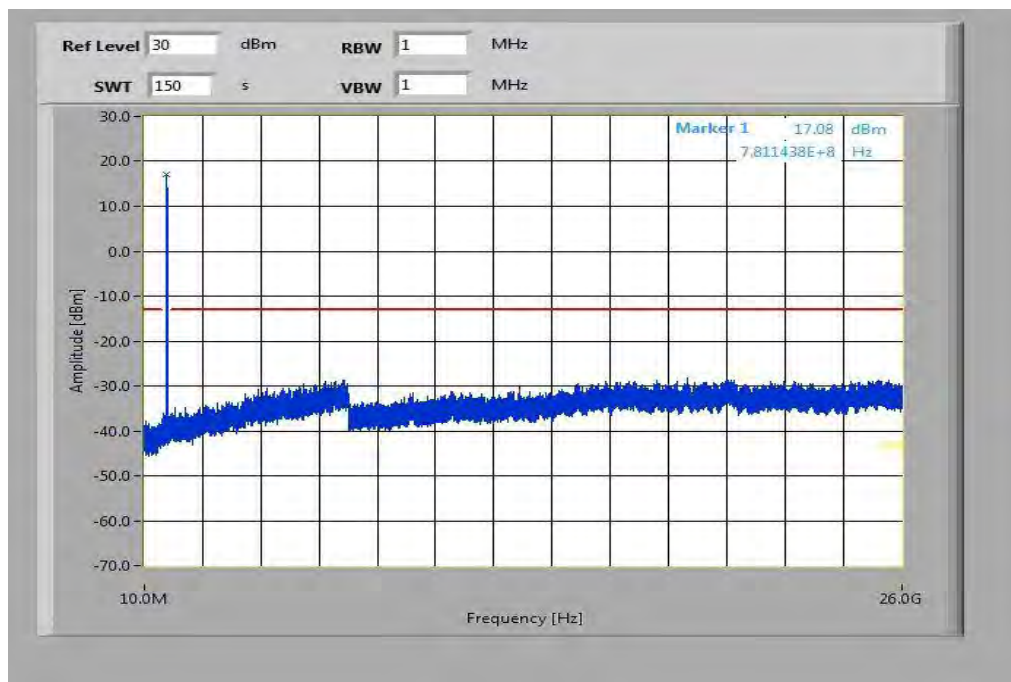
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

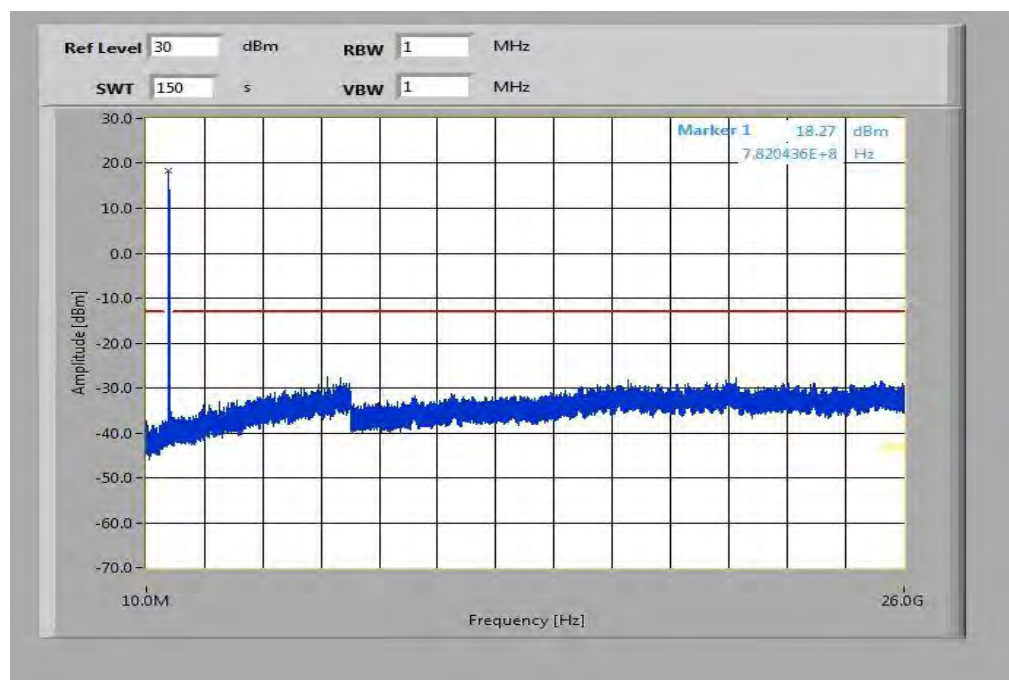
Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM**Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK**Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM**Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz****Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz**

Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

8.5.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

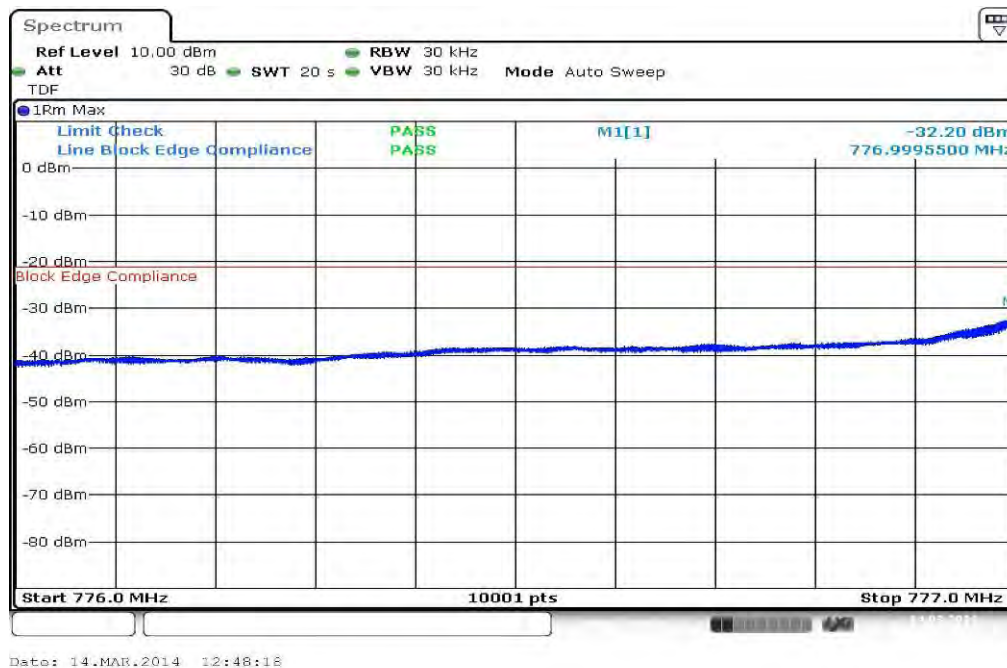
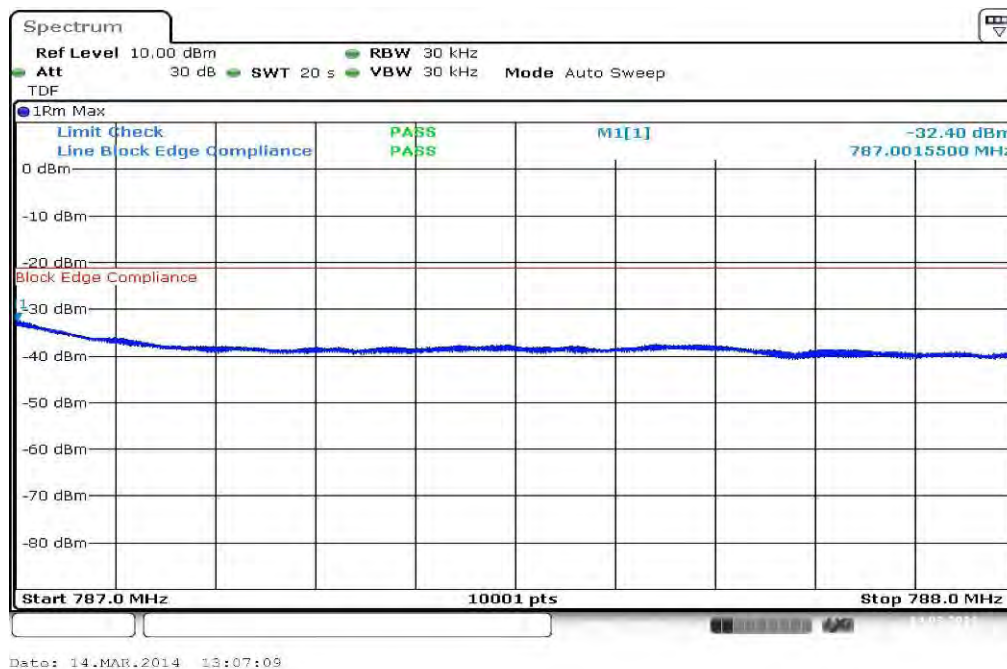
Measurement:

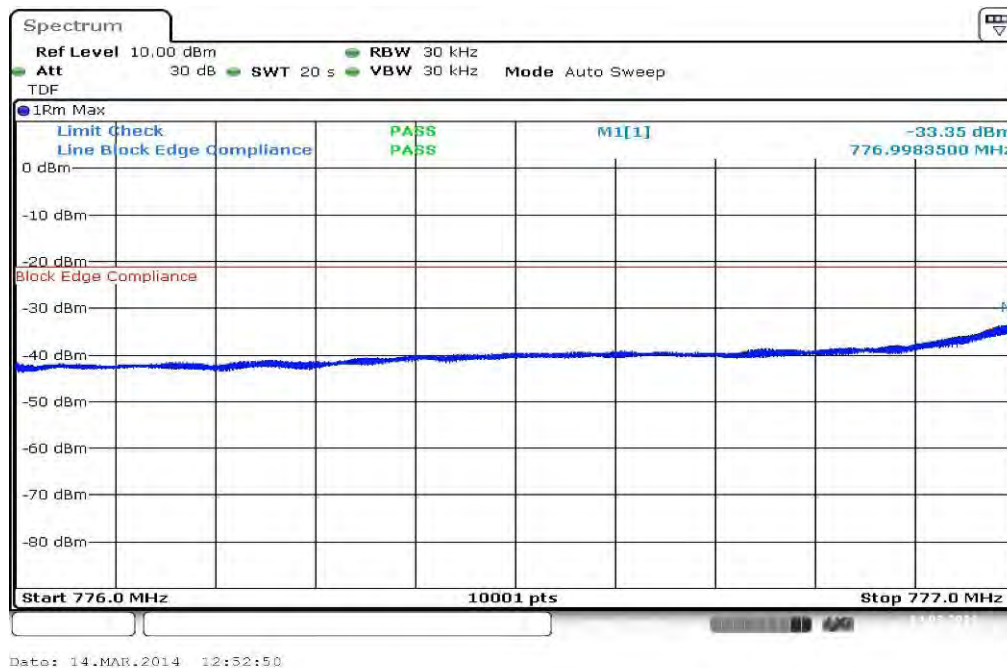
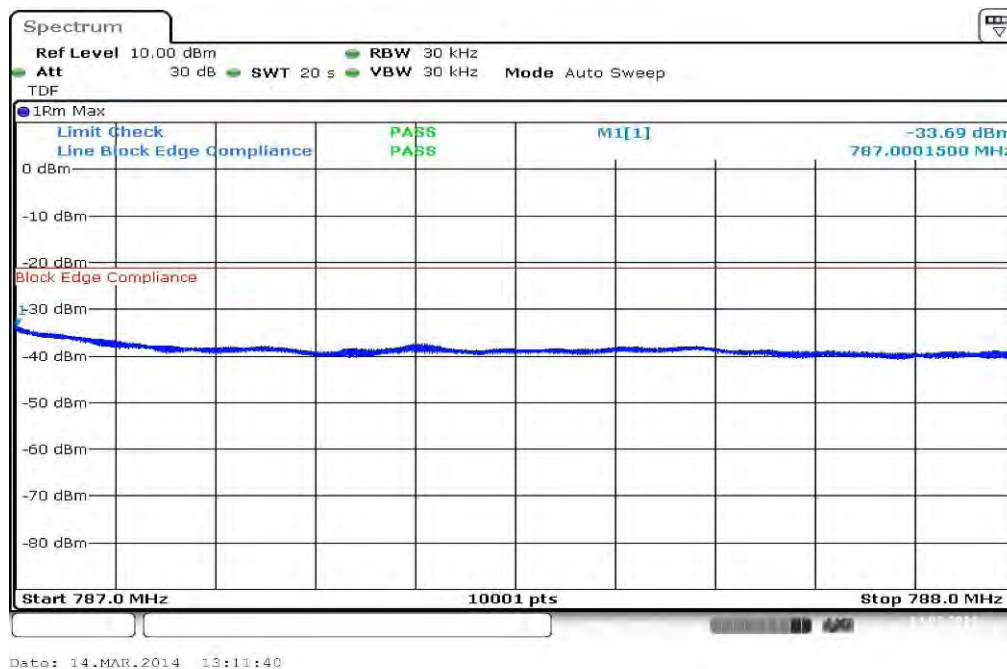
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

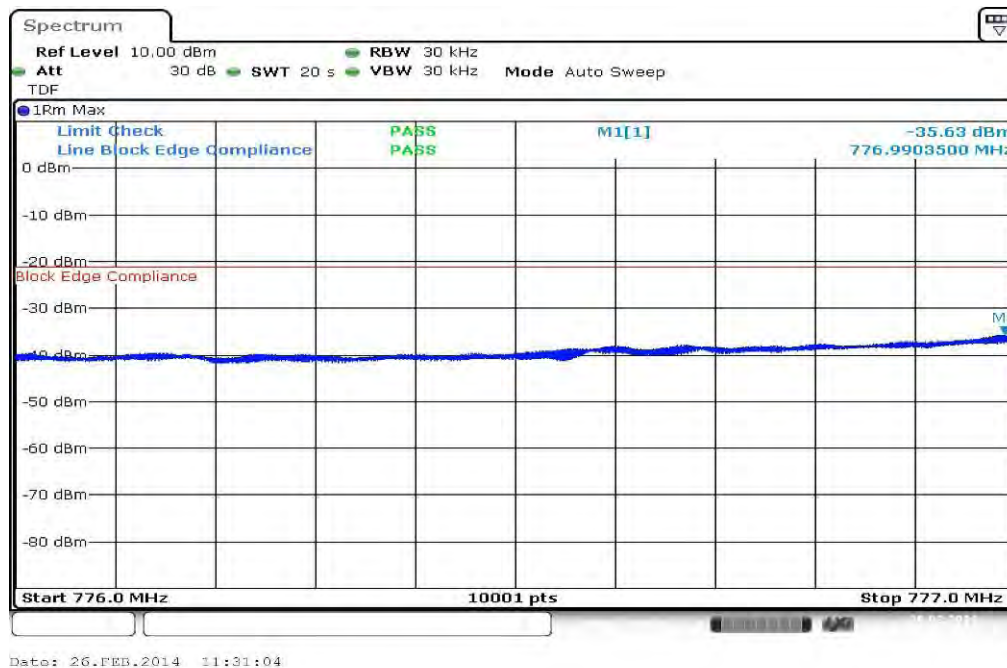
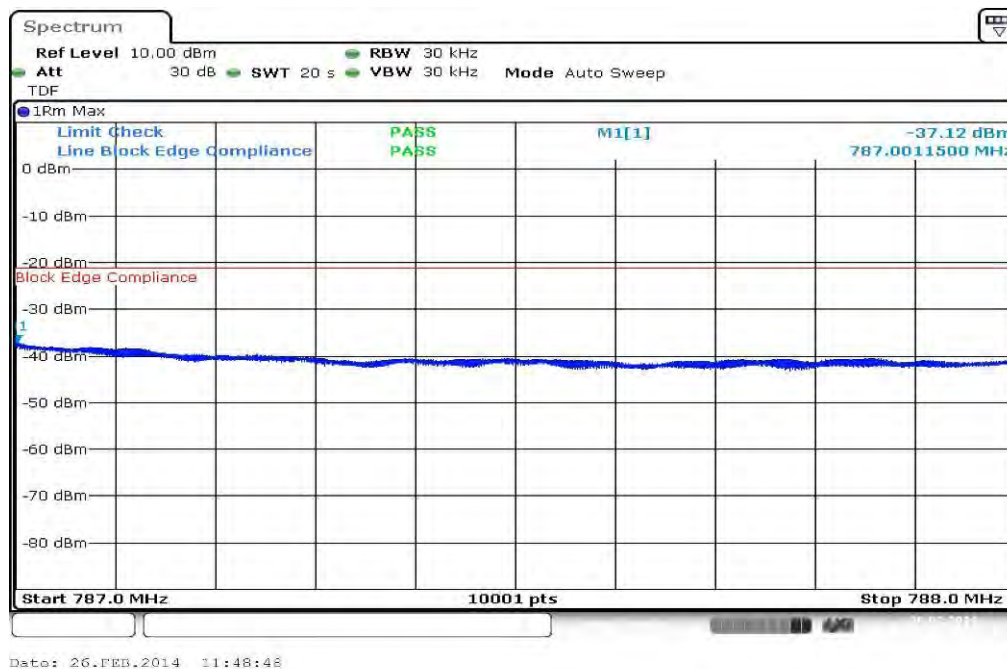
Limits:

FCC
Block Edge Compliance
Part 27.53 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB." However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used: "An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of $10 \log(RBW1/RBW2)$ to the $43 + 10 \log(P)$ limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz." When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -5.2288 adjustment to the limit [$10 \log(30\text{kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = -5.2288$]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -18.2288.
-18.23 dBm

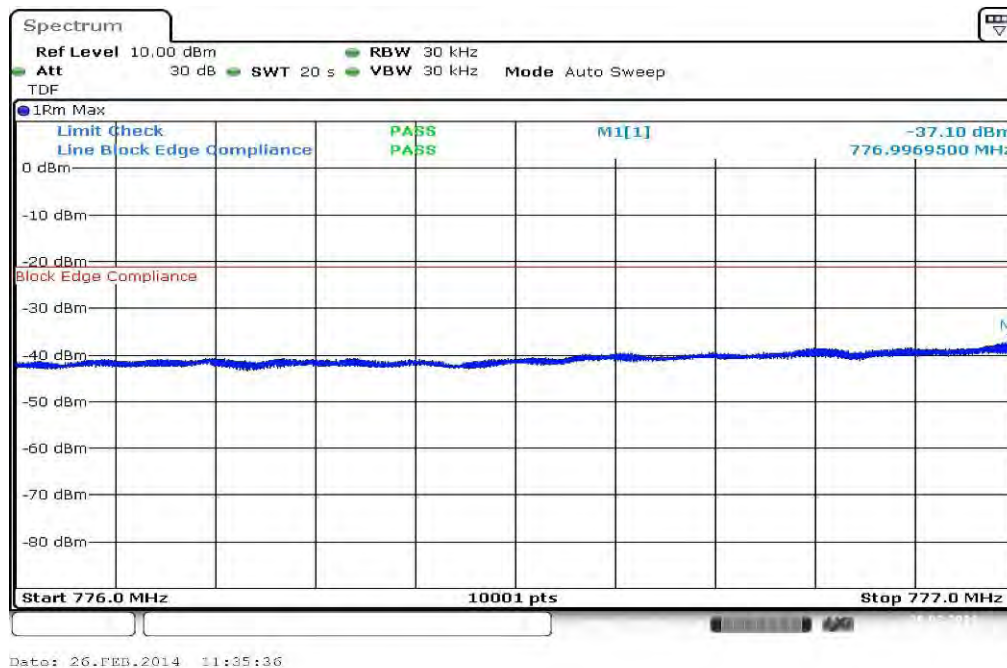
The limit line in the plots is the over all LTE bands and channel bandwidths worst case -21.24 dBm.

Results: 5 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation****Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation**

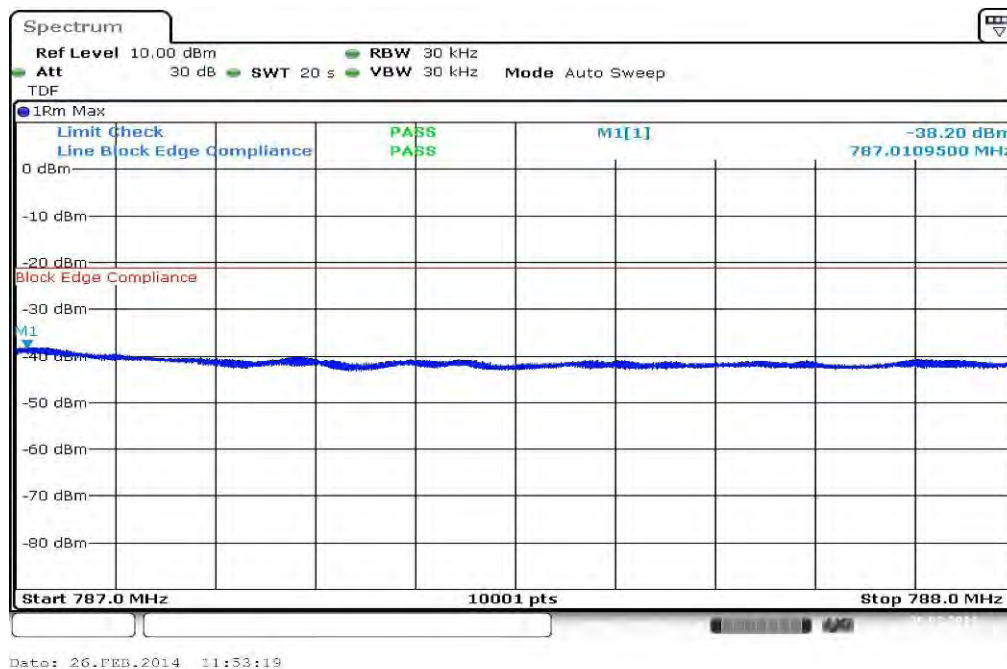
Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation**Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation**

Results: 10 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation****Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation**

Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

**Result: Passed**

8.5.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the mid frequencies of the LTE band 17 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Span:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC
Occupied Bandwidth
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band

Results:

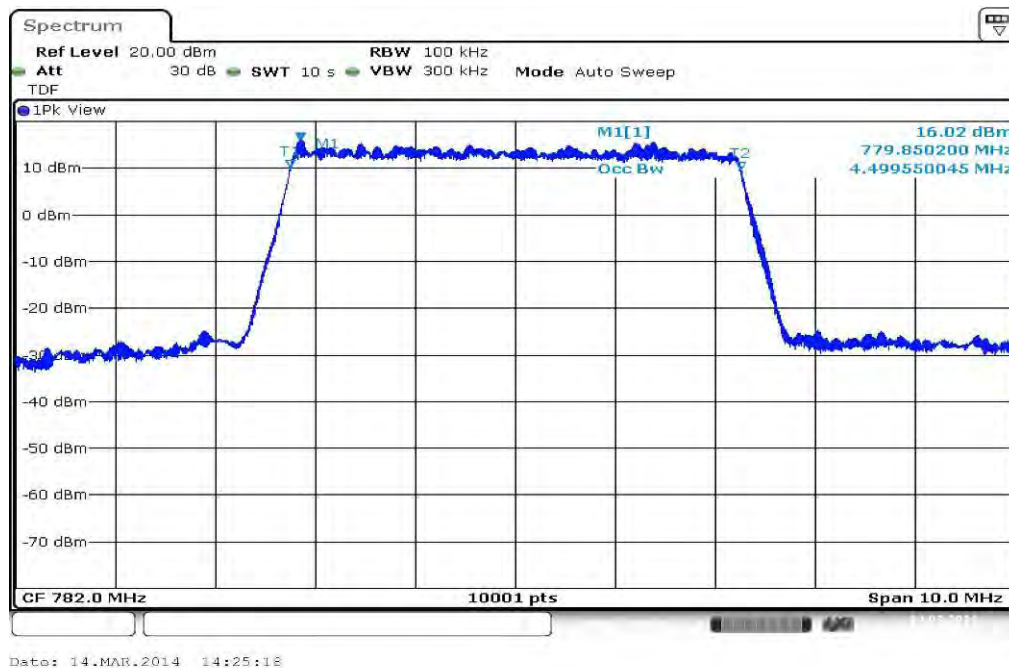
Occupied Bandwidth - QPSK		
Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
5	4500	4993
10	9053	10165
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 300 kHz depending on channel bandwidth	

Occupied Bandwidth – 16-QAM		
Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
5	4518	5026
10	9047	10127
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 300 kHz depending on channel bandwidth	

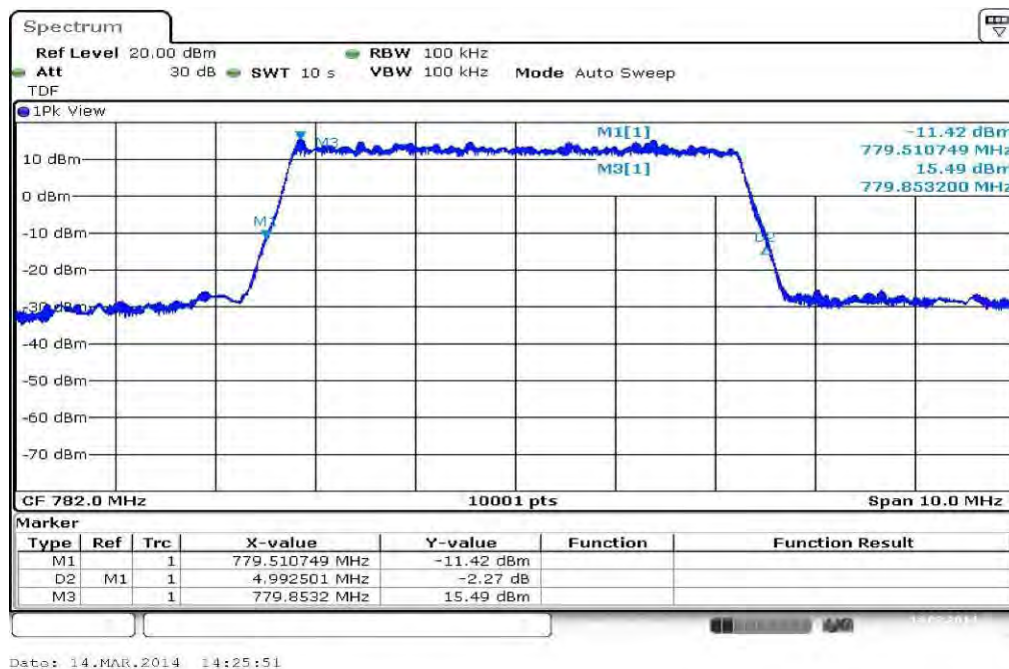
Result: Passed

Plots: QPSK

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



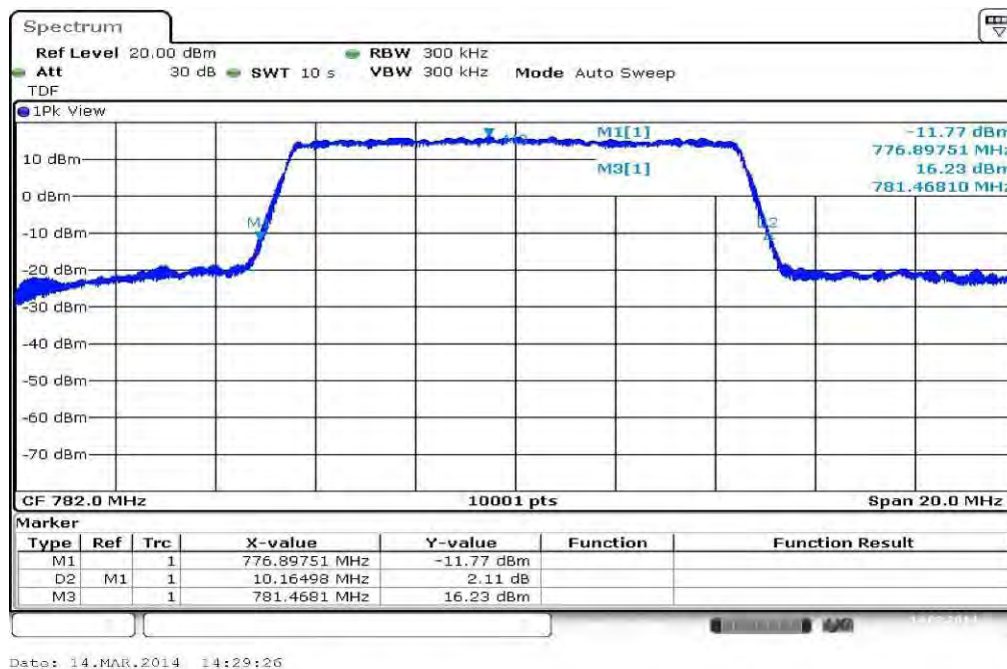
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW

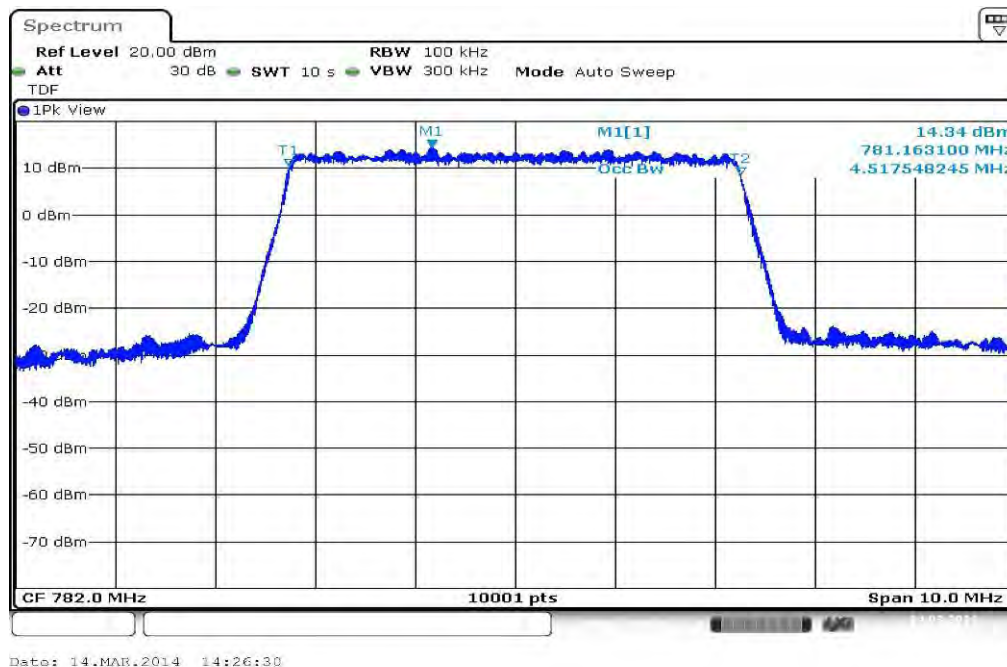


Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

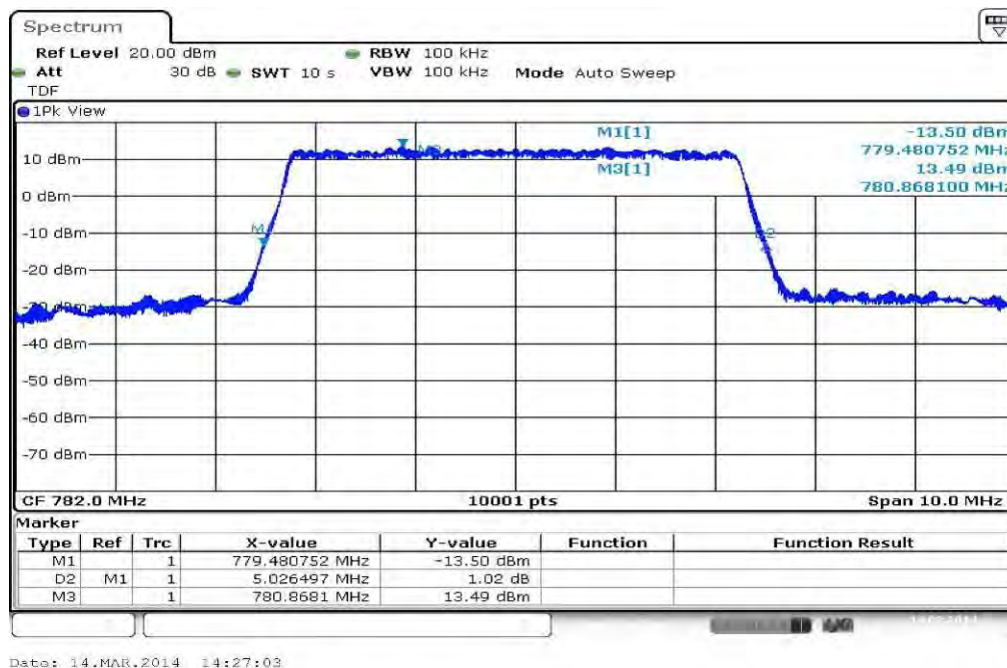


Plots: 16-QAM

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



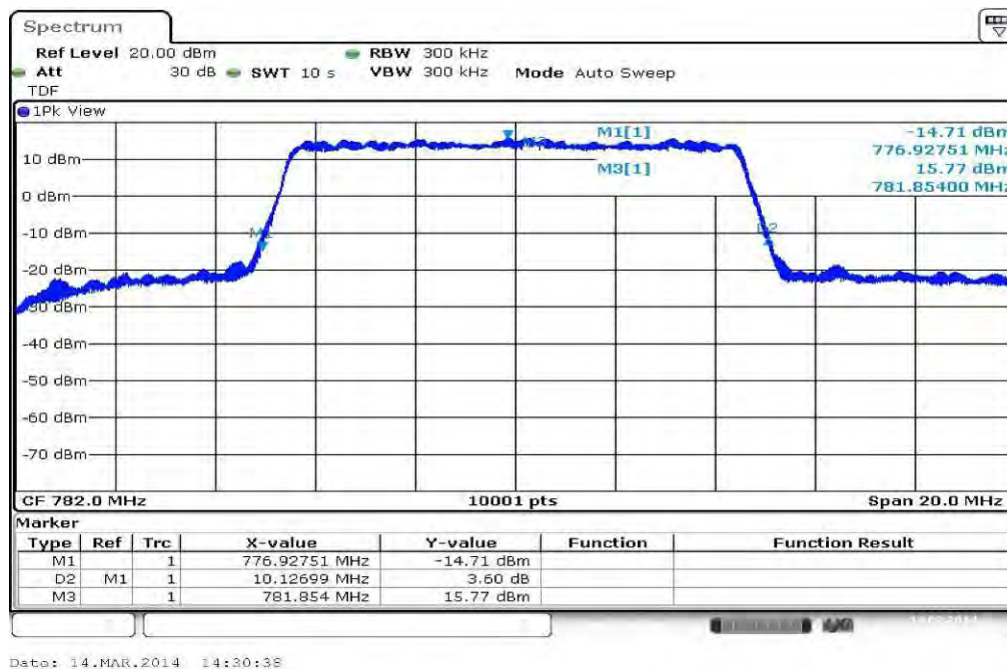
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/84193	300003889	Ve	26.09.2013	26.09.2015
2	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	21.01.2014	21.01.2015
3	n. a.	Power Supply 0-20V, 0-5A	6632B	Agilent Technologies	GB42110541	400000562	vIKI!	10.01.2013	10.01.2016
4	n. a.	Teststand	Teststand Custom Sequence Editor	National Instruments GmbH		300004590	ne		
5	11b	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP Meßtechnik	00419	300002268	ev		
6	A026	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 12.4 to 18.0 GHz	639	Narda	8402	300000787	k	22.07.2013	22.07.2015
7	A029	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	8205	300002442	k	19.07.2013	19.07.2015
8	A031	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5 to 40.0 GHz	637	Narda		300000510	k	19.07.2013	19.07.2015
9	n. a.	Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz	CBL18503 070-XX	CERNEX	19338	300004273	ne		
10	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	08.05.2013	08.05.2015
11	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev		
12	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	*	300000199	ne		
13	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2719A15013	300001156	ne		
14	n. a.	Three-Way Power Splitter, 50 Ohm	11850C	HP Meßtechnik		300000997	ne		
15	90	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	Kontron Psychotech	8905-2342	300000256	k	13.06.2013	13.06.2015
16	n. a.	Amplifier	js42-00502650-28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne		
17	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne		
18	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	371	300003854	vIKI!	14.10.2011	14.10.2014
19	n. a.	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	R&S	102375	300004187_0	k	13.03.2014	13.03.2016

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

10 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2014-03-18

Annex B Further information**Glossary**

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

Front side of certificate

Back side of certificate



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Befehlens gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV
Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen
von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung



Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Drahtgebundene Kommunikation einschließlich xDSL
VoIP und DECT
Akustik
Funk einschließlich WLAN
Short Range Devices (SRD)
RFID
WiMax und Richtfunk
Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS, Over the Air (OTA) Performance)
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) einschließlich Automotive
Produktsicherheit
SAR und Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC)
Umweltsimulation
Smart Card Terminals
Bluetooth
Wi-Fi Services

Die Akkreditierungskunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 18.01.2013 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gültig 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 80 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-01

Frankfurt am Main, 18.01.2013

Seite 1/1 (Anlage 80 der Rückseite)

Im Auftrag
Ulrich (Prof.) Jäger
Abteilungsleiter

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

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Spittelmarkt 10
10117 Berlin

Standort Frankfurt am Main
Gartenstraße 6
60594 Frankfurt am Main

Standort Braunschweig
Rundestraße 100
38116 Braunschweig

Die auszugsweise Veröffentlichung der Akkreditierungskunde bedarf der vorherigen schriftlichen Zustimmung der Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS). Ausgenommen davon ist die separate Weiterverbreitung des Deckblatts durch die umseitig genannte Konformitätsbewertungsstelle in unveränderter Form.

Es darf nicht der Anschein erweckt werden, dass sich die Akkreditierung auch auf Bereiche erstreckt, die über den durch die DAKKS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen.

Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstelle (AkkStelleG) vom 31. Juli 2009 (BGBl. I S. 2625) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 9. Juli 2008 über die Vorschriften für die Akkreditierung und Marktüberwachung im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abt. L 218 vom 9. Juli 2008, S. 30). Die DAKKS ist Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), des International Accreditation Forum (IAF) und der International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseitig an.

Der aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnommen werden:
EA: www.european-accreditation.org
ILAC: www.ilac.org
IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note:

The current certificate including annex is published on our website (see link below) or may be received from CETECOM ICT Services on request.

<http://www.cetecom.com/eu/de/cetecom-group/europa/deutschland-saarbruecken/akkreditierungen.html>