



RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA930615L05

MODEL NO.: WMP54Gv4

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure
IEEE C95.1

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RF Exposure Measurement (Mobile Device)

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500	...	...	F/300	6
1500-100,000	...	...	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500	...	...	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	...	...	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm²

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

π = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition,
Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of the product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement for keeping 20cm-separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to a person has been printed on the user's manual. So, this product is classified as the **Mobile Device**.



6 Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 7dBi or 5.012(numeric).

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure Distance :

antenna gain: 7dBi

For Part 802.11b (CCK technique):

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	20.559	0.020	1.0
6	2437	20.989	0.021	1.0
11	2462	20.512	0.020	1.0

For Part 802.11g (OFDM technique):

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	20.324	0.020	1.0
6	2437	20.606	0.021	1.0
11	2462	21.627	0.022	1.0

antenna gain: 5dBi

For Part 802.11b (CCK technique):

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	20.559	0.013	1.0
6	2437	20.989	0.013	1.0
11	2462	20.512	0.013	1.0

For Part 802.11g (OFDM technique):

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	20.324	0.013	1.0
6	2437	20.606	0.013	1.0
11	2462	21.627	0.014	1.0