



RF Exposure Evaluation Declaration

FCC ID: Q9DAPIN0514515
Applicant: Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
Product: ACCESS POINT
Model No.: APIN0514
Trade Mark: 
FCC Rule Part(s): FCC Part 2.1091
Result: Complies
Evaluation Date: 2024-12-04

Reviewed By:

Jame Yuan

Jame Yuan

Approved By:

Robin Wu

Robin Wu



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standards through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
2407RSU042-U9	V01	Initial Report	2025-02-25	Valid

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1. General Information

1.1. Applicant

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
6280 America Center Drive, San Jose, CA 95002

1.2. Manufacturer

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
6280 America Center Drive, San Jose, CA 95002

1.3. Testing Facility

☒	Test Site – MRT Suzhou Laboratory				
	Laboratory Location (Suzhou - Wuzhong)				
	D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China				
	Laboratory Location (Suzhou - SIP)				
	4b Building, Liando U Valley, No.200 Xingpu Rd., Shengpu Town, Suzhou Industrial Park, China				
	Laboratory Location (Suzhou - Wujiang)				
Building 1, No.1 Xingdong Road, Wujiang, Suzhou, Jiangsu, People's Republic of China					
Laboratory Accreditations					
A2LA: 3628.01		CNAS: L10551			
FCC: CN1166		ISED: CN0001			
VCCI:	☐ R-20025	☐ G-20034	☐ C-20020	☐ T-20020	
	☐ R-20141	☐ G-20134	☐ C-20103	☐ T-20104	
☐	Test Site – MRT Shenzhen Laboratory				
	Laboratory Location (Shenzhen)				
	1G, Building A, Junxiangda Building, Zhongshanyuan Road West, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China				
	Laboratory Accreditations				
A2LA: 3628.02		CNAS: L10551			
FCC: CN1284		ISED: CN0105			
☐	Test Site – MRT Taiwan Laboratory				
	Laboratory Location (Taiwan)				
	No. 38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C.)				
	Laboratory Accreditations				
TAF: 3261					
FCC: 291082, TW3261		ISED: TW3261			

1.4. Product Information

Product Name	ACCESS POINT
Model No.	APIN0514
Wi-Fi Specification	802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax
Bluetooth Specification	v4.2 single mode
Zigbee Specification	802.15.4
Antenna Specification	Refer to clause 1.5
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 50°C
Power Type	AC Adapter or POE input
Operating Environment	Indoor Use

1.5. Antenna Details

Antenna No.	Polarization	Frequency Band (GHz)	Model No.	Max Peak Gain (dBi)	BF Gain (dBi)	CDD Directional Gain (dBi)	
						For Power	For PSD
Wi-Fi External Antenna List (2.4GHz 2*2 MIMO, 5GHz 4*4 MIMO)							
1	Omni	2.4	AP-ANT-40	4.0	3.01	4.0	7.01
		5		5.0	6.02	5.0	11.02
2	Omni	2.4	AP-ANT-19	3.0	3.01	3.0	6.01
		5		6.0	6.02	6.0	12.02
3	Omni	2.4	AP-ANT-1W	3.8	3.01	3.8	6.81
		5		5.8	6.02	5.8	11.82
4	Omni	2.4	AP-ANT-13B	2.3	3.01	2.3	5.31
		5		4.0	6.02	4.0	10.02
5	Omni	2.4	AP-ANT-20W	2.0	3.01	2.0	5.01
		5		2.0	6.02	2.0	8.02
6 (Note 3)	Directional	2.4	AP-ANT-45	4.5	0.00	4.5	4.50
		5		5.5	3.01	5.5	8.51
7 (Note 3)	Directional	2.4	AP-ANT-48	8.5	0.00	8.5	8.5
		5		8.5	3.01	8.5	11.51
Bluetooth & ZigBee Internal Antenna							
PCB		2.4		4.9			

Notes:

1. The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated.

For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as follows, $N_{ANT} = 2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.

If all antennas have the same gain, G_{ANT} , Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$, where Array Gain is as

follows.

- For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,
Array Gain = $10 \log (N_{\text{ANT}} / N_{\text{SS}})$ dB = 3.01;
 - For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,
Array Gain = 0 dB for $N_{\text{ANT}} \leq 4$;
2. The EUT also supports Beam Forming mode, and the Beam Forming support 802.11n/ac/ax, not include 802.11a/b/g. Directional gain = $G_{\text{ANT}} + \text{BF Gain}$, BF Gain was declared by the applicant.
 3. Two antennas have Cross-Polarized design, the detail see the antenna specification.

1.6. Device Classification

According to the user manual, this device is classified as a Mobile Device. So, the RF exposure evaluation requirements of § 2.1091 for mobile device exposure conditions subject to MPE limits.

1.7. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC Part 2.1091 & KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

2. RF Exposure Evaluation

2.1. Limits

According to FCC §1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b)

Limits For Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (Minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/ Control Exposures				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	≤6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	<6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	<6
300-1,500	--	--	f/300	<6
1,500-100,000	--	--	5	<6
(B) Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposures				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	<30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	<30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	<30
300-1,500	--	--	f/1500	<30
1,500-100,000	--	--	1.0	<30

f= frequency in MHz. * = Plane-wave equivalent power density.

2.2. MPE Exemptions

For single RF sources (i.e., any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph §1.1307(b)(2) of this section): A single RF source is exempt if:

(Option A) The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance. This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section.

Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(A);

(Option B) Or the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). P is given by:

$$P_{th}(mW) = \{ERP_{20cm}(d / 20cm)^x \quad d \leq 20cm$$

$$P_{th}(mW) = \{ERP_{20cm} \quad 20cm < d \leq 40cm$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20cm}\sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = \{2040f \quad 0.3GHz \leq f < 1.5GHz$$

$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = \{3060 \quad 1.5GHz \leq f \leq 6GHz$$

(Option C) Or using Table 1 and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in Table 1 to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

Table 1 to §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source Frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	1920R ²
1.34-30	3450R ² /f ²
30-300	3.83R ²
300-1,500	0.0128R ² f
1,500-100,000	19.2R ²

For multiple RF sources: Multiple RF sources are exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required). This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A).

(B) in the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1$$

Where:

a = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for P_{th} , including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

b = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

c = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

P_i = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

$P_{th,i}$ = the exemption threshold power (P_{th}) according to paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i .

ERP_j = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j .

$ERP_{th,j}$ = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j , at a distance of at least $\lambda/2\pi$ according to the applicable formula of paragraph §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) of this section.

$Evaluated_k$ = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

$Exposure Limit_k$ = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k , as applicable from §1.1310 of this chapter.

2.3. Calculated Result

Product	ACCESS POINT
Test Item	RF Exposure Evaluation

Operation Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	Max Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Max EIRP (dBm)	Max ERP (dBm)	Max ERP (mW)
BLE	2402 ~ 2480	7.29	4.90	12.19	10.04	10.09
ZigBee	2405 ~ 2480	6.69	4.90	11.59	9.44	8.79
2.4GHz Wi-Fi	2412 ~ 2462	21.19	2.00	23.19	21.04	127.06
5GHz Wi-Fi	5180 ~ 5825	23.99	2.00	25.99	23.84	242.10

Note 1: Max EIRP (dBm) = Max Conducted Power (dBm) + Antenna Gain (dBi).

Note 2: Max ERP (dBm) = Max EIRP (dBm) - 2.15 dB.

Note 3: Max ERP (mW) = $10^{\text{Max ERP (dBm)} / 10}$.

For single RF source, Option C

Operation Mode	Frequency Band (MHz)	$\lambda / 2 \pi$ (m)	R (m)	Max ERP (mW)	Thresholds ERP (mW)
BLE	2402 ~ 2480	0.01988	0.20	10.09	768
ZigBee	2405 ~ 2480	0.01985	0.20	8.79	768
2.4GHz Wi-Fi	2412 ~ 2462	0.01980	0.20	127.06	768
5GHz Wi-Fi	5180 ~ 5825	0.00922	0.20	242.10	768

Note 1: R is from user manual.

Note 2: The BLE, ZigBee, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi and 5GHz Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneously, therefore, the worst-case total exposure ratios = $10.09 / 768 + 8.79 / 768 + 127.06 / 768 + 242.10 / 768 = 0.51 < 1$.

CONCLUSION:

The device qualifies for RF exposure test exemption at 20cm distance.

The End