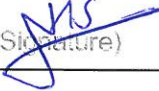
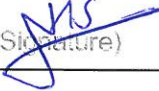
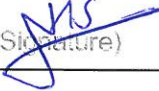


TEST REPORT

DT&C Co., Ltd. 42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664	Report No : DRTFCC1510-0224 Pages:(1) / (25) page				
1. Customer • Name : Rayence Co., Ltd. • Address : 1F, 2F, 3F, #402, 14, Samsung 1ro 1-gil, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do, 445-170, Korea 2. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant 3. Product Name (Model) : Medical Image Processing Unit (1012WCA) 4. Date of Test : 2015-07-30 ~ 2015-08-20 5. Test Method Used: FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247 6. Testing Environment : See appended test report 7. Test Result : ☒ Pass ☐ Fail The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full. <table border="1"><tr><td>Affirmation</td><td>Tested by Name : HyunSu Son (Signature) </td><td>Technical Manager Name : GeunKi Son (Signature) </td></tr></table> 2015. 10. 28 DT&C Co., Ltd.			Affirmation	Tested by Name : HyunSu Son (Signature) 	Technical Manager Name : GeunKi Son (Signature) 
Affirmation	Tested by Name : HyunSu Son (Signature) 	Technical Manager Name : GeunKi Son (Signature) 			

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1510-0224	Oct. 28, 2015	Initial issue

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1. EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Equipment Class	Digital Transmission System(DTS)
Product	Medical Image Processing Unit
Model Name	1012WCA
Add Model Name	N/A
Serial Number	Identical prototype
Hardware version	V9.0
Software version	V3.4
Power Supply	DC 11.1 V
Frequency Range	2.4 GHz Band ▪ 802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz ▪ 802.11n(HT40): 2422 MHz ~ 2452 MHz
Modulation Type	▪ 802.11b: CCK, DSSS ▪ 802.11g/n: OFDM
Transmissions category	Completely uncorrelated signal
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: PCB Antenna Antenna gain ▪ 2.4 GHz Band: ANT 1 : - 4.99 dBi & ANT 2 : - 5.43 dBi Antenna configuration ▪ 802.11b/g: Multiple Transmitting (ANT 1 and ANT 2) ▪ 802.11n(MCS0 ~ 7) : Multiple Transmitting (ANT 1 and ANT 2)

2. INFORMATION ABOUT TESTING

2.1 Test mode

Test mode	Worst case data rate	Tested Frequency(MHz)		
		Lowest	Middle	Highest
TM 1	802.11b 1 Mbps	2412	2437	2462
TM 2	802.11g 6 Mbps	2412	2437	2462
TM 3	802.11n(HT20) MCS 0	2412	2437	2462
TM 4	802.11n(HT40) MCS 0	2422	2437	2452

The worst case data rate for each modulation is determined as above test mode. And all tests conducted in this report were made at the worst case data rate of each modulation.

2.3 Auxiliary equipment

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Note
Laptop	PP22L	H7R1GBX	DELL	FCC DoC
-	-	-	-	-

2.4 Tested environment

Temperature	: 23 ~ 24 °C
Relative humidity content	: 42 ~ 45 % R.H..
Details of power supply	: DC 11.1V

2.5 EMI suppression Device(s) / Modifications

EMI suppression device(s) added and/or modifications made during testing
→ None

3. SUMMARY OF TESTS

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
I. Transmitter Mode (TX)					
15.247(a)	RSS-247 [5.2]	6 dB Bandwidth	> 500 kHz	Conducted	NT Note3
15.247(b)	RSS-247 [5.4]	Transmitter Output Power	< 1 Watt		C
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Out of Band Emissions / Band Edge	20 dBc in any 100 kHz BW		NT Note3
15.247(e)	RSS-247 [5.2]	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz		NT Note3
-	RSS-Gen [6.6]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	RSS-Gen(6.6)		NA
15.205 15.209	RSS-247 [5.5] RSS-GEN[8.9] RSS-GEN[8.10]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	FCC 15.209 limits	Radiated	C Note2
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Line Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 limits	AC Line Conducted	NA Note4
15.203	RSS-Gen [6.7]	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1: **C**=Comply **NC**=Not Comply **NT**=Not Tested **NA**=Not Applicable

Note 2: This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 3: These test items were not performed because this device uses the granted module.

(FCCID: PPD-AR5BHB116)

Please refer to the test report of the granted module.

The module test report number: FR080603A (By SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.)

Note 4: The EUT use only battery operating.

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

Generally the tests were performed according to the KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r3, RSS-Gen Issue4 and KDB 662911 D01 v02r01 for the measure-and-sum technique. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing

4.1 EUT configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

4.2 EUT exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

4.3 General test procedures

Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB 558074. So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB 558074. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10 as stated on section 12.1 of the KDB 558074.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axis.

4.4 Description of test modes

A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode.

5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

6.1 Facilities

The open area test site(OATS) or semi anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted test data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 449-935. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements.

- Semi anechoic chamber registration Number : 165783 (FCC)

6.2 Equipment

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

7.1 According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203& RSS-Gen [6.7]:

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

The internal antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached using the unique connectors.

(Please refer to the internal photo.)

Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

7.2 Directional antenna gain for MIMO :

Bands	ANT 1 [dBi]	ANT 2 [dBi]	Directional Gain for uncorrelated signals [dBi]
2.4 GHz	- 4.990	- 5.430	- 5.204

Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + \dots + 10^{GN/10}) / N_{ANT}]$ dBi for MIMO uncorrelated signal

8. TEST RESULT

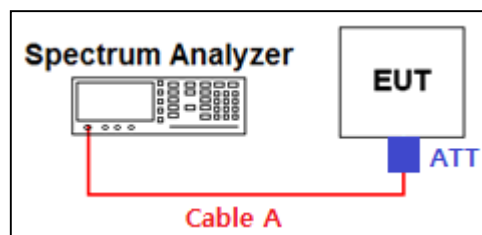
8.1 6dB bandwidth

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a) & RSS-247 [5.2]

The bandwidth at 6dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

The minimum permissible 6dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

■ TEST CONFIGURATION



■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB558074**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 KHz
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
(**RBW:100KHz/VBW:300KHz**)
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.
5. Sweep = **auto couple**.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

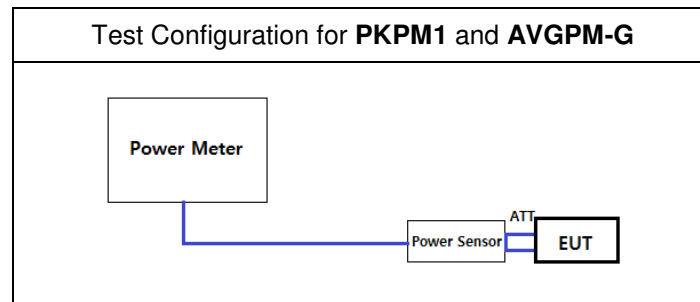
■ TEST RESULTS: **N/T**

8.2 Maximum peak conducted output power

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b) & RSS-247 [5.4]

The maximum permissible conducted output power is **1 Watt**.

■ TEST CONFIGURATION



■ TEST PROCEDURE:

1. PKPM1 Peak power meter method of KDB558074

The maximum conducted output powers were measured using a broadband peak RF power meter which has greater video bandwidth than DUT's DTS bandwidth and utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

2. Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter) of KDB558074

The average conducted output powers were measured using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

Note: The measure-and-sum technique is used for test mode with multiple transmitting.

■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

ANT	Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for 802.11b			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
ANT 1	2412	PK	17.950	17.890	17.870	17.850
		AV	15.990	15.940	15.880	15.830
	2437	PK	18.440	18.410	18.370	18.360
		AV	16.480	16.450	16.440	16.430
	2462	PK	18.770	18.720	18.680	18.610
		AV	16.810	16.790	16.760	16.680
ANT 2	2412	PK	18.060	18.010	17.940	17.900
		AV	15.920	15.880	15.830	15.820
	2437	PK	17.950	17.920	17.910	17.830
		AV	15.850	15.790	15.740	15.670
	2462	PK	17.870	17.860	17.840	17.780
		AV	15.730	15.710	15.660	15.600
Sum (ANT 1+2)	2412	PK	21.016	20.961	20.916	20.886
	2437	PK	21.213	21.183	21.157	21.114
	2462	PK	21.354	21.322	21.291	21.226

ANT	Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for 802.11g							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
ANT 1	2412	PK	17.860	17.820	17.820	17.790	17.740	17.710	17.680	17.600
		AV	9.250	9.220	9.170	9.130	9.130	9.120	9.080	8.990
	2437	PK	21.630	21.580	21.520	21.510	21.500	21.440	21.430	21.410
		AV	14.350	14.310	14.240	14.200	14.180	14.150	14.120	14.060
	2462	PK	16.470	16.460	16.410	16.350	16.320	16.290	16.250	16.200
		AV	9.250	9.230	9.210	9.180	9.140	9.100	9.040	8.980
ANT 2	2412	PK	16.770	16.730	16.730	16.700	16.640	16.560	16.470	16.420
		AV	9.180	9.130	9.120	9.080	9.050	8.980	8.950	8.900
	2437	PK	21.520	21.460	21.420	21.370	21.320	21.320	21.270	21.200
		AV	14.470	14.420	14.360	14.340	14.270	14.210	14.140	14.070
	2462	PK	16.350	16.320	16.250	16.240	16.180	16.170	16.090	16.090
		AV	9.250	9.210	9.170	9.130	9.050	9.000	9.000	8.940
Sum (ANT 1+2)	2412	PK	20.360	20.320	20.320	20.290	20.236	20.184	20.128	20.061
	2437	PK	24.586	24.531	24.481	24.451	24.422	24.391	24.362	24.317
	2462	PK	19.421	19.401	19.342	19.306	19.261	19.241	19.182	19.156

ANT	Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for <u>802.11n(HT20)</u>							
			Modulation and Coding Scheme [MCS]							
			0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ANT 1	2412	PK	17.950	17.890	17.830	17.780	17.740	17.690	17.690	17.630
		AV	10.360	10.330	10.280	10.260	10.220	10.160	10.160	10.100
	2437	PK	22.400	22.360	22.300	22.250	22.250	22.190	22.120	22.030
		AV	15.640	15.590	15.540	15.470	15.410	15.390	15.360	15.310
	2462	PK	19.290	19.240	19.210	19.180	19.170	19.160	19.080	19.020
		AV	11.430	11.390	11.370	11.330	11.330	11.250	11.210	11.190
ANT 2	2412	PK	17.560	17.520	17.510	17.480	17.440	17.400	17.390	17.350
		AV	9.220	9.210	9.150	9.090	9.090	9.030	8.980	8.960
	2437	PK	21.710	21.700	21.690	21.670	21.660	21.590	21.580	21.570
		AV	14.180	14.120	14.080	14.000	13.980	13.930	13.880	13.880
	2462	PK	18.330	18.320	18.300	18.270	18.240	18.190	18.160	18.090
		AV	10.480	10.440	10.400	10.350	10.350	10.340	10.270	10.190
Sum (ANT 1+2)	2412	PK	20.770	20.720	20.684	20.643	20.603	20.558	20.553	20.503
	2437	PK	25.079	25.053	25.017	24.980	24.976	24.911	24.869	24.817
	2462	PK	21.847	21.815	21.790	21.760	21.741	21.713	21.655	21.591

ANT	Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for <u>802.11n(HT40)</u>							
			Modulation and Coding Scheme [MCS]							
			0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ANT 1	2422	PK	17.480	17.470	17.420	17.410	17.370	17.360	17.340	17.310
		AV	8.570	8.540	8.500	8.480	8.470	8.430	8.370	8.340
	2437	PK	21.460	21.400	21.370	21.320	21.260	21.220	21.190	21.120
		AV	13.330	13.310	13.280	13.230	13.160	13.100	13.040	12.980
	2452	PK	18.390	18.370	18.350	18.310	18.250	18.250	18.190	18.140
		AV	9.560	9.540	9.520	9.500	9.420	9.380	9.290	9.290
ANT 2	2422	PK	16.340	16.280	16.270	16.210	16.210	16.200	16.130	16.100
		AV	7.160	7.100	7.090	7.040	7.010	6.940	6.890	6.850
	2437	PK	21.130	21.090	21.040	21.030	20.990	20.970	20.970	20.920
		AV	12.140	12.100	12.090	12.060	12.000	11.980	11.940	11.920
	2452	PK	17.640	17.610	17.610	17.570	17.560	17.500	17.490	17.480
		AV	8.710	8.700	8.650	8.620	8.610	8.560	8.510	8.470
Sum (ANT 1+2)	2422	PK	19.958	19.926	19.894	19.862	19.839	19.829	19.788	19.758
	2437	PK	24.309	24.259	24.219	24.188	24.138	24.108	24.092	24.032
	2452	PK	21.042	21.017	21.007	20.967	20.929	20.902	20.865	20.833

Note: This result of PK was tested using the PKPM1 Peak power meter method.

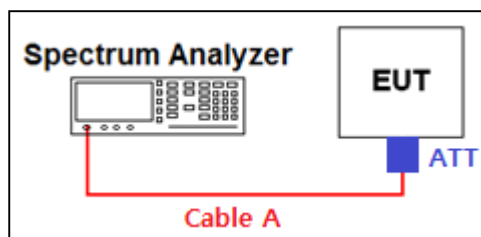
8.3 Maximum power spectral density

Test requirements and limit, §15.247(e) & RSS-247 [5.2]

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

Minimum Standard –specifies a conducted power spectral density (PSD) limit of 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW during any time interval of continuous transmission.

■ TEST CONFIGURATION



■ TEST PROCEDURE:

The Measurement Procedure **Method PKPSD of KDB558074** is used.

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to **1.5 times** the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to: **3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz**
4. Set the VBW **≥ 3 x RBW**
5. Detector = **peak**
6. Sweep time = **auto couple**
7. Trace mode = **max hold**.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the **peak marker function** to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

■ TEST RESULTS: **N/T**

8.4 Out of band emissions at the band edge / conducted spurious emissions

Test requirements and limit, §15.247(d) & RSS-247 [5.5]

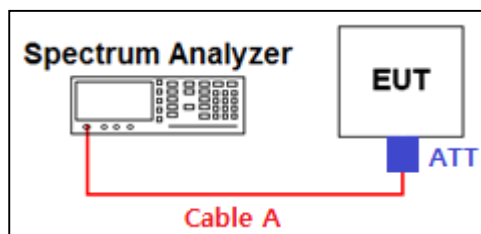
§15.247(d) specifies that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

If the **peak output power procedure** is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated **by at least 20 dB** relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.

If the average output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the power in any 100 kHz outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum measured in band average PSD level.

In either case, attenuation to levels below the general emission limits specified in **§15.209(a)** is not required.

■ TEST CONFIGURATION



■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer.

- Measurement Procedure 1 – Reference Level

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
4. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level

- Measurement Procedure 2 - Unwanted Emissions

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
2. Set the RBW = **100 kHz for below 1GHz , 1MHz for above 1GHz**
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW(Actual 3 MHz, See below note)
4. Detector = **peak**.
5. Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq$ span/RBW
6. Sweep time = **auto couple**.
7. Trace mode = **max hold**.
8. **Allow the trace to stabilize** (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

■ TEST RESULTS: **N/T**

8.5 Radiated spurious emissions

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209 & RSS-247 [5.5], RSS-GEN[8.9], RSS-GEN[8.10]

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a) and (b), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed

• FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

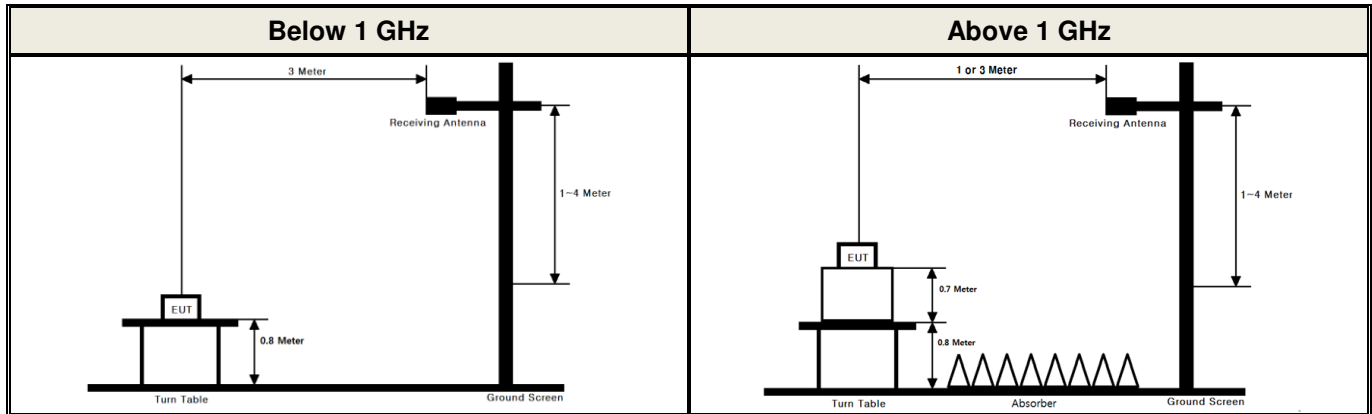
** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88MHz, 174-216MHz or 470-806MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

• FCC Part 15.205 (a): Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.52025	156.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	12.57675 ~	156.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	12.57725	156.7 ~ 156.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	13.36 ~ 13.41	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.42 ~ 16.423	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	16.69475 ~	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	16.69525	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	16.80425 ~	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	16.80475	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
	25.5 ~ 25.67	960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4400		
	37.5 ~ 38.25				
	73 ~ 74.6				
	74.8 ~ 75.2				

• **FCC Part 15.205(b):** The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

Test Configuration



■ TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, emission measurements at below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm and above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

■ Measurement Instrument Setting for Radiated Emission Measurements.

The radiated emission was tested according to the section 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 with following settings.

Peak Measurement:

RBW = As specified in below table , VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes.

Frequency	RBW
9 - 150 kHz	200 - 300 Hz
0.15 - 30 MHz	9 - 10 kHz
30 - 1000 MHz	100 - 120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

Average Measurement:

1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
3. Detector = RMS (Number of points $\geq 2 \times$ Span / RBW)
4. Averaging type = power. (i.e., RMS)
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
7. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Duty Cycle Corrections (Refer to appendix II for duty cycle measurement procedure and plots)

Test Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{on} + T _{off} (ms)	DCF = $10 \log(1 / \text{Duty})$ (dB)
TM 1	8.190	8.238	99.42	-
TM 2	1.360	1.410	96.45	0.16
TM 3	1.270	1.320	96.21	0.17
TM 4	0.630	0.669	94.17	0.27

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 25GHz) : Test Mode 1(TM 1)

Tested ANT	Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
ANT 1 + ANT 2	Lowest	2389.15	H	Y	PK	53.71	3.86	N/A	N/A	57.57	74.00	16.43
		2389.53	H	Y	AV	46.52	3.86	N/A	N/A	50.38	54.00	3.62
		4824.83	H	Y	PK	44.54	10.52	N/A	N/A	55.06	74.00	18.94
		4824.07	H	Y	AV	40.62	10.52	N/A	N/A	51.14	54.00	2.86
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Middle	4874.27	H	Y	PK	46.18	10.81	N/A	N/A	56.99	74.00	17.01
		4874.52	H	Y	AV	41.23	10.81	N/A	N/A	52.04	54.00	1.96
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Highest	2483.52	H	Y	PK	53.55	4.37	N/A	N/A	57.92	74.00	16.08
		2483.52	H	Y	AV	47.84	4.37	N/A	N/A	52.21	54.00	1.79
		4924.15	H	Y	PK	46.81	11.11	N/A	N/A	57.92	74.00	16.08
		4924.08	H	Y	AV	41.53	11.11	N/A	N/A	52.64	54.00	1.36
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
2. Sample Calculation.
 $\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result}$ / $\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF}$ / $\text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
 Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 25GHz) : Test Mode 2(TM 2)

Tested ANT	Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
ANT 1 + ANT 2	Lowest	2389.74	H	Y	PK	65.02	3.86	N/A	N/A	68.88	74.00	5.12
		2389.94	H	Y	AV	48.09	3.86	0.16	N/A	52.11	54.00	1.89
		4823.78	H	Y	PK	43.52	10.52	N/A	N/A	54.04	74.00	19.96
		4824.11	H	Y	AV	34.30	10.52	0.16	N/A	44.98	54.00	9.02
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Middle	4874.28	H	Y	PK	43.64	10.81	N/A	N/A	54.45	74.00	19.55
		4874.88	H	Y	AV	35.02	10.81	0.16	N/A	45.99	54.00	8.01
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Highest	2483.56	H	Y	PK	65.69	4.37	N/A	N/A	70.06	74.00	3.94
		2483.52	H	Y	AV	47.66	4.37	0.16	N/A	52.19	54.00	1.81
		4924.10	H	Y	PK	43.84	11.11	N/A	N/A	54.95	74.00	19.05
		4923.89	H	Y	AV	34.41	11.11	0.16	N/A	45.68	54.00	8.32
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
2. Sample Calculation.
 $\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result}$ / $\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF}$ / $\text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
 Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 25GHz) : Test Mode 3(TM 3)

Tested ANT	Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
ANT 1 + ANT 2	Lowest	2389.78	H	Y	PK	65.25	3.86	N/A	N/A	69.11	74.00	4.89
		2389.84	H	Y	AV	48.23	3.86	0.17	N/A	52.26	54.00	1.74
		4824.32	H	Y	PK	43.87	10.52	N/A	N/A	54.39	74.00	19.61
		4823.81	H	Y	AV	34.25	10.52	0.17	N/A	44.94	54.00	9.06
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Middle	4873.23	H	Y	PK	46.74	10.81	N/A	N/A	57.55	74.00	16.45
		4873.89	H	Y	AV	35.29	10.81	0.17	N/A	46.27	54.00	7.73
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Highest	2483.56	H	Y	PK	61.60	4.37	N/A	N/A	65.97	74.00	8.03
		2483.52	H	Y	AV	48.06	4.37	0.17	N/A	52.60	54.00	1.40
		4924.31	H	Y	PK	43.49	11.11	N/A	N/A	54.60	74.00	19.40
		4924.65	H	Y	AV	34.55	11.11	0.17	N/A	45.83	54.00	8.17
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
2. Sample Calculation.
 $\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result}$ / $\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF}$ / $\text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
 Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 25GHz) : Test Mode 4(TM 4)

Tested ANT	Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
ANT 1 + ANT 2	Lowest	2389.87	H	Y	PK	62.20	3.86	N/A	N/A	66.06	74.00	7.94
		2389.92	H	Y	AV	48.26	3.86	0.27	N/A	52.39	54.00	1.61
		4844.18	H	Y	PK	43.55	10.63	N/A	N/A	54.18	74.00	19.82
		4843.98	H	Y	AV	34.02	10.63	0.27	N/A	44.92	54.00	9.08
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Middle	4873.24	H	Y	PK	45.90	10.81	N/A	N/A	56.71	74.00	17.29
		4874.30	H	Y	AV	36.75	10.81	0.27	N/A	47.83	54.00	6.17
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Highest	2483.58	H	Y	PK	60.16	4.37	N/A	N/A	64.53	74.00	9.47
		2483.52	H	Y	AV	47.74	4.37	0.27	N/A	52.38	54.00	1.62
		4904.66	H	Y	PK	43.65	11.00	N/A	N/A	54.65	74.00	19.35
		4904.13	H	Y	AV	34.14	11.00	0.27	N/A	45.41	54.00	8.59
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
2. Sample Calculation.
 $\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result}$ / $\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF}$ / $\text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$
 Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
 DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
 Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$

8.6 Power-line conducted emissions

Test Requirements and limit, §15.207 & RSS-Gen [8.8]

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

■ TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to the test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

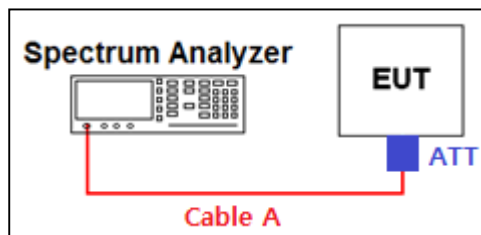
■ Test Results: **N/A**

8.7 Occupied bandwidth

Test Requirements, RSS-Gen [6.6]

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

■ TEST CONFIGURATION



■ TEST PROCEDURE

The 99 % power bandwidth was measured with a calibrated spectrum analyzer.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately $3 \times \text{RBW}$.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

■ TEST RESULTS: N/A

9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	14/09/15	15/09/15	MY50200834
			15/09/14	16/09/14	
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2495A MA2490A	15/03/26	16/03/26	1306007 1249001
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	15/01/06	16/01/06	255571
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	15/06/29	16/06/29	102341
DIGITAL MULTIMETER	Agilent	34401A	15/01/06	16/01/06	US36099541
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	15/05/08	16/05/08	120612-2
10dB Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	86-10-11	14/09/12	15/09/12	446
			15/09/09	16/09/09	
Low Noise Pre Amplifier	tsj	MLA-010K01- B01-27	15/04/09	16/04/09	1844538
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	15/02/26	16/02/26	3008A00370
LOOP Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	14/04/29	16/04/29	1513-128
TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna(30MHz-1GHz)	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	14/04/30	16/04/30	3358
Double-Ridged Guide Antenna	ETS	3117	14/05/12	16/05/12	140394
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	15/04/30	17/04/30	154
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESR7	14/10/21	15/10/21	101109
			15/10/19	16/10/19	
High-pass filter (3GHz)	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX3.0	15/01/06	16/01/06	12

APPENDIX I

Duty cycle information

TEST PROCEDURE

Duty cycle measured using **section 6.0 b) of KDB558074** :

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.

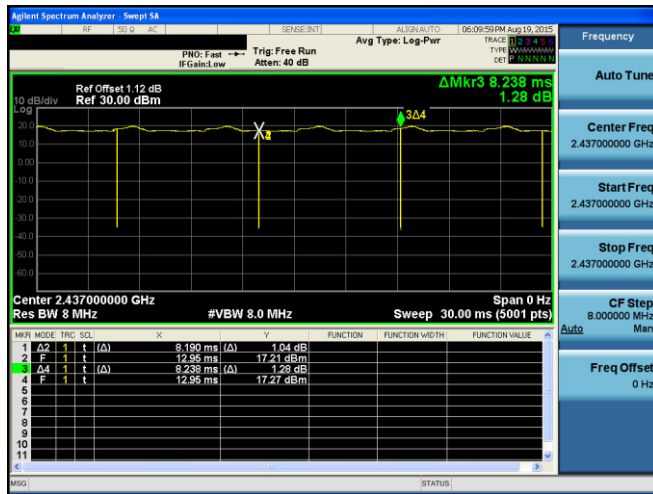
The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

TEST DATA

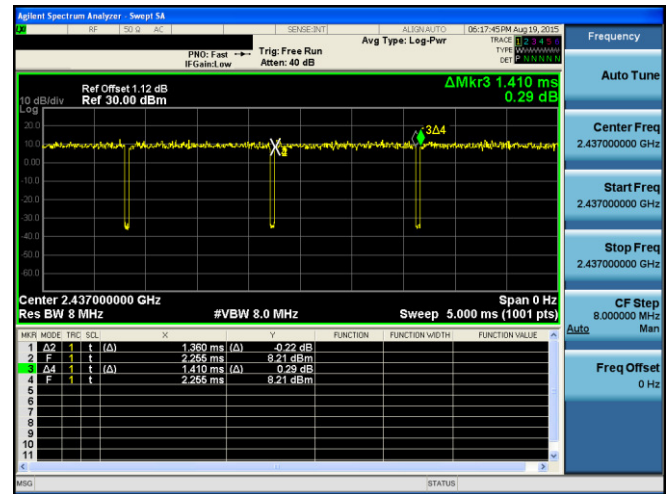
Test Mode	Tested frequency	T _{ON} (ms)	T _{ON+OFF} (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
TM 1	Middle	8.190	8.238	99.42	-
TM 2	Middle	1.360	1.410	96.45	0.16
TM 3	Middle	1.270	1.320	96.21	0.17
TM 4	Middle	0.630	0.669	94.17	0.27

Please refer to next page for actual test plot.

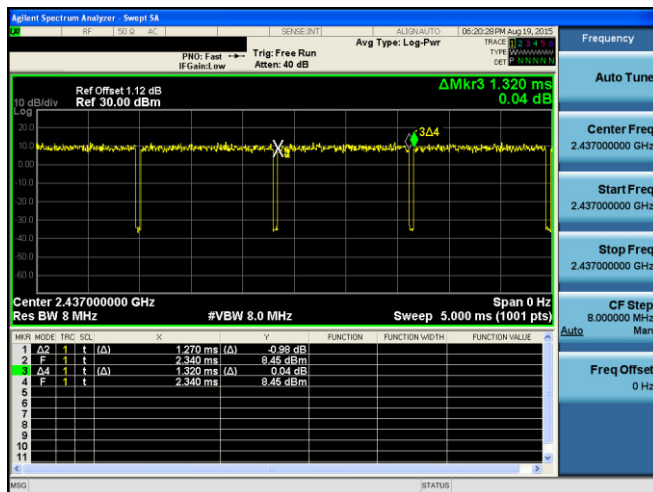
Duty cycle data : **TM 1** & **Middle**



Duty cycle data : **TM 2** & **Middle**



Duty cycle data : **TM 3** & **Middle**



Duty cycle data : **TM 4** & **Middle**

