SAR Test Report

Product Name	:	Wireless Bluetooth Headphones
Model No.	:	CM-H2,CM-H2S
FCC ID	:	QISCM-H2
IC	:	6369A-CMH2

Applicant	:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd
Address	:	Administration Building, Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, P. R. China

Date of Receipt	:	Aug. 08, 2018
Test Date	:	Sep. 03, 2018 ~ Oct. 30, 2018
Issued Date	:	Oct. 31, 2018
Report No.	:	1882045R-HP-US-P03V01
Report Version	:	V2.1

The test results relate only to the samples tested.
The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.
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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: Oct. 31, 2018
Report No: 1882045R-HP-US-P03V01

Product Name	:	Wireless Bluetooth Headphones
Applicant	:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Administration Building, Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, P. R. China
Manufacturer	:	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address	:	Administration Building, Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, P. R. China
Model No.	:	CM-H2,CM-H2S
FCC ID	:	QISCM-H2
IC	:	6369A-CMH2
EUT Voltage	:	Headset: DC 3.84V by built-in lithium battery, class Ⅲ Charging Case: DC3.82V by built-in lithium battery, DC 5V by USB cable, or By Wireless panel
Brand Name	:	HUAWEI honor
Applicable Standard	:	FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 IEEE Std. 1528-2013,FCC 47CFR §2.1093,ANSI C95.1-2005 RSS - 102 Issue 5: 2015,IEC 62209-2: 2010
Test Result	:	Max. SAR Measurement (1g) Left: **0.012** W/kg; Right:**0.015** W/kg
Performed Location	:	DEKRA Testing and Certification (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou,215006, Jiangsu,China TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098 FCC Designation Number: CN1199; IC Lab Code: 4075B

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History of This Test Report

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
1882045R-HP-US-P03V01	V1.0	Initial Issued Report	Sep. 06, 2018
1882045R-HP-US-P03V01	V2.0	Add a model CM-H2S	Oct. 31, 2018
1882045R-HP-US-P03V01	V2.1	Add SAR Value Modified clerical error	Oct. 31, 2018

1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	Wireless Bluetooth Headphones
Model No.	CM-H2,CM-H2S
Working Voltage	Headset: DC 3.84V by built-in lithium battery, class Ⅲ Charging Case: DC3.82V by built-in lithium battery, DC 5V by USB cable, or By Wireless panel
Test Voltage	DC 3.84V
BT Specification	V3.0/BLE
Frequency Range	2402- 2480 MHz
Channel Number	V3.0: 79 BLE: 40
Channel Separation	V3.0: 1MHz BLE: 2MHz
Type of Modulation	V3.0: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK BLE: GFSK
Data Rate	V3.0: 1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps(8DPSK) BLE: 1Mbps(GFSK)
Antenna Type	Reference to Antenna List
Peak Antenna Gain	Reference to Antenna List

Note 1: The construction of CM-H2S is similar to CM-H2 except that remove bone sensor: component U2,U3,U4 were removed from circuit. The layout of both models is the same.

Note 2: We have evaluated both models CM-H2 and CM-H2S, shown in the report is the worst case.

Note 3: We have evaluated both AFH mode and normal mode, the power of normal mode is higher than AFH mode, so only show the normal mode test data in this report.

Bluetooth Working Frequency of Each Channel: (For V3.0)							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
00	2402 MHz	01	2403 MHz	02	2404 MHz	03	2405 MHz
04	2406 MHz	05	2407 MHz	06	2408 MHz	07	2409 MHz
08	2410 MHz	09	2411 MHz	10	2412 MHz	11	2413 MHz
12	2414 MHz	13	2415 MHz	14	2416 MHz	15	2417 MHz
16	2418 MHz	17	2419 MHz	18	2420 MHz	19	2421 MHz
20	2422 MHz	21	2423 MHz	22	2424 MHz	23	2425 MHz
24	2426 MHz	25	2427 MHz	26	2428 MHz	27	2429 MHz
28	2430 MHz	29	2431 MHz	30	2432 MHz	31	2433 MHz
32	2434 MHz	33	2435 MHz	34	2436 MHz	35	2437 MHz
36	2438 MHz	37	2439 MHz	38	2440 MHz	39	2441 MHz
40	2442 MHz	41	2443 MHz	42	2444 MHz	43	2445 MHz
44	2446 MHz	45	2447 MHz	46	2448 MHz	47	2449 MHz
48	2450 MHz	49	2451 MHz	50	2452 MHz	51	2453 MHz
52	2454 MHz	53	2455 MHz	54	2456 MHz	55	2457 MHz
56	2458 MHz	57	2459 MHz	58	2460 MHz	59	2461 MHz
60	2462 MHz	61	2463 MHz	62	2464 MHz	63	2465 MHz
64	2466 MHz	65	2467 MHz	66	2468 MHz	67	2469 MHz
68	2470 MHz	69	2471 MHz	70	2472 MHz	71	2473 MHz
72	2474 MHz	73	2475 MHz	74	2476 MHz	75	2477 MHz
76	2478 MHz	77	2479 MHz	78	2480 MHz	N/A	N/A

Bluetooth Working Frequency of Each Channel: (For BLE)							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
00	2402 MHz	01	2404 MHz	02	2406 MHz	03	2408 MHz
04	2410 MHz	05	2412 MHz	06	2414 MHz	07	2416 MHz
08	2418 MHz	09	2420 MHz	10	2422 MHz	11	2424 MHz
12	2426 MHz	13	2428 MHz	14	2430 MHz	15	2432 MHz
16	2434 MHz	17	2436 MHz	18	2438 MHz	19	2440 MHz
20	2442 MHz	21	2444 MHz	22	2446 MHz	23	2448 MHz
24	2450 MHz	25	2452 MHz	26	2454 MHz	27	2456 MHz
28	2458 MHz	29	2460 MHz	30	2462 MHz	31	2464 MHz
32	2466 MHz	33	2468 MHz	34	2470 MHz	35	2472 MHz
36	2474 MHz	37	2476 MHz	38	2478 MHz	39	2480 MHz

Antenna List

Model No.	N/A					
Antenna manufacturer	N/A					
Antenna Delivery	☒	1*TX+1*RX	☐	2*TX+2*RX	☐	3*TX+3*RX
Antenna technology	☒	SISO				
	☐	MIMO	☐	Basic		
			☐	CDD		
			☐	Beam-forming		
Antenna Type	☐	External	☐	Dipole		
	☒	Internal	☒	PIFA		
			☐	PCB		
			☐	Ceramic Chip Antenna		
			☐	Metal plate type F antenna		
			☐	Monopole Antenna		
Antenna Gain	-3.74dBi					

1.2. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

1.3. Power Reduction for SAR

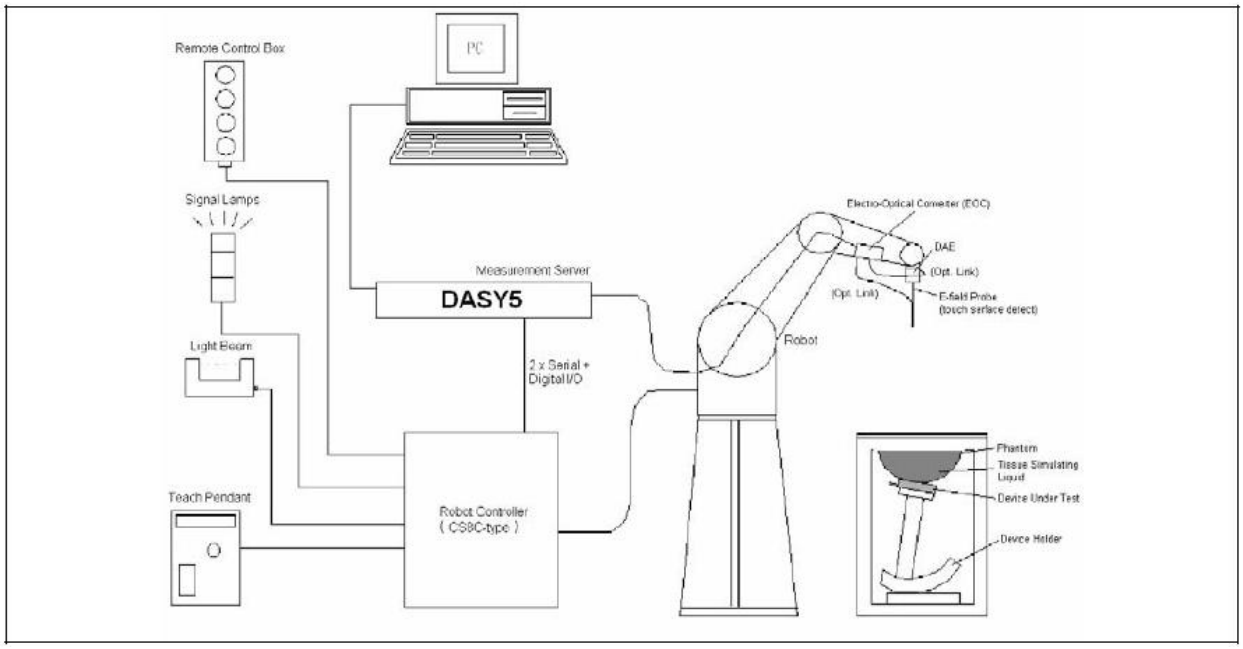
There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.4. Guidance Documents

1) FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General SAR Guidance)
2) FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04(SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
3) FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
4) RSS 102 Issue5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
5) IEEE Std. 1528-2013 (IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques)
6) IEC 62209-2: 2010 (Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand- held and bodymounted wireless communication devices — Human models, instrumentation, and procedures)
7) FCC 47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
8) ANSI C95.1-2005 - IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a $10mm^2$ step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528.The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2+y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2+x'^2}\left(3-e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4}+x'^2+y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}+\frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

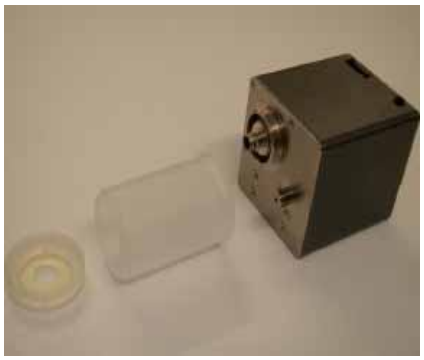
SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

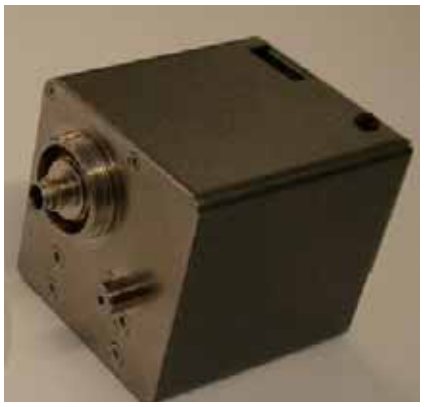
2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.
Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.
The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).
Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity εr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom tip, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	2450MHz Head
Water	46.7
Salt	0.00
Sugar	0.00
HEC	0.00
Preventol	0.00
DGBE	53.3
Triton X-100	0.00

3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ε_r	σ [s/m]	
2450MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	N/A
	09-03-2018	39.74	1.84	21.0
2450MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	N/A
	09-28-2018	39.70	1.83	21.0

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement (Test Data: 09-03-2018)								
Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Dielectric Parameters						Tissue Temp. [°C]
		Permittivity ε_r	Conductivity σ	Permittivity Target ε_r	Conductivity Target σ	Delta (ε_r) %	Delta (σ) %	
2402	Low CH	39.93	1.78	39.26	1.75	1.71	1.71	21.0
2440	Mid CH	39.80	1.81	39.21	1.79	1.50	1.12	21.0
2441	Mid CH	39.80	1.81	39.21	1.79	1.50	1.12	21.0
2450	Mid CH	39.74	1.84	39.20	1.80	1.38	2.22	21.0
2480	High CH	39.61	1.88	38.46	1.85	2.99	1.62	21.0

Note:

1. The delta (ε_r) and (σ) are within ±5%, delta SAR value was not calculated in this report.
2. As per IEC 62209-2 Annex F, the SAR correction factor is given by:

   $\Delta SAR = c_\varepsilon \, \Delta\varepsilon_r + c_\sigma \, \Delta\sigma$

   For the1g average SAR Cε and Cσ are given by:

   Cε = -7.854x10^-4f^3 + 9.402x10^-3f^2 – 2.742x10^-2f – 0.2026

   Cσ = 9.804x10^-3f^3 – 8.661x10^-2f^2 + 2.981x10^-2f + 0.7829

   Where f is the frequency in GHz.

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement (Test Data: 09-03-2018)							
Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Dielectric Parameters					Tissue Temp. [°C]
		Delta (ε_r) %	Delta (σ) %	Cε	Cσ	Delta SAR%	
2402	Low CH	1.71	1.71	-0.23	0.49	0.46	21.0
2440	Mid CH	1.50	1.12	-0.22	0.48	0.20	21.0
2441	Mid CH	1.50	1.12	-0.22	0.48	0.20	21.0
2450	Mid CH	1.38	2.22	-0.22	0.48	0.76	21.0
2480	High CH	2.99	1.62	-0.22	0.47	0.10	21.0

Note: The ΔSAR refers to the percent change in SAR relative to the percent change in dielectric properties versus the target values. Anegative ΔSAR would translate to a lower measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values. A positive ΔSAR would translate to a higher measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values. SAR correction shall not be made when the ΔSAR has a positive sign to provide a conservative SAR value.The SAR is only corrected when ΔSAR has a negative sign.

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement (Test Data: 09-28-2018)								
Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Dielectric Parameters						Tissue Temp. [°C]
		Permittivity ε_r	Conductivity σ	Permittivity Target ε_r	Conductivity Target σ	Delta (ε_r) %	Delta (σ) %	
2441	Mid CH	39.74	1.82	39.21	1.79	1.35	1.68	21.0
2450	Mid CH	39.70	1.83	39.20	1.80	1.28	1.67	21.0

Note:

1. The delta (ε_r) and (σ) are within ±5%, delta SAR value was not calculated in this report.
2. As per IEC 62209-2 Annex F, the SAR correction factor is given by:

   $\Delta SAR = c_\varepsilon \Delta\varepsilon_r + c_\sigma \Delta\sigma$

   For the1g average SAR Cε and Cσ are given by:

   Cε = -7.854x10^-4f^3 + 9.402x10^-3f^2 – 2.742x10^-2f – 0.2026

   Cσ = 9.804x10^-3f^3 – 8.661x10^-2f^2 + 2.981x10^-2f + 0.7829

   Where f is the frequency in GHz.

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement (Test Data: 09-28-2018)							
Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Dielectric Parameters					Tissue Temp. [°C]
		Delta (ε_r) %	Delta (σ) %	Cε	Cσ	Delta SAR%	
2441	Mid CH	1.35	1.68	-0.22	0.48	0.50	21.0
2450	Mid CH	1.28	1.67	-0.22	0.48	0.51	21.0

Note: The ΔSAR refers to the percent change in SAR relative to the percent change in dielectric properties versus the target values. Anegative ΔSAR would translate to a lower measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values. A positive ΔSAR would translate to a higher measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values. SAR correction shall not be made when the ΔSAR has a positive sign to provide a conservative SAR value.The SAR is only corrected when ΔSAR has a negative sign.

3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

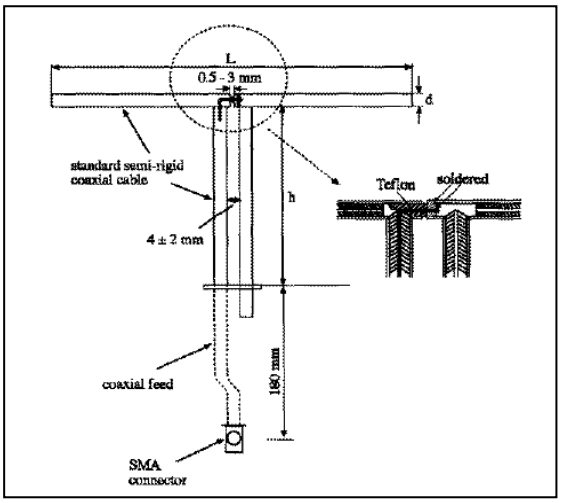
Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ε_r	σ (S/m)	ε_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	**39.2**	**1.80**	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6

4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz

Validation Dipole: D2450V2, SN: 839

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	51.3 46.17 to 56.43	23.9 21.51 to 26.29	N/A
	09-03-2018	51.48	22.48	21.0
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	51.3 46.17 to 56.43	23.9 21.51 to 26.29	N/A
	09-28-2018	52.8	23.04	21.0
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY 5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity
ρ: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at $1mm^2$) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at $1mm^3$).

4.3. SAR Measurement Conditions for 802.11 Device

4.3.1. Duty Factor Control

Unless it is permitted by specific KDB procedures or continuous transmission is specifically restricted by the device, the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

4.3.2. Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.16 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).

a) When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.

b) For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	N/A
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	839	2019.02.22
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1220	2019.02.15
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2019.02.22
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2019.03.10
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2019.03.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2019.03.10
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2018.10.29
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2018.10.29
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhichen	ZC1-2	N/A	2019.04.17
Temperature/Humidity Meter	OM	N/A	N/N	2019.03.08

7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty according to IEEE std. 1528-2013 Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞

Combined Std. Uncertainty	±11.3%	±10.8%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty	±22.6%	±21.7%	

DASY5 Uncertainty according to IEC 62209-2/2010

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.

Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.5%	N	1	1	1	±6.5%	±6.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±0.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Power Scaling	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.26	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	±5.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±2.3%	±2.1%	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.8%	±12.7%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±25.6%	±25.4%	

8. Conducted Power Measurement

Left:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
1Mbps(GFSK_DH5) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	11.07	11.5	1.104
	2441	11.46	12.0	1.132
	2480	10.89	11.5	1.151
2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK_DH5) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	11.17	11.5	1.079
	2441	11.50	12.0	1.122
	2480	10.92	11.5	1.143
3Mbps(8DPSK_DH5) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	11.11	11.5	1.094
	2441	11.46	12.0	1.132
	2480	10.91	11.5	1.146
BLE(GFSK) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	7.20	7.5	1.072
	2440	7.09	7.5	1.099
	2480	6.38	6.5	1.028

Right:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
1Mbps(GFSK_DH5) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	11.08	11.5	1.102
	2441	10.99	11.5	1.125
	2480	10.46	11.0	1.132
2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK_DH5) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	11.07	11.5	1.104
	2441	11.01	11.5	1.119
	2480	10.45	11.0	1.135
3Mbps(8DPSK_DH5) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	11.09	11.5	1.099
	2441	11.01	11.5	1.119
	2480	10.48	11.0	1.127
BLE(GFSK) (Duty Cycle = 100.0%)	2402	6.84	7.5	1.164
	2440	7.22	7.5	1.067
	2480	6.86	7.5	1.159

9. Test Procedures

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

LEFT								
SAR MEASUREMENT								
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ± 2				Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: Bluetooth Headset								
Frequency: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz								
Test Mode: DH5								
Test Position Body (0mm gap)	Antenna Position	Frequency (MHz)	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Back	Fixed	2402	11.07	0.17	0.01	1.104	0.011	1.6
Back	Fixed	2441	11.46	-0.10	0.00959	1.132	0.011	1.6
Back	Fixed	2480	10.89	0.11	0.01	1.151	**0.012**	1.6
Test Mode: 2DH5								
Back	Fixed	2402	11.17	0.01	0.00424	1.079	0.005	1.6
Back	Fixed	2441	11.5	0.11	0.0062	1.122	0.007	1.6
Test Mode: 3DH5								
Back	Fixed	2402	11.11	-0.03	0.00328	1.094	0.004	1.6
Back	Fixed	2441	11.46	0.01	0.0057	1.132	0.006	1.6
Test Mode: BLE								
Back	Fixed	2402	7.20	0.08	0.00161	1.072	0.002	1.6

RIGHT								
SAR MEASUREMENT								
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ± 2				Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: Bluetooth Headset								
Frequency: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz								
Test Mode: DH5								
Test Position Body (0mm gap)	Antenna Position	Frequency (MHz)	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Back	Fixed	2402	11.08	0.12	0.011	1.102	0.012	1.6
Back	Fixed	2441	10.99	0.07	0.012	1.125	0.014	1.6
Back	Fixed	2480	10.46	0.04	0.013	1.132	**0.015**	1.6
Test Mode: 2DH5								
Back	Fixed	2402	11.07	0.13	0.00522	1.104	0.006	1.6
Test Mode: 3DH5								
Back	Fixed	2402	11.09	0.06	0.00468	1.099	0.005	1.6
Test Mode: BLE								
Back	Fixed	2440	7.22	0.07	0.00127	1.067	0.001	1.6

Note 1: * - repeated at the highest measured SAR according to the FCC KDB 865664

2: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.

3: For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

9.2. Test position and configuration

1. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.

2. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

3. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

System Check Head 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450(2450MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.84 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

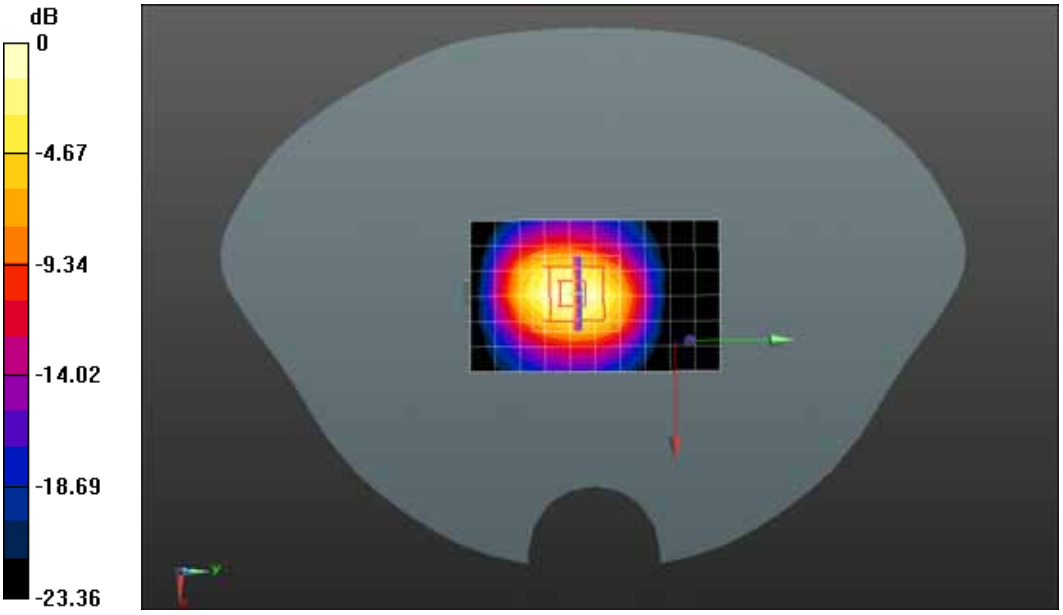
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/System Check Head 2450MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm;Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.04 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Head 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;Reference Value = 69.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.62 W/kg; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.81 W/kg



0 dB = 13.81 W/kg = 11.40 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09/28/2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

System Check Head 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450(2450MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.83 S/m; εr = 39.70; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 05/05/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 20/06/2017
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/System Check Head 2450MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm;Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.17 W/kg

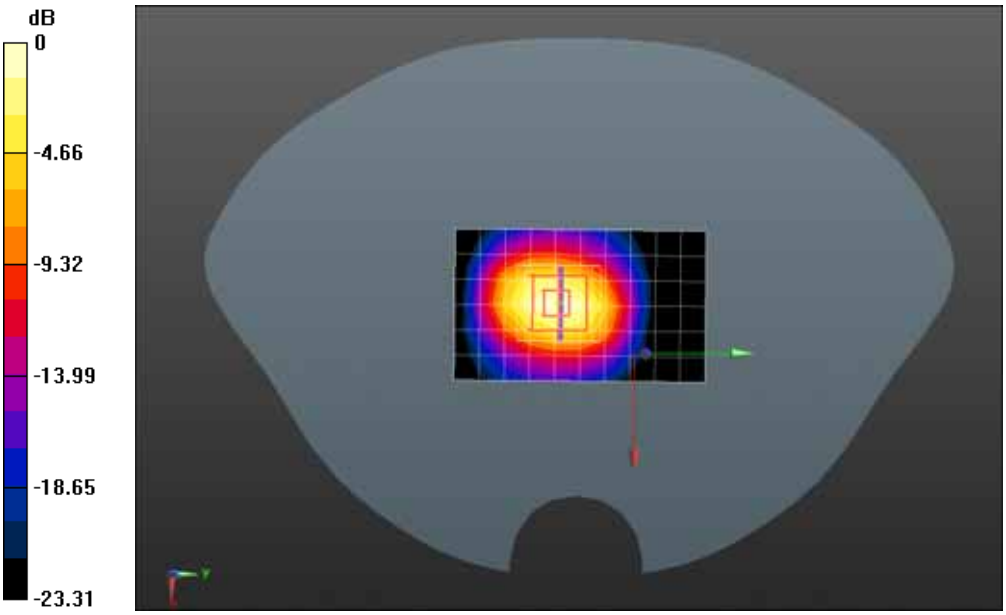
Configuration/System Check Head 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Data/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2402MHz DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz DH5 left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

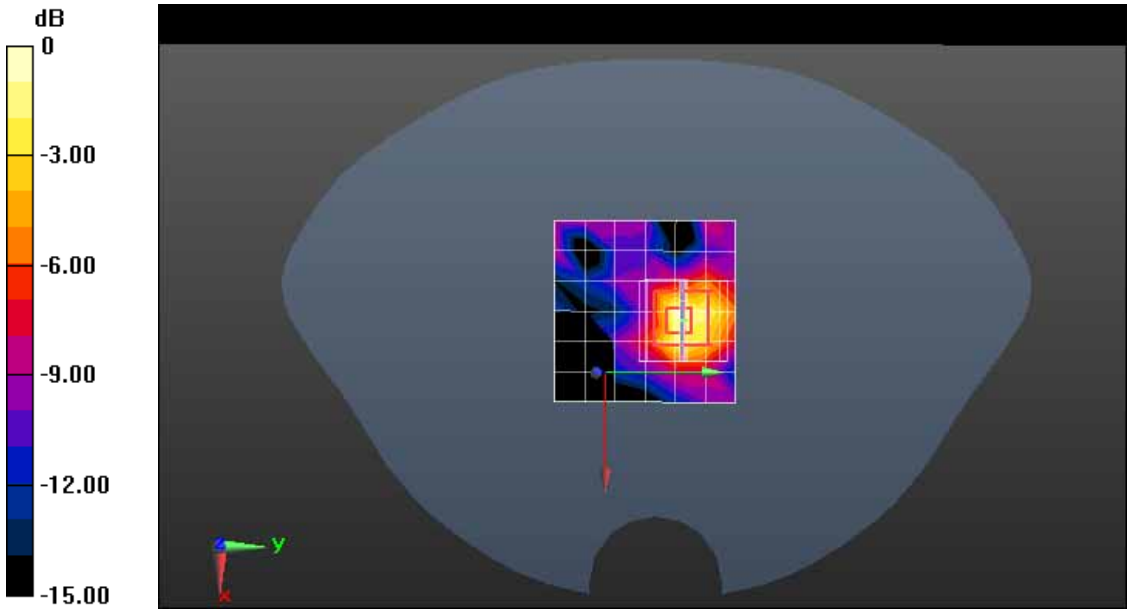
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0110 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz DH5 left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.819 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0340 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00488 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0127 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0127 W/kg = -18.96 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2441MHz DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; εr = 39.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

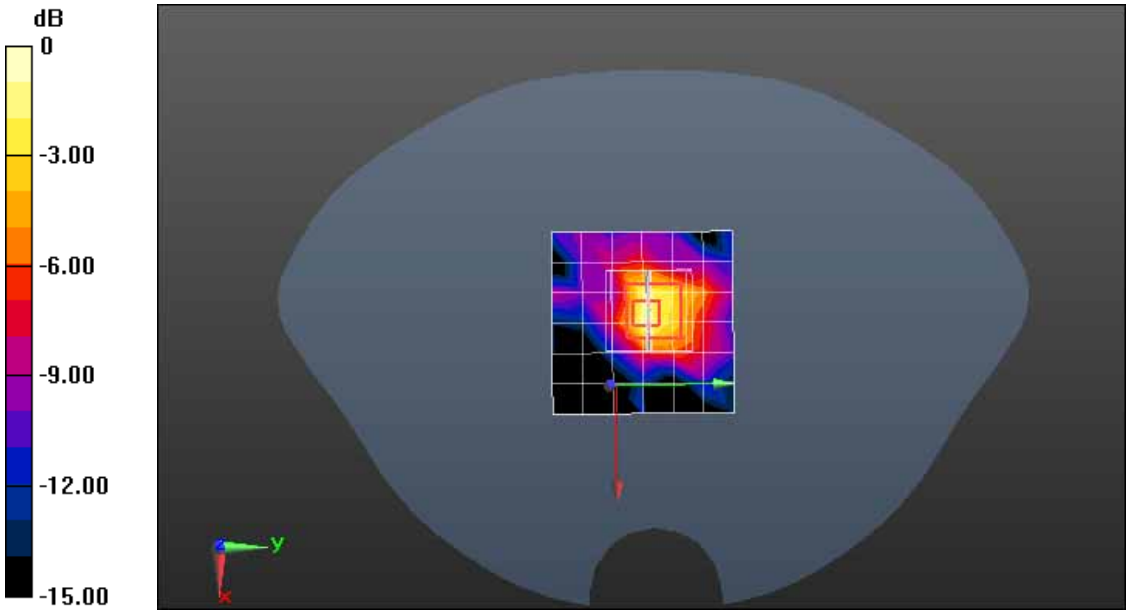
Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz DH5 Body Back/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00851 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz DH5 Body Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.945 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00959 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00464 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0109 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0109 W/kg = -19.63 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2480MHz DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2480 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.88 S/m; εr = 39.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Bluetooth 2480MHz DH5 left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

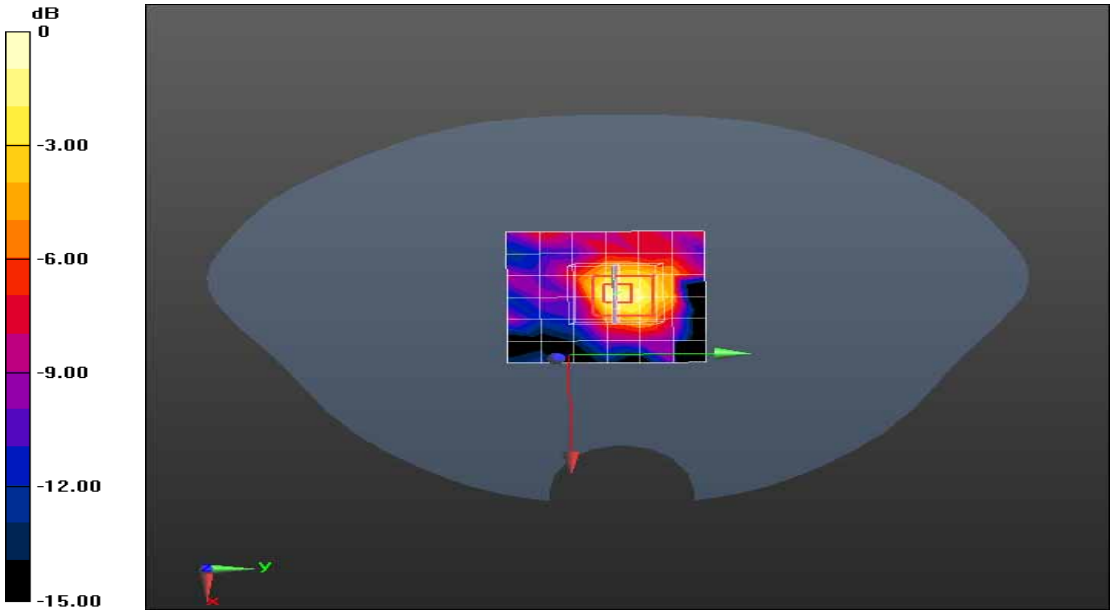
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00970 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2480MHz DH5 left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.920 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00504 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0115



0 dB = 0.0115 W/kg = -19.39 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2402MHz 2DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

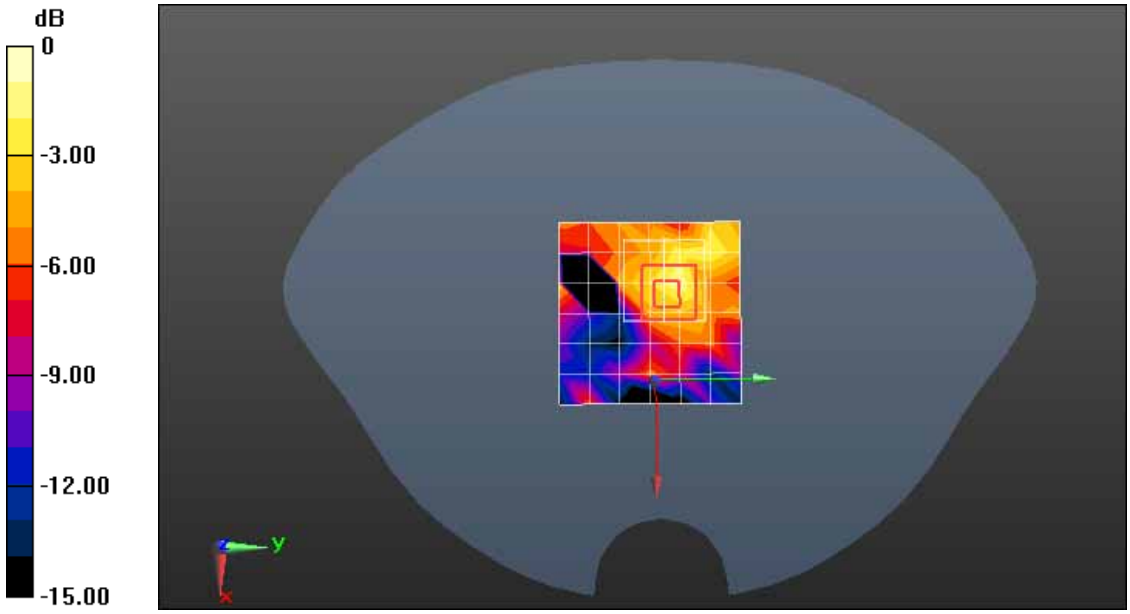
Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 2DH5 left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00337 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 2DH5 left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.8310 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00424 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00228 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00424 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00424 W/kg = -23.73 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09/28/2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2441MHz 2DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.82 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

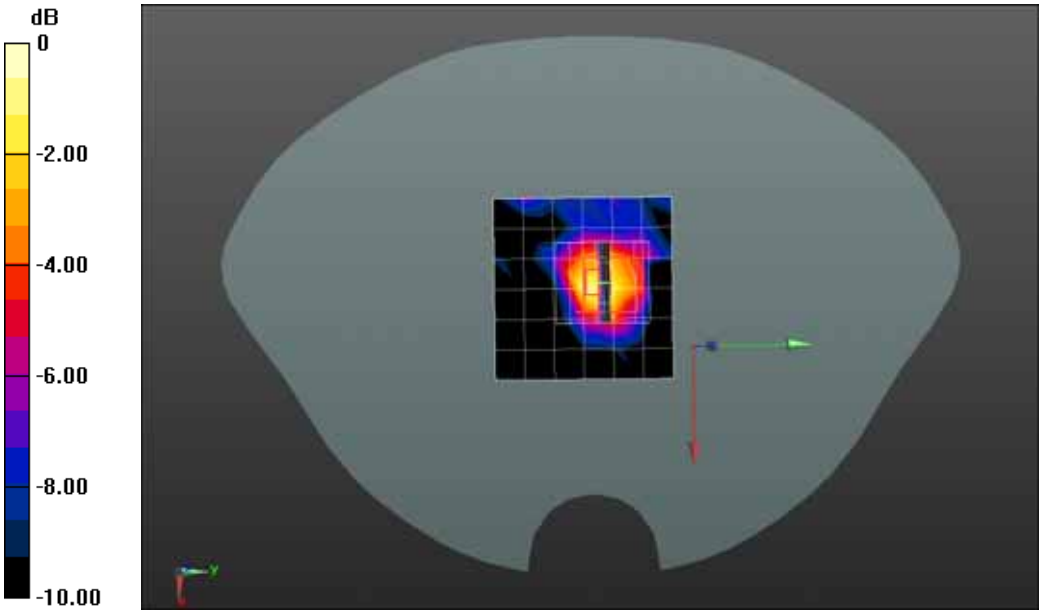
Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz 2DH5 left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm;Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0068 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz 2DH5 left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;Reference Value = 1.307 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0162 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0062 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0035 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0071 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0071 W/kg = -21.49 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2402MHz 3DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

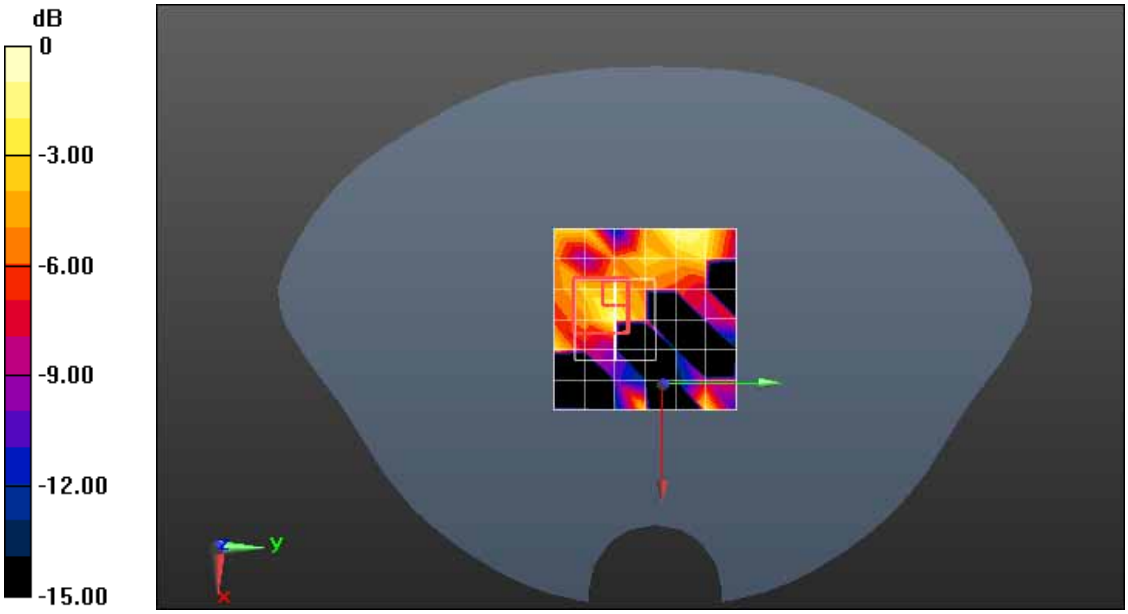
Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 3DH5 left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00180 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 3DH5 left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.7510 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00819 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00328 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00166

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00219 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00219 W/kg = -26.60 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09/28/2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2441MHz 3DH5 Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.82 S/m; εr = 39.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

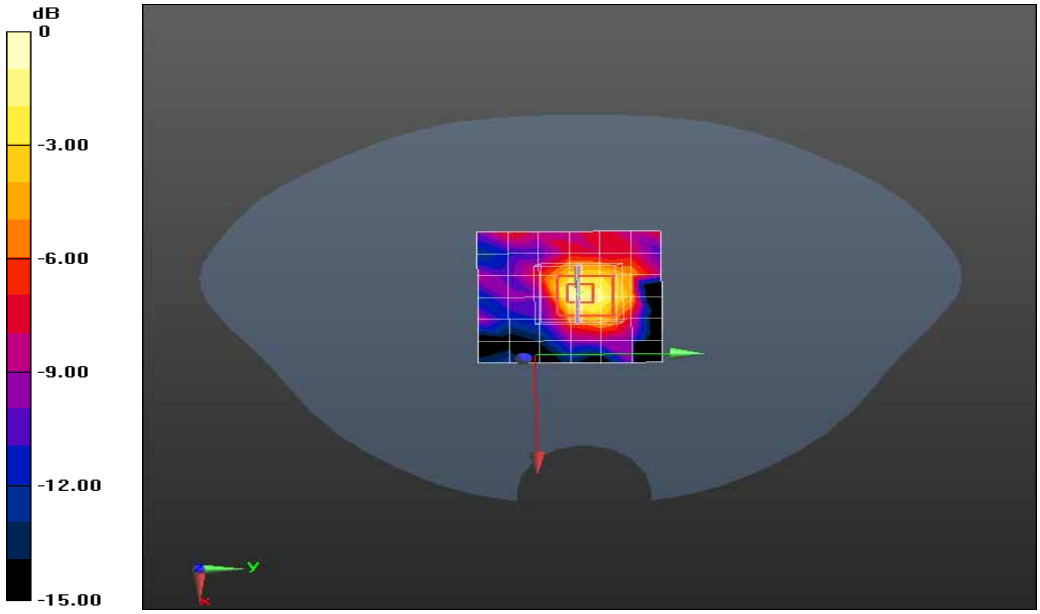
Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz 3DH5 left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm;Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0061 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz 3DH5 left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;Reference Value = 1.790 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0184 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0033 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0066 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0066 W/kg = -21.80 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

BLE 2402MHz Left

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/BLE 2402MHz left/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

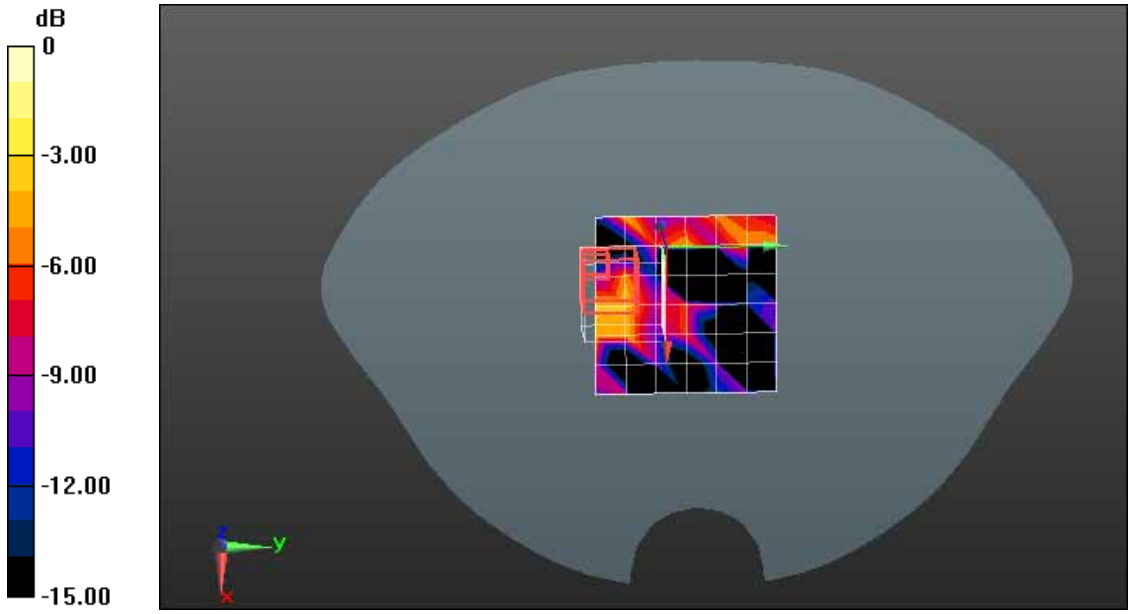
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00148 W/kg

Configuration/BLE 2402MHz left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 0.3920 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00386 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00161 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.000842 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00361 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00361 W/kg = -24.42 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2402MHz DH5 Right

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

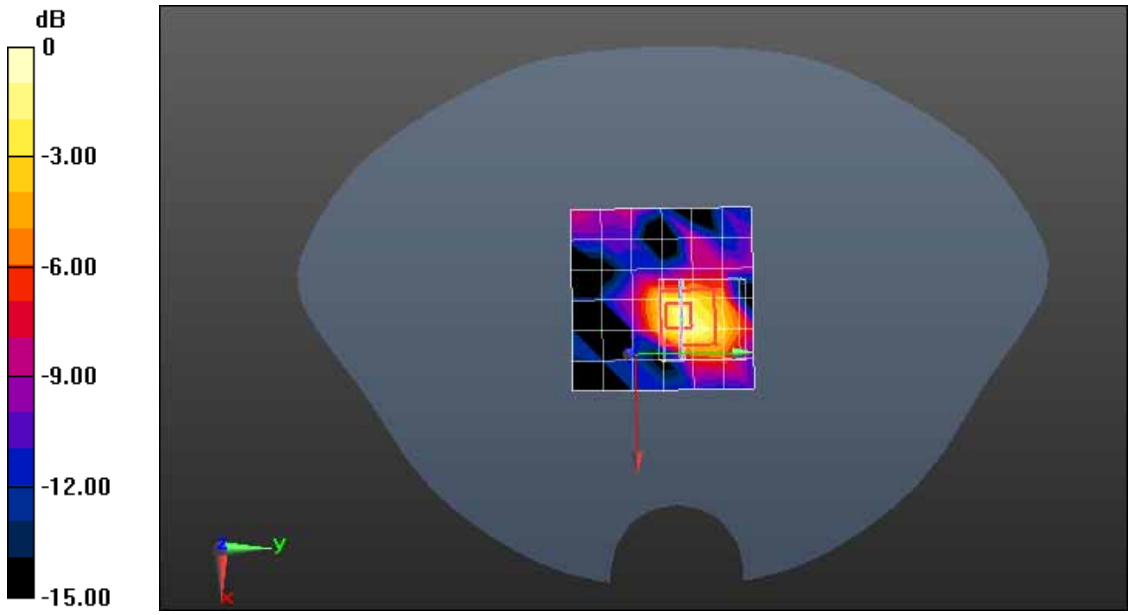
Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz DH5 Right/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0103 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz DH5 Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 2.517 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0210 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00533 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0123 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0123 W/kg = -19.10 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2441MHz DH5 Right

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2441 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; εr = 39.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

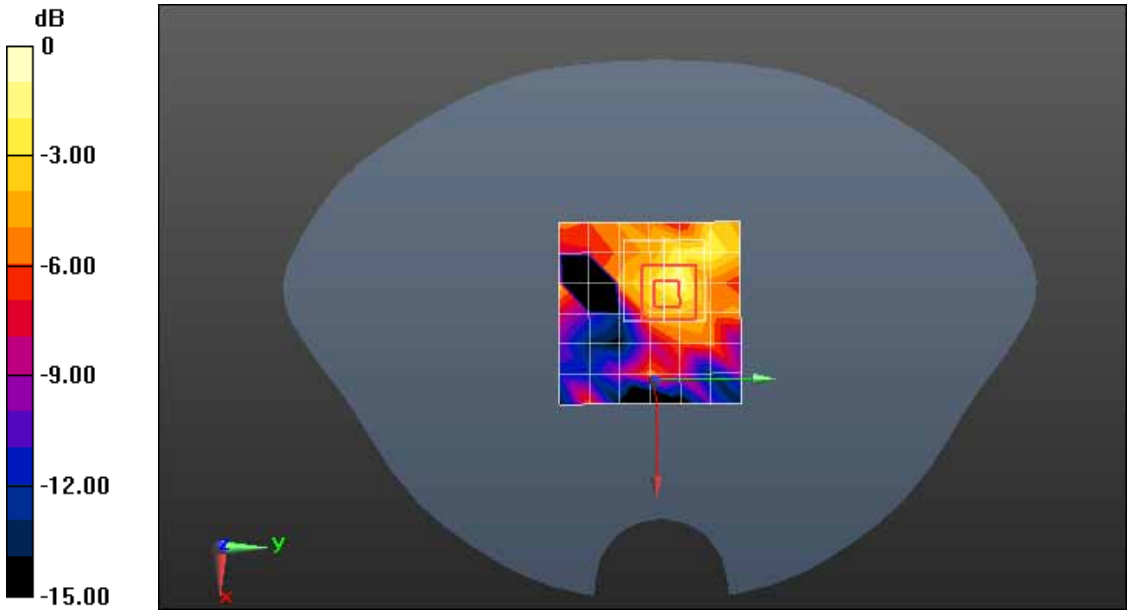
Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz DH5 Right/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0120 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2441MHz DH5 Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 2.314 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0210 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00568 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0137 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0137 W/kg = -18.63 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2480MHz DH5 Right

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2480 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.88 S/m; εr = 39.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

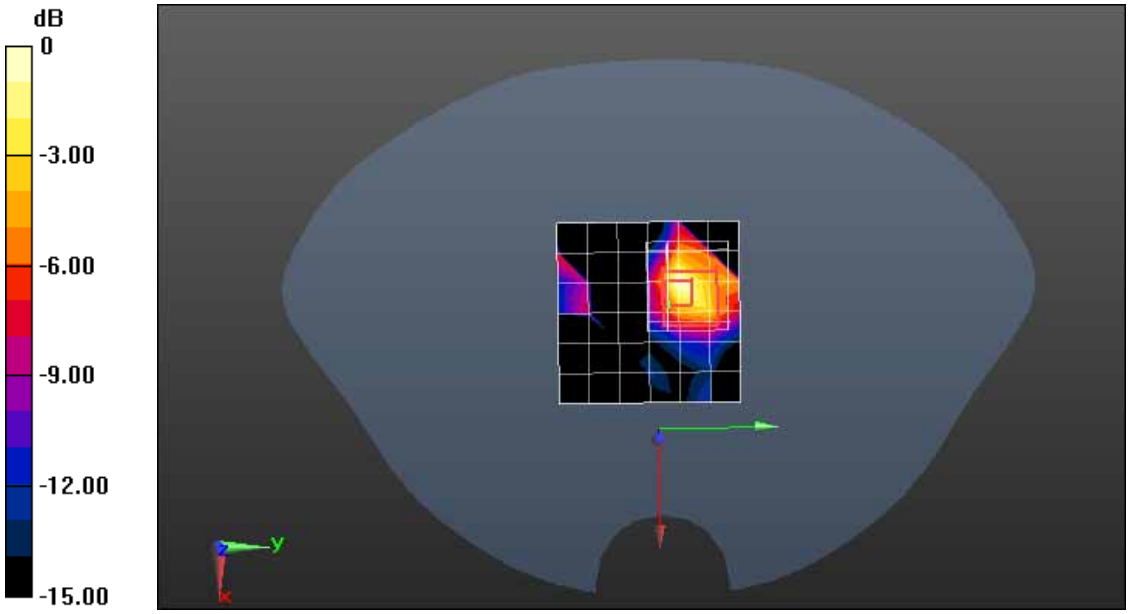
Configuration/Bluetooth 2480MHz DH5 Right/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mmMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0122 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2480MHz DH5 Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 1.752 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0270 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00587 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0146 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0146 W/kg = -18.36 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2402MHz 2DH5 Right

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

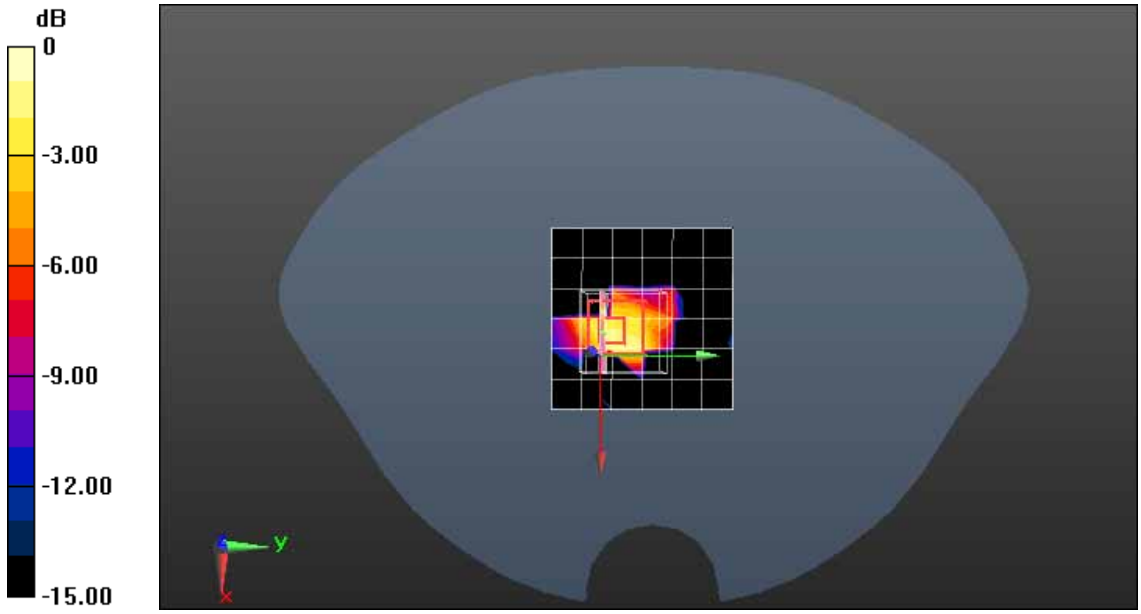
Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 2DH5 Right/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00425 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 2DH5 Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.480 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00522 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0024 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00546 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00546 W/kg = -22.63 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

Bluetooth 2402MHz 3DH5 Right

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: ISM Band; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; εr = 39.93; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

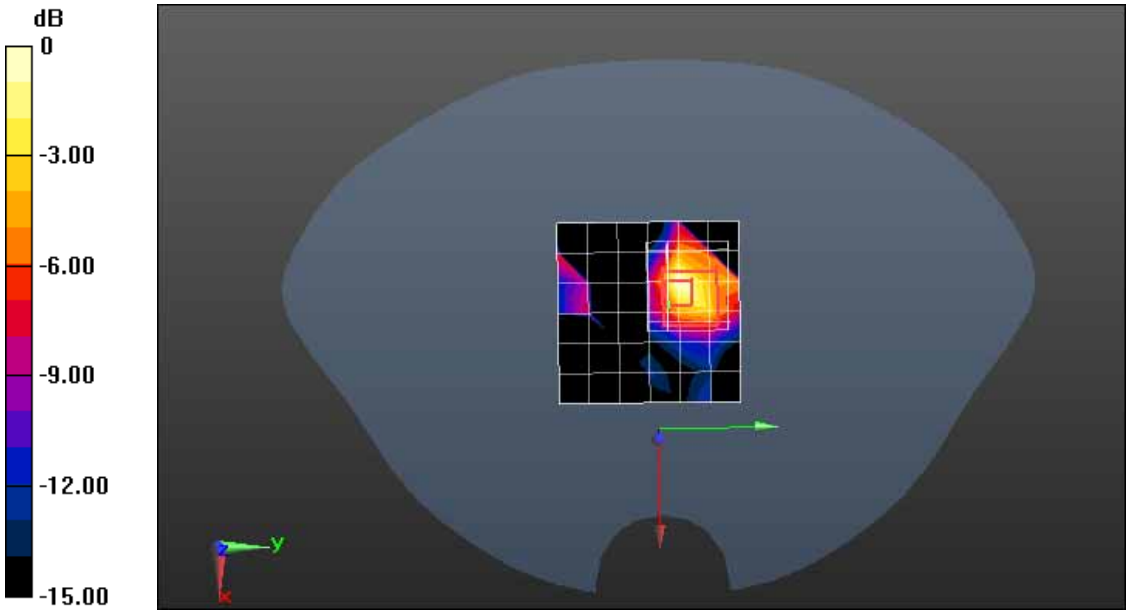
Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 3DH5 Right/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mmMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00607 W/kg

Configuration/Bluetooth 2402MHz 3DH5 Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.1940 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00468 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00529 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00529 W/kg = -22.77 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 09-03-2018

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Lab

BLE 2440MHz Right

DUT: Bluetooth headset; Type: CM-H2

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: BLE; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2440 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; εr = 39.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 23/02/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 16/02/2018
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/BLE 2440MHz Right/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

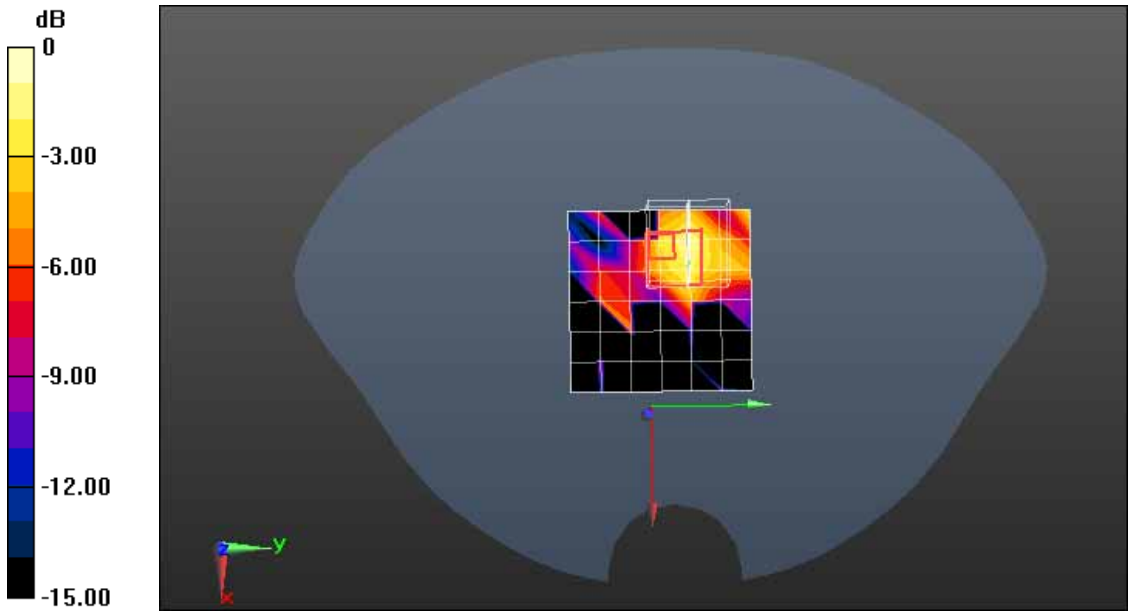
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00183 W/kg

Configuration/BLE 2440MHz Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 0.3180 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00561 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00127 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.000301 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00237 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00237 W/kg = -26.25 dBW/kg

Appendix C. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client DEKRA-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3710
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	February 23, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	**ID**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jelon Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 27, 2018

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3710

Manufactured: July 21, 2009
Calibrated: February 23, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4– SN:3710

February 23, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²)[A]	0.39	0.38	0.47	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	99.6	101.6	101.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	151.4	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		159.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4– SN:3710

February 23, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.54	10.54	10.54	0.15	1.25	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.95	9.95	9.95	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.35	0.95	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.26	9.26	9.26	0.35	1.02	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.33	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.28	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.11	7.11	7.11	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.30	1.20	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.83	10.83	10.83	0.09	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.87	9.87	9.87	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.60	9.60	9.60	0.47	0.82	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.46	9.46	9.46	0.50	0.83	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.37	0.88	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.23	1.05	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.25	1.25	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.93	3.93	3.93	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

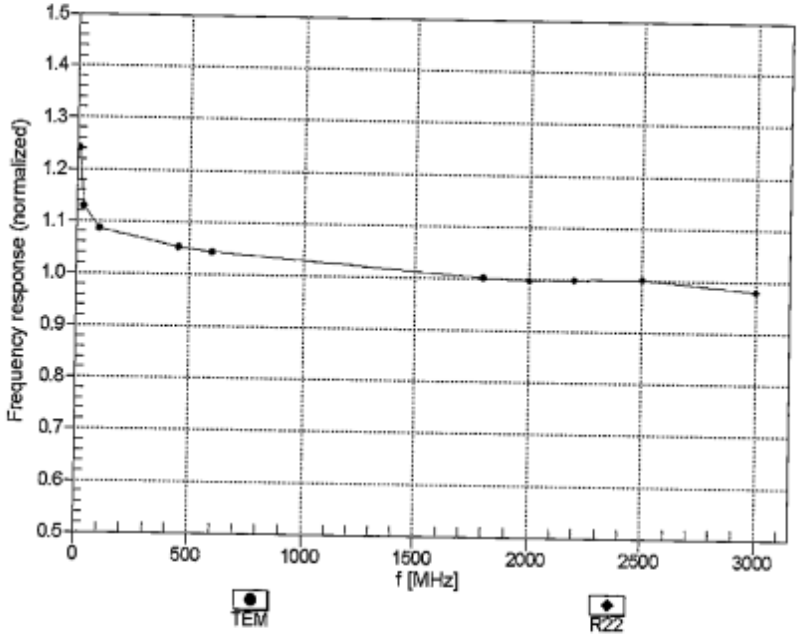
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4– SN:3710

February 23, 2018

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



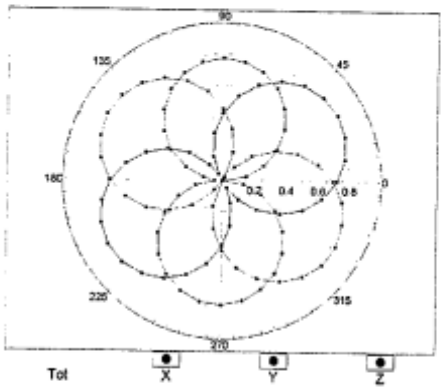
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4– SN:3710

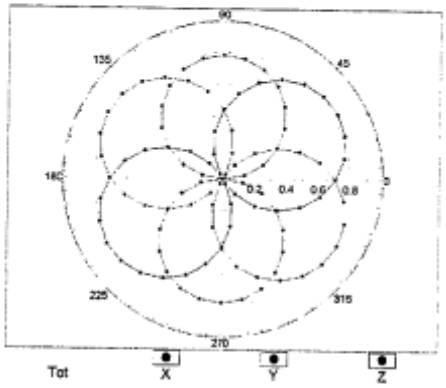
February 23, 2018

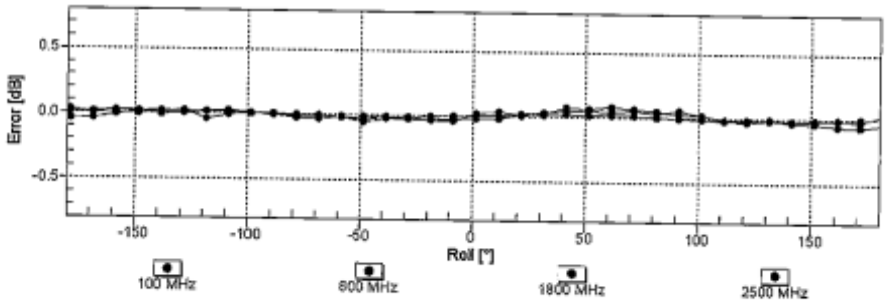
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22



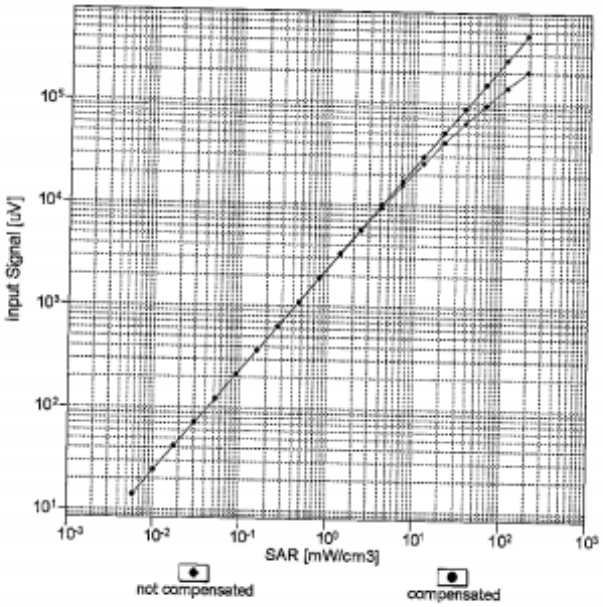


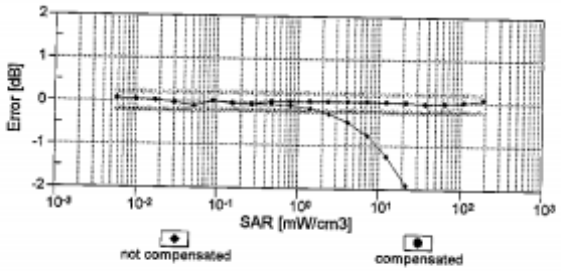
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4– SN:3710

February 23, 2018

Dynamic Range f(SAR$_{head}$)
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb18

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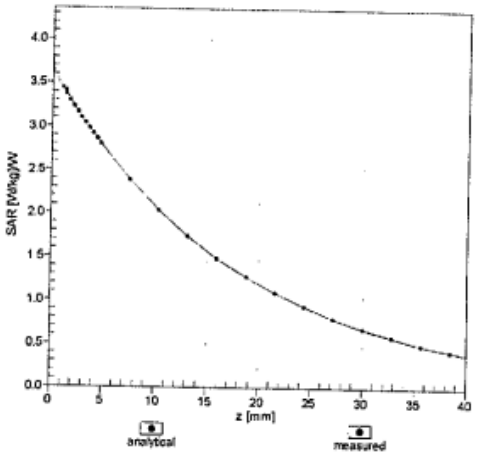
EX3DV4– SN:3710

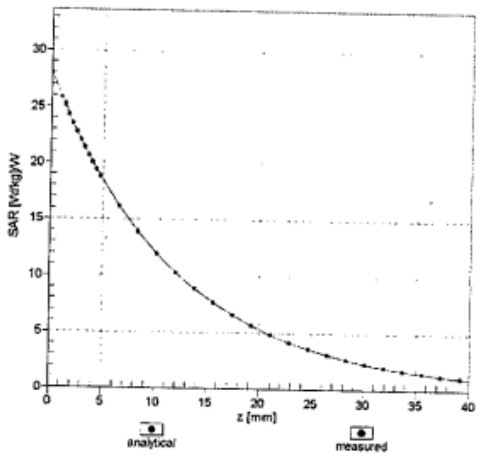
February 23, 2018

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 900 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

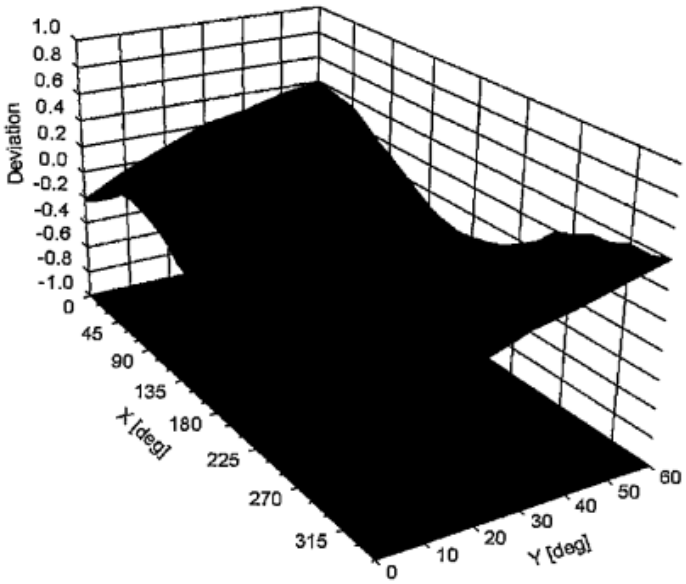


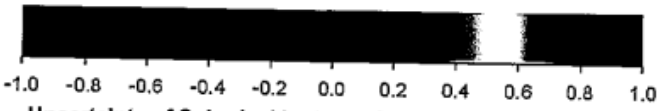
f = 1810 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	81.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Appendix D. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **QTK-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 839
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	February 09, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 10, 2016

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Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16 Page 1 of 8

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.7 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**49.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.4 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω + 6.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.143 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 20, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.02.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 839

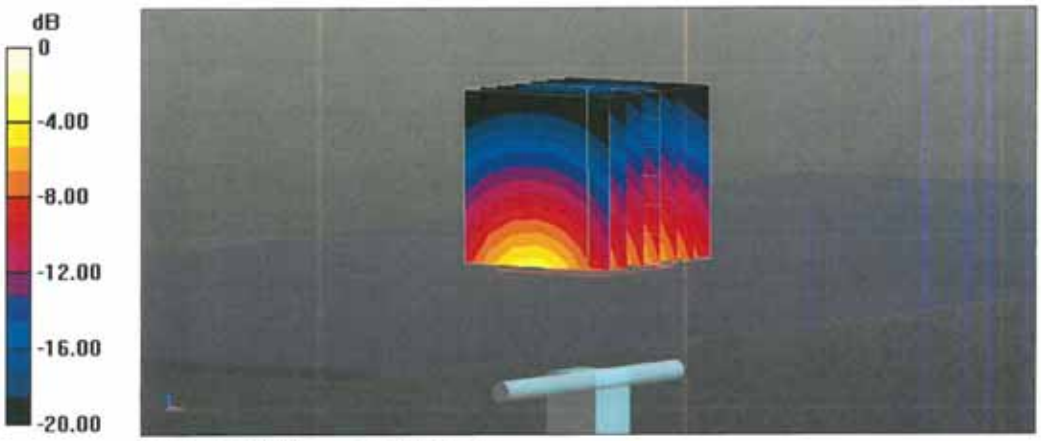
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.84 S/m; ε_r = 38.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

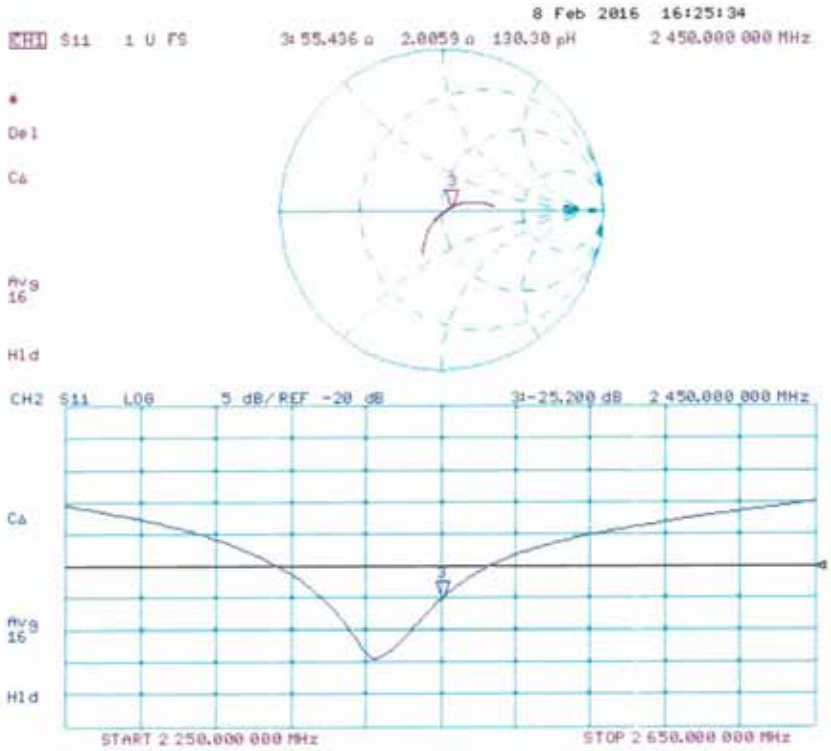
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 113.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.26 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 09.02.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 839

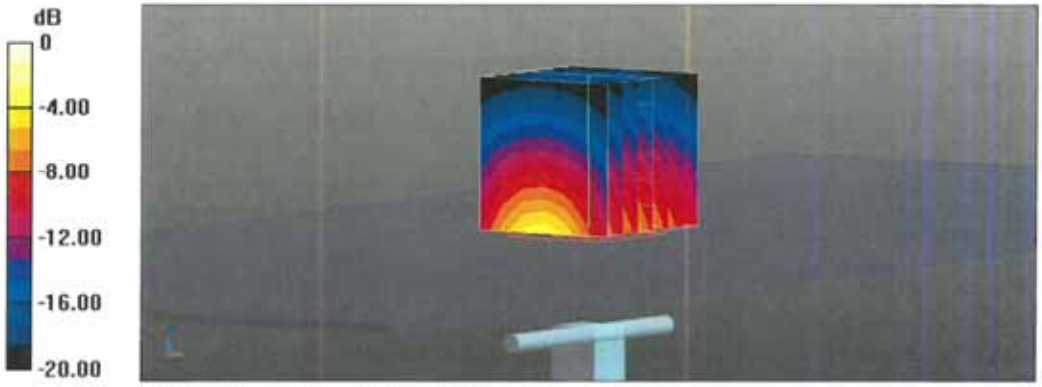
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2 S/m; ε_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

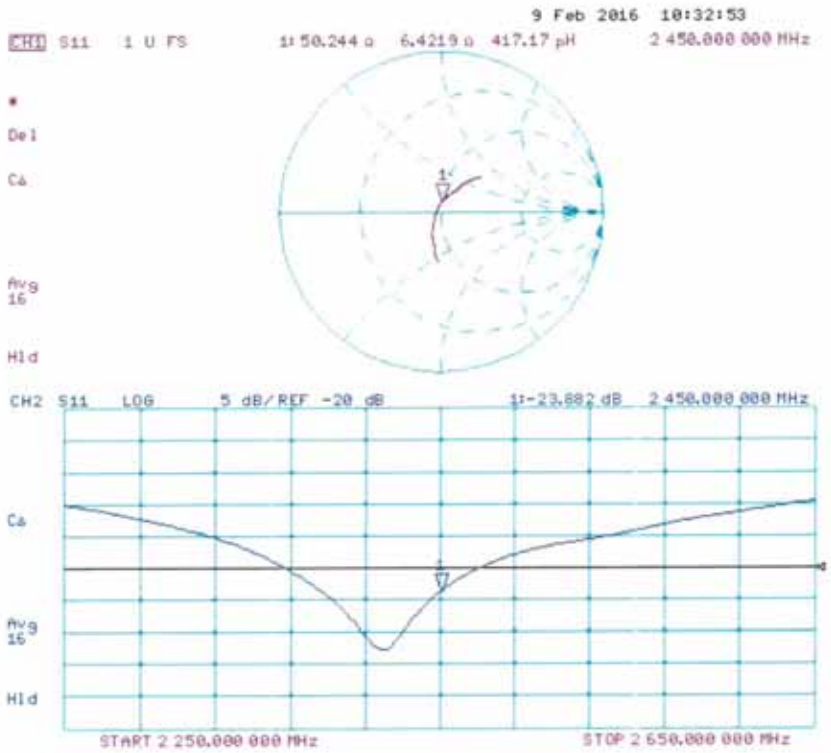
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



0 dB = 20.4 W/kg = 13.10 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Appendix E. DAE Calibration Data

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

1220

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:
Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:
Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:
To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN_BR040315AD DAE4.doc 11.12.2009

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **DEKRA-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Feb18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1220
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	February 16, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No:21092)	Aug-18
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dominique Steffen	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	

Issued: February 16, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.183 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.901 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.132 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97774 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99519 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98704 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	176.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200034.43	0.20	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20006.79	1.37	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20001.57	3.35	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200031.32	-2.97	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20006.26	0.93	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20005.47	-0.45	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200033.78	-0.60	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20005.34	0.05	0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20005.69	-0.57	0.00

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.87	0.22	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.68	0.05	0.03
Channel X	- Input	-198.33	0.11	-0.05
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.15	-0.34	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	201.02	-0.46	-0.23
Channel Y	- Input	-199.38	-0.85	0.43
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.23	-0.26	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.84	-0.64	-0.32
Channel Z	- Input	-199.92	-1.37	0.69

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	10.44	8.23
	- 200	-7.03	-9.21
Channel Y	200	-8.37	-9.19
	- 200	7.98	7.71
Channel Z	200	12.54	12.17
	- 200	-14.72	-14.67

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	1.55	-4.00
Channel Y	200	7.74	-	2.39
Channel Z	200	9.99	5.68	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15877	14370
Channel Y	16017	16451
Channel Z	15705	16147

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.92	-0.09	2.09	0.38
Channel Y	0.34	-0.78	1.81	0.44
Channel Z	-0.85	-2.66	0.62	0.47

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9