



## FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

**Product Name:** Mobile WiFi

**Model:** E5330Bs-6

**Report No.:** SYBH(Z-SAR)005022014-2

**FCC ID:** QISE5330BS-6

|      | APPROVED<br>(Lab Manager) | PREPARED<br>(Test Engineer) |
|------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| BY   | <i>Alvinway</i>           | <i>gongzhong</i>            |
| DATE | 2014-03-10                | 2014-03-10                  |

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**Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.**

Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District,  
Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

Tel: +86 755 28780808 Fax: +86 755 89652518

## Table of Contents

|       |                                                    |    |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1     | General Information.....                           | 4  |
| 1.1   | Statement of Compliance .....                      | 4  |
| 1.2   | RF exposure limits.....                            | 5  |
| 1.3   | EUT Description .....                              | 6  |
| 1.3.1 | General Description .....                          | 7  |
| 1.4   | Test specification(s).....                         | 8  |
| 1.5   | Testing laboratory.....                            | 8  |
| 1.6   | Applicant and Manufacturer .....                   | 8  |
| 1.7   | Application details.....                           | 8  |
| 1.8   | Ambient Condition .....                            | 8  |
| 2     | SAR Measurement System .....                       | 9  |
| 2.1   | SAR Measurement Set-up .....                       | 9  |
| 2.2   | Test environment.....                              | 10 |
| 2.3   | Data Acquisition Electronics description .....     | 10 |
| 2.4   | Probe description.....                             | 11 |
| 2.5   | Phantom description.....                           | 12 |
| 2.6   | Device holder description .....                    | 13 |
| 2.7   | Test Equipment List.....                           | 14 |
| 3     | SAR Measurement Procedure .....                    | 15 |
| 3.1   | Scanning procedure .....                           | 15 |
| 3.2   | Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation .....                  | 16 |
| 3.3   | Data Storage and Evaluation .....                  | 17 |
| 4     | System Verification Procedure .....                | 19 |
| 4.1   | Tissue Verification .....                          | 19 |
| 4.2   | System Check .....                                 | 21 |
| 4.3   | System check Procedure.....                        | 22 |
| 5     | SAR measurement variability and uncertainty .....  | 23 |
| 5.1   | SAR measurement variability .....                  | 23 |
| 5.2   | SAR measurement uncertainty .....                  | 23 |
| 6     | SAR Test Configuration.....                        | 24 |
| 6.1   | GSM Test Configuration .....                       | 24 |
| 6.2   | UMTS Test Configuration .....                      | 24 |
| 6.3   | WiFi 2.4G Test Configuration .....                 | 28 |
| 7     | SAR Measurement Results .....                      | 29 |
| 7.1   | Conducted power measurements .....                 | 29 |
| 7.1.1 | Conducted power measurements of GSM850 .....       | 30 |
| 7.1.2 | Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 .....      | 31 |
| 7.1.3 | Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V.....   | 32 |
| 7.1.4 | Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band II ..... | 33 |
| 7.1.5 | Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G.....     | 34 |
| 7.2   | SAR measurement Results .....                      | 35 |
| 7.2.1 | SAR measurement Result of GSM850.....              | 36 |
| 7.2.2 | SAR measurement Result of GSM1900.....             | 37 |
| 7.2.3 | SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V .....        | 38 |
| 7.2.4 | SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band II .....       | 39 |
| 7.2.5 | SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G .....          | 40 |
| 7.3   | Multiple Transmitter Evaluation .....              | 41 |
| 7.3.1 | Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities.....       | 42 |
| 7.3.2 | SAR Summation Scenario .....                       | 42 |
| 7.3.3 | Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion.....          | 44 |
|       | Appendix A. System Check Plots.....                | 45 |
|       | Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots.....             | 45 |
|       | Appendix C. Calibration Certificate .....          | 45 |
|       | Appendix D. Photo documentation.....               | 45 |

※ ※ **Modified History** ※ ※

| REV.    | DESCRIPTION                 | ISSUED DATE | REMARK     |
|---------|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Rev.1.0 | Initial Test Report Release | 2014-03-10  | Gong Zhong |
|         |                             |             |            |
|         |                             |             |            |
|         |                             |             |            |
|         |                             |             |            |

## 1 General Information

### 1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for E5330Bs-6 is as below Table 1.

| Band                                                        | Position  | MAX Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| GSM850                                                      | Body 10mm | 1.041                                 |
| GSM1900                                                     | Body 10mm | 0.478                                 |
| UMTS Band V                                                 | Body 10mm | <b>1.174</b>                          |
| UMTS Band II                                                | Body 10mm | 0.621                                 |
| WiFi                                                        | Body 10mm | 0.194                                 |
| The highest simultaneous SAR is 1.354W/kg per KDB690783 D01 |           |                                       |

Table 1:Summary of test result

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003 & IEEE Std 1528a-2005.

## 1.2 RF exposure limits

| Human Exposure                                         | Uncontrolled Environment<br>General Population | Controlled Environment<br>Occupational |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>Spatial Peak SAR*</b><br>(Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)     | <b>1.60 mW/g</b>                               | 8.00 mW/g                              |
| <b>Spatial Average SAR**</b><br>(Whole Body)           | 0.08 mW/g                                      | 0.40 mW/g                              |
| <b>Spatial Peak SAR***</b><br>(Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 mW/g                                      | 20.00 mW/g                             |

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

### Notes:

\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

\*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

\*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

### 1.3 EUT Description

| Device Information:              |                                                    |           |           |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| DUT Name:                        | Mobile WiFi                                        |           |           |
| Type Identification:             | E5330Bs-6                                          |           |           |
| FCC ID :                         | QISE5330BS-6                                       |           |           |
| SN No.:                          | U8D01A9411100064                                   |           |           |
| Device Type :                    | Portable device                                    |           |           |
| Device Phase:                    | Identical Prototype                                |           |           |
| Exposure Category:               | Uncontrolled environment / general population      |           |           |
| Hardware Version :               | CH1E5330SM                                         |           |           |
| Software Version :               | 21.210.09.00.00                                    |           |           |
| Antenna Type :                   | Internal antenna                                   |           |           |
| Device Operating Configurations: |                                                    |           |           |
| Supporting Mode(s)               | GSM850/1900, UMTS Band V/II, WiFi (tested)         |           |           |
| Test Modulation                  | GSM(GMSK/8PSK), UMTS(QPSK),WiFi(BPSK)              |           |           |
| Device Class                     | B                                                  |           |           |
| Operating Frequency Range(s)     | Band                                               | Tx (MHz)  | Rx (MHz)  |
|                                  | GSM850                                             | 824-849   | 869-894   |
|                                  | GSM1900                                            | 1850-1910 | 1930-1990 |
|                                  | UMTS Band V                                        | 824-849   | 869-894   |
|                                  | UMTS Band II                                       | 1850-1910 | 1930-1990 |
|                                  | WiFi                                               | 2412-2462 |           |
| GPRS Multislot Class(12)         | Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink:                 |           | 4         |
|                                  | Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink:               |           | 4         |
|                                  | Max Total Timeslot:                                |           | 5         |
| EGPRS Multislot Class(12)        | Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink:                 |           | 4         |
|                                  | Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink:               |           | 4         |
|                                  | Max Total Timeslot:                                |           | 5         |
| HSDPA UE Category                | 14                                                 |           |           |
| HSUPA UE Category                | 6                                                  |           |           |
| Power Class:                     | 4, tested with power level 5(GSM850)               |           |           |
|                                  | 1, tested with power level 0(GSM1900)              |           |           |
|                                  | 3, tested with power control “all 1”(UMTS Band V)  |           |           |
|                                  | 3, tested with power control “all 1”(UMTS Band II) |           |           |
| Test Channels (low-mid-high):    | 128-190-251 (GSM850)                               |           |           |
|                                  | 512-661-810 (GSM1900)                              |           |           |
|                                  | 4132-4182-4233 (UMTS Band V)                       |           |           |
|                                  | 9262-9400-9538 (UMTS Band II)                      |           |           |
|                                  | 1-6-11 (WiFi 2450)                                 |           |           |

Table 3: Device information and operating configuration

### 1.3.1 General Description

E5330Bs-6 HSPA+/2100M/1900M/850M EDGE Quad Band is subscriber equipment in the UMTS/GSM system. E5330Bs-6 implement such functions as RF signal receiving/ transmitting, HSPA+/WCDMA protocol processing, data service etc, and it can act as a Wi-Fi hotspot for user accessing to internet. Externally it provides USB interface (to connect to the notebook etc.), USIM card. E5330Bs-6 has 3 internal antennas as default Wi-Fi, diversity, and main antenna.

#### Battery:

| Name           | Manufacture | Serials number                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Li-ion Battery | HUAWEI      | 1#:SN-1322SCDC18<br>2#:SN-SID509 | Battery Mode: HB554666RAW<br>Rated capacity: 1500mAh<br>Nominal Voltage:  +3.7V<br>Charging Voltage:  +4.2V |

#### 1.4 Test specification(s)

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ANSI Std C95.1-1992 | Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.( IEEE Std C95.1-1991)                                                                                                               |
| IEEE Std 1528-2003  | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques                                                                  |
| IEEE Std 1528a-2005 | IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques<br>Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom) |
| RSS-102             | Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 4 of March 2010)                                                                                                                             |
| KDB941225 D01       | SAR test for 3G devices v02                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| KDB941225 D02       | HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| KDB941225 D03       | SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| KDB941225 D06       | Hot Spot SAR v01r01                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| KDB447498 D01       | General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| KDB248227 D01       | SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v01r02                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| KDB865664 D01       | SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| KDB865664 D02       | SAR Reporting v01r01                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| KDB690783 D01       | SAR Listings on Grants v01r03                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

#### 1.5 Testing laboratory

|                        |                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Test Site              | The Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.                                                                                      |
| Test Location          | Zone K3,Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian Industry Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China                                             |
| Telephone              | +86 755 28780808                                                                                                                                 |
| Fax                    | +86 755 89652518                                                                                                                                 |
| State of accreditation | The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.<br>CNAS Registration number: L0310<br>A2LA TESTING CERT #2174.01 |

#### 1.6 Applicant and Manufacturer

|              |                                                                                                                             |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Company Name | HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD                                                                                                |
| Address      | Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C |

#### 1.7 Application details

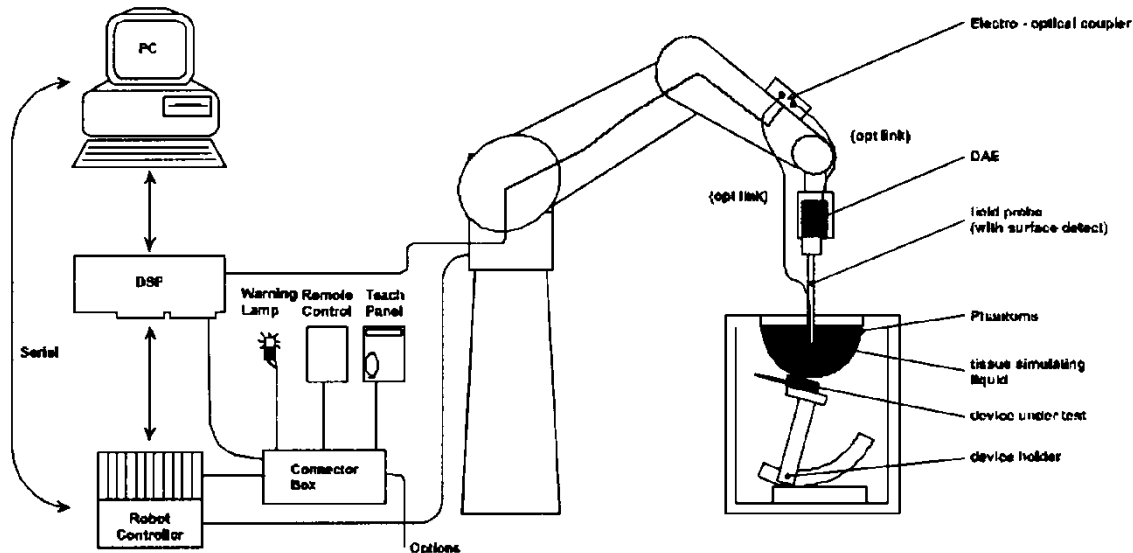
|                    |            |
|--------------------|------------|
| Start Date of test | 2014-03-05 |
| End Date of test   | 2014-03-07 |

#### 1.8 Ambient Condition

|                     |             |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Ambient temperature | 20°C – 24°C |
| Relative Humidity   | 30% – 70%   |

## 2 SAR Measurement System

### 2.1 SAR Measurement Set-up



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

## 2.2 Test environment

The DASY4 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions: 5 x 2.5 x 3 m<sup>3</sup>, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m<sup>2</sup> array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

## 2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

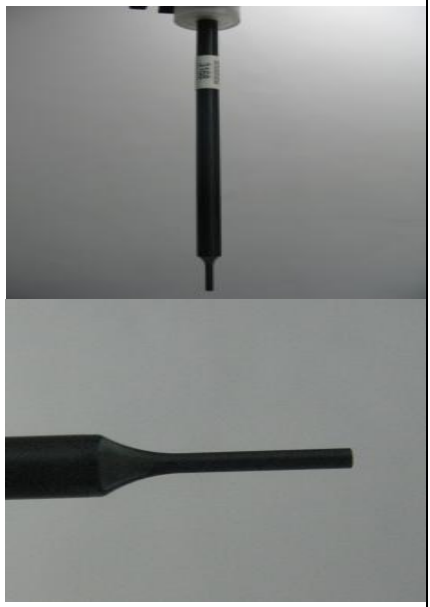
### DAE4

|                       |                          |                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Input Impedance       | 200MOhm                  |  |
| The Inputs            | symmetrical and floating |                                                                                      |
| Common mode rejection | above 80 dB              |                                                                                      |

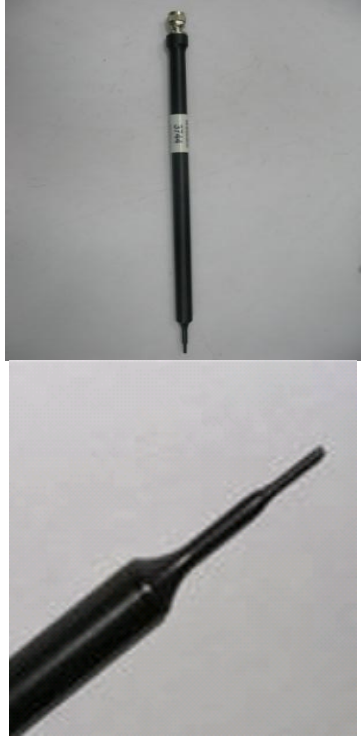
## 2.4 Probe description

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor ( $\pm 2$  dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

### Isotropic E-Field Probe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                      |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core<br>Interleaved sensors<br>Built-in shielding against static charges<br>PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |  |
| Calibration   | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                      |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)                                                                                                                         |                                                                                      |
| Directivity   | $\pm 0.2$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.3$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)                                                                |                                                                                      |
| Dynamic range | 5 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                      |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)<br>Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)<br>Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm                                                     |                                                                                      |
| Application   | General dosimetry up to 4 GHz<br>Dosimetry in strong gradient fields<br>Compliance tests of mobile phones                                                                          |                                                                                      |

### Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                       |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core<br>Built-in shielding against static charges<br>PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)                                                  |  |
| Calibration   | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                       |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                       |
| Directivity   | $\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)                                                                                          |                                                                                       |
| Dynamic range | 10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g;<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)                                                                                                                      |                                                                                       |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)<br>Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)<br>Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm                                                                         |                                                                                       |
| Application   | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields).<br>Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30% |                                                                                       |

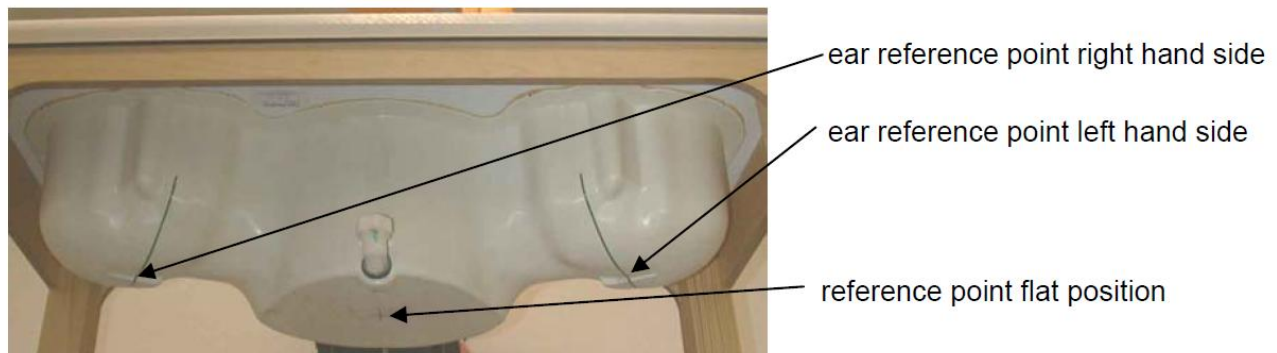
## 2.5 Phantom description

### SAM Twin Phantom

|                   |                                                     |                                                                                     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Shell Thickness   | 2mm +/- 0.2 mm; The ear region: 6mm                 |  |
| Filling Volume    | Approximately 30 liters                             |                                                                                     |
| Dimensions        | Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet |                                                                                     |
| Measurement Areas | Left hand<br>Right hand<br>Flat phantom             |                                                                                     |

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

The following figure shows the definition of reference point:



### ELI4 Phantom

|                   |                                                     |                                                                                       |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Shell Thickness   | 2mm +/- 0.2 mm                                      |  |
| Filling Volume    | Approximately 30 liters                             |                                                                                       |
| Dimensions        | Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet |                                                                                       |
| Measurement Areas | Flat phantom                                        |                                                                                       |

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

The phantom shell material is resistant to all ingredients used in the tissue-equivalent liquid recipes. The shell of the phantom including ear spacers is constructed from low permittivity and low loss material, with a relative permittivity  $\leq 5$  and a loss tangent  $\leq 0.05$ .

## 2.6 Device holder description

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of  $65^\circ$ . The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\sigma = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

The device holder permits the device to be positioned with a tolerance of  $\pm 1^\circ$  in the tilt angle.

Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

## 2.7 Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked ☒

|                                     | Manufacturer  | Device                               | Type      | Serial number | Date of last calibration | Valid period |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Dosimetric E-Field Probe             | EX3DV4    | 3744          | 2013-07-26               | One year     |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Dosimetric E-Field Probe             | EX3DV4    | 3736          | 2013-05-10               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | Dosimetric E-Field Probe             | ES3DV3    | 3168          | 2013-09-30               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | 835 MHz Dipole                       | D835V2    | 4d059         | 2013-05-02               | Three years  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | 1800 MHz Dipole                      | D1800V2   | 2d157         | 2013-11-27               | Three years  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | 1900 MHz Dipole                      | D1900V2   | 5d143         | 2011-09-26               | Three years  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | 2000 MHz Dipole                      | D2000V2   | 1052          | 2011-03-10               | Three years  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | 2300 MHz Dipole                      | D2300V2   | 1016          | 2011-11-22               | Three years  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | 2450 MHz Dipole                      | D2450V2   | 860           | 2014-01-23               | Three years  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | 2600 MHz Dipole                      | D2600V2   | 1021          | 2011-11-22               | Three years  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | 5GHz Dipole                          | D5GHzV2   | 1155          | 2013-06-04               | Three years  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Data acquisition electronics         | DAE4      | 851           | 2013-07-31               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | Data acquisition electronics         | DAE4      | 852           | 2013-11-27               | One year     |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Data acquisition electronics         | DAE4      | 1236          | 2013-11-25               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | Software                             | DASY 5    | N/A           | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | Twin Phantom                         | SAM1      | TP-1475       | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG         | Twin Phantom                         | SAM2      | TP-1474       | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Twin Phantom                         | SAM3      | TP-1597       | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Twin Phantom                         | SAM4      | TP-1620       | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Flat Phantom                         | ELI 4.0   | TP-1038       | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | SPEAG         | Flat Phantom                         | ELI 4.0   | TP-1111       | N/A                      | N/A          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | R & S         | Universal Radio Communication Tester | CMU 200   | 113989        | 2013-06-08               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent       | Network Analyser                     | E5071B    | MY42404956    | 2014-01-11               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent       | Dielectric Probe Kit                 | 85070E    | 2484          | N/A                      | NA           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent       | Signal Generator                     | N5181A    | MY47420989    | 2014-01-18               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MINI-CIRCUITS | Amplifier                            | ZHL-42W   | QA1123001     | N/A                      | NA           |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MINI-CIRCUITS | Amplifier                            | ZVE-8G+   | 129601322     | N/A                      | NA           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | AR            | Directional Coupler                  | DC7144M1  | 311190        | 2013-05-13               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SHX           | Directional Coupler                  | DDTO/4/20 | 07122401      | 2013-10-17               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | R & S         | Power Meter                          | NRP       | MY44420359    | 2013-08-28               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | R & S         | Power Meter Sensor                   | NRP-Z11   | 100740        | 2013-08-28               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent       | Power Meter                          | E4417A    | MY45101339    | 2014-01-18               | One year     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent       | Power Meter Sensor                   | E9321A    | MY44420359    | 2014-01-18               | One year     |

Note:

1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
- The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

### 3 SAR Measurement Procedure

#### 3.1 Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ ). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^\circ$ .)
- The “area scan” measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension ( $\leq 2\text{GHz}$ ), 12 mm in x- and y- dimension (2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension (4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in Appendix B.
- A “zoom scan” measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous “coarse” scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution:  $\Delta x_{\text{zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{zoom}} \leq 2\text{GHz} - \leq 8\text{mm}$ , 2-4GHz -  $\leq 5\text{ mm}$  and 4-6 GHz- $\leq 4\text{mm}$ ;  $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}} \leq 3\text{GHz} - \leq 5\text{ mm}$ , 3-4 GHz-  $\leq 4\text{mm}$  and 4-6GHz- $\leq 2\text{mm}$  where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form in chapter 7.2.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in Appendix B.

The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB 865664D01:

| Frequency          | Maximun Area Scan resolution<br>( $\Delta x_{\text{area}}, \Delta y_{\text{area}}$ ) | Maximun Zoom Scan spatial resolution<br>( $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$ ) | Maximun Zoom Scan spatial resolution |                               |                                        | Minimum zoom scan volume<br>(x,y,z) |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                                                      |                                                                                              | Uniform Grid                         | Graded Grad                   |                                        |                                     |
|                    |                                                                                      |                                                                                              | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$          | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)^*$ | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)^*$        |                                     |
| $\leq 2\text{GHz}$ | $\leq 15\text{mm}$                                                                   | $\leq 8\text{mm}$                                                                            | $\leq 5\text{mm}$                    | $\leq 4\text{mm}$             | $\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$ | $\geq 30\text{mm}$                  |
| 2-3GHz             | $\leq 12\text{mm}$                                                                   | $\leq 5\text{mm}$                                                                            | $\leq 5\text{mm}$                    | $\leq 4\text{mm}$             | $\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$ | $\geq 30\text{mm}$                  |
| 3-4GHz             | $\leq 12\text{mm}$                                                                   | $\leq 5\text{mm}$                                                                            | $\leq 4\text{mm}$                    | $\leq 3\text{mm}$             | $\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$ | $\geq 28\text{mm}$                  |
| 4-5GHz             | $\leq 10\text{mm}$                                                                   | $\leq 4\text{mm}$                                                                            | $\leq 3\text{mm}$                    | $\leq 2.5\text{mm}$           | $\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$ | $\geq 25\text{mm}$                  |
| 5-6GHz             | $\leq 10\text{mm}$                                                                   | $\leq 4\text{mm}$                                                                            | $\leq 2\text{mm}$                    | $\leq 2\text{mm}$             | $\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$ | $\geq 22\text{mm}$                  |

### 3.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of  $5 \times 5 \times 7$  points( with 8mm horizontal resolution) or  $7 \times 7 \times 7$  points( with 5mm horizontal resolution) or  $8 \times 8 \times 7$  points( with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR - values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

#### Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

#### Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

#### Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points ( $20 \times 20 \times 20$ ) are interpolated to calculate the average.

#### Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.

### 3.3 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

|                    |                           |                                                                         |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Probe parameters:  | - Sensitivity             | Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub> |
|                    | - Conversion factor       | ConvF <sub>i</sub>                                                      |
|                    | - Diode compression point | Dcpi                                                                    |
| Device parameters: | - Frequency               | f                                                                       |
|                    | - Crest factor            | cf                                                                      |
| Media parameters:  | - Conductivity            | σ                                                                       |
|                    | - Density                 | ρ                                                                       |

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

|      |                  |                                   |                  |
|------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| with | V <sub>i</sub>   | = compensated signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z)    |
|      | U <sub>i</sub>   | = input signal of channel i       | (i = x, y, z)    |
|      | cf               | = crest factor of exciting field  | (DASY parameter) |
|      | dcp <sub>i</sub> | = diode compression point         | (DASY parameter) |

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = (V_i / \text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF})^{1/2}$   
H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
 $\text{Norm}_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
[mV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup>] for E-field Probes  
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  
 $a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes  
f = carrier frequency [GHz]  
 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m  
 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = (E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g  
 $E_{\text{tot}}$  = total field strength in V/m  
 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]  
 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with  $P_{\text{pwe}}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
 $E_{\text{tot}}$  = total electric field strength in V/m  
 $H_{\text{tot}}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

## 4 System Verification Procedure

### 4.1 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

| <b>Ingredients</b> (% of weight) | <b>Head Tissue</b> |       |       |        |      |        |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|--------|------|--------|
| Frequency Band (MHz)             | 450                | 835   | 1800  | 1900   | 2450 | 2600   |
| Water                            | 38.56              | 41.45 | 52.64 | 55.242 | 62.7 | 55.242 |
| Salt (NaCl)                      | 3.95               | 1.45  | 0.36  | 0.306  | 0.5  | 0.306  |
| Sugar                            | 56.32              | 56.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| HEC                              | 0.98               | 1.0   | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| Bactericide                      | 0.19               | 0.1   | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| Triton X-100                     | 0.0                | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| DGBE                             | 0.0                | 0.0   | 47.0  | 44.542 | 36.8 | 44.452 |
| <b>Ingredients</b> (% of weight) | <b>Body Tissue</b> |       |       |        |      |        |
| Frequency Band (MHz)             | 450                | 835   | 1800  | 1900   | 2450 | 2600   |
| Water                            | 51.16              | 52.4  | 69.91 | 69.91  | 73.2 | 64.493 |
| Salt (NaCl)                      | 1.49               | 1.40  | 0.13  | 0.13   | 0.04 | 0.024  |
| Sugar                            | 46.78              | 45.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| HEC                              | 0.52               | 1.0   | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| Bactericide                      | 0.05               | 0.1   | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| Triton X-100                     | 0.0                | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  | 0.0    |
| DGBE                             | 0.0                | 0.0   | 29.96 | 29.96  | 26.7 | 32.252 |

Table 4: Tissue Dielectric Properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, 16M $\Omega$ + resistivity  
 HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]  
 Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

| Tissue Type                                                   | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Target Tissue          |                        | Measured Tissue |                | Liquid Temp. | Test Date  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
|                                                               |                          | $\epsilon_r$ (+/-5%)   | $\sigma$ (S/m) (+/-5%) | $\epsilon_r$    | $\sigma$ (S/m) |              |            |
| 835B                                                          | 825                      | 55.20<br>(52.44~57.96) | 0.97<br>(0.92~1.02)    | 55.20           | 0.991          | 21.4°C       | 2014-03-07 |
|                                                               | 835                      | 55.20<br>(52.44~57.96) | 0.97<br>(0.92~1.02)    | 55.20           | 0.986          |              |            |
|                                                               | 850                      | 55.20<br>(52.44~57.96) | 0.99<br>(0.94~1.04)    | 54.87           | 1.007          |              |            |
| 1900B                                                         | 1850                     | 53.30<br>(50.64~55.97) | 1.52<br>(1.44~1.60)    | 51.76           | 1.451          | 21.4°C       | 2014-03-07 |
|                                                               | 1880                     | 53.30<br>(50.64~55.97) | 1.52<br>(1.44~1.60)    | 51.57           | 1.486          |              |            |
|                                                               | 1900                     | 53.30<br>(50.64~55.97) | 1.52<br>(1.44~1.60)    | 51.55           | 1.514          |              |            |
|                                                               | 1910                     | 53.30<br>(50.64~55.97) | 1.52<br>(1.44~1.60)    | 51.57           | 1.525          |              |            |
| 2450B                                                         | 2410                     | 52.80<br>(50.16~55.44) | 1.91<br>(1.81~2.00)    | 51.87           | 1.996          | 21.4°C       | 2014-03-05 |
|                                                               | 2435                     | 52.70<br>(50.07~55.34) | 1.94<br>(1.84~2.04)    | 51.62           | 2.010          |              |            |
|                                                               | 2450                     | 52.70<br>(50.07~55.34) | 1.95<br>(1.85~2.05)    | 51.70           | 2.028          |              |            |
|                                                               | 2460                     | 52.70<br>(50.07~55.34) | 1.96<br>(1.86~2.06)    | 51.71           | 2.052          |              |            |
| $\epsilon_r$ = Relative permittivity, $\sigma$ = Conductivity |                          |                        |                        |                 |                |              |            |

Table 5: Measured Tissue Parameter

Note: 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

2) KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.

3) The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.

## 4.2 System Check

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests(Graphic Plot(s) see Appendix A).

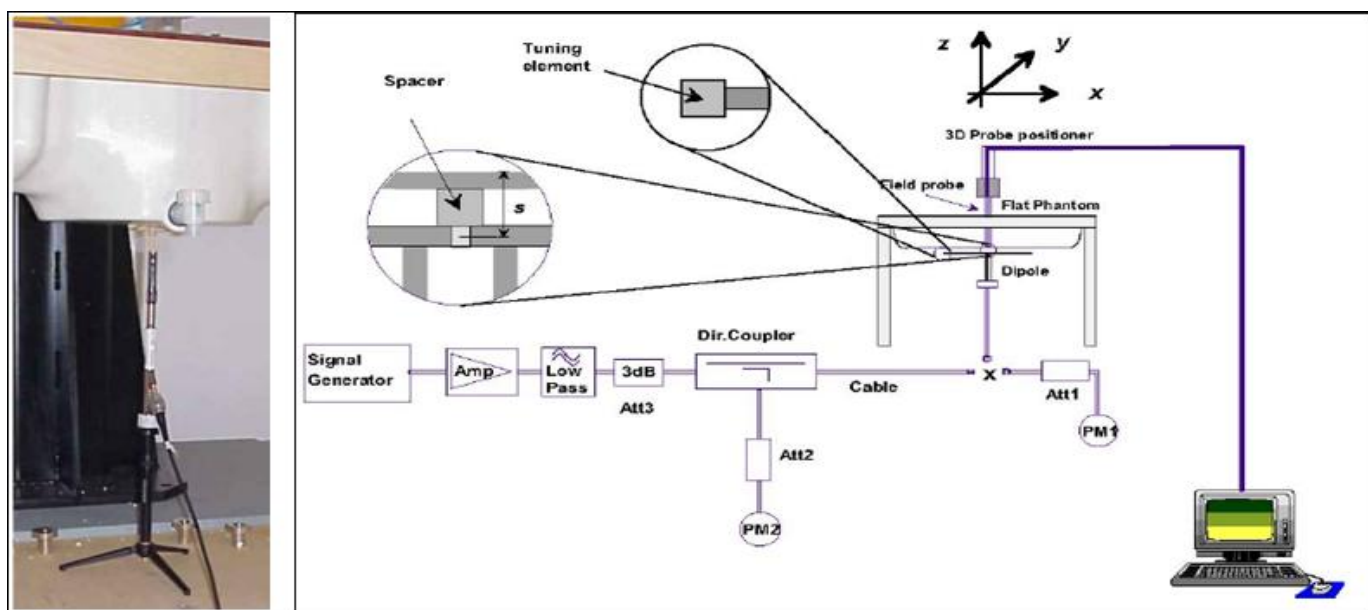
| System Check | Target SAR (1W)<br>(+/-10%) |                        | Measured SAR<br>(Normalized to 1W) |                | Liquid Temp. | Test Date  |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
|              | 1-g<br>(mW/g)               | 10-g<br>(mW/g)         | 1-g<br>(mW/g)                      | 10-g<br>(mW/g) |              |            |
| D835V2 Body  | 9.42<br>(8.48~10.36)        | 6.19<br>(5.57~6.80)    | 9.76                               | 6.40           | 21.4°C       | 2014-03-07 |
| D1900V2 Body | 41.40<br>(37.26~45.54)      | 21.80<br>(19.62~23.98) | 41.60                              | 21.80          | 21.4°C       | 2014-03-07 |
| D2450V2 Body | 50.6<br>(45.54~55.66)       | 23.7<br>(21.33~26.07)  | 54.80                              | 25.16          | 21.4°C       | 2014-03-05 |

Table 6: System Check Results

### 4.3 System check Procedure

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW(below 5GHz) or 100mW(above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



## 5 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

### 5.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 7.2.

### 5.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 1.5$  W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2003 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

## 6 SAR Test Configuration

### 6.1 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to “5”and “0” in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM850 and GSM1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot.

The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

| Number of timeslots in uplink assignment |            | Reduction of maximum output power (dB) |              |              |
|------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Band                                     | Time Slots | GPRS (GMSK)                            | EGPRS (GMSK) | EGPRS (8PSK) |
| GSM850                                   | 1 TX slot  | 0                                      | 0            | 0            |
|                                          | 2 TX slots | 2                                      | 2            | 2            |
|                                          | 3 TX slots | 4                                      | 4            | 4.5          |
|                                          | 4 TX slots | 6                                      | 6            | 6            |
| GSM1900                                  | 1 TX slot  | 0                                      | 0            | 0            |
|                                          | 2 TX slots | 2                                      | 2            | 2            |
|                                          | 3 TX slots | 4                                      | 4            | 4.2          |
|                                          | 4 TX slots | 6                                      | 6            | 6            |

Table 7: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration of GSM

### 6.2 UMTS Test Configuration

#### 1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the procedures description in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121,using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all “1s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedure to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Result for all applicable physical channel configurations(DPCCH,DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA)

Should be tabulated in the SAR report .All configuration that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitation should be clearly identified.

#### 2) WCDMA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the EUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than ¼ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.

### 3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the “Body SAR Measurements” procedures of 3G device. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The  $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$  gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table,  $\beta_{hs}$  for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when  $\Delta ACK$ ,  $\Delta NACK$ ,  $\Delta CQI = 8$ . The variation of the  $\beta_c / \beta_d$  ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

| Sub-test <sup>o</sup> | $\beta_c$ <sup>o</sup> | $\beta_d$ <sup>o</sup> | $\beta_d$ (SF) <sup>o</sup> | $\beta_c / \beta_d$ <sup>o</sup> | $\beta_{hs}$ (1) <sup>o</sup> | CM(dB)(2) <sup>o</sup> | MPR (dB) <sup>o</sup> |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 <sup>o</sup>        | 2/15 <sup>o</sup>      | 15/15 <sup>o</sup>     | 64 <sup>o</sup>             | 2/15 <sup>o</sup>                | 4/15 <sup>o</sup>             | 0.0 <sup>o</sup>       | 0 <sup>o</sup>        |
| 2 <sup>o</sup>        | 12/15(3) <sup>o</sup>  | 15/15(3) <sup>o</sup>  | 64 <sup>o</sup>             | 12/15(3) <sup>o</sup>            | 24/15 <sup>o</sup>            | 1.0 <sup>o</sup>       | 0 <sup>o</sup>        |
| 3 <sup>o</sup>        | 15/15 <sup>o</sup>     | 8/15 <sup>o</sup>      | 64 <sup>o</sup>             | 15/8 <sup>o</sup>                | 30/15 <sup>o</sup>            | 1.5 <sup>o</sup>       | 0.5 <sup>o</sup>      |
| 4 <sup>o</sup>        | 15/15 <sup>o</sup>     | 4/15 <sup>o</sup>      | 64 <sup>o</sup>             | 15/4 <sup>o</sup>                | 30/15 <sup>o</sup>            | 1.5 <sup>o</sup>       | 0.5 <sup>o</sup>      |

Note 1:  $\Delta ACK$ ,  $\Delta NACK$  and  $\Delta CQI = 8$      $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c = 30/15$      $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$   
Note 2: CM=1 for  $\beta_c / \beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs} / \beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.<sup>o</sup>  
Note 3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c / \beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ <sup>o</sup>

Table 8: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

| Parameter                        | Value       |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Nominal average inf. bit rate    | 534 kbit/s  |
| Inter-TTI Distance               | 3 TTI's     |
| Number of HARQ Processes         | 2 Processes |
| Information Bit Payload          | 3202 Bits   |
| MAC-d PDU size                   | 336 Bits    |
| Number Code Blocks               | 1 Block     |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI      | 4800 Bits   |
| Total Available SMLs in UE       | 19200 SMLs  |
| Number of SMLs per HARQ Process  | 9600 SMLs   |
| Coding Rate                      | 0.67        |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes | 5           |

Table 9: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

| HS-DSCH Category | Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received | Minimum Inter-TTI Interval | Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS-DSCH TTI | Total Soft Channel Bits |
|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1                | 5                              | 3                          | 7298                                             | 19200                   |
| 2                | 5                              | 3                          | 7298                                             | 28800                   |
| 3                | 5                              | 2                          | 7298                                             | 28800                   |
| 4                | 5                              | 2                          | 7298                                             | 38400                   |

|    |    |   |       |        |
|----|----|---|-------|--------|
| 5  | 5  | 1 | 7298  | 57600  |
| 6  | 5  | 1 | 7298  | 67200  |
| 7  | 10 | 1 | 14411 | 115200 |
| 8  | 10 | 1 | 14411 | 134400 |
| 9  | 15 | 1 | 25251 | 172800 |
| 10 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 172800 |
| 11 | 5  | 2 | 3630  | 14400  |
| 12 | 5  | 1 | 3630  | 28800  |
| 13 | 15 | 1 | 34800 | 259200 |
| 14 | 15 | 1 | 42196 | 259200 |
| 15 | 15 | 1 | 23370 | 345600 |
| 16 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 345600 |

Table 10:HSDPA UE category

#### 4) HSUPA

Body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-set 1 and QPSK for FRC and 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSDPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSDPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Device' sections of 3G device.

| Sub-test <sup>1</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | $\beta_c$ <sup>2</sup> | $\beta_d$ <sup>2</sup> | $\beta_d$ (SF) <sup>3</sup> | $\beta_c/\beta_d$ <sup>2</sup> | $\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$ <sup>2</sup> | $\beta_{ec}$ <sup>2</sup> | $\beta_{ed}$ <sup>2</sup>                  | $\beta_{ec}$ (SF) <sup>2</sup> | $\beta_{ed}$ (code) <sup>2</sup> | CM <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>2</sup> (dB) <sup>2</sup> | MP R <sup>2</sup> (dB) <sup>2</sup> | AG <sup>(4)</sup> Inde <sup>2</sup> x <sup>2</sup> | E-TFC I <sup>2</sup> |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>   | 15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>   | 64 <sup>2</sup>             | 11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>           | 22/15 <sup>2</sup>              | 209/225 <sup>2</sup>      | 1039/225 <sup>2</sup>                      | 4 <sup>2</sup>                 | 1 <sup>2</sup>                   | 1.0 <sup>2</sup>                                 | 0.0 <sup>2</sup>                    | 20 <sup>2</sup>                                    | 75 <sup>2</sup>      |
| 2 <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 6/15 <sup>2</sup>      | 15/15 <sup>2</sup>     | 64 <sup>2</sup>             | 6/15 <sup>2</sup>              | 12/15 <sup>2</sup>              | 12/15 <sup>2</sup>        | 94/75 <sup>2</sup>                         | 4 <sup>2</sup>                 | 1 <sup>2</sup>                   | 3.0 <sup>2</sup>                                 | 2.0 <sup>2</sup>                    | 12 <sup>2</sup>                                    | 67 <sup>2</sup>      |
| 3 <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 15/15 <sup>2</sup>     | 9/15 <sup>2</sup>      | 64 <sup>2</sup>             | 15/9 <sup>2</sup>              | 30/15 <sup>2</sup>              | 30/15 <sup>2</sup>        | $\beta_{ed1}:47/15$<br>$\beta_{ed2}:47/15$ | 4 <sup>2</sup>                 | 2 <sup>2</sup>                   | 2.0 <sup>2</sup>                                 | 1.0 <sup>2</sup>                    | 15 <sup>2</sup>                                    | 92 <sup>2</sup>      |
| 4 <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 2/15 <sup>2</sup>      | 15/15 <sup>2</sup>     | 64 <sup>2</sup>             | 2/15 <sup>2</sup>              | 4/15 <sup>2</sup>               | 2/15 <sup>2</sup>         | 56/75 <sup>2</sup>                         | 4 <sup>2</sup>                 | 1 <sup>2</sup>                   | 3.0 <sup>2</sup>                                 | 2.0 <sup>2</sup>                    | 17 <sup>2</sup>                                    | 71 <sup>2</sup>      |
| 5 <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>   | 15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>   | 64 <sup>2</sup>             | 15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>           | 30/15 <sup>2</sup>              | 24/15 <sup>2</sup>        | 134/15 <sup>2</sup>                        | 4 <sup>2</sup>                 | 1 <sup>2</sup>                   | 1.0 <sup>2</sup>                                 | 0.0 <sup>2</sup>                    | 21 <sup>2</sup>                                    | 81 <sup>2</sup>      |
| <p>Note 1: <math>\Delta</math> ACK, <math>\Delta</math> NACK and <math>\Delta</math> CQI = 8     <math>A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15</math>     <math>\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c</math></p> <p>Note 2: CM = 1 for <math>\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15</math>, <math>\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15</math>. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference<sup>2</sup></p> <p>Note 3 : For subtest 1 the <math>\beta_c/\beta_d</math> ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to <math>\beta_c = 10/15</math> and <math>\beta_d = 15/15</math><sup>2</sup></p> <p>Note 4 : For subtest 5 the <math>\beta_c/\beta_d</math> ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to <math>\beta_c = 14/15</math> and <math>\beta_d = 15/15</math><sup>2</sup></p> <p>Note 5 : Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g<sup>2</sup></p> <p>Note 6: <math>\beta_{ed}</math> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.<sup>2</sup></p> |                        |                        |                             |                                |                                 |                           |                                            |                                |                                  |                                                  |                                     |                                                    |                      |

Table 11:Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

| UE E-DCH Category | Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted | Number of HARQ Processes | E-DCH TTI(ms) | Minimum Spreading Factor | Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits | Max Rate (Mbps) |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1                 | 1                               | 4                        | 10            | 4                        | 7110                               | 0.7296          |
| 2                 | 2                               | 8                        | 2             | 4                        | 2798                               | 1.4592          |
|                   | 2                               | 4                        | 10            | 4                        | 14484                              |                 |
| 3                 | 2                               | 4                        | 10            | 4                        | 14484                              | 1.4592          |
| 4                 | 2                               | 8                        | 2             | 2                        | 5772                               | 2.9185          |
|                   | 2                               | 4                        | 10            | 2                        | 20000                              | 2.00            |
| 5                 | 2                               | 4                        | 10            | 2                        | 20000                              | 2.00            |
| 6<br>(No DPDCH)   | 4                               | 8                        | 10            | 2SF2&2SF                 | 11484                              | 5.76            |
|                   | 4                               | 4                        | 2             | 4                        | 20000                              | 2.00            |
| 7<br>(No DPDCH)   | 4                               | 8                        | 2             | 2SF2&2SF                 | 22996                              | ?               |
|                   | 4                               | 4                        | 10            | 4                        | 20000                              | ?               |

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4. UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 12:HSUPA UE category

### 6.3 WiFi 2.4G Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

| Mode      | Band    | GHz   | Channel | "Default Test Channels" |         |
|-----------|---------|-------|---------|-------------------------|---------|
|           |         |       |         | 802.11b                 | 802.11g |
| 802.11b/g | 2.4 GHz | 2.412 | 1#      | √                       | △       |
|           |         | 2.437 | 6       | √                       | △       |
|           |         | 2.462 | 11#     | √                       | △       |

**Notes:**

√ = "default test channels"

△ = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"

# = when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC KDB 248227

## 7 SAR Measurement Results

### 7.1 Conducted power measurements

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used.

SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below 7.2 chapter.

Note: CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the timebased average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal :

| No. of timeslots                                    | 1       | 2       | 3       | 4       |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Duty Cycle                                          | 1:8.3   | 1:4.1   | 1:2.77  | 1:2.08  |
| timebased avg. power compared to slotted avg. power | -9.19dB | -6.13dB | -4.42dB | -3.18dB |

The signalling modes differ as follows:

| mode | coding scheme | modulation |
|------|---------------|------------|
| GPRS | CS1 to CS4    | GMSK       |
| EDGE | MCS1 to MCS4  | GMSK       |
| EDGE | MCS5 to MCS9  | 8PSK       |

Apart from modulation change (GMSK/8PSK) coding schemes differ in code rate without influence on the RF signal. Therefore one coding scheme per mode was selected for conducted power measurements.

### 7.1.1 Conducted power measurements of GSM850

| GSM850      |            | Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm) |       |       | Division Factors | Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm) |              |              |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|             |            | 128CH                             | 190CH | 251CH |                  | 128CH                             | 190CH        | 251CH        |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot  | 32.11                             | 32.15 | 32.17 | -9.19            | 22.92                             | 22.96        | 22.98        |
|             | 2 Tx Slots | 30.11                             | 30.20 | 30.20 | -6.13            | <b>23.98</b>                      | <b>24.07</b> | <b>24.07</b> |
|             | 3 Tx Slots | 28.21                             | 28.22 | 28.25 | -4.42            | 23.79                             | 23.80        | 23.83        |
|             | 4 Tx Slots | 26.15                             | 26.20 | 26.25 | -3.18            | 22.97                             | 23.02        | 23.07        |
| EDGE (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot  | 32.08                             | 32.16 | 32.15 | -9.19            | 22.89                             | 22.97        | 22.96        |
|             | 2 Tx Slots | 30.10                             | 30.18 | 30.23 | -6.13            | 23.97                             | 24.05        | 24.06        |
|             | 3 Tx Slots | 28.20                             | 28.23 | 28.23 | -4.42            | 23.78                             | 23.81        | 23.81        |
|             | 4 Tx Slots | 26.17                             | 26.21 | 26.21 | -3.18            | 22.99                             | 23.03        | 23.03        |
| EDGE (8PSK) | 1 Tx Slot  | 25.82                             | 25.79 | 25.75 | -9.19            | 16.63                             | 16.60        | 16.56        |
|             | 2 Tx Slots | 23.84                             | 23.84 | 23.85 | -6.13            | 17.71                             | 17.71        | 17.72        |
|             | 3 Tx Slots | 21.54                             | 21.52 | 21.52 | -4.42            | 17.12                             | 17.10        | 17.10        |
|             | 4 Tx Slots | 19.65                             | 19.66 | 19.58 | -3.18            | 16.47                             | 16.48        | 16.40        |

Table 13:Conducted power measurement results of GSM850

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3) Per KDB 941225 D03v01,the bolded GPRS 2Tx mode was selected for SAR testing according to the highest frame –averaged output power table.

### 7.1.2 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900

| GSM1900     |            | Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm) |       |       | Division Factors | Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm) |              |              |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|             |            | 512CH                             | 661CH | 810CH |                  | 512CH                             | 661CH        | 810CH        |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot  | 29.10                             | 28.75 | 28.49 | -9.19            | 19.91                             | 19.56        | 19.30        |
|             | 2 Tx Slots | 27.03                             | 26.76 | 26.51 | -6.13            | <b>20.90</b>                      | <b>20.63</b> | <b>20.38</b> |
|             | 3 Tx Slots | 25.11                             | 24.78 | 24.59 | -4.42            | 20.69                             | 20.36        | 20.17        |
|             | 4 Tx Slots | 23.05                             | 22.76 | 22.56 | -3.18            | 19.87                             | 19.58        | 19.38        |
| EDGE (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot  | 29.07                             | 28.76 | 28.47 | -9.19            | 19.88                             | 19.57        | 19.28        |
|             | 2 Tx Slots | 27.02                             | 26.72 | 26.52 | -6.13            | 20.89                             | 20.59        | 20.39        |
|             | 3 Tx Slots | 25.10                             | 24.78 | 24.56 | -4.42            | 20.68                             | 20.36        | 20.14        |
|             | 4 Tx Slots | 23.08                             | 22.76 | 22.52 | -3.18            | 19.90                             | 19.58        | 19.34        |
| EDGE (8PSK) | 1 Tx Slot  | 24.59                             | 24.65 | 24.72 | -9.19            | 15.40                             | 15.46        | 15.53        |
|             | 2 Tx Slots | 22.35                             | 22.39 | 22.36 | -6.13            | 16.22                             | 16.26        | 16.23        |
|             | 3 Tx Slots | 20.21                             | 20.19 | 20.25 | -4.42            | 15.79                             | 15.77        | 15.83        |
|             | 4 Tx Slots | 18.46                             | 18.50 | 18.46 | -3.18            | 15.28                             | 15.32        | 15.28        |

Table 14: Conducted power measurement results of GSM1900

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3) Per KDB 941225 D03v01, the bolded GPRS 2Tx mode was selected for SAR testing according to the highest frame –averaged output power table.

### 7.1.3 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V

| UMTS Band V |              | Conducted Power (dBm) |        |        |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|             |              | 4132CH                | 4182CH | 4233CH |
| WCDMA       | 12.2kbps RMC | 22.69                 | 22.79  | 22.73  |
|             | 64kbps RMC   | 22.61                 | 22.71  | 22.71  |
|             | 144kbps RMC  | 22.65                 | 22.74  | 22.72  |
|             | 384kbps RMC  | 22.60                 | 22.77  | 22.70  |
| HSDPA       | Subtest 1    | 22.68                 | 22.72  | 22.66  |
|             | Subtest 2    | 22.38                 | 22.41  | 22.38  |
|             | Subtest 3    | 21.69                 | 21.79  | 21.72  |
|             | Subtest 4    | 21.69                 | 21.77  | 21.67  |
| HSUPA       | Subtest 1    | 21.36                 | 21.34  | 21.66  |
|             | Subtest 2    | 20.51                 | 19.64  | 20.71  |
|             | Subtest 3    | 20.70                 | 20.79  | 20.79  |
|             | Subtest 4    | 18.67                 | 19.64  | 18.82  |
|             | Subtest 5    | 21.60                 | 22.13  | 22.07  |

Table 15: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band V

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band V is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Per KDB941225 D01v02, when maximum output of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than without HSDPA/HSUPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of SAR limit, SAR evaluation for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required.

#### 7.1.4 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band II

| UMTS Band II |              | Conducted Power (dBm) |        |        |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
|              |              | 9262CH                | 9400CH | 9538CH |
| WCDMA        | 12.2kbps RMC | 22.78                 | 22.42  | 22.30  |
|              | 64kbps RMC   | 22.79                 | 22.28  | 22.26  |
|              | 144kbps RMC  | 22.80                 | 22.37  | 22.23  |
|              | 384kbps RMC  | 22.74                 | 22.33  | 22.16  |
| HSDPA        | Subtest 1    | 22.71                 | 22.28  | 22.17  |
|              | Subtest 2    | 22.50                 | 22.00  | 21.95  |
|              | Subtest 3    | 21.94                 | 21.47  | 21.37  |
|              | Subtest 4    | 21.95                 | 21.50  | 21.36  |
| HSUPA        | Subtest 1    | 21.72                 | 21.34  | 21.13  |
|              | Subtest 2    | 20.09                 | 19.59  | 19.37  |
|              | Subtest 3    | 21.27                 | 20.70  | 20.67  |
|              | Subtest 4    | 19.12                 | 18.62  | 18.59  |
|              | Subtest 5    | 22.44                 | 21.65  | 21.71  |

Table 16: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band II

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band II is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Per KDB941225 D01v02, when maximum output of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than without HSDPA/HSUPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of SAR limit, SAR evaluation for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required.

### 7.1.5 Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G

The output power of WiFi antenna is as following:

| Wi-Fi<br>2450MHz        | Channel | Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                         |         | 1                                         | 2     | 5.5   | 11    | /     | /     | /     | /     |
| 802.11b                 | 1       | 14.60                                     | 14.52 | 14.57 | 14.57 | /     | /     | /     | /     |
|                         | 6       | 15.20                                     | 15.13 | 15.17 | 15.09 | /     | /     | /     | /     |
|                         | 11      | 15.86                                     | 15.78 | 15.65 | 15.64 | /     | /     | /     | /     |
| 802.11g                 | Channel | 6                                         | 9     | 12    | 18    | 24    | 36    | 48    | 54    |
|                         | 1       | 11.84                                     | 11.64 | 11.39 | 11.28 | 11.19 | 10.59 | 10.29 | 10.29 |
|                         | 6       | 12.51                                     | 12.38 | 12.19 | 12.03 | 11.87 | 11.69 | 11.49 | 11.42 |
|                         | 11      | 12.39                                     | 12.26 | 12.04 | 11.83 | 11.58 | 11.37 | 11.15 | 11.12 |
| 802.11n<br>(HT20,800ns) | Channel | 6.5                                       | 13    | 19.5  | 26    | 39    | 52    | 58.5  | 65    |
|                         | 1       | 10.51                                     | 10.19 | 9.89  | 9.61  | 9.33  | 9.21  | 9.16  | 9.05  |
|                         | 6       | 10.92                                     | 10.76 | 10.56 | 10.42 | 10.34 | 10.16 | 9.81  | 9.75  |
|                         | 11      | 10.46                                     | 10.33 | 10.18 | 9.98  | 9.82  | 9.62  | 9.46  | 9.34  |

Table 17: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G.

Note:

- 1) The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Per KDB248227, for WiFi 2.4GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode was selected for SAR evaluation. SAR test at higher data rates and higher order modulations (including 802.11g/n) were not required since the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is not more than 1/4dB higher than the tested channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

## 7.2 SAR measurement Results

### General Notes:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
- 3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 4) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 5) Per KDB 865664 D01v01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$  W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is  $\leq 20\%$ , and the measured SAR  $< 1.45$  W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

### GSM Notes:

- 1) Per KDB941225 D03v01, when multiple slots can be used, the GPRS/EDGE slot configuration with the highest frame-averaged output power was selected for SAR testing.

### UMTS Notes:

- 1) Per KDB941225 D01v02, when maximum output of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is  $\leq 1/4$  dB higher than without HSDPA/HSUPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of SAR limit, SAR evaluation for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required.

### WLAN Notes:

Per KDB248227D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB workshop meeting notes:

- 1) For WiFi 2.4GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode was selected for SAR evaluation. SAR test at higher data rates and higher order modulations (including 802.11g/n) were not required since the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is not more than 1/4dB higher than the tested channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

### 7.2.1 SAR measurement Result of GSM850

| Test Position of Body with 10mm              | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | SAR Value (W/kg) |       | Power Drift (dB) | Conducte d Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------|
|                                              |                         |           | 1-g              | 10-g  |                  |                        |                     |                      |              |
| Test data with the battery 1#                |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                        |                     |                      |              |
| Front Side                                   | 251/848.8               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.752            | 0.525 | -0.050           | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 0.904                | 21.4°C       |
| Front Side                                   | 190/836.6               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.665            | 0.464 | -0.040           | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 0.800                | 21.4°C       |
| Front Side                                   | 128/824.2               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.615            | 0.428 | -0.020           | 30.11                  | 31.00               | 0.755                | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 251/848.8               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.845            | 0.579 | 0.000            | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 1.016                | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 190/836.6               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.773            | 0.528 | -0.030           | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 0.929                | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 128/824.2               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.724            | 0.494 | 0.020            | 30.11                  | 31.00               | 0.889                | 21.4°C       |
| Right Side                                   | 190/836.6               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.069            | 0.044 | -0.140           | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 0.083                | 21.4°C       |
| Top Side                                     | 190/836.6               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.299            | 0.212 | 0.010            | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 0.359                | 21.4°C       |
| Bottom Side                                  | 190/836.6               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.266            | 0.184 | 0.020            | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 0.320                | 21.4°C       |
| Tested at worst position with the battery 2# |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                        |                     |                      |              |
| Back Side                                    | 251/848.8               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.866            | 0.598 | -0.040           | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 1.041                | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side-repeated*                          | 251/848.8               | GPRS 2TS  | 0.853            | 0.589 | 0.050            | 30.20                  | 31.00               | 1.026                | 21.4°C       |

Table 18: Body SAR test results of GSM850

Note: \* - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664.

### 7.2.2 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

| Test Position of Body with 10mm              | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | SAR Value (W/kg) |       | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------|
|                                              |                         |           | 1-g              | 10-g  |                  |                       |                     |                      |              |
| Test data with the battery 1#                |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                       |                     |                      |              |
| Front Side                                   | 661/1880                | GPRS 2TS  | 0.318            | 0.213 | 0.080            | 26.76                 | 28.00               | 0.423                | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 661/1880                | GPRS 2TS  | 0.354            | 0.234 | 0.050            | 26.76                 | 28.00               | 0.471                | 21.4°C       |
| Right Side                                   | 661/1880                | GPRS 2TS  | 0.268            | 0.142 | -0.080           | 26.76                 | 28.00               | 0.357                | 21.4°C       |
| Top Side                                     | 661/1880                | GPRS 2TS  | 0.159            | 0.100 | 0.010            | 26.76                 | 28.00               | 0.212                | 21.4°C       |
| Bottom Side                                  | 661/1880                | GPRS 2TS  | 0.060            | 0.037 | -0.140           | 26.76                 | 28.00               | 0.080                | 21.4°C       |
| Tested at worst position with the battery 2# |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                       |                     |                      |              |
| Back Side                                    | 661/1880                | GPRS 2TS  | 0.359            | 0.234 | 0.050            | 26.76                 | 28.00               | <b>0.478</b>         | 21.4°C       |

Table 19: Body SAR test results of GSM1900

### 7.2.3 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V

| Test Position of Body with 10mm              | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | SAR Value (W/kg) |       | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
|                                              |                         |           | 1-g              | 10-g  |                  |                       |                     |                                  |              |
| Test data with the battery 1#                |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                       |                     |                                  |              |
| Front Side                                   | 4233/846.6              | RMC       | 0.844            | 0.589 | 0.000            | 22.73                 | 23.50               | 1.008                            | 21.4°C       |
| Front Side                                   | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.880            | 0.613 | -0.040           | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 1.036                            | 21.4°C       |
| Front Side                                   | 4132/826.4              | RMC       | 0.627            | 0.438 | -0.020           | 22.69                 | 23.50               | 0.756                            | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 4233/846.6              | RMC       | 0.929            | 0.634 | -0.060           | 22.73                 | 23.50               | 1.109                            | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.954            | 0.650 | -0.060           | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 1.123                            | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 4132/826.4              | RMC       | 0.769            | 0.525 | -0.010           | 22.69                 | 23.50               | 0.927                            | 21.4°C       |
| Right Side                                   | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.062            | 0.039 | 0.010            | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 0.073                            | 21.4°C       |
| Top Side                                     | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.339            | 0.240 | 0.070            | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 0.399                            | 21.4°C       |
| Bottom Side                                  | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.327            | 0.226 | 0.030            | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 0.385                            | 21.4°C       |
| Tested at worst position with the battery 2# |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                       |                     |                                  |              |
| Back Side                                    | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.997            | 0.676 | -0.160           | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 1.174                            | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side-repeated*                          | 4182/836.4              | RMC       | 0.950            | 0.646 | -0.040           | 22.79                 | 23.50               | 1.119                            | 21.4°C       |

Table 20: Body SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Note: \* - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664

#### 7.2.4 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band II

| Test Position of Body with 10mm              | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | SAR Value (W/kg) |       | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
|                                              |                         |           | 1-g              | 10-g  |                  |                       |                     |                                  |              |
| Test data with the battery 1#                |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                       |                     |                                  |              |
| Front Side                                   | 9400/1880               | RMC       | 0.455            | 0.303 | -0.090           | 22.42                 | 23.50               | 0.583                            | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 9400/1880               | RMC       | 0.484            | 0.317 | -0.010           | 22.42                 | 23.50               | <b>0.621</b>                     | 21.4°C       |
| Right Side                                   | 9400/1880               | RMC       | 0.305            | 0.159 | 0.090            | 22.42                 | 23.50               | 0.391                            | 21.4°C       |
| Top Side                                     | 9400/1880               | RMC       | 0.227            | 0.143 | 0.000            | 22.42                 | 23.50               | 0.291                            | 21.4°C       |
| Bottom Side                                  | 9400/1880               | RMC       | 0.074            | 0.047 | 0.030            | 22.42                 | 23.50               | 0.095                            | 21.4°C       |
| Tested at worst position with the battery 2# |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                       |                     |                                  |              |
| Back Side                                    | 9400/1880               | RMC       | 0.439            | 0.291 | -0.010           | 22.42                 | 23.50               | 0.563                            | 21.4°C       |

Table 21: Body SAR test results of UMTS Band II

### 7.2.5 SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G

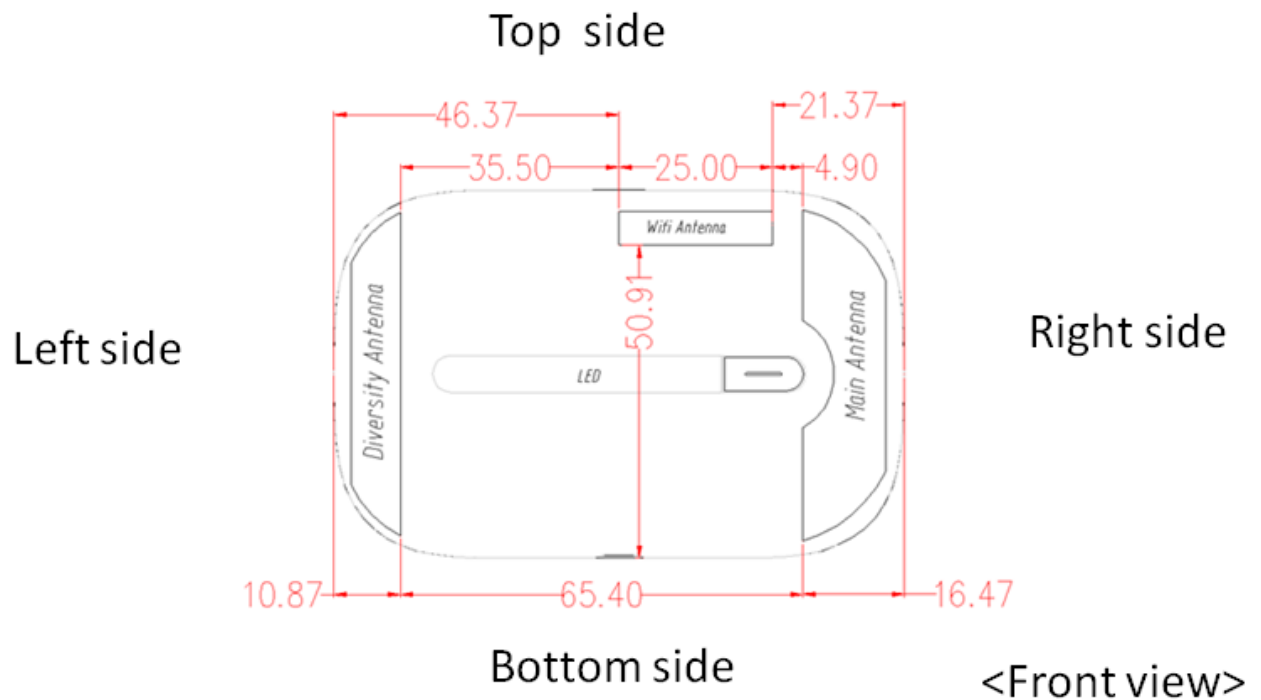
| Test Position of Body with 10mm              | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | SAR Value (W/kg) |       | Power Drift (dB) | Conduct ed Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
|                                              |                         |           | 1-g              | 10-g  |                  |                        |                     |                                  |              |
| Test data with the battery 1#                |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                        |                     |                                  |              |
| Front Side                                   | 11/2462                 | 802.11 b  | 0.188            | 0.100 | 0.090            | 15.86                  | 16.00               | <b>0.194</b>                     | 21.4°C       |
| Back Side                                    | 11/2462                 | 802.11 b  | 0.174            | 0.097 | 0.150            | 15.86                  | 16.00               | 0.180                            | 21.4°C       |
| Right Side                                   | 11/2462                 | 802.11 b  | 0.021            | 0.012 | 0.170            | 15.86                  | 16.00               | 0.022                            | 21.4°C       |
| Top Side                                     | 11/2462                 | 802.11 b  | 0.138            | 0.074 | 0.170            | 15.86                  | 16.00               | 0.143                            | 21.4°C       |
| Tested at worst position with the battery 2# |                         |           |                  |       |                  |                        |                     |                                  |              |
| Front Side                                   | 11/2462                 | 802.11 b  | 0.179            | 0.096 | 0.170            | 15.86                  | 16.00               | 0.185                            | 21.4°C       |

Table 22: Body SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

### 7.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

The location of the antennas inside the device is shown as below picture:



Note:

1) Diversity antenna is used to improve the acceptance of performance of the main antenna, does not have a transmitter function.

| Mode         | Front Side | Back Side | Left Side | Right Side | Top Side | Bottom Side |
|--------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| GSM850       | Yes        | Yes       | NO        | Yes        | Yes      | Yes         |
| GSM1900      | Yes        | Yes       | NO        | Yes        | Yes      | Yes         |
| UMTS Band V  | Yes        | Yes       | NO        | Yes        | Yes      | Yes         |
| UMTS Band II | Yes        | Yes       | NO        | Yes        | Yes      | Yes         |
| WiFi         | Yes        | Yes       | NO        | Yes        | Yes      | NO          |

Table 23: Sides for SAR testing

Note: Per KDB 941225 D06, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.

### 7.3.1 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Per FCC KDB 447498D01v05 r02, SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be considered when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

| No. | Configuration     | Body |
|-----|-------------------|------|
| 1   | GPRS/EGPRS + WiFi | Yes  |
| 2   | UMTS + WiFi       | Yes  |

Table 24: Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

### 7.3.2 SAR Summation Scenario

| Test Position |             | Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub> |       | ΣSAR         | SPLSR | Remark |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------|
|               |             | GSM850                    | WiFi  |              |       |        |
| Body SAR      | Front Side  | 0.904                     | 0.194 | 1.098        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Back Side   | 1.041                     | 0.180 | <b>1.221</b> | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Left Side   | /                         | /     | 0.000        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Right Side  | 0.083                     | 0.022 | 0.105        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Top Side    | 0.359                     | 0.143 | 0.502        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Bottom Side | 0.320                     | /     | 0.320        | N/A   | N/A    |

Table 25: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WiFi.

| Test Position |             | Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub> |       | ΣSAR         | SPLSR | Remark |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------|
|               |             | GSM1900                   | WiFi  |              |       |        |
| Body SAR      | Front Side  | 0.423                     | 0.194 | 0.617        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Back Side   | 0.478                     | 0.180 | <b>0.658</b> | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Left Side   | /                         | /     | 0.000        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Right Side  | 0.357                     | 0.022 | 0.379        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Top Side    | 0.212                     | 0.143 | 0.355        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Bottom Side | 0.080                     | /     | 0.080        | N/A   | N/A    |

Table 26: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WiFi.

| Test Position |             | Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub> |       | ΣSAR         | SPLSR | Remark |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------|
|               |             | UMTS Band V               | WiFi  |              |       |        |
| Body SAR      | Front Side  | 1.036                     | 0.194 | 1.230        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Back Side   | 1.174                     | 0.180 | <b>1.354</b> | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Left Side   | /                         | /     | 0.000        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Right Side  | 0.073                     | 0.022 | 0.095        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Top Side    | 0.399                     | 0.143 | 0.542        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Bottom Side | 0.385                     | /     | 0.385        | N/A   | N/A    |

Table 27: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and WiFi.

| Test Position |             | Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub> |       | $\Sigma$ SAR | SPLSR | Remark |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------|
|               |             | UMTS Band II              | WiFi  |              |       |        |
| Body SAR      | Front Side  | 0.583                     | 0.194 | 0.777        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Back Side   | 0.621                     | 0.180 | <b>0.801</b> | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Left Side   | /                         | /     | 0.000        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Right Side  | 0.391                     | 0.022 | 0.413        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Top Side    | 0.291                     | 0.143 | 0.434        | N/A   | N/A    |
|               | Bottom Side | 0.095                     | /     | 0.095        | N/A   | N/A    |

Table 28: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band II and WiFi.

### **7.3.3 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion**

The above numeral summed SAR results and SPLSR analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required per KDB 447498 D01v05r02.

**Appendix A. System Check Plots**  
(Pls See Appendix A.)

**Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots**  
(Pls See Appendix B.)

**Appendix C. Calibration Certificate**  
(Pls See Appendix C.)

**Appendix D. Photo documentation**  
(Pls See Appendix D.)

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**End**