



中国认可
国际互认
检测
TESTING
CNAS L0310



FCC

RF Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone

Model Number: H710VL, H1622

Report No: SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001

FCC ID: QISKIW-A2

Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

(Global Compliance and Testing Center of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd)

Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District,
Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

Tel: +86 755 28780808

Fax: +86 755 89652518

Notice

1. The laboratory has Passed the accreditation by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS). The accreditation number is L0310.
2. The laboratory has Passed the accreditation by The American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). The accreditation number is 2174.01.
3. The laboratory has been listed by the US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The site recognition number is 97456.
4. The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 6369A-1.
5. The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
6. The test report is invalid if there is any evidence of erasure and/or falsification.
7. The test report is only valid for the test samples.
8. Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
9. The laboratory (Reliability Lab of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd) is also named as “Global Compliance and Testing Center of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd”, the both names have coexisted since 2009.



Applicant: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address: Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.,
Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

Date of Receipt Sample: 2016-06-05
Start Date of Test: 2016-06-07
End Date of Test: 2016-06-30

Test Result: Pass

Approved by Senior Engineer:	2016-07-01	Roger Zhang	<i>Roger Zhang</i>
	Date	Name	Signature

Prepared by:	2016-07-01	Wu Tingsi	<i>Wu Tingsi</i>
	Date	Name	Signature

CONTENT

1	General Information	5
1.1	Applied Standard	5
1.2	Test Location	5
1.3	Test Environment Condition	5
2	Test Summary	6
2.1	Cellular Band (824-849 MHz paired with 869-894 MHz)	6
2.2	PCS Band (1850-1915 MHz paired with 1930-1995 MHz)	7
2.3	AWS Band (1710-1755 MHz paired with 2110-2155 MHz)	8
2.4	Band13 (777-787MHz paired with 746-756 MHz)	9
3	Description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)	10
3.1	General Description	10
3.2	EUT Identity	10
3.3	Technical Specification	11
4	General Test Conditions / Configurations	13
4.1	Test Modes	13
4.2	Test Environment	13
4.3	Test Frequency	14
4.4	DESCRIPTION OF TESTS	18
4.5	Test Setups	24
4.6	Test Conditions	27
5	Main Test Instruments	29
6	Measurement Uncertainty	30
7	Appendixes	30

1 General Information

1.1 Applied Standard

Applied Rules: 47 CFR FCC Part 02:2014
47 CFR FCC Part 22: 2014
47 CFR FCC Part 24: 2014
47 CFR FCC Part 27: 2014

Test Method: FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

1.2 Test Location

Test Location : Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address: Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.,
Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature: 19.5 to 25 °C
Ambient Relative Humidity: 40 to 55 %
Atmospheric Pressure: Not applicable

2 Test Summary

2.1 Cellular Band (824-849 MHz paired with 869-894 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §22.913	FCC: ERP ≤ 7 W. IC: EIRP ≤ 11.5 W.	Appendix A	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	---	IC: Limit ≤ 13 dB	Appendix B	Pass
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	Pass
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §22.917	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §22.917	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz, from 9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges. IC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz (for EBW ≤ 4 MHz) or ≤ -13 dBm/1 MHz (for EBW > 4 MHz), from 9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix F	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §22.917	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz. IC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz (for EBW ≤ 4 MHz) or ≤ -13 dBm/1 MHz (for EBW > 4 MHz).	Appendix G	Pass
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §22.355	$\leq \pm 2.5$ ppm.	Appendix H	Pass
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".				
NOTE 2: The Appendixes please see No.: SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-A of Appendix for CDMA BC0 BC1				

2.2 PCS Band (1850-1915 MHz paired with 1930-1995 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §24.232	EIRP ≤ 2 W	Appendix A	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	§2.1046, §24.232	FCC: Limit ≤ 13 dB	Appendix B	Pass
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	Pass
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §24.238	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §24.238	≤ -13 dBm/1 MHz, from 9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix F	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §24.238	≤ -13 dBm/1 MHz.	Appendix G	Pass
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §24.235	FCC: within authorized frequency block. IC: $\leq \pm 2.5$ ppm.	Appendix H	Pass
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested"				
NOTE 2: The Appendixes please see No.: SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-A of Appendix for CDMA BC0 BC1				
NOTE 3: The Appendixes please see No.: SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-B of Appendix for LTE Band2				

2.3 AWS Band (1710-1755 MHz paired with 2110-2155 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §27.50(d)	EIRP $\leq$ 1 W	Appendix A	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	§2.1046, §27.50(d)	Limit $\leq$ 13 dB	Appendix B	Pass
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	Pass
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §27.53(h)	$\leq$ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53(h)	$\leq$ -13 dBm/1 MHz, from 9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix F	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §27.53(h)	$\leq$ -13 dBm/1 MHz.	Appendix G	Pass
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §27.54	$\leq \pm 2.5$ ppm.	Appendix H	Pass
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".				
NOTE 2: The Appendixes please see No.: SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-C of Appendix for LTE Band4				

2.4 Band13 (777-787MHz paired with 746-756 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §27.50(b)	FCC: $ERP \leq 3 \text{ W}$.	Appendix A	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	§27.50	--	Appendix B	Pass
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	Pass
Bandwidth	§2.1049,	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §27.53(c)	$\leq -13 \text{ dBm}/1\% \cdot \text{EBW}$, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53(c)	FCC: $\leq -13 \text{ dBm}/100 \text{ kHz}$, from 9 kHz to 10^{th} harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges. On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P) \text{ dB}$ in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.	Appendix F	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §27.53(c)	FCC: $\leq -13 \text{ dBm}/100 \text{ kHz}$.	Appendix G	Pass
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §27.54	$\leq \pm 2.5 \text{ ppm}$.	Appendix H	Pass
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the “N/A” denotes “not applicable”, the “N/T” denotes “not tested”				
NOTE 2: The Appendixes please see No.: SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-D of Appendix for LTE Band13				

3 Description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

3.1 General Description

H710VL, H1622 is subscriber equipment in the CDMA/LTE system. The frequency band is CDMA BC0 (Cell 800) and BC1 (PCS1900). The LTE frequency band is B2 and B4 and B13. all test data included in this report. The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, CDMA2000 1x /1X EV-DO and LTE protocol processing, voice, MMS service, GPS, AGPS and WIFI etc. Externally it provides micro SD card interface, earphone port (to provide voice service). It also provides Bluetooth module to synchronize data between a PC and the phone, or to use the built-in modem of the phone to access the Internet with a PC, or to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices.

3.2 EUT Identity

NOTE: Unless otherwise noted in the report, the functional boards installed in the units shall be selected from the below list, but not means all the functional boards listed below shall be installed in one unit.

3.2.1 Board

Board		
Description	Hardware Version	Software Version
Main Board	HL1H710VLMAA	H710VLC378B010

3.2.2 Sub-Assembly

Sub-Assembly			
Sub-Assembly Name	Model	Manufacturer	Description
Adapter	HW-050100U01	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	Input Voltage: ~100-240V 50/60Hz Output Voltage: 5V  1A
Li-Polymer Battery	HB396481EBC	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	Rated capacity: 3000mAh Nominal Voltage:  +3.8V

3.3 Technical Specification

Characteristics	Description	
Radio System Type	☒ CDMA ☒ LTE	
Supported Frequency Range	CDMA BC0	Transmission (TX): 824 to 849 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 869 to 894 MHz
	CDMA BC1	Transmission (TX): 1850 to 1910 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 1930 to 1990 MHz
	LTE BAND2	Transmission (TX): 1850 to 1910 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 1930 to 1990 MHz
	LTE BAND4	Transmission (TX): 1710 to 1755 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 2110 to 2155 MHz
	LTE BAND13	Transmission (TX): 777 to 787 MHz
		Receiving (RX): 746 to 756 MHz
TX and RX Antenna Ports	TX & RX port:	1
	TX-only port:	0
	RX-only port:	1
Target TX Output Power	CDMA BC0: 24dBm CDMA BC1: 24dBm LTE BAND2: 23dBm LTE BAND4: 23dBm LTE BAND13: 23 dBm	
Supported Channel Bandwidth	CDMA system:	☒ 1.25 MHz
	LTE band 2	☒ 1.4 MHz, ☒ 3 MHz, ☒ 5 MHz, ☒ 10 MHz, ☒ 15 MHz, ☒ 20 MHz
	LTE band 4	☒ 1.4 MHz, ☒ 3 MHz, ☒ 5 MHz, ☒ 10 MHz, ☒ 15 MHz, ☒ 20 MHz
	LTE band 13	☒ 5 MHz, ☒ 10 MHz
Designation of Emissions (Note: the necessary bandwidth of which is the worst value from the measured occupied bandwidths for each type of channel bandwidth configuration.)	CDMA BC 0	1M30F6W
	CDMA BC 1	1M33F6W
	LTE BAND2:	1M09G7D (1.4 MHz QPSK modulation), 1M10W7D (1.4 MHz 16QAM modulation) 2M72G7D (3 MHz QPSK modulation), 2M71W7D (3 MHz 16QAM modulation) 4M53G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation), 4M53W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation) 9M01G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation), 9M02W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation) 13M5G7D (15 MHz QPSK modulation), 13M5W7D (15 MHz 16QAM modulation) 18M0G7D (20 MHz QPSK modulation),



Characteristics	Description	
		18M0W7D (20 MHz 16QAM modulation)
	LTE BAND4:	1M10G7D (1.4 MHz QPSK modulation), 1M10W7D (1.4 MHz 16QAM modulation) 2M72G7D (3 MHz QPSK modulation), 2M71W7D (3 MHz 16QAM modulation) 4M53G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation), 4M54W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation) 9M02G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation), 9M03W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation) 13M5G7D (15 MHz QPSK modulation), 13M5W7D (15 MHz 16QAM modulation) 18M0G7D (20 MHz QPSK modulation), 18M0W7D (20 MHz 16QAM modulation)
	LTE BAND13:	4M52G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation), 4M53W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation) 8M97G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation), 8M97W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation)

4 General Test Conditions / Configurations

4.1 Test Modes

NOTE: The test mode(s) are selected according to relevant radio technology specifications.

Test Mode	Test Modes Description
CDMA/TM1	CDMA2000 1x mode QPSK modulation
CDMA/TM3	CDMA2000 1x mode HPSK modulation
LTE/TM1	LTE system, QPSK modulation
LTE/TM2	LTE system, 16QAM modulation

4.2 Test Environment

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests	
Relative Humidity	Ambient	
Temperature	TN	Ambient
Voltage	VL	3.6V
	VN	3.8V
	VH	4.35V

NOTE: VL= lower extreme test voltage
VN= nominal voltage
VH= upper extreme test voltage
TN= normal temperature

4.3 Test Frequency

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)
CDMA BC0	TX	Channel 1013	Channel 384	Channel 777
		824.7MHz	836.52MHz	848.31MHz
	RX	Channel 1013	Channel 384	Channel 777
		869.7MHz	881.52MHz	893.31MHz
CDMA BC1	TX	Channel 25	Channel 600	Channel 1175
		1851.25MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.75MHz
	RX	Channel 25	Channel 600	Channel 1175
		1931.25MHz	1960.0MHz	1988.75MHz

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
LTE Band 2	TX(1.4M)	Channel 18607	Channel 18900	Channel 19193
		1850.7 MHz	1880 MHz	1909.3 MHz
	TX(3M)	Channel 18615	Channel 18900	Channel 19185
		1851.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1908.5 MHz
	TX(5M)	Channel 18625	Channel 18900	Channel 19175
		1852.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1907.5 MHz
	TX(10M)	Channel 18650	Channel 18900	Channel 19150
		1855 MHz	1880 MHz	1905 MHz
	TX(15M)	Channel 18675	Channel 18900	Channel 19125
		1857.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1902.5 MHz
	TX(20M)	Channel 18700	Channel 18900	Channel 19100

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
	RX(1.4M)	1860 MHz	1880 MHz	1900 MHz
		Channel 607	Channel 900	Channel 1193
	RX(3M)	1930.7 MHz	1960 MHz	1989.3 MHz
		Channel 615	Channel 900	Channel 1185
	RX(5M)	1931.5 MHz	1960 MHz	1988.5 MHz
		Channel 625	Channel 900	Channel 1175
	RX(10M)	1932.5 MHz	1960 MHz	1987.5 MHz
		Channel 650	Channel 900	Channel 1150
	RX(15M)	1935 MHz	1960 MHz	1985 MHz
		Channel 675	Channel 900	Channel 1125
	RX(20M)	1937.5 MHz	1960 MHz	1982.5 MHz
		Channel 700	Channel 900	Channel 1100
		1940 MHz	1960 MHz	1980 MHz

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
LTE Band 4	TX(1.4M)	Channel 19957	Channel 20175	Channel 20393
		1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz
	TX(3M)	Channel 19965	Channel 20175	Channel 20385
		1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz
	TX(5M)	Channel 19975	Channel 20175	Channel 20375
		1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz
	TX(10M)	Channel 20000	Channel 20175	Channel 20350

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
		1715 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750 MHz
	TX(15M)	Channel 20025	Channel 20175	Channel 20325
		1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz
	TX(20M)	Channel 20050	Channel 20175	Channel 20300
		1720 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1745 MHz
	RX(1.4M)	Channel 1975	Channel 2175	Channel 2375
		2112.5 MHz	2132.5MHz	2152.5 MHz
	RX(3M)	Channel 2000	Channel 2175	Channel 2350
		2115 MHz	2132.5MHz	2150 MHz
	RX(5M)	Channel 1975	Channel 2175	Channel 2375
		2112.5 MHz	2132.5MHz	2152.5 MHz
	RX(10M)	Channel 2000	Channel 2175	Channel 2350
		2115 MHz	2132.5MHz	2150 MHz
	RX(15M)	Channel 2025	Channel 2175	Channel 2325
		2117.5 MHz	2132.5MHz	2147.5 MHz
	RX(20M)	Channel 2050	Channel 2175	Channel 2300
		2120 MHz	2132.5MHz	2145 MHz

Test Mode	TX / RX	RF Channel		
		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)
LTE Band 13	TX(5M)	Channel 23205	Channel 23230	Channel 23255
		779.5 MHz	782 MHz	784.5 MHz
	TX(10M)	Channel 23230	Channel 23230	Channel 23230
		782 MHz	782 MHz	782 MHz
	RX(5M)	Channel 5205	Channel 5230	Channel 5255
		748.35 MHz	751 MHz	753.5 MHz
	RX (10M)	Channel 5230	Channel 5230	Channel 5230
		751 MHz	751 MHz	751 MHz

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

4.4.1 Radiated Power and Radiated Spurious Emissions

Radiated spurious emissions are investigated indoors in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the frequencies producing the worst case emissions. Final measurements for radiated power and radiated spurious emissions are performed on the 3 meter OATS per the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The equipment under test was transmitting while connected to its integral antenna and is placed on a wooden turntable 80cm above the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. The receive antenna height is adjusted between 1 and 4 meter height, the turntable is rotated through 360 degrees, and the EUT is manipulated through all orthogonal planes representative of its typical use to achieve the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. Emissions are also investigated with the receive antenna horizontally and vertically polarized.

A portable or small unlicensed wireless device shall be placed on a non-metallic test fixture or other non-metallic support during testing. The supporting fixture shall permit orientation of the EUT in each of three orthogonal (x, y, z) axis positions such that emissions from the EUT are maximized. Measure the EUT maximum RF power and record the result.

A half-wave dipole is then substituted in place of the EUT. For emissions above 1GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT. The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer level previously recorded from the spurious emission from the EUT.

The power of the emission is calculated using the following formula:

$$P_d \text{ [dBm]} = P_g \text{ [dBm]} - \text{cable loss [dB]} + \text{antenna gain [dBd/dBi]}$$

Where, P_d is the dipole equivalent power, P_g is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to $P_g \text{ [dBm]} - \text{cable loss [dB]}$.

The calculated P_d levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of $43 + 10\log_{10}(\text{Power [Watts]})$.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 5.2.1 / KDB 971168 v02R02-Section 5.8

ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004-Section 2.2.17 / ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004-Section 2.2.12

Note: Reference test setup 3

4.4.2 Peak-Average Ratio

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For WCDMA signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level. For GSM signals, an average and a peak trace are used on a spectrum analyzer to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a bandwidth greater than the emission bandwidth. The traces are generated with the spectrum analyzer set to zero span mode.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 5.7.1

Test Settings

- 1、 The signal analyzer's CCDF measurement profile enabled
- 2、 Frequency= carrier center frequency
- 3、 Measurement BW > EBW of signal
- 4、 for continuous transmissions, set to 1ms
- 5、 Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

Note: Reference test setup 1

4.4.3 Occupied Bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 4.2

Test Settings

- 1、 SET RBW=1-5% of OBW
- 2、 SET VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- 3、 Detector: Peak
- 4、 Trace mode= max hold.
- 5、 Sweep= auto couple
- 6、 Steps 1-5 were repeated after it is stable

Note: Reference test setup 1.

4.4.4 Band Edge Compliance

the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission power must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43+10\log_{10}P$ dB.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 6.0

Test Settings

- 1、 SET RBW $\geq 1\%$ of Emission BW.
- 2、 SET VBW about three times of RBW
- 3、 Detector: RMS
- 4、 Trace mode= max hold.
- 5、 Span= 2MHz

Note: Reference test setup 1.

4.4.5 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 v02r02-Section 6.0

Test Settings

- 1、9kHz~150kHz, $RBW = 1\text{KHz}$, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$,
150kHz~30MHz, $RBW = 10\text{KHz}$, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$,
30MHz~1GHz, $RBW = 100\text{ kHz}$, $VBW = 300\text{ kHz}$.
Above 1GHz, $RBW = 1\text{ MHz}$, $VBW = 3\text{ MHz}$.

2、Detector: Peak

3、Trace mode= max hold.

Note: Reference test setup 1.

4.4.6 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -30°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

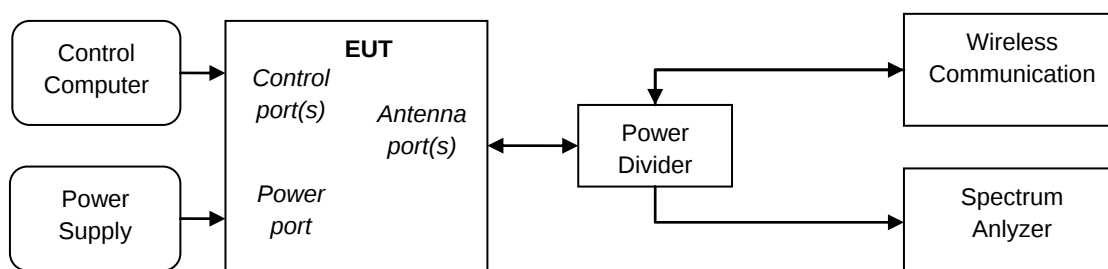
Test Procedures Used

ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004

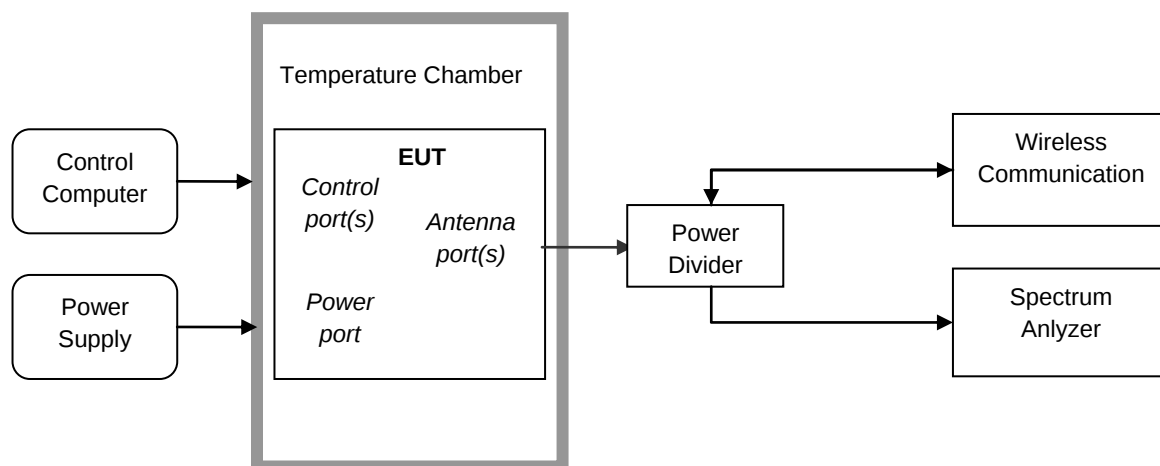
Note: Reference test setup 2.

4.5 Test Setups

4.5.1 Test Setup 1



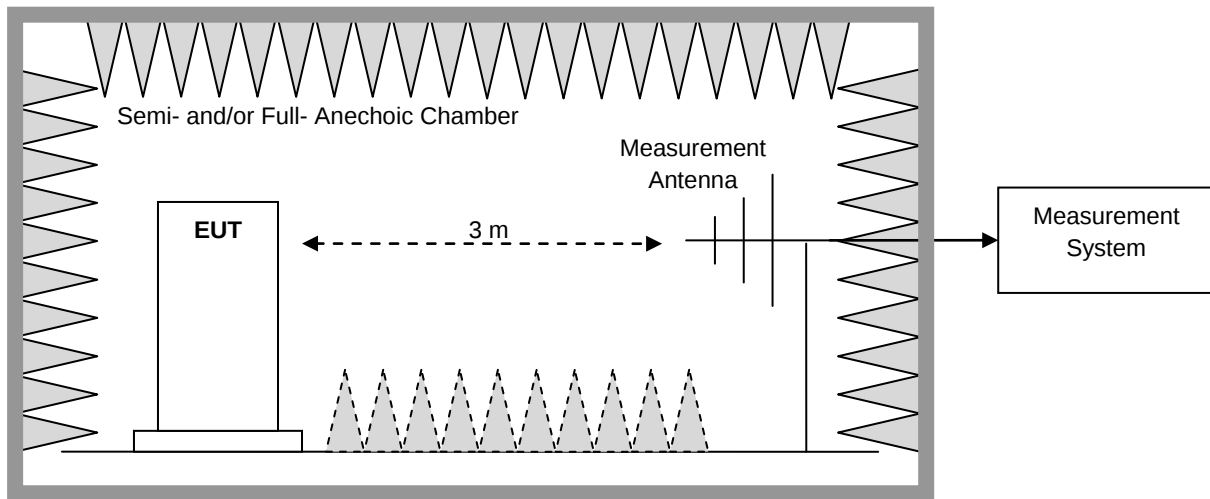
4.5.2 Test Setup 2



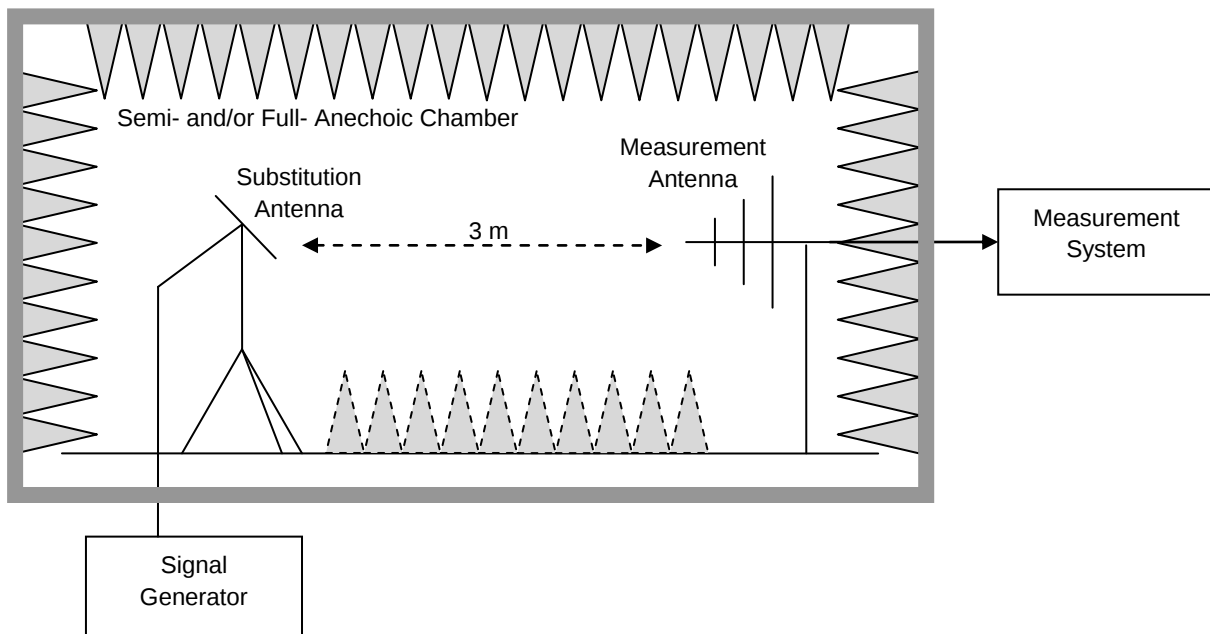
4.5.3 Test Setup 3

NOTE: Effective radiated power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power(EIRP) refers to the radiation power output of the EUT, assuming all emissions are radiated from half-wave dipole antennas.

4.5.3.1 Step 1: Pre-test



4.5.3.2 Step 2: Substitution method to verify the maximum ERP/EIRP



4.6 Test Conditions

Test Case		Test Conditions	
Transmit Output Power Data	Average Power, Total	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
	Average Power, Spectral Density (if required)	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Peak-to-Average Ratio (if required)		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Modulation Characteristics		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	M (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Bandwidth	Occupied Bandwidth	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
	Emission Bandwidth (if required)	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Band Edges Compliance		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)

Test Case	Test Conditions	
	Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
	Test Setup	Test Seup 3
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1/TM2/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2 NOTE: If applicable, the EUT conf. that has maximum power density (based on the equivalent power level) is selected.
	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
Frequency Stability	Test Env.	(1) -30 °C to +50 °C with step 10 °C at Rated Voltage; (2) VL, VN and VH of Rated Voltage at Ambient Climate.
	Test Setup	Test Seup 2
	RF Channels (TX)	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
	Test Mode	CDMA/TM1,CDMA/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2

**5 Main Test Instruments**

Main Test Equipments					
Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal- Due
Power supply	KEITHLEY	2303	1342889	2015-09-16	2017-09-15
Wireless Communication Test set	Agilent	N4010A	MY49081592	2015-10-30	2016-10-29
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	123299	2015-10-30	2016-10-29
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090652	2015-07-08	2016-07-07
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R & S	CMW500	126854	2016-01-08	2017-01-07
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSQ31	200021	2015-10-30	2016-10-29
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY49431698	2015-10-30	2016-10-29
Temperature Chamber	WEISS	WKL64	56246002940010	2016-01-21	2017-01-20
Signal generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY49281095	2015-10-30	2016-10-29
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	104162	2015-10-30	2016-10-29
Test receiver	R&S	ESCI	101163	2015.11.11	2016.11.10
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU3	200474	2016-05-24	2017-05-23
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU43	100144	2015-06-02	2017-06-02
LOOP Antennas(9kHz-30MHz)	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100262	2015-04-30	2017-04-29
LOOP Antennas(9kHz-30MHz)	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100263	2015-04-30	2017-04-29
Trilog Broadband Antenna (30M~3GHz)	SCHWARZ BECK	VULB 9163	9163-490	2015-04-30	2017-04-29
Trilog Broadband Antenna (30M~3GHz)	SCHWARZ BECK	VULB 9163	9163-520	2015-04-30	2017-04-29
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (1G~18GHz)	R&S	HF907	100304	2015-04-30	2017-04-29
double ridged horn antenna (0.8G-18GHz)	R&S	HF907	100305	2015-04-30	2017-04-29
Pyramidal Horn Antenna(18GHz-26.5GHz)	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	5140299	2015-07-15	2017-07-14
Artificial Main Network	R&S	ENV4200	100134	2016-06-02	2017-06-01
Line Impedance Stabilization Network	R&S	ENV216	100382	2016-06-02	2017-06-01
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49071538	2016-03-01	2017-03-01
Power Detecting & Sampling Unit	R&S	OSP-B157	100914	2015-07-27	2016-07-26
Software Information					

Test Item	Software Name	Manufacturer	Version
RSE	EMC32	R&S	V8.40.0

6 Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level ($k = 2$), the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 as following:

Test Item		Extended Uncertainty
Transmit Output Power Data	Power [dBm]	U = 0.42 dB
Bandwidth	Magnitude [%]	U = 0.2%
Band Edge Compliance	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 1.24 dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 1.62 dB
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	ERP [dBm]	For 3 m Chamber: U = 4.9 dB (30 MHz to 26.5GHz)
Frequency Stability	Frequency Accuracy [ppm]	U = 0.017 ppm

7 Appendixes

Appendix No.	Description
SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-A	Appendix for CDMA BC0 BC1
SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-B	Appendix for LTE Band2
SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-C	Appendix for LTE Band4
SYBH(Z-RF)005062016-2001-D	Appendix for LTE Band13

END