FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	:	**Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.**
EQUIPMENT	:	**HUAWEI Ascend G 301; HSDPA/UMTS/GSM/GPRS/EDGE Mobile Phone with Bluetooth**
BRAND NAME	:	**HUAWEI**
MODEL NAME	:	**HUAWEI U8816-1, U8816-1**
FCC ID	:	**QISU8816-1**
STANDARD	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)** **IEEE C95.1-1999** **IEEE 1528-2003** **IEEE 1528a-2005** **FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)**

The product was received on Apr. 06, 2012 and completely tested on May 12, 2012. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Jones Tsai / Manager

Testing Laboratory
1190

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA240601-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 05, 2012

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., DUT: HUAWEI Ascend G 301; HSDPA/UMTS/GSM/GPRS/EDGE Mobile Phone with Bluetooth, Brand Name: HUAWEI, Model Name: HUAWEI U8816-1, U8816-1** are as follows.

<Standalone SAR>

Band	Position	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
GSM850	Head	0.120
GSM1900	Head	0.329
WLAN 2.4G	Head	0.128
GSM850	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	0.461
	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	0.461
GSM1900	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	0.676
	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	0.680
WLAN 2.4G	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	0.099
	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	0.140

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and IEEE C95.1-1999, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 IEEE 1528a-2005 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address	Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 51829 Guangdong, P.R.China

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address	Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 51829 Guangdong, P.R.China

2.4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	Apr. 06, 2012
Date of Start during the Test	May 12, 2012
Date of End during the Test	May 12, 2012

3. General Information

3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (DUT)

Product Feature & Specification	
DUT Type	HUAWEI Ascend G 301; HSDPA/UMTS/GSM/GPRS/EDGE Mobile Phone with Bluetooth
Brand Name	HUAWEI
Model Name	HUAWEI U8816-1, U8816-1
FCC ID	QISU8816-1
Tx Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8MHz 802.11b/g/n: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Rx Frequency	GSM850: 869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz GSM1900: 1930.2 MHz ~ 1989.8 MHz 802.11b/g/n: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	GSM850: 32.24 dBm GSM1900: 29.78 dBm 802.11b: 13.88 dBm 802.11g: 11.81 dBm 802.11n (BW 20MHz) (2.4GHz): 8.75 dBm Bluetooth: 6.34 dBm
Antenna Type	WWAN: Fixed Internal Antenna WLAN: Loop Antenna Bluetooth: Loop Antenna
HW Version	HD3U8815M
SW Version	U8816V100R001C00B879
Type of Modulation	GSM: GMSK GPRS: GMSK EDGE: GMSK / 8PSK 802.11b: DSSS (BPSK / QPSK / CCK) 802.11g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM) Bluetooth (1Mbps): GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps): π/4-DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps): 8-DPSK
Dual Transfer Mode (DTM) Category	Class B – DUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
DUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.	

List of Accessory:

Specification of Accessory		
Battery 1	**Brand Name**	HUAWEI
	Model Name	HB5N1H
	Serial Number	UBDC225X97500390
Battery 2	**Brand Name**	HUAWEI
	Model Name	HB5N1
	Serial Number	BAAC106998081338
Battery 3	**Brand Name**	HUAWEI
	Model Name	HB5N1
	Serial Number	GAGBB28XC4800222
Earphone 1	**Manufacturer**	Quancheng
Earphone 2	**Manufacturer**	Lianchuang

3.2 Product Photos

Please refer to Appendix D.

3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEEE 1528-2003
- IEEE 1528a-2005
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v04
- FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1. Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2. Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C}\left(\frac{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{T}}{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{t}}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5. SAR Measurement System

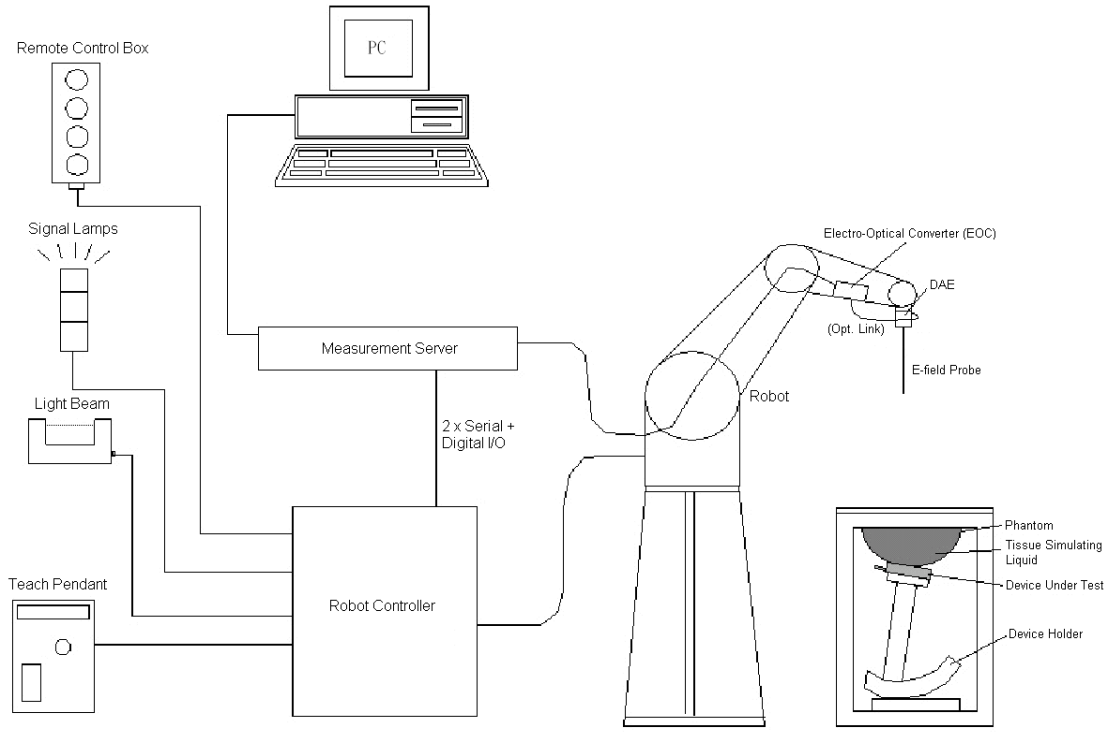


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY4 or DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY4 or DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 or DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1. E-Field Probe Specification

<ES3DV3>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	 **Fig 5.2 Photo of ES3DV3**
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	 **Fig 5.3 Photo of EX3DV4**
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

5.1.2. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Fig 5.4 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

Fig 5.5 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

Fig 5.6 Photo of Server for DASY5

5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom

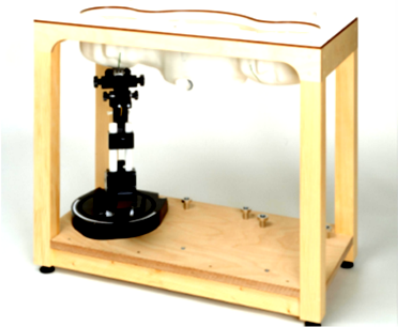
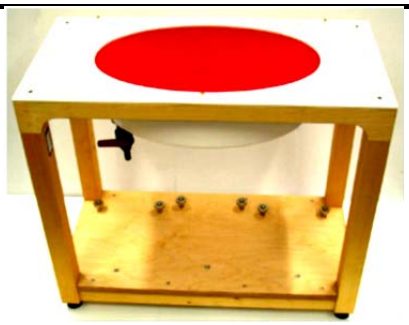


Fig 5.7 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	**Fig 5.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom**

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Fig 5.9 Device Holder

5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1. Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2. Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software：

Probe parameters：	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device parameters：	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters：	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as：

$$\mathbf{V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated：

E-field Probes：$\mathbf{E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}}$

H-field Probes：$\mathbf{H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0}+a_{i1}f+a_{i2}f^2}{f}}$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), μV/(V/m)^2 for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude)：

$$\mathbf{E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\mathbf{SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 16, 2011	Nov. 15, 2012
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 12, 2011	Sep. 11, 2012
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Nov. 10, 2011	Nov. 09, 2012
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 18, 2011	Nov. 17, 2012
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2011	Nov. 20, 2012
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 25, 2011	Jul. 24, 2012
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	Apr. 13, 2012	Apr. 12, 2013
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50264165	Mar. 12, 2012	Mar. 11, 2013
Agilent	Base Station	E5515C	GB47050646	Aug.18, 2011	Aug. 17, 2012
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101400	Jun. 02, 2011	Jun. 01, 2012
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR40	100455	Dec. 29, 2011	Dec. 28, 2012

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note: The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.

Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Freq.	Liquid Type	Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	21.6	0.904	41.212	0.90	41.5	0.44	-0.69	±5	May 12, 2012
835	Body	21.5	0.977	54.388	0.97	55.2	0.72	-1.47	±5	May 12, 2012
1900	Head	21.3	1.419	40.609	1.40	40.0	1.36	1.52	±5	May 12, 2012
1900	Body	21.5	1.528	53.974	1.52	53.3	0.53	1.26	±5	May 12, 2012
2450	Head	21.4	1.82	39.753	1.80	39.2	1.11	1.41	±5	May 03, 2012
2450	Head	21.3	1.834	39.654	1.80	39.2	1.89	1.16	±5	May 09, 2012
2450	Body	21.3	2.002	53.464	1.95	52.7	2.67	1.45	±5	May 03, 2012
2450	Body	21.6	1.939	53.98	1.95	52.7	-0.56	2.43	±5	May 09, 2012

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup					
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	± 1.6 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	± 1.5 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 10.99 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Uncertainty					**± 21.97 %**

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

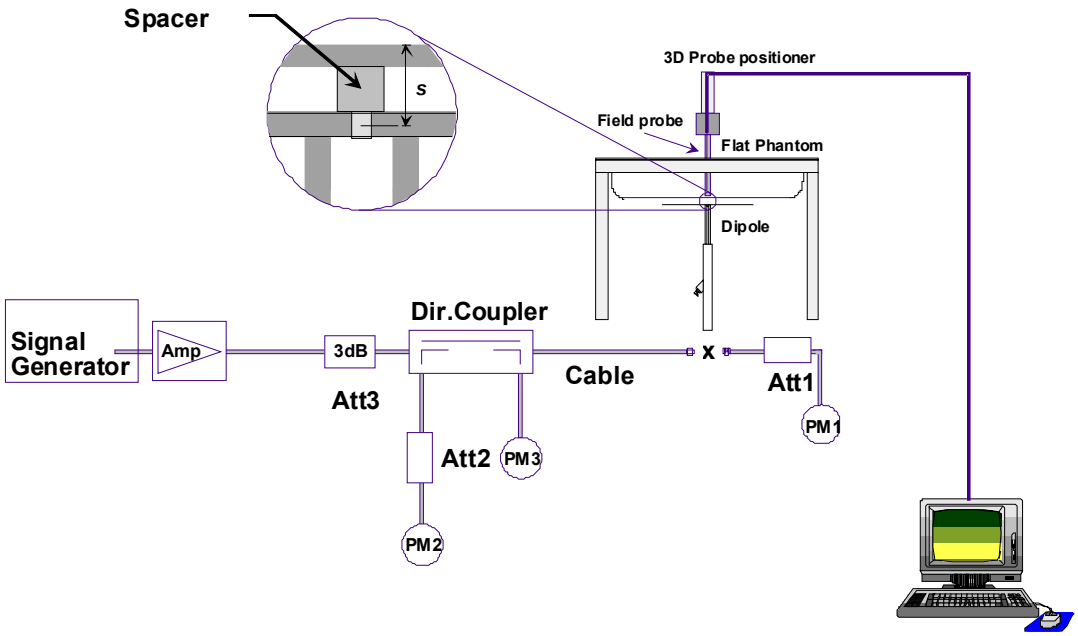


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

1. Signal Generator
2. Amplifier
3. Directional Coupler
4. Power Meter
5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.

Fig 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Targeted SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Normalized SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
May 12, 2012	835	Head	9.4	2.36	9.44	0.43
May 12, 2012	835	Body	9.42	2.42	9.68	2.76
May 12, 2012	1900	Head	40.3	10.1	40.40	0.25
May 12, 2012	1900	Body	41.8	9.77	39.08	-6.51
May 03, 2012	2450	Head	54.8	13	52.00	-5.11
May 09, 2012	2450	Head	54.8	13.7	54.80	0.00
May 03, 2012	2450	Body	52.3	12.5	50.00	-4.40
May 09, 2012	2450	Body	52.3	13.1	52.40	0.19

Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

9. DUT Testing Position

This DUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, Front of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Back of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Top Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Bottom Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Right Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, and Left Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, as illustrated below:

9.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

(a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.

(b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.

(c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

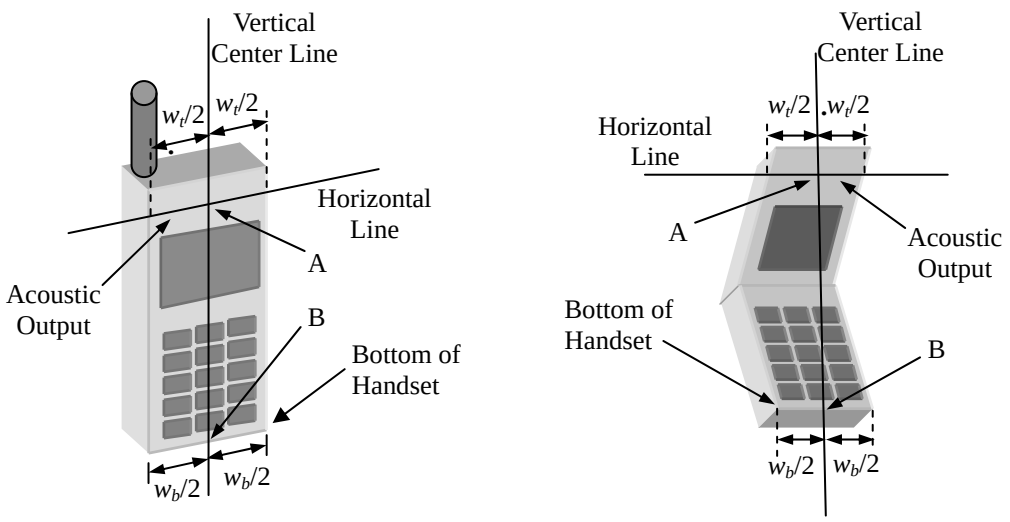


Fig 9.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

9.2 Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.2).

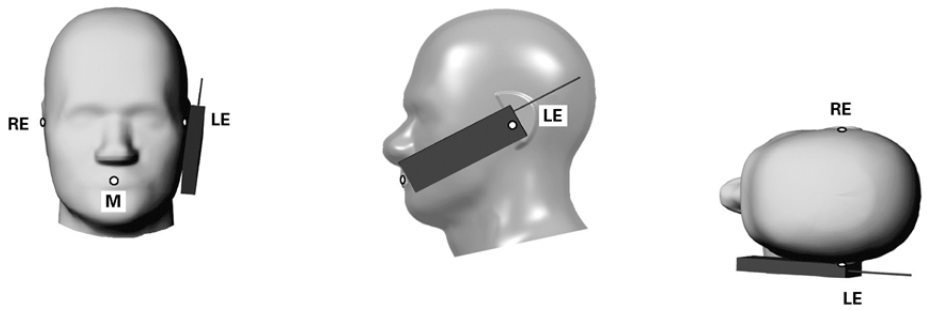


Fig 9.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

9.3 Tilted Position

(a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.

(b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.3).

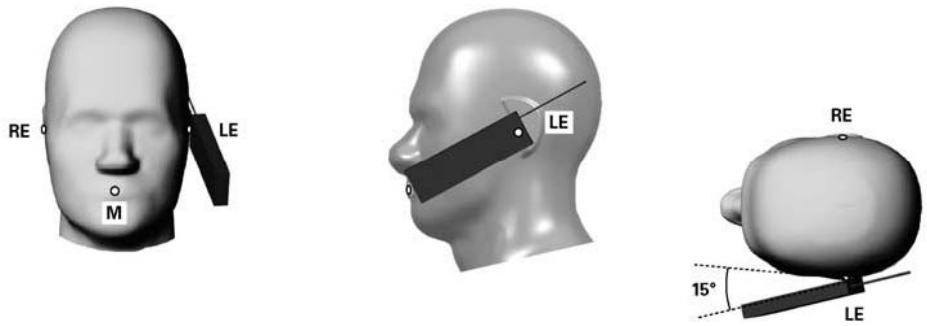


Fig 9.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

9.4 Body Worn Position

(a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.

(b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.

(c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

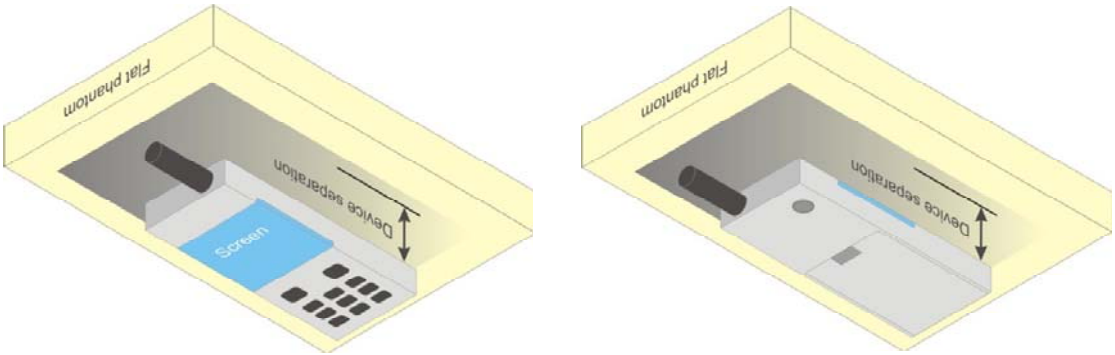


Fig 9.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

<DUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

(a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
(b) Keep DUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
(c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
(d) Place the DUT in the positions as Appendix E demonstrates.
(e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

10.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

10.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

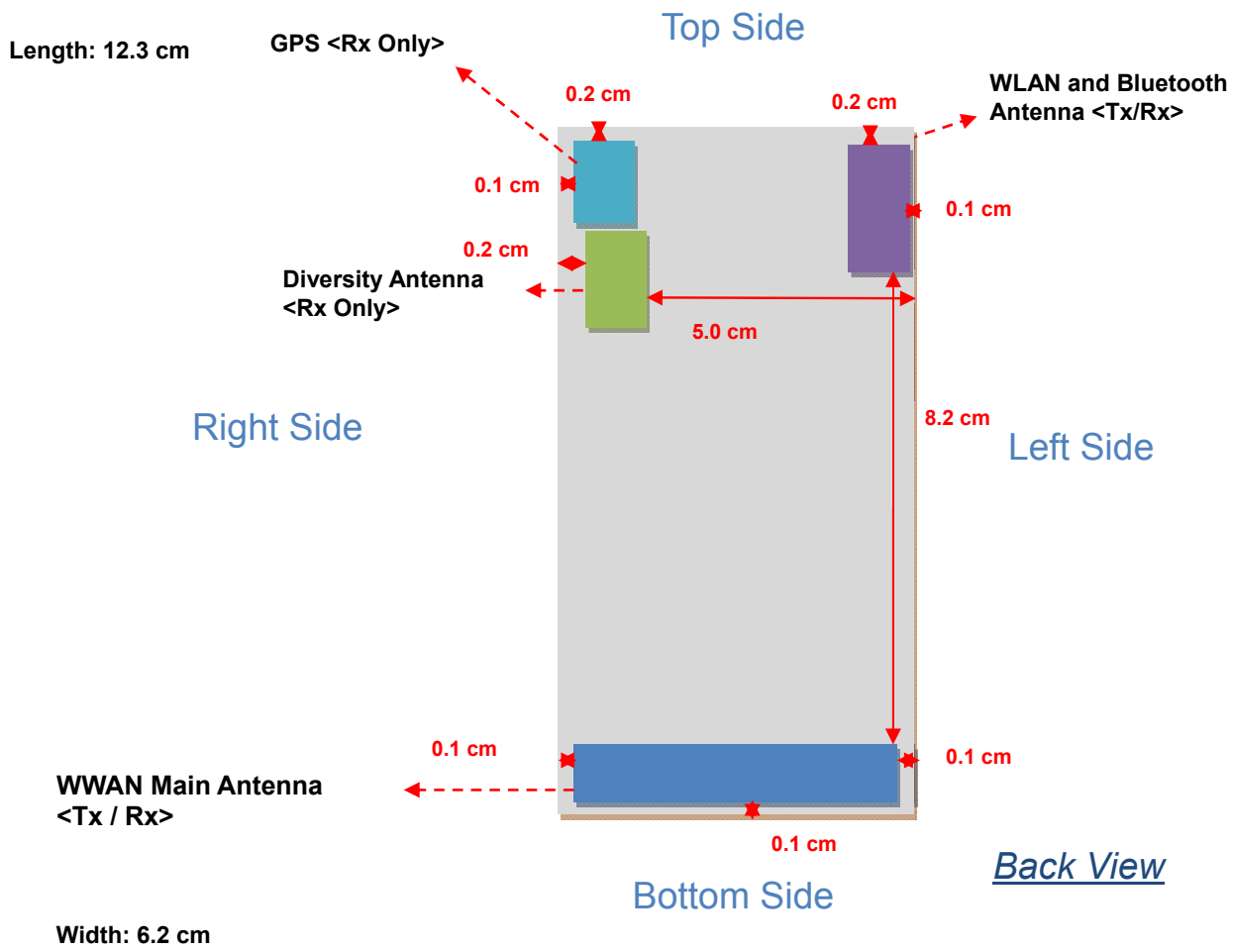
Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

10.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

11. SAR Test Configurations

11.1 Exposure Positions Consideration



Antenna	Length	Width
WWAN Main Antenna (Tx / Rx)	6.0 cm	1.5 cm
WWAN Diversity ANT (Rx Only)	2.1 cm	1.0 cm
WLAN & Bluetooth Antenna (Tx / Rx)	2.3 cm	1.0 cm
GPS Antenna (Rx only)	2.6 cm	1.4 cm

Sides for SAR tests; Hotspot mode Test distance: 10 mm						
Band	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM 850	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓
GSM 1900	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	✓
WLAN 11b/g/n 2.4GHz	✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓

Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

12. SAR Test Results

12.1 Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM/GPRS/EDGE>

Burst Average Power						
Band	**GSM850**			**GSM1900**		
Channel	**128**	**189**	**251**	**512**	**661**	**810**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.4**	**848.8**	**1850.2**	**1880.0**	**1909.8**
GSM (1 Uplink)	**32.24**	32.18	32.10	29.27	29.77	**29.78**
GPRS 8 (1 Uplink) – CS1	32.26	32.18	32.10	29.27	29.77	29.80
GPRS 10 (2 Uplink) – CS1	31.13	31.09	31.04	28.14	28.10	28.18
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink) – MCS1	32.26	32.18	32.10	29.25	29.77	29.80
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink) – MCS1	31.13	31.09	31.04	28.14	28.10	28.18
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink) – MCS9	26.78	26.74	26.66	25.77	25.81	25.89
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink) – MCS9	25.76	25.71	25.64	24.74	24.75	24.82

Source-Based Time-Averaged Power						
Band	**GSM850**			**GSM1900**		
Channel	**128**	**189**	**251**	**512**	**661**	**810**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.4**	**848.8**	**1850.2**	**1880.0**	**1909.8**
GSM (1 Uplink)	23.24	23.18	23.10	20.27	20.77	20.78
GPRS 8 (1 Uplink) – CS1	23.26	23.18	23.10	20.27	20.77	20.80
GPRS 10 (2 Uplink) – CS1	**25.13**	25.09	25.04	22.14	22.10	**22.18**
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink) – MCS1	23.26	23.18	23.10	20.25	20.77	20.80
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink) – MCS1	25.13	25.09	25.04	22.14	22.10	22.18
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink) – MCS9	17.78	17.74	17.66	16.77	16.81	16.89
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink) – MCS9	19.76	19.71	19.64	18.74	18.75	18.82

Remark: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) - 9 dB
Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) - 6 dB

Note:

1. For Head SAR and Body-worn SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the DUT was set in GPRS 10 for GSM850 and set in GPRS 10 for GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
2. Per KDB 447498, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
3. The DUT do not support DTM function.

<WLAN>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)			
			Data Rate (bps)			
			1M	2M	5.5M	11M
802.11b	CH 01	2412 MHz	13.88	13.85	13.60	13.84
	CH 06	2437 MHz	13.60	13.40	13.45	13.65
	CH 11	2462 MHz	13.13	13.07	12.97	13.17

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			Data Rate (bps)							
			6M	9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M
802.11g	CH 01	2412 MHz	11.81	11.43	11.56	11.72	11.78	11.42	11.75	11.49
	CH 06	2437 MHz	10.91	10.83	10.82	10.84	10.90	11.15	10.98	10.86
	CH 11	2462 MHz	9.87	9.81	9.84	9.31	9.47	9.27	9.40	9.38

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			Data Rate (bps)							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n 20M	CH 01	2412 MHz	8.75	8.42	8.63	8.71	8.75	8.65	8.61	8.60
	CH 06	2437 MHz	8.37	8.22	8.16	8.34	8.31	8.27	8.28	8.26
	CH 11	2462 MHz	7.70	7.61	7.56	7.77	7.66	7.67	7.53	7.52

Note:

Per KDB 248227, 11g and 11n output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

Bluetooth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)								
			Data Rate								
			DH1	DH3	DH5	2DH1	2DH3	2DH5	3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
	CH 00	2402 MHz	4.75	5.93	5.88	2.59	2.75	2.73	2.64	2.86	2.78
	CH 39	2441 MHz	6.30	6.27	6.34	3.88	4.13	4.15	3.99	4.21	4.18
	CH 78	2480 MHz	5.82	5.91	5.86	3.60	3.80	3.75	3.62	3.86	3.74

Note: Bluetooth standalone SAR is not required because the Bluetooth highest average power (6.34 dBm) is less than 60/f.

12.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test

<GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Battery	Tune-Up Power Limit	Output Power (dBm)	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled 1g SAR
19	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Cheek	128	#1	31.7	31.13	0.117	1.14	0.133
20	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Tilted	128	#1	31.7	31.13	0.100	1.14	0.114
21	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Cheek	128	#1	31.7	31.13	0.112	1.14	0.128
22	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Tilted	128	#1	31.7	31.13	0.097	1.14	0.111
23	**GSM850**	**GPRS10**	**Right Cheek**	**128**	**#2**	**31.7**	**31.13**	**0.120**	**1.14**	**0.137**
24	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Cheek	128	#3	31.7	31.13	0.114	1.14	0.130
25	**GSM1900**	**GPRS10**	**Right Cheek**	**810**	**#1**	**30**	**28.18**	**0.329**	**1.52**	**0.500**
26	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Tilted	810	#1	30	28.18	0.107	1.52	0.163
27	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Cheek	810	#1	30	28.18	0.249	1.52	0.379
28	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Tilted	810	#1	30	28.18	0.104	1.52	0.158
29	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Cheek	810	#2	30	28.18	0.316	1.52	0.480
30	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Cheek	810	#3	30	28.18	0.321	1.52	0.488

Note: Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WLAN>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Battery	Output Power (dBm)	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
31	802.11b	-	Right Cheek	1	#1	13.88	0.118
32	802.11b	-	Right Tilted	1	#1	13.88	0.109
33	802.11b	-	Left Cheek	1	#1	13.88	0.106
34	**802.11b**	**-**	**Left Tilted**	**1**	**#1**	**13.88**	**0.128**
35	802.11b	-	Left Tilted	1	#2	13.88	0.122
36	802.11b	-	Left Tilted	1	#3	13.88	0.124

Note: Per KDB 648474, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

12.3 Test Records for Hotspot SAR Test

<GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Battery	Ear-phone	Tune-Up Power Limit	Output Power (dBm)	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled 1g SAR
10	GSM850	GPRS10	Front	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.166	1.14	0.189
11	GSM850	GPRS10	Back	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.442	1.14	0.504
12	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Side	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.193	1.14	0.220
13	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Side	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.301	1.14	0.343
14	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom Side	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.029	1.14	0.033
15	**GSM850**	**GPRS10**	**Back**	**1**	**128**	**#2**	**-**	**31.7**	**31.13**	**0.461**	**1.14**	**0.526**
16	GSM850	GPRS10	Back	1	128	#3	-	31.7	31.13	0.450	1.14	0.513
1	GSM1900	GPRS10	Front	1	810	#1	-	30	28.18	0.323	1.52	0.491
2	**GSM1900**	**GPRS10**	**Back**	**1**	**810**	**#1**	**-**	**30**	**28.18**	**0.676**	**1.52**	**1.028**
3	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Side	1	810	#1	-	30	28.18	0.132	1.52	0.201
4	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Side	1	810	#1	-	30	28.18	0.107	1.52	0.163
5	GSM1900	GPRS10	Bottom Side	1	810	#1	-	30	28.18	0.402	1.52	0.611
6	GSM1900	GPRS10	Back	1	810	#2	-	30	28.18	0.665	1.52	1.011
7	GSM1900	GPRS10	Back	1	810	#3	-	30	28.18	0.648	1.52	0.985

Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D06, for DUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
2. As in (1), SAR for Front/Back/ Bottom Side/Left Side/Right Side is necessary.
3. Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WLAN>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Battery	Ear-phone	Output Power (dBm)	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
37	802.11b	-	Front	1	1	#1	-	13.88	0.033
38	**802.11b**	**-**	**Back**	**1**	**1**	**#1**	**-**	**13.88**	**0.099**
39	802.11b	-	Left Side	1	1	#1	-	13.88	0.065
40	802.11b	-	Top Side	1	1	#1	-	13.88	0.053
41	802.11b	-	Back	1	1	#2	-	13.88	0.089
42	802.11b	-	Back	1	1	#3	-	13.88	0.066

Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D06, for DUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
2. As in (1), SAR for Front/Back/Top Side/Left Side is necessary.
3. Per KDB 648474, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

12.4 Test Records for Body-worn SAR Test

<GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Battery	Ear-phone	Tune-Up Power Limit	Output Power (dBm)	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled 1g SAR
10	GSM850	GPRS10	Front	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.166	1.14	0.189
11	GSM850	GPRS10	Back	1	128	#1	-	31.7	31.13	0.442	1.14	0.504
15	**GSM850**	**GPRS10**	**Back**	**1**	**128**	**#2**	**-**	**31.7**	**31.13**	**0.461**	**1.14**	**0.526**
16	GSM850	GPRS10	Back	1	128	#3	-	31.7	31.13	0.45	1.14	0.513
17	GSM850	GPRS10	Back	1	128	#2	#1	31.7	31.13	0.222	1.14	0.253
18	GSM850	GPRS10	Back	1	128	#2	#2	31.7	31.13	0.27	1.14	0.308
1	GSM1900	GPRS10	Front	1	810	#1	-	30	28.18	0.323	1.52	0.491
2	GSM1900	GPRS10	Back	1	810	#1	-	30	28.18	0.676	1.52	1.028
6	GSM1900	GPRS10	Back	1	810	#2	-	30	28.18	0.665	1.52	1.011
7	GSM1900	GPRS10	Back	1	810	#3	-	30	28.18	0.648	1.52	0.985
8	GSM1900	GPRS10	Back	1	810	#1	#1	30	28.18	0.664	1.52	1.010
9	**GSM1900**	**GPRS10**	**Back**	**1**	**810**	**#1**	**#2**	**30**	**28.18**	**0.680**	**1.52**	**1.034**

Note:
Per KDB 447498 if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WLAN>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Battery	Ear-phone	Output Power (dBm)	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
37	802.11b	-	Front	1	1	#1	-	13.88	0.033
38	802.11b	-	Back	1	1	#1	-	13.88	0.099
41	802.11b	-	Back	1	1	#2	-	13.88	0.089
42	802.11b	-	Back	1	1	#3	-	13.88	0.066
43	**802.11b**	**-**	**Back**	**1**	**1**	**#1**	**#1**	**13.88**	**0.140**
44	802.11b	-	Back	1	1	#1	#2	13.88	0.138

Note: Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

12.5 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

	Applicable Combination
Simultaneous Transmission	WWAN+WLAN
	WWAN+BT

Note:

1. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, thus they cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. Per KDB KDB 648474 D01, Bluetooth (6.34 dBm) output power ≤ 2Pref and the distance to other antennas ≥ 5cm, therefore, stand-alone SAR is not required; the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and Bluetooth were not required, because Bluetooth standalone SAR is not required and the maximum WWAN SAR (0.680 W/kg), so the SAR summation is less than 1.6 W/kg.
3. According to KDB 648474, the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and WLAN was not required, because the Max. SAR summation is less than 1.6 W/kg.

<Maximum SAR list for each band and position (Head SAR)>

	WWAN						WLAN 2.4G		
Position	WWAN Band	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Output Power (dBm)	Max. Tolerance Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Scaled WWAN (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. SAR Summation	Scaled WWAN + WLAN
Right Cheek	GSM850	0.12	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.137	0.118	**0.24**	0.26
	GSM1900	0.329	28.18	30	1.521	0.500	0.118	**0.45**	0.62
Right Tilted	GSM850	0.1	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.114	0.109	**0.21**	0.22
	GSM1900	0.107	28.18	30	1.521	0.163	0.109	**0.22**	0.27
Left Cheek	GSM850	0.112	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.128	0.106	**0.22**	0.23
	GSM1900	0.249	28.18	30	1.521	0.379	0.106	**0.36**	0.49
Left Tilted	GSM850	0.097	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.111	0.128	**0.23**	0.24
	GSM1900	0.104	28.18	30	1.521	0.158	0.128	**0.23**	0.29

<Maximum SAR list for each band and position (Hotspot SAR)>

	WWAN						WLAN 2.4G		
Position	WWAN Band	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Output Power (dBm)	Max. Tolerance Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Scaled WWAN (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. SAR Summation	Scaled WWAN + WLAN
Front	GSM850	0.166	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.189	0.033	**0.20**	0.22
	GSM1900	0.323	28.18	30	1.521	0.491	0.033	**0.36**	0.52
Back	GSM850	0.461	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.526	0.099	**0.56**	0.63
	GSM1900	0.676	28.18	30	1.521	1.028	0.099	**0.78**	1.13
Left Side	GSM850	0.193	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.220	0.065	**0.26**	0.29
	GSM1900	0.132	28.18	30	1.521	0.201	0.065	**0.20**	0.27
Right Side	GSM850	0.301	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.343	0	**0.30**	0.34
	GSM1900	0.107	28.18	30	1.521	0.163	0	**0.11**	0.16
Top Side	GSM850	0	-	-	-	0	0.053	**0.05**	0.05
	GSM1900	0	-	-	-	0	0.053	**0.05**	0.05
Bottom Side	GSM850	0.029	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.033	0	**0.03**	0.03
	GSM1900	0.402	28.18	30	1.521	0.611	0	**0.40**	0.61

<Maximum SAR list for each band and position (Body-worn SAR)>

Position	WWAN						WLAN 2.4G	Max. SAR Summation	Scaled WWAN + WLAN
	WWAN Band	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Output Power (dBm)	Max. Tolerance Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Scaled WWAN (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)		
Front	GSM850	0.166	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.189	0.033	**0.20**	0.22
	GSM1900	0.323	28.18	30	1.521	0.491	0.033	**0.36**	0.52
Back	GSM850	0.461	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.526	0.099	**0.56**	0.63
	GSM1900	0.676	28.18	30	1.521	1.028	0.099	**0.78**	1.13
Back (w/ earphone)	GSM850	0.27	31.13	31.7	1.140	0.308	0.14	**0.41**	0.45
	GSM1900	0.68	28.18	30	1.521	1.034	0.14	**0.82**	1.17

Note:

1 The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2 For 1g-SAR scalar summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary.
3 If 1g-SAR summation >1.6W/kg, SPLSR calculation is necessary.
4 The WWAN scaling factor is calculated according to the difference between measured output power and maximum tolerance power on this device

Test Engineer： Jeme Li

13. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, 1991

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003

[4] IEEE Std 1528a-2005, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom)", 2005

[5] FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) Supplement C (Edition 01-01), “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields”, June 2001

[6] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[7] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007

[8] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v04, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, November 2009

[9] FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas”, September 2008

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices – CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA”, October 2007

[11] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02 "3GPP R6 HSPA and R7 HSPA+ SAR Guidance", December 2009.

[12] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE”, December 2008

[13] FCC KDB 941225 D04 v01, “Evaluating SAR for GSM/(E)GPRS Dual Transfer Mode”, January 27 2010

[14] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", April 2011

[15] FCC KDB 388624 D02, "Permit But Ask List", December 2011.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.05.2012

System Check_Head_835MHz_120512

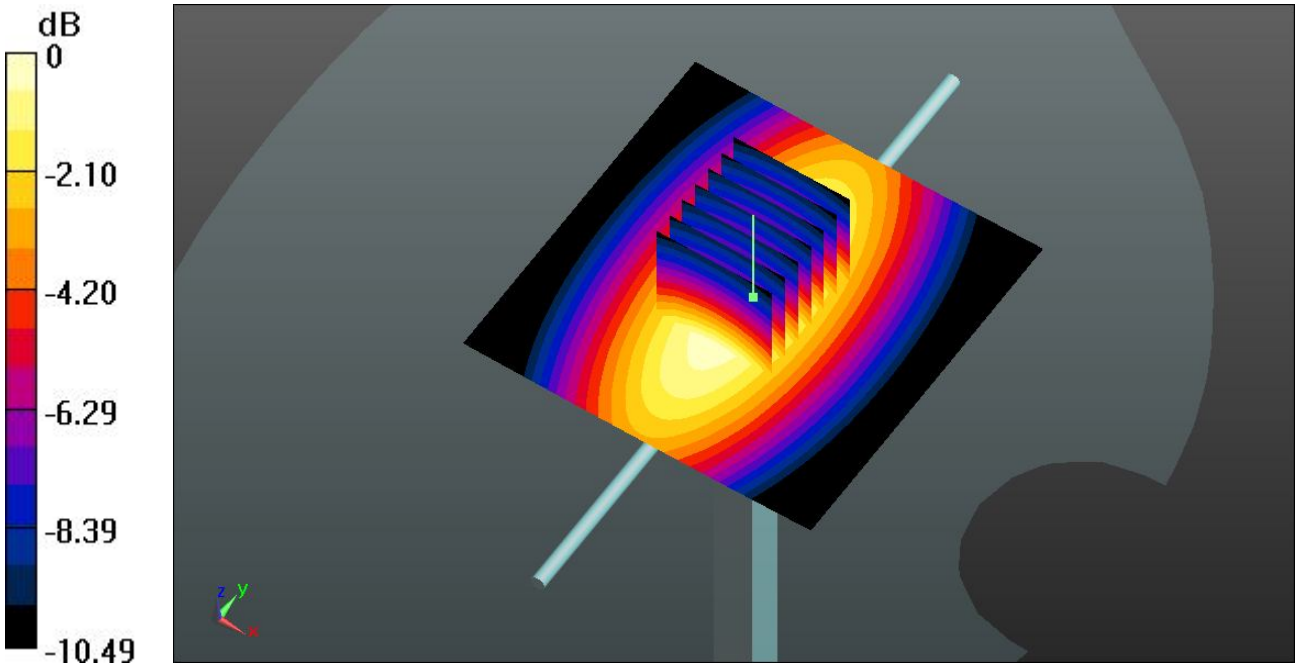
DUT: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.904 mho/m; ε_r = 41.212; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.540 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.388 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0063 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5850
SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.537 mW/g



0 dB = 2.540mW/g = 8.10 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.05.2012

System Check_Body_835MHz_120512

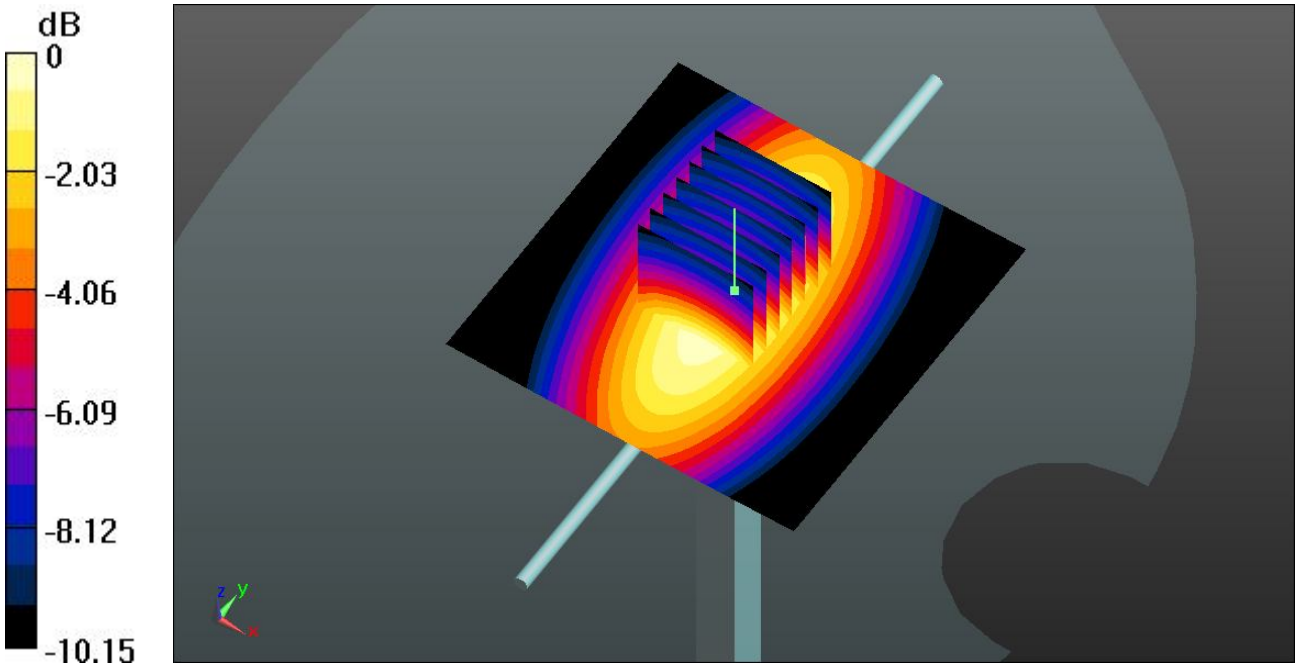
DUT: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.977 mho/m; ε_r = 54.388; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.618 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.112 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0022 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.6420
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.611 mW/g



0 dB = 2.610mW/g = 8.33 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.05.2012

System Check_Head_1900MHz_120512

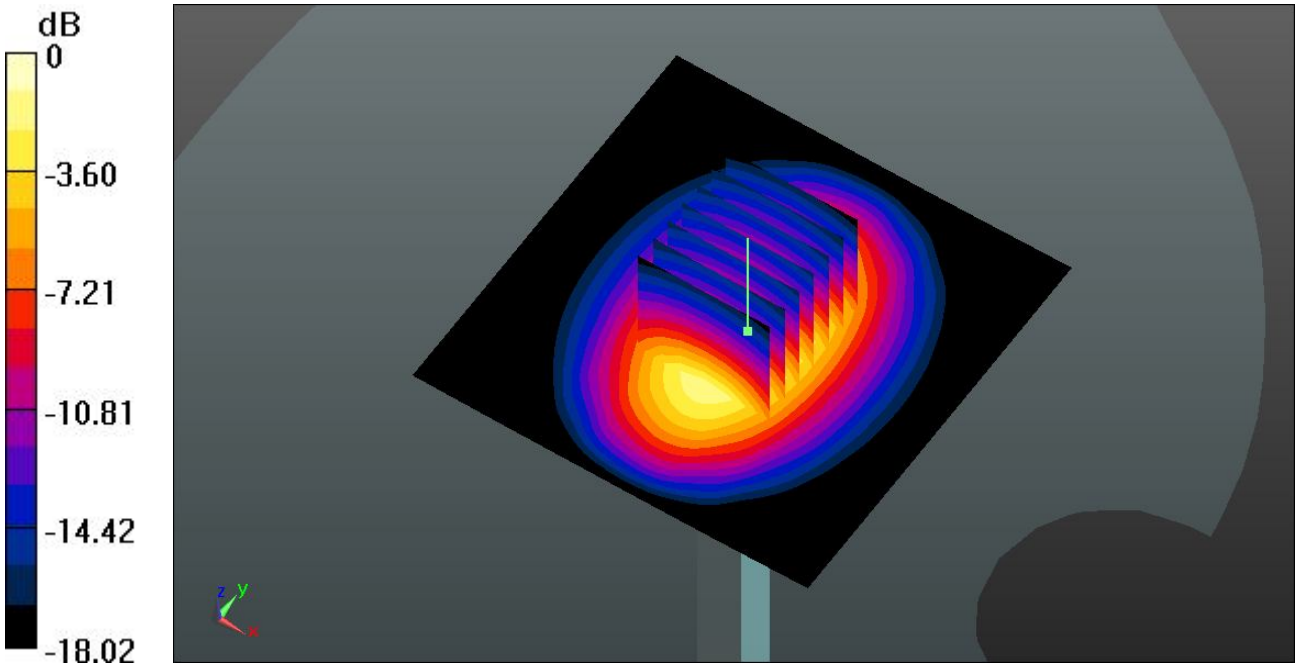
DUT: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.419 mho/m; ε_r = 40.609; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.401 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 89.475 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2380
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.389 mW/g



0 dB = 11.390mW/g = 21.13 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.05.2012

System Check_Body_1900MHz_120512

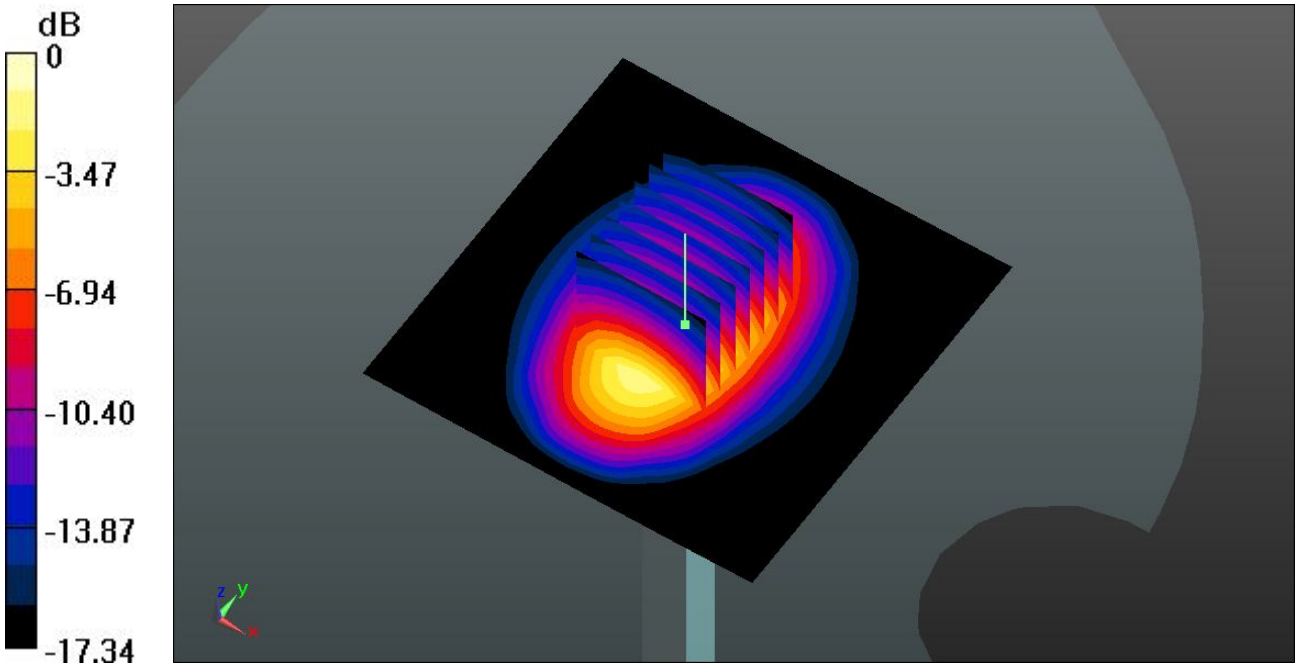
DUT: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.528 mho/m; ε_r = 53.974; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.178 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 86.506 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9800
SAR(1 g) = 9.77 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.083 mW/g



0 dB = 11.080mW/g = 20.89 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 03.05.2012

System Check_Head_2450MHz_120503

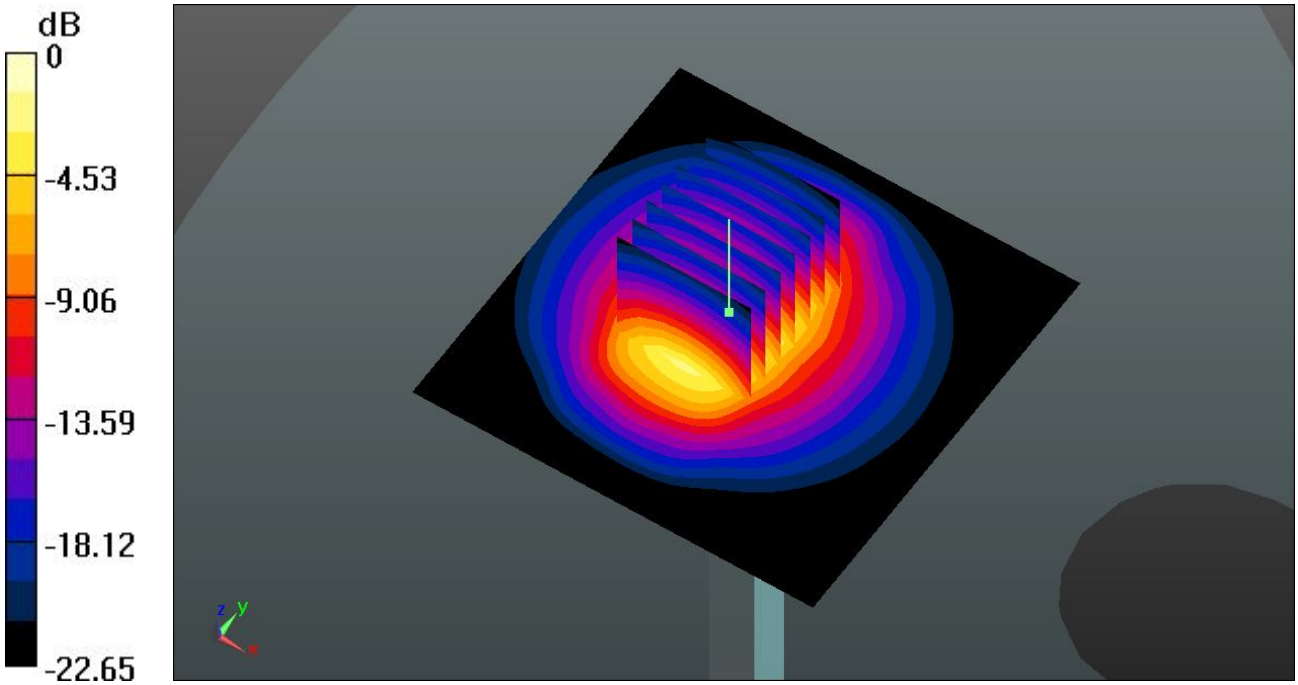
DUT: D2450V2 - SN: 736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.82 mho/m; ε_r = 39.753; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.340 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 79.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9590
SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.92 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.692 mW/g



0 dB = 14.690mW/g = 23.34 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 09.05.2012

System Check_Head_2450MHz_120509

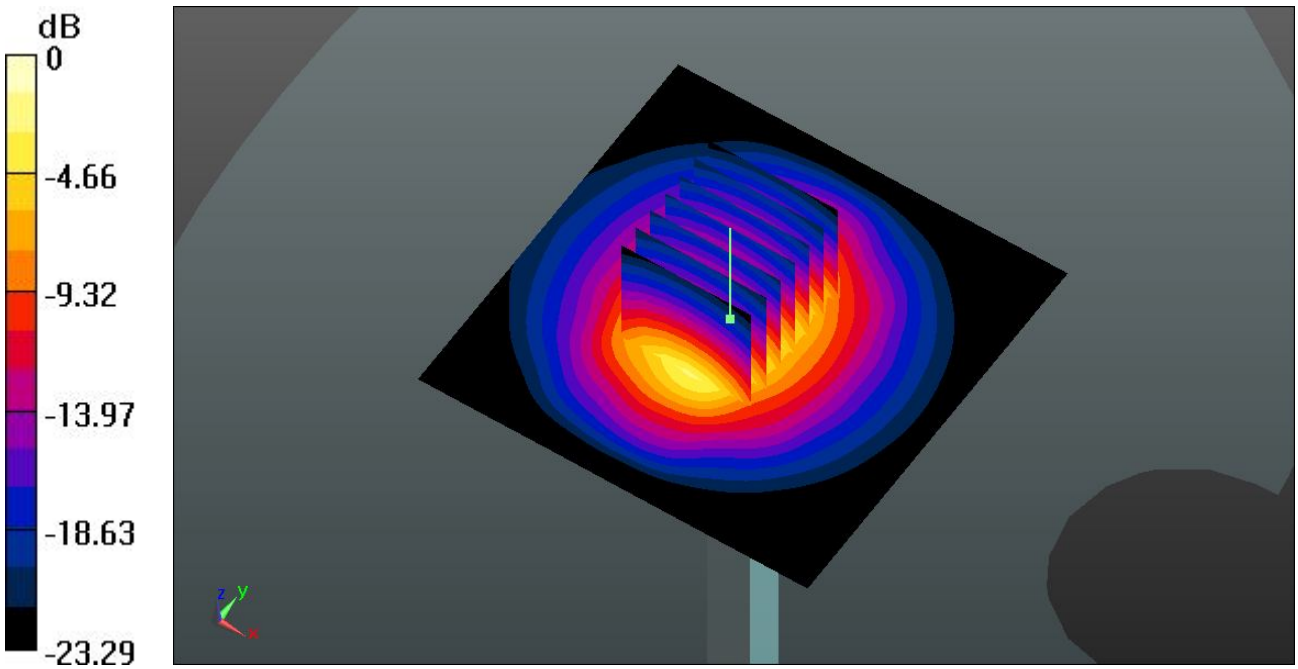
DUT: D2450V2 - SN: 736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120509 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.834 mho/m; ε_r = 39.654; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.624 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.884 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3950
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.678 mW/g



0 dB = 15.680mW/g = 23.91 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 03.05.2012

System Check_Body_2450MHz_120503

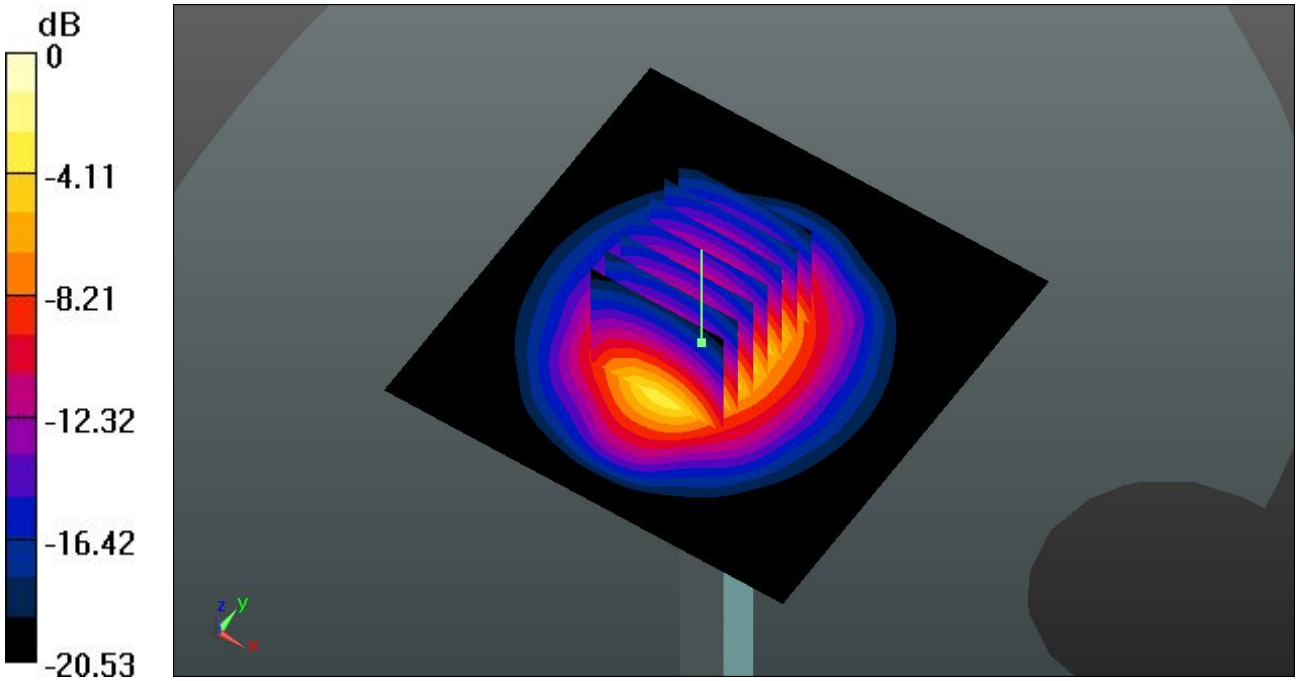
DUT: D2450V2 - SN: 736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.002 mho/m; ε_r = 53.464; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.509 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 84.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.7350
SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.88 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.325 mW/g



0 dB = 14.320mW/g = 23.12 dB mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 09.05.2012

System Check_Body_2450MHz_120509

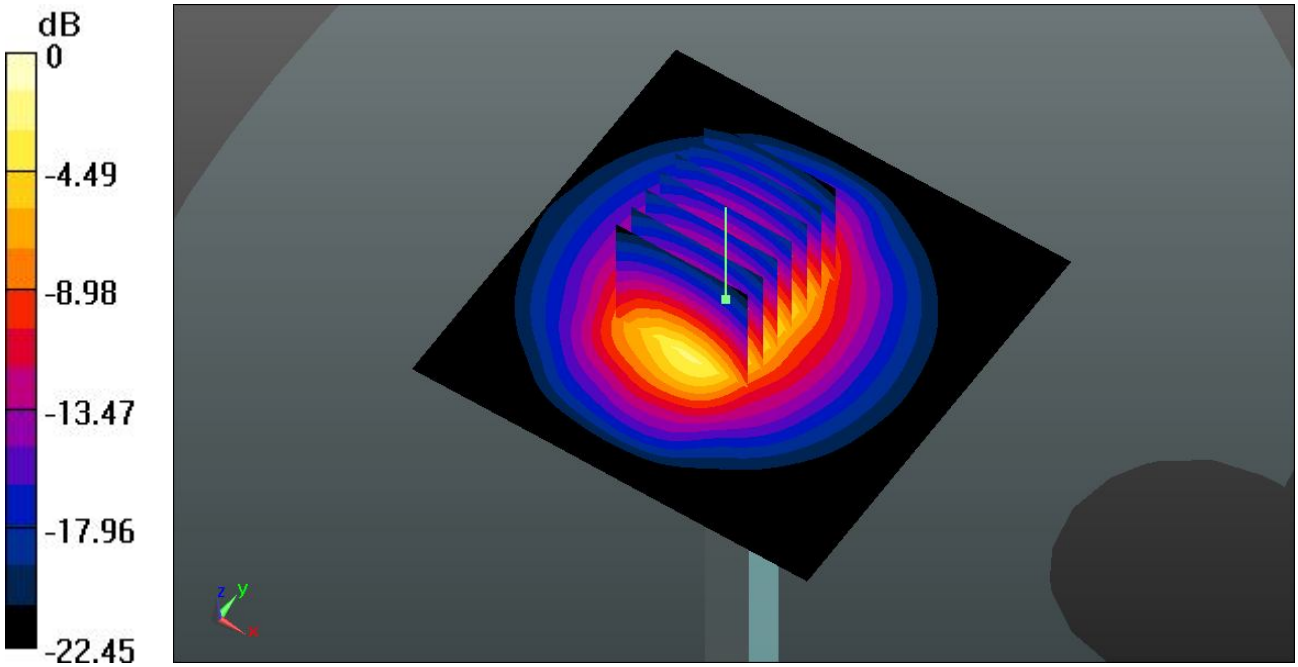
DUT: D2450V2 - SN: 736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120509 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.939 mho/m; ε_r = 53.98; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.782 mW/g

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.885 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9970
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.995 mW/g



0 dB = 15.000mW/g = 23.52 dB mW/g

Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

19 GSM850_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch128_Battery#1

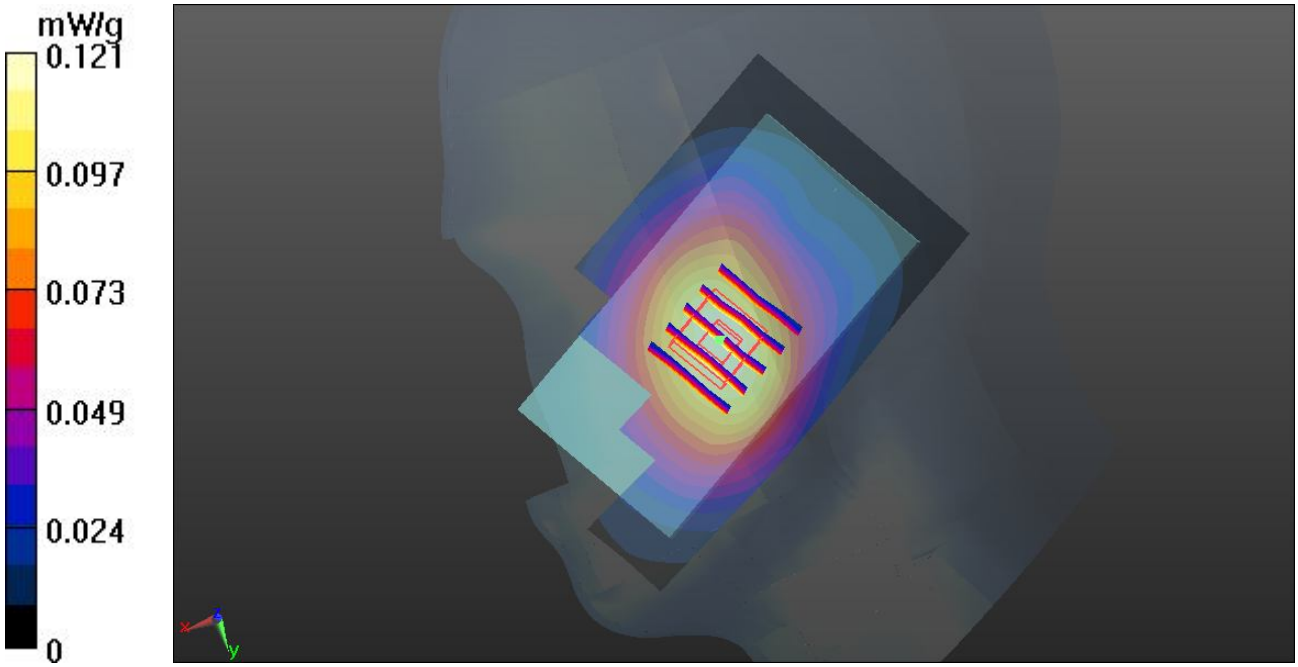
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.043 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1470
SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 mW/g



20 GSM850_GPRS10_Right Tilted_Ch128_Battery#1

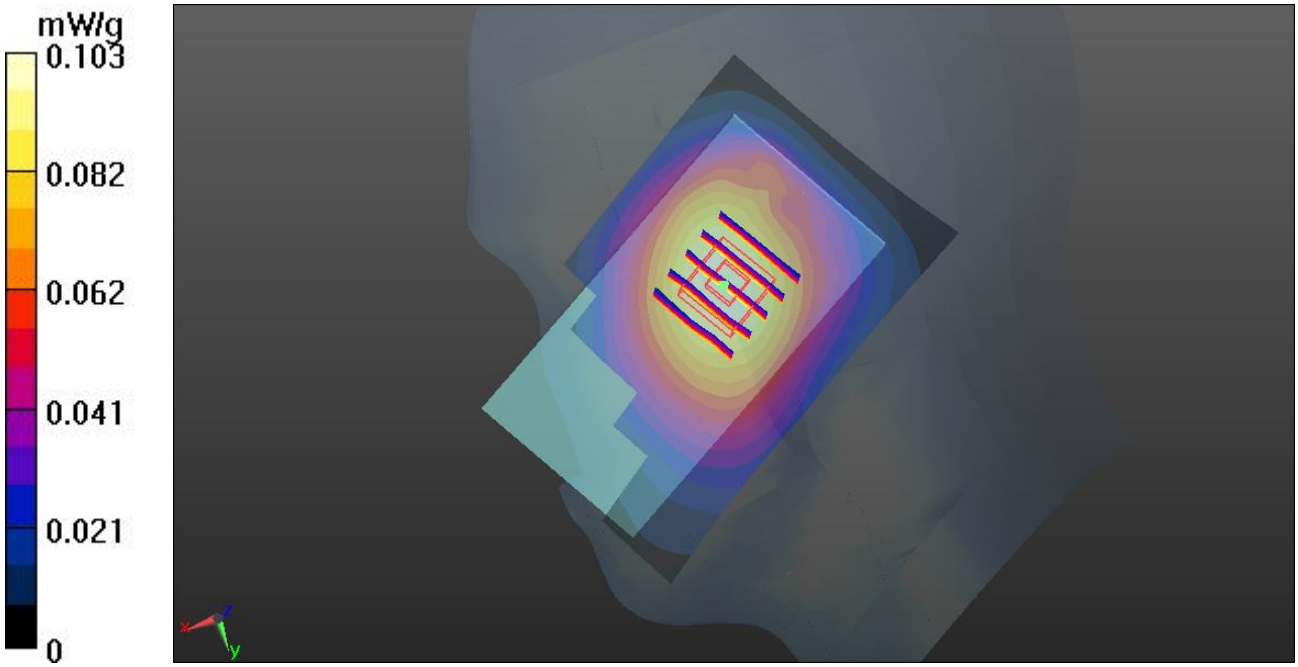
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.103 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1260
SAR(1 g) = 0.100 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 mW/g



21 GSM850_GPRS10_Left Cheek_Ch128_Battery#1

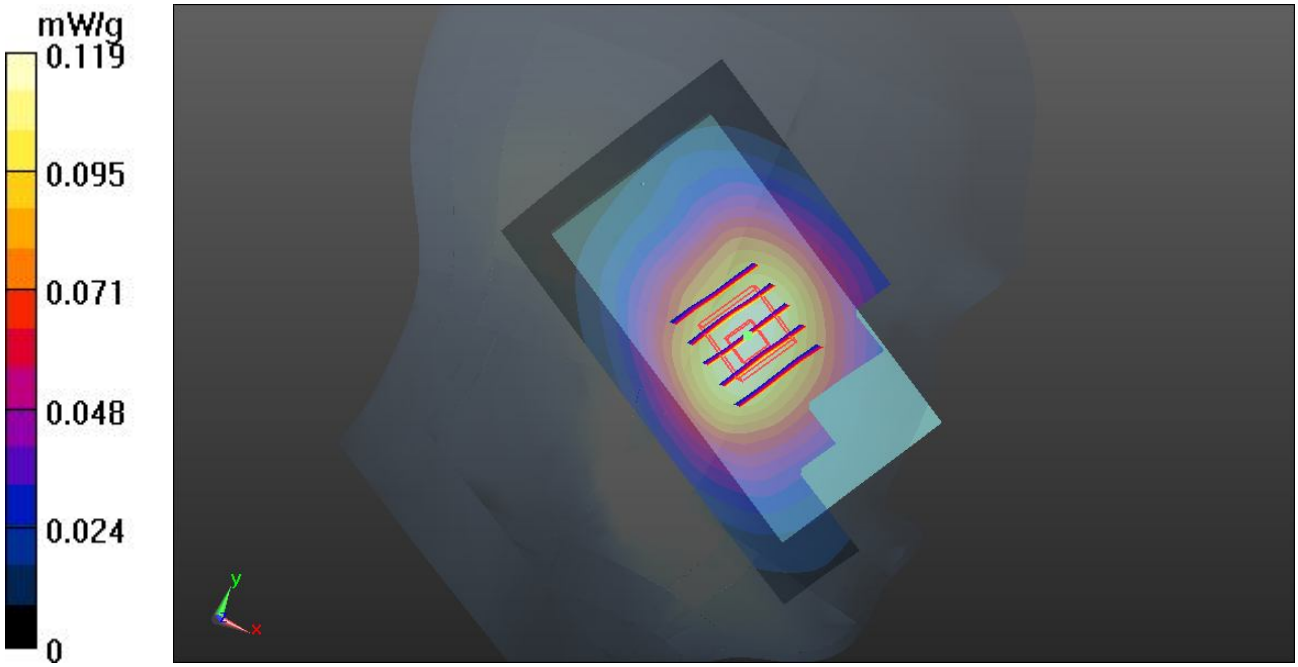
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.254 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1410
SAR(1 g) = 0.112 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 mW/g



22 GSM850_GPRS10_Left Tilted_Ch128_Battery#1

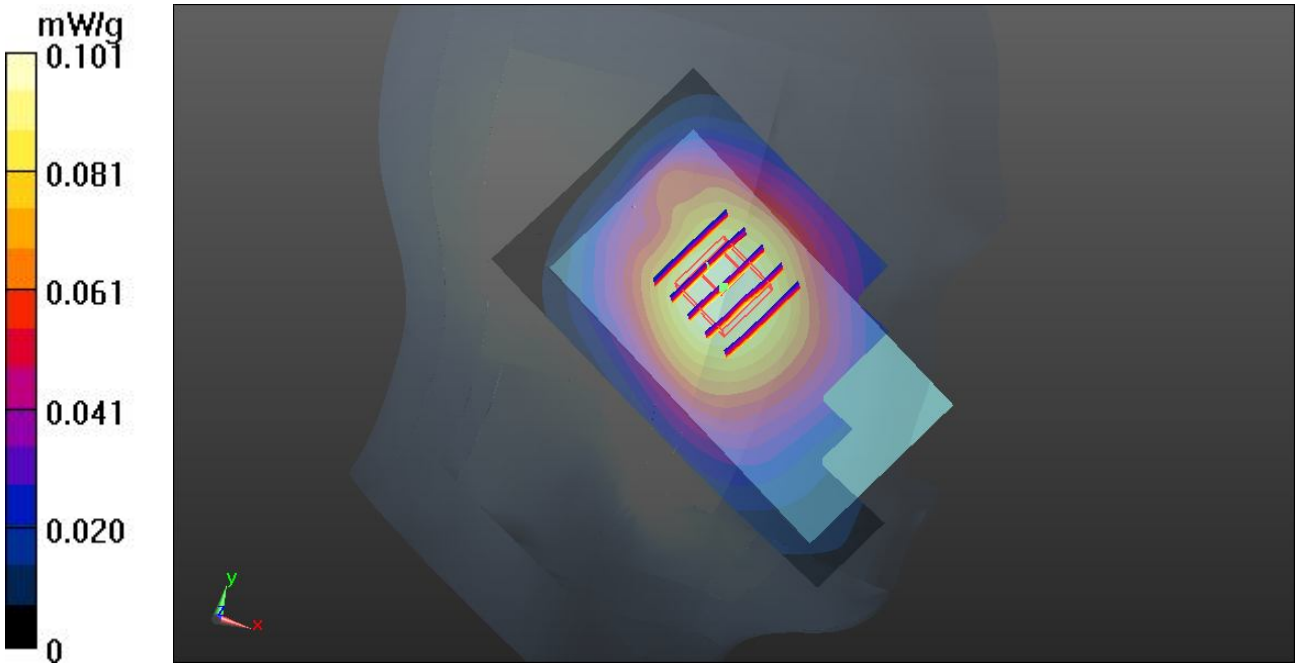
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.029 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1430
SAR(1 g) = 0.097 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g



23 GSM850_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch128_Battery#2

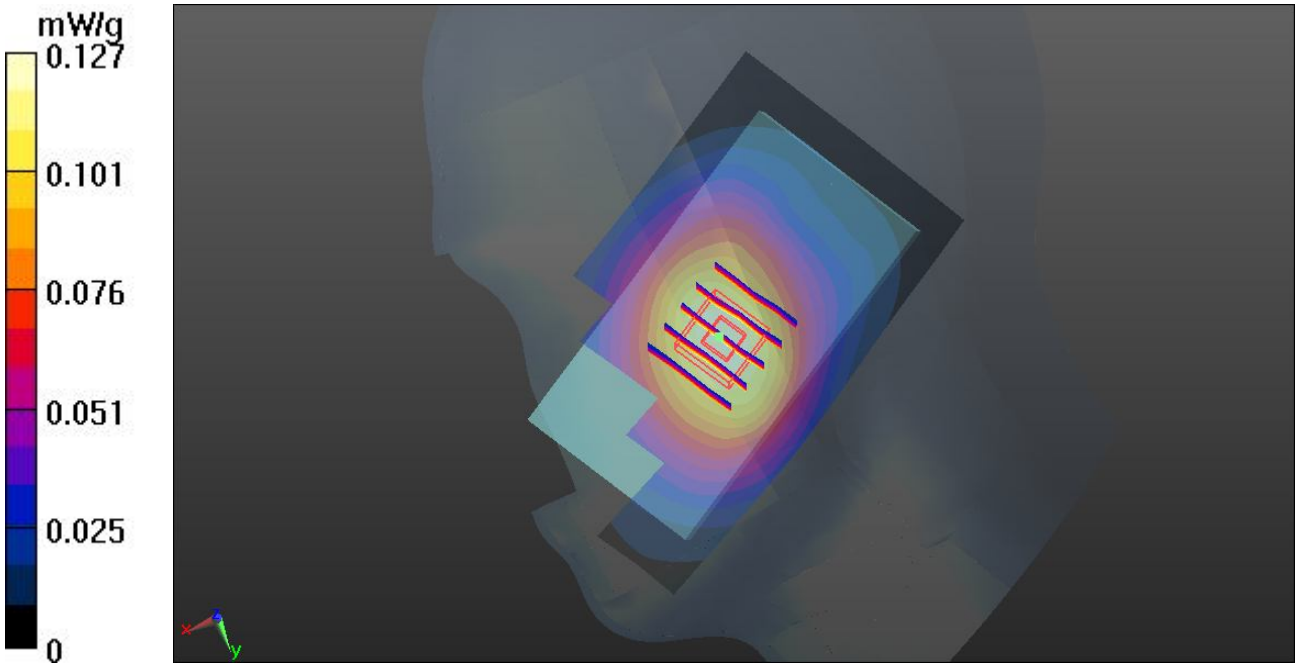
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.127 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.319 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1500
SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g



23 GSM850_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch128_Battery#2_2D

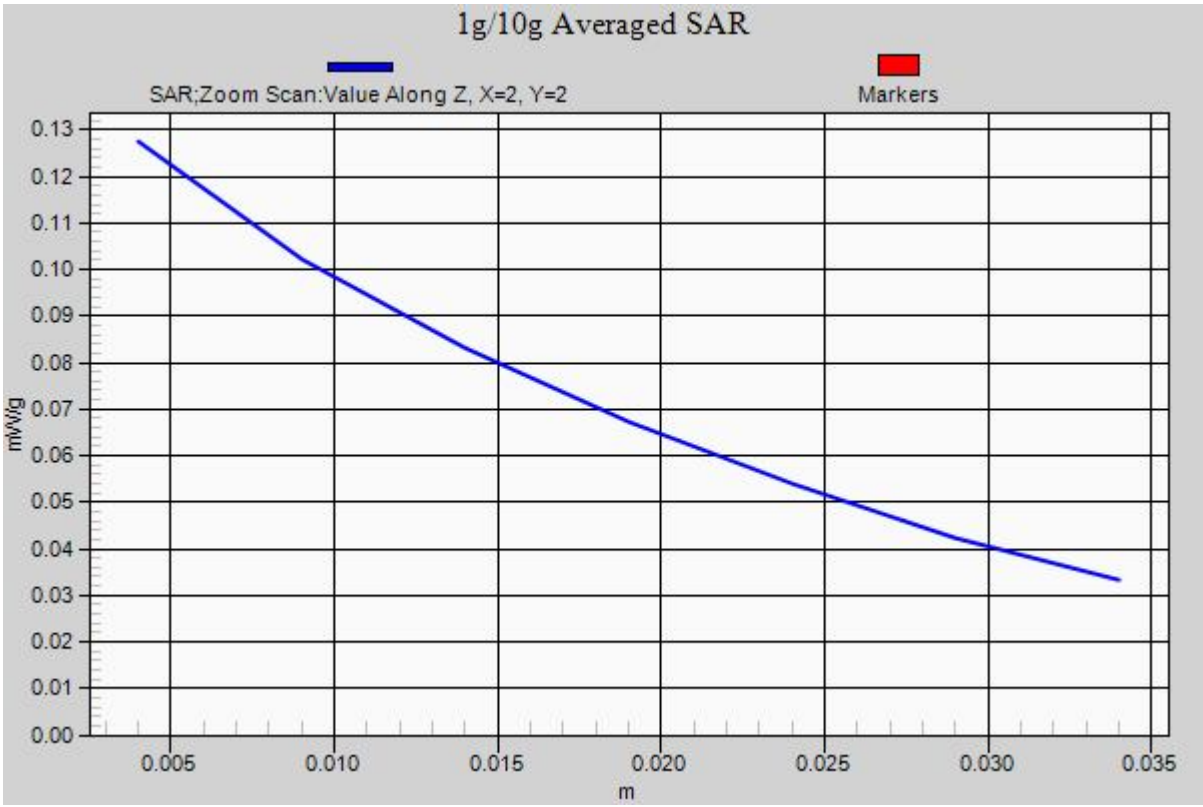
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.127 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.319 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1500
SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g



24 GSM850_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch128_Battery#3

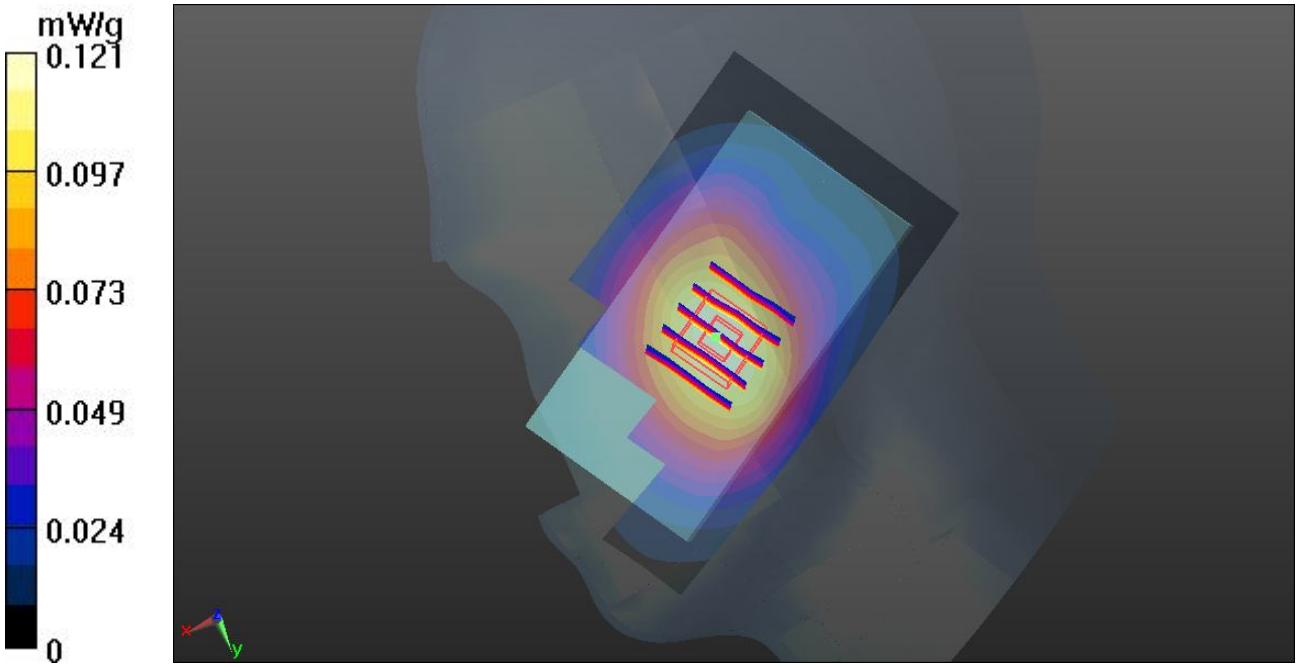
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 41.309; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.383 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1430
SAR(1 g) = 0.114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 mW/g



25 GSM1900_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch810_Battery#1

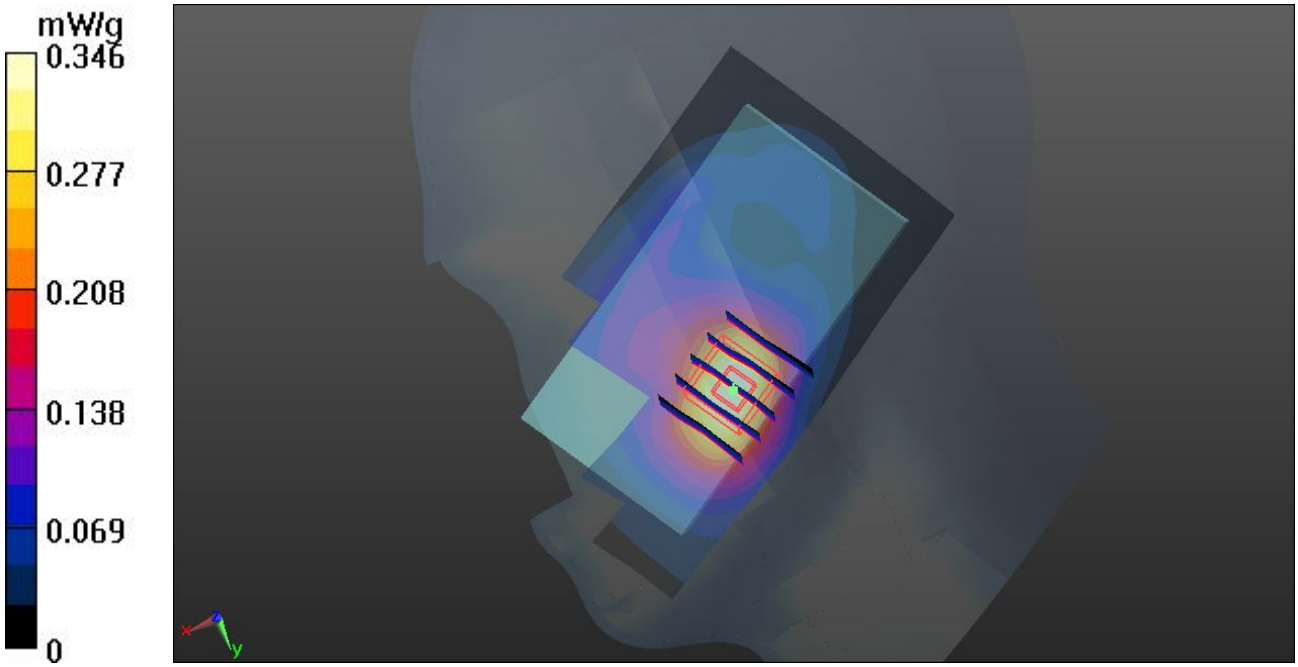
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.346 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.864 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5010
SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 mW/g



25 GSM1900_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch810_Battery#1_2D

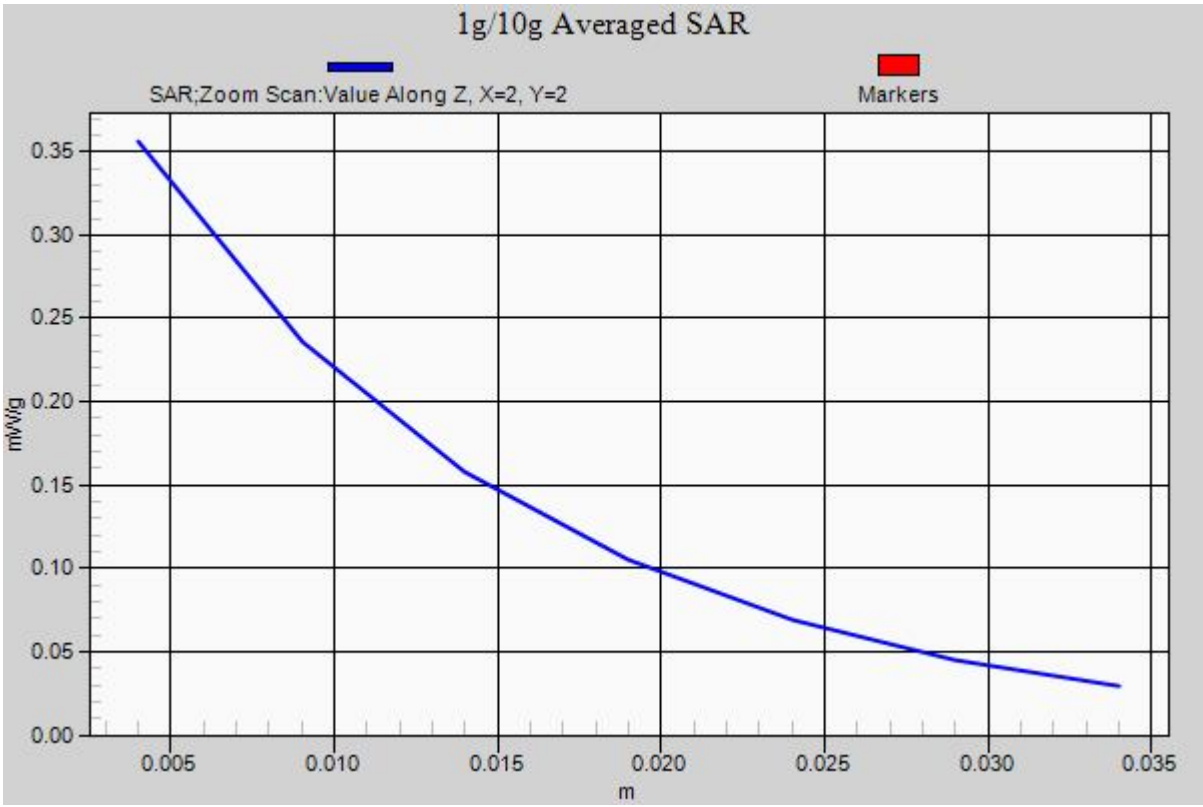
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.346 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.864 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5010
SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 mW/g



26 GSM1900_GPRS10_Right Tilted_Ch810_Battery#1

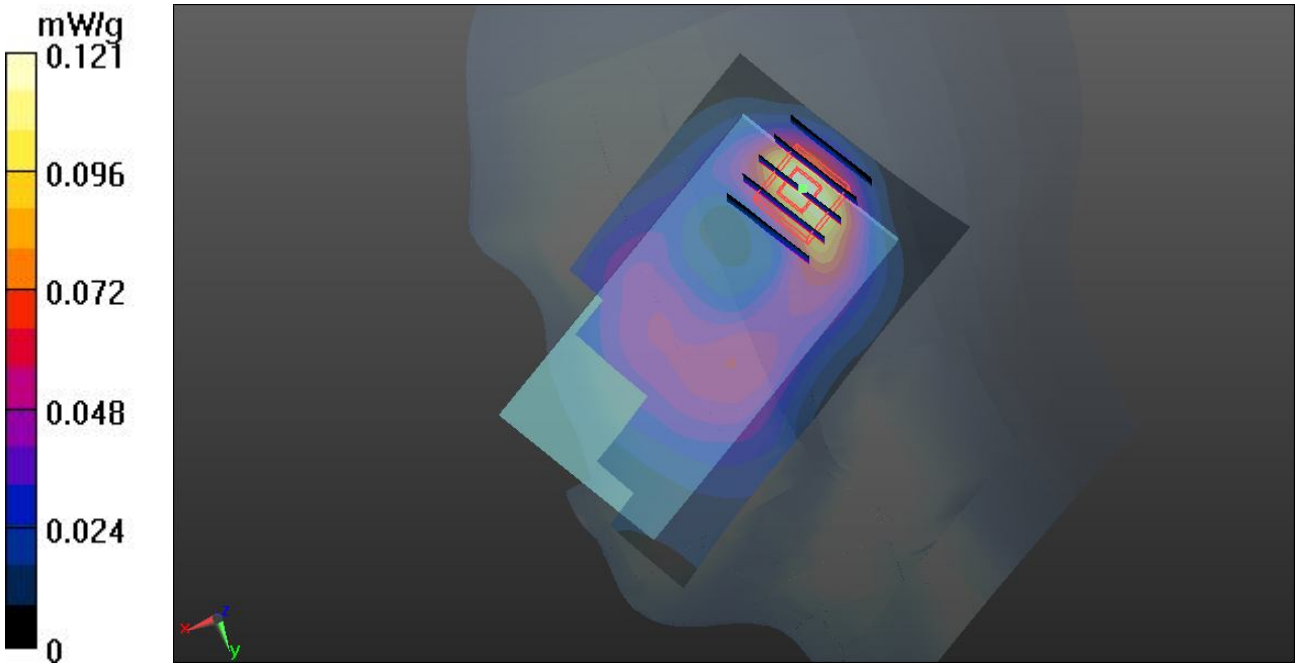
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.105 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1830
SAR(1 g) = 0.107 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 mW/g



27 GSM1900_GPRS10_Left Cheek_Ch810_Battery#1

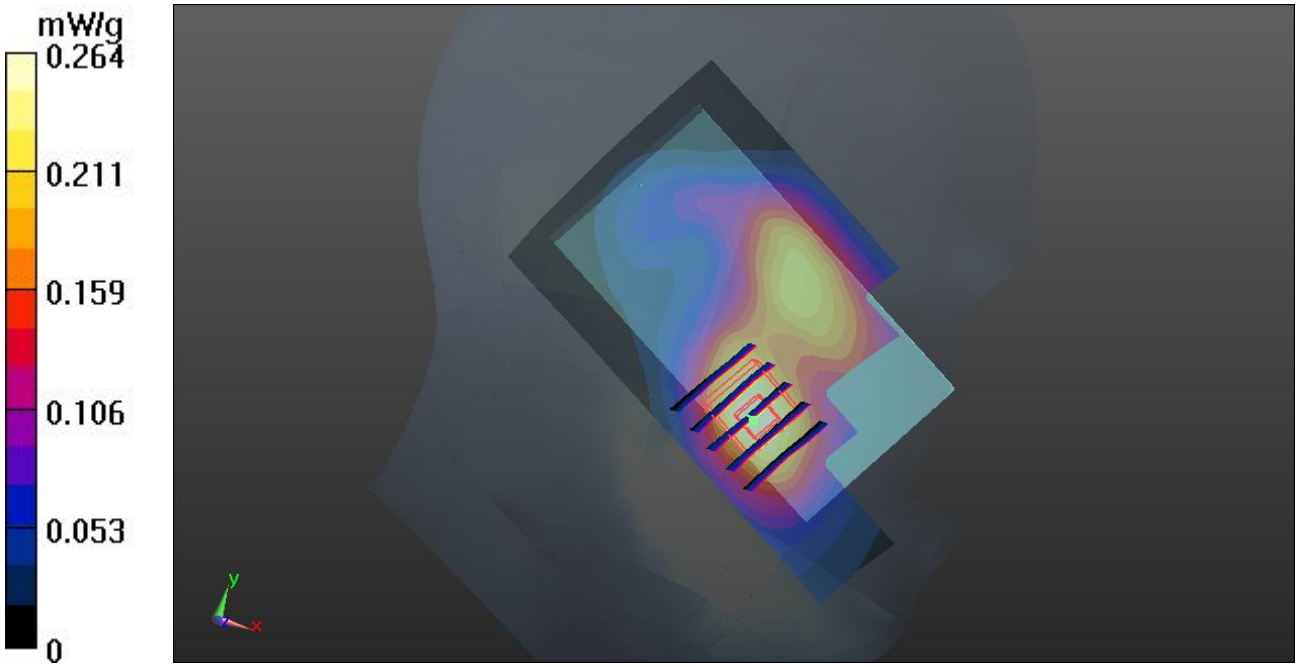
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3980
SAR(1 g) = 0.249 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 mW/g



28 GSM1900_GPRS10_Left Tilted_Ch810_Battery#1

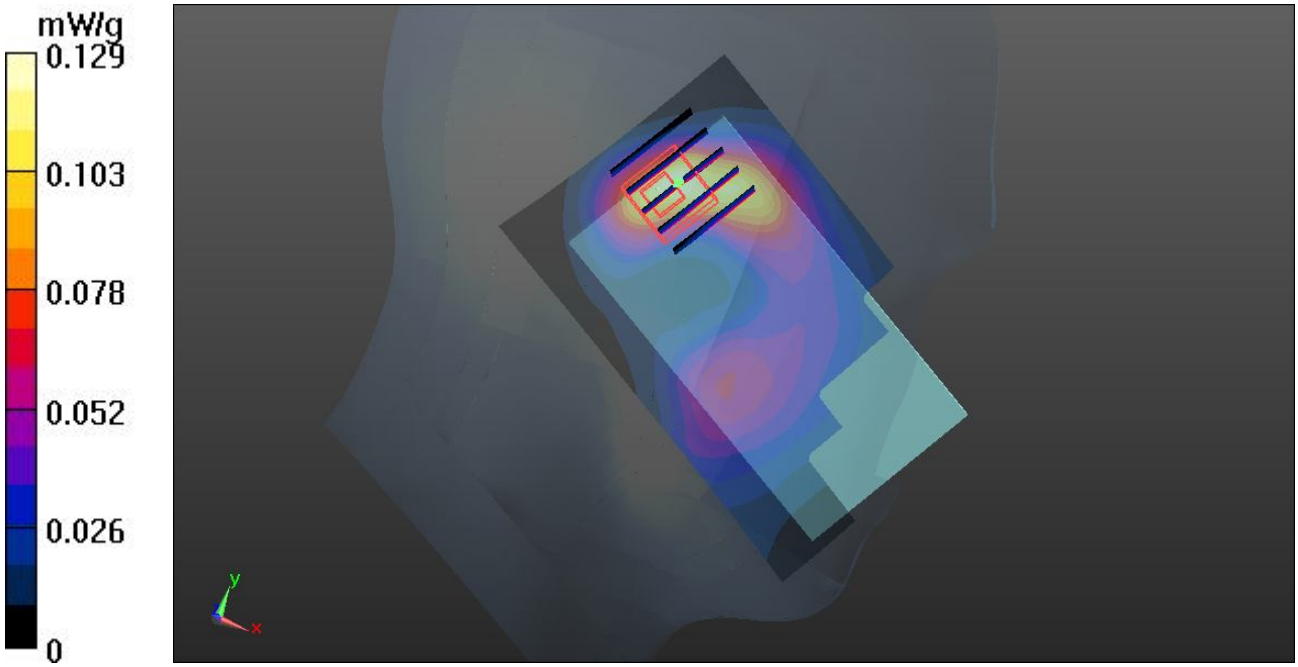
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.784 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1760
SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



29 GSM1900_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch810_Battery#2

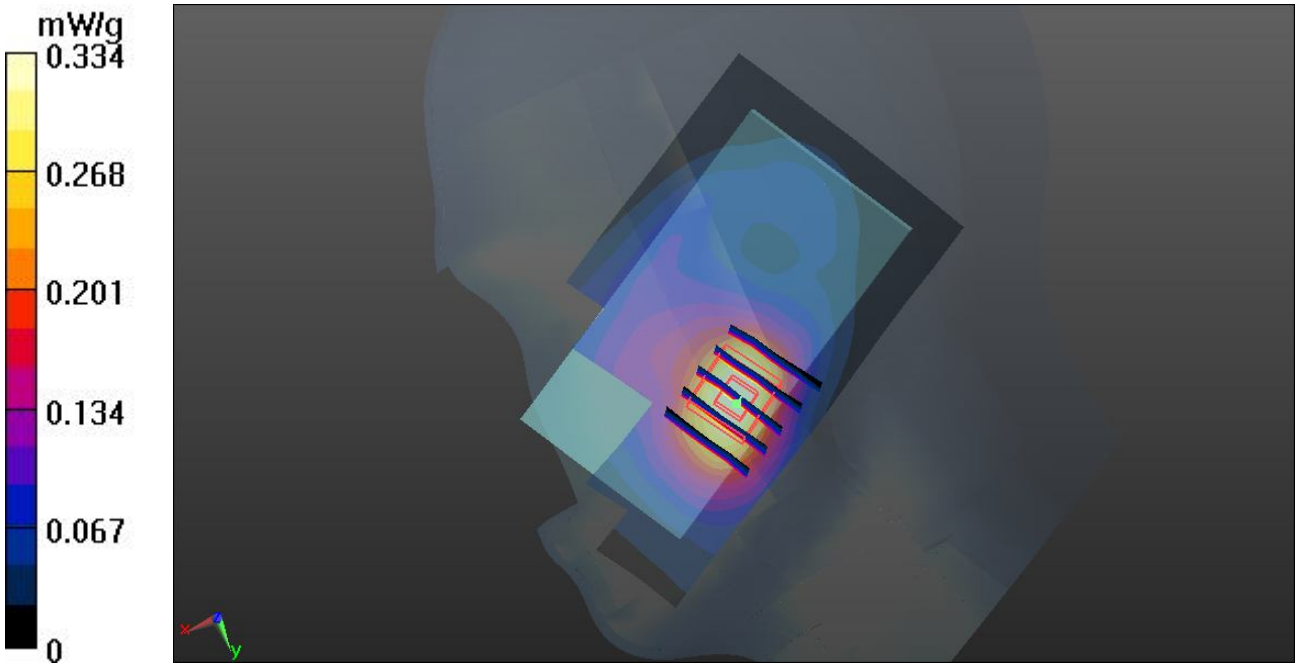
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.334 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.555 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4780
SAR(1 g) = 0.316 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 mW/g



30 GSM1900_GPRS10_Right Cheek_Ch810_Battery#3

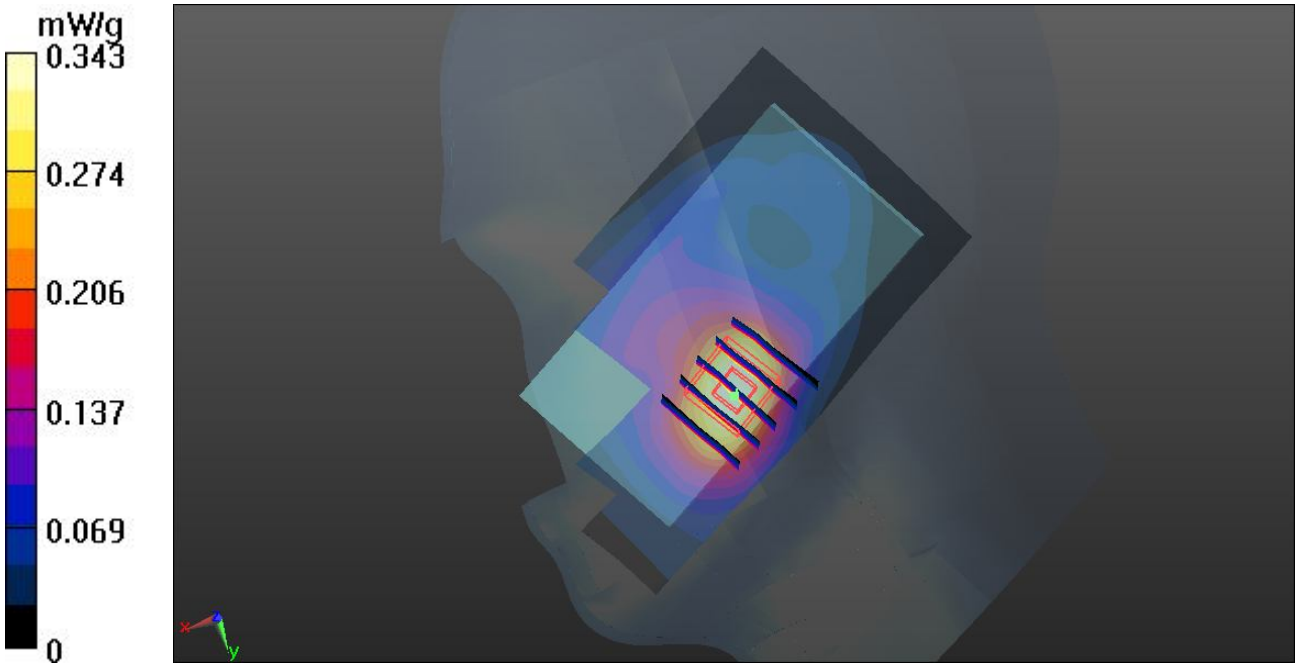
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: HSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 40.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.343 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.016 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4850
SAR(1 g) = 0.321 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 mW/g



31 802.11b_Right Cheek_Ch1_Battery#1

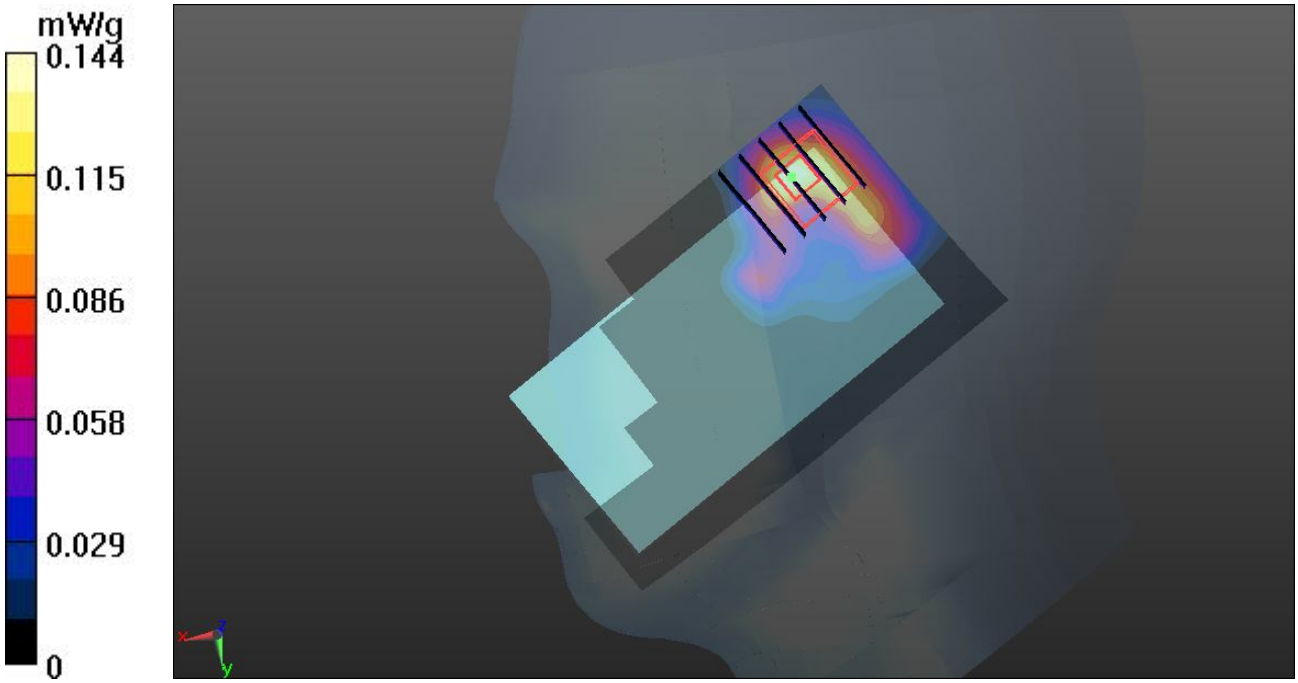
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.777 mho/m; ε_r = 39.891; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.144 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.208 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00013 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2570
SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g



32 802.11b_Right Tilted_Ch1_Battery#1

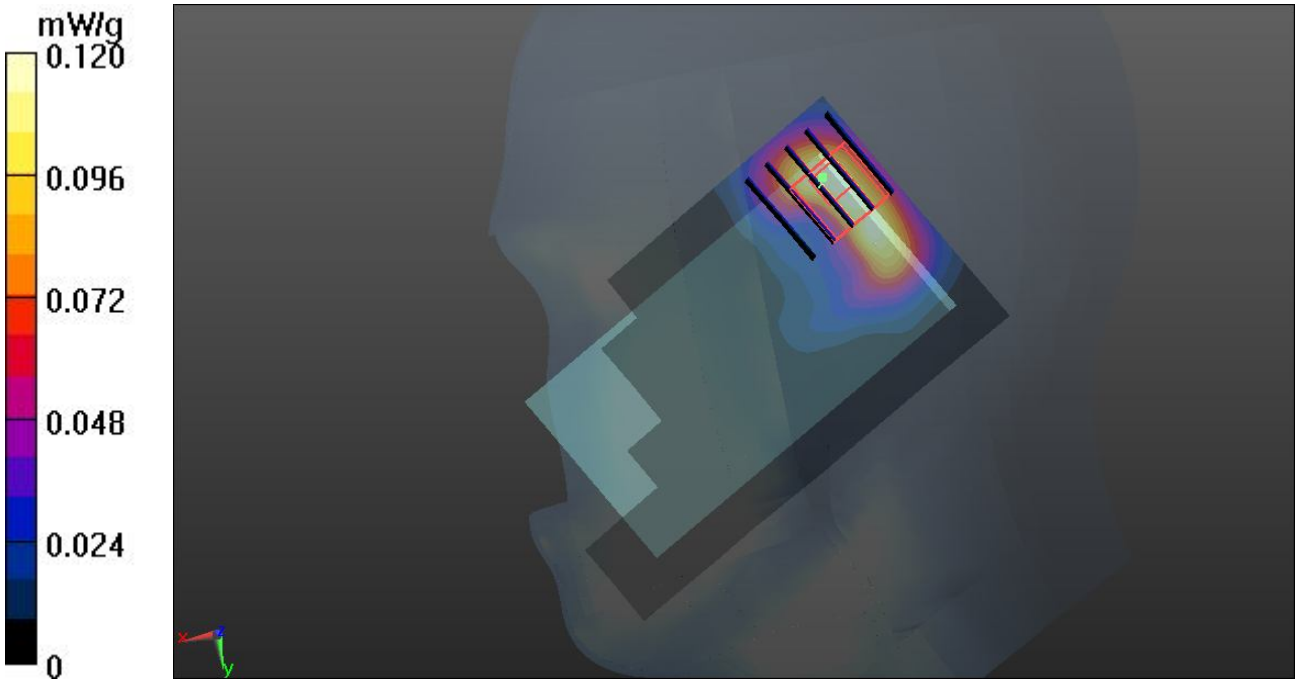
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.777 mho/m; ε_r = 39.891; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.933 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2310
SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 mW/g



33 802.11b_Left Cheek_Ch1_Battery#1

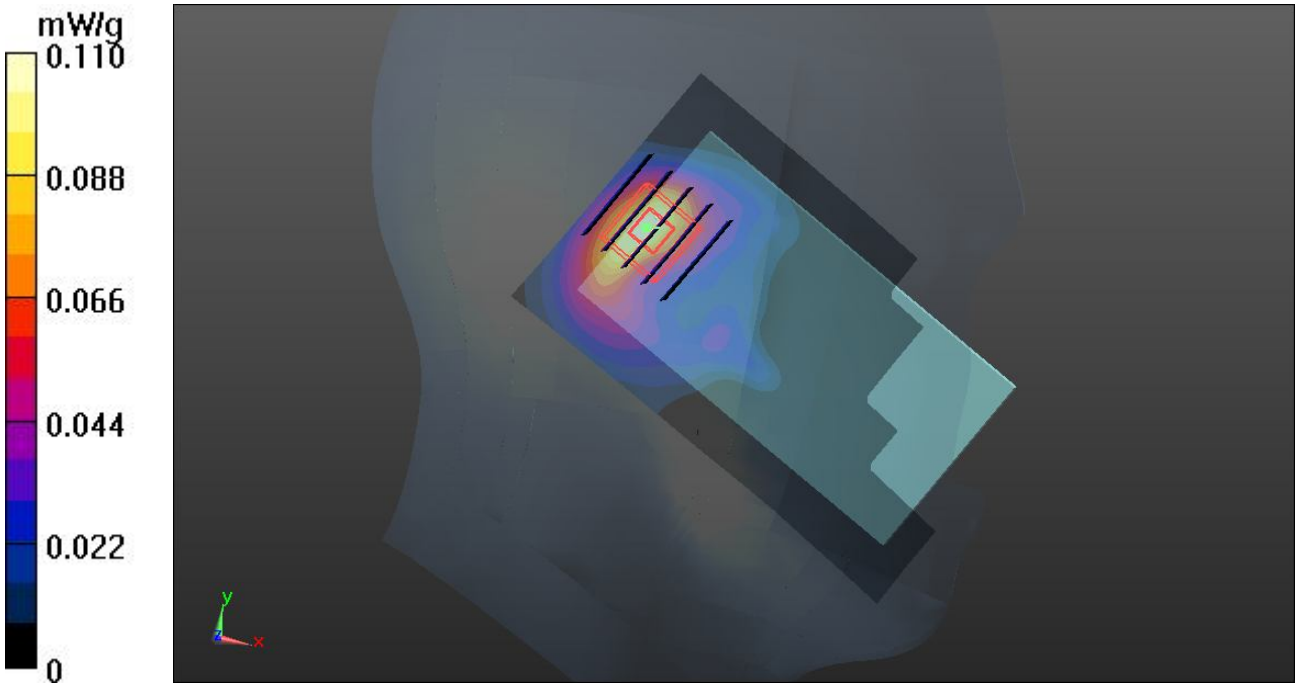
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.777 mho/m; ε_r = 39.891; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.110 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.127 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2110
SAR(1 g) = 0.106 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g



34 802.11b_Left Tilted_Ch1_Battery#1

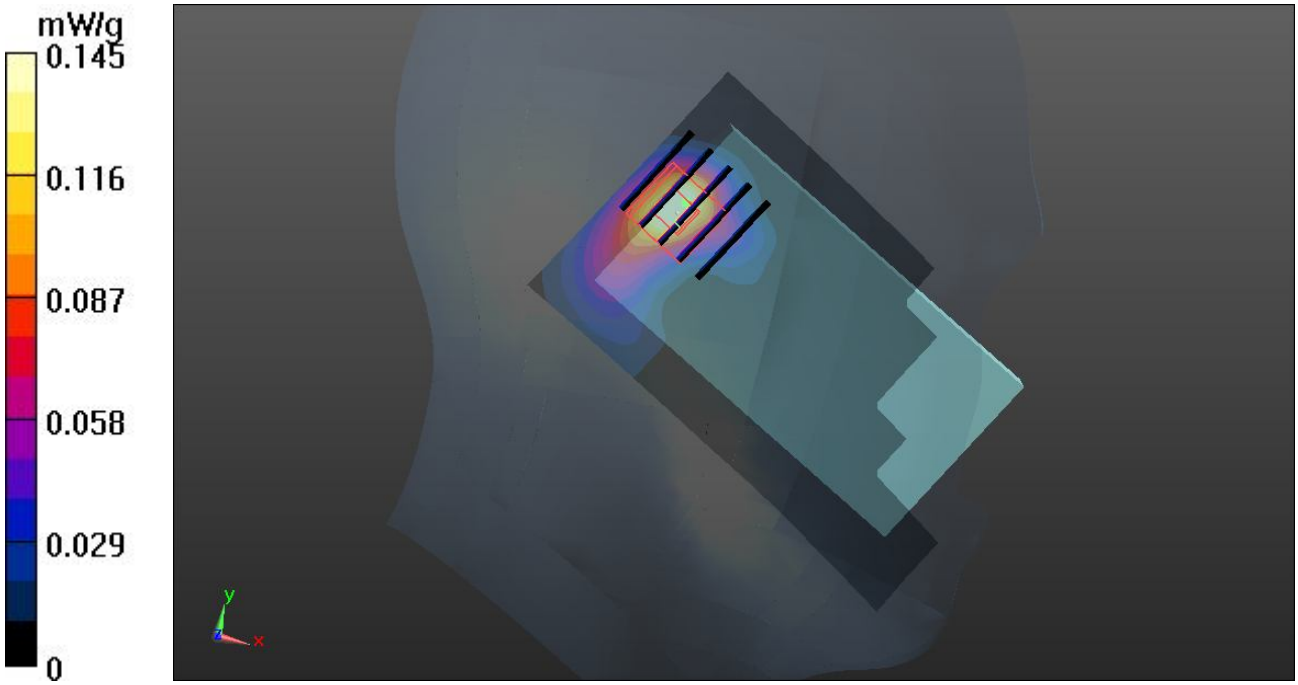
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.777 mho/m; ε_r = 39.891; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.137 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2580
SAR(1 g) = 0.128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g



34 802.11b_Left Tilted_Ch1_Battery#1_2D

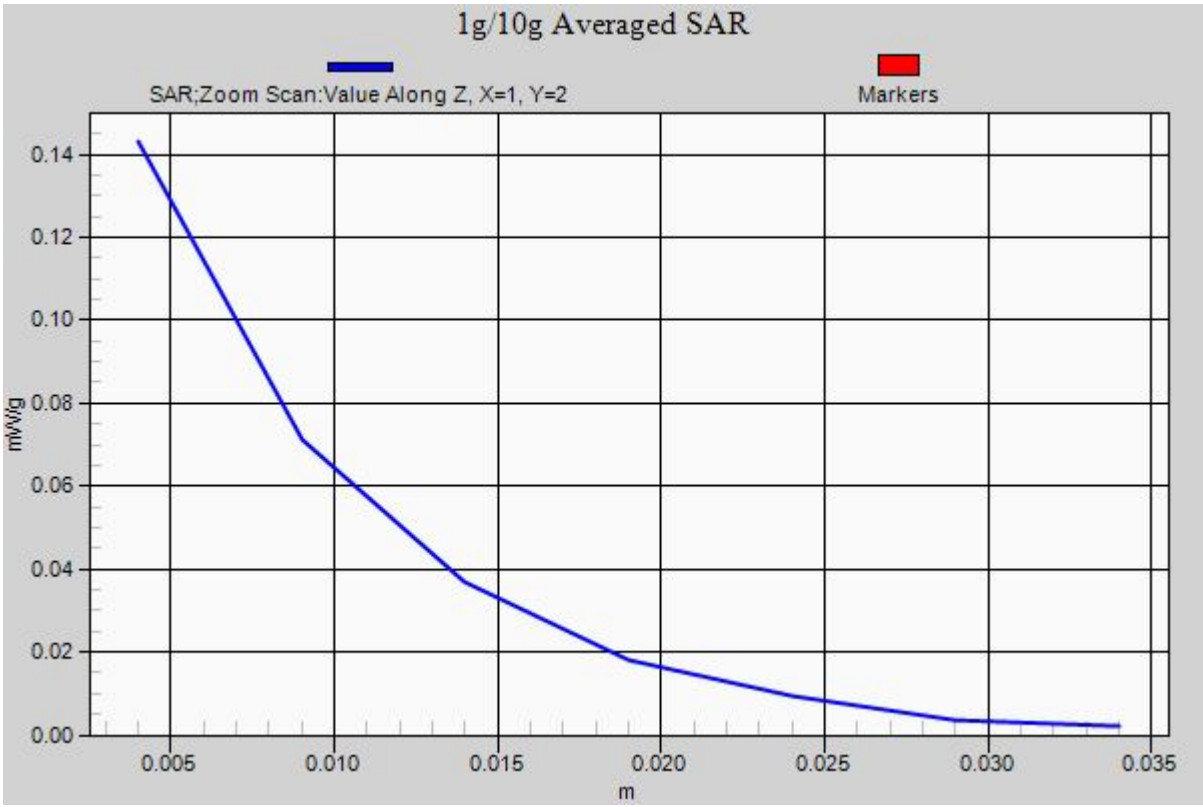
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.777 mho/m; ε_r = 39.891; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.33, 7.33, 7.33); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.137 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2580
SAR(1 g) = 0.128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g



35 802.11b_Left Tilted_Ch1_Battery#2

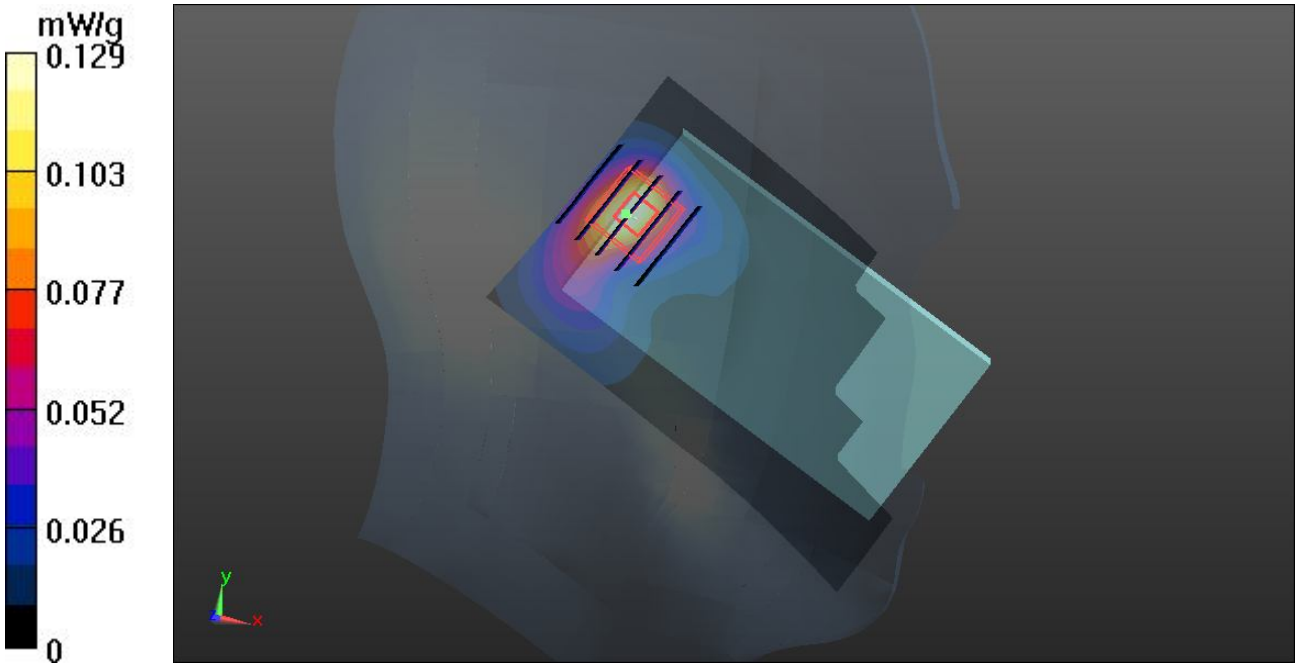
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120509 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.791 mho/m; ε_r = 39.777; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.989 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2470
SAR(1 g) = 0.122 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 mW/g



36 802.11b_Left Tilted_Ch1_Battery#3

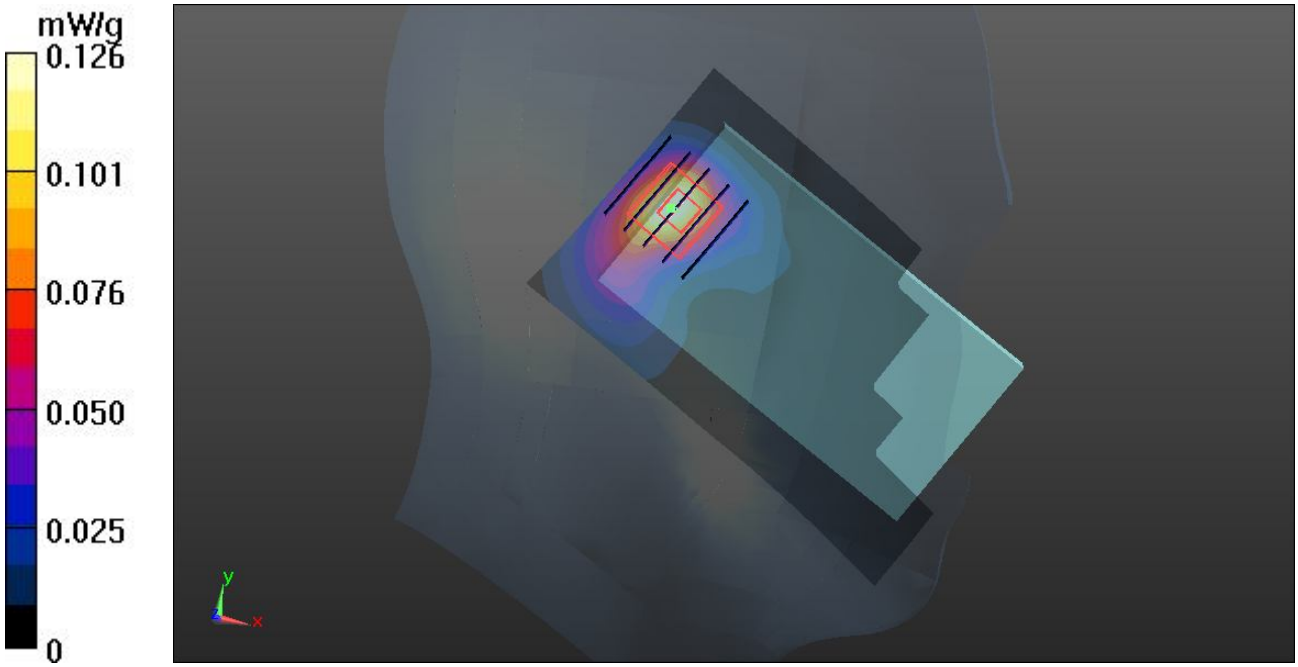
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_120509 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.791 mho/m; ε_r = 39.777; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.126 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.990 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2490
SAR(1 g) = 0.124 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 mW/g



10 GSM850_GPRS10_Front_1cm_Ch128_Battery#1

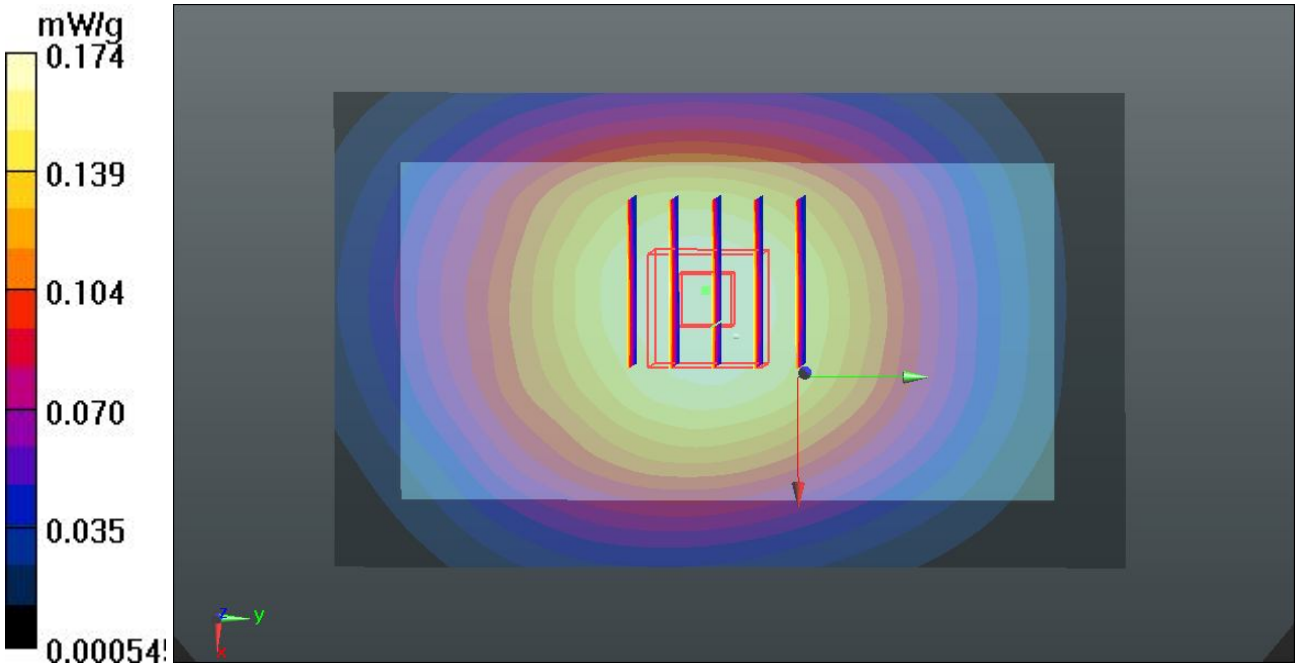
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.174 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.568 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2130
SAR(1 g) = 0.166 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 mW/g



11 GSM850_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch128_Battery#1

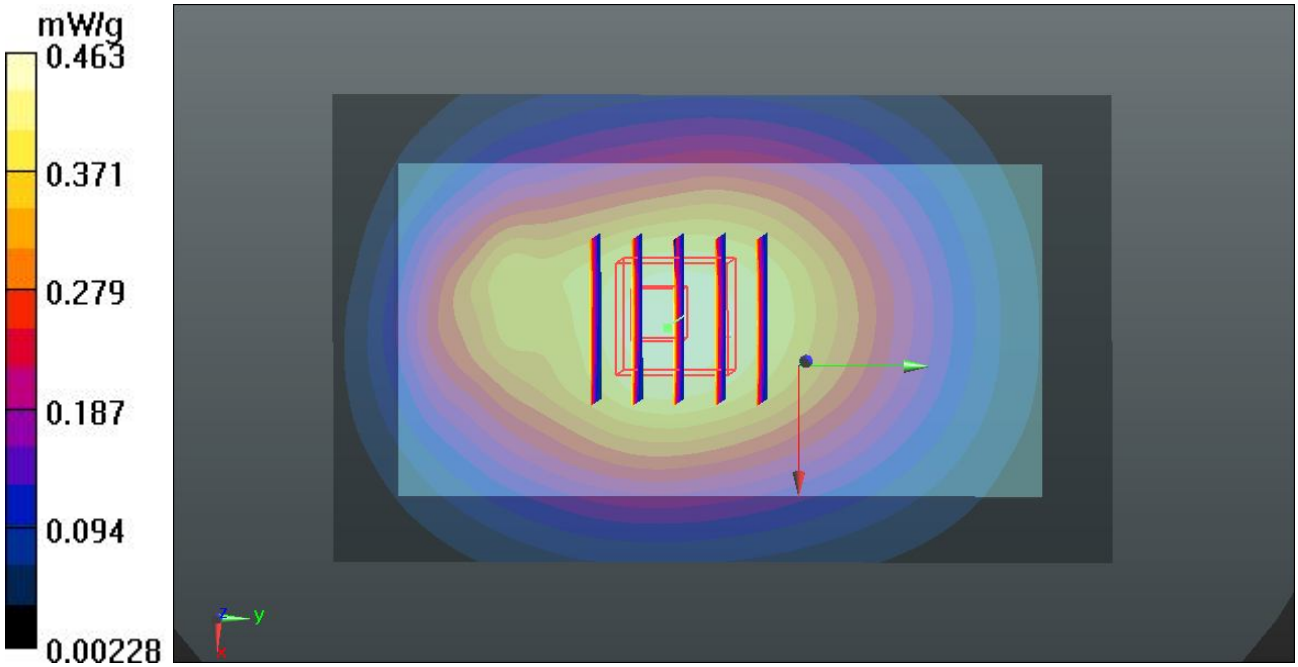
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.463 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.662 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0011 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1200
SAR(1 g) = 0.442 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 mW/g



12 GSM850_GPRS10_Left Side_1cm_Ch128_Battery#1

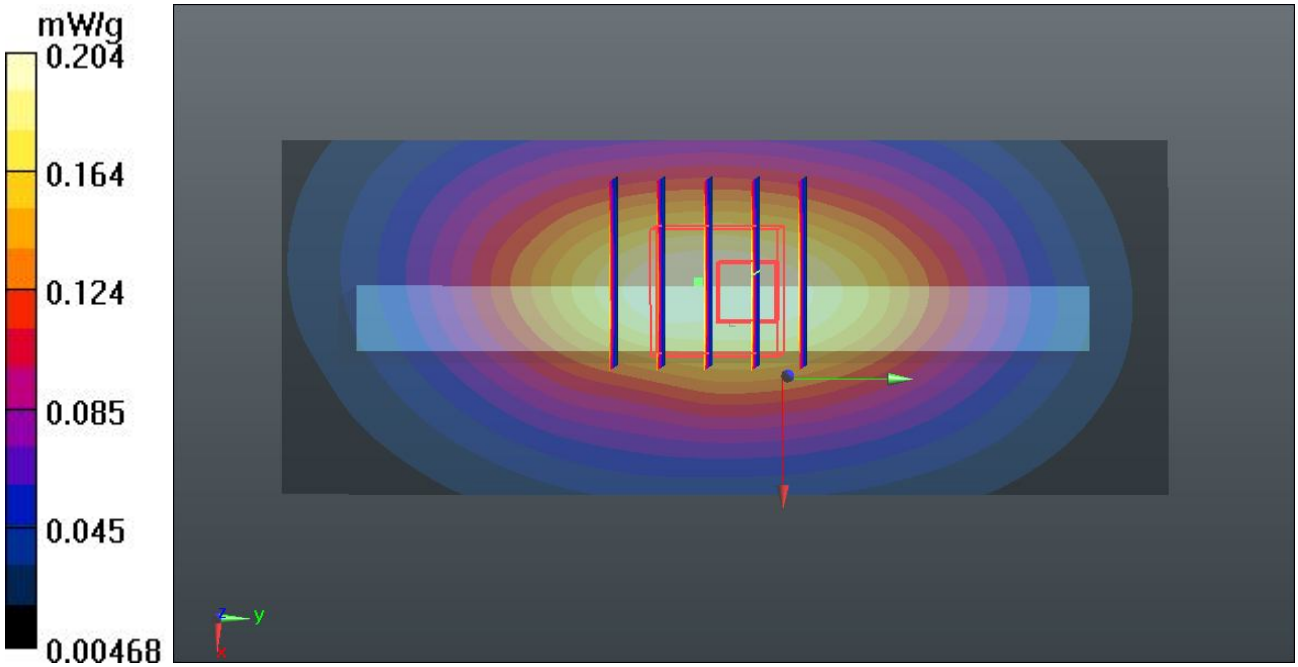
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.662 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2810
SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 mW/g



13 GSM850_GPRS10_Right Side_1cm_Ch128_Battery#1

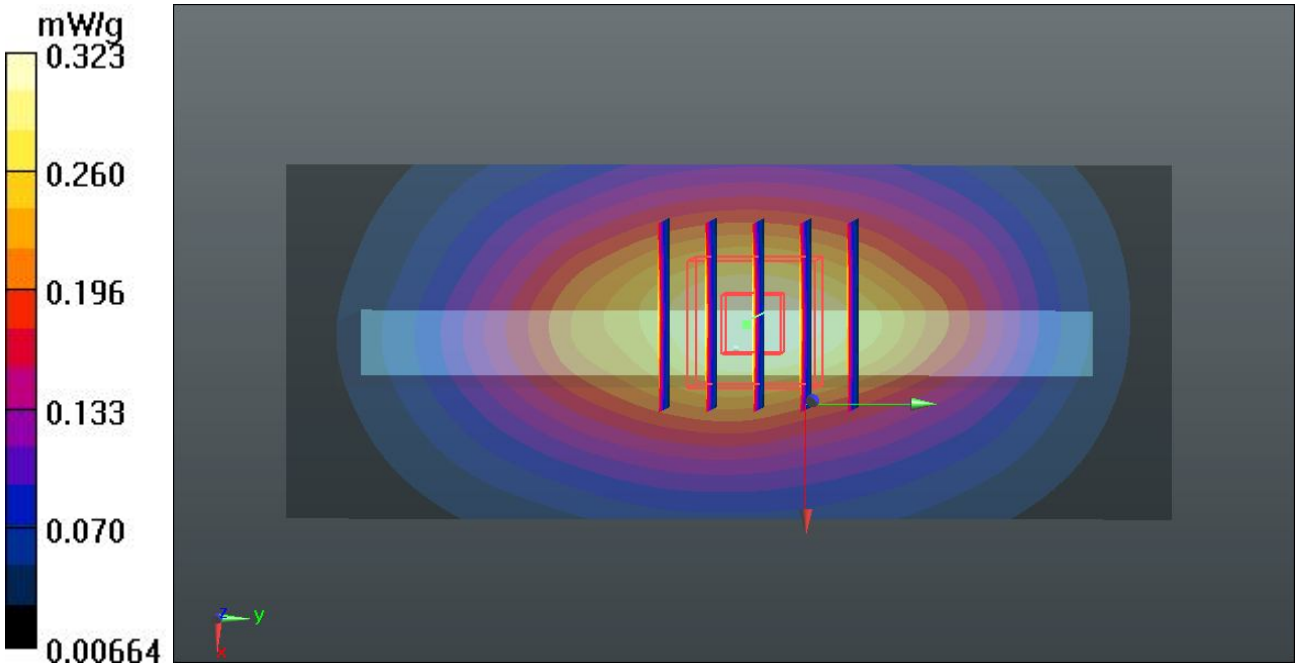
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.323 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.073 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4390
SAR(1 g) = 0.301 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 mW/g



14 GSM850_GPRS10_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch128_Battery#1

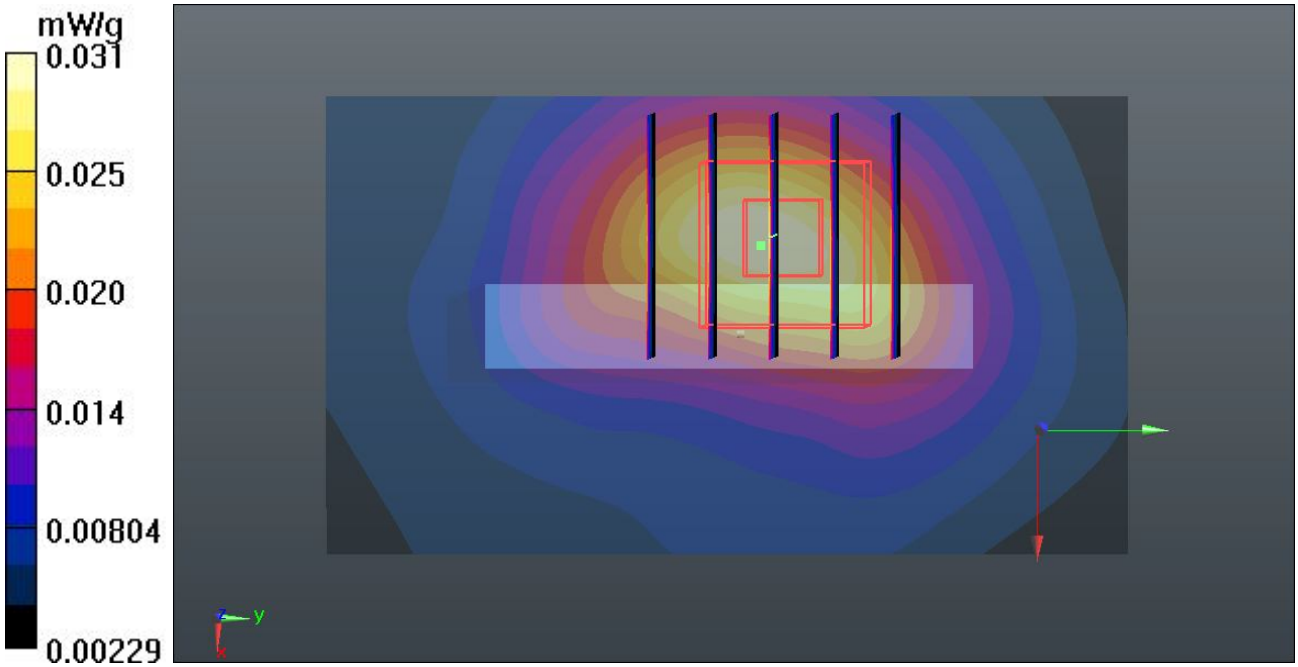
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.031 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.759 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0480
SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.032 mW/g



15 GSM850_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch128_Battery#2

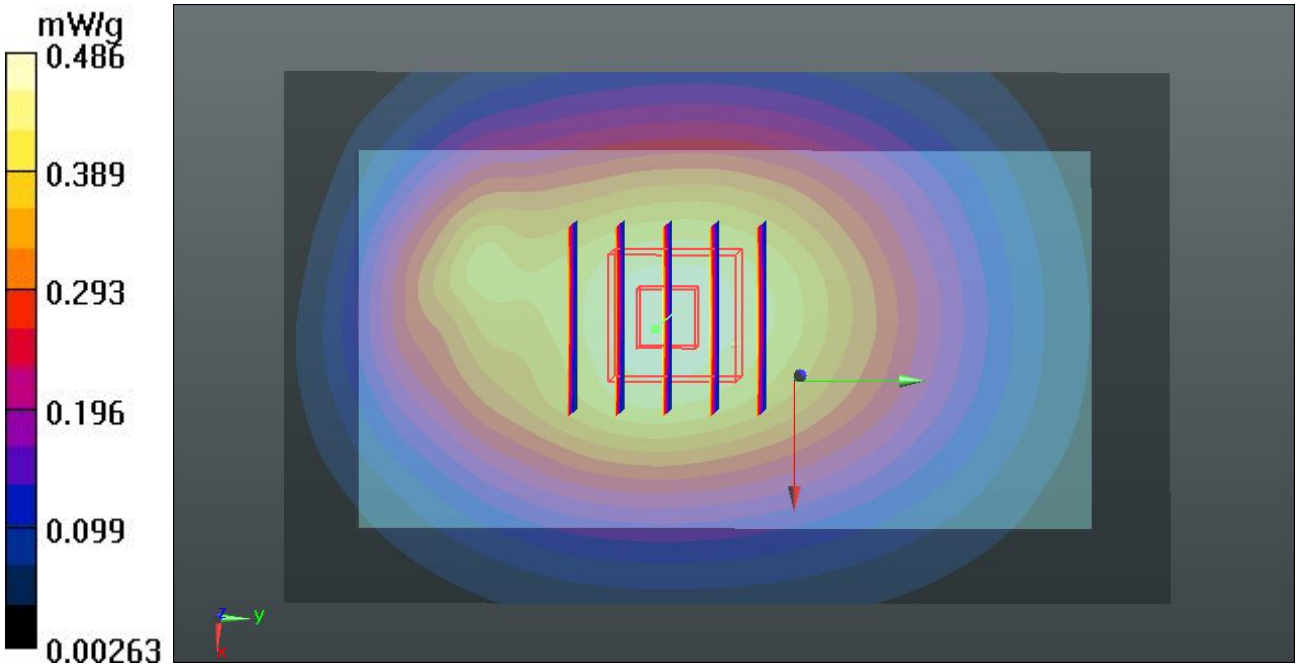
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.188 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5980
SAR(1 g) = 0.461 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 mW/g



15 GSM850_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch128_Battery#2_2D

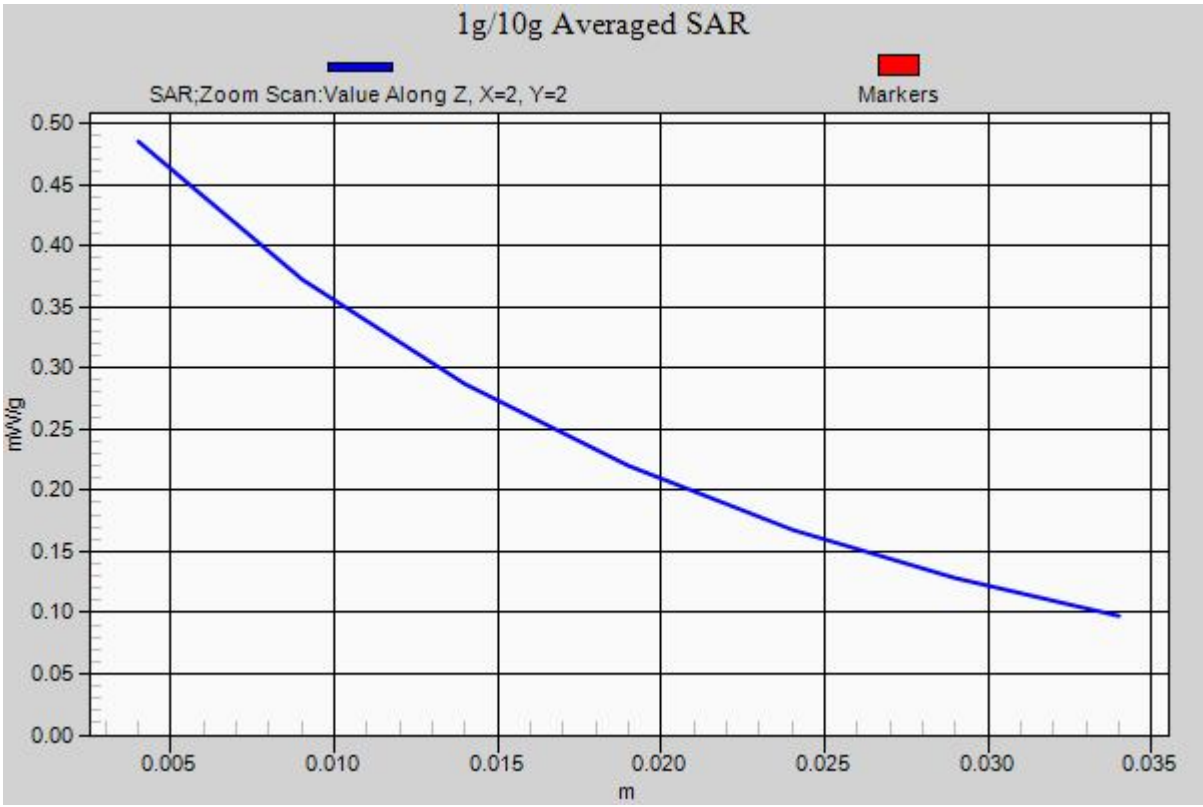
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.188 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5980
SAR(1 g) = 0.461 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 mW/g



16 GSM850_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch128_Battery#3

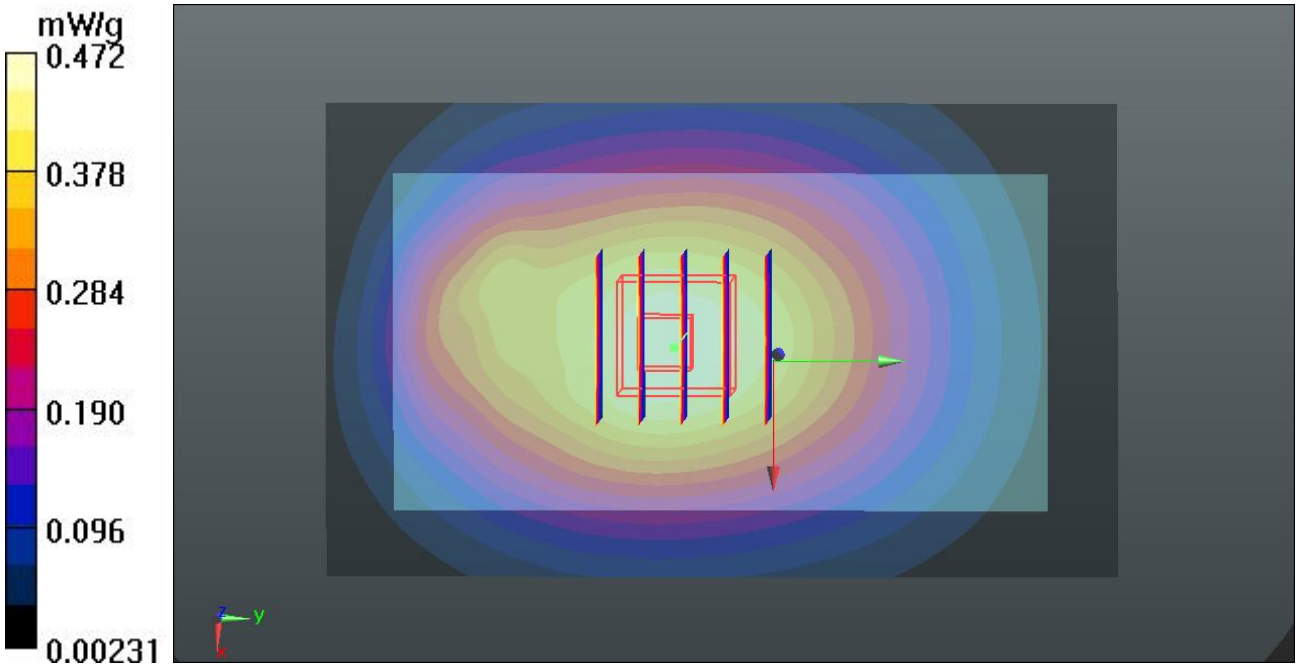
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.472 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.949 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5840
SAR(1 g) = 0.450 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 mW/g



17 GSM850_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch128_Battery#2_Quancheng

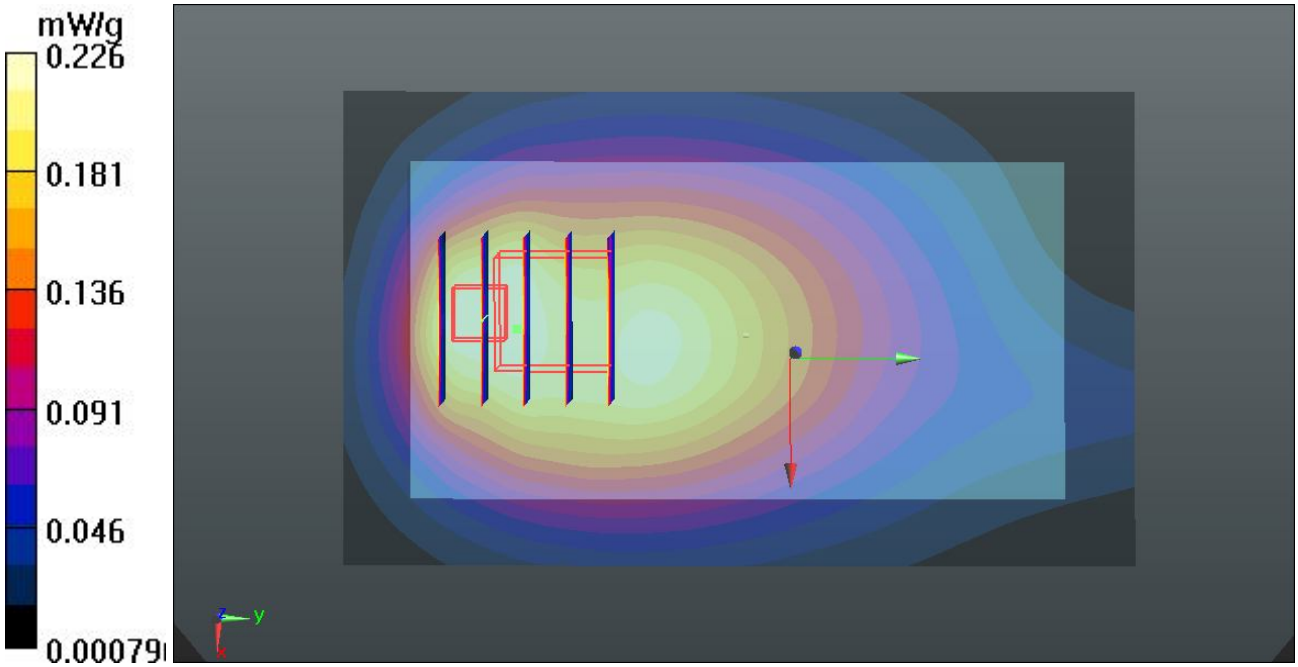
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.944 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4760
SAR(1 g) = 0.222 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 mW/g



18 GSM850_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch128_Battery#2_Lianchuang

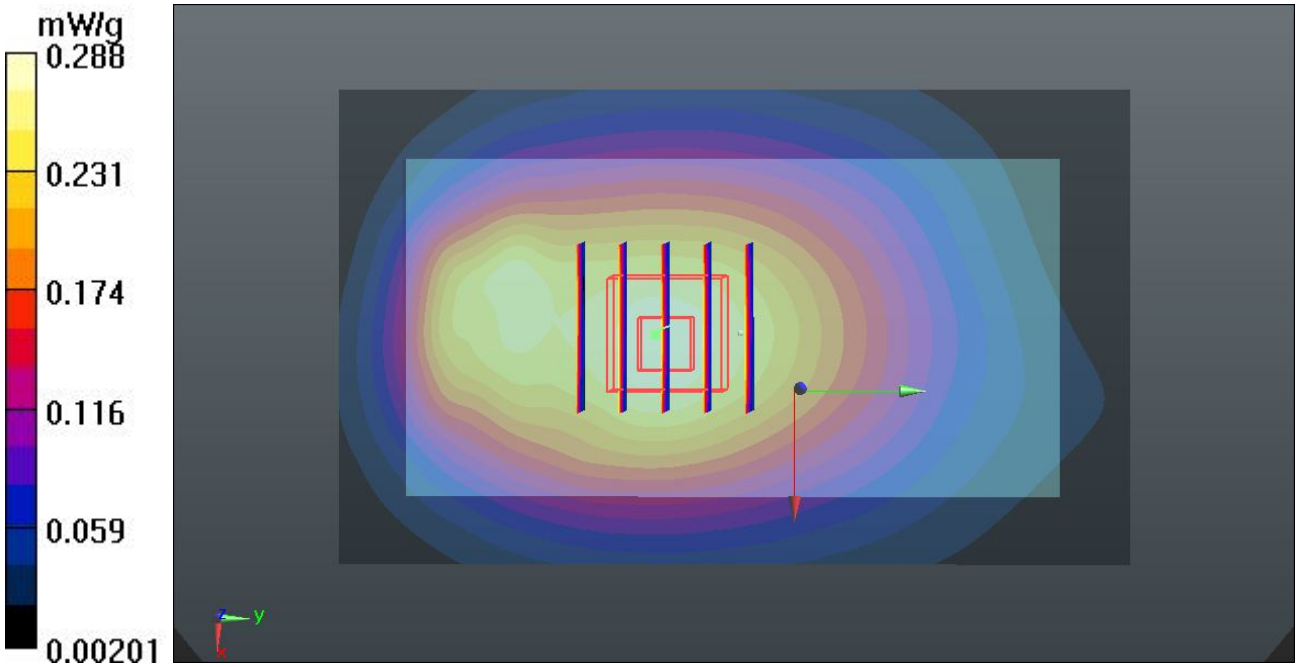
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_835_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.966 mho/m; ε_r = 54.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.288 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.585 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3600
SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g



01 GSM1900_GPRS10_Front_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1

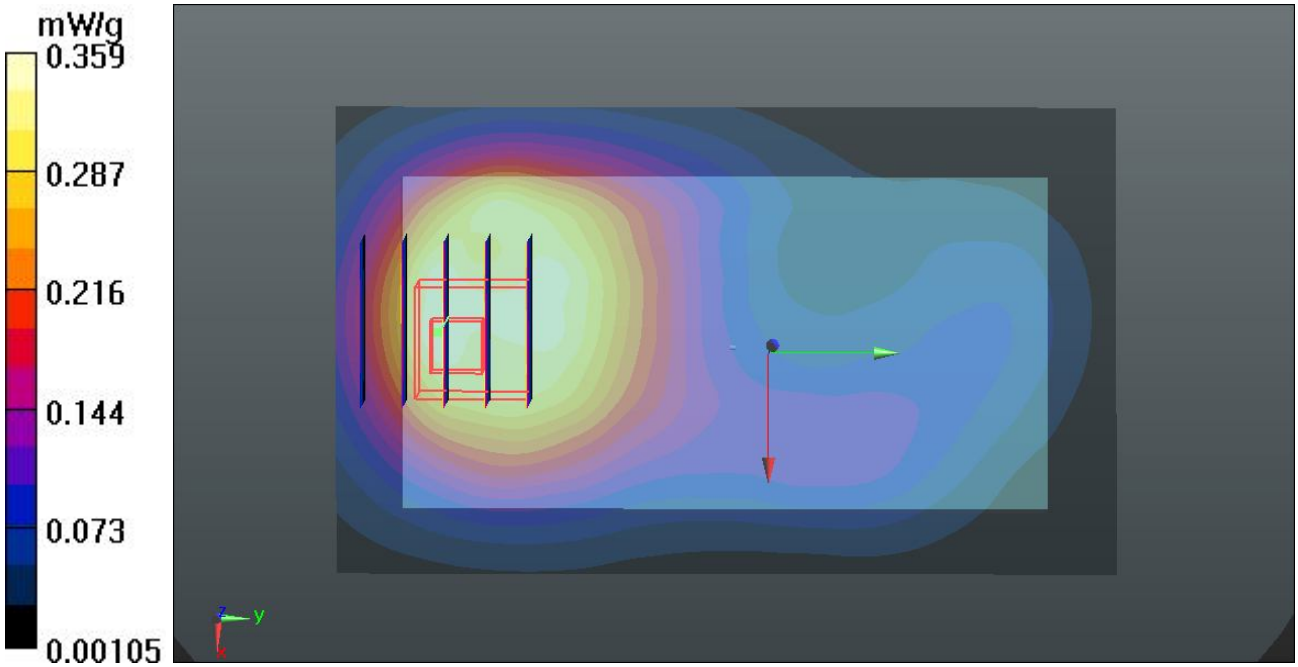
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.264 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0012 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5580
SAR(1 g) = 0.323 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 mW/g



02 GSM1900_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1

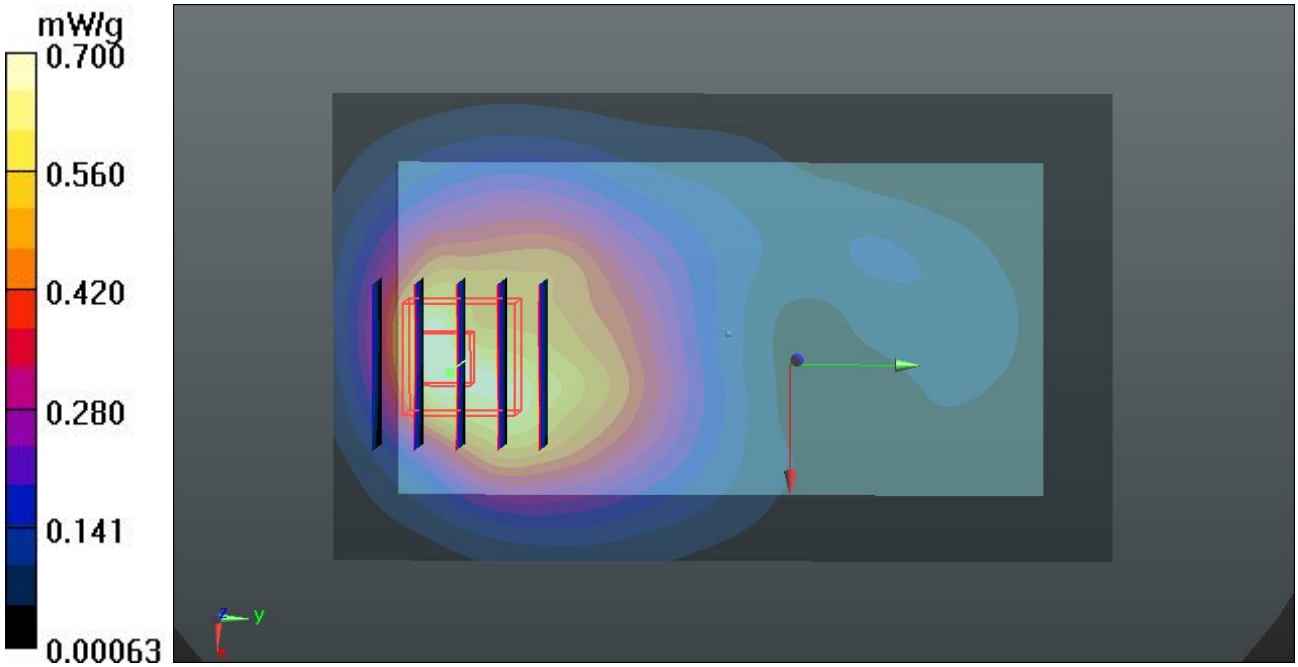
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.700 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1790
SAR(1 g) = 0.676 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.751 mW/g



03 GSM1900_GPRS10_Left Side_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1

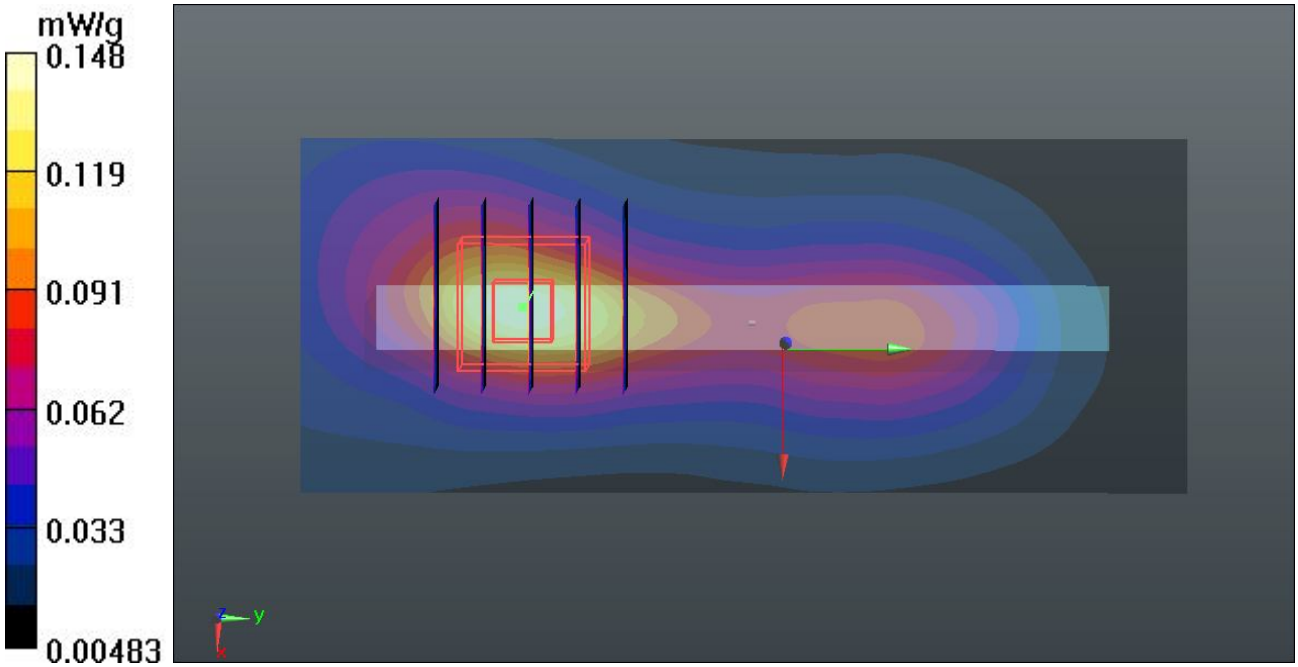
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.148 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.415 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2260
SAR(1 g) = 0.132 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 mW/g



04 GSM1900_GPRS10_Right Side_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1

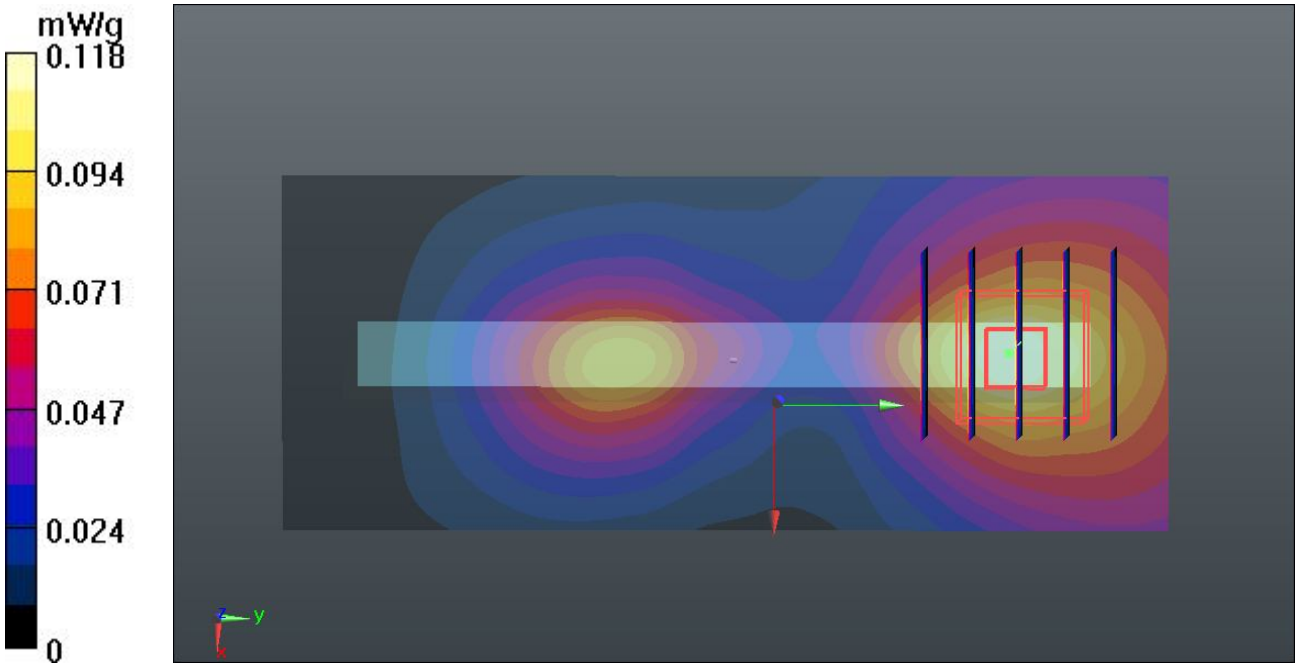
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.118 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.999 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1730
SAR(1 g) = 0.107 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.05.2012

05 GSM1900_GPRS10_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1

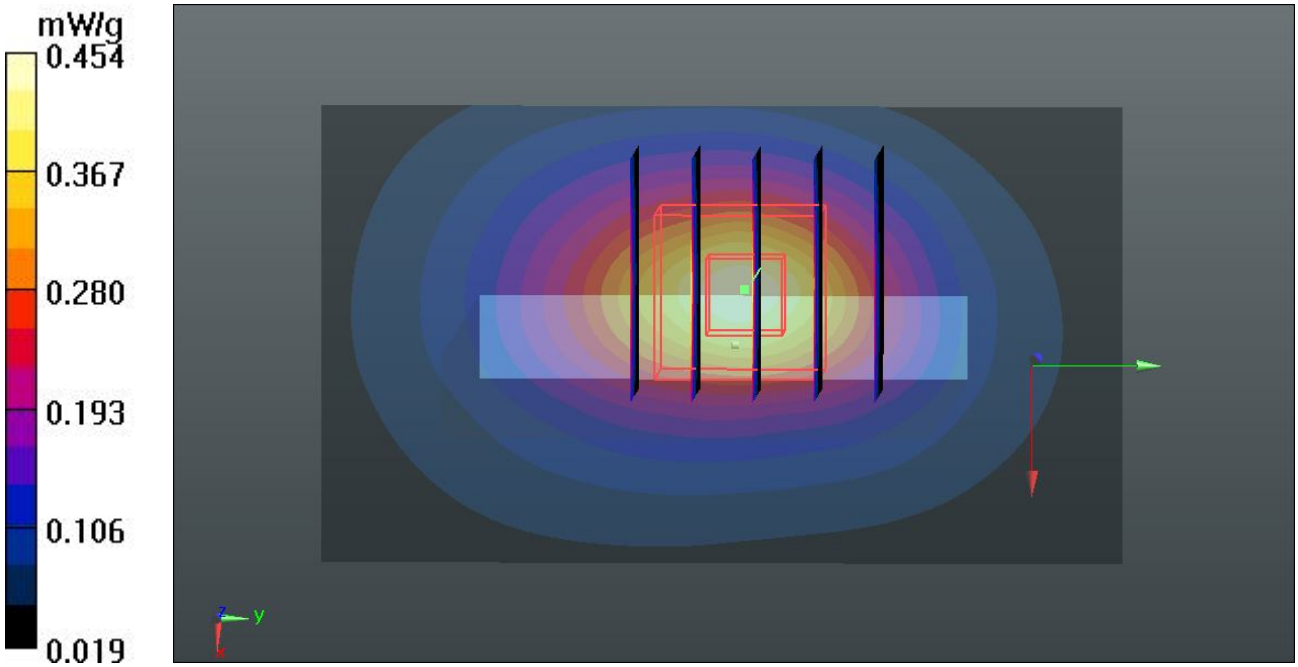
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.454 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.265 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.6860
SAR(1 g) = 0.402 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.442 mW/g



06 GSM1900_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch810_Battery#2

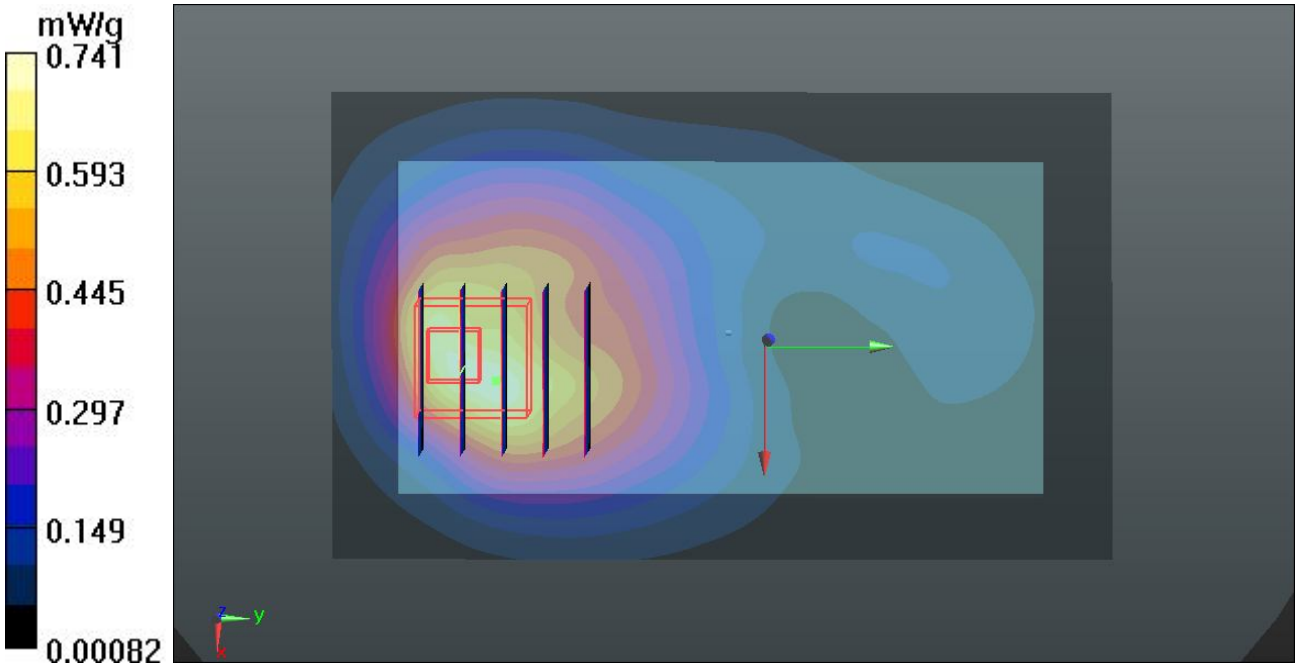
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.741 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.835 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1200
SAR(1 g) = 0.665 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.740 mW/g



07 GSM1900_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch810_Battery#3

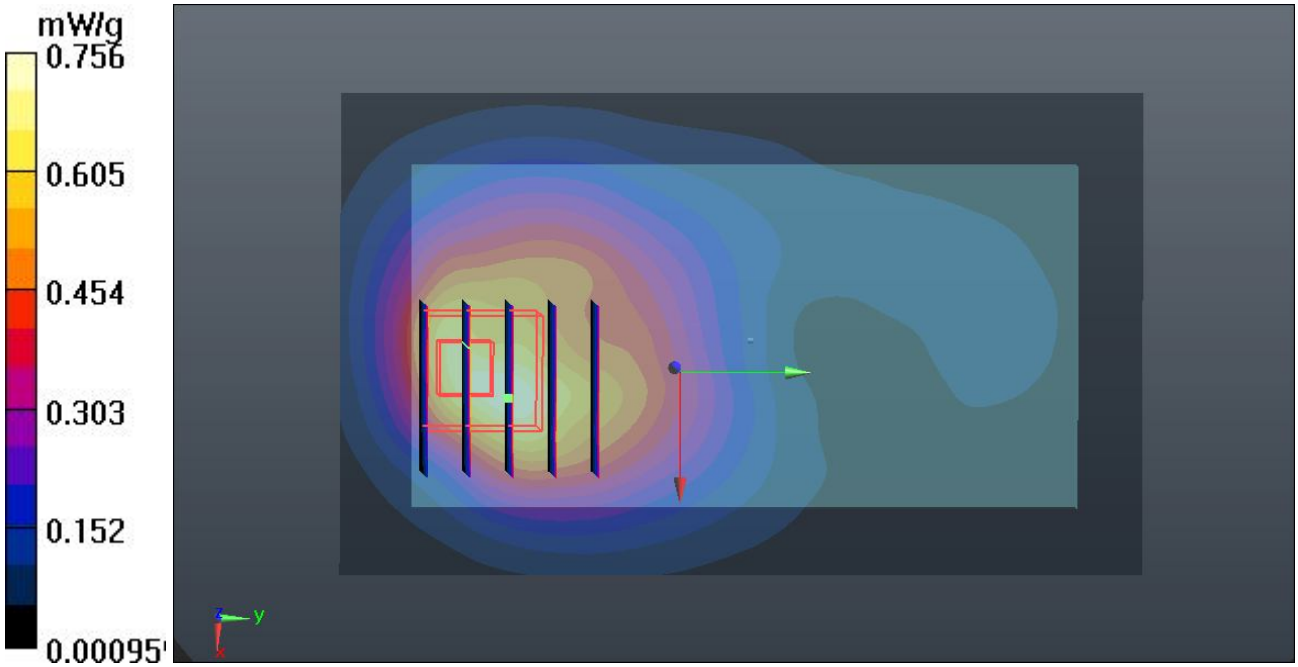
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.756 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.525 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1060
SAR(1 g) = 0.648 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.714 mW/g



08 GSM1900_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1_Quancheng

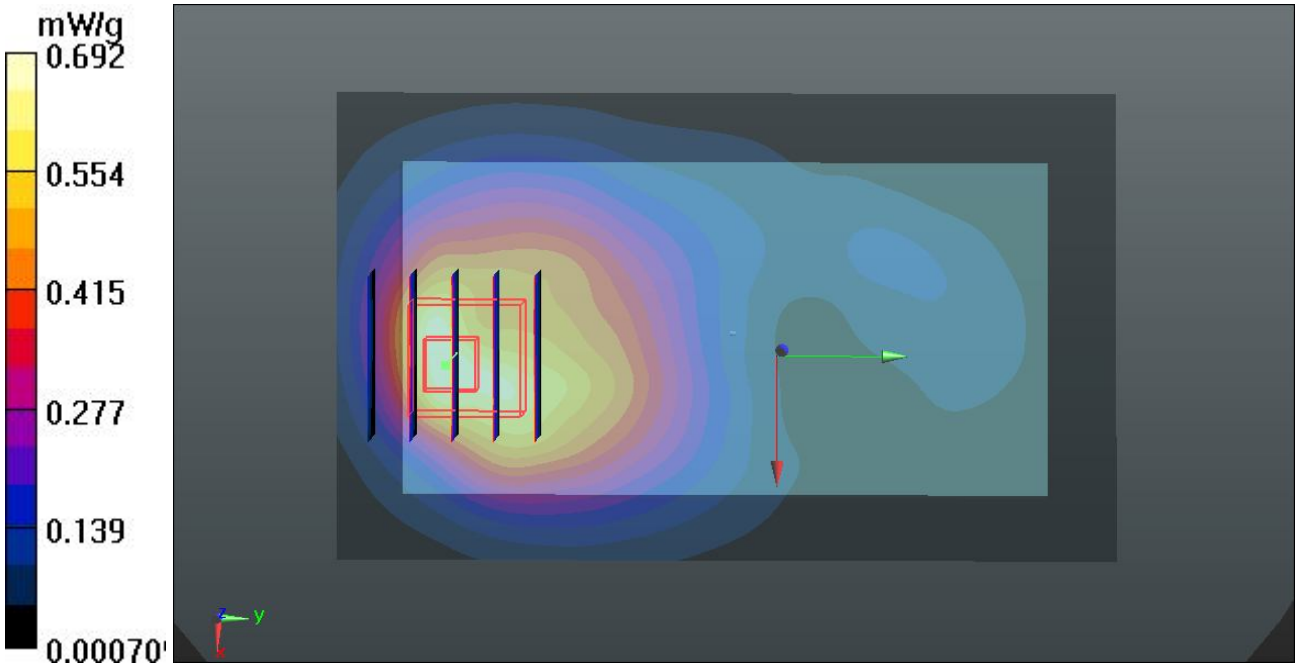
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.692 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.291 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1540
SAR(1 g) = 0.664 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.756 mW/g



09 GSM1900_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1_Lianchuang

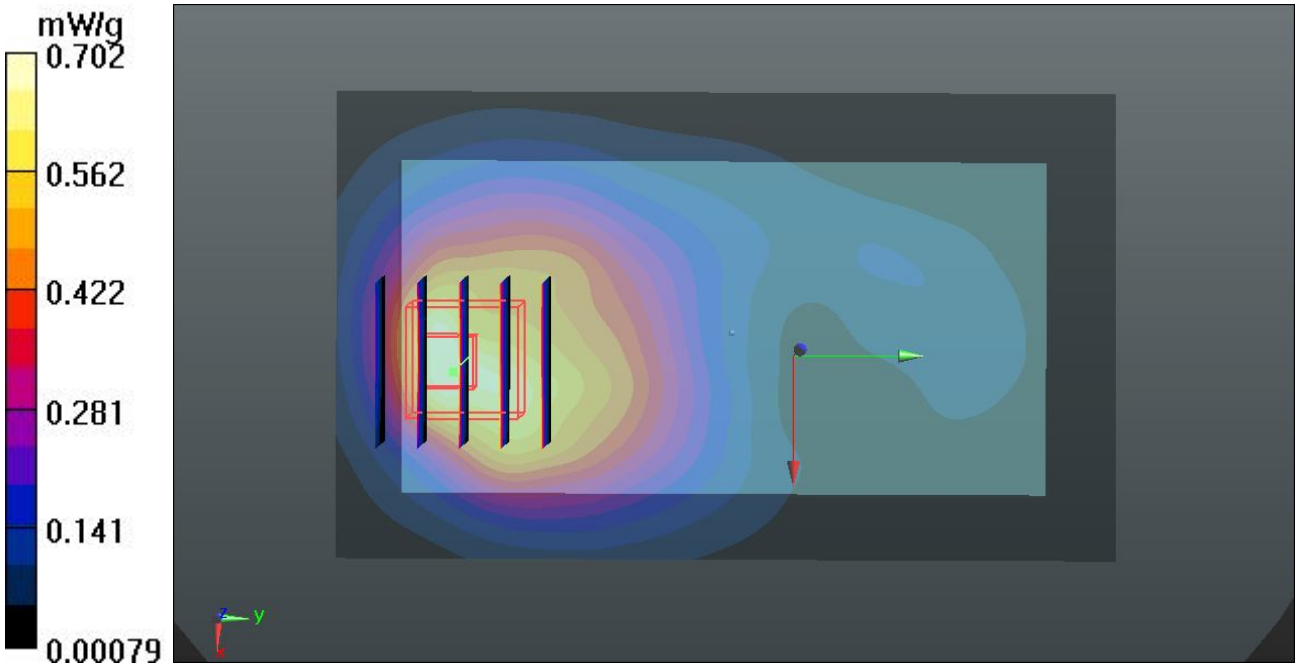
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.702 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.788 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1970
SAR(1 g) = 0.680 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.757 mW/g



09 GSM1900_GPRS10_Back_1cm_Ch810_Battery#1_Lianchuang_2D

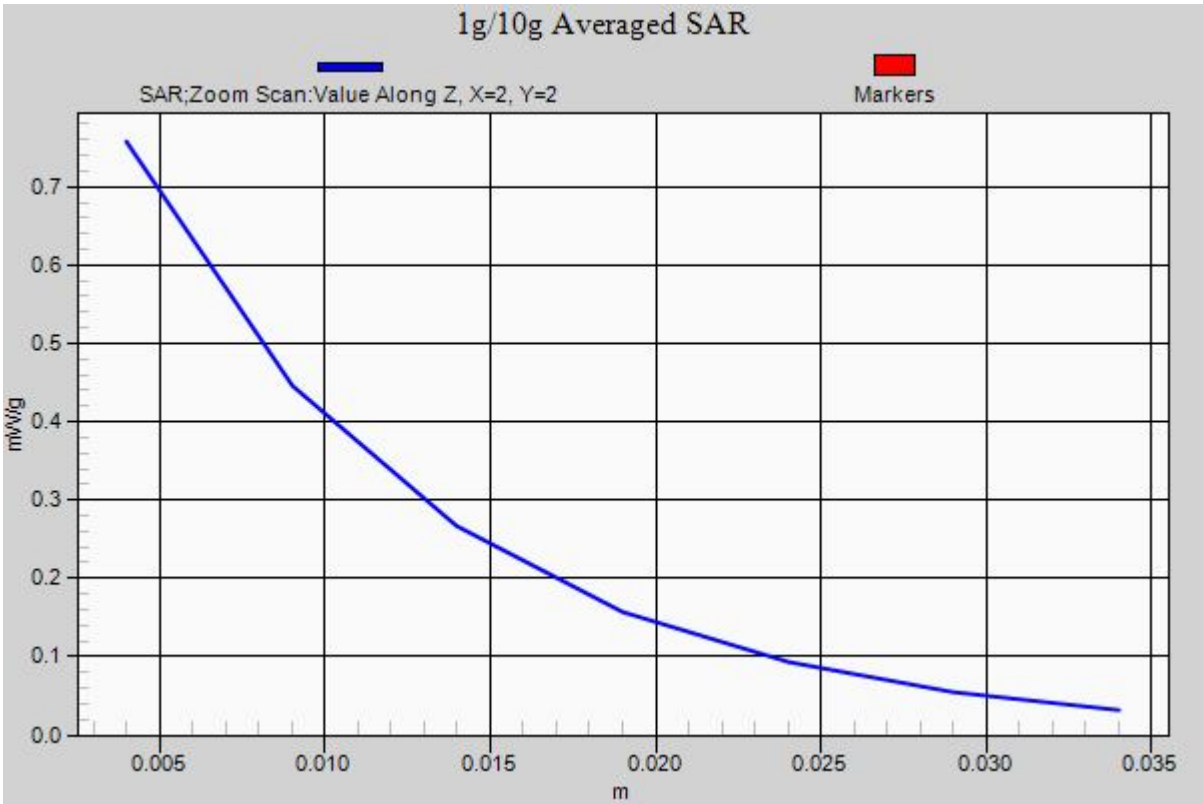
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900_120512 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.537 mho/m; ε_r = 53.954; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.702 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.788 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1970
SAR(1 g) = 0.680 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.757 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 03.05.2012

37 802.11b_Front_1cm_Ch1 _Battery#1

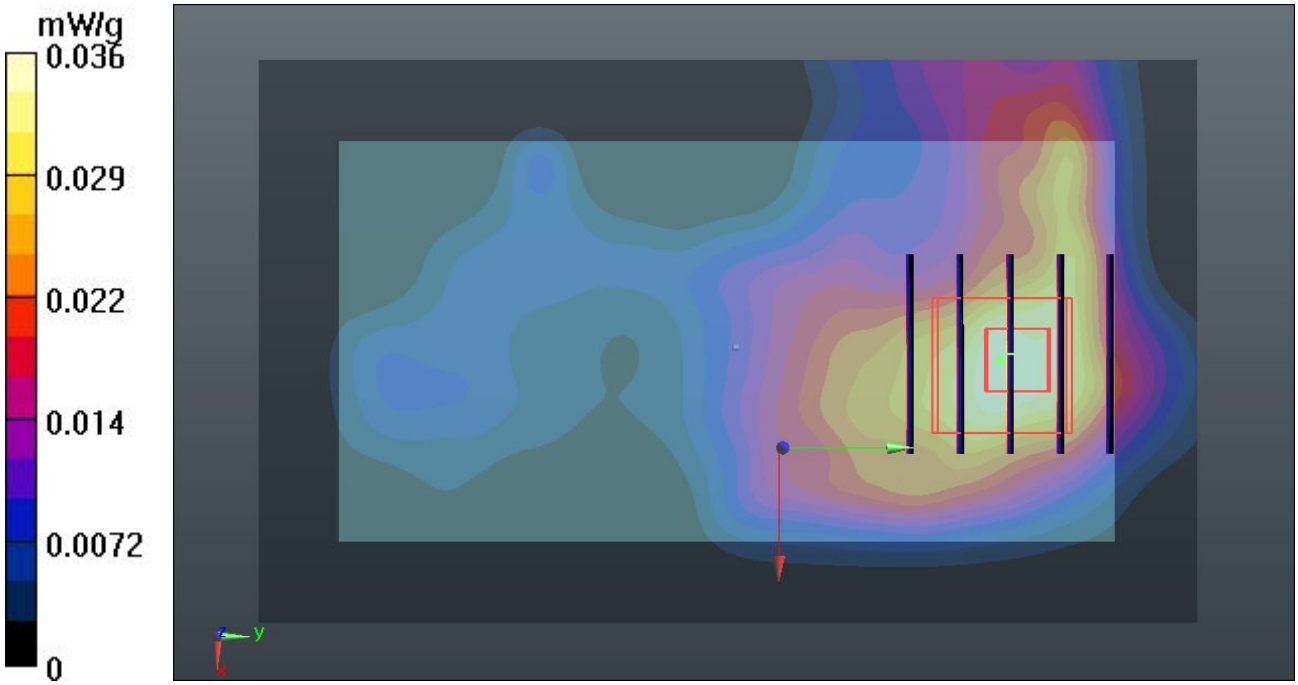
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.036 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.135 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0530
SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.035 mW/g



38 802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch1_Battery#1

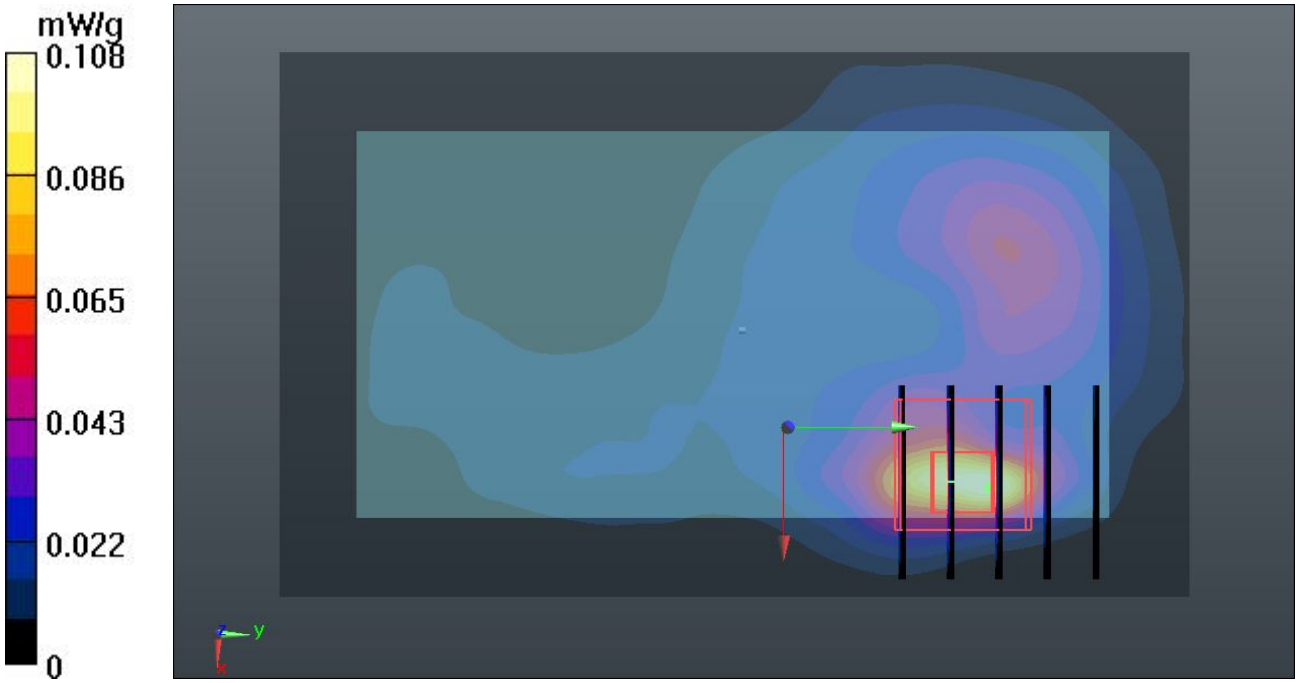
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.815 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2290
SAR(1 g) = 0.099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 mW/g



39 802.11b_Left Side_1cm_Ch1_Battery#1

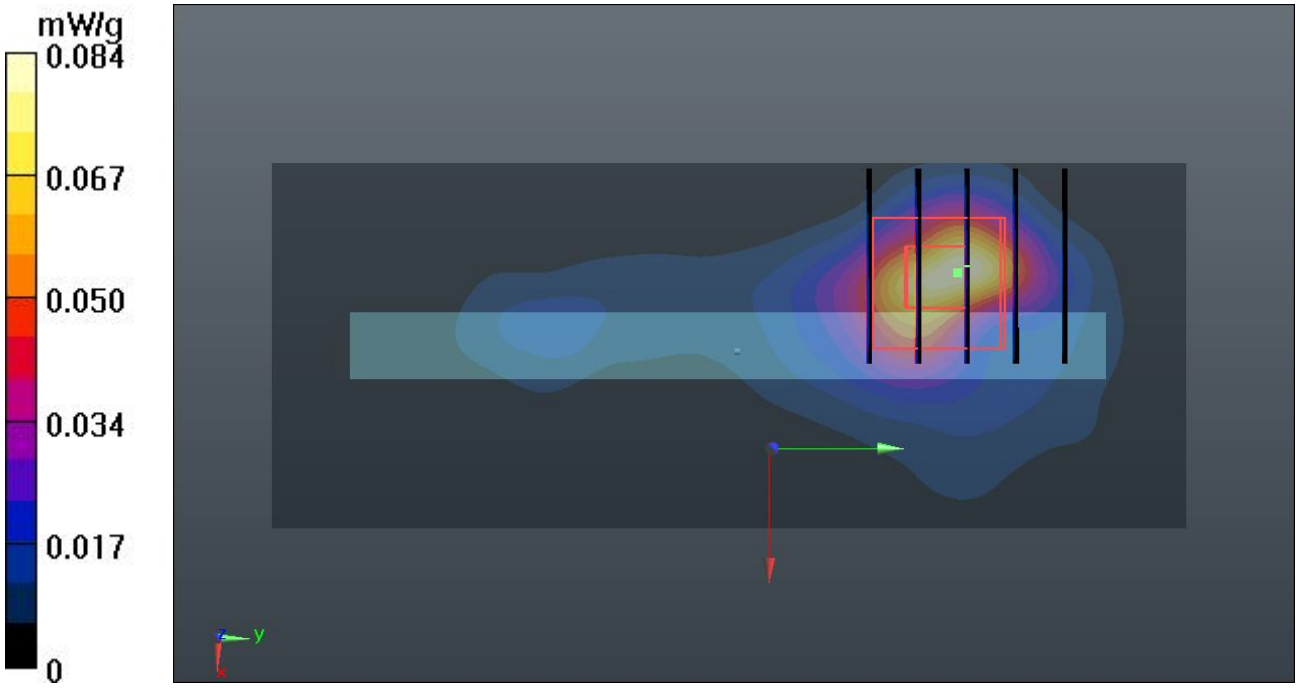
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.084 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.891 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1240
SAR(1 g) = 0.065 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.077 mW/g



40 802.11b_Top Side_1cm_Ch1_Battery#1

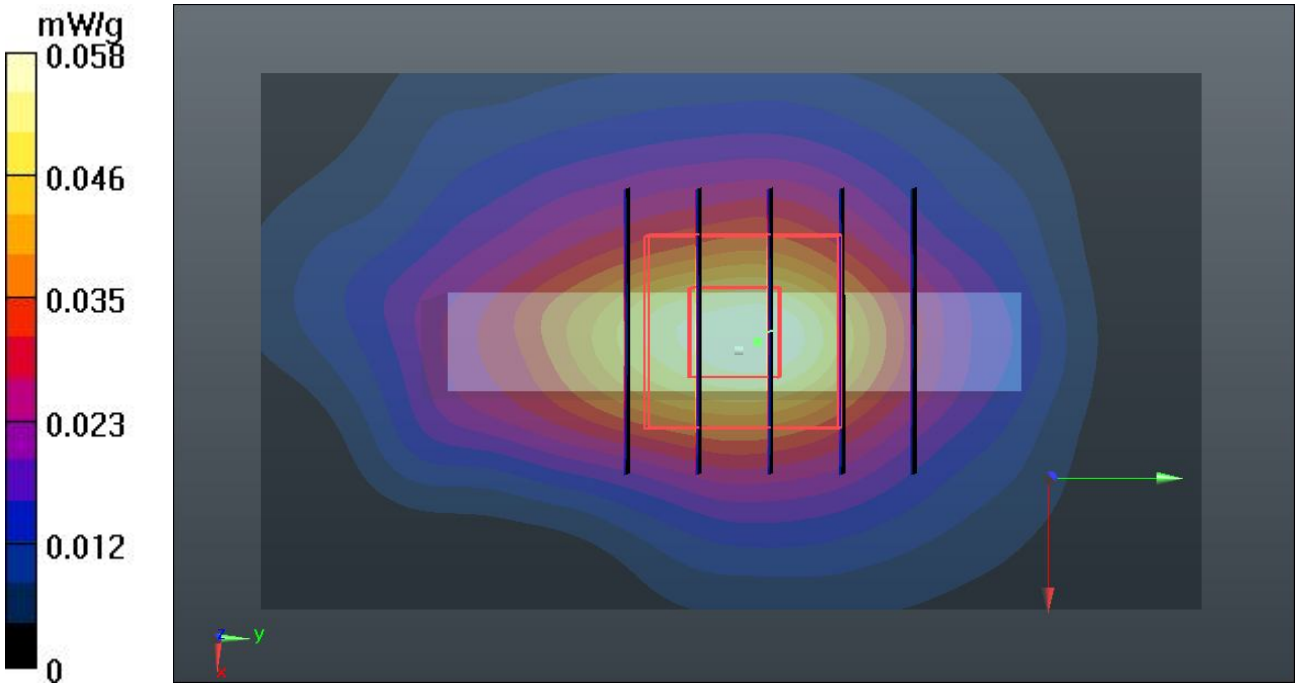
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.058 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.441 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0910
SAR(1 g) = 0.053 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.059 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 09.05.2012

41 802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch1_Battery#2

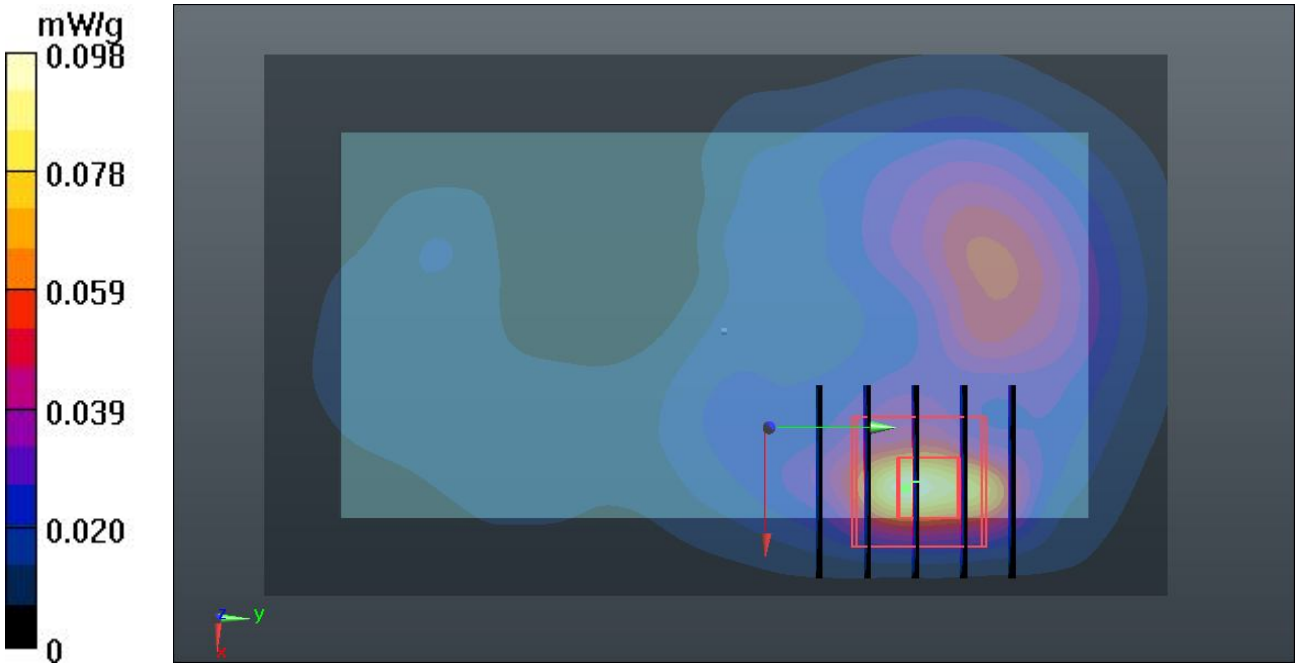
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120509 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.87 mho/m; ε_r = 54.093; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.098 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.945 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2180
SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 mW/g



42 802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch1_Battery#3

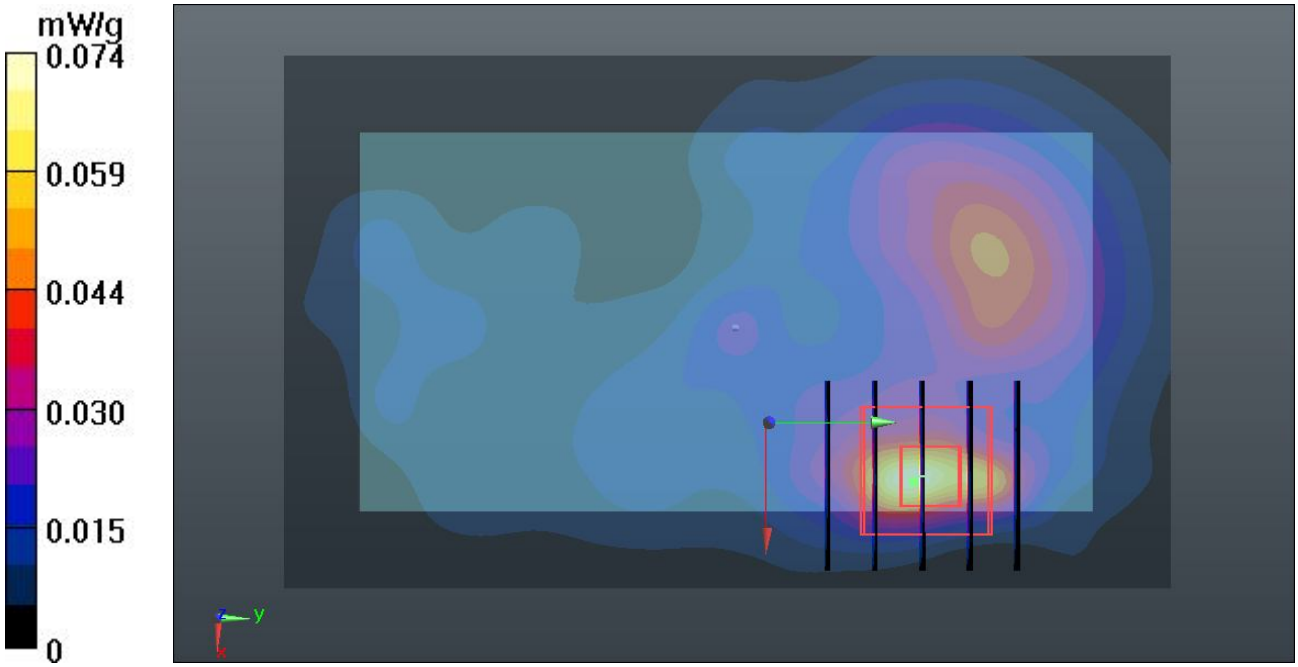
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120509 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.87 mho/m; ε_r = 54.093; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 12.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.074 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.289 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1560
SAR(1 g) = 0.066 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g



43 802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch1_Battery#1_Quancheng

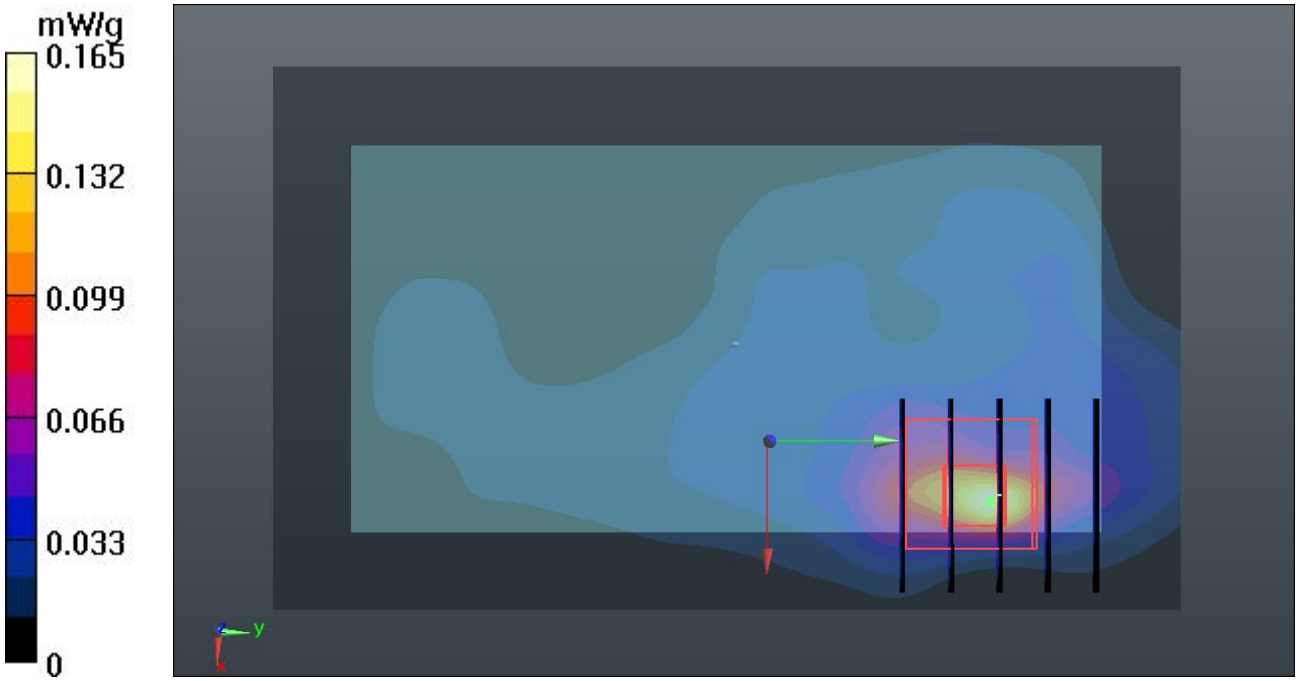
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.234 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3380
SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 mW/g



43 802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch1_Battery#1_Quancheng_2D

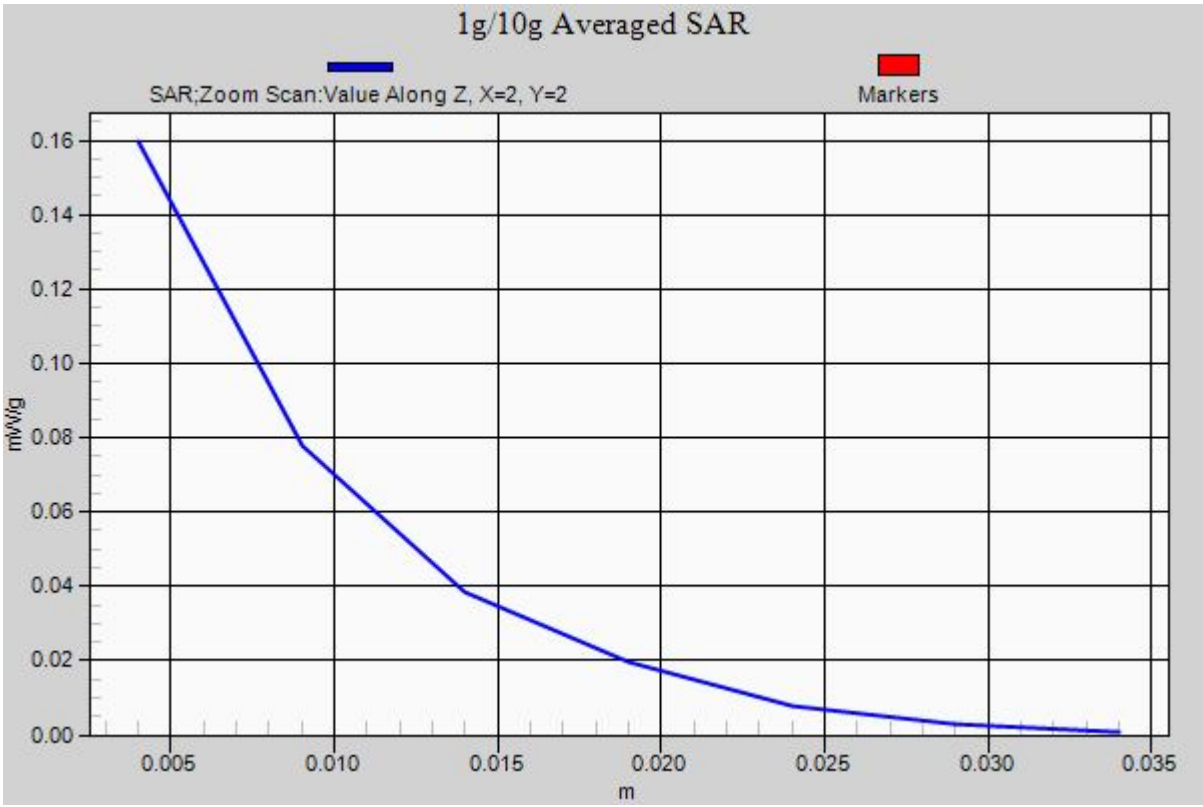
DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.234 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3380
SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 mW/g

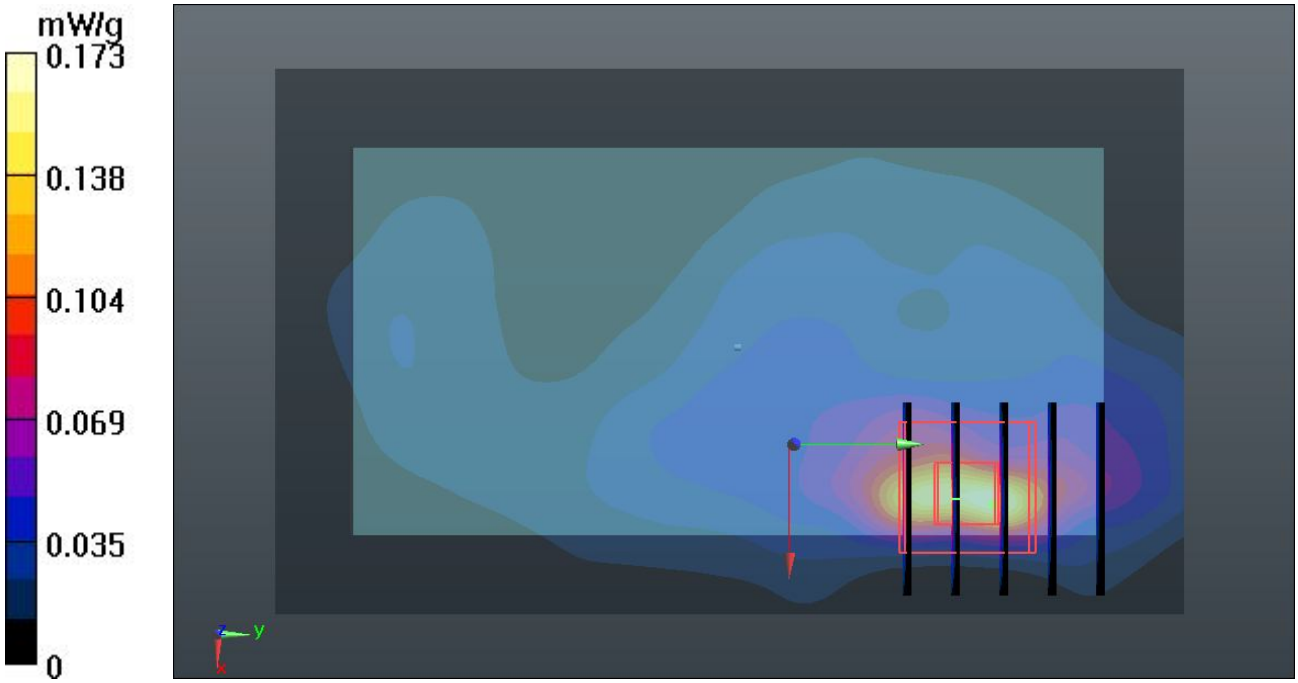


44 802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch1_Battery#1_Lianchuang

DUT: 240601-01

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_120503 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.933 mho/m; ε_r = 53.535; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Ch1/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.173 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.075 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2620
SAR(1 g) = 0.138 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 mW/g