



Full

SAR TEST REPORT

No. 2014SAR0039-1

For

Client : Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Production : WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone

Model Name : HUAWEI Y600-U351

Hardware Version: MOLY.WR8.W1315.MD.WG.MP.V11.P4

Software Version: Y600-U151V100R001C00B007

Issued date: 2014-03-18

FCC ID: QISY600-U351

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of ECIT Shanghai.

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Revision Version

Report Number	Revision	Date	Memo
2014SAR0039-1	00	2014/03/18	Initial creation of test report

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name: ECIT Shanghai, East China Institute of Telecommunications
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1.2 Testing Environment

Normal Temperature: 15-35°C
Relative Humidity: 20-75%
Ambient noise & Reflection: < 0.012 W/kg

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader: Wang Yaqiong
Testing Start Date: Dec 04, 2013
Testing End Date: Mar 18, 2014

1.4 Signature

Hu Jiajing

(Prepared this test report)

Yu Naiping

(Reviewed this test report)

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Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HUAWEI Y600-U351 are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 22.4%)

Table 2.1: Max. Reported SAR (1g)

Band	Position/Distance	Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg)
GSM 850	Head/0mm	0.452
	Body/10mm	1.06
GSM 1900	Head/0mm	0.355
	Body/10mm	0.733
WCDMA 850	Head/0mm	0.456
	Body/10mm	0.696
WCDMA 1900	Head/0mm	0.836
	Body/10mm	0.975
Wi-Fi	Head/0mm	0.062
	Body/10mm	0.171

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in chapter 7 of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 3 of this test report. The maximum reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are:
Body : **1.06 W/kg (1g)**.

NOTE:

- 1.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
- 2.Body Mode include Body-worn Mode and Hotspot Mode,The measurement of Body-worn Mode include hotspot mode test.

The sample has three antennas. One is main antenna for GSM/WCDMA, and the other two is for WiFi/BT and GPS. So simultaneous transmission is GSM/WCDMA and WiFi/BT.

Table 2.2: Simultaneous SAR (1g)

Simultaneous Transmission SAR(W/Kg)									
Test Position			GSM 850	GSM 1900	WCDMA B V	WCDMA B II	WIFI	BT note	SUM
Head	Left	Cheek	0.452	0.331	0.456	0.465	0.047	0.178	0.643
		Tilt 15°	0.263	0.105	0.276	0.184	0.062	0.178	0.454
	Right	Cheek	0.409	0.355	0.424	0.836	0.039	0.178	1.014
		Tilt 15°	0.293	0.104	0.267	0.261	0.040	0.178	0.471
Body	Phantom Side		0.890	0.733	0.585	0.975	0.052	0.089	1.064
	Ground Side		1.06	0.643	0.696	0.890	0.096	0.089	1.156
	Left Side		0.455	0.083	0.266	0.094	0.010	0.089	0.544
	Right Side		0.410	0.119	0.308	0.140	0.065	0.089	0.499
	Top Side		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.171	0.089	N/A
	Bottom Side		0.121	0.619	0.169	0.817	0.00568	0.089	0.906

According to the above table, the maximum sum of reported SAR values for GSM and WiFi is **1.156 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address /Post: Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co.,
Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C
City: Shenzhen
Country: China

3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address /Post: Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co.,
Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C
City: Shenzhen
Country: China



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone
Model name:	HUAWEI Y600-U351
Operation Model(s):	GSM850/1900,WCDMA1900/850,Wifi2450
Tx Frequency:	824-849,1850-1910MHz (GSM) 1852-1908 MHz, 826-847MHz (WCDMA) 2412-2462 MHz (Wi-Fi) 2402 - 2480 MHz (BT)
Test device Production information:	Production unit
GPRS Class Mode:	B
GPRS Multislot Class:	12
Device type:	Portable device
UE category:	3
Antenna type:	Inner antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset
Form factor:	14.4cm×7.4cm
Hotspot Mode:	Support simultaneous transmission of hotspot and voice (or data)
FCC ID:	QISY600-U351

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version:
N01	IMEI:-----	MOLY.WR8.W1315.MD.W G.MP.V11.P4.	Y600-U351V100R001 C00B005

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
B03	Battery	HB505076RBC	1435BAD920	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
A02	Headset	N/A	N/A	N/A

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IC RSS-102 ISSUE4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

IEEE1528a-2005: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head From Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01r02: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB248227 SAR meas for 802.11abg v01r02: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters.

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB865664 D01 v01r03: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r03: provides general reporting requirements as well as certain specific information required to support MPE and SAR compliance.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devides v02: Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGE.

KDB941225 D03 SAR test Redution GSM GPRS EDGE v01: Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGE.



KDB941225 D06 hotspot SAR v01r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities.

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r01:SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

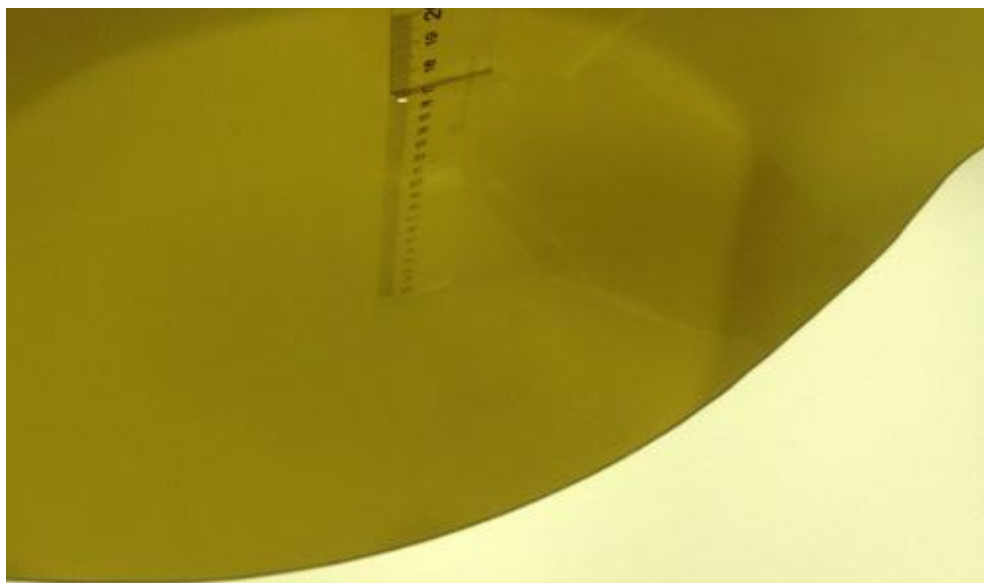
Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity (ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date : 835 MHz Head <u>Dec 4, 2013</u> 1900 MHz Head <u>Dec 8, 2013</u> 835 MHz Body <u>Jan 3, 2014</u> 1900 MHz Body <u>Jan 6, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Head <u>Jan 2, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Body <u>Jan 2, 2014</u> 835 MHz Head <u>Mar 14, 2014</u> 1900 MHz Head <u>Mar 14, 2014</u> 835 MHz Body <u>Mar 13, 2014</u> 1900 MHz Body <u>Mar 17, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Head <u>Mar 13, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Body <u>Mar 18, 2014</u>						
/	Type	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
Measurement value	Head	835 MHz	41.04	-1.10%	0.917	1.88%
	Body	835 MHz	55.15	0.09%	0.9989	2.97%
	Head	1900 MHz	39.64	-0.90%	1.385	-1.07%
	Body	1900 MHz	53.24	0.11%	1.524	0.26%
	Head	2450 MHz	39.12	0.84%	1.809	1.33%
	Body	2450 MHz	53.95	2.37%	1.918	1.64%
	Head	835 MHz	41.00	-1.20%	0.923	2.55%
	Body	835 MHz	55.20	0.00%	1.002	4.57%
	Head	1900 MHz	39.64	-0.90%	1.384	-1.14%
	Body	1900 MHz	53.49	0.35%	1.577	3.75%
	Head	2450 MHz	39.48	0.71%	1.858	3.22%
	Body	2450 MHz	54.00	2.46%	1.925	-1.28%



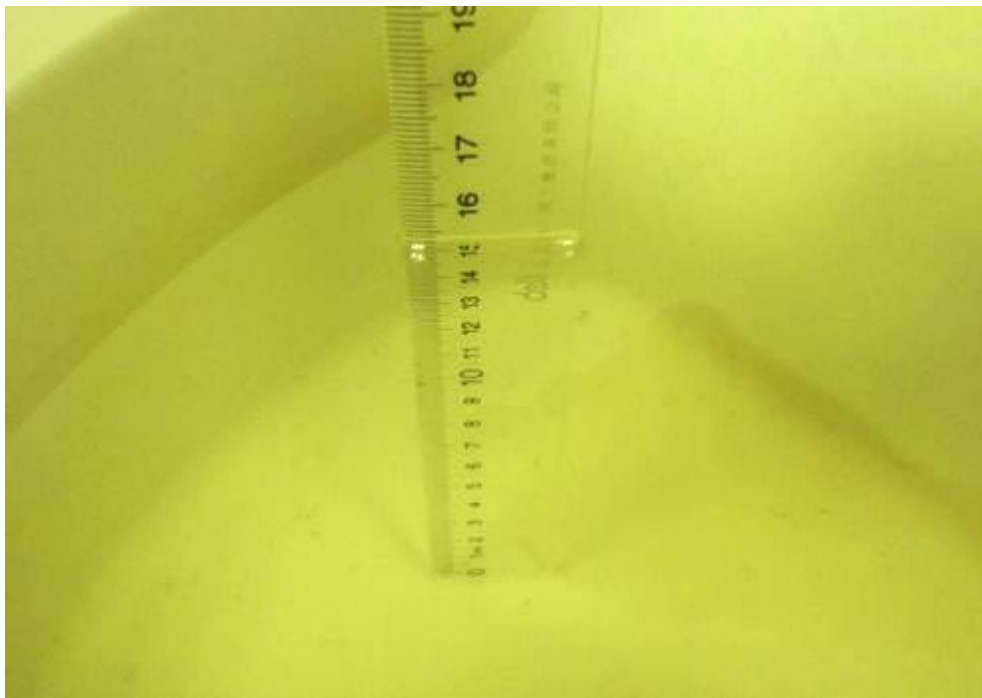
Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz Head)



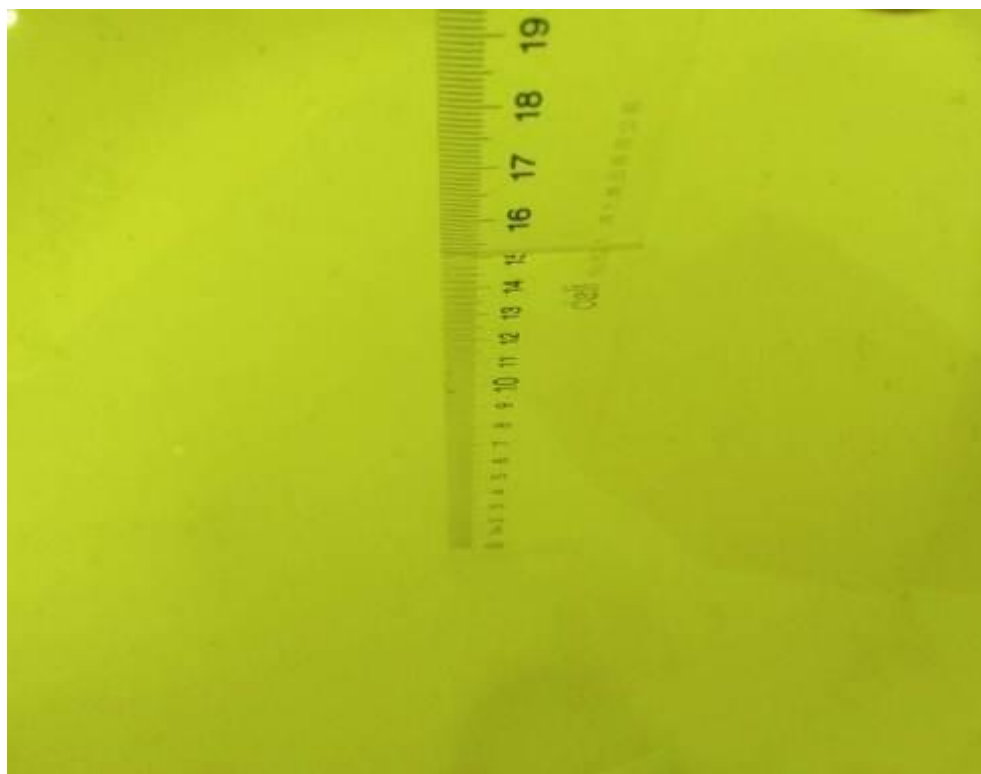
Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz Head)



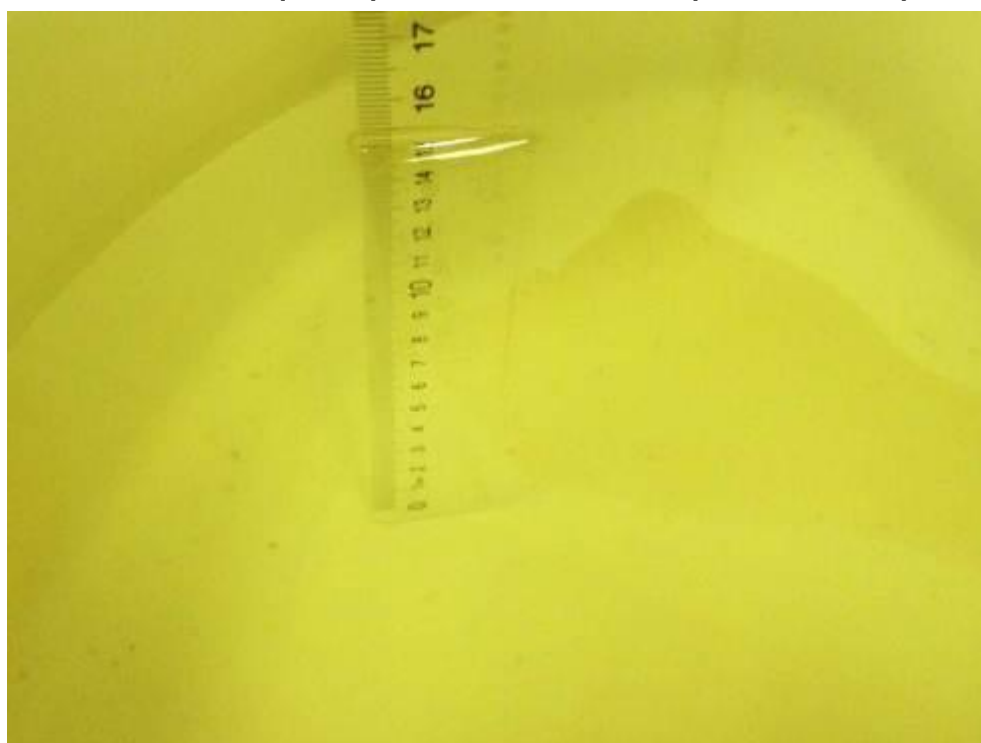
Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz Body)



Picture 7-4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz Body)



Picture 7-5: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450 MHz Head)

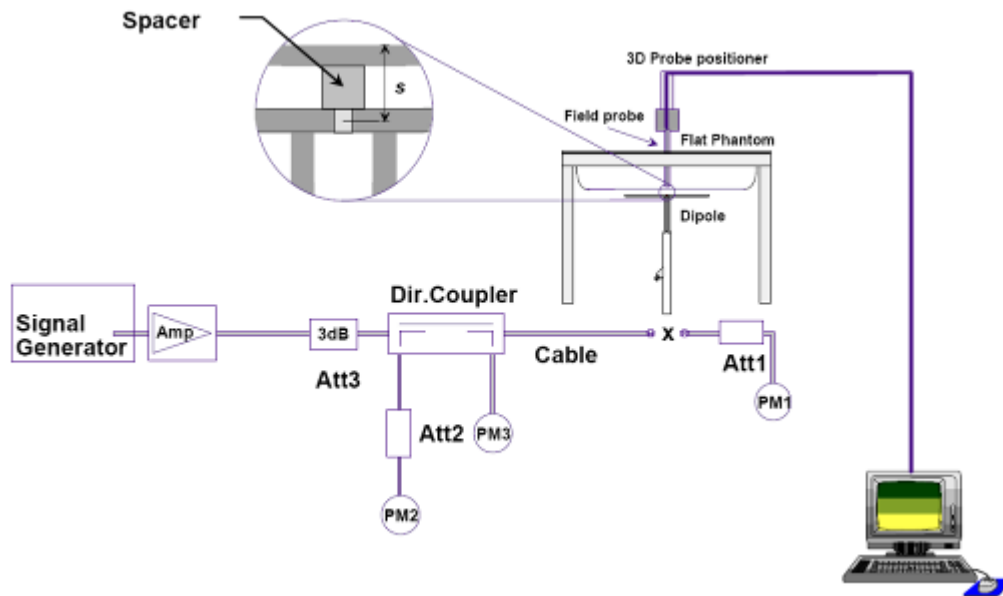


Picture 7-6: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450 MHz Body)

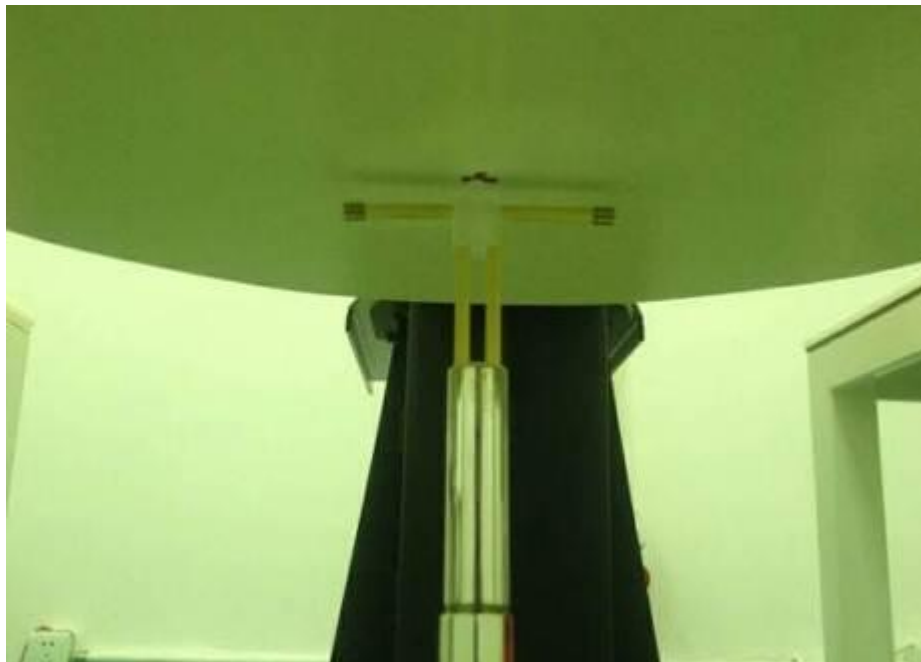
8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement Date : 835 MHz Head <u>Dec 4, 2013</u> 1900 MHz Head <u>Dec 8, 2013</u> 2450 MHz Head <u>Jan 2, 2014</u> 835 MHz Head <u>Mar 14, 2014</u> 1900 MHz Head <u>Mar 14, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Head <u>Mar 13, 2014</u>							
Input power level: 250mW							
Verification results	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
	835 MHz	5.98	9.12	6.20	9.48	3.68%	3.95%
	1900 MHz	22.2	42.7	21.80	41.56	-1.80%	-2.67%
	2450 MHz	23.0	49.5	23.96	50.56	4.17%	2.14%
	835 MHz	5.98	9.12	6.44	9.84	7.69%	7.89%
	1900 MHz	22.2	42.7	21.52	42.0	-3.06%	-1.63%
	2450 MHz	23.0	49.5	22.96	48.8	-0.17%	-1.41%

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement Date : 835 MHz Body <u>Jan 3, 2014</u> 1900 MHz Body <u>Jan 6, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Body <u>Jan 2, 2014</u> 835 MHz Body <u>Mar 13, 2014</u> 1900 MHz Body <u>Mar 17, 2014</u> 2450 MHz Body <u>Mar 18, 2014</u>							
Input power level: 250mW							
Verification results	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
	835 MHz	6.06	9.15	6.52	9.76	7.59%	6.67%
	1900 MHz	22.7	43.4	21.96	41.04	-3.26%	-5.44%
	2450 MHz	22.2	47.7	22.64	48.16	1.98%	0.96%
	835 MHz	6.06	9.15	5.96	8.96	-1.65%	-2.08%
	1900 MHz	22.7	43.4	22.36	43.6	-1.50%	0.46%
	2450 MHz	22.2	47.7	24.2	51.6	9.01%	8.18%

9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

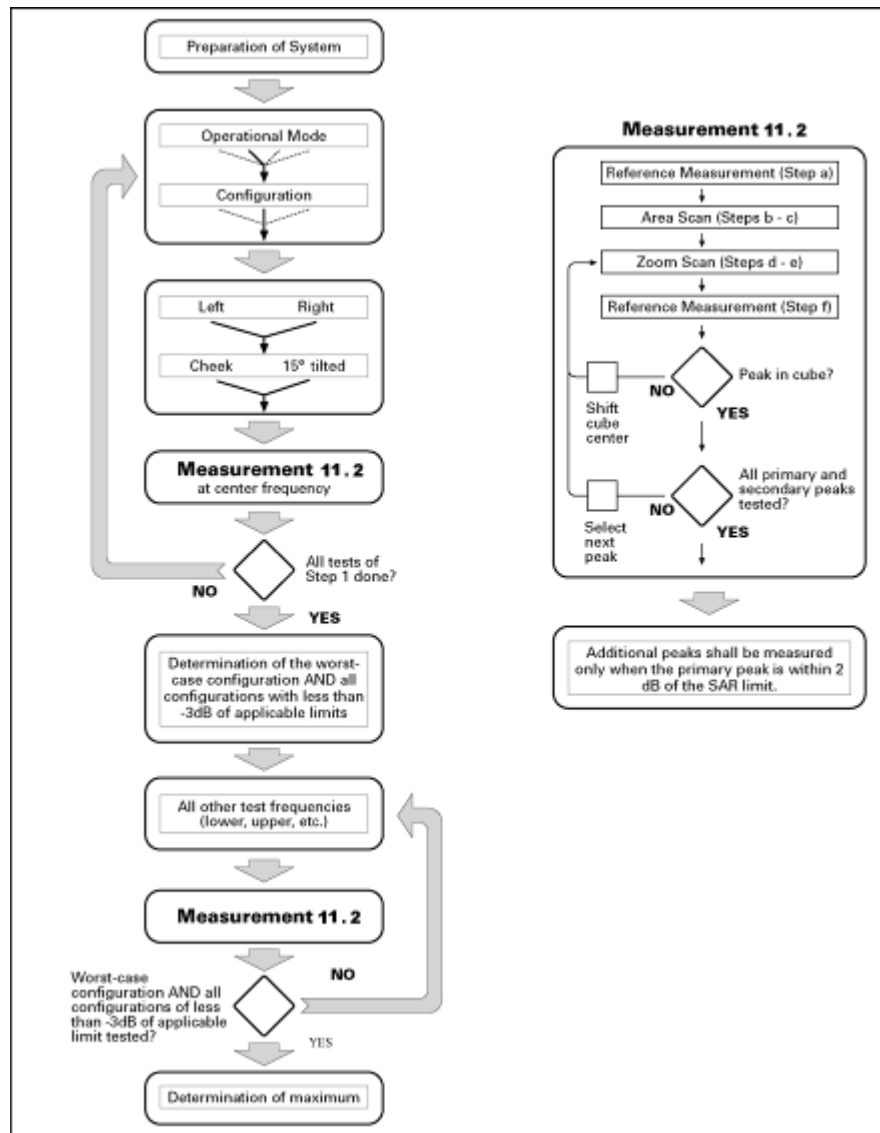
Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in Chapter 8),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The following procedure shall be performed for each of the test conditions (see Picture 11.1) described in 11.1:

- Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm or less in the normal direction from the inner surface of the phantom.
- Measure the two-dimensional SAR distribution within the phantom (area scan procedure). The boundary of the measurement area shall not be closer than 20 mm from the phantom side walls. The distance between the measurement points should enable the detection of the location of local maximum with an accuracy of better than half the linear dimension of the tissue cube after interpolation. A maximum grip spacing of 20 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $(60/f \text{ [GHz]})$ mm for frequencies of 3GHz and greater is recommended. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for

frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. The maximum variation of the sensor-phantom surface shall be ± 1 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and ± 0.5 mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater. At all measurement points the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface should be less than 5° . If this cannot be achieved for a measurement distance to the phantom inner surface shorter than the probe diameter, additional uncertainty evaluation is needed.

c) From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that are not within the zoom-scan volume; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit. This is consistent with the 2 dB threshold already stated;

d) Measure the three-dimensional SAR distribution at the local maxima locations identified in step c). The horizontal grid step shall be $(24/f[\text{GHz}])$ mm or less but not more than 8 mm. The minimum zoom size of 30 mm by 30 mm and 30 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz. For higher frequencies, the minimum zoom size of 22 mm by 22 mm and 22 mm. The grid step in the vertical direction shall be $(8-f[\text{GHz}])$ mm or less but not more than 5 mm, if uniform spacing is used. If variable spacing is used in the vertical direction, the maximum spacing between the two closest measured points to the phantom shell shall be $(12 / f[\text{GHz}])$ mm or less but not more than 4 mm, and the spacing between farther points shall increase by an incremental factor not exceeding 1.5. When variable spacing is used, extrapolation routines shall be tested with the same spacing as used in measurements. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. Separate grids shall be centered on each of the local SAR maxima found in step c). Uncertainties due to field distortion between the media boundary and the dielectric enclosure of the probe should also be minimized, which is achieved is the distance between the phantom surface and physical tip of the probe is larger than probe tip diameter. Other methods may utilize correction procedures for these boundary effects that enable high precision measurements closer than half the probe diameter. For all measurement points, the angle of the probe with respect to the flat phantom surface shall be less than 5° . If this cannot be achieved an additional uncertainty evaluation is needed.

e) Use post processing(e.g. interpolation and extrapolation) procedures to determine the local SAR values at the spatial resolution needed for mass averaging.

9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for

Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

9.4 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.



9.5 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 13.2 to Table 13.11 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Conducted Output Power

10.1 Manufacturing tolerance

Table 10.1: GSM Speech

GSM 835			
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	33.0	33.0	33.0
GSM 1900			
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0

Table 10.2: GPRS (GMSK Modulation)

GSM 850 GPRS				
Channel		251	190	128
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	33.0	33.0	33.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	31.0	31.0	31.0
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
GSM 1900 GPRS				
Channel		810	661	512
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0

Table 10.3: E-GPRS (GMSK Modulation)

GSM 850 E-GPRS				
Channel		251	190	128
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	33.0	33.0	33.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	31.0	31.0	31.0
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
GSM 1900 E-GPRS				
Channel		810	661	512
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0

Table 10.4: WCDMA

WCDMA 850 CS			
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0
WCDMA 1900 CS			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0

Table 10.5: HSDPA

WCDMA 850				
	Channel	4132	4182	4233
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
WCDMA 1900				
	Channel	9262	9400	9538
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7

Table 10.6: HSUPA

WCDMA 850				
Channel		4132	4182	4233
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
5	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
WCDMA 1900				
Channel		9262	9400	9538
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7
5	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	25.7	25.7	25.7

Table 10.7: WiFi

WiFi 802.11b			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	10.5	10.5	10.5
WiFi 802.11g			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5
WiFi 802.11n			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5

For BT, The Maximum Target Value of tune up power is 6.3dBm.

10.2 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 10.8: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

GSM 835MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)
	31.90	31.91	31.91
GSM 1900MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)
	27.69	27.69	27.67

Table 10.9: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.71	31.72	31.73	-9.03dB	22.68	22.69	22.70
2 Txslots	30.97	30.99	30.98	-6.02dB	24.95	24.97	24.96
3Txslots	29.95	29.98	30.04	-4.26dB	25.69	25.72	25.78
4 Txslots	28.86	28.94	28.95	-3.01dB	25.85	25.93	25.94
GSM 850 E-GPRS(GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.69	31.70	31.71	-9.03dB	22.66	22.67	22.68
2 Txslots	30.99	30.99	30.98	-6.02dB	24.97	24.97	24.96
3Txslots	29.91	29.94	29.97	-4.26dB	25.65	25.68	25.71
4 Txslots	28.81	28.89	28.93	-3.01dB	25.80	25.88	25.92
PCS1900 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	27.49	27.48	27.48	-9.03dB	18.44	18.45	18.45
2 Txslots	26.85	26.86	26.86	-6.02dB	20.83	20.84	20.84
3 Txslots	25.93	25.95	25.92	-4.26dB	21.67	21.69	21.66
4 Txslots	24.98	24.96	24.97	-3.01dB	21.97	21.95	21.96
PCS1900 E-GPRS(GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	27.42	27.46	27.46	-9.03dB	18.42	18.43	18.43
2 Txslots	26.82	26.83	26.83	-6.02dB	20.80	20.81	20.81
3Txslots	25.89	25.91	25.88	-4.26dB	21.64	21.65	21.62
4 Txslots	24.93	24.91	24.92	-3.01dB	21.92	21.90	21.91

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB



2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with GPRS 4Txslots for GSM850 and GSM1900.

10.3 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 10.10: The conducted power for WCDMA850/1900

Item	band	FDDV result(dBm)		
	ARFCN	4233 (846.6MHz)	4182 (836.4MHz)	4132 (826.4MHz)
WCDMA	RMC	22.64	22.54	22.74
HSDPA	1	20.75	20.72	20.87
	2	20.83	20.80	20.95
	3	20.81	20.75	20.90
	4	20.84	20.79	20.96
HSUPA	1	20.73	20.70	20.88
	2	20.85	20.77	20.95
	3	20.82	20.75	20.91
	4	20.83	20.78	20.93
	5	20.74	20.71	20.87
Item	band	FDDII result(dBm)		
	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)
WCDMA	RMC	22.98	22.88	22.86
HSDPA	1	20.58	20.48	20.43
	2	20.67	20.56	20.52
	3	20.63	20.51	20.47
	4	20.66	20.53	20.51
HSUPA	1	20.56	20.46	20.44
	2	20.68	20.54	20.55
	3	20.61	20.49	20.47
	4	20.65	20.55	20.52
	5	20.57	20.47	20.42

Note: HSDPA/HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA/HSUPA and the maximum SAR for WCDMA850 and WCDMA1900 are not above 75% of the SAR limit.

10.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

For GFSK

Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441MHz)	CH78 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	4.26	4.78	4.72

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441MHz)	CH78 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	3.77	4.23	4.23

For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441MHz)	CH78 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	3.81	4.29	4.48

NOTE: BT standalone SAR are not required, because maximum average output power is less than 10mW.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

So,

SAR head value of BT is 0.178W/Kg. SAR body value of BT is 0.089W/Kg.

The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	10.2	10	9.2	9.8
6	10.1	10	9.9	10
11	10.3	10.3	10.3	10

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	8.1	7.9	8	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.9	8
6	8.3	8.2	8.3	8	8.1	8.1	7.9	8.1
11	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.2	8	8.2	8.2

20M 802.11n (dBm)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	8	8	8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9
6	8.2	8.1	8	8.1	8.1	8.2	8	8
11	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.1	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.3

The peak conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	16.45	16.45	13.32	13.35
6	16.94	16.94	16.82	16.8
11	16.89	16.82	18.75	16.76

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	19.52	19.48	19.42	19.41	19.36	19.33	19.4	19.38
6	19.78	19.75	19.77	19.76	19.69	19.68	19.73	19.71
11	19.94	19.9	19.89	19.92	19.85	19.86	19.88	19.9

802.11n (dBm)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	19.44	19.43	19.43	19.43	19.44	19.39	19.44	19.42
6	19.61	18.9	19.52	19.54	19.32	19.56	19.43	19.55
11	19.96	19.83	19.81	19.82	19.35	19.64	19.34	19.88

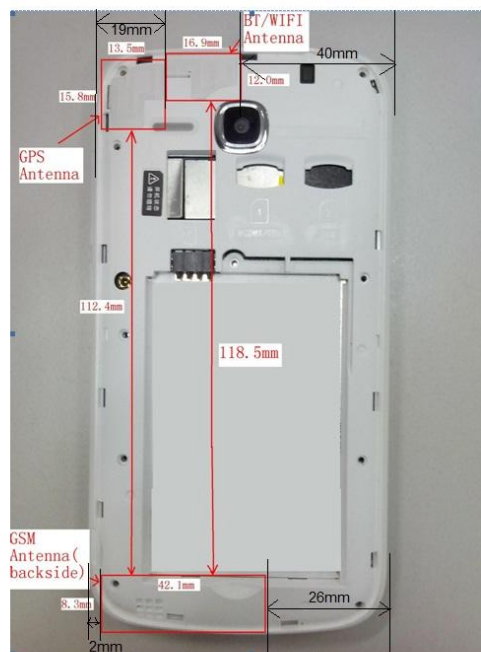
SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels if the output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, and for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. According to the above conducted power, the EUT should be tested for “802.11b, 1Mbps, channel 11”.

11 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

11.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

11.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 11.1 Antenna Locations

11.3 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{\text{(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\text{(min. test separation distance, mm)}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

According to the KDB447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion threshold for distance $< 5\text{mm}$ is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\text{(min. test separation distance, mm)}} \cdot \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the above equation, Bluetooth SAR was not required:

Evaluation = $1.335 < 3.0$

Based on the above equation, WiFi SAR was required:

Evaluation = $3.506 > 3.0$

12 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 12.1: Summary of Transmitters

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	SAR test exclusion threshold (mW)	RF output power (mW)
Bluetooth	2.441	10	4.27
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b/g	2.45	10	11.22

Table12.2 Simultaneous transmission SAR

Simultaneous Transmission SAR(W/Kg)									
Test Position			GSM 850	GSM 1900	WCDMA B V	WCDMA B II	WIFI	BT note	SUM
Head	Left	Cheek	0.452	0.331	0.456	0.465	0.047	0.178	0.643
		Tilt 15°	0.263	0.105	0.276	0.184	0.062	0.178	0.454
	Right	Cheek	0.409	0.355	0.424	0.836	0.039	0.178	1.014
		Tilt 15°	0.293	0.104	0.267	0.261	0.040	0.178	0.471
Body	Phantom Side		0.890	0.733	0.585	0.975	0.052	0.089	1.064
	Ground Side		1.06	0.643	0.696	0.890	0.096	0.089	1.156
	Left Side		0.455	0.083	0.266	0.094	0.010	0.089	0.544
	Right Side		0.410	0.119	0.308	0.140	0.065	0.089	0.499
	Top Side		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.171	0.089	N/A
	Bottom Side		0.121	0.619	0.169	0.817	0.00568	0.089	0.906

According to the conducted power measurement result, we can draw the conclusion that: stand-alone SAR for WiFi should be performed. Then, simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi/BT is considered with measurement results of GSM/WCDMA and WiFi/BT. According to the above table, the sum of reported SAR values for GSM and WiFi <1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required for WiFi/BT transmitter.

13 SAR Test Result

Table 13.1: Duty Cycle

	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM835/1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM835/1900	1:2
WCDMA850/1900 and WiFi	1:1

Table 13.2: SAR Values (GSM 835 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
836.6	190	Left	Touch	33.0	31.91	1.285	0.344	0.442	-0.04
836.6	190	Left	Tilt	33.0	31.91	1.285	0.205	0.263	-0.06
836.6	190	Right	Touch	33.0	31.91	1.285	0.318	0.409	0.00
836.6	190	Right	Tilt	33.0	31.91	1.285	0.228	0.293	0.05
824.2	128	Left	Touch	33.0	31.91	1.285	0.258	0.332	0.06
848.8	251	Left	Touch	33.0	31.90	1.288	0.351	0.452	-0.19
SIM 2									
848.8	251	Left	Touch	33.0	31.90	1.288	0.330	0.425	0.02

Table 13.3: SAR Values (GSM 835 MHz Band – Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Phantom	29.0	28.94	1.014	0.798	0.809	-0.11
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.94	1.014	0.944	0.957	0.14
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Left	29.0	28.94	1.014	0.449	0.455	-0.17
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Right	29.0	28.94	1.014	0.404	0.410	-0.13
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Bottom	29.0	28.94	1.014	0.119	0.121	-0.07
824.2	128	GPRS (4)	Phantom	29.0	28.95	1.012	0.707	0.715	-0.08
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Phantom	29.0	28.86	1.033	0.848	0.876	0.10
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.86	1.033	1.03	1.06	0.10
824.2	128	GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.95	1.012	0.852	0.862	-0.02
824.2	128	E-GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.93	1.016	0.872	0.886	-0.09
836.6	190	E-GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.89	1.026	0.950	0.974	-0.01
848.8	251	E-GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.81	1.045	0.969	1.012	0.00
SIM 2									
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.86	1.033	1.02	1.05	-0.01
824.2	128	GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.95	1.012	0.990	1.00	-0.15
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Ground	29.0	28.94	1.014	1.01	1.02	-0.12

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 13.4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
1880	661	Left	Touch	29.0	27.69	1.352	0.245	0.331	0.09
1880	661	Left	Tilt	29.0	27.69	1.352	0.078	0.105	0.06
1880	661	Right	Touch	29.0	27.69	1.352	0.260	0.352	0.07
1880	661	Right	Tilt	29.0	27.69	1.352	0.077	0.104	0.09
1909.8	810	Right	Touch	29.0	27.69	1.352	0.208	0.281	-0.02
1850.2	512	Right	Touch	29.0	27.67	1.358	0.262	0.355	-0.10
SIM 2									
1850.2	512	Right	Touch	29.0	27.67	1.358	0.249	0.338	0.16

Table 13.5: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band – Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Phantom	26.0	24.96	1.271	0.568	0.722	0.05
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Ground	26.0	24.96	1.271	0.506	0.643	0.06
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Left	26.0	24.96	1.271	0.065	0.083	-0.14
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Right	26.0	24.96	1.271	0.094	0.119	-0.03
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Bottom	26.0	24.96	1.271	0.487	0.619	-0.14
1909.8	810	GPRS (4)	Phantom	26.0	24.98	1.265	0.557	0.704	0.03
1850.2	512	GPRS (4)	Phantom	26.0	24.97	1.268	0.500	0.634	0.01
1909.8	810	E-GPRS (4)	Phantom	26.0	24.93	1.279	0.573	0.733	0.15
SIM 2									
1909.8	810	GPRS (4)	Phantom	26.0	24.98	1.265	0.555	0.701	0.09

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 13.6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
836.4	4182	Left	Touch	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.326	0.456	0.11
836.4	4182	Left	Tilt	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.197	0.276	0.12
836.4	4182	Right	Touch	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.303	0.424	0.05
836.4	4182	Right	Tilt	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.191	0.267	0.03
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	24.0	22.64	1.368	0.286	0.391	0.13
826.4	4132	Left	Touch	24.0	22.74	1.337	0.222	0.297	0.12

Table 13.7: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band – Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.							
836.4	4182	Phantom	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.418	0.585	-0.08
836.4	4182	Ground	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.497	0.696	0.03
836.4	4182	Left	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.190	0.266	-0.04
836.4	4182	Right	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.220	0.308	0.04
836.4	4182	Bottom	24.0	22.54	1.400	0.121	0.169	0.06
846.6	4233	Ground	24.0	22.64	1.368	0.424	0.580	-0.02
826.4	4132	Ground	24.0	22.74	1.337	0.401	0.536	0.03

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm

Table 13.8: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
1880	9400	Left	Touch	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.359	0.465	0.05
1880	9400	Left	Tilt	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.142	0.184	0.12
1880	9400	Right	Touch	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.646	0.836	0.04
1880	9400	Right	Tilt	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.202	0.261	0.06
1907.6	9538	Right	Touch	24.0	22.98	1.265	0.569	0.720	0.03
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	24.0	22.86	1.300	0.534	0.694	0.14

Table 13.9: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band – Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.							
1880	9400	Phantom	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.725	0.938	0.04
1880	9400	Ground	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.666	0.862	-0.06
1880	9400	Left	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.073	0.094	-0.12
1880	9400	Right	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.108	0.140	-0.07
1880	9400	Bottom	24.0	22.88	1.294	0.626	0.810	0.03
1907.6	9538	Phantom	24.0	22.98	1.265	0.736	0.930	-0.09
1852.4	9262	Phantom	24.0	22.86	1.300	0.750	0.975	0.16
1907.6	9538	Ground	24.0	22.98	1.265	0.651	0.823	-0.08
1852.4	9262	Ground	24.0	22.86	1.300	0.685	0.890	-0.01
1907.6	9538	Bottom	24.0	22.98	1.265	0.611	0.773	-0.17
1852.4	9262	Bottom	24.0	22.86	1.300	0.607	0.789	-0.12

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 13.10: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.								
2462	11	Left	Touch	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.045	0.047	0.15
2462	11	Left	Tilt	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.059	0.062	0.03
2462	11	Right	Touch	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.037	0.039	0.11
2462	11	Right	Tilt	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.038	0.040	0.12

Table 13.11: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Measured average power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.							
2462	11	Phantom	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.050	0.052	0.14
2462	11	Ground	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.092	0.096	-0.13
2462	11	Left	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.010	0.010	0.16
2462	11	Right	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.062	0.065	0.15
2462	11	Top	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.163	0.171	0.11
2462	11	Bottom	10.5	10.3	1.047	0.00542	0.00568	-0.18

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

14 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Table 14.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Head Value (1g)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	The Ratio
MHz	Ch.						
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: According to the KDB 865664 D01 repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.

Table 14.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body Value (1g)

Frequency		Mode(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	The Ratio
MHz	Ch.							
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Ground	10	0.944	0.949	0.962	1.01
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Phantom	10	0.848	0.862	0.890	1.02
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Ground	10	1.03	0.972	1.004	1.06
824.2	128	GPRS (4)	Ground	10	0.852	0.855	0.865	1.00
824.2	128	E-GPRS (4)	Ground	10	0.872	0.893	0.907	1.02
836.6	190	E-GPRS (4)	Ground	10	0.950	0.953	0.978	1.00
848.8	251	E-GPRS (4)	Ground	10	0.969	0.971	1.015	1.00
SIM 2								
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Ground	10	1.02	1.02	1.05	1.00
824.2	128	GPRS (4)	Ground	10	0.990	0.983	0.994	1.01
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Ground	10	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.00

Note: According to the KDB 865664 D01 repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.

15 Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Unc. value , ±%	Prob. Dist.	Div .	c_i 1g	c_i 10g	Std.Unc. ±%,1g	Std.Unc. ±%,10g	V_i V_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.1	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Linearity	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	0.7	N	1	1	1	0.7	0.7	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.9	0.9	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Dipole								
Power Drift	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Dipole Positioning	2.0	N	1	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Dipole Input Power	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.0	5.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞



Combined Std Uncertainty						±11.2%	±10.9%	387
Expanded Std Uncertainty						±22.4%	±21.8%	

16 Main Test Instrument

Table 16.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	N5242A	MY51221755	May 21, 2013	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102257	Aug 31, 2013	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100644,100241		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49072044	May 21, 2013	One Year
05	Amplifier	NTWPA-0086010F	12023024	No Calibration Requested	
06	Coupler	778D	MY48220551	Aug 23, 2013	One year
07	BTS	E5515C	MY50266468	May 21, 2013	One year
08	E-field Probe	ES3DV3	3252	Aug 5, 2013	One year
09	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3754	Aug 8, 2013	One year
10	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1244	Jul 9, 2013	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d112	Oct 9, 2013	One year
12	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d134	Jul 12, 2013	One year
13	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	858	Jul 13, 2013	One year

ANNEX A GRAPH RESULTS

GSM850MHz Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.919$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Cheek Left GSM850MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.355 W/kg

Middle Cheek Left GSM850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

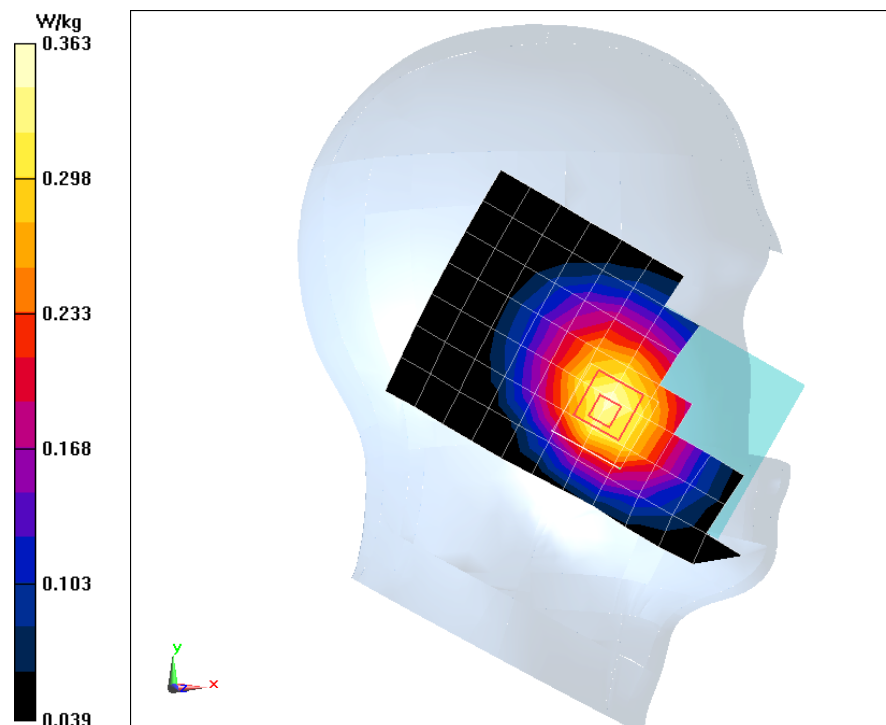
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.380 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.426 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg



GSM850MHz Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.919$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Tilt Left GSM850MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 W/kg

Middle Tilt Left GSM850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

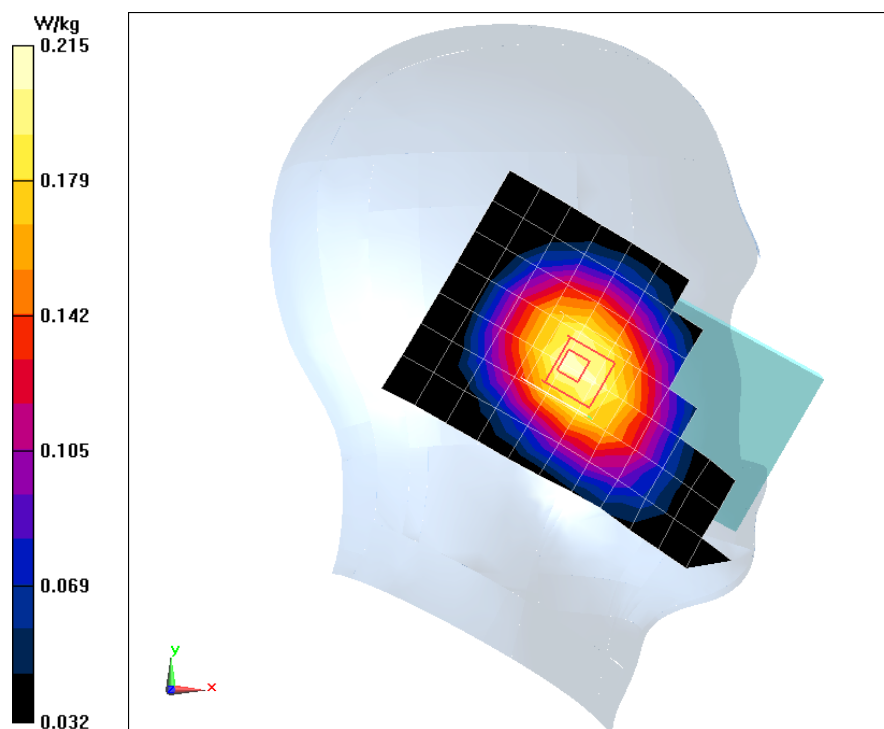
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.528 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.205 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 W/kg



GSM850MHz Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Cheek Right GSM850MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 W/kg

Middle Cheek Right GSM850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

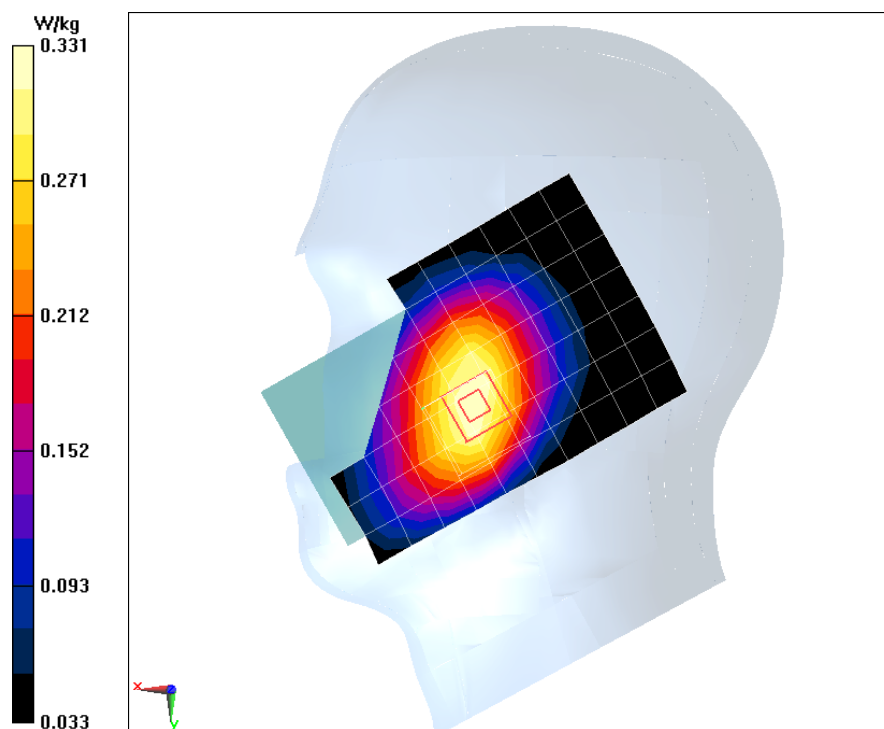
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.086 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.397 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.331 W/kg



GSM850MHz Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Tilt Right GSM850MHz/Area Scan (12x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 W/kg

Middle Tilt Right GSM850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

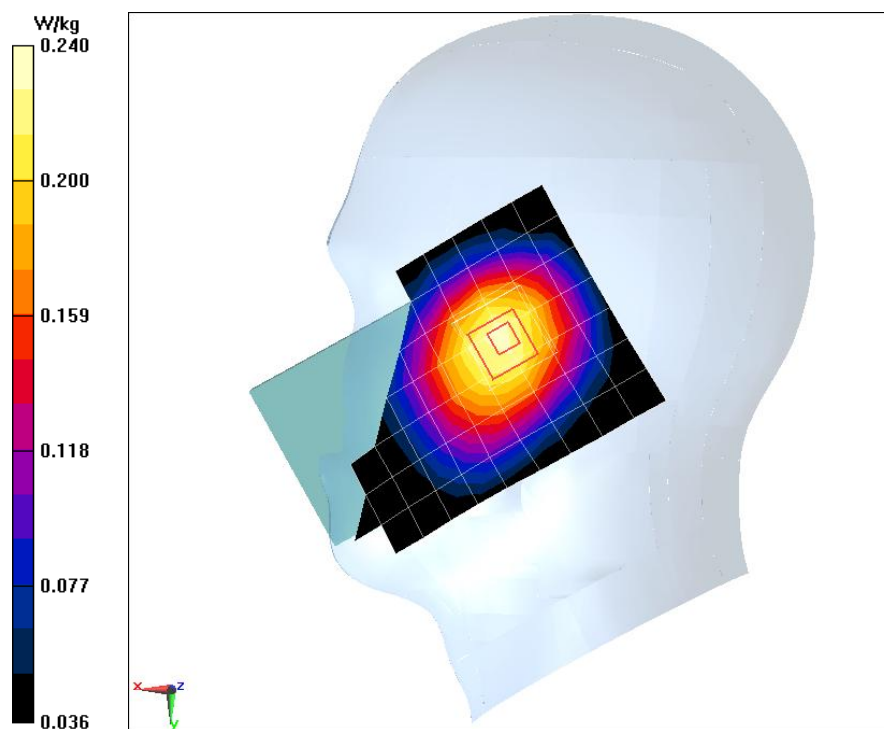
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.588 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 W/kg



GSM850MHz Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.32$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Cheek Left GSM850MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 W/kg

Low Cheek Left GSM850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

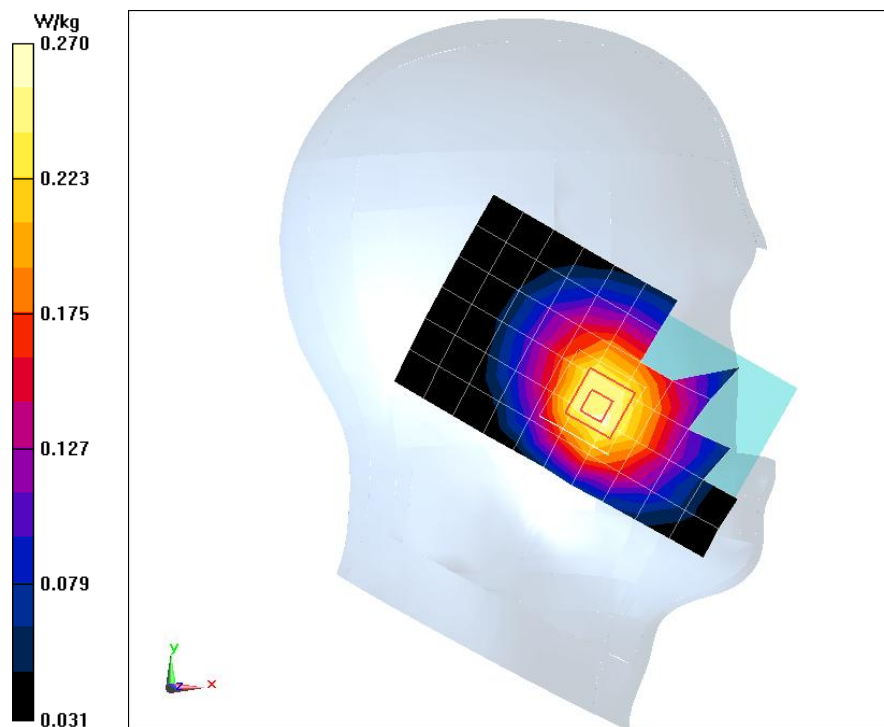
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.106 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.315 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg



GSM 850MHz Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.929 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.788$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz Left Cheek High/Area Scan (121x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.367 W/kg

GSM 850MHz Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

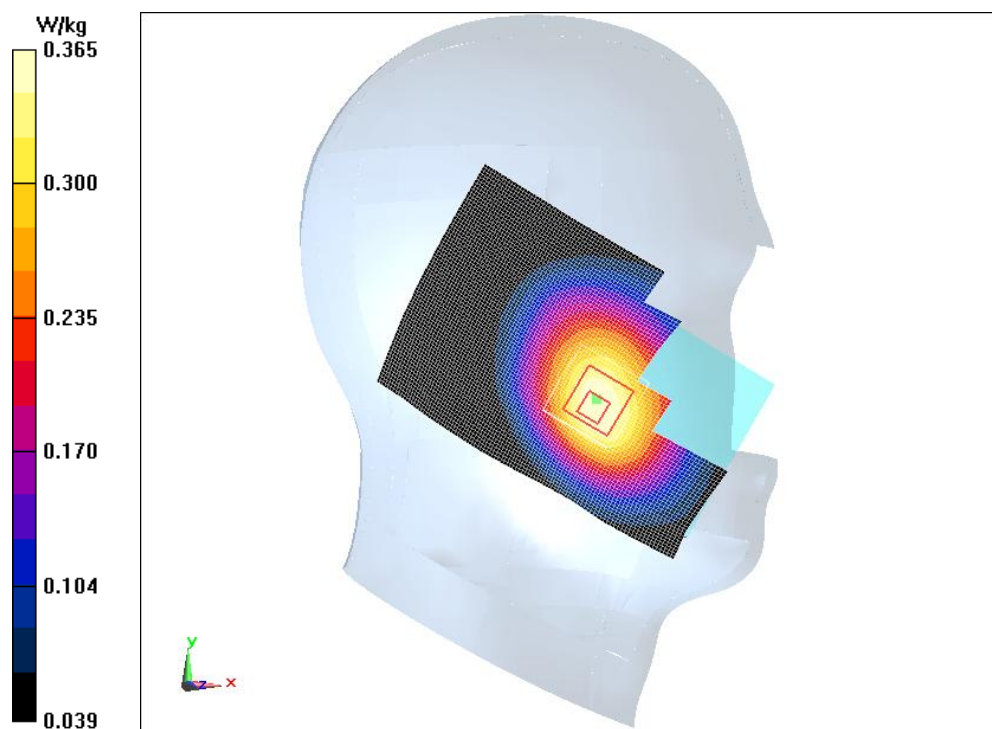
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.239 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.431 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.351 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.365 W/kg



GSM 850MHz Left Cheek High SIM2

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.929 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.788$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: GSM 850MHz; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz Left Cheek High/Area Scan (121x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.343 W/kg

GSM 850MHz Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

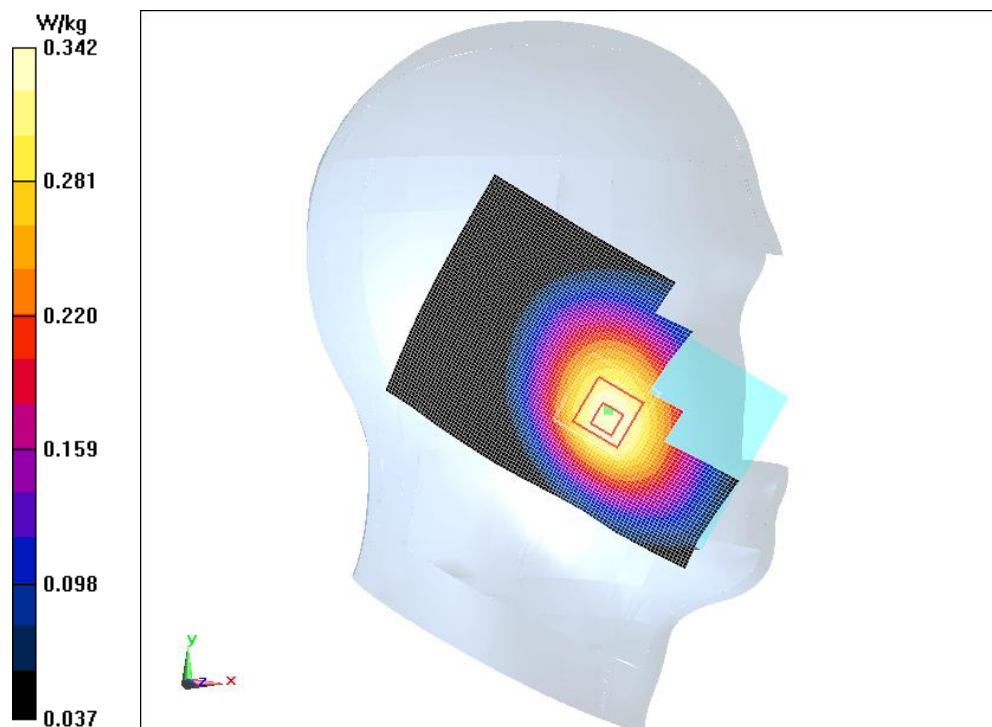
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.863 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.399 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.833 W/kg

Middle Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

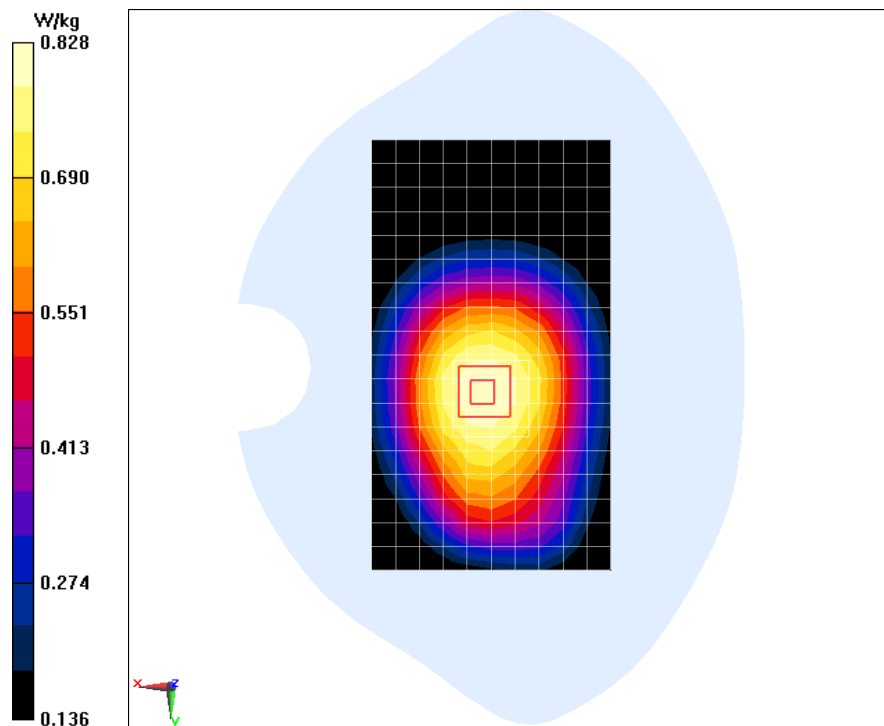
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 29.300 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.975 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.798 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.621 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.828 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

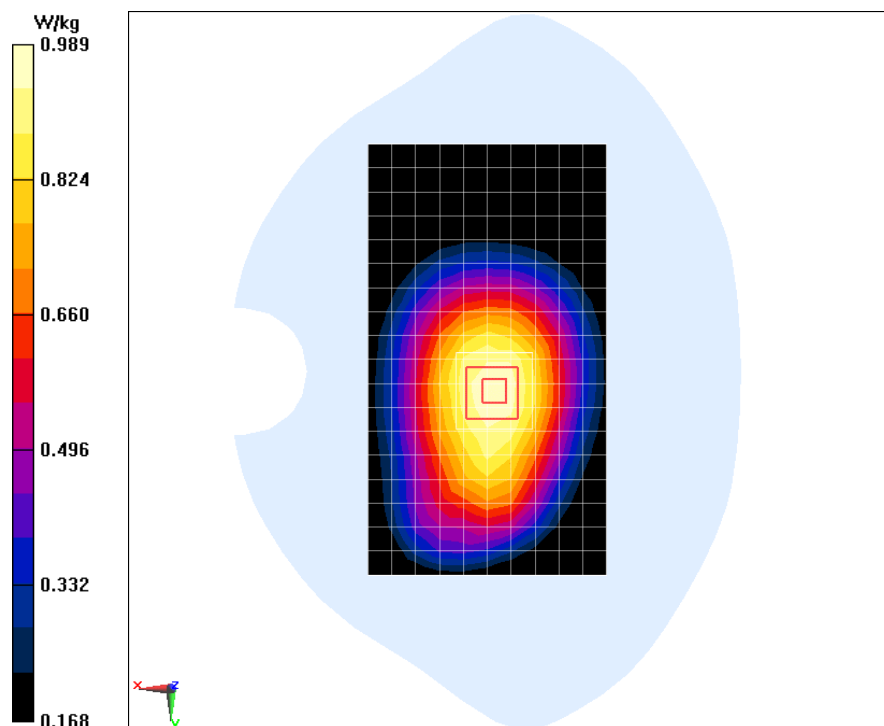
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.533 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.944 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.729 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.989 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Right Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Right GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg

Middle Right GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

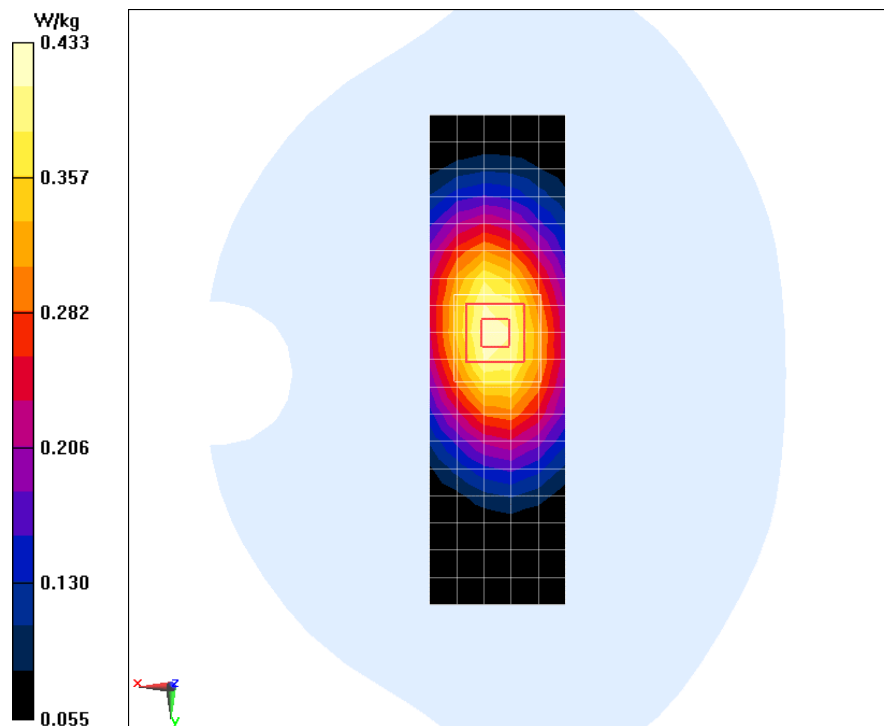
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.392 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Left Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Left GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg

Middle Left GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

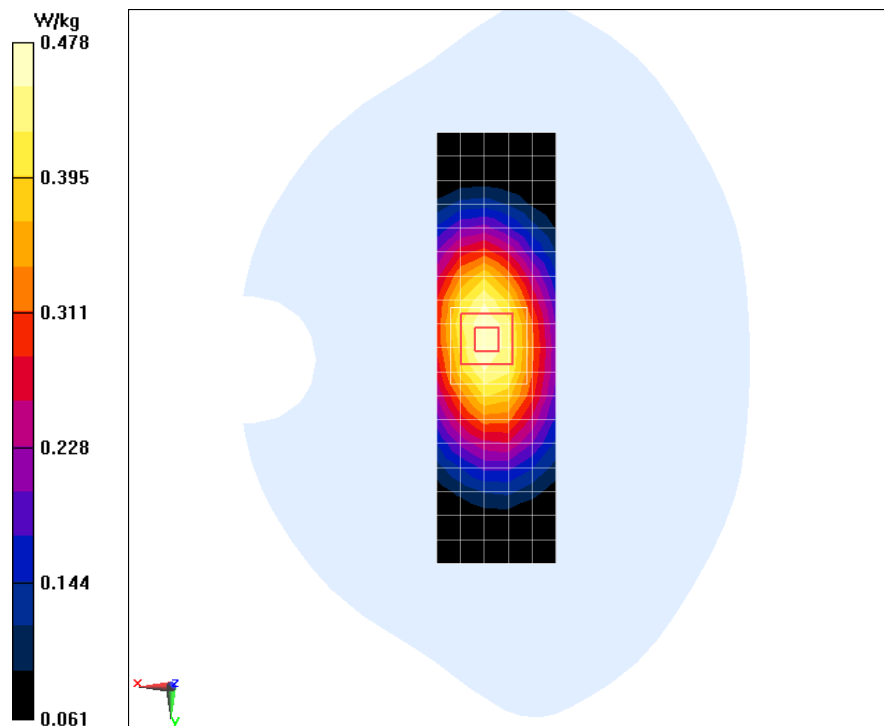
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.260 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.597 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.449 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Bottom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Bottom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (7x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 W/kg

Middle Bottom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

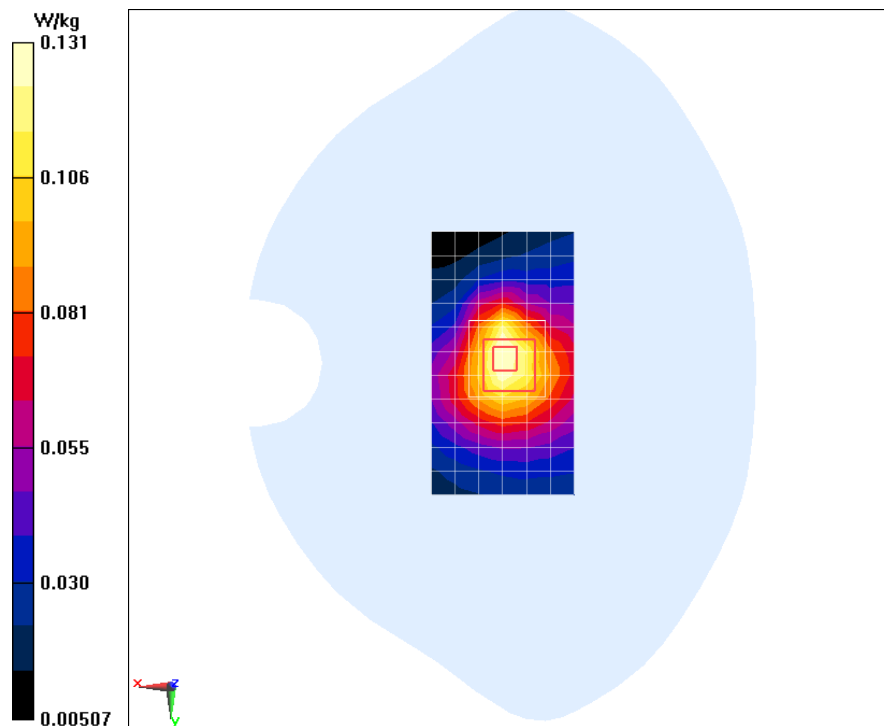
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.515 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.186 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.119 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 W/kg

Low Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

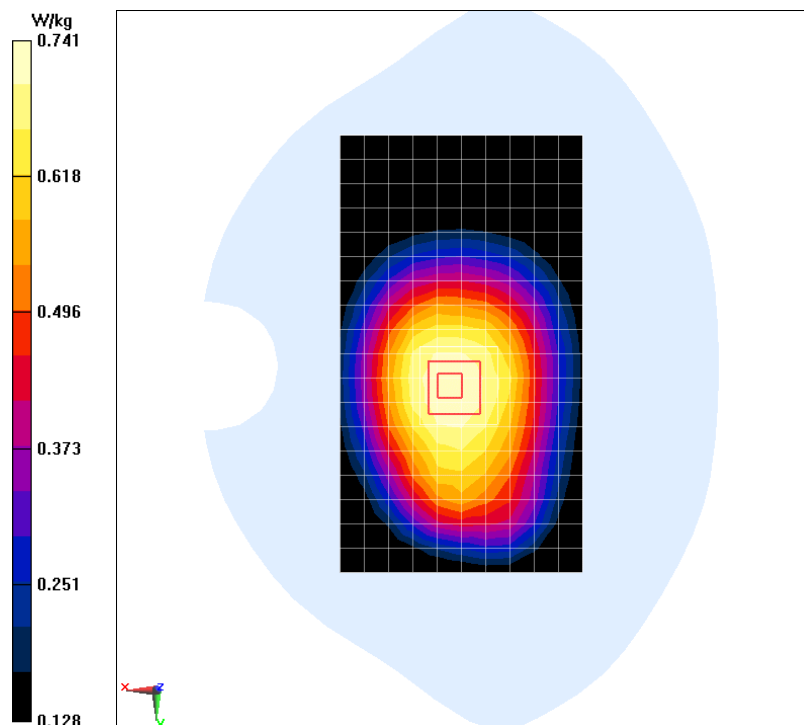
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.596 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.847 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.707 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.554 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom High

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

High Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.897 W/kg

High Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

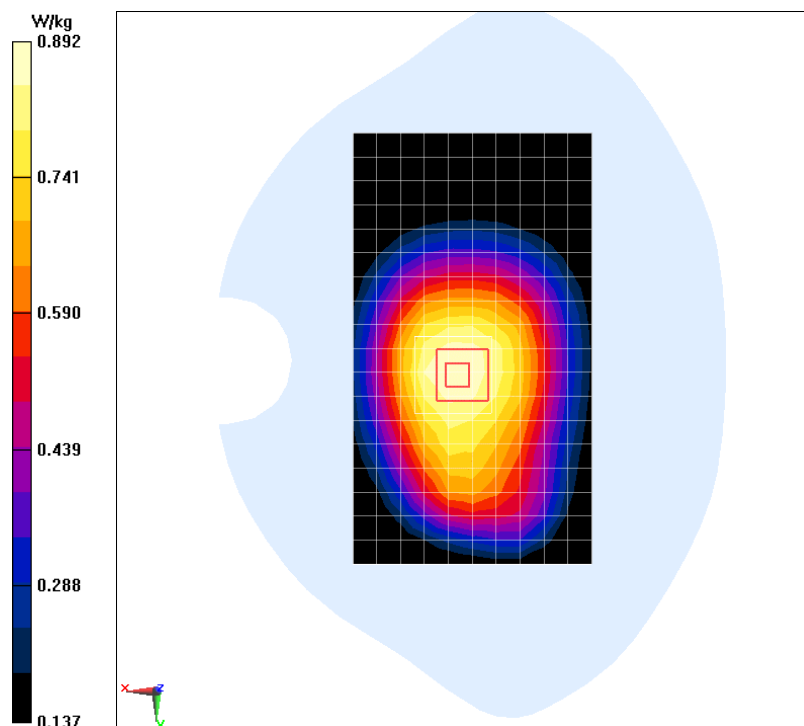
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.431 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.848 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.658 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.892 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.881 W/kg

Low Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

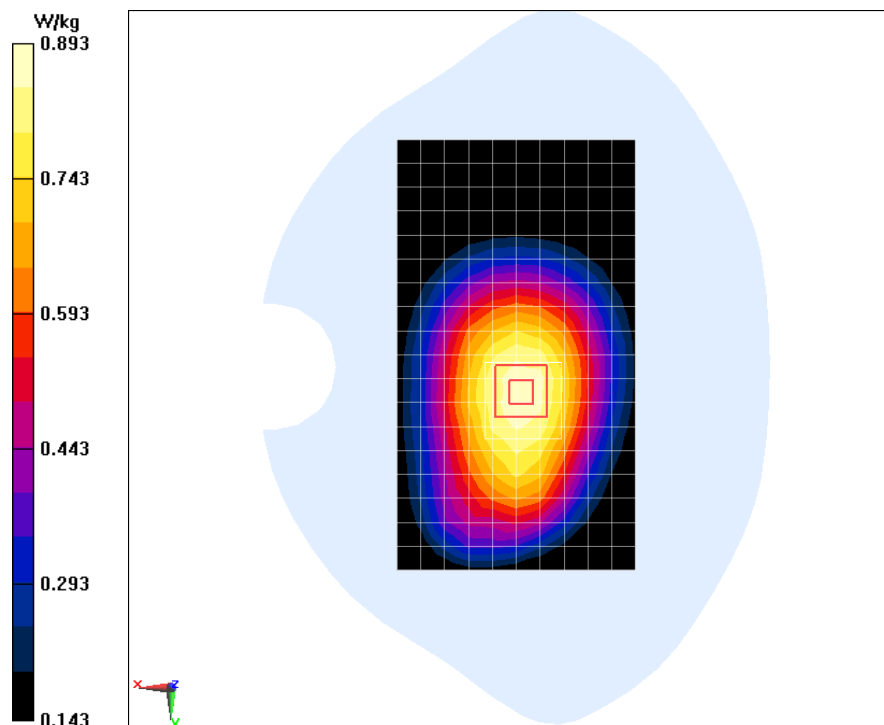
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 30.212 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.852 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.658 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.893 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2014/3/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.04 W/kg

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

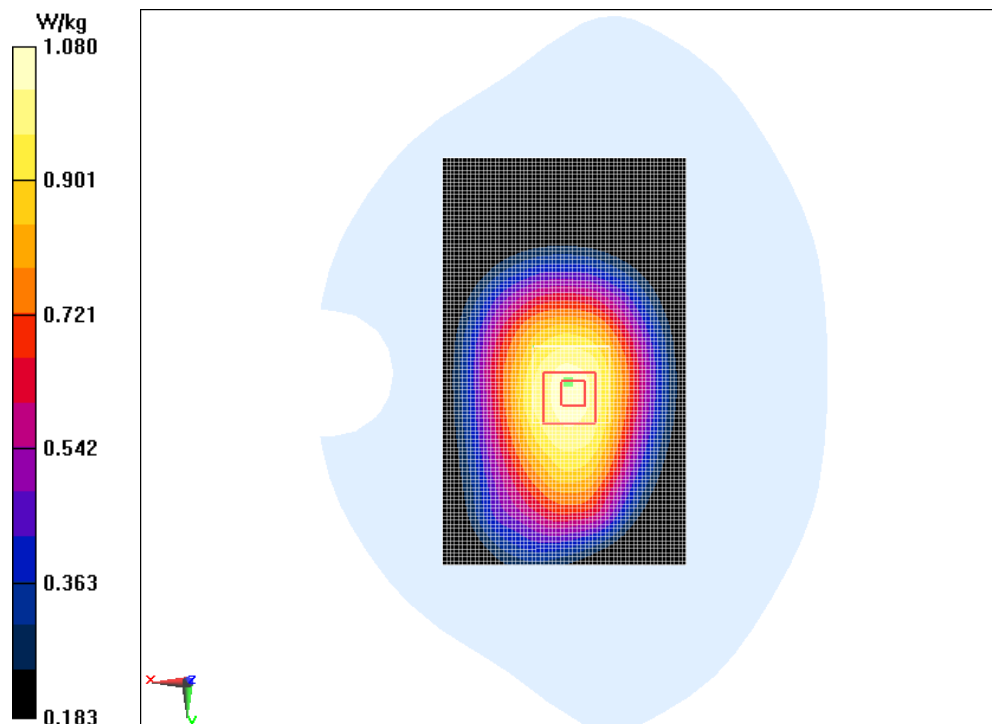
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 32.606 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.794 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High SIM2

Date/Time: 2014/3/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.08 W/kg

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

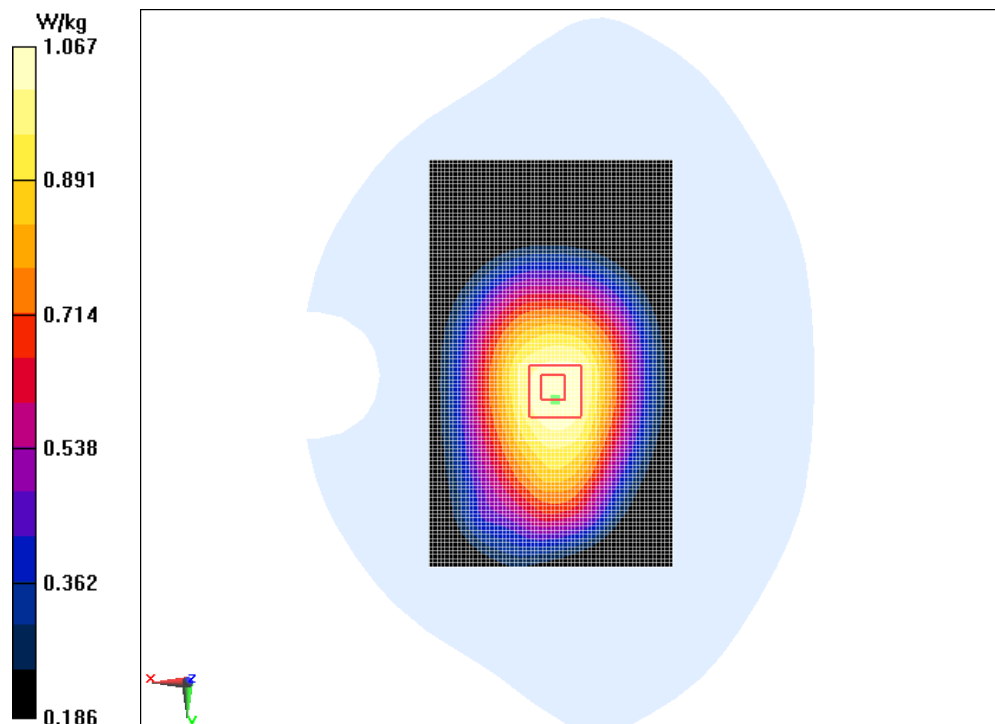
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 32.679 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.792 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High SIM2 2

Date/Time: 2014/3/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.08 W/kg

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

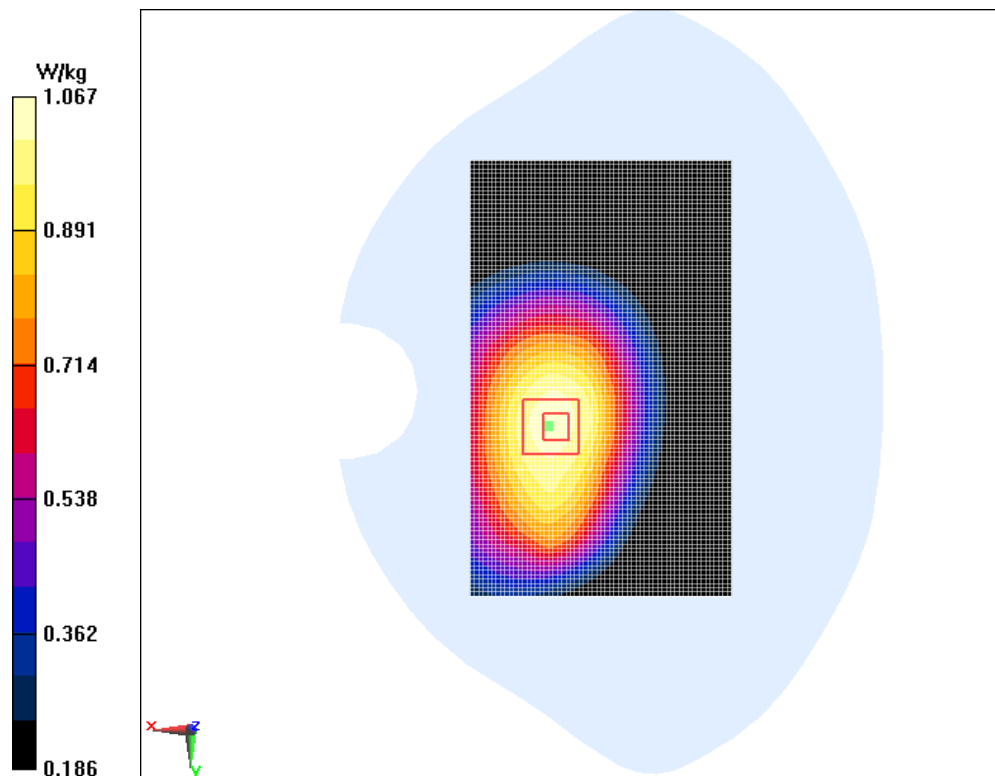
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 31.387 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.794 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Middle SIM2

Date/Time: 3/13/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.09 W/kg

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

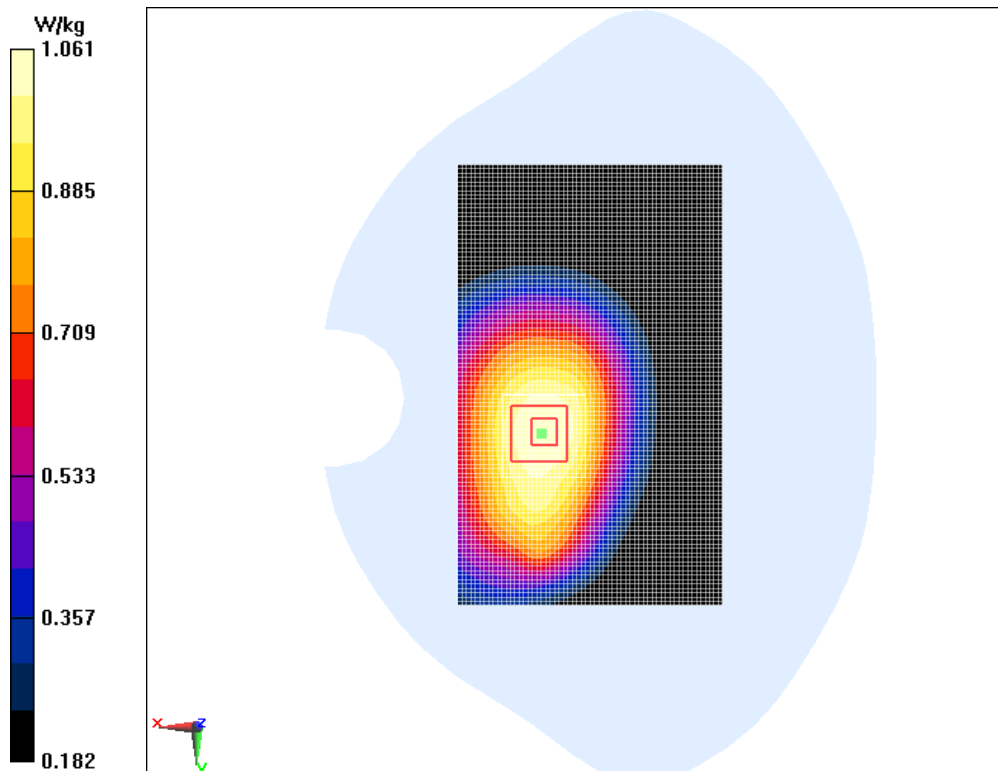
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 27.880 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.783 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Middle SIM2 2

Date/Time: 3/13/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Middle 2/Area Scan (61x101x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.09 W/kg

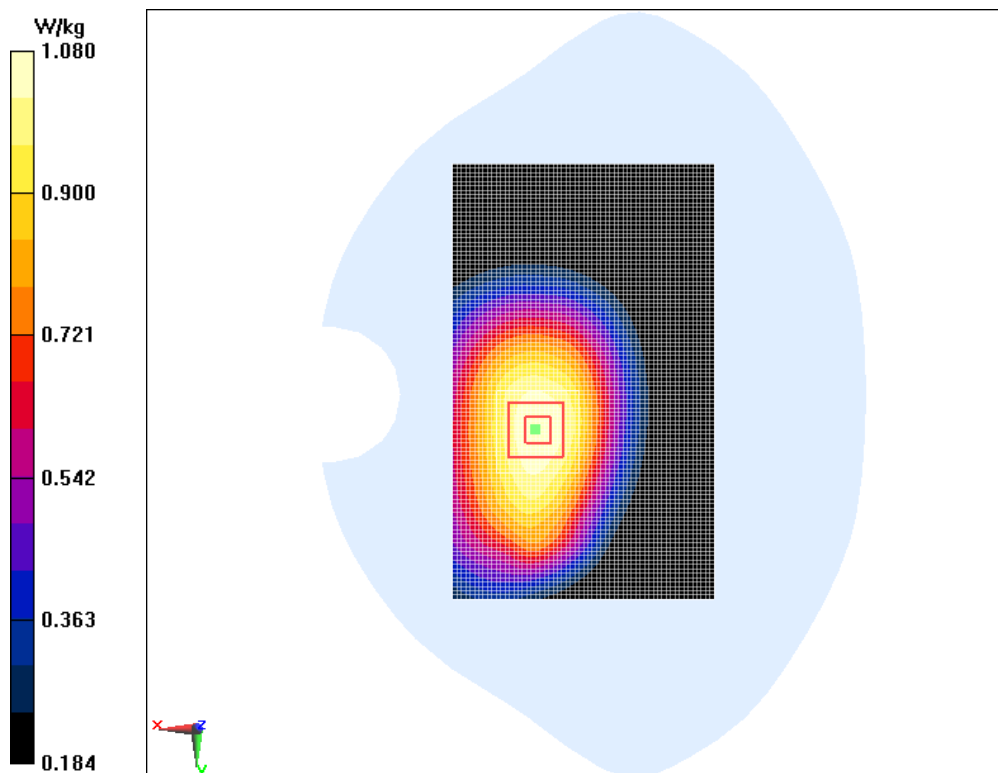
GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Middle 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 27.973 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.787 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Low SIM2

Date/Time: 3/13/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Low/Area Scan (61x101x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.05 W/kg

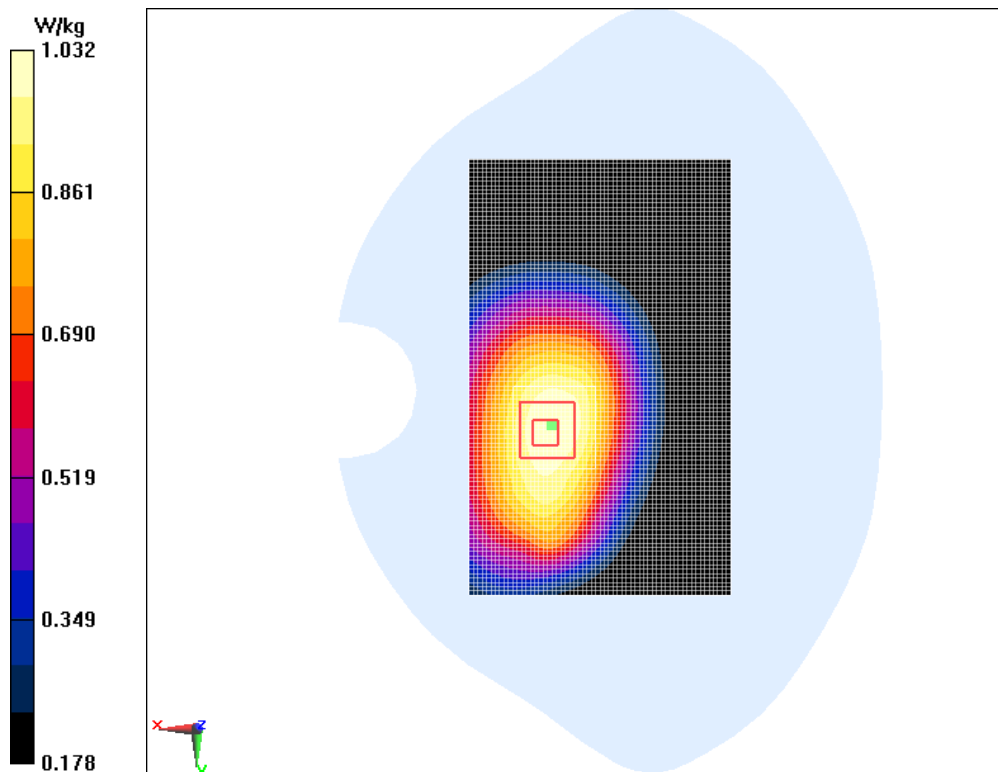
GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 27.357 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.990 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.770 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Low SIM2 2

Date/Time: 3/13/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Low 2/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.05 W/kg

GSM 850MHz 4TS Ground Mode Low 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

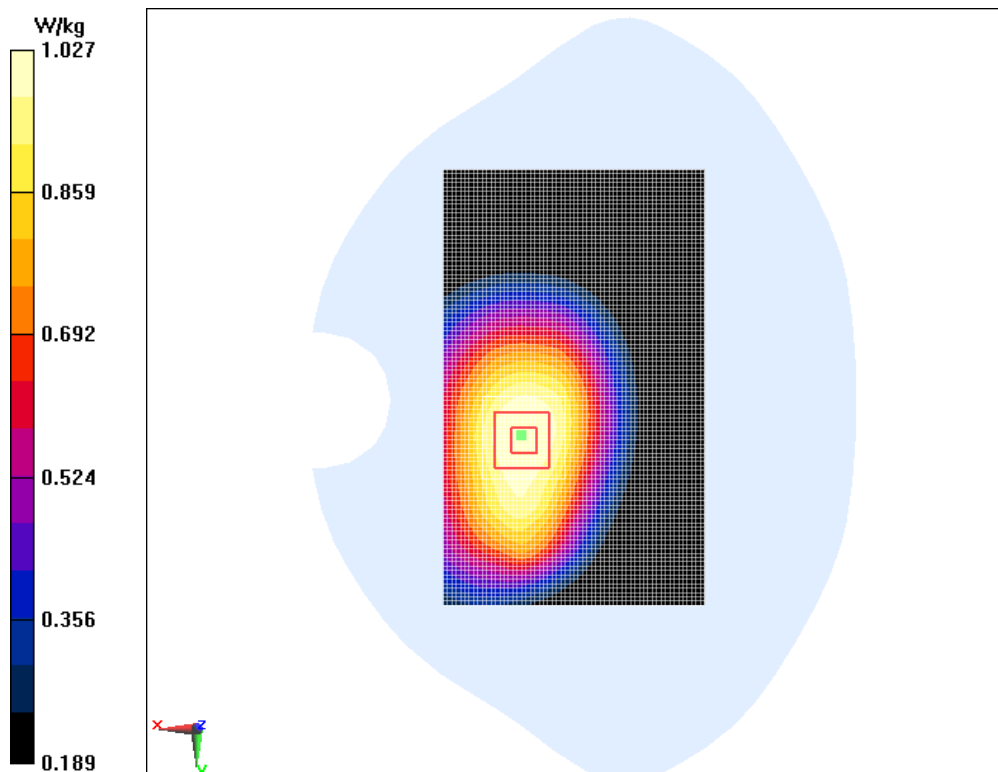
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.263 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.983 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.767 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



GSM 850MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground High

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

High Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 W/kg

High Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

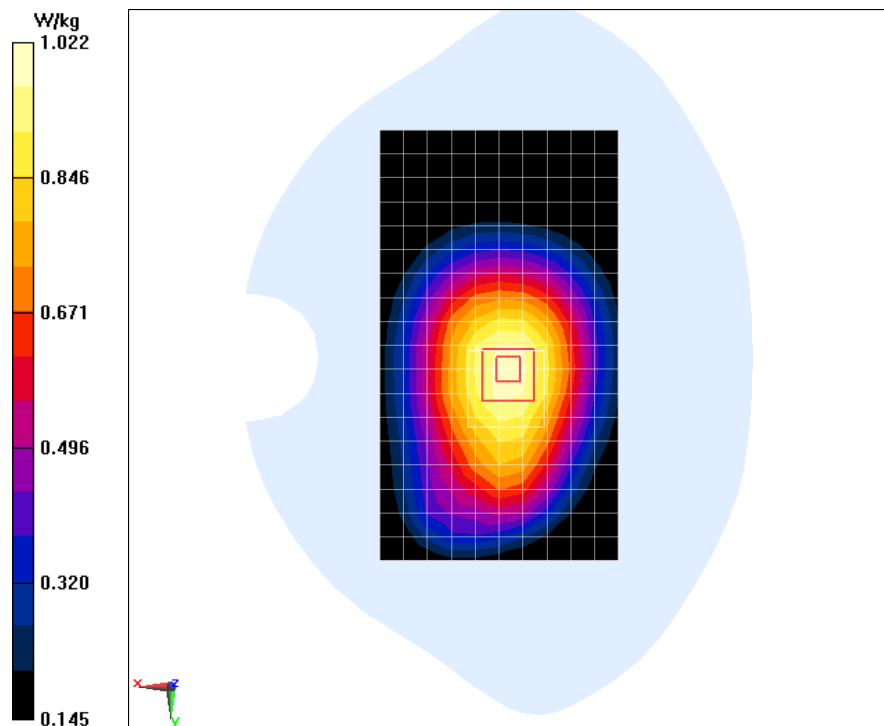
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 31.752 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.969 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.737 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



GSM 850MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.912 W/kg

Low Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

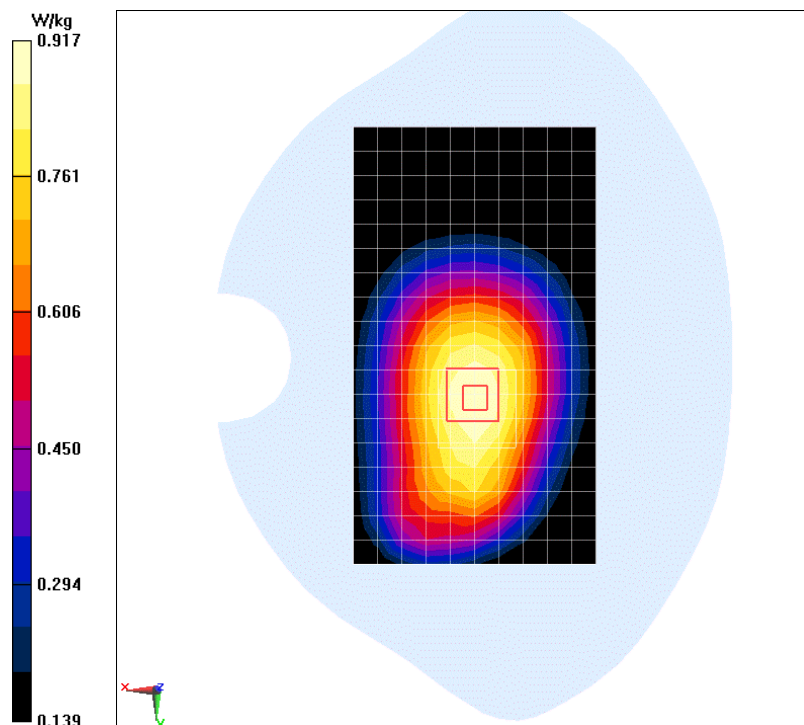
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 30.402 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.872 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.672 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.917 W/kg



GSM 850MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

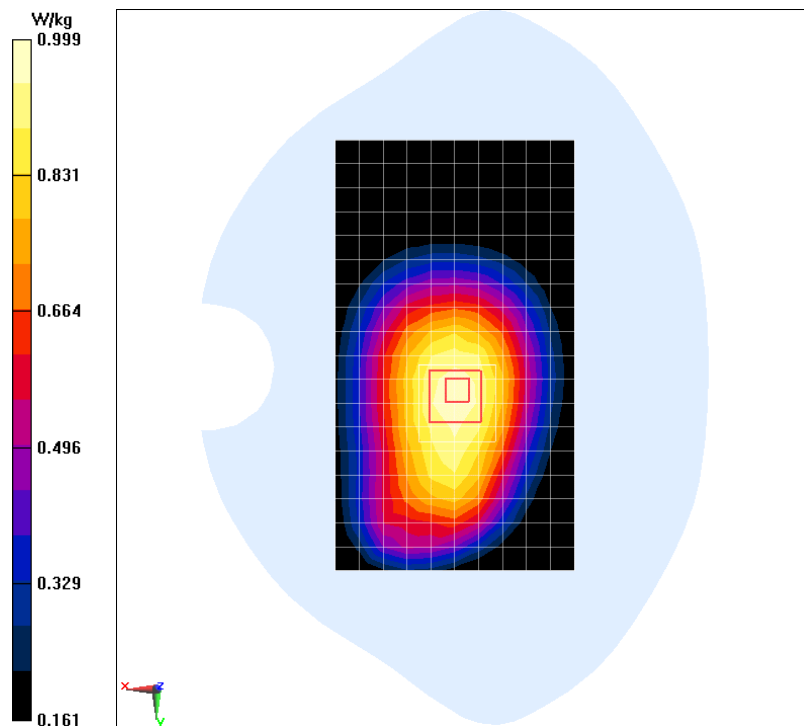
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.601 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.950 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.729 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Middle 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.988 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

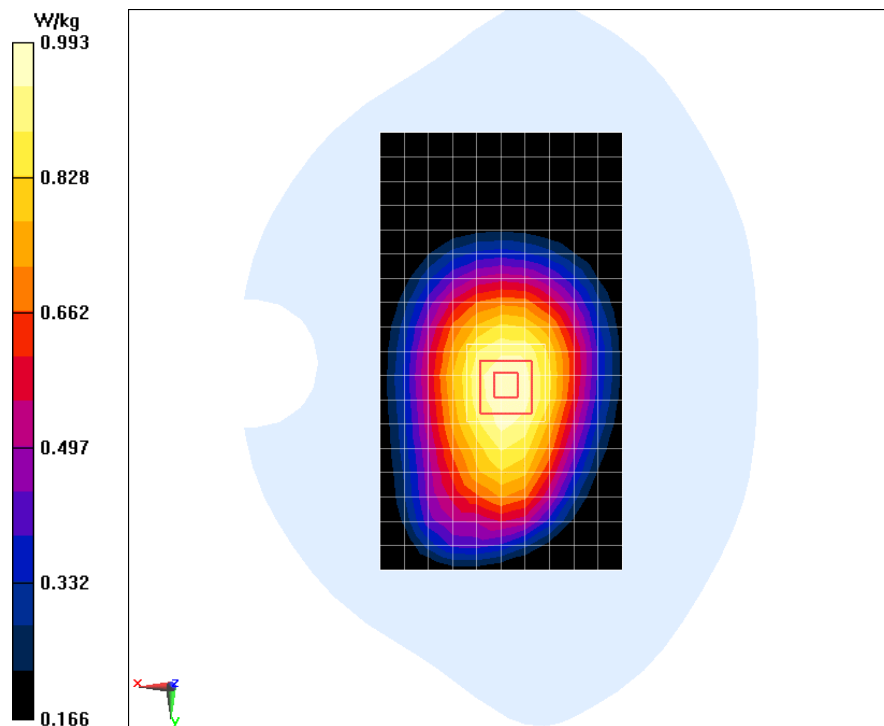
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.547 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.949 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.731 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom High 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

High Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.910 W/kg

High Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

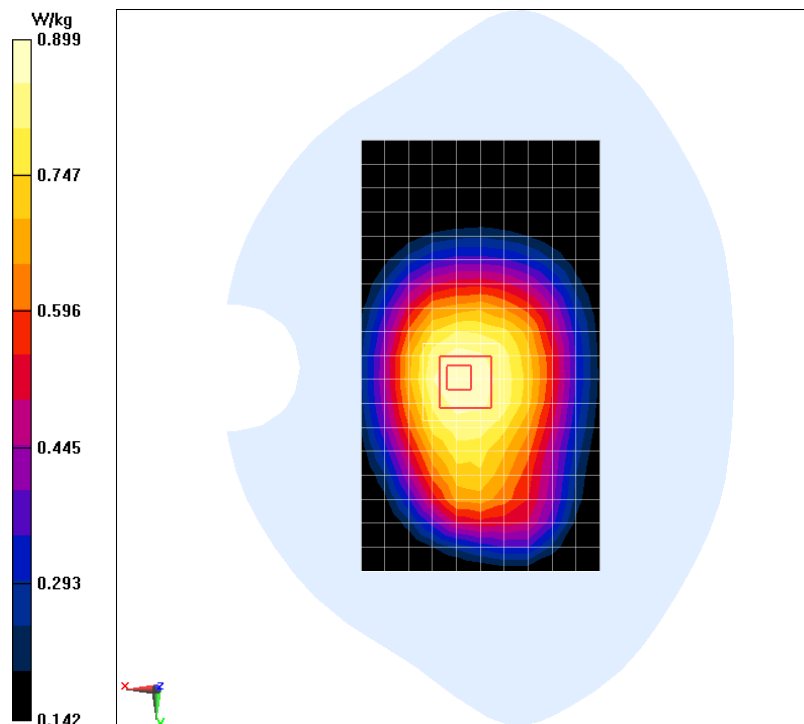
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 29.872 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.862 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.667 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.899 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Low 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.894 W/kg

Low Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

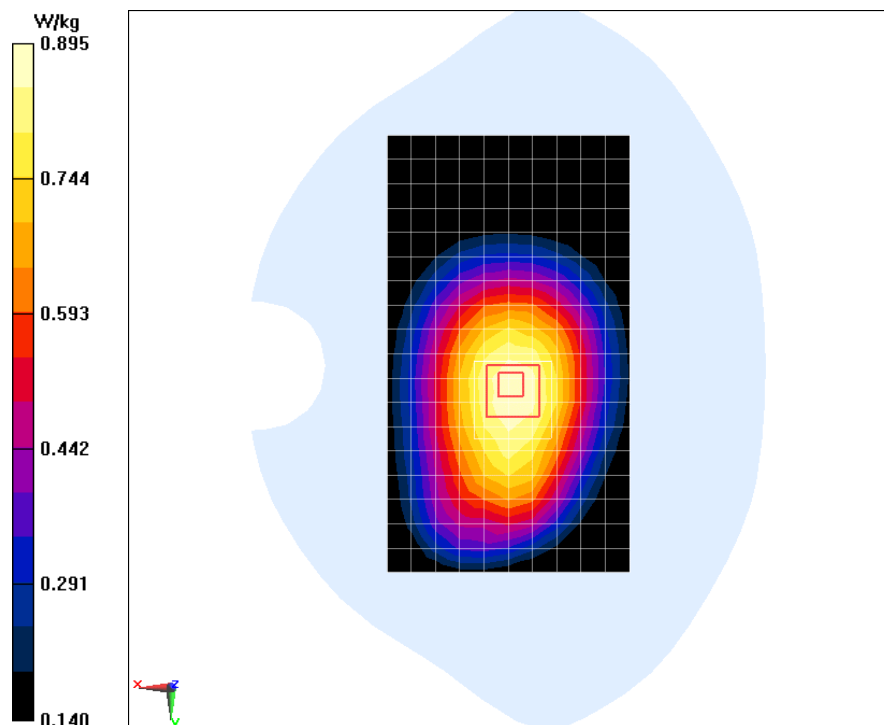
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 29.943 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.855 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.661 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.895 W/kg



GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground High 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

High Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

High Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

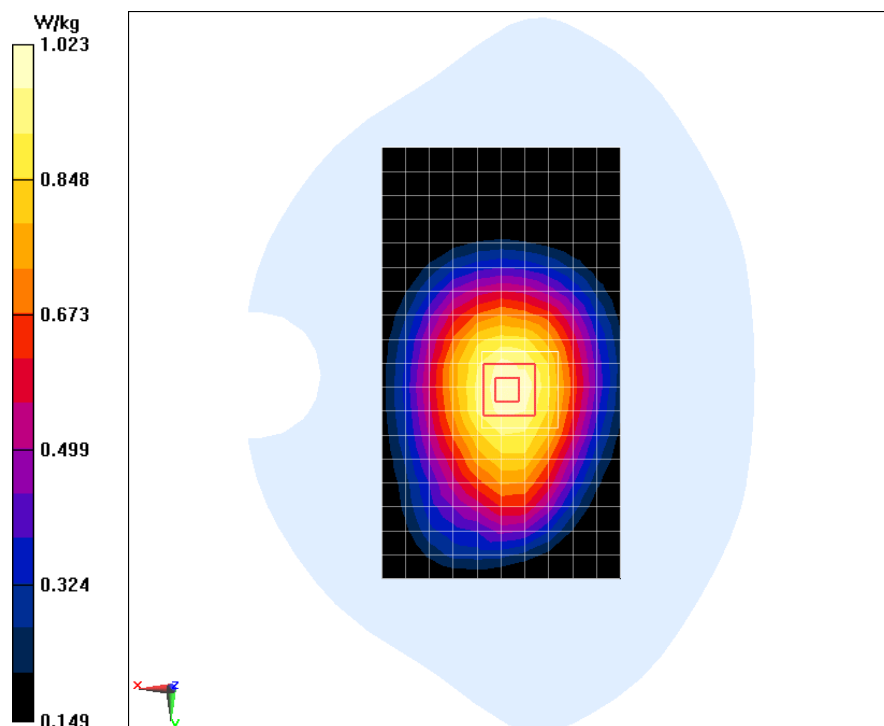
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.809 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.972 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.740 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



GSM 850MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground High 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.015$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.205$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

High Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

High Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

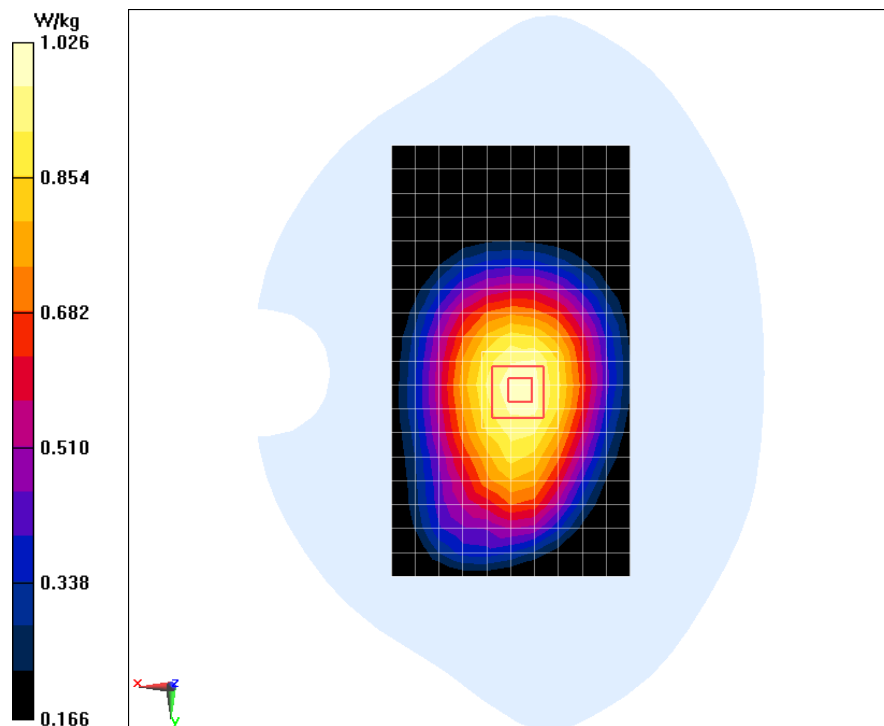
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 31.821 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.971 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.741 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



GSM 850MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Low 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.918 W/kg

Low Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

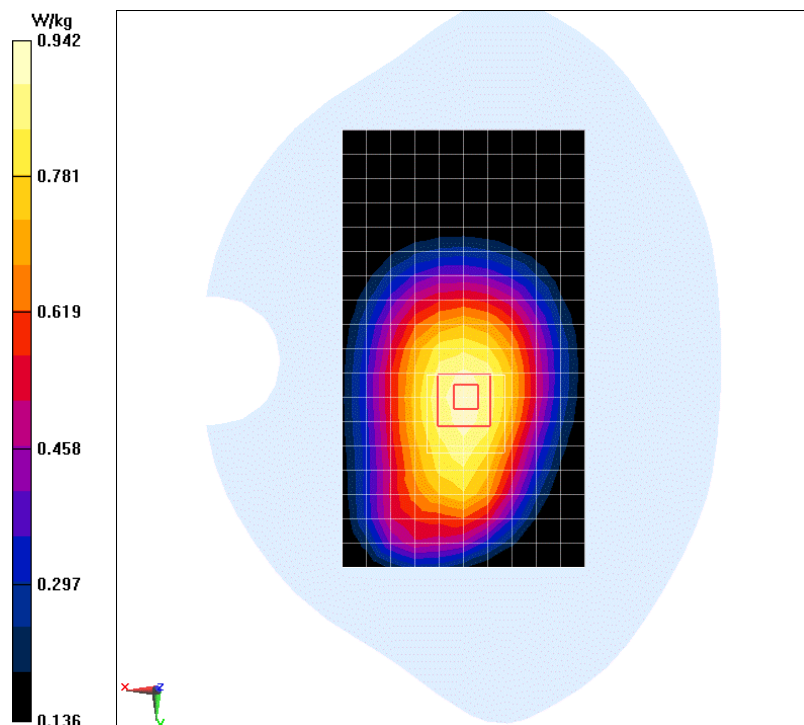
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 30.559 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.893 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.684 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.942 W/kg



GSM 850MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Middle 2

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.986 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground E-GPRS 4TS 850MHz 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

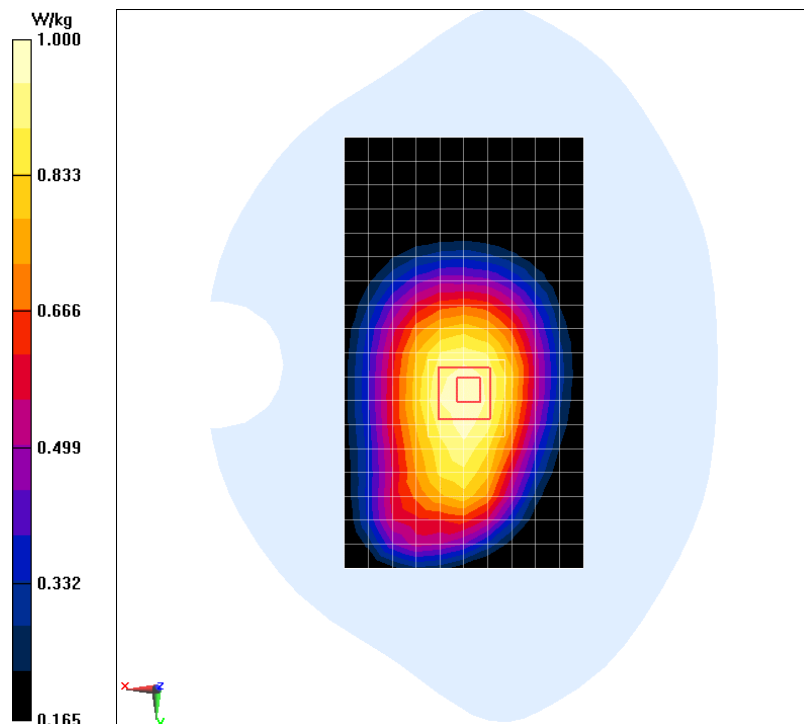
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.655 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.953 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.732 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



GSM1900MHz Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Cheek Left GSM1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg

Middle Cheek Left GSM1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

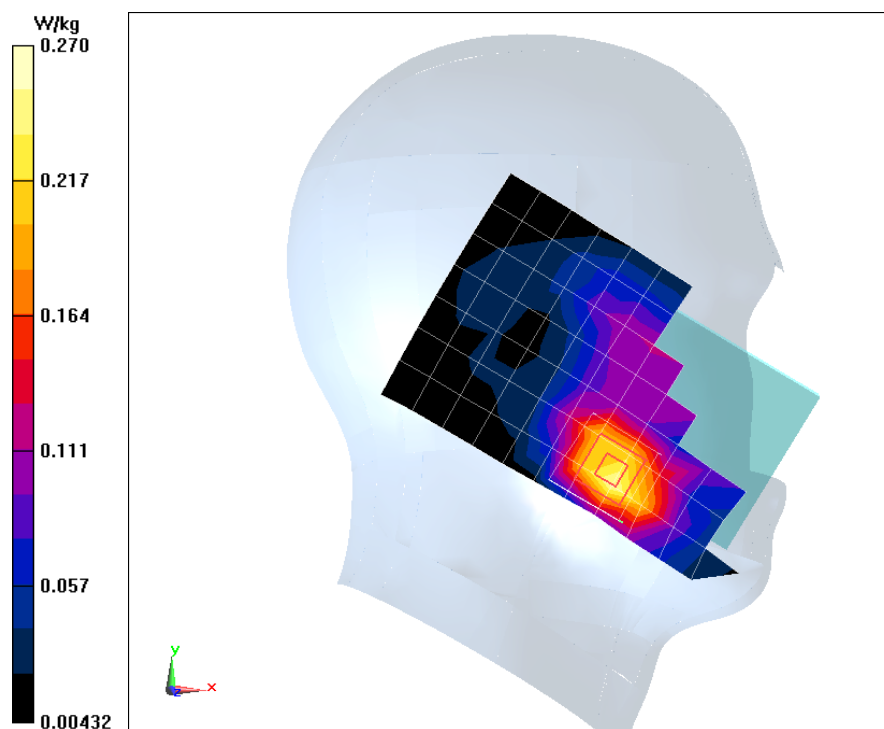
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.043 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.365 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.245 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg



GSM1900MHz Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.379 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Tilt Left GSM1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0828 W/kg

Middle Tilt Left GSM1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

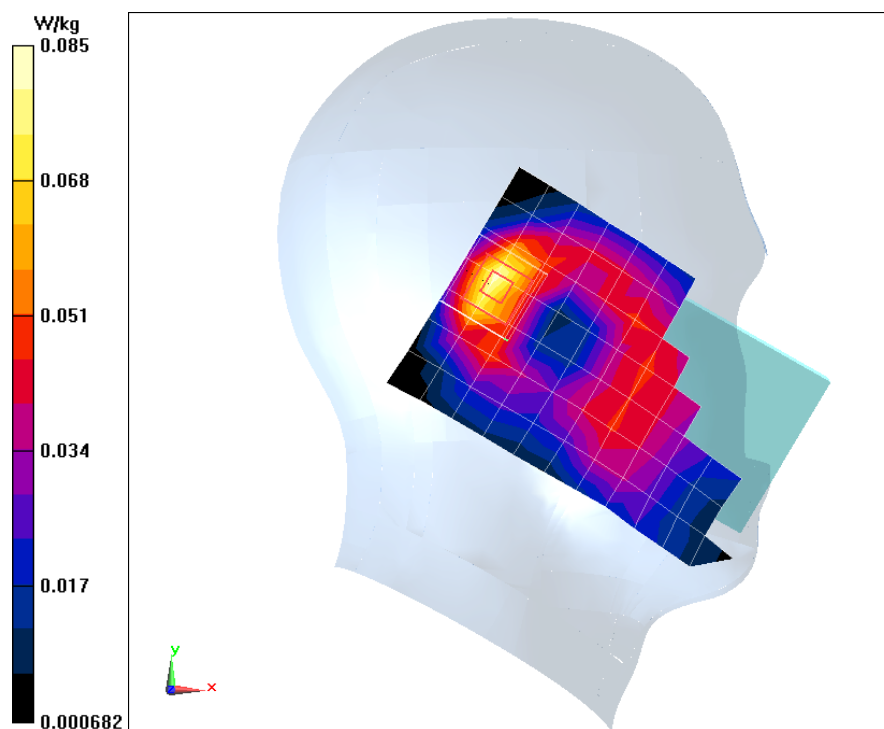
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.492 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0845 W/kg



GSM1900MHz Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Cheek Right GSM1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 W/kg

Middle Cheek Right GSM1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

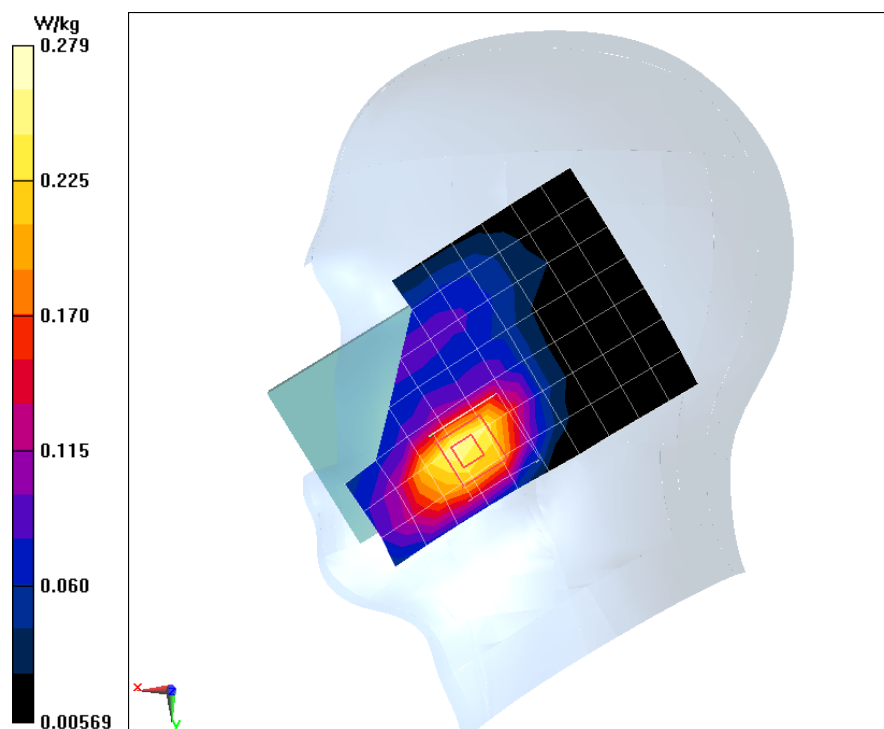
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.155 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.410 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.260 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 W/kg



GSM1900MHz Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Tilt Right GSM1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0805 W/kg

Middle Tilt Right GSM1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

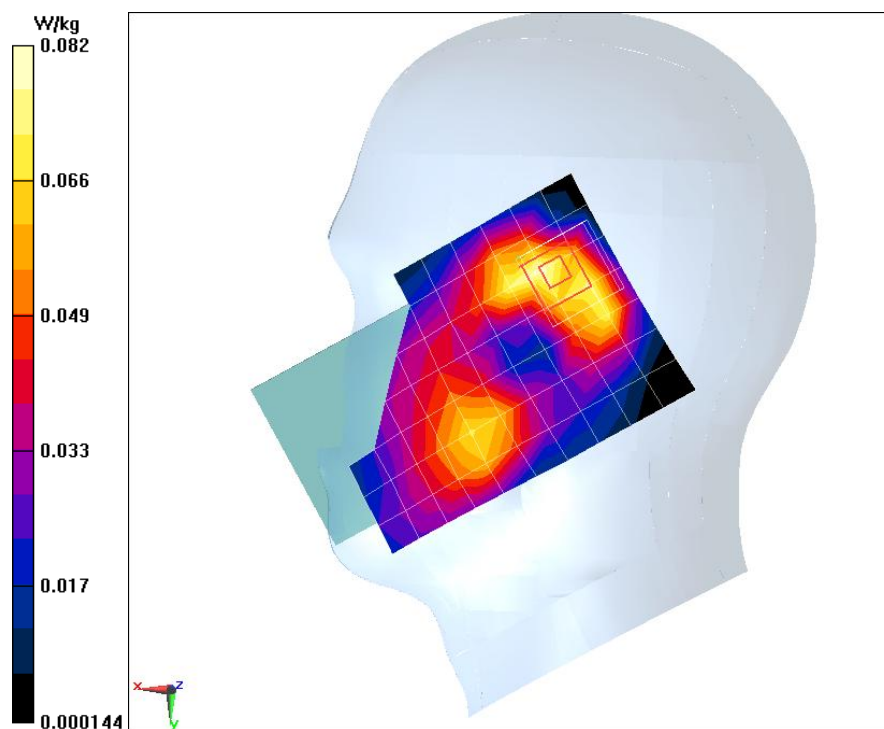
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.657 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.133 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.0819 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.372$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.172$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (121x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.320 W/kg

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

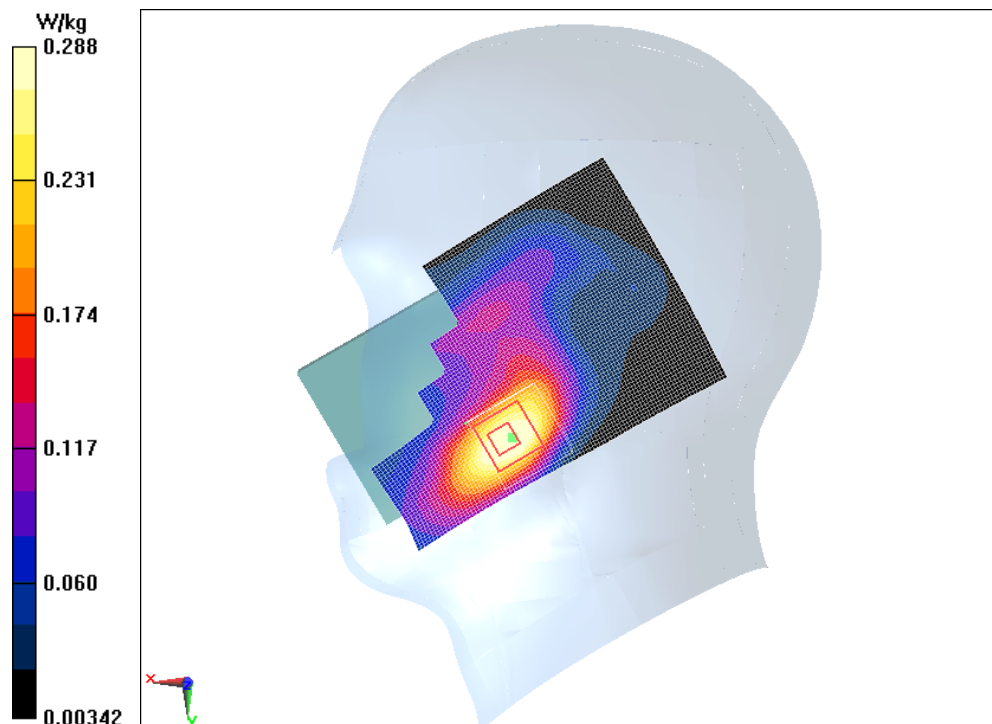
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.664 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.411 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.262 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low SIM 2

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.372$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.172$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM Professional 1900MHz; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (121x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.286 W/kg

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

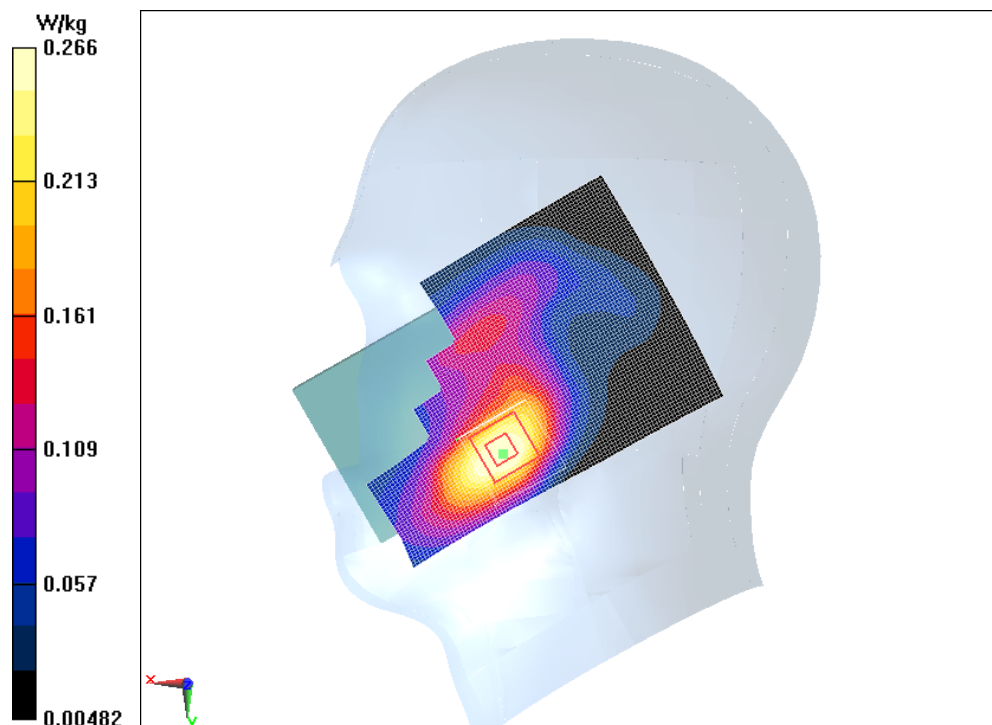
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.684 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.266 W/kg



GSM1900MHz Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.393$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.622$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

High Cheek Right GSM1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.205 W/kg

High Cheek Right GSM1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

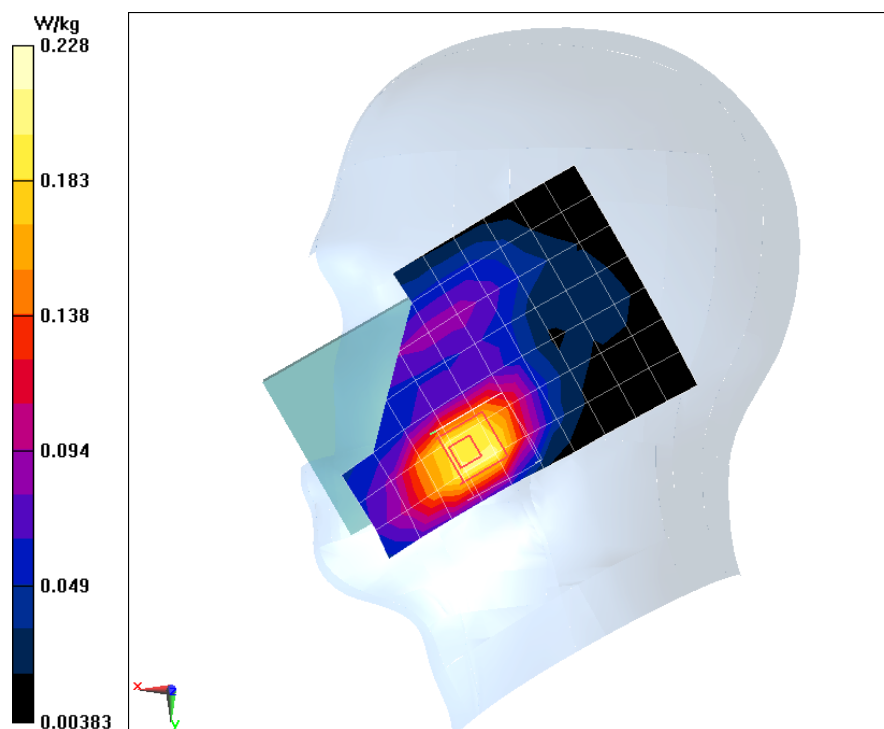
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.127 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.327 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 W/kg

Middle Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

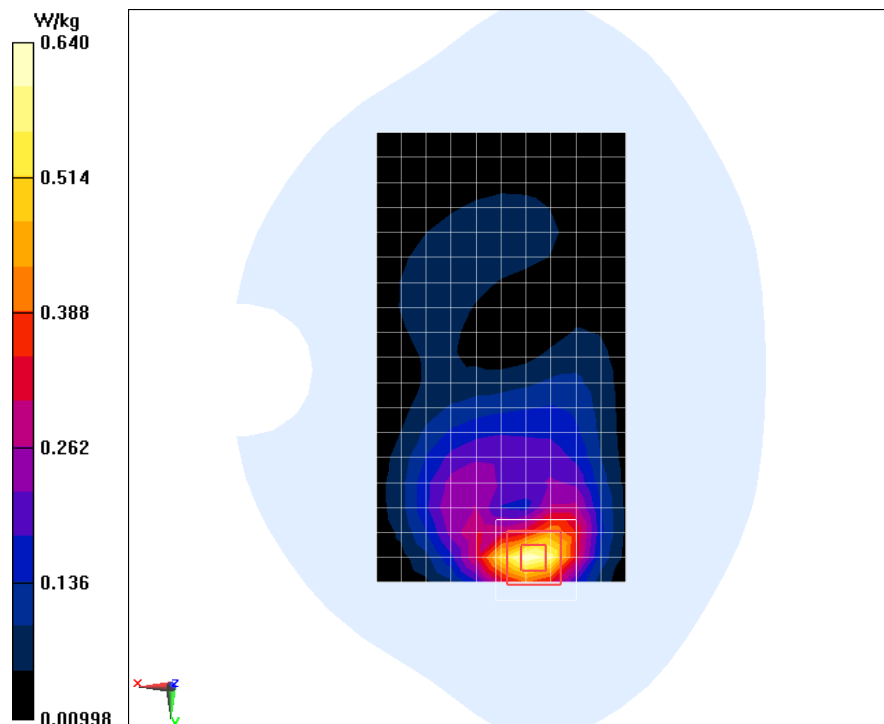
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.887 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.568 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.640 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Ground Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.539 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

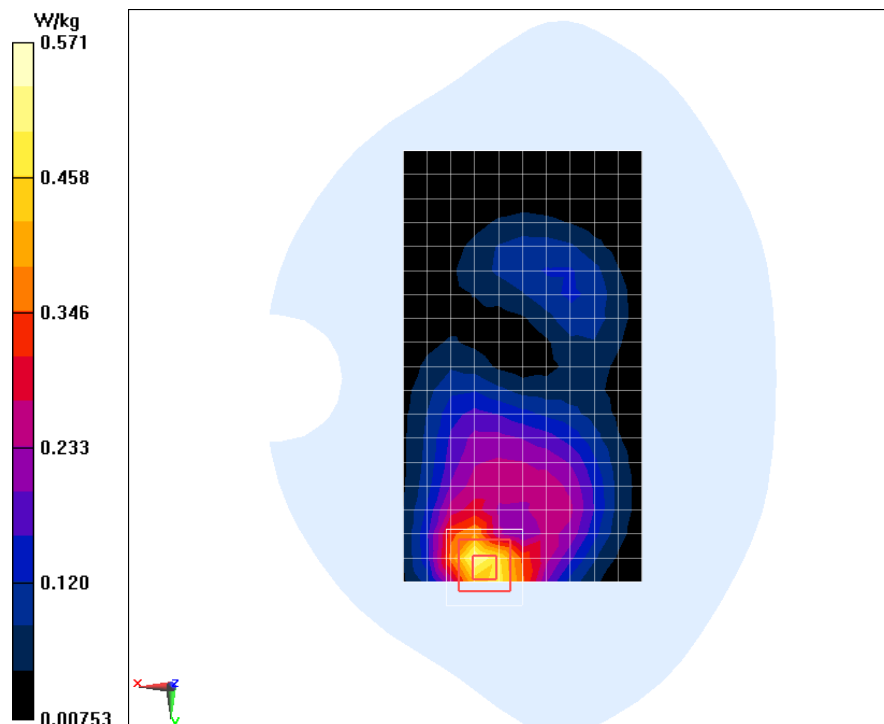
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.659 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.876 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.506 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS Body Left Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Left GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0697 W/kg

Middle Left GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

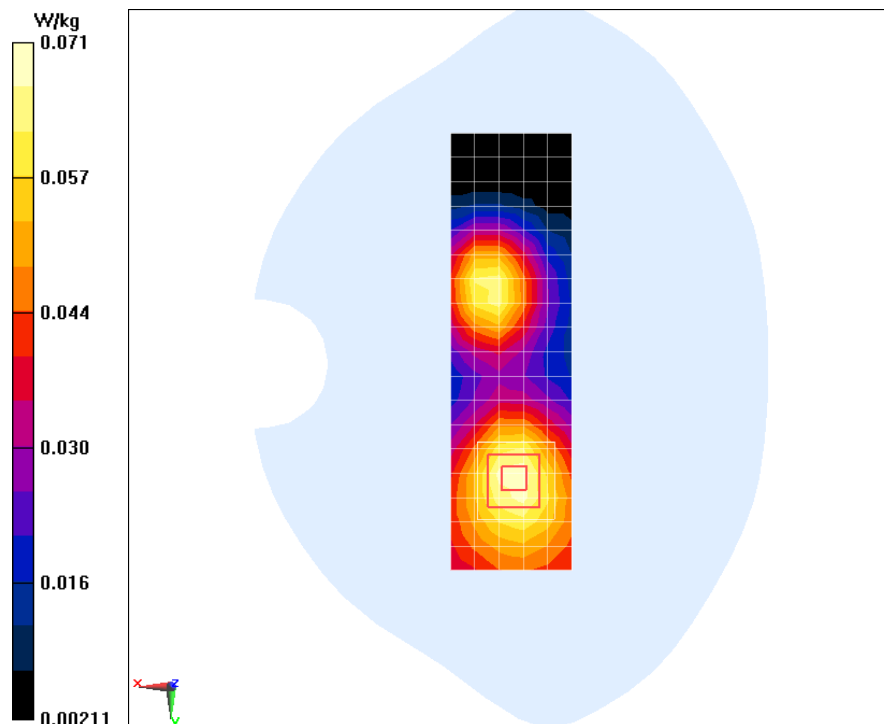
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.668 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.102 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.065 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0711 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS Body Right Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Right GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.102 W/kg

Middle Right GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

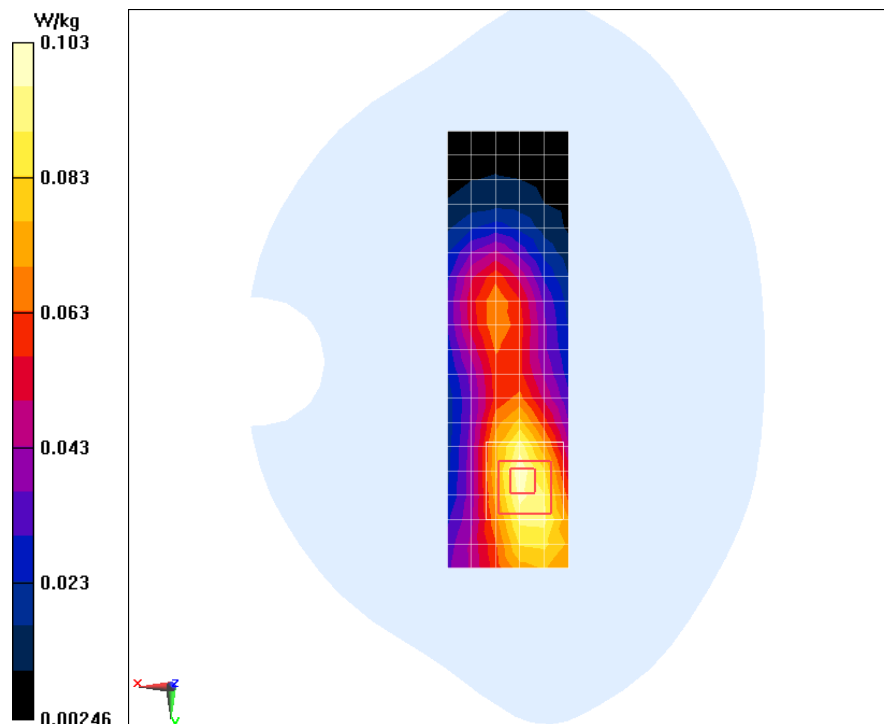
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.638 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.158 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS Body Bottom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Bottom GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (7x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg

Middle Bottom GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

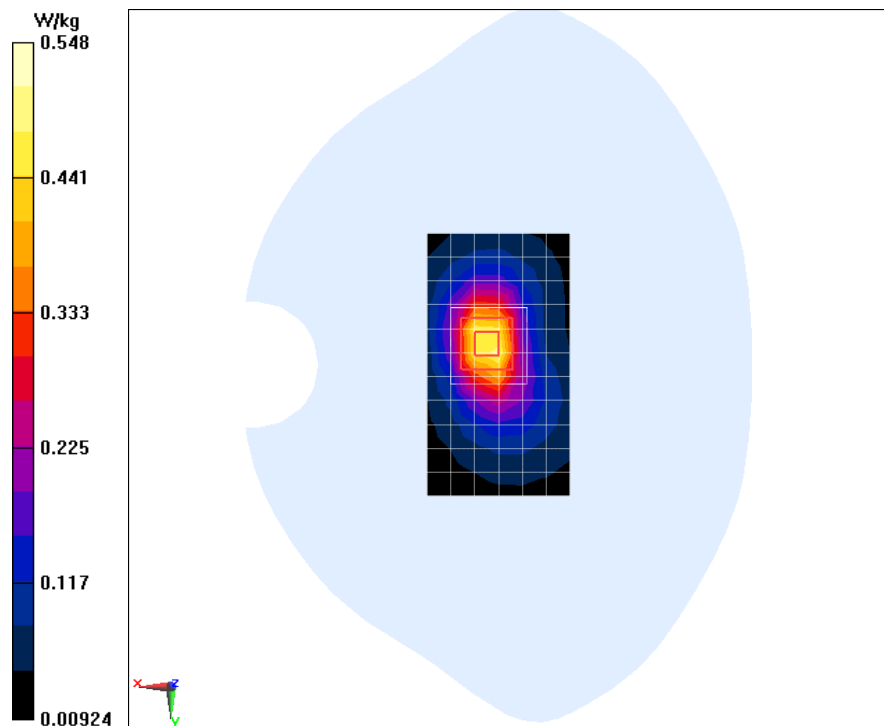
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.727 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.849 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.487 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.44$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Low Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 W/kg

Low Toward Phantom GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

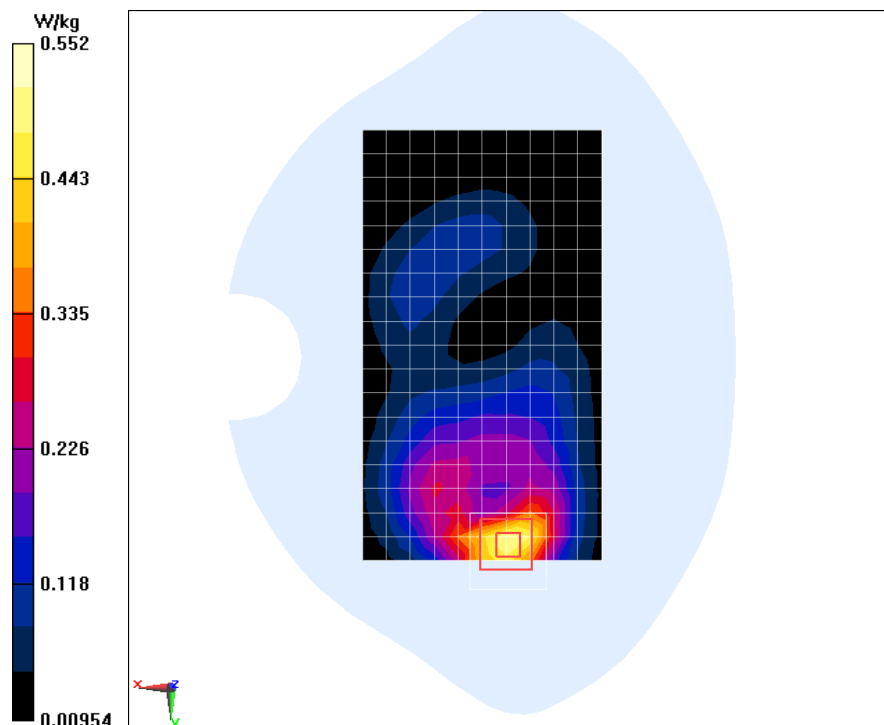
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.200 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.854 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.500 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz 4TS Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2014/3/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.534$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.187$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

GSM 1900MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.622 W/kg

GSM 1900MHz 4TS Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

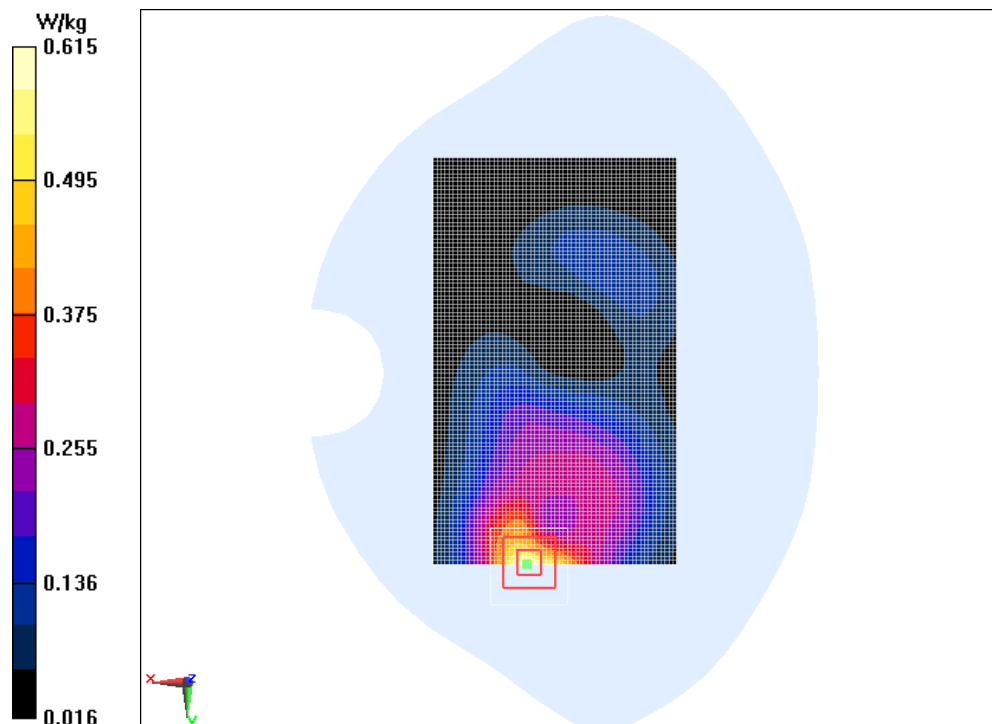
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.283 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.885 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.557 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.615 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz 4TS Phantom Mode High SIM 2

Date/Time: 2014/3/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.534$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.187$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

GSM 1900MHz 4TS Phantom Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.618 W/kg

GSM 1900MHz 4TS Phantom Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

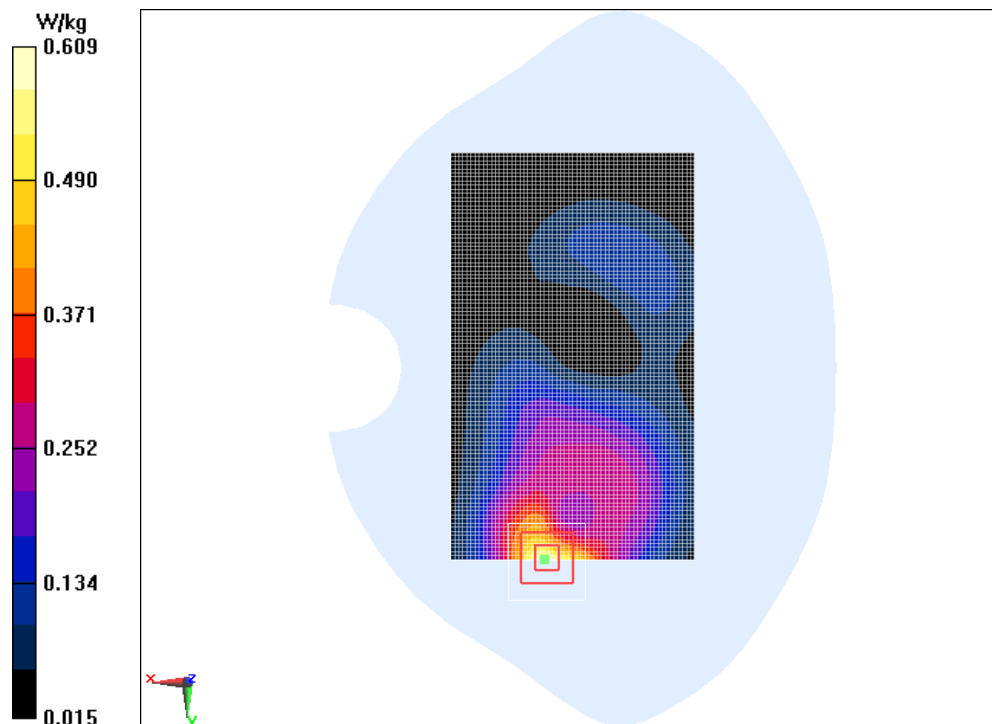
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.279 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.878 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.555 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 W/kg



GSM 1900MHz E-GPRS 4TS Body Toward Phantom High

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.534$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.187$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

High Toward Phantom E-GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 W/kg

High Toward Phantom E-GPRS 4TS 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

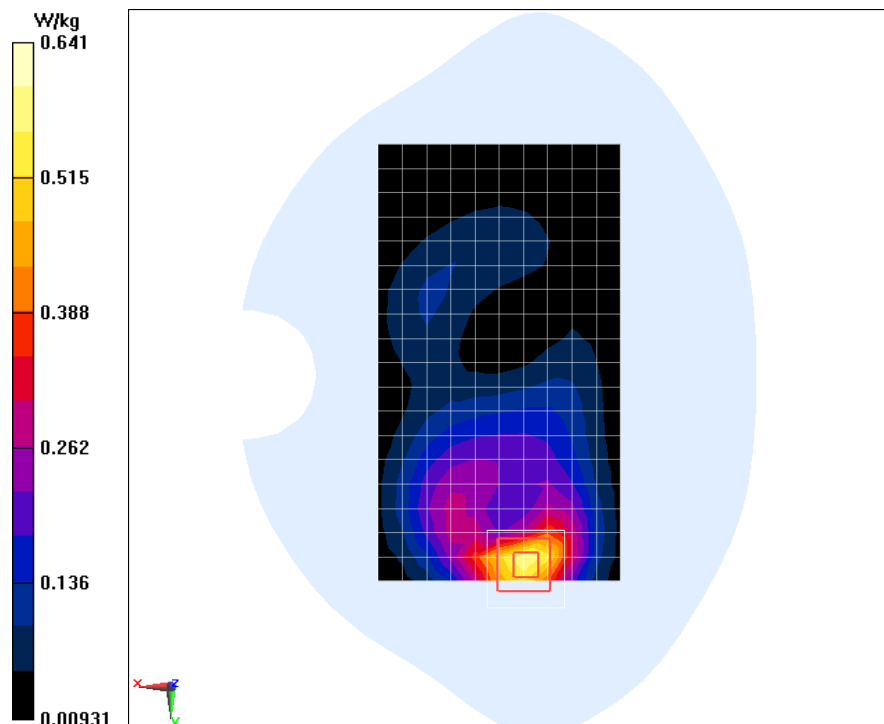
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.215 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.573 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.641 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Cheek Left WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg

Middle Cheek Left WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

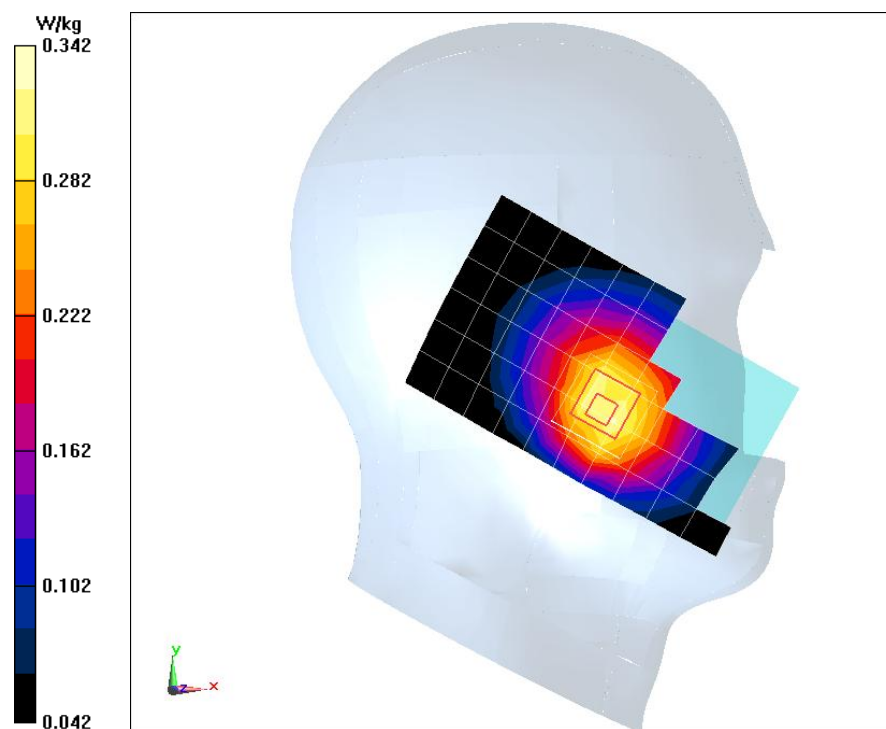
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.593 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Tilt Left WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.199 W/kg

Middle Tilt Left WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

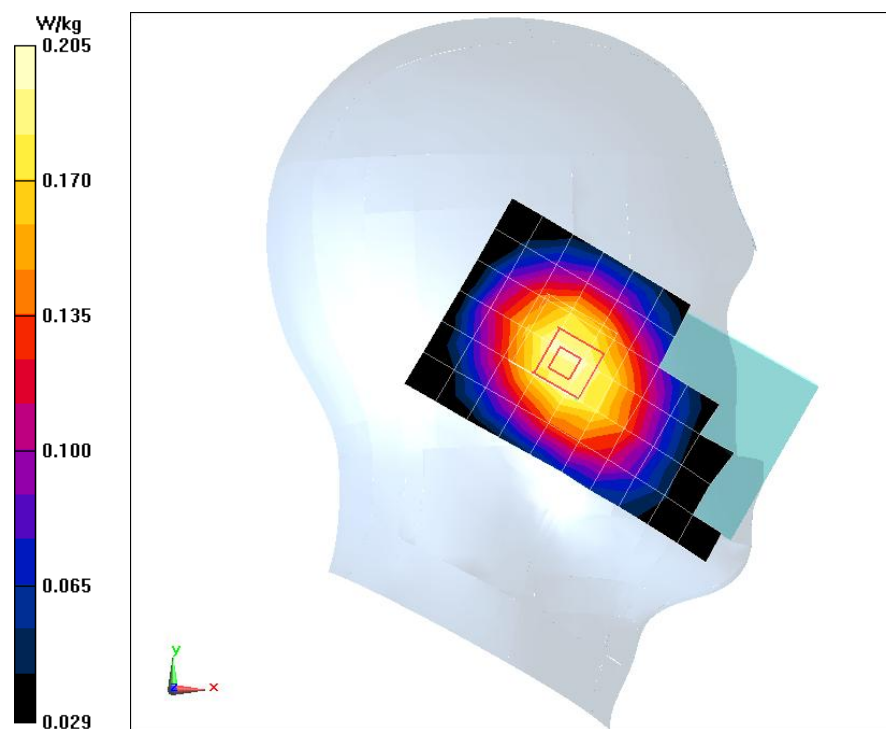
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.451 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.239 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.197 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.205 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Cheek Right WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.308 W/kg

Middle Cheek Right WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

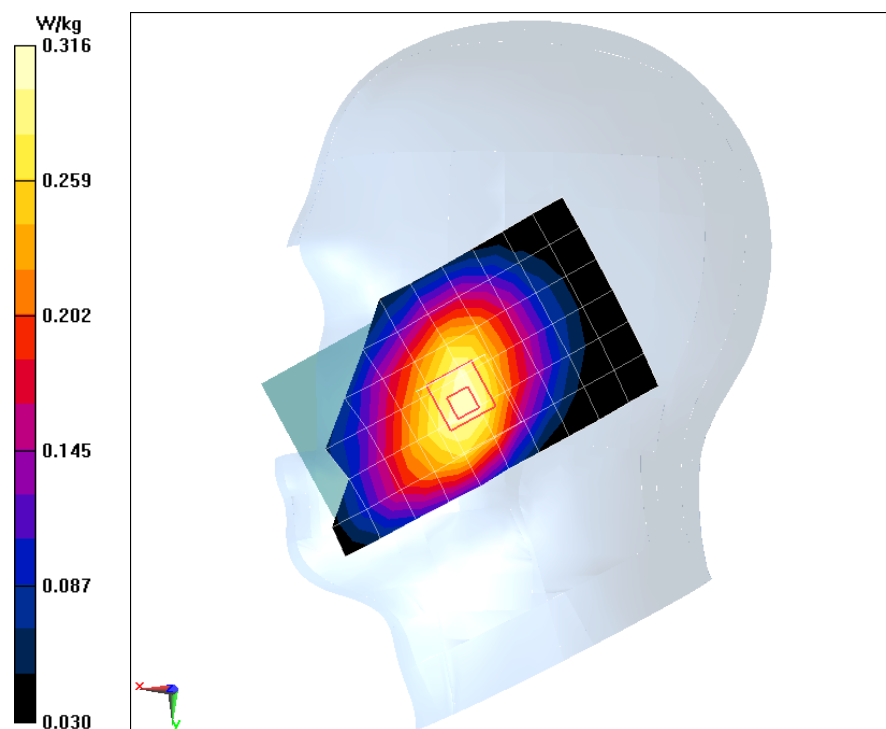
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.089 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.382 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.316 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.986$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Tilt Right WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.195 W/kg

Middle Tilt Right WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

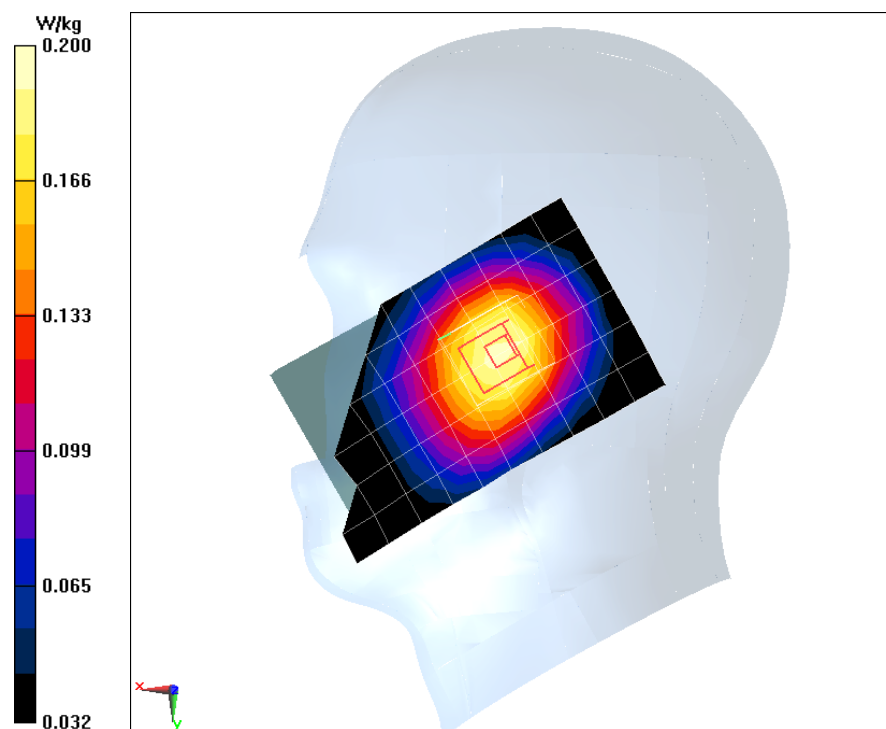
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.118 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.226 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2013/12/4

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.911$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.264$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Cheek Left WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 W/kg

Low Cheek Left WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

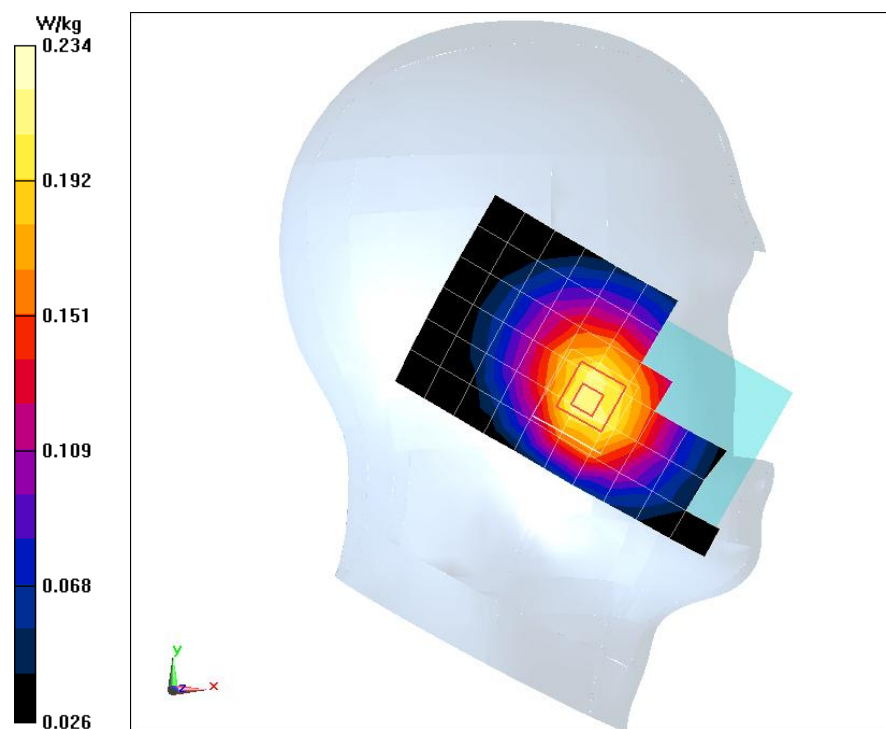
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.297 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 W/kg



WCDMA 850MHz Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.927$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.809$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

WCDMA 850MHz Left Cheek High/Area Scan (111x61x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.292 W/kg

WCDMA 850MHz Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

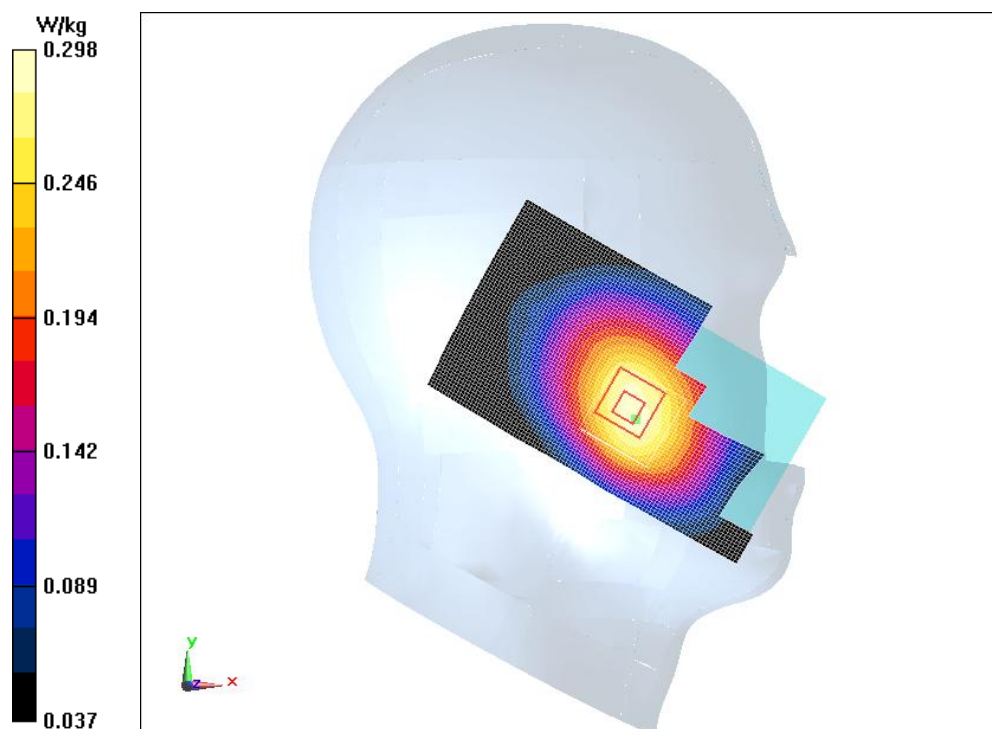
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.515 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.345 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.298 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Body Toward Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Phantom WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.438 W/kg

Middle Toward Phantom WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

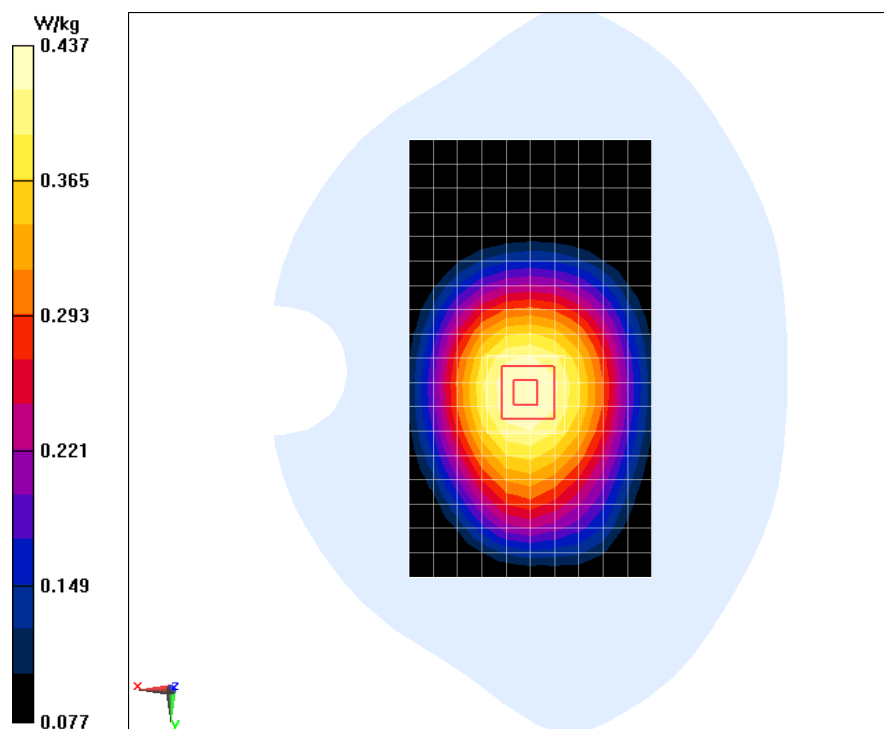
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.257 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.504 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.418 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.437 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Body Toward Ground Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Toward Ground WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

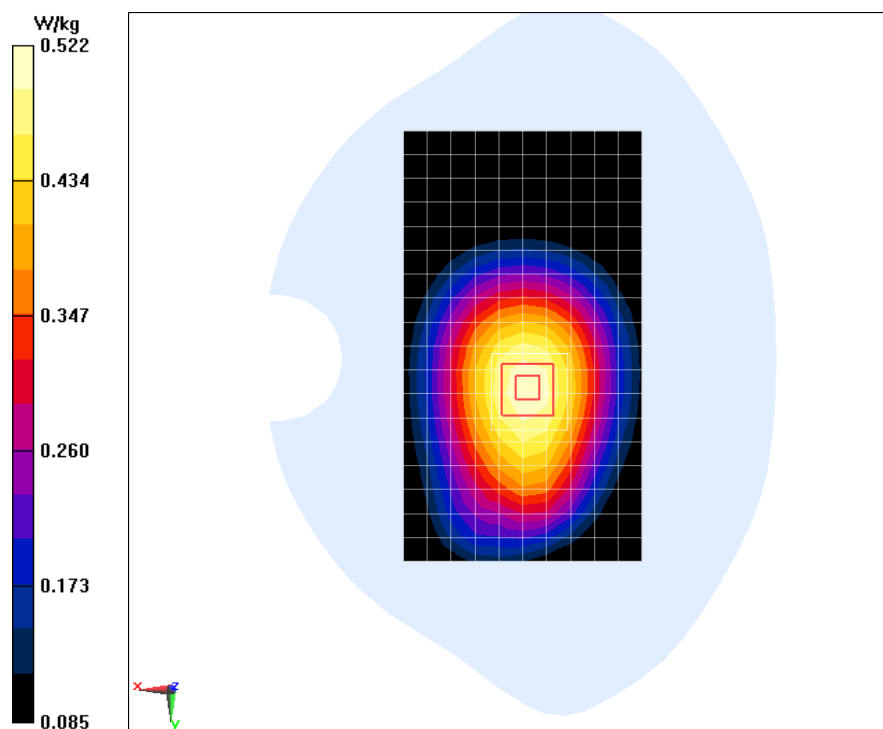
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.713 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.605 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.497 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.522 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Body Right Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Right WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 W/kg

Middle Right WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

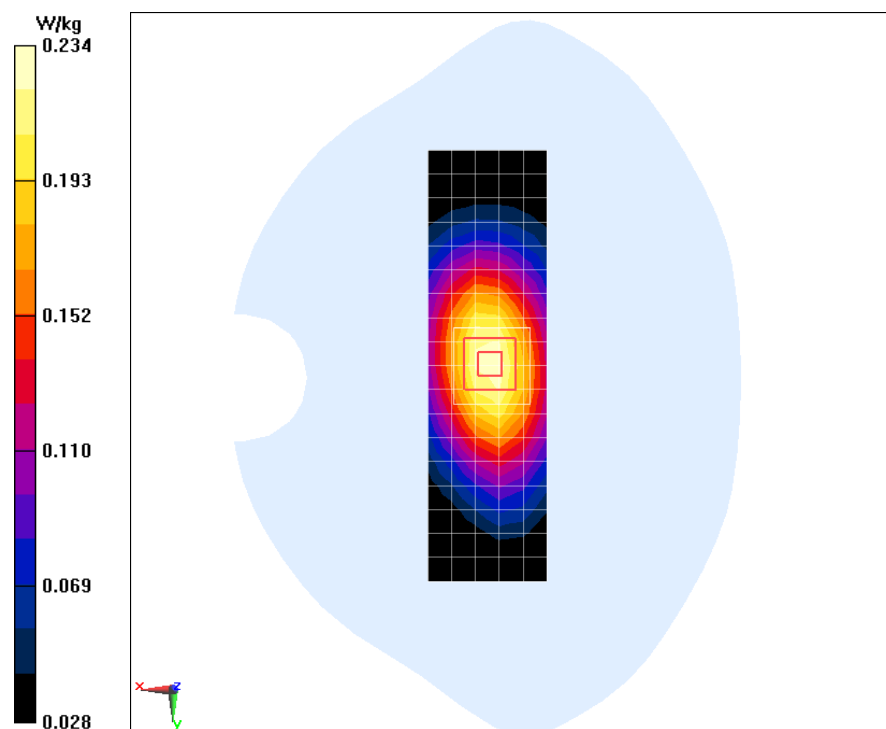
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.473 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.295 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Body Left Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Left WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 W/kg

Middle Left WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

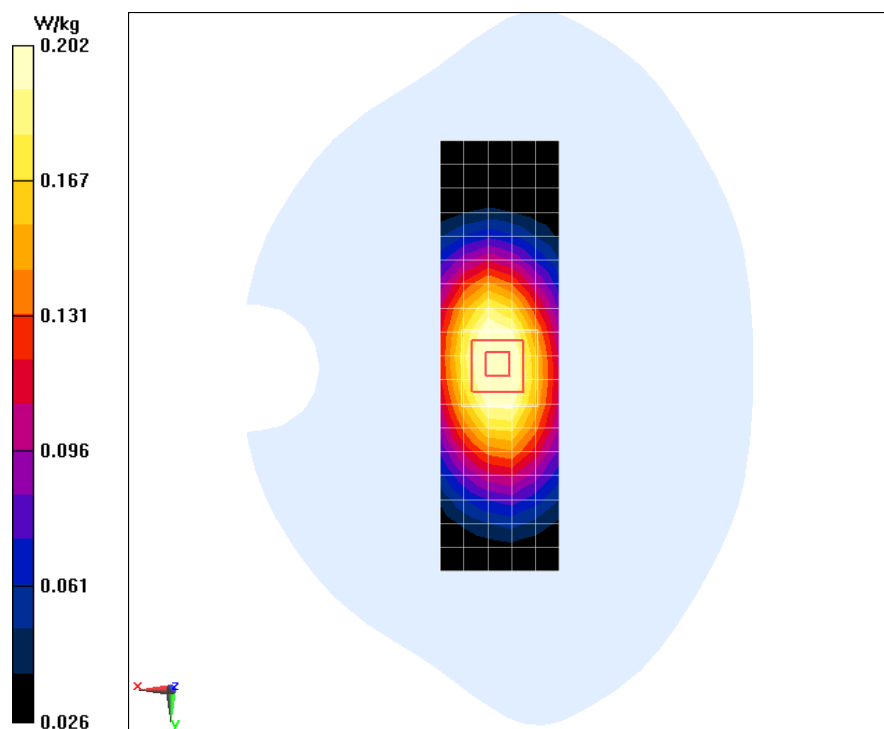
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.996 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.190 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.202 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Body Bottom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Middle Bottom WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (7x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 W/kg

Middle Bottom WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

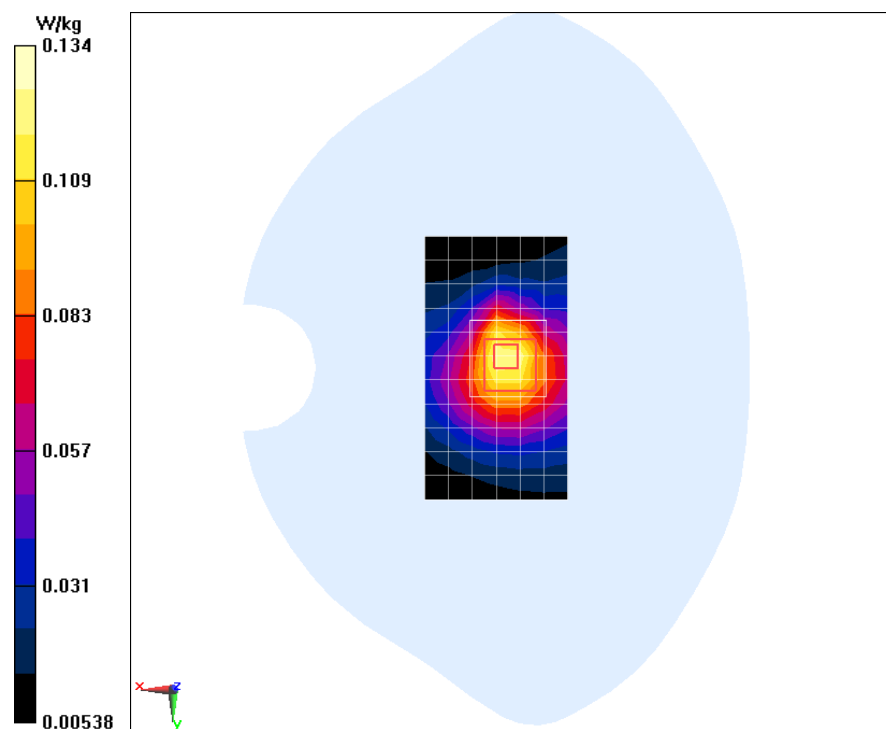
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.315 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.197 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.121 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 W/kg



WCDMA850MHz Body Toward Ground Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.994$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.147$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V ; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

Low Toward Ground WCDMA850MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 W/kg

Low Toward Ground WCDMA850MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

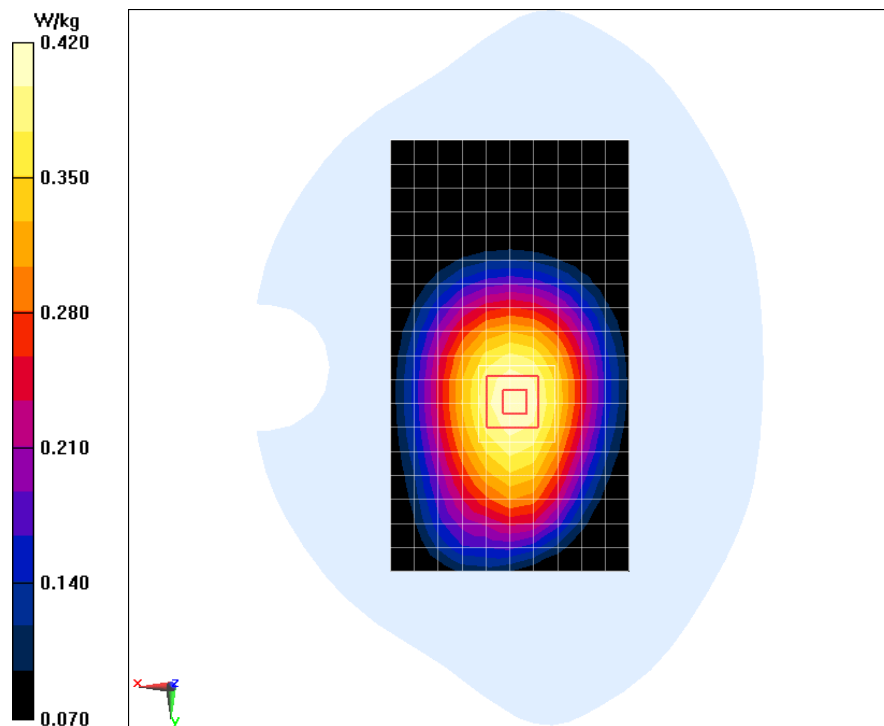
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.403 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.486 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.401 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 W/kg



WCDMA 850MHz Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2014/3/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.012$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.214$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 8/5/2013

WCDMA 850MHz Ground Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.442 W/kg

WCDMA 850MHz Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

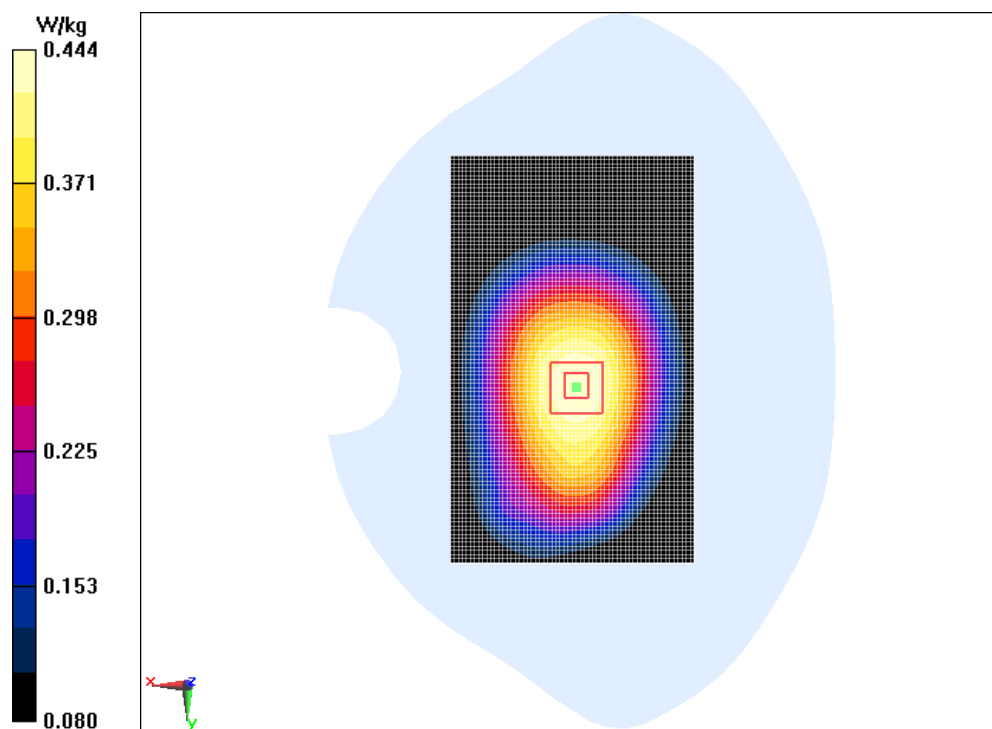
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 21.275 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.509 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.424 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Cheek Left WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg

Middle Cheek Left WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

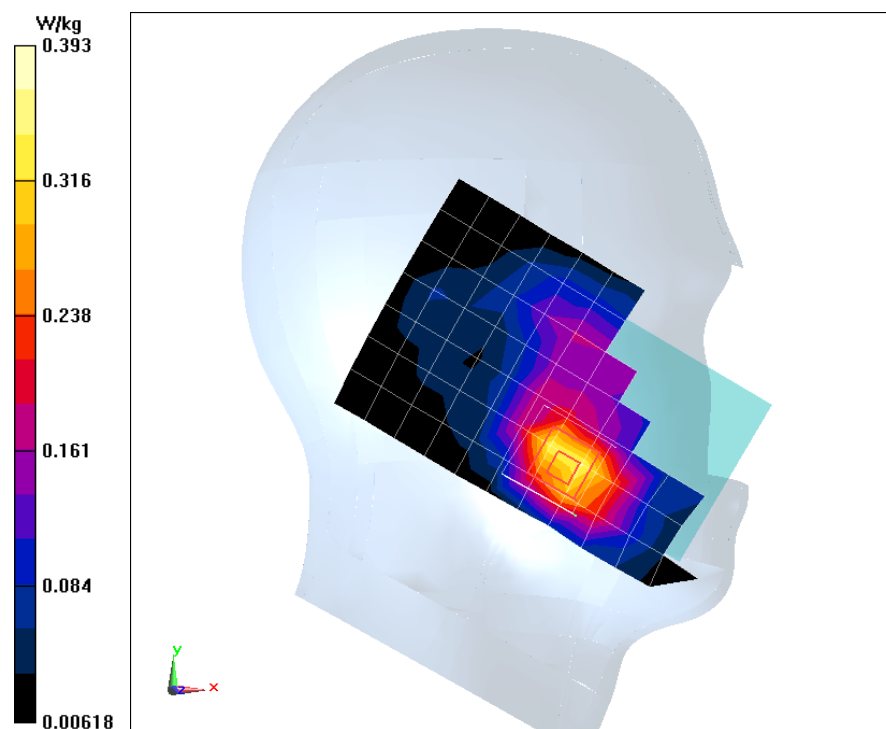
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.329 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.359 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.393 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Tilt Left WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 W/kg

Middle Tilt Left WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

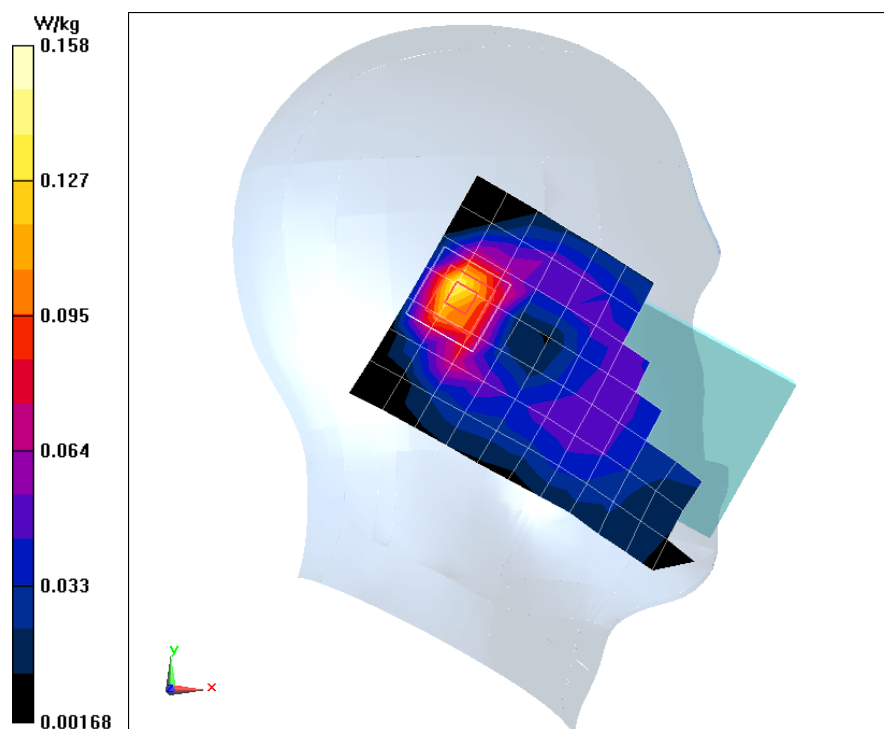
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.304 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.235 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.142 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Cheek Right WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 W/kg

Middle Cheek Right WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

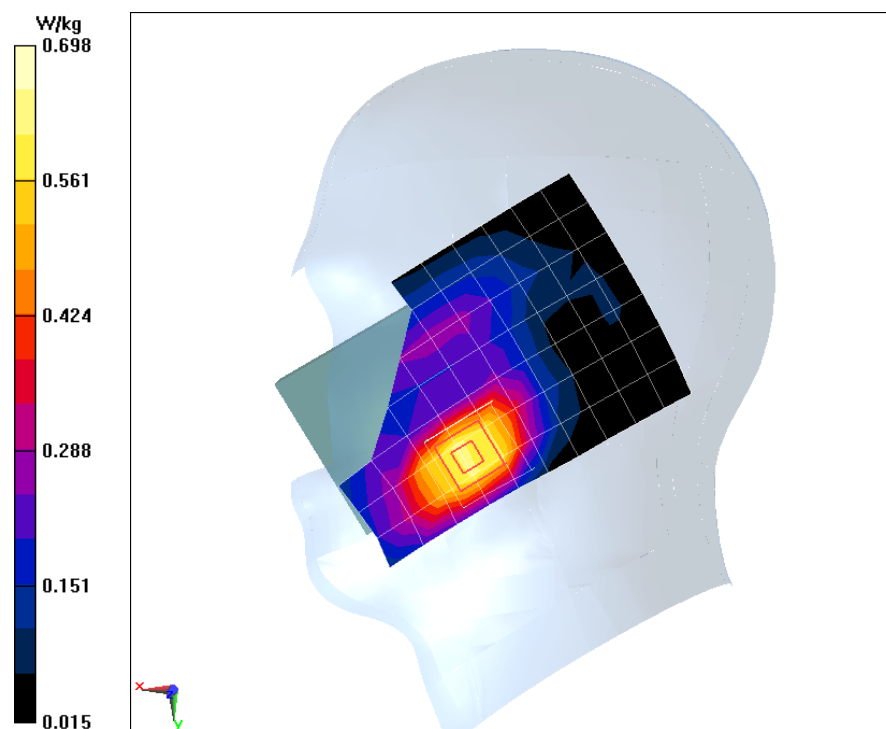
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.312 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.994 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.646 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

Middle Tilt Right WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 W/kg

Middle Tilt Right WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

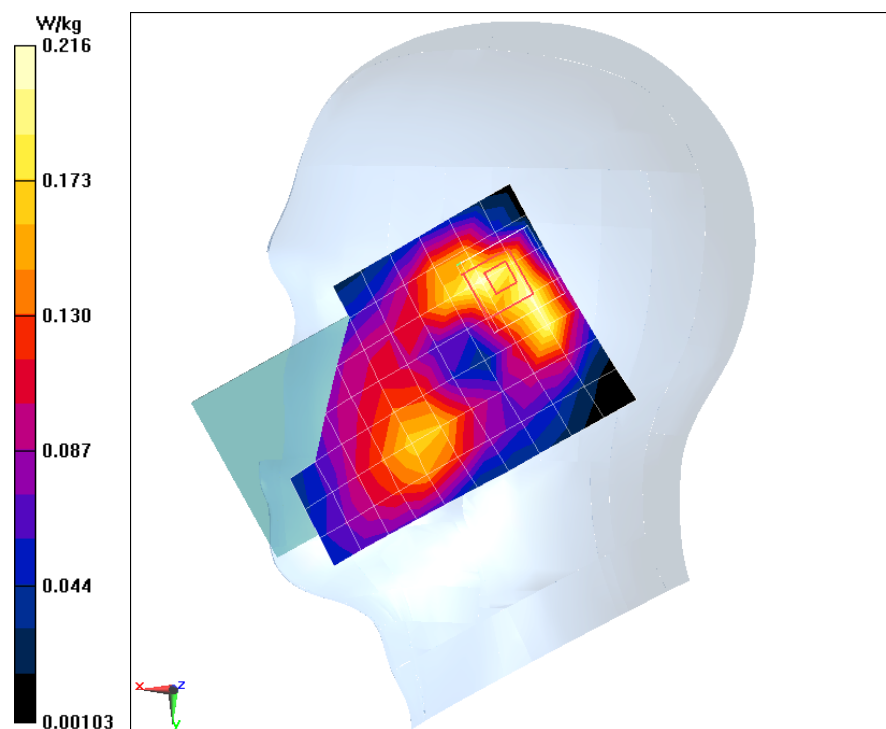
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.137 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.341 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.202 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.216 W/kg



WCDMA 1900MHz Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.373$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.159$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

WCDMA 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (121x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.640 W/kg

WCDMA 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

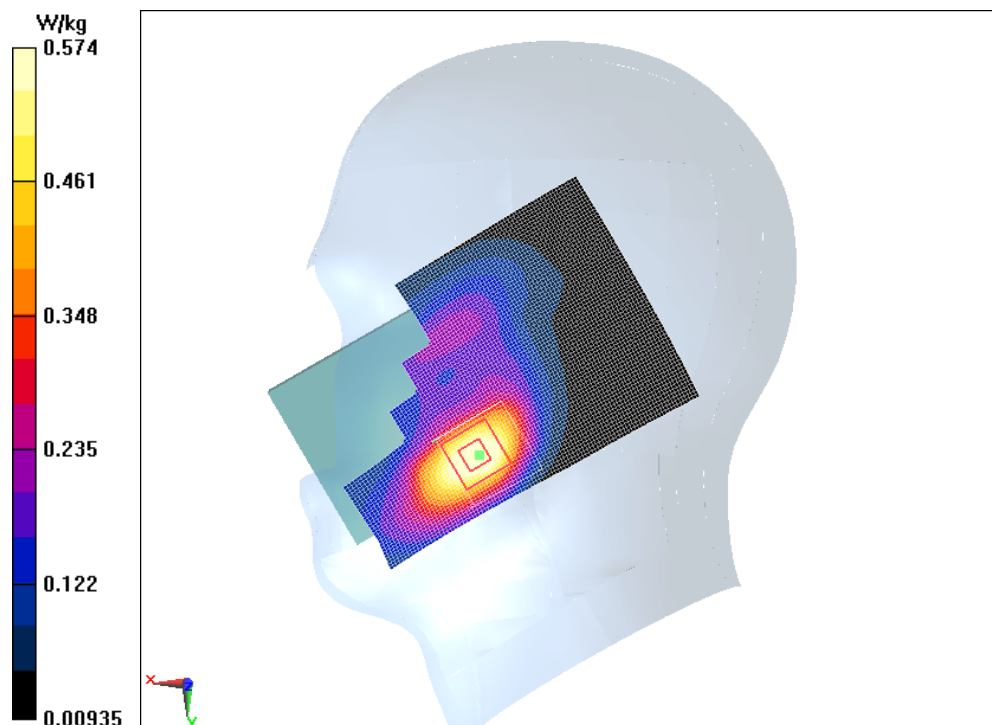
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.579 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.822 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.534 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.574 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2013/12/8

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 7/28/2013

High Cheek Right WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 W/kg

High Cheek Right WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

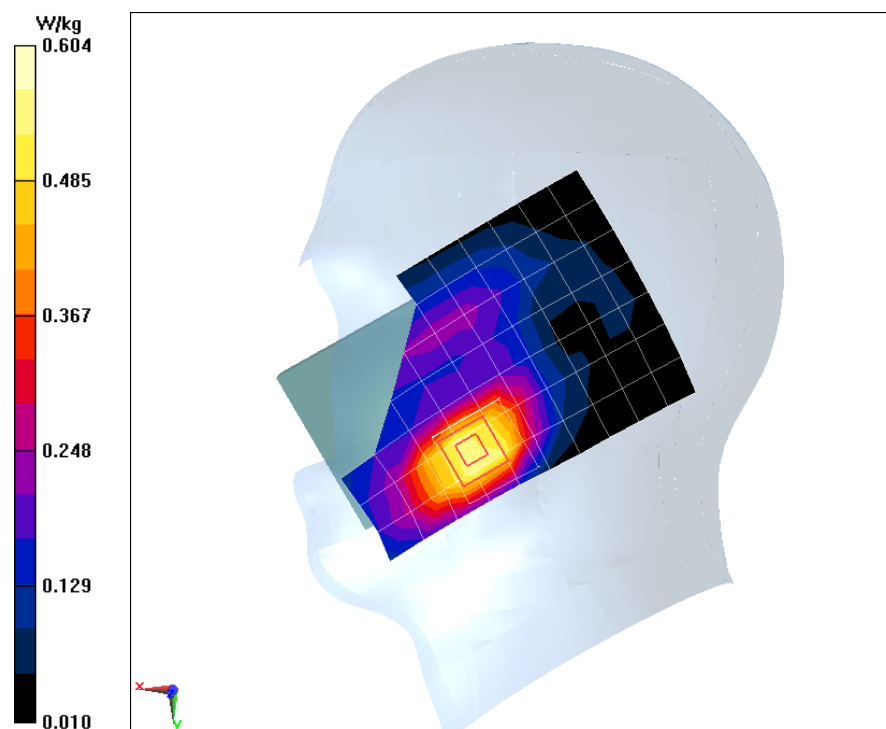
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.054 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.879 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.569 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Toward Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.504 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Toward Phantom WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.819 W/kg

Middle Toward Phantom WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

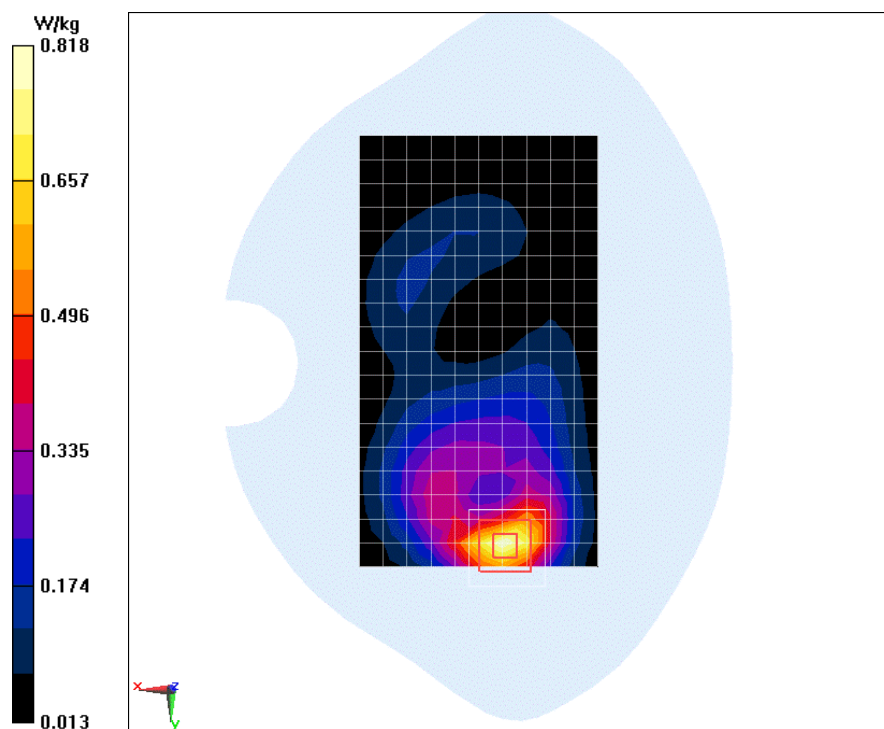
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.955 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.725 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.818 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Toward Ground Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Toward Ground WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 W/kg

Middle Toward Ground WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

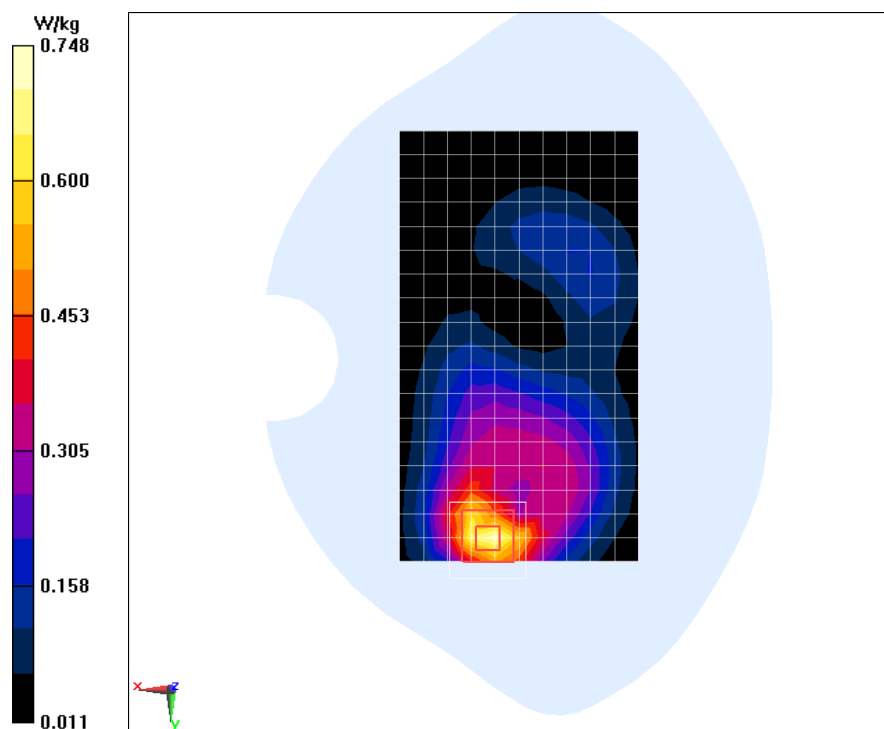
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.963 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.666 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Left Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Left WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0839 W/kg

Middle Left WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

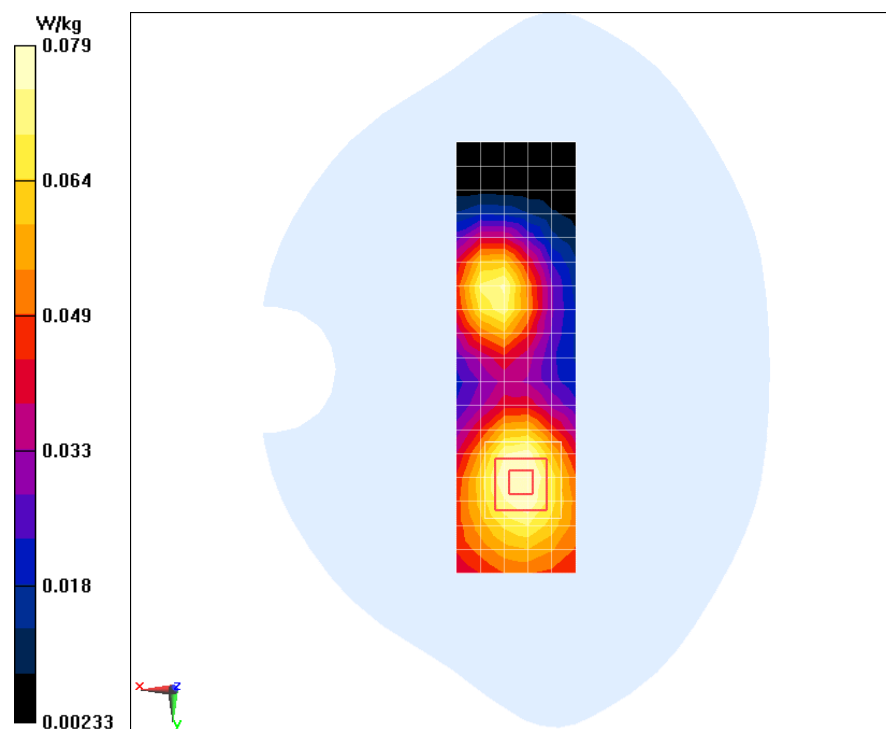
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.311 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.115 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.073 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0794 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Right Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Right WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 W/kg

Middle Right WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

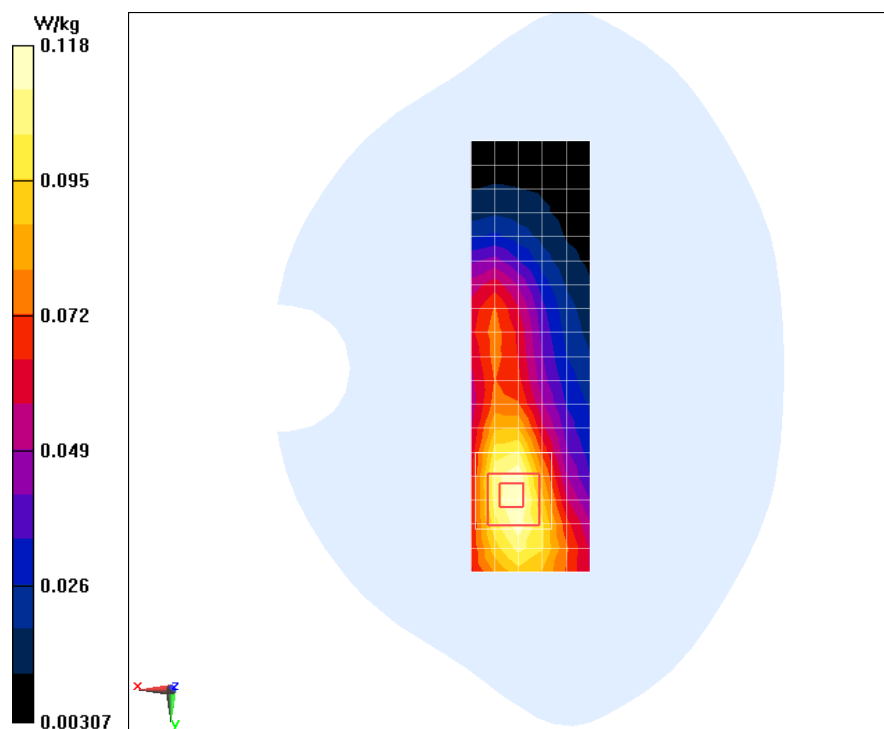
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.217 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.108 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Bottom Middle

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Middle Bottom WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.705 W/kg

Middle Bottom WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

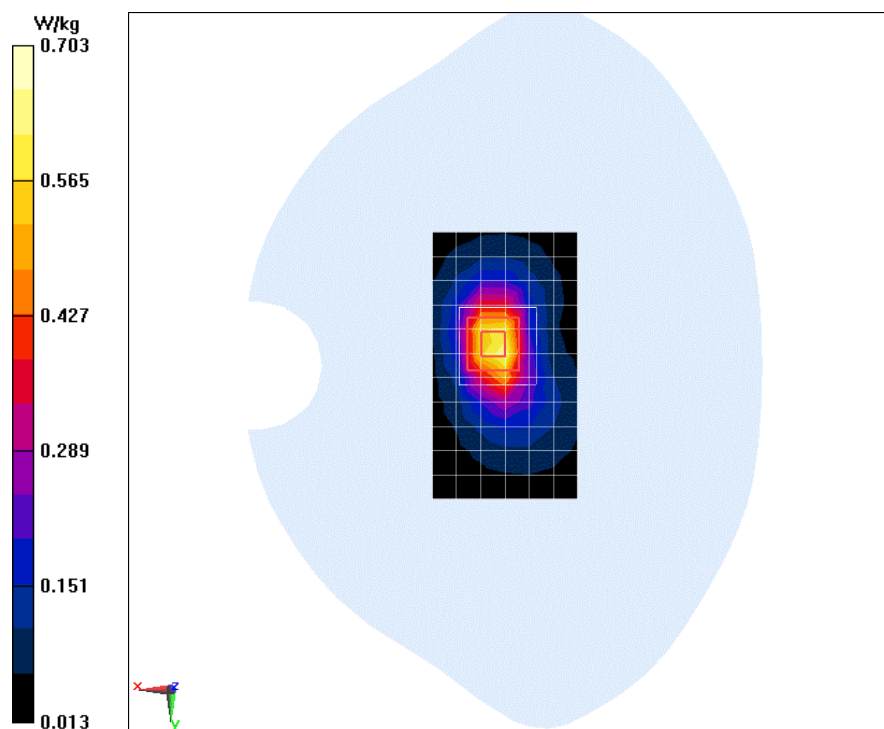
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 16.797 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.703 W/kg



WCDMA 1900MHz Phantom Mode Low

Date/Time: 2014/3/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

WCDMA 1900MHz Phantom Mode Low/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.790 W/kg

WCDMA 1900MHz Phantom Mode Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

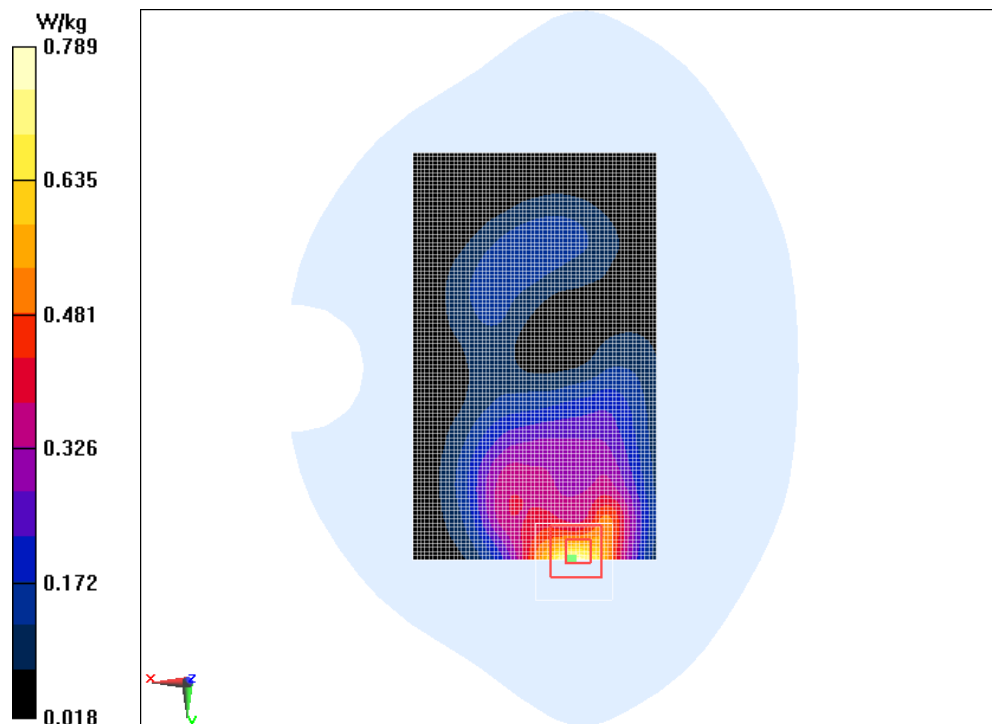
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.798 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.750 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.422 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.789 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Toward Phantom High

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.532$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.199$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

High Toward Phantom WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.807 W/kg

High Toward Phantom WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

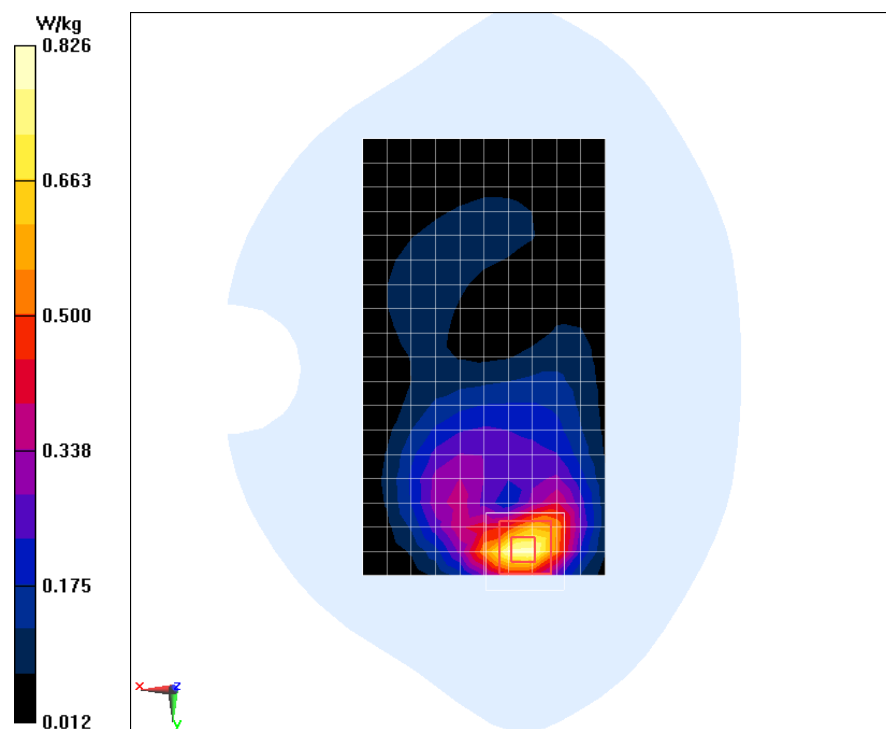
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.672 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.736 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.826 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Toward Ground High

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.532$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.199$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

High Toward Ground WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.723 W/kg

High Toward Ground WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

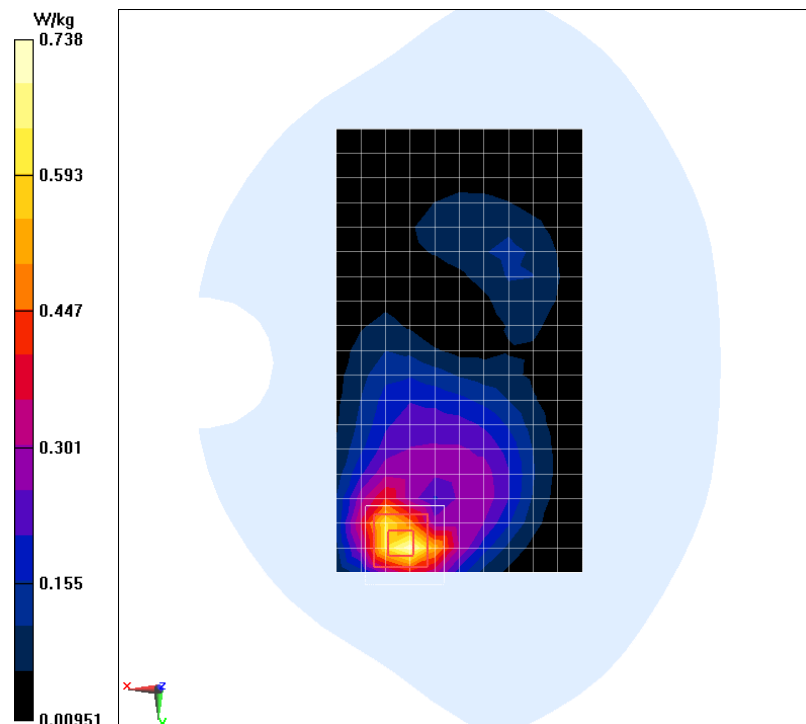
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.218 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.651 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.738 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Toward Ground Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Low Toward Ground WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 W/kg

Low Toward Ground WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

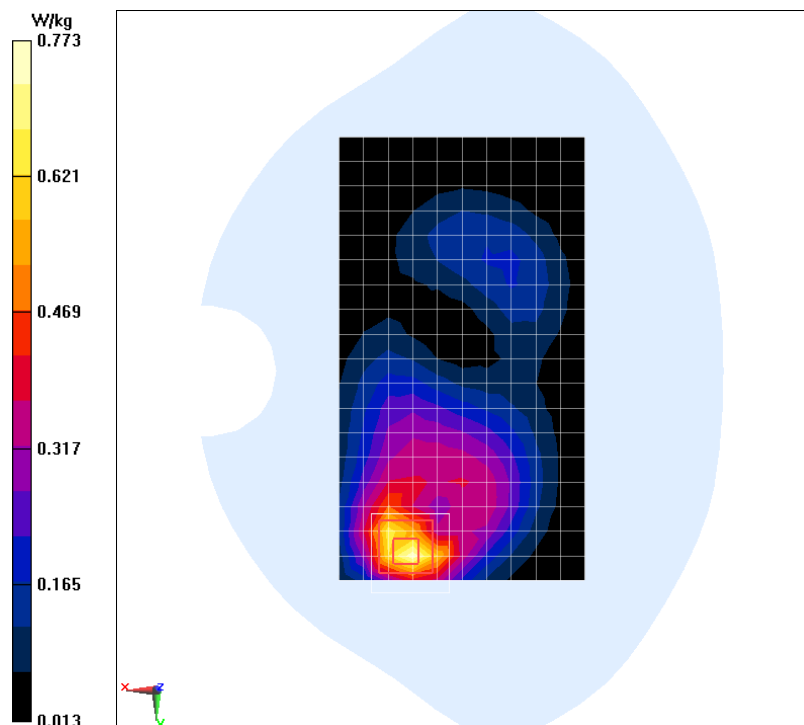
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.055 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.773 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Bottom Low

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

Low Bottom WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (7x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.643 W/kg

Low Bottom WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

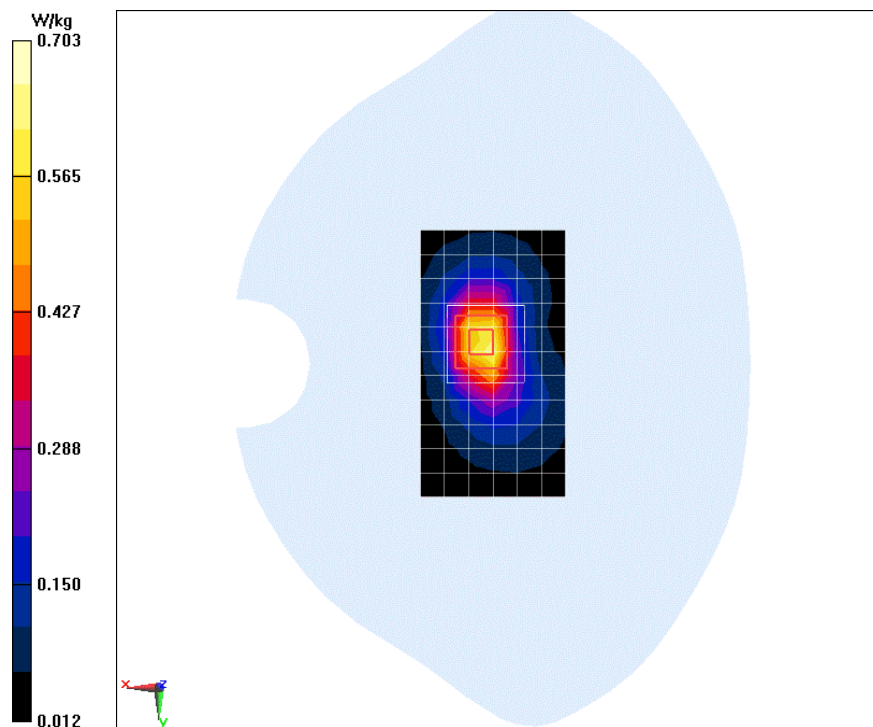
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.355 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.703 W/kg



WCDMA1900MHz Body Bottom High

Date/Time: 2014/1/6

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.532$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.199$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 7/26/2013

High Bottom WCDMA1900MHz/Area Scan (7x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 W/kg

High Bottom WCDMA1900MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

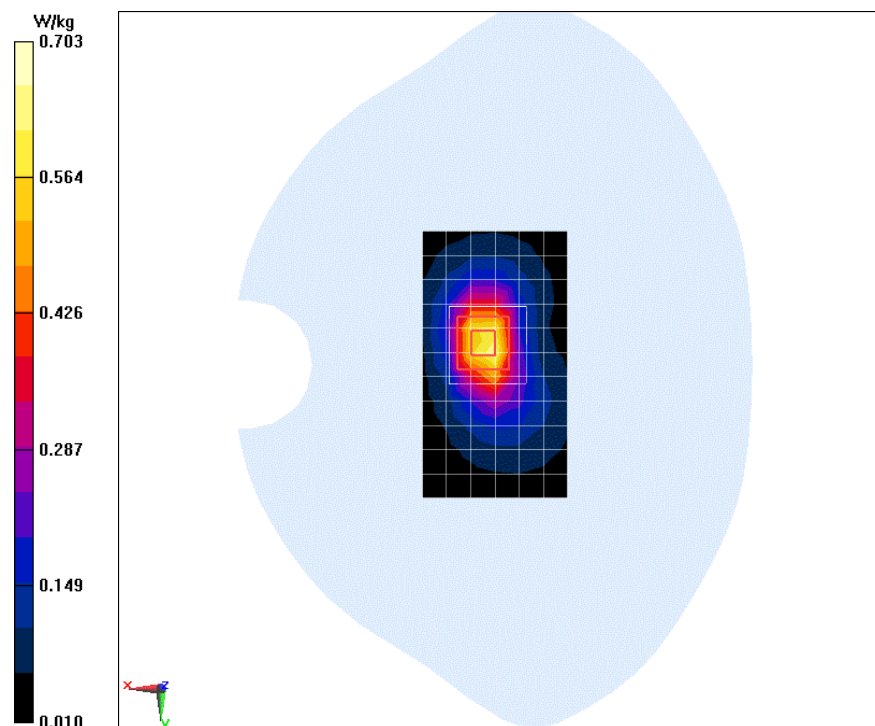
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 19.111 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.611 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.703 W/kg



WiFi 802.11b Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 2014/3/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

WiFi 802.11b Left Cheek High/Area Scan (121x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.0702 W/kg

WiFi 802.11b Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

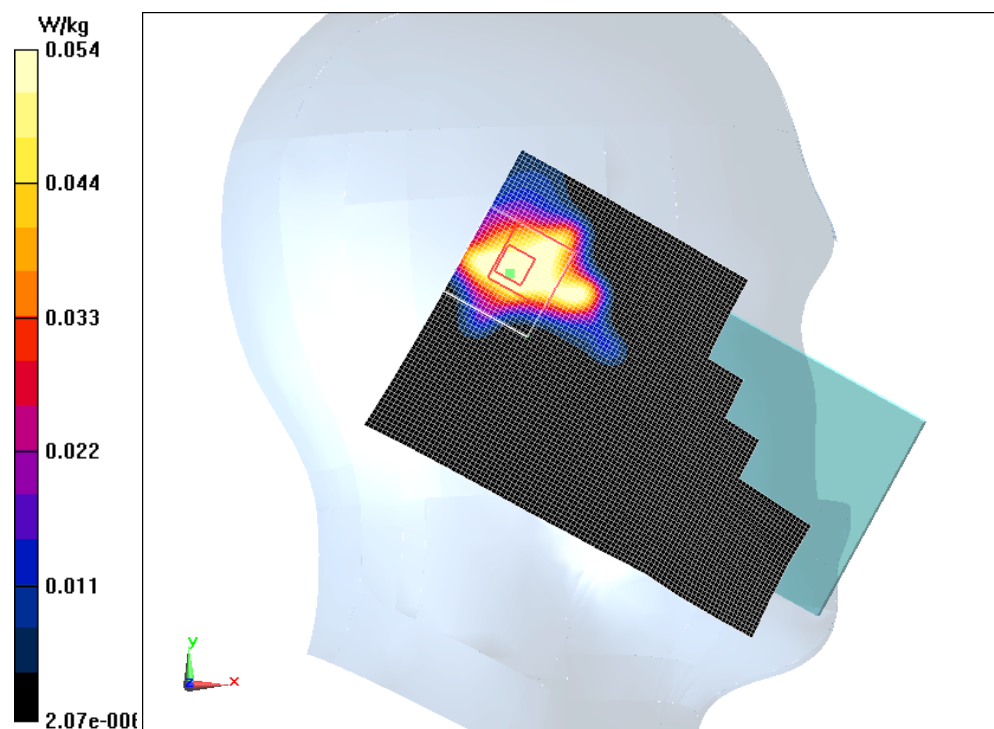
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.371 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0990 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.045 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.0545 W/kg



WiFi2450MHz Left Tilt High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

High Tilt Left WiFi2450MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0649 W/kg

High Tilt Left WiFi2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

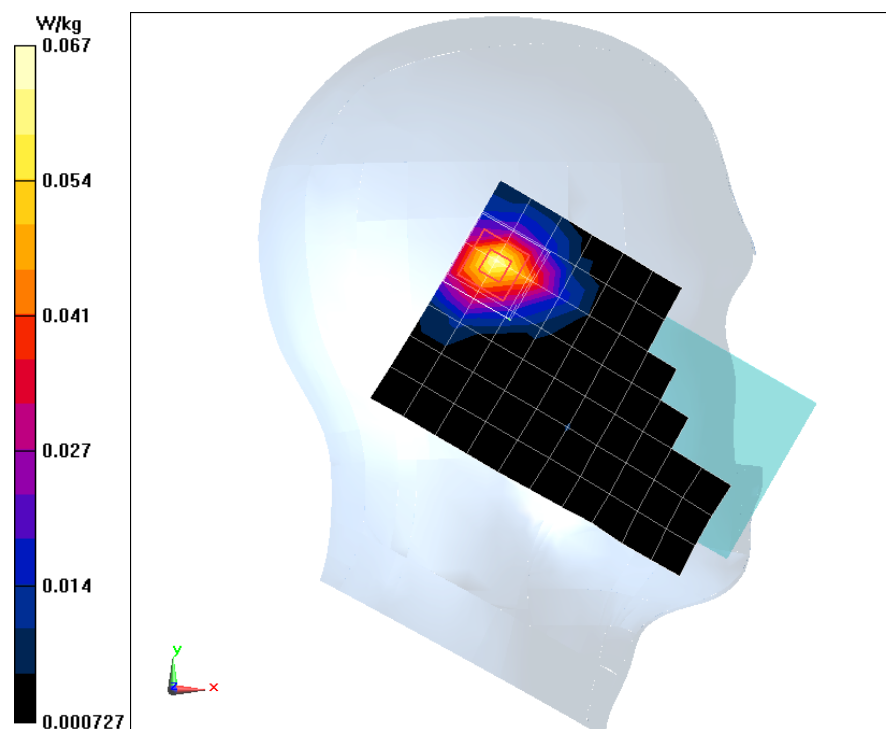
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.455 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.119 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.059 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0671 W/kg



WiFi2450MHz Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

High Cheek Right WiFi2450MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0399 W/kg

High Cheek Right WiFi2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

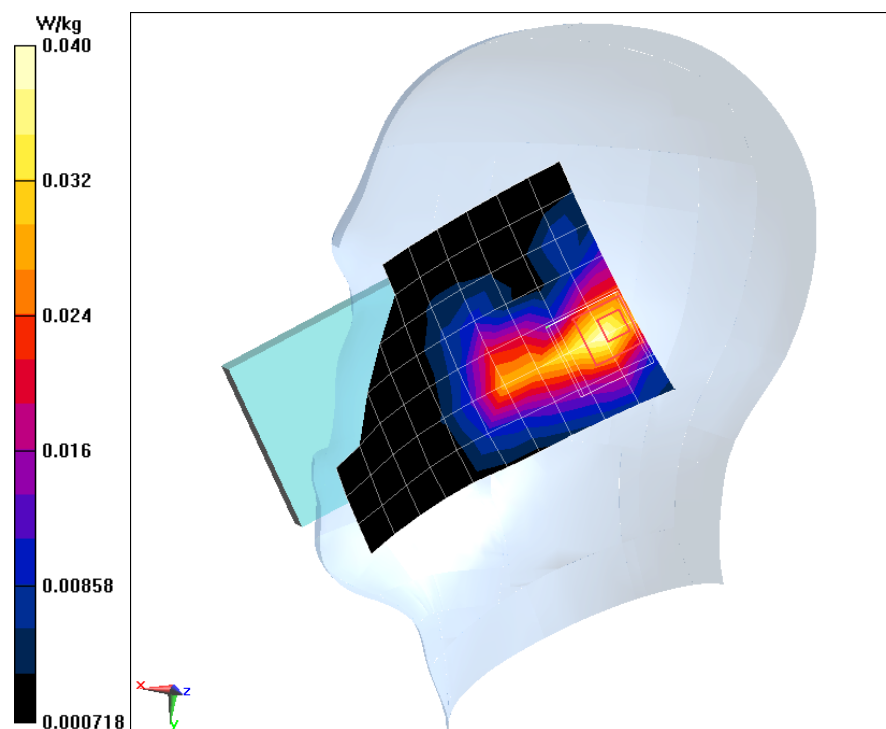
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.107 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0700 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.0400 W/kg



WiFi2450MHz Right Tilt High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

High Tilt Right WiFi2450MHz/Area Scan (13x8x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0417 W/kg

High Tilt Right WiFi2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

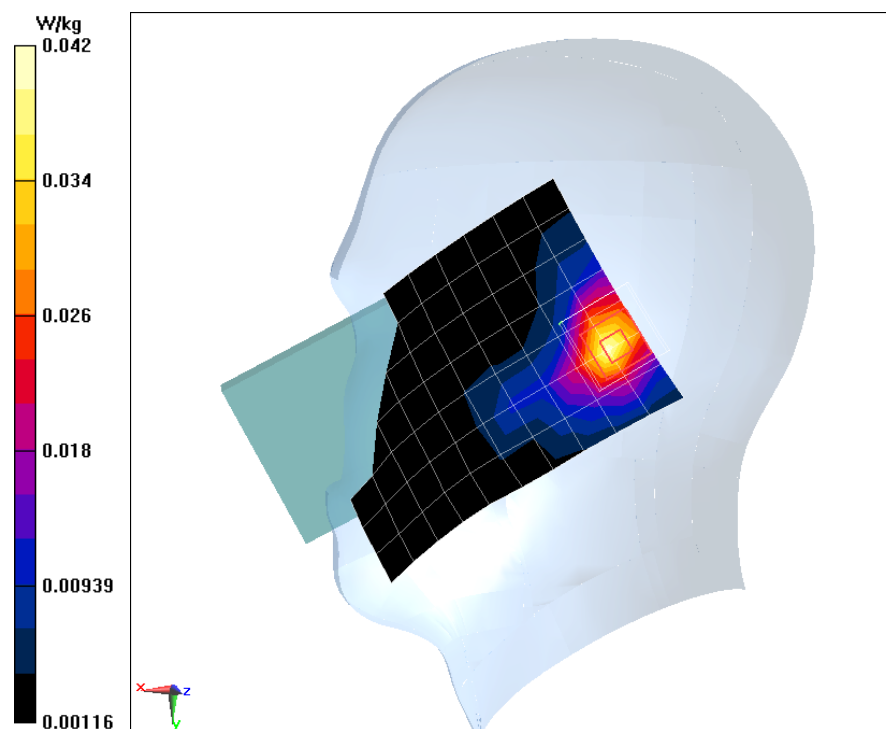
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.535 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0650 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0423 W/kg



Wifi2450MHz Body Phantom High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

High Phantom WIFI2450MHz/Area Scan (11x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0533 W/kg

High Phantom WIFI2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

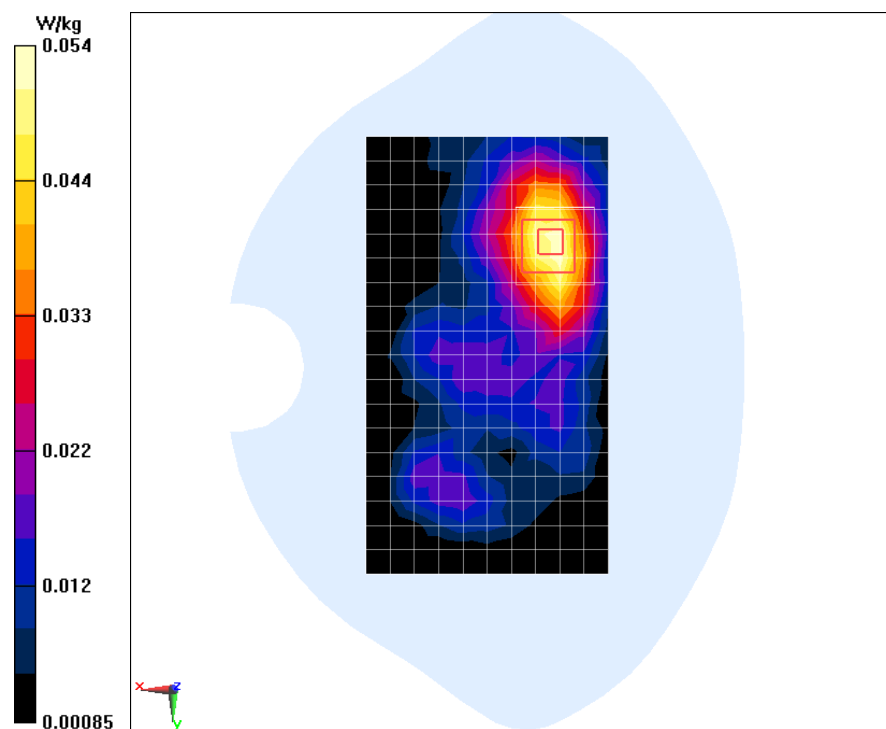
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.238 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0810 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.050 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0543 W/kg



WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2014/3/18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.917$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.102 W/kg

WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

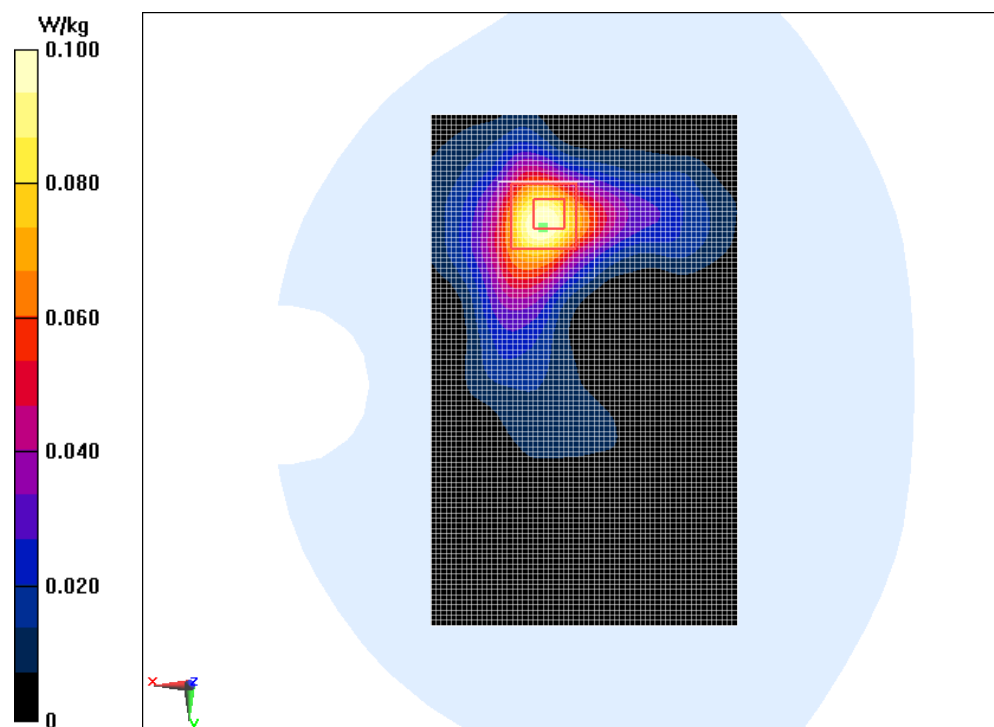
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.313 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.155 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.092 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 W/kg



Wifi2450MHz Body Top High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

High Top WIFI2450MHz/Area Scan (6x12x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg

High Top WIFI2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

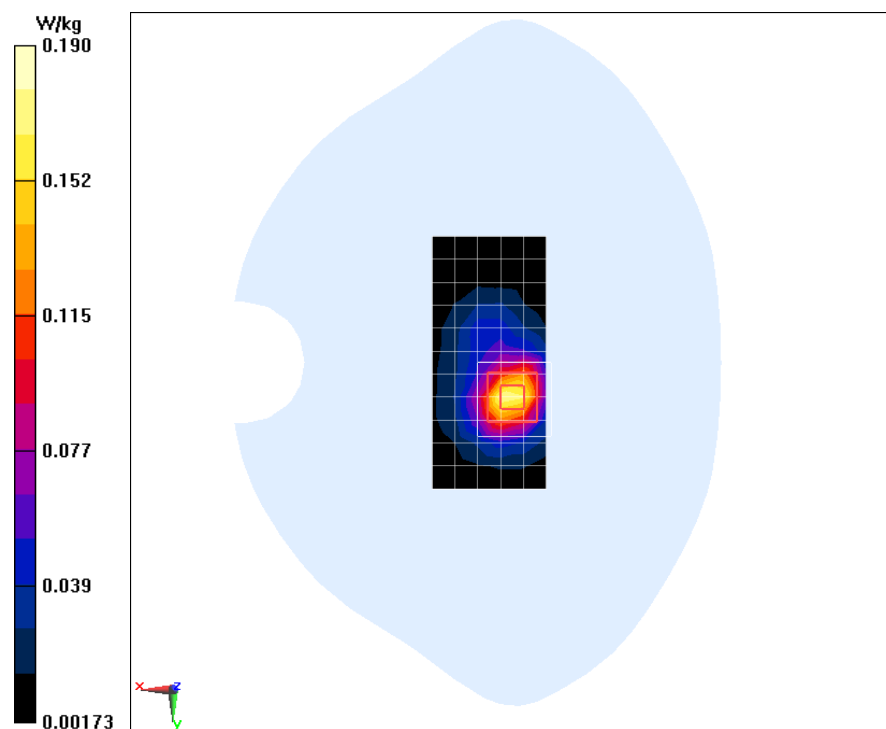
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.344 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.304 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.163 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg



Wifi2450MHz Body Bottom High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 8/9/2013

High Bottom WIFI2450MHz/Area Scan (6x12x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00691 W/kg

High Bottom WIFI2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

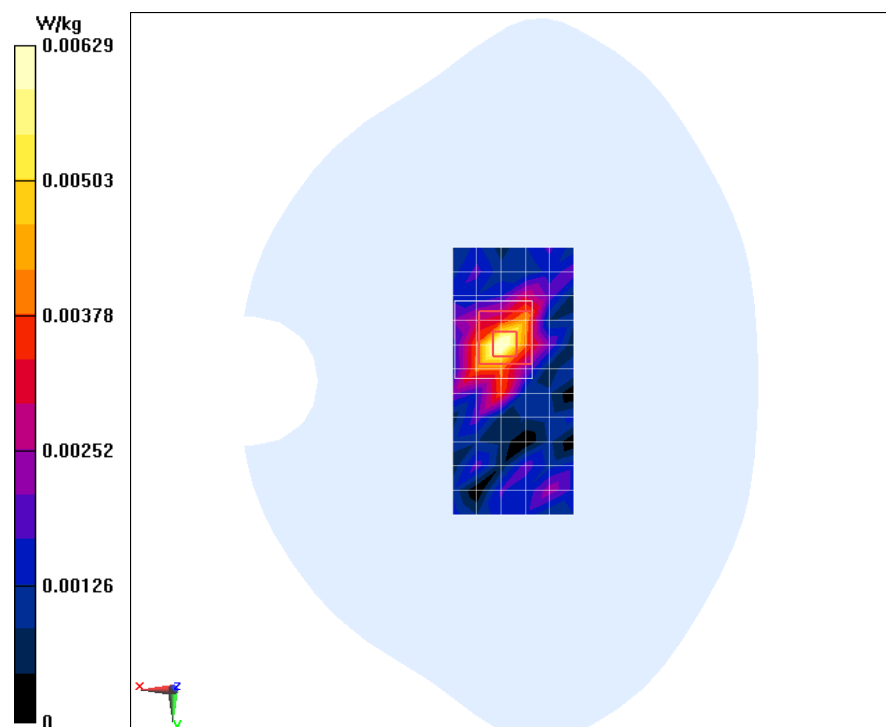
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.840 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00542 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00291 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00629 W/kg



Wifi2450MHz Body Left High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 7/22/2013

High Left WIFI2450MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0170 W/kg

High Left WIFI2450MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

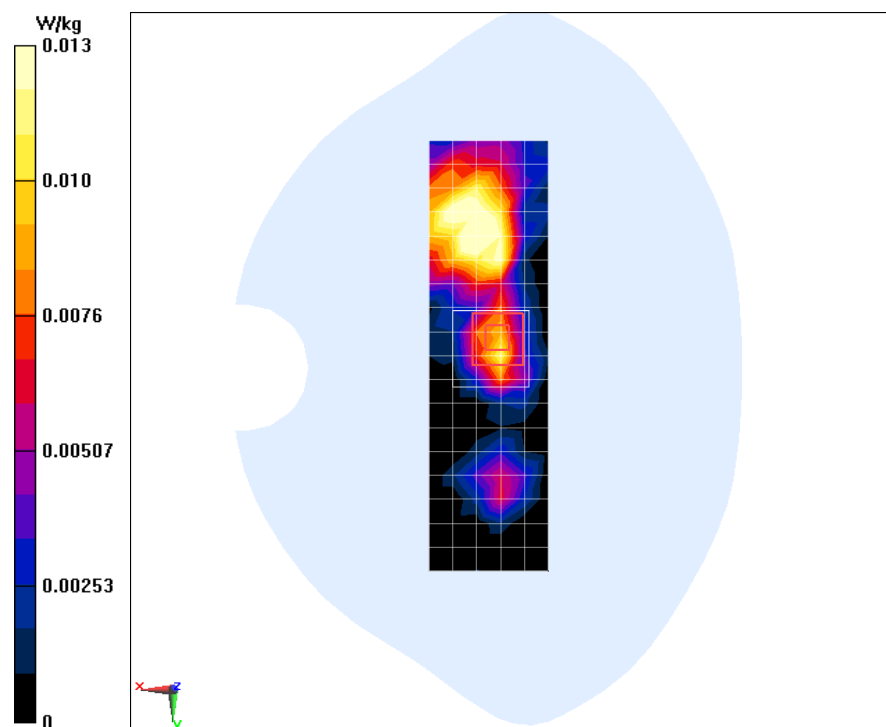
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.475 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00457 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0127 W/kg



Wifi2450MHz Body Right High

Date/Time: 2014/1/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.821$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WiFi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 7/22/2013

High Right WIFI2450MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0664 W/kg

High Right WIFI2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

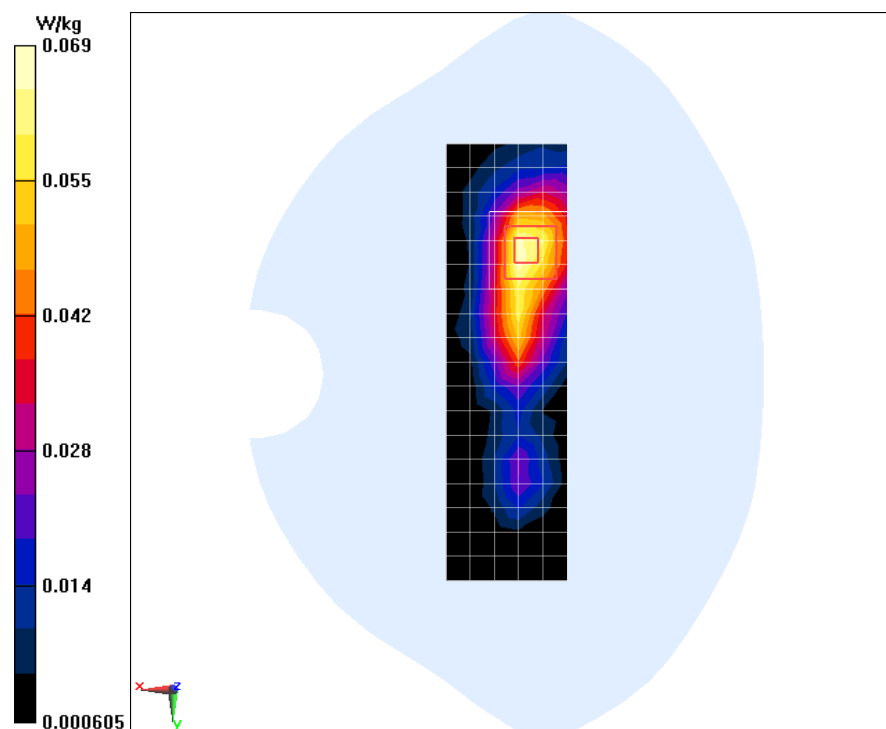
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.180 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.101 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.062 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.035 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0689 W/kg



ANNEX B SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

835MHz-Head

Date/Time: 12/4/2013

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.917 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.04$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.1, 6.1, 6.1)

System Validation/Area Scan(101x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.262 mW/g

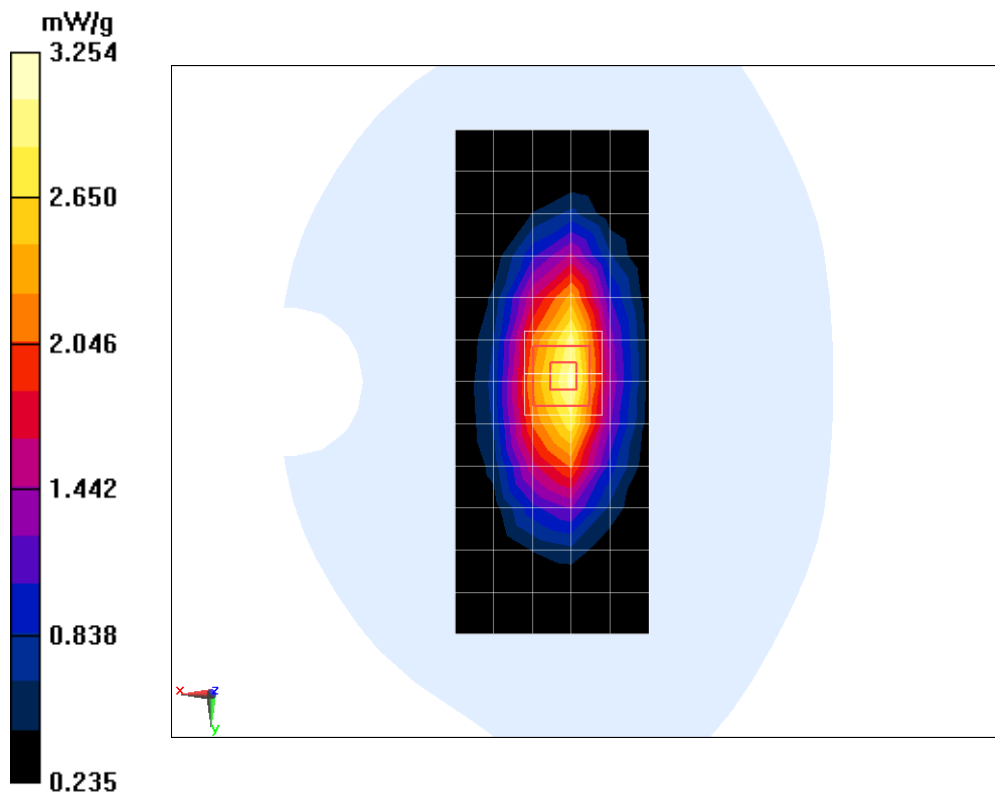
System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.235 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.957 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.254 mW/g



835MHz-Body

Date/Time: 1/3/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.999$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.15$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14)

System Validation/Area Scan(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.849 mW/g

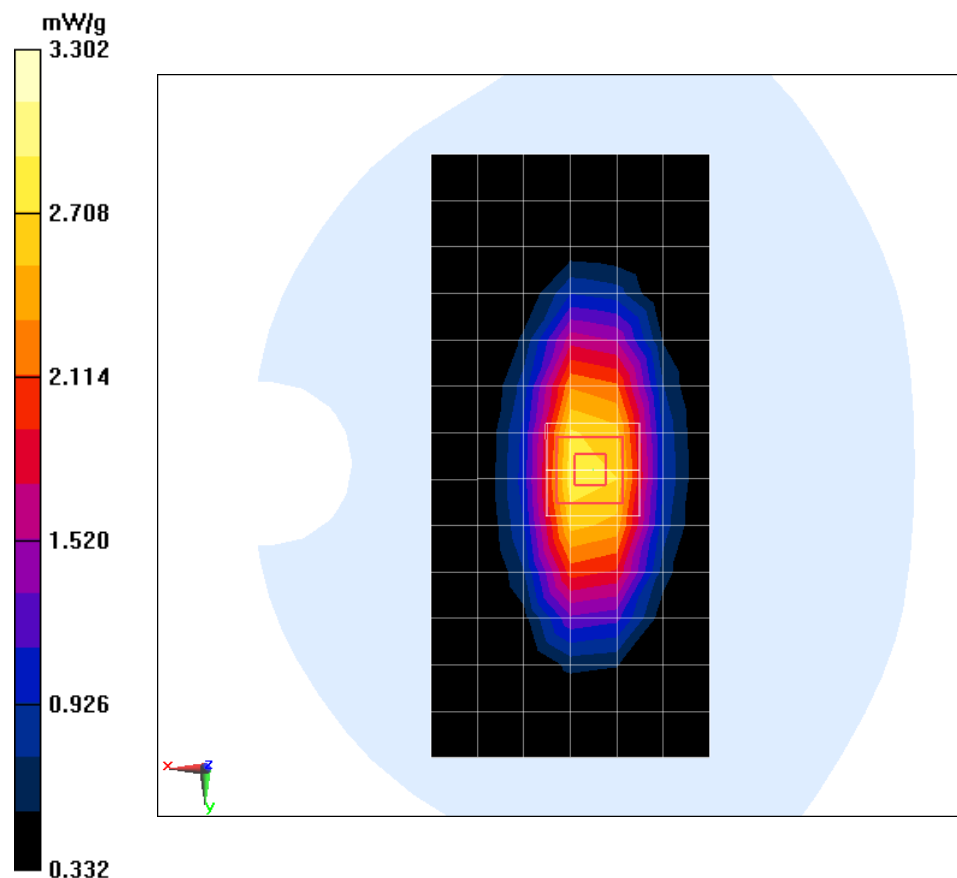
System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.385 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.729 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.302 mW/g



1900MHz-Head

Date/Time: 12/8/2013

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.385$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.64$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24)

System Validation/Area Scan(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.986 mW/g

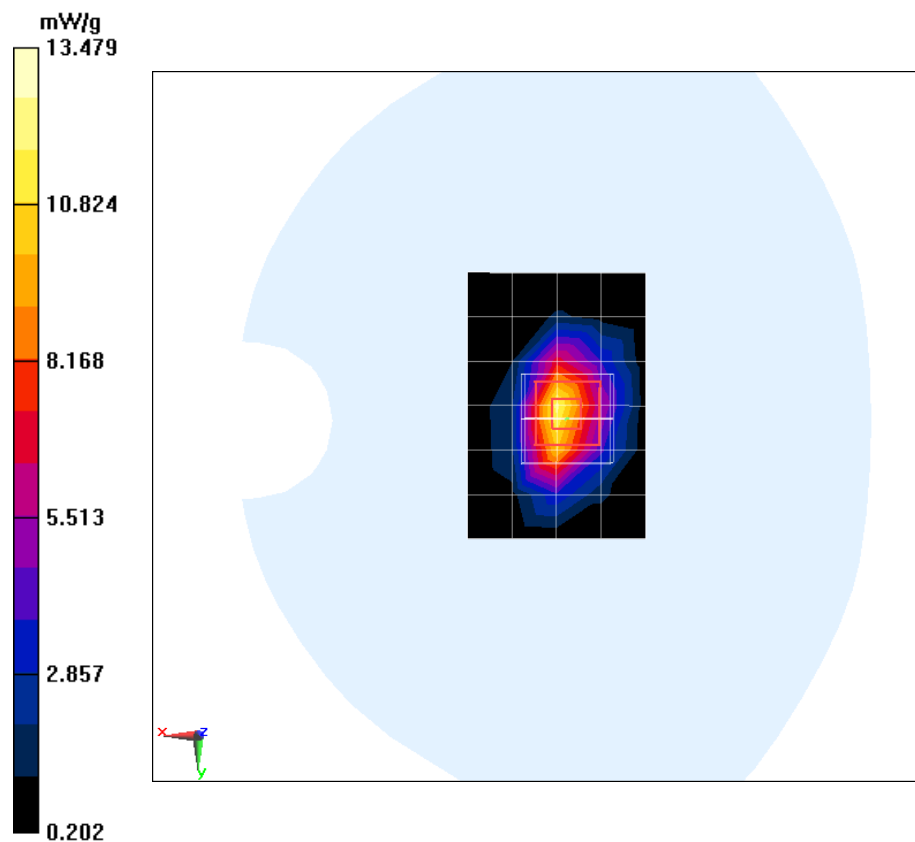
System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.425 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.569 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.45mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.479 mW/g



1900MHz-Body

Date/Time: 1/6/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.237$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

System Validation/Area Scan(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.875 mW/g

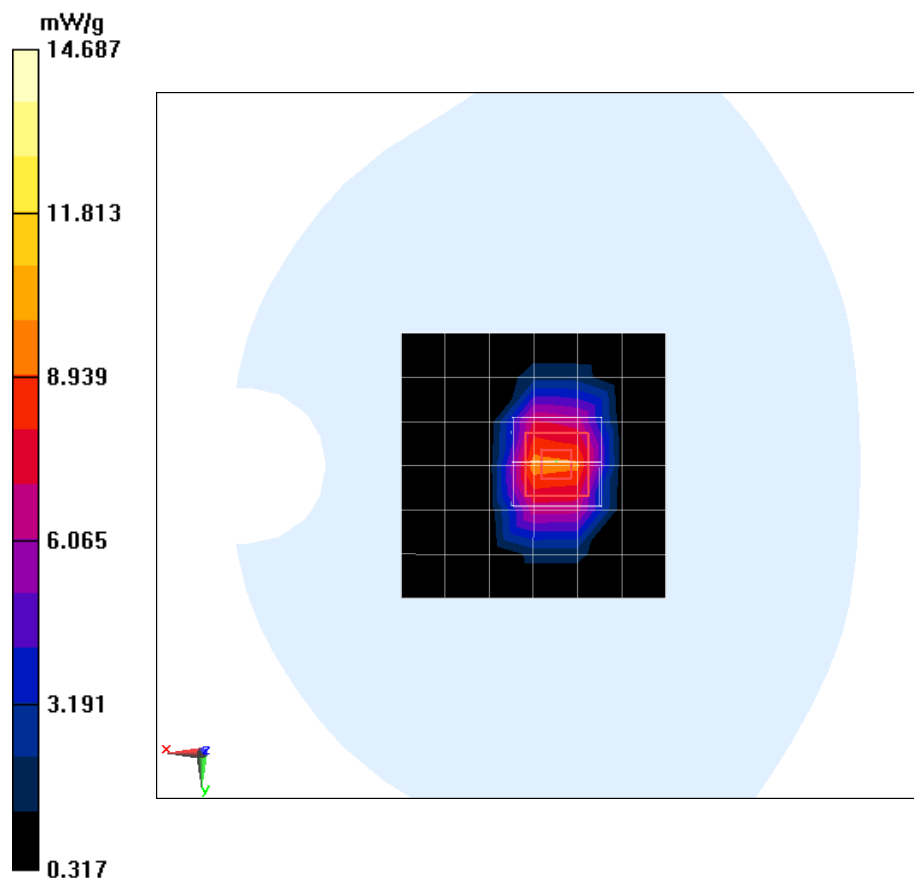
System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.043 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.584 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.687 mW/g



2450MHz-Head

Date/Time: 1/2/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.87$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambien Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09)

System Validation/ Area Scan (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.68 mW/g

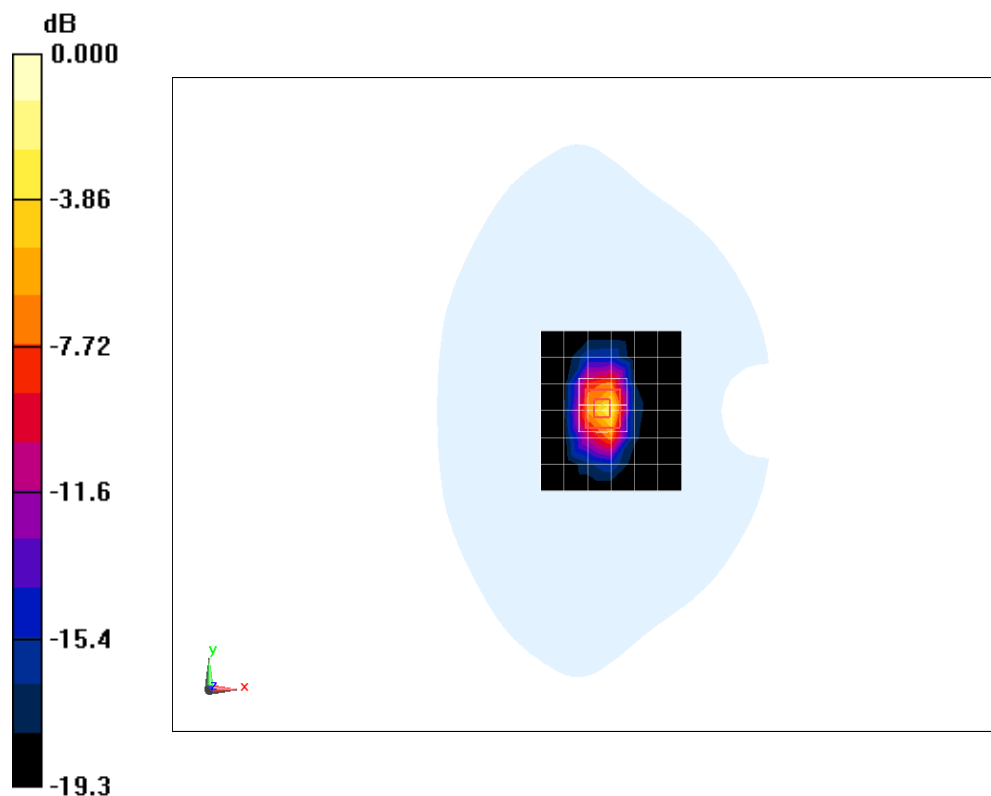
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.463 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.473 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.64 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.563 mW/g



2450MHz-Body

Date/Time: 1/2/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.918$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.946$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambien Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66)

System Validation/ Area Scan (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.962 mW/g

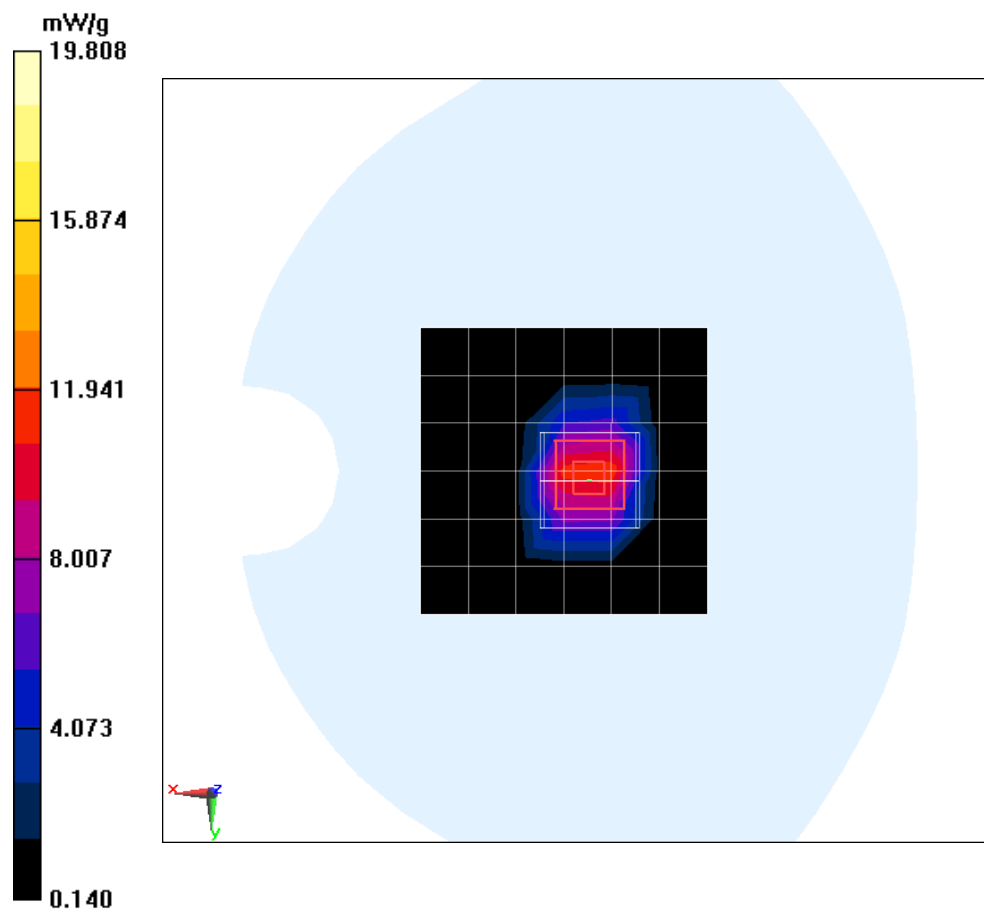
System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.274 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.396 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.66 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.808 mW/g



835MHz-Head

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.999 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW 850MHz; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14)

System Validation/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.59 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

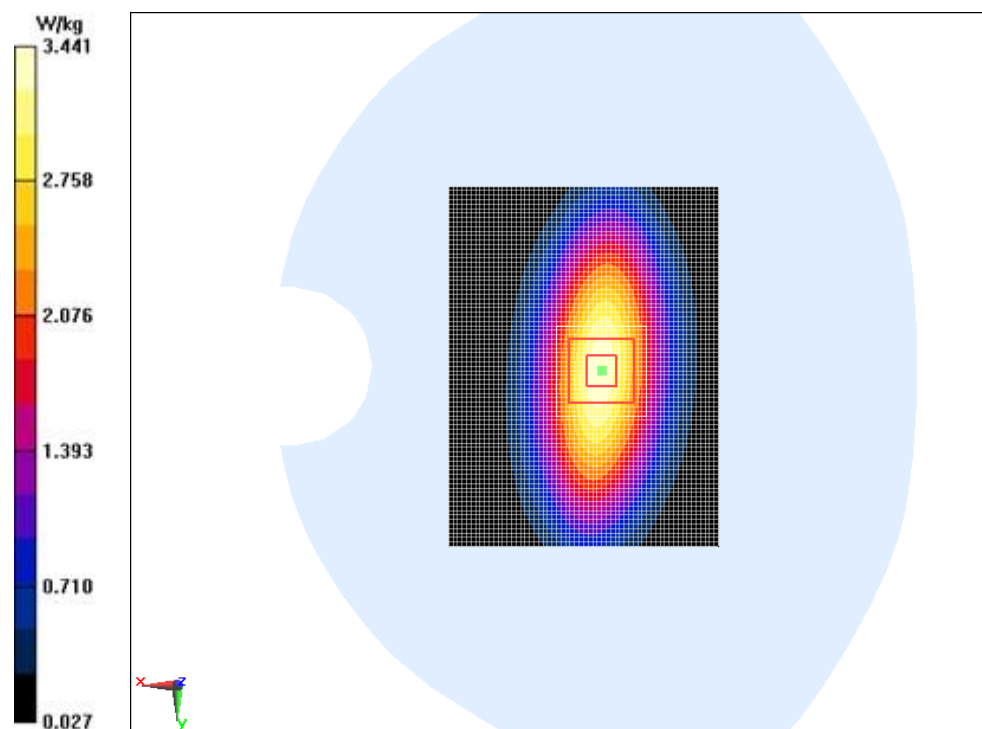
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 63.203 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.84 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.441 W/kg



835MHz-Body

Date/Time: 2014/3/13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.999 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: CW 850MHz; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x121x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.58 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

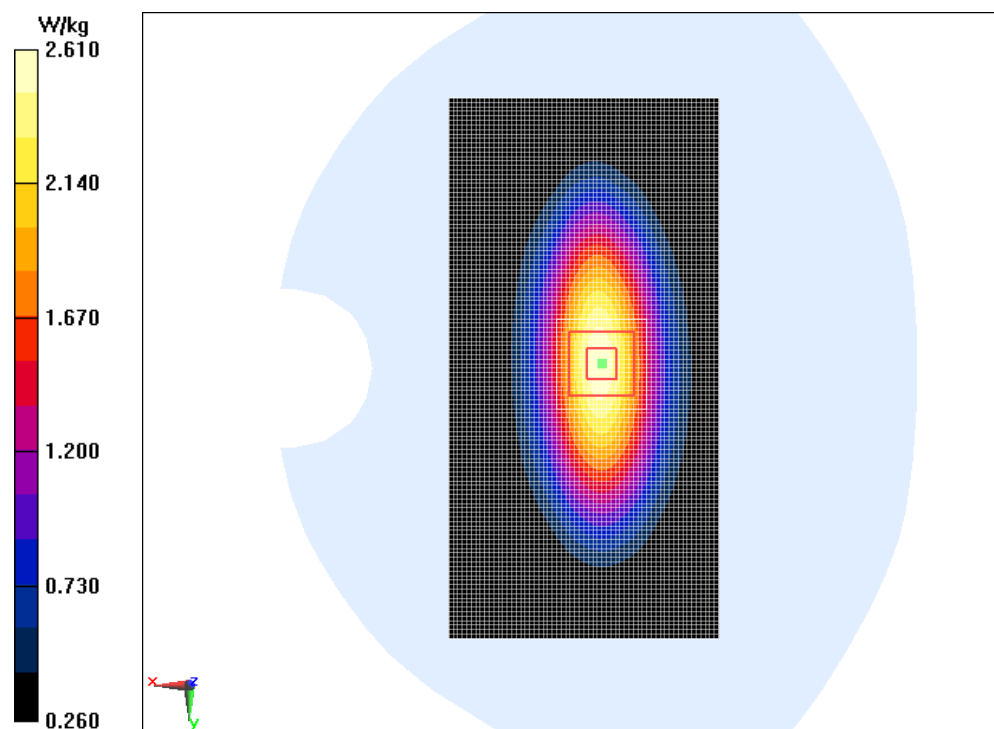
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.842 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.24 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 W/kg



1900MHz-Head

Date/Time: 2014/3/14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.385$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.641$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: CW 1900MHz; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x61x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 13.3 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

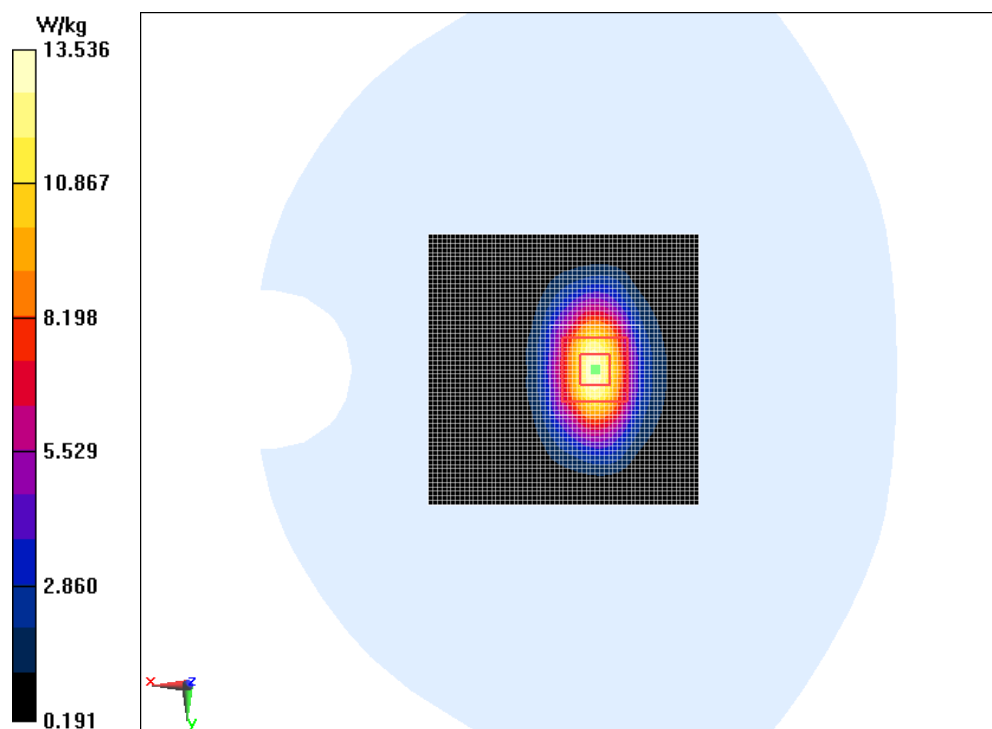
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 92.305 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



1900MHz-Body

Date/Time: 2014/3/17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1900MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.524 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.237$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: CW 1900MHz; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

System Validation /Area Scan (61x61x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 13.8 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

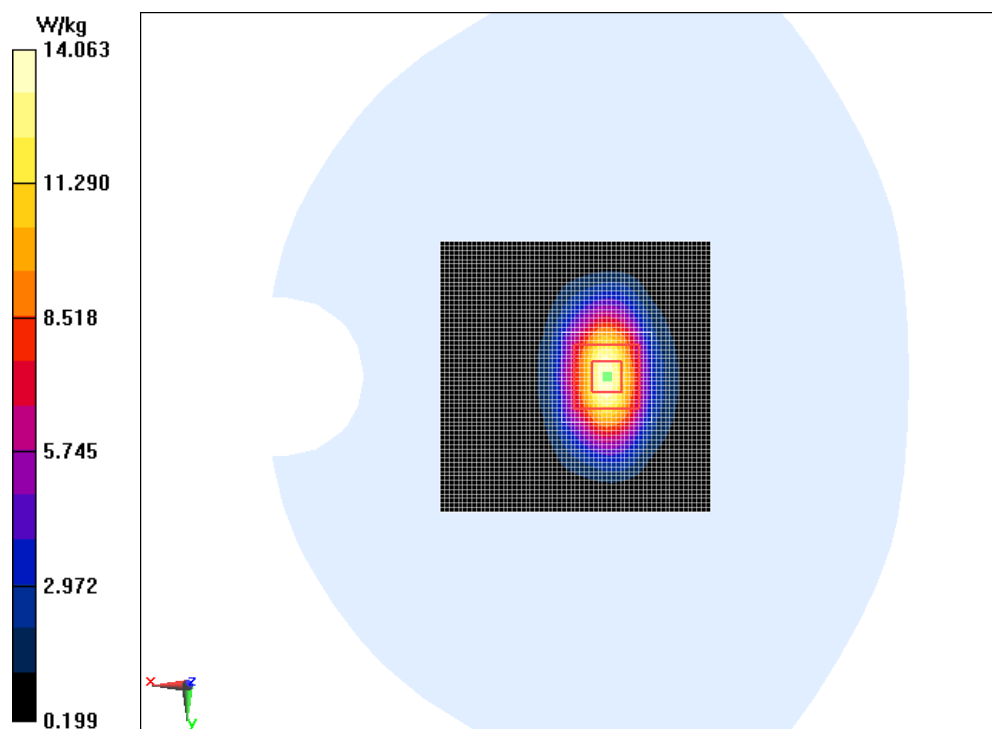
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 92.696 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.9 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 5.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



2450MHz-Head

Date/Time: 3/13/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.87$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09)

System Validation/Area Scan(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.863 mW/g

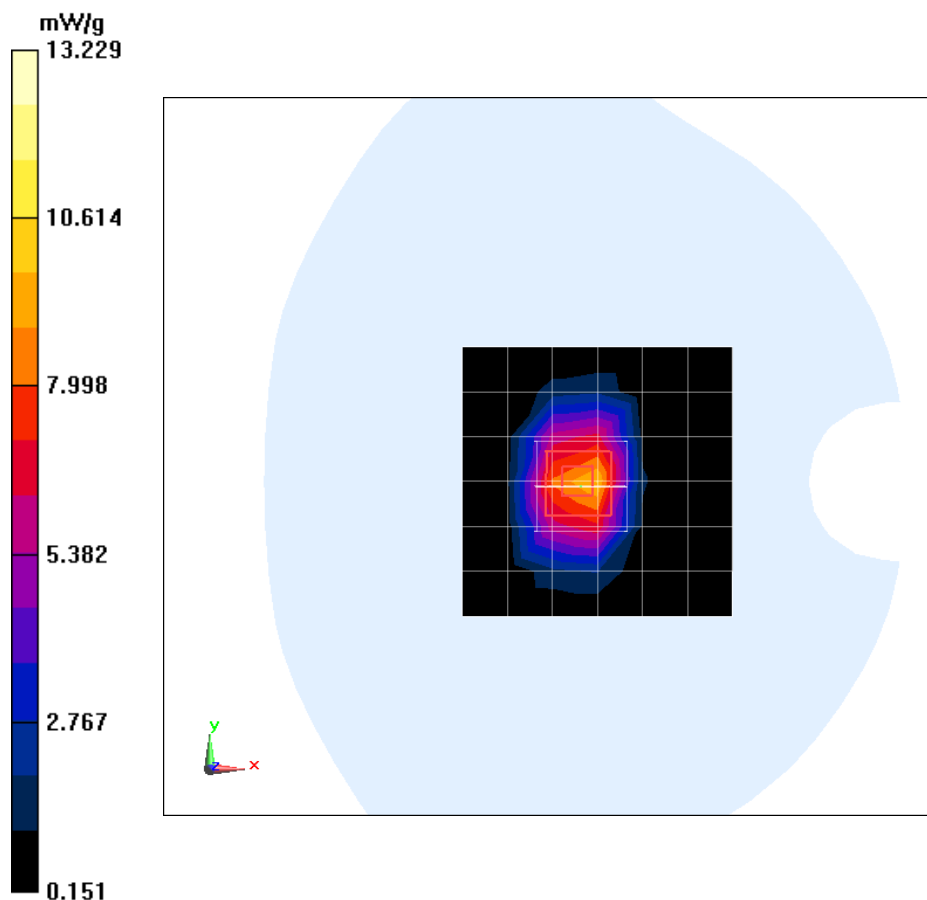
System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.063 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.74 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.229 mW/g



2450MHz-Body

Date/Time: 3/18/2014

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C Liquid Temperature: 22.5° C

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66)

System Validation/Area Scan(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

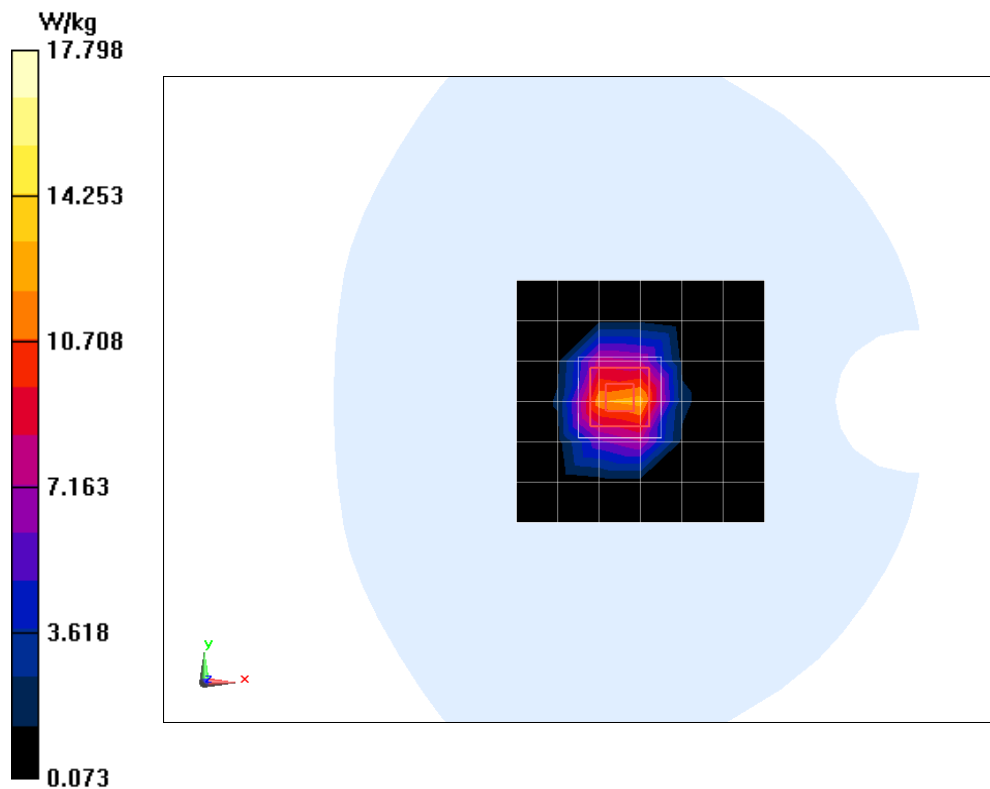
System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.783 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 mW/g

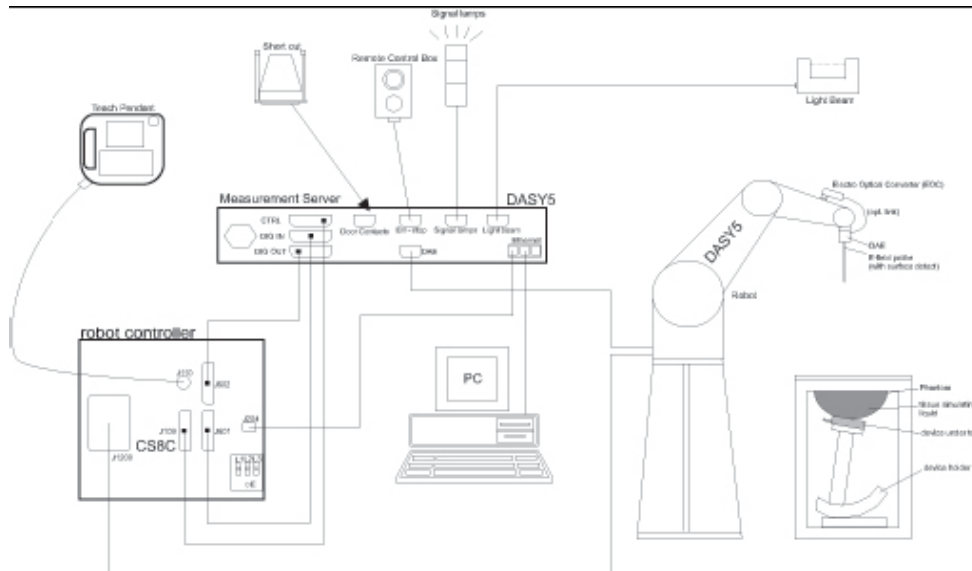
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd order curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model:	ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency	2.0GHz — 3.0GHz(EX3DV4)
Range:	700MHz — 2.0GHz(ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 2450MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB(2.0GHz — 3.0GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB(700MHz — 2.0GHz) for ES3DV3
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg — 100W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip	
Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



Picture C.2 Near-field Probe



Picture C.3 E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This

calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equate to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX90L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

**Picture C.5 DASY 5**

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface

detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

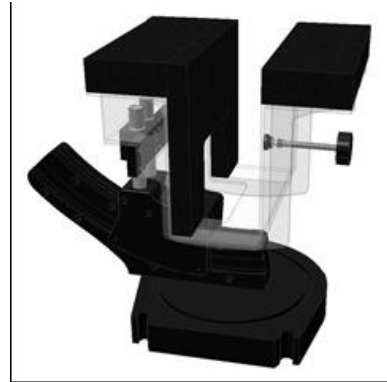
The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss

POM material having the following dielectric

parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.

**Picture C.7: Device Holder****Picture C.8: Laptop Extension Kit**

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

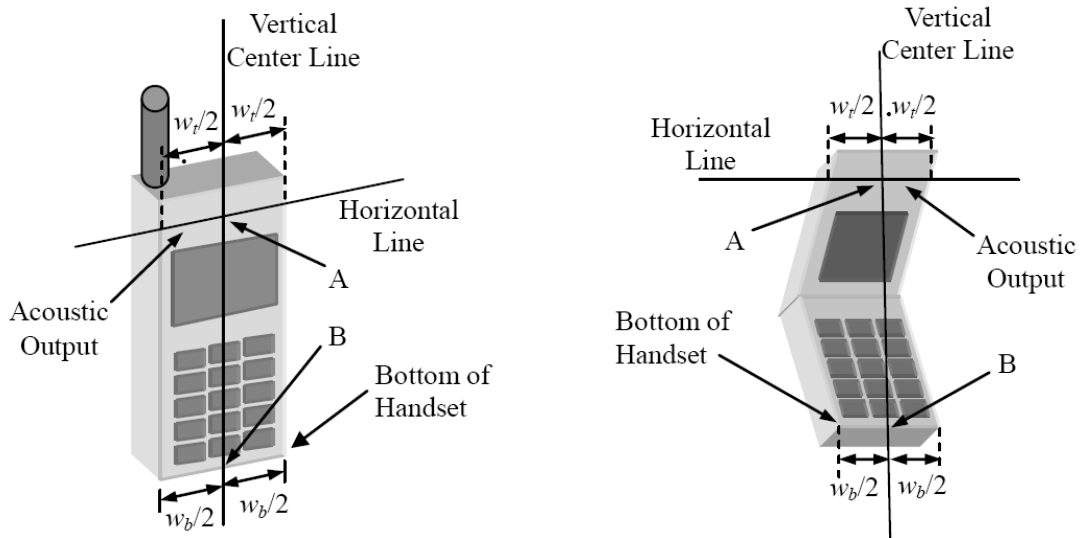
Available: Special

**Picture C.9: SAM Twin Phantom**

ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

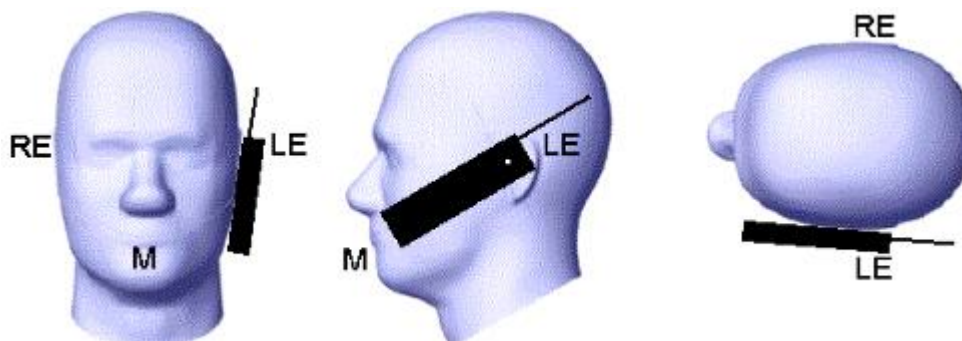
D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.

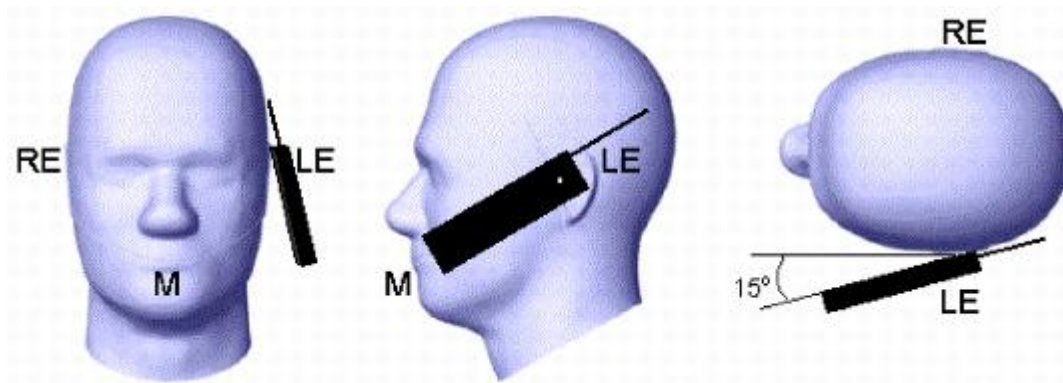


- w_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- w_b Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical “fixed” case handset Picture D.1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



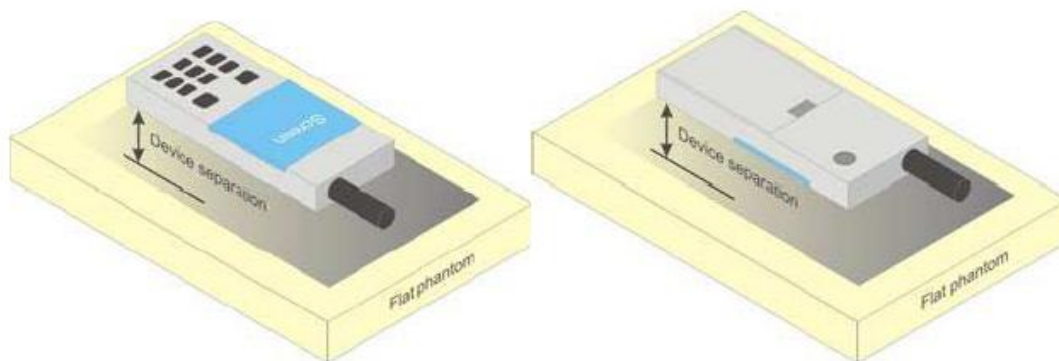
Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.

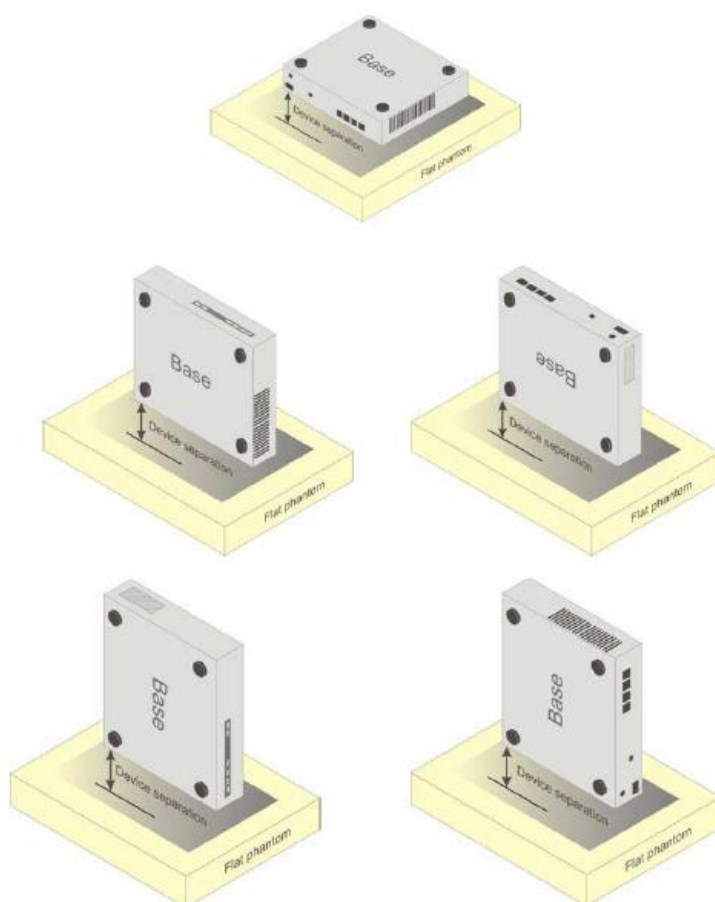


Picture D.4 Test positions for body-worn devices

D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.



Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

D.4 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6 DSY5 system Set-up

Note:

The photos of test sample and test positions show in additional document.

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

Table E.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	835 Head	835 Body	1900 Head	1900 Body	2450 Head	2450 Body
Ingredients (% by weight)						
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\
Glycol Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.90$	$\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$	$\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$	$\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$	$\epsilon=39.2$ $\sigma=1.80$	$\epsilon=52.7$ $\sigma=1.95$

ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation Part 1

System No.	Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
1	3252	Head 835MHz	Aug 1,2013	835MHz	41.01	0.923
2	3252	Head 1900MHz	Aug 1,2013	1900MHz	39.66	1.424
3	3754	Head 2450MHz	Aug 1,2013	2450MHz	39.13	1.794
4	3252	Body 835MHz	Aug 1,2013	835MHz	55.13	0.979
5	3252	Body 1900MHz	Aug 1,2013	1900MHz	53.22	1.528
6	3754	Body 2450MHz	Aug 1,2013	2450MHz	53.94	1.946

Table F.2: System Validation Part 2

CW Validation	Sensitivity	PASS	PASS
	Probe linearity	PASS	PASS
	Probe Isotropy	PASS	PASS
Mod Validation	MOD.type	GMSK	GMSK
	MOD.type	OFDM	OFDM
	Duty factor	PASS	PASS
	PAR	PASS	PASS